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Briefing Papers: Records, 1981-1989**  
**Folder Title: 07/12/1983 (case file 155112) 3 of 4**  
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# WITHDRAWAL SHEET

## Ronald Reagan Library

**Collection Name** PRESIDENT, OFFICE OF THE: PRESIDENTIAL BRIEFING PAPERS

**Withdrawer**

RBW 1/22/2008

**File Folder** 07/12/1983 [CASEFILE 155112] [3 OF 4]

**FOIA**

S07-077

**Box Number**

16

ID	Doc Type	Document Description	No of Pages	Doc Date	Restrictions
49263	MEMO	WILLIAM CLARK TO RR RE LUNCHEON W/SEC GENERAL ALEJANDRO ORFILA [PG 1-2]	2	7/11/1983	B1
49267	TALKING POINTS	RE MTG W/SEC GENERAL ORFILA [PG 1-2]	2	ND	B1
49271	MEMO	RE MTG W/SEC GENERAL AJEJANDRO ORFILA [PG 1-3]	3	7/12/1983	B1
49274	BIO		2	ND	B1
49278	BIO		1	ND	B1
49280	BIO		1	ND	B1

The above documents were not referred for declassification review at time of processing

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
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- B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

RR.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

MEETING WITH CONGRESSMAN SAM HALL (D-TEXAS)  
AND MEMBERS OF HIS FAMILY

Date: Tuesday, July 12, 1983  
Location: The Oval Office  
Time: 4:35 p.m. (5 minutes)  
From: Kenneth M. Duberstein

for D.

I. PURPOSE

To honor the request of Congressman Sam Hall (D-Texas) that the President meet Mr. Hall's wife, two daughters, and two grandchildren.

II. BACKGROUND

Sam Hall is serving his fifth term, having first been elected to Congress in 1976 to fill the vacant seat created by the death of Wright Patman. He represents the First District of Texas (Northeast corner of state). He serves on the House Judiciary Committee, Veterans Affairs Committee and the Select Committee on Narcotics Abuse and Control.

Congressman Hall has worked very closely with the Administration on major legislative initiatives in this Congress, as well as in the 97th Congress. Most recently he supported the President in voting for the Resolution of Approval for the MX Peacekeeper missile, and he also opposed nuclear freeze legislation in the House of Representatives.

Congressman Hall has requested this meeting. Attending with the Congressman will be his wife, Madeleine, his daughter, Becky Palmer, and her two children, Chase (age 9) and Rebecca (age 6). The Palmers are visiting Washington from their hometown of Marshall, Texas (which is also the Congressman's hometown). Sandra Hall, the Congressman's younger daughter, will also accompany the group. Sandra is working in Washington, D.C. in the office of freshman Congressman Steve Bartlett (R-Texas).

III. PARTICIPANTS

See Attachment.

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photographer only.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

No specific agenda

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Attachment A: List of Participants  
Attachment B: Talking Points

Attachment A

LIST OF PARTICIPANTS

The President  
The Vice President

Congressman Sam Hall  
Mrs. Madeleine Hall  
Mrs. Becky Palmer  
Chase Palmer  
Rebecca Palmer  
Sandra Hall

Kenneth M. Duberstein

Attachment B

TALKING POINTS FOR MEETING WITH CONGRESSMAN SAM HALL  
(D-TEXAS) AND MEMBERS OF HIS FAMILY

- In welcoming Sam and his family to the Oval Office, thank Sam for his help on key legislative issues in the past, and tell him that you are counting on his continued support in the House.
  
- Tell Sam's family that you know they must be very proud of his record in the House, and indicate how pleased you are to be able to meet them.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

MEETING WITH CONGRESSMAN TOM LOEFFLER (R-TEXAS)  
AND SEVERAL CONSTITUENTS

DATE: Tuesday, July 12, 1983  
LOCATION: The Oval Office  
TIME: 4:30 p.m. (5 minutes)  
FROM: Kenneth M. Duberstein *K. D.*

I. PURPOSE

To accommodate the request of Congressman Tom Loeffler (R-Texas) to have a photo opportunity with the President and several guests.

II. BACKGROUND

Congressman Tom Loeffler is a member of the House Appropriations Committee. He also serves as Chief Deputy Whip in the Republican Whip Organization. Mr. Loeffler has supported the President on virtually every major legislative initiative of this Administration.

