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Folder Title:

Chron File - October 1994 #2 [2]

Staff Office-Individual:

Defense Policy-Bell, Robert

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266

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DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001a. memo	Duplicate of vz4643_005a. (1 page)	10/06/1994	P1/b(1)
001b. cable	Duplicate of vz4643_006b. (2 pages)	09/22/1994	P1/b(1)
001c. memo	Duplicate of vz4643_006c. (1 page)	09/28/1994	P1/b(1)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
National Security Council
Defense Policy and Arms Control (Robert Bell)
OA/Box Number: 266

FOLDER TITLE:

Chron File - October 1994 #2 [2]

2016-0152-F

vz4647

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

October 14, 1994

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR WILLIAM H. ITOH

THROUGH: ~~ROBERT BELL~~ *RGB*

FROM: KEITH HAHN *KH*

SUBJECT: Enrolled Bill HR 5155, Transfer of Certain Naval
Vessels to Foreign Countries

Tab II is an enrolled bill that would transfer, by either sale or lease, several NEWPORT class tank landing ships to Argentina, Chile, Malaysia, Spain, Venezuela and Taiwan. These are different ships than those transferred by similar legislation during the last session of Congress.

Concurrence by: Bill Danvers *BD*

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the memorandum at Tab I concurring in the enrolled bill.

Attachments

Tab I Memorandum for Signature

Tab II Incoming Correspondence

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

8281

MEMORANDUM FOR RONALD K. PETERSON

FROM: WILLIAM H. ITOH

SUBJECT: Enrolled Bill, HR 5155, Transfer of Certain Naval
Vessels to Foreign Countries

The National Security Council staff concurs in Enrolled Bill HR
5155.

8281

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
Washington, D.C. 20503

October 11, 1994

ENROLLED BILL REQUEST

EB Request #404

TO: LEGISLATIVE LIAISON OFFICERS

DEFENSE - Samuel T. Brick, Jr. - (703)697-1305 - 325
JUSTICE - Sheila F. Anthony - (202)514-2141 - 217
STATE - Julia C. Norton - (202)647-4463 - 225
COMMERCE - Michael A. Levitt - (202)482-3151 - 324 *NE K Brown 10*
NSC - William H. Itoh - (202)395-3723 - 249

OMB CONTACT: Holly FITTER (395-3233)

SUBJECT: ENROLLED BILL - HR 5155

Transfer of Certain Naval Vessels to Foreign
Countries

COMMENTS: The text of HR 5155 is attached. — *Complete Copy*

Please refer to Pages S 14676 of the Congressional Record dated October 07, 1994. A facsimile will be sent to you as soon as it is available. Your receipt of the facsimile will commence the two-day deadline referenced below.

In accordance with OMB Circular No. A-19, your written views and recommendation for Presidential action are requested on the subject enrolled bill.

Please consult section 10 of OMB Circular No. A-19, pages 12-14, for instructions regarding the preparation of enrolled bill letters and the procedures to be followed on enrolled bills.

Within TWO DAYS (including Saturdays and holidays but excluding Sundays) after receipt of the facsimile, an original and one copy of your reply should be hand delivered to the New Executive Office Building (NEOB).

In order to expedite the handling of your reply, please

- o mark the envelope "Enrolled Bill";
 - o indicate the legislative analyst's name and phone number on the envelope; and
 - o instruct your messenger to call the legislative analyst from the NEOB lobby to pick up the envelope. (The envelope should NOT be left in the mail room in the NEOB lobby.)
- 5 pages*

PAGE 2

~~...operation of meeting this deadline is needed to provide~~
maximum time for Presidential action on the enrolled bill.

A regular facsimile of the enrolled bill is being sent to you by the messenger service.

It is also of considerable assistance to us if you fax advance copies of letters, signing statements, and veto messages.

JAMES C. MURR
Assistant Director for
Legislative Reference

(Original signature of Member)103D CONGRESS
2D SESSION**H. R. 5155**

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. HAMILTON (for himself and Mr. GILMAN) introduced the following bill;
which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To authorize the transfer of naval vessels to certain foreign
countries.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. AUTHORITY TO TRANSFER NAVAL VESSELS TO**
4 **CERTAIN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.**

5 (a) ARGENTINA.—The Secretary of the Navy is au-
6 thorized to transfer to the Government of Argentina the
7 "NEWPORT" class tank landing ship SCHENECTADY
8 (LST 1185). Such transfer shall be on a lease basis under

1 chapter 6 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C.
2 2796 and following).

3 (b) CHILE.—The Secretary of the Navy is authorized
4 to transfer to the Government of Chile the "NEWPORT"
5 class tank landing ships NEWPORT (LST 1179) and
6 SAN BERNARDINO (LST 1189). Such transfers shall
7 be on a lease basis under chapter 6 of the Arms Export
8 Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2796 and following).

9 (c) MALAYSIA.—The Secretary of the Navy is author-
10 ized to transfer to the Government of Malaysia the
11 "NEWPORT" class tank landing ship SPARTANBURG
12 COUNTY (LST 1197). Such transfer shall be on a sales
13 basis under section 21 of the Arms Export Control Act
14 (22 U.S.C. 2761; relating to the foreign military sales pro-
15 gram).

16 (d) SPAIN.—The Secretary of the Navy is authorized
17 to transfer to the Government of Spain the "NEWPORT"
18 class tank landing ship HARLAN COUNTY (LST 1196).
19 Such transfer shall be on a lease basis under chapter 6
20 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2796 and fol-
21 lowing).

22 (e) TAIWAN.—The Secretary of the Navy is author-
23 ized to transfer to the Taipei Economic and Cultural Rep-
24 resentative Office in the United States (which is the Tai-
25 wan instrumentality designated pursuant to section 10(a)

1 of the Taiwan Relations Act) the "NEWPORT" class
2 tank landing ships MANITOWOC (LST 1180) and SUM-
3 TER (LST 1181). Such transfers shall be on a lease basis
4 under chapter 6 of the Arms Export Control Act (22
5 U.S.C. 2796 and following).

6 (f) VENEZUELA.—The Secretary of the Navy is au-
7 thorized to transfer to the Government of Venezuela the
8 "NEWPORT" class tank landing ships PEORIA (LST
9 1183) and BARBOUR COUNTY (LST 1195). Such
10 transfers shall be on a lease basis under chapter 6 of the
11 Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2796 and following).

