

Balanced Budget Act of 1997 Mandated Study of the EPSDT Benefit Under Medicaid

Conducted by
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BBA Required Contents of the Study of EPSDT Benefit

- “... shall include examination of the actuarial value of the provision of [EPSDT] services ...”;
- “... shall include ... an examination of the portions of such actuarial value that are attributable to [medical necessity]; and
- “... shall include ... an examination of the portions of such actuarial value that are attributable to [partial providers of EPSDT services].

Report to Congress on the EPSDT Benefit

In consultation with:

Governors

Directors of State Medicaid Programs

American Academy of Actuaries

Representatives of appropriate provider and
beneficiary organizations

Consultations have been made with:

the Maternal and Child Health Technical Advisory
Group and the American Academy of Actuaries

The Scope of EPSDT Services

- Comprehensive health screening (e.g., physical exam, health and developmental history, lab tests, blood lead level testing, health education)
 - Immunizations;
 - Vision screening and treatment;
 - Dental screening and treatment;
 - Hearing screening and treatment;
 - **Any other necessary diagnostic or treatment service to correct or ameliorate illnesses and conditions detected, whether or not covered under the State Plan (OBRA-89).**
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Limitations of HCFA Data

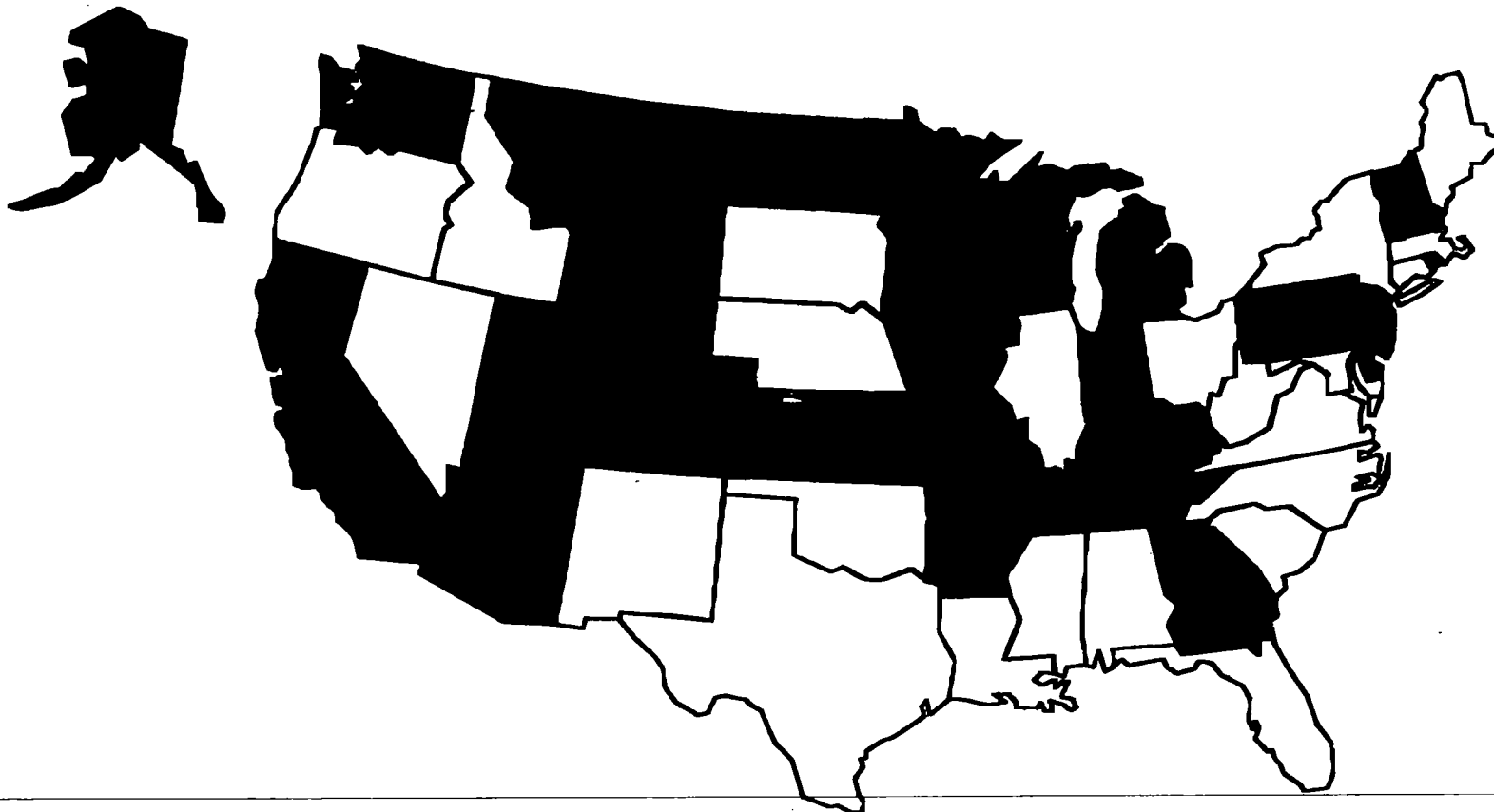
- HCFA-2082 data
 - no person-level data
 - Type of Service (TOS) categories, only
 - HCFA-416 data
 - participation data, only
 - no data on payment
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Study Research Design

