

TELEPHONE CALL

ROBERT MITCHELL - Father of Helicopter Pilot Killed in Vietnam

5809 36th Avenue
Kenosha, Wisconsin

Telephone: 414 - 652-0740

TO
RECOMMENDED BY: Stephen B. Bell
Robert C. Odle, Jr.

REASON: The President's news summary mentioned an ABC story in which Robert Mitchell visited Vietnam after his son, James, was killed in a helicopter crash on July 29, 1968. Mr. Mitchell saved for 20 months to make this trip to Vietnam, which he made last week.

While in Vietnam, Mr. Mitchell filmed combat operations to complete a "home movie" film story which his son had started. He also met his son's friends and talked with other pilots and servicemen about the war. Despite his son's death, he believes what the United States is doing in Vietnam is right: "things are beginning to jell", he says.

TALKING POINTS:

1. Appreciation for Mr. Mitchell's comments on the conduct of the United States in Vietnam.
2. The President could express sympathy at the death of Mr. Mitchell's son, James.

March 31, 1970

Steve -
Would you let me
know when this call
is made - we can
get some PR mileage
from it. Thanks,
Rev

Bev -
Pls. inspect
phone sheets
daily for this.

TELEPHONE CALL

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ACTION:

Robert C. Odle, Jr.
March 31, 1970 12:05 pm

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

*Iserv - Pls.
note*

March 31, 1970
Tuesday - 8:30 a.m.

MEMORANDUM FOR:

✓ MR. STEPHEN B. BULL
MR. HUGH SLOAN, JR.

FROM: Dwight L. Chapin

RE: Phone Call Opportunities

The President would like for us to look for unique phone opportunities. These would be calls such as the one he made to Coach Johnny Wooden after UCLA's victory two weeks ago -- which was widely publicized. Another example would be his call to the New York Police Commissioner after his visit to New York for the Football Hall of Fame dinner. There are several unique opportunities which can be found in the morning papers. What we need to do is generate up some of these and crank the maximum mileage out of them.

Let's discuss.

CC: Mr. Butterfield
Mr. Ziegler
Mr. Magruder

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- 2. The President could express sympathy at the death of Mr. Mitchell's son, James.**

March 31, 1970

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 30, 1970

MEMORANDUM FOR:

MR. BULL

The attached per our discussion. The
call could be made anytime after
8:30 p.m. tonight.



Robert C. Odle, Jr.

TELEPHONE CALL

HERBERT G. KLEIN, Director of Communications

TELEPHONE NUMBER: 296-4129

RECOMMENDED BY: Robert C. Odle, Jr.

REASON:

Wednesday is Mr. Klein's 52nd birthday. His staff has organized a surprise birthday party for him tonight at the Columbia Plaza apartment of Mrs. Virginia Savell. In attendance will be his staff, old friends such as Jim Hagerty, and Secretaries Finch, Laird, and Schultz.

TALKING POINTS:

1. Best wishes to Herb Klein on his 52nd birthday.
2. Congratulations on being named the 1970 award recipient of the Volunteers of America. The award is given each year for the performance of outstanding service to the country. Previous winners were Hubert Humphrey, Mrs. Lyndon Johnson, Cecil B. DeMille, etc. Mr. Klein will receive the 1970 award April 22 in New Orleans.
3. The theme of the party is golf. A few golf balls with the President's name have been baked in the birthday cake.

PLEASE NOTE:

Mr. Klein is scheduled to arrive at 8:30 p.m. The call could be made any time after that.

Robert C. Odle, Jr.

March 30, 1970

12:30 p.m.

March 25, 1970

MEMO

TO: Dwight L. Chapin

FROM: Stephen Bull

Please note the attached telephone recommendation prepared and staffed by Hugh Sloan. It should be emphasized that the call should be made on March 28, Justice Harlin's 15th Anniversary on the Supreme Court.

TELEPHONE CALL RECOMMENDATION

TO BE MADE ON MARCH 28, 1970

TO: Justice John M. Harlan

**RECOMMENDED BY: Peter Flannigan
John Ehrlichman
Egil Krogh**

**REASON: March 28 will mark Justice Harlan's 15th Anniversary
on the Supreme Court.**

TALKING POINTS:

- 1. To congratulate him on his Anniversary on the Court.**
- 2. His record on the Court is not only distinguished by his adherence to the principles of strict construction which you have advocated, but by his undisputed legal craftsmanship and the high esteem in which he is held by practicing lawyers and lower court judges.**

DATE: March 25, 1970

March 18, 1970

FOR: DWIGHT L. CHAPIN

FROM: STEPHEN BULL

RE: Telephone and Contact Program

Before Bob lands on us with both feet, perhaps we can get a clear definition of what we should or should not be doing with regard to the above-mentioned program. In the last three weeks I have not been actively soliciting telephone calls because I was under the assumption that Chuck Colson has assumed a certain degree of cognizance of this area of operation. However, an examination of the President's telephone sheets does not indicate the existence of any organized telephone program.

I believe it is your contention, and one which I share, that a telephone call should be treated like an appointment. Therefore, we should be involved at least to some extent in the telephone program. The contact program is one in which we will have to be involved since you are the one who ultimately writes down on a piece of paper who does or does not go in to see the President. Chuck Colson is merely recommending these groups to you that should have appointments or some sort of contact.

I am not necessarily arguing for or against our total retention of the contact program and the telephone portion which is an integral part of it, but we should draw some boundary lines and insure that we do not lose control of it because ultimately any mistakes are going to reflect back upon us.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 7, 1969

TO: H. R. Haldeman

VIA: Dwight Chapin

SUBJECT: Presidential Telephone Procedure

In accordance with the President's recently expressed desires, the general rule for the development of weekly schedules will be to put in top priority subjects of substance that need to be discussed. As an integral part of the implementation of this scheduling philosophy, the telephone will be used as much as possible. Frequently a Presidential telephone call is an adequate substitute for a personal appointment and as much, if not more, can be accomplished through the medium of the telephone. Consequently the President's telephone procedure must be refined in order to reap maximum benefit.

Keeping in mind the requirement for giving substantive matters top priority, only calls that are geared against current objectives and plans should be submitted. For example, if there is a push for a certain piece of legislation, the President should be calling those key Congressmen and Senators who are involved, but there is a specific objective which should be clearly defined and articulated. The following procedure will be the one that henceforth should be followed.

Procedure Outline

1. Calls are solicited from key staff (list of those authorized to submit calls is attached).
 - (a) Submission is requested on a regularly scheduled basis with the subject of each recommended phone call being tied directly to a specific objective.

