





## **Useful Facts**

- **★ Population:** 1.3 billion
- ★ Language: Mandarin Chinese is spoken; Simplified Chinese is written.
- ★ Time difference: 8AM in Beijing is 7PM in Chicago now; In winter, it will be 6PM in Chicago.
- **★ Time Zones:** There is only one time zone for all of China.
- **★ Currency Conversion:** US\$1.00 = 7 RMB
- ★ Government/Religion: Communist Party/No official religion.
- ★ Geographic Size: Similar in size to the United States. Shaped like a Rooster!
- ★ Chinese Names: Surname typically comes first, and given name is second.

  However, some people will flip this when in the West, so it's best to ask which is the surname.

### **Chinese Cities**

- ★ Tier 1 City: Beijing, Shanghai & Guangzhou
- ★ Tier 2 Cities: Provincial capitals, subprovincial cities, SEZs, and other more developed cities with cultural and economic influence.
- ★ Tier 3 Cities: These are generally made up by open coastal cities, high income cities, and cities with significant economic development which you may not have heard of.



## **Cultural Background**

- ★ China is a Confucian society. Respect for elders and position is of utmost importance.
- ★ Theory of concentric circles governs social interaction.
- ★ Indirect culture focus on respect versus transparency.
- ★ Relationships (guanxi) are of great importance in all aspects of life.



## Concept of "Face"

- ★ Although it is difficult to define the true meaning of the concept of "face," it roughly translates to the idea of a person's outward image and reputation.
- ★ Receiving face provides a great sense of pride in Chinese culture, and losing face is a tremendous source of embarrassment.
- ★ Face is the most common driving motivator in purchase and travel decisions.



## **Business Etiquette**

- ★ A handshake greeting is sufficient. There is no bowing, as in Japanese culture.
- ★ Exchange business cards with two hands and pay special attention to the card. Treat card with proper respect, read it and do not write on it.
- ★ Respect should be given to business leaders, according to hierarchy with the highest ranking person being greeted first.



## **Numbers**

- ★ Numbers are important and have meaning as they sound similar to certain words in Chinese.
- ★ 8 is a symbol of luck and fortune and should be used whenever possible.
- ★ 4 is a symbol of death and should be avoided.



## Colors

- ★ Colors have meaning.
- ★ White (and sometimes black) typically have funeral/death connotations, and while do not need to be completely avoided, should be used carefully (no black frame, white candles, white hemp linen, etc..).
- ★ Bright colors such as red, gold, yellow and purple are symbols of luck, royalty and happiness.
- ★ Green is a popular color and taps into eco-meanings, except in hats!
- ★ Don't write name in red ink.

## Symbols

- ★ Be aware of symbols.
- ★ Don't give a clock, white flowers, white candles, an umbrella or sharp objects as as gifts.
- ★ Fish signifies abundance, and is a considered lucky dish to serve.
- ★ Chinese love chrysanthemum tea, as it is believed to have many health benefits.
- ★ Avoid chrysanthemum flower for decoration or gifts; it is traditionally the flower for mourning.

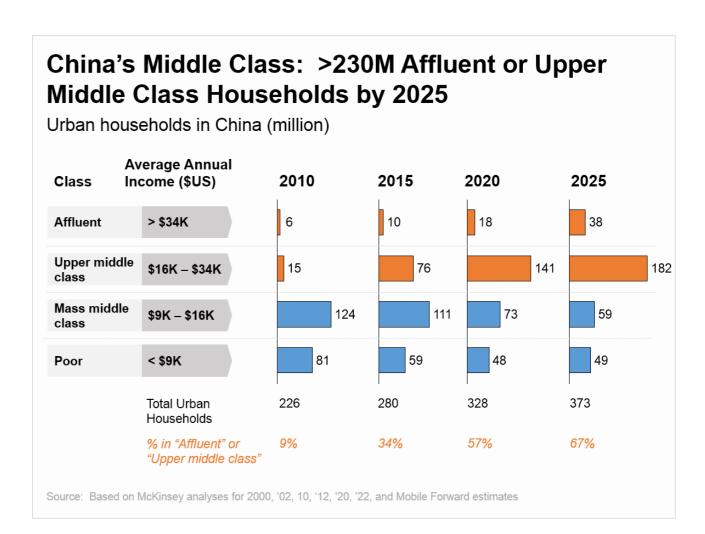


## China: A Global Economic Power

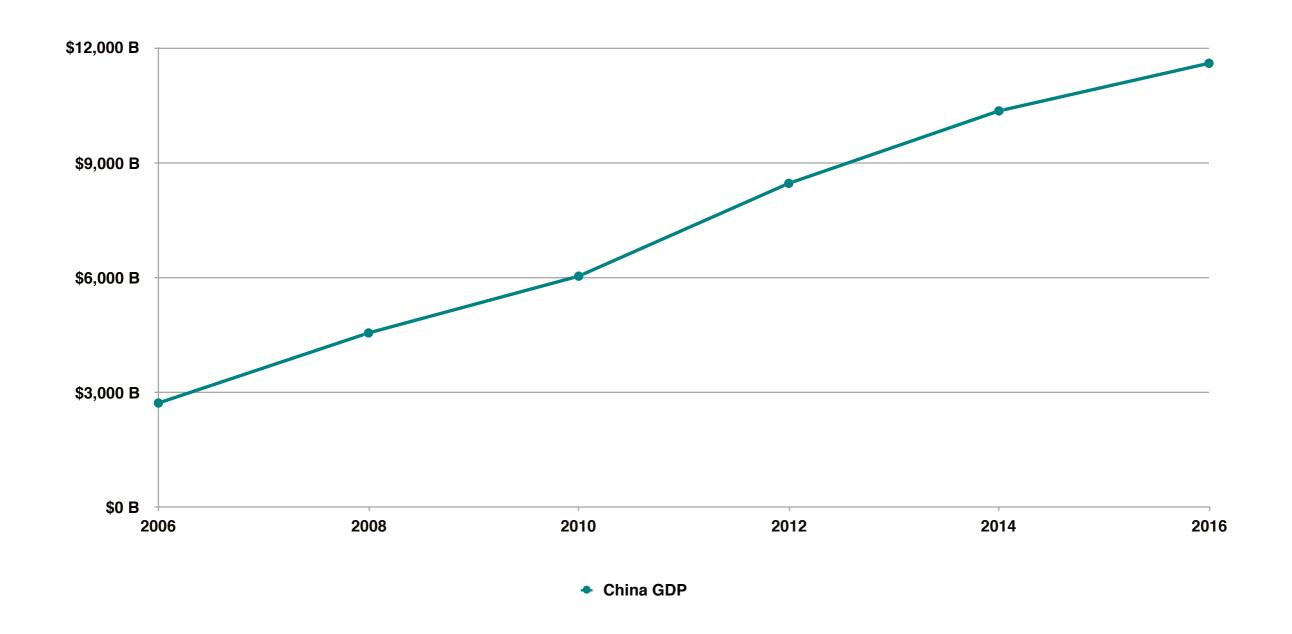


- Dramatic increase in wealth
- Loosening control over citizens' travel overseas

Rise of China as a global economic power



## The Status of Chinese Economy

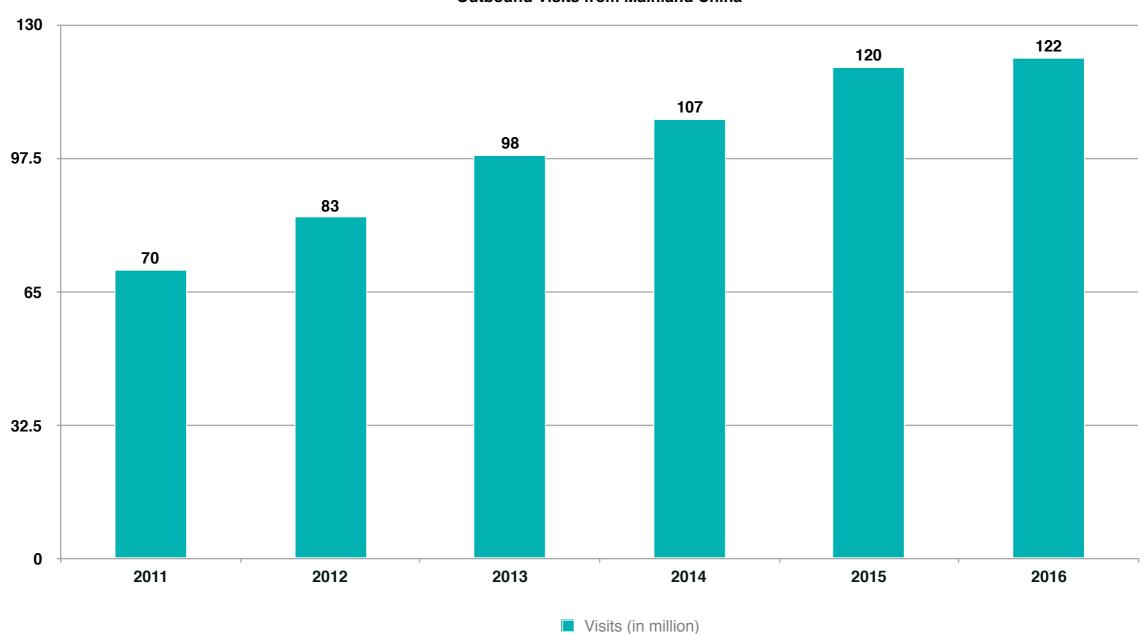


## **Approved Destination Status**

- ★ Travel overseas has only recently opened up for many Chinese citizens, effectively opening up the world and making travel an aspirational lifestyle.
- ★ China has a special policy for its outbound tourism: Approved Destination Status (ADS), a bilateral agreement to allow group tours to the approved destination.
- ★ Australia and New Zealand obtained ADS status in 1999; Japan in 2000, and 26 EU countries in 2004. In January 2005, United Kingdom and Canada were approved.
- ★ U.S. was approved for the ADS status in 2007.

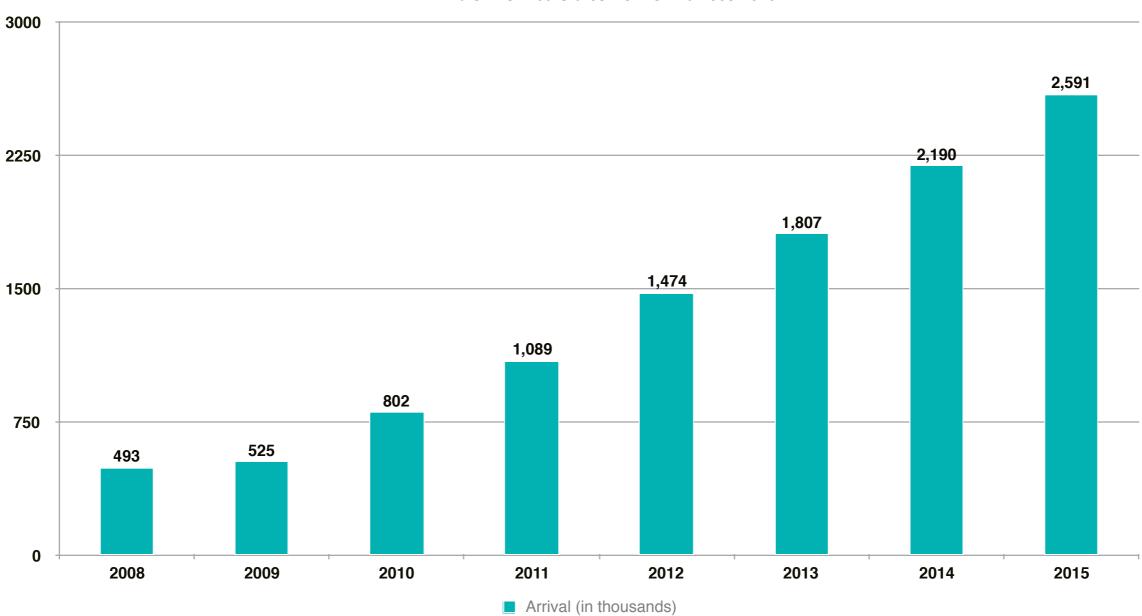
## **China Outbound Market Growth**

#### **Outbound Visits from Mainland China**



## **Inbound into United States**

#### Arrivals in United States from China 2008-2015



Source: US Office of Travel & Tourism Industries

## Highest Spender in the U.S.

Country	Spending (in billions)	YoY Change
China	26.9	+12%
Canada	22.1	-16%
Mexico	18.9	+1%
Japan	16.6	-6%
Brazil	13.6	+1%
UK	12.6	-7%
India	10.6	+8%
South Korea	8.8	+13%
Germany	6.8	-8%
France	5.7	-3%

2015 Tourism Spending in the U.S. by Country

Source: National Travel & Tourism Office

## China Market Recap

Market Growth

China's population has grown by the entire population of Australia in 5 years

Economic Growth

Second largest economy in the world after the US. with willingness to spend on travel soaring

Currency Exchange Rate

Chinese currency RMB is pegged to the US. dollar

Disposable Incomes

Chinese incomes are growing at 10% per year

Arrivals into the U.S.

#1 overseas market for the US. within 5 years

## **China Market Recap**

Outbound Travel Growth

120M outbound in 2015 — world's # 1 outbound market; projected to more than double in the next 5 years to 250 million

Chinese Desire to Travel

Travel is the most desired leisure pursuit for 56% of middle and upper-class Chinese

Travel Potential

Less than 9% of China's population is traveling overseas — versus 25% for Korea

Willingness to Spend

Chinese are the No. 1 spending international visitors to the US. with 19% of disposable incomes spent on travel on average

## **Future Growth**



#### Minuscule U.S. Market Share

0.2% of China's population and 2% of Chinese travelers to US.



#### **Positioning**

The US. has the highest intent to visit of any long-haul destination



#### **US Destination Satisfaction**

US. tops list of most satisfying destinations for Chinese



#### **Streamlined US Visa Interview Process**

Under 5 days with 10-year visa now available

## **Future Growth**



#### **Growth in Airlift**

35% increase in lift from China to the US. in 2015



#### **Exploding Secondary Markets**

120 cities with populations of over 1 million



#### **Booming FIT**

With massive growth potential beyond the traditional U.S. gateways



#### **Booming Online and Social Media Channels**

1.28 billion mobile phone subscribers

## **Future Growth**



#### **Rapid Growth of MICE Market**

Perfect China (7,000 pax) Amway (9,000 pax)



#### **Huge Growth in Niche Travel**

Golf, ski, study abroad, real estate, medical tourism etc.



## **Currency Exchange Rate**



Appreciation rate of USD against currencies from top tourism source market

(Chinese Yuan in yellow)

## **Declining Visa Approval Rate**

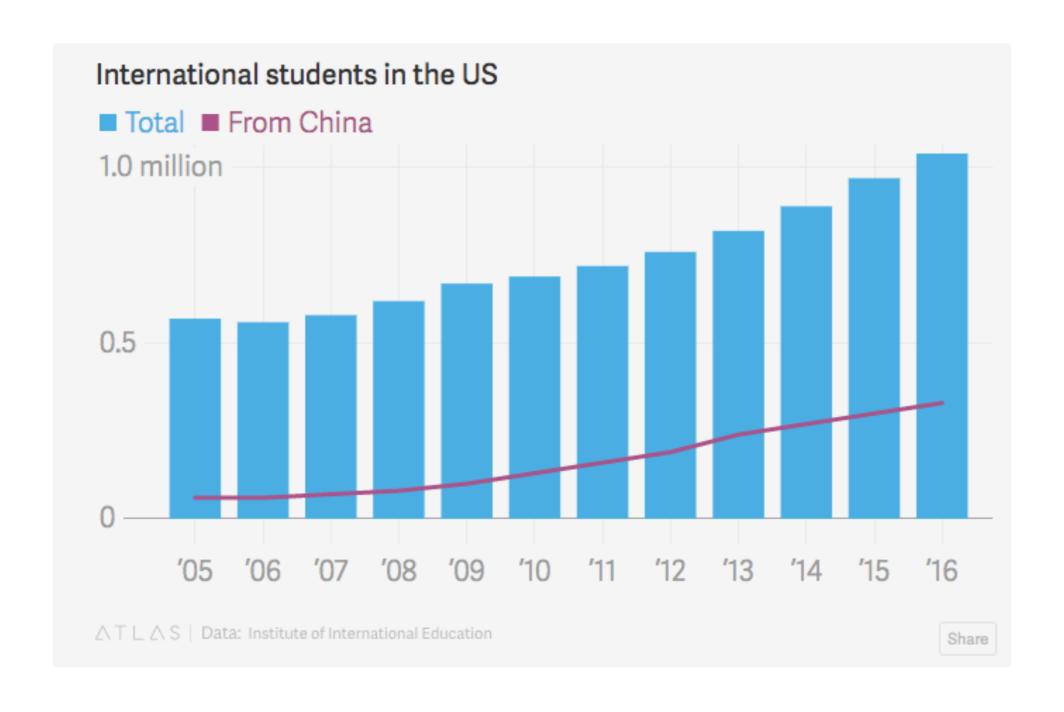
#### **Hawaii News**

## Rejected visas keep thousands from Hawaii

Hawaii will host its largest incentive travel group from China in April, but roughly 40 percent of the group members won't be joining their peers because their visa applications were rejected.

