

FOIA MARKER

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Folder Title: Chron File - June 1994 #2 [8]				
Staff Office-Individual: Defense Policy-Bell, Robert				
Original OA/ID Number: 264				
Row: 31	Section: 3	Shelf: 4	Position: 2	Stack: V

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

June 23, 1994

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR WILLIAM H. ITOH

THROUGH:

ROBERT BELL *RGB*

FROM:

KEITH HAHN *KH*

SUBJECT: Significant Military Exercise TURBO CADS 94

Attached at Tab I is a proposed memorandum to the Executive Secretary, Department of Defense, concurring in military exercise TURBO CADS 94. At Tab II Defense recommends approval and State concurs.

TURBO CADS 94 is designed to exercise the Containerized Ammunition Distribution System (CADS) capability developed to move munitions via 20-foot containers from the continental U.S. to destinations in Alaska, Korea, Okinawa and Guam. Retrograde materials (those that have already been used or are in need of repair) will be returned in the containers. While this exercise has been planned for a long time, it could be construed as the movement of war materials into the Korean theater in anticipation of possible conflict. It is scheduled to take place July 15 through November 7. If approved, we will insure that the Public Affairs Guidance stresses the routine nature of this exercise.

Concurrences by: *SA* Steve Aoki, *SR* Stanley Roth and *V* Morton Halperin

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the memorandum at Tab I concurring in the exercise.

Attachments

Tab I Memorandum for Signature
Tab II Incoming Correspondence

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

MEMORANDUM FOR COL. ROBERT P. MCALEER
Executive Secretary
Department of Defense

SUBJECT: Significant Military Exercise TURBO CADS 94

The National Security Council staff concurs in military exercise
TURBO CADS 94.

William H. Itoh
Executive Secretary



OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20301

4946
20 JUN 1994

MEMORANDUM FOR EXECUTIVE SECRETARY, NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

SUBJECT: Significant Military Exercise - TURBO CADS 94

The Department of Defense recommends NSC concurrence of the attached Significant Military Exercise Brief, Exercise TURBO CADS 94. The Department of State concurs with this recommendation.

Please note the critical cancellation date for Exercise TURBO CADS 94 is 8 July 1994. Should you have any questions or comments, our action officers for significant military activities are Lt Col Stan Hoppe, (703)614-2616, or COL Clif Ripperger, (703)697-5454.


Robert P. McAleer
Executive Secretary

Attachment:
As stated

UNCLASS F ED

JOINT STAFF
INFO SERVICE CENTER

ROUTINE
R 071417Z JUN 94
FM USCINCTrans SCOTT AFB IL//TCJ3-J4//
TO JOINT STAFF WASHINGTON DC//J7-JETD//
AIG 11812
INFO JOINT STAFF WASHINGTON DC//J3/J4/J5//
SECDEF WASHINGTON DC//USDP/SP/EP//
SECDEF WASHINGTON DC//ASD ISA/EAP//
SECDEF WASHINGTON DC//ATSD/PA// AMEMBASSY SEOUL
AMEMBASSY TOKYO//POL-MIL// USCINCPAC HONOLULU HI//J3/J4//
SECSTATE WASHINGTON DC//PM-ISO/EAP//
DA WASHINGTON DC//DALO-TS// CNO WASHINGTON DC//NA/N5/N8//
HQ USAF WASHINGTON DC//LG/XO// CMC WASHINGTON DC//LPO-3/COB//
USFJ YOKOTA AB JA//J021//
COMUSKOREA SEOUL KOR//FKJ3/FKJ4//
CDRAMCCOM ROCK ISLAND IL//ANSMC-TM//
CDRMTMC FALLS CHURCH VA//MTCG// COMSC WASHINGTON DC//W00//
COMDT COGARD WASHINGTON DC//JG-MPS-1//

UNCLAS
SECTION 1 OF 2
AIG 11812 TAKE FOR INFO ONLY//
EXER/TURBO CADS 94//
MSGID/GENADMIN/USCINCTrans TCJ3-J4-LLC//
SUBJ: PART I SIGNIFICANT MILITARY EXERCISE BRIEF//
REF/A/R1/USCINCTrans TCJ3-J4-L/121451ZMAY94//
AMPN/EVALUATION PLAN FOR PACOM CONTAINERIZED MUNITIONS EXERCISE
(TURBO CADS)//
REF/B/R1/USCINCTrans TCJ3-J4/221953ZMAR94//
AMPN/FY94 PACOM CONTAINERIZED MUNITIONS EXERCISE INITIAL
EVALUATION CONFERENCE WRAP-UP//
RMKS/1. EXERCISE NAME: TURBO CADS 94 (TC94)
2. GEOGRAPHIC AREA: CONUS, ALASKA, AND PACOM AOR.
A. CONUS MUNITIONS DEPOTS, PORTS OF CONCORD CA AND PORT HADLOCK
WA (INDIAN ISLAND).
B. FORTS RICHARDSON/WAINWRIGHT AK; PORT OF VALDEZ AK.
C. KOREAN PORT OF CHINHAIE, INLAND DEPOTS AT UJONBU, SUWON AB, TAEJU
AB, KWANG JU AB, OSAN AB, CHEONG JU AB, AND SACHON AB.
D. OKINAWA PORT OF TENGAN AND INLAND DEPOT AT KADENA AB.
E. GUAM AMMO PORT AND INLAND DEPOT AT ANDERSEN AFB.
3. DATES:
A. INCLUSIVE: 15 JUL 94 - 7 NOV 94.
B. EMPLOYMENT: 15 JUL 94 - 7 NOV 94.
4. CRITICAL CANCELLATION DATE: 8 JUL 1994.
5. TYPE: CJCS/SERVICE FUNDED, USTRANSCOM SCHEDULED,
USTRANSCOM/USCINCPAC DIRECTED, USTRANSCOM SPONSORED LOGISTICS
TRANSPORTATION EXERCISE.
6. PURPOSE: TC94 WILL EXERCISE THE CONTAINERIZED AMMUNITION
DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM'S (CADS) CAPABILITY TO MOVE CALL FORWARD
MUNITIONS VIA 20-FOOT ISO CONTAINERS FROM CONUS DEPOTS TO
DESTINATIONS IN ALASKA, KOREA, OKINAWA, AND GUAM AND RETROGRADE
MUNITIONS FROM GUAM AND OKINAWA TO CONUS. FURTHER, TC94 WILL
EXERCISE IN-TRANSIT VISIBILITY SYSTEMS AND CONCEPTS, MUNITIONS
MOVEMENT PLANNING AND EXECUTION PROCEDURES, AND DOD/INDUSTRY
PLANNING, CAPABILITIES, AND INTEROPERABILITY.