- (b) All White House staff members are encouraged to always be alert to Presidential phone call opportunities but the recommendation should be submitted through, and in the name of, the key staff member who is the individual's department head.
2. For the sake of uniformity and rapid perusal by the President, telephone calls should be submitted in a standard format (see example attached). In addition to the points exemplified on the example, emphasis is placed upon "Purpose/Objective" and "Suggested Talking Points".
 3. The frequency of the submission of call recommendations by each staff member will vary according to the department's area of activity.
 4. Normally, it is expected that on the day in which the key department head submits call recommendations, more than one call will be submitted. Therefore, it is necessary that the recommendation bear a priority assigned by the originator. For example, if Congressional Liaison submits three calls, they should be numbered 1-3 in the lower left-hand corner. Additionally, next to the priority should be a classification designation according to the following code:
 - A - The recipient is expecting the call.
 - B - The call is highly recommended but the recipient is not expecting it.
 - C - Advantageous for the President but not directly related to a current issue.
 5. Calls for the following day are to be submitted to Stephen Bull not later than 2:00 P.M. each afternoon. They will then be placed in a salmon-colored folder and submitted to Dwight Chapin who will then assign initial priorities to the calls by placing the phone sheets in order of importance in the folder. The folder will then be submitted via Ken Cole to Bob Haldeman who will review the suggested priority and then, following any modification, number the calls in the upper right-hand corner in the order of importance.

6. After Bob Haldeman has reviewed the calls and checked the priority stacking, they will be submitted to the President. Based on the President's working habits, it seems unlikely that we can set a "phone half hour" for a specific time during the day. Therefore, the President should be given the folder along with his other material for the next day and we should hope for the best.
7. At the conclusion of the next day, we will retrieve the telephone folder from the President's office. Unmade calls will be returned to the initiator and resubmitted at his discretion. Those call sheets bearing evidence that the call has been made will be returned to the initiator with appropriate notification. In those cases where there is a notation by the President the sheet will be given to Ken Cole and a xerox copy will be forwarded to the initiator. Additionally, the daily telephone log prepared by the White House operators will be examined to determine whatever calls, if any, were placed by the President. Whereever possible and within the limits of judgment and the existing situation at the time, the department head will be notified of a Presidential call when the call recipient relates to the department head's area of responsibility.

It will be my responsibility to check the log as well as to notify key staff people of the status of their telephone recommendations. The folders should be returned directly to me and I will in turn forward to Ken Cole those sheets bearing the President's handwriting.

Stephen Bull

Dr. A. Burns
H. Dent
J. Ehrlichman
P. Flanigan
L. Garment
H. R. Haldeman
B. Harlow
J. Keogh
H. Kissinger
H. Klein
D. Moynihan
D. Rumsfeld
J. Whitaker
R. Woods
R. Ziegler

TELEPHONE CALL

NAME:

TEL. NO.

RECOMMENDED BY:

REASON:

SUGGESTED TALKING POINTS:

DATE:

395-3800

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

INFORMATION
(Low Priority)

November 30, 1972

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT
FROM: ALEXANDER P. BUTTERFIELD
SUBJECT: Apollo XVII

Here is some information on Apollo XVII which may be of interest:

(1) Crew:

- Spacecraft Commander ... Capt. Eugene A. (Gene) Cernan, USN. He was a crew member on the Gemini IX and Apollo X missions.
- Command Module Pilot ... Comdr. Ronald E. (Ron) Evans, USN. He served as the back-up Command Module Pilot for Apollo XIV.
- Lunar Module Pilot ... Dr. Harrison H. (Jack) Schmitt. He served as back-up Lunar Module Pilot for Apollo XV. He is a civilian "scientist-astronaut" and the first geologist to be a primary space crew member.

(2) Mission Highlights:

- Launch to be from Kennedy Space Center at 9:53 p.m. EST, Wed., Dec 6 -- the first night launch of the Apollo series.
- Man's ninth flight to the moon, the seventh with a lunar landing objective, and the last in the Apollo program.
- The trip to the moon will take approximately 74 hours and the spacecraft will orbit for 24 hours before launching its lunar vehicle.
- Landing of the lunar vehicle ("The Challenger") is scheduled for 2:55 p.m., Dec 11. It will touch down in the Taurus Littrow region of the moon.

(3) Lunar Surface Operations:

- The astronauts will remain on the lunar surface for a maximum of 75 hours.
- Three lunar surface exploration periods are planned -- each to last approximately seven hours.

(4) Return Flight Operations:

- The voyage from lunar orbit to splashdown in the Pacific will take almost three days.
- During the transearth coast, the Command Module Pilot, Ron Evans, will leave the cabin of the spacecraft, move along the outside surface and retrieve the film from the scientific instrument modules. (TV coverage programmed.)

(5) Splashdown:

- Planned for a point approximately 350 miles southeast of Samoa ... at 2:34 p.m. (EST), Dec 19.

(6) Activity and TV Schedule:

<u>Event</u>	<u>Date</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>TV Coverage</u>
Launch	Dec 6	9:53 p.m.	Yes - liftoff
Translunar injection	Dec 7	1:14 a.m.	
Lunar orbit insertion	Dec 10	2:49 p.m.	
Descent orbit insertion	Dec 10	7:06 p.m.	
Lunar landing	Dec 11	2:55 p.m.	
Lunar exploration #1	Dec 11	6:33 p.m.	Yes - 7:48 p.m.
Lunar exploration #2	Dec 12	5:03 p.m.	Yes - 5:21 p.m.
Lunar exploration #3	Dec 13	4:33 p.m.	Yes - 4:58 p.m.
Lunar liftoff	Dec 14	5:56 p.m.	Yes - 5:41 p.m.
LEM-spacecraft rendezvous	Dec 14	7:58 p.m.	Yes - 7:54 p.m.
Transearth injection	Dec 16	6:33 p.m.	Yes - 6:46 p.m.
Transearth EVA	Dec 17	3:23 p.m.	Yes - 3:19 p.m.
Splashdown	Dec 19	2:34 p.m.	Yes - 2:15 p.m.

TELEPHONE CALL RECOMMENDATION

10: Mr. Bull

Call made

9:31-9:39pm

TO: Apollo 17 Astronauts

DATE & TIME: Tuesday, December 5 - Between 9:00 and 11:00 P.M.

RECOMMENDED BY: Charles Colson

BACKGROUND:

Apollo 17 is scheduled for liftoff from Kennedy Space Center at 9:53 p.m., EST, Wednesday, December 6. This will be the first night launch of an Apollo mission. Additionally, this will be the final Apollo flight and will be the first one to carry a geologist, Jack Schmitt.

Apollo 17 will be man's ninth flight to the Moon, and the seventh with a lunar landing objective (Apollo 13 aborted its Moon landing). The flight to the Moon will take approximately three days, and the command module ("America") will orbit the Moon for 24 hours prior to the landing of the lunar module ("Challenger") on December 11. There will be three periods of Moon exploration, each lasting approximately seven hours.