More than 6,000 Nu Skin distributors in China and Hong Kong qualified for the trip, but fewer than 4,000 of them were able to get approved to travel to Hawaii,

## Student Visa Implication





## **Evolving Group Travel**

- ★ High-end groups shrink in size
- ★ VIP groups seek themed travel experience
- ★ Blurred line between independent and group
- ★ MICE and business travel market grow rapidly
- ★ Multi-generation family private groups key driver in peak travel season





## **Tourist 1.0 vs. 2.0**



Hats & Flags

Two star hotels

10 days, 10 cities

**Tour buses** 

**Road trips** 

Four/Five star hotels

**National Parks** 

**Foodie Tours** 

## Rising Independent Travel

- ★ Future growth from Chinese outbound tourism led by an entirely new generation of free independent travelers (FIT).
- ★ Love **out-of-the-ordinary** experiences rather than a laundry list of the usual attractions.
- ★ Demand more individualized travel products and services, requiring DMOs to target them with a range of strategies and communication channels.



## **Group/FIT Ratio**

60 % Group Packages

68 % Group Packages

**US/Canada** 

Long Haul

Chinese Outbound Travel Group vs. FIT

## Who Are They

"More often than not, China's FITs are young, well-educated and relatively affluent."

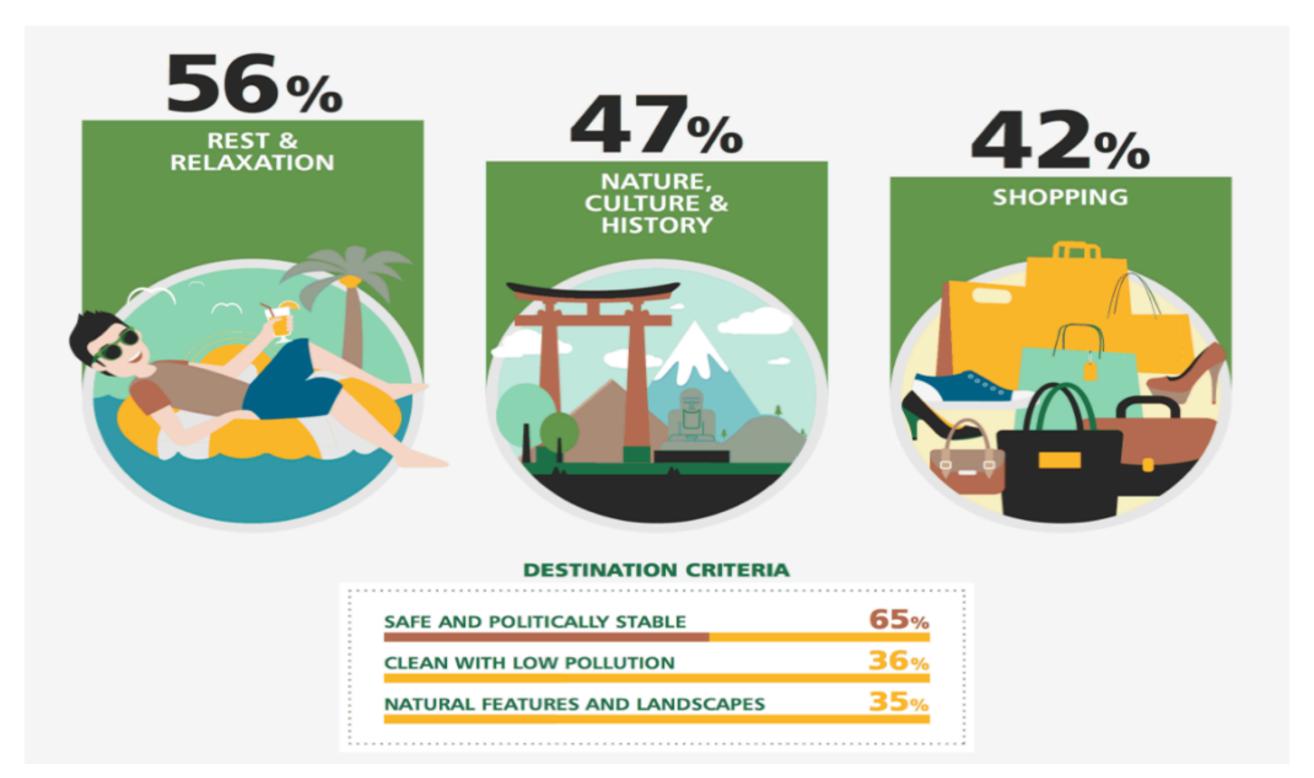
— TripAdvisor

# WHO ARE CHINA'S FITs? MONTHLY EARNINGS TRAVELLERS FROM TOP TRAVELLER ORIGINS: GUANGDONG, SHANGHAI, SICHUAN

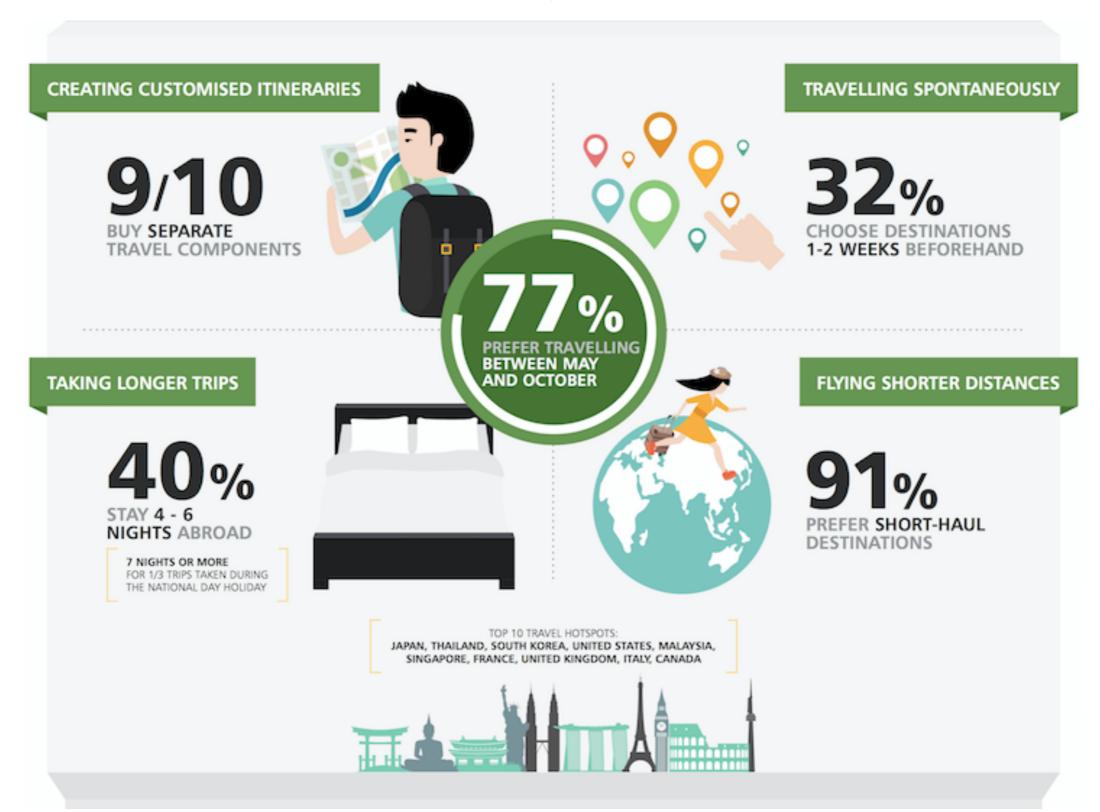
ON AVERAGE, THEY HAVE ALREADY TAKEN

INTERNATIONAL TRIPS IN THEIR LIFETIME!

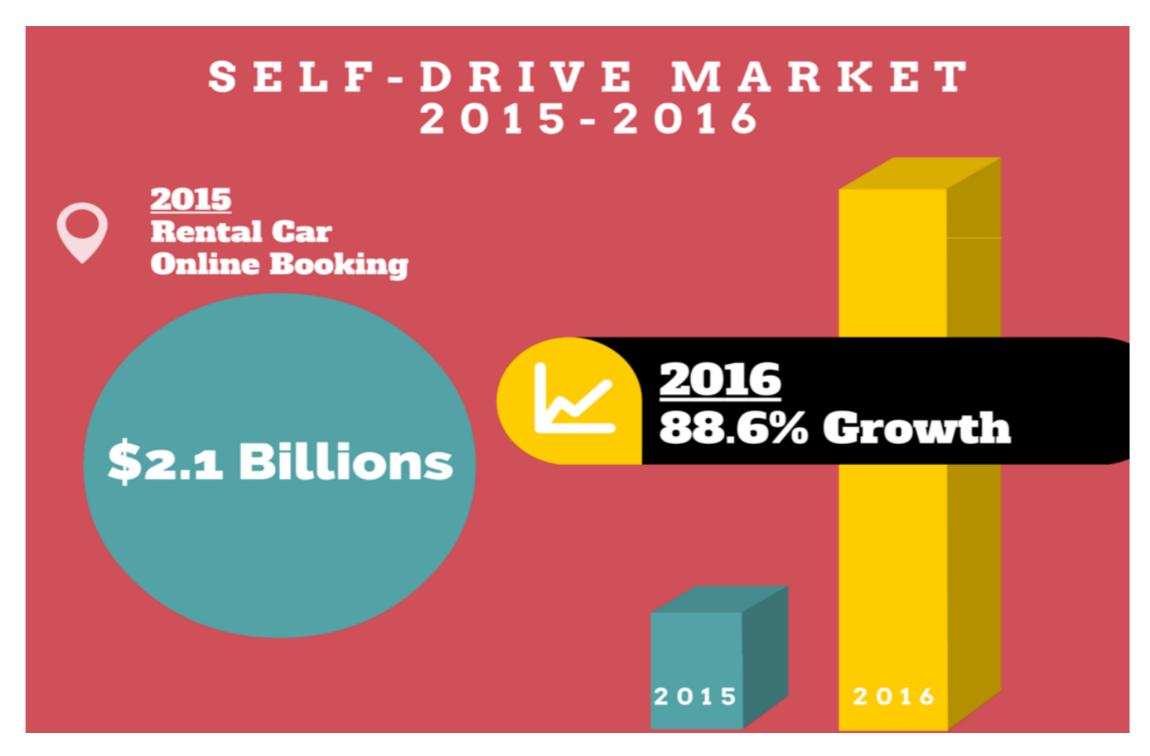
## **Travel Motivations**



## **Traveler Habits**



## **Booming Self-Drive Market**



Source: MaFengWo FIT Report 2016

## Self-Drive Holiday in China



#### **FIT Market Outlook**





In the next 2 years, nearly half of outbound Chinese FITs plan to take more trips

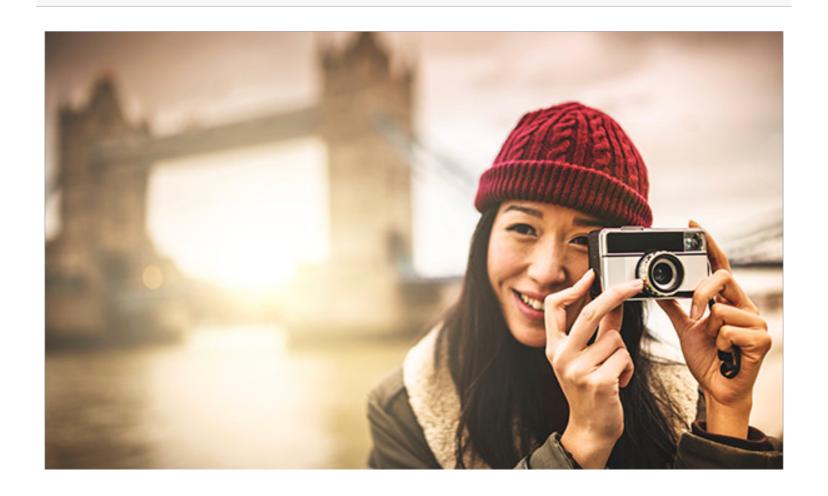




### **Changing Demographic**

#### Chinese Millennials: The \$264 Billion Tourism Industry Target

"Chinese millennials earn, spend and travel more than previous generations."



# Millennials Leading Growth





87% of Chinese travelers under the age of 40; 80% of whom has a Bachelor degree or above.

Two thirds (66%) of this group belong to the high-income bracket

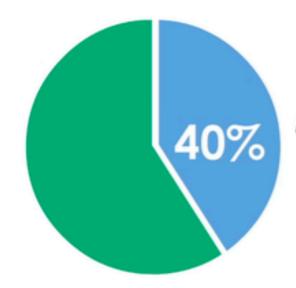




Outspend their parents and grand parents by as much as 40%.

Will drive 55% expansion in China's consumption spending over the next 5 years.

# **They Love Travel**



# Millennials contributed 40% of China's outbound travel



#### They Like to Splurge





Chinese millennial blogger Tao Liang (Mr. Bags) has over 2 million followers on Weibo. He sold 20 luxury Givenchy handbags on his WeChat account within 10 mins.

# **Definition of Luxury Shifting**





For many affluent Chinese, the definition of luxury is shifting from conspicuous spending to experiential luxury.



A report by PR firm Ruder Finn shows that affluent mainland Chinese consumers spent more on travel than on luxury goods in 2015

#### **Love of National Parks**



Yellowstone National Park hired three Chinese speaking rangers in summer 2016 to help meet the demand from the growing number of visitors.

#### **Love of National Parks**



Visiting national parks at home is often a dramatically different experience.

# **Growing Skiing Population**



Skiing is considered a status symbol by China's elite class. Fashion often plays an equally important role.

### Winter Sports Gaining Popularity



After it became the host country of the 2022 Winter Olympics, the Chinese government has launched a nationwide initiative to transform 300 million non-skiers into winter sports enthusiasts.

#### Mobile, Mobile, Mobile



China's smartphone penetration rate is nearly 70%.

#### **INTERNET AND MEDIA**

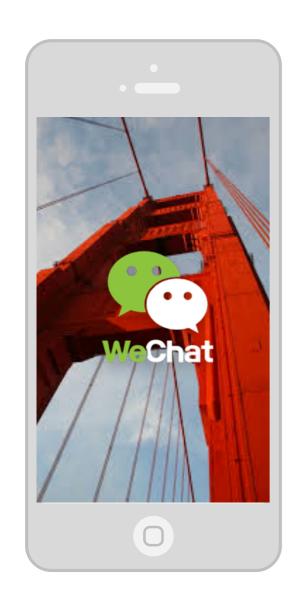
A majority of Chinese consumers access the Internet and consume media through their smartphones.

#### RESEARCH, COMMUNICATE, PURCHASE

Many Chinese consumers prefer to research, communicate and make transactions within one platform. Mobile is the preferred platform for booking.

#### **WECHAT**

WeChat is currently the dominant social media and communication platform in China, with 840 million monthly active users.





#### **Mobile Payment**



#### Why Mobile Payment

#### **★** Safer

Chinese banks offer very little protection when it comes to fraud. All credit card transactions in China are protected by pin code.

#### **★** More Convenient

Consumers can search, purchase and pay in one platform.

#### **★** Lower Processing Fee

Mobile payment processing rate is lower than credit cards.

#### **★** Marketing Opportunity

Sometimes platforms like WeChat Pay and Alipay invest in marketing dollars and leverage their own marketing channels to promote merchants.