USTRANSCOMMO ...ACT

JOINT STAFF V1
ACTION J7-JETD(3) (U,6,8,F)
INFO CMAS(1) CJCS:PA-J(1) NMCC:CWO(1) J3(3) WIDS(1) J4(5)
J4:LPEILD3-J(1) J4:MILSEC-J(1) J4:MD-J(1)
J4:SMEDENG-J(1) J7(6) J5(1) J5:NAB-J(1)
QUAL CONTROL(1) J7:JECG-J(1) USTRANSCOMMO(1)
J6E-J(1) J6U-J(1)
+WEACP

SECDEF V2
ACTION (U,6,8,F)
INFO SECDEF-W(1) SECDEF-C(1) USDP:FILE(1)
USDP:ADMIN(1) USDP:AE(1) USDP:TWP(1)
ASD:PA&E/PF(1) USDP:SP(1) USDP:AP(2) USDP:DSAA(1)
USDP:CH(1) NIA(1) USDP:EP(1) USDP:PP(1) USDP:ISA(1)
+USDP:DTSA
+USDP:CCC
+SAFE

A. EXERCISE GOALS: CONDUCT JOINT OPERATIONS TO EVALUATE CADS
CAPABILITY IN CONUS AND WITHIN THE PACOM AOR.
B. EXERCISE OBJECTIVES:
(1) STRESS CADS FROM CONUS DEPOTS TO IN-THEATER LOCATIONS TO
EVALUATE/VALIDATE CURRENT WARTIME CONTAINER HANDLING/TRANSPORTATION
CAPABILITIES AT DEPOTS, CONTAINER TRANSFER AND CONSOLIDATION POINTS,
PRIMARY/ALTERNATE SEAPORTS OF EMBARKATION (SPOE), SEAPORTS OF
DEBARKATION (SPOD), AND IN-THEATER STORAGE SITES.
(2) EVALUATE ABILITY OF COMMERCIAL INDUSTRY TO RESPOND TO MEET
CONTAINERIZED AMMUNITION MOVEMENTS (I.E., TO WHAT EXTENT CAN INDUSTRY
PROVIDE TOTAL DOOR-TO-DOOR SERVICE? CAN INDUSTRY PROVIDE COMMERCIAL
CONTAINERS THAT MEET INSPECTION CRITERIA FOR CARRYING AMMO?).
(3) EVALUATE AMMUNITION MOVEMENT PLANNING AND EXECUTION PROCEDURES
INCLUDING REQUISITIONING, CARGO DOCUMENTATION, AND THE INTERFACE
BETWEEN THE SINGLE MANAGER FOR CONVENTIONAL AMMUNITION/JOINT
MUNITIONS TRANSPORTATION COORDINATING ACTIVITY, USTRANSCOM/TCC, AND
PACOM/PACOM COMPONENTS.
(4) EVALUATE IN-TRANSIT VISIBILITY TECHNOLOGIES AND TOTAL ASSET
VISIBILITY AT ALL LEVELS (DEPOT THROUGH CINC).
(5) DEVELOP A REPUBLIC OF KOREA ARMY (ROKA) CONTAINERIZED MUNITIONS
DELIVERY/STUFF/UNSTUFF CAPABILITY.
(6) CONDUCT A SAFE EXERCISE.
7. OPLAN EXERCISED: NONE.
8. POLITICAL IMPLICATIONS: INSERTION OF ADDITIONAL MUNITIONS INTO
KOREA MAY IMPACT ONGOING POLITICAL NEGOTIATIONS.
A. U.S. COMMITMENTS TO ALLIES: NONE.
B. DATE COMMITMENTS MADE: NONE.
C. OTHER POLITICAL IMPLICATIONS: NONE.
9. POLITICO-MILITARY SCENARIO SUMMARY:
A. NO SPECIFIC SCENARIO EXISTS AND EXERCISE CONTAINS NO POLITICAL
ASSUMPTIONS. HOWEVER, TURBO CADS 94 IS AN INITIAL EXERCISE DESIGNED
TO SPECIFICALLY STRESS CADS CAPABILITY AT WARTIME RATES. DURING
OPERATION DESERT SHIELD/STORM, ALMOST 100 PERCENT OF MUNITIONS WERE
SHIPPED BREAKBULK WHICH IS LABOR AND TIME INTENSIVE AND REQUIRES MORE
SEALIFT ASSETS FOR DEPLOYMENT. TURBO CADS 94 TAKES ADVANTAGE OF AN
OPPORTUNITY TO CALL FORWARD, REPOSITION, AND RETROGRADE MUNITIONS FOR
THE PURPOSE OF PROVIDING A BASELINE FOR A WEST COAST CONTAINERIZED
AMMUNITION DEPLOYMENT.
B. TC94 WILL NOT USE A JOINT EXERCISE CONTROL GROUP, A MASTER
SCENARIO EVENTS LIST, OR NOTIONAL MESSAGE TRAFFIC. HOWEVER, PER REFS
A AND B, A DETAILED EVALUATION PLAN IS BEING DEVELOPED TO FULLY
EVALUATE AND ASSESS ALL OPERATIONS FROM CONUS DEPOTS TO IN-THEATER
DESTINATION.
10. SUMMARY OF KEY EXERCISE EVENTS:
DATES EVENTS/LOCATIONS
15 JUL 94 COMMENCE OPERATIONS.
13 AUG 94 BEGIN LOADING AT PORT HADLOCK WA (127 TEU).
16 AUG 94 BEGIN LOADING AT VALDEZ AK (426 TEU INCLUDING 236
RETROGRADE TO BE OFFLOADED AT CONCORD CA). BEGIN
DISCHARGING 10 TEU DESTINED FOR FORT WAINWRIGHT AK TO
BE UNSTUFFED BY 20 AUG 94.
22 AUG 94 BEGIN LOADING AT CONCORD CA (571 TEU) AND
DISCHARGING ALASKA RETROGRADE (236 TEU). NOTE:
236 TEU NOT PART OF EXERCISE TURBO CADS 94 AND WILL
MOVE ONLY IF TIME/SPACE PERMIT.
12 SEP 94 BEGIN DISCHARGING AT CHINHAIE, KOREA (118 TEU). ALL
CONTAINERS MOVED FORWARD TO DESTINATIONS/UNSTUFFED
BY 19 SEP 94.
17 SEP 94 BEGIN DISCHARGING AT TENGAN, OKINAWA (653 TEU). ALL
CONTAINERS MOVED TO KADENA AFB/UNSTUFFED BY
6 OCT 94.
19 SEP 94 BEGIN LOADING RETROGRADE AT TENGAN OKINAWA (464 TEU).
24 SEP 94 BEGIN DISCHARGE APRA GUAM (107 TEU). ALL
CONTAINERS MOVED TO ANDERSEN AFB/UNSTUFFED BY
7 OCT 94.
25 SEP 94 BEGIN LOADING RETROGRADE APRA, GUAM (117 TEU).
9 OCT 94 BEGIN DISCHARGING RETROGRADE MNS CONCORD CA (581
TEU). ALL CONTAINERS MOVED TO SIERRA DEPOT,
CA/UNSTUFFED BY 7 NOV 94.
7 NOV 94 END OPERATIONS.
11. DIRECTING HEADQUARTERS: USTRANSCOM.
12. PARTICIPATING COMMANDS, HEADQUARTERS, AND FORCES:
A. UNITED STATES
ORGANIZATION PERSONNEL (DOD/US CIV/FOREIGN CIV)
- US PACIFIC COMMAND
-- PACIFIC AIR FORCES (180/0/110)

