

# **Update on Rutgers Program: Potentials for Methylation and Demethylation and Microbial Community Structure**

South River Expert Panel Meeting  
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## Project Scope:

- Title: Factors controlling methylmercury production in the South River, VA: Substrate bioavailability and potentials for methylation and demethylation
- Pilot Program to testing:
  - Application of bioreporter to probe bioavailability of Hg in S. River
  - Determination of potential rates of mercury methylation and methylmercury demethylation in South River sediment samples.
  - Determination of microbial community structure

# Methods Used

- Mercury Methylation Potential (MP) =  
    % added  $^{203}\text{Hg}^{2+} \rightarrow \text{Me}^{203}\text{Hg}$   
    Carried out May and August 2008 on 9 sites
- Methylmercury Demethylation Potential (DP) =  
    % added  $^{14}\text{CH}_3\text{Hg}^+ \rightarrow ^{14}\text{CO}_2$  or  $^{14}\text{CH}_4$   
    Carried out May and August 2008 on 9 sites
- Microbial Community = Determined by extracting and sequencing 16S Ribosomal RNA from samples.
  - Carried out on 4 samples with elevated MP
  - Ribosomal RNA is represents active community
  - 16S rRNA sequences identify groups of bacteria

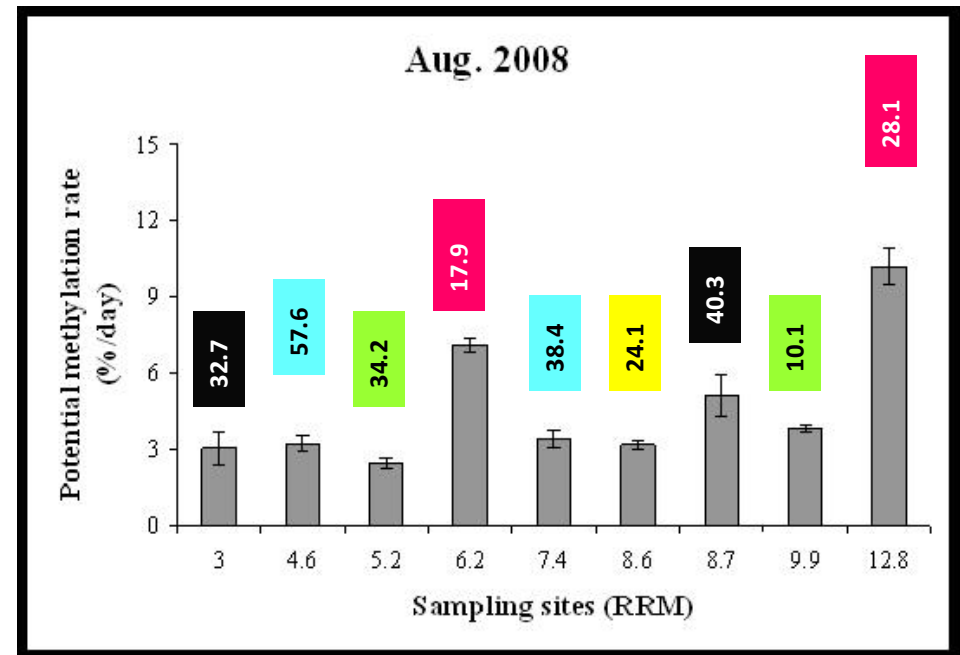
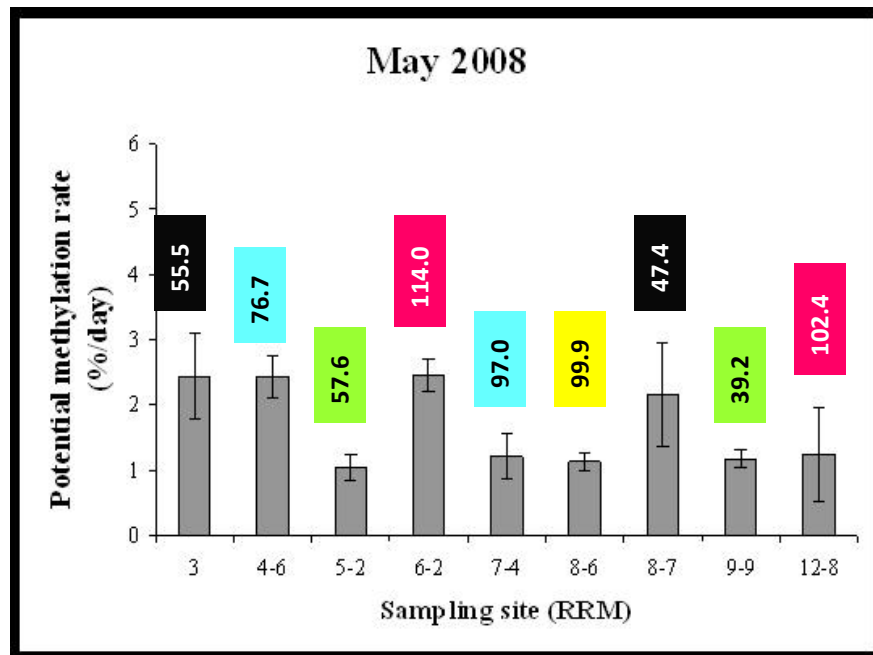
**Potential Rate ≠**  
**Rate in Nature**

