

CRIME BILL -- DOLLARS FOR KENTUCKY, 1995 - 2000

(Revised 8/22/94)

LAW ENFORCEMENT

- * **100,000 POLICE** -- Guaranteed minimum of \$44 million -- more than 500 police officers at \$75,000 per officer.
 - ** Given Kentucky's share of the population and the additional \$6.5 billion in discretionary dollars, Kentucky should expect a total of about \$140 million over the next 6 years.
 - ** Of the total, up to 85% can be used to hire about 1,600 police officers. At least 15% -- \$20 million -- can be used to help pay the training, overtime and administrative costs of implementing community policing in Kentucky.
- * **PRISONS & BOOT CAMPS** -- \$41 million for prison grants, including military-style boot camp prisons. An additional estimated \$41 million is possible if Kentucky meets the "Truth in Sentencing" target of second-time violent offenders serving 85% of their sentences.
- * **BYRNE ENFORCEMENT GRANTS** -- \$1 billion in the Trust Fund will help continue full funding for these grants, including Kentucky's \$6 million annual share.
- * **RURAL LAW ENFORCEMENT GRANTS** -- \$2.2 million for drug and crime enforcement in Kentucky's rural areas.
- * **DISCRETIONARY GRANTS** -- Kentucky's law enforcement agencies and courts may apply for:
 - ** \$1,000,000,000 -- Drug Court programs (treatment backed up by drug testing and certain punishment for non-violent offenders currently on probation.) Estimated \$15 million for Kentucky -- enough for about 7,400 offenders over six years.
 - ** \$320,000,000 -- Criminal record systems (Brady Law), communications equipment, and DNA testing; and
 - ** \$200,000,000 -- Judges, prosecutors and public defenders (estimated \$3 million for Kentucky).

PREVENTION PROGRAMS

- * **LOCAL PARTNERSHIP ACT** -- \$24 million in direct grants to cities and towns in Kentucky. Wide discretion permits local governments to use the dollars for education, drug treatment, and jobs programs.
- * **VIOLENCE AGAINST WOMEN ACT** -- \$11 million in grants for police, prosecutors and victims services; \$5 million in grants for shelters for battered women and their children; and Kentucky can apply for a share of \$500 million in several discretionary programs.
- * **AFTERSCHOOL AND IN-SCHOOL "SAFE HAVENS" FOR AT-RISK CHILDREN** -- \$17 million for non-profit, community-based organizations in Kentucky.
- * **DRUG TREATMENT IN PRISONS** -- \$3.9 million to treat up to an estimated 3,600 drug-addicted prisoners in Kentucky prisons over the next 6 years.
- * **LOCAL CRIME PREVENTION BLOCK GRANT** -- \$3.7 million in direct grants to cities and towns for various programs, including:
 - ** **ANTI-GANG GRANTS** -- to give young people positive alternatives to gangs, such as academic and athletic after-school activities, mentoring programs and scout troops.
 - ** **MIDNIGHT SPORTS LEAGUES** -- to give at-risk youth nightly alternatives to the streets, and for the U.S. Olympic Committee to develop supervised sports and recreation programs in high-crime areas.
 - ** **BOYS AND GIRLS CLUBS** -- to establish clubs in low-income housing communities, and to encourage police officers to live in those communities.
 - ** **TRIAD** -- for partnerships between senior citizens groups, police chiefs and sheriffs to combat crimes against elderly Americans.
 - ** **POLICE PARTNERSHIPS FOR CHILDREN** -- for partnerships between law enforcement and social service agencies to fight crimes against children, and for the creation of youth councils to combat crime.
 - ** **VISITATION CENTERS** -- for supervised centers for divorced or separated parents to visit their children in "safe havens" when there is a history or risk of physical or sexual abuse.

**** YOUTH DEVELOPMENT CENTERS -- to develop more effective education, training, research, prevention, diversion, treatment and rehabilitation programs for violent juveniles, including alternatives to school suspension and juvenile court diversion.**

**** SAFE SENIORS CORRIDORS -- to provide older Americans with enhanced protection from crime by increasing police presence and crime prevention activities by community groups.**

**** HOPE IN YOUTH -- to create Family Outreach Teams composed of youth, parents and school-parent organizers for mentoring, community organizing and peer counseling.**

*** DISCRETIONARY GRANTS -- State agencies and non-profit organizations may apply for a share of:**

**** MODEL INTENSIVE GRANTS -- \$626 million for intensive, comprehensive and flexible aid to areas, urban and rural, hardest hit by crime and violence.**

**** NATIONAL COMMUNITY ECONOMIC PARTNERSHIP -- \$270 million to extend lines of credit of up to \$2 million to community development corporations to provide small, low-interest loans to businesses in low-income neighborhoods.**

**** GANG RESISTANCE EDUCATION AND TRAINING ("GREAT") -- \$45 million for school-based programs to teach children to resist peer pressure and understand the negative impact of gangs and drugs.**

**** URBAN RECREATION AND AT-RISK YOUTH -- \$4.5 million to expand recreational facilities in high-crime areas.**

Bureau of Justice Assistance

Kentucky

Location: Louisville, Kentucky

Project Title: Jefferson County Drug Court/Diversion Project
30th Judicial District

OJP Bureau: Bureau of Justice Assistance

Amount: \$54,000 (FY94)

Years in Operation: 1½-years

Program Status: Formula Grant Program

Program Description: To reduce hard-core drug use and utilize the leverage of the criminal justice system to identify, monitor and treat drug users, this program was established to divert 50 felony cocaine offenders into a one-year pilot project. Offenders are screened by the Office of the Commonwealth's Attorney. Utilizing the Dade County (Florida) Drug Court as a model, this pilot project is divided into three phases that include acupuncture, group therapy, urine testing, and participation in educational and vocational training programs.

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Comments: Funded by Byrne Formula Grant, which is targeted for elimination.