The return voyage from lunar orbit to Earth will take approximately three days with splashdown scheduled for 2:34 p.m. on Tuesday, December 19. The crew will then be brought back to the Houston Manned Spacecraft Center for their normal period of physical examinations and debriefings. As has been the case in the last few lunar flights, there will be no period of isolation following the mission.

Because the liftoff is taking place relatively late at night, the astronauts are going through a time adjustment period and it is recommended that the best time for you to call would be between 9:00 and 11:00 p.m. Tuesday evening when the three men will have finished the day's training and will be ready to have their dinner. The three astronauts will be together when you call.

Following is some information relating to the three astronauts:

Eugene A. (Gene) Cernan - Spacecraft Commander - Captain, USN. Previously flew on Gemini 9 and Apollo 10. He will pilot the module that goes on the surface of the Moon.

Dr. Harrison H. (Jack) Schmitt - Lunar Module Pilot - Civilian scientist/ astronaut. Served as backup lunar module pilot for Apollo 15.

Dr. Schmitt will accompany Capt. Cernan to the Moon and act as co-pilot in the lunar module. An interesting point is the fact that Dr. Schmitt learned to fly after being accepted in the space program.

Ronald E. (Ron) Evans - Command Module Pilot - Commander, USN. Served as backup command module pilot for Apollo 14. He is the individual who will remain in the spacecraft that orbits the Moon.

TALKING POINTS:

1. Express your best wishes to the three of them for a safe and successful trip, noting that the thoughts and prayers of the country go with them.
2. Note that, although this is the last voyage in the Apollo series, it is certainly not the least. This is just the beginning of man's exploration and utilization of space.

To: Mr. Bull

TELEPHONE CALL RECOMMENDATION

TO: THE APOLLO 17 ASTRONAUTS

DATE AND TIME: TUESDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1972 -
Between 4:30 and 5:30 P.M.

RECOMMENDED BY: Charles Colson

Call made
this afternoon.

- 1 /
Dec 19

BACKGROUND

Apollo 17, the last of the Apollo manned flight missions, was launched early in the morning on Wednesday, December 5, after a two-hour and 40-minute delay. You witnessed the spectacular sight of a nighttime launch on television at Camp David. The day previous to the scheduled launch you spoke to the Apollo 17 astronauts at approximately 9:30 p.m.

This final lunar mission is being hailed by scientists as "the most scientifically significant" and news reports indicate that the geological findings will keep scientists occupied perhaps for decades. The discovery of the orange dirt suggests that the Moon may be considerably younger than previously thought, and that it may not be a totally dead star.

Some of the achievements of the Apollo 17 mission include setting records for the longest manned lunar flight, returning the largest poundage of lunar samples (249 pounds), and the longest time that men have walked on the surface of the Moon (23 hours, 12 minutes).

The 12-day mission will conclude at 2:24 p.m., Eastern Standard Time, when the module splashes down in the South Pacific. The splashdown and crew recovery will be carried live on TV from the recovery aircraft carrier TICONDEROGA. After the astronauts have been carried to the recovery ship, there will be a brief ceremony welcoming them back, following which they will go below for a snack and a physical examination. Your telephone call welcoming them back to Earth on behalf of the American people should be between 4:30 and 5:30 p.m. After 5:30 the astronauts will be undergoing extensive physical examinations and should not be interrupted. Your call will be private (not amplified or otherwise carried on electronic media). The astronauts to whom you will be speaking are as follows:

Eugene A. (Gene) Cernan, Spacecraft Commander - Capt., USN.
Was on the surface of the Moon.

Dr. Harrison H. (Jack) Schmitt, Lunar Module Pilot - Civilian
scientist/astronaut. Worked on the surface of the Moon with
Capt. Cernan.

Ronald E. (Ron) Evans, Command Module Pilot - Comdr., USN.
Remained in the spaceship that orbited the Moon and conducted tests.

TALKING POINTS

1. I followed with great interest the entire mission, particularly the activities of Capt. Cernan and Dr. Schmitt working on the surface of the Moon.
2. On behalf of the American people, I want to express our pride in the personal and scientific achievements of the Apollo 17 mission.
3. Although this may be the last voyage in the Apollo series, it certainly does not signify the termination of the American desire to conquer new horizons. The groundwork that has been laid points the way to new technological advances and a greater understanding of our own solar system's evolution through the scientific discoveries made on the Moon.
4. I have today signed an order nominating Navy Commander Ron Evans to the grade of Captain in recognition of his fine performance in this flight.

Note: Captain Cernan will not be promoted to Admiral as a result of this mission.

TELEPHONE CALL RECOMMENDATION

TO: THE APOLLO 17 ASTRONAUTS

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Between 4:30 and 5:30 P.M.

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4. I have today signed an order nominating Navy Commander Ron Evans to the grade of Captain in recognition of his fine performance in this flight.

Note: Captain Cernan will not be promoted to Admiral as a result of this mission.

Major Koppe phoned and gave the following
"more accurate" time for the splashdown
on the 19th:

14:24 p.m. (local time)

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Splashdown phone call



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL
WASHINGTON 20502

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

December 19, 1972

MEMORANDUM FOR

THE WHITE HOUSE STAFF

SUBJECT: Apollo 17 Mission Status Update
#13, 8:00 a.m. EST, December 19, 1972

CURRENT MISSION STATUS

After completing their last full day in space, the Apollo 17 crew is resting prior to earth landing this afternoon. All experiments and tasks on the flight plan have been completed satisfactorily. Apollo 17 has run up an amazing record of accomplishment. At landing they will have:

- o Had the longest manned lunar flight - 301 hrs 51 min
vs 295 hrs 11 min of Apollo 15
- o Largest lunar sample return - 249 lbs vs 210 lbs of Apollo 16
- o Longest total EVA - 23 hrs 12 min vs 21 hrs 37 min of Apollo 16
- o Longest time in lunar orbit - 147 hrs 48 min vs 145 hrs 16 min
of Apollo 16
- o Brought total U.S. manned time in space to 3528 hrs 7 min
vs 2145 hrs 36 min for USSR
- o They explored the most geologically complex area so far visited
on the moon and made the remarkable discovery of bright
orange soil around a crater suggesting volcanic activity.
- o Scientist Dr. Jack Schmitt and his colleagues made this the
most scientifically significant flight of the Apollo series.

NEXT MISSION EVENT

The crew will spend this morning preparing for their re-entry into the earth's atmosphere at 2:11 p.m. EST. Splashdown will occur at

2:24 p.m. EST in the South Pacific south east of Samoa at coordinates 166°08' west and 17°52' south. Spacecraft landing and crew recovery will be carried live on TV from the recovery aircraft carrier TECONDEROGA. This will terminate America's amazingly successful Apollo lunar exploration program.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Bill Anders", with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

William A. Anders



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL
WASHINGTON 20502

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

APR 25 1972

MEMORANDUM FOR

Mr. Stephen Bull

In the event the President calls the Apollo 16 crew after landing, the attached biographical information may be useful. Splashdown is presently scheduled for 2:44 p.m. EST Thursday, April 27. I estimate that the crew will be on board the carrier (USS Ticonderoga) and available to communications from 5:00 - 6:00 p.m. EST.

