

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001. memo	Ted Widmer to POTUS [partial] (1 page)	01/04/2001	b(6)
002. letter	Rabbi J. Rolando Matalon to POTUS [partial] (1 page)	01/05/2001	b(6)
003. form	re: Petition for Pardon After Completion of Sentence [partial] (1 page)	01/00/2001	b(6)
004. form	re: Petition for Pardon After Completion of Sentence [partial] (1 page)	09/04/1996	b(6)
005. letter	William Bender to POTUS (3 pages)	01/01/2001	b(6)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Staff Secretary
Lisel Loy (Chron Files)
OA/Box Number: 22086

FOLDER TITLE:

Monday, January 8, 2001

2019-0680-S

rs3255

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
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- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

JP

Whatever happened
to Eisenhower's request
that he & Charles DeWitt
be recognized for their
role in the Human
Genome effort - He thought
you were doing
something out!
Citizen's Medal?
How is -

Bo

Copied
Podesta

1-5-01

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

JANUARY 5, 2000

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT AND THE VICE PRESIDENT

FROM: MARY BETH CAHILL
DIRECTOR, OFFICE OF PUBLIC LIAISON

SUBJECT: WEEKLY REPORT (December 30 to January 5)

I. CONSTITUENT OUTREACH AND OTHER ISSUES:*AFRICAN AMERICAN OUTREACH*

Black Farmers Seek Executive Order. The National Black Farmers Association (NBFA) President, John Boyd, sent you a letter requesting an Executive Order to address expediting payment to the 11,000 farmers approved for payment, allowing 53,000 potential claimants an opportunity to join the class action suit, and earmarking funds for farmer outreach. Boyd communicated to our office that the Bush Administration/Transition Team has already expressed an interest to develop an Executive Order to expedite the payment of black farmers. However, NBFA would like to see the Clinton Administration issue the order, especially since this Administration was the first to meet with black farmers in 1997 which created the catalyst to the settlement of the largest civil rights case in U.S. History: \$3 billion for black and small farmers.

ETHNIC OUTREACH

Arab Americans Express Interest in Arafat's Visit. Arab Americans applaud your continued effort to bring peace to the Middle East, and are heartened by Arafat's visit. There is great apprehension about the elections in Israel, as well as enormous concern about the well being of the Palestinians who are facing terrible economic conditions, such as severe food shortages. They continue to praise your perseverance and commitment to peace.

Copy

- Sylvia Matthews
- Beth Nolan

per JOP
conversation in
8:30 a.m. mtg.
this a.m. - lisel
1/8/01

1-8-01

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 4, 2001

01 JAN 4 PM 10:05

Copied
Widmer
Podesta
Tramontano
Lindsey
Hernreich

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: TED WIDMER *TW*

SUBJECT: ORAL HISTORY PROJECT

CC: JOHN PODESTA, BRUCE LINDSEY, NANCY HERNREICH

I wanted to clarify our progress on the oral history project, which we touched upon in yesterday's meeting. At our last meeting (October 27), you asked me to get a better second proposal from the Arkansas team, which I finally received on December 8 (attached). It was a vast improvement over the first proposal, but still flawed in important ways. Specifically, the money is low (\$585,000), there is too much emphasis on your early career, and too little on your presidency. On the other hand, they are ready to start soon (July 1), and to proceed at a good clip once they've begun. There is room for improvement in many areas (their understanding of the interactive educational possibilities of these interviews is somewhat limited), but I believe they can be coached, and I believe their heart is in the right place. I also think they would agree to whatever restrictions we want to place on the material.

Virginia continues to offer an attractive alternative. Their proposal is first-rate in many ways, and the Miller Center is arguably the leading practitioner of political oral history in the United States. But I worry about the slowness of their pace (20 interviews a year), and their slickness as well. They are already working on a variety of other oral histories, and I frankly doubt that we would be their highest priority. I also feel that they take an officious, bureaucratic approach to oral history, with bland results – not the rich tableaux presented by the JFK and LBJ projects. I checked with Stu Eizenstat, who said that his experience with Miller Center during the Carter oral history was perfectly fine. But I still believe that Arkansas would devote a higher percentage of their resources to us, and that the result would be more valuable to historians.

Two alternatives merit brief consideration. You asked me to look into whether they would combine forces. Arkansas refuses to, but Virginia is more willing – provided they get to do the White House years, and Arkansas does the early years. My gut feeling is that it should be one or the other.

Another alternative, which I mentioned yesterday, is that we look into support from a foundation to do this privately. Arthur Schlesinger received a large grant from Carnegie to do the JFK interviews in the late 60s. I briefly explored this possibility with Jim Steinberg (Markle Foundation) during the Ireland trip, and he seemed interested. I'm happy to pursue this further if you want. But we will do this more quickly with a university, and we will deflect the criticisms of those who want to accuse us of writing our own history.

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Taylor Branch and I have talked about these issues extensively, and we both feel that the best move is to meet with Randall Woods of Arkansas and Phil Zelikow of Virginia, and air our concerns. I was going to recommend this at our last scheduled meeting (December 11), but the meeting was canceled.

This is a complex decision, and I regret that it has taken until now, but I strongly believe that it's worth taking the time to do it right. (b)(6)

we need to forge a consensus before entering a serious relationship with an institution for the next five years. My preference is that we form a collective decision, but if you prefer, I can move forward independently, or with help from Taylor. I've done a good deal of background research on both institutions, and would enjoy the opportunity to brief you further.

To end this long memo on an upbeat note, I still think our timing is fine. There is no reason to be doing the interviews in the rushed final weeks of the Administration, and there are many reasons to wait until the dust settles (Schlesinger believes a delay is crucial to get good interviews). Reagan's staff rushed their so-called "exit interviews," and the result is more or less worthless. With a little more consultation, I'm confident we can arrive at a good arrangement, beneficial to all parties.

_____ schedule meeting with Woods/Zelikow in Oval Office in next two weeks

_____ ask Woods/Zelikow to meet with Branch/Widmer

✓ _____ discuss further

*Ted / I'm inclined
to go with VA if we can
get a good understanding
of the situation -*



Fulbright College of Arts and Sciences
Office of the Dean

Old Main 525
Fayetteville, Arkansas 72701
(501) 575-4801
(501) 575-2642 (FAX)

Mr. Ted Widmer
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D.C. 20502

rec'd 12/8/00

Dear Mr. Widmer:

I appreciated having the opportunity to talk with you today, and I want to take this opportunity to put in writing the substance of our conversation.

The figures we used in estimating the cost of the President William Jefferson Clinton oral history project came from discussions with an individual in the National Archives who has had experience with presidential oral history projects. It has always been our expectation that both the number of interviews and the cost per interview could range higher than that person suggested. In fact, Harri Baker, who serves on our advisory board and who, as you know, worked on the LBJ oral history project, has suggested that the cost could range as high as one million dollars. Let me assure you that we would shoulder the responsibility of raising the funds to cover the costs.

The Arkansas Center for Oral and Visual History is a relatively young program, but we have a number of old hands involved in this project in particular. Let me also point out that the Clinton oral history project would be **the top priority** for our program and would take the lion's share of our time and attention.

Sincerely,

Jeannie M. Wayne
Director
Arkansas Center for Oral and
Visual History



Fulbright College of Arts and Sciences
Office of the Dean

Old Main 525
Fayetteville, Arkansas 72701
(501) 575-4801
(501) 575-2642 (FAX)

November 22, 2000

Mr. Ted Widmer
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D.C. 20502

Dear Mr. Widmer:

The Arkansas Center for Oral and Visual History is pleased to have the opportunity to submit the enclosed proposal for the President William J. Clinton Oral History Project.

As you will see from the detailed accounting, we anticipate interviewing a minimum of three hundred individuals covering the president's life and career. Some of those individuals will require more than one session. We believe a conservative figure would be nine hundred hours of interviews. The cost of the project will be approximately \$585,000, and it will be completed within five years.

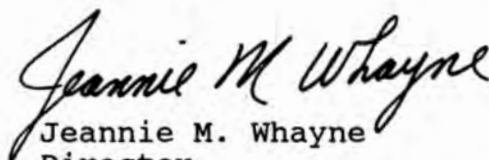
The William J. Clinton Oral History Project will not only focus on important political figures, it will also include interviews of individuals from the president's boyhood and family. President Clinton's substantial place in history must be understood within the social, cultural, and political context of his time. His early years in Arkansas will be covered, but he has had a long and distinguished career which has taken him far beyond his humble beginnings in Hope. While we would interview individuals from his childhood in Hope and Hot Springs, from his college and law school days, and from his career as a faculty member at the University of Arkansas School of Law, the primary focus of this project will be on his political years. From the time of his election to attorney general and then governor of Arkansas, he has displayed consummate skill as a politician and demonstrated a significant commitment to public service. This determination culminated in his election to the presidency in 1992 and again in 1996.

A number of distinguished professional oral historians are associated with the Arkansas Center for Oral and Visual History and will play a leading role in developing and supervising this

project. Two of them have had direct experience with presidential oral histories: T. Harri Baker was one of three historians recruited to conduct interviews for the Lyndon Baines Johnson Library, and Charles T. Morrissey was actively involved in the very first presidential oral history project, that involving John F. Kennedy.

We are very pleased to have the opportunity to submit this proposal, and we look forward to your response at the earliest convenience. If you have any questions please feel free to contact us.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Jeannie M. Whayne". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned above the typed name.

Jeannie M. Whayne
Director

Arkansas Center for Oral and
Visual History

President William J. Clinton Oral History Project

A. THE NATURE OF THE PROJECT

The Arkansas Center for Oral and Visual History (ACOVH), proposes to develop and direct an oral history project focusing on the life and career of President William J. Clinton in order to supplement the textual and audiovisual documentation of the Clinton Presidency. A board of professional oral historians, journalists, and political scholars will develop the project with the goal of interviewing, over a five-year period, up to three hundred individuals whose memories and reflections of President Clinton will significantly augment the presidential historical record. The transcripts of these interviews will be made available for scholars and researchers. Based on the general budget breakdown given below, the ACOVH proposes that the project can be completed for a total of \$585,000. Funding for the project, it is anticipated, will be through a number of sources, including the Diane D. Blair Center for the Study of Southern Politics and Society. ACOVH will be a focus for fund raising as part of the University of Arkansas's Campaign for the Twenty-first Century and is a top priority for funding within the J. William Fulbright College of Arts and Sciences. We would also hope to partner with the Clinton Presidential Library Foundation to produce the necessary funds for the project.

B. INTRODUCTION TO THE SUBJECT

William J. Clinton was born in Hope, Arkansas, in 1946. When he became the nation's forty-second president, he also became the first U.S. president from Arkansas. Clinton's path from Hope to the White House, in addition to the years of his presidency, will be the focus of the President William J. Clinton Oral History Project as proposed by the ACOVH. With an interest

in placing President Clinton within the perspective of the social, cultural and political context of his times, the oral history project would aim to document in its interviews the president's boyhood and family life in Arkansas, his college and law school years, and his tenure spent as a law school professor at the University of Arkansas School of Law. From these years, the politician was born. President Clinton's early experiences in politics will also be a focus of the project. Interviews related to his years spent as Arkansas Attorney General as well as his tenure as governor of the state will give insight into Clinton's development as a national figure, one set to run for the office of President of the United States. An important aspect of Clinton's political career, his campaigns for office, on both state and national levels, will be another major subject of the oral history project as proposed by ACOVH. President Clinton's eight-year term as president will, naturally, be a major component of the project as well.

The collecting of oral histories is a significant part of preserving and documenting the events of any presidency. President Clinton, as the first two-term Democratic president since Franklin D. Roosevelt, will be the subject of immense future research into his presidency. The ACOVH recognizes that oral histories will significantly augment the written record and the manuscript and audiovisual collections that will be available through the William J. Clinton Presidential Library and will contribute to an in-depth view into the events that happened during his tenure as Commander-in-Chief.

C. DESCRIPTION OF THE PROJECT

Overseeing the proposed President William J. Clinton Oral History Project, an advisory board appointed by the ACOVH would help develop a list of topics to be investigated and a list of individuals to be interviewed. This board would be composed of at least two professional

oral historians, T. Harri Baker, who was one of three historians recruited to conduct interviews for the Lyndon Baines Johnson Library, and Charles T. Morrissey, who was actively involved in the John F. Kennedy Oral History Project. Other members would include journalist and author Roy Reed; Director of Special Collections, University of Arkansas Libraries, Michael Dabrishus; Director of the ACOVH, Jeannie Whayne, and political scientist Calvin R. Ledbetter, Jr., of the University of Arkansas, Little Rock. ACOVH Board member former U.S. Senator David Pryor will also be a contributing member of this advisory team, while other political contemporaries of President Clinton, such as Dale Bumpers, former Arkansas governor and U.S. Senator, will be asked for input as well. We would also like to have the support and advice of David E. Alsobrook, Director of the Clinton Presidential Materials Project, as we develop and direct this project. Consultation with President Clinton will also be helpful as initial lists are being prepared for the interviews to come.

This advisory team will direct interviews to cover four significant areas of study: 1) Clinton's Childhood and Family Life in Arkansas; 2) Clinton's Years Before Holding Public Office; 3) His Campaigns and Tenures of Office at the State Level; and 4) His Presidential Campaign and Tenure of Office as President of the United States. The people to be interviewed will include individuals associated with all four periods of the president's life and career: Cabinet members, White House Staff; appointees, associates, friends and contemporaries from across the nation and the world. Select world leaders will also be among those to be interviewed.

The goal of the project is to produce up to three hundred interviews, possibly as many as nine hundred hours of tape, which will comprise the President William J. Clinton Oral History

Collection. Over the course of this five-year project, we anticipate being able to conduct between fifty and sixty-five interviews per year and completing the bulk of the interviewing by the end of the fourth year. Upon completion, these interviews will be transcribed.

The ACOVH's interview procedure allows for both the interviewer and the interviewee to review and edit the typed transcription of their taped interview. Their suggested changes will be made to the document before the collection packet is finalized for donation. In addition, copies of the interview transcriptions will be given to the interviewees for their personal collections.

Specific deliverables that will be provided in this project will include:

1. A collection packet for each interview conducted. This packet will include the following items: a release agreement signed by both the interviewer and the interviewee allowing public access to the information given in the interview; the original audiocassette tape recording of the interview; copies of the tape(s); a typed transcript approved by both interviewer and interviewee; a disk copy of the transcript; and any related materials (e.g., photographs, articles, or artifacts) that the interviewee may wish to donate to accompany the interview.

Collection Packets will be compiled individually, as each interview is processed and completed. They will be turned over to the Clinton Presidential Library Foundation, with a copy of the typed transcript to go to Special Collections, University of Arkansas Libraries, Fayetteville, Arkansas.

2. Quarterly reports to the President, the Project Advisory Board, the Director of the Clinton Presidential Materials Project, David Alsobrook, and the Clinton Presidential Library Foundation. These should include an updated list of what interviews have been done and in what stage of processing they may be at that point.

3. An annual report to the President, the Project Advisory Board, the Director of the Clinton Presidential Materials Project, David Alsobrook, and the Clinton Presidential Library Foundation as to the overall progress made each year during the project. These reports may include, but are not restricted to, lists of interviewees and interviewers, a budget update for the year, and an accounting of the processing of interviews that have been completed that year.

4. By the end of the five-year project, a significant number of interviews, in both audio and typed form, will be made available worldwide over the internet via the Clinton Presidential Library website and the University of Arkansas Libraries Special Collections website. The ACOVH sees internet access as a critical component of this oral history project since it would make information available to students of all ages and schools throughout the country and the world. The transcriptions will be posted throughout the project as they become available for posting.

The ACOVH and the project advisory board will work with Special Collections and the William J. Clinton Presidential Library to make the interview materials collected during this project available to the broadest possible audience of researchers and scholars and in an expedient manner.

D. ORGANIZATIONAL HISTORY

The Arkansas Center for Oral and Visual History was founded in November, 1999, with a donation by former U.S. Senator David Pryor of unexpended campaign funds. It is a component of the J. William Fulbright College of Arts and Sciences, University of Arkansas, Fayetteville, and is housed in the Department of History, Old Main, Room 416. It is earmarked to become a component of the Diane D. Blair Center for the Study of Southern Politics and

Society. Recognizing that the start-up funding for the Center came from the people of Arkansas themselves, the ACOVH has worked to be representative of as much of the state as possible in its efforts to collect and preserve the social, political, and cultural heritage of Arkansas through oral history. Our Board clearly reflects this statewide focus. It also reflects the interdisciplinary characteristics of our efforts. Founding members of the ACOVH Board are the following:

Larry Ball, Historian, Arkansas State University, Jonesboro

T. Harri Baker, Historian, University of Arkansas, Little Rock

Christie Brocchus, Documentary Reporter, Arkansas Educational Television Network,
Conway

Michael Dabrishus, Director of Special Collections, University of Arkansas, Fayetteville

Bob Douglas, *Arkansas Democrat-Gazette*, Fayetteville

John Graves, Historian, Henderson University, Arkadelphia

Don Holley, Historian, University of Arkansas, Monticello

Elizabeth Jacoway, Historian, Newport

Ben F. Johnson, III, Historian, South Arkansas Community College, El Dorado

James Jones, Historian, University of Arkansas, Fayetteville

Gerald Jordan, Journalist, University of Arkansas, Fayetteville

Waddy Moore, Historian, University of Central Arkansas, Conway

Janine Parry, Political Scientist, University of Arkansas, Fayetteville

David Pryor, Director of the Institute of Politics, Harvard University, Cambridge, MA

Jo Ann Pugh, Landowner, Portland

Roy Reed, Journalist, University of Arkansas, Fayetteville

Bobby Roberts, Director, Central Arkansas Library System; Little Rock

Charles Robinson, Historian, University of Arkansas, Fayetteville

Frances Ross, Historian, University of Arkansas, Little Rock

Calvin Smith, Historian, Arkansas State University, Jonesboro

Phillip W. Steele, Author, Historian, Folklorist, Springdale

David Stricklin, Historian, Lyon College, Batesville

George West, Historian, Arkansas School for Mathematics and the Science, Hot Springs

Another founding member was Diane D. Blair, a friend of the Clintons and political scientist, University of Arkansas, Fayetteville. Diane's tenure as Board member was sadly ended by her recent death. She was a strong supporter of the ACOVH and, appropriately, left her legacy with the Center in being the first interview donated to the ACOVH's Oral History Collection housed at Special Collections, University of Arkansas Libraries, Fayetteville, where her papers are also housed. The statewide base of our Board is an important feature of the Center as we have begun

- our work with Arkansas oral history projects.