### **Travel Trade Ecosystem**

- China's travel trade environment is highly fragmented and competitive, with many state-owned and private players.
- Chinese government is intrinsically linked to the tourism industry from both a regulatory and operational perspective.
- Travel trade tightly control itineraries and travel products.
- Tourism laws aimed to protect customers further restrict flexibility, prohibiting last- minute changes and forbidding any perception of "fleecing" or otherwise misleading tourists.

### **Key Players**

- **Travel Agents**: Primarily offline booking in China. Typically sell travel packages developed by tour operators, but also FIT.
- Tour Operators: Develop travel packages and sell to Chinese customers directly and through travel agents. Almost all are Chinese, and some have opened offices in the United States.
- Receptive Tour Operators: US-based tour operators that contract with Chinese tour operators to execute on-the-ground experiences. Most are solely focused on Chinese visitors, but some cater to a number of countries.
- Online Booking Sites (OTA): Chinese online booking sites, which are geared towards FIT travel and allow for booking flights and hotels separately, as well as offer travel package deals that combine flights, hotel and attractions.
- **Airlines:** Airline capacity has a determining factor for inbound growth into the United States. Chinese and Japanese/Korean airlines play key role in travel patterns.

### **Key Players**

- **Tour Guides:** Typically in-market guide providing localized information. Some are employed by receptive tour operators and some are independent, working with multiple tour operators.
- **Tour Leaders:** Accompanies the group throughout the whole trip. Serves as a liaison and between the tour operator and receptive operator. Typically employed/contracted by tour operator.
- **Through Guide:** Sometimes to save cost, Chinese tour operators will use tour leaders as local tour guides, especially when they are visiting gateway cities.

#### **Tour Operators in China**

- Operate in a highly competitive market.
- Decide itinerary and hold the contract with customers.
- Difficult to sell expensive trips, so they typically focus on low-cost trips with optional add-ons.
- Often rely on commissions and optional addon packages in order to make money on the tours.
- Starting to experiment with high-end and tailored "niche" itineraries.













#### **Receptive Tour Operators**

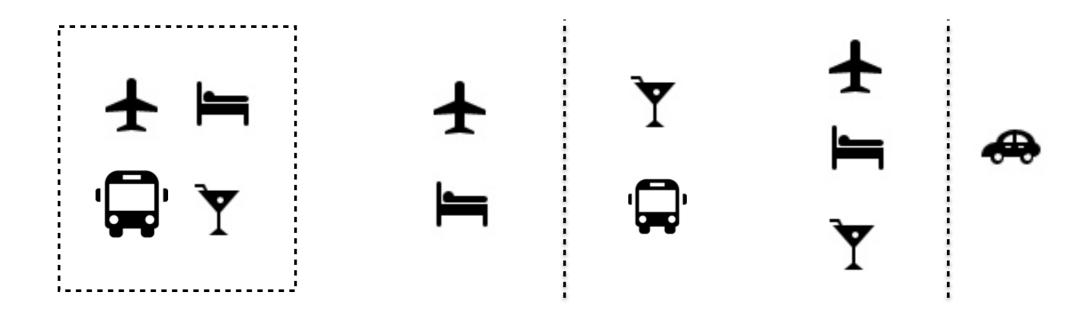
- U.S. based companies that contract with Chinese operators to execute tours on the ground.
- Typically, they are solely focused on Chinese tourists, but some cater to a broader portfolio of countries.
- Have significant influence on itinerary and hotel choices.
- Provide insights on new attractions and sightseeing.
- Increasingly important in reaching semi-FIT and private group segment.







# Package vs. Semi-FIT vs. Private



**Package** 

**Semi-FIT** 

**Private** 







### **Online Travel Agency**

- Ctrip now dominates China's OTA market with its recent acquisition of Qunar.
- The online market is estimated to reach 465 billion yuan (\$75 billion) by 2017, up from only 131.4 billion yuan (\$21 billion) in 2011.
- The package tour segment is experiencing particularly strong growth, as well as online car rental services.
- Listing your product on Fliggy (formerly known as Alitrip) requires you to either open a digital store front on the site or work with an existing agency that already has one.









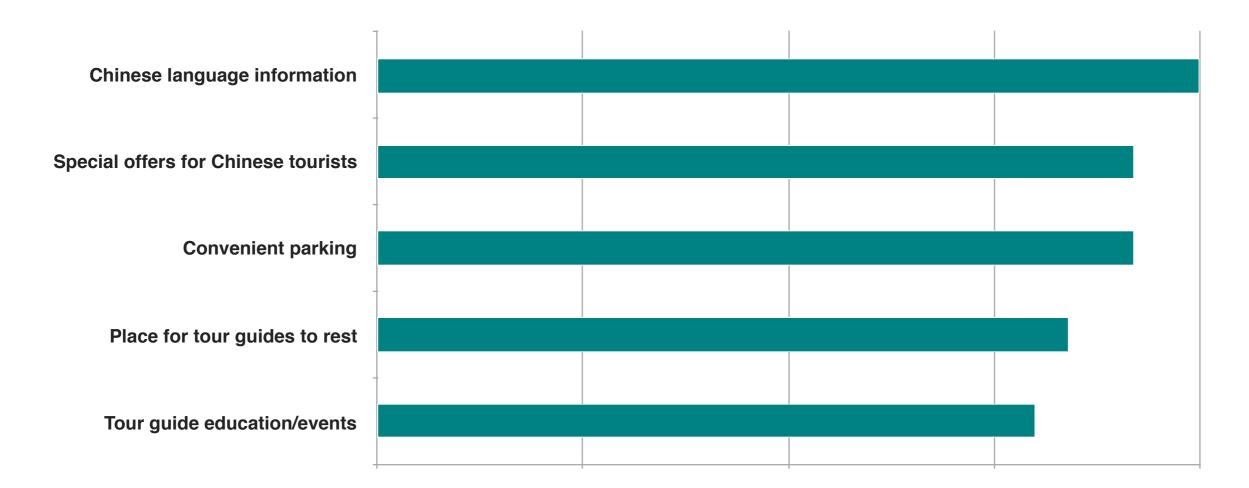


#### **Tour Guide Influence**

- Can be independent or hired by tour operator/receptive operators.
- A few ways they influence travel:
  - Destinations are set, but tour guide influences which locations are visited.
  - Add an unscheduled stop to the itinerary.
  - Suggest other locations for future visits.
  - ◆ A customer might hire a tour guide directly for future visits.

# **Tour Guide Insight**

#### What can tourist attractions provide to help you with your job?



### **Tour Operator Insights: Hotels**

.....

#### What is most important in choosing a hotel for the group?

- Price and location cited as two most important factors (proximity to destinations and freeways)
- Brand awareness and reputation in China very important
- Star rating also a key factor in choosing hotels for tour groups
- Online reviews not cited as a significant influence for tour groups
- Safety of the area is also a consideration

# All stated that pricing including breakfast was of utmost importance. A few tour operators called it a "MUST".

- Additional breakfast rates considered acceptable ranged from \$5 to \$20
- Business groups are more willing to pay extra for breakfast

For MICE operators, percentage of double beds and location are key.

# **Tour Operator Insights: Restaurants**

# What is most important in choosing which restaurants to book for the groups?

- Price is typically first consideration
- Capacity to accommodate large groups is extremely important
- Location a key consideration: should be near or on the way to attractions or hotel
- Chinese food is most preferred food style, followed by Asian food
- Quality of food also a consideration
- Private rooms a plus



### **Tour Operator Insights: Attractions**

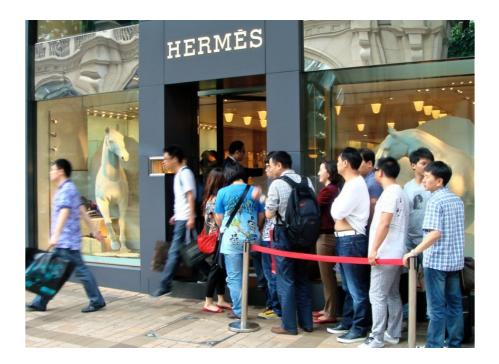
How do you decide which attractions to visit? Would you consider new attractions?

- China operators typically set the itineraries.
- Changes to itinerary must be approved by customers.
- Customers can request additional attractions.
- Education related theme is a key selling point for multi-generation family groups.
- Generally willing to consider new alternatives, but strongly recommend that attractions work to ensure they are included on the itineraries from the China side.
- Consider tailor your product to their interest and schedule.

# **Tour Operator Insights: Shopping**

#### How do you decide which shopping locations to visit?:

- Customer requests
- Location
- Brand selection
- Reputation
- Relationship with the shopping location



- Convenience of parking is very important. It is considered a safety liability to cross a busy street or walk long distances.
- Tour operators/guides try to find shopping locations that will help tourists find what
  is on their pre-set shopping list.

# **Travel Trade Insights: Takeaways**

- Commissions are always a topic of discussion and requested by guides and operators.
- Wi-fi is a popular subject and in high demand.
- Value added services/amenities are appreciated.
- Find ways to alleviate pain points for tour guides/operators.
- Customers have more control. Help the trade sell your location to customers.

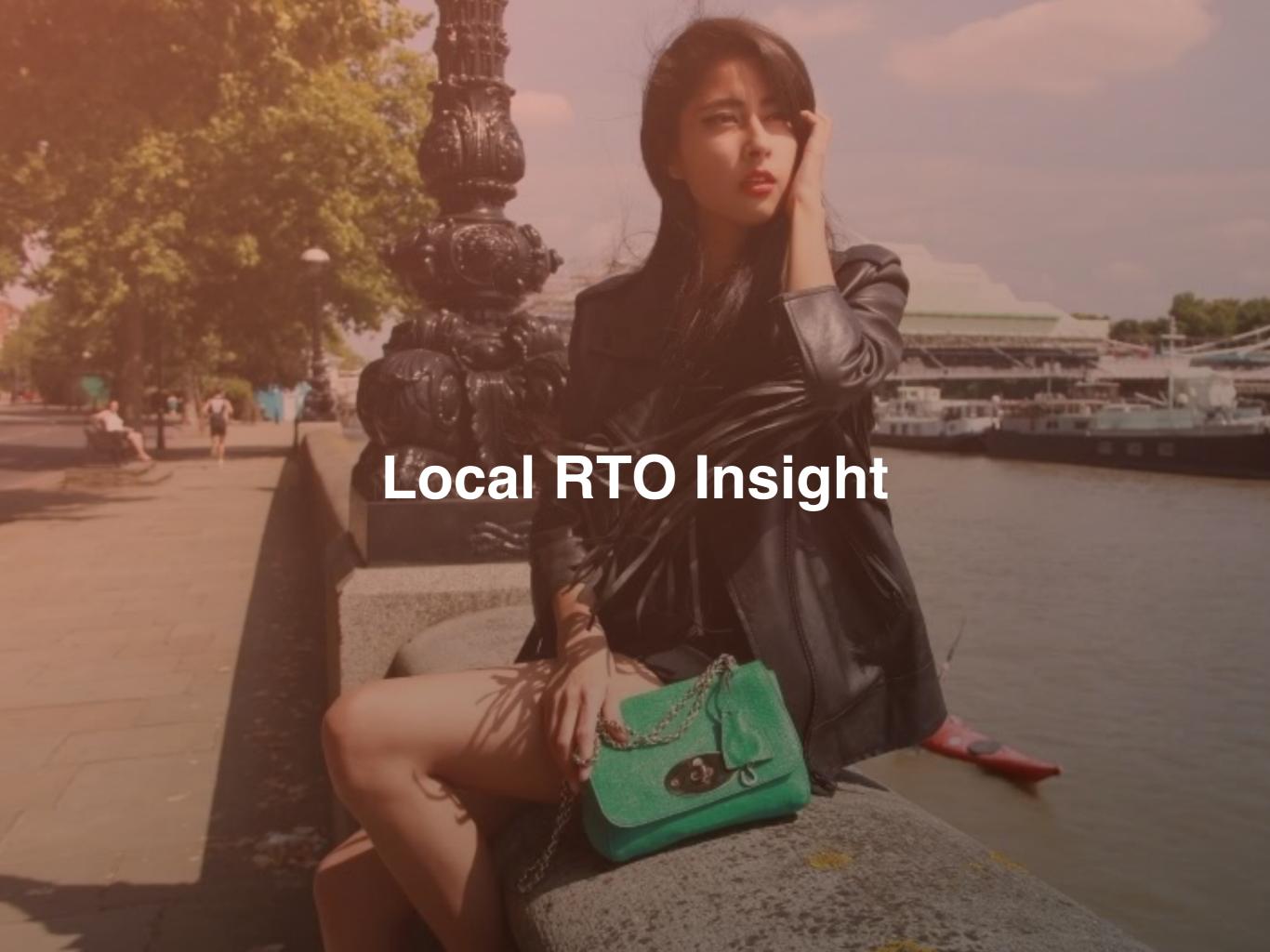
#### **Travel Trade Incentives**

- What type of incentives works for my organization?
- What can I offer? (cash, credit, benefit or amenities)
- Can I partner with anyone? (dining, transportation, retail, attraction, etc)
- Who are the decision makers? (agency, guide, consumer)
- Is it feasible to implement?
- How do I promote it?
- Can I track the results?

#### **Travel Trade Show Calendar**

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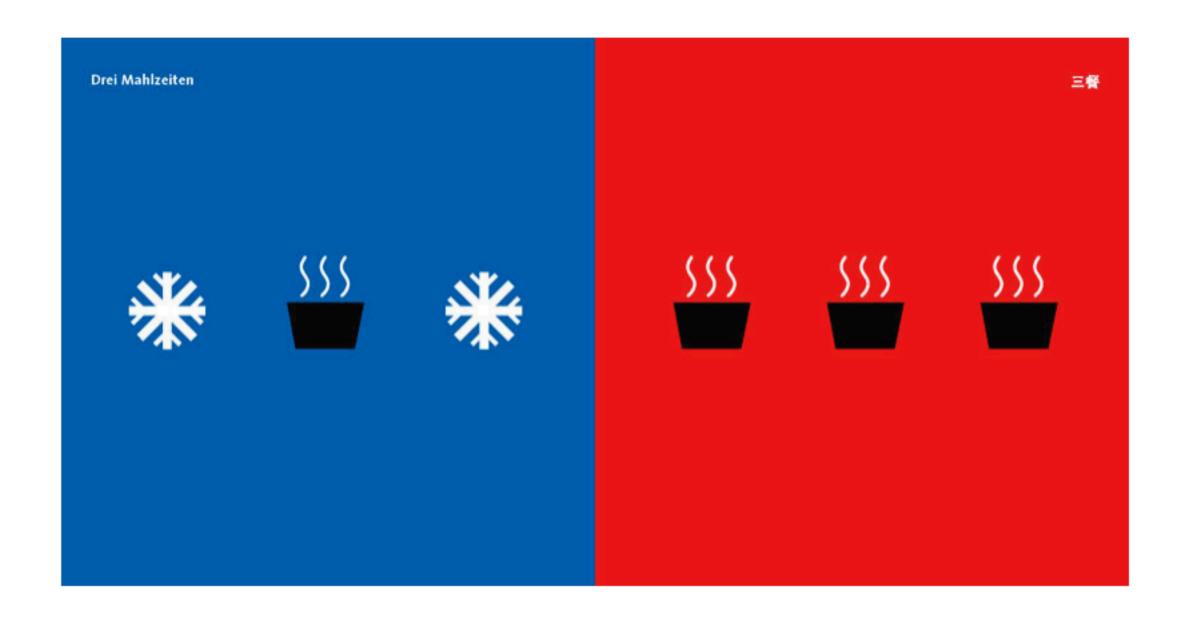
- Active America China I April, 2017 (Portland)
- ITB China I May, 2017 (Shanghai)
- IPW I June, 2017 (Washington, D.C.)
- ILTM I June, 2017 (Shanghai)
- CIBTM I August, 2017 (Beijing)
- CITM I October, 2017 (Kunming)
- GITF I February, 2018 (Guangzhou)