- HCFA State Medicaid Resource File (SMRF) data for 1995
 - 25 out of 28 States in 1995 SMRF
 - excluding AL, ME, FL because of unavailability of State-specific procedure codes, used for identifying EPSDT-related services
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- Included 1993 data for TN
 - Study Population = 26 STATES

HCFA's Study of the EPSDT Benefit Included 26 States

1995 State Medicaid Resource File (SMRF) Data



Notes:

Data for TN is for 1993 Only

State Specific Procedure Codes for FL, AL, ME were unavailable

Limitations of the Study

- Accuracy of the data is largely determined by the quality of the State Medicaid Agency's reporting mechanism.
 - Level of detail in coding for EPSDT services varied widely across 26 States. Not all States use EPSDT codes.
 - States do not bill all encounters with Medicaid-eligible children as EPSDT services.
 - Changes in Medicaid eligibility across States from 1989-1995.
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- No data from managed care plans

Study Characteristics

11.4 million Medicaid-eligible children in 26 SMRF States. 11.8 million Medicaid-eligible children in Non-SMRF States.

In 1995, total Medicaid expenditures in 26 States totaled \$9.75 billion, of which 13.6% were for EPSDT services (or, \$1.327 million).

States varied from 7% to 26% in the percent of Medicaid dollars that was spent on EPSDT.

Representativeness of the Study Sample

- HCFA's study includes 11 million Medicaid-eligible children, accounting for 49% of all Medicaid-eligible children nationwide (23.4 million), but only 40% of total Medicaid expenditures.
- California represents 34% of the total Medicaid population in the 26 SMRF States.
- California has low per-capita Medicaid expenditures for children (\$587 per child in 1995), which is about half the national average. California's use patterns heavily weight the overall averages in the study sample.

1995 Medicaid Payments for Children Under 21

- National average Medicaid expenditures per Medicaid-eligible child was \$1,248 in the 26 SMRF States.
- National average EPSDT expenditures per Medicaid-eligible child was \$170 in the 26 SMRF States.

Use and Expenditures for EPSDT Services Varies by Age Groups

Age categories used in this study:

<u>Ages</u>	<u>Percent</u>
– under 1 year of age	7%
– 1-5 years of age	35%
– 6-14 years of age	39%
– 15-18 years of age*	13%
– 19-20 years of age*	6%

* = These age groups are consistent with the HCFA-416 Form, except the HCFA-416 categorizes 15 -20 year olds together. However, preliminary analyses revealed different utilization patterns among these two different age groups.

Study Categories of EPSDT Services

- Comprehensive preventive care
 - Immunizations
 - Vision screening and treatment
 - Dental screening and treatment
 - Hearing screening and treatment
 - Other EPSDT services -- specified by State-specific procedure codes and family planning services
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Examples of “Other” EPSDT Services

- family planning services
 - nursing services and home health services
 - mental health services
 - physical therapy
 - occupational therapy
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- speech therapy
 - transportation services

Research Methodology

- Study definition of EPSDT services included:
 - HCFA Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) and diagnosis codes
 - State-specific procedure codes to identify EPSDT-related services
 - HCFA-2082 data on EPSDT (TOS-17),

Dental Services (TOS-09) and Family Planning Services (TOS14)

Research Methodology (cont.)

- Utilization and payment analyses conducted for each State by age group and type of EPSDT service.
 - Analyses for all 26 SMRF States. National weighted estimates of use and payments for EPSDT services.
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Research Design Issues

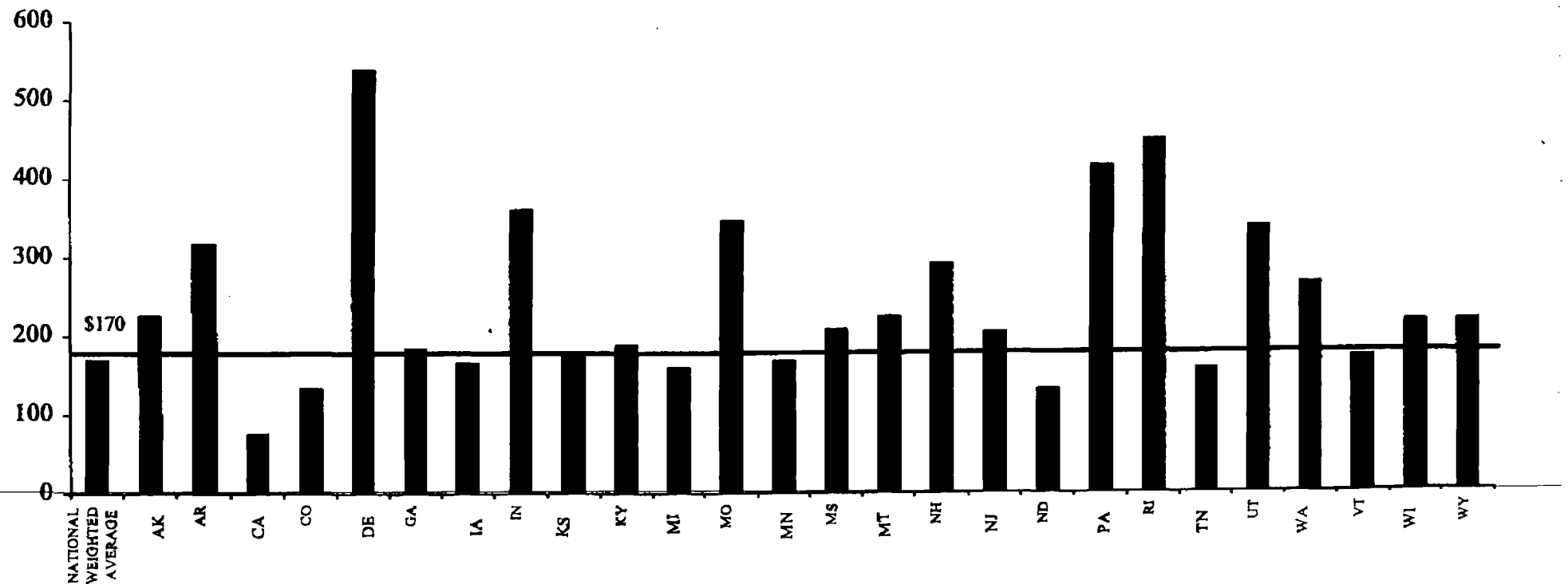
- The original research design categorized vision, hearing, and dental screening and treatment services, separately.
- However, preliminary analyses revealed that screening and treatment services were not clearly distinguishable, as listed by State-specific procedure codes.

