

FOIA Marker

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Office of Laura Bush - Scheduling

Farr, Mary Elizabeth

Stack:	Row:	Sect.:	Shelf:	Pos.:	FRC ID:	Location or Hollinger ID:	NARA Number:	OA Number:
W	21	27	2	1	3805	16740	5879	6077

Folder Title:

Wednesday, 03/01/2006

Withdrawn/Redacted Material

The George W. Bush Library

DOCUMENT NO.	FORM	SUBJECT/TITLE	PAGES	DATE	RESTRICTION(S)
001	Email	[Email]	1	03/01/2006	P1/b1; P5;
002	Email	POTUS and Mrs. Bush in Afghanistan - Pool Report [page 3] - To: DL-WHO-FirstLady - From: Sarah Culvahouse	1	03/01/2006	P3/b3;
003	Schedule	The Schedule of the President and Mrs. Bush in Shannon... [page 1, 3-5, 7-9, 12-14]	10	02/28/2006	P3/b3; P6/b6; b7c; b7e; b7f;
004	Information Sheet	The Contact Sheet of the Visit of President... [pages 2-3]	2	02/28/2006	P6/b6; b7c; b7e; b7f;
005	Information Sheet	The Contact Sheet of Mrs. Bush in Shannon... [pages 4-8]	5	02/28/2006	P6/b6; b7c; b7e; b7f;
006	Schedule	Schedule of Mrs. Bush in Shannon, Ireland... [page 1-5, 7-9, 11-13]	11	02/28/2006	P3/b3; P6/b6; b7c; b7e; b7f;

COLLECTION TITLE:

Office of Laura Bush - Scheduling

SERIES:

Farr, Mary Elizabeth

FOLDER TITLE:

Wednesday, 03/01/2006

FRC ID:

3805

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advise between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

Deed of Gift Restrictions

- A. Closed by Executive Order 13526 governing access to national security information.
- B. Closed by statute or by the agency which originated the document.
- C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
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- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

Records Not Subject to FOIA

Court Sealed - The document is withheld under a court seal and is not subject to the Freedom of Information Act.

Withdrawn/Redacted Material

The George W. Bush Library

DOCUMENT NO.	FORM	SUBJECT/TITLE	PAGES	DATE	RESTRICTION(S)
007	Report	Jeannie Louise Mulford	1	N.D.	P6/b6;
008	Report	[Report]	1	02/28/2006	P1/b1;
009	Schedule	The Schedule of the President and Mrs. Bush in Kabul... [page 2-5, 9, 11-16]	11	03/01/2006	P3/b3; P6/b6; b7c; b7e; b7f;
010	Draft	[Draft Schedule - page 3-5]	2	02/28/2006	P3/b3; P6/b6; b7c; b7e; b7f;
011	Information Sheet	The Contact Sheet of the Visit of the President... [page 2-3]	2	03/01/2006	P3/b3; P6/b6; b7c; b7e; b7f;

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Withdrawal Marker

The George W. Bush Library

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Email	[Email]	1	03/01/2006	P1/b1; P5;

**This marker identifies the original location of the withdrawn item listed above.
For a complete list of items withdrawn from this folder, see the
Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet at the front of the folder.**

COLLECTION:

Office of Laura Bush - Scheduling

SERIES:

Farr, Mary Elizabeth

FOLDER TITLE:

Wednesday, 03/01/2006

FRC ID:

3805

OA Num.:

6077

NARA Num.:

5879

FOIA IDs and Segments:

2014-0532-F

RESTRICTION CODES**Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]**

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Farr, Mary Elizabeth

From: Culvahouse, Sarah A.
Sent: Wednesday, March 01, 2006 12:35 PM
To: DL-WHO-FirstLady
Subject: POTUS and Mrs. Bush in Afghanistan- Pool Report

From: bounce-181513-1264421@list.whitehouse.gov [mailto:bounce-181513-1264421@list.whitehouse.gov] **On**
Behalf Of White House Press Releases
Sent: Wednesday, March 01, 2006 9:57 AM
To: Culvahouse, Sarah A.
Subject: POOL REPORT #2, 3/1/06

Pool report 2
 3.1.06

Shannon-Kabul

McClellan and Hagin came back to the press cabin shortly after takeoff to tell us we were headed to Bagram Air Base. McClellan briefed us on the itinerary and said we would be on the ground in Afghanistan for about five hours, or about one less than Mrs. Bush did during her visit last year. Turned out to be just over four hours.

McClellan said Hagin proposed the visit to Bush about eight weeks ago. Bush, who has long wanted to visit Afghanistan, quickly approved it, says Scott.

"This is an opportunity to show our support for a good friend and ally and an emerging democracy," McClellan said. "We stand firmly with the people of Afghanistan as they work to chart their own future."

Bush also looked forward to thanking military personnel who are "serving and sacrificing in defense of freedom."

-

Assuming transcripts will be available by the time this is filed in New Delhi, I will omit Bush quotes from this report. Pool had no access to anything that would not show up in a transcript.

AF1 landed at Bagram Air base at 12:54 pm local time (3:24 a.m. in DC). Took off en route to New Delhi at 5:10 pm local time.

Bush and his party were greeted by military officials and quickly moved to awaiting helicopters (Bush in a Black Hawk) for an approximately 20-minute flight (at what would be about treetop height if there were any trees) to the presidential palace compound. One burst of machine-gun fire from gunner at front window of press chopper, which also was packed with military personnel packing automatic weapons and orange armbands with their blood types. Initial press speculation was that the gunfire resulted from

3/2/2006

sighting of a 78-year-old lawyer. Later, however, we were told it was routine "test fire" at a predesignated location.

At palace arrival, honor guard lined short walkway to entrance. President Karzai greeted POTUS, FLOTUS and party. "You look great," Bush told Karzai.

(Pooler observation: Palace and grounds looked nicer than it did last year during FLOTUS visit, which your pooler also pooled).

The two presidents walked through the honor guard, over some rugs and stopped for quick handshake photo prior to heading in to the palace. "Welcome the president to Afghanistan," Karzai said at the handshake.

The two then went in for bilat. Pool went in for photo spray, no questions. Karzai said to press: "The president gave you a surprise visit" and added that he was happy he had done so.

Presidents also participated in expanded meeting at the palace, which included 11 other Afghan officials of various rank, including First Vice President Ahmad Zia Massoud and Second Vice President Karim Khalili.

From there we were hustled to room where FLOTUS was to meet with female officials for working lunch to discuss women's issues, health issues, and education issues.

Pool lobbed one general question to FLOTUS before we were reminded of a no-question rule. Questioner asked her how her trip was. "Great," she said.

Here is list of folks who met with FLOTUS, as supplied by McClellan:

Dr. Zirat Karzai, FLOA (first lady of Afghanistan)
 Suriya Paikan, deputy minister of higher education
 Dr. Massouda Jalal, minister of women's affairs
 Dr. Nadera Hayat Burhani, deputy minister of public health
 Zohra Rosekh, director of gender affairs
 Amina Afazli, minister of youth affairs
 Ms. Mazari (no first name given), deputy minister of women's affairs
 Dr. Sema Semar, chief commissioner Afghan Independent Human Rights Commission
 Mina Sherzoy, Afghan Women's Business Federation
 Khatol Wardak, wife of defense minister

Press avail

Bush and Karzai spoke at front of palace. U.S. and Afghan flags just behind them. Chopper flew overhead just as Bush began to speak after Karzai's welcome and opening remarks. See transcript.

Embassy

Short motorcade drive from palace to embassy. City was locked down. Major show of force along the route. We saw little to no locals. At one intersection, pedestrians gawked from behind military and

security forces. Helicopter rides gave us view of how traffic was being held throughout the city.

Crowd of 200 or so at the embassy for the ceremonial ribbon cutting on small riser in front of building. Embassy staff says Bush 41 dedicated the previous embassy. Your pooler is color blind, but AP's Hunt says building is mustard.

That would be one of the two prevailing colors during the tour de Kabul. The other would be dust.

Note transcript for Bush comments about the ambassador and the ambassador's dad, who also was ambassador to Afghanistan. Lots of father-and-son stuff going on here.

"There is nothing wrong with a son following in his father's footsteps," said Bush.

POTUS, FLOTUS, Karzai, Secretary Rice were among those wielding ceremonial scissors at the ceremonial ribbon.

Major rope-line work by POTUS and FLOTUS after the event. Ms. Rice also posed with well-wishers.

Overall, weather was warm and sunny, though it got cloudy and cooler about the time of the embassy event.

Bagram

After choppering back to the base, motorcade made five-minute trip from LZ to event site. En route, POTUS and his party drove by the Pat Tillman USO Center, though there is no evidence that Bush noticed the small sign.

Event – a pep rally – was held at the "clamshell," a large recreational tent structure. Rousing welcome from about 500 troops (some foreign) and others who cheered Bush's every word of encouragement, as well as his predictions of success in the ongoing mission.

Introduction was made by (b)(3) 10 USC 130b Bush, wearing blue presidential windbreaker, spoke on a stage with the now-familiar backdrop of GIs. Oversized U.S. flag was behind the on-stage troops. Smaller Afghan flag was to the left of the stage. In addition to cheering for Laura, the troops cheered Bush's mention of Condi Rice in a way that caused her to wave at the crowd.

Bush did somewhat abbreviated rope line and then it was back to AF1 and off to India.

Wheels down in New Delhi: 7:34 pm.