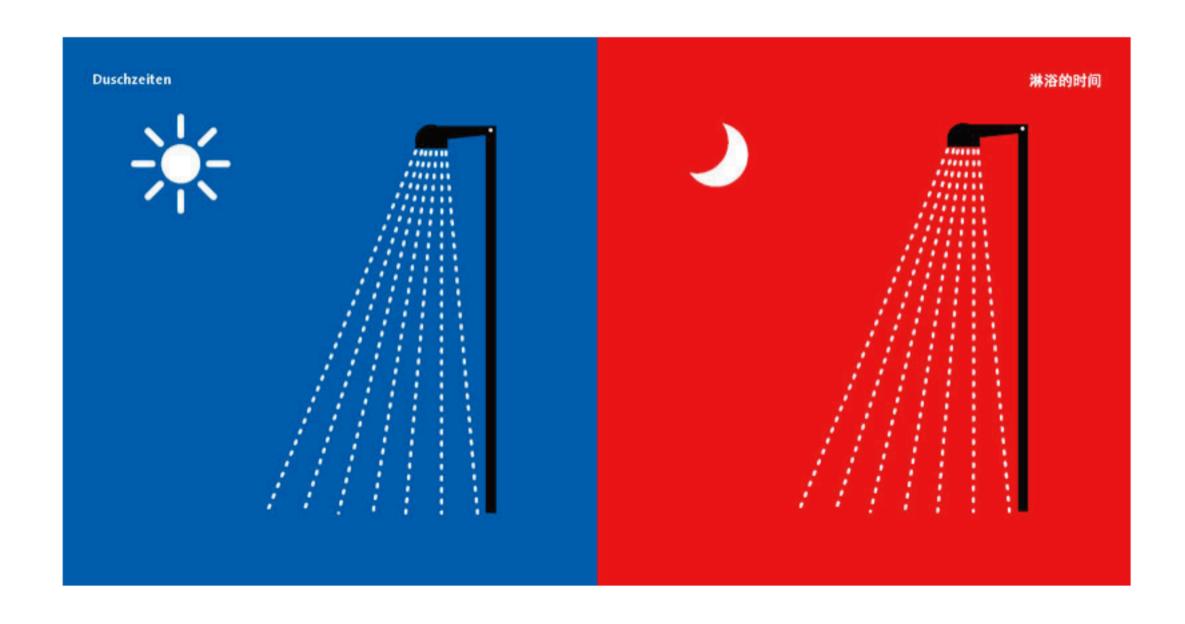




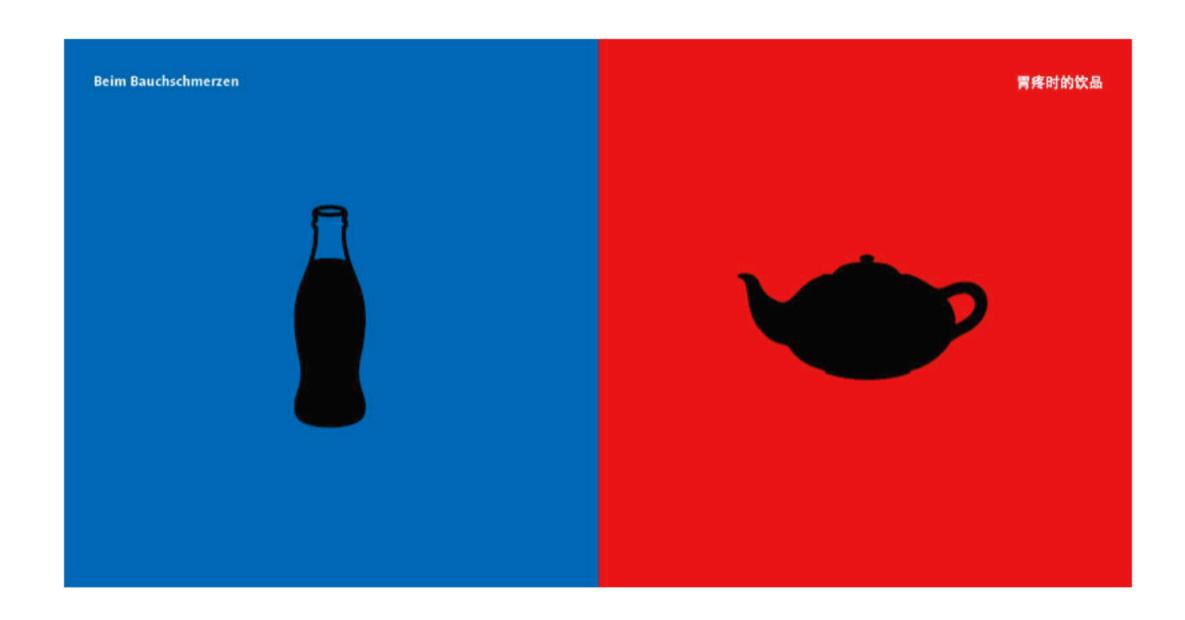
# **Daily Meals**



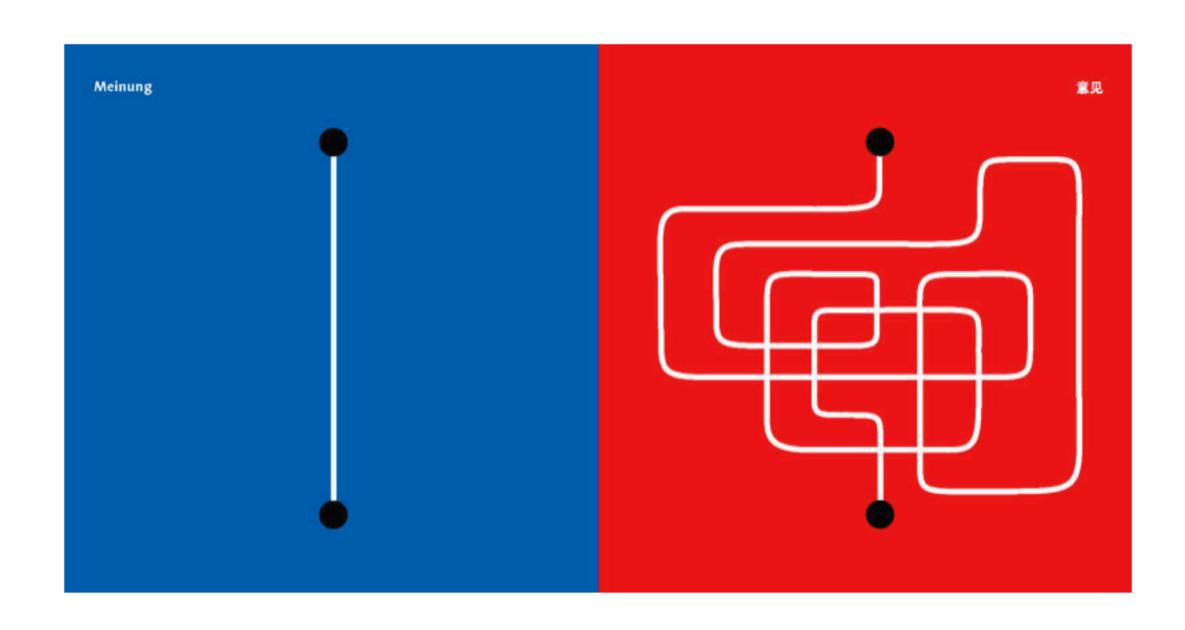
#### **Shower**



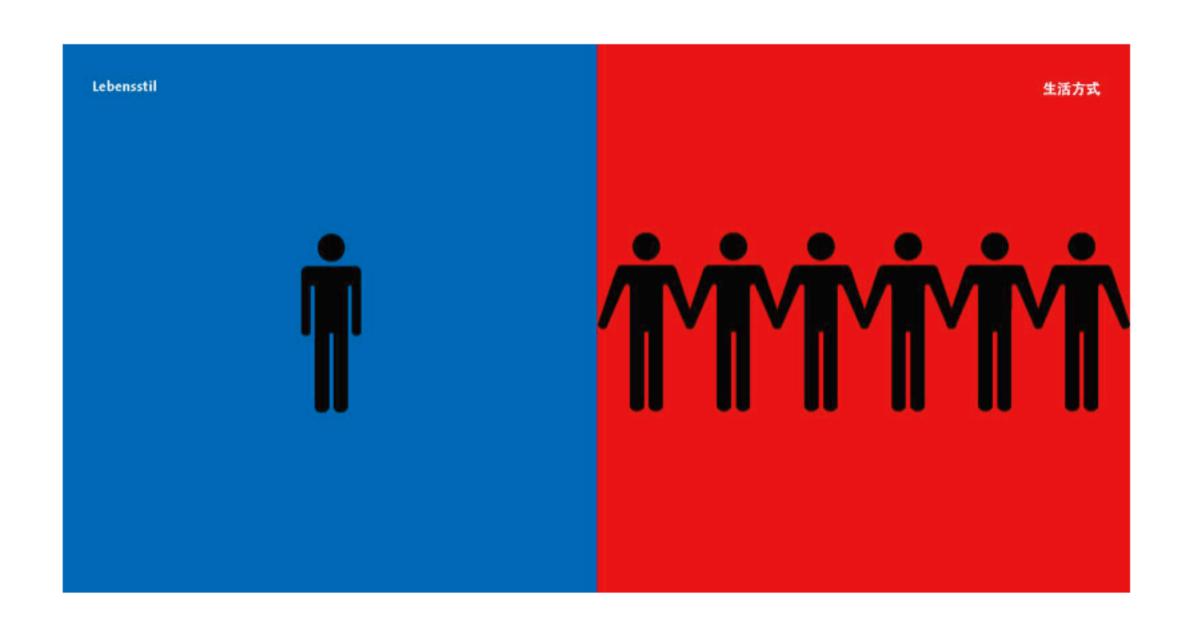
#### **Deal with Stomach Ache**



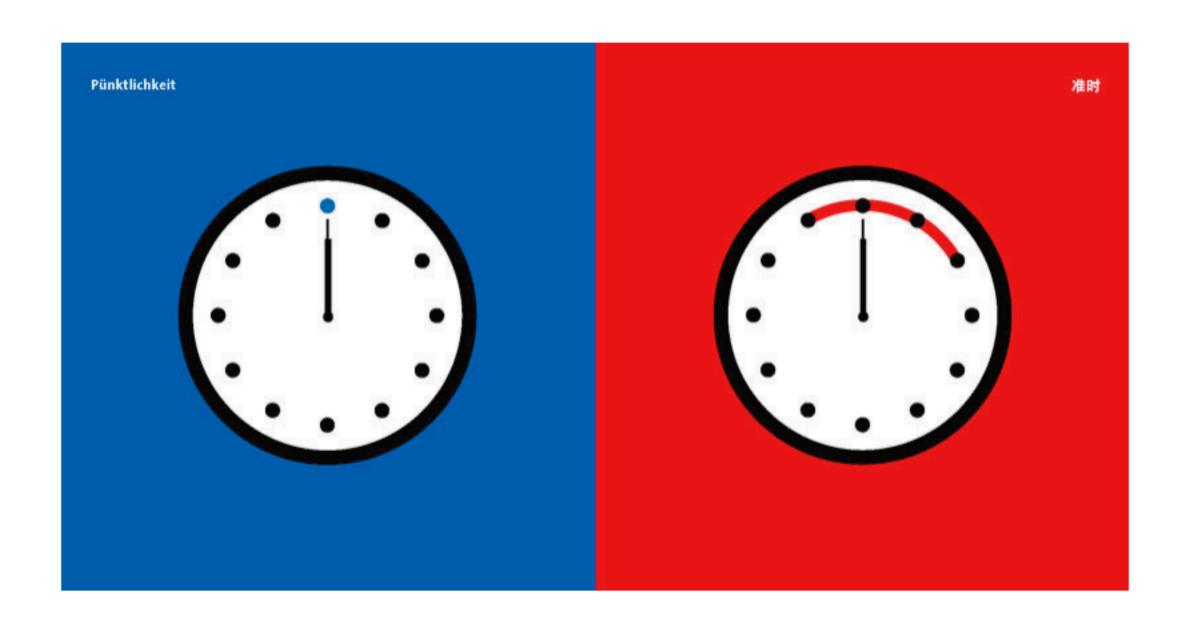
# **Express Opinion**



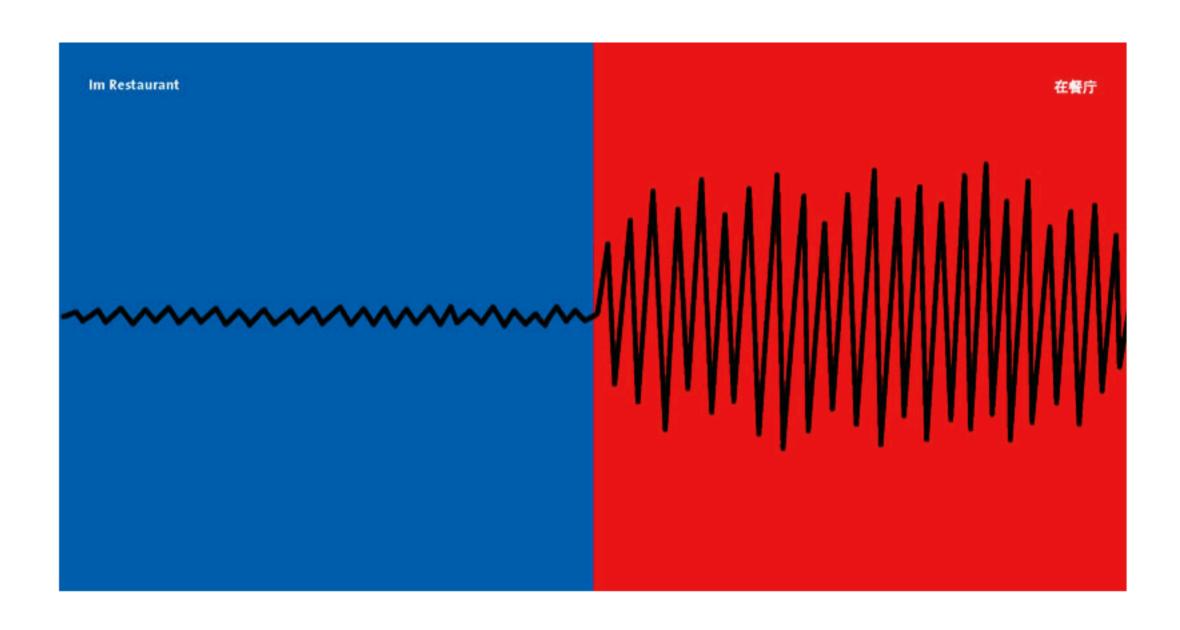
# Lifestyle



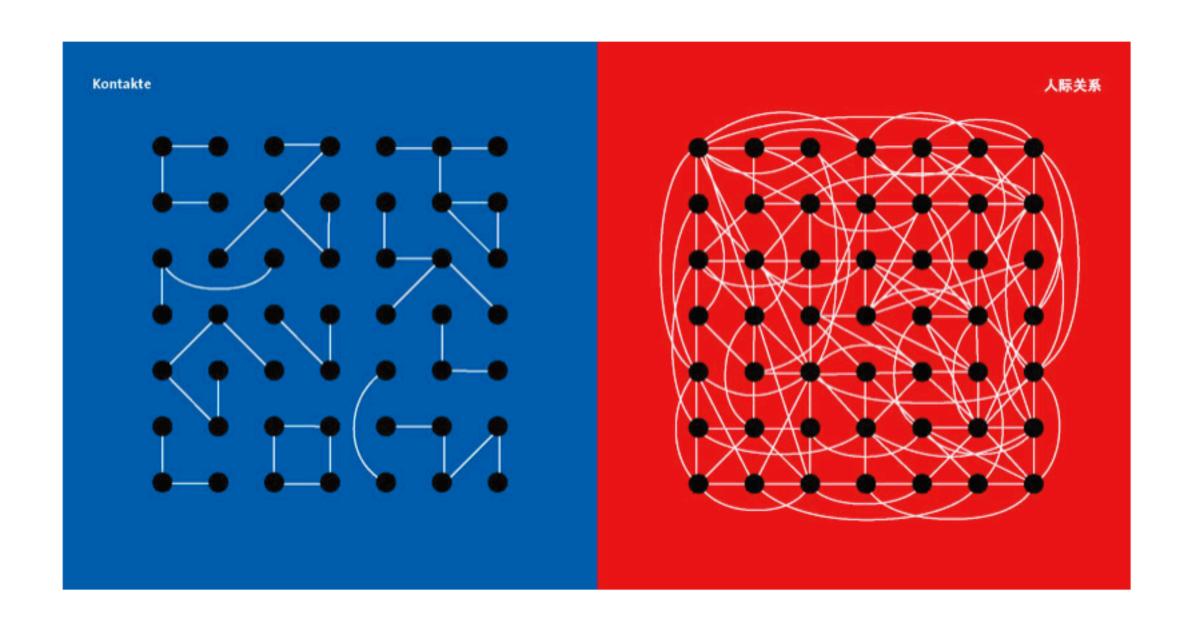
