

6.200,000,000
 2.770 000 000

3424000000

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$$\frac{2.4}{2.7}$$

Invitations

THE CLINTON-GORE ADMINISTRATION
ENSURING AFFORDABLE, ACCESSIBLE AND SAFE CHILD CARE
January, 2000

President Clinton's FY 2001 budget includes a comprehensive child care initiative to address the struggles our nation's working parents face in finding child care they can afford, trust and rely on. Through unprecedented tax relief and subsidy support the President's balanced budget includes a package of proposals to help working families pay for child care, improve the safety and quality of care, and promote early learning.

Today, More Than Ever, Working Families Struggle With Child Care. Today, the number of children with parents that work outside of the home is higher than ever before. In 1996, three out of four mothers with young children worked outside of the home, compared to one in four in 1965. Additionally, studies have shown that that child care expenses are often the second or third largest item in a low-income working family's household budget, and that the availability of child care subsidies enables more low-income parents to work. During the Clinton-Gore Administration funding for child care has more than doubled. Despite these efforts, many eligible children do not receive assistance. In FY 1999, states provided child care assistance to approximately 1.75 million children, or only 12 percent of the roughly 15 million low-income children eligible for assistance under federal law.

The President's Initiative Significantly Expands Access to Quality, Affordable Child Care and Early Learning Programs by:

Proposing the Largest Head Start Expansion in History. The President's budget boosts funding for Head Start by \$1 billion – the largest funding increase ever proposed for the program -- to provide Head Start and Early Head Start slots to approximately 950,000 children, nearing the President's goal of serving one million children in 2002. Head Start is our nation's premier early childhood development program preparing low-income children for a lifetime of learning and development by providing early, continuous and comprehensive child development and family support services. Early Head Start, created by the Clinton-Gore Administration in 1994, brings Head Start's successful comprehensive services to families with children ages zero to three and to pregnant women, and works to enhance children's overall development and enable parents to be better caregivers of and teachers to their children. Since 1993, this Administration has already boosted funding for Head Start by 90 percent.

Helping Low-Income Families Afford Child Care. The President's budget expands the Child Care and Development Block Grant to help working families struggling to afford child care. The President's budget request will increase funding for child care subsidies by \$817 million in FY 2001, enabling the program to serve nearly 150,000 more children next year. These new funds, combined with the child care funds provided in welfare reform, will enable the program to serve over 2.2 million children in 2001, an increase of nearly one million since 1997. The block grant is part of the Child Care and Development Fund, the primary federal subsidy program that helps families pay for child care, thereby enabling low-income parents to work. Today, millions of families who are eligible for assistance with their child care costs do not receive any help; in

Nicole R. Rabner

01/24/2000 09:20:34 AM

Record Type: Record

To: Ruby Shamir/OPD/EOP@EOP

cc:

Subject: re: ... no subject ...

----- Forwarded by Nicole R. Rabner/WHO/EOP on 01/24/2000 09:20 AM -----



Emil Parker <eparker@acf.dhhs.gov>

01/11/2000 04:02:39 PM

Please respond to eparker@acf.dhhs.gov

Record Type: Record

To: Nicole R. Rabner/WHO/EOP

cc:

Subject: re: ... no subject ...

The following are the annual Head Start enrollment figures:

FY 92	621,078
FY 93	713,903
FY 94	740,493
FY 95	750,696
FY 96	752,077
FY 97	793,809
FY 98	822,316
FY 99	835,365
FY 00 (est)	876,000

01 450

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950

714

236 701

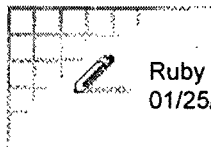
Using FY 92 as the base, the increase has been about 214,000 through FY 99 and about 255,000 through FY 00. Using FY 93, it is 121,000 and 162,000 respectively.

----- Original Text -----

From: <Nicole_R._Rabner@who.eop.gov>, on 1/11/00 2:07 PM:

emil, how many more children have we served in Head Start during the

President's tenure? from what to what numbers . . .



Ruby Shamir
01/25/2000 01:05:15 PM

Record Type: Record

To: Rebecca J. Salay/WHO/EOP@EOP
cc:
bcc: Records Management@EOP
Subject: Re: Updated Accomplishments Documents 

See edits below, and let me know what you think.

