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WITHDRAWAL SHEET

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Collection Name PRESIDENT, OFFICE OF THE: PRESIDENTIAL BRIEFING PAPERS

Withdrawer

RBW 12/17/2007

File Folder 04/13/1982 (CASEFILE 082623)

FOIA

S07-0077/01

Box Number

77

DOC NO	Doc Type	Document Description	No of Pages	Doc Date	Restrictions
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1	REQUEST	FOR APPOINTMENTS	1	4/12/1982	B6
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Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

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WHITE HOUSE
OFFICE OF RECORDS MANAGEMENT
WORKSHEET

TR

☐ X - MEDIA
☐ H - INTERNAL

Name of Document: BRIEFING PAPERS FOR
PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULED
APPOINTMENTS FOR

Subject Codes:
PR 007.01

1) Subject: Meeting with the Cabinet Council on
Food and Agriculture to discuss a
decision memoranda regarding
disposal of surplus dairy stocks
owned by the Commodity Credit
Corporation

FG 010.02
FG 019.03
AG 004.
CM 003.02

2) Luncheon with national religious leaders
to discuss private sector initiatives.

SO 003.
RM
WE

3) Signing ceremony for S. 2333,
the Jim Brady bill.

LE
PE 008.
FG 006.01

4) Meeting with Secretary James
Edwards

FG 025.

5) Meeting with Henry Kissinger and a
group of bankers and industrialists
regarding the East-West economic
relationship.

FO 003.02
CO 001.05
FO 004.
FO 003.

6. Meeting with George Shultz regarding
his upcoming European trip.

ROUTE TO:

ACTION

DISPOSITION

Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response	Completion Date YY/MM/DD
RMMATT	RSZ	1 / 1		1 / 1

Referral Note:

Page 2 of 2

ID # 082623

WHITE HOUSE
OFFICE OF RECORDS MANAGEMENT
WORKSHEET

- ☐ X - MEDIA
☐ H - INTERNAL

Name of Document: BRIEFING PAPERS FOR
PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULED
APPOINTMENTS FOR

Subject Codes:

PP 007.01

7) Subject:

Reception for Reagan Scholarship
Fund Committee of Aureka
College

30 004.
PP 012.02
PP 011.03

ROUTE TO:

ACTION

DISPOSITION

Office/Agency (Staff Name)	Action Code	Tracking Date YY/MM/DD	Type of Response	Completion Date YY/MM/DD
RMMATT	RSZ	/ /		/ /

Referral Note:

UNPUBLISHED
April 12, 1982
6:00 pm

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

THE PRESIDENT'S SCHEDULE
Tuesday, April 13, 1982

9:00 am (30 min)	<u>Staff Time</u> (Baker, Meese, Deaver)	Oval Office
9:30 am (15 min)	<u>National Security Briefing</u> (William P. Clark)	Oval Office
9:45 am (15 min)	<u>Senior Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
10:00 am (60 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
11:00 am (60 min)	<u>Meeting with Cabinet Council on Food and Agriculture</u> (Craig Fuller) (TAB A)	Cabinet Room
12:00 m (75 min)	<u>Private Sector Initiatives Luncheon with National Religious Leaders</u> (Muffie Brandon/Jay Moorhead) (TAB B)	State Dining Room
1:30 pm (15 min)	<u>Signing Ceremony for S-2333</u> (Kenneth Duberstein) (TAB C - draft remarks attached)	Roosevelt Room
2:00 pm (20 min)	<u>Meeting with Secretary Edwards</u> (Craig Fuller) (TAB D)	Oval Office
2:30 pm (45 min)	<u>Meeting with Henry Kissinger and group of Industrial and Financial Leaders</u> (William P. Clark) (TAB E)	Roosevelt Room
3:15 pm (75 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
4:30 pm (15 min)	<u>Meeting with Fred Hartley</u> (William Sittmann)	Oval Office
5:15 pm (45 min)	<u>The President and Mrs. Reagan join Reception for Eureka College Fund Group</u> (Muffie Brandon/Helene von Damm)	Blue Room

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10:10-10:20 WPC		
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2:00 ^{21.23} pm (20 min)	<u>Meeting with Secretary Edwards</u> (Craig Fuller) (TAB D)	Oval Office
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PHOTOGRAPH

ROY FAVELL TOOK 3 MONTHS OFF TO
do THIS - 5'4" TALL - 40 YRS. OLD

A

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 12, 1982

MEETING WITH THE CABINET COUNCIL ON
FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

DATE: APRIL 13, 1982
TIME: 11:00 A.M. (60 MINUTES)
LOCATION: CABINET ROOM
FROM: CRAIG L. FULLER 

I. PURPOSE

The Cabinet Council on Food and Agriculture is meeting to review the attached decision memo. It concerns the Disposal of Commodity Credit Corporation Stocks/CM178, specifically, cheese and butter. The issue was discussed at the Weekly Update Luncheon today. The decision memo provides additional details.

