

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

CONFIDENTIAL

INFORMATION

September 21, 1971

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN...

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT
FROM: Henry A. Kissinger *HK*
SUBJECT: Democratic Leaders

You asked for additional information to substantiate the statement made at your recent press conference that the leaders in only 30 of 91 countries which receive American aid "are there as a result of a contested election by any standard that we would consider fair." Attached at Tab A is a list prepared by the State Department of 32 countries considered to be in this category and information giving the year of the most recent election, identifying opponents and indicating the percentage of the vote obtained by the winner. Of the 32 countries listed, Kenya and Nepal are subject to question. In addition, the percentage obtained by the winner was very large in Mexico, Singapore, Cyprus, and The Gambia.

CONFIDENTIAL

<u>COUNTRY</u>	<u>PRESIDENT</u>	<u>LAST ELECTED</u>	<u>OPPONENT</u>	<u>WINNING %</u>
<u>LATIN AMERICA</u>				
Barbados	Errol Barrow	Sept.9, 1971	Bernard St. John, (Barbados Labor Party)	57.57%
Chile	Salvador Allende	1970	1. Conservative Independent (35.3%) 2. Christian Democrat (28.1%)	36.6%
Colombia	Misael Pastrana	April,1970	Gustavo Rojas Pinilla (39%)	41%
Costa Rica	Jose Figueres	Feb.1970	National Unification-41.1% Composed of: 1.National Union Party 2.Republican Party 3.Authentic Republican Union Party	55%
Dominican Republic	Joaquin Belaguer	May, 1970	Elias Wessiny Wessin, Democratic Quisqueyan Party-14%	56%
Guatemala	Carlos Arana	1970?	Revolutionary Party 32.5%	40%
Honduras	Ramon Ernesto Cruz Cruz	Feb.1971	Liberal Party-47%	52%
Jamaica	Hugh Shearer	Feb.1967	Peoples' National Party	51%
Mexico	Luis Echeverria	1970	National Action Party-14.1%	83.8%
Trinidad & Tobago	Eric Williams	Nov.1966	Democratic Labor Party-34%	52.3%
Uruguay	Jorge Pacheco Areco	1966	National Party-40.3%	49.3%
Venezuela	Rafael Caldera	Dec.1968	Gonzalo Barrios: Accion Democratia Party 28%	29.1%
Guyana	L.F.S. Burnham	1968	Jagan-36.5%	55.8%

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<u>COUNTRY</u>	<u>PRESIDENT or GOVERNMENT LEADER</u>	<u>LAST ELECTED</u>	<u>OPPONENT</u>	<u>WINNING %</u>
<u>NEAR EAST & SOUTH ASIA</u>				
Ceylon	(Prime Minister) Sirimavo Bandaranaike	1970	United National Party (38%)	37.37%
India	(Prime Minister) Indira Gandhi	1971	Organization Congress (10.5%) Bharatiya Jana Sangh (7.4%)	43.7%
Israel	(Prime Minister) Golda Meir	Oct. 1969	Herut-Liberal Party (26 seats) National Religious Party (12 seats)	60 seats out of 120 50%
Lebanon	Sulayman Franjiyyah	1968	3 Main Moslem and Christian Election Slates	Approx. 30%
Nepal	King Mahendra	<u>NO ELECTIONS</u>		
Cyprus	Makarios III	1968	Evdokas	95%
<u>EAST ASIA</u>				
Korea	Pak Chong-hue	1971	Kim Tae-Chung	Not Available
Malaysia	(Head of State) Tun-Abdul Razak	1969	Pan-Malaysian Islamic Party (24%) Democratic Action Party (12%)	49%
Philippines	Prs. Ferdinand E. Marcos	1969	Liberal Party	62%
Singapore	Pres. Dr. Benjamin Sheares	1968	Barisan Socialist Party (boycotted election)	84%
Republic of Vietnam	President Thieu	1967	Truong Dinh Dzu Phan Khac Suu Tran Van Huong	34%