In the first year of the ACOVH's operations, we have been actively involved in a number of projects. The first of these projects, the *Arkansas Gazette* Project, was developed to help preserve the history of the "oldest newspaper west of the Mississippi," which ended operations in 1991. The *Gazette* project entails interviewing people who either worked for the paper or who can speak effectively about its significance as the state's "paper of record" to provide insight to the kind of institution that the newspaper was and what gave the paper its special character. Directing this project is Roy Reed, who has conducted hundreds of interviews during his long and productive career with the *Arkansas Gazette* and *The New York Times*. Reed has

recently completed a number of interviews in London for the ACOVH project which was begun in January 2000. Over fifty interviews have been conducted in the past ten months, with at least fifty more to be completed in the coming year.

In its first year, the ACOVH has also begun a partnership with Arkansas Educational Television Network to produce a series of interviews with former Arkansas governors to be aired on AETN. Roy Reed and Ernie Dumas, one of Arkansas's most astute political commentators, have begun their interviews with former governors, starting with David Pryor. Interviews will continue over the next one to two years.

In addition to sponsored oral histories such as these two projects, the ACOVH has also worked with student training and involvement projects with students at the University of Arkansas, Fayetteville. Two courses have been offered which have offered students hands-on experience with oral history techniques. In History 3883, "Arkansas and the Southwest," offered Spring, 2000, Dr. Jeannie Whayne, Director of ACOVH, introduced undergraduates to the techniques of interviewing and transcribing as they carried out their own investigations of Arkansas's oral history resources. Topics of investigation include Arkansas in the Great Depression and Eureka Springs and Its Beginnings as an Artist Colony. In History 5103, "The Great Depression Through Oral History," Whayne guided graduate students through an oral history project on the Great Depression in Arkansas, highlighting oral history techniques. Each student carried out three interviews on a certain topic (e.g., the Depression's impact on local industry, or its impact on different sections of the state). Interviews done for these courses will become part of the Center's Arkansas Oral History Collection, housed in Special Collections, University of Arkansas Libraries.

The close connection between the ACOVH and Special Collections is an important aspect of the Center's work. Collecting the oral histories of the state is only part of our stated mission; making that information available to scholars throughout the state and the nation is an equally important task. Director of Special Collections, Michael J. Dabrishus, also a member of the ACOVH Board, works closely with ACOVH staff in processing donated materials. All interview materials collected and processed for Center projects to date have been donated to Special Collections.

The Special Collections Division of the University of Arkansas Libraries, Fayetteville, is the largest repository of archives, manuscripts, photographs, maps, newspapers, sound recordings, and videotapes pertaining to Arkansas. There are over twenty million items in the Division. Holdings include nearly thirty thousand volumes of printed materials about Arkansas, published in Arkansas, or written by authors strongly associated with Arkansas.

The papers of public officials constitute the strongest group of political materials in the state. These range from a single manuscript, such as an 1818 letter written by John C. Calhoun, to the extensive collections of modern political figures. They include the papers of United States Senators Dale Bumpers, David Pryor, J. William Fulbright, Joe T. Robinson, and Hattie Caraway; United States Representatives John Paul Hammerschmidt, Beryl Anthony, Ed Bethune, Oren Harris, L. Brook Hays, Clyde Ellis, William Norrell, and Catherine Norrell; Governors Orval Faubus, Sid McMath, Charles Hillman Brough, and Jeff Davis; and United States Judges Henry Woods and Elsie Trimble Roy. The Division's holdings of political organizations records include those for Good Government League, the League of Women Voters, the Arkansas Chapter of the National Organization for Women, and the Pulaski County

Democratic Central Committee.

Oral histories are another strength of the Division's collections. There are over one thousand taped interviews or transcripts in the Division. They include the interviews that Roy Reed collected during research for his book *Faubus: The Life and Times of an American Prodigal*, published by the University of Arkansas Press in 1997, as well as his long interview with Bill and Hillary Clinton, conducted while the future president was governor. They also include all of the interviews conducted by Randall B. Woods for his book *Fulbright: A Biography*, published by Oxford University Press in 1995. The tapes and transcripts produced by the ACOVH are just a part of the Division's growing collection.

While materials in Special Collections are used predominately by University of Arkansas students, faculty, and staff, the Division is frequently visited by researchers from other parts of the country and the world. The Division's website (<http://www.uark.edu/libinfo/speccoll/>) serves as a convenient method for researchers to learn more about the holdings of Special Collections. The website includes the finding aids and inventories to over one thousand individual collections. It will also soon be posting transcripts from the ACOVH's *Gazette* Project interviews for ready accessibility to scholars.

E. PROJECT ADVISORS

The following are some of the people who will be involved in the planning and production of the President William J. Clinton Oral History Project.

T. Harri Baker

T. Harri Baker has extensive experience in organizing and conducting oral history projects, beginning with his work on the Lyndon B. Johnson Oral History Project in 1968-1969. Baker was one of four full-time professionals hired by the University of Texas to create the

Johnson Oral History Project. Baker also later did interviews for the Eisenhower Presidential Library, as a consultant to the Columbia Oral History Project, which conducted the Eisenhower Oral History Project.

Baker, whose teaching interests include Arkansas history, Southern history, and recent American history, has also been an active member of the boards of the Arkansas Institute of Politics and Government (1972-1977) and the Eighth Circuit Historical Society (1992-1997). He has also been a member of the Pulaski County Democratic Central Committee since 1972, and was a member of the Arkansas State Democratic Committee, 1986-1996.

Recently retired after twenty-seven years as professor of history and administrator at the University of Arkansas at Little Rock, Baker continues to be active with oral history projects and is a founding member of the Board of the ACOVH.

Michael J. Dabrishus

Michael J. Dabrishus has been director of the Special Collections Division of the University of Arkansas Libraries since 1984. Prior to his present appointment, he was archivist at the Texas State Archives. Since his arrival at the University of Arkansas, he has been involved with a variety of historical activities. He has served on the Board of Trustees of the Arkansas Historical Association. He presently serves on the Board of the ACOVH and on the advisory boards of the University of Arkansas Press and the Center for Arkansas and Regional Studies. He has served as a grant reviewer and a panelist for the National Endowment for the Humanities, and he has received major grants from NEH and other funding organizations.

Susan E. Dollar

Susan E. Dollar, presently serving as Assistant Director of the ACOVH, was formerly Grants Coordinator with Northwestern State University of Louisiana's Department of Social Sciences. There she administered a variety of federal grant projects with the National Park Service, including four oral history projects related to the development of interpretive plans for the newly created Cane River Creole National Historical Park and Heritage Area, Natchitoches Parish, Louisiana. In addition, she was Project Historian for a multi-year Cultural Resources Management project with the Louisiana Army National Guard. In that capacity, Dollar developed and directed an oral history project focusing on the Louisiana Maneuvers of the 1940s. Author of *The Freedmen's Bureau Schools of Natchitoches Parish, Louisiana, 1865-1868* (Northwestern State University of Louisiana Press, 1998), Dollar is currently administering the ACOVH's *Arkansas Gazette* oral history project while pursuing doctoral studies at the University of Arkansas, Fayetteville.

Calvin R. Ledbetter, Jr.

Calvin R. Ledbetter, Jr. received his B.A. from Princeton University, his LL. B. from the University of Arkansas School of Law, and his Ph.D. in political science from Northwestern University. A professor of political science at University of Arkansas, Little Rock, Ledbetter has published numerous articles, including "Arkansas and the Four-Year Term," which, in 1985, won the Arkansas Bar Association Writing Excellence Award. He has co-authored several books, including *Politics in Arkansas: The Constitutional Experience* and *The Arkansas Plan: A Case Study in Public Policy*. He recently authored *Carpenter from Conway: George Washington Donaghey as Governor of Arkansas, 1909-1913*.

Charles T. Morrissey

Charles T. Morrissey is a former president of the Oral History Association. He is currently Oral History Consultant for the Oral History and Archives Program at Baylor College of Medicine in Houston, Texas, and the Howard Hughes Medical Institute in Chevy Chase, Maryland. His career in oral history began thirty-eight years ago when he recorded interviews for the Harry S. Truman Library with former members of President Truman's White House staff.

He has directed oral history projects for the John F. Kennedy Library, the Ford Foundation, Harvard University, Dartmouth College, and has been a consultant or evaluator for the Pew Charitable Trusts, the Carnegie Corporation, the National Endowment for the Humanities, the Centers for Disease Control, and other agencies. For the past twenty-one summers, he has taught oral history seminars at Portland State University in Oregon, at Vermont College in Montpelier, and elsewhere.

A graduate of Dartmouth College and the University of California (Berkeley), he is the author of more than twenty-four professional articles about oral history techniques and applications. From 1985 to 1990, he was editor of the *International Journal of Oral History*. Morrissey's book, *Vermont: A Bicentennial History*, was published in 1981.

Janine A. Parry

Janine A. Parry received her M.A. and Ph.D. from Washington State University, Pullman and is currently assistant professor of political science at the University of Arkansas, Fayetteville. Parry's experience includes serving as a Graduate Fellow in the office of Thomas S. Foley, Speaker of the House, Washington, D.C., as well as Legislative Aide to Senator Clifford Bailey, Chair of the Standing Committee on Education, Washington State Legislature, Olympia, Washington. Parry is the author of several articles, including "Family Leave Policy in Comparative Perspective: Explaining Choice and Contingency in Industrialized Nations," and "What Women Wanted: The Arkansas Governors' Commissions on the Status of Women and the ERA."

Roy Reed

Roy Reed, an Arkansas native, worked as a reporter for eight years at the *Arkansas Gazette* before becoming a national and foreign correspondent for *The New York Times*, where he remained for fourteen years. Reed taught journalism for sixteen years at the University of Arkansas before retiring in 1995. Today he is Professor Emeritus of Journalism, University of Arkansas.

Reed has authored two books published by the University of Arkansas Press: one, a collection of essays, entitled *Looking for Hogeye* and the second, a political biography, entitled *Faubus: The Life and Times of an American Prodigal*. In a review of *Faubus*, Julian Bond detailed Reed's ability to get at the context of the man's life:

Most recall Arkansas's defiant governor Orval Faubus in the frozen frame of 1957's school integration crisis in Little Rock; Roy Reed has released him from that moment while demonstrating how it came to pass, and here displays Faubus, the forces and environment which created him, and the environment he created.

Reed was a Nieman Fellow at Harvard, 1963-1964. A member of the Board of the ACOVH, he is currently directing the Center's *Arkansas Gazette* project and is a principal interviewer with the AETN/Former Governors project.

Jeannie M. Whayne

Jeannie M. Whayne is Director of the ACOVH and chair of the Department of History, University of Arkansas, Fayetteville. She also serves as editor of the *Arkansas Historical Quarterly* and Secretary-Treasurer of the Arkansas Historical Association. She has edited or co-edited several books, including *The Governors of Arkansas* (2nd edition, 1995) and *The Arkansas Delta: Land of Paradox* (1993), both with Willard B. Gatewood. She served as associate editor of the recently published *Arkansas Biography* (2000).

Whayne is currently co-authoring a college-level textbook on Arkansas history and working on a history of Lee Wilson Plantation in Mississippi County. Her works have won the Virginia Ledbetter Prize in Southern Studies, the Arkansas Library Association's Arkansiana Award, and two Commendations from the American Association of State and Local History.

F. SCOPE OF WORK

It is expected that the Advisory Board for the project would need some time in the Spring of 2001 for planning. There would likely be at least two planning meetings held before contacting interviewers and interviewees. After the planning is complete, we anticipate adhering to the following scope of work for the project.

Administrative Calendar

Summer, 2001

1 July 2001 - project officially begins. Interviewing begins.

Fall, 2001 - Summer, 2002

Interviewing, transcribing, editing manuscripts, ongoing. Quarterly reports are filed.

1 July 2002 - 1st Annual Report due

Fall, 2002 - Summer, 2003

Interviewing, transcribing, editing manuscripts, ongoing. Quarterly reports are filed.

1 July 2003 - 2nd Annual Report due

Fall, 2003 - Summer, 2004

Interviewing, transcribing, editing manuscripts, ongoing. Web posting begins. Quarterly reports are filed.

1 July 2004 - 3rd Annual Report due

Fall, 2004 - Summer, 2005

Interviewing, transcribing, editing manuscripts, web posting, ongoing. Quarterly reports are filed.

1 July 2005 - 4th Annual Report due

Fall, 2005 - Summer, 2006

Interviewing is ended during this time. Transcribing is ongoing until all interviews have been transcribed. Editing will continue until all transcriptions have been finalized. Web posting will continue as necessary.

1 July 2006 - Final Annual Report due and project is ended.

G. BUDGET BREAKDOWN BY YEAR

Year I

Administrative Costs -

Salaries:

Director - 1/4 time - \$18,750

Administrator - 1/2 time - \$12,000

Subtotal: \$30,750

Fringe and other costs - \$15,206

Total: \$ 45,956

Supplies - \$3,000

Mailing Expenses - \$2,000

Total: \$ 5,000

Travel -

\$ 25,000

Interview Costs - 50 interviews at \$250 ea.

Total: \$ 12,500

Equipment - \$5,000 the first year only

8 tape recorders at app. \$75 each - \$ 600

2 tape duplicators - 1,500

1 computer w/printer - 2,000

2 transcribers - 500

1 quality audiocassette recorder - 400

Total: \$ 5,000

Tape Transcribing/Processing -

est. up to 75 hours of tape to transcribe

750 hours at \$10 per hour for transcription work -

Total: \$ 7,500

Copying and Printing Costs -

\$ 7,500

Total for Year: \$108,456

Year II

Administrative Costs -

Salaries:		
Director - 1/4 time -	\$19,500	
Administrator - 1/2 time -	<u>\$12,480</u>	
Subtotal:	\$31,980	
Fringe and other costs -	<u>\$15,813</u>	
		Total: \$ 47,793

Supplies	\$3,000	
Mailing Expenses	\$2,000	
		Total: \$ 5,000

Travel -		\$ 25,000
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Interview Costs - 65 interviews at \$250 ea.		Total: \$ 16,250
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Equipment -		\$ 1,250
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Tape Transcribing/Processing -		
est. up to 100 hours of tape to transcribe		
100 hours at \$10 per hour for transcription work -		Total: \$ 10,000

Copying and Printing Costs -		<u>\$ 10,000</u>
	Total for Year:	\$115,293

Year III

Administrative Costs -

Salaries:		
Director - 1/4 time -	\$20,280	
Administrator - 1/2 time -	<u>\$13,479</u>	
Subtotal:	\$33,759	
Fringe and other costs -	<u>\$16,693</u>	
		Total: \$ 50,452

Supplies	\$2,000
Mailing Expenses	\$2,000

Web Posting **\$3,224**

Total: \$ 7,224

Travel -

\$ 25,000

Interview Costs - est. 65 interviews at \$250 ea.

\$ 16,250

Equipment -

\$ 1,250

Tape Transcribing/Processing -

est. up to 100 hours of tape to transcribe

100 hours at \$10 per hour for transcription work -

\$ 10,000

Copying and Printing Costs

\$ 10,000

Total for the Year: \$120,176

Year IV

Administrative Costs -

Salaries:

Director - 1/4 time - \$21,091

Administrator - 1/2 time - \$14,018

Subtotal: \$35,109

Fringe and other costs - \$17,361

Total: \$ 52,470

Supplies - \$ 2,000

Mailing Expenses \$ 2,000

Web Posting \$ 3,224

Total: \$ 7,224

Travel -

\$ 25,000

Interview Costs - 65 interviews at \$250 ea.

\$ 16,250

Equipment -

\$ 1,250

Tape Transcribing/Processing -

est. 100 hours of tape to transcribe
100 hours at \$10 per hour for transcription work - \$ 10,000

Copying and Printing Costs \$ 10,000
Total for Year: \$122,194

Year V**Administrative Costs -**

Salaries:
Director - 1/4 time - \$21,934

Administrator - 1/2 time - \$14,578
Subtotal: \$36,512

Fringe and other costs - \$18,055

Total: \$ 54,567

Supplies - \$ 2,000
Mailing Expenses \$ 2,000
Web Posting \$ 3,314

Total: \$ 7,314

Travel - \$ 25,000

Interview Costs - 55 interviews at \$250 ea. \$ 13,750

Equipment - \$ 1,250

Tape Transcribing/Processing -

est. up to 85 hours of tape to transcribe
85 hours at \$10 per hour for transcription work - \$ 8,500

Copying and Printing Costs \$ 8,500
Total for Year: \$118,881

Total for Project: \$585,000

MEMORANDUM

January 5, 2001

To: Ms. Betty Currie
By fax: (202) 456-1210 - 2 pages - original will not be mailed

From: Bob Willard *Bob*

Subject: **Follow-up - Lincoln Commission swearing-in**

I know the President will be immensely busy these final two weeks, but I strongly encourage him to take a moment to be part of the initial activities of the Abraham Lincoln Bicentennial Commission.

I sent him a letter to that effect a few weeks ago (copy attached). I would only stress again my strong belief that the President, given his feelings about Abraham Lincoln, should play an instrumental role in getting the Commission "up and running."

Let me make a concrete suggestion: would there be time on January 16 or 17 for the swearing-in ceremony? If President Clinton gives his approval, I will immediately take steps to get the word to the Commission members and endeavor to have as many of them as possible at the White House at the appointed time.

You can reach me at the National Commission on Libraries and Information Science at 606-9204 (fax: 606-9203 or email: bwillard@nclis.gov). My home number is 301-779-2558 (fax: 301-779-2921 or email: bobwillard@worldnet.att.net). If you want to reach my cell phone, all you have to do is dial LINCOLN (546-2656).

I look forward to hearing from you, and I am grateful for your assistance.

*To
Scheduling
1/8/01*

Robert S. Willard

4313 Van Buren Street
University Park, MD 20782
301-779-2558 - fax 301-779-2921
bobwillard@worldnet.att.net

December 14, 2000

The Honorable William J. Clinton
President of the United States
The White House
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. President:

You have signed into law the Abraham Lincoln Bicentennial Commission Act and have named five members; the other ten members, chosen by the Senate and House leadership, have also been named. (Attached is a membership roster I have prepared.)

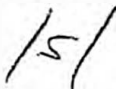
You may recall that I had asked you to appoint me to this Commission, but when I talked with Charlie Cole in Presidential Personnel, he pointed out that the law called for appointment of "private citizen[s]." Since I am a government employee, I am ineligible. As a result, I have decided to pursue the position of staff director of the Commission, and I have already had a number of encouraging conversations with members of the Commission.