II. PARTICIPANTS

A final list will be attached to the agenda.

III. PRESS PLAN

White House photographer only.

IV. SEQUENCE

Secretary Jack Block will lead the discussion.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 12, 1982

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: JOHN R. BLOCK, CHAIRMAN PRO TEMPORE
CABINET COUNCIL ON FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

SUBJECT: Disposal of Surplus Dairy Stocks Owned by the
Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC)

ACTION FORCING EVENT: Continually Increasing CCC Purchases of
Surplus Dairy Products

STATEMENT OF THE ISSUE: The Department of Agriculture, faced
with burgeoning CCC stocks of dairy products, is seeking broad
authority from the President to export these stocks for both
supply management and trade policy purposes.

ANALYSIS

USDA is requesting the President to approve broad authority for
the CCC to export stocks of butter, cheese, and nonfat dry milk
(NFDM) to alleviate the dairy surplus problem and to respond to
increasing use of trade barriers by our trading partners,
particularly the European Community (EC). USDA is requesting
such broad authority in order to be ready to move these stocks
as opportunities arise in the world market, and to respond to
restrictive trade actions undertaken by other countries.

Milk production has significantly exceeded domestic commercial
needs since late 1979. USDA indicates that even under the
recently enacted 1981 Farm Bill, milk production will remain
well above domestic needs through FY 1984. Purchases of surplus
dairy products by the CCC will continue at high levels well into
1984. Current and projected uncommitted CCC dairy stocks
illustrate the predicament.

	<u>Sept. 30, 1980</u>	<u>Apr. 2, 1982</u> (million pounds)	<u>Sept. 30, 1982</u>
Butter	300	356	479
NFDM	690	953	1,297
Cheese	226	616	889

These projected levels of CCC dairy stocks will become virtually unmanageable unless further steps are taken to (1) reform the dairy price support program; (2) distribute CCC dairy stocks through domestic channels; and (3) dispose of CCC dairy stocks abroad.

Reform of the Dairy Price Support Program

The current dairy price support program requires large budgetary outlays for purchases of dairy products, storage costs, and interest charges on the government's investment in these stocks. The dairy price support program is projected to cost \$2.1 billion in FY 1982 and \$1.8 billion in FY 1983.

There are two basic ways to reduce federal outlays for dairy price supports: reduce the level of the dairy price support itself, or limit the amount of production to which the price support is applicable. The first method is more in keeping with a market-oriented agricultural policy; however, it probably would result in the shake-out of a number of inefficient producers and young producers who carry a heavy debt load. The second method requires the federal government to regulate the producer's right to produce milk in much the same manner as the government presently controls the production of peanuts and tobacco. This is a throwback to the 1930s version of farm programs and is totally inconsistent with this Administration's market-oriented philosophy. On the plus side, this second method would minimize political problems by providing all existing producers with some protection from economic dislocation.

Domestic Distribution

The domestic distribution of our dairy surplus is particularly appealing since it permits taxpayers (who have paid for the dairy program) and needy persons to share in the dairy producer's bounty. There are, however, a host of barriers to such distribution. The law allows domestic distribution of government-owned dairy stocks only under very limited circumstances, e.g., when the distribution will not materially interfere with commercial sales or when the stocks are going out of condition. The logistics involved in moving and storing perishable commodities add significant costs to a domestic distribution program.

Even if these obstacles are overcome, it still appears that, without any change in the price support program, the government will be buying dairy products faster than it can give them away.