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<u>COUNTRY</u>	<u>PRESIDENT or GOVERNMENT LEADER</u>	<u>LAST ELECTED</u>	<u>OPPONENT</u>	<u>WINNING %</u>
<u>EUROPE</u>				
Austria	Chancellor Burns Kreisky	1970	Austrian Peoples Party (44.7%)	48.4%
Iceland	Olafur Johannesson	1971	Independence Party Social Democratic Party	32 seats to 28
Malta	Prime Minister Dom Mintoff	1971	Nationalist Party	28 seats to 27
<u>AFRICA</u>				
Ghana	President Edward Akufo-Addo Prime Minister Kofi A. Busia	1969 (Parliamentary Elections)	Justice Party	105 seat out of 140
Kenya	Pres. Jomo Kenyatta	1969 (National Assembly Elections)	None NONE	100%
Botswana	Pres. Seretse Khama	1969 General Election	Bechuanaland Peoples Party (13.5%) Botswana National Front (12%)	68%
Swaziland	King Sobhuza III Prime Minister Makhosini Dalmini	1967	Ngwane National Liberty Congress (20%)	80%
The Gambia	Pres. Dawda K. Jawara	1966	Peoples Progressive Alliance and United Party Coalition	24 seats out of 29

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MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 15, 1971

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN...
THE PRESIDENT

MEMORANDUM FOR:

BRIGADIER GENERAL A. M. HAIG (M)

FROM:

SUBJECT:

Data on U. S. Assistance to
Non-Democratic Leaders

The Department of State has telephoned the following statistics to me which are being confirmed by lists now enroute to the White House.

"This year the United States is providing aid in one form or another to 91 countries. If the United States were to terminate aid to the countries among this group whose current leaders have not assumed power through a reasonably fair and democratic electoral process, it would be necessary for us to cut off aid to some 59 countries."

Note: On their initial run, State included only those countries to whom we are giving aid of any kind this fiscal year. If they were to enlarge the field to include those countries to whom we have given aid of any kind since World War II, it would probably include mostly Marshall Plan countries, most of whom do follow democratic processes. Thus, the ratio we are seeking would probably suffer. Nevertheless, I have told them to run this figure out as well.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON


*Ed Roberts
your file!
mlh*

STRICTLY EYES ONLY

September 17, 1971

Henry:

On List One of the attached are the countries which State ruled to have a leader who came into power by a truly democratic process. We have asked them to give us statistics on each of these countries which reflect who the candidates were in the election and the percentage of the vote. They may have some difficulty with Mexico which, as you know, has a one-party system. On the other hand, I think the Mexicans would say that the candidate within that party does have to qualify as a result of a popular mandate.


Al Haig

Attachment

*I think they are
right*

STRICTLY EYES ONLY



DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, D.C. 20520

September 15, 1971

STRICTLY EYES ONLY

MEMORANDUM FOR: Brigadier General Alexander M. Haig, Jr.
Deputy Assistant to the President for
National Security Affairs
The White House

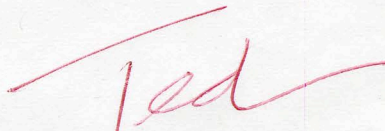
Al:

On List I there is a country by country breakdown of countries receiving U.S. assistance in FY 1972. Asterisks (*) indicate the type of government we discussed. It breaks down by region like this:

ARA - 13 of 22
NEA - 6 of 17
EA - 5 of 11
AF - 5 of 37
EUR - 3 of 4

On List II is a list of newly-independent countries. As you will note, 20 out of 73 have an asterisk indicating government classification.

The checks (✓) on List II indicate whether the country has been an aid recipient since 1945.


Theodore L. Eliot, Jr.
Executive Secretary

Attachments:

As indicated.