Thanks to JR Flanders and URS team in selecting and collecting samples

# Mercury Methylation Potentials (MP)

**Table 1:** Habitat types and samples that were included in the study

Habitat type	Sampling sites
● Baseline monitoring stations in toe of river pool	RRM 3.0 and RRM 8.7
● River pools	RRM 4.6 and RRM 7.4
● Fine grained sediment deposit along river pool edge	RRM 6.4 and RRM 12.7
● Island or mill race side channel pool	RRM 5.2 and RRM 9.9
● Floodplain wetland	RRM 1.6 and RRM 8.6

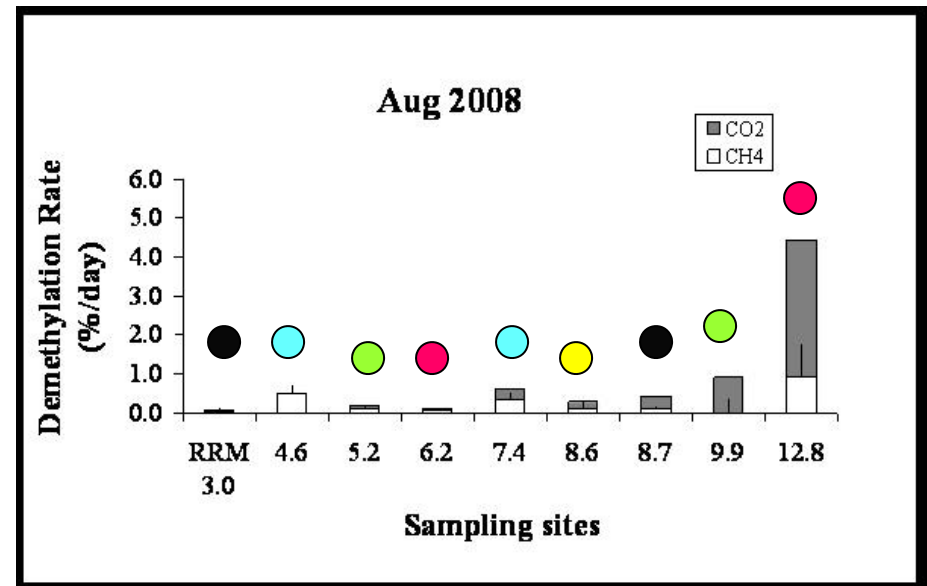
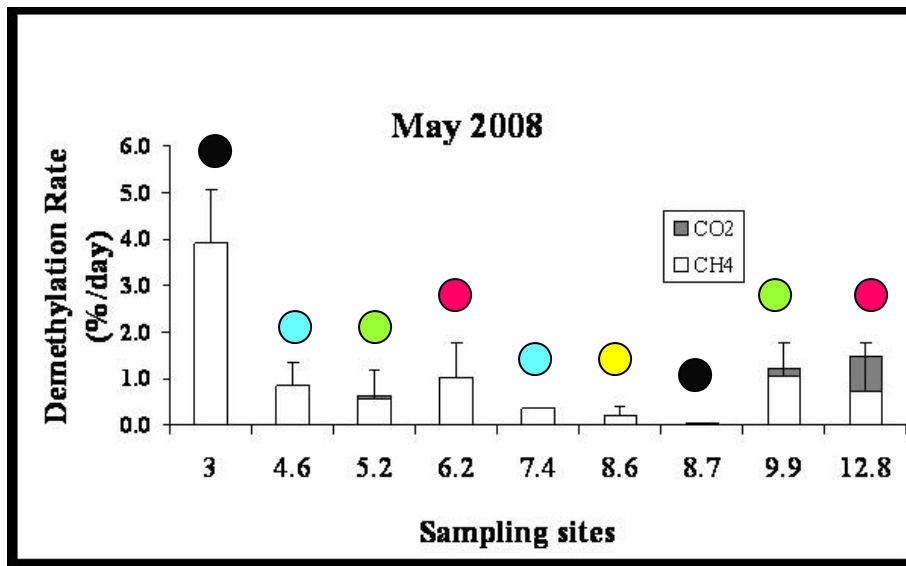


