

FOIA MARKER

This is not a textual record. This is used as an administrative marker by the Clinton Presidential Library Staff.

Folder Title:

Korea, Auto Agreement, 1997 [7]

Staff Office-Individual:

National Economic Council-Lee, Malcolm

Original OA/ID Number:

CF 1184

Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:	Stack:
23	5	8	2	V

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001a. draft	Paper, Trade Policy Staff Committee: U.S. Position for the Third Free Trade Area of the Americas. (4 pages)	02/03/1998	P1/b(1)
001b. draft	Attachment A. (6 pages)	02/10/1998	P1/b(1)
001c. draft	Attachment B. (2 pages)	02/10/1998	P1/b(1)
001d. draft	Duplicate of 001c. (2 pages)	02/10/1998	P1/b(1)
001e. draft	Attachment C. (2 pages)	02/10/1998	P1/b(1)
001f. draft	Attachment D. (1 page)	02/10/1998	P1/b(1)
001g. draft	Attachment E. (2 pages)	02/10/1998	P1/b(1)
001h. draft	Duplicate of 001g. (2 pages)	02/10/1998	P1/b(1)
001i. draft	Attachment F. (3 pages)	02/10/1998	P1/b(1)
001j. draft	Attachment H. (21 pages)	02/10/1998	P1/b(1)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
National Economic Council
Malcolm Lee
OA/Box Number: CF 1184

FOLDER TITLE:

Korea, Auto Agreement, 1997 [7]

2009-0528-F

vz1409

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.
PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).
RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20508

UNCLASSIFIED with
~~CONFIDENTIAL ATTACHMENT~~

February 3, 1998

TO : Members of the Trade Policy Staff Committee

FROM : Frederick L. Montgomery 
Chairman

SUBJECT: U.S. Position for the Third Free Trade Area of
the Americas (FTAA) Preparatory Committee Meeting

Attached is TPSC Draft Document 1998-13, U.S. Position for the
Third Free Trade Area of the Americas (FTAA) Preparatory
Committee Meeting.

Please phone your clearance to Gloria Blue(395-3475) by **Noon,
Thursday, February 5, 1998.** Questions or comments should be
phoned to Karen Lezny (395-5190).

Attachment

UNCLASSIFIED with
~~CONFIDENTIAL ATTACHMENT~~

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001a. draft	Paper, Trade Policy Staff Committee: U.S. Position for the Third Free Trade Area of the Americas. (4 pages)	02/03/1998	P1/b(1)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
National Economic Council
Malcolm Lee
OA/Box Number: CF 1184

FOLDER TITLE:

Korea, Auto Agreement, 1997 [7]

2009-0528-F

vz1409

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001b. draft	Attachment A. (6 pages)	02/10/1998	P1/b(1)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
National Economic Council
Malcolm Lee
OA/Box Number: CF 1184

FOLDER TITLE:

Korea, Auto Agreement, 1997 [7]

2009-0528-F

vz1409

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001c. draft	Attachment B. (2 pages)	02/10/1998	P1/b(1)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
National Economic Council
Malcolm Lee
OA/Box Number: CF 1184

FOLDER TITLE:

Korea, Auto Agreement, 1997 [7]

2009-0528-F
vz1409

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001d. draft	Duplicate of 001c. (2 pages)	02/10/1998	P1/b(1)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
National Economic Council
Malcolm Lee
OA/Box Number: CF 1184

FOLDER TITLE:

Korea, Auto Agreement, 1997 [7]

2009-0528-F

vz1409

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001e. draft	Attachment C. (2 pages)	02/10/1998	P1/b(1)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
National Economic Council
Malcolm Lee
OA/Box Number: CF 1184

FOLDER TITLE:

Korea, Auto Agreement, 1997 [7]

2009-0528-F
vz1409

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001f. draft	Attachment D. (1 page)	02/10/1998	P1/b(1)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
National Economic Council
Malcolm Lee
OA/Box Number: CF 1184

FOLDER TITLE:

Korea, Auto Agreement, 1997 [7]

2009-0528-F
vz1409

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001g. draft	Attachment E. (2 pages)	02/10/1998	P1/b(1)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
National Economic Council
Malcolm Lee
OA/Box Number: CF 1184

FOLDER TITLE:

