Other Spanish Courses and Coaching
by Marcus Santamaria

Synergy Spanish 8x
www.synergyspanish.com/8x

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Spanish Ear Training
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Synergy Spanish Action Guide
A 25-Day Course That Shows You How to Easily and Quickly Turn
138 Spanish Words into Effective Spanish Communication.

By Marcus Santamaria

Making Spanish part of your life is easier than you have been shown

Just as 3 primary colors make all colors, 12 notes make all music and 26
letters make all English Literature.

138 words are all you need to begin communicating effectively in
Spanish.

All you need to do now is…

Learn 138 words,

Master the easy steps to using them with Synergy!

And 25 days from now you will be communicating effectively in Spanish.
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   - Category 12 ATE AR .................................................................................. Error! Bookmark not defined.  
   - Category 6 CIÓN .......................................................................................... Error! Bookmark not defined.
Welcome to the Spanish speaking world.

Today is your first step into the exciting world of speaking a second language.

Congratulations for having the courage to try a radically different approach.

But perhaps it wasn’t courage on your part. Perhaps like me a few years ago, you have been exasperated, bored and disappointed in your attempts to learn Spanish. All the subjunctives and adjective clauses and preterit can really wear you down.

Or maybe you just stumbled across this book and the ideas resonated with you.

However you got here, I expect in 25 days from now you will be glad we have found each other.

You see….

When I started learning Spanish I had a very hard time. I had the will and the desire; In fact I would get up an hour earlier every morning just to study. But my progress was slow.

For you progress won’t be slow. In fact it will be very fast. In just 25 days, if you take the time to master the steps in this course and master just 138 Spanish words. You will be able to express many ideas in Spanish and you will be able to manipulate the Spanish Language to say what you need to say in the real world.

This is not classroom pass an exam and forget it Spanish. This is for you to use in the real world.

You can use the Spanish for business to communicate with potential partners on business projects and create strong relationships.

You may want to speak Spanish for pleasure, maybe to get closer to Spanish speaking relatives, to make new friends, to make travel more exciting or even for romance….

That’s what got me started.

Whatever your reason for wanting to learn Spanish, I hope that this course is a blessing in your life and opens the door to a new world for you, the world of Spanish.

Sincerely

Marcus Santamaria
marcus@how-to-speak.com
Introduction
Getting started

There are few things you need to know before we get started.

You know swimming with a current is much easier than swimming against it. If you try and swim against the current you will expend a lot of energy and get nowhere. If you swim with the current you will move fast with a lot of momentum. Use the tools in this course to make learning Spanish as fast as possible, like swimming with a current you don't need to expend a lot of energy to make a lot of progress.

Synergy Spanish Tool #1
The most important foundation of your communication is the Synergy Verbs.

What are Synergy Verbs?

Maybe a better question is what is synergy?

Addition is 1+1 =2

Synergy is 1+1=3

Synergy can also be 1+1 = 5

Or 1+1 = 1 million

Addition is John Lennon making good music by himself in the 70s and Paul McCartney making good music by himself in the 70s. But Synergy is John and Paul together making music in the 60s that is timeless.

The sum is greater than the parts.

In Spanish the Synergy Verbs are simple words that you can combine easily with other words to make almost infinite Spanish expressions. You can use them to easily express just about anything you want.

In this course you only need to learn just 30 Synergy Verbs

Synergy Spanish Tool #2

The second tool for rapid Spanish communication is Brick Verbs

If you can stack blocks, with the Synergy Verb/Brick Verb combination, you can make hundreds of Spanish sentences.

Brick Verbs are stacked onto Synergy Verbs and the combinations are powerful. No need for mindless verb conjugations, you just stack Synergy Verbs and Brick Verbs and begin communicating in Spanish fast.
In this course you will master 44 Brick Verbs plus 30 Synergy Verbs.

\[44 \times 30 = 1320\]

1320 Spanish combinations.

Big deal!

You need to say more Spanish than that.

**Synergy Spanish Tool #3**

**Your ability to express yourself in and Spanish is multiplied with Mortar Words**

We had better add some Mortar to the bricks,

Now we can combine and create

\[44 \text{ Brick Verbs} \times 30 \text{ Synergy Verbs} \times 64 \text{ Mortar Words} = 84480 \text{ potential Spanish sentences}\]

More than 84 000 Spanish sentences

That’s not a bad start.

But it’s even better than that because you can recombine and compound the Spanish, then the potential for your Spanish expression is… well too big a number for me to calculate.

Just as 3 primary colors make all colors, 12 notes make all music, 26 letters make all English Literature. 138 words are all you need to begin communicating effectively in Spanish.

Synergy Verbs, Brick Verbs and Mortar are your three powerful tools to jump start your Spanish.

There are four more tools designed to make your learning Spanish as seamless, easy and fast as possible.

The fourth tool is a super fast way to learn Spanish Vocabulary.

**Synergy Spanish Tool #4**

**Mnemonics – How to ignite your imagination to learn Spanish words in a flash**

**Mnemonics** are without doubt the most powerful tool for learning a language.

How do mnemonics work?
Mnemonics make a link between English and the Spanish word that you want to learn. For example, the Spanish word for bread is **pan**.

Imagine yourself cooking bread in a **pan**. Really use your imagination and see yourself in your mind cooking a whole loaf of bread in the **pan**. The crazier it looks the better.

By creating a picture in your mind and using your imagination you access the right brain. The right brain is the creative side of your brain. The right brain learns fast. Just look at the world’s masters of right brain imagination and fast learning. Children! Plus, you have an easy to remember link between the English word bread and the Spanish word for bread, **pan**.

**The mnemonics in the book look like this.**

The Spanish word for **there is** or **there are** is **hay**. Imagine a Cyclops says, “**There is something in my eye.**”

**There are 4 elements in learning with mnemonics**

1. The word in the (BRACKETS AND CAPITAL LETTERS) on the far right is how to pronounce the word in Spanish. The BOLDED VOWEL in the pronunciation guide carries more stress.

2. The underlined words **there is** and **there are** are the English word or words you are learning.

3. The bold word on the first line (**hay**) is the Spanish word as it is spelled.

4. The bold word on the second line (**eye**) is the mnemonic link to the Spanish word as it is pronounced.

**Please note**

Mnemonics work best if the link word is close to the sound of the Spanish word regardless of the spelling. So the mnemonics always give you a mental link to the sound of the Spanish words.

**Synergy Spanish Tool #5**

**Start first by understanding Spanish**

Each lesson has an exercise in understanding Spanish, real Spanish just as it’s spoken... These lessons recycle words from previous lessons to reinforce and strengthen the Spanish in your mind. You will develop your sense of correctness in Spanish and an understanding of how Spanish is put together.

**Synergy Spanish Tool #6**

**Now you are ready to create Spanish**

In every chapter you actually create Spanish.
These are writing exercises. However, if you are like me, and you don't want to write them out, that’s okay. You don't have to write if you don't want. Instead translate in your mind and scroll down to the answers. Or print out the pages and cover the answers as you translate in your mind.

Synergy Spanish Tool #7
Shortcut to Spanish Component
Simple, easy to follow Spanish speaking hints that make it easy for you to communicate and be understood wherever you use your Spanish

As you go through the course you will see two types of boxes. The first like this one.

Spanish Speaking hints
Communication Multipliers

In the communication multipliers boxes are explanations of Spanish structures. The explanations are short. They are designed to be easy, so you can use them in the real world and use them right away to multiply your ability to communicate in Spanish.

Spanish Speaking hints
Accuracy pointer

In the Accuracy pointer boxes are explanations of differences between Spanish and English. Why not start speaking Spanish accurately from the start. But don't sweat it if you make a mistake from time to time. You will most likely be understood if you master your Synergy Verbs, Brick verbs Mortar words and communication multipliers structures.

Synergy Spanish Tool #8
68 audio lessons for real Spanish expression

This is where you really build your confidence and skill to communicate in Spanish. The 68 audio lessons, guide you step by easy step to speak in full Spanish sentences. Not only that, you learn to recombine the Synergy Verbs, Brick Verbs and Mortar Words in so many ways that you will be excited to discover just how much you can say in Spanish.

That's it; eight easy to use tools to jumpstart your Spanish. If you can stack blocks you can communicate in Spanish. 3 primary colors make all colors, 12 notes make all music, and 26 letters make all English Literature. 138 words are all you need to learn to begin communicating effectively in Spanish.

Well, let’s get started. A world of Spanish awaits you.
Step 1   The first steps to Speaking Spanish
Lección uno
Lesson 1    Your first Synergy Verbs and Brick Verbs

Synergy Verbs

1. The Spanish word for I want is **quiero**  
   Pronunciation: **(KEE AIR OH)**  
   Imagine a friend says "I want to help
   I care oh so much."

2. The Spanish word for I need is **necesito**  
   Pronunciation: **(NEHS EH SEE TOH)**  
   Imagine saying, "I need it because
   it is a necessity."

Spanish Speaking Hints
Communication Multiplied #1

**Negations**

Negations are dead easy in Spanish.  
Just put no before the verb  
E.G  
I want = quiero  
I don't want = no quiero  
I need = necesito  
I don't need = no necesito

That's how easy it is to make negations in Spanish.

**Brick Verbs**

Okay now you have two Synergy Verbs. We'll add more soon. For now let’s add
some Brick Verbs. The Brick Verbs are Spanish infinitive verbs.

3. The Spanish word for to eat is **comer**  
   Pronunciation: **(KOHM AYIR)**  
   Imagine your mom saying "come ere to eat"

4. The Spanish word for to go is **ir**  
   Pronunciation: **(EER)**  
   Imagine that you have to go to the
   doctor because you have an ear ache

5. The Spanish word for to see is **ver**  
   Pronunciation: **(VEHR)**  
   Look at something on your desk
   You need to see it up very close

6. The Spanish for to speak is **hablar**  
   Pronunciation: **(AH BLAHR)**  
   Imagine a kid trying to speak but
   he just says a blah a blah a blah
Ejercicio 1A
See how well you remembered your new Spanish Synergy Verbs and Brick Verbs. Write the English words on the line

1. The English words for **quiero** are ______________
2. The English words for **necesito** are ______________
3. The English words for **hablar** are ______________
4. The English words for **ver** are ______________
5. The English words for **ir** are ______________
6. The English words for **comer** are ______________

Respuestas del ejercicio 1A

1. I want
2. I need
3. To speak
4. To see
5. To go
6. To eat
Ejercicio 1B Translate into English

In the following exercise you will see some new Spanish words. Don't use a translation dictionary. You will most likely be able to work out their meanings in Spanish from context or from their similarity to English words.

Just relax and get used to understanding Spanish. You will be absorbing new Spanish words and structures while developing an important learning skill.

Al = to the
1. Quiero hablar español en mis vacaciones.
2. Necesito hablar español en la compañía.
3. Quiero ver el menú por favor.
5. Quiero comer en un restaurante tradicional.
6. No necesito ir hasta mañana.
7. No quiero comer comida china, quiero comer comida mexicana.
8. Quiero ir a España en mayo.
10. Quiero comer algo diferente.
11. Necesito ir al hotel.
12. Quiero comer un burrito en el mercado.
13. Quiero ver el menú por favor.
14. Quiero ir a la fiesta.
15. Necesito ir a Argentina en junio.
16. No quiero ir en junio, quiero ir en septiembre.
Respuestas del ejercicio 1B

1. I want to speak Spanish on my vacation.
2. I need to speak Spanish in the company.
3. I want to see the menu please.
4. I need to go to the doctor.
5. I want to eat in a traditional restaurant.
6. I don’t need to go until tomorrow.
7. I don’t want to eat Chinese food; I want to eat Mexican food.
8. I want to go to Spain in May.
9. I need to eat.
10. I want to eat something different.
11. I need to go to the hotel.
12. I want to eat a burrito in the market.
13. I want to see the menu please.
14. I want to go to the party.
15. I need to go to Argentina in June.
16. I don’t want to go in June; I want to go in September.
Ejercicio 1C
How well do you know your Spanish words? Have you internalized them? If you know them well you will be able to translate from English to Spanish.

1. The Spanish word for I want is ____________
2. The Spanish word for I need is ____________
3. The Spanish word for to eat is ____________
4. The Spanish word for to speak is ____________
5. The Spanish word for to see is ____________
6. The Spanish word for to go is ____________

Respuestas del ejercicio 1C

1. quiero
2. necesito
3. comer
4. hablar
5. ver
6. ir
Ejercicio 1D Translate into Spanish

This is where you are going to really use your Spanish. Go ahead and make some real Spanish sentences.

Hints
a restaurant = un restaurante
my house is your house = mi casa es su casa
To (a place) = a

1. I want to speak Spanish.
2. I don't want to eat.
3. I need to speak Spanish.
4. I want to see your house.
5. I need to go to my house.
6. I want to eat.
7. I want to go to Spain.
8. I don't need to go to Chile.
9. I need to eat.
10. I don't want to eat in my house; I want to eat in a restaurant.
11. I need to go to Mexico.
12. I want to eat tacos.
13. I want to see Chichen Itza.
Respuestas del ejercicio 1D

1. Quiero hablar español.
2. No quiero comer.
3. Necesito hablar español.
4. Quiero ver su casa.
5. Necesito ir a mi casa.
6. Quiero comer.
7. Quiero ir a España.
8. No necesito ir a Chile.
10. No quiero comer en mi casa, quiero comer en un restaurante.
11. Necesito ir a México.
12. Quiero comer tacos.
13. Quiero ver Chichen Itza.
That's it for today.

Tomorrow we will add some Mortar to the Brick Verbs and Synergy Verbs. Mortar words hold the Spanish together. They allow you to say more with your sentences.

Do you see how you can say a lot with just a few words? Soon you'll have a lot greater expressiveness. In fact we have 24 more lessons. So you have a long way to go and a lot more Spanish soon will be yours.

You will learn 24 times more. But your ability to express yourself in Spanish will be thousands of times more.

How is that possible?

Well each time you learn more of these essential words and structures you have more ability to make compound sentences. It is an exponential growth.

If you are unfamiliar with exponential growth this is how it works

Additional growth  $6+6+6+6 = 24$
Exponential growth $6\times6\times6\times6 = 1296$

Sorry, no more math I promise.

The point is for you to learn not to just add more words to your Spanish, but to learn to multiply your Spanish. That way you can take a little Spanish and communicate a lot.

Until tomorrow my friend

Hasta mañana amigo.
Lección dos
Lesson 2  Your first Mortar Words

Pronunciation

7. The Spanish for with you is con usted (KOHN OO STEHД)
I would like to be with you Constantly

8. The Spanish word for now is ahora (AH OH RAH)
Imagine a hippie says now I see you have a aura

Spanish Speaking hints
Accuracy pointer #1

h is always silent in Spanish

say out loud the word - honor
notice the h is silent in English

honor is written the same in Spanish as English and the pronunciation is almost identical.* (honour in British English)

In fact, h is always silent in Spanish

Hotel is pronounced otel
Hospital is pronounced ospital
Alcohol is pronounced alco ol
Ahora (now) is pronounced a ora

* The Spanish o is always an oh sound.

9. The Spanish word for soon is pronto (PROHN TOH)
I am sure you have heard people in the movies say "Do it pronto" meaning do it soon

10. The Spanish for in order to is para (PAH RAH)
In order to teach a parrot Spanish
you must know Spanish

Please note:
Para can also mean for.

11. The Spanish for more is más (MAHS)
Arnold has more muscles than I do.

12. The Spanish for tonight is esta noche (EHS TAH NOH CHEH)
Tonight I am going to get a star notched on my belt.
Spanish Speaking Hints
Communication Multiplied #2

I WANT TO SEE HIM

In Spanish there are two ways to say I want to see him.
You can use the method 1, the reverse word order to English

**Method 1**
Lo quiero ver          Him I want to see

Or you can use method 2 and attach lo to the Brick Verb.

**Method 2**
Quiero verlo           I want to see him

Both versions are correct.
Both are commonly used.

I WANT TO SEE HER

Notice the small change to say I want to see her

**Method 1**
La quiero ver          Her I want to see

Again method 2 attaches la to the Brick Verb.

**Method 2**
Quiero verla           I want to see her

In this course we will use method 2

Why?

Method 2 is much easier when you are starting to learn Spanish. You can use method 2 comfortably and almost instantly. So why not swim with the current. Why not use the structure closest to English so you can communicate in Spanish fast and with comfort.

Later, if you want to go on and become really advanced in your Spanish, you can learn method 1.

For now, get some practice with method 2 in the exercises in this lesson. Also, in exercise 2A notice the new Brick Verbs. They are so close to English you should understand them right away.
Ejercicio 2A
See how well you remembered your Spanish Synergy Verbs and Brick Verbs from lesson 1 plus your new Mortar words from this lesson. Write the English words on the line

1. The English words for **con usted** are
2. The English word for **ahora** is
3. The English word for **pronto** is
4. The English words for **para** are
5. The English word for **más** is
6. The English word for **esta noche** is
7. The English words for **quiero** are
8. The English words for **necesito** are
9. The English words for **hablar** are
10. The English words for **ver** are
11. The English words for **ir** are
12. The English words for **comer** are

Respuestas del ejercicio 2A

1. with you
2. now
3. soon
4. in order to
5. more
6. tonight
7. I want
8. I need
9. to speak
10. to see
11. to go
12. to eat
Ejercicio 2B Translate into English

Y = and
Hay = there is/there are

1. Necesito ver su visa ahora.
2. Quiero verla en la fiesta.
4. Hay un problema, necesito verlo.
5. Quiero ir a Perú para estudiar y practicar español.
7. Para ver Venus necesito un telescopio.
8. Quiero invitarlo a la fiesta.
9. No quiero comer en el restaurante esta noche.
10. No quiero ir a Tijuana esta noche.
11. Esta noche quiero ir al teatro.
12. Quiero comer algo diferente esta noche.
13. Quiero ver más partes de México.
15. No quiero comer comida mexicana esta noche, preferiría comida americana.
16. Quiero ir a la fiesta esta noche.
17. Necesito ir a Argentina pronto.
18. Necesito ir a México en junio para visitar la planta.
19. Quiero visitarla en diciembre.
20. Quiero ver los mariachis en Plaza Garibaldi esta noche.
22. Quiero ir a Grecia para ver los Juegos Olímpicos.
Respuestas del ejercicio 2B

1. I need to see your visa now.
2. I want to see her at (in) the party.
3. I need to go to the doctor now.
4. There is a problem, I need to see him.
5. I want to go to Peru in order to study and practice Spanish.
6. I need to go to the hotel soon.
7. In order to see Venus I need a telescope.
8. I want to invite him to the party.
9. I don’t want to eat in the restaurant tonight.
10. I don’t want to go to Tijuana tonight.
11. Tonight I want to go to the theater.
12. I want to eat something different tonight.
13. I want to see more parts of Mexico.
14. I need to go to the hotel now.
15. I don’t want to eat Mexican food tonight, I would prefer American food.
16. I want to go to the party tonight.
17. I need to go to Argentina soon.
18. I need to go to Mexico in June in order to visit the plant.
19. I want to visit her in December.
20. I want to see the Mariachis in Garibaldi Plaza tonight.
21. I need to see the passports.
22. I want to go to Greece in order to see the Olympic Games.
Ejercicio 2C
See how well you remembered your Spanish Synergy Verbs and Brick Verbs from lesson 1. Plus test your memory of your new Mortar words from this lesson. Write the Spanish words on the line.

1. The Spanish words for **with you** are ____________________
2. The Spanish word for **now** is ____________________
3. The Spanish word for **soon** is ____________________
4. The Spanish word for **in order to** is ____________________
5. The Spanish word for **more** is ____________________
6. The Spanish words for **tonight** are ____________________
7. The Spanish word for **I want** is ____________________
8. The Spanish word for **I need** is ____________________
9. The Spanish word for **to speak** is ____________________
10. The Spanish word for **to see** is ____________________
11. The Spanish word for **to go** is ____________________
12. The Spanish word for **to eat** is ____________________

Respuestas del ejercicio 2C

1. con usted
2. ahora
3. pronto
4. para
5. más
6. esta noche
7. quiero
8. necesito
9. hablar
10. ver
11. ir
12. comer
**Ejercicio 2D Translate into Spanish**

**Hints**
- please = por favor
- thank you = gracias

1. I want to see him now.  
2. I need to speak Spanish soon.  
3. I need to eat now.  
4. I want to go to my house in order to eat.  
5. I need to see her soon.  
6. I want to go to a restaurant in order to eat.  
7. I don't want to eat now.  
8. I don't need more.  
9. I need to speak more Spanish.  
10. I want to see her tonight.  
11. I want to speak more Spanish with you soon.  
12. I need to see him tonight.  
13. I want to speak with you.  
14. I need to go to my house now.  
15. I want to eat now.  
16. I want to eat soon.  
17. I want to eat in a restaurant tonight.  
18. I want to see Machu Picchu soon.  
19. I want to see her soon.  
20. I want more please.  
21. I don't want more thank you.  
22. I need to speak with you.  
23. I need to eat.  
24. I need to see him now.
Respuestas del ejercicio 2D

1. Quiero verlo ahora.
2. Necesito hablar español pronto.
4. Quiero ir a mi casa para comer.
5. Necesito verla pronto.
6. Quiero ir a un restaurante para comer.
7. No quiero comer ahora.
8. No necesito más.
10. Quiero verla esta noche.
11. Quiero hablar más español con usted pronto.
13. Quiero hablar con usted.
15. Quiero comer ahora.
16. Quiero comer pronto.
17. Quiero comer en un restaurante esta noche.
18. Quiero ver Machu Picchu pronto.
19. Quiero verla pronto.
20. Quiero más por favor.
21. No quiero más gracias.
22. Necesito hablar con usted.
23. Necesito comer.
See how your Spanish is multiplying.

Just two lessons and you are making real Spanish sentences. Real Spanish that you can go out and use in the world right now if you want.

Well we are 2/25 through the course or 8% for those on the metric system. Oops there is the math again, and I promised no more math.

Okay, no more math,

but a lot more Spanish.

Remember to enjoy the journey.

Until tomorrow
Hasta mañana
Lección tres
Lesson 3  Multiply The Synergy and remember to be bold

New Synergy Verbs

13. The Spanish for *I am going to* is **voy a**  
Imagine you are excited about a party and you say,  
"**boy a** party, I am going to go for sure."

14. The Spanish for *I would like* is **me gustaría**  
Imagine Homer Simpson says, 
*I would like* a star made of marshmallow,  
**My gooey star**, which I would like to eat.

Spanish Speaking Hints
Communication Multiplied #3

The future

**Voy a = I am going to**

Talking about what you are going to do in the future in Spanish is very easy. 
Just like English you can put I am going in front of the verb, like this;

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Voy a + verb</th>
<th>English equivalent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>visitar</strong></td>
<td>I am going to visit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>rentar</strong></td>
<td>I am going to rent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>ver</strong></td>
<td>I am going to see</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>hablar</strong></td>
<td>I am going to speak</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

How to say I am going to go

The Brick Verb **to go** = **ir**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English equivalent</th>
<th>Voy a + ir</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I am going to Spain</td>
<td>Voy a ir a España</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

How easy is that? And the good news is it's all that EASY.

So let's move on.
New Brick Verbs

15. The Spanish word for *to visit* is **visitar**
   This is easy, an instant Spanish word, just add **AR**.

16. The Spanish word for *to Invite* is **invitar**
   Also an instant Spanish word, just drop the **E** and add **AR**.

17. The Spanish word for *to help* is **ayudar**
   Imagine saying "**ay you der**, I need you to help me"

18. The Spanish word for *to call* is **llamar**
   Imagine a teenager saying "**ya ma** I am going to call you"

Spanish Speaking hints
Accuracy pointer #2

Pronunciación español claro
Clear Spanish pronunciation

The LL in Spanish is pronounced like **Y** in English.
Or like the **ll** in millionaire.
Therefore, to call - **llamar** is pronounced Yah Mahr.
Ejercicio 3A
See how well you remembered your new Spanish Synergy Verbs and Brick Verbs. Write the English words on the line.

1. The English words for **voy a** are
2. The English words for **me gustaría** are
3. The English words for **invitar** are
4. The English words for **visitar** are
5. The English words for **llamar** are
6. The English word for **ayudar** are

Respuestas del ejercicio 3A

1. I am going to
2. I would like
3. to invite
4. to visit
5. to call
6. to help
Spanish Speaking Hints
Accuracy pointer #3

**People get an A**

If, you use the Spanish verb "invitar" it is always followed by the letter **a**, like this;

Voy a invitar **a** Diego.       I am going to invite Diego.

In Spanish when a verb is followed by a person you use the "personal a". To invite is always followed by a person so you always use the personal a.

Me gustaría invitar **a** David.  I would like to invite David.
Voy a invitar **a** mi amigo.    I am going to invite my friend.

**Sometimes to visit is personal**

The verb to visit can be followed by a person and the "personal a".

**For example**
Voy a visitar **a** Mario en la casa.  I am going to visit Mario in the house.

**And sometimes to visit is not personal**

If you visit a place not a person.

**For example**
Voy a visitar México.  I am going to visit Mexico

Only when it is personal do we use the personal a.

**Take a look at a few more examples with people and the "personal a".**

Voy a visitar **a** mi amigo. I am going to visit my friend.
Voy a invitar **a** la familia. I am going to invite the family.
Voy a llamar **a** la profesora. I am going to call the professor (teacher).
Voy a ayudar **a** la gente.     I am going to help the people.
Be bold with your Spanish

Okay, it is time to call a spade a spade. The personal a that I have just taught you is grammar.

Grammar,... yuck! Grammar can be unhealthy to your Spanish. Too much focus on grammar can cause hesitation. If you hesitate trying to use perfect grammar, you will lose your listener.

I have seen it many times. It is horrible to watch.

I have seen people's communication ability go backwards as they try to be perfect. They speak so slowly nobody can stand to listen to them.

- Be bold!
- Risk making a mistake.
- Everyone makes mistakes.
- Mistakes help you learn.

The worst thing that I could do to you would be to cause you to be hesitant in your Spanish.

When you get out there in the real world and use Spanish, you will have to be bold. If you get bogged down in the minor stuff, you will lose the opportunity to communicate.

And communication is what this course is all about.

So I have shown you the "personal a" so you can do the exercises. But the "personal a" is minor stuff. When it comes to speaking Spanish it is the major stuff you need to master.

What is the major stuff?

- Synergy Verbs
- Brick Verbs
- Mortar
- pronunciation

Learn them deeply to express yourself instantly.

The Synergy Verbs, Brick Verbs and Mortar will give you the ability to communicate and be understood. Communication is what makes travel a joy. It's what makes better relationships with Spanish speakers and what counts in an emergency.

Make your goal to communicate in Spanish and be understood. Get perfect later.

Go ahead and learn the Spanish "personal a". You will need it to do the exercises. But when it comes to speaking remember, be bold.
Ejercicio 3B Translate into English
Notice when a means to and notice when "a" is the "personal a" (in bold letters).
Note: a el contracts to al. E.G to the doctor = al doctor, to the cinema = al cine

Esposa = spouse/wife

1. Voy a ir a ver al doctor ahora.
2. Hay un problema, necesito ayudar a mi papá.
4. Voy a ir al hotel pronto.
5. Para hablar con usted más pronto voy a estudiar mucho.
6. Esta noche me gustaría ir al cine.
7. Me gustaría comer algo diferente esta noche.
8. Voy a llamar a mi esposa esta noche.
9. Me gustaría ver más partes de México.
10. Me gustaría comer comida cubana esta noche.
11. Voy a ir a Argentina en febrero.
12. Voy a visitar a Isela en México en agosto.
13. Esta noche me gustaría ir al teatro.
15. Me gustaría ver las pirámides.
17. Voy a invitar a los mexicanos a tocar la música en la fiesta.
18. Voy a visitar a mis amigos esta noche.
19. Voy a llamar a Juan.
20. Me gustaría invitar a Gerardo.
21. Voy a ayudar a Francisco con el inglés.
22. Quiero verlo en la clase de español esta noche.
24. Hay un problema, necesito llamar a la policía.
26. Quiero invitar a la maestra a la fiesta.
27. No voy a comer en el restaurante esta noche.
28. No voy a ir a Tijuana esta noche.
Respuestas del ejercicio 3B

1. I am going to go to see the doctor now.
2. There is a problem; I need to help my dad.
3. I would like to go to Costa Rica in order to study more Spanish.
4. I am going to go to the hotel soon.
5. In order to speak with you sooner I am going to study a lot.
6. Tonight I would like to go to the cinema.
7. I would like to eat something different tonight.
8. I am going to call my wife (spouse) tonight.
9. I would like to see more parts of Mexico.
10. I would like to eat Cuban food tonight.
11. I am going to go to Argentina in February.
12. I am going to visit Isela in Mexico in August.
13. Tonight I would like to go to the theater.
14. I am going to visit her in November.
15. I would like to see the pyramids.
16. I would like to go to Greece in order to see the Olympic Games.
17. I am going to invite the Mexicans to play music in the party.
18. I am going to visit my friends tonight.
19. I am going to call Juan.
20. I would like to invite Gerardo.
21. I am going to help Francisco with (the) English.
22. I want to see him in the Spanish class tonight.
23. I need to call the doctor.
24. There is a problem; I need to call the police.
25. I am going to go to Costa Rica in order to study Spanish.
26. I want to invite the teacher to the party.
27. I am not going to eat in the restaurant tonight.
28. I am not going to go to Tijuana tonight.
Ejercicio 3C
See how well you remembered your Spanish Synergy Verbs and Brick Verbs from this lesson. Write the English words on the line

1. The Spanish words for I am going to are

2. The Spanish words for I would like are

3. The Spanish word for to invite is

4. The Spanish word for to visit is

5. The Spanish word for to call is

6. The Spanish words for to help is

Respuestas del ejercicio 3C

1. voy a
2. me gustaría
3. invitar
4. visitar
5. llamar
6. ayudar
Ejercicio 3D Translate into Spanish

Hints
my friend = mi amigo   my dad = mi papá   my mom = mi mamá
my family = mi familia   to the party = a la fiesta

1. I would like to help him.
2. I am going to call her tonight.
3. I would like to visit her soon.
4. I want to visit your house in Mexico.
5. I am not going to eat in the restaurant tonight.
6. I am going to call him soon.
7. I need to call my mom tonight.
8. I am going to invite him to my house.
9. I would like to speak with you.
10. I want to visit him in Mexico.
11. I am not going to go to Los Angeles tonight.
12. I want to call my dad now.
13. I am going to call Carlos tonight.
14. I would like more please.
15. I would like to go to the party with you tonight.
16. I want to invite my friend.
17. I need to help my friend.