Let us know if we can be of assistance.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "William A. Anders". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.

William A. Anders

Enclosures:

1. Condensed Biographical Information
2. NASA Biographical Data (3 crew members)



EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE COUNCIL
WASHINGTON 20502

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

April 26, 1972

MEMORANDUM FOR

Mr. Stephen Bull
Staff Assistant
The White House

The highlights of the Apollo 16 mission are attached.

There will be live TV transmitted from the recovery area.

John Donnelly, NASA Public Affairs Officer, reports the following with respect to the phone call (times subject to the recovery going according to plan):

Best time for NASA: 5:00-5:10 p.m. EST, Thursday
Possible: 4:50-5:00 p.m. EST (difficult if earlier)
O.K.: After 5:10 p.m. EST

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "W. Anders". The signature is stylized with a large, sweeping initial "W" and a long, horizontal stroke extending to the right.

William A. Anders

Attachment

APOLLO 16 HIGHLIGHTS

- * Most successful lunar landing mission - broke many previous records, e.g.:
 - 71 hours on lunar surface at landing site
 - 20 hours exploring on lunar surface
 - 16.8 miles covered in lunar rover vehicle (LRV)
 - 213 lbs of lunar rock samples collected
- * 33 scientific and engineering experiments completed or deployed for a success rate of 97%. Marked increase in scientific return over previous flights.
- * Another major automatic science station with 4 experiments was erected at the landing site. All are functioning successfully except for the lunar heat flow measurement which was accidentally broken when Young tripped over the power and signal wire connecting it to the central station.
- * Major advances in lunar orbital science and mapping including the successful deployment of a sub-satellite.
- * A 1 hour EVA (space "walk") by Mattingly during the return flight to retrieve film and conduct experiments outside the spacecraft.
- * First "wave off" for a lunar landing due to a temporary problem with Command and Service Module rocket engine steering.
- * Largest number of accredited press and visitor crowd witnessing launch at Cape Kennedy since Apollo 11.

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20546

BIOGRAPHICAL DATA

NAME: John W. Young (Captain, USN)
Apollo 16 Mission Commander
NASA Astronaut

BIRTHPLACE AND DATE: Born in San Francisco, California,
on September 24, 1930. His parents, Mr. and Mrs.
William H. Young, reside in Orlando, Florida.

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION: Brown hair; green eyes, height:
5 feet 9 inches; weight: 165 pounds.

EDUCATION: Graduated from Orlando High School. Orlando,
Florida; received a Bachelor of Science degree in
Aeronautical Engineering from the Georgia Institute
of Technology in 1952; recipient of an Honorary
Doctorate of Laws degree from Western State Univer-
sity College of Law in 1969, and an Honorary Doc-
torate of Applied Science from Florida Technological
University in 1970.

MARITAL STATUS: Married to the former Susy Feldman of
St. Louis, Missouri.

CHILDREN: Sandy, April 30, 1957; John, January 17, 1959
(by a previous marriage).

RECREATIONAL INTERESTS: He plays handball, runs and works
out in the full pressure suit to stay in shape.

ORGANIZATIONS: Fellow of the American Astronautical
Society, Associate Fellow of the Society of
Experimental Test Pilots, and Member of the
American Institute of Aeronautics and Astronautics.

SPECIAL HONORS: Awarded the NASA Distinguished Service
Medal, two NASA Exceptional Service Medals, the
MSC Certificate of Commendation (1970), the Navy
Astronaut Wings, the Navy Distinguished Service
Medals, and three Navy Distinguished Flying Crosses.

- more -

EXPERIENCE: Upon graduation from Georgia Tech, Young entered the U.S. Navy in 1952; he holds the rank of Captain in that service.

He completed test pilot training at the U.S. Naval Test Pilot School in 1959, and was then assigned as a test pilot at the Naval Air Test Center until 1962. Test projects in which he participated include evaluations of the F8D "Crusader" and F4B "Phantom" fighter weapons systems, and in 1962, he set world time-to-climb records to 3,000 and 25,000 meter altitudes in the Phantom. Prior to his assignment to NASA, he was maintenance officer of All-Weather-Fighter Squadron 143 at the Naval Air Station, Miramar, California. He has logged more than 5,900 hours flying time, including more than 4,900 hours in jet aircraft, and completed three space flights totaling 267 hours and 42 minutes. Captain Young was selected as an astronaut by NASA in September 1962. He served as pilot with command pilot Gus Grissom on the first manned Gemini flight -- a 3-orbit mission, launched on March 23, 1965, during which the crew accomplished the first manned space-craft orbital trajectory modifications and lifting reentry, and flight tested all systems in Gemini 3.

After this flight, he was backup pilot for Gemini 6.

On July 18, 1966, Young occupied the command pilot seat for the Gemini 10 mission and, with Michael Collins as pilot, effected a successful rendezvous and docking with the Agena target vehicle. The large Agena main engine was subsequently ignited, propelling the docked combination to a record altitude of approximately 475 miles above the earth, the first manned operation of a large rocket engine in space. They later performed a completely optical rendezvous (without radar) on a second, passive Agena which had been placed in orbit during the Gemini 8 mission. After the rendezvous, Young flew formation on the slowly rotating passive Agena while Collins performed extra-vehicular activity to it and recovered a micrometeorite detection experiment, accomplishing an in-space retrieval of the detector which had been orbiting the earth for three months. The flight was concluded, after 3 days and 44 revolutions, with a precise splashdown in the West Atlantic, 2.6 miles from the recovery ship USS GUADALCANAL.

He was then assigned as the backup command module pilot for Apollo 7.

Young was command module pilot for Apollo 10, May 18-26, 1969, the comprehensive lunar-orbital qualification test of the Apollo lunar module. He was accompanied on the 248,000 nautical mile lunar mission by Thomas P. Stafford (spacecraft commander) and Eugene A. Cernan (lunar module pilot). In achieving all mission objectives, Apollo 10 confirmed the operational performance, stability, and reliability of the command-service module/lunar module configuration during translunar coast, lunar orbit insertion, and lunar module separation and descent to within 8 nautical miles of the lunar surface. The latter maneuvers employed all but the final landing phase and facilitated extensive evaluations of the lunar module landing radar devices and propulsion systems and lunar module and command-service module rendezvous radars in the subsequent lunar rendezvous. In addition to discovering unexpectedly that the lunar gravitational field targeted the lunar module over 4 miles south of the Apollo 11 lunar landing site, Apollo 10 photographed and accurately located this site for the lunar landing.