Korea, Auto Agreement, 1997 [7]

2009-0528-F

vz1409

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001h. draft	Duplicate of 001g. (2 pages)	02/10/1998	P1/b(1)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
National Economic Council
Malcolm Lee
OA/Box Number: CF 1184

FOLDER TITLE:

Korea, Auto Agreement, 1997 [7]

2009-0528-F

vz1409

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001i. draft	Attachment F. (3 pages)	02/10/1998	P1/b(1)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
National Economic Council
Malcolm Lee
OA/Box Number: CF 1184

FOLDER TITLE:

Korea, Auto Agreement, 1997 [7]

2009-0528-F

vz1409

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

UNCLASSIFIED

ATTACHMENT G



DOCUMENT No. 6

**CHAIR'S PROPOSAL OF A DRAFT MINISTERIAL DECLARATION OF SAN
JOSÉ**

**Document prepared by the Pro-Tempore Presidency of the FTAA
for the III Meeting of the Preparatory Committee
San José, Costa Rica
February 10-12, 1998**

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

1

CHAIR'S PROPOSAL OF A DRAFT MINISTERIAL DECLARATION OF SAN JOSÉ

The present document is a Chair's proposal for the Ministerial Declaration of San José, that will be adopted in the Meeting that will be held in San José, Costa Rica, next March 19, 1998. It has been prepared for the III Meeting of the Preparatory Committee to be held in San José, next February 10-12, 1998. It has four sections that will be discussed in the III Meeting of the Preparatory Committee, in the order that is suggested in the proposed agenda, with the support of the documents mentioned in parenthesis :

Part I : Objectives and Principles of the Negotiations

1. General Objectives (Document No. 3)
2. General Principles (Document No. 3)
3. Objectives and Principles by each issue area (Document No. 4)

Part II : Organization of the Negotiations

1. Structure of the negotiations (Document No. 1)
2. Functions (Document No. 1)
3. Venues for negotiations (Document (No. 2)
4. Administrative Secretariat (Document No. 2)
5. Tripartite Committee (Document No. 2)

Part III : Other issues

1. Trade and Environment (Document No. 6)
2. Trade and labor rights (Document No. 6)
3. Civil Society (Document No. 6)

Part IV : Business Facilitation

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

2

CHAIR'S PROPOSAL OF A DRAFT MINISTERIAL DECLARATION OF SAN JOSE

The Ministers Responsible for Trade of the 34 countries that participated in the I Summit of the Americas, held in Miami on December 1994, held in the IV Ministerial Meeting on Trade, according to the mandate received in the Declaration of the Americas and its accompanying Plan of Action and according to the work program agreed to in previous Ministerial Meetings, hereby recommend to our Heads of State and Government the launching of the negotiations to build the Free Trade Area of the Americas (FTAA), in conformity with the present Declaration.

PART I

OBJECTIVES AND PRINCIPLES OF THE NEGOTIATIONS

We have agreed that the negotiations for the establishment of the FTAA will be guided by the following General Objectives and Principles :

1. General Objectives

- a) To promote prosperity through economic integration and free trade among the countries of our hemisphere, as key factors for raising standards of living improving the working conditions of people in the Americas and better protecting the environment.
- b) To establish a Free Trade Area, in which barriers to trade and investment will be progressively eliminated, concluding negotiations no later than 2005 and achieving concrete progress toward the attainment of this objective by the end of this century.
- c) Encourage investment, aware that it is the main engine growth in the Hemisphere, by cooperating to build more open , transparent and integrated markets, creating strengthened mechanisms that promote and protect the flow of productive investment and promote progressive integration of capital markets.
- d) Maximize market openness through high levels of disciplines through balanced and comprehensive agreements , including among others : Market access ; customs procedures and rules of origin ; investment ; norms and technical barriers to trade ; sanitary and phytosanitary measures ; subsidies, antidumping and countervailing duties ; government procurement ; intellectual property rights ; services ; competition policy and dispute settlement.
- e) To provide opportunities to facilitate the integration of the smaller economies in the FTAA process, to maximize their opportunities and to improve their level of development.