George and Shirley Tate own and operate Tate's Cleaners in Ingram, Texas. They will present the President with a hat which Mr. Tate designed specifically for the President. Mr. and Mrs. Tate are great admirers because they feel that Ronald Reagan is a "working President."

Mr. Mitch Mikeska of Mason, Texas is a sculptor. He has done a bronze of the President which he will personally present at this meeting.

III. PARTICIPANTS

See Attachment.

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photographer only.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

President to greet participants, to be followed by photo.

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Attachment A: Participants List  
Attachment B: Talking Points

Attachment B

TALKING POINTS

- Thank Tom for his past support and tell him how important his help has been.
  
- Thank George and Shirley Tate for the hat and tell them that a man always needs a good hat.
  
- Wish Mr. and Mrs. Tate the best and assure them that you will put the hat to good use.
  
- Thank Mitch Mikeska for the bronze and note the fine workmanship and attention to detail.

Attachment A

PARTICIPANTS

The President  
The Vice President

Congressman Tom Loeffler (R-Texas)  
George Tate  
Shirley Tate  
Mitch Mikeska

Kenneth M. Duberstein

R/R  
Revised

THE WHITE HOUSE  
WASHINGTON

July 11, 1983

MEETING WITH SENATOR JEREMIAH DENTON (R-ALABAMA)  
AND AMERICA'S JUNIOR MISS OF 1983

DATE: Tuesday, July 12, 1983  
LOCATION: The Oval Office  
TIME: 4:50 p.m. (5 minutes)  
FROM: Kenneth M. Duberstein *KMD*

I. PURPOSE

To respond to a request from Senator Jeremiah Denton for a meeting and photo session with the 1983 America Junior Miss.

II. BACKGROUND

Senator Denton wrote to the President on June 24, 1983 requesting an opportunity to bring Miss Stephanie Kay Ashmore, the 1983 America Junior Miss, to the White House for a photo opportunity.

Stephanie Ashmore, of Muscles Shoals, Alabama, was crowned America's Junior Miss of 1983 at the 26th annual pageant on June 21, 1983. Stephanie will receive a \$25,000 scholarship and other prizes awarded during the pageant. She hopes to attend Mississippi State University in the fall where she wants to become a physical therapist.

Senator Denton and Miss Ashmore will be accompanied by Stephanie's parents, her sister, and her chaperone, Mrs. Oliver H. "Tillie" Delchamps, Jr. Tillie Delchamps is the wife of Oliver Delchamps who is known as "Mr. Republican" in Alabama. Oliver Delchamps is a Member of the Board of Directors for the Alabama Junior Miss Pageant, as well as a member of the Inner Circle and the Senatorial Trust.

Senator Denton has a substantive meeting with the President on Thursday, July 14.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President  
Senator Jeremiah Denton (R-Alabama)  
Miss Stephanie Ashmore (1983 America Junior Miss)  
Dr. James D. Ashmore (father)  
Mrs. Beverly J. Ashmore (mother)  
Allison Jo Ashmore (sister)  
Mrs. Tillie Delchamps (chaperone -- wife of Oliver Delchamps)

Staff  
Kenneth M. Duberstein

SUGGESTED TALKING POINTS FOR MEETING WITH  
SENATOR JEREMIAH DENTON AND 1983 AMERICA JUNIOR MISS

- Welcome Senator Denton and his guests to the White House.
- Congratulate Stephanie Ashmore on winning the title of America's Junior Miss of 1983 and ask what her reign will involve.
- Ask Tillie Delchamps to say hello to Oliver Delchamps for you.
- Thank Senator Denton for bringing the 1983 America Junior Miss to the White House, and mention that you look forward to meeting with him again Thursday on matters of mutual concern.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

MEETING WITH SENATOR STROM THURMOND (R-SOUTH CAROLINA),  
CONGRESSMAN CARROLL CAMPBELL (R-SOUTH CAROLINA), AND LANNY POWELL,  
THE POSTER CHILD FOR THE ASTHMA AND ALLERGY FOUNDATION

Date: Tuesday, July 12, 1983  
Location: The Oval Office  
Time: 4:45 p.m. (5 minutes)  
From: Kenneth M. Duberstein *KMD*

I. PURPOSE

To accommodate the request of Congressman Carroll Campbell (R-South Carolina) to have the President meet with Lanny Powell, the Poster Child for the Asthma and Allergy Foundation.