UNC ASS F ED

JOINT STAFF
INFO SERVICE CENTER

- 51LG OSAN AB KOR
- 8LG KUNSAN AB KOR
- 51COBSS/LGW TAEGU
- OLA DET2 CHEONG JU
- 51COBSS/DET2 SUWON
- DET3/51 KWANG JU

BT

UNCLAS

FINAL SECTION OF 2

- OLB DET1 SACHON
- 633MS ANDERSEN GU
- 400MMS KADENA AB
- ARMY PACIFIC (60/0/22)
 - USA GARRISON AK
 - DOL, FT RICHARDSON
 - DOL, FT WAINWRIGHT
 - TROOP SUPPORT CMD
 - HQ USARJ DCSLOG
 - 17 AREA SUPT GP JA
 - 10 AREA SUPT GP OKINAWA
 - 83RD ORDNANCE BN
- US TRANSPORTATION COMMAND
 - MIL SEALIFT COMMAND (6/0/0)
 - COMSCWESTPAC GU
 - COMSCFE JA
 - MSCO PUSAN
 - MIL TRAFFIC MGMT CMD (21/46/24)
 - 1313 MPC (ALASKA)
 - 1313 MPC (HADLOCK)
 - 1315 MPC (TENGAN)
 - 1317 MPC (CHIIHAE)
- US ARMY
 - CDR EUSA KOR (22/0/34)
 - 72 ORDNANCE CO
 - 6 SUPPORT CMD
- US AIR FORCE
 - USAF ACP HILL AFB (4/0/0)
- US NAVY
 - MWS CONCORD (85/0/0)
 - PORT HADLOCK (21/0/0)

TOTAL UNITED STATES (399/46/190)

B. ALLIED FORCES: KOREA (MIL/CIV)

- ROK ARMY (50/0)

-- 2ND ORDNANCE BN

TOTAL KOREAN (50/0)

C. NO AIRCRAFT INVOLVEMENT. EXPECT SHIP INVOLVEMENT AS FOLLOWS:
ONE VESSEL (MSC CHARTERED OR RRF) OR CONTRACTED DOOR-TO-DOOR
COMMERCIAL SERVICE INVOLVING U.S. FLAG CONTAINERSHIP(S).

13. SCOPE OF ANTICIPATED PARTICIPATION:

A. OTHER UNIFIED AND SPECIFIED COMMANDS: NONE.

B. UNASSIGNED FORCES OF THE U.S. MILITARY SERVICES: NONE.

C. ALLIED NATIONS: ROK, GJ.

D. OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES OR DEPARTMENTS: NONE.

14. SIMULATED USE OF NUCLEAR OR OTHER CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS: NONE.

15. COUNTERDRUG (CD) - RELATED OPERATIONS OR TRAINING IN EXERCISES:
NONE.

16. COORDINATION WITH OTHER UNIFIED, SPECIFIED, OR SERVICE COMMANDS,
GOVERNMENTAL DEPARTMENTS, AGENCIES, OR REPRESENTATIVES: PACOM,
AMCCOM, MTMC, MSC, AND USCG.

17. RECOMMENDED PUBLIC AFFAIRS (PA) POLICY:

A. A PASSIVE PUBLIC AFFAIRS POLICY IS RECOMMENDED. TCPA WILL
PROMULGATE PROPOSED PUBLIC AFFAIRS GUIDANCE.

B. PA OBJECTIVES:

(1) TO RESPOND CLEARLY TO U.S. AND ROK FORCES AND CITIZENS QUESTIONS
REGARDING THE INTENT OF TC94.

(2) IN RESPONSE TO QUESTIONS, TO ENSURE U.S. AND ROK CITIZENS FULLY
UNDERSTAND THAT TC94 IS ONLY AN EXERCISE AND NOT A RESPONSE TO ANY
REAL WORLD CRISIS.

18. GENERAL POLICY CONSIDERATIONS:

A. DIPLOMATIC INFORMATION: NONE.

B. SECURITY RESTRICTIONS: NONE.

19. PERCEPTION MANAGEMENT: AS OUTLINED IN 17A ABOVE.

20. ADDITIONAL REMARKS: NONE.

21. POC IS MR. GARY ADAMS, TCJ3-J4-LLC, DSN 576-2848.// BT

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

4793
(Redo)

June 23, 1994

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR ANTHONY LAKE

FROM: ROBERT BELL *RaB*
SUBJECT: Letter to Mr. Ravenel on Defense Budget

Mr. Charles (Pug) Ravenel wrote the President to express his view that the defense budget is too high and "out of kilter" with other discretionary spending accounts (Tab B). The President directed us to prepare a reply, noting that "we're cutting a lot." The proposed reply at Tab A notes the significant decline in defense spending since FY 1985.

RECOMMENDATION

That you forward the memorandum at Tab I to the President.

Attachments

Tab I Memorandum to the President
Tab A Proposed Reply to Mr. Ravenel
Tab B Incoming Correspondence

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: ANTHONY LAKE

SUBJECT: Letter to Charles Ravenel on Defense Budget

Purpose

To reply to a letter from Charles "Pug" Ravenel (Tab B) expressing concern that the defense budget remains too high.

Background

As noted in the proposed reply at Tab A, your FY 1995 defense budget request is, in real terms, 35% below the FY 1985 level (the peak year, adjusting for inflation, for defense spending since the Korean War). Under your Future Years Defense Budget (FYDP), by FY 1999 the decline in real terms will be 42%. As a share of U.S. Gross Domestic Product (GDP), defense outlays in FY 1999 under your FYDP will be 2.8%, well below any year since before World War II.

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the letter at Tab A.

Attachments

Tab A Proposed Reply to Mr. Ravenel
Tab B Incoming Correspondence

cc: Vice President
Chief of Staff

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Dear Pug:

Thank you for your letter on U.S. military spending.

The defense budget I have proposed for FY 1995 and the years that follow is the product of a careful analytical process that began with a rigorous and objective assessment of the threats our armed forces might have to confront. This process -- known as the Bottom-Up Review -- confirmed that we could prudently make modest reductions in our military spending below the level that had been planned by President Bush and thereby facilitate the attainment of our deficit reduction goals. However, as I said in my State-of-the-Union address, the defense budget I submitted on February 9 protects the readiness and quality of our armed forces and must not be cut further. Our forces are the finest military our nation has ever fielded, and I have pledged that as long as I am President they will remain the world's best equipped, best trained and best prepared fighting force.

It is important, however, to note that military spending has already been reduced substantially. My FY 1995 defense budget request is, in real terms, 35% below the FY 1985 level -- the peak year, adjusted for inflation, for defense spending since the Korean War. Under my Future Years Defense Plan (FYDP), by FY 1999 the decline in real terms since FY 1985 will be 42%. Moreover, as a share of U.S. Gross Domestic Product (GDP), defense outlays in FY 1999 under my FYDP will be only 2.8%, well below any year since before World War II.

I appreciate the opportunity to be in touch with you on this important issue.