LIST I

FOREIGN ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS AND MILITARY ASSISTANCE
Countries for which Programs and Planned in FY 1972
and/or
Countries for which Disbursements are Anticipated in FY 1972

	Programs in FY 1972				Disbursements in FY 1972			
	Mil. Assist.	Economic Assistance FAA	PL 480	Net Total Countries	Mil. Assist.	Economic Assistance FAA	PL 480	Net Total Countries
AMERICAN CONTINENTS - TOTAL	17	19	20	22	17	22	20	23
Argentina	Xg/	-	-	X	Xg/	X	-	X
Barbados *	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
Bolivia	Xi/	X	X	X	Xi/	X	X	X
Brazil	Xg/	X	X	X	Xg/	X	X	X
Chile *	Xg/	X	X	X	Xg/	X	X	X
Colombia	Xi/	X	X	X	Xi/	X	X	X
Costa Rica *	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
Cuban Republic	Xi/	X	X	X	Xi/	X	X	X
Ecuador	Xi/	X	X	X	Xi/	X	X	X
El Salvador	Xi/	X	X	X	Xi/	X	X	X
Guatemala *	Xg/	X	X	X	Xg/	X	X	X
Guyana *	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
Haiti	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
Honduras *	Xi/	X	X	X	Xi/	X	X	X
Jamaica *	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
Mexico *	Xi/	-	-	X	Xi/	X	-	X
Nicaragua	Xi/	X	X	X	Xi/	X	X	X
Panama	Xi/	X	X	X	Xi/	X	X	X
Paraguay	Xi/	X	X	X	Xi/	X	X	X
Peru	Xi/	X	X	X	Xi/	X	X	X
Surinam	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X
Trinidad & Tobago *	-	-	X	X	-	X	X	X
Uruguay *	Xg/	X	X	X	Xg/	X	X	X
Venezuela *	Xg/	X	-	X	Xg/	X	-	X
ASIAN & PACIFIC - TOTAL	11	6	15	17	11	9	15	18
Afghanistan	Xa/	X	X	X	Xa/	X	X	X
Ceylon *	-	-	X	X	-	X	X	X
Cyprus *	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X
Greece	X	-	-	X	X	-	-	X
Iran	Xi/	-	X	X	Xi/	X	X	X
India *	Xc/	X	X	X	Xc/	X	X	X
Iraq	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X
Israel *	Xb/	-	X	X	Xb/	-	X	X
Jordan	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

FOREIGN ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS AND MILITARY ASSISTANCE
 Countries for which Programs are Planned in FY 1972
 and/or
 Countries for which Disbursements are Anticipated in FY 1972

	Programs in FY 1972				Disbursements in FY 1972			
	Mil. Assist.	Economic Assistance		Net Total Countries	Mil. Assist.	Economic Assistance		Net Total Countries
		FAA	PL 480			FAA	PL 480	
<u>SA (Cont'd)</u>								
Lebanon *	x	-	x	x	xc/	-	x	x
Nepal *	xa/	x	x	x	xa/	x	x	x
Pakistan	xc/	x	x	x	xc/	x	x	x
Saudi Arabia	xg/	-	-	x	xg/	-	-	x
Southern Yemen	-	-	x	x	-	-	x	x
Syria	-	-	x	x	-	-	x	x
Turkey	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
UAR	-	-	-	-	-	xk/	-	x
Yemen	-	-	x	x	-	-	x	x
<u>EAST ASIA & VITENAM -</u>								
TOTAL	7	7	11	11	7	8	11	11
Myanmar	-	-	x	x	-	x	x	x
China, Republic of	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Indonesia	x	x	x	x	x	-	x	x
Korea *	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Laos	d/	x	x	x	d/	x	x	x
Malaysia *	xg/	-	x	x	xg/	-	x	x
Philippines *	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
Singapore *	xb/	-	x	x	xb/	-	x	x
Thailand	d/	x	x	x	d/	x	x	x
Vietnam -	d/	x	x	x	d/	x	x	x