II. BACKGROUND

11-year-old Lanny Powell of Greenville, South Carolina, is the first National Poster Child for the Asthma and Allergy Foundation of America. Lanny has suffered with asthma and allergies all of his life, but has been able, through medical management and his own strength and courage, to participate in juvenile sports. He also plays the piano.

Congressman Carroll Campbell (R-South Carolina) is from the Fourth District of South Carolina (the northwest corner of the State which includes Spartanburg and Greenville). He is a consistently strong and vocal supporter of Administration initiatives, and is a member of the President's Core Group.

Senator Strom Thurmond (R-South Carolina) is the senior Senator from South Carolina and is Chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee. He is extremely helpful to the President in all matters. (Note: On Wednesday, July 13, he will chair the hearings on the President's nominees to the Civil Rights Commission).

III. PARTICIPANTS

See attached list

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photographer Only.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

The President will greet Lanny, his family, Senator Thurmond, Congressman Campbell, and Barbara Layman, to be followed by a photo opportunity

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Attachments: List of Participants and Talking Points

LIST OF PARTICIPANTS FOR MEETING WITH SENATOR STROM THURMOND  
(R-SOUTH CAROLINA), CONGRESSMAN CARROLL CAMPBELL (R-SOUTH  
CAROLINA, AND LANNY POWELL, THE POSTER CHILD FOR THE ASTHMA  
AND ALLERGY FOUNDATION

The President  
The Vice President

Senator Strom Thurmond (R-South Carolina)  
Congressman Carroll Campbell (R-South Carolina)

Lanny Powell, Poster Child  
Michael Powell (father of Lanny)  
Joyce Powell (mother of Lanny)  
Daria Powell (sister of Lanny)

Barbara Layman, National President, The Asthma and  
Allergy Foundation of America

White House Staff

Kenneth M. Duberstein

TALKING POINTS FOR MEETING WITH SENATOR STROM THURMOND (R-SOUTH CAROLINA), CONGRESSMAN CARROLL CAMPBELL (R-SOUTH CAROLINA) AND LANNY POWELL, THE POSTER CHILD FOR THE ASTHMA AND ALLERGY FOUNDATION

- Welcome Lanny, his family, Senator Thurmond, Congressman Campbell, and Barbara Layman, to the Oval Office.
  
- Tell Lanny that his courage and strength are a symbol of hope to millions who suffer from asthma and allergies.
  
- Thank Barbara Layman for her leadership in this important national organization.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

REENACTMENT OF SIGNING CEREMONY FOR  
H.J. RES. 234 - NATIONAL CHILDRENS LIVER  
DISEASE AWARENESS WEEK

DATE: Tuesday, July 12, 1983

LOCATION: Oval Office

TIME: 4:40 p.m.

FROM: Kenneth M. Duberstein *Kar D.*

I. PURPOSE

To reenact the signing of H.J. Res. 234 which designates the week of June 19, 1983 as National Childrens Liver Disease Awareness Week.

II. BACKGROUND

On June 20, 1983, the President signed H.J. Res. 234. Congressman Guy Molinari (R-New York), the prime sponsor of the resolution, has requested a reenactment of the signing to demonstrate the Administration's interest in generating national attention to this disease. Senator Al D'Amato (R-NY) was instrumental in shepherding the resolution through the Senate.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President  
The Vice President  
Congressman Guy Molinari (R-New York)  
Senator Alfonse D'Amato (R-New York)

Staff  
Ken Duberstein  
Pam Turner  
M. B. Oglesby, Jr.

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photographer only.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Senator D'Amato and Congressman Molinari will be escorted from the West Lobby to the Oval Office. President will make brief remarks and will reenact the signing of H.J. Res. 234.

TALKING POINTS FOR REENACTMENT OF SIGNING CEREMONY  
FOR H.J. RES. 234 - NATIONAL CHILDRENS LIVER  
DISEASE AWARENESS WEEK

- Welcome Senator Al D'Amato and Congressman Guy Molinari.
  
- Tell them that recently you have become personally involved in several cases involving terminally ill children whose only hope was through a liver transplant.
  
- Tell them that you recently talked to the mother of 10 month old Ashley Bailey who is suffering from liver disease and is not expected to live if a liver transplant is not soon performed.
  
- Tell them that you appreciate their efforts to bring greater public awareness of liver disease which affects thousands of American children.
  