Sincerely,

Mr. Charles D. Ravenel
Chairman
Capital South Corporation
P.O. Box 68
Charleston, South Carolina 29402

4793
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

DATE: 05/23/94

NOTE FOR: NSC/WILL ITOH

The President has reviewed the attached, and it is forwarded to you for your:

Information ☐

Action ☒

Please see the President's note on incoming and prepare an appropriate Presidential response to Charles Ravenel.

Thank you.

JOHN D. PODESTA
Assistant to the President
and Staff Secretary
(x2702)

cc: Paul Richard

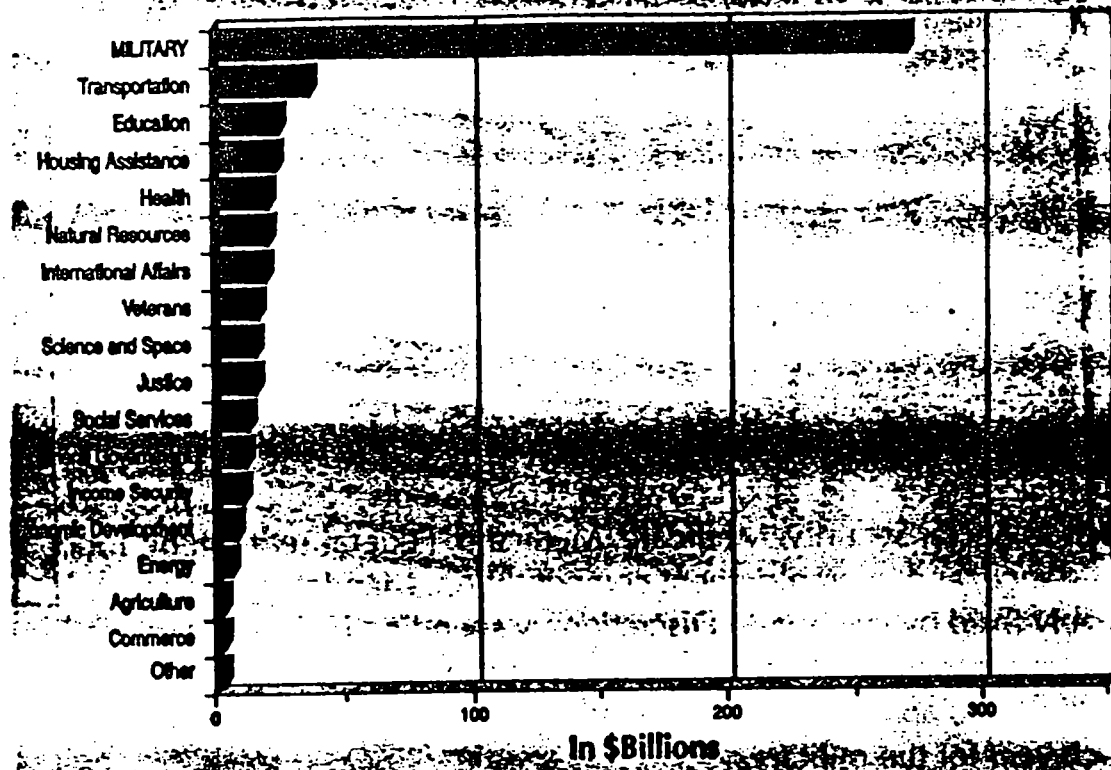
Don't say we're cutting
5/10/94
5/23/94
 CAPITAL SOUTH
 THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN
 5-23-94

Charles D. Ravenel
 Chairman

Dear Mr. President,

As you search for the funds for welfare reform, health care reform, crime prevention, etc., take a look at it. It seems out of kilter to me given current threats.

President's Proposed 1995 Discretionary Spending:
Military Takes as Much as All the Rest Put Together



Sources: Office of Management and Budget, CDI. Chart prepared by Center for Defense Information.

Sincerely, *Rug*

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

4793

June 23, 1994

ACTION

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FROM: ROBERT BELL *RaB*

SUBJECT: Letter to Mr. Ravenel on Defense Budget

Mr. Charles (Pug) Ravenel wrote the President to express his view that the defense budget is too high and "out of kilter" with other discretionary spending accounts (Tab B). The President directed us to prepare a reply, noting that "we're cutting a lot." The proposed reply at Tab A notes the significant decline in defense spending since FY 1985.

RECOMMENDATION

That you forward the memorandum at Tab I to the President.

Attachments

Tab I Memorandum to the President
Tab A Proposed Reply to Mr. Ravenel
Tab B Incoming Correspondence

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: ANTHONY LAKE

SUBJECT: Letter to Charles Ravenel on Defense Budget

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Background

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RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the letter at Tab A.

Attachments

Tab A Proposed Reply to Mr. Ravenel
Tab B Incoming Correspondence

cc: Vice President
Chief of Staff

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Dear Pug:

Thank you for your letter on U.S. military spending. While I appreciate your concern that my FY 1995 defense budget request is roughly equivalent to the combined total of all other U.S. Government discretionary spending programs, I believe it is very important to realize how much military spending has been cut over the last decade.

My FY 1995 defense budget request is, in real terms, 35% below the FY 1985 level -- the peak year, adjusting for inflation, for defense spending since the Korean War. Under my Future Years Defense Plan (FYDP), by FY 1999 the decline in real terms since FY 1985 will be 42%. Moreover, as a share of U.S. Gross Domestic Product (GDP), defense outlays in FY 1999 under my FYDP will be only 2.8%, well below any year since before World War II.

The defense budget I have proposed for FY 1995 and the years that follow is the product of a very careful and analytical process that began with a rigorous and objective assessment of the threats our Armed Forces might have to confront. This process -- known as the Bottom-Up Review -- confirmed that we could prudently make further reductions in our military spending and thereby facilitate the attainment of our deficit reduction goals. However, as I said in my January State-of-the-Union address, my defense budget must not be reduced further.

I appreciate the opportunity to be in touch with you on this important issue.