- MP's Highest in August
- In August, the fine grained sediment deposits had elevated methylation potentials

# Methylmercury Demethylation Potentials (DP)

**Table 1:** Habitat types and samples that were included in the study

Habitat type	Sampling sites
● Baseline monitoring stations in toe of river pool	RRM 3.0 and RRM 8.7
● River pools	RRM 4.6 and RRM 7.4
● Fine grained sediment deposit along river pool edge	RRM 6.4 and RRM 12.7
● Island or mill race side channel pool	RRM 5.2 and RRM 9.9
● Floodplain wetland	RRM 1.6 and RRM 8.6

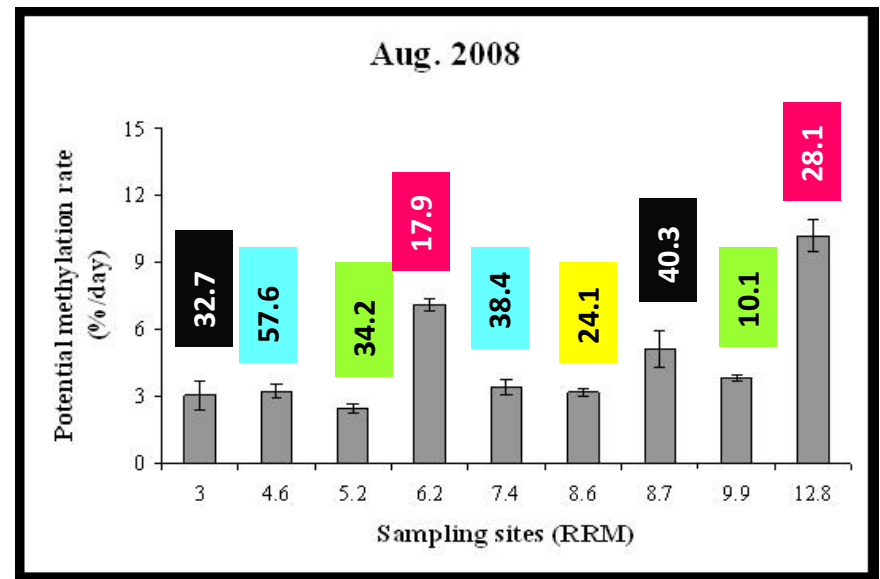
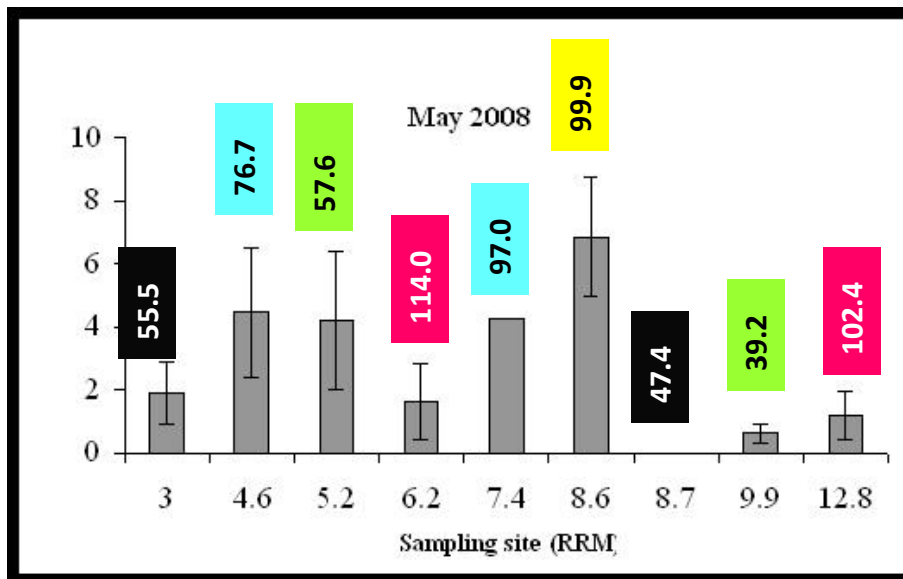