Ken Herman
Cox Newspapers



THE VISIT OF THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. BUSH
TO
SHANNON, IRELAND
AND
NEW DELHI, INDIA

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 2006 – WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 2006

OFFICIAL DOCUMENT

EVENT SUMMARY OF THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. BUSH

FOR

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 2006 – WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 2006

Shannon, Ireland

No public events scheduled

New Delhi, India

No public events scheduled

Shannon, Ireland
New Delhi, India

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. BUSH

IN

SHANNON, IRELAND

AND

NEW DELHI, INDIA

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 2006 – WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 2006

GUEST AND STAFF INSTRUCTIONS:

Baggage Call: Please bring Bags to EEOB 89 ½ no later than 8:00 am on Tuesday, February 28, 2006.

Please board Vans on West Executive Drive no later than 12:25 pm for transport to Andrews Air Force Base.

Staff driving personal Vehicles, please arrive Andrews Air Force Base-Distinguished Visitors Lounge no later than 12:55 pm.

1:25 pm

THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush board Marine One and depart The White House en route Andrews Air Force Base.

MARINE ONE:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Flight Time: 10 Minutes)

1:35 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush arrive Andrews Air Force Base and proceed to Air Force One.

1:40 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush board Air Force One and depart Washington,
EST DC en route Shannon, Ireland.

AIR FORCE ONE:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Flight Time: 7 Hours, 20 Minutes)
(Time Change: +5 Hours)
(Food Service: Lunch & Snack)

SUPPORT PLANE SCHEDULE (747):

1:45 pm Support Plane departs Washington, DC en route
Local Shannon, Ireland

SUPPORT PLANE MANIFEST:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Flight Time: 7 Hours)
(Time Change: +5 Hours)
(Food Service: Lunch & Snack)

1:45 am Support Plane arrives Shannon, Ireland
Local

PRESS PLANE SCHEDULE (A330):

9:55 am Press Plane departs Washington, DC en route
Local Shannon, Ireland

PRESS PLANE MANIFEST:

(b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Flight Time: 6 Hours, 25 Minutes)
(Time Change: +5 Hours)

9:20 pm Press Plane arrives Shannon, Ireland
Local

2:00 am THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush arrive Shannon Airport.
Local

Wednesday, March 1, 2006

Advance:

Matthew Wendel	-Lead
Dan Meyers	-Press

Refueling Stop: 2 Hours

4:00 am
Local

THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush depart Shannon, Ireland en route
New Delhi, India.

AIR FORCE ONE:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Flight Time: 10 Hours, 10 Minutes)
(Time Change: +5 Hours, 30 Minutes)
(Food Service: Breakfast & Lunch)

SUPPORT PLANE SCHEDULE (747):

4:05 am Support Plane departs Shannon, Ireland en route
Local New Delhi, India

SUPPORT PLANE MANIFEST:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

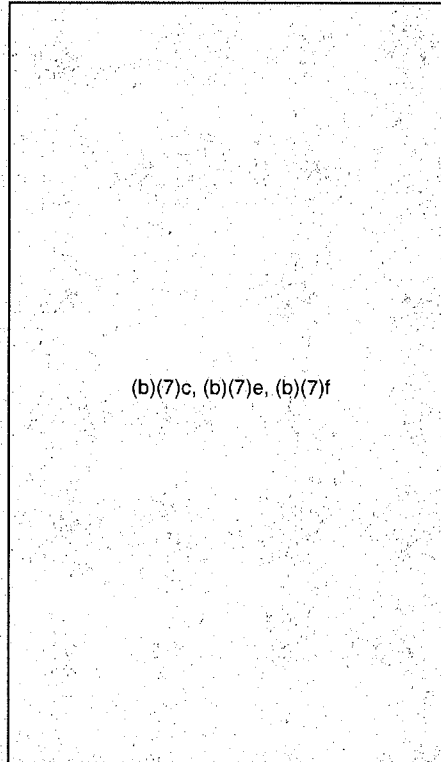
(Flight Time: 9 Hours, 50 Minutes)
(Time Change: +5 Hours, 30 Minutes)
(Food Service: Breakfast & Lunch)

7:25 pm Support Plane arrives New Delhi, India
Local

PRESS PLANE SCHEDULE (A330):

11:05 pm Press Plane departs Shannon, Ireland en route
Local New Delhi, India

PRESS PLANE MANIFEST:



(Flight Time: 9 Hours, 10 Minutes)
(Time Change: +5 Hours, 30 Minutes)

1:45 pm Press Plane arrives New Delhi, India
Local

7:40 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush arrive Palam Air Force Station and proceed to
Local Vehicle.

Advance:

Ajay Patil	-Lead
Jason Recher	-Deputy Lead
Karen Reaves	-Press
Michael Dorff	-Press/Site
Chris Philbrook	-Press/Site
Susie Eckelkamp	-Site
Grayson Hoffman	-Site
Joey Smith	-Site/Motorpool
Jane Field	-Hotel
BJ Frank	-FL Lead

Met by:

Pinak Chakravarty
Chief of Protocol

Prime Minister and Mrs. Manmohan Singh (Mrs. Gursharan Kaur)

Kapil Sibal
Minister of Science & Technology

Ambassador and Mrs. Ronen Sen (Kalpana)
Indian Ambassador to United States

Shyam Saran
Secretary of Foreign Affairs

Dr. Subrahmanyam Jaishankar
Joint Secretary, Americas Division

Ambassador and Mrs. David Mulford (Jeannie)

Note: Pinak Chakravarty, Chief of Protocol, Ambassador and Mrs. David Mulford and Ambassador Donald Ensenat, will proceed on board Air Force One for brief greeting.

Note: THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush will walk through an Honor Cordon upon arrival.

GUEST AND STAFF INSTRUCTIONS:

Staff not manifested in Motorcade, please proceed to Buses for transport to Maurya Sheraton Hotel and Towers.

7:50 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush board Vehicle and depart Palam Air Force Station en route Maurya Sheraton Hotel and Towers.

VEHICLE ASSIGNMENTS:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

VEHICLE ASSIGNMENTS (continued):

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Drive Time: 15 Minutes)

GUEST AND STAFF INSTRUCTIONS:

Room Key Pick-up: Please proceed to Summit Lounge – Floor 14.

Senior Staff Offices are located in Summit Lounge – Floor 14.

Staff Office is located in Room 1782.

Staff Secretary's Office is located in Room 1404.

NSC Offices are located in Rooms 1403, 1405 & 1407.

WHCA Office is located in Room 1702.

Motorpool Dispatch is located in Lobby and can be reached by dialing 35704 from a Drop, 1761 or 1762 from a Hotel Phone, or 0091112419370-35704 from a World Cell.

Thursday, March 2, 2006

Breakfast will be available from 6:00 am to 9:00 am in Pavilion Restaurant.

Continental Breakfast will be available in Summit Lounge – Floor 14 from 6:00 am to 9:00 am.

Ambassador David Mulford, Secretary Condoleezza Rice, Secretary Andrew Card, Ambassador Rob Portman, Steve Hadley, Joe Hagin, Dan Bartlett, Al Hubbard, Nick Burns and Elisabeth Millard, please proceed to Senior Staff Lounge – Floor 14 for Pre-Brief no later than 8:15 am.

Note: Pre-Brief Participants will be escorted to Vehicles immediately following Briefing.

Jeannie Mulford, Brett Kavanaugh, Scott McClellan, Ambassador Donald Ensenat, Richard Boucher, Anita McBride, please proceed to Main Lobby no later than 8:00 am for transport to Rashtrapati Bhavan.

THE CONTACT SHEET
OF
THE VISIT OF THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. BUSH
IN
SHANNON, IRELAND
AND
NEW DELHI, INDIA

Tuesday, February 28, 2006 – Wednesday, March 1, 2006

EVENTS

Shannon, Ireland

No public events scheduled

New Delhi, India

No public events scheduled

WEATHER

Shannon, Ireland

Showers

High 38

Low 30

New Delhi, India

Sunny

High 85

Low 58

DRESS

Men Suit

Women Suit

Shannon, Ireland
New Delhi, India

CONTACTS

Todd Beyer
Director

Steve Atkiss
Trip Director

Chris Edwards
Press Trip Director

Meghan Taylor
Trip Coordinator

(b)(6) (mobile-US)
(mobile-Int'l)
(mobile-Int'l)
(mobile-US)
(mobile-Int'l)
(mobile-Int'l)

ADVANCE

Shannon, Ireland
LEAD

Matthew Wendel
(b)(6) (mobile-US)
(mobile-Int'l)

PRESS

Dan Meyers
(b)(6) (mobile-US)
(mobile-Int'l)

WHCA LEAD

Brent Snyder
(b)(6) (mobile-US)
(mobile-Int'l)

USSS LEAD

(b)(6), (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f (mobile-US)
(mobile-Int'l)

New Delhi, India
LEAD

Ajay Patil
(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

DEPUTY LEAD

Jason Recher
(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

PRESS

Karen Reaves
(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

PRESS/SITE

Michael Dorff
(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

Shannon, Ireland
New Delhi, India

PRESS/SITE

Chris Philbrook

(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

SITE

Susie Eckelkamp

(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

SITE

Grayson Hoffman

(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

SITE/MOTORPOOL

Joey Smith

(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

HOTEL

Jane Field

(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

**FIRST LADY
LEAD**

BJ Frank

(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

WHCA LEAD

Carlos Alford

(b)(6) (mobile-US)
(mobile-Int'l)