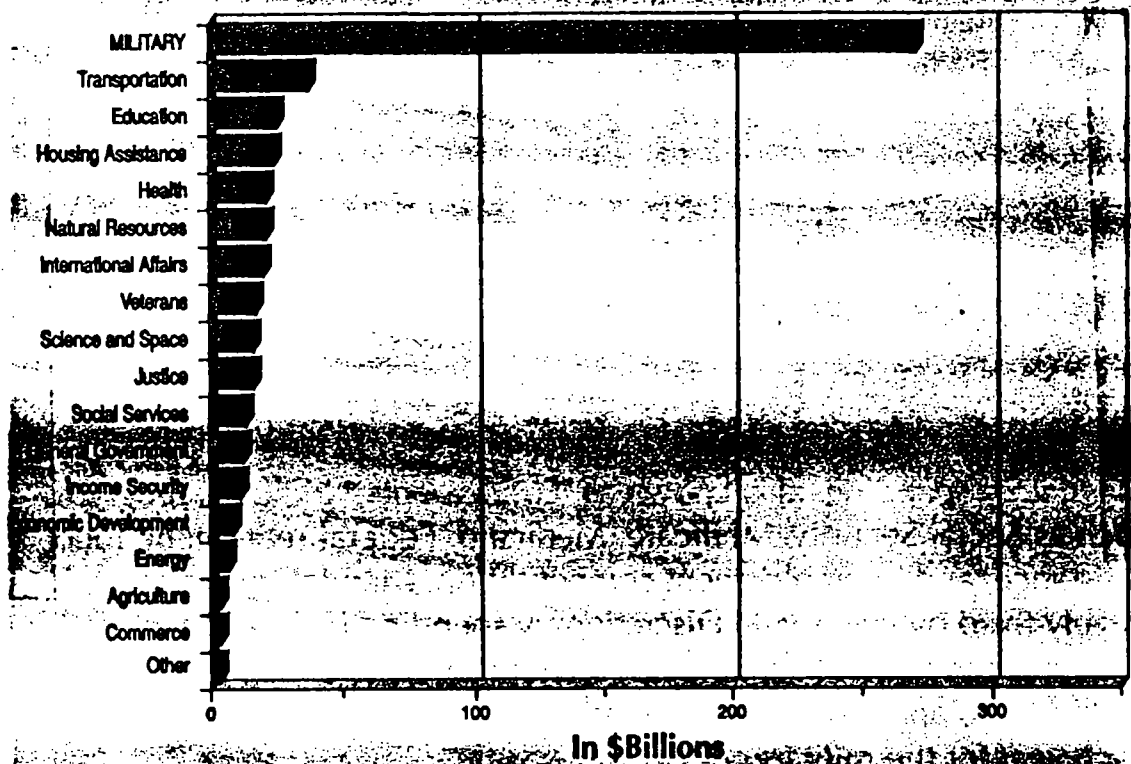
Sincerely,

Mr. Charles D. Ravenel
Chairman
Capital South Corporation
P.O. Box 68
Charleston, South Carolina 29402

5/17/68
 CAPITAL SOUTH
 THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN
 5-23-68

Dear Mr. President,

President's Proposed 1995 Discretionary Spending: Military Takes as Much as All the Rest Put Together



Sincerely, Peg

4793

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

DATE: 05/23/94

NOTE FOR: NSC/WILL ITOH

The President has reviewed the attached, and it is forwarded to you for your:

Information ☐

Action ☒

Please see the President's note on incoming and prepare an appropriate Presidential response to Charles Ravenel.

Thank you.

JOHN D. PODESTA
Assistant to the President
and Staff Secretary
(x2702)

cc: Paul Richard

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

Date: 6/23/94

To: Robert Jones Bell

NSC Staff Officer

Please review the attached Presidential message / letter and indicate recommendation below:

Concur as is: _____

Concur with changes: ✓

(see edit to
1st sentence
2d paragraph)

Alternate text attached: _____

Signature: Robert J. Bell

NSC Staff Officer
for Executive Secretary

²³
6/22/94

RETURN FORM AND ATTACHMENTS TO RECORDS
MANAGEMENT OFFICE ROOM 379 OEOB AS SOON
AS POSSIBLE.

THANK YOU.

#4456 Doc 41

Office of Presidential Correspondence

1000 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20540

TO:

★

DATE: 10/11/77

FROM: [illegible]

SUBJECT: [illegible]

RE: [illegible]

REMARKS:

RECEIVED BY: [illegible]

THIS IS A SOURCE:

[illegible handwritten text]

SIGNATURE:

OFFICE OF PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE

1000 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W., WASHINGTON, D.C. 20540

TELEPHONE: (202) 456-1111

MAIL ROOM: [illegible]

SIGNATURE:

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 22, 1994

Mr. John M. Doe
Title
Organization
Business Adr1
Business Adr2
Business City, BState BZip-BZip9

Dear John:

Thank you for writing to me about the Selective Service System. Following the advice of the National Security Council, I have decided to maintain peacetime draft registration and the Selective Service System. I feel strongly that we must take care to preserve essential national security programs.

Coordinating an inter-agency review
After ~~conducting an investigation~~ of military call-up policy, the NSC made a recommendation to maintain peacetime draft registration and the Selective Service System based on national security concerns. Selective service registration provides a hedge against unforeseen threats and a relatively low-cost "insurance policy" against our underestimating the threat we expect our Armed Forces to face. Terminating the selective service could also send the wrong signal to our potential enemies who are watching for signs of U.S. resolve. The Armed Forces must know that the general population stands behind them, committed to serve, ~~when military force is called upon.~~ *should the preservation of our national security so require.*

I appreciate your interest.

Sincerely,

(6-22-94)

FORM LETTER

Code: p-2004

Topic: Selective Service System

PLM Writer: Kyle B

Document Name & Directory Location: slr/draft/draft

Cleared By: Joni Stevens - based on office by NSC

- ☒ New Form
☐ Revision
☐ Replacement

		Date	Initial
PVR	Hold/Created	6/25	PVR
PVR	Assigned	4/1	PVR
(PLM)	Written	6/10	KB
PVR	To Review	6/20	PVR
KM	Edited	6/20	Lu
MM	Reviewed	6-21	Nr
PVR	To Mail Analysis	6-21	PVR
GC	Entered	6-22	add
PVR	To Director	6-22	PVR
JD	Final Director's Approval		
PVR	To Jim for West Wing		
(WW)	West Wing Approval		
PVR	To Mail Analysis for Activation		
(MA)	Activated		

need
NSC
clearing
also

Thank you for writing to me about the Selective Service System. Following the advice of the National Security Council, I have decided to maintain peacetime draft registration and the Selective Service System. I feel strongly that we must take care to preserve essential national security programs.

After conducting an investigation of military call-up policy, the NSC made a recommendation to maintain peacetime draft registration and the Selective Service System based on national security concerns. Selective service registration provides a hedge against unforeseen threats and a relatively low[^] cost "insurance policy" against our underestimating the threat we expect our Armed Forces to face. Terminating the selective service ^{could} ~~may~~ also send the wrong signal to our potential enemies who are watching for signs of U.S. resolve. ~~As fewer and fewer members of our society have direct military experience, it is increasingly important to maintain the link between the All Volunteer Force and our society at large.~~ The Armed Forces must know that the general population stands behind them, committed to serve, when military force is called upon.

I appreciate your interest.

*per
Joni*



THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

May 18, 1994

STATEMENT BY THE PRESS SECRETARY

The President has announced that he has approved a National Security Council recommendation to maintain peacetime draft registration and the Selective Service System (SSS).

In letters to the House and Senate, President Clinton stated that "...it is essential to our national security to continue draft registration and the Selective Service System. While tangible military requirements alone do not currently make a mass call-up of American young men likely, there are three reasons I believe we should maintain both the SSS and the draft registration requirement."

First, the President stated that the SSS and registration provide "...a hedge against unforeseen threats and a relatively low cost 'insurance policy' against our underestimating the maximum level of threat we expect our Armed Forces to face."

Next, "...terminating the SSS and draft registration now could send the wrong signal to our potential enemies who are watching for signs of U.S. resolve."

And finally, "...as fewer and fewer members of our society have direct military experience, it is increasingly important to maintain the link between the All Volunteer Force and our society at large. The Armed Forces must also know that the general population stands behind them, committed to serve, should the preservation of our national security so require."