- Reenact the signing of H.R. Res. 234.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 11, 1983

MEETING WITH SENATOR RICHARD G. LUGAR (R-INDIANA) AND  
JOHN T. ROBERTS, PRESIDENT OF KIWANIS INTERNATIONAL

DATE: Tuesday, July 12, 1983

LOCATION: The Oval Office

TIME: 4:55 p.m. (5 minutes)

FROM: Kenneth M. Duberstein *K.M.D.*

I. PURPOSE

To respond to a request of Senator Richard Lugar for an opportunity to bring Mr. John T. Roberts, the current President of Kiwanis International to the White House to meet the President.

II. BACKGROUND

John T. Roberts currently serves as President of Kiwanis International which recently moved its headquarters to Indianapolis, Indiana. Kiwanis International has 405,000 members in 8,000 clubs in 77 different nations. This organization is dedicated to public and social services in the finest tradition of volunteerism. Senator Lugar also will bring Mrs. Roberts as well as Mr. David Blackmer the Executive Director of Kiwanis International and Mrs. Blackmer.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President  
The Vice President  
Senator Richard G. Lugar (R-Indiana)  
John T. Roberts, President, Kiwanis International  
Patsy Roberts  
David Blackmer, Executive Director, Kiwanis International  
Ann Blackmer

Staff

Kenneth M. Duberstein

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photographer only

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Senator Lugar and guests to arrive Northwest Gate, enter the West Lobby and be escorted to the Oval Office for a 5-minute meeting with the President.

SUGGESTED TALKING POINTS FOR MEETING WITH SENATOR LUGAR  
AND JOHN T. ROBERTS, PRESIDENT OF KIWANIS INTERNATIONAL

- I am pleased to meet all of you, and I thank Senator Lugar for bringing you to the White House.
  
- I am especially pleased because Kiwanis International represents the spirit of volunteerism as well as any private organization.
  
- I know that you have recently moved your headquarters to Indianapolis. This decision on your part is a tribute to Dick Lugar who served eight years as Mayor of Indianapolis and to the current Mayor, Bill Hudnut.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

MEETING WITH CONGRESSMAN DAN BURTON (R-INDIANA)  
AND HIS MOTHER, BONNIE KELLEY

*Replaced  
by Sam  
Hall -*

Date: Tuesday, July 12, 1983  
Location: The Oval Office  
Time: 4:35 p.m. (5 minutes)  
From: Kenneth M. Duberstein *K.D.*

I. PURPOSE

To honor the request of Congressman Dan Burton (R-Indiana) to introduce his mother (Bonnie Kelley) to the President and to have a photograph taken to commemorate the occasion.

II. BACKGROUND

Dan Burton is a Freshman Republican from Indiana's Sixth District (central part of State, including Indianapolis). He is a member of the House Government Operations Committee, the House Veterans' Affairs Committee, and the House Select Committee on Children, Youth, and Families. Dan also serves as the Freshman Class representative to the House Republican Whip Organization. During the 98th Congress, he has been a strong and consistent supporter of Administration-backed legislative initiatives.

During his initial contact with White House staff on January 5, 1983, Dan requested this meeting, and he has repeated the request on numerous occasions. According to Burton, he would not be in Congress had it not been for the strong support and assistance of his mother, and his mother has been a long-time supporter of the President.

Burton attended the President's White House Breakfast for House Republican Freshmen on February 7, 1983. He also attended a bipartisan meeting with the President on March 15, 1983, to discuss the nuclear freeze issue.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President  
The Vice President

Congressman Dan Burton (R-Indiana)  
Bonnie Kelley (Dan Burton's mother)

White House Staff

Kenneth M. Duberstein

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photographer only.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

No set agenda

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Attachment: Talking Points

TALKING POINTS FOR MEETING WITH CONGRESSMAN DAN BURTON  
(R-INDIANA) AND HIS MOTHER, BONNIE KELLEY

- In welcoming Dan and his mother to the Oval Office, thank Dan for his help on key legislative issues this year -- particularly with other members of the House Republican Freshman Class -- and tell Dan that you are counting on his continued leadership and support.
  
- Tell Dan's mother, Bonnie Kelley, that the great pride she must have in her son is apparent, but add that Dan would be the first one to admit that he wouldn't be where he is today without her.