In the meantime, I am taking steps in a *pro bono* capacity to help the Commission get up and running, and that is the purpose of this letter. In enacting the legislation, Congress introduced a logical flaw. As introduced, the legislation required you to name the chair, but when enacted, the law called for the members of the Commission to designate their chair. But the law also requires the Commission to meet at the call of the chair. So how can the first meeting occur if a chair is not designated to call it?

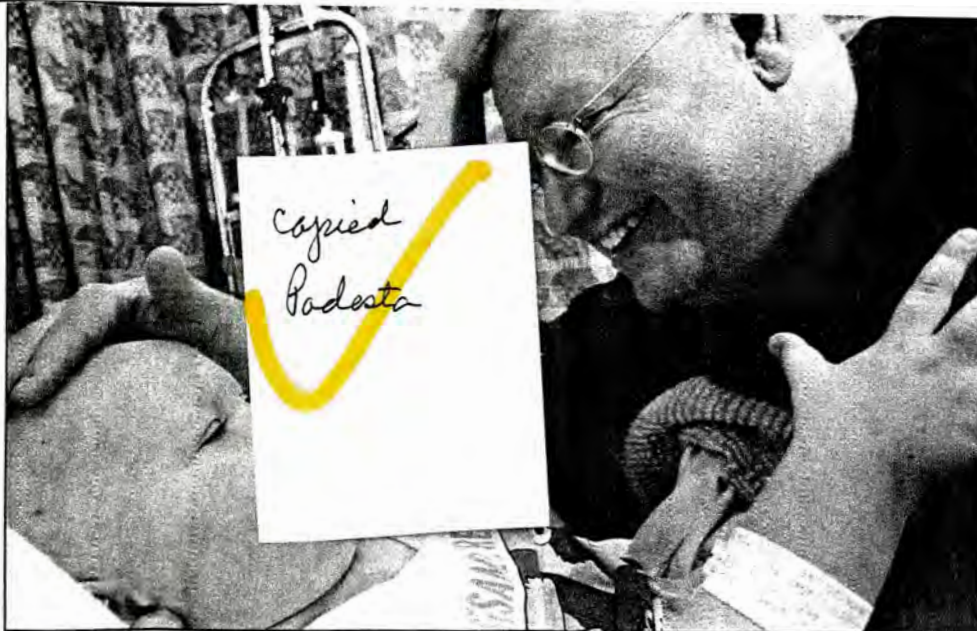
I think this can be remedied by a very simple—and appropriate—step: you can call the first meeting. The members need to take their oath of office and I can think of no better place for this to occur than the White House (and, specifically, in front of the painting in the State Dining Room). Moreover, given your long-time respect and affection for Mr. Lincoln, it would be most fitting that you be present and provide remarks at the inauguration of this Commission's work.

Therefore, I would respectfully request that you invite the members of the Commission to come to the White House in early January for their swearing in ceremony and initial meeting to select their chair. Of course, I would be quite happy to provide the necessary staff work to make this happen and would work closely with whomever you designate on your staff. Please let me know if this plan is agreeable to you.

Sincerely,



Robert S. Willard



"Every day we have him, we are grateful," says James (with Thomas at New York City's Beth Israel hospital in October).

Dying to Live

As a boy fights cancer, his parents take on the FDA

In the summer of 1999 James and Donna Navarro faced an agonizing dilemma (PEOPLE, March 20). Their 4-year-old son Thomas was dying of brain cancer, and doctors said his only hope was a barrage of chemotherapy and radiation. But the Tucson couple were terrified by the possible side effects, including brain damage and blindness. "We might save him," says James, 46, "but save

him for what?" The Navarros wanted to try a gentler approach: antineoplaston therapy, an experimental treatment—more successful than conventional methods, according to its inventor, Houston physician Stanislaw Burzynski, 57—aimed at switching off the genes that cause cancer growth. The Food and Drug Administration would grant permission only if chemotherapy and radiation proved fruitless. When the Navarros refused to try either, Thomas's oncologist filed charges of medical neglect with Arizona child-protection authorities. The family fled to a Houston hotel room, where they

waited while lawyers and politicians—among them presidential candidates John McCain and Alan Keyes—attempted to change the FDA's mind. Last August, after tumors spread to Thomas's spine, his parents finally submitted him to chemo. It failed. Now the FDA is insisting that he undergo radiation as well, though Dr. Burzynski says it would prevent *his* therapy from working. "My authority over my child has been stolen from me," says Donna, 34, who recently shuttered the law-enforcement supply company she ran with her husband. Since February Congress has been considering the Thomas Navarro FDA Patient Rights Act, which would allow patients (and their guardians) to choose treatments without FDA approval. But the Navarros, once again in hiding, won't have an answer until next year—and for Thomas, now 5, that may be too late. "We've jumped through almost every hoop," says Donna, "and my son's life is still on the line."

Photograph by Marc Asnin/Saba

Short on Horsepower

Zippy Chippy's perfect track record remains unblemished

When he blew his 86th consecutive run for the roses in September 1999, Zippy Chippy took home an uncoveted title: the losingest horse in racing history (PEOPLE, May 8). But on Aug. 17 bookies at Rochester, N.Y.'s Frontier Field gave the 9-year-old gelding 2-to-1 odds against an unusual opponent—Jose Herrera, 27, center fielder for minor league baseball's Rochester Red Wings. After all, even the speediest human (and Herrera, who spent two seasons with the Oakland A's, is known for his fleetness) can't match the average racehorse's cruising velocity of about 40 mph. When the starting flag was dropped, however, Zippy proved once again that he is far from average. As is his habit, he hesitated. And by the time he got moving, Herrera had a 20-yard lead, crossing the finish line $4\frac{1}{2}$ horse lengths ahead of the horse. "He wanted Jose to win," theorizes owner Felix Monserrate, 57, who keeps Zippy—one of his four horses—at his Clifton Springs, N.Y., home (shared with wife Emily, 43) and trains another 24. Perhaps such gen-

Photograph by Kimberly Butler



On his home turf, Zippy Chippy noses out the competition.

erosity of spirit also explains Zippy's performance in September, when he returned to the site of his record-breaking defeat, the Three-County Fair in Northampton, Mass., for losses number 87 and 88. In any case, Monserrate maintains a winning outlook: "Every time he runs, he comes back happy. I don't get disappointed, no matter what."

Carole Lynn Sherman
450 Midland Street
Little Rock, AR 72205

BY FEDERAL EXPRESS

Mrs. Nancy Hernreich
Office of the President
The White House
Washington, D.C.

1-8-01

Do Cohen for reply?

yes

No

cc: a. w. ferning

TO

~~cc: a. w. ferning?~~

yes

No

cc: dot 3.

January 2, 2001

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN
1-8-01

HON William J. Clinton
President
The White House
Washington D.C.

Dear President Clinton,

For over 15 years, our disabled son has received competent and compassionate residential treatment services at the Arkadelphia HDC, a licensed Intermediate Care Facility for the Mentally Retarded (ICF/MR). Prior to this time, for over 8 years, our family received respite care services at the Conway HDC, also a licensed ICF/MR.

Our son's severe impairments require the close care offered at an ICF/MR (a/k/a "institution"), as do thousands of other disabled individuals. Your leadership is needed to assure that states are encouraged to continue the option of facility-based care.

DHHS has asked the states to re-write their long term care policies (to be "in compliance" with the Olmstead decision). It has not been made clear by the DHHS directives that a continuum of services which includes the choice of ICFs ("institutions") is supported by your Administration.

When you leave office, there will be left in place DHHS programs which if carried out could cause states to down size and close their congregate care facilities and thereby grievously harm many persons with cognitive disabilities (see e.g. the situation which plagues the community-based industry in Washington D.C. and has led to higher levels of abuse, neglect and death among disabled persons).

Letters clarifying the Administration's support for facility-based care from the following individuals are needed:

- (1) From Mr. Tom Perez, Office of Civil Rights (DHHS) to the OCR regional representatives;
- (2) From Mr. Tom Westmoreland, Director, Office of Medicaid and State Operations and/or Secretary Donna Shalala to the states' Governors and Medicaid Directors; and
- (3) From Ms. Sue Swenson, Commissioner of Developmental Disabilities to the groups funded under the DD Act.

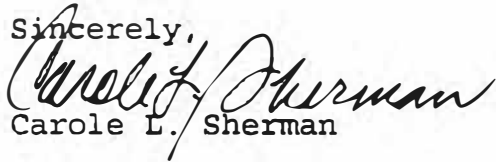
Termining
Pls look into
cause is a long term
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Pa

Page Two
January 2, 2001

Given your clear compassion for the nation's most vulnerable citizens, please make clear to the nation your Administration's position on this issue.

Thank you for your attention.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Carole L. Sherman".

Carole L. Sherman

450 Midland Street
Little Rock, AR 72205

cc: Voice of the Retarded (VOR)

January 2, 2001

Mrs. Nancy Hernreich
Office of the President
The White House
Washington, D.C.

Re: Administration Policies on Long Term Care Issues
for Disabled Persons

Dear Nancy,

It has been many years since our paths crossed. Please accept my thanks in advance for reading this letter and also the enclosed one to President Clinton.

For many years our profoundly retarded son has received very good care from dedicated professionals at a state-operated facility in Arkansas. Arkansas has six such centers caring for over 1,000 of our state's most vulnerable citizens. It has been a shock to learn of the nationally based groups who work to close such facilities (through litigation and lobbying).

The enclosed letter brings to the President's attention several DHHS offices whose directives are crucial in encouraging states in operating congregate facilities. His attention is urgently needed.

Please do not hesitate to contact me if I can provide additional information.

With gratitude,

Sincerely,


Carole L. Sherman

450 Midland Street
Little Rock, AR 72205

(501) 372-3148 (Work)
(501) 661-1963 (Home)
clsherman@aristotle.net



Mr. Stephen Shalom
525 E 72nd St
New York, NY 10021-9601

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN
1-8-01

TO THE HONORABLE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES
WILLIAM JEFFERSON CLINTON

~~SAVED~~
~~NO REPLY~~
BE

BY HAND

1-8-01

To Bergen for reply
after you have seen?

Yes ☒ No ☐
B.

STEPHEN SHALOM
525 EAST 72ND STREET
NEW YORK, NY 10021
TEL: 212-988-7255 FAX: 212-988-7487

January 7, 2001

President William J. Clinton
The White House
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. President,

You have no idea how much you are going to be missed! Your charisma, eloquence, and particularly your vision will not be seen again for Presidencies to come.

Your Domestic legacy is assured with the growth of our economy, but your brilliance I believe, was in Foreign Affairs. During your terms, you led the world during the economic crises of Asia, Mexico, Russia and Brazil. You stood strong in expanding free trade with Mexico and China, the diffusion of North Korea's atom bomb exploitation - etc., etc., etc. Obviously, you will be most notably remembered for your achievements in the handling of Ireland, Kosovo, and the Middle East.

I do believe that the United States and NATO's actions in Kosovo, orchestrated by you, is the most important step forward in world foreign policy since World War II, and possibly the entire century. It put nations and their leaders on notice, forever more, that their borders, their sovereignty, will no longer be a shield to protect them against human rights abuses of their citizens. It is an incredible milestone that surprisingly has not been fully appreciated or understood at this time.

History will show that it laid a foundation, still to be built upon, to deter foreseeable future abuses and atrocities. Had it been in place in the 1930's, the Holocaust would have not been allowed to occur.

The purpose of this letter is to mention the one failing, or omission in your Foreign Policy, that disappoints, and cannot be fully understood --- our continued regressive policy towards Cuba. One can understand the deep emotions and political constraints that have restricted successive Presidents since the Bay of Pigs.

I was hopeful that your Second Term would have given you the political freedom to begin to openly discuss this issue, and gradually bring about the restoration of reasonably normal ties with this country. It needs to be taken out of the closet, to begin to moderate the passions, and to begin a national discussion, that hopefully will lead to rational decisions in the future.

I cling to the hope that in some manner you will mention this issue during the final weeks of your Presidency. Possibly along the lines of President's

Eisenhower's final day's remarks, cautioning the country over the relationship of the military/industrial complex. We can no longer allow this Cuban issue to fester for one or two more Presidential terms.

We will all be watching in anticipation the direction and activities you will take in your post-Presidential life, after a well deserved vacation and time to decompress.

Thank you for the incredible service you have rendered. You succeeded beyond our greatest hopes and expectations. Good luck, and God Bless!

With Great Admiration & Respect,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Stephen Shalom". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style. The first name "Stephen" is written with a large, stylized 'S' and 'P'. The last name "Shalom" is written with a large, stylized 'S' and 'H'.

Stephen Shalom

Dr. Robert J. Shillman

COGNEX

Vision for Industry

One Vision Drive Natick MA 01760-2059

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN
1-8-01

*David McAuliffe
1 find the perimeter
what you are going to do*

The Honorable William Jefferson Clinton
President of the United States
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D.C. 20502-0001

*Copied
Berge
Cabe
Podesta*

1-8-01

COGNEX

Vision for Industry

January 7th, 2001

Robert J. Shillman
President and CEO

The Honorable William Jefferson Clinton
President of the United States
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D.C. 20502-0001

Dear Mr. President:

Mr. Alan Solomont, a long-time friend and neighbor, suggested that I write to you regarding my concern for Johnathan Pollard, a man who is serving a life sentence in prison for passing on highly classified information to Israel fifteen years ago.

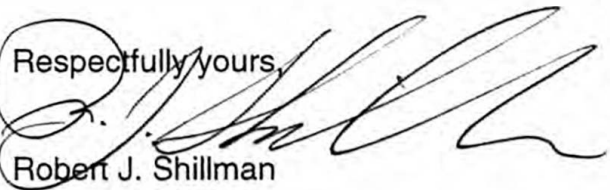
Although I am not an expert on analyzing *Intelligence* data, I am considered to be an expert on analyzing data intelligently (Ph.D., M.I.T. 1974). Based on the analysis that I have performed, and which I will summarize below, I believe that Johnathan Pollard should be granted Executive Clemency.

- Pollard was a spy for Israel, but he was not a traitor to the U.S. Pollard was never charged with treason, but only with one count of passing classified information to an ally (as defined in Article III, Section 3 of the U.S. Constitution: "Treason against the United States, shall consist only in levying War against them, or in adhering to their Enemies, giving them Aid and Comfort."). As I understand it, the information Pollard transferred to Israel was necessary for Israel's defense and dealt only with those countries who were hostile to Israel (e.g. information of Iraqi chemical plants, satellite photos of Syria, Libya, etc). Most, if not all, of the information that he provided should have been given to Israel freely under the 1983 Convention of Reciprocity between the U.S. and Israel. Most importantly, the classified information that he provided to Israel, a close ally, never fell into the hands of any enemy of the U.S., and, to my knowledge, never caused harm to the U.S.
- Pollard never had a trial. Pollard was urged by our government to enter into a plea agreement for which he was promised leniency. Pollard entered into that agreement and fulfilled his commitments; nevertheless, because of the personal intervention of the then-Secretary of Defense, Caspar Weinberger...an individual with significant business ties to the Arab world, and a person known to harbor anti-Israeli sentiments...he was given a life sentence without parole.
- Weinberger did not have the facts. In a very recent article (December 8, 2000, MA'ARIV), former head of the KGB, Vladimir Karyoshkov, categorically refutes the statements of former Secretary of Defense Caspar Weinberger about Jonathan Pollard. "His (Weinberger's) statements are lies that have been used for the past 15 years to keep Pollard in prison. The KGB never received any information whatsoever from Israel or from the Israeli Mossad, whose source was Jonathan Pollard, or from any other source. It never happened."

- Pollard's sentence is disproportionate to his crime. Pollard's sentence...life imprisonment without parole...is dramatically more severe than that of any other person sentenced for spying for an ally. I have studied the sentences of the fourteen most recent cases of individuals convicted of spying for our allies; the median sentence for this offence is 2-4 years, and they range from a minimum of 0 years imprisonment (Michael Schwartz-Saudi Arabia) to a maximum of 14 years (Steven Lalas-Greece). Pollard's time already served is greater than the maximum sentence on record.
- Pollard's sentence doesn't make sense. Not only was Pollard's sentence greater than that of any other person who spied for an ally, but his sentence is the most severe ever passed out in the past fifty years to anyone...including those who spied for our enemies.
- Pollard has suffered enough for his crime. Pollard has spent 15 years in prison, seven of which were in solitary confinement in FCI Marion, the harshest prison in the Federal system. Without question, his punishment has been more severe than that meted out to Aldrich Ames, a traitor who spied for the Soviets against the U.S. and whose nine years of spying resulted in "severe, wide-ranging and continuing damage to our national security interests...including the deaths of at least nine U.S. agents." (Director of Central Intelligence, December 7, 1995).

Mr. President, the timing for clemency couldn't be better. It's the right season and the start of a New Year. And just weeks ago, at your urging, President Putin of Russia freed Edmond Pope who was tried and convicted of spying for the U.S. and sentenced to 20 years imprisonment. If you are able to ask for clemency, shouldn't you also be willing to grant it?

Respectfully yours,


Robert J. Shillman

Copies: Alan Solomont
RJS/dp



CONGREGATION
B'NAI JESHURUN

100A West 89th Street, New York, NY 10024

Office of the Rabbis

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN
1-8-01

*McAfee
of the staff of
of the White House
as shown as the
Be*

*copied
Cabe
Podesta*

President William Jefferson Clinton



Founded in 1825

CONGREGATION B'NAI JESHURUN

Rabbis:

Marshall T. Meyer (1985-1993)

J. Rolando Matalon

Marcelo R. Bronstein

January 5th, 2001

The Honorable William Jefferson Clinton
President of the United States of America

Re: Susan L. Rosenberg

Dear President Clinton:

I am sorry I am not able to join the Israel Policy Forum in honoring you and your extraordinary leadership. I am handing this letter to my friend Michael Sonnenfeldt, who is a member of my congregation, so that he may deliver it to you personally.

I am the rabbi of Congregation Bnai Jeshurun, an 1,800 household synagogue community on the Upper West Side of Manhattan. In that capacity, I have regularly visited Susan Rosenberg over the last nine years of her sixteen years of incarceration and I am writing about a petition for clemency and sentence commutation that has hopefully reached your desk.

You have heard about Susan's situation from many sources -- Elie Wiesel; Rabbi Bradd Boxman, who serves as rabbi at the Danbury Federal Correctional Institution where Susan is an inmate; Congressman Jerrold Nadler; attorney Alan Dershowitz; and many, many others who have pleaded for her release.