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

3

2. General Principles

- a) Negotiations will be held in a transparent manner, based on the consensus of participating countries for decision-making in the FTAA process, in order to preserve and promote the essential interests of all parties.
- b) The FTAA Agreement will be consistent with the rules and disciplines of the World Trade Organization, WTO. With this purpose, the participating countries reiterate their commitment with multilateral rules and disciplines, in particular with Article XXIV of GATT-1994 and its Understanding of the Uruguay Round, and Article V of General Agreement of Trade in Services, GATS. As well, we endorse rapid and full implementation of the Uruguay Round, as well as active multilateral negotiations in the World Trade Organization.
- c) The agreements reached will be balanced and comprehensive in scope, considering the interests of all countries and covering the areas specified in Objective 1. d)
- d) Negotiations will develop according to the dynamics of each issue area.
- e) Negotiations in all issue areas will be held simultaneously, under the agreement that all the agreements reached constitute a single undertaking which embodies the rights and obligations mutually agreed upon.
- f) The FTAA will coexist with bilateral and subregional agreements.
- g) Countries may negotiate and subscribe the FTAA individually or as members of a sub-regional integration group negotiating as a unit.
- h) The agreements reached shall not result in the imposition of barriers to trade and investment with countries outside the hemisphere
- i) Starting on the beginning of the negotiations, countries will avoid the adoption of policies that adversely affect trade in the hemisphere
- j) Special attention will be given to the special needs, economic conditions (including transition costs and possible internal imbalances) and opportunities of smaller economies, actively looking for ways to facilitate the integration of smaller economies, as a key factor for increasing their level of development.
- k) The rights and obligations of the FTAA will be shared by all countries. In the negotiation of the various thematic areas measures such as technical assistance in specific areas and longer periods for implementing the obligations could be included on a case by case basis, in order to facilitate the adjustment of smaller economies.

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

4

- l) The measures that may be accorded or negotiated to facilitate the integration of smaller economies in the FTAA process should be transparent, simple and easily applicable, yet should recognize the degree of heterogeneity among them.

3. Objectives and Principles by issue area

We have agreed that the negotiations of the FTAA, in each issue area, will be guided by the following Objectives and Principles :

MARKET ACCESS

The objectives of the negotiations are :

- To progressively eliminate, *[starting in the year 2005]*, tariffs, and non tariff barriers , *[for the substantial trade] [for all trade]* as well as other measures with equivalent effects, which restrict trade between participating countries, Consistently with the provisions of the WTO, including article XXIV of GATT 94 and its understanding,
- All tariffs will be subject to negotiation.
- [Different trade liberalization time tables can be drawn up which could include special treatment for countries, sectors and products].*
- To facilitate the integration of smaller economies and their full participation in the FTAA negotiations.

The principles of the negotiations are :

- Consistency with WTO disciplines, in particular, with Article XXIV of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT 1994), and with the Understanding pertinent to the Interpretation of Article XXIV of GATT 1994.

RULES OF ORIGIN

The objectives of the negotiations are :

- To develop an efficient and transparent system of rules of origin, including nomenclature and certificates of origin, in order to facilitate the exchange of goods, without creating unnecessary obstacles to trade.

The principles that will govern the negotiation are :

- Rules of origin should be elaborated and administered in an objective, transparent, coherent and predictable manner, *[with the aim that its implementation would give equal opportunities to all FTAA members].*
- Technical assistance and cooperation may be requested and provided by the countries on rules of origin in accordance with the modalities to be defined.
- The regime of rules of origin should provide for mechanisms to update the system on the basis of technological changes and other requirements.
- [Rules of origin shall take into account the specific commercial interests of all countries of the Hemisphere, including those of the smaller economies].*

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

5

-For the elaboration of this system, the nomenclature of the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System will be adopted (HS).

CUSTOMS PROCEDURES

The objectives of the negotiations are :

- To simplify customs procedures, in order to facilitate trade and reduce administrative costs.
- To create and implement mechanisms to exchange information in customs issues among FTAA countries.
- To design effective systems to detect and combat fraud and other illicit customs activities, without creating unnecessary obstacles to foreign trade.