Foreign Sales and Donations

Selling surplus dairy products abroad is a viable way to help reduce the government's stocks. Even though world dairy prices are below CCC purchase prices, it is reasonable to expect that the U.S. could recoup a significant share of its acquisition costs through export sales. As members of the International Dairy Arrangement under the General Agreement on Tariff and Trade (GATT), the U.S. is committed to observe minimum export prices. Best estimates of current world price levels along with CCC purchase prices and the GATT minimums are as follows:

	<u>Butter</u>	<u>NFDM</u> (dol./lb.)	<u>Cheese</u>
World Price	1.00-1.05	.45-.48	.60-.90
CCC Purchase Price	1.49	.94	1.395
GATT Minimum	.544	.272	.454

The sale of 220 million pounds of butter to the New Zealand Dairy Board last August illustrates the opportunity for overseas sales. While that agreement effectively limits any further butter sales until the contract ends June 30, 1982, the U.S. is under no such constraints with respect to sales of NFDM and cheese, other than the GATT subsidies code which stipulates that a country not take more than an equitable share of world markets when exporting subsidized products.

The trade policy implications of subsidized dairy sales are numerous, the most significant being the impact of major sales on dairy exporters such as New Zealand, which earns 14 percent of its foreign exchange from dairy products, and the effect such sales might have on the EC's trade behavior towards the United States. In dealing with the first of these problems, the U.S. Department of Agriculture would try not to encroach on New Zealand's traditional markets. With regard to the EC, the U.S. has reached a critical stage in its trade relations with the Community. The U.S. must demonstrate to the EC that it will not stand for further trade restrictions on U.S. agricultural commodities. If the Community does place a quota on imports of non-grain feed ingredients, as it seems ready to do, then the U.S. must make an effective response. Since the EC accounts for over 50 percent of all dairy products entering the world market, subsidized competition from the United States certainly would send the message that the U.S. will no longer exercise special restraint with regard to the EC's unjustifiable trade behavior.

If we initiate subsidized dairy sales on the world market other than in response to other countries' unfair trade practices, our foreign trade partners could interpret such sales as the opening volley of a full scale trade war. They could be expected to undertake retaliatory measures that could have devastating effects on our wheat, feed grain, and soybean exports. The sequence of events leading up to export sales is therefore of critical importance. If the U.S. demonstrates good faith efforts (1) to reform its dairy price support program and (2) to dispose of our surplus through domestic channels (as we are doing with our distribution of cheese to the needy), we can go to our trading partners with a semblance of clean hands and justify our export sales as a last-ditch attempt to put our surplus to suitable use.

The only country with sufficient commercial demand for dairy products is the Soviet Union. Given the concern about selling U.S. grain to the Soviets on a cash basis, it is likely that there would be a considerable outcry over subsidizing sales of dairy products to the Kremlin.

The P.L. 480 Food for Peace program could be used to make concessional sales or donations of dairy stocks to less developed countries; however, cultural preferences in the recipient countries and handling problems associated with placing perishable commodities in developing countries restrict the quantities of dairy stocks that can be moved via this program.

Other alternatives for moving dairy stocks into foreign markets include barter arrangements and special assistance programs for Poland.

RECOMMENDATION

To grant USDA limited authority to export CCC-owned dairy stocks only after further efforts have been made to reform the dairy price support program and maximize domestic distribution of dairy stocks.

DECISION

Approve _____

Approve as Amended _____

Reject _____

No Action _____

—

B

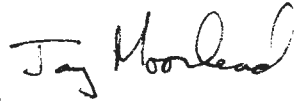
THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 9, 1982

PRIVATE SECTOR INITIATIVES LUNCHEON WITH NATIONAL
RELIGIOUS LEADERS

Date: 13 April, 1982
Location: State Dining Room
Time: 12:00 Noon
From: Jay Moorhead, Special Assistant to the
President for Private Sector Initiatives



- I. PURPOSE To stimulate the religious leaders to take a more active role in promoting the private sector initiatives program through increased community involvement.
- II. BACKGROUND This is the second meeting in a series of three involving national organization leaders. Elizabeth Dole, Bill Verity, John Filer, and selected members of the religious community will have briefed the religious leaders on the private sector initiatives program before you speak to them.
- III. PARTICIPANTS See attached list.
- IV. PRESS PLAN Open press coverage during your remarks.
Press departs after your remarks.
- V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS
 - Guests will be seated in the State Dining Room
 - 12:00 You enter State Dining Room and address the group before lunch.
 - 12:10 His Eminence Terence Cardinal Cooke will give the invocation
 - 12:15 Lunch served
 - 1:00 Question and Answer period
 - 1:15 You depart for Oval Office