Throughout the last nine years of lengthy correspondence and personal visits, Susan and I have spent many hours talking about Susan's ideology, values, and philosophy of life. I have examined with her the beliefs, ethics and practices of Judaism. Susan's father died of cancer in 1994. I guided Susan and her family through his illness and death, and with the long grieving process that resulted. I am therefore acquainted with Susan's deepest thoughts and emotions. Susan has shared with me her strong regrets about embracing a political ideology many years ago that justified violent means to achieve socially important ends, and about taking actions that were against the law. She has also shared her desire to work for the common good upon release. I have watched and listened as Susan has fully transformed herself into a peaceful and constructive citizen.

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
002. letter	Rabbi J. Rolando Matalon to POTUS [partial] (1 page)	01/05/2001	b(6)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Staff Secretary
Lisel Loy (Chron Files)
OA/Box Number: 22086

FOLDER TITLE:

Monday, January 8, 2001

2019-0680-S
rs3255

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

1-8-01

President William Jefferson Clinton
January 5, 2001
Page 2

Her transformation and rehabilitation are profound, as attested by prison authorities, chaplains, mental health professionals, as well as by her professors in the Master's Degree program that she undertook and successfully completed from prison.

*Handwritten: * 1/2 of 1/2*

There is another matter, which, I respectfully believe, provides additional support for clemency in the case of Susan Rosenberg. Susan's sentence of 58-years for possessor offenses was truly extraordinary, notwithstanding the seriousness of those charges. It was longer than sentences imposed on many murderers; many times longer than sentences given to others who engaged in similar crimes; it was 46 years longer than the sentence given to another individual associated with Susan's misguided cause who happened to appear before a different judge in Pennsylvania. In fact, Susan's co-defendant, Timothy Blunk, who was convicted of the same charges and received the same 58-year sentence, was released nearly four years ago! These are disparities of treatment that should have no place in our system of justice.

The Talmud provides important guidance on the moral and social importance of assuring that equal punishment is meted out to those who commit comparable crimes. In interpreting the biblical verse "You shall have one manner of law" (Leviticus 24: 22), the Talmud instructs "You shall have an equal law for all." (Tractate Baba Kamma 83b).

Handwritten: W

Susan Rosenberg's treatment falls far short of this key principle of justice. (b)(6) Unless her sentence is commuted, her life will likely end long before her sentence does. There is no reason for, and no justice in, such a result.

I would be most honored to have a chance to talk with you in person about this case. Please accept my gratitude for taking the time to consider these thoughts; I hope and pray that they will assist you in making this important decision.

May God continue to bless you and your family.

Respectfully,

Handwritten signature of Rabbi J. Rolando Matalon
Rabbi J. Rolando Matalon

THE PRESIDENT HAS DEPT
1-8-01

Su Tourin

copied
Cabe
Padesta

~~Amir~~
~~For~~
~~Chab~~

Mcabe

This is compelling
P/s advise →

1-8-01

Rabbi Menachem Genack
129 Meadowbrook Rd.
Englewood, NJ 07631

Daniel E. Straus
411 Hackensack Avenue
Hackensack, NJ 07601

January 5, 2001

President William J. Clinton
The White House
Washington, DC 20502

Dear Mr. President,

We are writing to urge you to favorably consider the request of Leonard Krimsky for commutation of his sentence. Mr. Leonard Krimsky, as all who know him will testify, is a man who is respected and admired for his decency, selflessness, and generous spirit.

As a child survivor of the Holocaust, and partially in response to that human tragedy, Len's character is punctuated with nobility of purpose and commitment to his community, friends and family.

In the mid 1990's, Len became enmeshed in a cascade of devastating financial reverses. Eastman Kodak Company, which was facing its own financial troubles at the time was Len's major customer. Eastman Kodak refused to make payments after Len's company had invested large sums of money to satisfy its contract with Kodak. Ultimately, Len won the suit and obtained a judgement against Kodak but it was too late to save the company. Len invested his own funds to keep his business afloat and pay his employees. Len followed the advice of counsel and the concurrence of the IRS and borrowed from his company's pension plan. We have enclosed a letter from an IRS agent which confirms this. In addition, Len insured the plan so that no employee would suffer any financial loss. The prosecutor conceded that Len did not profit from any of his actions. After his business failed, there was a liquidation sale of the collateralized assets, which did not fully cover the borrowed funds from the pension plan. We are informed that this is the first time that a criminal conviction was pressed for a fully collateralized, fully insured, and publicly disclosed pension plan borrowing.

In a haunting mix of poor legal advice and overabundant confidence that the government's case was fatally flawed, little or no rebuttal evidence was offered at trial. That evidence would have made transparent the absence of any criminal intent and the falsity of much that an overzealous prosecutor presented to the jury. It was of course not possible to present these facts on appeal.

President William J. Clinton
January 5, 2001
Page 2

Len has lost his life savings in an attempt to save his business and in paying the massive legal fees necessary to defend himself. Most importantly, Len has lost his freedom and has served one and one half years in Allenwood federal prison. His sentence is five years without parole. This is his first offense.

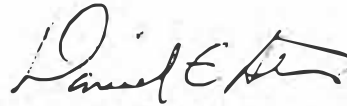
That your path and ours have crossed in this life is an enduring blessing for both of us that we pray will continue and deepen. That fate and good fortune have provided us this opportunity to make you aware of Len Krinsky's plea and plight is surely a connection lit by divine providence.

We urge you to commute Leonard Krinsky's sentence to time already served. Leonard Krinsky is a loving husband, father and grandfather and he has surely suffered enough. Further incarceration cannot serve any imaginable purpose. Thank you for your kind consideration.

With respect and admiration,



Rabbi Menachem Genack



Daniel E. Straus

RONALD V. TRENSE, CPA, PhD.
P.O. Box 28
Califon, NJ 07830
908/832-5104

December 27, 2000

Roger C. Adams, Esq.
Pardon Attorney
Department of Justice
500 First Street, N.W., Suite 400
Washington, D.C. 20530

Re: Leonard Krinsky No. 36983-060, FPC Allenwood

Dear Mr. Adams:

I am sending this letter in support of Petition for Commutation of Sentence filed by Leonard Krinsky.

* I have been an Internal Revenue Service agent since 1988, and currently I am working out of the Newark, New Jersey IRS office. Because of the nature of the charges against Mr. Krinsky, the IRS was involved and I was the agent assigned to investigate the matter and I did so. As a result, I became aware of all of the acts performed by Mr. Krinsky with respect to which he was charged.

It is my opinion that nothing that Mr. Krinsky did in connection with this matter was criminal. The acts were violations of civil ERISA provisions, which subjected him to excise taxes and Department of Labor civil penalties. I believe that he should not have been criminally prosecuted for embezzlement or filing false reports.

I believe that it is an injustice for Mr. Krinsky to have been sentenced to a prison term of five years, and I fully support his request for commutation of sentence to the time he has served.

If you would like to speak to me, or would like any other information from me, please call.

Very truly yours



Ronald V. Trense

THE PRESIDENT

1-8-61

Samuel B
Ag-
TSC

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Berg
Padesta

Proposal to Establish an International Protectorate Over the Holy Basin in Jerusalem

(S. Daniel Abraham/January 7, 2001)

An International Protectorate would be established to protect and administer the Holy Basin in Jerusalem. The area to be covered will include the entire walled city and holy sites nearby, among them the Mount of Olives, City of David, and churches and walkways with special religious significance based on a map to be agreed upon between Israel and the Palestinian Authority.

The governing body of the international protectorate would be composed of representatives of 21 nations. Member nations would be chosen by Israel, the Palestinian Authority and the United States, and any of the three could veto any nation's participation. Any vacancy would be filled in the same manner.

The function of the governing body of the Jerusalem International Protectorate would be to administer the protected area so that Christians, Jews and Moslems all have unfettered access to their holy places, and that essential community services, including police, utility and garbage collection are provided. The governing body would have the exclusive authority to collect taxes and an international police force would provide security.

The protected area would be declared a world historic area, and the governing body would provide planning and zoning services, to assure that there would be no excavation, destruction, building, or renovations which would alter the area's historic character or impact upon the religious concerns of any of the three religions.

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN
1-8-01

Myer

1-8-01

To Eugene for reply?

Yes - No -

3.

Dear
Mr President
& Mrs. Clinton !!

Violin Contractor Viola
Eddy Malave
BM, MM Juilliard
212.539.3032 516.352.2717
edatmalave@juno.com

With so much to say
& such little paper to write—
in a nut shell, thank
you so very much for the
past 8 wonderful years of
great inspiration &
leaderships!! You are
always cherished!! we all
know more greatness is to
come!! Thank You Again
Tondly Yours Always eddy malave

JACK NELSON
281 EAST LINDEN AVENUE
ENGLEWOOD, NEW JERSEY 07631

THE PRESIDENT HAS BEEN
1-8-01

McCall

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Cabe
Padesta

JACK NELSON
281 EAST LINDEN AVENUE
ENGLEWOOD, NEW JERSEY 07631

Re: Leonard Krinsky

Dear Mr. President,

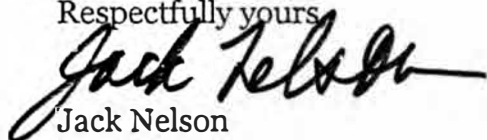
I am sure that protocol dictates that I am incorrect in adding my voice when others, far more powerful than I, should submit Len's plea. I cannot refrain however. My heart is broken for a man who my entire community and I consider righteous and an extraordinary model of what it is to be truly human.

My boldness in making this request stems not from my political influence but is anchored in a firm conviction that Len Krinsky deserves his freedom. I am sure that you are besieged with requests. Making these decisions must be truly difficult. Who shall be free and who shall not? I know that time is Len's enemy in many respects. For a president who still believes that peace can be clasped in the Middle East within ten days, granting freedom to Len in the same time frame does not seem to be an insurmountable hurdle. I assure you that Len's freedom is worth all efforts.

The problematic nature of Len's conviction is I believe transparent. On this issue, others can speak more powerfully. As a fellow human being, I can assert to you Len's worth and distinguished character. Len Krinsky has touched a level of human nobility that is simply inspiring. You do not know Len but if you did you would agree wholeheartedly and unhesitatingly.

Len needs his freedom desperately. We, as a society, desperately need him to be free. I can only hope that a small spark from Len's soul will somehow find its way into your heart when you ponder this decision. Please find the power, the wisdom, and the strength to bring light and relief to darkened hearts and freedom to a man who has suffered terribly and continues suffering while serving his sentence.

Respectfully yours,


Jack Nelson

THE PRESIDENT

1-8-01

Mr. Cable

Discreetly

copied
Cable
Podesta

The Honorable William Jefferson Clinton
President of the United States
The White House
Washington, DC 20502

Jack Quinn

January 5, 2001

The Honorable William Jefferson Clinton
President of the United States
The White House
Washington, DC 20502

Dear Mr. President:

Just in case I do not get another chance to speak to you in the next few days, I want to make several points about the lengthy pardon petition I filed on behalf of Marc Rich and Pinky Green.

On a personal note, I believe in this cause with all my heart. When first approached about getting involved, I was highly skeptical. But, I studied the facts and the law carefully and became convinced of both Marc's innocence and the outrageously prejudicial and unfair treatment of him by the then-new U.S. Attorney in New York, Mr. Guiliani.

Marc was indicted on charges (e.g., RICO and mail fraud) that, under Department of Justice policy and case law, could not be brought today. The core of the charges against him, however, was a tax case which two of the most prominent tax professors in America (Marty Ginsburg at Georgetown and Bernard Wolfman at Harvard) conclude was no case at all. Perhaps, more importantly, the United States Department of Energy, which was charged with enforcing the energy regulations underlying his dispute with the Government, concluded that Marc's tax accounting of the transactions was proper.

More specifically, the indictment arose out of "linked" domestic and foreign transactions in 1980 and early 1981 undertaken by corporations in which Marc and Pinky were principals, with major oil companies on the other side, including ARCO. During the period of oil price controls (which came to be universally regarded, even by the regulators charged with their enforcement, as confusing and of questionable soundness), such "linked" transactions were common.

The nature of the transactions were not originated by the Marc's corporations; indeed, Marc was told about them and implored to enter them by others (who were not

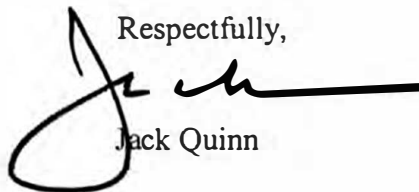
indicted). At the time, many, and perhaps most, of the entities in the oil trading business were engaged in similar efforts to avoid the impact of the price control regulations. Yet there were no indictments for any of the transactions even remotely resembling the linked transactions that are the subject of Marc's case. All other cases -- and there literally were several thousand of them -- were handled as civil administrative matters. This included the enforcement claim against ARCO. Significantly, much of the ARCO case was based on the very linked transactions which formed the basis of the bulk of the indictment against Marc. However -- and this is important -- in the civil case against ARCO, the Department of Energy took the position that Marc's corporations had properly accounted for the transactions and that ARCO had not. Based on that position, which is contrary to the position taken by the Southern District in Marc's case, the government obtained a consent judgment for many, many millions of dollars from ARCO.

Marc, though, was not only singled out for prosecution. He was tried in the press. An avalanche of leaks to the New York press made a fair trial, in his eyes, impossible. Together with the grossly exaggerated nature of the charges against him, this led him to remain out of the country and not return to face the charges. Whether this was wise on his part or not is beside the point. But, it is worth mentioning that no one has ever suggested that Marc was in any respect legally culpable for remaining outside the United States.

Our pardon petition is meritorious. No one other than you can and will resolve this matter. His may not be the only injustice out there, but that cannot be a reason not to correct this one. I hope you will.

Best regards.

Respectfully,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'Jack Quinn', with a large, stylized initial 'J'.

Jack Quinn

THE PALADIN PRS 1771

1-8-06

McCabe

Pls review
congress-
discuss with

PR

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Cabe

Podesta

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DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
003. form	re: Petition for Pardon After Completion of Sentence [partial] (1 page)	01/00/2001	b(6)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Staff Secretary
Lisel Loy (Chron Files)
OA/Box Number: 22086

FOLDER TITLE:

Monday, January 8, 2001

2019-0680-S
rs3255

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
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- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
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- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

PETITION FOR PARDON AFTER COMPLETION OF SENTENCE

Please read accompanying instructions carefully before beginning. Typewrite or print the answers in ink. Each question must be answered fully, truthfully, and accurately. If the space for any answer is insufficient, petitioner may complete answer on a separate sheet of paper and attach it to the petition. Submission of material, false information is punishable by imprisonment of up to five years and a fine of not more than \$250,000. 18 U.S.C. §§ 1001 and 3571.

TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

The undersigned petitioner prays for a pardon and in support thereof states as follows:

1. Full name: Douglas Craig Steiner
First Middle Last

Address: 7 Noel Drive Short Hills New Jersey 07078
Number Street City State Zip Code

Telephone Number (include area code): 973-379-3002

Social Security No. (b)(6) Date and place of birth: (b)(6)

Sex: Male Height: 5'6" Weight: 140 Hair Color: Brown Eye Color: Hazel

Are you a United States citizen? ☒ yes ☐ no If not, state nationality and give alien registration

number: _____ If naturalized U.S. citizen, furnish date and

place of naturalization: _____

State in full every other name by which you have been known, including name under which you were convicted, the reason for the use of another name, and the dates using which you were so known (for example, include your maiden name, name(s) by a former marriage(s), alias(es), and nickname(s)).

Offense(s) For Which Pardon Is Sought

2. Petitioner was convicted on a plea of Guilty in the United States District Court
(guilty, not guilty, nolo contendere)
for the _____ District of New Jersey of the crime of:
(Northern, Western, etc.) (identify state)
Theft within territorial jurisdiction of the United States (misdemeanor), 18 U.S.C. § 661.
(Describe specific offense)

and was sentenced on May 5, 2000 to ☐ imprisonment for _____,

☒ probation for Two years, ☒ a fine of \$ 5,000.00, and/or ☐ restitution of \$ _____.

Petitioner was 39 years of age when the offense was committed.

3. Petitioner began service of the sentence of ☐ imprisonment ☒ probation on May 5, 2000;
was

released on _____, 19__ from _____; and was finally discharged by
(Federal institution)

MEMORANDUM

TO: President William J. Clinton

FROM: James A. Harmon *JA*
Chairman
Export-Import Bank of the United States

DATE: January 5, 2001

RE: Ex-Im Bank Support for Transactions in the West Bank and Gaza

1/8/01 LED DOT
Send to NSC to
handle? reply
yes — no
BCG Stg Mf

The Export-Import Bank of the United States (Ex-Im Bank) is aware of the critical discussions currently taking place regarding the future of Israel and the West Bank and Gaza territories. We understand that an important component of these talks is the potential for significant economic development in the West Bank and Gaza.

In that regard, Ex-Im Bank stands prepared to do its part to maximize opportunities for government and business enterprises in the West Bank and Gaza to obtain U.S. goods, services and technology that will allow them to grow and develop.

Ex-Im Bank can do the following:

- We can provide financial support for export transactions that carry guarantees from creditworthy parties located in other parts of the region (Jordan or Egypt, for example).
- We are prepared to immediately pursue a nonsovereign risk rating for the West Bank and Gaza in the U.S. government's Inter-Agency Country Risk Assessment System. The rating we would recommend would allow us to take the direct risk of parties in the West Bank and Gaza. We have no country financing limits, so the potential for Ex-Im Bank support would be substantial. Further, we believe (and we understand that Palestinian authorities believe) that such a rating would be an important symbol of the economic potential of the territories.
- I have met with Minister Shimon Peres and discussed the potential for financing waste water treatment plants for East Jerusalem that would benefit *both* Israeli and Palestinian parties.

It is my belief that the opportunities for utilizing U.S. goods, services and technology in the West Bank and Gaza are quite significant, and that the demand for our financial support could well exceed \$500 million. Already to date we have had a number of meetings with Israeli and Palestinian parties. However, in order to do everything I can to make this potential real, I personally commit to travel at any time to Israel and the West Bank in order to establish arrangements that will make our financial support available.

Please let me know if you have any questions regarding these matters, or if there is any other way Ex-Im Bank can help at this critical time.



EXPORT-IMPORT BANK
OF THE UNITED STATES
811 VERMONT AVENUE, N.W.
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20571



CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515

01 JAN 8 PM 5:52

January 5, 2001

The Honorable William Jefferson Clinton
President of The United States
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, DC 20500

RE: Executive Clemency

Dear President Clinton:

I am writing to request a grant of executive clemency to Ms. Dorothy Rivers of Chicago, Illinois, who is incarcerated at the Federal Prison Camp in Pekin, Illinois.