FOREIGN ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS AND MILITARY ASSISTANCE
 Countries for which Programs are Planned in FY 1972
 and/or
 Countries for which Disbursements are Anticipated in FY 1972

	Programs in FY 1972				Disbursements in FY 1972			
	Economic Assistance			Net Total	Economic Assistance			Net Total
	Mil. Assit.	FAA	PL 480	Coun-tries	Mil. Assit.	FAA	PL 480	Coun-tries
AFRICA - TOTAL	9	35	35	37	9	36	36	37
		36	36	38		37	37	38
Congo (k)	Xg/	X	X	X	Xg/	X	X	X
Ethiopia	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Ghana *	Xa/	X	X	X	Xa/	X	X	X
Kenya *	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
Liberia	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Morocco	Xg/	X	X	X	Xg/	X	X	X
Nigeria	Xa/	X	X	X	Xa/	X	X	X
Somalia	-	-	X	X	-	X	X	X
Tanzania	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
Tunisia	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Uganda	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
		Self-Help						
Botswana *	-	X	X	X	-	Xj/	X	X
Burundi	-	X	X	X	-	Xj/	X	X
Cameroon	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
Central Africa Republic	-	X	X	X	-	Xj/	X	X
Chad	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
Dahomey	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
Equatorial Guinea e/	-	X	-	X	-	X	-	X
Gabon	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
Gambia *	-	X	X	X	-	Xj/	X	X
Guinea	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
Ivory Coast	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
Lestotho	-	X	X	X	-	Xj/	X	X
Malagasy	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
Malawi	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
Mali	Xa/	X	X	X	Xa/	X	X	X
Mauritania	-	X	X	X	-	Xj/	X	X
Mauritius	-	X	X	X	-	Xj/	X	X
Niger	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
Rwanda	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
Senegal	Xa/	X	X	X	Xa/	X	X	X
Seychelles		X	X	X		Xj/	X	X
Sierra Leone	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
Sudan	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X
Swaziland h/ *	-	X	-	X	-	Xj/	X	X
Togo	-	X	X	X	-	Xj/	X	X
Upper Volta	-	X	X	X	-	Xj/	X	X
Zambia	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X

FOREIGN ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS AND MILITARY ASSISTANCE
 Countries for which Programs are Planned in FY 1972
 Countries for which Disbursements are Anticipated in FY 1972

	Programs in FY 1972				Disbursements in FY 1972			
	Mil. Assist.	Economic Assistance FAA	PL 480	Net Total Countries	Mil. Assist.	Economic Assistance FAA	PL 480	Net Total Countries
EUROPE - TOTAL	3	-	3	4	3	1	4	6
Austria *	Xa/	-	-	X	Xa/	-	-	X
Iceland *	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X
Malta *	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
Portugal	X	-	X	X	X	-	X	X
Spain	X	-	X	X	X	-	X	X
Yugoslavia	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	X
CLASSIFIED COUNTRIES	1	-	-	1	1	-	-	1
TOTAL COUNTRIES	48	68	84 -85	93 -94	48	77	87 -88	97 -98
TERRITORIES:								
AMERICA - TOTAL	-	-	3	3	-	-	3	3
British Honduras	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X
Surinam	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X
West Indies	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X
ASIA - TOTAL	-	-	2	2	-	-	2	2
Hong Kong	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X
Ryuku Islands	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	X
Africa Seychelles	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X
TOTAL TERRITORIES	-	1	6 5	6 5	-	-	6 5	6 5
TOTAL COUNTRIES & TERRITORIES	48	68	89 -90	98 -99	48	77	92 -93	102 103

- / CONUS training only.
- / DOD Credit Assistance only.
- / CONUS training and DOD credit assistance only.
- / In regular Defense budget.
- / Received independence on October 12, 1968.
- / Eligible Self-Help program only.
- / Training and DOD credit assistance only. No grant equipment.
- / Received independence September 6, 1968.
- / Training only (CONUS and overseas).
- / Self-Help only.