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*File Folder*

07/12/1983 [CASEFILE 155112] [3 OF 4]

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S07-077

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49263	MEMO  WILLIAM CLARK TO RR RE LUNCHEON W/SEC GENERAL ALEJANDRO ORFILA [PG 1-2]	2	7/11/1983	B1

The above documents were not referred for declassification review at time of processing

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

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B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]

B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

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49267	TALKING POINTS RE MTG W/SEC GENERAL ORFILA [PG 1-2]	2	ND	B1

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49271	MEMO  RE MTG W/SEC GENERAL AJEJANDRO ORFILA [PG 1-3]	3	7/12/1983	B1

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49274	BIO	2	ND	B1

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cc. Dave Fischer  
Kathy Osborne  
Nell Yates  
West Basement Guard

PRESENTATION OF DIPLOMATIC CREDENTIALS

Tuesday, July 12, 1983 -- beginning at 5:00 p.m. -- Oval Office

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William P. Clark  
Charles P. Tyson

SW GATE

1. GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC  
4:50 p.m. Dr. Gerhard Herder  
Accompanied by wife, Edeltraut  
Escort Officer - Catherine Murdock  
Area Representative - Richard Burt  
Assistant Secretary  
NSC REPRESENTATIVE - Peter Sommer  
Oval Office - Approx. 5:00 p.m.
2. REPUBLIC OF PERU  
4:54 p.m. Celso PASTOR de la Torre  
Accompanied by daughter, Mercedes Pastor Belaunde (34)  
and son, Rafael (38) and his wife, Isabel Margarita  
Escort Officer - Patrick Daly (am) *Celso (39)*  
Area Representative - James H. Michel  
Deputy Assistant Secretary  
NSC REPRESENTATIVE - Alfonso Sapia-Bosch  
Oval Office - Approx. 5:04 p.m.
3. STATE OF ISRAEL  
4:58 p.m. Meir Rosenne  
Accompanied by wife, Vera  
Escort Officer - Ms. Georgia DeBell  
Area Representative - Nicholas A. Veliotes  
Assistant Secretary  
NSC REPRESENTATIVE - Geoffrey Kemp  
Oval Office - Approx. 5:08 p.m.
4. REPUBLIC OF SEYCHELLES  
5:02 p.m. Mrs. Giovinnella Gonthier  
Accompanied by husband, Roger Wilson  
Escort Officer - Larry Dunham  
Area Representative - James K. Bishop  
Deputy Assistant Secretary  
NSC REPRESENTATIVE - Fred Wattering  
Oval Office - Approx. 5:12 p.m.
5. DUCHY OF LUXEMBOURG  
5:06 p.m. Paul Peters  
Accompanied by wife, Renée and  
daughter, Annick (24) and  
son, Paul (20)  
Escort Officer - Richard Gookin  
Area Representative - Richard Burt  
Assistant Secretary  
NSC REPRESENTATIVE - Peter Sommer  
Oval Office - Approx. 5:16 --

## THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 11, 1983

PRESENTATION OF DIPLOMATIC CREDENTIALS

Tuesday, July 12, 1983  
 Beginning at 5:00 p.m.  
 The Oval Office

FROM: WILLIAM P. CLARK *WPC*

*Orig returned  
 to Brian NSC*

I. PURPOSE

To receive for accreditation the diplomatic credentials of five Ambassadors.

II. BACKGROUND AND PRESS ARRANGEMENTS

A. Background: The Ambassadors from the German Democratic Republic, Republic of Peru, State of Israel, Republic of Seychelles and the Grand Duchy of Luxembourg will present their credentials. After an exchange of documents, you will hold a brief conversation with each Ambassador.

Three-by-five cards are attached noting pertinent information and suggested talking points.

B. Press Arrangements: White House photographer only.

Prepared by:  
 Charles P. Tyson

cc Vice President  
 Ed Meese  
 Jim Baker  
 Mike Deaver

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THE PRESIDENT'S REPLY  
TO THE REMARKS OF THE  
NEWLY APPOINTED AMBASSADOR  
OF THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC  
DR. GERHARD HERDER  
UPON THE OCCASION OF THE PRESENTATION OF  
HIS LETTER OF CREDENCE

Mr. Ambassador:

I accept with pleasure the letter by which Chairman of the Council of State of the German Democratic Republic, Erich Honecker, accredits you as Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the German Democratic Republic to the United States of America. Please convey my best wishes to Chairman Honecker.

I am pleased to welcome you to the United States. The United States shares the desire for peace and improved bilateral relations based on reciprocity and mutual benefit. You are aware that differences between our political, economic and social systems exist and lead to divergent points of view on specific issues. We both, however, seek a peaceful, tension-free world. Thus, it serves both our interests to seek agreement and cooperation in non-ideological areas where mutual interests exist.