Captain Young served as backup spacecraft commander for Apollo 13.

He was assigned as spacecraft commander for the Apollo 16 flight March 3, 1971.

- end -

March 1972

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20546

BIOGRAPHICAL DATA

NAME: Thomas K. Mattingly II (Lieutenant Commander, USN)
Apollo 16 Command Module Pilot
NASA Astronaut .

BIRTHPLACE AND DATE: Born in Chicago, Illinois, March 17,
1936. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas K. Mattingly,
now reside in Hialeah, Florida.

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION: Brown hair; blue eyes; height:
5 feet 10 inches; weight: 140 pounds.

EDUCATION: Attended Florida elementary and secondary
schools and is a graduate of Miami Edison High
School, Miami, Florida; received a Bachelor of
Science degree in Aeronautical Engineering from
Auburn University in 1958.

MARITAL STATUS: Married to the former Elizabeth Dailey
of Hollywood, California.

RECREATIONAL INTERESTS: Enjoys water skiing and playing
handball and tennis.

ORGANIZATIONS: Member of the American Institute of
Aeronautics and Astronautics and the U.S. Naval
Institute.

SPECIAL HONORS: Presented the MSC Certificate of Commem-
oration (1970).

EXPERIENCE: Prior to reporting for duty at the Manned
Spacecraft Center, he was a student at the Air
Force Aerospace Research Pilot School.

He began his Naval career as an Ensign in 1958 and
received his wings in 1960. He was then assigned
to VA-35 and flew A1H aircraft aboard the USS
SARATOGA from 1960 to 1963. In July 1963, he
served in VAH-11 deployed aboard the USS FRANKLIN D.
ROOSEVELT where he flew the A3B aircraft for two years.

He logged 4,200 hours of flight time -- 2,300 hours
in jet aircraft.

- more -

Lt. Commander Mattingly is one of the 19 astronauts selected by NASA in April 1966. He served as a member of the astronaut support crews for the Apollo 8 and 9 missions.

He was then designated command module pilot for Apollo 13 but was removed from flight status 72 hours prior to the scheduled launch due to exposure to the german measles. Mattingly was replaced on the flight of Apollo 13, April 13-17, 1970, by backup command module pilot John L. Swigert, Jr.

He was designated to serve as command module pilot for the Apollo 16 flight March 3, 1971.

- end -

March 1972

NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20546

BIOGRAPHICAL DATA

NAME: Charles Moss Duke, Jr. (Lieutenant Colonel, USAF)
Apollo ~~X~~¹⁶ Lunar Module Pilot
NASA Astronaut

BIRTHPLACE AND DATE: Born in Charlotte, North Carolina,
on October 3, 1935. His parents, Mr. and Mrs.
Charles M. Duke, make their home in Lancaster,
South Carolina.

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION: Brown hair; brown eyes; height:
5 feet 11 1/2 inches; weight: 155 pounds.

EDUCATION: Attended Lancaster High School in Lancaster,
South Carolina, and was graduated valedictorian
from the Admiral Farragut Academy in St. Petersburg,
Florida; received a Bachelor of Science degree in
Naval Sciences from the U.S. Naval Academy in 1957
and a Master of Science degree in Aeronautics and
Astronautics from the Massachusetts Institute of
Technology in 1964.

MARITAL STATUS: Married to the former Dorothy Meade
Claiborne of Atlanta, Georgia; her parents are
Dr. and Mrs. T. Sterling Claiborne of Atlanta.

CHILDREN: Charles M., March 8, 1965; Thomas C., May 1, 1967.

RECREATIONAL INTERESTS: Hobbies include hunting,
fishing, reading, and playing golf.

ORGANIZATIONS: Member of the Air Force Association, the
Society of Experimental Test Pilots, the Rotary
Club, the American Legion, and the American Fighter
Pilots Association.

SPECIAL HONORS: Awarded the MSC Certificate of Commendation (1970).

- more -

EXPERIENCE: When notified of his selection as an astronaut, Duke was at the Air Force Aerospace Research Pilot School as an instructor teaching control systems and flying in the F-104, F-101, and T-33 aircraft. He was graduated from the Aerospace Research Pilot School in September 1965 and stayed on there as an instructor.

He is an Air Force Lt. Colonel and was commissioned in 1957 upon graduation from the Naval Academy. Upon entering the Air Force, he went to Spence Air Base, Georgia, for primary flight training and then to Webb Air Force Base, Texas, for basic flying training, where in 1958 he became a distinguished graduate. He was again a distinguished graduate at Moody Air Force Base, Georgia, where he completed advanced training in F-86L aircraft. Upon completion of this training he was assigned to the 526th Fighter Interceptor Squadron at Ramstein Air Base, Germany, where he served three years as a fighter interceptor pilot.

He has logged 3,000 hours flying time, which includes 2,750 hours in jet aircraft.

Lt. Colonel Duke is one of the 19 astronauts selected by NASA in April 1966. He served as a member of the astronaut support crew for the Apollo 10 flight and as backup lunar module pilot for the Apollo 13 flight.

He was designated March 3, 1971 to serve as lunar module pilot for the Apollo 16 mission.

- end -

RECOMMENDED TELEPHONE CALL

TO: Mayor John Daley

RECOMMENDED BY: Charles Colson/John Ehrlichman

BACKGROUND: At 8:27 this morning two commuter trains from Illinois Central Gulf Railroad were involved in a very serious rear-end collision in a station on the south side of Chicago. As of 1:15 p.m. there are reportedly 35 people confirmed dead, hundreds injured, and some still pinned in the wreckage. Early statements reflect that this may be the worst train wreck in Illinois history. Mayor Daley has been on the scene since this morning, and Secretary Volpe, at your direction, has interrupted his campaign activity and is en route to Chicago.

Governor Ogilvie is not at the scene although he is in Chicago campaigning!

TALKING POINTS:

1. Express your great concern over the tragedy that has occurred, indicating that you directed Secretary Volpe to go to Chicago.
2. Although representatives from the National Transportation Safety Board have been dispatched to investigate the tragedy, your primary concern right now is for those who have been killed and injured, and for their families.
3. The Mayor should be assured of your desire to assist in any way that you can as President.

October 30, 1972

RECOMMENDED TELEPHONE CALL

TO: Mayor John Daley

RECOMMENDED BY: Charles Colson/John Ehrlichman

BACKGROUND:

At 8:27 this morning two commuter trains from Illinois Central Gulf Railroad were involved in a very serious rear-end collision in a station on the south side of Chicago. As of 1:15 p.m. there are reportedly 35 people confirmed dead, hundreds injured, and some still pinned in the wreckage. Early statements reflect that this may be the worst train wreck in Illinois history. Mayor Daley has been on the scene since this morning, and Secretary Volpe, at your direction, has interrupted his campaign activity and is en route to Chicago.

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3. The Mayor should be assured of your desire to assist in any way that you can as President.