12 SEC. 2. WAIVER OF REQUIREMENTS FOR NOTIFICATION TO
13 CONGRESS.

14 The following provisions do not apply with respect to
15 the transfers authorized by this Act:

16 (1) In the case of a sale under section 21 of the
17 Arms Export Control Act, section 525 of the For-
18 eign Operations, Export Financing, and Related
19 Programs Appropriations Act, 1994 (Public Law
20 108-87) and any similar, successor provision.

21 (2) In the case of a lease under section 61 of
22 the Arms Export Control Act, section 62 of that Act
23 (except that section 62 of that Act shall apply to any
24 renewal of the lease).

1 SEC. 3. COSTS OF TRANSFERS.

2 Any expense of the United States in connection with
3 a transfer authorized by this Act shall be charged to the
4 recipient.

5 SEC. 4. EXPIRATION OF AUTHORITY.

6 The authority granted by section 1 of this Act shall
7 ~~expire at the end of the 2 year period beginning on the~~
8 date of the enactment of this Act, except that leases en-
9 tered into during that period under section 1 may be re-
10 newed.

11 SEC. 5. REPAIR AND REFURBISHMENT OF VESSELS IN THE
12 UNITED STATES.

13 It is the sense of the Congress that the Secretary of
14 the Navy should request that each country to which a
15 naval vessel is transferred under this Act have such repair
16 or refurbishment of the vessel as is needed, before the ves-
17 sel joins the naval forces of that country, performed at
18 shipyards located in the United States, including United
19 States navy shipyards.

20 SEC. 6. CONDITION FOR TRANSFER.

21 No vessel may be transferred under this Act until the
22 Secretary of Defense certifies in writing to Congress that,
23 after the transfer—

24 (1) the amphibious lift capacity remaining
25 available in the Navy is sufficient in all lift cat-

1 egories to transport 2½ Marine Corps expeditionary
2 brigades simultaneously; and

3 (2) the amphibious lift capacity planned to be
4 available in the Navy under the future-years defense
5 program will be sufficient in all lift categories,
6 throughout the period covered by the future-years
7 defense program, to transport 2½ Marine Corps ex-
8 peditionary brigades simultaneously.

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20508

October 14, 1994

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR ANTHONY LAKE

THROUGH:

ROBERT G. BELL *RGB*

FROM:

STEVEN R. JONES *SJ*

SUBJECT:

Defense-Related Background for President's Trip
to Bridgeport, CT, and Miami, FL

Attached is an information memorandum as requested by Sandy Berger to support the President's trip this weekend to Bridgeport and Miami. The memorandum provides updates on two defense-related areas: shipbuilding at Groton, CT (70 miles from Bridgeport) and the current status of Homestead AFB at Miami.

The NEC is providing economic background information in a separate memorandum.

RECOMMENDATION

That you approve the attached memorandum to the President.

Attachment

Tab I Information Memorandum to the President

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

INFORMATION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: ANTHONY LAKE

SUBJECT: Background Defense-Related Information for Your
Trip to Bridgeport, CT, and Miami, FL

Since you are traveling to Bridgeport and Miami this weekend, you should be aware of current shipbuilding activities at Groton, CT (70 miles from Bridgeport) and the status of Homestead AFB near Miami.

SHIPBUILDING AT ELECTRIC BOAT/GROTON:

In a very well-received ceremony on September 24, the First Lady christened the USS COLUMBIA, the last Los Angeles (688) Class submarine built at Electric Boat. With the christening of the COLUMBIA, Electric Boat has seven active submarine contracts:

- Finish work on two Los Angeles (688) class submarines: the COLUMBIA and the HARTFORD, launched earlier this year.
- Build two SEAWOLF (SSN 21) class attack submarines.
- Complete the last two TRIDENT class ballistic missile submarines.

Last year's Bottom-up Review (BUR) focused on the need to maintain the submarine industrial base during the force drawdown and decided that a third Seawolf class SSN should be constructed at Electric Boat at Groton to help "bridge" the gap in submarine production, prior to the introduction of a lower-cost but capable New Attack Submarine (the NSSN).

In his August 18 memo to the Services concerning the current FY 1996 budget review, Deputy Secretary of Defense John Deutch requested several defense program alternatives be examined as potential sources to increase funding for military readiness and quality-of-life. As part of this review, the Navy was asked to submit an alternative to the current NSSN program that would delay by one year one of the NSSNs previously planned for construction at Groton. In testimony on September 20 before the Senate Armed Services Committee, Deputy Secretary Deutch stated

cc: Vice President
Chief of Staff

that he had decided to delay the start of the third new attack submarine, scheduled to begin construction in 2001, by one year.

The workforce at Electric Boat is projected to decline from 18,000 to about 6,000 in the transition to low rate production of the NSSN. Studies by RAND and the Navy have concluded that low rate production is the most cost effective approach to maintaining the nation's nuclear submarine industrial base.

HOMESTEAD AIR FORCE BASE:

Homestead Air Force Base was almost destroyed by Hurricane Andrew on August 24, 1992, and the F-16 Fighter Wing and tenants were transferred to other locations. In March of 1993, Defense recommended that Homestead Air Force Base, representing 3865 military and 912 civilian jobs, be closed. The Base Closure and Realignment Commission recommendation (which you subsequently approved) partially accepted the Secretary of Defense position, but directed that the Reserve Air Force Wing return to Homestead. The Reserve Wing returned to Homestead in April 1994, returning 300 full-time civilian and 900 full time military (along with up to 4,000 additional personnel who participate in weekend exercises) back to the Homestead area.

On March 18, 1993, Defense announced the initiation of our Defense economic adjustment program at Homestead. Overall, federal funding for hurricane-related projects has totaled more than \$160 million. In July of 1993 DoD designated Homestead as the first (of four) national demonstration projects for base closure. Recently the Reuse Committee, comprised of public and private officials from Dade County, Homestead and Florida City, completed their reuse implementation plan for the base and the South Dade area. The Air Force plans to issue its Record of Decision for disposal of the base by December 1994.

The community reuse plan identifies Federally-retained areas for the Air Force Reserves, National Guard, Customs, Job Corps Center and homeless, as well as acreage for aviation, education, recreation and revenue producing ventures. Ultimately Dade County would acquire the property under a public benefit conveyance for aviation. Overall, our base reutilization efforts at Homestead have been positively received and favorably reviewed.