USSS LEAD

(b)(6), (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

LOCATIONS

Maurya Sheraton Hotel and Towers
Diplomatic Enclave
New Delhi, India
91-11-26112233 (p)
91-11-26113333 (f)

Shannon, Ireland
New Delhi, India

THE CONTACT SHEET OF MRS. BUSH

IN

SHANNON, IRELAND,

NEW DELHI, INDIA,

HYDERABAD, INDIA,

&

ISLAMABAD, PAKISTAN

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 28 – SUNDAY, MARCH 5, 2006

EVENTS

Tuesday, February 28, 2006

Travel to Shannon, Ireland – Shannon Airport, Ireland **

RON: Aboard Air Force One

Wednesday, March 1, 2006

Refuel Stop Shannon Ireland– Shannon Airport, Ireland **

Travel to New Delhi, India – Palam Air Force Station

RON: Maurya Sheraton Hotel and Towers – New Delhi, India

Thursday, March 2, 2006:

Arrival Ceremony **

Wreath Laying Ceremony in Honor of Mahatma Ghandi **

Sesame Street (*Gali Gali Sim Sim*) Tour and Taping

Visit to Prayas

Lunch **

U.S. Embassy Greeting **

Visit to Mother Teresa's Jeevan Jyoti ("Light of Life") Home for Disabled Children

Courtesy Call with President of India **

Receiving Line **

State Dinner **

RON: Maurya Sheraton Hotel and Towers – New Delhi, India

Friday, March 3, 2006:

HIV/AIDS Event
Visit to Home Science Lab
Roundtable for Women's Empowerment Event
Attend Remarks in New Delhi, India **

RON: Ambassador's Residence – Islamabad, Pakistan

Saturday, March 4, 2006:

Education Through Partnerships UNESCO & CRI Event
Meeting with Mrs. Musharraf
Briefing on Earthquake and Reconstruction Efforts **
Attend Press Availability With The President of Pakistan **
Lunch with The President of Pakistan and Mrs. Musharraf**
U.S. Embassy Greeting **
Cricket Clinic with Pakistani Youth **
Receiving Line **
State Dinner **
Entertainment **
Travel to Shannon, Ireland – Shannon Airport, Ireland **

RON: Aboard Air Force One

Sunday, March 5, 2006:

Refuel Stop Shannon Ireland– Shannon Airport, Ireland **
Travel to Andrews Air Force Base **

RON: White House

WEATHER

Wednesday, March 1, 2006

Shannon, Ireland:

Partly Cloudy
High 44
Low 35

New Delhi, India:

Sunny
High 85

Low 58

Thursday, March 2, 2006:

New Delhi, India:

Sunny

High 87

Low 58

Friday, March 3, 2006:

New Delhi, India:

Sunny

High 89

Low 58

Hyderabad, India:

Sunny

High 98

Low 70

Islamabad, Pakistan

Sunny

High 81

Low 48

Saturday, March 4, 2006:

Islamabad, Pakistan

Sunny

High 82

Low 51

Sunday, March 5, 2006:

Shannon, Ireland:

Cloudy

High 48

Low 40

Washington, DC:

Partly Cloudy

High 49

Low 35

OFFICE OF THE FIRST LADY CONTACTS

Charity Wallace
Director, First Lady Advance (202) 456-1547 (office)
(b)(6) (cell)
(b)(6) (home)

Mary Beth Farr
Director, First Lady Scheduling (202) 456-5613 (office)
(b)(6) (cell)

Jenny Lynn Buntin
Deputy Associate Director, (202) 456-6306 (office)
First Lady Advance & Scheduling (b)(6) (cell)

Anne MacDonald
First Lady Advance (202) 456-2935 (office)
(b)(6) (cell)

TRAVELING STAFF

Anita McBride
Chief of Staff to the First Lady (202) 456-5615 (office)
World Cell: (b)(6) (cell)
Contact through WH Signal

Lindsey Lineweaver
Personal Assistant to the First Lady (202) 456-6342 (office)
World Cell: (b)(6) (cell)
Contact through WH Signal

Susan Whitson
Press Secretary to the First Lady (202) 456-6313 (office)
World Cell: (b)(6) (cell)
Contact through WH Signal

Charity Wallace
Director, First Lady Advance (202) 456-1547 (office)
World Cell: (b)(6) (cell)
Contact through WH Signal

Shealah Craighead
Official Photographer 202-456-6658 (office)
World Cell: (b)(6) (cell)
Contact through WH Signal

Dawn Nokoneczny
Personal Aide to the First Lady (202) 783-3334 (office)
(b)(6) (cell)

(b)(6), (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(b)(6), (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

STAFF HOTEL/ROOM ASSIGNMENTS

NEW DELHI, INDIA

Maurya Sheraton Hotel and Towers
Liberation Road
Diplomatic Enclave
Sardar Patel Marg
New Delhi, India
Tel: 91 11 2611 2233
Fax: 91 11 2611 3333

Senior Staff Office – Summit Lounge – Floor 14
Staff Office – Room 1782
Embassy Control –

Anita McBride – 1478
Susan Whitson – 1480
Lindsey Lineweaver/Dawn Nokoneczny – 1443
Charity Wallace – 1522
Shealah Craighead – 1543
BJ Frank – 1739
Anne MacDonald – 1744
Peter Watkins – 1749
Yale Scott – 1741

HYDERABAD, INDIA

Grand Kakatiya Sheraton
Begumpet Hyderabad 500016
(P) 91 40 234 00132
(F) 91 40 234 01145

Karen Giorno – 1403
Terra Gray – 1536
Sal Scrimenti – 1417
(b)(6), (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

ISLAMABAD, PAKISTAN

Ambassador's Residence
1 Aguiyi Ironsi Street
Islamabad, Pakistan

ADVANCE REPRESENTATIVES

NEW DELHI, INDIA

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(b)(6)

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 **FL Control Officer:**

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Site: Jake Yunker

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New Delhi, India

U.S. Embassy
Shantipath, Chanakyapuri
New Delhi - 110021
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Mother Teresa's Jeevan Jyoti ("Light of Light") Home for Disabled Children
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HYDERABAD, INDIA

Acharya N.G. Ranga Agricultural University

Hyderabad, India

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Islamabad, Pakistan
Telephone: (+92) 51-208-0000
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SCHEDULE OF MRS. BUSH

IN

WASHINGTON, DC,

SHANNON, IRELAND

AND

NEW DELHI, INDIA

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 2006 - WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 2006

GUEST AND STAFF INSTRUCTIONS:

Baggage Call: Please bring Bags to EEOB 89 ½ no later than 8:00 am on Tuesday, February 28, 2006.

Please board Vans on West Executive Drive no later than 12:25 pm for transport to Andrews Air Force Base.

Staff driving personal Vehicles, please arrive Andrews Air Force Base-Distinguished Visitors Lounge no later than 12:55 pm.

(b)(6)

1:25 pm

THE PRESIDENT and MRS. BUSH board Marine One and depart The White House en route Andrews Air Force Base.

MARINE ONE:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Flight Time: 10 minutes)

1:35 pm

THE PRESIDENT and MRS. BUSH arrive Andrews Air Force Base and proceed to Air Force One.

1:40 pm
EST

THE PRESIDENT and MRS. BUSH board Air Force One and depart Washington, DC en route Shannon, Ireland.

AIR FORCE ONE:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Flight Time: 7 hours 20 minutes)
(Time Change: +5 hours)
(Food Service: Lunch & Snack)

SUPPORT PLANE SCHEDULE (747):

1:45 pm
Local

Support Plane departs Washington, DC en route
Shannon, Ireland

SUPPORT PLANE MANIFEST:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Flight Time: 7 Hours)
(Time Change: +5 Hours)
(Food Service: Lunch & Snack)

1:45 am
Local

Support Plane arrives Shannon, Ireland

PRESS PLANE SCHEDULE (A330):

9:55 am Press Plane departs Washington, DC en route
Local Shannon, Ireland

PRESS PLANE MANIFEST:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Flight Time: 6 Hours, 25 Minutes)
(Time Change: +5 Hours)

9:20 pm Press Plane arrives Shannon, Ireland
Local

2:00 am THE PRESIDENT and MRS. BUSH arrive Shannon Airport.
Local

Wednesday, March 1, 2006

Advance: Matthew Wendel -Lead
Dan Meyers -Press

Refueling Stop: 2 hours

4:00 am
Local

THE PRESIDENT and MRS. BUSH depart Shannon, Ireland en route
New Delhi, India.

AIR FORCE ONE:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Flight Time: 10 hours 10 minutes)
(Time Change: +5 hours 30 minutes)
(Food Service: Breakfast & Lunch)

SUPPORT PLANE SCHEDULE (747):

4:05 am Support Plane departs Shannon, Ireland en route
Local New Delhi, India

SUPPORT PLANE MANIFEST:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Flight Time: 9 Hours, 50 Minutes)
(Time Change: +5 Hours, 30 Minutes)
(Food Service: Breakfast & Lunch)

7:25 pm Support Plane arrives New Delhi, India
Local

PRESS PLANE SCHEDULE (A330):

11:05 pm Press Plane departs Shannon, Ireland en route
Local New Delhi, India

PRESS PLANE MANIFEST:

(b)(7)c; (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Flight Time: 9 Hours, 10 Minutes)
(Time Change: +5 Hours, 30 Minutes)

1:45 pm Press Plane arrives New Delhi, India
Local

7:40 pm
Local

THE PRESIDENT and MRS. BUSH arrive Palam Air Force Station and proceed to Vehicle.