FRI, APR 9, 1982, 12:10 PM

Dr. John Alexander
President
Inter-Varsity Christian
Fellowship

@
The Right Rev. John M. Allin
Presiding Bishop
Episcopal Church

@
Mr. R. H. Anderson
Director
Christian Embassy

@
Bishop Vinton Anderson
African Methodist
Episcopal Church

@
Dr. James Andrews
Presbyterian Church

@
Dr. Hudson Armerding
President
Wheaton College

@
Dr. Myron Augsburger
Mennonite Church

@
Mr. Jim Bakker
President
PTL Club

@
Mr. Jerry Ballard
World Relief Corporation

@
Dr. Vernon Barr
American Baptist Association

@
Mr. John T. Bass
President
Christian Booksellers
Convention

@
Rabbi David Ben-Ami
American Forum for Jewish
Christian Cooperation

@
Dr. George Benson
President
Harding University

@
Mr. Julius Berman
Union of Orthodox Jewish
Congregations

@
Dr. Robert Billings
Department of Education

@
Dr. H. Robert Biscoe

American Council of
Christian Churches

@

Mr. Stephen Board
Executive Editor
Eternity

@

Dr. Ralph Bohlmann
President
Lutheran Church

@

Mr. Bill Bright
Campus Crusade for Christ

@

The Reverend William Brink
Christian Reformed Church

@

The Reverend Arie Brouwer
Reformed Church in America

@

Bishop Voy W. Bullen
Church of God

@

Dr. Robert Campbell
American Baptist Churches
in the U.S.

@

Dr. Roy Chappel
Pentecostal Church of God

@

H.E. Terence Cardinal Cooke
Archbishop of New York

@

Mr. Paul Crouch
Trinity Broadcasting Network

@

The Reverend James Crumley
Lutheran Church in America

@

Bishop W. Dale Cryderman
Free Methodist Church of
North America

@

Mr. Ted Demoss
President
Christian Businessmen's
Committee of the USA

@

Dr. John Dellenback
Christian College Coalition

@

Dr. James Dobson
Focus on the Family

@

The Most Rev. Thomas Dulinsky
Bishop of the Carpatho-Russian
Diocese of Van Nuys

@

Mr. Robert Dugan
National Association of

Evangelicals

@

The Hon. Herbert E. Ellingwood
Chairman

Merit Systems Protection Board

@

Dr. Ted L. Engstrom
Executive Director
World Vision International

@

Dr. Louis Evans
The National Presbyterian
Church

@

The Reverend Mike Evans
Friends of Israel

@

The Reverend Jerry Fallwell
The Moral Majority

@

Bishop Homer Ellis Finger
United Methodist Church

@

The Reverend Del Fehsenfeld
Life Action Ministries

@

Mr. Daniel Gilbert

@

The Reverend John Gimenez
Rock Church

@

The Reverend Billy Graham

@

Elder J. Thomas Fyans
Church of Jesus Christ of
Latter-day Saints

@

Mr. Robert Hancock
World Service Association

@

Dr. Carl Henry

@

H.E. The Most Rev. James Hickey
Archbishop of Washington

@

The Reverend E. V. Hill
Missionary Baptist Church

@

The Reverend Melvin Hodges

@

The Reverend John Hotchkin
National Conference of
Catholic Bishops

@

The Reverend Richard Hogue

@

The Reverend Daniel Hoyer
National Conference of
Catholic Bishops

@

Mr. Ray Hughes
General Overseer
Church of God

@

His Eminence Archbishop Iakovos
Primate of the Greek Orthodox
Archdiocese of N. & S. America