18. I want to visit my family soon.
19. I am going to see her in the party.
20. I am going to speak Spanish soon.
21. I am going to go to my house in order to eat.
22. I am going to see him soon.
23. I want to invite María to a restaurant.
24. I am not going to eat now.
25. I would like to see her tonight.
26. I would like to speak more Spanish with you soon.
27. I would like to eat soon.
28. I would like to invite her to the party.
29. I want to invite him to my house in order to eat tamales.
30. I am going to speak with you in Spanish soon.
Respuestas del ejercicio 3D

1. Me gustaría ayudarlo.
2. Voy a llamarla esta noche.
3. Me gustaría visitarla pronto.
4. Quiero visitar su casa en México.
5. No voy a comer en el restaurante esta noche.
6. Voy a llamarlo pronto.
7. Necesito llamar a mi mamá esta noche.
8. Voy a invitarlo a mi casa.
9. Me gustaría hablar con usted.
10. Quiero visitarlo en México.
11. No voy a ir a Los Ángeles esta noche.
12. Quiero llamar a mi papá ahora.
13. Voy a llamar a Carlos esta noche.
14. Me gustaría más por favor.
15. Me gustaría ir a la fiesta con usted esta noche.
16. Quiero invitar a mi amigo.
17. Necesito ayudar a mi amigo.
18. Quiero visitar a mi familia pronto.
19. Voy a verla en la fiesta.
20. Voy a hablar español pronto.
21. Voy a ir a mi casa para comer.
22. Voy a verlo pronto.
23. Quiero invitar a María a un restaurante.
24. No voy a comer ahora.
25. Me gustaría verla esta noche.
26. Me gustaría hablar más español con usted pronto.
27. Me gustaría comer pronto.
28. Me gustaría invitarla a la fiesta.
29. Quiero invitarlo a mi casa para comer tamales.
30. Voy a hablar con usted en español pronto.
Congratulations, you have made another successful step in your Spanish progress.

Remember, everything you are learning is Spanish to use in the real world right away. Your challenge is to learn it so well that you can produce Spanish at will, whenever you want.

How can you make producing Spanish spontaneous?

Easy?

Practice and repetition.

You will get a lot of practice and repetition as you do the exercises in this course. Then as you meet and use your Spanish in the real world you will find yourself producing Spanish spontaneously.

Producing Spanish takes a little time, but it will come. In fact, you may already have noticed that understanding the Spanish sentences is easier than producing Spanish.

Why?

Well, to understand the Spanish you have all the triggers right in front of your eyes. To make Spanish sentences you have to dig them out of your memory before you can produce them.

Just keep practicing, use the words and structures over and over. They will begin to feel more natural. Sooner or later you will find that a Spanish sentence just comes out of your mouth without you even thinking.

Remember, you only need to master 138 words. That is not many words, but you have to know them very deeply. And knowing them deeply comes from repetition.

Let me ask you something, Can you imagine George W. Bush’s face?

Pretty easy right, you don’t even have to try.

Why?

You have seen that face so many times on TV it is familiar to you.

Same thing with Spanish words and structures, see them and use them often enough and they will just pop into your mind on cue. Then you will be creating spontaneous Spanish and you are going to enjoy Spanish even more.
New Mortar

19. The Spanish for again is otra vez (OH TRAH VEHSHS)
Imagine a friend has a bright red vest you say, "please don't wear that ultra red vest again."

20. The Spanish word for with is con (KOHN)
Imagine a con man with a pack of cards.

21. The Spanish for the next is la próxima (LAH PROH XEE MAH)
The Next month is approximately 30 days from now.

22. The Spanish word for this is esta (EHS TAH)
Remember the word for tonight (esta noche) from lesson 1. In Spanish to say tonight you literally say this night esta noche.

23. The Spanish word for week is semana (SEH MAHN AH)
God Says "man I am bored I will create an earth in a week."

24. The Spanish word for tomorrow and morning is mañana* (MAHN YAH NAH)
A friend is grumpy in the morning you say, "man ya nah good in the morning."

* Mañana means both tomorrow and morning. So to say tomorrow morning you say, mañana en la mañana.
Ejercicio 4A
See how well you remembered your Spanish Synergy Verbs and Brick Verbs from lesson 3 plus your new Mortar words from this lesson. Write the English words on the line.

1. The English word for otra vez is ____________________
2. The English word for con is ____________________
3. The English words for la próxima are ____________________
4. The English word for esta is ____________________
5. The English word for semana is ____________________
6. The English word for mañana is ____________________
7. The English words for voy a are ____________________
8. The English words for me gustaría are ____________________
9. The English words for invitar are ____________________
10. The English words for visitar are ____________________
11. The English words for llamar are ____________________
12. The English words for ayudar are ____________________

Respuestas del ejercicio 4A

1. again
2. with
3. the next
4. this
5. week
6. tomorrow/morning
7. I am going to
8. I would like
9. to invite
10. to visit
11. to call
12. to help
Ejercicio 4B Translate into English
These Spanish sentences are getting longer and more complex. Remember I promised real Spanish. This is real Spanish and you already know enough to understand it.

Maleta = case  del =of the  por = for/by

1. Esta noche me gustaría ir al cine con mis amigos.
2. Me gustaría comer en el restaurante con usted otra vez.
3. Necesito hablar con mi esposa por teléfono otra vez.
5. Esta noche me gustaría ir a un bar con mis amigos.
6. Voy a visitarla otra vez en mayo.
7. Voy a estudiar español en un curso de tres semanas.
8. Voy a ayudarla con las maletas.
9. Me gustaría ir a la catedral esta semana.
10. Voy a ir a Guatemala por tres semanas.
11. Quiero ayudarlo con el estudio del español.

12. Quiero rentar esta casa.
13. Esta semana y la próxima necesito estudiar mucho.
14. Necesito un hotel por dos semanas.
15. Me gustaría invitar a José a mi fiesta de graduación la próxima semana.
16. La próxima semana, voy a ir a las pirámides en Yucatán con un grupo de amigos.
17. Quiero verlo en la clase de español con más frecuencia.
18. Necesito ir al dentista esta semana.
19. Voy a hablar con el policía para reportar el robo.
20. Necesito ver la visa y el pasaporte otra vez.
21. Voy a hablar más español con los mexicanos en mis vacaciones.
Respuestas del ejercicio 4B

1. Tonight I would like to go to the cinema with my friends.
2. I would like to eat in the restaurant with you again.
3. I need to speak with my wife by telephone again.
4. I need to call the hotel in order to confirm the reservation of tomorrow (tomorrow’s reservation).
5. Tonight I would like to go to a bar with my friends.
6. I am going to visit her again in May.
7. I am going to study Spanish in a 3 week course.
8. I am going to help her with the cases.
9. I would like to go to the cathedral this week.
10. I am going to go to Guatemala for three weeks.
11. I want to help him with the study of (the) Spanish.
12. I want to rent this house.
13. This week and the next I need to study a lot.
14. I need a hotel for two weeks.
15. I would like to invite Jose to my graduation party the next week.
16. (The) next week, I am going to go to the pyramids in Yucatan with a group of friends.
17. I want to see him in the Spanish class with more frequency (more often).
18. I need to go to the dentist this week.
19. I am going to speak with the policeman to report the robbery.
20. I need to see the visa and the passport again.
21. I am going to speak more Spanish with the Mexicans in my vacation.
Ejercicio 4C
See how well you remembered your Spanish Synergy Verbs and Brick Verbs from lesson 3 plus your new Mortar words from this lesson. Write the English words on the line.

1. The Spanish words for **again** are ____________________
2. The Spanish word for **with** is ____________________
3. The Spanish words for **the next** are ____________________
4. The Spanish word for **this** is ____________________
5. The Spanish word for **week** is ____________________
6. The Spanish for tomorrow/ **morning** is ____________________
7. The Spanish words for **I am going to** are ____________________
8. The Spanish words for **I would like** are ____________________
9. The Spanish word for **to invite** is ____________________
10. The Spanish word for **to visit** is ____________________
11. The Spanish word for **to call** is ____________________
12. The Spanish word for **to help** is ____________________

Respuestas del ejercicio 4A

1. otra vez
2. con
3. la próxima
4. esta
5. semana
6. mañana
7. voy a
8. me gustaría
9. invitar
10. visitar
11. llamar
12. ayudar
Ejercicio 4D Translate into Spanish

The house = la casa

1. I am going to visit my friends this week.
2. I am going to go to Costa Rica with my family.
3. I would like to invite him to my house in order to eat with my family.
4. I need to help my dad tomorrow.
5. I am going to call her again tomorrow.
6. I am going to call my mom again.
7. I want to eat again.
8. I want to visit Alma in Dallas (the) next week.
9. I am going to call her (the) next week.
10. I want to visit Mexico again soon.
11. I am not going to eat in the restaurant again.
12. I would like to invite my friend to the party the next week.
13. I am not going to go to San Jose tomorrow.
14. I would like to see her again.
15. I want to invite him to a party in my house the next week.
16. I am not going to go to Los Angeles again this week.
17. I need to call my dad again.
18. I am going to speak with Roman tomorrow.
19. I would like to eat in the restaurant again tomorrow.
20. I want to go to the party with you the next week.
21. I need to help my friend tomorrow.
22. I want to visit my family this week.
23. I am going to see him in the party tomorrow.
24. Now I am going to speak more Spanish with my friend.
25. I want to eat in my house with my family.
26. I am going to see her again next week.
27. I would like to see the house again.
28. I would like to speak more Spanish with your family.
29. I am going to speak with María in Spanish soon.
Respuestas del ejercicio 4D

1. Voy a visitar a mis amigos esta semana.
2. Voy a ir a Costa Rica con mi familia.
3. Me gustaría invitarlo a mi casa para comer con mi familia.
4. Necesito ayudar a mi papá mañana.
5. Voy a llamarla otra vez mañana.
6. Voy a llamar a mi mamá otra vez.
7. Quiero comer otra vez.
8. Quiero visitar a Alma en Dallas la próxima semana.
9. Voy a llamarla la próxima semana.
10. Quiero visitar México otra vez pronto.
11. No voy a comer en el restaurante otra vez.
12. Me gustaría invitar a mi amigo a la fiesta la próxima semana.
13. No voy a ir a San José mañana.
14. Me gustaría verla otra vez.
15. Quiero invitarlo a una fiesta en mi casa la próxima semana.
16. No voy a ir a Los Ángeles otra vez esta semana.
17. Necesito llamar a mi papá otra vez.
18. Voy a hablar con Román mañana.
19. Me gustaría comer en el restaurante otra vez mañana.
20. Quiero ir a la fiesta con usted la próxima semana.
22. Quiero visitar a mi familia esta semana.
23. Voy a verlo en la fiesta mañana.
25. Quiero comer en mi casa con mi familia.
26. Voy a verla otra vez la próxima semana.
27. Me gustaría ver la casa otra vez.
28. Me gustaría hablar más español con su familia.
29. Voy a hablar con María en español pronto.
Lección Cinco
Lesson 5
Synergy Verbs

25. The Spanish for *I have to* is *tengo que*
   "I have to learn to dance so I can tango with Kaye."

Spanish Speaking hints
Accuracy pointer #4

**I have to = I must**

*I have to* is similar to *I need.* *I have to* is a little stronger. Certainly in Spanish you can use *tengo que* for *I have to* or *I must*

For example;

*I need* to eat.  
Necesito comer.

But if you are starving,

*I must* eat/ *I have to* eat.  
Tengo que comer.

26. The Spanish word for *I can* is *puedo*  
"now that *I can* speak Spanish *I can* go to Puerto Rico"

Spanish Speaking Hints
Communication Multiplied #4

**How to use puedo (I can)**

Spanish Brick Verbs all end with the letter *R*, the English equivalents are the verbs that start with *to*, for example

**Trabajar**  
**to work**

**Estudiar**  
**to study**

The Synergy Verb / Brick Verb structure is the same in both languages.

Necesito trabajar.  
I need *to* work.

Quiero estudiar.  
I want *to* study.

However in English you *can't* say,

I can to work.  
I can to study.

But in Spanish *puedo* uses the same Synergy Verb / Brick Verb structure.

Puedo trabajar.  
Puedo estudiar.

So the good news for you is that you can continue to use the same structure. You just stack the Synergy Verb onto the Brick Verb and make hundreds more Spanish sentences.
27. The Spanish word for to study is estudiar (EHS TOO DEE AHR)
   I am sure you can see study wrapped up in estudiar

28. The Spanish word for to return is regresar (REH GREH SAHR)
   When you regress you go back and when you go back you return.

**Spanish Speaking Hints**
Communication Multiplied #5

**Multipurpose word**

When it comes to synonyms for to return, Spanish cuts to the chase with one single word, Regresar which you can almost always use for all these English words.

To return
To go back
To give back
To come back
To bring back
To take back

Six Spanish words for the price of one. You have to be happy with that.

29. The Spanish word for to be is estar (EHS STAHR)
   I have confidence that one day you are going to be a star at Spanish.

30. The Spanish for to work is trabajar (TRAH BAH HAHR)
   You're in trouble ha if you don't go to work.
## How to ask questions in Spanish

Questions and statements are the same in Spanish.

### Example

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
<th>Spanish</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I can help her.</td>
<td>Puedo ayudarla.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Can I help her?</td>
<td>¿Puedo ayudarla?</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I have to work.</td>
<td>Tengo que trabajar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do I have to work?</td>
<td>¿Tengo que trabajar?</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The structure is the same.

So how do they tell the difference between a question and a statement?

It's all in the tone of voice. The tone rises for a question.

### Sometimes we use tone of voice in English

Imagine someone gives a gift and you ask,

**I can** keep this?

Notice how your voice rises.

But, generally, in English to ask a question we change the word order.

**Can I** keep this?

In Spanish, it's the tone of voice that makes the questions.

**Spanish question mark ?**

Also notice the (¿) upside down question mark at the beginning of the question in Spanish.

**¿Puedo invitar a mi amigo?**

In Spanish the words order is the same for a question or a statement. So to make a clear distinction between statements and questions Spanish uses an upside down question mark.

**E.g.**

| ¿Necesito una reservación? | Do I need a reservation? |
| ¿Puedo llamIarla?          | Can I call her?          |
Ejercicio 5A
See how well you remembered your new Spanish Synergy Verbs and Brick Verbs. Write the English words on the line

1. The English words for **trabajar** are __________
2. The English words for **estar** are __________
3. The English words for **regresar** are __________
4. The English words for **estudiar** are __________
5. The English words for **tengo que** are __________
6. The English words for **puedo** are __________

Respuestas del ejercicio 5A

1. to work
2. to be
3. to return
4. to study
5. I have to
6. I can
Ejercicio 5B Translate into English

1. ¿Puedo hablar con usted un momento?
2. Tengo que estudiar español esta noche para el examen de mañana.
3. Puedo ir a España en octubre.
4. Quiero regresar otra vez en mayo.
5. Puedo ayudarla con las maletas.
6. Tengo que estudiar ahora para hablar español en mis vacaciones.
7. Esta noche no puedo ir al cine, tengo que estudiar español.
8. Puedo hablar un poco de español.
9. ¿Tengo que trabajar mañana?
10. Tengo que estar en México la próxima semana.
11. ¿Puedo trabajar con usted en esta idea?
12. Tengo que hablar con el doctor.
13. No puedo estar en Bolivia hasta octubre.
14. No tengo que trabajar en junio, voy a estar de vacaciones.
15. Tengo que regresar el video mañana.
16. No puedo llamarlo hasta mañana.
17. Voy a regresar a mi casa esta semana.
18. Puedo ver los Juegos Olímpicos por televisión esta semana.
19. Quiero regresar al restaurante otra vez para comer más tacos.
20. Puedo visitar más partes de México en las próximas vacaciones.
22. Quiero trabajar en las Naciones Unidas.
23. Voy a trabajar en Bolivia la próxima semana.
24. ¿Puedo ver los pasaportes otra vez por favor?
25. Tengo que ver su visa.
26. ¿Puedo ver el menú por favor?
27. Tengo que ir al hotel pronto.
28. Quiero trabajar en un hotel en Acapulco.
29. No puedo invitar a muchas personas a la fiesta.
30. Para ver la isla necesito usar binoculares.
31. ¿Puedo ver al doctor por favor?
Respuestas del ejercicio 5B

1. Can I speak with you (for) a moment?
2. I have to study Spanish tonight for the exam tomorrow.
3. I can go to Spain in October.
4. I want to return again in May.
5. I can help her with the cases.
6. I have to study now in order to speak Spanish in my vacations.
7. Tonight I can’t go to the cinema, I have to study Spanish.
8. I can speak a little (of) Spanish.
9. Do I have to study tomorrow?
10. I have to be in Mexico (the) next week.
11. Can I work with you on this idea?
12. I have to speak with the doctor.
13. I can’t be in Bolivia until October.
14. I don’t have to work in June. I am going to be on vacation.
15. I have to return the video tomorrow.
16. I can’t call him until tomorrow.
17. I am going to return to my house this week.
18. I can see the Olympic games on television this week.
19. I want to return to the restaurant again in order to eat more tacos.
20. I can visit more parts of Mexico on the next vacation.
21. I need to return your cassette.
22. I want to work in the United Nations.
23. I am going to work in Bolivia (the) next week.
24. Can I see the passports again please?
25. I have to see your visa.
26. Can I see the menu please?
27. I have to go to the hotel soon.
28. I want to work in a hotel in Acapulco.
29. I can’t invite many people to the party.
30. In order to see the island I need to use binoculars.
31. Can I see the doctor please?
Ejercicio 5C
Translate these words into Spanish.

1. The Spanish words for I have to are ____________
2. The Spanish word for I can is ____________
3. The Spanish word for to return is ____________
4. The Spanish word for to study is ____________
5. The Spanish word for to be is ____________
6. The Spanish word for to work is ____________

Respuestas del ejercicio 5C

1. tengo que
2. puedo
3. regresar
4. estudiar
5. estar
6. trabajar
Ejercicio 5D Translate into Spanish

1. Can I invite my friends to the party (the) next week?
2. I am going to study Spanish with Luisa.
3. I can call him.
4. I have to return now.
5. I am going to return tonight.
6. I want to study Spanish with you.
7. I am going to study more Spanish in Mexico.
8. I have to work again tomorrow.
9. I am going to be with you in Mexico (the) next week.
10. I am not going to work with Luis.
11. I have to study this week.
12. I can help him.
13. I have to be in Mexico tonight.
14. I can't work with you.
15. I have to go back soon.
16. I can't work (the) next week.
17. I want to study Spanish again.
18. I need to study more Spanish.
19. I need to be in my house tonight.
20. Can I study Spanish with you again?
21. I want to be with you.
22. I can come back (return) tomorrow.
23. I am going to be with you soon.
24. I want to visit Mexico soon.
25. I want to return soon.
26. I need to return to my house.
27. I need to work.
28. I can't work, I have to go to my house in order to be with my family.
29. I want to work with you.
30. I don't want to work now.
31. I need to study in order to speak more Spanish.
32. Do I have to work tomorrow?
Respuestas del ejercicio 5D

1. ¿Puedo invitar a mis amigos a la fiesta la próxima semana?
2. Voy a estudiar español con Luisa.
3. Puedo llamarlo.
4. Tengo que regresar ahora.
5. Voy a regresar esta noche.
6. Quiero estudiar español con usted.
7. Voy a estudiar más español en México.
8. Tengo que trabajar otra vez mañana.
9. Voy a estar con usted en México la próxima semana.
10. No voy a trabajar con Luis.
11. Tengo que estudiar esta semana.
12. Puedo ayudarlo.
13. Tengo que estar en México esta noche.
14. No puedo trabajar con usted.
15. Tengo que regresar pronto.
16. No puedo trabajar la próxima semana.
17. Quiero estudiar español otra vez.
18. Necesito estudiar más español.
20. ¿Puedo estudiar español con usted otra vez?
21. Quiero estar con usted.
22. Puedo regresar mañana.
23. Voy a estar con usted pronto.
25. Quiero regresar pronto.
27. Necesito trabajar.
28. No puedo trabajar, tengo que ir a mi casa para estar con mi familia.
29. Quiero trabajar con usted.
30. No quiero trabajar ahora.
31. Necesito estudiar para hablar más español.
32. ¿Tengo que trabajar mañana?
Lección seis  
Lesson 6

Mortar

Pronunciation

31. The Spanish word for *today* is **hoy**  
Imagine you are angered by slow service  
you yell "**oy** I want it *today*"

32. The Spanish for *weekend* is **fin de semana**  
Semana means week and **fin de** means  
the *finish of or the end of*. So **fin de semana**  
means the end of the week

33. The Spanish word for *month* is **mes**  
This **month** is really busy it’s a big **mess**

34. The Spanish word for *year* is **año**  
**An ya know** just like that there goes another *year*

35. The Spanish for *night* is **noche**  
Remember esta **noche** means tonight  
esta means this and **noche** means **night**

36. The Spanish for *much, many, a lot of* is **mucho**  
3 words for the price of one
Ejercicio 6A
Write the English words on the line

1. The English word or words for **mucho** are __________
2. The English word for **noche** is __________
3. The English word for **año** is __________
4. The English word for **mes** is __________
5. The English word for **fin de semana** is __________
6. The English word for **hoy** is __________
7. The English words for **trabajar** are __________
8. The English words for **estar** are __________
9. The English words for **regresar** are __________
10. The English words for **estudiar** are __________
11. The English words for **tengo que** are __________
12. The English words for **puedo** are __________

Respuestas del ejercicio 6A

1. many/a lot of/ much
2. night
3. year
4. month
5. weekend
6. today
7. to work
8. to be
9. to return
10. to study
11. I have to
12. I can
Spanish Speaking Hints
Communication Multiplied #7

I want to see her this weekend
Quiero verla este fin de semana

Remember for this week we said
**Esta semana**

And for next week we said
**La próxima semana**

Many feminine words in Spanish end with the letter a.

**Semana** ends with the letter a and is a feminine word.

**Mes** and **Año** (month and year) are masculine words.

To say **this** with Masculine words use **este**.

- **This** year  **Este** año
- **This** month  **Este** mes

And to say **the next** with masculine words, use **el próximo**.

- **The next** year  **El próximo** año
- **The next** month  **El próximo** mes

**Something to remember about the weekend**

**Semana** - Week is feminine

but

**Fin de semana** - Weekend is masculine

Therefore, how would you make the following phrases?

1. Next week  ____________________
2. Next weekend  ____________________
3. This week  ____________________
4. This weekend  ____________________

Check your answer below. Then when you do exercise 6B notice the use of **este** and **el próximo**.

**Answers**
1. la próxima semana, 2. el próximo fin de semana, 3. esta semana, 4.este fin de semana
Ejercicio 6B Translate into English

de = from/of 
Escuela = school

1. Voy a visitar a Bárbara hoy.
2. Tengo que estudiar mucho para el examen.
3. Me gustaría comer en este restaurante otra vez mañana en la noche.
4. Puedo ayudarlo mucho con el vocabulario en español.
5. Voy a hablar mucho español en mis vacaciones.
6. Tengo que llamar a mi esposa hoy.
7. El fin de semana me gustaría ir a un bar con mis amigos.
8. No tengo que trabajar este mes, voy a estar de vacaciones.
9. Tengo que regresar el video mañana en la noche.
10. Me gustaría comer algo diferente hoy.
11. Voy a invitar a muchos amigos a la fiesta este fin de semana.
12. Voy a ir a la isla este fin de semana.
13. Voy a estudiar español en una escuela por tres meses.

14. Mañana en la noche, me gustaría comer en el restaurante con mis amigos.
15. Tengo que ir al doctor hoy.
16. Voy a estar en Honduras por dos años.
17. Quiero rentar una casa en Puerto Vallarta este año.
18. Voy a ver los Rolling Stones el próximo fin de semana.
19. Este fin de semana y el próximo necesito estudiar mucho.
20. Necesito un hotel por un mes.
21. El próximo mes, voy a ir a Cabo San Lucas con un grupo de amigos de mi escuela.
22. Necesito estudiar mucho más en la escuela de español.
23. Voy a estudiar mucho para hablar con usted en español.
24. Hoy me gustaría ir al cine.
25. Quiero trabajar en un hotel en Cancún este año.
26. No puedo regresar a Madrid hasta el próximo mes.
27. Me gustaría comer comida tradicional hoy.
Respuestas del ejercicio 6B

1. I am going to visit Barbara today.
2. I have to study a lot for the exam.
3. I would like to eat in this restaurant again tomorrow night. (tomorrow in the night)
4. I can help him a lot with the vocabulary in Spanish.
5. I am going to speak a lot of Spanish in my vacation.
6. I have to call my wife today.
7. On the weekend I would like to go to a bar with my friends. *
8. I don't have to work this month, I am going to be on vacation.
9. I have to return the video tomorrow night. (tomorrow in the night).
10. I would like to eat something different today.
11. I am going to invite a lot of friends to the party this weekend.
12. I am going to go to the island this weekend.
13. I am going to study Spanish in a school for 3 months.
14. Tomorrow night I would like to eat in the restaurant with my friends.
15. I have to go to the doctor today.
16. I am going to be in Honduras for two years.
17. I want to rent a house in Puerto Vallarta this year.
18. I am going to see the Rolling Stones (the) next weekend.
19. This weekend and the next I need to study a lot.
20. I need a hotel for one month.
21. The next month, I am going to go to Cabo San Lucas with a group of friends from my school.
22. I need to study a lot more in the Spanish school.
23. I am going to study a lot in order to speak with you in Spanish.
24. Today I would like to go to the cinema.
25. I want to work in a hotel in Cancun this year.
26. I can't return to Madrid until (the) next month.
27. I would like to eat traditional food today.

* Note: In Spanish to say, *on the weekend*, you just say, *el fin de semana.*
Ejercicio 6C
Translate these words into Spanish.

1. The Spanish word for a lot of, many, much is
2. The Spanish word for night is
3. The Spanish words for weekend are
4. The Spanish word for today is
5. The Spanish word for month is
6. The Spanish word for year is
7. The Spanish words for I have to are
8. The Spanish word for I can is
9. The Spanish word for to return is
10. The Spanish word for to study is
11. The Spanish word for to be is
12. The Spanish word for to work is

Respuestas del ejercicio 6C

1. mucho
2. noche
3. fin de semana
4. hoy
5. mes
6. año
7. tengo que
8. puedo
9. regresar
10. estudiar
11. estar
12. trabajar
Ejercicio 6D Translate into Spanish

To say tomorrow night say tomorrow in the night = mañana en la noche

1. I am going to call him today.
2. Can I see her today?
3. I am going to go to Spain (on) the weekend.
4. I want to return again (the) next month.
5. This weekend I can’t go to the party, I have to work.
6. I can’t speak much Spanish.
7. Do I have to work tomorrow night?
8. I have to work in Mexico (the) next month.
9. I can see him (on) the weekend.
10. I am going to return tomorrow night.
11. I have to study this weekend.
12. I can help her (the) next weekend.
13. I have to go to Chile this week.
14. I need to help my dad today.
15. I want to return to the restaurant tomorrow night.
16. I am going to work in Barcelona this year.
17. I am going to visit my mom tomorrow night.
18. I would like to invite her to my party this weekend.
19. I would like to go to Argentina this year in order to study more Spanish.
20. I want to eat with my family today.
21. I am not going to be (in house) home this weekend.
22. I have to go back (the) next weekend.
23. I am going to study a lot this year.
24. Can I invite my friends to the party (the) next weekend?
Respuestas del ejercicio 6D

1. Voy a llamarlo hoy.
2. ¿Puedo verla hoy?
3. Voy a ir a España el fin de semana.
4. Quiero regresar otra vez el próximo mes.
5. Este fin de semana no puedo ir a la fiesta, tengo que trabajar.
6. No puedo hablar mucho español.
7. ¿Tengo que trabajar mañana en la noche?
8. Tengo que trabajar en México el próximo mes.
9. Puedo verlo el fin de semana.
10. Voy a regresar mañana en la noche.
11. Tengo que estudiar este fin de semana.
12. Puedo ayudarla el próximo fin de semana.
13. Tengo que ir a Chile esta semana.
15. Quiero regresar al restaurante mañana en la noche.
16. Voy a trabajar en Barcelona este año.
17. Voy a visitar a mi mamá mañana en la noche
18. Me gustaría invitarla a mi fiesta este fin de semana.
19. Me gustaría ir a Argentina este año para estudiar más español.
20. Quiero comer con mi familia hoy.
21. No voy a estar en casa este fin de semana.
22. Tengo que regresar el próximo fin de semana.
23. Voy a estudiar mucho este año.
24. ¿Puedo invitar a mis amigos a la fiesta el próximo fin de semana?
Lección siete
Lesson 7

Synergy Verbs

37. The Spanish for I like is **me gusta**
   You will remember me gustaría means I would like
   If we take off the suffix ría we are left with I like.