As a couple of final notes, at present portions of Homestead Air Force Base are being used to support our operations in Haiti. Also, South Dade County Commissioner Larry Hawkins, whom you have met previously, did not win his reelection bid. The new Commissioner, Katy Sorenson will be sworn in on October 18.

NEC MEMOS

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

October 14, 1994

~~To: DAVID Lavelle~~
Steve Jones
6-9190

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Paul Deegan
National Economic Council

SUBJECT: Background Information on the Connecticut Economy

This memorandum presents background information about current conditions and issues of concern in Connecticut.

- **Base Closure** -- As a result of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Commission's 1993 recommendations, Connecticut will gain almost 3,400 military jobs. All of these jobs will be at the Naval Sub Base in New London. Connecticut will not have any military or civilian job losses as a result of the 1993 recommendations.

*Too high - asked NEC
to coordinate with
M. McAndrew, DoD to confirm.*

- **Technology Reinvestment Project (TRP)** -- Lead participants in Connecticut include:

Participant	City	Focus Area	Total Project Size*
Coltec Industries	W. Hartford	Vane Pump	\$4,500,000
IBM Corporation**	Milford	Info. Infrastructure	\$70,700,000
U. of Connecticut	Stoors	Engineering	\$12,700,000
Fairfield University	Fairfield	Competitiveness	\$200,000
U. of Connecticut	Stoors	Photonics	\$1,500,000
Dept. of Eco. Development	Rocky Hill	Tech. Extension	\$5,500,000
Dept. of Eco. Development	Rocky Hill	Environmental Tech.	\$1,800,000
Total			\$96,900,000

* Federal share to be negotiated. All of the above have smaller partners.

**This \$70.7 million proposal led by IBM will develop open industry software standards that will integrate computing environments across the U.S. manufacturing industrial base. It will allow geographically separated organizations to electronically link into "virtual enterprises" to access, share, and communicate manufacturing design solutions.

-2-

- **Groton's Recovery** -- Two years ago, the people of southeastern Connecticut were nervously confronting the end of the cold war. The sub-base has stayed open, and the Mashantucket Pequot Indians built a casino complex that employs 9,000. The result: the region has added 6,000 service jobs, far offsetting the 800 it lost in manufacturing. (Source: Business Week, 9/5/94)
 - **Connecticut's Recovery** -- Connecticut is seeing an upsurge in employment in drug research and manufacturing as well as production of high-tech industrial instruments. Drugmaker Miles Inc. built a \$130 million research center in West Haven two years ago and is expanding steadily. Pfizer Inc. has boosted its research workforce in Groton by 40% since 1989. Even defense contractor Electric Boat is hiring a few people in design and engineering as it begins work on a new class of attack submarines. (Source: Business Week, 9/5/94)
 - **Fairfield, CT-Based General Electric's Financial Health** -- "GE is one healthy elephant. GE is producing record earnings -- close to a projected \$6 billion this year, making it one of the most profitable companies in the world. Free cash flow after capital spending and dividends: about \$2 billion. Debt is already down to 17% of total capital and by next summer GE should have virtually no net debt." (Source: Forbes, 10/10/94)
 - **Uruguay Round Is Good for Connecticut** -- Connecticut recorded merchandise exports of \$10.2 billion in 1993, placing the state 12th nationally in terms of exports. Connecticut's merchandise exports grew by 119% between 1987-1993. Uruguay Round benefits to Connecticut include:
 - duty elimination for medical devices and pharmaceuticals in key foreign markets;
 - harmonization of chemical tariffs at low rates; and average 72% tariff reduction on aerospace and aerospace equipment and major tariff reductions in key markets for white spirits (such as gin and vodka); and
 - producers of civil aircraft benefit from better protection against unfair subsidization by foreign governments.
 - **NAFTA** -- Connecticut's exports to Canada and Mexico reached \$1.6 billion in 1992, and supported 42,000 jobs. (Source: USTR)
- CT's Exports to Mexico, 1987-1992** -- Thousand \$ (Source: DoC)
- | | 1987 | 1992 | % Change |
|-----------------------------------|---------|---------|----------|
| Total Exports to Mexico | 115,400 | 280,100 | 143% |
| Chemical Products | 47,800 | 87,200 | 82% |
| Electric and Electronic Equipment | 11,500 | 39,000 | 239% |
| Industrial Machinery & Computers | 14,500 | 32,000 | 120% |

-3-

- **EITC Benefits 84,000 Families in Connecticut** -- This information comes from 1993 Treasury estimates.

Rep.	EITC Benefits	\$ (millions)	% Families	Higher Taxes
DeLauro	15,400 families	22.8	10.7	4,000 taxpayers
Franks	12,800 families	19.0	8.6	7,000 taxpayers
Gejdenson	16,200 families	24.1	11.3	2,500 taxpayers
Johnson	11,500 families	17.1	7.7	4,800 taxpayers
Kennelly	16,500 families	24.5	11.5	4,400 taxpayers
Shays	12,000 families	17.9	8.3	16,100 taxpayers
STATE	84,400 families	125.4	9.7	40,000 taxpayers

- **Federal Reserve on the First District (Boston)** -- While the First District Economy continues to expand, recent economic conditions appear to be somewhat less robust than earlier in the summer. Some retailers, especially apparel merchants, report weakening sales, but hard goods and food are still selling well. Manufacturing sales results are mixed, and prices are reported to be stable, with a few exceptions. Commercial real estate continues to strengthen in most of the region. (Source: Federal Reserve, 9/14/94)

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

October 14, 1994

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Paul Deegan
National Economic Council

SUBJECT: Background Economic Information for Trip to Florida

This memorandum presents background information about economic conditions in Florida.

Technology Reinvestment Project (TRP) -- Lead participants from Florida include:

Participant	City	Focus Area	Total Project Size*
Pratt & Whitney**	W. Palm Beach	Material Mfg.	\$50,000,000
Pratt & Whitney	W. Palm Beach	Mechanical Design	\$14,100,000
U of Central Florida	Orlando	Photonics Education	\$4,000,000
U of Florida	Palm Beach Gardens	Education & Trng.	\$2,100,000
Naval Training Ctr.	Orlando	Technology Access	\$4,600,000
U of Florida	Gainesville	Technology Access	\$800,000
U of South Florida	Tampa	Microelectronics	\$1,500,000
Total			\$77,100,000

*Federal share to be negotiated. Participants are partners in larger projects.