Advance:	Ajay Patil	-Lead
	Jason Recher	-Deputy Lead
	Karen Reaves	-Press
	Michael Dorff	-Press/Site
	Chris Philbrook	-Press/Site
	Susie Eckelkamp	-Site
	Grayson Hoffman	-Site
	Joey Smith	-Site
	Jane Field	-Hotel
	BJ Frank	-FL Lead
	Anne MacDonald	-FL Site
	Yale Scott	-FL Site
	Peter Watkins	-FL Press

Met by: Pinak Chakravarty, *Chief of Protocol*
Prime Minister and Mrs. Manmohan Singh (Mrs. Gursharan Kaur)
Kapil Sibal, *Minister of Science and Technology*
Ambassador and Mrs. Ronen Sen (Kalpana), *Indian Ambassador to United States*
Shyam Saran, *Secretary of Foreign Affairs*
Dr. Subrahmanyam Jaishankar, *Joint Secretary, Americas Division*
Ambassador and Mrs. David Mulford (Jeannie)

Note: Pinak Chakravarty, Chief of Protocol, Ambassador and Mrs. David Mulford (Jeannie) and Ambassador Donald Ensenat, will proceed on board Air Force One for brief greeting.

Note: THE PRESIDENT and MRS. BUSH will walk through an Honor Cordon upon arrival.

GUEST AND STAFF INSTRUCTIONS:

Staff not manifested in Motorcade, please proceed to Buses for transport to Maurya Sheraton Hotel and Towers.

7:50 pm

THE PRESIDENT and MRS. BUSH board Vehicle and depart Palam Air Force Station en route Maurya Sheraton Hotel and Towers.

VEHICLE ASSIGNMENTS:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

VEHICLE ASSIGNMENTS (continued):

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Drive Time: 15 Minutes)

(b)(6)

RON: Maurya Sheraton Hotel and Towers – New Delhi, India

*** No scheduled events balance of day.**

(b)(6)

GUEST AND STAFF INSTRUCTIONS:

Room Key Pick-up: Please proceed to Summit Lounge – Floor 14.

Senior Staff Offices are located in Summit Lounge – Floor 14.

Staff Office is located in Room 1782.

Staff Secretary's Office is located in Room 1404.

NSC Offices are located in Rooms 1403, 1405 & 1407.

WHCA Office is located in Room 1702.

Motorpool Dispatch is located in Lobby and can be reached by dialing 35704 from a Drop, 1761 or 1762 from a Hotel Phone, or 0091112419370-35704 from a World Cell.

Thursday, March 2, 2006

Breakfast will be available from 6:00 am to 9:00 am in Pavilion Restaurant. Continental Breakfast will be available in Summit Lounge – Floor 14 from 6:00 am to 9:00 am.

Ambassador David Mulford, Secretary Condoleezza Rice, Secretary Andrew Card, Ambassador Rob Portman, Steve Hadley, Joe Hagin, Dan Bartlett, Al Hubbard, Nick Burns and Elisabeth Millard, please proceed to Senior Staff Lounge – Floor 14 for Pre-Brief no later than 8:15 am.

Note: Pre-Brief Participants will be escorted to Vehicles immediately following Briefing.

Jeannie Mulford, Brett Kavanaugh, Scott McClellan, Ambassador Donald Ensenat, Richard Boucher, Anita McBride and other Staff participating in daily events, please proceed to Main Lobby no later than 8:00 am for transport to Rashtrapati Bhavan.

MRS. BUSH's staff, please proceed to First Lady Motorcade at the end of Delegation Motorcade. Please proceed to Main Lobby no later than 8:00 am for transport to Rashtrapati Bhavan.

Jeannie Louise Mulford

Born (b)(6)

Primrose, Nebraska

Bachelor of Science Degree in Speech Communication, 1972
University of Nebraska

In the past fifteen years Jeannie has served on the Board of Directors of both the Pan American Development Foundation in Washington and Decatur House on Lafayette Square pursuing her interest in projects for the poorest of the poor in developing countries, and in historic preservation in America. Jeannie also served in recent years on the committee which annually sponsors the America Heart Association's Phoenix Arizona Heart Ball, and she actively supports the Crisis Nursery and Liberty Wildlife in Arizona where her family now lives.

Since arriving in India two years ago Jeannie's highest priority has been the US Mission and morale within the US Mission Community. She is the Honorary President of the American Women's Association, which provides guidance and support to American families living in Delhi.

Jeannie is also the Honorary President of the Delhi-based Umang Charitable Society, which works for under-privileged children and has undertaken several projects in slum areas. The mobile school van idea developed by this Society for disaster hit areas has been considered as a prototype for similar use in Afghanistan.

Married October 1985 to David C Mulford.

Christine B. Crocker

Ms. Crocker is the spouse of Ambassador Ryan Crocker, currently posted to Islamabad, Pakistan. She is assigned to an Eligible Family Member position as APO Supervisor and the Director of the Kabul Support Unit at the U.S. Embassy Islamabad.

Ms. Crocker retired from the Department of State in May 2002 after 23 years with the Foreign Service. Her first assignment as a Foreign Service secretary was in Baghdad, Iraq, where she met Ambassador Crocker. Other postings included Beirut, Cairo, Kuwait, Damascus and finally Kabul, when the mission there was reopened in January 2002.

Ms. Crocker grew up in the Chicago suburb of Glen Ellyn and attended the University of Wisconsin-Oshkosh and Rider College in New Jersey. She and Ryan have been married since 1980.

Withdrawal Marker

The George W. Bush Library

FORM	SUBJECT/TITLE	PAGES	DATE	RESTRICTION(S)
Report	[Report]	1	02/28/2006	P1/b1;

**This marker identifies the original location of the withdrawn item listed above.
For a complete list of items withdrawn from this folder, see the
Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet at the front of the folder.**

COLLECTION:

Office of Laura Bush - Scheduling

SERIES:

Farr, Mary Elizabeth

FOLDER TITLE:

Wednesday, 03/01/2006

FRC ID:

3805

OA Num.:

6077

NARA Num.:

5879

FOIA IDs and Segments:

2014-0532-F

RESTRICTION CODES**Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]**

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

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Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
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- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
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- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

Records Not Subject to FOIA

Court Sealed - The document is withheld under a court seal and is not subject to the Freedom of Information Act.

The New York Times

January 21, 2006 Saturday

HEADLINE: Heeding Pakistani Protest, U.N. Blocks Talk by Rape Victim

BYLINE: By WARREN HOGE

Mukhtar Mai, the Pakistani woman whose defiant response to being gang-raped by order of a tribal court brought her worldwide attention, was denied a chance to speak at the United Nations on Friday after Pakistan protested that it was the same day the country's prime minister was visiting.

Ms. Mai had long been scheduled to make an appearance called "An Interview With Mukhtar Mai: The Bravest Woman on Earth" in the United Nations television studios, sponsored by the office for nongovernmental organizations, the Virtue Foundation and the Asian-American Network Against Abuse of Human Rights.

But on Thursday night the organizers were informed that the program would have to be postponed because of Pakistan's objections.

Ms. Mai is leaving New York on Saturday so the effect was to cancel her appearance.

Asked at a news conference why Pakistan had taken the action, the prime minister, Shaukat Aziz, said: "I have no idea. You have informed me and so have some other people as I was walking in. I don't know how the place functions."

The Pakistani Mission did not return calls seeking comment.

In 2002, a village council sentenced Ms. Mai to be gang-raped for the supposed misconduct of her brother. Pakistani women in such circumstances often commit suicide, but Ms. Mai instead successfully challenged her rapists in court. She gave the compensation money she received to schools in her remote district.

On a previous visit to New York in November, Ms. Mai, also known as Mukhtaran Bibi, was hailed in a video tribute by **Laura Bush** at a Lincoln Center banquet as a person who "proves that one woman really can change the world."

Mr. Aziz is scheduled to see President Bush in Washington next week.

This was not the first time that Pakistan's government had interfered in Ms. Mai's travels. President Pervez Musharraf blocked her from taking a trip to the United States in June and then relented last fall when Glamour magazine honored her as its "Woman of the Year."

Asked why the United Nations bowed to the Pakistani protest, Shashi Tharoor, the under secretary general for communications, said he could not comment on this specific case. But, he said: "As a general principle, indeed there are written instructions guiding the holding of any event on United Nations premises in which we are obliged to take into account views formally expressed by member states. This is a building and an organization that belongs to the member

states."

Recounting the 11th-hour nature of the decision, Joseph Salim, the executive director of the Virtue Foundation, a New York-based human rights charity, said, "Yesterday, as we were going about a walk-through, getting our ID badges, they suddenly told us that because this event was considered by the Pakistan government as embarrassing to them, they were going to block it."

An e-mail message from Meena Sur of the United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs at 7:49 p.m. on Thursday informed the organizers that the event had to be postponed until sometime after Jan. 24.

Neither she nor Michele Fedoroff, the deputy head of the section, who had conveyed the same message in a telephone call, responded to messages seeking explanation.

In an interview, Ms. Mai said: "I feel disappointed. I was not going to say anything bad about Pakistan. I was just going to talk about my work and what people are doing."