At 69 years of age, Dorothy has been in prison for 3 years, and has another 3 years left on her sentence. Given Dorothy's age, and tireless contribution to the community at large, further incarceration, in this case, will not serve justice. Aside from her well known role as an educator and humanitarian, Dorothy has been of great personal assistance to my office, and I am aware of her assistance to others such as Carol Mosely Braun, Rev. Jesse Jackson, Sr., as well as Congressman Jackson Jr.. Furthermore, Dorothy has been a loyal, and hard-working member of the Democratic party who served as an alternate delegate to the 1992 Democratic National Convention.

I firmly believe that Dorothy's prosecution was fundamentally unfair, her defense ineffective, and her punishment excessive. That aside, the major concern at this point is for her prompt release from prison. Thank you for your kind consideration in this matter.

Sincerely,

Bobby L. Rush

Bobby L. Rush.
Member of Congress

CITY OFFICE:
655 E. 79TH STREET
CHICAGO, IL 60619-3036
(773) 224-6500

SUBURBAN OFFICE:
9730 S. WESTERN AVENUE
SUITE 237
EVERGREEN PARK, IL 60805-2814
(708) 422-4055

1-8-01

To Case? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Coordinate reply with
Leg. Affairs?
Yes ☒ No ☐



INTERIOR MUSIC CORP BMI
AVANT GARDE MUSIC PUBLISHING ASCAP
INTERIOR MUSIC CORP BMI
AVANT GARDE MUSIC PUBLISHING ASCAP

5750 Wilshire Boulevard / Suite 565 W. / Los Angeles, CA 90036 / (323) 933 - 5952 / Fax (323) 933 - 5165

January 4, 2001

'01 JAN 8 PM5:52

The Honorable William Jefferson Clinton
President of the United States of America
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D.C. 20001

Re: Request for Presidential Pardon of Raymond McClendon

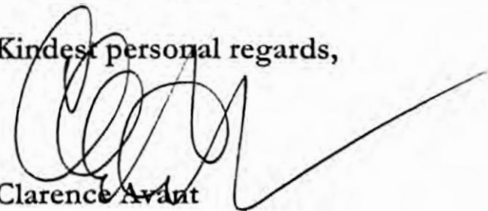
Dear Mr. President:

The purpose of this letter is to request a Presidential pardon of Mr. Raymond McClendon. Mr. McClendon is a prominent Atlanta businessman and community servant who was convicted on mail fraud charges this past summer.

While other procedures exist for petitioning for executive clemency through the Department of Justice, that process will not be available to Mr. McClendon until after your term expires. For this reason, I am requesting that you exercise your Presidential authority to pardon Mr. McClendon before sentencing.

I appreciate your consideration of this request.

Kindest personal regards,


Clarence Avant

1-8-01

Is Cabe?

Yes ☒ No ☐

Coordinate reply with Cohen?

Yes ☒ No ☐

B.

213 WOODBINE
HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS 71901
(501) 623-2565-Telephone
(501) 623-9391-Facsimile

TYLAR C. M. TAPP, III
Attorney at Law

TAMRA BARRETT
Attorney at Law

Heredith
Cake

'01 JAN 8 PM5:52

VIA FACSIMILE 202-456-1210

~8-01

Do Case?

Yes ✓ No —

B.

Coordinate reply with Cohen?

Yes ✓ No —

B.

Burma Forum

Los Angeles

The Campaign for Corporate Withdrawal

2118 Wilshire Blvd #383
Santa Monica, CA 90403
BFLA@FreeBurma.org
www.burmaforumla.org
Phone (310) 398-0703

The Honorable William J. Clinton
President
Office of the White House
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. President,

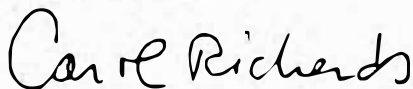
We urgently request that you put forward an Executive Order to ban all textile apparel imports from Burma. This is an opportunity for world leadership in support of democracy and in opposition to massive forced labor that would send a very significant and timely message to the Burmese junta.

Building on your outstanding Medal of Freedom award to Daw Aung San Suu Kyi, who has now passed more than 100 days in detention during this latest crackdown, your action on textile imports would be just what is needed to show other nations the depth of our opposition to the use of forced labor throughout Burma. Apparel now constitutes over 80% of U.S. imports from Burma, with the junta profiting directly via a 5% tax on each garment they export.

An import ban, which has the strong backing of the AFL/CIO, would show how leaders with vision can act in the context of the unprecedented ILO call for member nations to review their links with Burma and take action. We urge you to take this step that transcends political parties. We urge you to act on behalf of the people of Burma who are facing escalating efforts by the junta to eliminate all democratic opposition.

We recognize that you have many urgent appeals. Please act on this one.

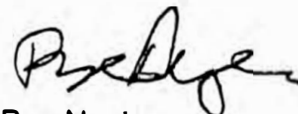
Sincerely yours,



Carol A. Richards, Ph.D.
Co-founder



Louisa Benson
Co-founder



Pye Nyein
Coordinator

For further information, please contact Carol Richards at 310 451-4493



1-8-01
Do Cohen for reply?
Yes ☒ No ☐
Coordinate with
NSC? ☒ ☐
Spending? ☒
B.

January 7, 2001

 **CHARITY****6113 Fourteenth Street, Northwest
Washington, D.C. 20011****Phone: 202-726-7553
Fax: 202-723-1382****FACSIMILE TRANSMITTAL**
Page 1 of 2**Telephone Number: 202-456-1414
Facsimile Number: 202-456-1210**

01 JAN 8 PM 5:52

TO: Mrs. Betty Currie
Special Assistant & Personal
Secretary to the President
The White House

FROM: Gail Charity

DATE: 8 January 2001

RE: Beers/Janney Auction Congratulatory Letter

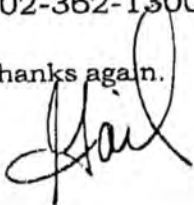
Thank you so much for this. The attached letter explains what we're doing. We hope to raise in the six figures for this project.

If President Clinton has any further interest, we have commissioned a large piece of artwork that Mayor Williams and other local politicians and celebrities will be working on as both publicity and auction item. If President Clinton would like to help make part of our "clock" I will get you more details. And of course, he is more than welcome to participate in the Auction itself.

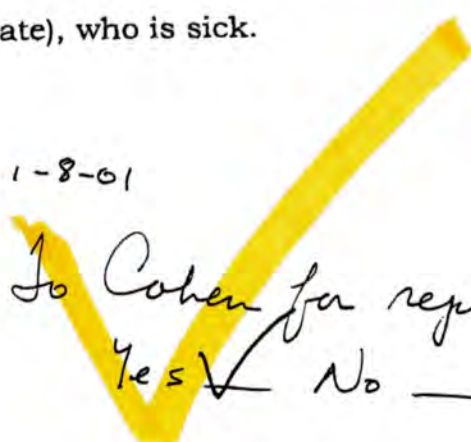
I am at home today with Laura (your photo mate), who is sick.

202-726-7553—home
202-427-7553—cell
202-362-1300—office (tomorrow)

Thanks again.



1-8-01



To Cohen for reply?
Yes ☒ No ☐

Better Together!

Anne Beers & Bernard Janney Auction

8 January 2001



Mrs. Betty Currie
Special Assistant & Personal
Secretary to the President
The White House
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Betty:

The parents, teachers and students of the Anne Beers and Bernard Janney Elementary Schools are holding the first-ever joint fundraising Auction to benefit two District of Columbia public schools. The Auction, to be held Saturday, March 31, 2001 at the World Bank, will join two schools, one east of the Anacostia River, one west of Rock Creek Park. The proceeds will be split 50-50 and will benefit more than 1,000 children from across the city.

Beers and Janney stand on a shared commitment and responsibility to educate our children. Our relationship is based on the cornerstone of partnership, education and service. Collectively our schools share 133 years of commitment to quality public education. Through this first-ever fundraising partnership, we will build our vision of education excellence and a brighter future for our children and our city.

We know that President Clinton recognizes the importance of strong community support for public education. That it requires parents, religious and community groups, business, labor, schools and teachers to face these challenges. Beers and Janney are both at the center of their communities. We hope that President Clinton will honor this Auction by writing a letter congratulating Beers and Janney on this historical, ground-breaking event.

Betty, thanks so much for your time. And for all you have done to support your country.

Sincerely,

Marilyn G. Charity
Co-President
Janney PTA

4130 Albemarle Street, Northwest
Washington, District of Columbia 20016

Congress of the United States
House of Representatives
Washington, DC 20515-1301

OFFICIAL BUSINESS

PRINTED ON RECYCLED PAPER

Bobby Rush
M.C.

The Honorable William Jefferson Clinton
President of the United States
The White House
Washington, DC 20500

Attn: Betty Currie



1-8-01

Is Call to handle?

Yes ☒ No ☐

Coordinate reply with

Leg. Affairs?

Yes ☒ No ☐

B.

BOBBY L. RUSH
1ST DISTRICT
ILLINOIS



COMMERCE COMMITTEE
SUBCOMMITTEES:
TELECOMMUNICATIONS, TRADE, AND
CONSUMER PROTECTION
ENERGY AND POWER
FINANCE AND HAZARDOUS
MATERIALS

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20515

January 5, 2001

01 JAN 8 PM 5:51

The Honorable William Jefferson Clinton
President of the United States
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

This letter is to reaffirm my support for former Congressman Mel Reynolds. As we are in the waning days of your administration, I urge you to consider Mr. Reynolds for an Executive Pardon.

As stated in my initial letter to you on this matter, dated July 19, 2000, Mr. Reynolds has been jailed for approximately three years, and is scheduled for release in March, 2003. While the former Congressman has committed offenses of a serious nature, he poses absolutely no threat to society. This is, in part, evidenced by the fact that he has been granted a low security out-placement custody status, and as a result, has been transferred from the Federal prison grounds to a minimum security camp facility.

By all accounts, Mr. Reynolds has spent significantly more time in prison than individuals convicted of similar, and/or even more serious offenses. Moreover, he has not been granted the opportunity to be integrated back into society through transfer to a Community Corrections Facility. This program would have enabled Mr. Reynolds to earn money in support of his wife and three young children, who during this ordeal, have suffered great emotional and financial hardship.

Not only has Mr. Reynolds' family been evicted, but his children have had to endure the pain of seeing their mother suffer from debilitating physical illness, which includes occasional bouts with an irregular heartbeat. All of this has been compounded by the fact that subsequent to their eviction, Mr. Reynolds' children suffered documented abuse at the hands of a close family associate.

The Chicago City Council Committee on Human Rights has passed a resolution, which requests that you extend compassion to Mr. Reynolds, and his family in this case. It should be noted Mr. President, that this resolution is expected to be enacted by the full City Council.

Although Mr. Reynolds has violated the law, he has assumed full responsibility for his actions. Mr. Reynolds is someone, who prior to his conviction, dedicated his life to public service. He should be afforded the same opportunity for freedom as any other member of society.

The Honorable William Jefferson Clinton
page 2

It is my sincere hope that in reviewing Mr. Reynolds' case, you consider the outpouring of support from various religious, civic leaders, the Congressional Black Caucus, as well as the compelling facts and circumstances surrounding his prolonged incarceration.

Thank you for your time and consideration in this matter.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Bobby L. Rush". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style with a large initial "B".

Bobby L. Rush
Member of Congress

RIGGS, ABNEY, NEAL, TURPEN, ORBISON & LEWIS

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW

THE PARAGON BUILDING, SUITE 101

5801 BROADWAY EXTENSION

OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA 73118-7489

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 *New Mexico and Oklahoma
 *New York and Oklahoma
 *South Carolina and Oklahoma

FACSIMILEDATE: January 3, 2001

TOTAL PAGES 15 (including cover page)

TO: Betty CurrieCOMPANY: The White HouseFAX: (202)456-2883FROM: Mike Turpen

Riggs, Abney, Neal, Turpen, Orbison & Lewis
 5801 N. Broadway, Suite #101
 Oklahoma City, OK 73118

MESSAGE:

Betty: Could you please help me with this? Mike

For additional information please give me a call at (405) 843-9909
 Sheila

The information contained in this FAX is confidential and/or privileged. This FAX is to be reviewed initially by only the individual named above. If the reader of this TRANSMITTAL PAGE is not the intended recipient or a representative of the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that any review, dissemination or copying of this FAX or the information contained herein is prohibited. If you have received this FAX in error, please immediately notify the sender by telephone and return this FAX to the sender at the above address. All charges shall be paid by sender.

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January 2, 2001

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**California and Oklahoma
*Colorado
*Colorado and Oklahoma
*District of Columbia
and Oklahoma
and Wyoming
**New Mexico and Oklahoma
**South Carolina and
Oklahoma
*Texas and Oklahoma

The Honorable William Jefferson Clinton
President of the United State
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D.C. 20500

RE: Pardon Request for William C. Ray

Dear President Clinton:

William C. (Bill) Ray is a lifelong resident of Altus, Oklahoma. He is 83 years old and has been a prominent and beloved citizen and civic leader for sixty years. He is a Navy veteran (1944-1956).

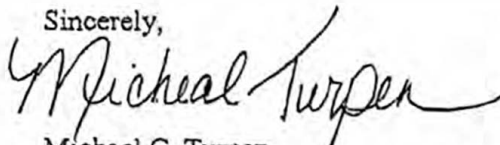
In 1989, Bill pleaded guilty to a single count of "fraud using telephone" following a "sting" operation. Except for that offense, Bill's life and career have been exemplary. He is universally respected and loved by the entire community. There were so many character affidavits that only a small percentage could be included in his Application for Pardon.

Bill continues to be active in political and civic affairs. He is described by my friends from Altus as being a giant of compassion and an outstanding advocate of progress. He is supported by farmers, business persons, clergy and government officials.

I recommend William C. Ray to you without hesitation. I believe that your office will be advised by the Pardon office that Bill has met every test for favorable consideration. There is no threat that Bill will commit an unlawful act. Bill has lead a wonderful life. He paid his debt to society more than ten years ago. He wishes to conclude his final years with dignity.

Thank you for your favorable consideration of this request for Pardon.

Sincerely,



Michael C. Turpen
FOR THE FIRM

me:law
enclosure: Petition for Pardon

William C. Ray
Route Two
Allus, OK 74521

February 7, 1997

Margaret Colgate Love
Pardon Attorney
500 First Street, N.W.
Suite 400
Washington, D.C. 20530

Dear Ms. Love:

Thank you for your letter of January 17, 1997 concerning my Petition for Presidential Pardon. I was out of the city at the time your letter arrived, but have attempted to fully respond to your requests in a timely manner.

I am attaching to this letter the following information:

- 1 The response to paragraph eight (8) relating to my residential address from April, 1989 to March, 1990. The information has been typed onto the document you sent to me.
2. The response to paragraph nine (9) providing the street address for WCR Enterprises, Inc. That, too, has been typed onto the document you provided.
3. A fully-executed "Authorization for Release of Information".
4. A summary of the civic and charitable activities in which I have been involved since 1989, together with names and telephone numbers of individuals familiar with my involvement.

I will be pleased to provide any further information you may request.

Sincerely,


William C. Ray

Encl.

96-11-0082

PETITION FOR PARDON AFTER COMPLETION OF SENTENCE

Please read accompanying instructions carefully before beginning. Typewrite or print the answers in ink. Each question must be answered fully, truthfully, and accurately. If the space for any answer is insufficient, petitioner may complete answer on a separate sheet of paper and attach it to the petition. Submission of material, false information is punishable by imprisonment of up to five years and a fine of not more than \$250,000. 18 U.S.C. §§ 1001 and §371.

TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES:

The undersigned petitioner prays for a pardon and in support thereof states as follows:

1. Full name: William Clyda Ray, JR
First Middle Last
 Address: Route Two Altus Oklahoma 73521
Number Street City State Zip Code
 Telephone Number (include area code): 405-482-5599 405-482-4203

Social Security No. 444-10-3570 Date and place of birth: 3-28-17 Altus, Oklahoma

Are you a United States citizen? ☒ yes ☐ no. If not, state nationality and give alien registration number: _____ If naturalized U.S. citizen, furnish date and place of naturalization: _____

State in full every other name by which you have been known, including name under which you were convicted, the reason for the use of another name, and the dates during which you were so known. If married woman, give maiden name (if different).

Offense(s) For Which Pardon Is Sought

2. Petitioner was convicted on a plea of guilty in the United States District Court for the Western District of Oklahoma of the crime of: Fraud using telephone.
(Describe specifically offense)

and was sentenced on April 20, 1989 to ☐ imprisonment ☒ probation for 2 years (length of sentence) and/or to pay a fine of \$ 1000.00. Restitution in the amount of \$ N/A.
☐ has ☐ has not been made. Petitioner was 72 years of age when the offense was committed.

3. Petitioner began service of the sentence of ☐ imprisonment ☒ probation on April 20, 1989; ~~was sentenced on~~ and was finally discharged by expiration of probation on April 20, 1991. If the fine, restitution, assessments or costs were not paid in full, explain why:
All amounts were timely paid in full.

United States Department of Justice
 Office of the Pardon Attorney
 Washington, D.C. 20530

September 1994

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
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004. form re: Petition for Pardon After Completion of Sentence [partial] (1 page) 09/04/1996 b(6)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Staff Secretary
Lisel Loy (Chron Files)
OA/Box Number: 22086

FOLDER TITLE:

Monday, January 8, 2001

2019-0680-S

rs3255

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

4. Give a complete and detailed account of offense, including dates (or time span) of offense, names of codefendants and, when applicable, amount of money involved. You are expected to describe factual basis of your offense completely and accurately and not rely on criminal code citations or name references only. If your conviction resulted from plea agreement, you should describe fully the extent of your total involvement in the criminal transaction(s), in addition to charge(s) to which you pled guilty. (Attach separate sheet if necessary.)

In late 1983 or early 1984, as a part of an undercover "sting" operation, I had a personal visit with a fellow pharmacist, Jack Butterfield, concerning a supply of non-narcotic pharmacy drugs he had in stock or could acquire. He informed me that the drugs were to have been delivered to an Indian Health Service facility. I bought prescription drugs from Mr. Butterfield at a reduced cost, which I then resold for a profit.

5. Petitioner ☐ did ☒ did not appeal the conviction. If appealed, please provide date of decision(s) by Court of Appeals and, if applicable, the Supreme Court. Please also provide citations to any published judicial opinion(s) or a copy of unpublished opinion(s).