**This \$50 million project led by Pratt & Whitney will develop affordable composites for advanced aircraft propulsion systems. Polymer composites have the potential to increase performance and fuel efficiency for both military and commercial aircraft.

Defense Workers Finding Jobs Elsewhere -- Martin Marietta Corp.'s missile manufacturing complex in Orlando has shed roughly 10,000 jobs since the late 1980s. But it is aggressively courting foreign business, which now accounts for 50% of revenues, up from 3% five years ago. Harris Corp. has moved 1,500 of its Electronic Systems Sector's 8,000 employees into nondefense work. It's latest win: a \$100 million contract to provide communications links for the Metropolitan Washington Airports Authority. (Source: Business Week, 9/5/94)

-2-

- **Importance of Pratt & Whitney** -- Pratt & Whitney employs 5,000 people in Palm Beach County, and its local payroll exceeds \$200 million. This facility is responsible for the design and development of all P&W's military engine and space propulsion programs. The engines for the SR-71 Blackbird, the F-15, and F-16 were developed at this facility. (Source: Pratt & Whitney)
- **Exports Important to Harris Corporation** -- Melbourne-based Harris produces electronic systems, semiconductors, office equipment, and communications equipment. International sales accounted for 28% of the company's \$3.1 billion in revenues for fiscal 1993, up from 15% of \$2.1 billion in fiscal 1987. Orders from Mexico increased by 49% during fiscal 1993, and orders from China increased by 141% during the same period. (Source: Harris Corporation)
- **Base Closure** -- As a result of the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Commission's (BRAC) recommendations, Florida will lose nearly 10,000 military jobs and over 600 civilian jobs. (Source: BRAC)
- **Uruguay Round is Good for Florida** -- Florida is the nation's eighth-leading exporter of merchandise, with \$14.7 billion of sales in 1993. Over the 1987-1993 period, the state's exports grew by nearly 90%. Uruguay Round benefits to Florida include:
 - staged elimination of tariffs on printed material by the European Union, South Korea and Japan and elimination of tariffs in furniture in key markets; and
 - significant lowering of tariffs on fish and fish products; import tariff reductions greater than 50% on industrial machinery and electronic equipment; average reductions of 63% on industrial and analytical instruments; and import tariff reductions ranging from 40-80% on transportation equipment.
- **NAFTA** -- Florida's exports to Canada and Mexico reached \$2.3 billion in 1992, and supported almost 33,000 jobs. (Source: USTR)

Florida's Exports to Mexico, 1987-1992 -- Thousand \$ (Source: DoC)

	1987	1992	% Change
Total Exports to Mexico	219,000	664,000	203%
Industrial Machinery & Computers	71,000	144,000	103%
Electric and Electronic Equipment	14,000	74,000	425%
Rubber and Plastic Products	1,300	16,000	1168%

-3-

- **Federal Reserve on the Sixth District (Atlanta)** -- The Southeast economy continued to expand in August, although at a somewhat less rapid pace than before. Retailers again reported higher sales, and their expectations for Christmas are mildly optimistic. Activity among District manufacturers has been mixed; however, most expect orders to increase over the next few months. Building remains strong, although single-family home sales slowed in August. (Source: Federal Reserve Beige Book, 9/14/94)

- **EITC Benefits Almost 900,000 families in Florida** -- This information comes from 1993 Treasury estimates.

Rep.	EITC Benefits	\$ (millions)	% Families	Higher Taxes
Hutto	45,100 families	78.7	29.0	1,969 taxpayers
Peterson	50,600 families	88.2	34.8	1,896 taxpayers
Thurman	51,100 families	89.1	31.3	1,600 taxpayers
Gibbons	49,200 families	85.7	34.1	2,900 taxpayers
Bacchus	31,800 families	55.4	19.6	3,004 taxpayers
Meek	48,300 families	84.2	36.8	900 taxpayers
Johnston	21,200 families	36.9	12.6	7,000 taxpayers
Deutsch	26,000 families	45.3	16.7	6,300 taxpayers
Hastings	50,000 families	87.2	37.4	851 taxpayers
STATE	895,400 families	1,561.4	25.3	87,800 taxpayers

HOMESTEAD AIR FORCE BASE

OEA FACT SHEET
HOMESTEAD

ISSUE: Closure of Homestead Air Force Base (AFB), Dade County, Florida

BACKGROUND: Homestead AFB was almost destroyed by Hurricane Andrew on August 24, 1992. The F-16 Wing and tenants were transferred to other locations. Homestead was recommended for closure in March 1993, involving 3,865 military and 912 civilian jobs. The BRAC accepted the SecDef recommendation but directed that the Reserve Wing return to Homestead. The base closed and the Reserve Wing returned from MacDill AFB in April 1994. The Wing will account for 300 full-time civilian and 900 full time military; weekend exercises could bring up to 4,000 military personnel to the Homestead area.

On March 18, 1993, a press release was issued announcing the initiation of DoD's economic adjustment program for Homestead. The Reuse Committee, established as part of the DoD program, comprised public and private sector officials from Dade County, Homestead, and Florida City. On July 8, 1993, the DepSecDef was presented the community's base reuse plan in Homestead; where he designated Homestead as the first (of four) national demonstration projects. In October 1994, the reuse and development plans for the base and South Dade area were completed. Air Force plans to issue the Record of Decision for disposal of the base by December 1994. It supports the community reuse plan which identifies Federally-retained areas for the Air Force Reserves, National Guard, Customs, Job Corps Center, and homeless as well as acreage for aviation, education, recreation, and revenue producing. Ultimately, Dade County will acquire the property under a public benefit conveyance for aviation. Presently, portions of the base are being used to support the Defense Department's operations in Haiti.

Financial Assistance: Federal funding for hurricane-related projects totalled more than \$160 million; EDA--\$12.5M for on-base facility improvements (\$10.5M of it was a DoD Congressional earmark); OEA--\$1.5M for organization and planning; FAA--\$375,000 for planning; Youth Conservation Corps--\$750,000; Dade County--\$3M for engineering and design.