The New York Times

January 22, 2006 Sunday

SECTION: Section 4; Column 1; Editorial Desk; Pg. 17

LENGTH: 706 words

HEADLINE: Slavery in Our Time

BYLINE: By NICHOLAS D. KRISTOF

DATLINE: CALCUTTA

Historians will look back in puzzlement at the way our 21st century world tolerates the slavery of more than a million children in brothels around the world.

India alone may have half a million children in its brothels, more than any other country in the world. Visit the brothel district in almost any city in India, and you can meet 14-year-old girls who have been kidnapped off the street, or drugged, or offered jobs as maids, and then sold into a world that they often escape only by dying of **AIDS**.

When I've written about "sex slavery" in the past, from Cambodia, I've sensed that readers assume the term is hyperbole. See if you still think so after hearing the story of Geeta Ghosh (video of Geeta is at www.nytimes.com/kristof).

Geeta grew up in a village in rural India and attended only two months of school; like many of the girls who are trafficked, she is illiterate. Her own family abused her, but at age 11 she found refuge with her best friend's aunt.

For a year, "Auntie" looked after Geeta with a warmth that she had never found at home. Then one day when Geeta was 12 -- but still physically a little girl, well short of puberty -- the aunt took her to a beauty parlor. "You look a bit ugly, so why not try to look prettier?" Auntie suggested.

Then the aunt locked her in a soundproof room in a brothel with an Arab man who bought her virginity. "I was very terrified to see this huge man in front of me," Geeta remembers, adding, "I cried a lot and fell to his feet, pleading."

"He pulled off my dress, and the rapes went on for a month like that. He made me sleep naked beside him, and he drank a lot, and he hurt me so much."

After that, the brothel owner peddled Geeta daily for five years -- and only after eight months as a prostitute did she mature enough to get her first period. The brothel owner kept her confined in the brothel for the first three years, beating her with sticks and threatening her with a knife to warn what would happen if Geeta tried to escape.

"There was a big drain in the house for sewage," Geeta remembers. "The madam said, 'If you ever try to run away, we'll chop you up and throw the pieces down this drain.'"

After three years, Geeta was allowed on the street in front of the brothel. But although police

officers sometimes walked by, she says that running to them would have been pointless -- the madam paid them good bribes, so they would simply have returned her to the brothel.

One taxi driver regularly visited Geeta, and gradually they became close. "It may not have been love, but he was sympathetic," she says. Finally, he helped her escape from the brothel, and now they are married and have four children.

In the five years in which Geeta was imprisoned in the brothel, she never was given any money. Every single rupee she earned went to her owner.

I visited the one-room hovel where Geeta and her family now live in a Calcutta slum. The home is the size of a walk-in American closet, mostly taken up by a bed raised up on bricks. Three of the children sleep on the bed, and the parents and the youngest child sleep underneath it. The slum is squalid, and a nearby sewage canal sometimes floods their home -- but Geeta is happy, because she is free.

All around India and the world, girls are still locked up in brothels as Geeta was. Indeed, sex trafficking is one problem that appears to have become worse around the globe, as organized crime, increased mobility and the rise of markets have turned pubescent flesh into a tradable international commodity. Moreover, fear of **AIDS** has nurtured markets for virgins and younger children who customers think are less likely to have **HIV**.

The Lancet, the British medical journal, has estimated: "The number of prostituted children is thought to be increasing and could be as high as 10 million."

Of course, not all can realistically be called "slaves." There is a continuum of coercion among under-age prostitutes that runs all the way from older teenagers who choose prostitution to 10-year-olds who are kidnapped off the street and locked up in cages.

In my next column, I'll talk about what can be done to help sex trafficking victims like Geeta. It's time to emancipate them.

The New York Times

January 24, 2006

HEADLINE: Hitting Brothel Owners Where It Hurts

BYLINE: By NICHOLAS D. KRISTOF

Imagine what you would have done if you'd been in Hasina Bibi's sandals.

She was a lonely 16-year-old working in a garment factory in Bangladesh when an older employee began mothering her. They grew close, and one day the older woman gave Hasina some cakes to eat.

Two days later, Hasina emerged from a drug-induced stupor in India, sold to a brothel in faraway Gujarat. The brothel's owner beat Hasina and threatened to deform her face with acid if she tried to escape. She had to do whatever the customers wanted, with or without condoms.

But Hasina, in contrast with most girls who are trafficked into brothels, had a fourth-grade education and was literate. So although she earned no money, Hasina asked customers for tips and was able to amass a secret stash of rupees. She learned a bit of Hindi. Finally one day she jumped into a rickshaw and ran away.

It would be nice to say that she lived happily ever after, but trafficked children rarely do. Ashamed to return home, Hasina is now an independent streetwalker here in Calcutta.

So as we try to develop policies to reduce sex trafficking, there are a couple of lessons here. First, it's difficult to extricate girls from prostitution after they've been trafficked. It's far more cost-effective to focus resources on reducing the number of newly trafficked people each year -- now hundreds of thousands.

Second, educating girls is the best way to give them the tools to resist trafficking or escape brothels. In the long run, one effective way to knock down brothels is to build schools.

But that's for the long run. To have a more immediate impact, we need to reduce the economic incentives for traffickers. Here are my suggestions:

Pick our battles. Look, prostitution will always be around. But progress is possible by targeting the very worst abuses, like the brothels that imprison girls (some boys are also trafficked for sex, but not as many).

Emphasize criminal sanctions. Effective law enforcement may not rescue many individual children (those numbers are tiny), but it deters all brothel owners from forced prostitution and from pimping minors. If brothel owners see that they risk jail for imprisoning and peddling 13-year-olds, they instead employ semivoluntary 17-year-olds who claim that they are 18 (few people in poor countries have good documentation of age). In this world, that's real progress.

Focus on virginity sales. In some areas, like Southeast Asia, the business model of sex trafficking depends on selling virgins for \$500 or more apiece. That's where traffickers reap their biggest

profits. So let's encourage sting operations that arrest both buyers and sellers of virgins. Buyers are usually wealthy foreigners, often Arabs or ethnic Chinese, and a few heavily publicized arrests would help dry up sales of virgins.

Inspect brothels regularly for prisoners. Frequent inspections make the brothel owners more likely to employ willing prostitutes rather than unwilling ones. During inspections, girls should also undergo mandatory testing for diseases, including **HIV**.

Some people worry that cracking down on trafficking just drives it underground. I don't worry too much about that. The brothel business depends on being readily accessible, so driving it underground makes it less profitable and smaller. And my interviews with brothel owners suggest that many find the business only marginally more profitable than peddling pirated DVD's or smuggled cigarettes. Eat into their profits a bit more, and they'll switch businesses.

The first step is to put forced prostitution on the international agenda, just as the abolitionists put slavery there in the early 19th century. To his credit, **President Bush**, far more than his predecessors, has pushed other governments to crack down on sex trafficking. His State Department office on trafficking should get a medal.

Mr. Bush could make the issue a higher global priority by raising it in his State of the Union address and in his coming visit to India. Just imagine if he visited the New Light anti-trafficking center here in Calcutta. A local woman, Urmi Basu, used her savings and American foundation grants to build New Light, which battles trafficking, teaches English to the children of prostitutes and provides health services. (Video of Ms. Basu and a list of aid groups that do great work fighting trafficking are at www.nytimes.com/ontheground.)

Mr. Bush could do so much good by leading dignitaries and TV cameras through a red-light slum and down a fetid alley to the sewer-side offices of New Light. The entourage could then spotlight reformers like Ms. Basu, the abolitionists of the 21st century.

Newsweek

March 6, 2006

HEADLINE: Education: A Learning Curve; What's behind India's success in the global knowledge economy? One key is a boom in private schools for all.

BYLINE: By Gurcharan Das; Gurcharan Das is the author of "India Unbound" and a former CEO of Procter & Gamble India.

I recently got a call from a board member of one of the world's largest consulting companies, who invited me to speak to them about why so many Indians were succeeding in the global-knowledge economy. He mentioned innovations emerging from GE and Microsoft's R&D centers in Bangalore; advanced avionics installed by India's Air Force on Russian fighter aircraft, and sophisticated research on global capital markets outsourced by Wall Street to India. Finally, he rattled off the names of a dozen Indian leaders of multinational corporations.

I was skeptical. "Perhaps it's our large population?" I suggested. He countered with half a dozen large countries that are invisible in the knowledge economy. "Or maybe it's simply knowing English?" He asked if there was something in India's education system that might help explain its recent economic success.

The best in India do get a decent education. Aside from the famed Indian Institutes of Technology and the Indian Institutes of Management, there are about 20 other centers of excellence in science, engineering, medicine and even the liberal arts. Both students and parents are intensely dedicated. Night after night, middle-class Indian parents insist on overseeing their kids' homework--it's a rare mother who accepts a dinner invitation during exam season. By the age of 15, the young are packed off to coaching classes to prepare them for entry into the competitive colleges.

What's changing is the access to quality education below these top levels. Government-run schools are a mess: a national study by Harvard University faculty found that on any given day, one out of four teachers in state-run primary schools is absent, and of those present half are not teaching. But private schools--which can range from expensive boarding schools for the elite to low-end teaching shops in the bazaar--are proliferating. Even the poor now send their kids to private schools, which can charge as little as \$1 to \$3 a month in fees and are spreading rapidly in slums and villages across India.

NIEPA, a state-sponsored think tank, confirms that two thirds of the children in urban Maharashtra, Uttar Pradesh and Tamil Nadu--three of India's largest states--are now in private schools. According to National Sample Surveys, spending on education rose from 1.2 percent of per capita expenditure in 1983 to 4.4 percent in 2003. In urban areas it's risen even faster, from 2.1 percent to 6.3 percent.