l/ British colony with limited self-government. No plans for independence

COUNTRIES INDEPENDENT OR CREATED SINCE WW II

- ✓Algeria
- ✓Bahrain
- ✓Barbados *
- ✓Bhutan
- ✓Botswana *
- ✓Burma
- ✓Burundi
- ✓Cambodia
- ✓Cameroon
- ✓Central African Republic
- ✓Ceylon *
- ✓Chad
- ✓Democratic Republic of Congo
- ✓Cyprus *
- ✓Dahomey
- ✓Equatorial Guinea
- ✓Fiji
- ✓Gabon
- ✓Gambia *
- ✓Ghana *
- ✓Guinea
- ✓Guyana *
- ✓India *
- ✓Indonesia
- ✓Israel *
- ✓Ivory Coast
- ✓Jamaica *
- ✓Jordan
- ✓Kenya *
- ✓Kuwait
- ✓Laos
- ✓Lebanon *
- ✓Lesotho
- ✓Libya
- ✓Malagasy Republic
- ✓Malawi
- ✓Malaysia *
- ✓Maldives
- ✓Mali
- ✓Malta *
- ✓Mauritius
- ✓Mauritania
- ✓Nauru
- ✓Niger
- ✓Nigeria
- North Korea
- North Vietnam
- Oman
- ✓Pakistan
- ✓People's Republic of the Congo
- ✓Philippines *
- Qatar
- ✓Rwanda
- ✓Senegal
- ✓Sierra Leone
- ✓Singapore *
- ✓Somalia
- ✓People's Democratic Republic of Yemen
- ✓South Korea *
- ✓South Vietnam *
- ✓Sudan
- ✓Swaziland *
- ✓Syria
- ✓Togo
- ✓Trinidad and Tobago *
- Tonga
- ✓Tunisia
- ✓Uganda
- ✓United Republic of Tanzania
- ✓Upper Volta
- Western Samoa
- ✓Yemen Arab Republic
- ✓Zambia

and

File here.

September 15, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT
FROM: BRIGADIER GENERAL A. M. HAIG
SUBJECT: Data on U. S. Assistance to
Non-Democratic Leaders

The Department of State has telephoned the following statistics to me which are being confirmed by lists now enroute to the White House.

"This year the United States is providing aid in one form or another to 91 countries. If the United States were to terminate aid to the countries among this group whose current leaders have not assumed power through a reasonably fair and democratic electoral process, it would be necessary for us to cut off aid to some 59 countries."

Note: On their initial run, State included only those countries to whom we are giving aid of any kind this fiscal year. If they were to enlarge the field to include those countries to whom we have given aid of any kind since World War II, it would probably include mostly Marshall Plan countries, most of whom do follow democratic processes. Thus, the ratio we are seeking would probably suffer. Nevertheless, I have told them to run this figure out as well.

AMH:mlh:typed 9/15/71

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

12:10pm

Files

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN... ↗

- This came in yesterday
and was on your back
table - in the Oval Office.

- This is gathering add'l
info now.

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MEMORANDUM

Sept. 14

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON


32521

See (Dept. Records)

CONFIDENTIAL

INFORMATION

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN...

FROM: BRIG GENERAL ALEXANDER M. HAIG 

SUBJECT: Countries Gaining Independence Since
W W II with Democratically-Produced
Leaders

In answer to your recent questions, the State Department has provided the following information:

- Sixty-nine countries have gained their independence since the end of World War II (Tab A).
- In thirty-seven of these countries, or only a little more than one-half, the current leaders came to power through a democratic process (Tab B).

A review of the list of countries with democratically produced leaders (Tab B) indicates a less than rigorous application of criteria in some cases. However, if these statistics are used publicly, the State Department evaluation should probably be followed.