Biographical Information

6. Current marital status: ☐ Single ☐ Married ☐ Divorced ☒ Widowed ☐ Separated For each marriage give the following: name of spouse, date and place of spouse's birth, date and place of marriage, and, if applicable, date and place of divorce:

Mary Ellen Wise	Sept. 17, 1917	Altus, Oklahoma
name of spouse	date/place of birth	
Nov. 19, 1939	Altus, Oklahoma	N/A
date/place of marriage	date/place of divorce	
N/A		
name of spouse	date/place of birth	
	date/place of marriage	date/place of divorce
N/A		
name of spouse	date/place of birth	
	date/place of marriage	date/place of divorce

7. List your children by name, and furnish date and place of birth for each: (If you do not have custody of any minor children, indicate whether you pay child support.)

Billy E. Ray	(b)(6)
name of child	date/place of birth
	name of child
	date/place of birth
	name of child
	date/place of birth
	name of child
	date/place of birth

Residences

8. List every place you have lived since the conviction, beginning with the present. (An optional continuation page is provided for your convenience.)

Date you moved to present address (month/year) March 1992		Number and Street Route Two		State Oklahoma	Zip Code 73522
From (month/year): Mar. 1990		Number and Street 1606 N. Hudson		State Oklahoma	Zip Code 73521
To (month/year): Mar. 1992		City Altus		State Oklahoma	Zip Code 73521
From (month/year): Apr 1989		Number and Street 1312 Canterbury		State Oklahoma	Zip Code 73521
To (month/year): Mar 1990		City Altus		State Oklahoma	Zip Code 73521
From (month/year):		Number and Street		State	Zip Code
To (month/year):		City		State	Zip Code

Employment History

9. List all periods of employment and unemployment since the conviction. Indicate means of support during any periods of unemployment. (An optional continuation page is provided for your convenience.)

Present employer WCR Enterprises, Inc.		Telephone (include area code) 405-482-4203	
Date you began this employment (month/year): 1-1-85	Number and Street P.O. Box 821 111 Sequoyah Ln.		
	City Altus	State Oklahoma	Zip Code 73521
Type of business Nursing Home		Position President	
Employer Altus Drug		Telephone (include area code) No longer in business	
Began (month/year): 1938	Number and Street 114 N. Main		
Ended (month/year): 1985	City Altus	State Oklahoma	Zip Code 73521
Type of business Drug Store		Position Pharmacist	
Employer		Telephone (include area code)	
Began (month/year):	Number and Street		
Ended (month/year):	City	State	Zip Code
Type of business		Position	

Have you ever been discharged from employment for any reason? ☐ yes ☒ no.

Have you ever resigned after being informed that your employer intended to discharge you for any reason? ☐ yes ☒ no.

If you answered yes to either question, explain fully below:

Prior and Subsequent Criminal Record

10. Have you ever been arrested, taken into custody, held for investigation or questioning, or charged by any law enforcement authority, whether federal, state, local or foreign, either as a juvenile or adult? ☐ yes ☒ no.

For each incident list date, nature of offense charged, factual circumstances, law enforcement authority involved, location and disposition. You must list every violation, including traffic violations that resulted in an arrest or criminal charge; for example, driving under the influence. (Any omission will be considered a falsification.)

N/A

Civil and Financial Information

11. Are you in default or delinquent in any way in the performance or discharge of any debt or obligation imposed upon you? ☐ yes ☒ no.

Since the conviction, have any liens (including federal or state tax liens) or any lawsuits been filed against you, or have you been a party to a bankruptcy proceeding? ☐ yes ☒ no.

Do you have pending any judicial or administrative proceedings with the federal or state governments? ☐ yes ☒ no.

If you answered yes to any question, explain fully below:

N/A

Military Record

12. Have you ever served in the armed forces of the United States? ☒ yes ☐ no.

If yes, indicate the nature of the discharge(s) Honorable

If other than honorable, specify type and circumstances surrounding your release(s):

List the dates of service: March, 1944 to February, 1946

Serial number(s): 444-10-3570 Branch(es) of service: Navy

List decorations, if any:

While serving in the armed forces, were you the recipient of non-judicial punishment, or the defendant in any court-martial? ☐ yes ☒ no.

If yes, state fully the nature of the charge, relevant facts, disposition of the proceedings, the date thereof, and the name and address of the authority in possession of the records thereof. (If you were convicted of an offense by court-martial, provide on an attachment the same information with respect to each conviction that is required in questions 2 through 5.)

Civil Rights Restoration..

13. Have you received restoration of your civil rights (for example, a state pardon, a certification of restoration of civil rights, or a certificate of discharge)? ☐ yes ☒ no.

If yes, indicate date of restoration and attach copy of the document(s) evidencing the state's action.

14. Have you applied for removal of your federal firearms disabilities? ☐ yes ☒ no.

If yes, was your application granted? ☐ yes ☐ no.

Have you applied for removal of your state firearms disabilities? ☐ yes ☒ no.

If yes, was your application granted? ☐ yes ☐ no.

Please provide date(s) of determination(s). If your firearms privileges have been restored, attach a copy of the document evidencing the agency's action.

Reasons for Seeking Pardon

15. State your reasons for seeking a pardon. Please refer to paragraphs 4 and 11 in the attached Information and Instructions on Pardons. (As pointed out in paragraph 10 of the attached instructions, a pardon is a sign of forgiveness. Accordingly, in the usual request for pardon you should not reargue your case, assert innocence, or otherwise attack the validity of your conviction.)

I am 79 years of age and have had a professional career
for 58 years. Both of my professions, pharmacist and

nursing home owner and operator, require state and federal
licensing or approval which is not available because of the
conviction. Also important at this stage of my life, my 58
year career has been absolutely flawless and without blemish
except for this offense.

I have continued to remain active in civic and community
affairs but find myself a less effective citizen because of the
loss of my licensure as a pharmacist.

I have promptly and fully complied with all judicial
requirements relating to my conviction. I have attempted to be
a good citizen in every respect.

Thank you for your consideration of this request.

Certification and Personal Oath

I hereby certify that all answers to the above questions and all statements contained herein are true, and I understand that any misstatements of material facts contained in this petition may cause adverse action on my petition for pardon, in addition to subjecting me to any other penalties provided by law.

In petitioning the President of the United States for pardon, I do solemnly swear that I will be law-abiding and will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic, and that I take this obligation freely and without any mental reservation whatsoever, So Help Me God.

Respectfully submitted this 4th day of Sept, 1996

William C. Ray
(Signature of Petitioner)

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of September, 1996

Nancy Henshler
(Notary Public)

United States Department of Justice
Office of the Pardon Attorney
Washington, D.C. 20530

CHARACTER AFFIDAVIT on behalf of

WILLIAM CLYDE RAY

(print or type name of petitioner)

In support of the application of the above named petitioner to the President of the United States for pardon, I, Matton McMahan

(print or type name of affiant)

residing at 401 Mockingbird Dr. South Altus, OK 73521

Number Street City State Zip Code

whose occupation is President of First National Bank in Altus

certify that I have personally known the petitioner for over 50 years. Except as otherwise indicated below, petitioner has behaved since the conviction in a moral and law-abiding manner. My knowledge of petitioner's reputation, conduct and activities, including whether the petitioner has been arrested or had any other trouble with public authorities and has been steadily employed, is as follows:

W.C. Ray is now and always has been a highly respected member of this community. He is very active in most of the efforts directed toward civic improvement in the contribution of both time and money.

W. C. very capably manages his business interest and enjoys an excellent reputation in his business dealings.

I have no knowledge that he has been arrested or had any other trouble with public authorities.

I have no hesitation in recommending that W. C. Ray be granted the Pardon that he is seeking.

I would appreciate the opportunity to answer any specific questions that you might have about W. C. Ray and/or his activities.

I do solemnly swear that the foregoing information is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

(signature of affiant)

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 2nd day of Aug, 1990

my commission
expires 5-22-99

Notary Public

United States Department of Justice
Office of the Pardon Attorney
Washington, D.C. 20530

CHARACTER AFFIDAVIT

on behalf of

WILLIAM CLYDE RAY

(print or type name of petitioner)

In support of the application of the above named petitioner to the President of the United States for pardon, I, Joe L. Levarett, M.D.

(print or type name of affiant)

residing at 804 Villa Del Sol Altus Oklahoma 73521

Address

Street

City

State

Zip Code

whose occupation is Physician Practicing Internal Medicine/Geriatrics

certify that I have personally known the petitioner for 30 years. Except as otherwise indicated below, petitioner has behaved since the conviction in a moral and law-abiding manner. My knowledge of petitioner's reputation, conduct and activities, including whether the petitioner has been arrested or had any other trouble with public authorities and has been steadily employed, is as follows:

Bill Ray is a true civic leader in the City of Altus. He has been one of the leaders in the Military Affairs Committee which has fostered the great relationship between the City of Altus and the Altus Air Force Base. Bill has had no further arrests or problems with the law. We have been involved in business transactions where he is moral, honest and follows the letter of the law.

Bill Ray is a respected gentleman within our small community and gives graciously of his time and money in efforts to improve the City of Altus. Bill has been one of the hardest working fundraiser for candidates like Dave McCurdy and for functions that continue the great relationship established between the City and the Altus Air Force Base.

Of all the letters of recommendations and character statements that I have made, I can truly say without reproach that Bill Ray is a moral, honest, and law-abiding gentleman.

I do solemnly swear that the foregoing information is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Joe L. Levarett MD
(signature of affiant)

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of August, 1996.

Dawn Bearden
Notary Public
JAN. 2. 2001 4:45 PM
DERRYBERRY QUIGLEY

United States Department of Justice
Office of the Pardon Attorney
Washington, D.C. 20530

CHARACTER AFFIDAVIT on behalf of

WILLIAM CLYDE RAY

(Print or type name of petitioner)

In support of the application of the above named petitioner to the President of the United States for pardon, I, Keith Dodson

(Print or type name of affiant)

residing at 1900 Mockingbird Ln. Altus Oklahoma 73521

Address State City State Zip Code

whose occupation is Registered Pharmacist

certify that I have personally known the petitioner for 38 years. Except as otherwise indicated below, petitioner has behaved since the conviction in a moral and law-abiding manner.

My knowledge of petitioner's reputation, conduct and activities, including whether the petitioner has been arrested or had any other trouble with public authorities and has been steadily

employed, is as follows: I have worked for and with Bill Ray since 1958 and I have never known of, heard of, or witnessed Mr. Ray to be anything but honest, forthright, and helpful to everyone all during that time. Mr. Ray has spent countless hours of his time and money working to better our community, such as United Way, Chamber of Commerce, 4-H, Board of Industry, and any other organization that has asked for his help or a donation.

I am in contact with Mr. Ray almost everyday, every week, every month, and I do not know of anything that he does but oversee his business interests, and encourages young people to work hard and seek every opportunity to better themselves and their families.

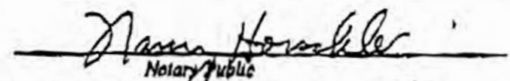
Bill Ray is the most optimistic, forward thinking and planning person I have ever known and I am proud to be his friend and partner.

Sincerely,
Keith Dodson, R. Ph.

I do solemnly swear that the foregoing information is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.


(Signature of Affiant)

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12 day of August, 1976.


Notary Public

AUTHORIZATION FOR RELEASE OF INFORMATION

Carefully read this authorization to release information about you, then sign and date it in ink.

I authorize any investigator, special agent, or other duly accredited representative of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Department of Defense, and any authorized Federal agency, to obtain any information relating to my activities from schools, residential management agents, employers, criminal justice agencies, retail business establishments, or other sources of information. This information may include, but is not limited to, my academic, residential, achievement, performance, attendance, disciplinary, employment history, and criminal history record information.

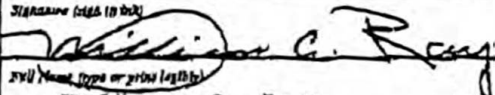
I understand that, for financial or lending institutions, medical institutions, hospitals, health care professionals, and other sources of information, a separate specific release will or may be needed, and I may be contacted for such a release at a later date.

I further authorize the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Department of Defense, and any other authorized agency, to request criminal record information about me from criminal justice agencies for the purpose of determining my suitability for a government benefit.

I authorize custodians of records and sources of information pertaining to me to release such information upon request of the investigator, special agent, or other duly accredited representative of any Federal agency authorized above regardless of any previous agreement to the contrary.

I understand that the information released by records custodians and sources of information is for official use by the Federal Government only for the purposes provided in this form, and may be redisclosed by the Government only as authorized by law.

Copies of this authorization that show my signature are as valid as the original release signed by me. This authorization is valid for three (3) years from the date signed.

Signature (sign in ink) 		
Full Name (Type or print legibly) William C. Ray		Date Signed 2-5-97
Other Name Used Bill Ray		
Street Address P.O. Box 821		
City Altus	State Ok.	ZIP Code 73521
Home Telephone Number or (include area code) 405-482-5599		Social Security Number 444-10-3570

November 1995

SUMMARY OF CIVIC AND CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES**WILLIAM C. RAY**

I have prepared this memorandum in response to your suggestion that I provide additional information regarding my charitable and civic activities since 1989.

For more than forty five years, I have been active in civic and charitable activities. Since 1989, I have continued to be active in such activities, although after I reached age 75, I have yielded leadership roles to the new generations.

Presently, my primary civic activity is as a member of the Altus Chamber of Commerce. I serve on the Military Affairs Committee which provides liaison between the city of Altus and Altus Air Force Base. In that role, I regularly host back yard cookouts at my home, at my expense, for civic leaders of Altus and military representatives. Several hundred people, including members of Congress, state and local leaders, military representatives and Altus citizens have enjoyed barbecue and hospitality at my rural home.

I regularly travel with civic leaders to events hosted by the Department of Defense at Air Force bases around the country.

I have been a charter member of the Chamber's Committee of 100 which hosts a dinner every three months for every newly assigned officer and enlisted person at Altus Air Force Base

For further information, you may contact:

Herschel Crow
Chairman, Military Affairs Committee
Chairman, Oklahoma Department of Transportation
1-405-482-5461

Aaron Burleson
Altus Chamber of Commerce
Retired AAFB Officer
1-405-482-0005

Several years ago, a military couple adopted a young Japanese girl, brought her to Altus and, unfortunately, were divorced. She was left with limited parental financial support. I hired the young lady to work in my pharmacy and, in addition, provided her tuition and education funds. She graduated from Junior College, Pharmacy School, Medical School and has concluded her specialty work in psychiatry. She is recently married. Her medical school work was completed since 1989.

For further information you may contact:

Mr. Keith Dodson, Pharmacist
1-405-482-7580

I am a charter member of the United Way organization in Altus and have continued to participate in our annual drive every year since 1989. I have also assisted with scouting, underprivileged children and health organizations since 1989.

For information you may contact:

Joe Leverett, M.D.
1-405-481-1140

Ken Fergeson, President
National Bank of Commerce, Altus
1-405-477-1100

Since 1989 I continued to be involved in matters relating to our public school system, the Junior College in Altus and our State Heritage Association.

For further information, you may contact:

Bill Brinkman
Professional Real Estate Appraiser
1-405-482-3311

Chris Wray
Attorney at Law
1-405-482-2288

I am active in the Altus breakfast club, a group of 30 civic leaders who meet every Thursday morning to discuss projects to better our community.

For further information, you may contact:

Joe Buck
Insurance and Real Estate Agency
1-405-482-8620

Darrill Leverett
Retired bank official
1-405-482-1456

John Mock
Farmer and rancher
1-405-482-1050



The California Wildlife Center

P.O. Box 2022 Malibu, California, 90265

Hotline (310) 457-WILD Office (818) 222-2658 Fax (818) 222-2685

Dedicated to Rescue, Rehabilitation & Release
of our Native Wildlife

January 4, 2001

'01 JAN 8 PM 5:52

Dear Ms. Currie,

Tom O'Neill suggested I write to the President with this request. He suggested I include a few names of mutual friends of The President, Mrs. Clinton and myself, names that would get a greater response than his. However, you know that Thomas J. O'Neill is himself a wonderful man, and his name is fine enough for me.

I was speaking with him over dinner about a fundraising event that I am planning for "The California Wildlife Center". This will be a dinner and auction to be held in Malibu, CA. Tom suggested that I ask the President and Mrs. Clinton, collectively or individually, to donate a personal item to be auctioned.

I know that Mr. Clinton is an animal lover and has been very good to the animal causes politically, for which I thank him. On behalf of the animals, I truly thank him. This, coupled with his fondness of California, his compassionate nature and the encouragement of Mr. O'Neill does prompt me to invite his participation in our "Wild Hearts" Valentine Gala.

I've included some information on "The California Wildlife Center", as well as an invitation. This is not a request for a monetary donation; certainly, if the First Family find themselves in Los Angeles on Feb. 10, we would be honored to have them as our Guests. I include the invitation only to identify the event.

Ms. Currie, thank you for taking your time to address my request. On behalf of The CWC, I invite you and the First Family to a private tour of our rehabilitation center when you next visit California.

All of life's best to you.

Sincerely,

Nina Borin
Special Event Director
818/889-4502

1-8-01

To Cohen for reply?

Yes ☒ No ☐

B.

cc: scheduling



Honorary Chairperson

Congressman Brad Sherman

Honorary Committee

Ed Asner

Ed McMahon

Jane Velez-Mitchell, News Anchor, KCAL 9 News; VegTV.Com

Paul Irwin, President & CEO, Humane Society of the United States

Sara Amundsen, Deputy Director & Legislative Director, Doris Day Animal League

Gretchen Wyler, The Ark Trust

Wayne Pacelle, Senior Vice President, Humane Society of the United States

Supervisor Zev Yaroslavsky

Mayor Dennis Washburn, City of Calabasas

Mayor Mark Rutherford, City of Westlake Village

Mayor Ed Corridori, City of Agoura Hills

Iraj Broomand, Former Mayor of Westlake Village

Paul Crosswhite, On-Air Personality KTWV The Wave

Stephen Bishop



*The
California Wildlife Center
invites you to our celebration
Wild Hearts*

February 10, 2001 • 7 o'clock PM

Calamigos Ranch

327 S. Latigo Canyon Road

Malibu, California 90265

Please respond by January 25, 2001

310.457.WILD (press 3)



Glenn Ford
911 Oxford Way
Beverly Hills, California 90210

1-8-61
Send to Cohen
for handling?
✓ yes — no
MS
Di — — —
2000 —

Dear Mr. President:

Two years ago you sent me
a Birthday greeting, for which
I thank you. I'm writing to ask
you a favor, to request an
autographed photo for me, my
son Peter and grandson, Ryan.
I know with the transition
underway there might not be
time to fulfill this request,
but I thought I'd ask. I
have kept your Birthday greeting
and would like to frame it with
the accompanying photograph herein
requested. My only child, Peter
and grandson, Ryan, would be most
pleased if you could include a photo
to each of them, as well. Sincerely.