These private schools are delivering results. Although teacher salaries tend to be two-thirds lower on average, Prof. James Tooley of the University of Newcastle found that even unrecognized schools in Hyderabad's slums delivered mean scores in mathematics that were 22 percentage points higher than public schools. A national study led by the education NGO Pratham confirmed that even in villages 16 percent of the kids are now enrolled in private

primary schools, and their reading and math scores were 10 points higher.

This upsets the Indian left, which wants to shut down these "mushrooming private schools." Bureaucrats take advantage of this prejudice and extract bribes in exchange for licenses, which average 5 percent of a school's running cost. Yet even the children of government-school teachers go to private schools.

As with so much about India's success story, Indians are thus finding solutions to their problems without waiting for the state. If China's success is due to its amazing (and state-funded) infrastructure, India's is largely the result of individual initiative. If this initiative can successfully broaden access to and raise the quality of education, India could be even better positioned for the knowledge economy than its behemoth neighbor.

The International Herald Tribune

December 12, 2005 Monday

HEADLINE: 'Sesame Street' goes local, without some old friends

BYLINE: Doreen Carvajal

When a squeezable, and bankable, star named Elmo made a belated comeback in France this year, long after his Muppet birth in the United States, doubts emerged immediately about the puppet's proper French esprit.

Was Elmo too sweet? Did the google-eyed creature with a crimson shag and the whispery voice of a 3-year-old lack sufficient Gallic irony?

Thirty-six years after the original "Sesame Street" made its debut in the United States, Elmo has left his familiar neighborhood for a fresh wave of globalization, bound for countries that are discarding dubbed American versions for local productions inhabited by denizens with names like Nac, Khokha and Kami.

The makeovers, from Bollywood to Paris and from Tokyo to South Africa, are transforming what it means to be a Muppet. And one result is new licensing income from global co-productions that are subsidizing more treats for the Cookie Monster back at the New York headquarters of Sesame Workshop, the nonprofit educational organization behind "Sesame Street."

Revenue at Sesame Workshop increased 4 percent last year, to \$96 million, primarily because of new income from international licensing.

France is the latest country to offer up its version with "5, rue Sesame," a quaint street of tall buildings and bright blue skies, flower boxes and, of course, a tidy village bakery stocked with baguettes. But certain American puppets are gone, including one that you might expect could rattle French sensibilities: "Sesame Street's" floppy-armed frontman, Kermit the Frog.

"It took us a year and a half to launch this show," said Alexandre Michelin, programming director for France 5, a state-run public television channel and co-producer with Sesame Workshop of the two-month-old show. "We had to adapt it to keep 'Sesame Street' values and ours, finding a way to make it work with French issues."

For rue Sesame, that means there is a glancing scene of a tall suburban building, laced with graffiti < a nod to suburbs around the country that were engulfed in rioting a few weeks ago. The local bakery is run by Baya, an Arabic-looking woman, although < in another reflection of French sensibilities < her origins are never mentioned.

Big Bird has also vanished, replaced by an enormous yellow character, Nac, whose trumpet nose, vivid colors and whimsical nature were tested with children and reviewed by a French psychologist. The American bird disappeared because the French co-producer wanted a unique and distinctive puppet star that could also be a mascot for their station.

Patricia Chalon, the therapist, also helped the show's creators shape other new Muppet characters like Griotte, a little girl in a wheelchair, and helped tweak messages so young viewers could better understand why a character was speaking in sign language.

The same sort of review is taking place now in India, where a co-production of a new "Sesame Street" version in Hindi is in development for a debut early next year. Miditech, a leading Indian television production company based in New Delhi, held a news conference last week to introduce new characters for the show, which will be broadcast on Turner International's cartoon network.

Big Bird was also eliminated in this version, replaced by a giant lion named Boombah, who for now speaks in Hindi but eventually will master other tongues in a country with 15 official languages, excluding English. Along this streetscape, the communal French bakery is replaced by one of the Internet cafes that are ubiquitous in Indian villages.

"If it is to work in India, the Indian kid watching it should not feel it is American or foreign," said Niret Alva, president of Miditech.

Alva noted that the American version had never made the leap beyond a niche channel in India to reach a mass audience of children estimated at more than 157 million. "Our show is made by Indians and for Indians," Alva said, "and we are looking for characters who can play this part for the next 10 to 15 years."

Miditech is a company better known for popular reality shows like "Indian Idol," and it is already laying plans to enlist stars from that show, along with Bollywood musical celebrities, to dance with the Muppets.

The new co-producers and Sesame Workshop offer many altruistic reasons for creating the shows, from spreading a message of tolerance and diversity in France, to promoting unity in India between rural and urban areas, or easing ethnic tensions in Kosovo..

But beyond those motives, there are the important side benefits of new income from licensing and merchandising, particularly from new characters with distinctive national identities.

Last year, 68 percent of Sesame Street's revenue came from income from licensing of products. Japan started its own version of "Sesame Street" last year, and Sesame's 4 percent jump in revenue last year came largely from licensing agreements in Japan.

Today, "Sesame Street" appears in more than 120 countries, and about 25 of them are co-productions. France once had a more American version of "Sesame Street," in the 1970s and early 1980s, but stronger local competition pushed it off the air.

A new wave of co-productions started in the past five years, among them the Arabic Egyptian broadcast, "Alam Simsim," which is now seeking to spread to other Arabic-speaking countries with a pan-Arab version that just started appearing on Lebanese television.

The global merchandizing income is most important because it "is subsidizing the show in the U.S. and subsidizing the research that we do at the workshop," said Gary Knell, chief executive of Sesame Workshop in New York. He added, though, that "there are many countries, like Bangladesh or Kosovo, where we go in where there is no expectation of making any money on ancillary income from product sales."

Such is the case with the new Cambodian version, "Sabai Sabai Sesame" ("Happy Happy Sesame"), which is scheduled to be broadcast for the first time Tuesday, partly with funding by the U.S. government. This show is basically an American version dubbed in Khmer.

But countries with large populations and high disposable income have a commercial incentive to develop their own versions. France 5's commercial arm, France Television Distribution, for example, is developing a two-stage strategy to bring merchandise to the market in the next nine months.

Franck Cymes, a senior vice president for licensing at France Television Distribution, said his company had signed four licensees in the first months of the show's life, including with the toymaker Mattel, for a list of products that range from standard plush toys and pajamas to melamine dishware. As the show's popularity increases, he said, their ambitions would extend to licensing for healthy food lines. But fast-food chains like McDonald's are not on the list.

"They just don't go together," he said, noting that a primary message of "5, rue Sesame" is to promote healthy nutrition.

The global brand Sesame will soon have its own feature-length documentary movie, "The World According to Sesame Street." It will have its premiere at the Sundance Film Festival in January.

The filmmakers, Linda Goldstein Knowlton and Linda Hawkins Costigan, set out to explore the backstage dramas of international versions in South Africa, Bangladesh and Kosovo, where they found Muppets could be agents of social change and understanding, like Kami, an HIV-positive puppet, on "Talakani Sesame" in South Africa.

Within France, the creators of "5, rue Sesame" are studying their completed shows and considering whether some cultural values need further adjusting.

"We had the feeling that it was a little bit too sweet, too nice," said Michelin, the France 5 programming director. "We need some irony. It's very difficult to evaluate, but we have the feeling that in France we can be a little edgier."

AP

February 27, 2006

HEADLINE: India has mixed feelings about close ties with U.S. ahead of Bush visit

BYLINE: MATTHEW ROSENBERG

NEW DELHI (AP) With India and the United States struggling to work out a nuclear pact before President Bush arrives this week, India's prime minister pledged Monday not to compromise the country's security to seal the deal.

During his visit beginning Wednesday, Bush is likely to find excitement over Indian-U.S. ties mixed with ambivalence about sidling up to a nation many see as the world's bully.

The landmark nuclear pact has, for many here, come to illustrate what India stands to gain from America and what it has to lose.

Talks on the nuclear deal "are currently at a delicate stage," held up by disagreements over which of India's nuclear facilities are to be designated as civilian and which are to be considered military, Prime Minister Manmohan Singh told lawmakers Monday.

Separating India's tightly entwined civilian and military nuclear programs is key to the deal, because the United States has only agreed to recognize India as having a civilian nuclear program not as a legitimate nuclear weapons state.

"We have judged every proposal" from the U.S., Singh said. "The decision of what facilities may be identified as civilian will be made by India alone and not by anyone else."

The pact would allow the United States to provide nuclear technology and fuel desperately needed by India to fuel its booming but energy-starved economy. In return, India has pledged to separate its programs and open the civilian ones to international inspection.

The deal has faced opposition from some members of U.S. Congress, which must approve the pact. They argue it could undermine the Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty. India has refused to sign the treaty and defied the world by openly conducting nuclear weapons tests in 1998. India and Pakistan have often staged tit-for-tat missile tests that raise regional tensions.

White House press secretary Scott McClellan said the president's approach with the pact will not only address energy needs for India, but will also address important proliferation issues.

"We've made some progress. The negotiations are ongoing," he said. "Whether it gets done during the trip or not, we will see. But we believe it will get done."

Indian opponents worry the United States is pushing to classify far too many of India's facilities as civilian, and thus subject to international safeguards. Some see it as an attempt to undermine the country's nuclear weapons program.