# **Punctuality**



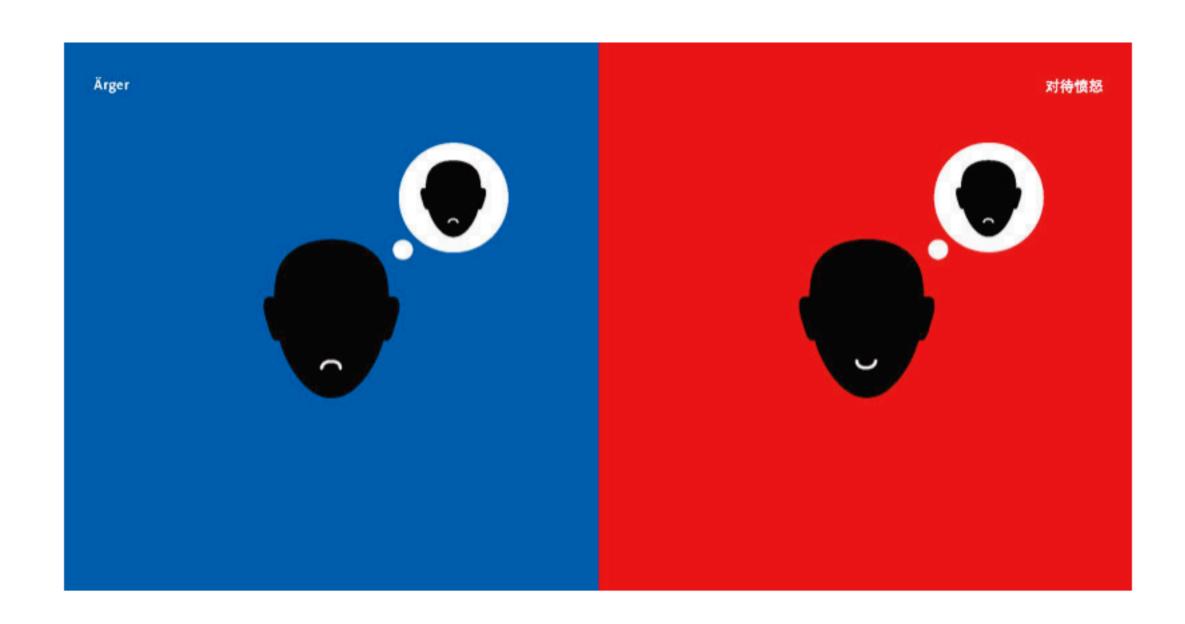
#### In A Restaurant



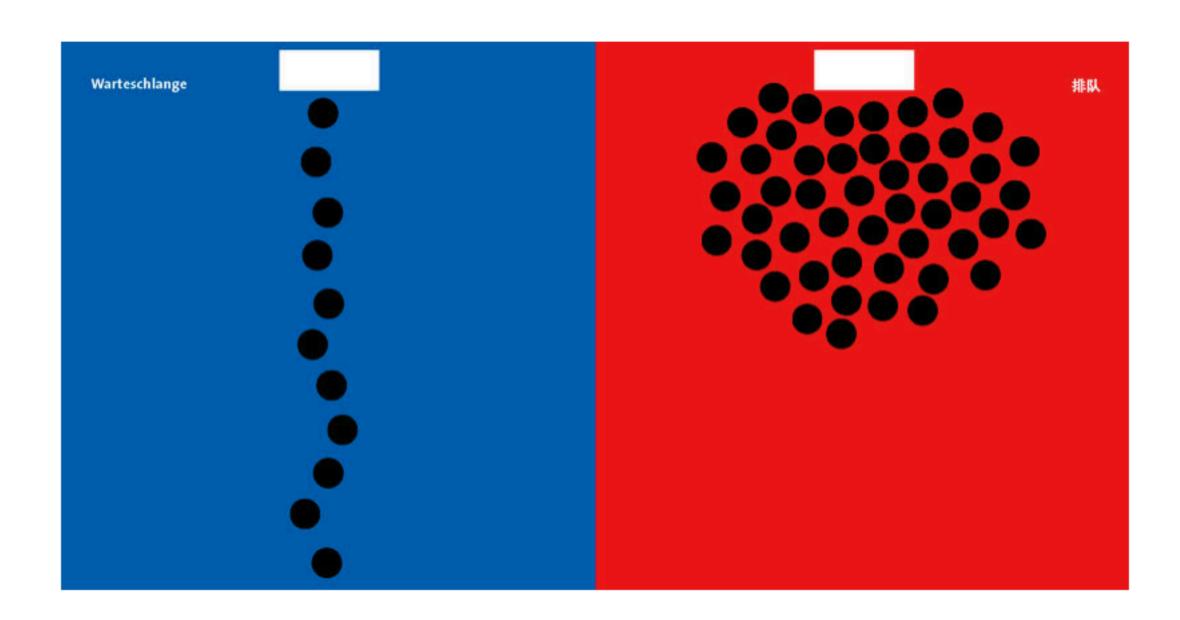
#### **Contacts**



# **Express Anger**

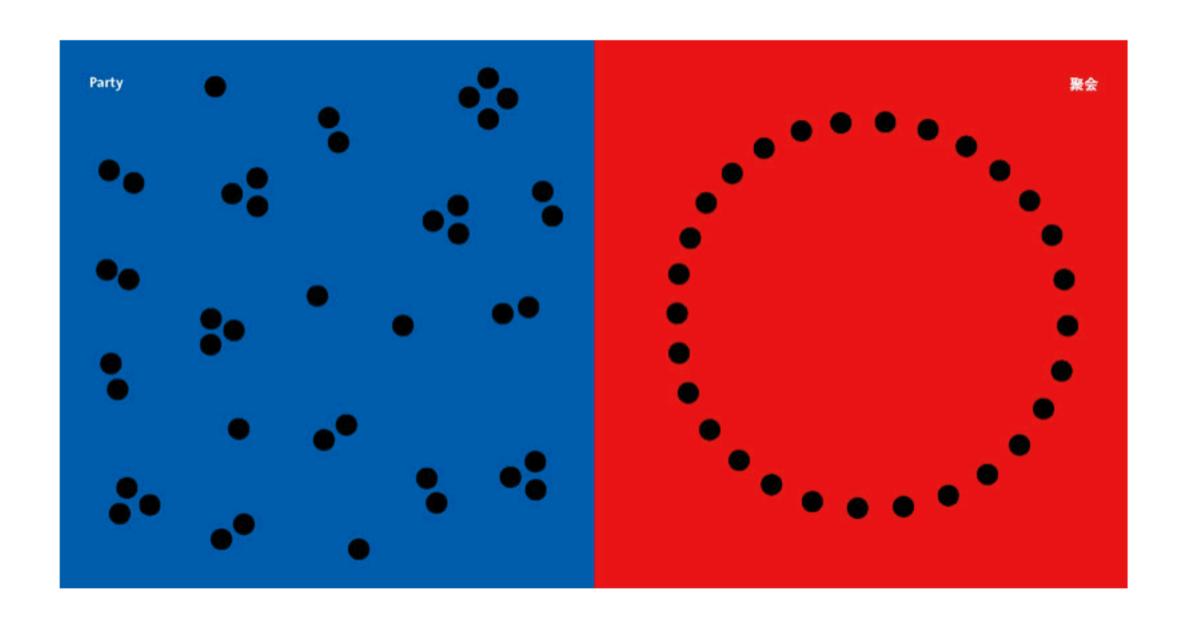


## Wait in Line

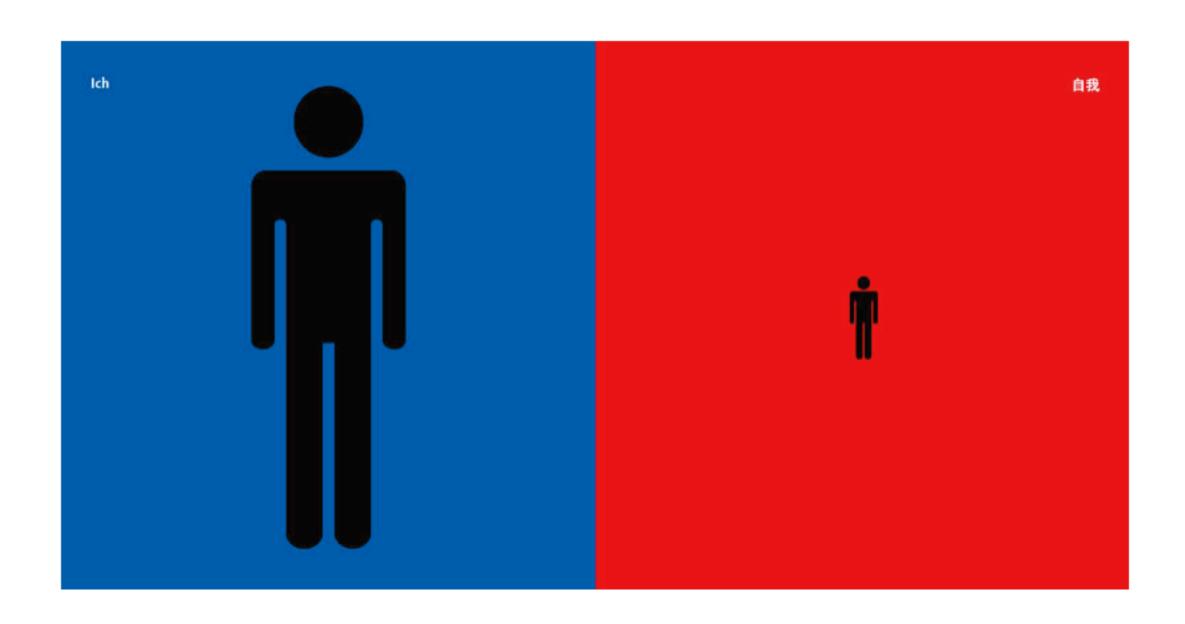


# **Party**

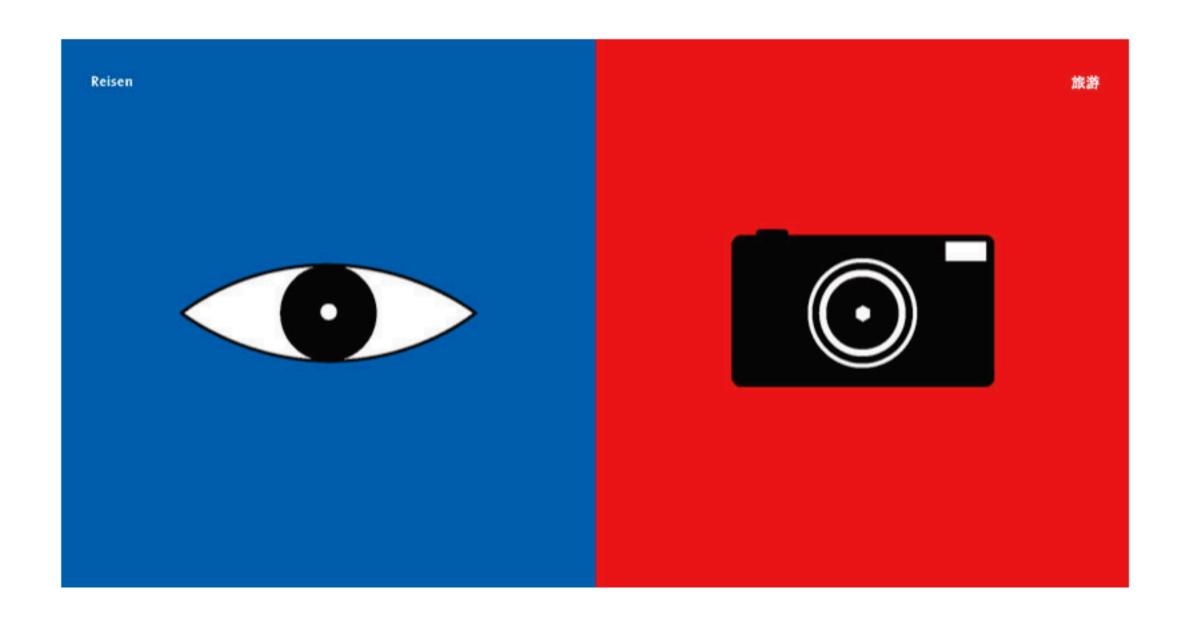
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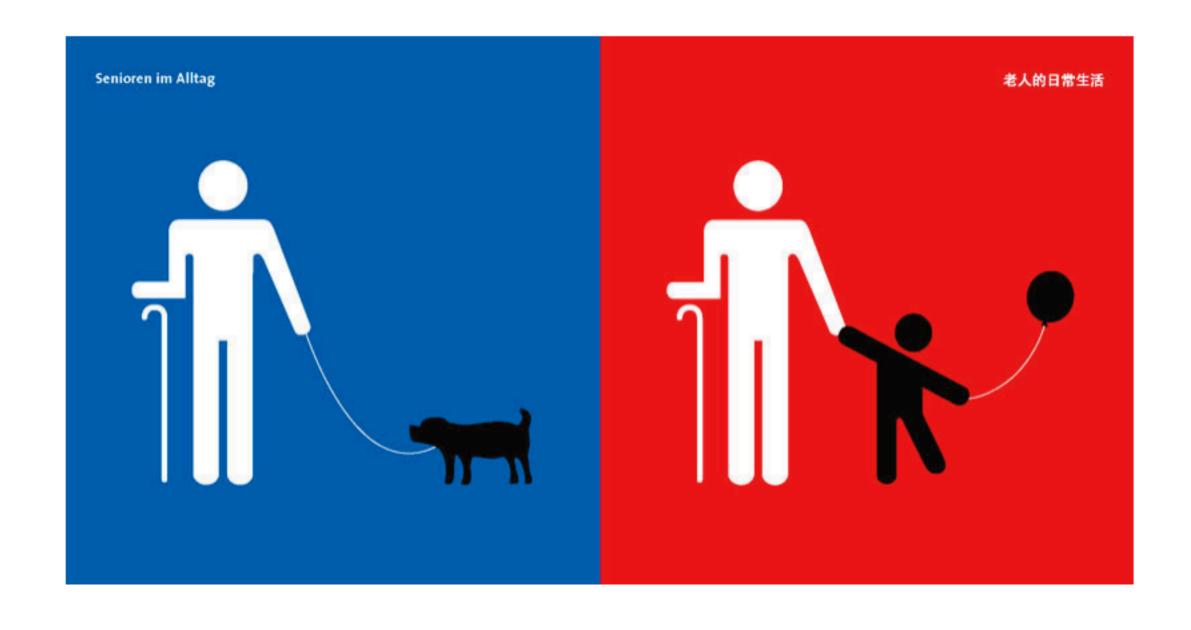
### View of Self