Prepared by: Paul J. Dempsey/OEA/604-6020/11 Oct 94/hmoc

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

8370

October 14, 1994

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR ANTHONY LAKE

THROUGH: ROBERT G. BELL *RGB*
FROM: STEVEN R. JONES *SJ*
SUBJECT: Defense-Related Background for President's Trip
to Bridgeport, CT, and Miami, FL

Attached is an information memorandum as requested by Sandy Berger to support the President's trip this weekend to Bridgeport and Miami. The memorandum provides updates on two defense-related areas: shipbuilding at Groton, CT (70 miles from Bridgeport) and the current status of Homestead AFB at Miami.

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RECOMMENDATION

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Attachment

Tab I Information Memorandum to the President

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

INFORMATION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: ANTHONY LAKE

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Trip to Bridgeport, CT, and Miami, FL

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cc: Vice President
Chief of Staff

that he had decided to delay the start of the third new attack submarine, scheduled to begin construction in 2001, by one year.

The workforce at Electric Boat is projected to decline from 18,000 to about 6,000 in the transition to low rate production of the NSSN. Studies by RAND and the Navy have concluded that low rate production is the most cost effective approach to maintaining the nation's nuclear submarine industrial base.

HOMESTEAD AIR FORCE BASE:

Homestead Air Force Base was almost destroyed by Hurricane Andrew on August 24, 1992, and the F-16 Fighter Wing and tenants were transferred to other locations. In March of 1993, Defense recommended that Homestead Air Force Base, representing 3865 military and 912 civilian jobs, be closed. The Base Closure and Realignment Commission recommendation (which you subsequently approved) partially accepted the Secretary of Defense position, but directed that the Reserve Air Force Wing return to Homestead. The Reserve Wing returned to Homestead in April 1994, returning 300 full-time civilian and 900 full time military (along with up to 4,000 additional personnel who participate in weekend exercises) back to the Homestead area.

On March 18, 1993, Defense announced the initiation of our Defense economic adjustment program at Homestead. Overall, federal funding for hurricane-related projects has totaled more than \$160 million. In July of 1993 DoD designated Homestead as the first (of four) national demonstration projects for base closure. Recently the Reuse Committee, comprised of public and private officials from Dade County, Homestead and Florida City, completed their reuse implementation plan for the base and the South Dade area. The Air Force plans to issue its Record of Decision for disposal of the base by December 1994.

The community reuse plan identifies Federally-retained areas for the Air Force Reserves, National Guard, Customs, Job Corps Center and homeless, as well as acreage for aviation, education, recreation and revenue producing ventures. Ultimately Dade County would acquire the property under a public benefit conveyance for aviation. Overall, our base reutilization efforts at Homestead have been positively received and favorably reviewed.

As a couple of final notes, at present portions of Homestead Air Force Base are being used to support our operations in Haiti. Also, South Dade County Commissioner Larry Hawkins, whom you have met previously, did not win his reelection bid. The new Commissioner, Katy Sorenson will be sworn in on October 18.

TO: MCALEER, R

FROM: ITOH

DOC DATE: 15 OCT 94
SOURCE REF:

KEYWORDS: MILITARY EXERCISES

KUWAIT

PERSONS:

SUBJECT: SIGNIFICANT MILITARY EXERCISE ULTIMATE RESOLVE 95

ACTION: REED SGD MEMO

DUE DATE: 11 OCT 94 STATUS: C

STAFF OFFICER: SEATON

LOGREF:

FILES: PA

NSCP:

CODES:

DOCUMENT DISTRIBUTION

FOR ACTION

FOR CONCURRENCE

FOR INFO

BELL
EXECSEC
SEATON

DECLASSIFIED
E.O. 13526
White House Guidelines, September 11, 2006
By N NARA, Date 1/3/2017
7-16-052-E

COMMENTS: _____

DISPATCHED BY _____ DATE _____ BY HAND W/ATTCH

OPENED BY: NSJDA

CLOSED BY: NSASK

DOC 3 OF 3

ACTION DATA SUMMARY REPORT

DOC ACTION OFFICERCAO ASSIGNED ACTION REQUIRED

001 SEATON
002 ITOH
003

Z 94100709 PREPARE MEMO FOR ITOH
Z 94101415 FOR SIGNATURE
X 94101710 REED SGD MEMO

DISPATCH DATA SUMMARY REPORT

DOC DATE DISPATCH FOR ACTIONDISPATCH FOR INFO

003 941015 MCALEER, R

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

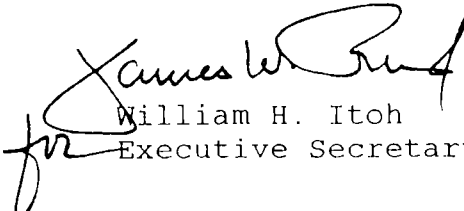
WASHINGTON, D C 20506

October 15, 1994

MEMORANDUM FOR COLONEL ROBERT P. MCALEER
Executive Secretary
Department of Defense

SUBJECT: Significant Military Exercise ULTIMATE RESOLVE 95

The National Security Council staff concurs in military exercise
ULTIMATE RESOLVE 95.


William H. Itoh
Executive Secretary

October 7, 1994

MEMORANDUM FOR WILLIAM H. ITOH

THROUGH: ROBERT BELL *RAB*FROM: JIM SEATON *JLS*

SUBJECT: Significant Military Exercise ULTIMATE RESOLVE 95

Attached at Tab I is a proposed memorandum to the Executive Secretary, Department of Defense, concurring in the military exercise ULTIMATE RESOLVE 95. At Tab II Defense recommends approval and State concurs.

ULTIMATE RESOLVE 95 is a command post exercise conducted in Kuwait November 6-9, 1994. Other participating countries include: Kuwait, United Arab Emirates and Bahrain. (Qatar, Oman and Saudi Arabia may also participate.) This exercise examines coalition warfighting issues associated with defending the Arabian peninsula and includes 38 American participants.

The critical cancellation date is October 25, 1994.

Concurrences by: Keith *KH* Hann, Ellen *EL* Laipson

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the memorandum at Tab I concurring in the exercise.