Among Indians, there is also "a sense of America being arrogant in its dealings surrounding the nuclear pact," said Nandan Unnikrishnan of New Delhi's Observer Research Foundation.

"India does not like to be perceived as someone who is doing something according to an external diktat," he said. "And the U.S. has been a little ham-handed in terms of trying to get India to see the world its way."

He cited U.S. Ambassador David C. Mulford's remark in January that if India did not support referring Iran to the U.N. Security Council over its nuclear program that the India-U.S. nuclear pact could "die" in Congress. The U.S. and other Western countries suspect Iran's program is geared toward making weapons.

Parties crucial to the survival of Singh's government seethed at the comment, claiming it as evidence that New Delhi was selling out to Washington for the sake of the nuclear deal.

The deal is also seen by some as Washington's attempt to balance to China's growing economic and political clout something New Delhi wants no part of.

India and China "will cooperate, they will compete, they will try to balance each other," said analyst C. Raja Mohan. "But we certainly don't want to be seen as acting as a task horse for the Americans."

A poll in India's Outlook magazine illustrates the mixed feelings of many here.

Asked if India could trust the United States in times of need, 55 percent of the 1,634 people interviewed by pollster AC Nielsen said yes. But asked whether they thought America was a bully, 72 percent said yes. No margin of error was given.

"It's a situation of a rich man and a poor man who's getting richer," said Vijay Bhagat, a shop owner in New Delhi. "We need to work with the United States, we need the money but we Indian people have to keep our self-respect."

There's little doubt that India has reaped tremendous economic benefits from its American ties. India's outsourcing industry, for example, is expected to bring in \$22 billion in revenues this fiscal year, much of that generated by business from America.

The boom has created millions of jobs, and has even given rise to luxury goods market with brands like Louis Vuitton and Rolls Royce setting up shop.

But the luxuries are for a tiny few, and the economic liberalization that has stoked the boom has also raised fears among Indians some 80 percent of whom live on less than \$2 a day that the government will soon have to remove subsidies on essentials such as cooking oil.

AP

February 27, 2006

HEADLINE: White House mum on whether Bush goes to Afghanistan during India-Pakistan trip

WASHINGTON (AP) Will President Bush go to war-rattled Afghanistan when he visits India and Pakistan this week? The White House isn't saying, but there's a lot of speculation here and in South Asia that he will. Both Vice President Dick Cheney and **Laura Bush** have visited Afghanistan.

"Even if we were going to other countries, we would announce that at an appropriate time not before," White House press secretary Scott McClellan said Monday.

Bush leaves Tuesday, first for India and then to Pakistan, which shares a border with Afghanistan.

Security tensions already are high for Bush's trip to South Asia, and a stop in Afghanistan would heighten those concerns even further because of the risk posed by al-Qaida and Taliban militants.

More than 200 U.S. personnel have died in the Afghan conflict since the United States invaded the country in late 2001.

The size of the U.S. force in Afghanistan is in flux. Defense Secretary Donald H. Rumsfeld announced in December that the number would shrink from about 19,000 at the time to about 16,000 by the summer.

Marvin Weinbaum, a former State Department analyst for Pakistan and Afghanistan, said Bush likely would confine any visit to heavily guarded Bagram Air Base north of Kabul.

"He has to go," Weinbaum said at Brookings Institution briefing on the president's trip. "He's in the neighborhood. **Laura Bush** went. Can he not go if **Laura Bush** took the chance and was more exposed actually not much more, but more exposed than the president will certainly be?"



THE VISIT OF THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. BUSH
TO
KABUL, AFGHANISTAN
AND
NEW DELHI, INDIA

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 2006

OFFICIAL DOCUMENT

EVENT SUMMARY OF THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. BUSH

FOR

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 2006

Kabul, Afghanistan

1:05 pm – **EVENT: Meeting with the President of Afghanistan**
1:20 pm

LOCATION:

Presidential Palace
Kabul, Afghanistan

1:25 pm – **EVENT: Working Lunch with the President of Afghanistan**
2:10 pm

LOCATION:

Presidential Palace
Kabul, Afghanistan

2:15 pm – **EVENT: Press Availability with the President of Afghanistan**
2:45 pm

LOCATION:

Presidential Palace
Kabul, Afghanistan

3:00 pm – **EVENT: Dedication of US Embassy Building**
3:30 pm

LOCATION:

United States Embassy
Kabul, Afghanistan

4:20 pm – **EVENT: Remarks to US and Coalition Troops**
5:25 pm

LOCATION:

Bagram Air Base
Clam Shell
Kabul, Afghanistan

New Delhi, India

No public events scheduled

Meeting &
lunch at
in Karachi

Kabul, Afghanistan
New Delhi, India

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. BUSH

IN

KABUL, AFGHANISTAN

AND

NEW DELHI, INDIA

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 2006

GUEST AND STAFF INSTRUCTIONS:

Staff not manifested on helicopters must remain aboard Air Force One.

Staff traveling on Support Plane will proceed directly to New Delhi, India.

12:15 am
Local

THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush arrive Shannon Airport.

Refueling Stop: 50 minutes

1:05 am
Local

THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush depart Shannon, Ireland en route
Bagram Air Base, Afghanistan.

AIR FORCE ONE:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Flight Time: 7 Hours, 00 Minutes)
(Time Change: +4 Hours, 30 Minutes)
(Food Service: Snack)

12:35 pm
Local

THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush arrive Bagram Air Base and proceed to Marine One.

Advance:

Todd Beyer	-Lead
Bill Hughes	-Press
Scott Shadian	-Press/Site
Joe Ellis	-Site
Davis White	-Site

Met by:

Ambassador Ronald Neumann
United States Ambassador to Afghanistan

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b

Commander, Combined Forces Command - Afghanistan

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b

Commander, Combined Joint Task Force 76

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b

Combined Forces Command - Afghanistan

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b

Combined Joint Task Force 76

12:40 pm

THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush board Marine One and depart Bagram Air Base en route Presidential Palace Landing Zone.

MARINE ONE:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

NIGHTHAWK II (VH-60):

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

NIGHTHAWK III (CH-47):

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

NIGHTHAWK IV (CH-47):

(b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Flight Time: 20 Minutes)
(Time Change: None)

1:00 pm

THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush arrive Presidential Palace Landing Zone and
THE PRESIDENT proceeds to Presidential Palace.

Note: Mrs. Bush will assume a separate schedule at this time.

1:10 pm

- enjoyed the comments
- enjoyed coffee
- discussed growth of Afghanistan
(Mrs. Benson mentioned that she noticed
from her the growth/development)

GUEST AND STAFF INSTRUCTIONS:

Please proceed to Hold.

EVENT: MEETING WITH THE PRESIDENT OF AFGHANISTAN

POOL AT TOP
INDOORS
MEETING
2 ATTENDEES
ATTIRE: SUIT

UNITED STATES	AFGHANISTAN
THE PRESIDENT	President Hamid Karzai

- 1:05 pm THE PRESIDENT begins participation in Meeting.
- 1:20 pm THE PRESIDENT concludes participation in Meeting and proceeds to King's Dining Room.

1:00pm - 2:10pm
Mrs. Bush

EVENT: WORKING LUNCH WITH THE PRESIDENT OF AFGHANISTAN

POOL AT TOP
INDOORS
MEETING
25 ATTENDEES
ATTIRE: SUIT

UNITED STATES	AFGHANISTAN
THE PRESIDENT Ambassador Ronald Neumann Secretary Condoleezza Rice Secretary Andrew Card Steve Hadley Joe Hagin Dan Bartlett Brett Kavanaugh Scott McClellan Lt. Gen. Karl Eikenberry Richard Norland, DCM	President Hamid Karzai Dr. Abdullah Abdullah, Foreign Minister Ahmad Zia Masoud, First Vice President Karim Khalili, Second Vice President Minister Rahid Wardak, Minister of Defense Anwar-ul-Haq Ahadi, Minister of Finance Zalmay Rasoul, National Security Advisor Hedayat Arsala, Minister of Commerce King Zahir Shah, Father of the Nation Sayed Hamed Gailani, Speaker of the Upper House Mohammed Yunus Qanooni, Speaker of the Lower House Fazel Hadi Shinwari, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court

- 1:25 pm THE PRESIDENT begins participation in Working Lunch.
- 2:10 pm THE PRESIDENT concludes participation in Working Lunch and proceeds to Courtyard

Note: Mrs. Bush will rejoin THE PRESIDENT at this time.

GUEST AND STAFF INSTRUCTIONS:

Please proceed to Staff Viewing Area.

EVENT: PRESS AVAILABILITY WITH THE PRESIDENT OF AFGHANISTAN

EXPANDED POOL PRESS
OUTDOORS
CONSECUTIVE INTERPRETATION AS NEEDED
PRESS AVAILABILITY
40 ATTENDEES
ATTIRE: SUIT

2:15 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush begin participation in Press Availability.

Note: The President and the President of Afghanistan will each make an opening statement followed by two questions each.

2:45 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush conclude participation in Press Availability and proceed to Vehicle.

2:50 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush board Vehicle and depart Presidential Palace en route United States Embassy.

VEHICLE ASSIGNMENTS:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Drive Time: 5 Minutes)

2:55 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush arrive United States Embassy and proceed to Courtyard.

GUEST AND STAFF INSTRUCTIONS:

Please proceed to Hold or to Staff Viewing Area.