Your predecessor, Ambassador Grunert, worked diligently toward this goal and I look forward to continuing with you this effort at seeking resolution of outstanding practical issues.

I assure you, Mr. Ambassador, that our officials here and in our Embassy to your country will devote their full efforts to the realization of these goals. I welcome your cooperation and wish you an enjoyable and productive tour in the United States.

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OF THE GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC  
DR. GERHARD HERDER  
UPON THE OCCASION OF THE PRESENTATION OF  
HIS LETTER OF CREDENCE

Mr. President:

Permit me, Mr. President, to present to you the Letter of Credence by which the Chairman of the Council of State of the German Democratic Republic, Mr. Erich Honecker, has appointed me Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the German Democratic Republic to the United States of America.

The Chairman of the Council of State entrusted me with the pleasant mission to convey to you, Mr. President, his greetings and best wishes for your execution of the responsible duties of President of the United States of America.

In its international activities the German Democratic Republic has at all times been guided by the desire to make an active contribution to averting the danger of war, strengthening international peace and improving the international atmosphere. It values concern for the strengthening of peace as the overriding question also in the relations between the German Democratic Republic and the United States of America. Especially in the present tense international

situation, the development of good relations between our countries can positively be helpful in stabilizing the world situation.

This would benefit the peoples of our two countries, too. The German Democratic Republic will continue always to live up to its responsibility in that respect. It will explore possibilities to open up ways for the continuation of political dialogue, to stake out areas of mutual interest and mutually advantageous cooperation, and step by step to develop relations with the United States of America on the basis of the principles of peaceful coexistence, to which there is no reasonable alternative.

Mr. President, I can assure you that all my activities here in the United States of America will be directed at developing such cooperation between our nations, in the interests of preserving peace and for the benefit of our peoples.

Permit me to express my hope that I will have your assistance and that of your Government in the discharge of my mission.

I beg you, Mr. President, to accept my best wishes for your personal well-being and for the exercise of your high office as well as for the American people's peaceful future.

Celso PASTOR de la Torre (pahs TOR) - Appointed Ambassador of Peru

Head of State: - Fernando BELAUNDE Terry (behl-ah-OON-day),  
President of the Government of Peru

Ambassador Pastor, 68, widower, 4 children, served as ambassador to the U.S. (1964-1968) during President Belaunde's first term. Belaunde's brother-in-law and a longtime confidant, Pastor was co-founder of the president's Popular Action party in 1956. He has been an international consultant for various banks and firms and since 1982 has served as Peru's Permanent Representative to the United Nations. Educated in Europe and Peru and a connoisseur of the arts, he speaks fluent German and adequate English.

Pertinent Background: Mrs. Carter attended President Belaunde's inauguration in 1980. Belaunde, who lived in exile in the U.S. from 1968 to 1977, reluctantly cancelled a state visit in November 1982 when a US countervailing duty decision against Peruvian textile imports would have coincided with the visit and caused him considerable political embarrassment at home.

Significant Programs or Issues: Peru's return to elected rule in 1980, after 12 years of military rule, was a major advance for democracy in South America. President Belaunde and his administration look to the U.S. for economic, moral and political support as they seek to consolidate the democratic structure. The U.S. assistance program to Peru, the largest in South America, is comprised of food aid, development assistance, housing guarantee loans and foreign military sales credits totalling \$92 million in FY 1983. Peru is now facing severe economic difficulties from the effects of world recession compounded by devastating flood damage in northern Peru and severe drought in the south from the "El Nino" weather phenomenon. The government also faces a troublesome homegrown marxist terrorist movement which is becoming increasingly violent.

Issues for Discussion:

- We welcome you back to Washington, and appreciate your help in issues of importance to us during your tenure at the UN.
- We strongly supported Peru's return to democracy in 1980 and President Belaunde's efforts to consolidate the constitutional structure and move toward free-market economic policies.
- We regret the cancellation last fall of President Belaunde's state visit and hope he can come at some mutually convenient time in the future.
- We are well aware of the extensive human suffering and material damages from the floods, landslides and drought brought on by the "El Nino" phenomenon. We have already allocated some \$31 million in disaster relief and are exploring other possible relief assistance.