Glenn Ford

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 1, 1998

Mr. Glenn Ford
911 Oxford Way
Beverly Hills, California 90210

Dear Glenn:

Happy 82nd Birthday! Hillary joins me in extending warmest congratulations on this special day. We hope you have a memorable celebration and every happiness in the year ahead.

Sincerely,

Bill Clinton

1-8-01

Send to Cohen
for reply?

yes — no
see his note
to Betty & Ted.

December 18, 2000

President,

It is an honor to write to you again. I have had the pleasure to meet you several times over the last eight years.

I want you to know how much I appreciate your hard work and love for our great nation over the last eight years. As you have said, there have been a few difficult times. However, I am remembering the great achievements. I know how proud you must be.

I attended the recent symposium celebrating President Adams moving into the White House. I will always remember your kindness in allowing us to go upstairs to see the Lincoln Bedroom. It was wonderful and emotional. I hope, someday, to spend the night there. It is my greatest dream.

I cannot tell you how much I enjoyed your "holiday gift to the nation." Your television tour was so interesting. Your love for our most treasured of treasures is admired by me. Merry Christmas to you and your family!

1647 Kimble Drive
Marietta, GA 30064

Sincerely,

Russ Clanton

December 18, 2000

Dear Mrs. Currie,

I do hope you are doing well. I admire all your hard work and devotion to President Clinton.

Could you please give the enclosed letter to him? I feel that you are my greatest chance to get a letter to him.

A very Merry Christmas to you!

Sincerely your friend,

Russ Clayton

1647 Kimble Drive

Marietta, GA 30064

P.S. Do you have an address to make a donation to the Clinton Library?

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
005. letter	William Bender to POTUS (3 pages)	01/01/2001	b(6)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Staff Secretary
Lisel Loy (Chron Files)
OA/Box Number: 22086

FOLDER TITLE:

Monday, January 8, 2001

2019-0680-S
rs3255

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

December 20, 2000

1-8-01
Send to Cohen for
reply?
✓ yes — no
MJ

Dear President Bill Clinton:

Happy holidays to you and your family. I just received your beautiful Christmas card and thank you so much. My wife and stepson were thrilled to see an "official" card from the White House. They'll treasure it for all time.

Bill, back in November 1998, I wrote to you about being one of the main stars (playing your sax, of course) in a music video for the legendary Cleveland Brown Football Team that the NFL Trust hired me to produce. On December 16, 1998, you quickly responded and I'd like to thank you for getting back to me so soon, especially with a busy schedule like yours. It was unfortunate that the timing wasn't right for you to come on board but I'd like to inform you that the video successfully went on to sell close to 500,000 copies and won a Telly Award for the best video of the year.

The reason I'm writing you now is that I would like to propose producing a R&B/jazz album on you, titled, "BILL CLINTON & FRIENDS - The President, The Man, The Music" or whatever you feel comfortable with. This album will have many guest artists that have performed for you and Hillary at the White House. Here are some of the artists who have given me a commitment: Lou Rawls; Bobby Womack; Earth, Wind and Fire; James Ingram; The Four Tops, just to name a few. This album as well as the video will have financial backing and some of the proceeds will go towards your favorite charity and the rest will go towards your fee and mine.

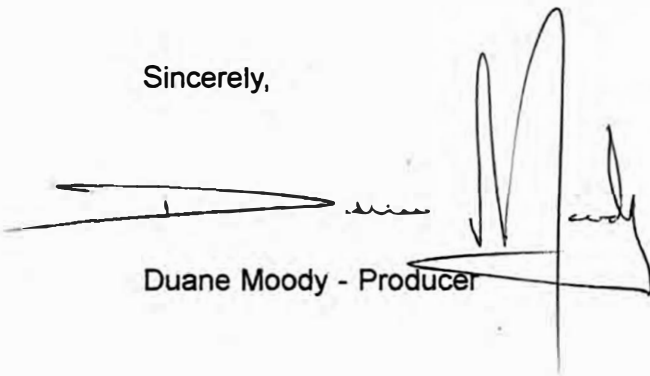
I look to place this album with Dreamworks Records since my contact, Jheryl Busby, one of the presidents over there, shows strong interest in the project.

In closing, this album will be a fun-loving, timeless piece of art and one of a kind that has never been done before. A classic piece of work right up there with Nat King Cole but from the greatest President of all time.

I'd like to talk more about it with you, so please contact me at (310) 677-2730 or (310) 720-2353, I look forward to hearing from you and always know that my family and I support you and yours.

P.S. I know you leave office in January, so could you please leave me an address on where I could reach you. Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Duane Moody', with a large, stylized flourish extending upwards and to the right.

Duane Moody - Producer

Mr President
Here's A copy of the
letter you wrote me
Thanks.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

December 16, 1998

PERSONAL

Mr. Duane Moody
Producer
Cleveland Browns Video
1612 West 113th Street
Los Angeles, California 90047

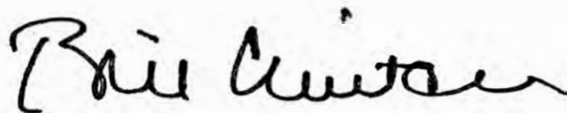
Dear Duane:

Thank you for the videotape, the
audio cassette, the CD, and the jacket.
You were kind to pass them along to me,
and I appreciate your thoughtfulness and
generosity.

I never know what my schedule will
hold, but I have forwarded your request to
my Director of Scheduling for consideration.

Hillary joins me in sending best wishes.

Sincerely,



Jesse L. Jackson
1002 WISCONSIN AVENUE, N.W.
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20007

1-8-01

Send to NSC for
reply?

✓ yes — no

cc: Leg ABD MS

From Rev. Jackson
Seeking your assistance
Mr President.
KEEP ITYPE ALIVE!

Congress of the United States

Washington, DC 20515

December 15, 2000

The President
William Jefferson Clinton
The White House
1500 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20010

Dear Mr. President:

You have a historic opportunity to advance the international rule of law by signing the Rome Statute for the International Criminal Court (ICC) before it closes for signature on December 31, 2000. As Members of Congress, we urge you to do so.

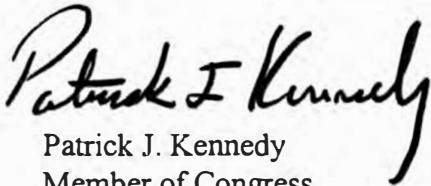
Signing the Rome Statute for the ICC would be a reaffirmation to our allies such as the United Kingdom and Canada, who have already signed this treaty, of the United States' commitment to equal justice under the law and the Nuremberg principles. In addition the U.S. would send a message to victims of genocide, war crimes and crimes against humanity that we will not allow the world to stand idly by while perpetrators of these horrendous crimes continue to act with impunity.

Creation of a permanent ICC would eliminate any further need for ad hoc tribunals, such as those in Yugoslavia and Rwanda, and create a permanent mechanism to hold perpetrators of atrocities accountable. It would also give greater protection to American service members involved in peacekeeping operations and international military initiatives.

Your signature would lend legitimacy to the ICC statute and reassure Americans that the safeguards built into the treaty reflect American judicial values and uphold the rights enshrined in our Constitution. Although the ICC treaty is not, as your Administration has expressed, an absolutely perfect instrument, we believe its positives overwhelmingly outweigh its negatives.

Most importantly, your signature would give members of Congress a solid ground to push for the ratification of the Rome Statute and guarantee your legacy as a proponent of international rule of law.

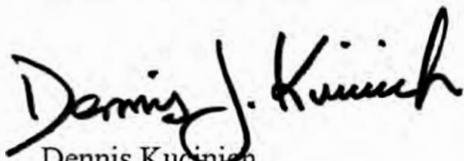
Sincerely,


Patrick J. Kennedy
Member of Congress


Sam Farr
Member of Congress

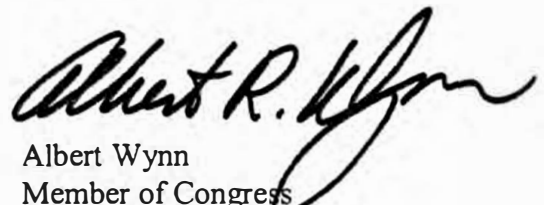

Michael Capuano
Member of Congress


Pete Stark
Member of Congress

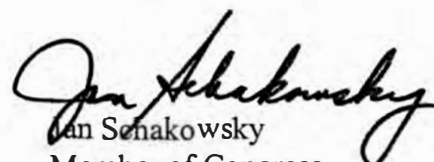

Dennis Kucinich
Member of Congress


James McGovern
Member of Congress


Sherrod Brown
Member of Congress

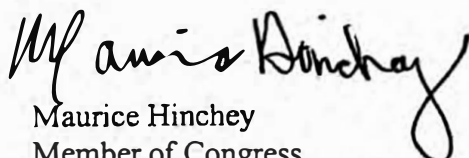

Albert Wynn
Member of Congress


Bill Pascrell, Jr.
Member of Congress

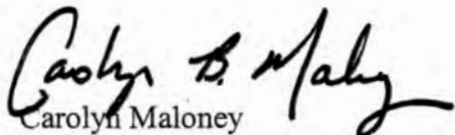

Jan Schakowsky
Member of Congress

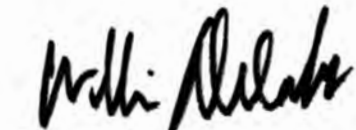

Barbara Lee
Member of Congress

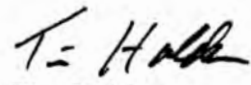

Barney Frank
Member of Congress

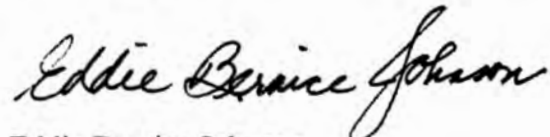

Maurice Hinchey
Member of Congress

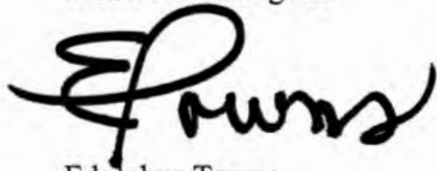

Maxine Waters
Member of Congress

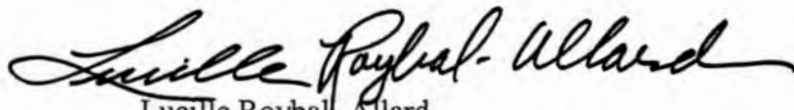

Carolyn Maloney
Member of Congress


William Delahunt
Member of Congress


Tim Holden
Member of Congress


Eddie Bernice Johnson
Member of Congress

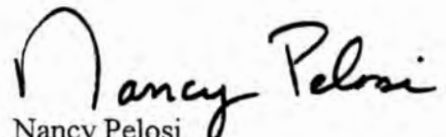

Edolphus Towns
Member of Congress

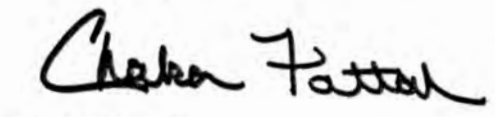

Lucille Roybal-Allard
Member of Congress

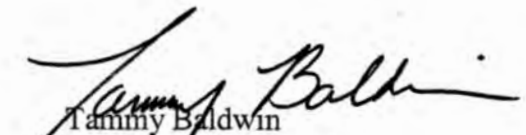

Major Owens
Member of Congress

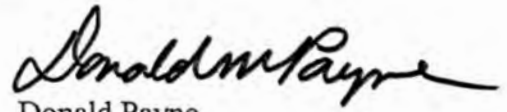

Jesse Jackson, Jr.
Member of Congress

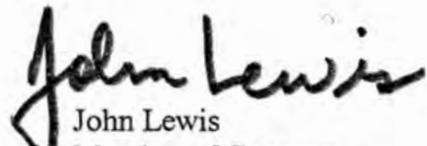

Shelia Jackson Lee
Member of Congress


Nancy Pelosi
Member of Congress


Chaka Fattah
Member of Congress


Tammy Baldwin
Member of Congress


Donald Payne
Member of Congress


John Lewis
Member of Congress

Jerrold Nadler

Jerrold Nadler
Member of Congress

John F. Tierney

John Tierney
Member of Congress

Bobby L. Rush

Bobby Rush
Member of Congress

Lynn Woolsey

Lynn Woolsey
Member of Congress

**Washington Working Group on the
International Criminal Court**

420 Seventh Street, SE
Washington, DC 20003
202-546-3950
www.wfa.org/wicc.html

Co-Chairs

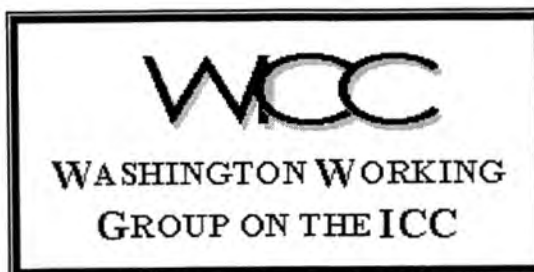
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Steve Dimoff

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American Jewish Committee
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of Guatemala
Philadelphia Bar Association
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United Nations Association-USA
Vietnam Veterans of America
Foundation
W.E. A.R.E. for Human Rights
Women's Alliance for Peace and
Human Rights
in Afghanistan
World Federalist Association



December 20th, 2000

Dear President Clinton:

We are writing to urge you to sign the Rome Statute for the International Criminal Court (ICC) before the treaty closes for signature on December 31, 2000. As you know, after that date the United States will no longer be able to indicate its support through signature for the principles of justice and the rule of law that underlie the Statute. By signing, you will solidify your administration's legacy as a champion for the rule of law and an end to the impunity associated with genocide, crimes against humanity and war crimes.

We believe that signing the Rome Statute would reflect the consistent leadership your administration has provided. Your administration was a driving force behind the ad hoc tribunals for Yugoslavia and Rwanda. In addition, the U.S. has worked tirelessly to establish justice for victims in Cambodia and Sierra Leone. Over two years ago, you made a bold, historic promise to the genocide survivors of Rwanda that the U.S. would work to create an International Criminal Court that would

"... make it clear to all those who would commit such acts in the future that they too must answer for their acts, and they will.... Internationally, as we meet here, talks are underway at the United Nations to establish a permanent international criminal court.... And the United States will work to see that it is created."

The International Criminal Court is the most important institutional development for justice since the Nuremberg Tribunals. The Court will advance a key U.S. foreign policy goal: extending the rule of law internationally. U.S. signature will reaffirm the United States' historical commitment to the Nuremberg Principles, and will lend credibility to U.S. efforts to deter genocide, crimes against humanity and war crimes in the future.

The United States has so much more to gain by supporting the ICC than by remaining aloof. After the treaty conference in Rome, your administration declared itself satisfied with many of the safeguards your negotiators had obtained in the Statute (the principle of deferral to national courts, limited subject matter jurisdiction, and numerous due process provisions), and chose a path of constructive engagement to address remaining concerns. That path has resulted in a wide range of further protections. The Statute as it stands today has a clear potential to serve the long-term national interest of the United States. Your signature will create goodwill among our negotiating partners/allies that will benefit future administrations as they engage in practice with a functioning ICC.

Not only is signing the Statute the right thing to do, it is consistent with the values most Americans cherish. Polls have consistently shown a significant majority in

favor of U.S. support for the Court, casting the vocal opposition of the Court's detractors in a far different light.

We believe that it is urgent for the U.S. to join its closest allies in welcoming a court that is designed to punish the world's worst criminals for the most heinous crimes. We urge you to demonstrate American leadership for global justice and sign the Statute of the International Criminal Court.

Sincerely,

Bill Schulz
Executive Director
Amnesty International

Kenneth Roth
Executive Director
Human Rights Watch

Eleanor Smeal
President
Feminist Majority

Michael Posner
Executive Director
Lawyer Committee for Human Rights

William H. Luers
Chairman and President
United Nations Association of the USA

Hannah Rosenthal
Executive Vice Chair
Jewish Council for Public Affairs

Gordon S. Clark
Executive Director
Peace Action

James H. Matlack
Director, Washington Office
American Friends Service Committee

Bruce Zagaris

Enid H. Adler, Esq.
Representative to CICC & WICC
Of Philadelphia

Don Kraus
Executive Director
Campaign for U.N. Reform

Rev. Jesse Jackson
President and Founder
Rainbow Push Coalition

Leonard S. Rubenstein
Executive Director
Physicians for Human Rights

Hon. John B. Anderson
President & CEO
World Federalist Association

Rabbi David Sapperstein
Co-Director
Commission on Social Action of Reform Judaism

William R. Pace
Center for the Development of International Law

John Isaacs
President
Council for a Livable World

The Jacob Blaustein Institute
for the Advancement of Human Rights
American Jewish Committee

Edward W. Stowe
Legislative Secretary
Friends Committee on National Legislation

Monroe Leigh

Herbert Blinder
Director
Washington Ethical Action Office

Bill Frelick
Policy Director
U.S. Committee for Refugees

Peter and Gail Mott
Co-editors
INTERCONNECT, for Grassroots Movement
And Sharing of Resources Within the US-Latin
America Solidarity Community

Lois Barber
Executive Director
Earth Action

June Willenz
Executive Director
American Veterans Committee

Anthony Koslowski
American Refugee Committee

Karen S. Fennel, RN, MS
Senior Policy Analyst
American College of Nurse-Midwives

Blase Bonpane, PHD
Office of the Americas

Bill Price
World Peacemakers

Martin Malin
Program Director
Committee on International Security Studies
American Academy of Arts and Sciences

Marianne Mollman
Executive Director
Network in Solidarity with the People of
Guatemala

Dr. Gregory Stanton
President
Genocide Watch

Paul George
Executive Director
Peninsula Peace Center and Justice Center

Alice Zachmann
Director
Guatemala Human Rights Commission/ USA
Guatemala (NISGUA)

James K. Wyerinan
Executive Director
20/20 Vision

James E. Hug, S.J.
President
Center of Concern

Rob Cavanaugh
Legislative Director
Unitarian Universalist Association of Congregations
Washington Office for Faith Action

Mohammad Akhter, MD, MPH
The American Public Health Association

Mary Day Kent
Executive Director
Women's International League for Peace and Freedom

Jonah Crawford
Fund for Peace

Arnold Peterson
Veterans for Peace

Stacie Jonas
Director, Bring Pinochet to Justice Campaign
Institute for Policy Studies
Washington, DC

Stephen P. Marks
Director
Francois-Xavier Bagnoud Center for Health and Human
Rights

Charles Scheiner
National Coordinator
East Timor Action Network / U.S.

Edith Villastrigo
Legislative Director
Women Strike for Peace

Constance de la Vega
President
Board of Directors
Human Rights Advocates, Inc.