@

The Reverend J. H. Jackson
National Baptist Convention

@

Mr. Al Janney
American Association of
Christian Schools

@

Mrs. Dee Jepsen
Office of Senator Roger Jepsen

@

Mr. Edgar B. Johnson
Church of the Nazarine

@

Dr. Kenneth Kantzer
Editor
Christianity Today

@

Dr. James Kennedy
President
Evangelism Explosion

@

Dr. Jay Kesler
Youth for Christ
International

@

The Rev. Kenneth Kettlewell

@

Dr. Louis King
Christian and Missionary
Alliance

@

Dr. William Kohn
Association of Evangelical
Lutheran Churches

@

Dr. David Kucharsky
Christian Herald

@

The Reverend Tim LaHaye

@

The Right Rev. Monsignor Lally
U.S. Catholic Conference

@

Mr. George Loux
Executive Director
Prison Fellowship

@

Dr. Warren Magnuson
Baptist General Conference

@

The Most Rev. Torkom Manougian
Armenian Church of America

@
Mr. Edward McAteer
Religious Roundtable
@
Dr. Thomas A. McDill
Evangelical Free Church of
America
@
Dr. Robert McIntyre
Wesleyan Church
@
Mr. David McKenna
Seattle Pacific University
@
Dr. Rolf McPherson
Foursquare Gospel
@
Dr. Billy A. Melvin
National Association of
Evangelicals
@
The Reverend Charles Mims
The Religious Roundtable
@
The Reverend Carl Mischlee
Wisconsin Evangelical
Lutheran Synod
@
Mr. Robert Mitchell
President
Young Life
@
Mr. Bobby Moore
Broadway Baptist Church
@
Bishop Samuel Morris
African Methodist Episcopal
Church
@
Commander John Needham
The Salvation Army
@
The Reverend Luis Palau
Luis Palau Evangelistic
Association
@
Dr. Roger Palms
Editor
Decision
@
Mr. Ted Pantaleo
National Unity, Inc.
@
Bishop J. O. Patterson
Church of God in Christ
@
Dr. Paige Patterson
Criswell Bible College
@
Dr. Norman Vincent Peale

Foundation for Christian Living

@

Dr. Bill Pennell

Southwide Baptist Fellowship

@

Dr. James A. Petersen

Christian Medical Society

@

Mr. Edward Plowman

Publisher

Washington and World Religion

Report

@

Mr. Julius B. Poppinga

Christian Legal Society

@

Dr. Avery Post

United Church of Christ

@

Dr. David Preus

The American Lutheran Church

@

Dr. Claire Randall

National Council of Churches

@

Dr. Oral Roberts

@

Dr. Pat Robertson

CBN Center

@

Dr. James Robison

@

The Most Rev. Philip Saliba

Archbishop of the Antiochian

Orthodox Church

@

The Reverend J. C. Sams

National Baptist Convention

of America

@

Rabbi David Sapperstein

Union of American Hebrew

Congregations

@

The Reverend David Schoch

Bethany Missionary Association

@

Dr. Robert Schuller

Garden Grove Community Church

@

Mr. Simon Schwartz

President

United Synagogues of America

@

Mr. Demos Shakarian

Full Gospel Businessmen's

Fellowship, Int.

@

Dr. Russell Shive

Conservative Baptist Association

of America

@
Rabbi Seymour Siegel
Jewish Theological Seminary
of America

@
Mr. Wallace Smith
Reorganized Church of Latter
Day Saints

@
Dr. Bailey Smith
President
Southern Baptist Convention

@
Mr. Charles Stanley
First Baptist Church

@
Dr. George Sweeting
President
Moody Bible Institute

@
The Most Reverend Joseph Tawil
Melkite Rite

@
The Most Reverend Theodosius
Metropolitan of the Orthodox
Church in America

@
The Reverend William Thompson
United Presbyterian Church
in the U.S.

@
Mr. Robert Walker
Editor
Christian Life

@
Mr. James M. Hall
Christian Century

@
Bishop Thomas Welsh
Arlington Diocese

@
The Reverend Cleveland Williams
Church in God in Christ, Int.

@
Bishop J. Floyd Williams
International Pentecostal
Holiness Church

@
Ms. Barbara Williams-Skinner
Tom Skinner Associates

@
Mr. Neal Wilson
Seventh Day Adventists

@
Dr. Leonard Wymore
Christian Churches & Churches
of Christ
North America Christian
Convention

Q
The Reverend Jack Wyrzten
World Life Fellowship

a
Mr. Thomas Zimmerman
General Superintendent
Assemblies of God

Q
The Honorable James Watt
Secretary of the Interior

a
The Hon. James A. Baker, III
Chief of Staff and Assistant
to the President

a
The Hon. William P. Clark
Assistant to the President for
National Security Affairs

a
The Hon. Michael K. Deaver
Deputy Chief of Staff and
Assistant to the President

Q
The Hon. Edwin Meese, III
Counsellor to the President

a

C

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 12, 1982

BILL SIGNING CEREMONY---S.2333 (THE BRADY BILL)

DATE: Tuesday, April 13, 1982

LOCATION: The Roosevelt Room

TIME: 1:30 p.m. (10 minutes)

FROM: KENNETH M. DUBERSTEIN

I. PURPOSE

To sign S. 2333, known as the Brady Bill, which would permit an officer or employee of the United States, who is injured during certain assassination attempts to receive and accept contributions from charitable organizations.