Attachments

Tab I Memorandum for Signature
Tab II Incoming Correspondence

10/13
Will: Defense still wants to go forward with this exercise. RAB

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001a. memo	Duplicate of vz4643_005a. (1 page)	10/06/1994	P1/b(1)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
National Security Council
Defense Policy and Arms Control (Robert Bell)
OA/Box Number: 266

FOLDER TITLE:

Chron File - October 1994 #2 [2]

2016-0152-F

vz4647

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001b. cable	Duplicate of vz4643_006b. (2 pages)	09/22/1994	P1/b(1)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
National Security Council
Defense Policy and Arms Control (Robert Bell)
OA/Box Number: 266

FOLDER TITLE:

Chron File - October 1994 #2 [2]

2016-0152-F
vz4647

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
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- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]



United States Department of State

Washington, D.C. 20520

1 October, 1994

Mr. Maxwell Alston
Acting Director
ODUSD (P)/EP
The Pentagon, Room 1D460
Washington, D.C. 20301-2200

Dear Mr. Alston:

In response to your letter, I-94/23491, the Department of State concurs in the conduct of the exercise ULTIMATE RESOLVE 95, as described in the brief you provided. The Department understands that no funds under the Developing Countries Combined Exercise Program (DCCEP) have been allocated for this exercise.

Sincerely,

Robert F. Carty, Colonel, USAF
Deputy Director

International Security Peacekeeping Operations
Bureau of Political Military Affairs

cc: Dpty. Asst. Sec. Bruce Weinrod
Dr. Anthony Gray OASD/ISA (GA)
CAPT. Gregory L. Hansen J-7 (JETD)

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001c. memo	Duplicate of vz4643_006c. (1 page)	09/28/1994	P1/b(1)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
National Security Council
Defense Policy and Arms Control (Robert Bell)
OA/Box Number: 266

FOLDER TITLE:

Chron File - October 1994 #2 [2]

2016-0152-F
vz4647

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
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INTERNATIONAL
SECURITY AFFAIRS

OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

2400 DEFENSE PENTAGON
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301-2400



I-94/23491

MEMORANDUM FOR DIRECTOR FOR EMERGENCY PLANNING

SUBJECT: Military Exercise Brief-- ULTIMATE RESOLVE 95.

ISA/MEA concurs in the conduct of ULTIMATE RESOLVE 95. MEA
Point of contact for this exercise is Mr. McMillan, X53890.

Michael M. MacMurray
Director (Acting)
Middle East Affairs



Kelly, Sandra L.

From: Bell, Robert G.
To: Itoh, William H.; Ross, Thomas B.; Wolin, Neal S.; Soderberg, Nancy E.
Cc: /R, Record at A1; @PRESS - Public Affairs; @EXECSEC - Executive Secretary;
@DEFENSE - Defense Policy
Subject: POTUS Travel and Defense Issues [UNCLASSIFIED]
Date: Monday, October 17, 1994 9:46AM

This may have been a case in which NSC simply did not know the entire itinerary for the POTUS's travel till the last minute, but I was very surprised to turn on my TV Saturday night and see video of the President standing on a stage with a huge "Comanche Helicopter" banner behind him. My last reading of PROFs Friday showed him going to Bridgeport, Connecticut and Miami, but somewhere an event at the Sikorsky airport (manufacturer of the Comanche) was put in. Tony (via Neal) had asked on Friday morning for a memo on "any military base or base closing issue" that could come up due to the Bridgeport and Miami stops, which we provided. We had no idea, though, that the President would be walking into the home base of the Comanche. This is important because the Comanche is on Deutch's famous August "hit list" memo. Indeed, today's Aviation Week has an article with the following lead, "The Pentagon's top civilians have made a preliminary decision to kill production of ... the U.S. Army's RAH-66 Comanche helicopter ... but they will not announce the plan until after the November elections to avoid political backlash." Neal: this makes it even more urgent for me to get some sort of debrief on Deutch's recent meeting with POTUS re the hit list issue. Also, can Tony provide a debrief as to how hard the POTUS was lobbied on Comanche at Sikorsky and whether he made any commitments? Finally, do we know when we got notified that the President would be doing the event at Sikorsky?

Kelly, Sandra L.

From: Bell, Robert G.
To: @PRESS - Public Affairs
Cc: /R, Record at A1; @DEFENSE - Defense Policy
Subject: Press Guidance Re 2-MRC Strategy [UNCLASSIFIED]
Date: Monday, October 17, 1994 9:15AM

Background:

Today's NYTimes carries a story entitled, "Some Doubt U.S. Ability to Fight Wars on 2 Fronts." The article quotes various outside experts who are skeptical that our Armed Forces are capable of executing the Administration's "two Major Regional Contingency (MRC), nearly simultaneously" warfighting strategy. It also quotes rebuttal statements by Secretary Perry and Deputy Secretary Deutch.

Question:

Is our military capable of fighting on two fronts at once?

Answer:

Yes. The Bottom Up Review (BUR) and our National Security Strategy call for our Armed Forces to be able to fight two "nearly simultaneous MRC's". By "nearly simultaneous" we mean a situation in which a regional adversary tried to take advantage of our becoming involved in hostilities in another region by provoking hostilities in that second region within a few weeks or months of the first conflict's initiation. The two separate MRC's that were postulated for force sizing purposes in the BUR were a major war in Korea and a war in the Persian Gulf on the same scale as Desert Storm. When the BUR was announced, the Administration was quite candid in saying that to be able to prevail decisively and with minimum casualties in two conflicts of this magnitude the U.S. would need to put in place over the next several years certain force improvements and enhancements. These include improvements in strategic mobility (more prepositioned equipment and the C-17 transport aircraft) and greater numbers of precision-guided munitions (PGMs). If the assumption, however, is that the Persian Gulf MRC is a war in which we are fighting an Iraq with the substantially reduced military capabilities it has today (as opposed to those it had in 1991), then we do have today a genuine 2 MRC nearly simultaneously capability.

Question:

Doesn't Deputy Secretary Deutch's August "hit list" cataloguing a number of major modernization programs that may be terminated or stretched out show that Defense will not have the money it needs to accomplish the BUR's critical force improvements and enhancements and that you will, therefore, never acquire a true 2 MRC capability?

Answer:

No. The Deutch memo did not target the C-17, PGM or prepositioned equipment programs that the BUR identified as critical force enhancements.

Kelly, Sandra L.

From: Spalter, Jonathan H.
To: Bell, Robert G.; @DEFENSE - Defense Policy
Cc: /R, Record at A1; @PRESS - Public Affairs; @UP - APNSA Special Assistants
Subject: 2MRC Talking Points
Date: Monday, October 17, 1994 9:05AM
Priority: High

Bob,

TL asks to review by this afternoon a one page fact sheet/talking points that we can distribute and/or use as guidance to knock down assertions (as in Schmitt's piece in NYTimes today) that we can not prosecute 2mracs nearly simultaneously.