Zieba Shorish-Shamley, Ph.D
Founder and Executive Director
Women's Alliance for Peace and
Human Rights in Afghanistan

Rev. Peter Ruggere
Maryknoll Office of Global Concern

December 20, 2000

Dear President Clinton:

We as representatives of religious organizations and faith based groups recognize that, in the conscience of peoples and nations around the world, there is a growing conviction that human rights have no borders, because they are universal and indivisible. Human rights provide a common universal standard of justice for living with our differences, and they give moral and legal standing to individuals and communities in the international community.

Further, we see the necessity to adequately address all aspects of international justice including punishment for perpetrators of international crimes, the restorative needs of victims, and the redemptive actions necessary for the rebuilding of communities.

We believe that the International Criminal Court must exist in order to ensure protection of the dignity and fundamental rights of individuals and communities. This dignity is shared by all people, regardless of their age, race, sex, ethnic origin, religion or status as combatant or non-combatant. Each person shares in this human dignity, without exception, and is entitled to the protection of the law, which such a Court would ensure.

The past century's numerous heinous acts of barbarism have underscored the urgency of this issue. We call upon you, President Clinton, to sign the treaty adopted in Rome in June 1998 by the United Nations Diplomatic Conference of Plenipotentiaries on the Establishment of an International Criminal Court.

Sincerely,

Rev. Peter Ruggere
Maryknoll Office of Global Concerns

Rev. Jesse Jackson
President and Founder
Rainbow Push Coalition

Rabbi David Sapperstein
Co-Director
Commission on Social Action of Reform
Judaism

Herbert Blinder
Director
Washington Ethical Action Office

Gary Baldrige
Co-coordinator Global Missions
Cooperative Baptist Fellowship

Rev. Lonnie Turner
Co-coordinator Baptist Fellowship
Washington Office

Rev Michael Dodd
Columban Fathers' Justice & Peace Office

Rev. Elenora Giddings Ivory
Director, Washington Office
Presbyterian Church (USA)

Rob Cavanaugh
Legislative Director
Unitarian Universalist Association of
Congregations
Washington Office for Faith in Action

James E. Winkler
General Secretary
General Board of Church & Society
The United Methodist Church

Kathy Thornton, RSM
NETWORK National Coordinator
NETWORK, A National Catholic Social Justice Lobby

Rev. David O. Selzer, Chair
Janet G. Chisholm, Vice-Chair
Verna M. Fausey, Secretary
Christopher Pottle, Treasurer
Mary H. Miller, Executive Secretary
Episcopal Peace Fellowship

Rev. Bob Edgar
General Secretary
National Council of the Churches
of Christ in the USA

For Clinton's Last Act

By Robert S. McNamara
and Benjamin B. Ferencz

With the stroke of a pen, President Bill Clinton has a last chance to safeguard humankind from genocide, crimes against humanity and the ravages of war itself. He must simply sign a treaty, finalized in Rome in 1998, to create a permanent International Criminal Court.

If he signs the treaty before Dec. 31, the government does not have to ratify the treaty at this time. After that date, any country has to both ratify and sign the treaty to become a member. This is no small consideration, since Senator Jesse Helms, chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee, has promised to block any attempt to ratify the pact.

Why does Mr. Helms object to a permanent international criminal court? He and others are worried that an unchecked international court could infringe on basic American constitutional rights for fair trials. For instance, they want ironclad guarantees that the court would never try American soldiers. Pentagon officials fear that Americans might be falsely accused of crimes, thus inhibiting our humanitarian military missions.

These worries are unfounded. The tribunal of 18 world jurists only have jurisdiction to charge those who commit specific crimes that outrage the international community as a whole.

America must sign
the treaty for
the International
Criminal Court.

Under the treaty, no one can be convicted without clear proof of intent to commit the illegal act. The prosecutor is subject to judicial and budgetary controls that promise both competence and objectivity.

And most important, each nation retains the primary right to try its own nationals in a fair trial under its own laws. There are some crimes, like sexual slavery and forced pregnancy, that the treaty covers, which are not specifically enunciated in our own country's military laws and manuals. Robinson O. Everett, a former chief judge of the United States Court of Appeals for the Armed Forces, has recommended incorporating these crimes into our federal laws, assuring that any American military personnel charged with a crime could be tried by American courts.

Genocide is universally condemned but there is no universal court competent to try all perpetrators. The Nuremberg war crimes trials, inspired by the United States and affirmed by the United Nations, implied that "never again" would crimes against humanity be allowed to go unpunished.

Today, we have special courts created by the United Nations Security Council that have very limited and retroactive jurisdiction. For instance, war crimes tribunals are now coping with past atrocities in Yugoslavia and Rwanda. But these tribunals are hardly adequate to deter international crimes wherever they occur.

The president must help deter future atrocities. At the United Nations and elsewhere, he and Secretary of State Madeleine Albright have repeatedly called for an international court to carry forward the lessons of Nuremberg. Now, he has a chance to take action. More than 100 nations, including all our NATO allies, have already signed. Some 25 nations have ratified; others are well on the way. The court cannot begin trying cases until at least 60 nations have ratified.

If President Clinton fails to sign the treaty, he will weaken our credibility and moral standing in the world. We will look like a bully who wants to be above the law. If he signs, however, he will reaffirm America's inspiring role as leader of the free world in its search for peace and justice. □

Robert S. McNamara served as defense secretary under Presidents John Kennedy and Lyndon Johnson. Benjamin B. Ferencz was a prosecutor at the Nuremberg war crimes trials.

COMMITTEE OF FORMER NUREMBERG PROSECUTORS
FOR A PERMANENT INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL COURT

Members

Benjamin Ferencz
Cecilia Goez
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St. Louis Office

2818 Stonington Place
St. Louis, MO 63131
Tel 314-997-2892
Fax 314-569-1308

December 6, 2000

President William Jefferson Clinton
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Ave. NW.
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

In re: Rome Treaty for International Criminal Court

At this critical moment in world history, when the balance lies between a world under the reign of force or a world under the rule of law, the Committee of Former Nuremberg Prosecutors respectfully urges you, as President of the United States, to sign the Rome Treaty of 1998 establishing, when duly ratified by sixty nations, a permanent International Criminal Court for the trial of individuals who, in the future, commit war crimes and crimes against humanity, including genocide, and are not prosecuted for such offenses by their own countries.

The United States of America has long been a leader in the pursuit of justice under law. In 1946, we joined with Britain, France, and the Soviet Union in bringing to justice the top leaders of Nazi Germany. Germany has signed and ratified the treaty. It would be a travesty if the prosecuting powers were unwilling, half a century later, to recognize these legal principles as applicable to themselves.

At your speech at the University of Connecticut in 1995, you declared your personal support of post World War II international criminal courts. "By successfully prosecuting war criminals in the former Yugoslavia and Rwanda," you declared, "we can send a strong signal to those who would use the cover of war to commit terrible atrocities that they cannot escape the consequences of such actions." Endorsing the proposal to establish a permanent International Criminal Court, you declared that the establishment of such a court would be the ultimate tribute to the people "who did such important work at Nuremberg."

Mr. President, the opportunity to take a significant step forward in man's quest for peace and justice does not often arise. This is one of those opportunities. Please join Great Britain, Canada, France, Italy, Germany, and other major nations of the world, in signing the Rome Treaty for the International Criminal Court.

Very respectfully yours,



se Karen
su am no 8/20

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

January 8, 2001

Phil Jamison
1848 Greenplace Terrace
Rockville, Maryland 20850

Dear Phil:

Thank you for your thoughtful card and offer of assistance during my transition. I'd love to see you soon. For the time being, you can reach me in care of my Washington office. The address there is simply "Washington, DC 20503-0730."

Please give our best to Susan. Happy New Year.

Sincerely,

Bue

Phil Jamison
1848 Greenplace Terrace
Rockville, Maryland 20850

Can you do
this one soon?

P.S. WILL BE IN TOUCH TO
SEE IF WE CAN ARRANGE
ANY GET-TOGETHER WITH YOU
BEFORE/AFTER THE 20TH AND
TO SEE IF YOU NEED MY
ASSISTANCE IN ANY WAY AS
YOU TRANSITION.

Merry
Christmas

EB
mid
.16

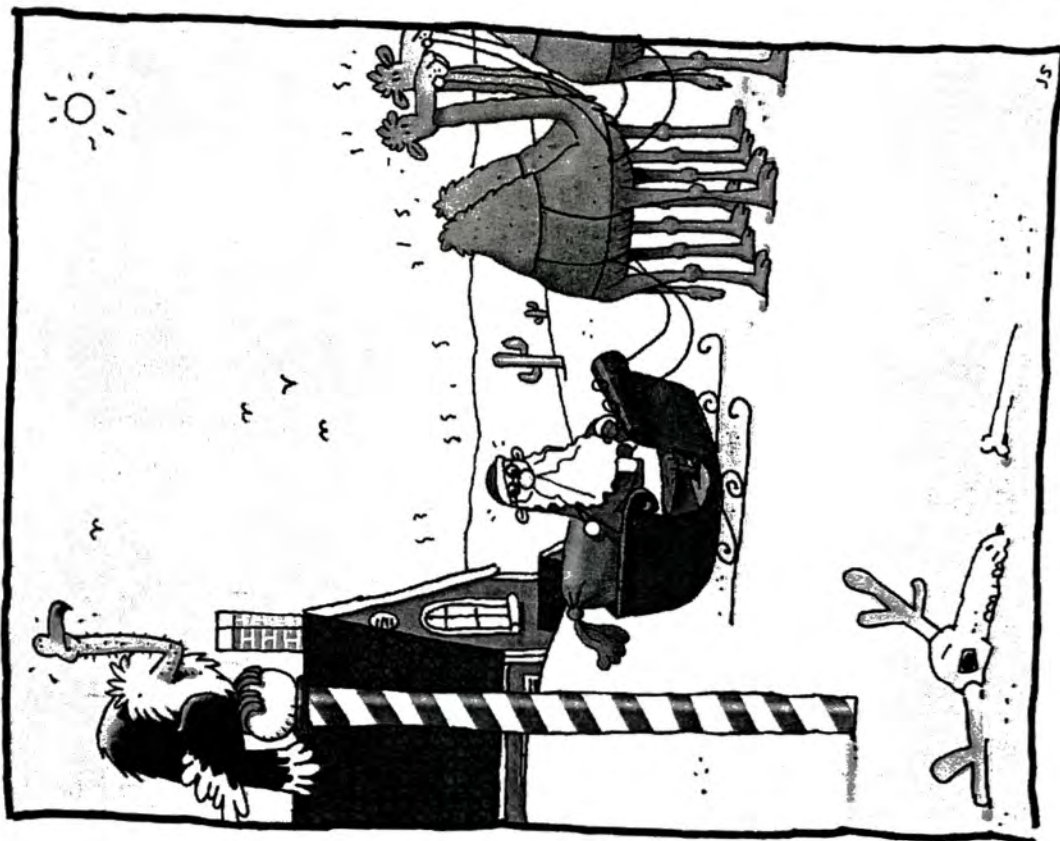
DEAR BILL -

TOOK TIME TO GO TO
ARKANSAS SO AM LATE
WITH THIS. HAD LUNCH
WITH DAVID L., TMM, & NICK.
HOPE HE DID NOT LOSE HIS POWER
AGAIN. MOM IS FINE BUT
NOT MOBILE AT ALL.

SUSAN AND THE REST OF
US ARE EXTREMELY GRATEFUL
HER CANCER HAS NOT REAPPEARED
AT A DIFFERENT LOCATION AT THE
ONE YEAR POINT. WE ARE HANGING
ON AND PRAYING.

ALL THE BEST TO YOU, HILARY,
AND CITLSEA THIS COMING YEAR.
MAY IT BE HAPPY AND PROSPEROUS

Phil



The Effect of El Niño
on the North Pole.

PRIORITY MAIL
UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE

OFFICIAL OLYMPIC SPONSOR
76 USC 180

PHIL JAMISON
1848 GREENPACE TR
ROCKVILLE, MD 20850



**TWO DAY
PRIORITY MAIL**

UNITED STATES POSTAL SERVICE

Peel and affix to back of envelope.



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76 USC 180



THE PRESIDENT
THE WHITE HOUSE
1600 PENNSYLVANIA AVE, NW
WASHINGTON, DC
20500-2000

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN
1-8-01

Myler

1-8-01

To Eugene for reply?

Yes - No -

B.

Dear
Mr President
& Mrs Clinton !!

With so much to say
& such little paper to write—
in a nut shell, thank
you so very much for the
past 8 wonderful years of
great inspiration &
leadership!! You are
always cherished!! we all
know more greatness is to
come!! Thank You Again
Fondly Yours Always eddy melave

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Handwritten notes and signatures:
- *Gu...*
- *John...*
- *to Frank...* (with a large yellow checkmark)
- *Bruce Reed*
- *CEQ*
- *OMB*

January 8, 2001

E. Ashley Henry
15005 Greensprings Highway
Ashland, Oregon 97520

Dear Ashley:

Thank you so much for your good letter and for the work you've been doing on behalf of the environment. It was wonderful to hear from you and to read the memories you shared.

I have asked George T. Frampton, Jr., Chair of the Council on Environmental Quality, to take a look at your letter and review the situation at Siskiyou Wild Rivers -- to consider the proposal for establishing it as a national monument. Again, I appreciate your concern, and I take it very seriously. Thanks for speaking out on this important issue.

Happy New Year.

Sincerely,

Bill Clinton

E. Ashley Henry
15005 Greensprings Highway
Ashland, Oregon 97520

E. ASHLEY HENRY
15005 GREENSPRINGS HIGHWAY
ASHLAND, OR 97520
541.488.3089
541.821.4558 cell
(in Arkansas 12/22-12/30: 501-224-9400)

copy
EB

President William Jefferson Clinton
The White House
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. President,

It doesn't seem that long ago that I was 10 years old and you were my Governor. Mom, Catherine and I had just moved from Leachville to Little Rock and you were kind enough to let us have our picture taken with you (see enclosed). Believe me, this photo has sure been great party conversation for the last eight years! During my high school career, you helped me set up chairs for guests at the Arkansas Sesquicentennial Celebration at the Old State House. We chatted about my upcoming trip to Washington, DC for Girls Nation and my desire to attend Georgetown University. It was 1986, so I got to shake hands with President Reagan, not President Kennedy. I'd say you were the lucky one.

Thanks to good grades and a nice letter from you, I was admitted to Georgetown and graduated just about the time you were inaugurated. It was such an exciting time! But a sad time for me as well. You may have heard that my father, cotton ginner and banker Nelson Henry of Leachville, was killed in a plane crash shortly after you became President. That experience, in combination with my fascination with natural world, led me to move cross-country to Oregon to pursue a Master's degree in Environmental Studies. Like you, I wanted to change the world, but my gut told me I would be more effective at the grassroots level than in Washington's halls of power.

It's been almost eight years now that you've been my President. During this time, I've worked on countless environmental issues worthy of your attention. Not once did an issue's urgency compel me to ask Patty Criner to hand-deliver a letter to you. Until now, Mr. President, the *Siskiyou Wild Rivers National Monument proposal* in southwest Oregon urgently needs your support. During these precious final days of your Presidency, I implore you to designate this nation's first national monument dedicated to breathtakingly beautiful wild rivers where wild salmon, steelhead and cutthroat trout still return to their natal streams, unimpeded by high dams, as they have for thousands of years. These rivers flow through one of the largest expanses of wildlands remaining on the west coast. The monument would formally protect the biologically diverse watersheds of five national wild and scenic river corridors and the rich ecological continuum of their unprotected tributaries and watersheds. It would recognize and preserve an area that the World Wildlife Fund and World Conservation Union has deemed globally significant for its outstanding botanical values, geologic features and archeological sites.

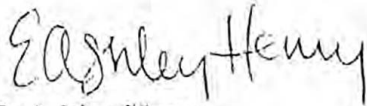
I know that the Forest Service is already working hard on your Roadless Policy, and for that future generations will be grateful. Without question, your Roadless Policy will bring tremendous benefit to what remains of wild western forests. But in the case of this priceless Siskiyou Wild Rivers area, it is imperative to do more to protect it from imminent threats beyond indiscriminate logging. *Your Roadless Policy does not address the impacts of mining nor does it prohibit road construction for mineral exploration and mine development.* The Siskiyou National Forest has the highest concentration of mining claims of any National Forest in the Pacific Northwest. These mining claims blanket large roadless areas and are mostly in sensitive and high value stream areas

such as Riparian Reserves, established in your Northwest Forest Plan to protect salmon and steelhead.

Unfortunately, because of that dreadful Mining Law of 1872, neither your Roadless Policy nor your Forest Plan prevents the ecological havoc wrought by mining degradation in the Siskiyou Wild Rivers area. Your ability to withdraw a National Monument from mineral entry and patenting and to restrict public lands mining to valid existing claims only (there are many claims, but very few are *valid claims*) is the most effective, permanent way to address the ongoing and future impacts of rampantly proliferating, fish-killing, speculative mining operations on the irreplaceable splendor of the Siskiyou Wild Rivers area.

I understand, Mr. President, that time is short and that thousands of people like me are entreating you with their requests. I wish so much that I could share this special place with you in person. I don't know about you, Mr. President, but I never felt quite at home in Arkansas. When I hike down into the steep, boulder strewn canyon of the Wild and Scenic Illinois River and immerse myself in its emerald waters (I'm not making this up!), I feel like I've finally found the home I've been searching for all my 31 years. In the words of my *new* hometown newspaper, the *Ashland Daily Tidings*, your designation of the Siskiyou Wild Rivers National Monument, "would be the crowning environmental achievement" of your administration. How sweet it would be someday when I have children of my own to tell them that two kids from Arkansas had a hand in protecting this incredibly special place. Thank you for considering this plea for a Siskiyou Wild Rivers National Monument.

Most sincerely,



E. Ashley Henry

P.S. I believe the Forest Service would welcome a Siskiyou Wild Rivers National Monument in Southwest Oregon, and much of the work needed to proclaim it a monument has already been done. I urge you to consult the Department of Agriculture and the Forest Service. I believe they feel a new Forest Service monument here would be a flagship for the welcome new direction the Forest Service has taken under your administration – and must continue to take. Members of your staff, including Roger Ballentine, have toured part of the Siskiyou Wild Rivers National Monument proposal and may be your most convenient source for more information.

Only with your swift and specific direction will the Forest Service and Council on Environmental Quality be able to dedicate the staff resources necessary to make a new Siskiyou Wild Rivers National Monument a reality before you leave office. I fear for the future of Siskiyou Wild Rivers, wild fish, wild forests and globally significant botanical values if we don't act now.