   Pronunciation
   (MEH GOOŠ TAH)

Sentence starter

38. The Spanish for **I am sorry** is **Lo siento**
   See Spanish hints below

   (LOH SEE EH<N

Spanish Speaking Hints
Communication Multiplied #8

**New type of word the Sentence starter**

In the remainder of the course, we will introduce some sentence starters and sentence builders.

“I am sorry” is a good sentence starter.

I am sorry, I can't help him today.
**Lo siento**, no puedo ayudarlo hoy.

It also stands alone.

Lo siento.
I am sorry.

It literally means "I feel it," something like "I feel your pain." Perhaps a better translation would be “I regret.”

I regret, I can't help him today.
**Lo siento**, no puedo ayudarlo hoy.

If you want to say I am sorry, and you really mean excuse me, you can also say,

**Disculpe.** Forgive me.
**Perdón.** Pardon me.

I like to use perdón because it is so close to English.
Brick Verbs

39. The Spanish word for to travel is **viajar** (VEE AH HAHHR)
   I am going to travel **via** Harlem

40. The Spanish word for to spend (time) is **pasar** (PAHS AHR)
   When you have to spend time you also **pass** time

**Spanish Speaking hints**
**Accuracy pointers #5**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spending time and money</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>In Spanish there is a different verb for spending time and spending money.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To spend time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To spend money</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

41. The Spanish word for to cook is **cocinar** (KOH SEEN AHR)
   The cooks are in the kitchen **cos in a**
   kitchen is the place to cook.

42. The Spanish for to drink is **tomar** (TOHM AHR)
   "**Tom are** you going to drink anything?"

**Spanish Speaking hints**
**Accuracy pointers #6**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>To take a drink</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>If you look in your Spanish English dictionary for to drink you will see beber and <strong>tomar</strong>.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Both are correct.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tomar</strong> also means to take.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To take a drink</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tomar</strong> is more commonly used than beber.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Ejercicio 7A
See how well you remembered your new Spanish Synergy Verbs and Brick Verbs. Write the English words on the line

1. The English words for me gusta are
   
2. The English words for lo siento are
   
3. The English words for tomar are
   
4. The English word for cocinar are
   
5. The English words for pasar are
   
6. The English words for viajar are

Respuestas del ejercicio 7A

1. I like
2. I am sorry
3. to drink (also to take)
4. to cook
5. to spend (time)
6. to travel
Ejercicio 7B Translate into English

tiempo = time - para = in order (also, for) - mañana = tomorrow (also, morning)

1. No me gusta tomar alcohol.
2. Lo siento, esta noche no puedo ir al cine, tengo que estudiar.
3. Me gusta estar con mi familia los fines de semana.
4. Me gustaría pasar esta noche en casa para ver el fútbol por televisión.
5. Me gusta ayudar a las personas con el español.
7. No me gusta trabajar en la noche.
8. Lo siento, no puedo llamarlo hasta mañana.
9. Me gusta pasar las noches en casa.
10. Me gusta tomar café en la mañana.
11. Me gustaría pasar mis próximas vacaciones en México.
12. Me gusta tomar té.
13. Lo siento, no puedo ayudarla otra vez hasta el próximo mes.
14. Me gusta cocinar para mi familia.
15. Lo siento, no puedo estar en Madrid otra vez hasta octubre.
16. Puedo viajar a México en los meses de abril y mayo.
17. Me gusta cocinar comida española.
18. Me gustaría cocinar una paella.
19. Me gustaría tomar un café.
20. Puedo viajar a España en mayo.
22. No puedo tomar alcohol.
23. Voy a pasar un mes en México.
24. Quiero pasar más tiempo en casa con mi familia.
25. Me gusta viajar con usted.
26. Voy a pasar una semana en casa.
27. Me gusta ver los deportes por televisión.
28. Tengo que cocinar para la familia.
29. Lo siento, necesito ver los pasaportes y las visas otra vez por favor.
30. Quiero pasar la noche en un hotel.
31. Lo siento, no puedo invitar a muchas personas a la fiesta.
Respuestas del ejercicio 7B

1. I don't like to drink alcohol.
2. I am sorry, tonight I can't go to the cinema, I have to study.
3. I like to be with my family on the weekends.
4. I would like to spend tonight at home in order to see the football on television.
5. I like to help the (persons) people with the Spanish.
6. I am sorry, I can't work today.
7. I don't like to work in the night.
8. I am sorry, I can't call him until tomorrow.
9. I like to spend the nights at home.
10. I like to drink coffee in the morning.
11. I would like to spend my next vacation in Mexico.
12. I like to drink tea.
13. I am sorry, I can't help her again until (the) next month.
14. I like to cook for my family.
15. I am sorry, I can't be in Madrid again until October.
16. I can travel to Mexico in the months of April and May.
17. I like to cook Spanish food.
18. I would like to cook a paella.
19. I would like to drink a coffee.
20. I can travel to Spain in May.
21. I need to drink something soon.
22. I can't drink alcohol.
23. I am going to spend a month in Mexico.
24. I want to spend more time at home with my family.
25. I like to travel with you.
26. I am going to spend a week at home.
27. I like to see the sports on television.
28. I have to cook for the family.
29. I am sorry, I need to see the passports and the visas again please.
30. I want to spend the night in a hotel.
31. I am sorry, I can't invite many people to the party.
Ejercicio 7C
Translate these words into Spanish.

1. The Spanish words for **I like** are __________________
2. The Spanish words for **I am sorry** are __________________
3. The Spanish word for **to drink** is __________________
4. The Spanish word for **to spend (time)** is __________________
5. The Spanish word for **to travel** is __________________
6. The Spanish word for **to cook** is __________________

Respuestas del ejercicio 7C

1. me gusta
2. lo siento
3. tomar
4. pasar
5. viajar
6. cocinar
Ejercicio 7D Translate into Spanish

1. I don't like to travel.
2. I am sorry, I can't be with you today.
3. I like to study with you.
4. I am sorry, I can't see her today.
5. I am sorry, I can't speak much Spanish.
6. I have to travel a lot.
7. I like to help her.
8. I am going to spend the weekend with my family.
9. I can't drink (any) more.
10. I am sorry, I can't study with you this weekend.
11. I need to spend this week in LA.
12. I like to drink tequila.
13. I am sorry, I can't invite him to my party.
14. I am sorry, I can't help her now.
15. I don't like to drink tequila.
16. I like to travel a lot.
17. I am going to spend four months in Spain.
18. I like to eat with my family.
19. I am sorry, I can't go with you.
20. I like to cook with my mom.
21. I am going to cook tonight.
22. I want to go back (return) to Mexico this year.
23. I don't want to travel again.
24. I like to speak Spanish.
25. I don't need to travel this week.
26. I have to travel to Mexico today in order to work.
27. I would like to cook more.
28. I am going to travel more (the) next year.
29. I can't travel this year.
30. I am going to spend the next week in Costa Rica.
31. I am sorry, I don't want to work (any) more with you.
Respuestas del ejercicio 7D

1. No me gusta viajar.
2. Lo siento, no puedo estar con usted hoy.
3. Me gusta estudiar con usted.
4. Lo siento, no puedo verla hoy.
5. Lo siento, no puedo hablar mucho español.
6. Tengo que viajar mucho.
7. Me gusta ayudarla.
8. Voy a pasar el fin de semana con mi familia.
9. No puedo tomar más.
10. Lo siento, no puedo estudiar con usted este fin de semana.
11. Necesito pasar esta semana en LA.
12. Me gusta tomar tequila.
13. Lo siento, no puedo invitarlo a mi fiesta.
14. Lo siento, no puedo ayudarla ahora.
15. No me gusta tomar tequila.
16. Me gusta viajar mucho.
17. Voy a pasar cuatro meses en España.
18. Me gusta comer con mi familia.
19. Lo siento, no puedo ir con usted.
20. Me gusta cocinar con mi mamá.
22. Quiero regresar a México este año.
23. No quiero viajar otra vez.
24. Me gusta hablar español.
25. No necesito viajar esta semana.
26. Tengo que viajar a México hoy para trabajar.
27. Me gustaría cocinar más.
28. Voy a viajar más el próximo año.
29. No puedo viajar este año.
31. Lo siento, no quiero trabajar más con usted.
Lección ocho
Lesson 8   End of Step 1

Mortar

43. The Spanish word for until is **hasta**
   Maybe you have heard the Spanish farewell
   **hasta** mañana amigo = until tomorrow friend

44. The Spanish word for something is **algo**
   Imagine saying, "we are out of food **I'll go**
   and get something."

45. The Spanish word for here is **aquí**
   Imagine checking into a hotel, the receptionist
   says, "**here is a key** for your room."

46. The Spanish for a while is **un rato**
   I haven't seen a **rat** or a mouse for a while.

47. The Spanish word for each & every is **cada**
   In California to check the age they **card**
   each and every person who enters a bar.

48. The Spanish word for day is **día**
   Oh happy day, I just saw Cameron **Diaz**

Feminine words and exceptions

Have you ever noticed that many girls' names end in the letter "a"?

For example
Sandra, Linda, Fiona, Barbara, Maria, Elena, Sara, Victoria, Amanda etc.

Most Spanish words that end in "a" are feminine words. To say "the" with a feminine word you use **la**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
<th>Spanish</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The house</td>
<td>La casa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The family</td>
<td>La familia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The party</td>
<td>La fiesta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The case</td>
<td>La maleta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The school</td>
<td>La escuela</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are some exceptions. Even though they end in "a", día and tequila are masculine words. To say "the" with masculine word you use **el**.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
<th>Spanish</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The day</td>
<td>el día</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The tequila</td>
<td>el tequila</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Ejercicio 8A
Write the English words on the line

1. The English word for día is _______________________
2. The English word for cada is _______________________
3. The English words for un rato are _______________________
4. The English word for aquí is _______________________
5. The English word for algo is _______________________
6. The English word for hasta is _______________________
7. The English words for me gusta are _______________________
8. The English words for lo siento are _______________________
9. The English words for tomar are _______________________
10. The English words for cocinar are _______________________
11. The English words for pasar are _______________________
12. The English words for viajar are _______________________

Respuestas del ejercicio 8A

1. day
2. each/every
3. a while
4. here
5. something
6. until
7. I like
8. I am sorry
9. to drink (also to take)
10. to cook
11. to spend (time)
12. to travel
Ejercicio 8B Translate into English

1. No voy a viajar a Europa hasta diciembre.
2. Tengo que estudiar hasta el día del examen.
3. ¿Puedo verla por un rato?
4. Voy a comer algo en el restaurante del hotel.
5. No me gusta tomar alcohol en el día.
6. Voy a ir a la oficina por un rato.
7. Cada día tengo que cocinar algo para mi familia.
8. Voy a regresar al hotel por un rato.
9. Voy a estudiar aquí por un mes.
10. Necesito regresar a México cada dos meses.
11. Voy a estar aquí por tres meses.
12. Me gusta pasar tiempo aquí con mi familia.
13. Este año voy a ver cada juego de los Lakers en el cable.
14. No puedo tomar café en la noche.
15. Voy a estar aquí por cinco días.
16. Me gusta viajar cada año.
17. Tengo que trabajar en México por cinco días.
18. Me gusta ver a mi familia cada fin de semana.
19. Lo siento, no puedo trabajar hasta el próximo mes.
20. Me gusta tomar algo en la noche.
21. Voy a viajar a México cada mes de este año.
22. Me gustaría tomar un café aquí.
23. No puedo viajar a Ecuador hasta mayo.
25. Quiero ir a mi casa por un rato para ver a mi familia.
26. Voy a ir a México por tres días.
27. Voy a estar en casa hasta esta noche.
28. Cada fin de semana me gusta ver el fútbol por televisión.
29. Necesito hablar con mi amigo por un rato.
30. Voy a comer algo en el hotel.
Respuestas del ejercicio 8B

1. I am not going to travel to Europe until December.
2. I have to study until the day of the exam.
3. Can I see her for a while (moment)?
4. I am going to eat something in the restaurant of the hotel.
5. I don't like to drink alcohol in the day.
6. I am going to go to the office for a while.
7. Everyday I have to cook something for my family.
8. I am going to return to the hotel for a while.
9. I am going to study here for one month.
10. I need to return to Mexico every two months.
11. I am going to be here for three months.
12. I like to spend time here with my family.
13. This year I am going to see every game of the Lakers on (the) cable.
14. I can't drink coffee (in the) at night.
15. I am going to be here for five days.
16. I like to travel every year.
17. I have to work in Mexico for five days.
18. I like to see my family every weekend.
19. I am sorry, I can't work until (the) next month.
20. I like to drink something (in the) at night.
21. I am going to travel to Mexico every month (of) this year.
22. I would like to drink a coffee here.
23. I can't travel to Ecuador until May.
24. I am going to spend a month here.
25. I want to go to my house for a while in order to see my family.
26. I am going to go to Mexico for three days.
27. I am going to be home until tonight.
28. Every weekend I like to (see) watch the football on television.
29. I need to speak with my friend for a while.
30. I am going to eat something in the hotel.
Ejercicio 8C
Translate these words into Spanish.

1. The Spanish word for **day** is ___________________________
2. The Spanish word for **each/every** is ___________________________
3. The Spanish words for **a while** are ___________________________
4. The Spanish word for **here** is ___________________________
5. The Spanish word for **something** is ___________________________
6. The Spanish word for **until** is ___________________________
7. The Spanish words for **I like** are ___________________________
8. The Spanish words for **I am sorry** are ___________________________
9. The Spanish word for **to drink** is ___________________________
10. The Spanish word for **to spend (time)** is ___________________________
11. The Spanish word for **to travel** is ___________________________
12. The Spanish word for **to cook** is ___________________________

Respuestas del ejercicio 8C

1. día
2. cada
3. un rato
4. aquí
5. algo
6. hasta
7. me gusta
8. lo siento
9. tomar
10. pasar
11. viajar
12. cocinar
Ejercicio 8D Translate into Spanish

1. I don't need to work again until next week.
2. I would like to eat here.
3. I can't help him until tonight.
4. I am going to be here until the next month.
5. I would like to work here.
6. I am not going to return until the next year.
7. I want to eat something.
8. I have to travel every week.
9. I need to eat something soon.
10. I would like to spend every weekend with my family.
11. I can eat something in the hotel.
12. I need to spend the day in LA.
13. I have to study for a while.
14. I am going to be here for a while.
15. I am sorry, I can't study with you until next weekend.
16. I have to study everyday.
17. I need to drink something.
18. I like being (to be) here.
19. I like to study here.
20. I am going to be in Costa Rica until next week.
21. I am sorry, I can't call him again until tomorrow.
22. I like to eat with my family every night.
23. I need to speak Spanish everyday.
24. I am going to be in Mexico every two weeks.
25. This month I have to work every weekend.
26. I can't travel until next year.
27. I want to return to Mexico every year.
28. I have to cook for my family every night.
29. I am going to spend the day with my family.
30. I have to travel for two days.
31. I am going to see her in two days.
32. I am going to call her everyday.
33. I am going to return in six days.
34. I am going to cook something.
Respuestas del ejercicio 8D

1. No necesito trabajar otra vez hasta la próxima semana.
2. Me gustaría comer aquí.
3. No puedo ayudarlo hasta esta noche.
4. Voy a estar aquí hasta el próximo mes.
5. Me gustaría trabajar aquí.
6. No voy a regresar hasta el próximo año.
7. Quiero comer algo.
8. Tengo que viajar cada semana.
10. Me gustaría pasar cada fin de semana con mi familia.
11. Puedo comer algo en el hotel.
12. Necesito pasar el día en LA.
13. Tengo que estudiar por un rato.
14. Voy a estar aquí por un rato.
15. Lo siento, no puedo estudiar con usted hasta el próximo fin de semana.
16. Tengo que estudiar cada día.
17. Necesito tomar algo.
18. Me gusta estar aquí.
19. Me gusta estudiar aquí.
21. Lo siento, no puedo llamarlo otra vez hasta mañana.
22. Me gusta comer con mi familia cada noche.
23. Necesito hablar español cada día.
25. Este mes tengo que trabajar cada fin de semana.
26. No puedo viajar hasta el próximo año.
27. Quiero regresar a México cada año.
28. Tengo que cocinar para mi familia cada noche.
29. Voy a pasar el día con mi familia.
30. Tengo que viajar por dos días.
31. Voy a verla en dos días.
32. Voy a llamarla cada día.
33. Voy a regresar en seis días.
34. Voy a cocinar algo.
Congratulations you have finished step1

You have learned to effectively use a lot of Spanish. But have you noticed there is something missing?

In the next 4 chapters you’ll multiply your Spanish considerably. Not just with new words, but with new simple-to-use new structures. You are about to get a lot more control of Spanish.

By the end of chapter 12 you will have many times more ability to express yourself in Spanish than you now have.

What’s missing?

Well, you have been doing a lot of talking about yourself haven’t you? Its fine, you are very well prepared to take your Spanish to the next level.

Time to start using Spanish dialog. Time for questions and answers, making conversation and discussions, inquiries, and chat.

Good news.

With the foundation you have it will be easy.

Easy, but not a no brainer. You do have to apply yourself. Just keep doing what you are already doing and complete all the exercises, and by chapter 12 you’ll have a strong foundation for Spanish dialog.

See you in chapter 9. We’ll start to have a chat in Spanish.
Step 2  Learning to use dialog for Spanish conversation

Lección nueve

Lesson 9  Let’s add dialog and conversation

Synergy Verbs

49. The Spanish word for you want is **quieres**
   Do you want to watch the Drew Carey show?

50. The Spanish word for you need is **necesita**
   This is the most common pattern in Spanish
   Necesito = I need
   Necesita = you need

Pronunciation

49. (KEE AR EH)

Sentence builder

51. The Spanish word for when is **cuándo**
   When are you going to do tae quon do?

Mortar

52. The Spanish for with me is **conmigo**
   If you try and con me go away
   you can't partner with me.

53. The Spanish word for but is **pero**
   I thought it was a pear but it was a nashi.

54. The Spanish for or is **o**
   Just remember to give it a nice round sound.
Ejercicio 9A
See how well you remembered your new Spanish Synergy Verbs and Mortar. Write the English words on the line

1. The English words for **quiere** are  
2. The English words for **necesita** are  
3. The English words for **conmigo** are  
4. The English word for **cuándo** is  
5. The English word for **pero** is  
6. The English word for **o** is  

Respuestas del ejercicio 9A

1. you want
2. you need
3. with me
4. when
5. but
6. or
Ejercicio 9B Translate into English
You’ll start using Spanish dialog shortly. But before you practice two part Spanish conversations in exercise 9C, get the feel for 2nd person Spanish in this exercise.

en casa = at home  agua= water  y = and

1. Para ver la luna no necesita un telescopio.
2. Necesita estudiar mucho español para hablar en sus vacaciones.
3. ¿Quiere invitar a la maestra a la fiesta?
4. ¿Cuándo quiere visitar a su familia?
5. ¿Quiere rentar o comprar una casa?
6. ¿Quiere regresar al restaurante otra vez para comer más de los tacos deliciosos?
7. Necesita regresar el video a Blockbuster.
8. Necesita estar en casa con su familia esta noche.
9. Necesita pasar más tiempo conmigo y con su familia.
10. ¿Quiere rentar una casa en Puerto Vallarta este año?
11. ¿Quiere trabajar en México este año?
12. ¿Quiere regresar al restaurante mañana en la noche?
15. ¿Cuándo quiere regresar a México?
16. ¿Quiere ir a mi casa por un rato para ver a mi familia?
17. Necesita continuar mañana.
18. ¿Quiere trabajar esta noche o mañana?
19. Señor, necesita ir al doctor pronto.
20. Necesita hablar más español.
Respuestas del ejercicio 9B

1. In order to see the moon you don't need a telescope.
2. You need to study a lot of Spanish in order to speak in your vacation.
3. Do you want to invite the teacher to the party?
4. When do you want to visit your family?
5. Do you want to rent or buy a house?
6. Do you want to go back (return) to the restaurant again to eat more of the delicious tacos?
7. You need to return the video to Blockbuster.
8. You need to be at home with your family tonight.
9. You need to spend more time with me and with your family.
10. Do you want to rent a house in Puerto Vallarta this year?
11. Do you want to work in Mexico this year?
12. Do you want to go back (return) to the restaurant tomorrow night?
13. You need to spend the night in a hotel.
14. You need to drink a lot of water in the desert.
15. When do you want to go back (return) to Mexico?
16. Do you want to go to my house for a while in order to see my family?
17. You need to continue tomorrow.
18. Do you want to work tonight or tomorrow?
19. Sir, you need to go to the doctor soon.
20. You need to speak more Spanish.
Ejercicio 9C Translate into English
As promised it is time for dialog. I am sure you will be able to understand these two part conversations.

sólo = only

1. ¿Necesita viajar esta semana?
   No, voy a estar en casa hasta la próxima semana.
2. ¿Quiere trabajar conmigo en el proyecto?
   Sí, puedo trabajar con usted la próxima semana.
3. ¿Quiere tomar un tequila conmigo?
   Gracias, pero no me gusta mucho el tequila.
4. ¿Quiere hablar español conmigo?
   Sí, me gustaría mucho la oportunidad para practicar español con usted.
5. ¿Necesita hablar español en la compañía?
   Sí, necesito hablar español cada día con mis clientes.
6. ¿Quiere comer en un restaurante tradicional?
   Francamente no, esta noche preferiría comer comida americana.
7. ¿Quiere comer en el restaurante esta noche?
   Sí, ¿puedo invitar a un amigo?
8. ¿Quiere ir a España en mayo conmigo?
   Quiero ir, pero no puedo, tengo que trabajar.
9. ¿Cuándo necesita ir al hotel?
   Necesito ir pronto para confirmar la reservación.
10. ¿Quiere comer un burrito en el mercado?
    Quiero comer en el mercado pero prefiero enchiladas que burritos.
11. ¿Quiere ver el menú?
    No, sólo quiero un café por favor.
12. ¿Quiere ir a una fiesta conmigo?
    Sí, ¿cuándo es la fiesta?
13. ¿Necesita hablar español?
    Sí, necesito hablar español, es muy importante para mí.
14. ¿Quiere comer algo diferente?
    Dependiendo...
15. ¿Quiere ver los Mariachis en Plaza Garibaldi esta noche?
    Sí, quiero pero tengo que estar en el aeropuerto a las 8:00 p.m.
16. ¿Necesita ver los pasaportes?
    Sí, necesito ver los pasaportes y las visas.
Respuestas del ejercicio 9C

1. Do you need to travel this week?  
   *No, I am going to be home until (the) next week.*
2. Do you want to work with me on the project?  
   *Yes, I can work with you (the) next week.*
3. Do you want to drink a tequila with me?  
   *Thank you, but I don't much like tequila.*
4. Do you want to speak Spanish with me?  
   *Yes, I would like (very) much the opportunity (in order) to practice Spanish with you.*
5. Do you need to speak Spanish in the company?  
   *Yes, I need to speak Spanish every day with my clients.*
6. Do you want to eat in a traditional restaurant?  
   *Frankly no, tonight I would prefer to eat American food.*
7. Do you want to eat in the restaurant tonight?  
   *Yes, can I invite a friend?*
8. Do you want to go to Spain in May with me?  
   *I want to go, but I can't, I have to work.*
9. When do you need to go to the hotel?  
   *I need to go soon in order to confirm the reservation.*
10. Do you want to eat a burrito in the market?  
    *I want to eat in the market, but I prefer enchiladas (than) to burritos.*
11. Do you want to see the menu?  
    *No, I only want a coffee please.*
12. Do you want to go to a party with me?  
    *Yes, when is the party?*
13. Do you need to speak Spanish?  
    *Yes, I need to speak Spanish, it is very important for me.*
14. Do you want to eat something different?  
    *It depends.*
15. Do you want to see the mariachis in Plaza Garibaldi tonight?  
    *Yes, I want to but I have to be (in) at the airport at 8:00 p.m.*
16. Do you need to see the passports?  
    *Yes, I need to see the passports and the visas.*
Ejercicio 9D

1. The Spanish word for **you want** is ____________
2. The Spanish word for **you need** is ____________
3. The Spanish word for **with me** is ____________
4. The Spanish word for **when** is ____________
5. The Spanish word for **or** is ____________
6. The Spanish word for **but** is ____________

Respuestas del ejercicio 9D

1. quiere
2. necesita
3. conmigo
4. cuándo
5. o
6. pero
Ejercicio 9E Translate into Spanish
Now it is time for you to create your own Spanish dialog.

1. When do you need to see the doctor?
   Tomorrow.
2. When do you need to go?
   I need to go tomorrow.
3. When do you want to eat?
   I want to eat now.
4. Do you want to see my house?
   Yes, I would like to see your house.
5. When do you need to go back to your house?
   I need to go back tomorrow night.
6. Do you want to eat in my house or do you want to eat in a restaurant?
   I would like (very) much to eat in your house.
7. Do you want to go to Tijuana tonight?
   No, I don't like to go to Tijuana in the night.
8. Do you want more?
   No, I don't want (any) more, thank you.
9. You need to help your dad tomorrow.
   I can't, I have to go to the doctor.
10. Do you want to visit Mexico again?
    Yes, I want to go back (the) next year.
11. Do you want to go to a party in my house (the) next weekend?
    Yes, I would like to go but I can't.
12. Do you need to go to Mexico?
    Yes, I have to go tomorrow.
13. Do you want to go to a restaurant with me?
    Yes, I would like to go with you.
14. Do you want to eat with me in the restaurant tonight?
    Yes, I would like (very) much to eat with you.
15. You need to go with me (in order) to see my mom.
    Yes, I am going to go with you.
16. Do you want to go back with me?
    Thank you, but I am going to go back with Mario.
17. You need to work with me today.
    Yes, I am going to work with you.
18. Do you want to spend the weekend with me in Mexico?
    I am sorry, but I can't, I have to work.
Respuestas del ejercicio 9E

1. ¿Cuándo necesita ver al doctor?
   Mañana.
2. ¿Cuándo necesita ir?
   Necesito ir mañana.
3. ¿Cuándo quiere comer?
   Quiero comer ahora.
4. ¿Quiere ver mi casa?
   Sí, me gustaría ver su casa.
5. ¿Cuándo necesita regresar a su casa?
   Necesito regresar mañana en la noche.
6. ¿Quiere comer en mi casa, o quiere comer en un restaurante?
   Me gustaría mucho comer en su casa.
7. ¿Quiere ir a Tijuana esta noche?
   No, no me gusta ir a Tijuana en la noche.
8. ¿Quiere más?
   No, no quiero más, gracias.
   No puedo, tengo que ir al doctor.
10. ¿Quiere visitar México otra vez?
    Sí, quiero regresar el próximo año
11. ¿Quiere ir a una fiesta en mi casa el próximo fin de semana?
    Sí, me gustaría ir pero no puedo.
12. ¿Necesita ir a México?
    Sí, tengo que ir mañana.
13. ¿Quiere ir a un restaurante conmigo?
    Sí, me gustaría ir con usted.
14. ¿Quiere comer conmigo en el restaurante esta noche?
    Sí, me gustaría mucho comer con usted.
15. Necesita ir conmigo para ver a su mamá.
    Sí, voy a ir con usted.
16. ¿Quiere regresar conmigo?
    Gracias, pero voy a regresar con Mario.
17. Necesita trabajar conmigo hoy.
    Sí, voy a trabajar con usted.
18. ¿Quiere pasar el fin de semana conmigo en México?
    Lo siento, pero no puedo, tengo que trabajar.
Lección diez
Lesson 10
Synergy Verbs

55. The Spanish for you are going to is va a
You are going to drive in Baja California.

56. The Spanish for you would like is le gustaría
See Spanish speaking hints.

Spanish Speaking hints
Accuracy pointers #8

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>It would please me to learn Spanish</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Me gustaría aprender (el) español</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Have you noticed that me gustaría and le gustaría use different patterns from the other Synergy Verbs?

Le gustaría is interchangeable with you would like in English. However a more literal translation is to you it would please.

Le gustaría
To you it would please

Me gustaría
To me it would please

Just use le gustaría as you have been doing with me gustaría, as a complete phrase, and you will use it perfectly every time.

Brick

57. The Spanish for to learn is aprender
Imagine the police apprehending the students who don't learn

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sentence Starters</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The Spanish word for because is porque</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poor Kay struggled in Spanish class because she didn't use mnemonics to remember words.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

59. The Spanish for why is por qué
Because and why are almost identical
Porque = Because
Por qué = Why

Mortar

60. The Spanish word for there is allá
When are ya going there?
Ejercicio 10A
See how well you remembered your new Spanish Synergy Verbs and Brick Verbs.
Write the English words on the line

1. The English words for **va a** are
2. The English words for **le gustaría** are
3. The English words for **aprender** are
4. The English word for **por qué** is
5. The English word for **porque** is
6. The English word for **allá** is
7. The English words for **quiere** are
8. The English words for **necesita** are
9. The English words for **conmigo** are
10. The English word for **cuándo** is
11. The English word for **pero** is
12. The English word for **o** is

Respuestas del ejercicio 10A

1. you are going to
2. you would like
3. to learn
4. why
5. because
6. there
7. you want
8. you need
9. with me
10. when
11. but
12. or
You want to see me

In Spanish there are two ways to say, "you want to see me."