II. BACKGROUND

Current law generally prohibits a Federal officer or employee from receiving any salary or other compensation from a source other than the Federal Government for services rendered to the Government.

Because of this limitation, the Administration requested House and Senate action on legislation which would permit an officer or employee of the United States Government injured during an assassination attempt to receive contributions from appropriate charitable organizations.

In response to the White House request for quick action on this legislation, House Republican Leader Bob Michel introduced a bill on March 31. On April 1, Senator Bill Roth introduced and the Senate passed S. 2333, and with the cooperation of the House Democratic and Republican Leadership, the House was able to pass that bill that afternoon. In less than 24 hours the Congress was able to pass this legislation to allow Jim Brady to accept certain donations that may be offered to him as a result of his injuries.

III. PARTICIPANTS

See attached list.

IV. PRESS PLAN

Press and White House Photo Opportunity.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Members will be met in West Lobby, escorted to Roosevelt Room and grouped behind the President for the signing and photo opportunity. The President will make brief remarks about significance of the legislation.

Attachment: Participant List
Talking Points

PARTICIPANTS LIST

The President
The Vice President
The First Lady

Members of Congress

Senator William V. Roth, Jr. (R-Del.) - sponsor of S. 2333 and
Chairman of Governmental Affairs Committee
Congressman Bob Michel - Minority Leader of the House

Regrets: Senator Howard H. Baker, Jr.
Speaker of the House Thomas P. O'Neill, Jr.
Congressman Trent Lott
Congressman Thomas S. Foley

Staff

Jim Baker
Ed Meese
Mike Deaver
Fred Fielding
Larry Speakes
Dave Gergen
Ken Duberstein
M. B. Oglesby
Bob Kabel

(Maseng/AB)
April 12, 1982
6:00 p.m.

SIGNING CEREMONY FOR JIM BRADY BILL
APRIL 13, 1982

Once again Jim Brady has been the catalyst for righting a wrong, for inspiring people to improve the lot of others. I am pleased to be able to sign today a bill that will ease restrictions on aid to officials hurt during events such as the one at the Hilton a year ago March 30.

Jim's ordeal in the year that has passed has focused our attention on a real injustice -- a quirk in our laws that prohibits charitable organizations from helping, in these cases, with the high costs of medical treatment. But this legislation is not just for Jim. Others who, God forbid, should find themselves in similar circumstances, will not find the Government for which they have sacrificed standing in the way of their relief. They will be able to accept the support of grateful Americans ready to help.

The speed with which this bill was passed and the unanimous support for it in the Congress is a tribute to Jim and Sarah Brady. Their courage, spirit and determination in the face of long months of adversity continue to be an inspiration to millions of Americans, and to me.

I know Senator Roth, for whom Jim once worked, and Congressman Michel join me in my prayers that Jim will soon be working among us again. I know they miss, as I do, his humor and

his sage counsel. I have come to rely on his insight, integrity and judgment, and look forward to when he will be at my side, again. I believe in Jim, and I believe the Bear will be back. I hope this bill can hasten the day.

D

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 12, 1982

MEETING WITH SECRETARY JAMES EDWARDS

DATE: APRIL 13, 1982
TIME: 2:00 P.M. (20 MINUTES)
LOCATION: OVAL OFFICE
FROM: CRAIG L. FULLER 

I. PURPOSE/BACKGROUND

Secretary Edwards has, for some time, been considering a possible appointment as President of the Medical University of South Carolina. He now apparently has a firm offer that can be accepted at some point during the next several months. He asked for some time to discuss the matter with you.

After hearing the details of the offer he has received, you may wish to suggest that the timing of his decision should be worked out with Ed Meese and Pen James.

A concern that some of us have is that a lengthy delay by Jim might reduce our ability to have a strong effort made to dismantle the Department of Energy. Jim has confirmed press accounts that he may leave, thus becoming something of a lame duck. Secondly, if he should wait until the Fall to leave, his departure would occur during the Fall campaign period. All this is meant as background. These details can be discussed with Jim by others after your meeting with him.

II. PARTICIPANTS

Secretary Edwards
Ed Meese
Craig Fuller

III. PRESS PLAN

White House photographer only.