October 30, 1972

NIXON PRESIDENTIAL MATERIALS PROJECT
DOCUMENT CONTROL RECORD

ITEM REMOVED FROM THIS FILE FOLDER

Restricted document has been removed. See document entry number 2 on Document Withdrawal Record (GSA Form 7279) or NARS Withdrawal Sheet (GSA Form 7122), located in the front of this folder, for a description of the item and an explanation for its removal.

14H

~~Oct. 1 Sept. 15~~ ~~Aug. 1 pending~~
~~pending~~
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
Steve
Dave

1972 JAN 27 AM 9 48

January 25, 1972

MEMORANDUM FOR: DWIGHT CHAPIN
THROUGH: CLARK MacGREGOR *CM*
FROM: WILLIAM E. TIMMONS *WET*
SUBJECT: Your January 24th memorandum on
Congressional call upon convening

It is not traditional for Congressional leaders to call the President at the opening of sessions of Congress. The reason is obvious: convening dates are set by law in the previous session; everybody knows when the gavel opens a new legislative year. This is different from adjournment sine die when Congress passes a resolution to quit and obviously custom dictates a final call to the President to see if he has further communications (Messages) for the Senate and House.

Furthermore, I don't recall the leaders calling the President in previous years to announce convening. Also, it is significant that Speaker Albert, Boggs and Ford did not call on January 18th.

I have talked to Scott's leadership assistant, Bill Hildenbrand, who agrees that this call is not traditional. He knew of it only minutes before Scott & Mansfield placed the call and suspects Mike, on the spur of the moment, suggested the call.

This raises a question we may properly speculate on -- whether or not Mansfield, with cameras grinding, actually hoped to surprise the President and secretly hoped the call would not go through to embarrass us and Hugh Scott!

This office will continue to try to anticipate events such as this but sometimes it is difficult.

September 26, 1972

FOR: ALEXANDER BUTTERFIELD
FROM: STEPHEN BULL
RE: Telephone Call from Arthur Burns

On the evening of Monday, September 25, Arthur Burns called the President and Peter Flanigan returned the call. Dr. Burns had four things that he wanted to tell the President:

1. He has something personal that he would like to discuss with the President prior to Thursday, September 28.
2. The delivery of his IMF speech was very good today.
3. Everyone abroad, including the French, are praising the economic policy of the United States.
4. Sometime back the President suggested that Dr. Burns go to Indonesia and India after the elections. In order to firm up his own plans, Dr. Burns would like to know whether the President still wants Arthur to go to India and Indonesia, or someplace else.

All of these matters I leave in your hands.

Thank you.

TELEPHONE CALL RECOMMENDATION

TO: Former President Lyndon B. Johnson

BACKGROUND

Former President Johnson suffered a heart attack during the pre-dawn hours on Friday, April 7. He and Mrs. Johnson had come from Gov. Buford Ellington's funeral in Tennessee the previous day and were staying with their daughter and son-in-law, Lynda and Chuck Robb, at their home in Charlottesville, Virginia. He was taken to the University of Virginia Medical Center on April 7th where he remained for one week.

After his condition had improved sufficiently, he was taken to Brooke Army Medical Center at Fort Sam Houston, Texas. He was released on Wednesday, April 26, and flew to the LBJ Ranch where he is now resting comfortably.

Former President and Mrs. Johnson had been invited to the Connally dinner on Sunday, April 30, but will not be able to attend because of the former President's condition.

TALKING POINTS

1. I just wanted to let you know how happy I am that you're at home and feeling better.
2. Most other men would still be in the hospital, but it's clear that you were just too much for the illness.
3. I think that must be a trait of Southern statesmen. I remember a story I read about Thomas Hart Benton. One day a constituent asked Benton his age and the Senator replied, "According to the calendar my age is seventy-four, but when anything is to be done I am thirty-five years old, sir."
4. Neither of us is 35 anymore, but as someone who appreciates your wise counsel, I'm glad you're as tenacious as you were when you were 35.

(Lezar) RP

April 28, 1972

TALKING POINTS - CALL TO LBJ

1. I just wanted to let you know how happy I am that you're at home and feeling better.
2. Most other men would still be in the hospital, but it's clear that you were just too much for the illness.
3. I think that must be a trait of Southern statesmen. I remember a story I read about Thomas Hart Benton. One day a constituent asked Benton his age and the Senator replied, "According to the calendar my age is seventy-four, but when anything is to be done I am thirty-five years old, sir."
4. Neither of us is 35 anymore, but as someone who appreciates your wise counsel, I'm glad you're as tenacious as you were when you were 35.

####

Buford

Had been to Gov./Ellington's funeral - Tennessee.

1. Pre-Dawn hours, Friday, April ~~2xx~~ 7.
Rushed to Univ. of Virginia Medical Center, Charlottesville.
2. Had arrived day before for two-day visit with Lynda and Chuck and family.

Had planned to go on to wedding in Washington.
2. Week later, ^{April 14} pre-dawn hours to Brooke Army Medical Center.
3. On 26th released and flew to Ranch.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 26, 1971

FOR: RONALD H. WALKER
FROM: STEPHEN BULL, *AB*
RE: Presidential Telephone Calls
on Trips

A recent memorandum directed that a procedure be established whereby the advancement for any particular city would provide a set of five or six telephone calls for the President to make upon his arrival. These calls would be prepared in the standard telephone call recommendation form (sample attached) that the President is used to seeing for calls that he makes from the White House.

There is already a telephone call procedure operated by Chuck Colson and Alex Butterfield. Alex Butterfield is the receiving agent for all telephone call recommendations, a majority of which come from Chuck Colson. I think that it is important to maintain the same continuity of operation for trip phone calls as we do for White House calls; that is, to run things through Alex. We should add Harry Dent's opinion of the recommendation since most will probably be of a political nature and Harry would have the greatest amount of familiarity with the call recipients and the points that need to be made.

In summary, the telephone call procedure for trips will be as follows:

1. Submission of call recommendations from the advancement to Mike Schrauth.
2. Mike Schrauth forwards the calls, in proper format, to Stephen Bull for checking and possible revision of format.
3. Bull forwards them to Dent for his input and possible revision.

4. Dent forwards the call recommendations to Butterfield.
5. Butterfield includes in trip package.

cc: A. Butterfield
D. Chapin
C. Colson
H. Dent
M. Schrauth

RECOMMENDED TELEPHONE CALL

TO: Name of person you recommend be called... with brief identifying information only when you suspect name will be unfamiliar to the President.

RECOMMENDED BY: Your name...and if recommendation has concurrence of another staff member, so state.

PURPOSE: Preferably one sentence; two at most.

BACKGROUND: Whatever background information you feel will be helpful to the President. Usually 3-4 short sentences will suffice to set the stage and give substance to talking points. No letter has been sent.