Weighting Estimations

- Utilization and payment rates for Medicaid-eligible children were “weighted” to reflect a full-year’s entitlement.
 - Calculating months of non-managed care enrollment was based on subtracting the number of months for managed care enrollment from the number of months eligible for Medicaid.
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- Person-year equivalents were calculated as the total months of non-managed care enrollment divided by 12 months.

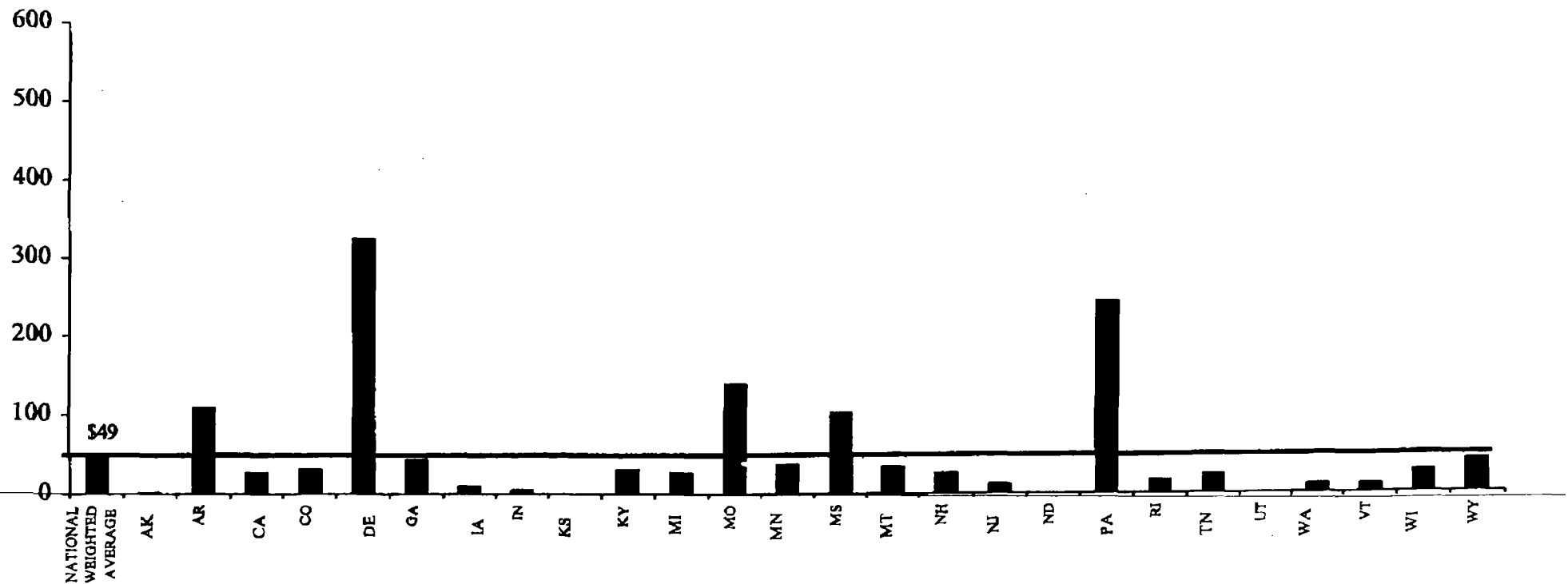
Average Payments for EPSDT Services Per Medicaid-Eligible Child Under 21 Years of Age HCFA's Study Definition of EPSDT