The NSC review leading to the President's decision has been conducted since January and consisted of representatives from the Office of the Secretary of Defense, the DoD Inspector General, the Joint Staff, the Corporation for National and Community Service, the Office of Management and Budget and the Selective Service System.

President Clinton urged Congress to support the Administration Fiscal Year 1995 request for \$23 million for the Selective Service System.

#

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20508

June 23, 1994

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR SAMUEL BERGER

FROM: ROBERT BELL *Rab*
SUBJECT: Letter to Mark Talisman

Mr. Talisman sent you a FAX on May 25 (Tab B) recommending that the President invite as a special guest at the D-Day ceremonies Mr. William K. Vaughan, Jr., whose father and grandfather were killed during the Normandy landings on the same day. For reasons unexplained, the FAX was not logged in by NSC until June 7. The reply at Tab A notes your regret that you did not receive his suggestion sooner.

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the letter to Mr. Talisman at Tab A.

Attachments

Tab A Proposed Reply to Mr. Talisman
Tab B Incoming Correspondence

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Dear Mark:

For reasons that I cannot account for, I did not receive your excellent suggestion regarding William K. Vaughan, Jr., until after the President had departed for the D-Day ceremonies in Normandy. While I regret we did not have the opportunity to act on your recommendation, I hope Bill took comfort and pride from the tribute the President paid in his remarks at Colleville to the men like his father and grandfather who were the heroes of Normandy.

Sincerely,

Samuel R. Berger
Deputy Assistant to the President
for National Security Affairs

Mr. Mark E. Talisman
900 Second Street, N.E.
Suite 205
Washington, D.C. 20002

Mark E. Talisman
900 Second Street, NE, Suite 205
Washington, D.C. 20002

Tel. (202) 408-5555

Fax (202) 371-0898

May 25, 1994

BY FAX

Samuel Berger
Deputy Director
National Security Council
The White House

*please make sure
Sandy gets this fax!*

Dear Sandy,

I have been trying without success to have positive reaction to the following:

There is one person living in Washington. William K. Vaughan, Jr., whose grandfather and father were killed at the Normandy landings on the same day! Having visited there with Bill twenty-five years ago, I do believe he is the only or one of the very few who lost a grandfather and father!

It was my thought that he should be invited as a special guest by the White House recognizing the ultimate loss he and his mother sustained.

He is Administrative Assistant to Congressman Pete Stark. His telephone number at work is 225-5065 on the Hill.

The symbolism here is very important.

Warm regards,

Sincerely,
Mark

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

June 23, 1994

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR ANTHONY LAKE

FROM:

ROBERT BELL *RB*

SUBJECT:

D-Day Photos from Omaha Beach Veteran

As I mentioned to you on the trip, a veteran of the landings on Omaha Beach, Mr. Martin P. Waarvick, gave the President a collection of rare D-Day photos (Tab B) after the Sunrise Ceremony on the USS George Washington. I showed the photos to the President, who was very moved and asked me to prepare an appropriate reply (Tab A).

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the memorandum to the President at Tab I.

Attachments

Tab I Memorandum to the President

Tab A Proposed Reply to Mr. Waarvick

Tab B D-Day Photo Collection

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: ANTHONY LAKE

SUBJECT: D-Day Photos from Omaha Beach Veteran

Purpose

To express your appreciation for the rare photos of Omaha Beach on D-Day given you by a Normandy veteran, Mr. Martin P. Waarvick, after the Sunrise Ceremony on June 6 on the USS George Washington (Tab B).

Background

Following the Sunrise Ceremony, Mr. Waarvick (who commanded an LCT in Dean Rockwell's flotilla) asked Robert Bell to give you a collection of rare photos of the Normandy landings and subsequent fighting that Mr. Waarvick had taken with his own camera. Bob showed the photo collection to you just before you departed the GW, and you asked him to prepare an appropriate reply (Tab A).

Mr. Waarvick asked if we could suggest an archive that might be interested in the pictures. Bob has written the Director of the Special Collections Branch of the U.S. Army Military History Institute at Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania, asking him to contact Mr. Waarvick forthwith.

The letter to Mr. Waarvick at Tab A thanks him for the gift of the photos and his participation in the D-Day ceremonies. Enclosed with the letter is a photo of yourself and the First Lady, as requested by Mr. Waarvick.

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the letter and picture at Tab A.

Attachments

Tab A Letter to Mr. Waarvick
Tab B D-Day Photo Collection

cc: Vice President
Chief of Staff

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Dear Mr. Waarvick:

I want to express my profound gratitude to you for your gift of the rare photos you took 50 years ago of the landings at Omaha Beach and the campaign that was fought across Normandy. I was so touched that you wanted to share these mementos of those extraordinary events with me and so pleased to receive them on such a solemn occasion. Your participation at the Sunrise Ceremony on the USS George Washington along with so many of your fellow veterans provided a special poignancy to that event.

My staff has asked the Director of the Special Collections Branch of the U.S. Army Military History Institute at Carlisle Barracks, Pennsylvania, to contact you about obtaining copies of the photographs. I am sure they will be delighted to add them to their archives.

I am pleased to enclose a signed photo of Hillary and me, as you requested. Please know that we will never forget your bravery and will always be indebted to those who fought and died there.

Sincerely,

Mr. Martin P. Waarvick
6315 Summitview Avenue
Yakima, WA 98908-3052



A Gift For You



To: My Skipper, Bill Clinton
with my sincere best wishes

From: Martin Haarvick



MARTIN P HAARVICK
6315 SUMMITVIEW AVE
YAKIMA WA 98908-3052

P.S. Photo's from D. Day are quite rare. If you know of
some U.S. Archives that would wish some - please tell them -
to let me know. Is there a chance that I may have a signed
photo of you & your wife? Sure would like one!

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

June 24, 1994

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR ANTHONY LAKE

FROM:

ROBERT BELL *RBB*

SUBJECT:

Letters to Congressman Darden and Governor Miller
on C-130'sBackground

Congressman Buddy Darden has met on past occasions with Mack McLarty and/or his staff to express his strong interest in having the Defense Department place orders for the procurement of the new "J" model of the vintage C-130. The C-130 is manufactured by Lockheed in Congressman Darden's district. In January, the President wrote Governor Miller (who joined the Congressman in one White House meeting last year) informing him that then-Secretary Aspin had determined that there was no requirement to include C-130J procurements in the FY 1995 defense budget request (Tab B).

In recent weeks, Under Secretary of the Air Force Rudy DeLeon and John Hamre, the OSD Comptroller, have collaborated in an initiative under which the Air Force can take advantage of an offer from Lockheed to make available C-130J's at the same price the company would charge for C-130H models, which Congress directed last year be procured for the Air National Guard (see DeLeon memorandum at Tab C). In addition, Defense will review options to procure C-130J aircraft this year and may include a limited quantity of C-130J's in its FY 1996 budget, continuing through the FYDP.