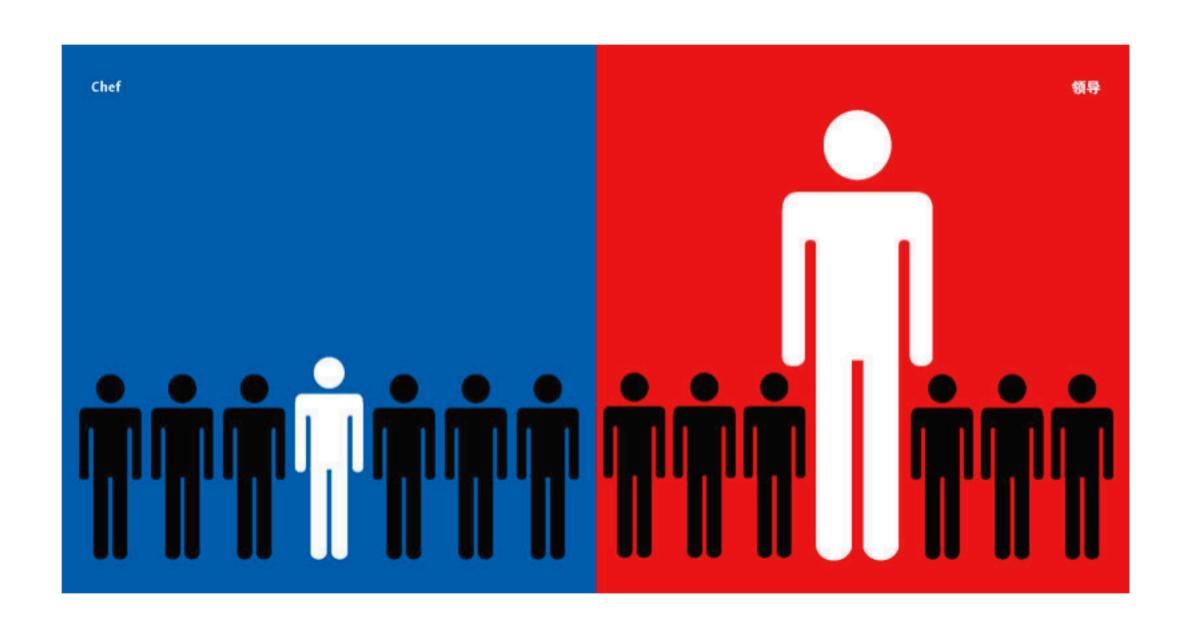
## **Travel**



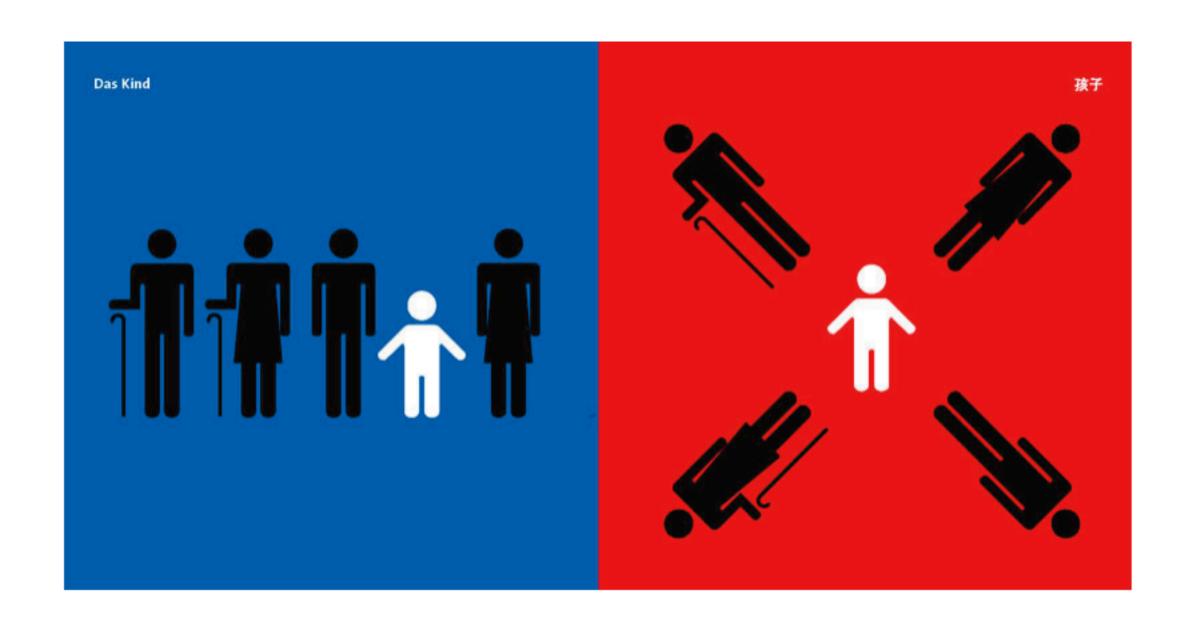
# **Senior Living**



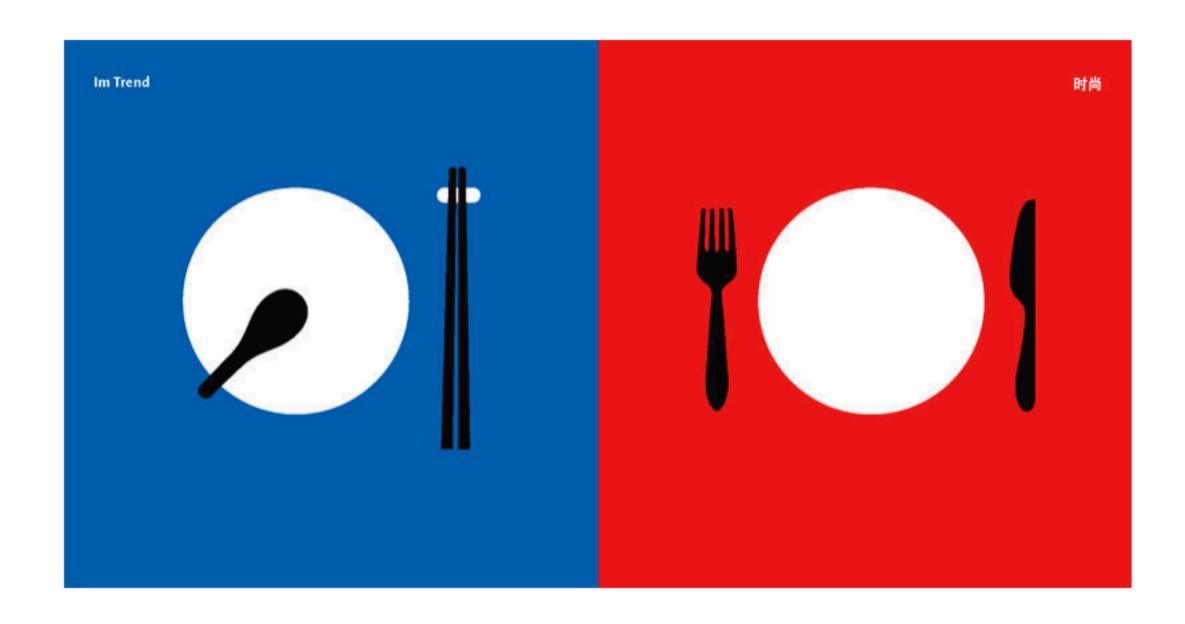
#### **Boss**

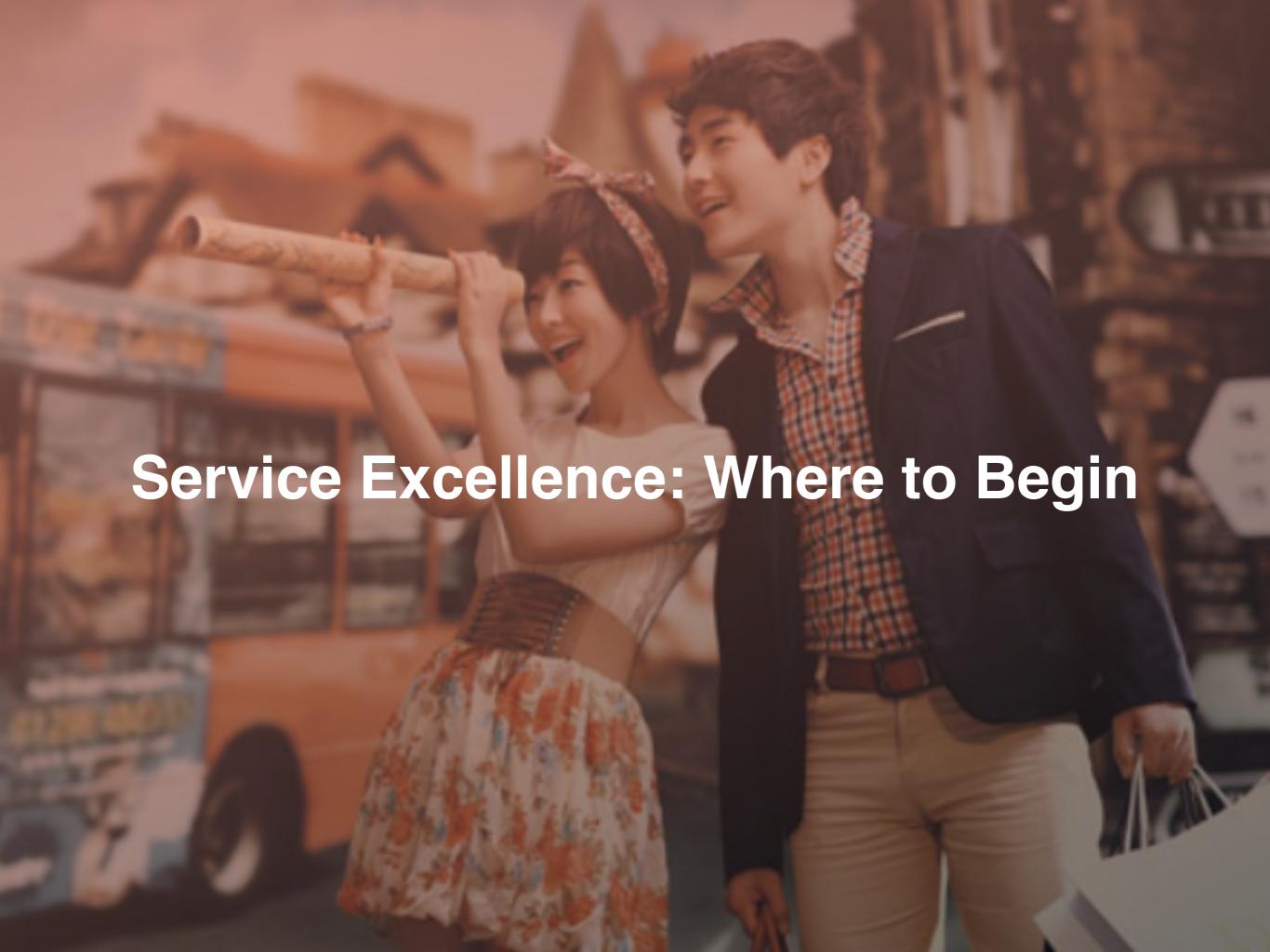


## Raise a Child



# What's Trendy





# **Typical Group**





Partner / Spouse with Children

Family members

**54%** 

46%







Friends

Partner / Spouse without Children

Alone

45%

26%

16%

#### **Cultural Context**

- Customer service is still in developmental phase in China - rapidly improving, but with widely varying quality.
- ◆ And yet, almost anything is possible: online delivery waits for you to try on clothes.
- ◆ Five-star hotel service is common and expected.
- Drivers, cooks, maids are all commonly used in home life.



## **Cultural Etiquette**

- ◆ National Pride: Be wary of sensitive issues such as Tibet, Taiwan
- ◆ Surnames come first (it's ok to ask)
- ◆ "Face" issues can result in mixed messages
- If conflict arises, coordinate with the tour leader and find ways to constructively solve the problem.
- ♦ Gifts and gestures can go a long way.
- ◆ 30% of Chinese adults, and 53% of men, smoke more than 300 million smokers in China.

## What They Want

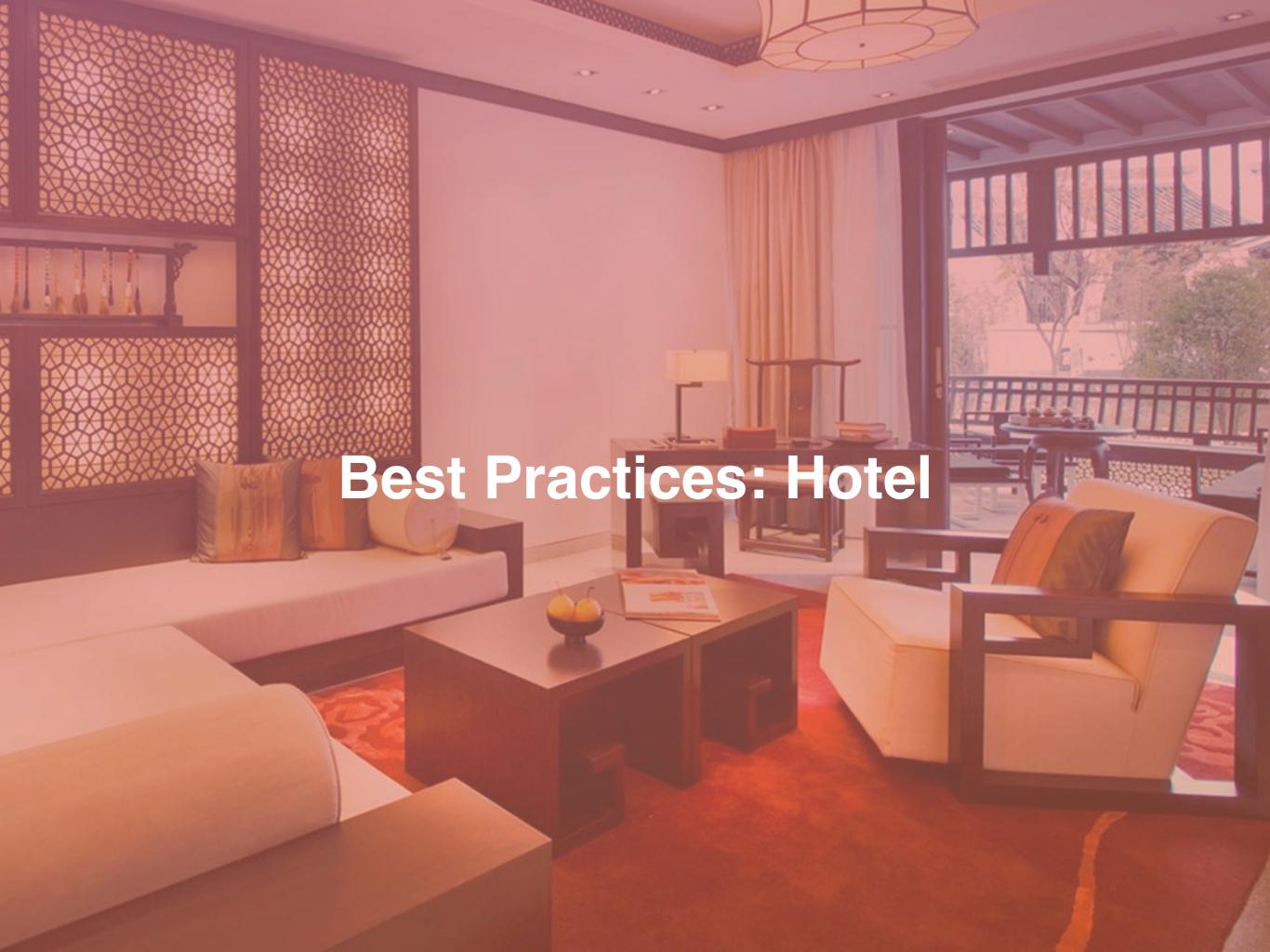
- Trust: Transparency, price assurances, don't want to feel cheated or lose face
- ◆ Comfort: Language, food options, smoking, respect
- ◆ Relevant Information: Chinese language, targeted to their needs and preferences
- ◆ Convenience: Tailored to their needs, wi-fi, payment, transportation

#### Some Basic Rules

- ◆ Even if you don't speak Chinese, you could deliver good service.
- Always greet a customer with smile.
- Don't judge a book by its cover.
- Avoid display of impatience even if you don't understand the customer's question.
- ♦ Making the effort is more important than the result.

## **General Process for Greeting**

- If you think a customer might be from China, ask: "Hello, where are you from?"
- If from China, say Ni Hao and Huan Ying. (During Chinese New Year period, wish customer "Happy New Year.")
- If language is not a barrier, engage as you normally would.
- If language seems to be a barrier, speak slowly and use simple vocabulary. For example, you could say the following:
  - ★ How may I help you?
  - ★ We accept China UnionPay (gesture to CUP placard).
- If customer indicates they would prefer to speak with Mandarin-speaking staff, politely request they wait for staff member to assist, or hand Chinese-language materials in meantime.
- If no Mandarin-speaking staff, hand any Chinese-language materials for reference.
- If possible, offer customer tea or warm or hot water (never iced).



## Cultural Background: Hotel

..........

- ★ Most upscale hotels in China were developed or remodeled in the past 10 years.
- ★ Chinese hotels often have grand lobbies, upscale dining and modern room amenities (washlet).
- ★ Every 4-5 star hotels in China has a breakfast buffet with both Chinese and Western choices.
- ★ Slippers, water kettles (now coffee makers) and toiletry kit is a standard offering at any mid to upscale hotels.
- ★ For independent or business travelers, an official print-out receipt is always preferred for tax deduction purposes.
- ★ A double room in China is two separate beds which is the preference of many Chinese and expectation of a double room, especially for family.