Edwards Mulls Quitting Cabinet for Academic Post

By a WALL STREET JOURNAL Staff Reporter

WASHINGTON — Energy Secretary James Edwards said he is considering leaving the Cabinet to become president of Medical University of South Carolina.

Mr. Edwards released a statement late Friday saying that trustees of the university offered him the job and that he intends to talk to President Reagan before making a decision. Mr. Edwards didn't indicate when he expected to announce a decision.

Mr. Edwards, a former governor of South Carolina and an oral surgeon, has been under consideration for several months to head the medical school in Charleston, his home town. He said he was "flattered and pleased" that the trustees "are allowing me adequate time in which to reach my decision." Mr. Edwards accepted the Cabinet post last year with the understanding that he would try to dismantle the department and return to South Carolina. But the Reagan administration's plans to do away with the agency are in trouble in Congress, and a final vote isn't expected this year.

THE WHITE HOUSE

2486

WASHINGTON

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MEETING WITH KISSINGER GROUP

DATE: April 13, 1982

LOCATION: Roosevelt Room

TIME: 2:30 p.m.

FROM: William P. Clark *WPC*

I. PURPOSE

To obtain the results of the deliberations of the Kissinger Group concerning economic and financial sanctions applied to the Soviet Union.

II. BACKGROUND

On Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 p.m. you will be meeting with Henry Kissinger and the group of bankers and industrialists he has brought together to examine aspects of our East-West economic relationship. The group's position paper, prepared by Larry Brainard of Bankers Trust, will stress the following points:

-- The most effective thing the West can do at this point in time is limit officially-backed credits to the Soviet Union. As you know, this is already Administration policy.

-- For our government to declare Poland in default would be counterproductive at this time. This is also Administration policy.

-- Unilateral sanctions are ineffective and hurt us more than they hurt the Soviets. To be effective, sanctions should be taken along with major foreign suppliers. This is very hard to arrange except in periods of extreme emergency. Effort should be concentrated on strengthening COCOM controls. Controls on the less sensitive trade front can only serve to weaken the Western alliance.

You may wish to query the members of the Kissinger group as to any suggestions they may have as to how the United States, with or without its allies, could take advantage of the present situation of financial and economic weakness on the part of the Soviet Union

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and the Soviet bloc countries in order to affect, even if marginally, the pace and size of the Soviet military build-up and present and future Soviet adventurism.

You may also want to ask them if they see their group as continuing into the future on the same subjects or perhaps taking up other matters such as U.S.-European relations, U.S.-Japanese relations or U.S.-People's Republic of China relations.

You may also wish to meet briefly with George Shultz after the meeting to say that his trip to Europe has your enthusiastic support and that you will be seeing him again before he goes to discuss specific topics. The State Department has provided the attached talking points (Tab A) for your conversation with George Shultz.

III. PARTICIPANTS

Henry A. Kissinger
David Rockefeller
Lawrence Brainard, Bankers Trust Company
Willard Butcher, Chase Manhattan Bank
George Shultz, Bechtel Group, Inc.
Elvis L. Mason, InterFirst Corporation
Edmund W. Littlefield, Utah International, Inc.
Walter Wriston, First National City Bank
Peter Peterson, Lehman Brothers
William D. Rogers, Arnold & Porter
Marc Leland, Assistant Secretary, Treasury
William P. Clark
Norman A. Bailey, NSC Staff

IV. PRESS PLAN

No press coverage.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

The group will present their report to be followed by discussion.

Attachment

Tab A Talking Points for Meeting with Shultz

WITHDRAWAL SHEET

Ronald Reagan Library

Collection Name

PRESIDENT, OFFICE OF THE: PRESIDENTIAL BRIEFING PAPERS

Withdrawer

RB 12/17/2007
W

File Folder

04/13/1982 (CASEFILE 082623)

FOIA

S07-0077/01

Box Number

77

<i>DOC Document Type</i>	<i>No of</i>	<i>Doc Date</i>	<i>Restric-</i>
<i>NO Document Description</i>	<i>pages</i>		<i>tions</i>

1	REQUEST	1	4/12/1982	B6
	FOR APPOINTMENTS			

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

B-1 National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]

B-2 Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]

B-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]

B-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]

B-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]

B-7 Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]

B-8 Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]