Congressman Darden, who is aware of these developments, has asked Al Maldon if the President could send him a new letter "reversing" the negative news contained in the January letter to Governor Miller. The Congressman is particularly concerned that a Lockheed competitor in Europe has been using the President's January letter stating that there would be no DOD procurement of C-130J's to try to help sell its aircraft as an alternative to the C-130J. The proposed letters to Congressman Darden at Tab A and Governor Miller at Tab B have been coordinated with OSD and the Air Force.

Concurrence: Jeremy Rosner, Al Maldon (WHMO), Gordon Adams
(OMB), Mack MacLarty

RECOMMENDATION

That you forward the memorandum at Tab I to the President.

Attachments

Tab I	Memorandum to the President
Tab A	Proposed Letter to Congressman Darden
Tab B	Proposed Letter to Governor Miller
Tab C	January Presidential Letter to Governor Miller
Tab D	Under Secretary of the Air Force Memorandum

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

ACTION

MEMORANDUM TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM: ANTHONY LAKE
SUSAN BROPHY

SUBJECT: Letters to Congressman Darden and Governor Miller
on C-130's

Purpose

To inform Congressman Buddy Darden of a recent Air Force decision to procure the new "J" model of the Lockheed C-130 transport.

Background

Congressman Buddy Darden has met on more than one occasion with Mack McLarty and/or his staff to express his strong interest in having the Defense Department place orders for the procurement of the new "J" model of the vintage C-130 Hercules intratheater transport aircraft. The C-130 is manufactured by Lockheed in Congressman Darden's district. In January, you wrote Governor Zell Miller (Tab B) informing him that then-Secretary Aspin had determined that there was no requirement to include C-130J procurements in the FY 1995 defense budget request.

In recent weeks, Under Secretary of the Air Force Rudy DeLeon and John Hamre, the OSD Comptroller, have collaborated in an initiative under which the Air Force can take advantage of an offer from Lockheed to make available C-130J's at the same price the company would charge for C-130H models, which Congress directed last year be procured for the Air National Guard (see DeLeon memorandum at Tab C). In addition, Defense this year will review options to procure C-130J aircraft and may include a limited quantity of C-130J's in its FY 1996 budget, continuing through the Future Years Defense Budget (FYDP).

Congressman Darden, who is aware of these developments, has asked that you send him a letter "reversing" the negative news contained in your earlier letter to Governor Miller. The Congressman is particularly concerned that a Lockheed competitor in Europe has been using your January letter stating that there would be no DOD procurement of C-130J's to try to help sell its aircraft as an alternative to the C-130J. The proposed letters to Congressman Darden at Tab A and Governor Miller at Tab B have been coordinated with Secretary Perry's staff and the Air Force.

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the letter at Tab A to Congressman Darden and the letter at Tab B to Governor Miller.

Attachments

Tab A	Proposed Letter to Congressman Darden
Tab B	Proposed Letter to Governor Miller
Tab C	January Presidential Letter to Governor Miller
Tab D	Under Secretary of the Air Force Memorandum

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Dear Buddy:

As you know, I wrote to Governor Miller on January 28 informing him that then-Secretary Aspin had determined we could defer for now the procurement of new Lockheed C-130 "J" models that you had hoped would be included in my Fiscal Year 1995 defense budget request as part of a long-term modernization program for our tactical airlift capabilities.

I recently have been advised that the Air Force is now planning to procure two C-130J aircraft in Fiscal Year 1994. These aircraft could be used to participate in a flight test and certification program. As the Department of Defense reviews its 1996 program, it will consider the option of including procurement of some C-130J aircraft in its airlift program.

I am pleased to be able to relay news of these developments to you.

Sincerely,

The Honorable George W. Darden
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Dear Zell:

On January 28, I wrote to inform you that then-Secretary Aspin had determined we could defer for now the procurement of new Lockheed C-130 "J" models that you had hoped would be included in my Fiscal Year 1995 defense budget request as part of a long-term modernization program for our tactical airlift capabilities.

I recently have been advised that the Air Force is now planning to procure two C-130J aircraft in Fiscal Year 1994. These aircraft could be used to participate in a flight test and certification program. As the Department of Defense reviews its 1996 program, it will consider the option of including procurement of some C-130J aircraft in its airlift program.

I am pleased to be able to relay news of these developments to you.

Sincerely,

The Honorable Zell B. Miller
Governor of Georgia
Atlanta, Georgia 30334

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 28, 1994

The Honorable Zell B. Miller
Governor of Georgia
Atlanta, Georgia 30334-0900

Dear Zell:

Thank you for writing me concerning the impact of Secretary Aspin's budget recommendation on Lockheed and on Georgia's economy. Lockheed's Hercules has indeed been a critical component of our nation's tactical airlift capability for many years, and future modernization of this capability is an important consideration in our defense planning.

While I understand the importance of Lockheed to Georgia's economy as well as to our military, I also understand Secretary Aspin's need to make difficult choices among defense modernization programs within his budget to support our goal of deficit reduction. Since our C-130's have an average of 16 years of service life remaining, Secretary Aspin believes we can postpone for now this tactical airlift modernization and defer procurement of the new C-130J's.

I am proud of Lockheed's long and distinguished history of providing our nation with top-flight aircraft, including the C-130 and the F-22 now under development, and I am very grateful to you and to the people of Georgia who have worked to ensure a strong national defense. I ask for your continued support of our national security.

Sincerely,





DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20330-1000

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY

16 MAY 1994

MEMORANDUM FOR COMPTROLLER OF THE DEPARTMENT OF
DEFENSE

FROM: SAF/US

SUBJECT: Air Force Plan for C-130J - INFORMATION MEMORANDUM

This is an update on USAF plans for modernizing theater airlift. In a manner similar to the FY92-93 procurement of C-130 H-model aircraft, the Air Force intends to procure a limited quantity of Lockheed C-130 J-models beginning in FY96. This "trickle modernization" will continue through the FYDPI, with a likely buy rate increase in FY02. This will ensure the replacement of older model C-130s before the end of their useful service life.

In support of this initiative it would be useful for two of the eight C-130 H-models being procured for the ANG in FY94 to be diverted to the active Air Force as C-130 J-models. The pay back to the Guard would be two of the Air Force's H-models procured in FY93. Possessing these two early J-models would allow the Air Force to assess the utility of the J-model improvements prior to taking delivery of the FY96 procurement aircraft. Additionally, these airframes could be put to good use developing procedures and tactics for the J-model's reduced cockpit crew.

It is our understanding that C-130Js will be priced equivalent to comparably equipped C-130Hs.

I hope you find this information useful.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Rudy de Leon", is written over a horizontal line.

Rudy de Leon
Under Secretary of the Air Force

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

June 24, 1994

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR ANTHONY LAKE

FROM:

ROBERT BELL *RB*

SUBJECT:

Letters to Congressman Darden and Governor Miller
on C-130's

Background

Congressman Buddy Darden has met on past occasions with Mack McLarty and/or his staff to express his strong interest in having the Defense Department place orders for the procurement of the new "J" model of the vintage C-130. The C-130 is manufactured by Lockheed in Congressman Darden's district. In January, the President wrote Governor Miller (who joined the Congressman in one White House meeting last year) informing him that then-Secretary Aspin had determined that there was no requirement to include C-130J procurements in the FY 1995 defense budget request (Tab B).