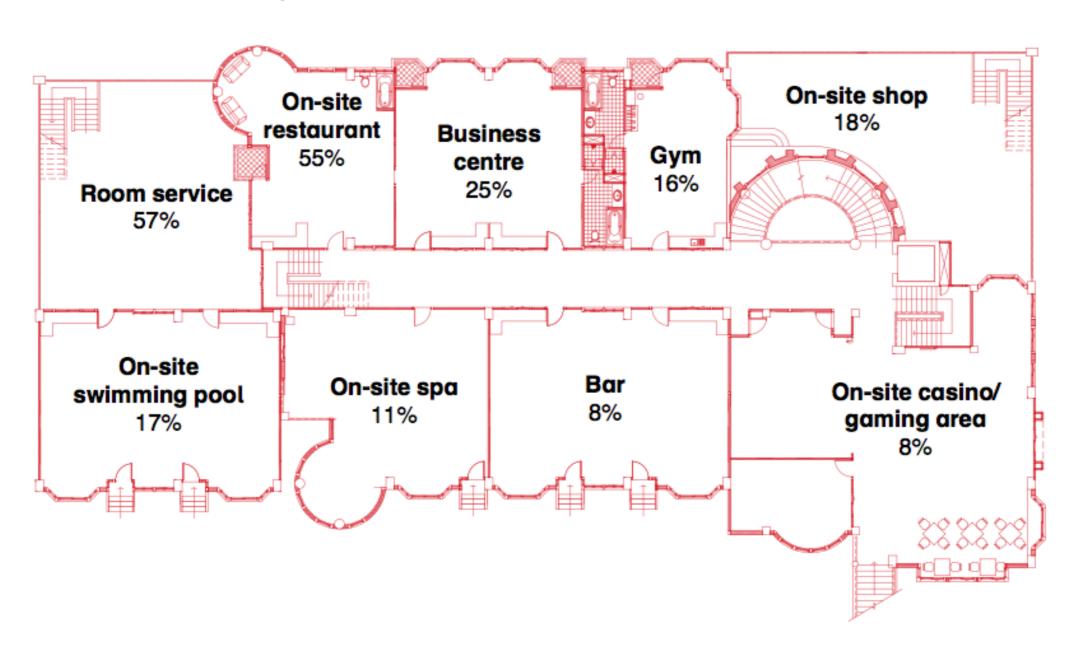
## What's Important



Ctrip "Chinese Preferred Hotel" Program Requirement

## What's Important

#### Hotel amenities most important to Chinese travellers



(source: hotels.com)

#### Dos & Don'ts

- ★ Do: Provide amenities such as slippers, toiletries, kettles
- ★ Do: Provide free Wi-Fi
- ★ Do: Make payment easy and stress free
- ★ Do: Provide Chinese language information & entertainment
- ★ Don't: Put guests on floors with a 4
- ★ Don't: Ignore hierarchy in groups
- ★ Don't: Ignore cultural customs related to colors and gifts

## **Hotel Examples**

- Marriott has stationed 20 sales representatives in China and teaches employees in the U.S. to speak basic Mandarin phrases like hello and thank you. The Marriott Marquis in New York City has even replaced room numbers on the 44th floor with names.
- Four Seasons: Bellmen, reception clerks and telephone operators are being trained to pronounce Chinese names and offer Chinese newspapers, translated welcome materials and green tea in rooms at hotels in Paris, London, Los Angeles and other cities.
- JW Marriott: Li Yu, meaning "To Serve with Courtesy." As part of this program, The JW Marriott London Grosvenor House staffs a Chinese welcome desk for group arrivals, offers Chinese-labeled bathroom products and supplies a Chinese do-not-disturb sign.
- Conrad Hotel: Guests of Conrad Hotels and Resorts can use the Conrad Concierge mobile app to choose Chinese television channels, mini-bar foods and other amenities, in Mandarin, on their mobile phone before they arrive.



## Cultural Backdrop: Restaurant

- While tipping is not customary, 15-20% service charge at upscale restaurants is common now in cities like Shanghai, Beijing and Guangzhou.
- Chinese visitors often bring their own wine and liquor to restaurants. Many cities in China ban corkage fees at restaurants.
- Almost all Chinese restaurants have private rooms for business meeting, family gathering and entertaining.
- 30% of Chinese adults, and 53% of men, smoke more than 300 million smokers in China.

#### **Taste Preference**

- 92% of Chinese have some level of lactose intolerance
- Tend to not like overly sweet deserts
- Wary of cold water
- Very few vegetarians
- Beer is most popular alcohol (especially for men), followed by spirits and increasingly red wine (not white).
- Tend to want variety in meals one dish is boring.
- Tea is most popular drink (with leaves, not tea bags).
- Generally speaking, seafood (lobster, abalone, sea bass, sea cucumber, etc) is considered delicacies and the preferred choice for entertaining guests compared to poultries.

#### Recommendations for Restaurant

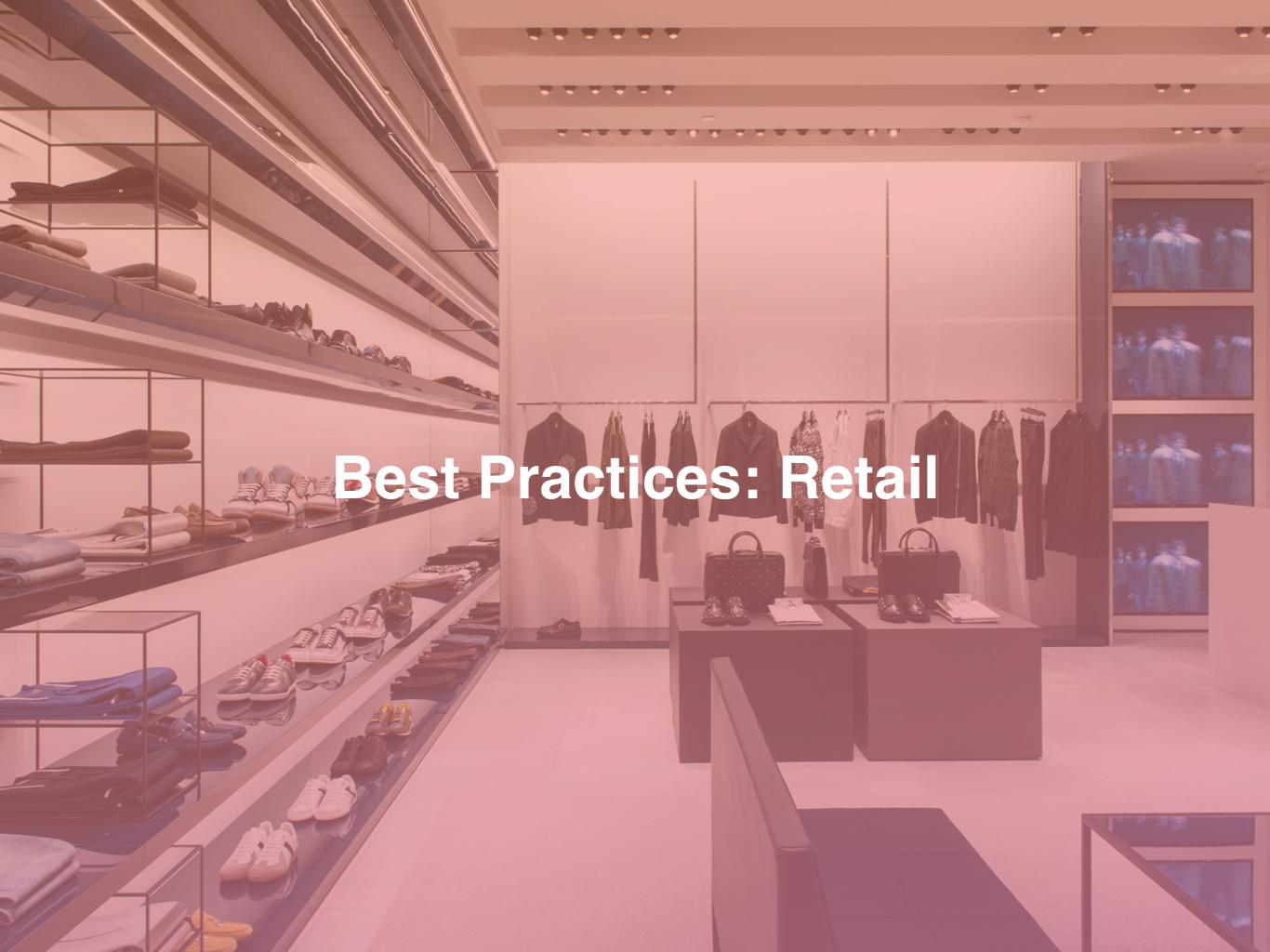
- Incorporate Chinese condiments into the dining experience to add familiar flavor and small tweaks to your existing menu.
- Suggestions: scallions, ginger, soy sauce, vinegar, hot sauce, sesame seeds.
- Incorporate Chinese dining style into your experience.
- Individual Servings vs. Family Style
- Quantity vs. Variety



#### Restaurant Recommendations

- Incorporate Chinese elements for fun.
- Example: Write happy birthday in Chinese on desserts, incorporate Chinese elements to pastries.
- Create a dining experience especially one that is unique to the location or symbolizing an aspirational lifestyle.





## Cultural Backdrop: Retail

- Sales service is abysmal in China.
- Chinese consumers usually compare global pricing before they purchase large ticket items. They usually walk into a store with target in mind, or on a list.
- Chinese banks offer very little post-transaction fraud protection. It's very common for banks to decline transaction until they can verify with a phone call or text message.
- A majority of the items purchased by Chinese visitors are gifts for friends and relatives.
- Chinese customers tend to prefer more fitted clothes compared to their Western counterparts.
- Color, fitting and style matters even for ski and hiking equipments.

#### Dos & Don'ts

......

#### Do

- Encourage questions and leisurely pace
- Offer tea, Chinese-language materials
- Intro any perks (tailoring, loyalty programs, social media)
- Encourage to share contact info or follow you on WeChat
- Ask where they're visiting from
- Expect questions about price/discounts

#### Don't

- Rush them to certain sections
- React dismissively to questions about price
- Assume their understanding of your brand/products is low
- Be surprised when they show up at last minute
- Make them feel like "walking wallets"

#### **Decision Maker**

#### Group

- Determined by tour operator based on balance of price and customer acceptance/willingness to pay
- Influenced by perceived value, not by convenience, location, travel reviews
- Tour operator "re-selling" your store/ location

#### Individual

- Decision based on extensive online research
- Influenced by a range of factors including price, convenience, location
- End consumer is the decision maker

#### **Promotion Tactics**

#### The customer is:

- Seeking a better price by traveling overseas.
- Expecting to receive special treatment, including special discounts.
- Sense of pride and "face" when receiving special discounts or treatment.
- Predisposed to seek economic value first.
- Influenced by active promotion environment in China (especially in slower economy).

#### **Promotion Tactics**

#### Practices that regularly work include:

- Attractive gift with minimum purchase.
- Gift with purchase of featured item or bundle.
- Spend X, and receive Y in gift cards.
- Spend X, get Y discount.
- Refund state sales tax as incentive.
- Give VIP card entitling special discounts or experiences.
- Promotions during special holidays or periods.

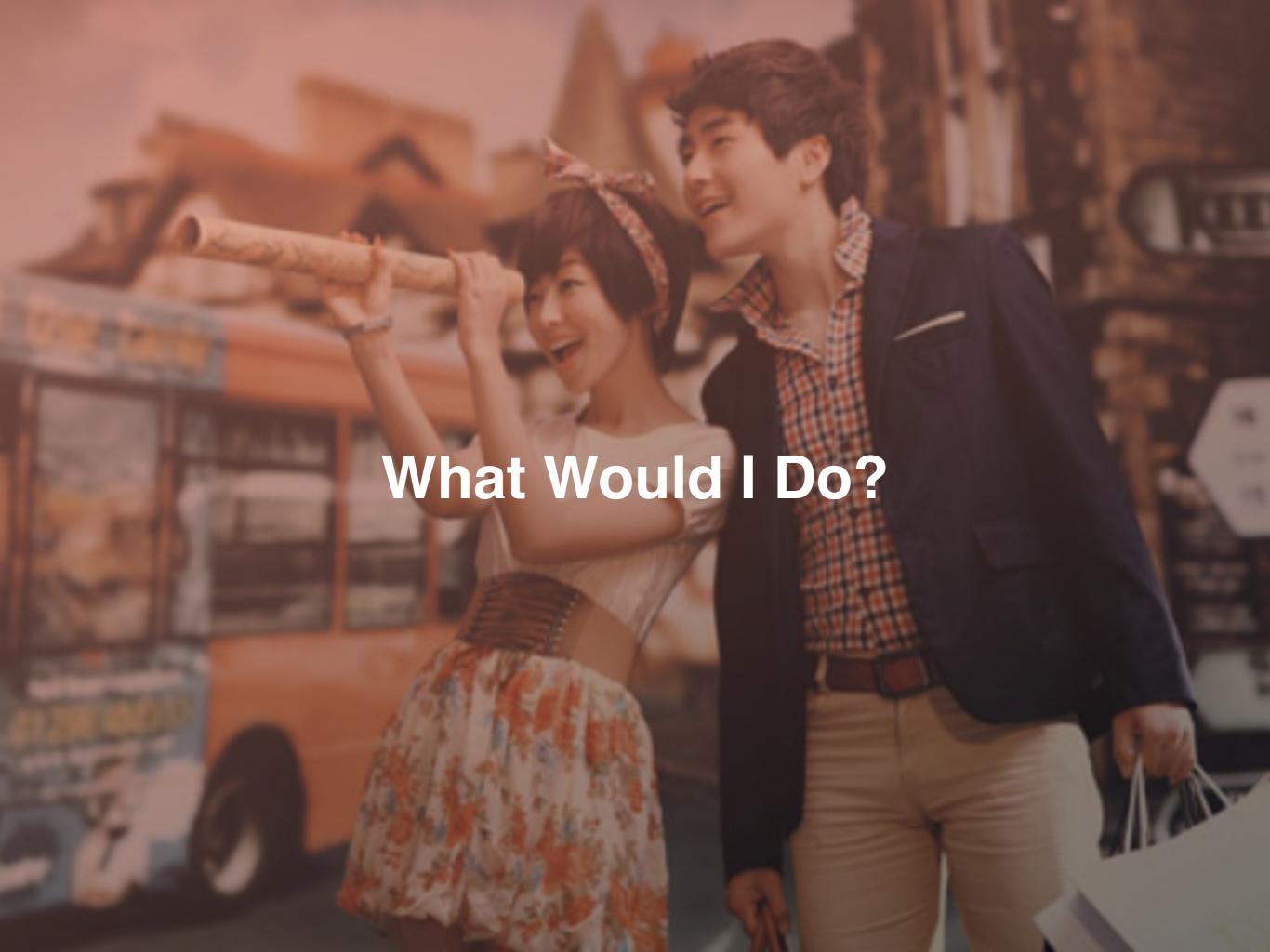
### **Promotion Tactics**

- Station best Mandarin speakers near the door, strategically position greeters.
- If no Mandarin speakers, prepare Chinese handouts introducing brand and promotions/perks.
- Assign special staff to handle VIP customers.
- Ask simple questions:
  - Are you pressed for time, or would you like (some tea, etc.)?
  - Are you shopping for a gift or for yourself?
  - Is this your first time in the area? How often do you come?



## **Recommended Amenities**

Amenity/Service	Required	Recommended
Chinese language map/ materials	X	
Chinese language content on website	X	
Accept China UnionPay/China UnionPay ATMs	X	
Audio tour in Chinese		X
Mandarin speaking staff		X
Chinese food/drink options (if applicable)		X
Free wi-fi		X
Way finding/signage in Chinese		X
Chinese subtitles on videos		X
Chinese social media accounts (Weibo/Wechat)		X



## Scenario: Hotel

You work at the front desk at a hotel near a national park. It is past 11 p.m. A Chinese family just arrived at your hotel. The guests try to ask you some questions, but you don't understand a word of what they are saying. You want to help, but the only mandarin speaker in the staff is off duty. What would you do?

## Scenario: Restaurant

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You are the manager of an upscale steakhouse. During dinner some local guests complained to you the Chinese tour group next table is talking very loud. What would you do?