CONFIDENTIAL

INDEPENDENT OR CREATED SINCE WW II

Algeria	Malagasy Republic
Bahrain	Malawi
Barbados	Malaysia
Bhutan	Maldives
Botswana	Mali
Burma	Malta
Burundi	Mauritius
Cambodia	Mauritania
Cameroon	Nauru
Central African Republic	Niger
Ceylon	Nigeria
Chad	Oman
Democratic Republic of Congo	Pakistan
Cyprus	People's Republic of the Congo
Dahomey	Philippines
Equatorial Guinea	Qatar
Fiji	Rwanda
Gabon	Senegal
Gambia	Sierra Leone
Ghana	Singapore
Guinea	Somalia
Guyana	People's Democratic Republic of Yemen
India	Sudan
Indonesia	Swaziland
Israel	Syria
Ivory Coast	Togo
Jamaica	Trinidad and Tobago
Jordan	Tonga
Kenya	Tunisia
Kuwait	Uganda
Laos	United Republic of Tanzania
Lebanon	Upper Volta
Lesotho	Western Samoa
Libya	Yemen Arab Republic
	Zambia

B

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Haig has seen.

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LEADERS CAME TO POWER BY DEMOCRATIC PROCESS

Barbados
Botswana
Cameroon
Ceylon
Chad
Cyprus
Equatorial Guinea
Fiji
Gabon
Gambia
Ghana
Guinea
Guyana
India
Israel
Ivory Coast
Jamaica
Kenya
Laos
Lebanon
Lesotho
Malagasy Republic
Malawi
Malaysia
Maldives
Nauru
Niger
Philippines
Rwanda
Senegal
Singapore
Swaziland
Trinidad and Tobago
Tunisia
United Republic of Tanzania
Western Samoa
Zambia

MEMORANDUM

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

CONFIDENTIAL

ACTION

September 13, 1971

MEMORANDUM FOR GENERAL HAIG

FROM: MARK WANDLER

SUBJECT: Number of Countries Gaining Independence Since WW II, and the Number of these Countries with Democratically-Produced Leaders.

In response to the President's questions about how many countries have gained their independence since the end of World War II and in how many of these countries have the current leaders come to power through a purely democratic process, the State Department informs us that:

1) Sixty-nine countries have gained their independence since the war; and

2) In thirty-seven of these countries, the current leaders have come to power through a democratic process.

The memorandum from you to the President at Tab A conveys this information. The two State Department lists are attached to the President's memorandum.

RECOMMENDATION:

That you initial the memorandum at Tab A.

MEMORANDUM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

CONFIDENTIAL

INFORMATION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: GENERAL HAIG

SUBJECT: Number of Countries Gaining Independence Since
WW II, and the Number of these Countries with
Democratically-Produced Leaders.

You had asked the following questions:

1) How many countries have gained their independence since the
end of World War II; and

2) In how many of these countries have the current leaders come
to power by a purely democratic process.

State informs us that 69 countries have gained their independence since
the war and that in 37 of these, only a little more than one-half, the
current leaders have come to power through a democratic means.

Attachment

CONFIDENTIAL

INDEPENDENT OR CREATED SINCE WW II

ALGERIA	MALAGASY REPUBLIC
BAHRAIN	MALAWI
BARBADOS	MALAYSIA
BHUTAN	MALDIVES
BOTSWANA	MALI
BURMA	MALTA
BURUNDI	MAURITIUS
CAMBODIA	MAURITANIA
CAMEROON	NAURU
CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC	NIGER
CEYLON	NIGERIA
CHAD	OMAN
DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO	PAKISTAN
CYPRUS	PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO
DAHOMEY	PHILIPPINES
EQUATORIAL GUINEA	QATAR
FIJI	RWANDA
GABON	SENEGAL
GAMBIA	SIERRA LEONE
GHANA	SINGAPORE
GUINEA	SOMALIA
GUYANA	PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF YEMEN
INDIA	SUDAN
INDONESIA	SWAZILAND
ISRAEL	SYRIA
IVORY COAST	TOGO
JAMAICA	TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO
JORDAN	TONGA
KENYA	TUNISIA
KUWAIT	UGANDA
LAOS	UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
LEBANON	UPPER VOLTA
LESOTHO	WESTERN SAMOA
LIBYA	YEMEN ARAB REPUBLIC
	ZAMBIA