The principles that will govern the negotiations are :

- Customs Procedures should be elaborated and administered in an objective, transparent, coherent and predictable manner, *[with the aim that its implementation would give equal opportunities to all FTAA members]*.
- Technical assistance and cooperation may be requested and provided by the countries customs procedures in accordance with the modalities to be defined.
- With the purpose of attaining the proposed objectives in this matter, the customs procedures should be clear and precise and only require the necessary information for the efficient performance of customs functions.
- Develop mechanisms for the exchange of the information regarding progress toward the agreed upon simplification, and toward the adoption of mechanisms to detect and combat fraud and other illicit customs activities.
- The modalities of the implementation of the simplified customs procedures, by Customs Administrations, should be determined during the negotiations.

INVESTMENT

The objectives of the negotiations are :

- To establish a fair and transparent legal framework that leads to a stable and predictable environment that protects investors, their investment and related flows ; and stimulate the development of investment opportunities, without creating improper obstacles to extra-hemispheric investments, in accordance with paragraph 2 of the Cartagena Declaration and paragraph 2 of the Belo Horizonte Declaration.

The principles that will govern the negotiations are :

- The negotiation shall provide for transparency and the protection of investors and their investments. This negotiation shall be based, at least, on the following principles : Non-discrimination, National Treatment, Most-favored-nation treatment, Fair and equitable treatment.

STANDARDS AND TECHNICAL BARRIERS TO TRADE

The objectives of the negotiations are :

- To strive for the elimination and prevention of technical barriers to trade in the Western Hemisphere ;
- To ensure consistency with the provisions of the WTO.

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

6

An elaboration of objectives and principles is contained in the Common Objectives Paper attached.

The principles that will govern the negotiations are :

- Standards, technical regulations and conformity assessment procedures should not create unnecessary barriers to trade.

Other principles are set out in greater detail in the Common Objectives Paper attached.

SUBSIDIES ANTIDUMPING AND COUNTERVAILING DUTIES

The objectives of the negotiation are :

- Eliminate agricultural export subsidies affecting trade in the Hemisphere.
- Identify other trade distorting practices for agriculture products including those that have an effect equivalent to agricultural export subsidies and bring them under greater discipline.
- Examine ways to deepen, if appropriate, existing disciplines provided for in the WTO Agreement on Subsidies and Countervailing Measures and enhance compliance with the terms of the WTO agreement on subsidies and countervailing measures.
- Achieve a common understanding with a view to improving, where possible, the rules and procedures regarding the operation and application of trade remedy laws in order to ensure transparency and **[due process] [fairness]** in the use of those instruments and in order not to create unjustified barriers to trade in the Hemisphere.
- [Members of the Working Group disagree on the appropriate scope of the above objective. One view is that, given the existence and nature of multilateral rules, negotiations should focus exclusively on identifying potential improvements in the ways in which greater transparency and due process are assured in the process of applying such rules. Another view is that negotiations should fully examine the use of trade remedies in the hemisphere and engage in substantive negotiation aimed at improving the operation and application of these laws consistent with the objectives of a free trade area.]***
- Some countries consider that the following should also be objectives.***
- Establish and improve existing trade rules that would be conducive to the attainment of fair trade in agricultural products.***
- Assess the feasibility of eliminating the use of antidumping measures within the Hemisphere once free trade has been achieved.***
- Provide for special and differential treatment for the smaller economies].***

The principles that will govern the negotiations are :

- Negotiations shall improve upon WTO rules and disciplines wherever possible and appropriate.
- To the extent applicable, negotiations shall build upon existing regional and sub-regional trade and integration arrangements in the Hemisphere.
- Negotiations shall take into account the role of on non-FTAA trading partners
- Negotiations shall require that countries avoid adopting, to the greatest extent possible, policies that adversely affect trade in the Hemisphere

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

7

GOVERNMENT PROCUREMENT

The objectives of the negotiations are :

- The broad objective of negotiations in government procurement is to expand access to the government procurement markets of the FTAA countries.
- To achieve a normative framework that ensures openness and transparency of government procurement processes, without necessarily implying the establishment of identical government procurement systems in all countries ;
- To ensure non-discrimination in government procurement within a scope to be negotiated ;
- To ensure impartial and fair review for the resolution of procurement complaints and appeals by suppliers and the effective implementation of such resolutions.
- [Negotiations shall not exclude trade in goods and services, investment and government procurement at any levels of the political-administrative structure of the countries negotiating the Agreement].**
- [Negotiations shall include trade in goods and services, investment and government procurement at all levels of the political-administrative structure of the countries negotiating the Agreement].**
- [The scope of government procurement shall be subject to negotiation].**