TALKING POINTS:

- 1.
- 2.
3. The 2, 3 or 4 points that you recommend be made.
- 4.

NOTE: Original plus 4 copies are to be sent to Mr. Butterfield.

Date of Submission

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 30, 1971

MEMORANDUM

FOR: ~~A. Butterfield~~
~~C. Colson~~

FROM: S. Bull

Would you please review the attached memorandum that I wrote to Dwight Chapin. Unless you have problems with this procedure, I will initiate action on it so that it becomes standard policy for all trips.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

June 29, 1971
9:00 a.m.

FOR:

Ronald Walker
DWIGHT L. CHAPIN

FROM:

STEPHEN BULL *SB*

RE:

Presidential Telephone Calls
on Trips

A recent memorandum directed that a procedure be established whereby the advancement for any particular city would provide a set of five or six telephone calls for the President to make upon his arrival. These calls would be prepared in the standard telephone call recommendation form (sample attached) that the President is used to ~~using~~ ^{seeing} for calls that he makes from the White House. ←

...or period
after 2nd or
3rd word
in last line.

There is already a telephone call procedure ~~which is~~ operated by Chuck Colson and Alex Butterfield. ~~Basically,~~ Alex Butterfield is the receiving agent for all telephone call recommendations, a ~~great~~ majority of which come from Chuck Colson. Those which have not been specifically recommended by Chuck are run through him and receive his concurrence or rejection. I think that it is ~~important~~ ^{important} to maintain the same continuity of operation for trip phone calls as we do for the White House ~~calls~~ that is, ~~still~~ to run things through Alex, ~~and check them with Colson.~~ We might wish ~~to add an additional element, which is Harry Dent's opinion,~~ ^{should} ~~for of the~~ ^{recommendation} ~~phone calls~~ since most of the calls will probably be of a political nature and Harry would have the greatest amount of familiarity with the call recipients and the points that need to be made.

Many do not
know this &
probably should.

e.g. MACG
Tim
E
Klein
ETC.

In summary, ~~I visualize~~ ^{the} a telephone call procedure ~~as follows:~~ ^{for Trips will be as follows}

1. Submission of call recommendations from the advancement to Mike Schrauth.
2. Mike Schrauth forwards the calls, in proper format, to ~~me~~ ^{Steve Bull} for checking and possible revision of format.

Steve: My nit-picks apply only to memo which would be widely distributed.

3. Bull forwards ^{them} to Dent for his input and possible revision.
4. Dent forwards the call recommendations to Butterfield
via Colson
5. Butterfield includes in trip package.

cc: H. ^{Butterfield}
R. Walker ^{Chapin}
^{Colson}
^{Dent}
^{Smith}

NOTE I would check
with Colson
sumptuously,
as I do now.

I don't think anyone
would mind the Dent
review &/or input
of opinion - but
the "accept or reject"
role of Colson would
be most completable
to ^{certain} ^{sr.} key staffers.

-1-

RECOMMENDED TELEPHONE CALL

TO: Name of person you recommend be called ...
with brief identifying information only when
you suspect name will be unfamiliar to the
President.

RECOMMENDED BY: Your name ... and if recommendation has
concurrence of another staff member, so state.

PURPOSE: Preferably one sentence; two at most.

BACKGROUND: Whatever background information you feel
will be helpful to the President. Usually 3-4
short sentences will suffice to set the stage
and give substance to talking points. No letter
has been sent.

TALKING POINTS:

- 1.
- 2.
3. The 2, 3 or 4 points that you
recommend be made.
- 4.

NOTE: Original plus 4 copies are to be
sent to Mr. Butterfield.

Date of Submission

SUGGESTED TELEPHONE CALLS FOR MEMORIAL DAY

Contained in this book are three general categories of telephone calls that might be appropriate for you to make during Memorial Day week-end. The categories are as follows:

Category I

Families of servicemen killed in Vietnam.

Category II

Letters of support for your Cambodian decision from people who have sons serving, or who have been killed, in Vietnam.

Category III

Miscellaneous:

1. Mother with son in Vietnam.
2. Wounded serviceman in Army Hospital.
3. Mother of three servicemen.

The first section of this book is an index of each call, by category. The background material relating to each call is located at the tab designated in the index. The information includes a retyped copy of the letter that was written to you and, where applicable, your written response. The White House switchboard has the telephone numbers for each call recipient on hand and will be prepared to place the call upon your request.

May 12, 1970

**FOR: BEVERLY COLE
CHIEF TELEPHONE OPERATOR**

FROM: STEPHEN BULL

Over Armed Forces Day week-end the President is planning on making a number of telephone calls, mainly to families of servicemen who have been killed or wounded in Vietnam. Following is a list of the names and addresses of the people we expect him to call:

Mrs. Sally Hardoe, 560 North Kingsley Drive, Los Angeles, Calif.
Mr. and Mrs. Thomas B. Bowley, 80 Oakleigh Drive, Brunswick, Ohio
Mr. and Mrs. Henry T. Crosby, 1250 Arnold Ave., Greenville, Miss.
Mrs. Ronald A. Neubauer, 14325 S.W. 288 St., Leisure City, Fla.
Mr. E. R. Geisoy, 703 North 9th St., Humboldt, Kansas
Mrs. Mildred C. Gera, 560 E. Providencia Ave., Burbank, Calif.
Mrs. Emily J. Savage, 6050 East 10th St., Indianapolis, Indiana
Mrs. Sally Ward, 25 W 215 Fairmeadow, Naperville, Illinois
Mrs. David Ruffner, 4718 Falcon Street, Rockville, Maryland
Mrs. Marilyn Liddell, 1111 Parkwood Ave., Park Ridge, Illinois
Mr. Paul L. Dowd, 215 Manhasset Woods Rd., Manhasset, N. Y.
Mrs. Ann S. Russell, 8540 Mt. Zephyr Dr., Alexandria, Virginia
Mr. Benjamin Hagan, Mandeville, Louisiana 626-7236
Mrs. Roe M. Powell, 840 Gainsborough Dr., Pasadena, California
Mrs. John J. McGrath, 23 Lincoln Court, Rockville Centre, N. Y.
Mrs. Lois Webb, 1003 W. Norberry, Lancaster, California
Mrs. Stella Vacar Lacusky, New Road - Box 29, North Jackson, Ohio
Lt. Timothy P. O'Connor, Orthopedic Ward, Brooks Army Medical
Center, Fort Sam Houston, Texas
Mrs. Jane D. King, 201 Ridge Road, North Arlington, N.J.

I would suggest that you begin immediately to obtain the telephone numbers so that the calls may be put through expeditiously. When the President is given the list of suggested calls on Thursday, he will be advised that "the White House switchboard has the telephone numbers for each call recipient and will be prepared to place the call upon your request". Since I enjoy working here, I hope that events of this week-end will prove that statement to be true.