- Highest DP was observed at RRM 12.8 in August
- The dominant pathway of MDP appears to differ between May and August

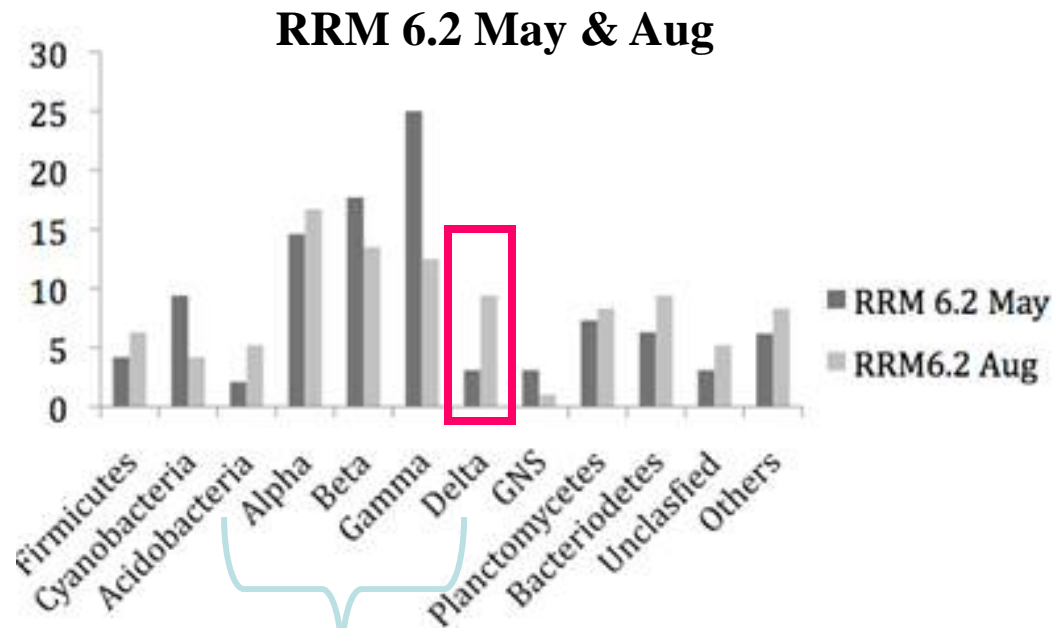
# Methylation / Demethylation Ratios

**Table 1:** Habitat types and samples that were included in the study

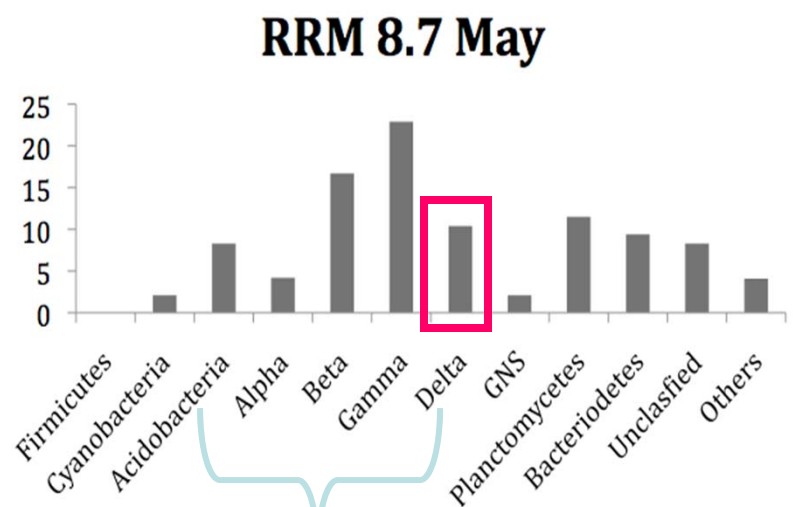
Habitat type	Sampling sites
● Baseline monitoring stations in toe of river pool	RRM 3.0 and RRM 8.7
● River pools	RRM 4.6 and RRM 7.4
● Fine grained sediment deposit along river pool edge	RRM 6.4 and RRM 12.7
● Island or mill race side channel pool	RRM 5.2 and RRM 9.9
● Floodplain wetland	RRM 1.6 and RRM 8.6