THE PRESIDENT'S REPLY  
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NEWLY APPOINTED AMBASSADOR  
OF THE REPUBLIC OF PERU  
CELSO PASTOR DE LA TORRE  
UPON THE OCCASION OF THE PRESENTATION OF  
HIS LETTER OF CREDENCE

Mr. Ambassador:

It is a pleasure for me to welcome you back to Washington. President Belaunde and the people of Peru have the good fortune to have such a skilled and experienced diplomat representing their country. While I am sure you will find that some changes have occurred in Washington from when you last served here from 1964 to 1968, I have little doubt that you will also find many old friends. You are remembered here, Mr. Ambassador for your intelligence, grace and skill in representing your country and for your extensive contacts within Congress and the Executive Branch, attributes of a superlative diplomat.

I am very pleased to accept your Letter of Credence from President Fernando Belaunde Terry and to acknowledge also the Letter of Recall of your distinguished predecessor, Ambassador Fernando Schwalb Lopez Aldana. Ambassador Schwalb's presence in Washington is missed but we recognize his self-sacrifice and

sense of duty in returning to Peru to fulfill the arduous dual responsibilities of Foreign Minister and President of the Council of Ministers.

My Government fully appreciates and endorses the dedication of President Belaunde and his Government to strengthening and consolidating democratic institutions in Peru. We also recognize the problems facing your country as a result of the widespread natural disasters that have affected Peru and its Andean neighbors in the past several months. The Government and people of the United States cannot remain aloof from these disasters which have befallen a friendly neighbor, and we are pleased to have provided some assistance to meet this emergency. Our assistance to date has addressed both immediate human needs and longer term requirements for rehabilitation and reconstruction. Besides providing emergency materials and technical assistance, we have also redirected some of our food aid and development assistance to support directly the victims of natural disasters. We are exploring possible additional assistance within the confines of our limited foreign aid resources.

I am pleased that prospects for broad and sustained growth in the United States economy are becoming brighter day by day. We believe economic growth in the United States and other industrialized countries will benefit the nations of the developing world by providing additional export opportunities. Over time, Peru's exports of copper, silver, petroleum and other minerals should benefit as our housing, automobile, consumer, durable and other industries expand production. We are also painfully aware that real interest rates remain at very high levels. Reducing real interest rates remains a priority for my Government. As interest rates continue to fall, the foundation for sustained real economic growth will be strengthened; at the same time, Peru and other countries will be helped in the servicing of their external debt.

The problems of external debt and other strains on the international financial system remain a matter of concern for this Administration. Although we have stepped back from the tense atmosphere of August 1982, the situation requires careful management. Our response to international debt problems has five basic elements. First, countries that have accumulated large external debts need to pursue appropriate adjustment policies. In this, Peru's valiant efforts deserve our praise. We must also strengthen the system's framework and in particular the International Monetary Fund. Our support for increased IMF quotas is an important part of this effort. In appropriate cases, the U.S. Government will provide emergency assistance, such as making available additional CCC guarantees extended to Peru. Encouraging commercial banks and other private financial institutions to remain involved in lending to developing countries that pursue appropriate economic policies is also important. The fifth and final component of our strategy is the encouragement of economic growth in the context of an open world trading system. Your point that nothing would be more damaging to the economies of our countries than the erection of artificial barriers against free competitive trade is well taken. I applaud the continuing efforts of the Government of Peru to restructure its economy by making it more open to inflows of both goods and foreign direct investment. Pursuit of such policies should bear increasing fruit in the years ahead.

At the end of May, my Summit colleagues and I at Williamsburg made a clear commitment to halting protectionism and, as recovery proceeds, to reversing it by dismantling trade barriers. We also resolved to achieve further trade liberalization within the framework of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade. Furthermore, we are preparing legislation to extend our Generalized System of Preferences, a mechanism that has had a positive effect on Peru's exports to the United States. We

have no illusions that holding back protectionist pressures will be easy. With the continued constructive support of countries like Peru, however, this necessary but difficult task will be made easier.

In conclusion, Mr. Ambassador, I would like to thank you for your thoughtful comments on Peru and the role of our countries in the development of the hemisphere. Please accept my best personal wishes for the success of your mission. I would also like you to convey Mrs. Reagan's and my highest personal regards to President and Mrs. Belaunde.