The principles that will govern the negotiations are :

- Non-discrimination within the negotiated scope of the agreement

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

The objectives of the negotiations are :

- In the framework of the general objective of the FTAA to construct a free trade area, the objective of the negotiations in the area of intellectual property shall be to achieve an agreement or common understanding that reduces distortions in trade in the Hemisphere and promotes and ensures adequate and effective protection to intellectual property rights.
- [The agreement shall take into account changes in technology.]**

The principles that will govern the negotiations are :

- Consistent with the framework of the general principles of the Belo Horizonte Declaration and the "Agreement on Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights" of the WTO, the following specific principles were identified:

a)National treatment

b)Most favored nation

c)***[Principles of intellectual property applicable by thematic area]***

d)***[Not diminishing the level of protection to the countries during negotiations in accordance with [their] [existing] international obligations].***

e)***[To cover all areas of intellectual property rights, including enforcement].***

-***[The provisions of paragraph b shall not prevent some countries being granted specific privileges or facilities within the framework of bilateral or sub-regional agreements beyond FTAA].***

-Canada accepts the national treatment and MFN principles with exceptions.

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

8

The objectives and principles of the Working Group on Smaller Economies were included in the General Objectives and Principles of the Declaration.

SERVICES

The objectives of the negotiations are :

- Establishment of an agreement containing disciplines for trade in services, to permit the achievement of a hemispheric free trade area under conditions of certainty and transparency ;
- Ensure the integration of smaller economies into the FTAA process.

The principles that will govern the negotiations are :

- Taking into consideration the provisions set forth by WTO and, in particular full consistency with article V of GATS, to deepen in the FTAA the level of commitments undertaken by the countries in the GATS.
- Disciplines established in the hemispheric agreement on services will apply to all service sectors and to all modes of supply, under conditions of non-discrimination

COMPETITION POLICY

The objectives of the negotiations are :

- To guarantee that the benefits of the FTAA liberalization process not be undermined by anti-competitive business practices.
- To advance towards the establishment of juridical and institutional coverage at the national, sub-regional or regional level, that proscribes the carrying out of anti-competitive business practices;
- To develop mechanisms that facilitate and promote the development of competition policy and guarantee the enforcement of regulations on free competition among and within countries of the Hemisphere.

The principles that will govern the negotiations are :

- To consider the differences between existing legal systems and traditions in countries of the Hemisphere
- To consider the distinct degrees of development and enforcement of competition policies