Dollars



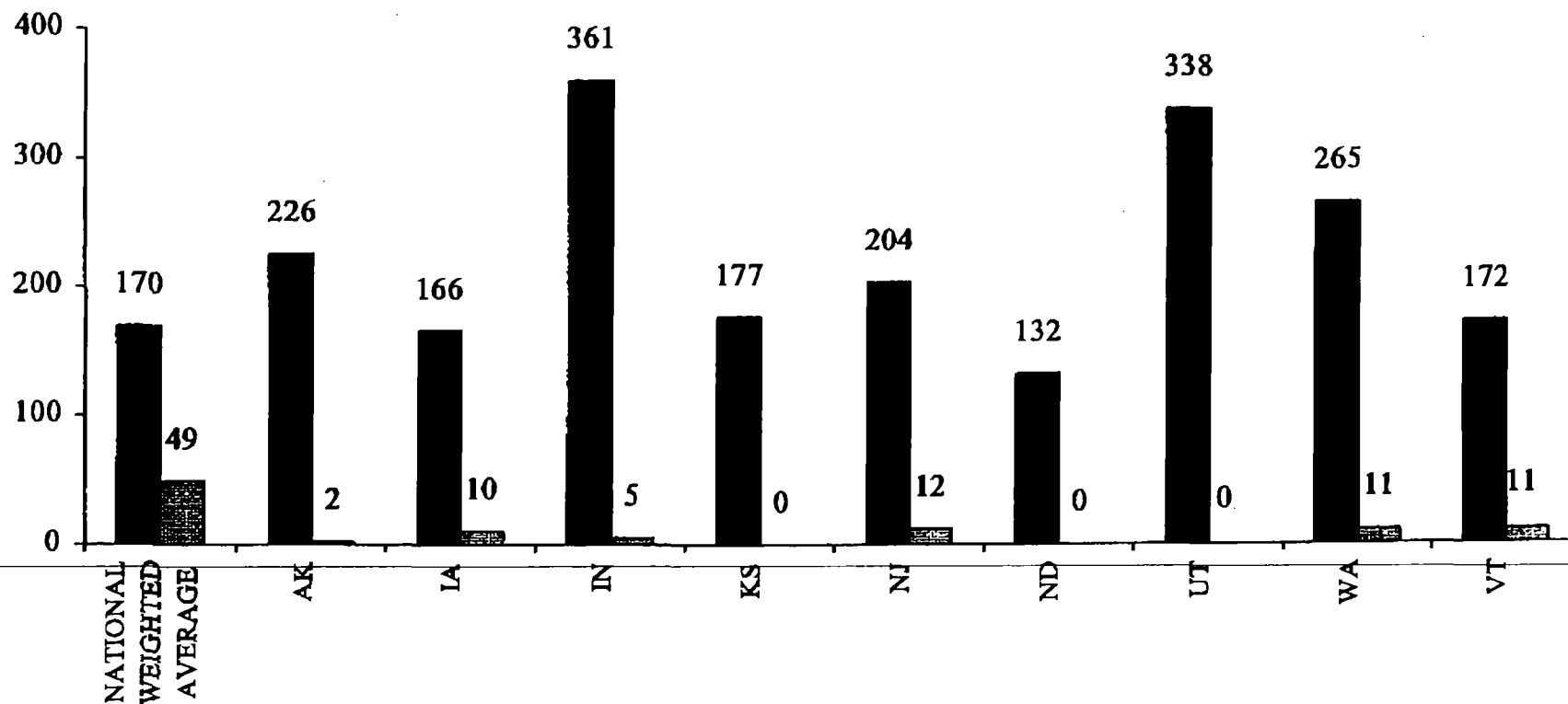
Average Payments for EPSDT Services Per Medicaid-Eligible Child Under 21 Years of Age EPSDT Type of Service (TOS-17)

Dollars



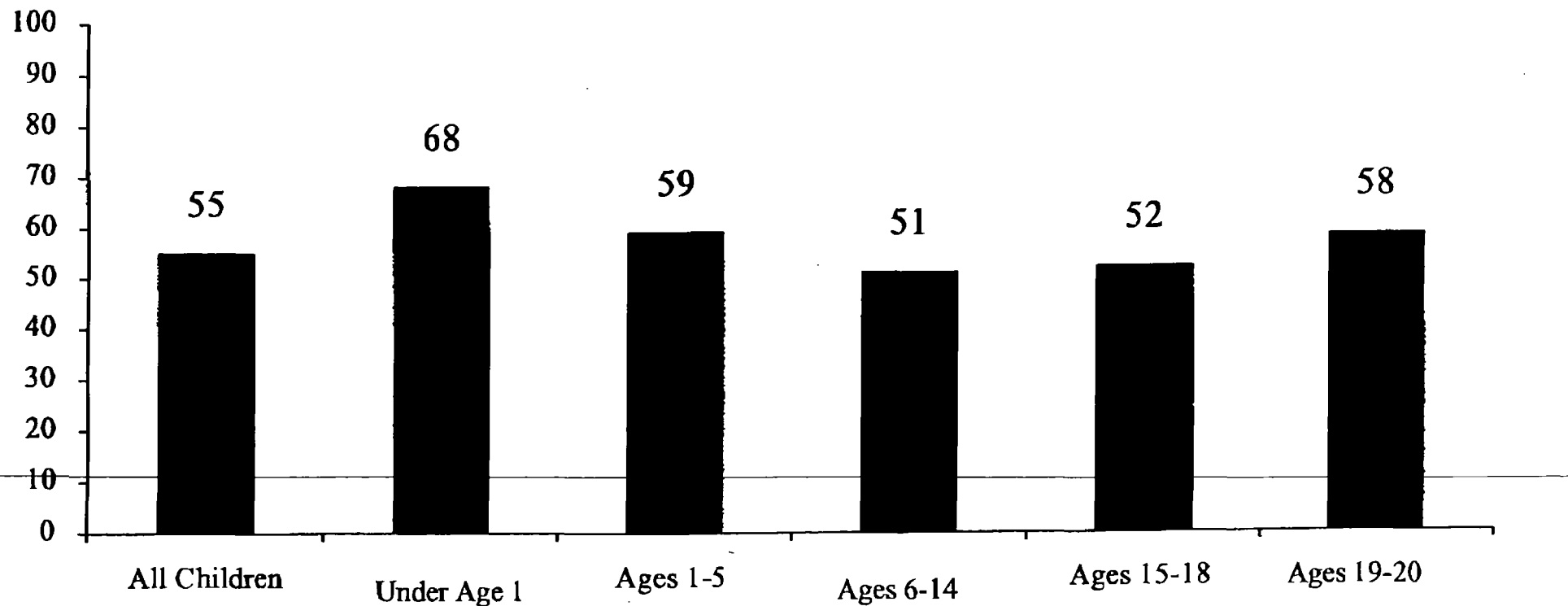
Average Mean Payments for EPSDT Services Comparison of HCFA's Study Definition of EPSDT and TOS-17 Codes for EPSDT Services