Re: the Numbers: Using FY 93 (which was President Clinton's first budget), the Head Start increase is 121,000 through FY 99 and about 162,000 through FY 2000 (we are more comfortable using those numbers). Using FY 92 as the base, the increase has been about 214,000 through FY 99 and about 255,000 through FY 00. But we were not responsible for the increase that took place between FY 92-FY 93 (that increase was from the past administration), so we really should not use FY 92 as the baseline. Since the card you guys did has the 200,000 number, we should remove your 240,000 number altogether, and just leave it at 90% funding increase.

Please call me if you find this confusing, it probably is!

Also, I assume that the two-pagers you are doing these for are accomps, not announcements of new policy, right?

Rebecca J. Salay 01/25/2000 12:10:12 PM

Rebecca J. Salay 01/25/2000 12:10:12 PM

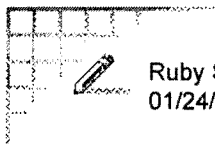
Record Type: Record

To: Ruby Shamir/OPD/EOP@EOP
cc:
bcc:
Subject: Re: Updated Accomplishments Documents 

Hi Ruby -- can you tell me for sure if this bullet is right. We're using it in many of the 2pagers we're doing this week and I want to confirm. thanks!

Providing Early Education to Nearly 900,000 Children with Head Start. The President and Vice President have expanded Head Start funding by 90 percent since 1993. Head Start will reach a total of 880,000 in FY 2000 ~~over 240,000 more than in 1992~~ and will serve one million children and their families by the year 2002. The Administration also created ~~initiated~~ Early Head Start, bringing Head Start's successful comprehensive services to families with children ages zero to three ~~providing quality care for young children in the critical early years~~, and set high quality standards for both programs.

Ruby Shamir



Ruby Shamir
01/24/2000 06:21:08 PM

Record Type: Record

To: Rebecca J. Salay/WHO/EOP@EOP

cc:

Subject: Re: Updated Accomplishments Documents

You are going to kill me. I gave you the wrong info on Head Start. We really shouldn't say 200,000, since that is FY 92 [technically it is correct to say "since the President took office," but it wasn't from our budget [FY93]. Give me a call, and SO SORRY!!! 65696.

Universal Head Start

The funding streams below reflect BA needs to reach every poor 3 and 4 year old through Head Start under two different scenarios. Each assumes the 1998 poverty rates for 3 and 4 years olds of 21.6 percent and 20.3 percent, respectively, hold steady through the outyears. Also assumed is a quality setaside of 25 percent and Early Head Start setaside of 10 percent for each year beyond FY02. Lastly, the funding levels assume approximately 10% of all slots go to children above poverty (as permitted under law) and 80 percent of eligible poor children would participate if full funding were available. Each scenario below also assumes an FY01 funding level at the passback level.

Scenario 1: Provide Head Start slots for all poor 3 and 4 year olds by FY05

(\$'s in millions)	FY00	FY01	FY02	FY03	FY04	FY05	FY01-05
Program Level	5,267	5,901	6,880	8,623	10,525	12,590	44,519
Total Head Start slots (thousands)	880	920	1,000	1,170	1,341	1,510	
Early HS slots (thousands)	44	52	63	73	83	92	

Scenario 2: Provide Head Start slots for all poor 3 and 4 year olds by FY10

(\$'s in millions)	FY00	FY01	FY02	FY03	FY04	FY05	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09	FY10
Program Level	5,267	5,901	6,880	7,648	8,462	9,324	10,236	11,200	12,219	13,294	14,428
Total Head Start slots (thousands)	880	920	1,000	1,064	1,128	1,192	1,256	1,320	1,348	1,449	1,512
Early HS slots (thousands)	44	52	63	67	70	74	77	81	85	88	92

(\$'s in millions)	FY01-05	FY01-10
Program Level	38,215	137,807

5.267 FY0000
of which 1.4 bill 2000

3.8 2000 in 2000
amount 2000 in 01
6.267
of which 1.4 into

FY01 6.267
of which 1.4 into

1.4 bill advance
2000
Continue
FY0000
Part of 2000 advanced into
2001 will have
same \$

in demand for all yr, all slots - combine w/ CCDBG
early HS set aside (9% more), bigger ↑ to E.H.S. but total slots
↓ bec E.H.S. is expensive

\$1 bill ↑

950,000

950,000 wide
great slots for
kids
FY01

54,000 EHS
9-10,000
FY01

93 = 2.776 bill

19% ↑ over FY0000
125% ↑ since 93

10% EHS
947,000
slots

880
240
640

950
640
510

880
640
240

93
\$2.776
\$5.267
2000
2001
6.2

$$\begin{array}{r} 240 \\ 10 \\ \hline 310 \end{array}$$