LEADERS CAME TO POWER BY DEMOCRATIC PROCESS


BARBADOS
BOTSWANA
CAMEROON
CEYLON
CHAD
CYPRUS
EQUATORIAL GUINEA
FIJI
GABON
GAMBIA
GHANA
GUINEA
GUYANA
INDIA
ISRAEL
IVORY COAST
JAMAICA
KENYA
LAOS
LEBANON
LESOTHO
MALAGASY REPUBLIC
MALAWI
MALAYSIA
MALDIVES
NAURU
NIGER
PHILIPPINES
RWANDA
SENEGAL
SWAZILAND
TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO
TUNISIA
UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
WESTERN SAMOA
ZAMBIA

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

CONFIDENTIALINFORMATION

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT

FROM: BRIG GENERAL ALEXANDER M. HAIG 

SUBJECT: Countries Gaining Independence Since WW II
with Democratically-Produced Leaders

In answer to your recent questions, the State Department has provided the following information:

- Sixty-nine countries have gained their independence since the end of World War II (Tab A).
- In thirty-^{seven} ~~six~~ of these countries, or only a little more than one-half, the current leaders came to power through a democratic process (Tab B).

A review of the list of countries with democratically produced leaders (Tab B) indicates a less than rigorous application of criteria in some cases. However, if these statistics are used publicly, the State Department evaluation should probably be followed.

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LEADERS CAME TO POWER BY DEMOCRATIC PROCESS

Barbados
Botswana
Cameroon
Ceylon
Chad
Cyprus
Equatorial Guinea
Fiji
Gabon
Gambia
Ghana
Guinea
Guyana
India
Israel
Ivory Coast
Jamaica
Kenya
Laos
Lebanon
Lesotho
Malagasy Republic
Malawi
Malaysia
Maldives
Nauru
Niger
Philippines
Rwanda
Senegal
~~Singapore~~
Swaziland
Trinidad and Tobago
Tunisia
United Republic of Tanzania
Western Samoa
Zambia



DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Washington, D.C. 20520

September 13, 1971

UNCLASSIFIEDMEMORANDUM FOR MR. HENRY A. KISSINGER
THE WHITE HOUSE

Subject: Post War States and Their Leaders

In response to your inquiry, 69 states have been created or gained independence since World War II. Of these, 37 have leaders that came to power by democratic processes.

The two groups of countries are listed in the attachment.

JM Hamilton for
Theodore L. Eliot, Jr.
Executive Secretary

INDEPENDENT OR CREATED SINCE WW II

ALGERIA
BAHRAIN
BARBADOS
BHUTAN
BOTSWANA
BURMA
BURUNDI
CAMBODIA
CAMEROON
CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC
CEYLON
CHAD
DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO
CYPRUS
DAHOMEY
EQUATORIAL GUINEA
FIJI
GABON
GAMBIA
GHANA
GUINEA
GUYANA
INDIA
INDONESIA
ISRAEL
IVORY COAST
JAMAICA
JORDAN
KENYA
KUWAIT
LAOS
LEBANON
LESOTHO
LIBYA

MALAGASY REPUBLIC
MALAWI
MALAYSIA
MALDIVES
MALI
MALTA
MAURITIUS
MAURITANIA
NAURU
NIGER
NIGERIA
OMAN
PAKISTAN
PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO
PHILIPPINES
QATAR
RWANDA
SENEGAL
SIERRA LEONE
SINGAPORE
SOMALIA
PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC
OF YEMEN
SUDAN
SWAZILAND
SYRIA
TOGO
TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO
TONGA
TUNISIA
UGANDA
UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
UPPER VOLTA
WESTERN SAMOA
YEMEN ARAB REPUBLIC
ZAMBIA