You can use the reverse word order in comparison to English.

**Method 1**
Me quiere ver.  Me you want to see.

Or you can attach **me** to the Brick Verb (infinitive).

**Method 2**
Quiere verme.  You want to see me.

Both versions are correct.

Both are commonly used.

This is of course familiar ground. You used the same structure to say, I want to see him - quiero verlo, and to say, I want to see her - quiero verla. Continue using method 2, it will help you communicate in Spanish faster.
Ejercicio 10B Translate into English

More dialog again shortly, but first a little more practice in second person Spanish.

1. Va a aprender mucho más en esta clase de español.
2. ¿Va a ayudarme a aprender los verbos en español?
3. Ahora va a aprender más español con sus amigos mexicanos.
4. ¿Le gustaría terminar esta noche o mañana?
5. ¿Le gustaría ver el fútbol en el Estadio Azteca?
6. ¿Esta noche le gustaría ir al teatro?
7. Necesita llamar a la policía.
8. ¿Mañana en la noche le gustaría ir al cine conmigo y mis amigos?
9. ¿Va a ayudarme con las maletas?
10. ¿Le gustaría ir a la catedral esta semana?
11. ¿La próxima semana, le gustaría ir a las pirámides?
12. Necesita estudiar ahora para hablar español en sus vacaciones.
13. ¿Le gustaría estudiar conmigo?
14. ¿Va a rentar una casa allá?
15. ¿Le gustaría tomar un tequila?
16. ¿Quiere cocinar esta noche o ir a un restaurante?
17. ¿Cuándo va a llamarla?
18. ¿Le gustaría tomar un café aquí?
Respuestas del ejercicio 10B

1. You are going to learn a lot more in this Spanish class.
2. Are you going to help me to learn the verbs in Spanish?
3. Now you are going to learn more Spanish with your Mexicans friends.
4. Would you like to finish tonight or tomorrow?
5. Would you like to see the football in (the) Aztec Stadium?
6. Tonight, would you like to go to the theater?
7. You need to call the police.
8. Tomorrow night, would you like to go to the cinema with me and my friends?
9. Are you going to help me with the cases?
10. Would you like to go to the cathedral this week?
11. (The) next week, would you like to go to the pyramids?
12. You need to study now in order to speak Spanish in your vacation.
13. Would you like to study with me?
14. Are you going to rent a house there?
15. Would you like to drink a tequila?
16. Do you want to cook tonight or to go to a restaurant?
17. When are you going to call her?
18. Would you like to drink a coffee here?
Ejercicio 10C Translate into English
Now we’ll expand the Spanish dialogs, plus add a few new words. See if you can figure out the new words from the context.

tomar = drink / take

1. ¿Por qué no quiere tomar un tequila conmigo?
   Lo siento, pero no puedo tomar alcohol.
2. ¿Le gustaría ir allá conmigo en Abril?
   Quiero ir allá, pero no puedo, tengo que terminar el proyecto.
3. Necesita aprender español para hablar con la familia de su esposa.
   Sí, voy a tomar un curso de español.
4. ¿Le gustaría trabajar conmigo en este proyecto?
   Sí, me gustaría trabajar mucho con usted.
5. ¿Va a rentar una casa o un apartamento?
   Voy a rentar una casa.
6. ¿Cuándo le gustaría ir al hotel?
   Tengo que ir en cinco minutos.
7. ¿Va a aprender más español?
   Sí, el español es muy importante.
8. ¿Va a viajar este año?
   No voy a viajar este año, para pasar más tiempo en casa con mi familia.
9. ¿Le gustaría comer comida china o quiere comer comida española?
   No quiero comer ahora, gracias.
10. ¿Le gustaría ir al concierto conmigo?
    Sí, me gustaría ir con usted.
11. ¿Quiere comer en un restaurante esta noche?
    Sí, me gustaría comer en un restaurante vegetariano.
12. ¿Le gustaría ir a más partes de México?
    Sí, quiero ir a Chiapas y Oaxaca.
13. ¿Por qué no va a visitar a su amigo en México?
    Porque voy a estar en una parte diferente de México.
14. ¿Va a estudiar español?
    Sí, voy a estudiar en una escuela privada.
Respuestas del ejercicio 10C

1. Why don’t you want to drink a tequila with me?
   *I am sorry, but I can’t drink alcohol.*

2. Would you like to go there with me in April?
   *I want to go there, but I can’t, I have to finish the project.*

3. You need to learn Spanish in order to speak with your wife’s family. (the family of your wife)
   *Yes, I am going to take a Spanish course.*

4. Would you like to work with me on this project?
   *Yes, I would like to work (very) much with you.*

5. Are you going to rent a house or an apartment?
   *I am going to rent a house.*

6. When would you like to go to the hotel?
   *I have to go in five minutes.*

7. Are you going to learn more Spanish?
   *Yes, (the) Spanish is very important.*

8. Are you going to travel this year?
   *I am not going to travel this year in order to spend more time at home with my family.*

9. Would you like to eat Chinese food or do you want to eat Spanish food?
   *I don’t want to eat now, thank you.*

10. Would you like to go to the concert with me?
    *Yes, I would like to go with you.*

11. Do you want to eat in a restaurant tonight?
    *Yes, I would like to eat in a vegetarian restaurant.*

12. Would you like to go to more parts of Mexico?
    *Yes, I want to go to Chiapas and Oaxaca.*

13. Why aren’t you going to visit your friend in Mexico?
    *Because I am going to be in a different part of Mexico.*

14. Are you going to study Spanish?
    *Yes, I am going to study in a private school.*
Ejercicio 10D

1. The Spanish words for you are going to are ________________
2. The Spanish words for you would like are ________________
3. The Spanish word for to learn is ________________
4. The Spanish words for why is ________________
5. The Spanish word for because is ________________
6. The Spanish word for there is ________________
7. The Spanish word for you want is ________________
8. The Spanish word for you need is ________________
9. The Spanish word for with me is ________________
10. The Spanish word for when is ________________
11. The Spanish word for or is ________________
12. The Spanish word for but is ________________

Respuestas del ejercicio 10D

1. va a
2. le gustaría
3. aprender
4. por qué
5. porque
6. allá
7. quiere
8. necesita
9. conmigo
10. cuándo
11. o
12. pero
Ejercicio 10E Translate into Spanish
Practice making Spanish sentences and questions #1-14 and practice your Spanish dialog with 15-24

1. Do I need to work tomorrow?
2. I would like to go there.
3. You are going to speak a lot of Spanish with María soon.
4. Would you like to work there?
5. Are you going to call Dad?
6. You don’t need to speak Spanish there.
7. Do you want to spend the night here or there?
8. I am going to study there for three months.
9. When are you going to call me?
10. Would you like to learn Spanish?
11. When are you going to visit your family?
12. You are going to learn a lot of Spanish in Mexico.
13. Would you like to see the house again?
14. You are going to speak a lot of Spanish there.
15. When would you like to eat?
   I want to eat now.
16. Are you going to spend the night there?
   No, I am going to spend the night here.

   17. When are you going to go back to your house?
      I am going to go back tomorrow.

   18. Are you going to visit Mexico again?
      Yes, I am going to go back (the) next year.

   19. Are you going to go with me?
      No, I am going to go with Raul.

   20. Are you going to go with me in order to see Miranda?
      Yes, I am going to go with you.

   21. Why aren’t you going to go back to Mexico this year?
      Because I need to be with my family.

   22. Aren’t you going to go to San Jose today?
      No, I am going to go there tomorrow night.

   23. Do you want to help him with the Spanish?
      Yes, I am going to help him every day.

   24. Would you like to spend the weekend in Acapulco with me?
      Yes, when do you want to go there?
Respuestas del ejercicio 10E

1. ¿Necesito trabajar mañana?
2. Me gustaría ir allá.
3. Va a hablar mucho español con María pronto.
4. ¿Le gustaría trabajar allá?
5. ¿Va a llamar a papá?
6. No necesita hablar español allá.
7. ¿Quiere pasar la noche aquí o allá?
8. Voy a estudiar allá por tres meses.
9. ¿Cuándo va a llamarme?
10. ¿Le gustaría aprender español?
11. ¿Cuándo va a visitar a su familia?
12. Va a aprender mucho español en México.
13. ¿Le gustaría ver la casa otra vez?
14. Va a hablar mucho español allá.
15. ¿Cuándo le gustaría comer?
   Quiero comer ahora.
16. ¿Va a pasar la noche allá?
   No, voy a pasar la noche aquí.
17. ¿Cuándo va a regresar a su casa?
   Voy a regresar mañana.
18. ¿Va a visitar México otra vez?
   Sí, voy a regresar el próximo año.
19. ¿Va a ir conmigo?
   No, voy a ir con Raúl.
20. ¿Va a ir conmigo para ver a Miranda?
   Sí, voy a ir con usted.
21. ¿Por qué no va a regresar a México este año?
   Porque necesito estar con mi familia.
22. ¿No va a ir a San José hoy?
   No, voy a ir allá mañana en la noche
23. ¿Quiere ayudarlo con el español?
   Sí, voy a ayudarlo cada día.
24. ¿Le gustaría pasar el fin de semana en Acapulco conmigo?
   Sí, ¿cuándo quiere ir allá?
Lección once
Lesson 11

Synergy Verbs

Pronunciation

61. The Spanish for *you have to* is *tiene que* (TEE EH NEH KEH)
   Imagine saying "you have to drink coffee to stay awake but I prefer tea any day"

62. The Spanish word for *you can* is *puede* (POO EH DEH)
   This one is easy the same pattern as
   Quiero - I want  quiere -you want
   Puedo - I can  puede - you can

Brick

63. The Spanish for *to finish or to end* is *terminar* (TEHR MEE NAHR)
   Almost like English To *terminate* is to *end.*

Mortar

64. The Spanish for *right now* is *ahora mismo* (AH OHR AH MEEES MOH)
   You will remember that ahora is now, so to say right now simple say *ahora mismo*

65. The Spanish word for *afternoon* is *tarde* (TAHR DEH)
   Hey don't be tardy this afternoon

Spanish Speaking hints

Accuracy pointer #9

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tomorrow afternoon</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>In Spanish to say tomorrow afternoon you say,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tomorrow in the afternoon  <strong>mañana en la tarde</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>and of course to say tomorrow night you say,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tomorrow in the night  <strong>mañana en la noche</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

66. The Spanish for *with him* is *con él* (KOHN EHL)
   See Spanish speaking hints below.
he and the
el y el

Notice the accent mark,

Él es Mexicano. He is Mexican.
El Mexicano The Mexican

El without an accent means the.
Él with an accent means he or him.

You learned before to say

¿Quiere invitarlo? Do you want to invite him?

But to say with him

You say con él.

Grammarians would call that an object pronoun after a preposition. But all you need to know is that if you want to say with him you say con él.

Notice the accents again in these sentences.

Puede ir al fútbol con él. You can go to the football with him.

Tiene que pasar el día con él. You have to spend the day with him.

Go ahead now and get plenty of practice in exercises 11B and 11D.
Ejercicio 11A

1. The English words for **puede** are __________________
2. The English words for **tiene que** are __________________
3. The English words for **terminar** are __________________
4. The English words for **ahora mismo** are __________________
5. The English words for **con él** are __________________
6. The English word for **tarde** is __________________

Respuestas del ejercicio 11A

1. you can
2. you have to
3. to finish / to end
4. right now
5. with him
6. afternoon
Ejercicio 11B Translate into English

esposo = spouse/husband

1. Tiene que aprender más español para hablar con él.
2. ¿Puede estar aquí esta tarde?
3. ¿Puede ayudarme con el español esta noche?
4. Me gustaría visitar la catedral esta tarde.
5. ¿Puede trabajar en la tarde?
6. Tiene que estudiar con David cada día.
7. ¿Puede ir con él al dentista esta tarde?
8. ¿Por qué tiene que ir con él a la escuela?
   Para ver a la maestra.
9. Puede estudiar con Miguel.
   Sí, voy a estudiar con él cada tarde en la cafetería.
10. Tiene que llamar a su esposo.
    Sí, voy a llamarlo ahora mismo.
11. ¿Puede terminar ahora?
    No, tengo que continuar.
12. Necesita hablar más español con él.
    Sí, voy a hablar con él cada día.
13. ¿Le gustaría ver el fútbol por televisión con él esta tarde?
    Lo siento, necesito trabajar esta tarde.
14. ¿Puede regresar en la tarde?
    No, no puedo regresar hasta mañana en la tarde.
15. ¿Puede visitarla hoy?
    Sí, voy a visitarla esta tarde.
16. ¿Puede trabajar otra vez mañana?
    No, sólo puedo trabajar hasta esta tarde.
17. ¿Le gustaría ir ahora?
    No, primero quiero terminar este café
18. ¿Va a ir allá con él?
    Sí, voy a ir ahora mismo.
Respuestas del ejercicio 11B

1. You have to learn more Spanish in order to speak with him.
2. Can you be here this afternoon?
3. Can you help me with the Spanish tonight?
4. I would like to visit the cathedral this afternoon.
5. Can you work in the afternoon?
6. You have to study with David every day.
7. Can you go with him to the dentist this afternoon.
8. Why do you have to go with him to the school?
   In order to see the teacher.
9. You can study with Miguel.
   Yes, I am going to study with him every afternoon in the cafeteria.
10. You have to call your husband.
    Yes, I am going to call him right now.
11. Can you finish now?
    No, I have to continue.
12. You need to speak more Spanish with him.
    Yes, I am going to speak with him every day.
13. Would you like to see the football on television with him this afternoon?
    I am sorry, I need to work this afternoon.
14. Can you come back in the afternoon?
    No, I can’t come back until tomorrow afternoon.
15. Can you visit her today?
    Yes, I am going to visit her this afternoon.
16. Can you work again tomorrow?
    No, I can only work until this afternoon.
17. Would you like to go now?
    No, first I want to finish this coffee.
18. Are you going to go there with him?
    Yes, I am going to go right now.
Ejercicio 11C

1. The Spanish words for **you have to** are __________
2. The Spanish word for **you can** is __________
3. The Spanish word for **to finish** is __________
4. The Spanish words for **with him** are __________
5. The Spanish word for **afternoon** is __________
6. The Spanish words for **right now** are __________

Respuestas del ejercicio 11C

1. tiene que
2. puede
3. terminar
4. con él
5. tarde
6. ahora mismo
Ejercicio 11D Translate into Spanish

1. I would like to go there this afternoon.
2. Can you work with me this afternoon?
3. Would you like to go this afternoon or tonight?
4. I am going to help him right now.
5. You have to finish tomorrow.
6. You are going to be with him in Mexico (the) next week.
7. You have to study right now.
8. I am going to finish my house this year.
9. Can you help her again this afternoon?
10. Would you like to eat in this restaurant again tomorrow afternoon?
11. Are you going to visit your mom this afternoon?
12. I have to go back right now.
13. I am going to finish tonight.
14. You need to call your mom today.
15. I want to finish soon.
16. You have to visit me again soon. Yes, I am going to come back (return) again next month.
17. You have to go back with Mario. Yes, I am going to go back with him.
18. When do you want to go to the hotel? I want to go right now.
19. Do you have to finish this week? No, I can finish (the) next month.
20. When do you want to travel? I want to travel tomorrow.
21. Do you want to see the doctor tomorrow? I need to see the doctor right now.
22. When do you have to finish? I have to finish tomorrow afternoon.
23. Can you finish today? No, I am sorry, I can’t finish today.
Respuestas del ejercicio 11D

1. Me gustaría ir allá esta tarde.
2. ¿Puede trabajar conmigo esta tarde?
3. ¿Le gustaría ir esta tarde o esta noche?
4. Voy a ayudarlo ahora mismo.
5. Tiene que terminar mañana.
6. Va a estar con él en México la próxima semana.
7. Tiene que estudiar ahora mismo.
8. Voy a terminar mi casa este año.
9. ¿Puede ayudarla otra vez esta tarde?
10. ¿Le gustaría comer en este restaurante otra vez mañana en la tarde?
11. ¿Va a visitar a su mamá esta tarde?
12. Tengo que regresar ahora mismo.
13. Voy a terminar esta noche.
15. Quiero terminar pronto.
16. Tiene que visitarme otra vez pronto.
   Sí, voy a regresar otra vez el próximo mes.
17. Tiene que regresar con Mario.
   Sí, voy a regresar con él.
18. ¿Cuándo quiere ir al hotel?
   Quiero ir ahora mismo.
19. ¿Tiene que terminar esta semana?
   No, puedo terminar el próximo mes.
20. ¿Cuándo quiere viajar?
   Quiero viajar mañana.
21. ¿Quiere ver al doctor mañana?
   Necesito ver al doctor ahora mismo.
22. ¿Cuándo tiene que terminar?
   Tengo que terminar mañana en la tarde.
23. ¿Puede terminar hoy?
   No, lo siento, no puedo terminar hoy.
Lección doce
Lesson 12   End of Step 2

Synergy Verbs

67. The Spanish for *you like* is *le gusta*  
You know this pattern now.  
Me gustaría  I would like  
Me gusta  I like  
Le gustaría  you would like  
Le gusta  you like

Pronunciation  
(LEH GOOS TAH)

Sentence starter

68. The Spanish for *before* is *antes de*  
You need to put the sugar away  
before the *Ants* get *der*

69. The Spanish word for *what* is *qué*  
Just think Faulty Towers Manuel.

If you haven't seen the show Faulty Towers,  
Imagine you friend *Kay* doesn't know *what* to do.

Brick

70. The Spanish word for *to walk* is *caminar*  
The father bear *came in* after going *to walk* in the forest.

71. The Spanish word for *to make or to do* is *hacer*  
Imagine a sergeant asks for volunteers and  
two privates yell "*us sir* we want to *do it."

72. The Spanish for *to have breakfast* is *desayunar*  
*Des says "una Cornflakes for breakfast please."*
How to use antes de

The structure with Spanish is a little different to English. But the good news is it fits easily with the Synergy Verb + Brick Verb structures you have been using.

For example in English you might say;

Before having breakfast I like to walk.
Before I have breakfast I like to walk.

In Spanish you simply follow before - antes de with a Brick Verb.

Antes de desayunar, me gusta caminar.
Before to have breakfast I like to walk.

Another example.

Antes de estudiar me gusta ver la televisión por un rato.
Before (to study) studying I like to watch television for a while.
Ejercicio 12A
Write the English words on the line

1. The English words for **desayunar** are ___________________________.
2. The English words for **hacer** are ___________________________.
3. The English words for **caminar** are ___________________________.
4. The English word for **qué** is ___________________________.
5. The English word for **antes de** is ___________________________.
6. The English words for **le gusta** are ___________________________.
7. The English words for **puede** are ___________________________.
8. The English words for **tiene que** are ___________________________.
9. The English words for **terminar** are ___________________________.
10. The English words for **ahora mismo** are ___________________________.
11. The English word for **él** is ___________________________.
12. The English word for **tarde** is ___________________________.

Respuestas del ejercicio 12A

1. to have breakfast
2. to do / to make
3. to walk
4. what
5. before
6. you like
7. you can
8. you have to
9. to finish / to end
10. right now
11. him/he
12. afternoon
Ejercicio 12B Translate into English

llamada = call (phone call)

1. No puedo viajar con él antes de diciembre.
2. ¿Qué quiere hacer hoy? Quiero ir al cine.
3. Me gusta ver a mis amigos los fines de semana.
4. Me gusta desayunar en este restaurante los fines de semana.
5. ¡No le gusta el fútbol!
6. ¿Qué quiere tomar té o café?
7. Voy a regresar al hotel antes de ir al restaurante.
8. Puede estudiar aquí por un rato antes de regresar a su casa.
9. Quiero caminar en el parque.
10. Tiene que terminar antes del fin de semana.
11. ¿Va a regresar antes del próximo año?
12. Puede caminar con él al hotel.
13. ¿Le gusta estudiar con él?
14. Tengo que hacer una reservación.
15. Necesito hacer una llamada ahora mismo.
16. ¿Puede ayudarme antes de desayunar?
17. Me gustaría tomar un café aquí antes de regresar al hotel.
18. ¿Por qué no le gusta viajar?
19. Voy a pasar un mes allá antes del fin de año.
20. No puede caminar, necesita ir en taxi.
22. ¿Le gusta ir a los bares en Tijuana los fines de semana?
23. ¿Le gusta estar en casa?
25. ¿Va a caminar o va a tomar un taxi?
26. No quiero hacer un comentario.
27. ¿Le gusta la comida mexicana?
28. Necesito hablar con mi esposa antes de esta noche.
Respuestas del ejercicio 12B

1. I can't travel with him before December.
2. What do you want to do today?  
   *I want to go to the cinema.*
3. I like to see my friends (on) the weekends.
4. I like (to have breakfast) having breakfast in this restaurant (on) the weekends.
5. You don't like football!
6. What do you want to drink, tea or coffee?
7. I am going to return to the hotel before (to go) going to the restaurant.
8. You can study here for a while before (to return) returning to your house.
9. I want to walk in the park.
10. You have to finish before the weekend.
11. Are you going to return before the next year?
12. You can walk with him to the hotel.
13. Do you like (to study) studying with him?
14. I have to make a reservation.
15. I need to make a call right now.
16. Can you help me before (to have breakfast) having breakfast?
17. I would like to drink a coffee here before (to go back) going back to the hotel.
18. Why don't you like to travel?
19. I am going to spend a month there before the end of the year.
20. You can't walk, you need to go (in) by taxi.
21. I need to do a pee.
22. Do you like to go to the bars in Tijuana on the weekends?
23. Do you like being (to be) home?
24. You need to do (to make) a double click here.
25. Are you going to walk or are you going to take a taxi?
26. I don't want to make a comment.
27. Do you like Mexican food?
28. I need to speak with my wife before tonight.
**Ejercicio 12C**

Translate these words into Spanish.

1. The Spanish word for **to have breakfast** is ____________
2. The Spanish word for **to do or to make** is ____________
3. The Spanish word for **to walk** is ____________
4. The Spanish word for **what** is ____________
5. The Spanish words for **before** are ____________
6. The Spanish words for **you like** are ____________
7. The Spanish word for **you can** is ____________
8. The Spanish words for **you have to** are ____________
9. The Spanish word for **to finish** is ____________
10. The Spanish words for **right now** are ____________
11. The Spanish word for **he** is ____________
12. The Spanish word for **afternoon** is ____________

---

**Respuestas del ejercicio 12C**

1. desayunar
2. hacer
3. caminar
4. qué
5. antes de
6. le gusta
7. puede
8. tiene que
9. terminar
10. ahora mismo
11. él
12. tarde
Ejercicio 12D Translate into Spanish

De el contracts to del — a doctor = un doctor

1. What are you going to do this afternoon?
2. I need to work again in San Diego before next week.
3. What do you want (in order) to have (for) breakfast?
4. I am going work there with him before the next month.
5. Do you like to work with him?
6. I am not going to return before the next year.
7. What would you like to drink?
8. I want to walk.
9. I can have breakfast in the hotel.
10. I need to spend a day in LA before next week.
11. I have to walk everyday.
12. What do you need?
   I need to see a doctor right now.
13. Do you like México?
   Yes, I like (it) a lot.
14. I am sorry, I can't see him before tomorrow.
15. Do you like being (to be) here?
   I like being (to be) here with you.
16. Do you like to study?
   Yes, I like to study because I want to learn more Spanish.
17. You need to walk more.
18. Do you like to cook?
   Yes, I like to cook.
19. What do you want to do tonight?
   I want to go to a restaurant.
20. I am going to have (to make) a party in my house.
21. I don't need a taxi, I can walk.
22. What do you have to do now?
23. Would you like to do something tonight?
Respuestas del ejercicio 12D

1. ¿Qué va a hacer esta tarde?
2. Necesito trabajar otra vez en San Diego antes de la próxima semana.
3. ¿Qué quiere para desayunar?
4. Voy a trabajar allá con él antes del próximo mes.
5. ¿Le gusta trabajar con él?
6. No voy a regresar antes del próximo año.
7. ¿Qué le gustaría tomar?
8. Quiero caminar.
9. Puedo desayunar en el hotel.
10. Necesito pasar un día en LA antes de la próxima semana.
11. Tengo que caminar cada día.
12. ¿Qué necesita?
   - Necesito ver a un doctor ahora mismo.
13. ¿Le gusta México?
   - Sí, me gusta mucho.
14. Lo siento, no puedo verlo antes de mañana.
15. ¿Le gusta estar aquí?
   - Me gusta estar aquí con usted.
16. ¿Le gusta estudiar?
   - Sí, me gusta estudiar, porque quiero aprender más español.
17. Necesita caminar más.
18. ¿Le gusta cocinar?
   - Sí, me gusta cocinar.
19. ¿Qué quiere hacer esta noche?
   - Quiero ir a un restaurante.
20. Voy a hacer una fiesta en mi casa.
21. No necesito un taxi, puedo caminar.
22. ¿Qué tiene que hacer ahora?
23. ¿Le gustaría hacer algo esta noche?
Congratulations you have finished step 2

In just the last 4 chapters your ability has multiplied a lot.

It still amazes me how much you can say with so few words.

I hope you are seeing the potential to make a lot of Spanish sentences easily. Maybe you are already starting to make your own original sentences.

If you are not making your own original sentences in Spanish yet, try it. Use your imagination and see yourself speaking Spanish and using the Spanish you know to make sentences. Imagine situations where you might use your Spanish. Find the way to say what you want to say in Spanish.

Sounds a bit esoteric, but give it a try, it works. Just spend five minutes every day thinking about how you would say what you want in Spanish. Then imagine yourself saying what you want to say and getting your point across.

Next chapter you will expand your ability to communicate again. We’ll enter plural territory. It’s easy to add extra dimension to what you already know.
### Synergy Verbs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Spanish for <strong>we want</strong> is <strong>queremos</strong></th>
<th>Pronunciation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>73</td>
<td>See Spanish speaking hints below</td>
<td>(KEH REH MOHS)</td>
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<td>74</td>
<td>See Spanish speaking hints below</td>
<td>(NEH SEH SEE TAH MOHS)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Spanish Speaking Hints

#### Communication Multiplied #11

**Talking about us/we is easy**

It is easy to talk about us and we in Spanish.

All Spanish verbs about we (first person plural) end in MOS.

- **Queremos**
- **Necesitamos**

Notice a change in pattern,

- I want **Quiero**
- You want **Quiere**

But

- We want **Queremos**

Notice there is no **i** in queremos - we want.

Have you heard a child say things like "I putted on my shoes"? It is more logical, right. I said, "queremos" with an extra **i** (quieremos) for about 3 years. It was logical to me. Everyone understood me, so nobody corrected me.

You might as well say it correctly from the beginning. So remember if you want to say **we want** - make sure to use **queremos**.
75. The Spanish for *as soon as possible* is **cualto antes** (KOO AHN TOH AHN TEHS)
   I want to fly on **Qantas** and go to Australia **as soon as possible**.

76. The Spanish word for **our** is **nuestra** (NOO EHS TRAH)
   There is a **new star** on our horizon

### Brick Verbs

77. The Spanish word for **to drive** is **manejar** (MAH NEH HAHR)
   Imagine driving and saying, "**Man it's hard to drive** in Mexico with this traffic."

78. The Spanish word for **to rest** is **descansar** (DEHS KAHN SAHR)
   **Des can start** but first he wants **to rest** for awhile.
Ejercicio 13A
See how well you remembered your new Spanish Synergy Verbs, Brick Verbs and Mortar. Write the English words on the line

1. The English words for **queremos** are ________________
2. The English words for **necesitamos** are ________________
3. The English word for **nuestra** is ________________
4. The English words for **descansar** are ________________
5. The English words for **manejar** are ________________
6. The English words for **cuanto antes** are ________________

Respuestas del ejercicio 13A

1. we want
2. we need
3. our
4. to rest
5. to drive
6. as soon as possible
Ejercicio 13B Translate into English

carro = car

1. Queremos descansar antes de la conferencia de esta noche.
2. Necesitamos manejar por un día.
3. Queremos descansar una semana en la playa.
4. ¿Quiere tomar un tequila con nosotros para celebrar nuestra victoria?
5. Queremos manejar por la costa.
7. No puedo manejar por seis meses.
8. Necesitamos pasar más tiempo con nuestra familia.
9. Queremos manejar a Madrid en nuestras vacaciones.
10. Necesitamos ir cuanto antes.
11. Queremos aprender español porque necesitamos hablar con nuestros clientes.
12. Queremos regresar cuanto antes.
13. ¿Le gusta manejar? Sí, pero sólo en el día, no me gusta manejar en la noche.
15. ¿Va a manejar? No, preferiría tomar un taxi.
16. Queremos rentar una casa en la Riviera Maya este año.
17. Necesitamos estudiar mucho español para hablar en nuestras vacaciones.
18. Tengo que verlo en mi oficina cuanto antes.
19. No queremos invitar al profesor a la fiesta.
20. Queremos aprender español cuanto antes.
22. Tiene que llamarme cuanto antes.
23. Queremos regresar a México pronto.
24. Necesitamos caminar a la escuela.
25. Queremos manejar toda Baja California hasta Los Cabos.
Respuestas del ejercicio 13B

1. We want to rest before the conference (of) tonight.
2. We need to drive for a day.
3. We want to rest a week at the beach.
4. Do you want to drink a tequila with us in order to celebrate our victory.
5. We want to drive along the coast.
6. We need to rent a car.
7. I can't drive for six months.
8. We need to spend more time with our family.
9. We want to drive to Madrid in our vacation.
10. We need to go as soon as possible.
11. We want to learn Spanish because we need to speak with our clients.
12. We want (to return) to come back as soon as possible.
13. Do you like to drive?
   Yes, but only in the daytime I don't like to drive at night.
14. We need to see the documents as soon as possible.
15. Are you going to drive?
   No, I would prefer to take a taxi.
16. We want to rent a house in the Riviera Maya this year.
17. We need to study a lot of Spanish in order to speak in our vacation.
18. I have to see him in my office as soon as possible.
19. We don't want to invite the professor to the party.
20. We want to learn Spanish as soon as possible.
21. We need to continue tomorrow.
22. You have to call me as soon as possible.
23. We want to return to Mexico soon.
24. We need to walk to the school.
25. We want to drive all of Baja California (until) as far as Los Cabos.
Ejercicio 13C

1. The Spanish word for **we want** is  
2. The Spanish word for **we need** is  
3. The Spanish word for **our** is  
4. The Spanish word for **to rest** is  
5. The Spanish word for **to drive** is  
6. The Spanish word for **as soon as possible** are  

Respuestas del ejercicio 13C

1. queremos  
2. necesitamos  
3. nuestra  
4. descansar  
5. manejar  
6. cuanto antes
Ejercicio 13D Translate into Spanish
Now it is time for you to create your own Spanish dialog.