Dollars

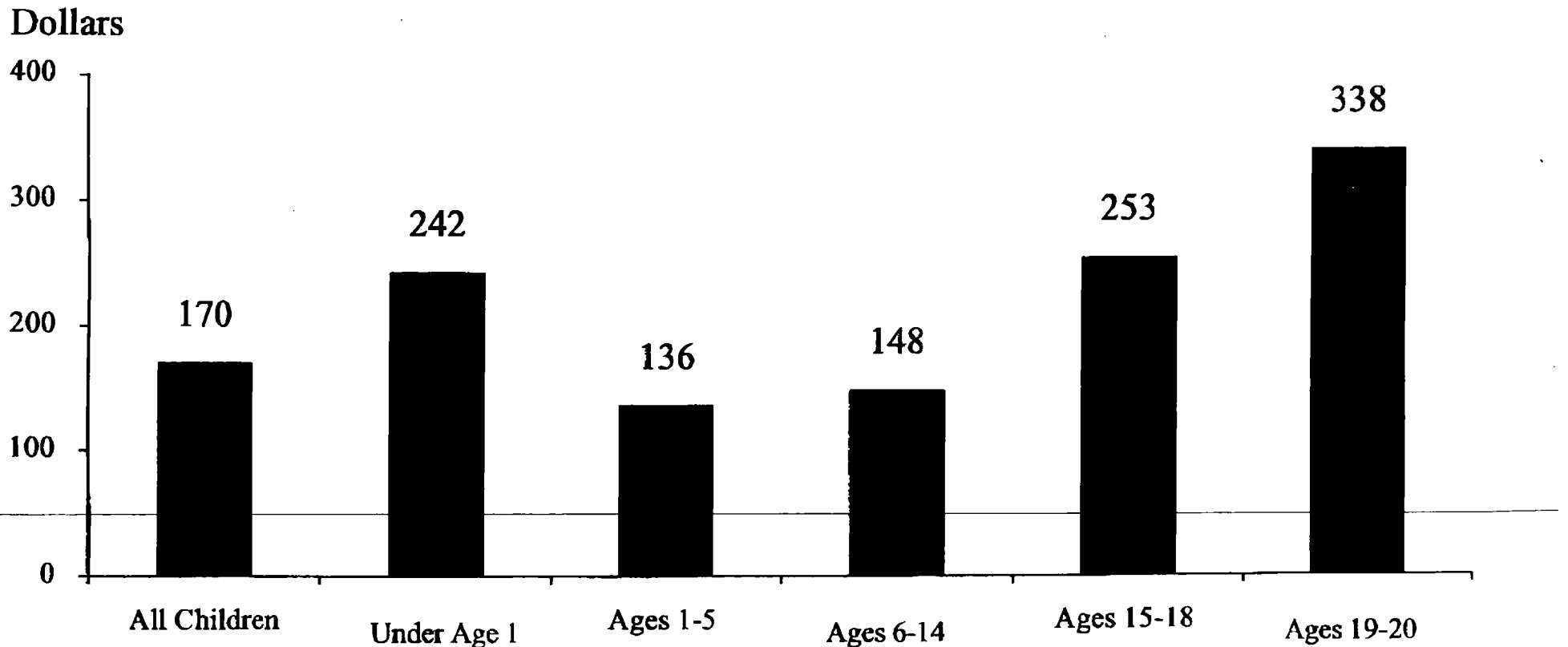


Percent of Medicaid-Eligible Children Under 21 Who Received One or More EPSDT Services