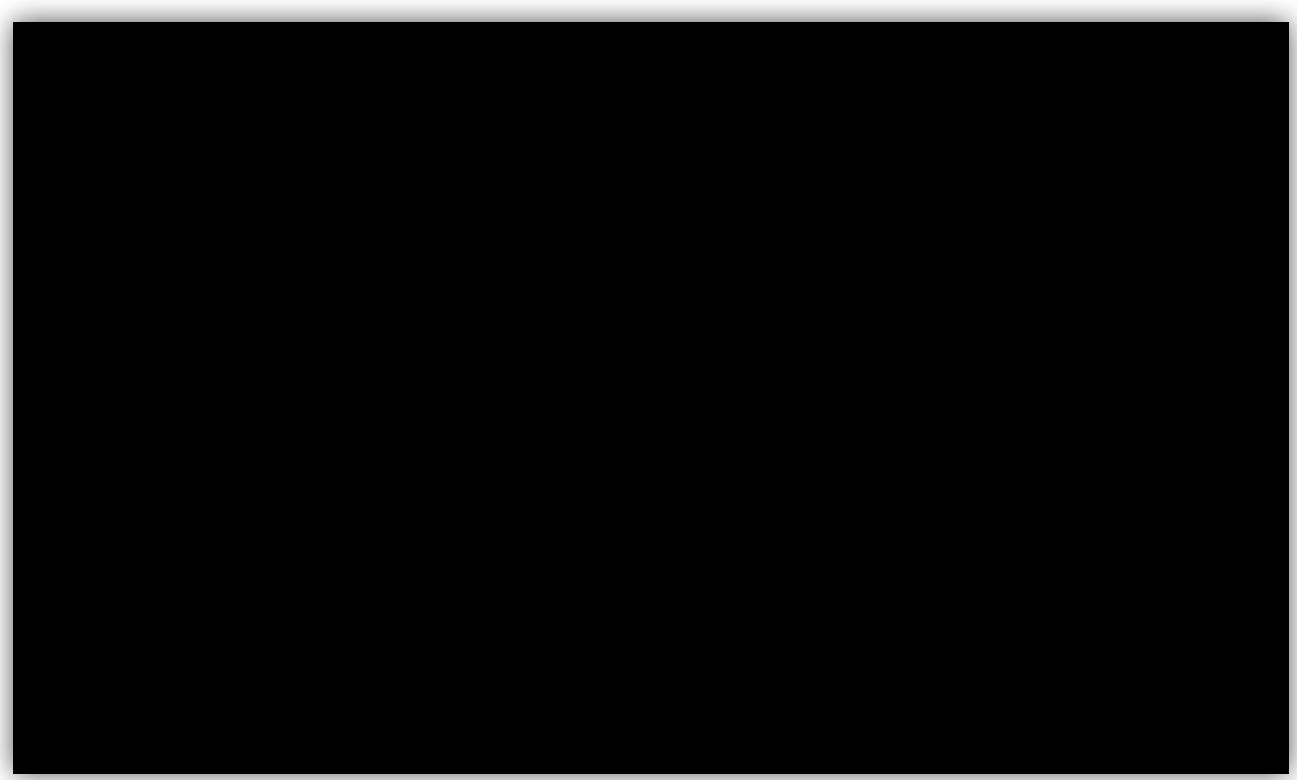
## Scenario: Retail

You are the manager at a fashion boutique. A Chinese customer complained to you that the sales tax is too high compared to other places. She demands that you give her a discount, but you are not authorized to do so. What would you do?



## What is WeChat?

. . . . . . . . . . . . . . .



## Why WeChat?

- ★ WeChat is the world's largest post-social platform, with more CRM functionality than media it's no longer merely an "app," but an inseparable part of one's existence.
- ★ Chinese travelers are younger, more brand-acquisitive and more digital than any other demographic.
- ★ With 840+ million active users, WeChat drives the lifestyle of the most important group of customers in a generation.

# 840,000,000

WeChat's Daily Active User

# 90 mins

Time Average Users Spend Per Day in WeChat

# 10

55% of users open WeChat more than 10X per day

93%

WeChat penetration rate in Tier 1 cities

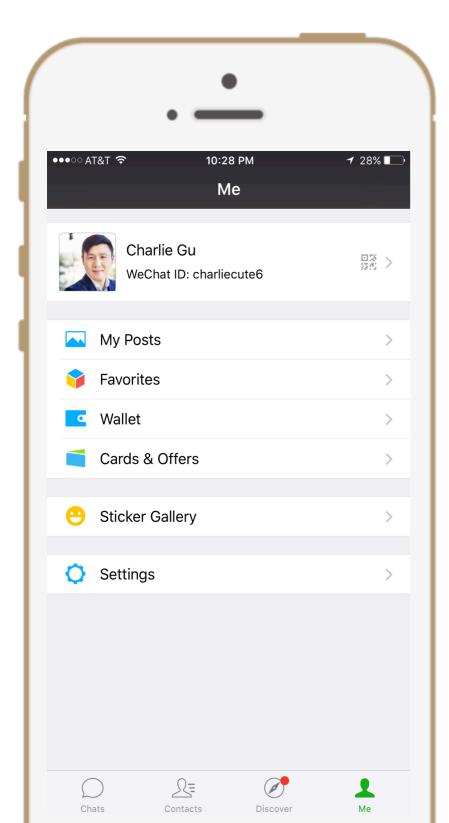
73%

Proportion of WeChat Moments Comprised of Original Content Among Youth

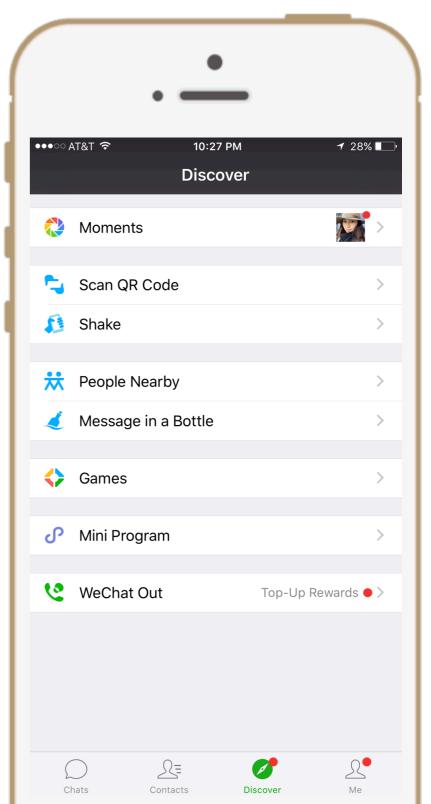
# 2.35 billion

Number of Lucky Money Envelopes Sent during Chinese Festivals in 2016

## **Basic Interface**

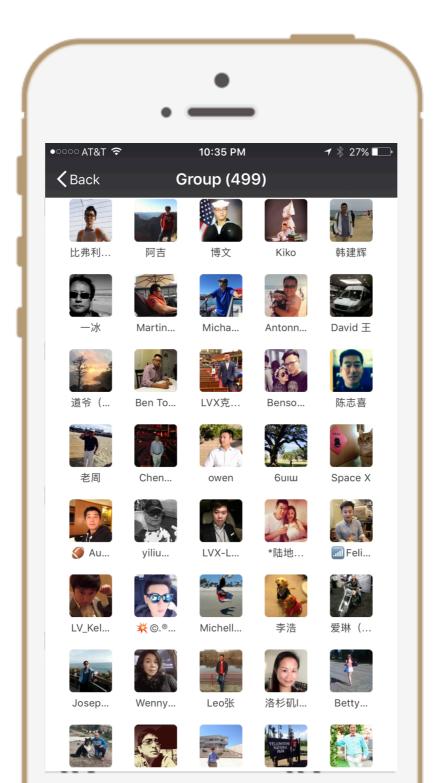






#### **Social Function**





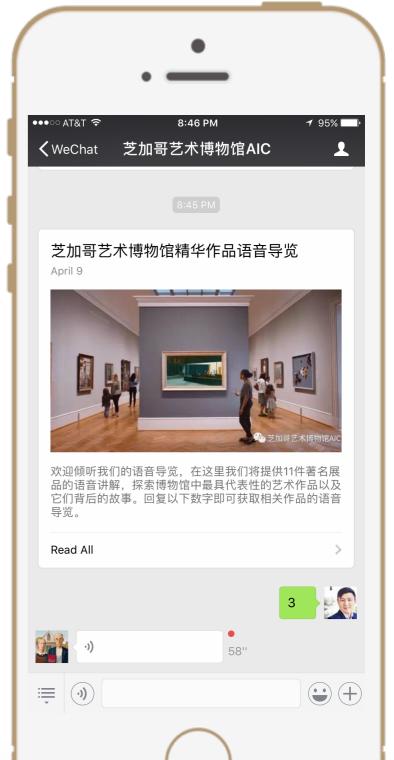




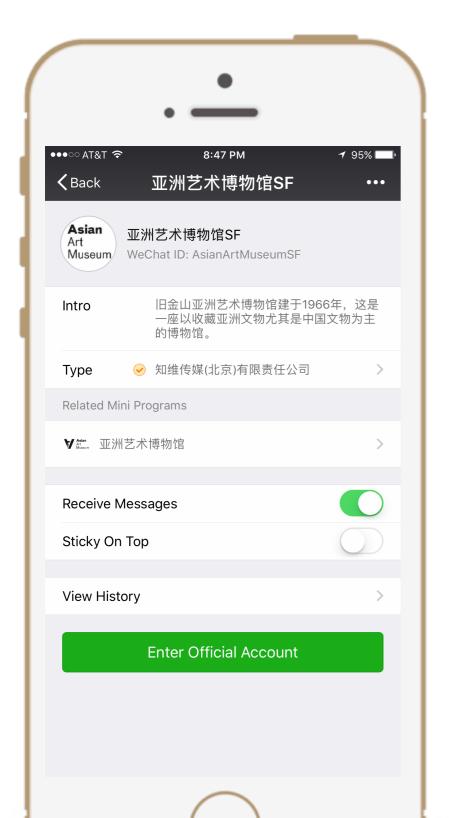
## Official Account: Targeted Content

- Menu interface provides easy navigation to rich content.
- News articles can be translated and posted in news feed, pushed automatically to opt-in subscribers on a daily or weekly basis.
- Business can set up auto reply functionality to automatically answer FAQs and allow mobile customer service.





## Mini Program: WeChat App





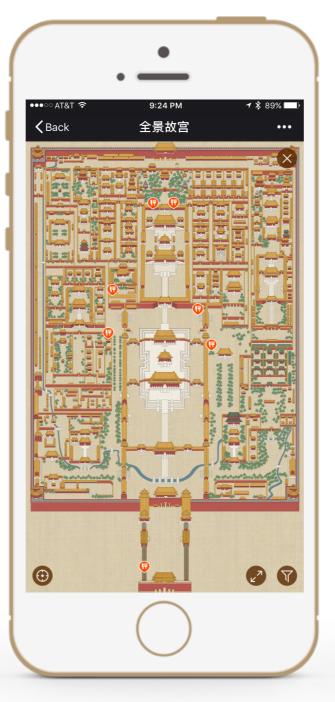


## **WeChat Payment**



## Case Study: The Palace Museum in China









Interactive map with way finding feature provides visitors information and audio guide.

## Case Study: The Palace Museum in China









Download wall paper



Play game



Share Emoji

## Case Study: The Palace Museum in China









Museum's WeChat store allows visitors to buy souvenirs and pay with WeChat pay.

## WeChat Campaign Example

#### **BMW M2 Launch**

BMW designed a HTML5 campaign with a successful click-bait strategy to capture attention and delivers an immersive audiovisual experience on WeChat to introduce its newest vehicle in China



Buick set up a powerful and beautiful campaign enabling users to play an "escape game". A secret agent gets captured by a gang. It's up to you to re-order and select actions which will enable him to escape.



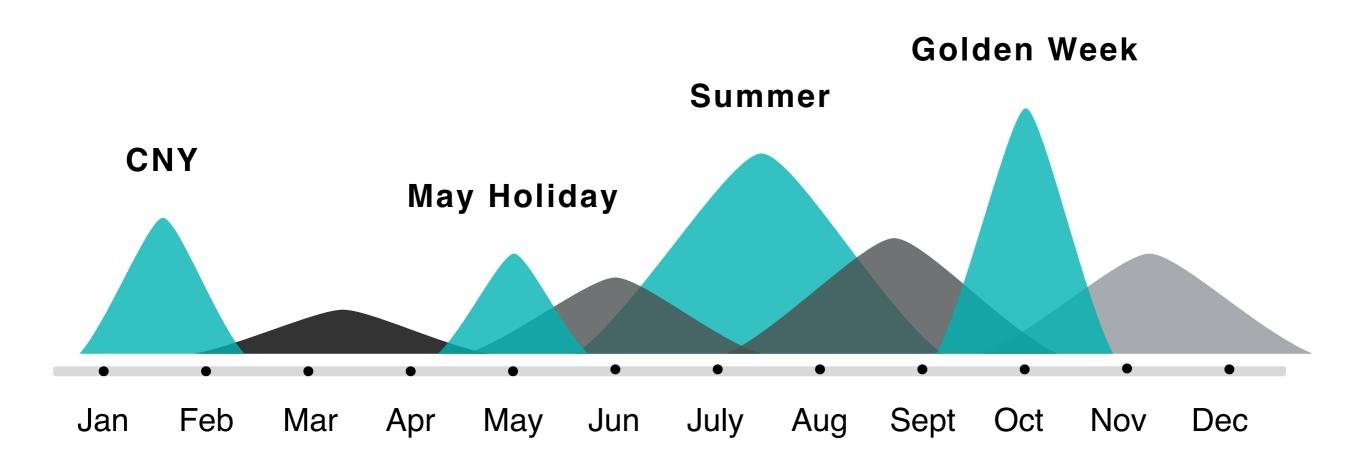


**Buick Game** 



**Activate Your China Market Strategy** 

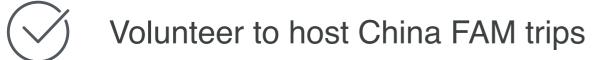
#### Plan for Peak Travel Season



## **Understand Their Travel Journey**

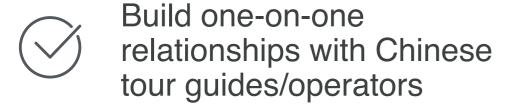


### **Work with Chinese Travel Trade**





Host a receptive operator/tour guide FAM event at your location





Find ways to engage the Chinese travel trade that visit your business





Maintain ongoing interaction/ regular updates and outreach





Attend U.S. based travel shows

### **Audit Your Brand**





Analyze pros and cons of comments



Add official pages/listings on travel forums



Post relevant news/updates on the travel forums



Reach out to travel forum administrators/influencers to provide information

# **Update Website with Simplified Chinese**



Translate introduction and key facts



Place driving directions and instructions for parking/entrance



Indicate whether your location has Chinese information on-site and whether there are Mandarin speakers



Link to any relevant articles, social media or other Chinese resources



Make sure your site can be easily accessed by mobile



Ensure loading speed and Baidu search-ability

### **Establish Profile in Media**



Host a Chinese media event at your location



Distribute news and press release/events to local Chinese media



Participate in Chinese media FAM trips



Build one-on-one relationships with Chinese media



Create media angles that appeal to Chinese media and audiences

#### **Build Social Media Presence**

- Start Weibo and WeChat accounts
- Create content that is relevant and engaging for Chinese audiences

Engage Chinese influencers to increase following

Oreate offline-to-online opportunities: leverage the peak tourism season to build your social media following

Develop partnerships that increase following and interest

Incentivize sharing to create positive word of mouth associations

Utilize WeChat for on-site service enhancements and engagement

## **Train Your Staff**

Provide China Ready trainings for your staff

Create your own list of Do's and Don'ts for Chinese tourists

- Create policies and procedures for handling Chinese tourists and travel trade
- Hire Mandarin speaking employees or interns if possible

Create list of short questions to ask tourists

## **Engage Visitors Directly**



Engage Chinese visitors — learn how they found you, feedback on your services, recommendations



Capture contact information for CRM and ongoing communication



Identify influencers for your brands/organization



Assess mix of group versus individual travel at your business



Create opportunities to refer friends/family and create positive word of mouth



Look for avenues to increase loyalty and repeat visits

## Find Your Brand's Voice





## Contact

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