1. We want to rest awhile in the hotel.
2. We need to drive to Mexico.
3. We want to rest before (to go) going to the restaurant.
4. We want to invite him to our party.
5. We need to rest tonight.
6. We want to walk to the hotel.
7. When do we need to go? We need to go right now.
8. We want to rest at home this weekend.
9. I am sorry, but we need to work this weekend.
10. We don’t want to eat in Taco Bell, we want to eat in a traditional restaurant.
11. You have to rest for three days.
12. We want to learn Spanish.
13. I am going to rest now.
14. Do you want to see our house?
15. When are you going to rest? I am going to rest tomorrow.
16. When do we need to be in the restaurant?
17. Do you want to drive? No, I don’t want to drive here.
18. We want to go to our house for a while.
19. We need to be at home with our family tonight.
20. We want to work in Mexico this year.
21. We need to go to the hotel right now.
22. I need to speak more Spanish as soon as possible.
23. Tomorrow we want to drive to Acapulco.
24. We need to work in our house this weekend.
25. You need to speak with him as soon as possible.
26. We want to visit Mexico again this year.
27. We need a taxi as soon as possible.
28. We want to finish soon and rest for a while.
29. We need to see a doctor as soon as possible.
30. We need to spend the night in a hotel.
31. We want to (make) have a party in our house this weekend.
Respuestas del ejercicio 13D

1. Queremos descansar un rato en el hotel.
2. Necesitamos manejar a México.
3. Queremos descansar antes de ir al restaurante.
4. Queremos invitarlo a nuestra fiesta.
5. Necesitamos descansar esta noche.
6. Queremos caminar al hotel.
7. ¿Cuándo necesitamos ir?
   Necesitamos ir ahora mismo.
8. Queremos descansar en casa este fin de semana.
9. Lo siento, pero necesitamos trabajar este fin de semana.
10. No queremos comer en Taco Bell, queremos comer en un restaurante tradicional.
11. Tiene que descansar por tres días.
12. Queremos aprender español.
13. Voy a descansar ahora.
14. ¿Quiere ver nuestra casa?
15. ¿Cuándo va a descansar?
   Voy a descansar mañana.
16. ¿Cuándo necesitamos estar en el restaurante?
17. ¿Quiere manejar?
   No, no quiero manejar aquí.
18. Queremos ir a nuestra casa por un rato.
19. Necesitamos estar en casa con nuestra familia esta noche.
20. Queremos trabajar en México este año.
22. Necesito hablar más español cuanto antes.
23. Mañana queremos manejar a Acapulco.
24. Necesitamos trabajar en nuestra casa este fin de semana.
25. Necesita hablar con él cuanto antes.
26. Queremos visitar México otra vez este año.
27. Necesitamos un taxi cuanto antes.
28. Queremos terminar pronto y descansar un rato.
29. Necesitamos ver a un doctor cuanto antes.
30. Necesitamos pasar la noche en un hotel.
31. Queremos hacer una fiesta en nuestra casa este fin de semana.
Lección catorce  
Lesson 14

Synergy Verbs

79. The Spanish for we are going is **vamos a**
Imagine saying, "we are going to go to the Bahamas?"

80. The Spanish for we would like is **nos gustaría**
See Spanish speaking hints below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pronunciation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(BAH MOHS AH)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(NOS GOOS TAH RREE AH)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Spanish Speaking hints

Accuracy pointer #11

**It pleases us to learn Spanish**
Nos gustaría aprender (el) Español

Again the pattern of **gustaría** - would like, is different from the other Synergy Verbs.

Remember

Le gustaría
To you it would please

Me **gustaría**
To me it would please

Now we ad

Nos **gustaría**
To us it would please

Just use **nos gustaría** as you did with **me gustaría** and **le gustaría**. Use them as complete phrases.
Brick Verbs

81. The Spanish word to find is **encontrar**  
    If we are ever to find life on another planet  
    There will be a close **encounter** of the 3rd kind.

    **Encerrar** can also be used for to meet.

    **E.g.**  Vamos a **encontrar** a nuestro amigo en el restaurante.  
    We are going to **meet** our friend in the restaurant.

82. The Spanish for **to start** is **empezar**  
    Imagine an **emperor** and a **czar** are about to start the meeting.

83. The Spanish word for **to buy** is **comprar**  
    Imagine comparing prices when you go to buy something new.

84. The Spanish word for **to spend** is **gastar**  
    I had to spend the money so fast it was like a **gust** a wind swept it away.
**Ejercicio 14A**  
Write the English words on the line.

1. The English words for **vamos a** are  
2. The English words for **nos gustaría** are  
3. The English words for **comprar** are  
4. The English words for **gastar** are  
5. The English words for **empezar** are  
6. The English words for **encontrar** are  
7. The English words for **queremos** are  
8. The English words for **necesitamos** are  
9. The English word for **nuestra** is  
10. The English words for **descansar** are  
11. The English words for **manej ar** are  
12. The English words for **cuanto antes** are

---

**Respuestas del ejercicio 14A**

1. we are going to  
2. we would like  
3. to buy  
4. to spend  
5. to start  
6. to find /to meet  
7. we want  
8. we need  
9. our  
10. to rest  
11. to drive  
12. as soon as possible
Ejercicio 14B Translate into English

dinero = money

1. Vamos a aprender mucho más español en esta clase.
2. Nos gustaría ir al fútbol para ver a Beckham y Real Madrid.
3. Necesitamos llamar a la policía.
4. No necesita gastar mucho dinero en Oaxaca.
5. Necesitamos estudiar mucho ahora para hablar español en nuestras vacaciones.
6. Vamos a rentar una casa allá por tres meses.
7. No queremos gastar más de 150 pesos por una botella de tequila.
8. Vamos a un bar para tomar un tequila.
10. Vamos a estudiar en casa con casetes y también tomar clases de español.
11. Nos gustaría trabajar con usted.
12. Necesitamos ir en cinco minutos.
14. Queremos empezar antes de las 8:00 p.m.
15. Nos gustaría ir al teatro para ver el baile folklórico.
16. Vamos a empezar en 5 minutos.
17. Me gustaría ir allá el fin de semana.
18. Nos gustaría ver más partes de México, especialmente queremos ver Chichen Itzá.
20. Vamos a estudiar allá por un mes.
21. ¿Le gustaría un café?
22. No vamos a gastar mucho dinero en estas vacaciones.
23. Queremos encontrar una casa para rentar.
25. Queremos encontrar un restaurante típico con mariachis.
26. No puedo encontrar nuestros pasaportes.
27. Queremos encontrar algo especial para nuestra mamá.
28. Voy a empezar la clase de español ahora mismo.
29. Nos gustaría descansar un poco antes de la clase.
30. Quiero comprar algo para mi mamá, pero no puedo gastar mucho.
Respuestas del ejercicio 14B

1. We are going to learn a lot more Spanish in this class.
2. We would like to go to the football in order to see Beckham and Real Madrid.
3. We need to call the police.
4. You don't need to spend much money in Oaxaca.
5. We need to study a lot now in order to speak Spanish in our vacation.
6. We are going to rent a house there for three months.
7. We don't want to spend more than 150 pesos for a bottle of tequila.
8. We are going to a bar in order to drink a tequila.
9. We would like to go there in April.
10. We are going to study at home with cassettes and also take Spanish classes.
11. We would like to work with you.
12. We need to go in five minutes.
13. We would like to eat vegetarian food.
14. We want to start before 8:00 p.m.
15. We would like to go to the theater in order to see the folkloric dancing.
16. We are going to start in five minutes.
17. I would like to go there (on) the weekend.
18. We would like to see more parts of Mexico, we especially want to see Chichen Itzá.
19. We would like to go there to see the pyramids.
20. We are going to study there for a month.
21. Would you like a coffee?
22. We are not going to spend much money in this vacation.
23. We want to find a house (in order) to rent.
24. We need to find a hospital.
25. We want to find a typical restaurant with mariachis.
26. I can’t find our passports.
27. We want to find something special for our mom.
28. I am going to start the Spanish class right now.
29. We would like to rest a little before the class.
30. I want to buy something for my mom, but I can’t spend much.
Ejercicio 14C

1. The Spanish words for we are going to are ______________________
2. The Spanish words for we would like are ______________________
3. The Spanish word for to buy is ______________________
4. The Spanish word for to spend is ______________________
5. The Spanish word for to begin is ______________________
6. The Spanish word for to find / to meet is ______________________
7. The Spanish word for we want is ______________________
8. The Spanish word for we need is ______________________
9. The Spanish word for our is ______________________
10. The Spanish word for to rest is ______________________
11. The Spanish word for to drive is ______________________
12. The Spanish words for as soon as possible are ______________________

Respuestas del ejercicio 14C

1. vamos a
2. nos gustaría
3. comprar
4. gastar
5. empezar
6. encontrar
7. queremos
8. necesitamos
9. nuestra
10. descansar
11. manejar
12. cuanto antes
Ejercicio 14D Translate into Spanish

1. We are going to help her.
2. We would like to finish as soon as possible.
3. We don't want to spend much.
4. We would like to learn more Spanish with you.
5. We want to start tomorrow.
6. Do you want to go to a restaurant tonight?
7. We are going to buy a house in Baja California.
8. When are we going to go back?
9. We are going to travel a lot this year.
10. I want to go with you.
11. We are going to speak a lot of Spanish soon.
12. We want to spend the night here.
13. We are going to learn a lot of Spanish in Mexico.
14. We would like to see the house again.
15. We are going to go with José.
16. Are you going to visit Mexico again (the) next year?
17. We would like to buy a tequila.
18. I don't want to drive.
19. Are you are going to start today?
20. We are going to rest now.
21. We need to find a hotel soon.
22. We are going to spend 300 pesos for the hotel.
23. I need to find my visa.
24. We are going to meet our friend (female) in the restaurant.
25. We need to start as soon as possible.
26. We are going to call Dad again soon.
27. I have to start right now.
28. We are going to drive to San Felipe.
29. We would like to rest soon.
Respuestas del ejercicio 14D

1. Vamos a ayudarla.
2. Nos gustaría terminar cuanto antes.
3. No queremos gastar mucho.
4. Nos gustaría aprender más español con usted.
5. Queremos empezar mañana.
6. ¿Quieres ir a un restaurante esta noche?
7. Vamos a comprar una casa en Baja California.
8. ¿Cuándo vamos a regresar?
9. Vamos a viajar mucho este año.
10. Quiero ir con usted.
11. Vamos a hablar mucho español pronto.
12. Queremos pasar la noche aquí.
13. Vamos a aprender mucho español en México.
15. Vamos a ir con José.
16. ¿Va a visitar México otra vez el próximo año?
17. Nos gustaría comprar un tequila.
18. No quiero manejar.
19. ¿Va a empezar hoy?
20. Vamos a descansar ahora.
22. Vamos a gastar 300 pesos por el hotel.
23. Necesito encontrar mi visa.
24. Vamos a encontrar a nuestra amiga en el restaurante.
25. Necesitamos empezar cuanto antes.
26. Vamos a llamar a papá otra vez pronto.
27. Tengo que empezar ahora mismo.
28. Vamos a manejar a San Felipe.
29. Nos gustaría descansar pronto.
Lección Quince  
Lesson 15

Synergy Verbs

85. The Spanish for we have to is tenemos que
You have the ten from tengo kay - I have to
Plus the emos that makes Spanish verbs into we.

86. The Spanish word for we can is podemos
Imagine doing some gardening and saying
"We can pod the moss in the flower pot."

Spanish Speaking hints  
Accuracy pointers #12

Goofy Synergy Verb Patterns

Goofy pattern is the technical term for irregular verbs.

Notice this pattern
I can    Puedo
You can  puede

But
we can  podemos

Notice the different pattern for - we can.

I used to say, "puedemos" for about 3 years. Fortunately people understood what I meant. But you can avoid this error right away with a little attention. Just remember when you say we can - make sure to use podemos.

Brick

87. The Spanish word for to leave is salir
Imagine you are in a restaurant and your friend says
"I don't want to leave yet, they have good salad here."

Mortar

88. The Spanish word without is sin
Let he who is without sin cast the first stone

89. The Spanish for early is temprano
Early in the morning I have a bad temper, ya know what I mean.

90. The Spanish words for with her are con ella
Remember con él means with him
Just add la, remove the accent and you have con ella - with her
You want to see us

In Spanish there are two ways to say, "you want to see us."

Do you remember?
Quiere verlo       you want to see him
Quiere verla      you want to see her
Quiere verme      you want to see me

Here is the pattern to say you want to see us

**Method 1**

`nos` quiere ver        us you want to see

Or you can use the easier method and attach `nos` to the Brick Verb.

**Method 2**

Quiere ver`nos`          you want to see us

Familiar ground again. Continue using method 2, it's a faster path to communicate in Spanish.
Ejercicio 15A
Write the English words on the line.

1. The English word for **sin** is ______________________
2. The English word for **temprano** is ______________________
3. The English words for **salir** are ______________________
4. The English words for **con ella** are ______________________
5. The English words for **tenemos que** are ______________________
6. The English words for **podemos** are ______________________

Respuestas del ejercicio 15A

1. without
2. early
3. to leave
4. with her
5. we have to
6. we can
Ejercicio 15B Translate into English

tarjeta = card  evitar = avoid  habitación = room

1. ¿Puede ayudarnos con las maletas por favor?
2. ¿Podemos salir de la clase temprano hoy?
3. Vamos a salir temprano para evitar el tráfico.
4. No puedo trabajar más sin comer.
5. Tenemos que llamar al consulado.
6. Puedo terminar el proyecto hoy.
7. ¿Puede prepararnos los burritos sin chile por favor?
8. No podemos salir sin nuestras visas.
9. Va a aprender mucho español con ella.
10. No podemos entrar sin permiso de la policía.
11. Tenemos que llamar a la policía.
13. No me gusta comer un taco sin sal.
14. No podemos hacer la llamada sin tarjeta telefónica.
15. No puede ir a México sin vernos.
16. No puedo estudiar más sin café.
17. Tenemos que encontrar un hotel para esta noche pronto.
18. ¿Podemos empezar en cinco minutos por favor?
19. Tenemos que comprar gasolina pronto.
20. Podemos ir allá el fin de semana.
21. Vamos a gastar más para una habitación con aire acondicionado.
22. Podemos ver más partes de España en las próximas vacaciones.
23. Vamos a estudiar con ella.
24. No puedo tomar café sin azúcar.
25. Tenemos que encontrar un hospital.
26. Me gusta caminar temprano en las mañanas.
27. ¿Por qué tenemos que estudiar en casa? Para aprender más rápido español.
28. No podemos salir sin ver las pirámides.
29. No quiero trabajar allá más.
Respuestas del ejercicio 15B

1. Can you help us with the cases please?
2. Can we leave the class early today?
3. We are going to leave early to avoid the traffic.
4. I can’t work (any)more without (to eat) eating.
5. We have to call the consulate.
6. I can finish the project today.
7. Can you prepare us the burritos without chili please?
8. We can’t leave without our visas.
9. You are going to learn a lot of Spanish with her.
10. We can’t enter without police permission.
11. We have to call the police.
12. We can study more at home.
13. I don’t like to eat a taco without salt.
14. We can’t make the call without (a) phone card.
15. You can’t go to Mexico without (to see) seeing us.
16. I can’t study (any) more without coffee.
17. We have to find a hotel for tonight soon.
18. Can we start in five minutes please?
19. We have to buy gas soon.
20. We can go there (on) the weekend.
21. We are going to spend more for a room with air-conditioning.
22. We can see more parts of Spain in the next vacation.
23. We are going to study with her.
24. I can’t drink coffee without sugar.
25. We have to find a hospital.
26. I like to walk early in the mornings.
27. Why do we have to study at home?
   *In order to learn more quickly Spanish.*
28. We can’t leave without seeing the pyramids.
29. I don’t want to work there (any) more.
Ejercicio 15C Write the Spanish on the line

1. The Spanish word for **without** is ______________________
2. The Spanish word for **early** is ______________________
3. The Spanish word for **to leave** is ______________________
4. The Spanish words for **with her** are ______________________
5. The Spanish words for **we have to** are ______________________
6. The Spanish word for **we can** is ______________________

Respuestas del ejercicio 15C

1. sin
2. temprano
3. salir
4. con ella
5. tenemos que
6. podemos
Ejercicio 15D Translate into Spanish

1. Today, we have to go early.
2. I am going to have breakfast with her.
3. Can we eat early tonight?
4. We have to work early tomorrow.
5. We need to learn more Spanish (in order) to speak with her.
6. I am sorry, we have to finish now because I have to go.
7. We need to speak more Spanish with her.
8. We can’t (return) come back until tomorrow afternoon.
9. We want to visit her (the) next week.
10. We are going to go there with her (the) next year.
11. We can’t leave until the weekend.
12. We are going to finish our house this year.
13. Can you help us in the afternoon?
14. Are we going to visit your mom this afternoon?
15. We have to go back right now.
16. You have to visit us again soon.
17. I want to go with her.
18. Can we see the house again?
19. When do we need to finish?
   *We have to finish tonight.*
20. We can’t leave before tonight.
21. We have to leave early tomorrow.
22. We can’t return until tomorrow.
23. Why don’t you want to invite us to your party?
24. Can you cook us something?
25. We have to finish soon.
26. Do you want to walk for a while?
27. We want to have breakfast with her tomorrow.
28. Can we rest a while?
29. We can’t spend much money.
30. We are going to start early today.
Respuestas del ejercicio 15D

1. Hoy tenemos que ir temprano.
2. Voy a desayunar con ella.
3. ¿Podemos comer temprano esta noche?
4. Tenemos que trabajar temprano mañana.
5. Necesitamos aprender más español para hablar con ella.
6. Lo siento, tenemos que terminar ahora porque tengo que ir.
7. Necesitamos hablar más español con ella.
8. No podemos regresar hasta mañana en la tarde.
9. Queremos visitarla la próxima semana.
10. Vamos a ir allá con ella el próximo año.
11. No podemos salir hasta el fin de semana.
12. Vamos a terminar nuestra casa este año.
13. ¿Puede ayudarnos en la tarde?
14. ¿Vamos a visitar a su mamá esta tarde?
15. Tenemos que regresar ahora mismo.
16. Tiene que visitarnos otra vez pronto.
17. Quiero ir con ella.
18. ¿Podemos ver la casa otra vez?
19. ¿Cuándo necesitamos terminar?
   *Tenemos que terminar esta noche.*
20. No podemos salir antes de esta noche.
21. Tenemos que salir temprano mañana.
22. No podemos regresar hasta mañana.
23. ¿Por qué no quiere invitarlos a su fiesta?
24. ¿Puede cocinarnos algo?
25. Tenemos que terminar pronto.
26. ¿Quiere caminar por un rato?
27. Queremos desayunar con ella mañana.
28. ¿Podemos descansar un rato?
29. No podemos gastar mucho dinero.
30. Vamos a empezar temprano hoy.
Lección Diez y seis
Lesson 16
Synergy Verbs

91. The Spanish words for we like are nos gusta
You are very familiar with these patterns now.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>English</th>
<th>Spanish</th>
<th>Pronunciation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Me gusta</td>
<td>I like</td>
<td>(NOS GOOSE TAH)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Le gusta</td>
<td>you like</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nos gusta</td>
<td>we like</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

92. For we love (things) in Spanish use nos encanta
see Spanish speaking hints below

Spanish Speaking Hints
Communication Multiplied #13

New Synergy Verb

In English you can hear people say, "I love beer".
In Spanish that statement is a little strange. After all you can't be romantic with a beer.

To love a person - √ yes
To love beer - × in Spanish not really
The translation of to love is amar

So

To love your mom    Amar a su mamá
To love your wife   Amar a su esposa

But to love a beer, that's different. In Spanish you would say

(The) beer delights me.   Me encanta la cerveza.
OR, (the) beer enchants me. Me encanta la cerveza.

You use the same patterns you used with me gusta

I like         Me gusta
I am delighted by Me encanta

And for would like and would love use these patterns.

I would like a beer. Me gustaría una cerveza.
I would be delighted by (love) a beer. Me encantaría una cerveza.

Can you make these phrases?

1) We would (love) be delighted to visit Mexico. _______________________
2) We (love) are delighted by Mexico. _______________________

The answers are on the bottom of page #140
93. The Spanish words for after are después de (DEHS POO EHS DEH) See hints below

Spanish Speaking Hints
Communication Multiplied #14

How to use después de
The structure for using después de is the same as antes de. Después de follows the same Synergy Verb - Brick Verb pattern you have already been using with antes de. Just use después de where you would use a Synergy Verb.

For example In English you might say

After having dinner I like to walk.
After I dine I like to walk.

In Spanish you simply follow after - después de with a Brick Verb.

Después de cenar, me gusta caminar.
After to have dinner I like to walk.

Another example.
Después de estudiar nos gusta jugar el fútbol.
After (to study) studying we like to play football.

94. The Spanish word for where is dónde (DOHN DEH)
Imagine asking, "Where is Don today?"

Spanish Speaking Hints
Accuracy pointers #13

Where do you want to go (to)?
Although grammatically incorrect, the above question is commonly used in English.

But in Spanish the more common structure is,

To where do you want to go? ¿A dónde quiere ir?

You will get plenty of practice with the to where questions in exercise 16B.
95. The Spanish word for to have dinner is cenar (SEH NĀHR). Imagine you don’t have much time to have dinner so you call to send a pizza.

96. The Spanish words for later are más tarde (MAHS TĀHR DEH). Tarde means afternoon. But like tardy in English - tarde also means late. So to say later in Spanish you say more late - más tarde."

Spanish Speaking Hints
Accuracy pointers #14

Mañana en la mañana

Mañana means tomorrow.

Mañana also means morning.

To say tomorrow morning, just say

Tomorrow in the morning       Mañana en la mañana*

*In some regions you’ll find, mañana por la mañana or mañana a la mañana is more commonly used.

Answers
1) Nos encantaría visitar México    2) Nos encanta México
Ejercicio 16A
Write the English words on the line

1. The English words for **nos gusta** are ____________________
2. The English words for **nos encantaría** are ____________________
3. The English words for **cenar** are ____________________
4. The English word for **dónde** is ____________________
5. The English word for **después de** is ____________________
6. The English word for **más tarde** is ____________________
7. The English word for **sin** is ____________________
8. The English words for **temprano** is ____________________
9. The English words for **salir** are ____________________
10. The English words for **con ella** are ____________________
11. The English words for **tenemos que** are ____________________
12. The English words for **podemos** are ____________________

Respuestas del ejercicio 16A

1. we like
2. we would love
3. to have dinner
4. where
5. after
6. later
7. without
8. early
9. to leave
10. with her
11. we have to
12. we can
1. ¿Dónde podemos descansar?
   Podemos descansar en el parque.

2. Nos gusta ver a nuestros amigos en México cada Navidad.

3. Voy a llamar a Veronica más tarde.


5. No nos gusta el fútbol mucho.

6. Podemos estudiar aquí después de la clase.

7. Nos gusta caminar en el parque en la mañana.

8. ¿Va a regresar después de Navidad?
   Sí, voy a regresar en el año nuevo.

9. ¿Dónde podemos encontrar un teléfono?

10. Tenemos que hacer una reservación.

11. ¿Después de cenar, puede ayudarme con las maletas?

12. Vamos a pasar un mes allá después del fin de año.

13. ¿Dónde hay taxis?

14. Necesito hablar con mi esposa temprano en la mañana.

15. Me encanta caminar en la playa después de trabajar.

16. ¿Dónde hay un baño?

17. Vamos a terminar la clase después de la próxima semana.

18. ¿Qué quiere hacer después de trabajar?
   Quiero ir a un bar y tomar una cerveza.

19. ¿Le gustaría hacer algo esta noche?
   Me encantaría ver los mariachis.

20. Nos encantaría hablar más español cuando vamos a Madrid.

21. Voy a cocinar la comida más tarde porque tengo que estudiar ahora.

22. Me encantaría desayunar en el restaurante en la playa.

23. Nos gusta salir temprano para evitar el tráfico.

24. Es tarde, tenemos que encontrar un hotel.


26. Podemos descansar más tarde.
   Ahora tenemos que terminar el proyecto.

27. No queremos gastar mucho.

28. ¿Dónde le gustaría cenar?
   Francamente quiero cenar en la casa.

29. Nos gusta cenar con nuestra familia cada domingo.
Respuestas del ejercicio 16B

1. Where can we rest?
   (We) can rest in the park.
2. We like to see our friends in Mexico every Christmas.
3. I am going to call Veronica later.
4. We like to have breakfast in this restaurant (on) Sundays.
5. We don't like (the) football much.
6. We can study here after the class.
7. We like to walk in the park in the morning.
8. Are you going to come back after Christmas?
   Yes, I am going to come back in the new year.
9. Where can we find a telephone?
10. We have to make a reservation.
11. After (to have) dinner, can you help me with the cases?
12. We are going to spend a month there after the end of the year.
13. Where are there taxis?
14. I need to speak with my wife early in the morning.
15. I love to walk on the beach after (to) work.
16. Where is there a bathroom?
17. We are going to finish the class after (the) next week.
18. What do you want to do after (to) work?
   I want to go to a bar and drink a beer.
19. Would you like to do something tonight?
   I would love to see the mariachis.
20. We would love to speak more Spanish when we go to Madrid.
21. I am going to cook the food later because I have to study now.
22. I would love to have breakfast in the restaurant (on) at the beach.
23. We like to leave early to avoid the traffic.
24. It is late, we have to find a hotel.
25. We love to walk early in the mornings.
26. We can rest later. Now we have to finish the project.
27. We don't want to spend much.
28. Where would you like to have dinner?
   Frankly I want to have dinner (in the) at home.
29. We like to have dinner with our family every Sunday.
Ejercicio 16C
Translate these words into Spanish.

1. The Spanish words for **we like** are __________
2. The Spanish words for **we love** are __________
3. The Spanish word for **to have dinner** is __________
4. The Spanish word for **where** is __________
5. The Spanish words for **after** are __________
6. The Spanish words for **later** are __________
7. The Spanish word for **without** is __________
8. The Spanish word for **early** is __________
9. The Spanish word for **to leave** is __________
10. The Spanish words for **with her** are __________
11. The Spanish words for **we have to** are __________
12. The Spanish word for **we can** is __________

Respuestas del ejercicio 16C

1. Nos gusta
2. Nos encanta
3. cenar
4. dónde
5. después de
6. más tarde
7. sin
8. temprano
9. salir
10. con ella
11. tenemos que
12. podemos
Ejercicio 16D Translate into Spanish

The weekends = los fines de semana

1. We like to travel to Mexico every year.
2. We would love to learn Spanish.
3. Where do you want to have dinner?
4. We are going to go back to the hotel after (to have) dinner.
5. We can study with her.
6. I would love to have dinner here later.
7. To where would you like to travel?
   *I would like to travel to Cancun.*
8. We would be delighted (love) to help her with the Spanish.
9. To where do you like to go (on) the weekends?
   *I like to go to my mom’s house (the house of my mom).*
10. What are we going to do this afternoon?
11. I would love to work in San Diego again.
12. I am going to work there with her.
13. We are going to call her later.
14. I am not going to return after this year.

the Mexican food = la comida mexicana

15. Do you like Mexico?
   *Yes, I love (am enchanted by) Mexico.*
16. Why can’t you see us today?
17. We need to walk more.
18. Do you like to cook?
   *Yes, I love to cook.*
19. We are going to (make) have a party in our house.
20. We love to eat in this restaurant.
21. We would love to return to Mexico but we can’t.
22. We can start later tomorrow.
23. We need to find a hotel after (to have) dinner.
24. We can study later at home.
25. We would love to go there in the weekend.
26. We need to work early in the morning.
27. We love Mexican food.
28. I am going to speak with her later.
29. We can’t return until tomorrow morning.
30. We would love to visit him again.
31. We can see the house later.
32. I am going to have dinner with her tomorrow.
Respuestas del ejercicio 16D

1. Nos gusta viajar a México cada año.
2. Nos encantaría aprender español.
3. ¿Dónde quiere cenar?
4. Vamos a regresar al hotel después de cenar.
5. Podemos estudiar con ella.
6. Me encantaría cenar aquí más tarde.
7. ¿A dónde le gustaría viajar?
   Me gustaría viajar a Cancún.
8. Nos encantaría ayudarla con el español.
9. ¿A dónde le gusta ir los fines de semana?
   Me gusta ir a la casa de mi mamá.
10. ¿Qué vamos a hacer esta tarde?
11. Me encantaría trabajar en San Diego otra vez.
12. Voy a trabajar allá con ella.
13. Vamos a llamarla más tarde.
14. No voy a regresar después de este año.
15. ¿Le gusta México?
   Sí, me encanta México.
16. ¿Por qué no puede vernos hoy?
17. Necesitamos caminar más.
18. ¿Le gusta cocinar?
   Sí, me encanta cocinar.
19. Vamos a hacer una fiesta en nuestra casa.
21. Nos encantaría regresar a México pero no podemos.
22. Podemos empezar más tarde mañana.
23. Necesitamos encontrar un hotel después de cenar.
24. Podemos estudiar más tarde en casa.
25. Nos encantaría ir allá el fin de semana.
27. Nos encanta la comida mexicana.
28. Voy a hablar con ella más tarde.
29. No podemos regresar hasta mañana en la mañana.
30. Nos encantaría visitarlo otra vez.
31. Podemos ver la casa más tarde.
32. Voy a cenar con ella mañana.
Congratulations you have almost finished step 3

You are almost finished with this section, you have a little more to learn.