EVENT: DEDICATION OF US EMBASSY BUILDING

EXPANDED POOL PRESS
OUTDOORS
REMARKS
DEDICATION
ROPELINE
500 ATTENDEES
ATTIRE: SUIT

3:00 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush begin participation in Dedication.

3:05 pm THE PRESIDENT proceeds to Microphone for Remarks.

Introduced by: Ambassador Ronald Neumann, United States Ambassador to Afghanistan

Note: THE PRESIDENT and the President of Afghanistan will participate in Ribbon Cutting Ceremony upon conclusion of Remarks.

3:15 pm THE PRESIDENT concludes Remarks and begins participation in Rope Line.

3:30 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush conclude Event and proceed to Vehicle.

3:35 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush board Vehicle and depart United States Embassy en route Presidential Palace Landing Zone.

VEHICLE ASSIGNMENTS:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Drive Time: 5 Minutes)

3:40 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush arrive Presidential Palace Landing Zone and proceed to Marine One.

3:45 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush board Marine One and depart Landing Zone en route Bagram Air Base.

MARINE ONE:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

NIGHTHAWK II (VH-60):

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

NIGHTHAWK III (CH-47):

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

NIGHTHAWK IV (CH-47):

(b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Flight Time: 20 Minutes)
(Time Change: None)

4:05 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush arrive Bagram Air Base and proceed to Vehicle.

4:10 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush board Vehicle and depart Landing Zone en route Clam Shell.

VEHICLE ASSIGNMENTS:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Drive Time: 5 Minutes)

4:15 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush arrive Clam Shell and proceed to Off-Stage Announce Area.

GUEST AND STAFF INSTRUCTIONS:

Please proceed to Hold or to Staff Viewing Area.

EVENT: REMARKS TO US AND COALITION TROOPS

EXPANDED POOL PRESS
INDOORS
REMARKS
ROPE LINE
500 ATTENDEES
ATTIRE: SUIT

*Compact
Cardholder*

*Plus for
The ladies*

4:20 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush begin participation in Event.

4:25 pm THE PRESIDENT proceeds to Microphone for Remarks.

Introduced by:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b

not the same (General Bantoe)
Commanding General of the
Combined Forces Command in Afghanistan

4:40 pm THE PRESIDENT concludes Remarks and begins participation in Rope Line.

5:25 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush conclude Event and proceed to Vehicle.

5:30 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush board Vehicle and depart Clam Shell en route Tarmac.

5:35 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush arrive Tarmac and proceed to Air Force One.

5:40 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush board Air Force One and depart Bagram Air Base en route New Delhi, India.

AIR FORCE ONE:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Flight Time: 1 Hour, 25 Minutes)
(Time Change: +1 Hour)
(Food Service: Dinner)

8:05 pm
Local

THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush arrive Palam Air Force Station and proceed to Vehicle.

Advance:

Ajay Patil	-Lead
Jason Recher	-Deputy Lead
Karen Reaves	-Press
Michael Dorff	-Press/Site
Chris Philbrook	-Press/Site
Susie Eckelkamp	-Site
Grayson Hoffman	-Site
Joey Smith	-Site/Motorpool
Jane Field	-Hotel
BJ Frank	-FL Lead

Met by:

Pinak Chakravarty
Chief of Protocol

Prime Minister and Mrs. Manmohan Singh (Mrs. Gursharan Kaur)

Kapil Sibal
Minister of Science & Technology

Ambassador and Mrs. Ronen Sen (Kalpana)
Indian Ambassador to United States

Shyam Saran
Secretary of Foreign Affairs

Dr. Subrahmanyam Jaishankar
Joint Secretary, Americas Division

Ambassador and Mrs. David Mulford (Jeannie)

Note: Pinak Chakravarty, Chief of Protocol, Ambassador and Mrs. David Mulford (Jeannie) and Ambassador Donald Ensenat, will proceed on board Air Force One for brief greeting.

Note: THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush will walk through an Honor Cordon upon arrival.

GUEST AND STAFF INSTRUCTIONS:

Staff not manifested in Motorcade, please proceed to Buses for transport to Maurya Sheraton Hotel and Towers.

8:15 pm THE PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush board Vehicle and depart Palam Air Force Station en route Maurya Sheraton Hotel and Towers.

VEHICLE ASSIGNMENTS:

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

VEHICLE ASSIGNMENTS (continued):

(b)(3) 10 USC.130b, (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f

(Drive Time: 15 Minutes)

(b)(6)

GUEST AND STAFF INSTRUCTIONS:

Room Key Pick-up: Please proceed to Summit Lounge – Floor 14.

Senior Staff Offices are located in Summit Lounge – Floor 14.

Staff Office is located in Room 1782.

Staff Secretary's Office is located in Room 1404.

NSC Offices are located in Rooms 1403, 1405 & 1407.

WHCA Office is located in Room 1702.

Motorpool Dispatch is located in Lobby and can be reached by dialing 35704 from a Drop, 1761 or 1762 from a Hotel Phone, or 0091112419370-35704 from a World Cell.

Thursday, March 2, 2006

Breakfast will be available from 6:00 am to 9:00 am in Pavilion Restaurant. Continental Breakfast will be available in Summit Lounge – Floor 14 from 6:00 am to 9:00 am.

Ambassador David Mulford, Secretary Condoleezza Rice, Secretary Andrew Card, Ambassador Rob Portman, Steve Hadley, Joe Hagin, Dan Bartlett, Al Hubbard, Nick Burns and Elisabeth Millard, please proceed to Senior Staff Lounge – Floor 14 for Pre- Brief no later than 8:15 am. Note: Pre-Brief Participants will be escorted to Vehicles immediately following Briefing.

Jeannie Mulford, Brett Kavanaugh, Scott McClellan, Ambassador Donald Ensenat, Richard Boucher, Anita McBride and other Staff participating in daily events, please proceed to Main Lobby no later than 8:00 am for transport to Rashtrapati Bhavan.

THE CONTACT SHEET
OF
THE VISIT OF THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. BUSH
IN
KABUL, AFGHANISTAN
AND
NEW DELHI, INDIA

Wednesday, March 1, 2006

EVENTS

Kabul, Afghanistan

Meeting with the President of Afghanistan
Working Lunch with the President of Afghanistan
Press Availability with the President of Afghanistan
Dedication of US Embassy Building
Remarks to US and Coalition Troops

New Delhi, India

No public events scheduled

WEATHER

Kabul, Afghanistan

Partly Cloudy

High 59

Low 36

New Delhi, India

Sunny

High 85

Low 58

DRESS

Men Suit

Women Suit

Kabul, Afghanistan
New Delhi, India

CONTACTS

Todd Beyer
Director

202/456-5373 (office)
(b)(6) (mobile)

Steve Atkiss
Trip Director

(b)(6) (mobile-US)
(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

Chris Edwards
Press Trip Director

(b)(6) (mobile-US)
(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

ADVANCE

Kabul, Afghanistan
LEAD

Todd Beyer
(b)(6) (mobile-US)

DEPUTY LEAD

Joe Ellis
(b)(6) (mobile-US)

PRESS

Bill Hughes
(b)(6) (mobile-US)

PRESS/SITE

Scott Shadian

SITE

Davis White

WHCA LEAD

Norm Frasier
(b)(6) (mobile-US)

USSS LEAD

(b)(6), (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f
(mobile-US)

MILITARY AIDE TO
THE PRESIDENT

(b)(3) 10 USC 130b
(b)(6) (mobile-US)

New Delhi, India
LEAD

Ajay Patil
(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

DEPUTY LEAD

Jason Recher
(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

PRESS

Karen Reaves
(b)(6) (mobile-US)
(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

Kabul, Afghanistan
New Delhi, India

PRESS/SITE Michael Dorff
(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

PRESS/SITE Chris Philbrook
(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

SITE Susie Eckelkamp
(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

SITE Grayson Hoffman
(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

SITE/MOTORPOOL Joey Smith
(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

HOTEL Jane Field
(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

FIRST LADY LEAD BJ Frank
(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

WHCA LEAD Carlos Alford
(b)(6) (mobile-US)
(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

USSS LEAD (b)(6), (b)(7)c, (b)(7)e, (b)(7)f
(b)(6) (mobile-Int'l)

LOCATIONS

Kabul, Afghanistan
Presidential Palace
Kabul, Afghanistan

United States Embassy
Kabul, Afghanistan

Bagram Air Base
Clam Shell
Kabul, Afghanistan

New Delhi, India
Maurya Sheraton Hotel and Towers
Diplomatic Enclave
New Delhi, India
91-11-26112233 (p)
91-11-26113333 (f)

Kabul, Afghanistan
New Delhi, India

- 1 Dr. Zinat Karzai
First Lady of Afghanistan
 - 2 Suriya Paikan
Deputy Minister of Higher Education
 - 3 Dr. Massouda Jalal
Minister of Women's Affairs
 - 4 Dr. Nadera Hayat Burhani
Deputy Minister of Public Health
 - 5 Ms. Zohra Rosekh
Director of Gender Affairs, Ministry of Foreign Affairs
 - 6 Ms. Amina Afazli
Minister of Youth Affairs
 - 7 Ms. Mazari
Deputy Minister, Ministry of Women's Affairs
 - 8 Dr. Sema Semar
Chief Commissioner, Afghan Independent Human Rights Commission
 - 9 Ms. Mina Sherzoy
Afghan Women's Business Federation
 - 10 Ms. Khatol Wardak
Wife of the Defense Minister
- (10)