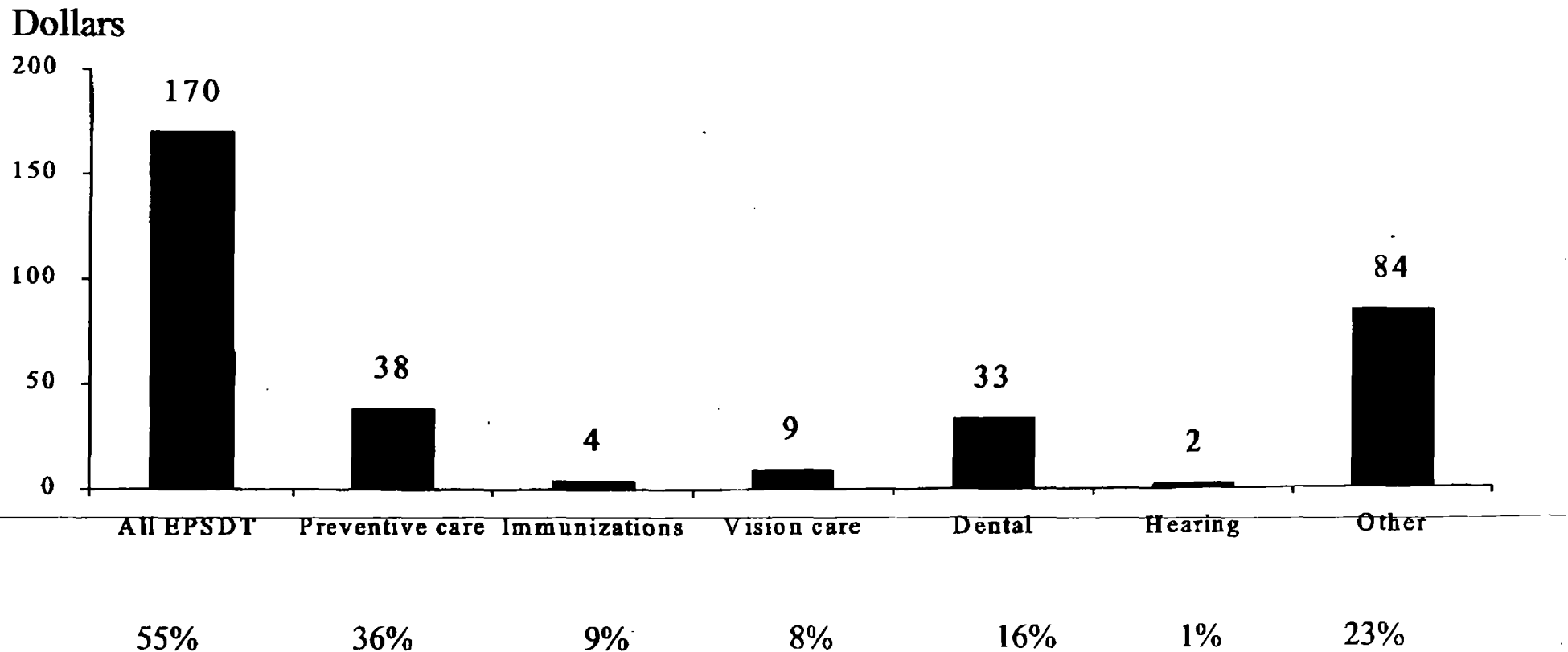
Percent



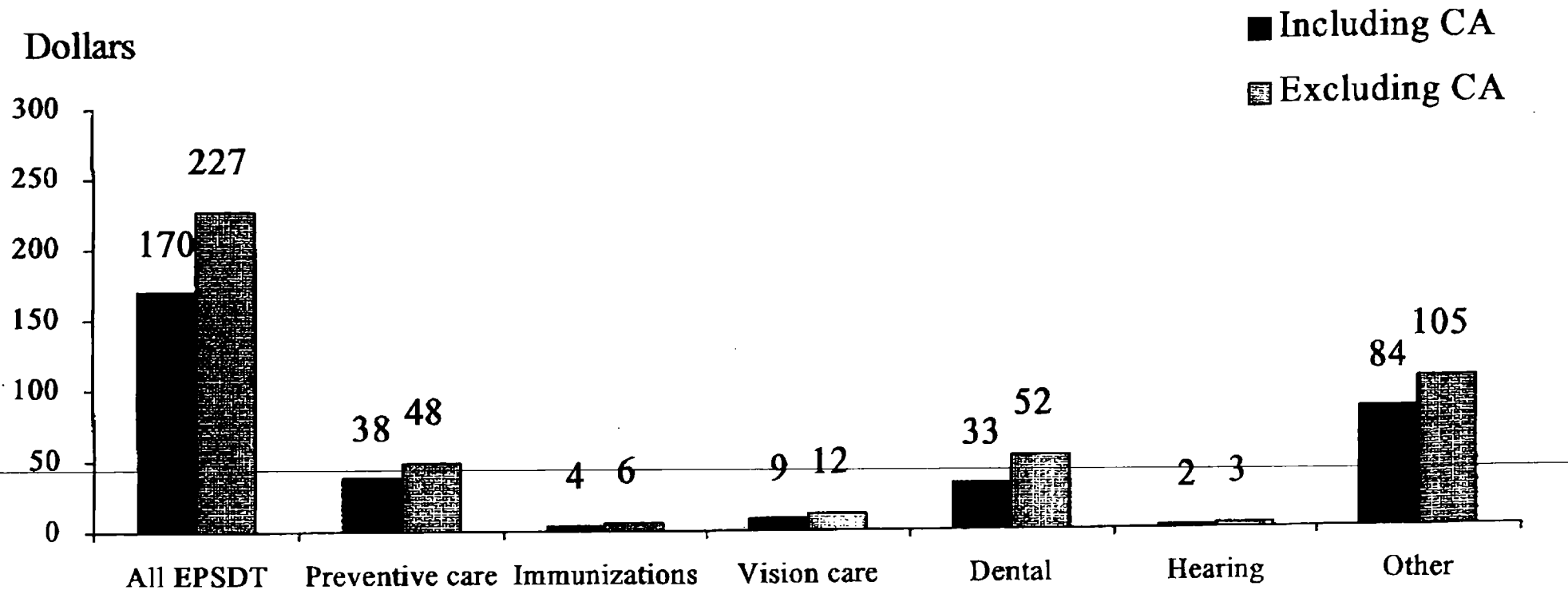
National Average Payment for Total EPSDT Services Per Medicaid- Eligible Child Under 21