No more Synergy Verbs until step 4.

No more Mortar until step 4

You just need to learn another 6 Brick Verbs and an easy structure to make your Spanish more natural.
Lección diez y siete
Lesson 17     End of Step 3

Brick Verbs

97. The Spanish word for to wait for is esperar
Don't despair you just have to wait for a while.

98. The Spanish word for to look for is buscar
Imagine you need transport and you look for a bus or a car.

99. The Spanish word for to forget is olvidar
Imagine the blockbuster attendant saying, "some old videos are hard to forget."

100. The Spanish word for to kiss is besar
Imagine saying, the best are the kisses from my baby.

101. The Spanish word for to know (people) is conocer
Imagine the teacher says, "get Conan" and you say, "but I don't know Conan sir."

102. The Spanish word for to listen to is escuchar
Imagine a grumpy teacher saying "Excuse me, I would like you to listen to me."

Spanish Speaking Hints
Accuracy pointers #15

To Know a person or to know a fact

The Spanish language distinguishes between knowing people and places, Conocer, and knowing facts, saber.

One is to do with knowledge - saber

And the other is to do with acquaintance - conocer

If you go on to really develop your Spanish a day will come when they are immediately different to you.

For now we are going to use Conocer about knowing or being acquainted with people and places.

When you meet someone for the first time you can often use conocer

For example
Gusto en conocerte. A pleasure to meet you.
Voy a conocer a mi nieta en Enero. I am going to meet (for the first time) my granddaughter in January.
**Ejercicio 17A**
Write the English words on the line

1. The English words for *esperar* are ____________________________
2. The English words for *buscar* are ____________________________
3. The English words for *olvidar* are ____________________________
4. The English words for *besar* are ____________________________
5. The English words for *conocer* are ____________________________
6. The English words for *escuchar* are ____________________________

**Respuestas del ejercicio 17A**

1. to wait (for)
2. to look for
3. to forget
4. to kiss
5. to know
6. to listen (to)
Spanish Speaking Hints
Communication Multiplied #15

We want to see them this weekend
Queremos verlos este fin de semana

So far you have learned these structures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spanish</th>
<th>English</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quiero verlo</td>
<td>I want to see him</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quiero verla</td>
<td>I want to see her</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quiere verme</td>
<td>you want to see me</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quiere vernos</td>
<td>you want to see us</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Let's take it a step further and talk about seeing them

Method 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spanish</th>
<th>English</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Los quiero ver</td>
<td>I want to see them</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Los queremos ver</td>
<td>we want to see them</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or you can attach lo to the Brick Verb.

Method 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spanish</th>
<th>English</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quiero verlos</td>
<td>I want to see them</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Queremos verlos</td>
<td>we want to see them</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If you are talking about them and they are women, change los to las.

Method 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spanish</th>
<th>English</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Las quiero ver</td>
<td>I want to see (the girls or women)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Las queremos ver</td>
<td>we want to see (the girls or women)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Or you can attach las to the Brick Verb.

Method 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spanish</th>
<th>English</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quiero verlas</td>
<td>I want to see (the girls or women)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Queremos verlas</td>
<td>we want to see (the girls or women)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

We'll continue using method 2, so you get the fastest Spanish integration.

If you are speaking about a mixed group of men and women use los.

Let's not analyze it too much. Instead here's a better idea, why don't you get a lot of practice right now. That way you can develop your "sense" of Spanish.
Ejercicio 17B Translate into English

mejilla = cheek  padres = parents

1. Vamos a verla mañana.
2. Queremos hablar con usted cuanto antes.
3. Tengo que ayudarlos esta noche.
4. Vamos a encontrarla en el hotel.
5. Tengo que llamarnos pronto.
6. En México es común besar a las mujeres en la mejilla.
7. Puedo esperarlos pero sólo por cinco minutos más.
8. Voy a buscarla en la oficina.
10. ¿Va a buscarnos?
11. Tengo que escucharlo cada día.
12. Va a olvidarme.
13. Quiero conocerlo pronto.
14. ¿Cuándo va a conocer a los padres de su esposa?
   Voy a conocerlos en marzo.
15. ¿Vamos a esperarlo?
   No, no quiero esperarlo, quiero ir.

17. Quiero besarla y abrazarla.
18. Voy a visitarlos en diciembre.
19. Silencio por favor, quiero escucharlo.
   Perdón, sí, voy a escucharlo.
22. ¿Cuándo necesita llamar a su esposa?
   Necesito llamarla temprano en la mañana.
23. ¿Puede ayudarla con las maletas por favor?
24. ¿Podemos terminar el proyecto hoy?
25. Probablemente va a encontrarla en casa.
26. ¿Dónde podemos encontrarla?
   Necesitamos verla, es urgente.
27. Voy al auditorio para escucharlo.
Respuestas del ejercicio 17B

1. We are going to see her tomorrow.
2. We want to speak with you as soon as possible.
3. I have to help them tonight.
4. We are going to (find) meet her in the hotel.
5. I have to call them soon.
6. In Mexico it is common to kiss the women on the cheek.
7. I can wait for them, but only for five minutes more.
8. I am going to look for her in the office.
9. We can wait for them (the girls) (in) at the party.
10. Are you going to look for them (the girls)?
11. I have to listen to him every day.
12. You are going to forget me.
13. I want to (know) meet him soon.
14. When are you going to (know) meet the parents of your wife? (Meet for the first time.)
   I am going to meet them in March.
15. Are we going to wait for him?
   No, I don't want to wait for him, I want to go.
16. I need to look for him in the hospital.
17. I want to kiss her and hug her.
18. I am going to visit them in December.
19. Quiet (silence) please, I want to listen to him.
20. It is important. You need to listen to him.
   Pardon, yes, I am going to listen to him.
21. We like to see her in Mexico every Christmas.
22. When do you need to call your wife?
   I need to call her early in the morning.
23. Can you help her with the cases please?
24. Can we finish the project today?
25. You are probably going to find her at home.
26. Where can we find her? We need to see her, it is urgent.
27. I am going to the auditorium to listen to him.
Ejercicio 17C
Translate these words into Spanish.

1. The Spanish word for to wait for is
   ______________________
2. The Spanish word for to look for is
   ______________________
3. The Spanish word for to forget is
   ______________________
4. The Spanish word for to kiss is
   ______________________
5. The Spanish word for to know (to meet) is
   ______________________
6. The Spanish word for to listen to is
   ______________________

Respuestas del ejercicio 17C

1. esperar
2. buscar
3. olvidar
4. besar
5. conocer
6. escuchar
**Ejercicio 17D Translate into Spanish**

**ingles = English**

1. Do you want to invite them to your graduation?
2. I want to kiss him.
3. Where are you going to wait for him?
4. I like to kiss her.
5. I would love to (know) meet him.
6. We are going to look for him now.
7. I am going to kiss her.
8. We need to look for her.
9. We have to wait for her.
10. Do you want to listen to him?
11. I would like to (know) meet her.
12. You have to forget him.
    *I can't forget him.*
13. I can wait for her with you.
14. I have to listen to him every day and I don't want to listen (any) more.
15. I am going to wait for her.
16. Where can we find her?
17. I am not going to forget her.
18. We would (love) be delighted to help them with (the) English.
19. We are going to call him later.
20. Why can't you see us today?
   *Because I have to go early.*
21. I am going to talk with him later.
22. We would love to visit them (females) again.
23. I can see her later.
24. We have to call him soon.
25. We want to visit him (the) next week.
26. Can you help her again in the afternoon?
27. You have to visit us again.
28. Why don't you want to invite me to your party?
29. We are going to call them tomorrow morning.
Respuestas del ejercicio 17D

1. ¿ Quiere invitarlos a su graduación?
2. Quiero besarlo.
3. ¿ Dónde va a esperarlo?
4. Me gusta besarla.
5. Me encantaría conocerlo.
6. Vamos a buscarlo ahora.
7. Voy a besarla.
8. Necesitamos buscarla.
9. Tenemos que esperarla.
10. ¿ Quiere escucharlo?
11. Me gustaría conocerla.
12. Tiene que olvidarlo.
   No puedo olvidarlo.
13. Puedo esperarla con usted.
14. Tengo que escucharlo cada día y no quiero escuchar más.
15. Voy a esperarla.
16. ¿ Dónde podemos encontrarla?
17. No voy a olvidarla.
18. Nos encantaría ayudarlos con el inglés.
19. Vamos a llamarlo más tarde.
20. ¿ Por qué no puede vernos hoy?
   Porque tengo que ir temprano.
21. Voy a hablar con él más tarde.
22. Nos encantaría visitarlas otra vez.
23. Puedo verla más tarde.
24. Tenemos que llamarlo pronto.
25. Queremos visitarlo la próxima semana.
26. ¿ Puede ayudarla otra vez en la tarde?
27. Tiene que visitarnos otra vez.
28. ¿ Por qué no quiere invitarme a su fiesta?
29. Vamos a llamarlos mañana en la mañana.
Congratulations you have finished step 3

A lot of structure covered.

Not so many words just 102 main ones, and a few you have probably worked out from context in the Spanish to English exercises. It is amazing how much you can say with so little.

But the job is not done yet.

Another 36 words to learn and some more structures to give you many more Spanish communication possibilities.

See you again in lesson 18.
Step 4  They do talk, don’t they?
Lección diez y ocho
Lesson 18
Synergy Verbs

103. The Spanish for you (all) want is quieren (KEEY AIR EHN)
104. The Spanish for you (all) need is necesitan (NEH SEH SEE TAHN)
105. The Spanish for you (all) can is pueden (POO EH DEHN)

Spanish Speaking Hints
Communication Multiplied #16

Talking about you (all) in Spanish

In English you singular and you plural is always just you. But in Spanish the distinction is clear. To be clear we'll use the Texas plural - you all.

Spanish verbs about you all (second person plural) end in N. Actually it is really easy. All you need to do is add an N to the singular verb like this:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>You want</th>
<th>You all want</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Quiere</td>
<td>Quieren</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You need</td>
<td>You all need</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Necesita</td>
<td>necesitan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>You can</td>
<td>you all can</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Puede</td>
<td>pueden</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mortar

106. The Spanish for with us is con nosotros (KOHN NOH SOH TROHS)
You will remember we used nos for us.
To say with us we have to extend it to con nosotros.

107. The Spanish word for summer is verano. (VEH RAH NOH)
Imagine sitting on the veranda enjoying a summer day.

108. The Spanish for with you all is con ustedes (KOHN OOS TEH DEHS)
You will remember with you - con usted
To make the plural you simply add es*

*In fact all Spanish nouns that end in a consonant are made plural by adding es
reservación - reservaciones
doctor - doctores
**Ejercicio 18A**
Write the English words on the line

1. The English words for **quieren** are ______________________
2. The English words for **necesitan** are ______________________
3. The English words for **pueden** are ______________________
4. The English words for **con nosotros** are ______________________
5. The English word for **verano** is ______________________
6. The English words for **con ustedes** are ______________________
7. The English words for **esperar** are ______________________
8. The English words for **buscar** are ______________________
9. The English words for **olvidar** are ______________________
10. The English words for **besar** are ______________________
11. The English words for **conocer** are ______________________
12. The English words for **escuchar** are ______________________

**Respuestas del ejercicio 18A**

1. you (all) want
2. you (all) need
3. you (all) can
4. with us
5. summer
6. with you (all)
7. to wait (for)
8. to look for
9. to forget
10. to kiss
11. to know
12. to listen (to)
Ejercicio 18B Translate into English

playa = beach  maestros = teachers

1. ¿Pueden escucharlo?
2. Con este método no pueden olvidar los verbos.
3. ¿Quieren ver nuestra casa?
4. Necesitan escuchar los CDs cada día.
5. ¿Quieren encontrar un hotel ahora?
6. ¿Quieren ir a una fiesta en nuestra casa este fin de semana?
7. ¿Pueden escucharme por favor?
8. Es importante, necesitan escucharlo.
9. ¿Quieren ir con nosotros para conocer a nuestros amigos mexicanos?
10. Necesitamos rentar un coche. ¿Qué tipo de coche quieren?
    Queremos un coche grande.
11. ¿Qué documentación necesitamos para viajar en México?
    Necesitar visa y pasaporte.
    Pero no queremos.
    ¿Por qué no quieren invitarlo?
    Porque no nos gusta el profesor.
13. ¿Dónde quieren rentar este verano?
    Queremos rentar una casa en la Riviera Maya.
14. ¿Qué quieren hacer en verano?
    Queremos descansar en la playa.
15. ¿Quieren ir a un restaurante típico?
    Sí, nos gusta conocer la comida tradicional.
16. ¿Quieren trabajar en México en verano?
    Sí, queremos trabajar como maestros de inglés.
17. Pueden practicar español con nosotros.
    Sí, queremos practicar con ustedes.
18. Necesitan aprender más español para hablar con nosotros.
19. ¿Quieren ir a México con nosotros en verano?
    Sí, queremos, pero no podemos, tenemos otros planes.
20. ¿Cuándo necesitamos estar en el restaurante?
    Necesitan estar allí a las 8:00 p.m.
Respuestas del ejercicio 18B

1. Can you (all) hear (listen to) him?*
2. With this method you (all) can’t forget the verbs.
3. Do you (all) want to see our house?
4. You (all) need to listen to the CDs every day.
5. Do you (all) want to find a hotel now?
6. Do you (all) want to go to a party in our house this weekend.
7. Can you (all) listen to me please?
8. It is important, you (all) need to listen to him.
9. Do you (all) want to go with us in order to (know) meet our Mexican friends?
10. We need to rent a car.
   What type of car do you (all) want?
   We want a big car.
11. What documentation do we need to travel in Mexico?
   You (all) need a visa and passport.
12. You (all) need to invite the professor to your party.
    But we don’t want (to).
    Why don’t you (all) want to invite him?
    Because we don’t like the professor.
13. Where do you (all) want to rent this summer?
    We want to rent a house on the Mayan Riviera.
14. What do you (all) want to do in summer?
    We want to rest on the beach.
15. Do you (all) want to go to a typical restaurant?
    Yes, we like to know the traditional food.
16. Do you (all) want to work in Mexico in summer?
    Yes, we want to work as teachers of English.
17. You (all) can practice Spanish with us?
    Yes, we want to practice with you (all).
18. You (all) need to learn more Spanish in order to speak with us.
19. Do you (all) want to go to Mexico with us in summer?
    Yes, we want to, but we can’t, we have other plans.
20. When do we need to be in the restaurant?
    You (all) need to be there at 8:00 p.m.

* The verb to hear in Spanish is oir. However, it is very common for Spanish speakers to use the verb escuchar when in English we would say to hear.
Ejercicio 18C

1. The Spanish word for you (all) want is __________
2. The Spanish word for you (all) need is __________
3. The Spanish word for you (all) can is __________
4. The Spanish words for with us are __________
5. The Spanish word for summer is __________
6. The Spanish words for with you (all) are __________
7. The Spanish word for to wait for is __________
8. The Spanish word for to look for is __________
9. The Spanish word for to forget is __________
10. The Spanish word for to kiss is __________
11. The Spanish word for to know (to meet) is __________
12. The Spanish word for to listen to is __________

Respuestas del ejercicio 18C

1. quieren
2. necesitan
3. pueden
4. con nosotros
5. verano
6. con ustedes
7. esperar
8. buscar
9. olvidar
10. besar
11. conocer
12. escuchar
Ejercicio 18D Translate into Spanish

Salir = to leave, but can also be used for to go out

1. You (all) can go with us.
2. Do you (all) want to learn Spanish?
3. Do you (all) want to go back to the house for a while?
4. You (all) need to speak with him as soon as possible.
5. You (all) can spend the night in our house.
6. We want to study with you (all).
7. You (all) need to wait for them.
8. Do you (all) want to invite him?
9. Why can't you (all) invite me?
10. Do you (all) want to go back with us?
11. Tomorrow we need to drive as far as (until) La Paz. You (all) need to drive a lot.
12. Do you (all) want to rest tonight? No, we would like to go out.
13. What do you (all) want to do? We want to rest a while.
14. When do you (all) need to go? We need to go before the summer.
15. Do you (all) need a taxi? No, we would like to walk, thanks.
16. You (all) need to visit us again.
17. Where do you (all) want to spend the summer? We want to spend the summer in Spain with our family.
18. Why do you (all) want to learn Spanish? In order to speak with you (all).
19. Can you (all) return to México in the summer? Yes, we can come back in summer.
20. Do you (all) want to finish soon? Yes, as soon as possible.
21. Where can we wait for her? You (all) can wait for her in the house.
22. Do you (all) want to study with us? Yes, we would like to study with you (all).
23. Do you (all) want to have dinner with us? Yes, we would love to have dinner with you (all).
24. Can you (all) speak more Spanish with us?
Respuestas del ejercicio 18D

1. Pueden ir con nosotros.
2. ¿Quieren aprender español?
3. ¿Quieren regresar a la casa por un rato?
4. Necesitan hablar con él cuanto antes.
5. Pueden pasar la noche en nuestra casa.
6. Queremos estudiar con ustedes.
7. Necesitan esperarlos.
8. ¿Quieren invitarlo?
9. ¿Por qué no pueden invitarme?
10. ¿Quieren regresar con nosotros?
11. Mañana necesitamos manejar hasta La Paz.
   Necesitan manejar mucho.
12. ¿Quieren descansar esta noche?
    No, nos gustaría salir.
13. ¿Qué quieren hacer?
    Queremos descansar un rato.
14. ¿Cuándo necesitan ir?
    Necesitamos ir antes del verano.
15. ¿Necesitan un taxi?
    No, nos gustaría caminar, gracias.
17. ¿Dónde quieren pasar el verano?
    Queremos pasar el verano en España con nuestra familia.
18. ¿Por qué quieren aprender español?
    Para hablar con ustedes.
19. ¿Pueden regresar a México en verano?
    Sí, podemos regresar en verano.
20. ¿Quieren terminar pronto?
    Sí, cuanto antes.
21. ¿Dónde podemos esperarla?
    Pueden esperarla en la casa.
22. ¿Quieren estudiar con nosotros?
    Sí, nos gustaría estudiar con ustedes.
23. ¿Quieren cenar con nosotros?
    Sí, nos encantaría cenar con ustedes.
24. ¿Pueden hablar más español con nosotros?
Lección diez y nueve  
Lesson 19

Synergy Verbs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pronunciation</th>
<th>109. The Spanish for you (all) have to is <strong>tienen que</strong> (TEE EH NEHN KEH)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>110. The Spanish for you (all) are going to is <strong>van a</strong> (BAHN AH)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Spanish Speaking Hints
Communication Multiplied #17

**Talking about you (all) in Spanish PART 2**

You will remember from lesson 18 we made Spanish verbs plural by adding an **N** to the singular (second person) verb like this;

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>you want</th>
<th>you all want</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>quiere</td>
<td>quiereN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>you need</td>
<td>you all need</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>necesita</td>
<td>necesitaN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>you can</td>
<td>you all can</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>puede</td>
<td>puedeN</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

It is just as easy to make these Synergy Verbs plural.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>you are going to</th>
<th>you (all) are going to</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>va a</td>
<td>vaN a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>you have to</td>
<td>you all have to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>tiene que</td>
<td>tieneN que</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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Brick Verbs

111. The Spanish word for to arrive is llegar (YEH GAHR)
You need to arrive early, yeah gotta get there in the morning.

112. The Spanish for to pay is pagar (PAHG AHR)
Good old dad is going to pay, yes Pa is gunna pay for the expenses.

Mortar

113. The Spanish word for always is siempre (SEE EHM PREH)
Imagine driving past a church and saying, on Sundays you always see em pray."

114. The Spanish word for if is si (SEE)
Imagine someone trying to hit a baseball. He misses the ball and says, “if I could see the ball I would hit it.”

Spanish Speaking Hints
Accuracy pointers #16

Sí has two meanings

Look at the two words.

Yes = sí
If = si

Notice the accent over the letter í in sí - yes. That’s the difference, it’s an emphasis on the letter í in sí - yes. Also, the context of conversation always tells whether sí means yes or si means if.
Ejercicio 19A
Write the English words on the line

1. The English words for **tienden que** are ________________
2. The English words for **van a** are ________________
3. The English word for **siempre** is ________________
4. The English word for **si** is ________________
5. The English words for **pagar** are ________________
6. The English words for **llegar** are ________________

Respuestas del ejercicio 19A

1. you (all) have to
2. you (all) are going to
3. always
4. if
5. to pay
6. to arrive
Ejercicio 19B Translate into English

seguro = insurance  chapulines = crickets  bueno = good  un poco = a little

1. Necesitamos manejar por un día para llegar a Los Cabos en la mañana temprano.
2. Pueden comprender más español.
3. Necesitan llamar a la policía.
4. No podemos pagar con un cheque.
5. ¿Pueden llamarme después de llegar al aeropuerto?
6. Pueden pagar al dentista con una tarjeta de crédito.
7. Van a hablar mucho español en sus vacaciones.
8. ¿Cuándo van a llegar?
   Vamos a llegar el domingo.
9. Si van a rentar un coche allá tienen que comprar seguro.
10. Siempre tienen que tomar mucha agua en el desierto.
11. Pueden escuchar casetes de español en sus coches.
12. Necesitamos pagar a la sirvienta.
13. Pueden comer chapulines en Oaxaca.
14. ¿Cuándo quieren empezar?
    Queremos empezar ahora.
15. Tienen que terminar pronto.
16. ¿Van a ayudarnos?
17. ¿Dónde van a estudiar?
   Vamos a estudiar en una universidad en Costa Rica.
18. Tienen que pagar un depósito.
19. No van a gastar mucho dinero en estas vacaciones.
20. ¿Quieren encontrar una casa para rentar?
21. ¿Cuándo van a empezar sus clases de español?
   Vamos a empezar en julio.
22. Siempre tengo que estudiar mucho la semana antes de los exámenes.
23. ¿Quieren comprar algo especial?
24. ¿Van a pagar con una tarjeta de crédito?
25. Si quieren estudiar español, este método es bueno para aprender rápido.
26. ¿Van a llegar en coche?
   No, vamos a llegar en tren.
27. Tienen que llegar un poco tarde a las fiestas en México.
28. Siempre nos gusta pasar Navidad con nuestra familia.
Respuestas del ejercicio 19B

1. We need to drive for a day in order to arrive at Los Cabos in the morning early.
2. You (all) can (comprehend) understand more Spanish.
3. You (all) need to call the police.
4. We can't pay with a check.
5. Can you (all) call me after arriving at the airport?
6. You (all) can pay the dentist with a credit card.
7. You are (all) going to speak a lot of Spanish on your vacation.
8. When are you (all) going to arrive?
   We are going to arrive on Sunday.
9. If you (all) are going to rent a car there you (all) have to buy insurance.
10. You (all) always have to drink a lot of water in the desert.
11. You (all) can listen to (cassettes of Spanish) Spanish cassettes in your cars.
12. We need to pay the servant.
13. You (all) can eat crickets in Oaxaca.
14. When do you (all) want to start?
   We want to start now.
15. You (all) have to finish soon.
16. Are you (all) going to help us?
17. Where are you (all) going to study?
   We are going to study in a university in Costa Rica.
18. You (all) have to pay a deposit.
19. You are (all) not going to spend much money in these vacations.
20. Do you (all) want to find a house (in order ) to rent?
21. When are you (all) going to start your Spanish classes?
   We are going to start in July.
22. I always have to study a lot the week before the exams.
23. Do you (all) want to buy something special?
24. Are you (all) going to pay with a credit card?
25. If you (all) want to study Spanish, this method is good in order to learn fast.
26. Are you (all) going to (arrive) go by (en) car?
   No, we are going to (arrive) go by train.
27. You (all) have to arrive a little late to the parties in Mexico.
28. We always like to spend Christmas with our family.
Ejercicio 19C

1. The Spanish words for you (all) have to are _______________
2. The Spanish words for You all are going to are _______________
3. The Spanish word for always is _______________
4. The Spanish word for if is _______________
5. The Spanish word for to pay is _______________
6. The Spanish word for to arrive is _______________

Respuestas del ejercicio 19C

1. tienen que
2. van a
3. siempre
4. si
5. pagar
6. llegar
Ejercicio 19D Translate into Spanish

Lobster = langosta  to understand = comprender

1. What do you (all) want to do (the) next summer?
   *We want to spend the summer in Mexico with our family.*

2. When are you (all) going to visit us?

3. When do you (all) want to see her?
   *We are going to see her tomorrow.*

4. When are you (all) going to arrive?
   *We are going to arrive tomorrow afternoon.*

5. When do you (all) need to arrive?
   *We need to arrive before tonight.*

6. I am sorry, but you (all) need to work this weekend.
   *Again we have to work!*

7. Where are you (all) going to wait for her?

8. Do you (all) want to go out tonight?
   *No thanks, we need to rest.*

9. Where are you (all) going to spend summer?
   *This year we are going to spend summer at home with the family.*

10. I always like to eat here.

11. Do you (all) want to go back to Puerto Nuevo (in order) to eat lobster?
    *Yes, we want to go back soon.*

12. Do you (all) want to have breakfast with us tomorrow?

13. You (all) are going to understand more after (to study) studying in Mexico.

14. When are you (all) going to arrive?
    *We are going to arrive tonight.*

15. Can you (all) help us with (the) Spanish?

16. You (all) have to pay David.

17. Why do you (all) have to go?
    *In order to work.*

18. Can you (all) pay Miguel please?

19. Do you (all) want to rest a while?

20. When do we need to pay?

21. If you (all) are going to return, you (all) have to visit us.

22. You (all) can finish now if you (all) want.

23. You (all) are always going to find us here.
Respuestas del ejercicio 19D

1. ¿Qué quieren hacer el próximo verano?
   Queremos pasar el verano en México con nuestra familia.

2. ¿Cuándo van a visitarnos?

3. ¿Cuándo quieren verla?
   Vamos a verla mañana.

4. ¿Cuándo van a llegar?
   Vamos a llegar mañana en la tarde.

5. ¿Cuándo necesitan llegar?
   Necesitamos llegar antes de esta noche.

6. Lo siento, pero necesitan trabajar este fin de semana.
   ¡Otra vez tenemos que trabajar!

7. ¿Donde van a esperarla?

8. ¿Quieren salir esta noche?
   No gracias, necesitamos descansar.

9. ¿Dónde van a pasar el verano?
   Este año vamos a pasar el verano en casa con la familia.

10. Siempre me gusta comer aquí.

11. ¿Quieren regresar a Puerto Nuevo para comer langosta?
    Sí, queremos regresar pronto.

12. ¿Quieren desayunar con nosotros mañana?

13. Van a comprender más después de estudiar en México.

14. ¿Cuándo van a llegar?
    Vamos a llegar esta noche.

15. ¿Pueden ayudarnos con el español?

16. Tienen que pagar a David.

17. ¿Por qué tienen que ir?
    Para trabajar.

18. ¿Pueden pagar a Miguel por favor?

19. ¿Quieren descansar un rato?

20. ¿Cuándo necesitamos pagar?

21. Si van a regresar, tienen que visitarnos.

22. Pueden terminar ahora si quieren.

23. Siempre van a encontrarnos aquí.
Lección Veinte
Lesson 20

Synergy Verbs

115. The Spanish for you (all) like is les gusta (LEHS GOOS TAH)
See Spanish speaking hints.

116. For You (all) would like use les gustaría (LEHS GOOS TAH REE AH)
See Spanish speaking hints.

Spanish Speaking Hints
Accuracy pointers #17

Would you all like a coffee?
Les gustaría un café?

You will remember these structures
Le gusta you like
Le gustaría you would like

A more literal translation could be
Le gusta to you it is pleasing
Le gustaría to you it would be pleasing

Le means to you

So to say to you plural (to you all) in Spanish is les

Therefore

Les gusta to you all it is pleasing
Les gustaría to you all it would be pleasing

Again I remind you to think of these as complete phrases and use them as complete phrases and you won't go wrong.

Brick Verbs

117. The Spanish word for to read is leer (LEH AIR)
Imagine reading a book in a Lear jet.

118. The Spanish word for to live is vivir (BEE BEER)
Imagine asking, "is viv here is this where he lives"

119. The Spanish word for to practice is practicar (PRAHK TEE KAHR)
Close enough to English to be an instant Spanish word.