LEADERS CAME TO POWER BY DEMOCRATIC PROCESS

BARBADOS
BOTSWANA
CAMEROON
CEYLON
CHAD
CYPRUS
EQUATORIAL GUINEA
FIJI
GABON
GAMBIA
GHANA
GUINEA
GUYANA
INDIA
ISRAEL
IVORY COAST
JAMAICA
KENYA
LAOS
LEBANON
LESOTHO
MALAGASY REPUBLIC
MALAWI
MALAYSIA
MALDIVES
NAURU
NIGER
PHILIPPINES
RWANDA
SENEGAL
SWAZILAND
TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO
TUNISIA
UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
WESTERN SAMOA
ZAMBIA

NSC CORRESPONDENCE PROFILE

DOC SOURCE/CLASS/DESCRIPTION

TO: PRES _____ FROM: ELIOT _____ U _____ LOG IN/OUT ONLY _____
 KISSINGER _____ ROGERS, W _____ LOU _____ NO FORN _____ NODIS _____
 HAIG, _____ LAIRD, M _____ C _____ EYES ONLY _____ EXDIS _____
 S _____ CODE WORD _____ RES DATA _____
 TS _____ SENSITIVE _____

SUBJECT: *WANDLER*
Signatures Having Independence Since WWII
F Democratically Produced Leaders

REFERENCE: S/S *7114175* OTHER _____ NOT XEROXED _____

APP'TS: PRES _____ HAK _____ TALKER _____ MEMCON _____ DATE REQ. _____

SECRETARIAT DISTRIBUTION/ACTION

INTERNAL ROUTING AND DISTRIBUTION				ACTION REQUIRED	
	ACTION	INFO	REC CY		
ADVANCE CYS TO HAK/HAIG			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MEMO FOR HAK	(_____)
STAFF SECRETARY			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MEMO FOR PRES.	(_____)
FAR EAST				REPLY FOR _____ SIGNATURE	(_____)
SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA				FOR DISTRIBUTION/DISPATCH	(_____)
NR EAST/NORTH AFRICA				MEMO _____ TO _____	(_____)
EUROPE/CANADA				RECOMMENDATIONS	(_____)
LATIN AMERICA				JOINT MEMO	(_____)
UNITED NATIONS				REFER TO STATE	(_____)
ECONOMIC				ANY ACTION NECESSARY	(_____)
SCIENTIFIC				CONCURRENCE	(_____)
LR PLANNING				DUE DATE:	
PROGRAM ANALYSIS				COMMENTS: (Including Special Instructions)	
NSC PLANNING					
CONGRESSIONAL					

INTERNAL/INTERIM ROUTING

DATE	FROM	TO	S	ACTION REQUIRED	CY TO
<i>0914</i> <i>7/6</i>	<i>WANDLER</i>	<i>HAIG</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<i>Sign Memo to Pres (0914)</i> <i>Noted by Pres</i>	

DISPOSITION

CROSS REF WITH _____ NOTIFY _____ DATE _____

SEE LOG _____ DISPATCH: LETTER/MEMO _____

JOINED BY LOG _____ COPIES: (AS MARKED ABOVE) _____

SPECIAL FILE RQMT: _____ SA, _____ HP, _____ HM

SPECIAL DISPOSITION COMMENTS: _____

SUSPENSE CY ATTACHED: YES _____ NO _____

MICROFILM DATA

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INIT _____

DATE _____

ORIG) NSC

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WHC _____

SUBF _____

SEP 20 1971

MEMORANDUM

Dud

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

CONFIDENTIAL

INFORMATION

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT
FROM: BRIG GEN ALEXANDER M. HAIG
SUBJECT: Countries with Free Elected Leaders

In response to your questions today the State Department has provided the following information:

- 91 countries received assistance from the U. S. in FY 1972. 59 or nearly two-thirds were not freely elected.
- 73 countries have become independent, or been created since World War II. Of these countries, only 20 of the present leaders were freely elected.

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