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NEWLY APPOINTED AMBASSADOR  
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CELSO PASTOR DE LA TORRE  
UPON THE OCCASION OF THE PRESENTATION OF  
HIS LETTER OF CREDENCE

Mr. President:

I consider it a singular honor to present for a second time my Letters of Credence as Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of Peru to the United States of America. Today, as yesterday, I come representing an authentic democracy instituted by popular vote in which the unrestricted exercise of freedom and respect for human life within the framework of the Peruvian Constitution and the laws of the country constitute the absolute essence of the Government presided over by Architect Fernando Belaunde Terry.

I still preserve the most gratifying memories of my last mission when governmental authorities and officials from intellectual, economic, and social circles alike welcomed me with much cordiality. Everywhere I found an understanding and awareness of my country and its foreign policy and I am confident that the receptiveness which prevailed then will continue in my new tour of duty. This privilege of representing my country once again, which fills me with pleasure and

satisfaction, is only surpassed by my high appreciation of the virtues of the American people and my profound admiration for the democratic system of this nation. It is only because I have lived in the United States a long time, fully enjoying its gracious hospitality, that I believe I can adequately perceive the thoughts and idiosyncracies of its people.

Peru is making enormous efforts to elevate the conditions of life of its people which is essentially the foremost objective of every true democracy. In spite of these efforts, my country is presently confronting the serious consequences of worldwide recession which are unfortunately felt with more intensity by nations like Peru that have not yet attained economic structures sufficiently strong to resist them. But in addition to our struggle to overcome this critical situation, we find ourselves contending with natural disasters which have devastated vast areas in the North. Floods have destroyed crops, homes, and communication facilities and have greatly endangered the lives of hundreds of thousands of people. Also, the South of Peru is suffering from a severe drought which has created great uncertainty as to the future supply of food. Faced with these kinds of emergencies we have had no other recourse but to request international assistance and in this regard, Mr. President, please accept our gratitude for the efforts made by your Administration in providing it.

Due to these unfortunate circumstances, the efforts being made within my country are not enough and since it is not possible for developing countries such as Peru to halt their social infrastructure pursuits without endangering the development process itself we have appealed for international financial assistance, both bilateral and multilateral, and I am pleased to say that we have encountered from the public and private sectors of your country, Mr. President, positive responses which are deeply appreciated.

Within the context of the world crisis in which we live, it is of vital importance for developing countries that commercial channels be kept opened one way or another. The recession phenomenon by itself has considerably reduced trade in the developing countries because of the lack of demand from industrialized nations. We are hopeful that the end of the recession will bring once again the flow of exchange for the mutual benefit of our countries.

We know perfectly well, Mr. President, that you are a fervent advocate of free trade and for this reason we are confident that economic measures intended to restore protectionism will not take effect. As you know, nothing could be more damaging to the economy of our countries than the erection of artificial barriers against free competitive trade.

History has conferred upon the United States of America, Mr. President, a nation at the vanguard in the fight for freedom and respect for human life, the noble mission of leading the Western and Christian World. In the performance of this formidable task it is evident that the best means of protecting these freedoms from the infiltration of opposing creeds, which are seen everywhere trying to undermine our common democratic system, can be found precisely in encouraging development to such a degree as to attain an ever-increasing level of prosperity, thus allowing human beings to realize their legitimate aspirations and a well-being commensurate with today's spiritual and technological advances. Our hemisphere, which is the New World, should be able to show the same political, social, and economic progress and development. Only then the ideals of those who built the foundations of freedom upon which government should rest can become tangible and Latin America be protected from the advancing forces of foreign creeds which are intent upon oppressing these liberties. This may seem to be a visionary scheme difficult to achieve, but we must

not forget that all Latin American nations already possess an invaluable reserve of cultural wealth testifying to their noteworthy qualities and sense of responsibility, civic virtues which must be encouraged throughout all sectors of the population.

Also, the vast material resources and ever-increasing internal markets of these nations lead us to believe that Latin America will become the promised land of the XXIst century. The process of regional integration which is acquiring significant consistency permits us to see that in a not too distant future this area of the Western Hemisphere will be fully prepared for total integration. We have to be, however, extremely cautious that it does not swerve away from its destiny. We know that multiple threats are suspended over this region and for this reason we believe that the United States should offer a greater share of cooperation toward its development. Our greatest crusade is to overcome our economic difficulties which often enough result in social upheavals such as those which are affecting an important part of the Western Hemisphere.

I wish to express once more my greatest satisfaction in representing Peru again in the United States. As I have done in the past, I shall fully dedicate my efforts towards strengthening even more the cordial and friendly relations existing between our two countries so that they may continue in the same framework of harmony, understanding, and mutual respect.

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