120. The Spanish word for to order is ordenar (OHR DEH NAHR)
Again very close to English just notice the N
Ejercicio 20A
Write the English words on the line

1. The English words for les gusta are _____________________
2. The English words for les gustaría are _____________________
3. The English words for vivir are _____________________
4. The English word for leer are _____________________
5. The English word for practicar are _____________________
6. The English words for ordenar are _____________________
7. The English words for tienen que are _____________________
8. The English words for van a are _____________________
9. The English word for siempre is _____________________
10. The English word for sí is _____________________
11. The English words for pagar are _____________________
12. The English words for llegar are _____________________

Respuestas del ejercicio 20A

1. you (all) like
2. you all would like
3. to live
4. to read
5. to practice
6. to order
7. you (all) have to
8. you (all) are going to
9. always
10. if
11. to pay
12. to arrive
Ejercicio 20B Translate into English

corrida de toros = bullfight  periódico = newspaper  primera = first  palabra = word

1. Tienen que practicar español.
2. ¿Le gusta leer el periódico?
3. Si quieren, vamos a salir temprano para evitar el tráfico.
4. Voy a practicar mucho español con mis amigos mexicanos.
5. ¿Les gustaría leer el menú?
6. ¿Cuándo van a regresar?
   Vamos a regresar el próximo año para vivir aquí.
7. ¿Qué tipo de comida les gusta?
8. Tiene que leer las instrucciones.
9. Queremos ordenar ahora.
   ¿Qué les gustaría ordenar?
10. Necesitan leer mucho más para avanzar su español.
11. No puedo vivir con este salario.
12. ¿Les gustaría tomar un café aquí antes de regresar al hotel?
13. ¿Por qué no les gusta viajar a México?
14. ¿Les gusta la comida mexicana?
   Nos encanta la comida mexicana.
15. ¿Les gustaría tomar un café aquí?
16. ¿Qué les gustaría hacer hoy?
   Nos gustaría ver una corrida de toros.
17. ¿Les gusta la clase de español?
   Sí, nos gusta mucho.
18. ¿Les gustaría ir a Xochimilco?
20. ¿El domingo les gustaría ir conmigo para ver una corrida de toros?
21. ¿Puede leer la primera línea?
22. ¿Les gustaría pasar un fin de semana en mi casa de playa en Acapulco?
23. ¿En qué parte de México le gustaría vivir?
   Me gustaría vivir en Puerto Vallarta.
24. Me gusta leer mucho en español porque hay muchas palabras similares al inglés.
25. ¿Antes de ordenar, quieren tomar un tequila?
Respuestas del ejercicio 20B

1. You (all) have to practice Spanish.
2. Do you like to read the newspaper?
3. If you (all) want, we are going to leave early in order to avoid the traffic.
4. I am going to practice a lot of Spanish with my Mexican friends.
5. Would you (all) like to read the menu?
6. When are you (all) going to come back?
   We are going to come back (the) next year in order to live here.
7. What type of food do you (all) like?
8. You have to read the instructions.
9. We want to order now.
   What would you (all) like to order?
10. You (all) need to read a lot more in order to advance your Spanish.
11. I can’t live (with) on this salary.
12. Would you (all) like to drink a coffee here before (to return) going back to the hotel?
13. Why don’t you all like to travel to Mexico?
14. Do you (all) like Mexican food?
   We love Mexican food.
15. Would you (all) like to drink a coffee here?
16. What would you (all) like to do today?
   We would like to see a bullfight.
17. Do you like the Spanish class?
   Yes, we like (it) a lot.
18. Would you (all) like to go to Xochimilco?
19. I need to practice (much) my Spanish a lot.
20. (The) on Sunday would you (all) like to go with me in order to see a bullfight?
21. Can you read the first line?
22. Would you (all) like to spend a weekend (in) at my beach house in Acapulco?
23. In what part of Mexico would you like to live?
   I would like to live in Puerto Vallarta.
24. I like to read a lot in Spanish, because there are many similar words to (the) English.
25. Before (to order) ordering, do you (all) want to drink a tequila?
Ejercicio 20C
Translrate these words into Spanish.

1. The Spanish words for you (all) like are ________________
2. The Spanish words for you (all) would like are ________________
3. The Spanish word for to live is ________________
4. The Spanish word for to read is ________________
5. The Spanish word for to practice is ________________
6. The Spanish word for to order is ________________
7. The Spanish words for you (all) have to are ________________
8. The Spanish words for you are (all) going to are ________________
9. The Spanish word for always is ________________
10. The Spanish word for if is ________________
11. The Spanish word for to pay is ________________
12. The Spanish word for to arrive is ________________

Respuestas del ejercicio 20C

1. les gusta
2. les gustaría
3. vivir
4. leer
5. practicar
6. ordenar
7. tienen que
8. van a
9. siempre
10. sí
11. pagar
12. llegar
Ejercicio 20D Translate into Spanish

1. Do you (all) like (to practice) practicing Spanish with her?
2. Where would you like to live?  
   I would like to live in Australia.
3. Do you (all) want to order something?
4. You (all) can practice Spanish in Guatemala.
5. I am going to read a lot in Spanish.
6. Do you (all) like to walk?
7. I am going to read the menu.
8. Would you (all) like to live here a while?
9. Do you (all) like the restaurant?
10. What would you (all) like to do this weekend?
11. Do you (all) like (to work) working with him?
12. Do you (all) like Mexico?  
    Yes, we love Mexico.
13. Tonight would you (all) like to eat with us in our house?
14. Would you (all) like to go there?
15. Would you (all) like to order now?
16. Do you (all) want to see the house again?
17. Do you like to read?  
    No, I don’t like (to read) reading much.
18. What do you (all) want to order?
19. Do you (all) like football?  
    Yes, we love (the) football.
20. What are you going to order?
    I am going to order a paella.
21. Do you like (to live) living here?  
    Yes, I like a lot to live here.  
    (Yes, I like living here a lot)
22. I want to practice more Spanish.
23. Why don’t you (all) like (to live) living here?
24. I would like to live in Spain.
25. I can’t read.
26. Would you (all) like to practice Spanish with me?
27. I would love to live in Barcelona.
28. Do you (all) like (to study) studying Spanish?
29. I need to live there in summer in order to work.
Respuestas del ejercicio 20D

1. ¿Les gusta practicar español con ella?
2. ¿Dónde le gustaría vivir?
   *Me gustaría vivir en Australia.*
3. ¿Quieren ordenar algo?
5. Voy a leer mucho en español.
6. ¿Les gusta caminar?
7. Voy a leer el menú.
8. ¿Les gustaría vivir aquí un rato?
9. ¿Les gusta el restaurante?
10. ¿Qué les gustaría hacer este fin de semana?
11. ¿Les gusta trabajar con él?
12. ¿Les gusta México?
   *Sí, nos encanta México.*
13. ¿Esta noche les gustaría comer con nosotros en nuestra casa?
14. ¿Les gustaría ir allá?
15. ¿Les gustaría ordenar ahora?
16. ¿Quieren ver la casa otra vez?
17. ¿Le gusta leer?
   *No, no me gusta leer mucho.*
18. ¿Qué quieren ordenar?
19. ¿Les gusta el fútbol?
   *Sí, nos encanta el fútbol.*
20. ¿Qué va a ordenar?
   *Voy a ordenar una paella.*
21. ¿Le gusta vivir aquí?
   *Sí, me gusta mucho vivir aquí.*
22. Quiero practicar más español.
23. ¿Por qué no les gusta vivir aquí?
24. Me gustaría vivir en España.
25. No puedo leer.
26. ¿Les gustaría practicar español conmigo?
27. Me encantaría vivir en Barcelona.
28. ¿Les gusta estudiar español?
29. Necesito vivir allá en el verano para trabajar.
Congratulations you have almost finished step 4

You are almost finish with this part, you have a little more to learn.

No more Synergy Verbs.

11 more Mortar in step 5

You just need to learn another 3 Brick Verbs and an easy structure to make your Spanish more natural.
Lección Veinte y uno
Lesson 21   End of Step 4

Spanish Speaking Hints
Communication Multiplied #18

In lesson 20 you learned that

Le = to you
Les = to you all

The word to is important in this structure. In Spanish the pronouns you and to you are expressed differently.

To you is called an indirect object pronoun. And you is a direct object pronoun. But let's not get into labels. Instead let's focus on how to use Spanish. Here is an example,

Method 1
Le quiero hablar      to you I want to speak.
Lo quiero ver        you I want to see.

Method 2
Quiero hablarle      I want to speak to you
Quiero verlo         I want to see you

See the difference between lo and le.

For now we will focus on the direct object pronoun - lo.

Did you ask yourself; doesn't quiero verlo mean I want to see him?

If you asked yourself that question, well done, you are right quiero verlo means I want to see him. But it also means I want to see you.

At first you may think this ambiguity can't possibly work. But it has worked for hundreds of years and works everyday for more the 300 million Spanish speakers. You will find, as you start to use more Spanish that you know from the context of the conversation if quiero verlo means I want to see you, or I want to see him. And if it isn't obvious from the context, Spanish does have a way of handling ambiguity which we will explore next chapter.

In a minute we'll roll up our sleeves and get down to some practice. But first we have one more thing to learn.

When speaking to a woman you need to change lo to la.

Method 1
La quiero ver        you (woman) I want to see
Lo quiero ver        you (man) I want to see

Method 2
Quiero verla         I want to see you (woman)
Quiero verlo         I want to see you (man)

Okay, let's use it to go ahead and get some practice in exercise 21A.
Ejercicio 21A Translate into English

bien = well/okay el centro = downtown mucho gusto = it is a pleasure
que = that sábado = Saturday nunca = never

1. Antonio, nunca voy a olvidarlo.
2. ¿Pueden escucharme bien?
   No, no podemos escucharlo.
3. ¿Quieres verme en el centro?
   Sí, voy a verla en el centro.
   Mucho gusto en conocerla, Teresa.
5. Si les gusta, pueden esperarme en el restaurante.
   Bien, vamos a esperarlo allá.
6. ¿Cuándo va a visitarme?
   Voy a visitarlo en febrero.
7. Necesitan llamarme antes de salir de Guatemala.
   Sí, vamos a llamarlo mañana.
8. ¿Puede esperarme, por favor?
   Sí, puedo esperarlo pero sólo por diez minutos más.
9. ¿Va a ver a María otra vez?
   Sí, voy a verla el sábado en la fiesta en la casa de Juan.
10. Por favor, necesita escucharme.
    Es importante.
    Lo siento, voy a escuchar ahora.
11. ¿Cuándo necesita llamar a su esposa?
    Necesito llamarla mañana en la mañana.
12. ¿Puede ayudarla con las maletas?
    Sí, gracias por ayudarme.
13. ¿Puede ayudarme con el inglés?
    Me encantaría ayudarlo con el inglés.
14. ¿Por qué no puede verme hoy?
    Lo siento, no puedo verla porque tengo que salir temprano hoy.
15. Por qué no quiere invitarme a la fiesta.
    Quiero invitarlo, pero no puedo, es sólo para empleados.
16. ¿Puedo hablarle un rato?
    No, tengo que salir ahora mismo.
Respuestas del ejercicio 21A

1. Antonio, I am never going to forget you.
   *No, we can't hear you (man).*
2. Can you (all) hear me (well) okay?
   *Yes, I am going to see you (woman) downtown.*
3. Do you want to see me downtown?
   *Yes, I am going to see you (woman) downtown.*
4. It is a pleasure (in) to meet you, David.
   *It is a pleasure (in) to meet you, Teresa.*
5. If you (all) like, you can wait for me in the restaurant.
   *Okay, we are going to wait for you (man) there.*
6. When are you going to visit me?
   *I am going to visit you (man) in February.*
7. You need to call me before (to leave) leaving (from) Guatemala.
   *Yes, we are going to call you (man) tomorrow.*
8. Can you wait for me, please?
   *Yes, I can wait for you (man), but only for ten minutes more.*
9. Are you going to see María again?
   *Yes, I am going to see her on Saturday in the party in (the house of Juan) Juan’s house.*
10. Please, you need to listen to me. It’s important.
    *I am sorry, I am going to listen now.*
11. When do you need to call your wife?
    *I need to call her tomorrow (in the) morning.*
12. Can I help you (woman) with the cases?
    *Yes, thanks for (to help me) helping me.*
13. Can you help me with (the) English?
    *I would love to help you (man) with (the) English.*
14. Why can’t you see me today?
    *I am sorry, I can’t see you (woman) because I have to leave early today.*
15. Why don’t you want to invite me to the party?
    *I want to invite you (man), but I can’t, it is only for employees.*
16. Can I talk to you (for) a (while) moment?
    *No, I have to leave right now.*
Ejercicio 21B Translate into Spanish

1. Can you see me tomorrow?
   No, I can’t see you (man) until the next week.
2. When do you need to see David?
   I need to see him soon.
3. When are you going to see me again?
   I am going to see you (man) tomorrow.
4. Can you help me?
   Yes, I am going to help you (woman) right now.
5. I want to invite you (man) to a party. Would you like to go with me?
   Yes, I would like to go with you.
6. Can you visit me this weekend?
   No, I am sorry, I can’t visit you (man) again until the next month.
7. Are you going to wait for me?
   No, I don’t want to wait for you (man).
8. Can you help my friend with the Spanish?
   Yes, I would love to help him.
9. When are you (all) going to see me again?
   We are going to see you (woman) tomorrow.
10. When are you going to call me?
    I am going to call you (man) (more late) later.
11. Would you (all) like to visit me again (the) next year?
    We would love to see you (woman) again (the) next year.
12. When can you see me?
    I can see you (woman), (more late) later today.
13. You (all) have to call me soon.
    Yes, we are going to call you (woman) tomorrow.
14. We can visit you (man) (the) next week.
    I am sorry, but I am not going to be (in house) home until the next month.
15. Can you help me today?
    I can help you (woman) but not until the afternoon.
Resuestas del ejercicio 21B

1. ¿Puede verme mañana?
   No, no puedo verlo hasta la próxima semana.
2. ¿Cuándo necesita ver a David?
   Necesito verlo pronto.
3. ¿Cuándo va a verme otra vez?
   Voy a verlo mañana.
4. ¿Puede ayudarme?
   Sí, voy a ayudarla ahora mismo.
5. Quiero invitarlo a una fiesta. ¿Le gustaría ir conmigo?
   Sí, me gustaría ir con usted.
6. ¿Puede visitarme este fin de semana?
   No, lo siento, no puedo visitarlo otra vez hasta el próximo mes.
7. ¿Va a esperarme?
   No, no quiero esperarlo.
8. ¿Puede ayudar a mi amigo con el español?
   Sí, me encantaría ayudarlo.
9. ¿Cuándo van a verme otra vez?
   Vamos a verla mañana.
10. ¿Cuándo va a llamarme?
    Voy a llamarlo más tarde.
11. ¿Les gustaría visitarme otra vez el próximo año?
    Nos encantaría verla otra vez el próximo año.
12. ¿Cuándo puede verme?
    Puedo verla más tarde hoy.
13. Tienen que llamarme pronto.
    Sí, vamos a llamara mañana.
14. Podemos visitarlo la próxima semana.
    Lo siento, pero no voy a estar en casa hasta el próximo mes.
15. ¿Puede ayudarme hoy?
    Puedo ayudarla pero no hasta la tarde.

Congratulations you have now finished step4
Step 5 Bringing it all home – talking about other people
Lección veinte y dos
Lesson 22

BRICK VERBS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>Spanish Word</th>
<th>English Word</th>
<th>Pronunciation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>121.</td>
<td>poder</td>
<td>to be able</td>
<td>(POH DAR)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Imagine having sore feet and your friend recommends podiatrist to be able to fix your feet.&quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>122.</td>
<td>cantar</td>
<td>to sing</td>
<td>(KAHNT AHR)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Brittany Spears can't a sing but she looks good</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>123.</td>
<td>muy</td>
<td>very</td>
<td>(MOO EE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Imagine a farmer says, &quot;the cows are very mooey today&quot;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>124.</td>
<td>también</td>
<td>also</td>
<td>(TAHM BEE EHN)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yes, I am very musical I play triangle and also tambourine</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>125.</td>
<td>invierno</td>
<td>winter</td>
<td>(EEN VEE AIR NOH)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>In Argentina the seasons are inverted it is winter in June</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>126.</td>
<td>bien</td>
<td>well</td>
<td>(BEE EHN)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>I would like to be in Madrid to learn Spanish well.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Spanish Speaking Hints
Communication Multiplied #19

Speaking about he and she

You will remember

lo = him
and also means you

la = her
and also means you

The same applies to all Spanish verbs in the second person (you) can be used to talk about he or she

examples

Tiene que ir.   You have to go.
Or   Tiene que ir.   He/she has to go.

Same with questions

¿Puede ver?   Can you see?
or  ¿Puede ver?   Can he/she see?

¿Va a trabajar?   Are you going to work?
Or  ¿Va a trabajar?   Is he/she going to work?

Same with negations

no quiere comer.   You don't want to eat.
or  no quiere comer.   He/she doesn't want to eat.

no necesita cocinar.   You don't need to cook.
or  no necesita cocinar.   He/she doesn't need to cook.

What to do if a sentence is ambiguous?

Spanish speakers will use a personal pronoun like this.

Él tiene que ir.   he has to go.
Ella tiene que ir.   she has to go.
Usted tiene que ir.   you have to go.

A lot of Spanish books start with personal pronouns, but I have intentionally left the pronouns until later lessons so you will get a better feel for everyday Spanish.

Spanish speaking people rarely use personal pronouns. As you have seen, Spanish pronouns are included in the Spanish verbs. Spanish speakers use pronouns for emphasis or when clarity is needed. Using personal pronouns the way we do in English will add unintentional emphasis to your speech and can make you sound demanding or self centered. The way you have been using Spanish so far in the course is how real Spanish is spoken.

The best way to understand this lesson is to use the language. Practice understanding this concept in exercise 22B and then create your own Spanish with and without pronouns in exercise 22D.
Ejercicio 22A
See how well you remembered your new Spanish Brick Verbs and Mortar. Write the English words on the line

1. The English word for bien is

2. The English word for invierno is

3. The English word for también is

4. The English word for muy is

5. The English words for poder are

6. The English words for cantar are

Respuestas del ejercicio 22A

1. well
2. winter
3. also
4. very
5. to be able
6. to sing
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Spanish</th>
<th>English</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>También usted necesita comprar algo para Antonio.</td>
<td>You also need to buy something for Antonio.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Usted necesita hablar más fuerte, no puedo escucharlo muy bien.</td>
<td>You need to speak louder, I can't hear you very well.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Con el favor de Dios, ella va a llegar bien.</td>
<td>With the help of God, she will arrive well.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>Él va a cantar en el bar.</td>
<td>He is going to sing in the bar.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>Él no va a poder salir con mi hija.</td>
<td>He won't be able to go out with my daughter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.</td>
<td>David también quiere cantar en un grupo de rock.</td>
<td>David also wants to sing in a rock band.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.</td>
<td>Él va a trabajar en Sudamérica por un año.</td>
<td>He is going to work in South America for a year.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.</td>
<td>No voy a poder pagar hasta el próximo mes.</td>
<td>I won't be able to pay until next month.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.</td>
<td>Alejandro también quiere ver el concierto.</td>
<td>Alejandro also wants to see the concert.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.</td>
<td>No voy a poder olvidar esto.</td>
<td>I won't be able to forget this.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.</td>
<td>Noel quiere invitarnos a cenar en su casa.</td>
<td>Noel wants to invite us to eat at his house.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.</td>
<td>Él va a cantar para dar una serenata a la señorita.</td>
<td>He is going to sing for a serenade to the lady.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.</td>
<td>Tenemos que cantar &quot;Happy Birthday&quot;.</td>
<td>We have to sing &quot;Happy Birthday&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.</td>
<td>No me gusta cantar en público.</td>
<td>I don't like singing in public.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15.</td>
<td>No vamos a poder empezar la clase, necesitamos más estudiantes.</td>
<td>We won't be able to start the class, we need more students.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.</td>
<td>Usted no va a poder manejar después de tomar tantos tequilas.</td>
<td>You won't be able to drive after drinking so many tequilas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17.</td>
<td>Tenemos que ir muy pronto también.</td>
<td>We have to go very soon too.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.</td>
<td>No puedo tomar un tequila, es muy temprano para tomar.</td>
<td>I can't have a tequila, it's too early to drink.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19.</td>
<td>No vamos a poder comprar gasolina hasta Mulege.</td>
<td>We won't be able to buy gas until Mulege.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20.</td>
<td>No voy a poder gastar mucho dinero en el restaurante.</td>
<td>I won't be able to spend much money in the restaurant.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21.</td>
<td>¿Cuándo tengo que regresar? Tiene que regresar antes de media noche.</td>
<td>When do I have to return? He has to return before midnight.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22.</td>
<td>Mi mamá va a vacacionar en México en invierno.</td>
<td>My mom is going to vacation in Mexico in winter.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23.</td>
<td>Ella va a cocinarnos mi plato favorito.</td>
<td>She is going to cook my favorite dish for us.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24.</td>
<td>El maestro va a terminar el curso en mayo.</td>
<td>The teacher is going to finish the course in May.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Respuestas del ejercicio 22B

1. Also you need to buy something for Antonio.
2. You need to speak more loudly, I can't hear you (man) very well.
3. With the favor of God, she is going to arrive (well) okay.
4. He is going to sing in the bar.
5. He is not going to be able to go out with my daughter.
6. David also wants to sing in a rock group.
7. He is going to work in South America for a year.
8. I am not going to be able to pay until next month.
9. Alejandro also wants to see the concert.
10. I am not going to be able to forget this.
11. Noel wants to invite us to have dinner in his house.
12. He is going to sing in order to serenade the señorita (young lady).
13. We have to sing "Happy Birthday".
14. I don't like to sing in public.
15. We are not going to be able to start the class, we need more students.
16. You are not going to be able to drive after (to drink) drinking so many tequilas.
17. We have to go very soon also.
18. I can't drink a tequila, it is very early for (to drink) drinking.
19. We are not going to be able to buy gasoline until Mulege.
20. I am not going to be able to spend much money in the restaurant.
21. When do I have to return?
   You have to return before midnight.
22. My mom is going to vacation in Mexico in winter.
23. She is going to cook us my favorite (plate) dish.
24. The teacher is going to finish the course in May.
**Ejercicio 22C**
Write the Spanish words on the line

1. The Spanish word for **well** is ______________
2. The Spanish word for **winter** is ______________
3. The Spanish word for **also** is ______________
4. The Spanish word for **very** is ______________
5. The Spanish word for **to be able** is ______________
6. The Spanish word for **to sing** is ______________

**Respuestas del ejercicio 22C**

1. bien
2. invierno
3. también
4. muy
5. poder
6. cantar
Ejercicio 22D Translate into Spanish
If you see these personal pronouns (he) (she) (you) use the Spanish Pronouns.

Husband = esposo        wife = esposa

1. I want to eat well today.
2. Lupita is not going to be able to visit us this winter.
3. (you) are going to speak Spanish very well soon.
4. George can’t read very well.
5. (you) are going to live well there.
6. (she) is not going to be able to start until (the) winter.
7. I don’t want to go with him. He can’t drive very well.
8. Maria is not going to be able to have dinner with us tonight, she has to work.
9. Can you wait for me after (to) work? I am sorry, I not going to be able to wait for you (woman) today.
10. (You) are going to be able to read Spanish very soon.
11. (he) can’t sing very well.
12. Luis also is going to be able to help us.
13. Teresa is not going to be able to return until the winter.
14. The doctor is going to be able to see him tomorrow.
15. I am not going to be able to study this weekend.
16. Jenny is not going to be able to call me until (the) next week.
17. John is going to be able to learn a lot of Spanish there.
18. Sara doesn’t want to go to the party.
19. Juan wants to speak with you.
20. My wife also wants to go to Europe this year.
21. (He) is going to study Spanish in Guatemala in the summer.
22. My mom is going to travel to Spain and also to Argentina.
23. (He) is going to be home tonight.
24. (He) is going to invite Ana to the party.
25. Jorge wants to help us.
26. (She) is going to call us tomorrow.
27. My friend is going to spend the winter in our house.
28. My wife wants to travel to Paris.
29. My husband also has to drive a lot every day.
Respuestas ejercicio 22D

1. Quiero comer bien hoy.
2. Lupita no va a poder visitarnos este invierno.
3. Usted va a hablar español muy bien pronto.
4. George no puede leer muy bien.
5. Usted va a vivir bien allá.
6. Ella no va a poder empezar hasta el invierno.
7. No quiero ir con él, no puede manejar muy bien.
8. Maríá no va a poder cenar con nosotros esta noche, tiene que trabajar.
9. ¿Puede esperarme después de trabajar?
   
   Lo siento, no voy a poder esperarla hoy.
10. Usted va a poder leer el español muy pronto.
11. Él no puede cantar muy bien.
12. Luis también va a poder ayudarnos.
13. Teresa no va a poder regresar hasta el invierno.
15. No voy a poder estudiar este fin de semana.
16. Jenny no va a poder llamarme hasta la próxima semana.
17. John va a poder aprender mucho español allá.
18. Sara no quiere ir a la fiesta.
19. Juan quiere hablar con usted.
20. Mi esposa también quiere ir a Europa este año.
21. Él va a estudiar español en Guatemala en el verano.
22. Mi mamá va a viajar a España y también a Argentina.
23. Él va a estar en casa esta noche.
24. Él va a invitar a Ana a la fiesta.
25. Jorge quiere ayudarnos.
26. Ella va a llamarnos mañana.
27. Mi amigo va a pasar el invierno en nuestra casa.
28. Mi esposa quiere viajar a París.
29. Mi esposo también tiene que manejar mucho cada día.
Lección veinte y tres
Lesson 23

BRICK VERBS

127. The Spanish for to try is probar
Imagine a plate of strange food and saying, "I am probably not going to try it."

SENTENCE STARTER

128. The Spanish word for who is quien
Imagine that someone left the key in the lock of your house you say, "who left the key in the lock."

MORTAR

129. The Spanish word for all is todo
Imagine putting all your toes in the bread dough.

Spanish Speaking Hints
Accuracy pointers #18

All the days

In Spanish to say every day you can use cada día. It is also very common to say

All the days - todos los días.

Él tiene que trabajar todos los días. He has to work every day.

All My Girlfriends

If you are talking about a feminine subject todo changes to toda.

Todas mis amigas all my (female) friends
Todos mis amigos all my male friends

130. The Spanish for sometimes is a veces
Otra vez means again.
Otra vez more literally means another time.
A veces means sometimes.
A veces more literally at times.

131. The Spanish word for only is solo
If someone performs solo they are the only ones singing.

132. the day after tomorrow is pasado mañana
Mañana means tomorrow think of Pasado mañana as the day past tomorrow.
Spanish Speaking Hints
Communication Multiplied #20

Would he like a coffee?
¿A él le gustaría un café?

You will remember these structures

Le gusta to you it is pleasing / you like
Le gustaría to you it would be pleasing / you would like

To talk about he or she, the structure is the same.

Le gusta to him/her it is pleasing / he or she likes
Le gustaría to him/her it would be pleasing / he or she would like

Most times it will be obvious whom the sentence is about. But other times it will be ambiguous and confusing. When it is not obvious who is the object of the sentence, Spanish speakers use a el, a ella and a usted to identify who is the object.

A él le gusta México. To him Mexico is pleasing. / He likes Mexico.
A ella le gusta México. To her Mexico is pleasing. / She likes Mexico.
A usted le gusta México. To you Mexico is pleasing. / You like Mexico.

Questions just change tone of voice

¿A él le gusta México? To him is Mexico pleasing? / Does he like Mexico?
¿A ella le gusta México? To her is Mexico pleasing? / Does she like Mexico?
¿A usted le gusta México? To you is Mexico pleasing? / Do you like Mexico?

Negations just add no between the pronoun and the phrase

A él no le gusta México. To him Mexico isn't pleasing. / He doesn't like Mexico.
A ella no le gusta México. To her Mexico isn't pleasing. / She doesn't like Mexico.
A usted no le gusta México. To you Mexico isn't pleasing. / You don't like Mexico.

The best way to understand is to practice. So go ahead and practice understanding in exercise 23B and then use these structures to create Spanish in Exercise 23D.
**Ejercicio 23A**
Write the English words on the line

1. The English words for *pasado mañana* are ________________
2. The English word for *solo* is ________________
3. The English word for *a veces* is ________________
4. The English word for *todo* is ________________
5. The English word for *quien* is ________________
6. The English words for *probar* are ________________

**Respuestas del ejercicio 23A**

1. the day after tomorrow
2. only
3. sometimes
4. all
5. who
6. to try
Ejercicio 23B Translate into English

Los viernes = on Fridays  vinos = wines  bebidas = drinks

1. A veces podemos terminar temprano los viernes.
2. ¿A ella le gusta ir a las discotecas los fines de semana?
3. David necesita leer mucho más para avanzar su español.
4. A ella le gustaría probar el coche.
5. Usted tiene que regresar el video pasado mañana.
6. ¿Quién quiere empezar hoy?
7. A él solo le gusta comer comida norteamericana.
8. Ella va a cocinar toda la comida para la fiesta.
9. Este fin de semana solo quiero ver televisión.
10. Quiero viajar por todo México.
11. ¿Quién quiere escuchar a los mariachis cantar La Bamba?
12. Usted solo necesita pagar el costo de la comida y las bebidas.