- All M/D ratios in August > 1
- Methylation / Demethylation ratios had a similar profile to River MeHg in May



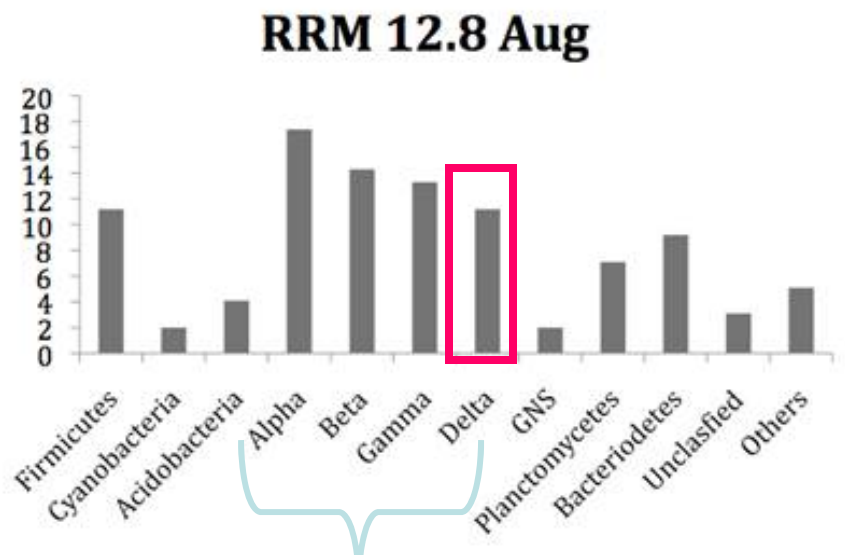
proteobacteria



proteobacteria

## Microbial Community Structure

- Active populations dominated by proteobacteria
- $\Delta$  Proteobacteria include strains known to methylate mercury - - Iron reducing bacteria and Sulfate reducing bacteria
- In RRM 6.2  $\Delta$  Proteobacteria increased in August (correlates w/increased MP for this time)



proteobacteria

## Preliminary Results

- **South River sediments methylate and demethylate mercury**
- **MP's and DP's change with site and season**
- **Measured MP's are not consistent with observations of MeHg in the river (i.e. highest MP measured in August)**
- **South River MP's comparable to those reported in the literature for other sites**
- **South River DP's lower than those reported in the literature and dominant mechanism of degradation may change with season**
  - **As a result, South River M/P ratios are relatively high**
- **Fine grain channel margin sediments may have elevated methylation potential relative to other sediments (August)**
- **Microbial community contains strains similar to known mercury methylating strains (iron reducers and sulfate reducers)**



## Back up slide

**Table 3:** Physical and chemical characteristics of sediment samples collected in May 2008 (Mean  $\pm$  STD)

Study site (RRM)	Description	Moisture (%)	LOI (%)	AVS ( $\mu\text{mol/g}$ )	Total Solids (%)	Inorganic Hg ( $\mu\text{g/g}$ )	MeHg (ng/g)	Fe(II):Fe(III)
1.6	Floodplain wetland	63.50 $\pm$ 2.1 2	13.98 $\pm$ 0.32	<1.8	36.86 $\pm$ 1.24	4.0 $\pm$ 0.2	5.3 $\pm$ 0.4	1.30 $\pm$ 0.01
3.0	Toe of pool (Bed sediment)	65.75 $\pm$ 0.9 2	10.33 $\pm$ 0	<1.9	34.74 $\pm$ 0.01	20.4 $\pm$ 0.05	55.5 $\pm$ 2.8	1.00 $\pm$ 0.02
4.6	Embedded pool	69.25 $\pm$ 0.9 2	9.86 $\pm$ 2.29	<2.1	36.84 $\pm$ 4.36	21.0 $\pm$ 2.6	76.7 $\pm$ 11.0	2.40 $\pm$ 0.08
5.2	Mill race	44.50 $\pm$ 2.8 3	6.46 $\pm$ 1.58	<1.2	43.90 $\pm$ 13.93	45.2 $\pm$ 11.5	57.6 $\pm$ 5.0	2.00 $\pm$ 0.03
6.2	FGCM deposit	75.90 $\pm$ 1.2 7	15.29 $\pm$ 0.11	<2.6	23.23 $\pm$ 1.95	18.9 $\pm$ 2.2	114.0 $\pm$ 9.0	3.00 $\pm$ 0.36
7.4	Embedded pool	71.50 $\pm$ 1.1 3	12.14 $\pm$ 0.24	<2.3	30.91 $\pm$ 1.23	22.0 $\pm$ 2.2	97.0 $\pm$ 0.9	1.30 $\pm$ 0.04
8.6	Floodplain wetland	74.50 $\pm$ 1.1 3	11.23 $\pm$ 0.58	<2.5	31.04 $\pm$ 0.42	17.8 $\pm$ 1.9	99.9 $\pm$ 3.2	1.70 $\pm$ 0.10
8.7	Toe of pool (Bed sediment)	75.00 $\pm$ 0.7 1	11.91 $\pm$ 0.74	<2.5	27.80 $\pm$ 2.73	21.1 $\pm$ 0.1	47.4 $\pm$ 0.0	0.40 $\pm$ 0.00
9.9	Mill race	79.20 $\pm$ 2.2 6	36.73 $\pm$ 25.7 5	6.1 (1.5)	28.94 $\pm$ 8.53	6.3 $\pm$ 2.0	39.2 $\pm$ 9.9	7.70 $\pm$ 0.07
12.8	FGCM deposit	76.50 $\pm$ 0.4 2	6.60 $\pm$ 8.97	3.7 (0.8)	25.23 $\pm$ 9.81	22.6 $\pm$ 6.0	102.4 $\pm$ 21.7	4.30 $\pm$ 0.26