National Average Payment for Different Types of EPSDT Services Per Medicaid-Eligible Child



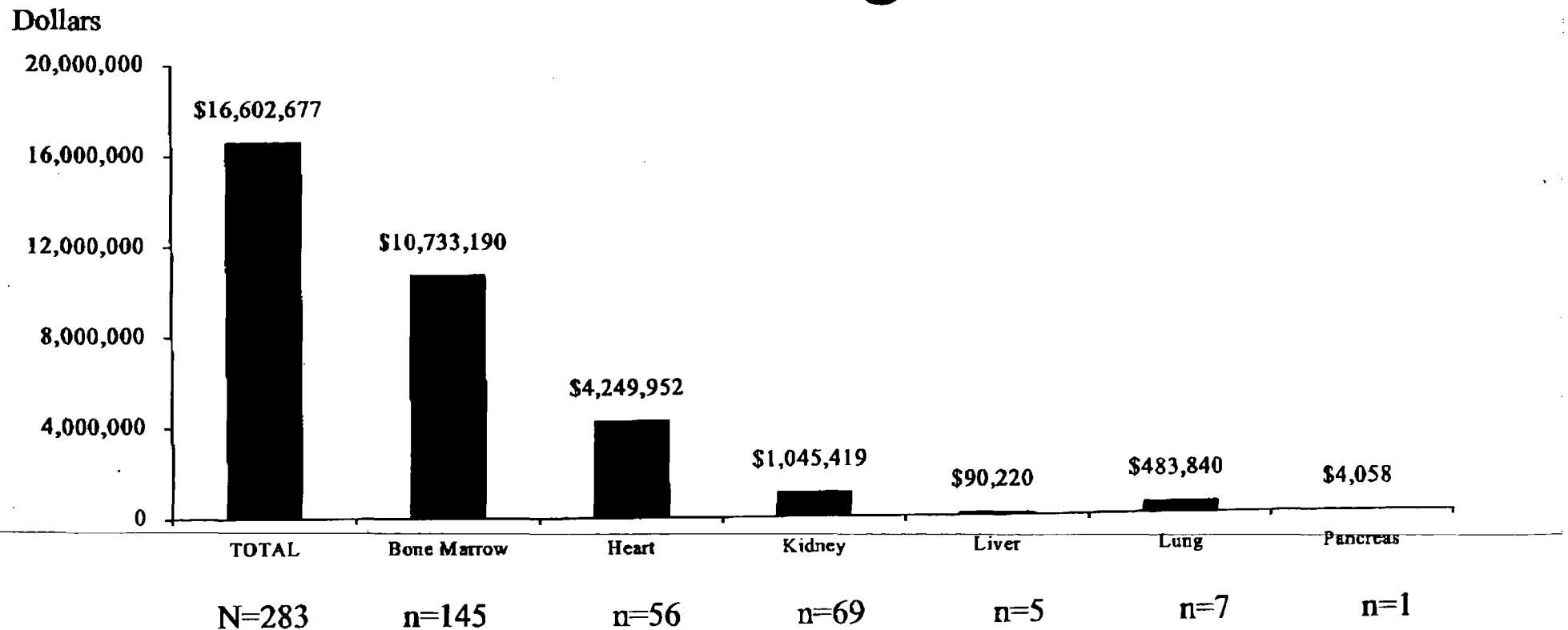
National Average Payment for Different Types of EPSDT Services Per Medicaid-Eligible Child



Medically Necessary Services

- No uniform definition of medically-necessary services across States
- No indication of “medical necessity” on billing claims
- No link between health screens and subsequent care
- State Plans change over time:
 - Very difficult to obtain 1995 State Plans
- Organ Transplantation