13. Él tiene que estudiar español para el examen de pasado mañana.
15. A veces él tiene que trabajar los fines de semana.
16. No puedo vivir con solo 100 dólares por semana.
17. A ella le gusta bailar toda la noche.
18. A él le gusta pasar todo el fin de semana en frente de la televisión.
19. ¿Qué va a hacer pasado mañana?
   Voy a ver una corrida de toros.
20. A veces me gusta probar comida diferente.
21. A él siempre le gusta salir temprano para evitar el tráfico.
22. Tengo que terminar el proyecto pasado mañana.
23. A ella le gusta Winnie Pooh.
Respuestas del ejercicio 23B

1. Sometimes we can finish early on Fridays.
2. Does she like to go to the discos on the weekends?
3. David needs to read a lot more in order to advance his Spanish.
4. She would like to try the car.
5. You have to return the video the day after tomorrow.
6. Who wants to start today?
7. He only likes to eat American food.
8. She is going to cook all the food for the party.
9. This weekend I only want to watch (see) TV.
10. I want to travel (for) through all Mexico.
11. Who wants to listen to the Mariachis (to) sing La Bamba?
12. You only need to pay the cost of the food and drinks.
13. He has to study Spanish for the exam (of) the day after tomorrow.
14. He likes to try the wines.
15. Sometimes he has to work (on) the weekends.
16. I can't live with only 100 dollars per week.
17. She likes to dance all night.
18. He likes to spend all the weekend in front of the television.
19. What are you going to do the day after tomorrow?
   I am going to see a bullfight.
20. Sometimes I like to try different food.
21. He always likes to leave early in order to avoid the traffic.
22. I have to finish the project the day after tomorrow.
23. She likes Winnie the Pooh.
Ejercicio 23C
Write the Spanish words on the line

1. The Spanish words for **the day after tomorrow** are ________________
2. The Spanish word for **only** is ________________
3. The Spanish words for **sometimes** are ________________
4. The Spanish word for **all** is ________________
5. The Spanish word for **who** is ________________
6. The Spanish word for **to try** is ________________

**Respuestas del ejercicio 23A**

1. pasado mañana
2. solo
3. a veces
4. todo
5. quien
6. probar
Ejercicio 23D Translate into Spanish
If you see the personal pronouns (he) (she) (you) in parenthesis, use the Spanish pronouns él, ella or usted.

- coffee = café
- football = fútbol
- money = dinero
- your, his, her & their = su

1. Sometimes (he) likes to drink.
2. Do you want to try a taco?
3. Would (you) like to try a tequila?
4. Do you want to eat something?
   No, I only want a coffee.
5. (He) is going to work all (the) day.
6. (She) has to speak Spanish every day (all the days).
7. Who is going to be able to work the day after tomorrow?
8. (You) need to study every day (all the days).
9. (He) can’t read.
10. (She) would like to live in Spain.
11. (You) have to walk every day (all the days).
12. Does (He) likes football?
   Yes, he loves football.
13. You have to call me every day (all the days).
14. (He) has to return all the money.
15. Does (he) like to read?
   No, he doesn’t like to read much.
16. Who is going to speak with him?
17. Who wants to go with me?
18. (She) only wants twenty pesos.
19. (He) would like to go to a restaurant tonight.
20. Who is going to help me?
21. (He) doesn’t need to go until the day after tomorrow.
22. Sometimes (he) needs to rest.
23. When does (she) need to return to her house?
24. Who can work this weekend?
25. When do (you) want to travel?
26. (She) likes to sing.
27. Today I am going to work, but I can rest the day after tomorrow.
28. Why doesn’t (she) like to travel?
29. (He) likes to practice Spanish with her.
30. (He) can practice (the) Spanish in Guatemala.
Respuestas del ejercicio 23D

1. A veces a él le gusta tomar.
2. ¿Quiere probar un taco?
3. ¿A usted le gustaría probar un tequila?
4. ¿Quiere comer algo?
   No, solo quiero un café.
5. Él va a trabajar todo el día.
6. Ella tiene que hablar español todos los días.
7. ¿Quién va a poder trabajar pasado mañana?
8. Usted necesita estudiar todos los días.
9. Él no puede leer.
10. A ella le gustaría vivir en España.
11. Usted tiene que caminar todos los días.
12. ¿A él le gusta el fútbol?
   Sí, le encanta el fútbol.
13. Tiene que llamarme todos los días.
14. Él tiene que regresar todo el dinero.
15. ¿A él le gusta leer?
   No, no le gusta leer mucho.
16. ¿Quién va a hablar con él?
17. ¿Quién quiere ir conmigo?
18. Ella solo quiere veinte pesos.
19. A él le gustaría ir a un restaurante esta noche.
20. ¿Quién va a ayudarme?
21. Él no necesita ir hasta pasado mañana.
22. A veces él necesita descansar.
23. ¿Cuándo ella necesita regresar a su casa?
   Necesita regresar pasado mañana.
24. ¿Quién puede trabajar este fin de semana?
25. ¿Cuándo usted quiere viajar?
   Quiero viajar pasado mañana en la tarde.
26. A ella le gusta cantar.
27. Hoy voy a trabajar, pero puedo descansar pasado mañana.
28. ¿Por qué a ella no le gusta viajar?
29. A él le gusta practicar el español con ella.
30. Él puede practicar el español en Guatemala.
They have to go  
Tienen que ir

You will remember that in Spanish the same verbs can be talking about you, he or she.

For example  
Tiene que ir  
Or  
Tiene que ir

You have to go  
He/she has to go

This also applies in the plural forms, a Spanish verb can be referring to you all or they.

For example  
Pueden ir  
Van a ir  
Necesitan ir

You (all) can go/ they can go  
You (all) are going to go/they are going to go  
You (all) need to go/ they need to go

If sentences are ambiguous you use a pronoun to identify who you are talking about, much like in English

Él tiene que ir  
Ella tiene que ir  
Usted tiene que ir

he has to go  
she has to go  
you have to go

Now let’s examine the plural forms.

Tienen que ir  
Or  
Tienen que ir

You (all) have to go  
They have to go

If sentences are ambiguous, again you use a pronoun as an identifier.

Ellos tienen que ir  
Ellas tienen que ir  
Ustedes tienen que ir

They (men) have to go  
They (women) have to go  
You (all) have to go

If you are talking about a group of men and women you use ellos.

Again the best way to understand this lesson is to use the language. Practice understanding this concept in exercise 24A and then create your own Spanish with and without pronouns in exercise 24B.
Ejercicio 24A Translate into English

1. Ellos no pueden escucharlo. 
   *Okay, voy a hablar más fuerte.*
2. Los estudiantes necesitan escuchar las CDs todos los días.
3. Con este método los estudiantes no pueden olvidar los verbos.
4. Ellas necesitan rentar un coche. 
   ¿*Qué tipo de coche quieren?* Quieren un coche grande.
5. ¿Qué documentación ellas van a necesitar para viajar a México? 
   *Necesitan visas y pasaportes.*
6. ¿Dónde quieren ustedes rentar este verano? 
   *Queremos rentar una casa en la Riviera Maya.*
7. Ellos quieren trabajar en México en el verano. Quieren trabajar como maestros de inglés.
8. Mis amigos quieren ir a México este invierno.
9. Ellos van a pagar con una tarjeta de crédito.
10. ¿Por qué ellos quieren aprender español? 
    *Para hablar en sus vacaciones.*
11. Ellos pueden comprender más español ahora.
12. Ellas necesitan llamar a la policía.
13. Ustedes van a hablar mucho español en sus vacaciones.
14. ¿Cuándo ellos van a llegar? 
    *Van a llegar el domingo.*
15. Si ellos van a rentar un coche allá tienen que comprar un seguro.
16. Ellos pueden escuchar casetes de español en sus coches.
17. ¿Dónde ellos van a estudiar? 
    *Van a estudiar en un colegio en Costa Rica.*
18. Ustedes no van a gastar mucho dinero en Oaxaca.
19. ¿Ustedes quieren encontrar una casa para rentar? 
20. ¿Cuándo ellos van a empezar la clase de español? 
    *Van a empezar en julio.*
21. Ellos necesitan leer mucho más para avanzar en su español.
22. Ellas van a cocinar toda la comida para la fiesta.
Respuestas del ejercicio 24A

1. They can’t (listen to) hear you.
   
   *Okay, I am going to speak more loudly.*

2. The students need to listen to the CDs (all the days) everyday.

3. With this method the students can’t forget the verbs.

4. They (females) need to rent a car.
   
   *What type of car do they want?*
   
   They want a big car.

5. What documentation are they (females) going to need in order to travel to Mexico?
   
   *They need visas and passports.*

6. Where do you (all) want to rent this summer?
   
   *We want to rent a house in the Mayan Riviera.*

7. They want to work in Mexico in (the) summer. They want to work as (teachers of English) English teachers.

8. My friends want to go to Mexico this winter.

9. They are going to pay with a credit card.

10. Why do they want to learn Spanish?
    
    *In order to speak on their vacation.*

11. They can understand more Spanish now.

12. They (females) need to call the police.

13. You (all) are going to speak a lot of Spanish in your vacation.

14. When are they going to arrive?
    
    *They are going to arrive on Sunday.*

15. If they are going to rent a car there, they have to buy an (some) insurance.

16. They can listen to (cassettes of Spanish) Spanish cassettes in their cars.

17. Where are they going to study?
    
    *They are going to study in a college in Costa Rica.*

18. You (all) are not going to spend much money in Oaxaca.

19. Do you (all) want to find a house to rent?

20. When are they going to start (they) the Spanish class?
    
    *They are going to start in July.*

21. They need to read a lot more in order to advance in their Spanish.

22. They (females) are going to cook all the food for the party.
Ejercicio 24B Translate into Spanish
If you see the pronouns in brackets (they), (you all) use the Spanish pronouns.

1. (You all) are going to speak Spanish very well soon.
2. (They females) want to find a hotel.
3. Lupita and Juan are not going to be able to visit us this winter.
4. (They) want to invite us to a party.
5. Can (you all) hear me? No, we can't hear you (man).
6. (You all) are going to live well there.
7. (They females) need a taxi.
8. (You all) can practice (the) Spanish with us.
9. (You all) need to learn more Spanish in order to be able speak with us.
10. (They females) can go with us, if they want.
11. (They) want to return soon.
12. (They) are going to study Spanish in Guatemala in the summer.
13. When do (they) want to start? They want to start tomorrow.
14. Are (they) going to help us?
15. When are (you all) going to arrive? We are going to arrive the day after tomorrow.
16. (They) can help us.
17. Do (They) want to rest a while?
18. They are not going to be able to start until the summer.
19. (They females) don't want to go with him, because (he) can't drive very well.
20. (They) want to see our house.
21. (They females) can't sing very well.
22. (They females) don't want to go to the party.
23. (They) are going to be (in house) home today.
24. (They) are going to invite me to the party.
25. (They females) have to speak Spanish (all the days) every day.
26. (They females) are going to call us tomorrow.
27. (You all) need to study more.
28. They can't read.
Respuestas del ejercicio 24B

1. Ustedes van a hablar español muy bien pronto.
2. Ellas quieren encontrar un hotel.
3. Lupita y Juan no van a poder visitarnos este invierno.
4. Ellos quieren invitarnos a una fiesta.
5. ¿Ustedes pueden escucharme?
   No, no podemos escucharlo.
6. Ustedes van a vivir bien allá.
7. Ellas necesitan un taxi.
8. Ustedes pueden practicar el español con nosotros.
9. Ustedes necesitan aprender más español para poder hablar con nosotros.
10. Ellas pueden ir con nosotros si quieren.
11. Ellos quieren regresar pronto.
12. Ellos van a estudiar español en Guatemala en el verano.
13. ¿Cuándo ellos quieren empezar?
   Quieren empezar mañana.
14. ¿Ellos van a ayudarnos?
15. ¿Cuándo ustedes van a llegar?
   Vamos a llegar pasado mañana.
17. ¿Ellos quieren descansar un rato?
18. Ellos no van a poder empezar hasta el verano.
19. Ellas no quieren ir con él, porque él no puede manejar muy bien.
20. Ellos quieren ver nuestra casa.
21. Ellas no pueden cantar muy bien.
22. Ellas no quieren ir a la fiesta.
23. Ellos van a estar en casa hoy.
24. Ellos van a invitarme a la fiesta.
25. Ellas tienen que hablar español todos los días.
26. Ellas van a llamarnos mañana.
27. Ustedes necesitan estudiar más.
28. No pueden leer.
### Lección veinte y cinco
#### Lesson 25

**MORTAR**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Pronunciation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>133.</td>
<td>The Spanish for <em>hour</em> is <strong>hora</strong>. Imagine someone really wants to see you, you say, &quot;don't worry I will see you in an <strong>hour</strong> or a few hours at the most.&quot;</td>
<td>(OH RAH)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>134.</td>
<td>The Spanish for <em>no one or nobody</em> is <strong>nadie</strong>. Nadia Cominiche was a famous gymnast now she's a <strong>nobody</strong>.</td>
<td>(NAH DEE EH)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>135.</td>
<td>The Spanish word for <em>almost</em> is <strong>casi</strong>. Imagine a mother says to her son, who drives fast, &quot;what are you a kamikaze you <strong>almost</strong> killed yourself.&quot;</td>
<td>(KAH SEE)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>136.</td>
<td>The Spanish for <em>with them</em> is <strong>con ellos</strong>. You will remember with him - <strong>con él</strong>. To make the plural with them (males) you simply add los and remove the accent to make <strong>con ellos</strong>.</td>
<td>(KOHN EH YOHS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>137.</td>
<td>The Spanish for <em>with them</em> (all females) is <strong>con ellas</strong>. You will remember with her - <strong>con ella</strong>. To make the plural with them (females) you simply add s to make <strong>con ellas</strong>.</td>
<td>(KOHN EH YAHS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>138.</td>
<td>The Spanish for <em>maybe</em> is <strong>tal vez</strong>. Imagine you have a toga party and you think <strong>maybe</strong> I will make a <strong>towel vest</strong>.</td>
<td>(TAHL VEHS)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Spanish Speaking Hints**
*Communication Multiplied #22*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Would they like a coffee?</th>
<th>¿A ellos les gustaría un café?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>You will remember this structure</td>
<td>Les gusta to you all it is pleasing / you all like</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Les gustaría to you all it would be pleasing / you all would like</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

As you may have guessed these structures can also be used to talk about the third person.

| Les gusta to them all it is pleasing / they like |
| Les gustaría to them all it would be pleasing / they would like |

When it is not obvious who is the object of the sentence Spanish speakers use these identifiers *a ellos, a ellas (all females)* and *a ustedes* to identify who is the object

| A ellos les gusta to them it is pleasing / them they like |
| A ellas les gusta to them it is pleasing / them they (all women) like |
| A ustedes les gusta to you (all) it is pleasing / you all you like |

| A ellos les gustaría to them it would be pleasing / them they would like |
| A ellas les gustaría to them it would be pleasing / them they (women) would like |
| A ustedes les gustaría to you (all) it would be pleasing / you all you would like |

Again the best way to understand is to practice. So go ahead and practice understanding in exercise 25B and then use these structures to create Spanish in Exercise 25D.
Ejercicio 25A
Write the English words on the line

1. The English word for tal vez is __________________
2. The English words for con ellos are __________________
3. The English words for con ellas are __________________
4. The English word for casi is __________________
5. The English words for nadie are __________________
6. The English word for hora is __________________

Respuestas del ejercicio 25A

1. maybe
2. with them
3. with them (females)
4. almost
5. no one / nobody
6. hour
Ejercicio 25B Translate into English

1. Tal vez ustedes pueden practicar el español con ellos.
2. Ellos necesitan aprender más español para hablar con nosotros. 
   Sí, van a estudiar en clases privadas.
3. Ellas necesitan un taxi.
   Voy a llamar un taxi para ellas ahora mismo.
4. Los estudiantes no quieren invitar a su maestro a la fiesta.
   ¿Por qué no quieren invitarlo? 
   Porque no les gusta el maestro.
5. Ellas quieren ir a un restaurante típico, les gustaría probar la comida tradicional de aquí.
6. Él va a gastar casi todo su dinero.
7. Nadie quiere ir conmigo.
8. ¿A ellos les gusta la comida? 
   Sí, ellos les encanta la comida.
9. ¿Quién puede ayudar a Lisa? 
   Nadie puede ayudarla hoy.
10. Ella puede hablar toda la noche sin respirar.
11. Quiero probar casi toda la comida en el menú.
12. La compañía va a pagar casi todos los costos.
13. Él va a hablar por una hora.
15. Me gustaría poder hablar más español con ustedes.
16. Lo siento, no quiero trabajar más con ustedes.
17. Tienen que aprender más español para poder hablar con él.
18. Tal vez ustedes pueden estudiar con Miguel. 
   Sí, vamos a estudiar con él todas las tardes en la cafetería.
   Sí, voy a hablar con él todos los días.
20. Me gusta practicar español con ella.
21. Él va a trabajar allá con ella.
22. Tal vez ellos van a hablar con ella más tarde.
23. Nadie puede ayudarme.
Respuestas del ejercicio 25B

1. Maybe you (all) can practice (the) Spanish with them.
2. They need to learn more Spanish in order to speak with us.
   Yes, they are going to study in private classes.
3. They (females) need a taxi.
   I am going to call a taxi for them right now.
4. The students don't want to invite their teacher to the party.
   Why don't they want to invite him?
   Because they don't like the teacher.
5. They (females) want to go to a typical restaurant, they would like to try the traditional food (of) here.
6. He is going to spend almost all his money.
7. Nobody wants to go with me.
8. Do they like the food?
   Yes, they love the food.
9. Who can help Lisa?
   Nobody can help her today.
10. She can speak all the night without (to breath) breathing.
11. I want to try almost all the food on the menu.
12. The company is going to pay almost all the costs.
13. He is going to speak for an hour.
14. They would like to speak with you (all).
15. I would like to be able to speak more Spanish with you (all).
16. I am sorry, I don't want to work (any) more with you (all).
17. You (all) have to learn more Spanish in order to be able to speak with him.
18. Maybe you (all) can study with Miguel.
   Yes, we are going to study with him (all the afternoons) every afternoon in the cafeteria.
19. You need to speak more with him in order to practice Spanish.
   Yes, I am going to speak with him (all the days) every day.
20. I like to practice Spanish with her.
21. He is going to work there with her.
22. Maybe they are going to speak with her later.
23. Nobody can help me.
Ejercicio 25C
Write the Spanish words on the line

1. The Spanish words for **maybe** are  
2. The Spanish words for **with them** are  
3. The Spanish words for **with them (females)** are  
4. The Spanish word for **almost** is  
5. The Spanish word for **no one / nobody** is  
6. The Spanish word for **hour** is

Respuestas del ejercicio 25C

1. tal vez
2. con ellos
3. con ellas
4. casi
5. nadie
6. hora
Ejercicio 25D Translate into Spanish
If you see any personal pronouns in brackets use Spanish pronouns.

1. Maybe we are going to be able to speak more Spanish with you (all) soon.
2. We are going to be with you all in Mexico (the) next weekend.
3. I am sorry, I can't be with you (all) today.
4. Maybe (she) is going to go back with Mario.
   *Yes, she is going to go back with him.*
5. Do (they) like Mexico?
   *Yes, they love Mexico.*
6. We are going to have breakfast with them (females) tomorrow.
7. (You all) need to speak with them as soon as possible.
8. I am going to have dinner with her tomorrow night.
9. I have to study almost (all the days) everyday.
10. (They) have to work almost all the weekends.
11. Nobody has to work this weekend.
12. Maybe (they) don't like (to live) living here.
   *No, they love (to live) living here.*
13. (They females) like to sing.
14. (You all) are going to be able to speak Spanish soon.
15. Why don't (they) like to travel?
16. Would (they females) like to go to a Mexican restaurant?
17. We can walk with her to the hotel.
18. Do (they) like to read?
   *No, they don't like to read much.*
19. (You all) are going to understand more after (to study) studying in Mexico.
20. When do (you all) want to travel?
   *We want to go the day after tomorrow in the afternoon.*
21. Can (you all) hear (listen) me?
   *Yes, we can hear you (man).*
22. I can practice almost every day (all the days).
23. Do (you all) want to find a hotel?
   *Yes, we want to find a hotel now.*
Respuestas del ejercicio 25D

1. Tal vez vamos a poder hablar más español con ustedes pronto.
2. Vamos a estar con ustedes en México el próximo fin de semana.
3. Lo siento, no puedo estar con ustedes hoy.
4. Tal vez ella va a regresar con Mario.
   Sí, va a regresar con él.
5. ¿A ellos les gusta México?
   Sí, les encanta México.
6. Vamos a desayunar con ellas mañana.
7. Ustedes necesitan hablar con ellos cuanto antes.
8. Voy a cenar con ella mañana en la noche.
9. Tengo que estudiar casi todos los días.
10. ¿A ellos les gusta México?
   Sí, les encanta México.
11. ¿A ellos les gusta vivir aquí?
   No, a ellos les encanta vivir aquí.
13. ¿A ellas les gusta leer?
   No, no les gusta leer mucho.
14. Ustedes van a poder hablar español pronto.
15. ¿Por qué a ellos no les gusta viajar?
16. ¿A ellas les gustaría ir a un restaurante mexicano?
17. Podemos caminar con ella al hotel.
18. ¿A ellos les gusta leer?
   No, no les gusta leer mucho.
19. Ustedes van a comprender más después de estudiar en México.
20. ¿Cuándo ustedes quieren viajar?
   Queremos ir pasado mañana en la tarde.
21. ¿Ustedes pueden escucharme?
   Sí, podemos escucharlo.
22. Puedo practicar casi todos los días.
23. ¿Ustedes quieren encontrar un hotel?
   Sí, queremos encontrar un hotel ahora.
Felicidades

In a short time you’ve already learned a lot of ways to express yourself in Spanish. Best of all, you’ve built a great foundation in Spanish that can lead you to speaking with a fluency that few people ever achieve.

The next step in Synergy Spanish is called Bola de Nieve. www.synergyspanishsystems.com It’ll build on the momentum you have already achieved and get your Spanish really flowing.

Bola de Nieve means snowball in Spanish. Yet, when you think about Spanish it’s more likely beaches, tropical climates and delicious foods come to mind rather than snow.

I called Synergy Spanish 2, Bola de Nieve because becoming fluent in Spanish is now as easy for you as rolling a snowball downhill. You already have all the pieces you need to take your Spanish to a new level of fluency and expression.

You see, you actually know more about Spanish structure than most people know after sitting through difficult grammar classes. Best of all, you can easily take what you already know and multiply your Spanish, so you’ll speak even more freely, expressively and confidently.

Synergy verbs and Brick Verbs are not the only way to make Spanish sentences; they are just the most useful. Let’s have a quick look at other ways to make Spanish sentences.

First let’s examine a little closer the Synergy Verbs and the Brick Verbs (infinitives) that they derive from.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Brick</th>
<th>1st person</th>
<th>2nd person</th>
<th>3rd person</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>to</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>you</td>
<td>he/she/it</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Necesitar</td>
<td>necesito</td>
<td>necesita</td>
<td>necesita</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IR</td>
<td>voy a</td>
<td>va a</td>
<td>va a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Querer</td>
<td>quiero</td>
<td>quiere</td>
<td>quiere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tener que</td>
<td>tengo que</td>
<td>tiene que</td>
<td>tiene que</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poder</td>
<td>puedo</td>
<td>puede</td>
<td>puede</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gustar</td>
<td>me gusta</td>
<td>le gusta</td>
<td>le gusta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Encantar</td>
<td>me encanta</td>
<td>le encanta</td>
<td>le encanta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gustar</td>
<td>me gustaría</td>
<td>le gustaría</td>
<td>le gustaría</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Here is the good news.

80% of Spanish verbs follow the pattern of necesitar (to need).

Nearly all Spanish brick verbs that end in AR follow the necesitar (to need) pattern. Let’s look at the ones you know that follow this pattern on the next page.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Brick to</th>
<th>1&lt;sup&gt;st&lt;/sup&gt; person I</th>
<th>2&lt;sup&gt;nd&lt;/sup&gt; person you</th>
<th>3&lt;sup&gt;rd&lt;/sup&gt; person he, she, it</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hablar</td>
<td>hablo</td>
<td>habla</td>
<td>habla</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visitar</td>
<td>visito</td>
<td>visita</td>
<td>visita</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invitar</td>
<td>invitó</td>
<td>invitá</td>
<td>invitá</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ayudar</td>
<td>ayudo</td>
<td>ayuda</td>
<td>ayuda</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estudiar</td>
<td>estudio</td>
<td>estudia</td>
<td>estudia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regresar</td>
<td>regreso</td>
<td>regresa</td>
<td>regresa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viajar</td>
<td>viajo</td>
<td>viaja</td>
<td>viaja</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pasar</td>
<td>paso</td>
<td>pasa</td>
<td>pasa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cocinar</td>
<td>cocino</td>
<td>cocina</td>
<td>cocina</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tomar</td>
<td>tomo</td>
<td>toma</td>
<td>toma</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Terminar</td>
<td>termino</td>
<td>termina</td>
<td>termina</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caminar</td>
<td>camino</td>
<td>camina</td>
<td>camina</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Desayunar</td>
<td>desayuno</td>
<td>desayuna</td>
<td>desayuna</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manejar</td>
<td>manexo</td>
<td>maneja</td>
<td>maneja</td>
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<tr>
<td>Descansar</td>
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<td>descansa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Comprar</td>
<td>compra</td>
<td>compra</td>
<td>compra</td>
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<tr>
<td>Gastar</td>
<td>gasto</td>
<td>gasta</td>
<td>gasta</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cenar</td>
<td>cenó</td>
<td>cena</td>
<td>cena</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Esperar</td>
<td>espero</td>
<td>espera</td>
<td>espera</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buscar</td>
<td>busco</td>
<td>busca</td>
<td>busca</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Olvidar</td>
<td>olvido</td>
<td>olvida</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Besar</td>
<td>beso</td>
<td>besa</td>
<td>besa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Escuchar</td>
<td>escuchó</td>
<td>escucha</td>
<td>escucha</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Llegar</td>
<td>llego</td>
<td>llega</td>
<td>llega</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pagar</td>
<td>pago</td>
<td>paga</td>
<td>paga</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practicar</td>
<td>practico</td>
<td>practica</td>
<td>practica</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ordenar</td>
<td>ordeno</td>
<td>ordena</td>
<td>ordena</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cantar</td>
<td>canto</td>
<td>canta</td>
<td>canta</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Now see if you understand these Spanish sentences.

1. Manejo mi coche todos los días.
2. Desayuno en casa.
3. Camino a mi casa.
4. ¿Usted ayuda a su mamá?
5. Él besa a su esposa.
6. Juan siempre paga la comida.
7. Estudio español.
8. No tomo.
9. Elena descansa los fines de semana.
10. Ceno con mi familia todas las noches.
11. David canta bien.
12. La clase de español termina a las 8:00 p.m.

The answers are on the bottom of this page.
How about that, you are already understand 80% of Spanish verb conjugations without all the brain strain and headaches. In *Synergy Spanish 2*, it’ll be really easy for you to multiple your Spanish.

Let’s have look at the plural forms.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plural Spanish verbs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Brick to</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hablar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visitar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Invitar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ayudar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Estudiar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regresar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Viajar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Pasar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Tomar</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Caminar</td>
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<tr>
<td>Desayunar</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Practicar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ordenar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cantar</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
See if you understand these Spanish sentences.

1. No hablamos español.
2. María y Elena ayudan a los estudiantes.
3. ¿Donde estudian ustedes?
4. Ellos regresan mañana.
5. Ellos siempre olvidan llamar.
6. Llegamos mañana a las 6:00 p.m.
7. Siempre ordenamos los tacos aquí.
8. ¿Practican mucho ustedes?
9. Todos ustedes cantan muy bien.
10. David y Omar toman mucho.
11. Ellas cocinan para todos.
12. Caminamos todas las mañanas.

The answers are below on this page.

1. We don’t speak Spanish.
2. Maria and Elena help the students.
3. Where do you all study?
4. They come back tomorrow.
5. They always forget to call.
6. We arrive tomorrow at 6:00 p.m.
7. We always order the tacos here.
8. Do you all practice a lot?
9. You all sing very well.
10. David and Omar drink a lot.
11. They cook for everyone.
12. We walk every morning.
Well, there you go, you are further down the road to Spanish grammar than if you’d studied grammar. You are also set up to start speaking with a lot more fluency. If you want to know more about taking your Synergy Spanish to the next level, go to www.SynergySpanishLevel2.com for more information.
Wait there’s more

You’re still here. Great! You’re the type of person I like to have as a student. Enthusiasm is really important to your success and it’s a lot more fun for me to help students who are eager to learn more.

You’ll be glad you read this far.

So far, you have learned the formal way to use Spanish. It’s the best one to start with as it’s the easiest to learn. Also by using the formal form first you won’t disrespect anyone unintentionally.

Now is the perfect time to expand your Spanish and learn the informal form. It makes your Spanish more conversational, especially with niños y sus amigos de habla hispana (Spanish speaking friends).

The goods news is that with the solid foundation you have learned already, the informal forms are going to be just another easy step for you. I’ve put some free lessons for you on this page to get you started:

http://www.synergyspanishsystems.com/dialog.html

Again congratulations on your achievements so far. Enjoy your Spanish.
Let me know your comments at:

marcus@synergyspanish.com

Hasta la próxima

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