He has a call in to Shali to request response from his end.

I shall coordinate with Ken Bacon and co. to ensure DoD is working to work the story back.

Thanks.

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20508

Chron

8404

October 17, 1994

INFORMATION

MEMORANDUM FOR ANTHONY LAKE

FROM: ROBERT BELL *RB*
SUBJECT: Two-MRC Strategy

Per your request, attached at Tab A is a "fact sheet" on our military's ability to carry out the Administration's "2-MRC" strategy.

Concurrence: *[Signature]* Jonathan Spalter

Attachment
Tab A Fact Sheet

FACT SHEET

THE ADMINISTRATION'S "TWO-MRC" STRATEGY

Background

The Bottom-Up Review (BUR) and our National Security Strategy call for our Armed Forces to be able to fight two "nearly simultaneous Major Regional Contingencies (MRC's)." By "nearly simultaneous" we mean a situation in which a regional adversary tried to take advantage of our becoming involved in hostilities in another region by provoking hostilities in that second region within a few weeks or months of the first conflict's initiation. The two separate MRC's that were postulated for force sizing purposes in the BUR were a major war in Korea and a war in the Persian Gulf on the same scale as Desert Storm. When the BUR was announced, the Administration was quite candid in saying that to be able to prevail decisively and with minimum casualties in two conflicts of this magnitude, the U.S. would need to put in place over the next several years certain force improvements and enhancements. These include improvements in strategic mobility (more prepositioned equipment and the C-17 transport aircraft) and greater numbers of precision-guided munitions (PGMs). If the assumption, however, is that the Persian Gulf MRC is a war in which we are fighting an Iraq with the substantially reduced military capabilities it has today (as opposed to those it had in 1991), then we do have today a genuine 2-MRC nearly simultaneously capability.

Implementing the Strategy

-- As dramatically demonstrated over the last few weeks in Haiti and the Persian Gulf, the U.S. ability to project decisive force to trouble spots around the world while still maintaining substantial reserves and continuing ongoing peacekeeping operations elsewhere has underscored not only the readiness and mobility of our Armed Forces, but also the integrity of our "2-MRC" strategy.

-- The Administration is committed to maintaining the forces, readiness and weapons modernization programs that are required to implement its "two-MRC, nearly simultaneously" strategy.

-- This means, first, ensuring that our defense budgets provide necessary funding.

- In his February State of the Union Address, the President drew a line against further defense cuts.

- In the last several weeks, the President has signed the FY 1995 defense authorization and appropriations bills, in which Congress agreed with the President that defense spending had to be increased in FY 1995 from the level it had approved in FY 1994. The bills also provided a 5.7% increase in money needed for operations and maintenance though the size of the force is being reduced by 7%. The result will be to keep readiness at high levels.

-- Our commitment to the "2-MRC" strategy also means providing the force enhancements we need to fully realize the capabilities of our forces.

- We demonstrated this commitment earlier this year when we won key votes in the House and Senate on the C-17 program.

- We demonstrated it last week when a C-17 loaded with 66,000 pounds of cargo, flew to the Arabian Peninsula on its first operational mission.

- And we demonstrated it repeatedly over the past two weeks as units were airlifted to the Persian Gulf to "marry up" with their prepositioned equipment.

TO: PETERSON, R

FROM: ITOH

DOC DATE: 17 OCT 94
SOURCE REF:

KEYWORDS: DEFENSE POLICY
ENROLLED BILLS

NAVY

PERSONS:

SUBJECT: EB HR-5155

ACTION: SENS SGD MEMO

DUE DATE: 15 OCT 94 STATUS: C

STAFF OFFICER: HAHN

LOGREF:

FILES: WH NSCP:

CODES:

DOCUMENT DISTRIBUTION

FOR ACTION

FOR CONCURRENCE

FOR INFO

BELL
DANVERS
EXECSEC
HAHN

COMMENTS:

DISPATCHED BY DPG DATE 10/17 BY HAND W/ATTCH

OPENED BY: NSMBN

CLOSED BY: NSDRS

DOC 3 OF 3

UNCLASSIFIED
ACTION DATA SUMMARY REPORT

RECORD ID: 9408281

DOC ACTION OFFICER

CAO ASSIGNED ACTION REQUIRED

001 HAHN
002 ITOH
003

Z 94101215 PREPARE MEMO FOR ITOH
Z 94101718 FOR SIGNATURE
X 94101718 SENS SGD MEMO

DISPATCH DATA SUMMARY REPORT

DOC DATE DISPATCH FOR ACTION

DISPATCH FOR INFO

003 941017 PETERSON, R

UNCLASSIFIED

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

October 17, 1994

MEMORANDUM FOR RONALD K. PETERSON

FROM:

WILLIAM H. ITOH *WHS*

SUBJECT:

Enrolled Bill, HR 5155, Transfer of Certain Naval
Vessels to Foreign Countries

The National Security Council staff concurs in Enrolled Bill HR
5155.

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET
Washington, D.C. 20503

October 11, 1994

ENROLLED BILL REQUEST

EB Request #404

TO: LEGISLATIVE LIAISON OFFICERS

DEFENSE - Samuel T. Brick, Jr. - (703)697-1305 - 325

JUSTICE - Sheila F. Anthony - (202)514-2141 - 217

STATE - Julia C. Norton - (202)647-4463 - 225

COMMERCE - Michael A. Levitt - (202)482-3151 - 324 *MC K Brown 10/11*

NSC - William H. Itoh - (202)395-3723 - 249

OMB CONTACT: Holly FITTER (395-3233)

SUBJECT: ENROLLED BILL - HR 5155

Transfer of Certain Naval Vessels to Foreign
Countries

COMMENTS: The text of HR 5155 is attached. — *Complete Copy*

Please refer to Pages S 14676 of the Congressional Record dated October 07, 1994. A facsimile will be sent to you as soon as it is available. Your receipt of the facsimile will commence the two-day deadline referenced below.

In accordance with OMB Circular No. A-19, your written views and recommendation for Presidential action are requested on the subject enrolled bill.

Please consult section 10 of OMB Circular No. A-19, pages 12-14, for instructions regarding the preparation of enrolled bill letters and the procedures to be followed on enrolled bills.