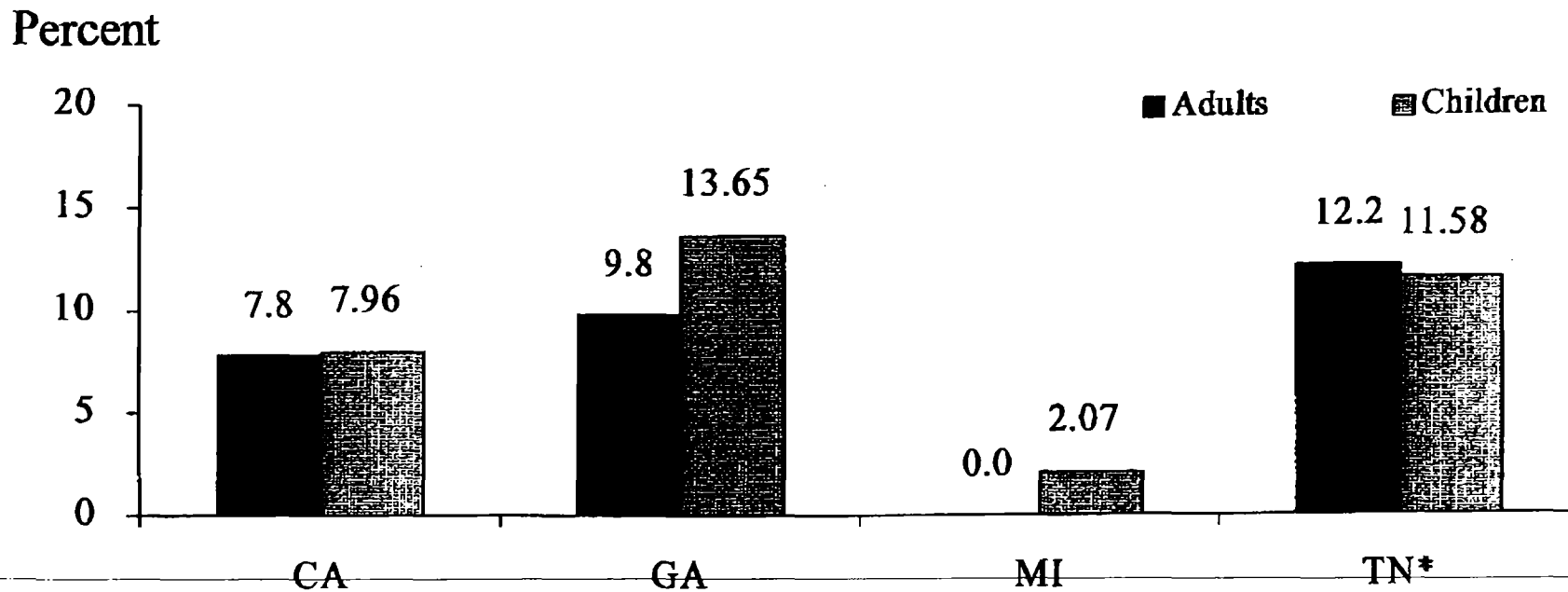
Total Reimbursement in 1995 for Organ Transplantation for Children Under 21 Years of Age in 22 States



* Six States had no organ transplants in 1995

Trend Analyses of Medicaid Enrollees in Four States, 1989-95

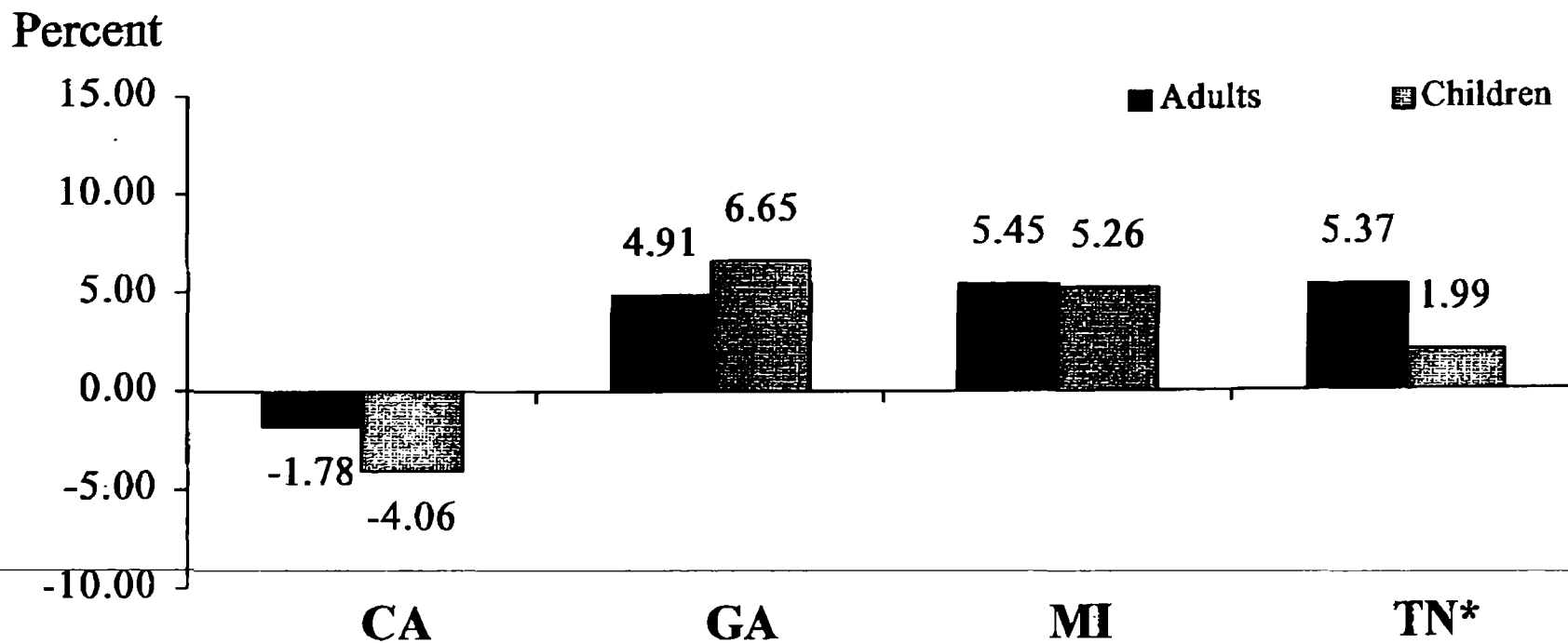
Annual Rate of Change: Adults and Children



* = TN data only available through 1993

Trend Analyses of Medicaid Payments in Four States, 1989-95

Annual Rate of Change: Adults and Children



* = TN data only available through 1993

Next Steps

Consultation to address key issues:

- Can we better estimate the cost of EPSDT services?
 - Can we better define and identify medically-necessary services across States?
 - Can we better identify partial providers of EPSDT services?
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