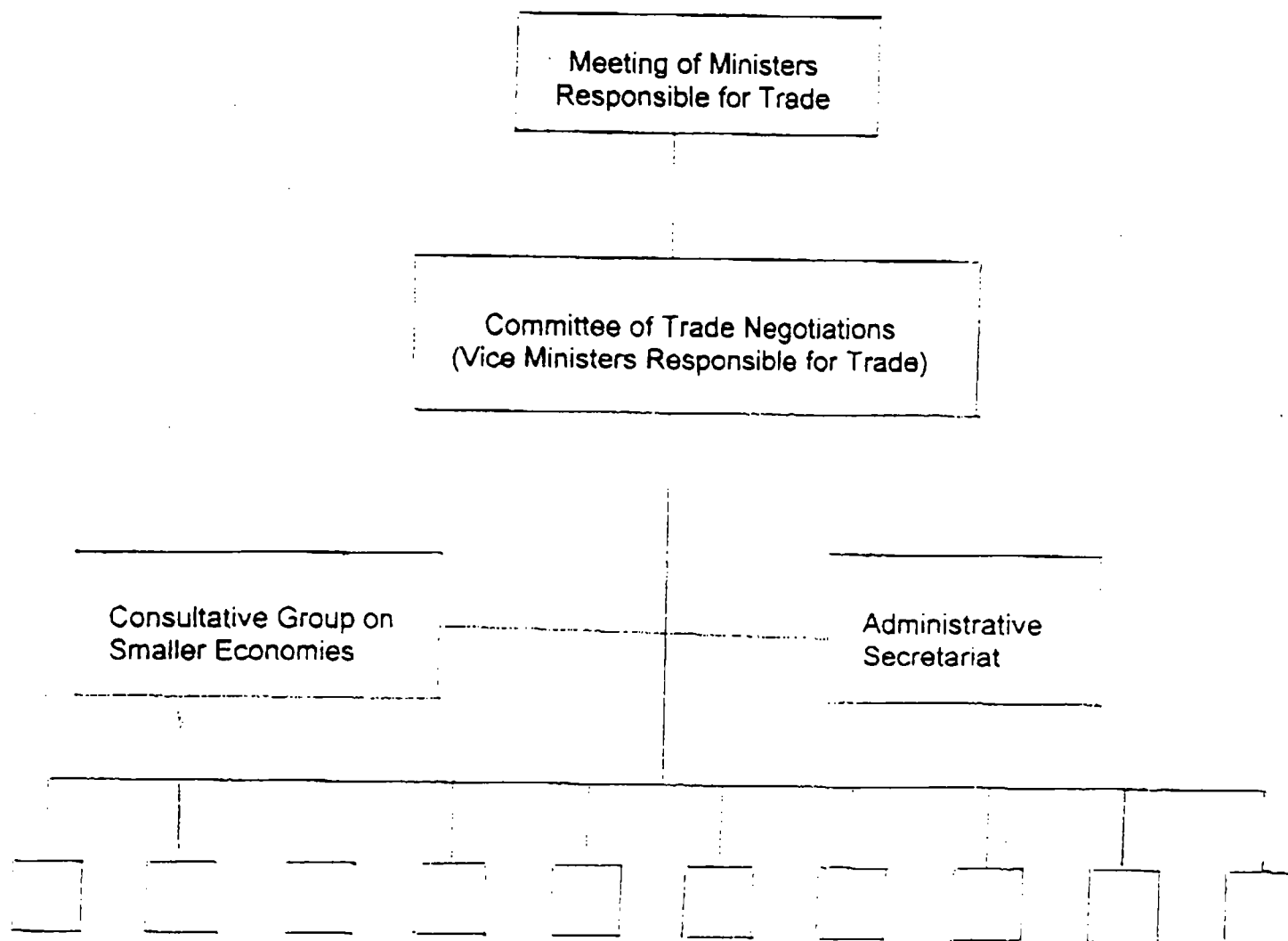
UNCLASSIFIED

PART II

UNCLASSIFIED

Structure of the Negotiations**1. Structure of the negotiations**

We agree on the following structure for the negotiations :



Number and issues for Negotiating Groups to be defined.

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

10

2. Functions :

The functions of each of the previous instances of the negotiation process are the following :

Ministers Responsible for Trade :

The Meeting of Ministers is the instance of higher level in the conduct of the process of negotiations. Its functions will be :

- a) To assess the advance of the negotiations in the Ministerial Meetings and approve negotiated matters submitted for their consideration by the Trade Negotiations Committee.
- b) Select the country that will hold the Presidency of the FTAA process.
- c) Select the Presidents and Vice Presidents of the Negotiation Groups.

They will meet every 18 months, on the following dates : late 1999, mid 2001, early 2003 and mid 2005.

Committee of Trade Negotiations :

The Committee of Trade Negotiations (CTN) is formed by the Vice-Ministers Responsible for Trade of the countries of the Hemisphere. It will be in charge of carrying the negotiations process. Its functions will be :

- a) To coordinate the tasks of the Negotiation Groups, receive the reports submitted by the Presidents of the negotiation groups and define the substantive negotiation issues in the periods between ministerial meetings.
- b) To create, dissolve or merge negotiation groups according to the necessities of the process
- c) To report to the Meeting of Ministers Responsible for Trade.
- d) To name the Presidents and Vice Presidents of the negotiation groups provisionally, in the periods between ministerial meetings.
- e) To meet at least twice a year.

Negotiation Groups :

The negotiation groups are responsible for holding negotiations in each one of the technical issues. They will meet the times they consider necessary, or by mandate of the Committee of Trade Negotiations.

Presidents of the Negotiation Groups :

Each negotiation groups has a President, whose responsibility is to steer the work of the Group, according to the instructions received from the Committee of Trade Negotiations. The presidents of the negotiation groups are named by the Ministers Responsible for Trade, considering the need for a geographical balance, as well as the personal and professional qualities of the candidates. They can be confirmed for their positions for subsequent periods.