B-9 Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

TALKING POINTS

President's Meeting With George Shultz

- o I GREATLY APPRECIATE YOUR WILLINGNESS TO UNDERTAKE THIS MISSION. IT WILL BE IMPORTANT TO OUR PREPARATION FOR MY EUROPEAN TRIP IN JUNE.
- o ECONOMIC RELATIONS AMONG THE WORLD'S MAJOR COUNTRIES -- MORE IMPORTANTLY, AMONG THE WESTERN ALLIES -- ARE STRAINED. WE RISK SAPPING OUR STRENGTH IN FIGHTING EACH OTHER, WHILE THE SOVIETS EXPLOIT OUR SQUABBLING IN EVERY SENSITIVE AREA OF THE WORLD.
- o WE HAVE OVER A DECADE OF INFLATION TO OVERCOME, AND PRECIOUS ☐ LITTLE TIME TO DO IT IN. OUR ALLIES MUST UNDERSTAND THE IMPORTANCE OF OUR EFFORT TO RESTORING SOUND, VIGOROUS GROWTH IN THE UNITED STATES.
- o AT THE SAME TIME, I WANT THEM TO KNOW THAT I AM VERY SENSITIVE TO THEIR CONCERNS AND PARTICULARLY TO THE HIGH LEVEL OF UNEMPLOYMENT IN THEIR COUNTRIES. JUST AS I AM COMMITTED TO BUILDING A STRONG U.S. ECONOMY, SO AM I COMMITTED TO WORKING WITH THEM TO BUILD A STRONG INTERNATIONAL ECONOMY. YOU ARE SUPERBLY PLACED TO CONVINCE THEM, AND TO ASSURE THEM THAT YOU WILL CONVEY THEIR CONCERNS TO ME.
- o AL HAIG, DON REGAN, MAC, BILL BROCK AND MURRAY CAN GO INTO MORE DETAIL ON SPECIFIC ISSUES AND WHERE YOU CAN BE MOST HELPFUL.
- o I HOPE WE CAN TALK AGAIN BEFORE YOU LEAVE, AND CERTAINLY WE WANT TO HAVE A LONG CHAT WHEN YOU RETURN.

COCKTAIL RECEPTION FOR REAGAN SCHOLARSHIP
FUND COMMITTEE OF EUREKA COLLEGE

PR

DATE: April 13, 1982
LOCATION: Private Residence
TIME: 5:15 pm to 6:00 pm

FROM: Helene von Damm

I. PURPOSE

To express your approval and enthusiasm for the Reagan Scholars Program initiated by Eureka College.

II. BACKGROUND

Dr. Dan Gilbert, the President of Eureka College, suggested to you sometime ago the establishment of the Reagan Scholars Program to honor you but also to help Eureka College with its monumental financial problems. The proposal that was approved by you suggests the kickoff in connection with your appearance on campus on May 9 with an initial subscription of a Million to a Million and a Half Dollars. Additionally, you agreed to receive a small group of individuals who make a substantial commitment to this project.

III. PARTICIPANTS

1. John Amos - Chairman/President, American Family Life Assurance Company; former Democratic party activist in Alabama - now a Republican who supported you in 1980; participating in major way in Scholars Program because of his great admiration for you.
2. Joe D. Miller - Senior Deputy Executive Vice President, American Medical Association; founding Director of AMPAC; politically very active; stimulating support for College Fund among health, pharmaceutical and professional sources with heavy emphasis in midwest.
3. J. Paul Sticht - Chairman, R.J. Reynolds Industries; former President of Federated Department Stores in Cincinnati; long-time Republican; self-made man who worked his way through college at Grove City to which he is very dedicated; GOP activist since starting as precinct worker in 30's; became active with Ray Bliss in 50's and 60's and was Goldwater Finance Chairman in 1964 in Ohio; was particularly active in Kennedy Center fundraising and benefit to save Ford Theatre.
4. Tom Bolan - Founder of New York Conservative Party and long-time supporter of yours.
5. Fred Hartley - Chairman, Union Oil Company of California.

6. Daniel Gilbert - President, Eureka College
- *7. Roy Pfautch
- *8. Holmes Tuttle
9. Helene von Damm

* Please recognize Roy Pfautch, the project leader without whom the Reagan Scholars Program would not even have gotten off the ground. He's a long-time supporter of yours from Missouri and a Washington consultant who is virtually devoting full time until May 9 to recruit and get the program under way; and, of course, Holmes Tuttle, who, as always, has done more than his share!

IV. PRESS PLAN

None

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- Greeting and photos
- Cocktails and informal mingling