Within TWO DAYS (including Saturdays and holidays but excluding Sundays) after receipt of the facsimile, an original and one copy of your reply should be hand delivered to the New Executive Office Building (NEOB).

In order to expedite the handling of your reply, please

- o mark the envelope "Enrolled Bill";
- o indicate the legislative analyst's name and phone number on the envelope; and
- o instruct your messenger to call the legislative analyst from the NEOB lobby to pick up the envelope. (The envelope should NOT be left in the mail room in the NEOB lobby.)

5 pages

PAGE 2

~~It is also of considerable assistance to us if you fax advance copies of letters, signing statements, and veto messages.~~
maximum time for Presidential action on the enrolled bill.

A regular facsimile of the enrolled bill is being sent to you by the messenger service.

It is also of considerable assistance to us if you fax advance copies of letters, signing statements, and veto messages.

JAMES C. MURR
Assistant Director for
Legislative Reference

(Original signature of Member)

103D CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 5155

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. HAMILTON (for himself and Mr. GILMAN) introduced the following bill;
which was referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To authorize the transfer of naval vessels to certain foreign
countries.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. AUTHORITY TO TRANSFER NAVAL VESSELS TO**
4 **CERTAIN FOREIGN COUNTRIES.**

5 (a) ARGENTINA.—The Secretary of the Navy is au-
6 thorized to transfer to the Government of Argentina the
7 “NEWPORT” class tank landing ship SCHENECTADY
8 (LST 1185). Such transfer shall be on a lease basis under

1 chapter 6 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C.
2 2796 and following).

3 (b) CHILE.—The Secretary of the Navy is authorized
4 to transfer to the Government of Chile the "NEWPORT"
5 class tank landing ships NEWPORT (LST 1179) and
6 SAN BERNARDINO (LST 1189). Such transfers shall
7 be on a lease basis under chapter 6 of the Arms Export
8 Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2796 and following).

9 (c) MALAYSIA.—The Secretary of the Navy is author-
10 ized to transfer to the Government of Malaysia the
11 "NEWPORT" class tank landing ship SPARTANBURG
12 COUNTY (LST 1197). Such transfer shall be on a sales
13 basis under section 21 of the Arms Export Control Act
14 (22 U.S.C. 2761; relating to the foreign military sales pro-
15 gram).

16 (d) SPAIN.—The Secretary of the Navy is authorized
17 to transfer to the Government of Spain the "NEWPORT"
18 class tank landing ship HARLAN COUNTY (LST 1196).
19 Such transfer shall be on a lease basis under chapter 6
20 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2796 and fol-
21 lowing).

22 (e) TAIWAN.—The Secretary of the Navy is author-
23 ized to transfer to the Taipei Economic and Cultural Rep-
24 resentative Office in the United States (which is the Tai-
25 wan instrumentality designated pursuant to section 10(a)

1 of the Taiwan Relations Act) the "NEWPORT" class
2 tank landing ships MANITOWOC (LST 1180) and SUM-
3 TER (LST 1181). Such transfers shall be on a lease basis
4 under chapter 6 of the Arms Export Control Act (22
5 U.S.C. 2796 and following).

6 (f) VENEZUELA.—The Secretary of the Navy is au-
7 thorized to transfer to the Government of Venezuela the
8 "NEWPORT" class tank landing ships PEORIA (LST
9 1183) and BARBOUR COUNTY (LST 1195). Such
10 transfers shall be on a lease basis under chapter 6 of the
11 Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2796 and following).
12 SEC. 2. WAIVER OF REQUIREMENTS FOR NOTIFICATION TO
13 CONGRESS.

14 The following provisions do not apply with respect to
15 the transfers authorized by this Act:

16 (1) In the case of a sale under section 21 of the
17 Arms Export Control Act, section 525 of the For-
18 eign Operations, Export Financing, and Related
19 Programs Appropriations Act, 1994 (Public Law
20 103-87) and any similar, successor provision.

21 (2) In the case of a lease under section 61 of
22 the Arms Export Control Act, section 62 of that Act
23 (except that section 62 of that Act shall apply to any
24 renewal of the lease).

1 **SEC. 3. COSTS OF TRANSFERS.**

2 Any expense of the United States in connection with
3 a transfer authorized by this Act shall be charged to the
4 recipient.

5 **SEC. 4. EXPIRATION OF AUTHORITY.**

6 The authority granted by section 1 of this Act shall
7 ~~expire at the end of the 2 year period beginning on the~~
8 date of the enactment of this Act, except that leases en-
9 tered into during that period under section 1 may be re-
10 newed.

11 **SEC. 5. REPAIR AND REFURBISHMENT OF VESSELS IN THE**
12 **UNITED STATES.**

13 It is the sense of the Congress that the Secretary of
14 the Navy should request that each country to which a
15 naval vessel is transferred under this Act have such repair
16 or refurbishment of the vessel as is needed, before the ves-
17 sel joins the naval forces of that country, performed at
18 shipyards located in the United States, including United
19 States navy shipyards.

20 **SEC. 6. CONDITION FOR TRANSFER.**

21 No vessel may be transferred under this Act until the
22 Secretary of Defense certifies in writing to Congress that,
23 after the transfer—

24 (1) the amphibious lift capacity remaining
25 available in the Navy is sufficient in all lift cat-

F:\M\HAMILT\HAMILT.049

H.L.C.

5

1 egories to transport 2½ Marine Corps expeditionary
2 brigades simultaneously; and
3 (2) the amphibious lift capacity planned to be
4 available in the Navy under the future-years defense
5 program will be sufficient in all lift categories,
6 throughout the period covered by the future-years
7 defense program, to transport 2½ Marine Corps ex-
8 peditionary brigades simultaneously.

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

October 14, 1994

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR WILLIAM H. ITOH

THROUGH: ROBERT BELL *RGB*

FROM: KEITH HAHN *KH*

SUBJECT: Enrolled Bill HR 5155, Transfer of Certain Naval
Vessels to Foreign Countries

Tab II is an enrolled bill that would transfer, by either sale or lease, several NEWPORT class tank landing ships to Argentina, Chile, Malaysia, Spain, Venezuela and Taiwan. These are different ships than those transferred by similar legislation during the last session of Congress.

Concurrence by: Bill Danvers *BD*

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the memorandum at Tab I concurring in the enrolled bill.

Attachments

Tab I Memorandum for Signature

Tab II Incoming Correspondence