It is requested that you supply the Signal Board in Key Biscayne with the names and telephone numbers in the event that the President should place these calls from Key Biscayne.

If there are any problems, please let me know.

Thank you.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

SUGGESTED ARMED FORCES DAY
TELEPHONE CALLS

Contained in this book are three general categories of telephone calls that might be appropriate for you to make during Armed Forces Day week-end. The categories are as follows:

Category I

Families of servicemen killed in Vietnam.

Category II

Letters of support for your Cambodian decision from people who have sons serving, or who have been killed, in Vietnam.

Category III

Miscellaneous:

1. Mother with son in Vietnam.
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The first section of this book is an index of each call, by category. The background material relating to each call is located at the tab designated in the index. The information includes a retyped copy of the letter that was written to you and, where applicable, your written response. The White House switchboard has the telephone numbers for each call recipient on hand and will be prepared to place the call upon your request.

NIXON PRESIDENTIAL MATERIALS PROJECT
DOCUMENT CONTROL RECORD

ITEM REMOVED FROM THIS FILE FOLDER

A RESTRICTED DOCUMENT OR CASE FILE HAS BEEN REMOVED FROM THIS FILE FOLDER. FOR A DESCRIPTION OF THE ITEM REMOVED AND THE REASON FOR ITS REMOVAL, CONSULT DOCUMENT ENTRY NUMBER N6 ON EITHER THE DOCUMENT WITHDRAWAL RECORD (GSA FORM 7279 OR NA FORM 1421) OR NARA WITHDRAWAL SHEET (GSA FORM 7122) LOCATED IN THE FRONT OF THIS FILE FOLDER.

NIXON PRESIDENTIAL MATERIALS PROJECT
DOCUMENT CONTROL RECORD

ITEM REMOVED FROM THIS FILE FOLDER

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COPY

Feb. 19, 1970

Dear Mrs. Hardee:

It is with great sorrow that I have learned of the death of your son, Private First Class Joseph R. Hardee.

Of all the hardships of war, the cruelest are the losses of men such as your son. The only consolation I can offer is that the nation he died to serve shares your grief and will forever honor his memory.

I pray for the day when peace can be restored. I wish that your son could have lived to see that day. But when it comes, there will be a special place in the hearts of his countrymen for those whose sacrifice made it possible, and for those others who have borne the burdens of their loss.

Mrs. Nixon joins me in extending our deepest sympathy, and in the hope that the profound respect your son has so tragically earned will help sustain and comfort you.

Sincerely,

RICHARD NIXON

Mrs. Sally Hardee
560 North Kingsley Drive
Apartment 204
Los Angeles, California

NIXON PRESIDENTIAL MATERIALS PROJECT
DOCUMENT CONTROL RECORD

ITEM REMOVED FROM THIS FILE FOLDER

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MAR 04 1970

Dear Mr. Bowley:

It is with great sorrow that I have learned of the death of your son, Corporal Thomas ~~IX~~ Bowley.

Of all the hardships of war, the cruellest are the losses of men such as your son. The only consolation I can offer is that the nation he died to serve shares your grief and will forever honor his memory.

I pray for the day when peace can be restored. I wish that your son could have lived to see that day. But when it comes, there will be a special place in the hearts of his countrymen for those whose sacrifice made it possible, and for those others who have borne the burdens of their loss.

Mrs. Nixon joins me in extending our deepest sympathy and in the hope that the profound respect your son has so tragically earned will help sustain and comfort you.

Sincerely,

RICHARD NIXON

X
Mr. Thomas P. Bowley
60 Calhoun Drive
Lansing, Mich.

RN:GEL:ad

243 21 31

NIXON PRESIDENTIAL MATERIALS PROJECT
DOCUMENT CONTROL RECORD

ITEM REMOVED FROM THIS FILE FOLDER

A RESTRICTED DOCUMENT OR CASE FILE HAS BEEN REMOVED FROM THIS FILE FOLDER. FOR A DESCRIPTION OF THE ITEM REMOVED AND THE REASON FOR ITS REMOVAL, CONSULT DOCUMENT ENTRY NUMBER N 8 ON EITHER THE DOCUMENT WITHDRAWAL RECORD (GSA FORM 7279 OR NA FORM 1421) OR NARA WITHDRAWAL SHEET (GSA FORM 7122) LOCATED IN THE FRONT OF THIS FILE FOLDER.

COPY

March 16, 1970

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Crosby:

It is with great sorrow that I have learned of the death of your son, Specialist Four Robert B. Crosby.

Of all the hardships of war, the cruelest are the losses of men such as your son. The only consolation I can offer is the profound respect of the nation he died to serve, and the humble recognition of a sacrifice no man can measure and no words can describe. Those who give their own lives to make the freedom of others possible live forever in honor.

Mrs. Nixon joins me in extending our own sympathy, and in expressing the sympathy of a saddened nation. You will be in our prayers, and in our hearts.

Sincerely,

RICHARD NIXON

Mr. and Mrs. Henry T. Crosby
1250 Arnold Avenue
Greenville, Mississippi

COPY

March 2, 1970

Dear Mrs. Neubauer:

It is with great sorrow that I have learned of the death of your husband, Captain Ronald G. Neubauer.

Of all the hardships of war, the cruelest are the losses of men such as your husband. The only consolation I can offer is the profound respect of the nation he died to serve, and the humble recognition of a sacrifice no man can measure and no words can describe. Those who give their own lives to make the freedom of others possible live forever in honor.

Mrs. Nixon joins me in extending our own sympathy, and in expressing the sympathy of a saddened nation. You will be in our prayers, and in our hearts.

Sincerely,

RICHARD NIXON

Mrs. Ronald G. Neubauer
14325 288th Street, Southwest
Leisure City, Florida

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Mrs. Marilyn Liddell
Park Ridge, Illinois
Husband in Vietnam

The President of the United States

Richard M. Nixon

Dear Sir:

I am 24 years old and the wife of an USAF officer. On the day that aid to Cambodia was proposed my husband left for Viet Nam. That makes me one of thousands of women in the same situation, I realize.

I could not believe that a decision was made to support Cambodia. It made me feel a bit more secure to know that the US would not abandon its men currently stationed in Southeast Asia. This makes me very unpopular - as you well know.

My husband did not want to go to Viet Nam. No sane person does. But he is there; and he will do a good job; and I will be proud of him; and God willing he will be home in a year. We are hoping to have him home when our baby is born in July since we have lost two previous children. But if he cannot come home then, we will still try not to be bitter about the war and its consequences. It is not at all pleasant for anyone and you must shoulder the responsibility nearly single-handed. This letter comes only to hope that God may guide and influence you in your future decisions. I would not want to be in your

position, bearing the wight of those decisions.

My best wishes are with you.

Sincerely,

MRS. MARILYNN LIDDELL

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