## Back up slide

**Table 4:** Physical and chemical characteristics of sediment samples collected in August 2008 (Mean  $\pm$  STD)

Study site (RRM)	Description	Moisture (%)	AVS ( $\mu\text{mol/g}$ )	Total Solids (%)	Total volatile solids (%)	Inorganic Hg ( $\mu\text{g/g}$ )	MeHg (ng/g)
1.6	Floodplain wetland	64.0 $\pm$ 0.6	1.8 $\pm$ 0.1	48.2 $\pm$ 0.6	12.4 $\pm$ 0.3	4.2 $\pm$ 1.0	5.7 $\pm$ 0.0
3.0	Toe of pool (Bed sediment)	75.6 $\pm$ 2.1	2.6 $\pm$ 0.2	37.1 $\pm$ 3.8	12.6 $\pm$ 1.2	26.2 $\pm$ 0.5	32.7 $\pm$ 0.1
4.6	Embedded pool	68.2 $\pm$ 3.0	2.0 $\pm$ 0.1	31.4 $\pm$ 3.5	21.0 $\pm$ 3.6	23.4 $\pm$ 5.9	57.6 $\pm$ 1.3
5.2	Mill race	45.9 $\pm$ 2.1	1.2 $\pm$ 0.1	61.0 $\pm$ 1.1	7.2 $\pm$ 0.3	32.7 $\pm$ 1.8	34.2 $\pm$ 15.1
6.2	FGCM deposit	52.7 $\pm$ 8.1	4.3 $\pm$ 2.5	62.8 $\pm$ 1.0	4.6 $\pm$ 0.1	6.8 $\pm$ 0.1	17.9 $\pm$ 0.0
7.4	Embedded pool	75.0 $\pm$ 0.7	2.6 $\pm$ 0.1	33.4 $\pm$ 2.3	12.9 $\pm$ 0.1	23.7 $\pm$ 0.4	38.4 $\pm$ 1.6
8.6	Floodplain wetland	70.3 $\pm$ 2.8	4.3 $\pm$ 0.9	47.9 $\pm$ 2.3	10.9 $\pm$ 0.1	14.4 $\pm$ 0.3	24.1 $\pm$ 0.6
8.7	Toe of pool (Bed sediment)	77.4 $\pm$ 0.8	2.8 $\pm$ 0.1	36.9 $\pm$ 5.3	12.2 $\pm$ 0.5	21.0 $\pm$ 0.3	40.3 $\pm$ 3.9
9.9	Mill race	80.9 $\pm$ 1.9	12.5 $\pm$ 1.6	36.5 $\pm$ 4.2	15.4 $\pm$ 1.0	8.7 $\pm$ 0.3	10.1 $\pm$ 2.7
12.8	FGCM deposit	53.8 $\pm$ 0.6	1.4 $\pm$ 0.1	46.3 $\pm$ 2.5	11.2 $\pm$ 2.5	15.2 $\pm$ 6.6	28.1 $\pm$ 5.6