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

11

Vice Presidents of the Negotiation Groups :

They assume the presidency of the Group in case the President cannot continue exercising its charge. They will not be selected from the same country of origin than the President of the Negotiation Groups.

Consultative Group on Smaller Economies :

It is integrated to give special attention to the needs, economic condition and opportunities of the smaller economies, actively seeking the means to facilitate their integration to the FTAA process.

3. Venues of Negotiation :

Options :

- a) To establish a unique site for the Negotiation Groups and the Administrative Secretariat
- b) To establish two sites for the negotiations groups, in one of which the Administrative Secretariat will be established.
- c) To establish two sites for the negotiations groups, with the Administrative Secretariat established in a third place.
- d) To establish three or more venues for the negotiation groups.

Elements to be considered :

- Easy access (Cost, time, frequency of flights)
- General conditions of local infrastructure, security and managerial capacity.
- Political and geographical balance.
- Offers of countries that are proposing candidacy (physical space, logistical support, personal support)

4. Administrative Secretariat

We have agreed on creating a Administrative Secretariat of the process of negotiations of the FTAA, to give logistical and administrative support to the negotiations process, to facilitate the translation services during the meetings and of official documents, to keep the official documents of the FTAA process and to be in charge of the distribution and publication of the documents (Belo Horizonte Declaration).

5. Tri-partite Committee :

We request to the Tri-partite Committee to continue providing analytical support, technical assistance and related studies, as required by the negotiation groups. Also to provide technical support to member countries individually, at their request, according to the procedures of the institutions (Ministerial Declaration of Belo Horizonte)

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

12

PART III**Other Issues****Trade and Environment**

Free trade and increased economic integration are key factors for sustainable development. This will be furthered as we strive to make our trade liberalization and environmental policies mutually supportive, taking into account efforts undertaken by the GATT/WTO and other international organizations (Plan of Action of the Summit of the Americas). We will keep this issue under consideration, in light of further developments in the work of the WTO Committee on Trade and Environment (Belo Horizonte Ministerial Declaration).

Trade and Labor Rights

We renew our commitment to endorse the fundamental labor norms internationally accepted. The International Trade Organization (ITO) is the instance competent to establish these norms and their observance, and we reaffirm our support to its role in promoting them. We consider that economic growth and development, fostered by trade growth and further trade liberalization, will contribute to the promotion of these norms. We reject the use of these norms for protectionist purposes, and agree that comparative advantage of the countries should not be questioned, in particular that of low wages developing countries. As we advance in economic integration, we support a higher level of observance and promotion of worker rights, such as defined in pertinent international treaties. (WTO Ministerial Declaration of Singapore, Plan of Action of the Declaration of the Americas, Belo Horizonte Ministerial Declaration).

Civil Society

In order to guarantee the participation and commitment of individuals, we invite the private sector, labor, political parties, academics, and other non-governmental actors and organizations to cooperate and participate in our national and regional efforts, thus strengthening liaisons among governments and Societies. (Plan of Action of the Summit of the Americas)

UNCLASSIFIED

PART IV**UNCLASSIFIED****Business Facilitation**

We have agreed to instruct the Trade Negotiations Committee to define a group of business facilitation measures, based on the documents raised by the FTAA process, for the countries to adopt before the year 2000.

Ministerial Resolutions :

We have agreed the following :

- To name _____ as the country that will hold the Presidency of the FTAA negotiations process from now and until the next Ministerial Meeting, that will be celebrated in 1999 in _____.
- To name the following persons as Presidents and Vice-Presidents of the Negotiation Groups : _____
- To name _____ as Secretary of the Administrative Secretariat of the FTAA.
- To instruct the Trade Negotiations Committee to approve a detailed program of trade negotiations before June 19, 1998, in which the terms of reference for the negotiation groups and the date for ending their mandates will be defined.
- To instruct the Trade Negotiations Committee to advance in their first meeting in the mechanisms of business facilitation to be adopted in the short term.

UNCLASSIFIED

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001j. draft	Attachment H. (21 pages)	02/10/1998	P1/b(1)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
National Economic Council
Malcolm Lee
OA/Box Number: CF 1184

FOLDER TITLE:

Korea, Auto Agreement, 1997 [7]

2009-0528-F
vz1409

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]