In recent weeks, Under Secretary of the Air Force Rudy DeLeon and John Hamre, the OSD Comptroller, have collaborated in an initiative under which the Air Force can take advantage of an offer from Lockheed to make available C-130J's at the same price the company would charge for C-130H models, which Congress directed last year be procured for the Air National Guard (see DeLeon memorandum at Tab C). In addition, Defense will review options to procure C-130J aircraft this year and may include a limited quantity of C-130J's in its FY 1996 budget, continuing through the FYDP.

Congressman Darden, who is aware of these developments, has asked Al Maldon if the President could send him a new letter "reversing" the negative news contained in the January letter to Governor Miller. The Congressman is particularly concerned that a Lockheed competitor in Europe has been using the President's January letter stating that there would be no DOD procurement of C-130J's to try to help sell its aircraft as an alternative to the C-130J. The proposed letters to Congressman Darden at Tab A and Governor Miller at Tab B have been coordinated with OSD and the Air Force.

Concurrence: Jeremy Rosner, Al Maldon (WHMO), Gordon Adams
(OMB), Mack MacLarty

RECOMMENDATION

That you forward the memorandum at Tab I to the President.

Attachments

Tab I Memorandum to the President

Tab A	Proposed Letter to Congressman Darden
Tab B	Proposed Letter to Governor Miller
Tab C	January Presidential Letter to Governor Miller
Tab D	Under Secretary of the Air Force Memorandum

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

ACTION

MEMORANDUM TO THE PRESIDENT

FROM: ANTHONY LAKE
SUSAN BROPHY

SUBJECT: Letters to Congressman Darden and Governor Miller
on C-130's

Purpose

To inform Congressman Buddy Darden of a recent Air Force decision to procure the new "J" model of the Lockheed C-130 transport.

Background

Congressman Buddy Darden has met on more than one occasion with Mack McLarty and/or his staff to express his strong interest in having the Defense Department place orders for the procurement of the new "J" model of the vintage C-130 Hercules intratheater transport aircraft. The C-130 is manufactured by Lockheed in Congressman Darden's district. In January, you wrote Governor Zell Miller (Tab B) informing him that then-Secretary Aspin had determined that there was no requirement to include C-130J procurements in the FY 1995 defense budget request.

In recent weeks, Under Secretary of the Air Force Rudy DeLeon and John Hamre, the OSD Comptroller, have collaborated in an initiative under which the Air Force can take advantage of an offer from Lockheed to make available C-130J's at the same price the company would charge for C-130H models, which Congress directed last year be procured for the Air National Guard (see DeLeon memorandum at Tab C). In addition, Defense this year will review options to procure C-130J aircraft and may include a limited quantity of C-130J's in its FY 1996 budget, continuing through the Future Years Defense Budget (FYDP).

Congressman Darden, who is aware of these developments, has asked that you send him a letter "reversing" the negative news contained in your earlier letter to Governor Miller. The Congressman is particularly concerned that a Lockheed competitor in Europe has been using your January letter stating that there would be no DOD procurement of C-130J's to try to help sell its aircraft as an alternative to the C-130J. The proposed letters to Congressman Darden at Tab A and Governor Miller at Tab B have been coordinated with Secretary Perry's staff and the Air Force.

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the letter at Tab A to Congressman Darden and the letter at Tab B to Governor Miller.

Attachments

Tab A	Proposed Letter to Congressman Darden
Tab B	Proposed Letter to Governor Miller
Tab C	January Presidential Letter to Governor Miller
Tab D	Under Secretary of the Air Force Memorandum

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Dear Buddy:

As you know, I wrote to Governor Miller on January 28 informing him that then-Secretary Aspin had determined we could defer for now the procurement of new Lockheed C-130 "J" models that you had hoped would be included in my Fiscal Year 1995 defense budget request as part of a long-term modernization program for our tactical airlift capabilities.

I recently have been advised that the Air Force is now planning to procure two C-130J aircraft in Fiscal Year 1994. These aircraft could be used to participate in a flight test and certification program. As the Department of Defense reviews its 1996 program, it will consider the option of including procurement of some C-130J aircraft in its airlift program.

I am pleased to be able to relay news of these developments to you.

Sincerely,

The Honorable George W. Darden
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Dear Zell:

On January 28, I wrote to inform you that then-Secretary Aspin had determined we could defer for now the procurement of new Lockheed C-130 "J" models that you had hoped would be included in my Fiscal Year 1995 defense budget request as part of a long-term modernization program for our tactical airlift capabilities.

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I am pleased to be able to relay news of these developments to you.

Sincerely,

The Honorable Zell B. Miller
Governor of Georgia
Atlanta, Georgia 30334

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 28, 1994

The Honorable Zell S. Miller
Governor of Georgia
Atlanta, Georgia 30334-0900

Dear Zell:

Thank you for writing me concerning the impact of Secretary Aspin's budget recommendation on Lockheed and on Georgia's economy. Lockheed's Hercules has indeed been a critical component of our nation's tactical airlift capability for many years, and future modernization of this capability is an important consideration in our defense planning.

While I understand the importance of Lockheed to Georgia's economy as well as to our military, I also understand Secretary Aspin's need to make difficult choices among defense modernization programs within his budget to support our goal of deficit reduction. Since our C-130E's have an average of 16 years of service life remaining, Secretary Aspin believes we can postpone for now this tactical airlift modernization and defer procurement of the new C-130J's.

I am proud of Lockheed's long and distinguished history of providing our nation with top-flight aircraft, including the C-130 and the F-23 now under development, and I am very grateful to you and to the people of Georgia who have worked to ensure a strong national defense. I ask for your continued support of our national security.

Sincerely,





DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20330-1000

OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY

10 MAY 1994

MEMORANDUM FOR COMPTROLLER OF THE DEPARTMENT OF
DEFENSE

FROM: SAF/US

SUBJECT: Air Force Plan for C-130J - INFORMATION MEMORANDUM

This is an update on USAF plans for modernizing theater airlift. In a manner similar to the FY92-93 procurement of C-130 H-model aircraft, the Air Force intends to procure a limited quantity of Lockheed C-130 J-models beginning in FY96. This "trickle modernization" will continue through the FY01, with a likely buy rate increase in FY02. This will ensure the replacement of older model C-130s before the end of their useful service life.

In support of this initiative it would be useful for two of the eight C-130 H-models being procured for the ANG in FY94 to be diverted to the active Air Force as C-130 J-models. The pay back to the Guard would be two of the Air Force's H-models procured in FY93. Possessing these two early J-models would allow the Air Force to assess the utility of the J-model improvements prior to taking delivery of the FY96 procurement aircraft. Additionally, these airframes could be put to good use developing procedures and tactics for the J-model's reduced cockpit crew.

It is our understanding that C-130Js will be priced equivalent to comparably equipped C-130Hs.

I hope you find this information useful.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Rudy de Leon", is written over a horizontal line.

Rudy de Leon
Under Secretary of the Air Force

UNCLASSIFIED
NSC/RMO PROFILE

RECORD ID: 9404545
RECEIVED: 08 JUN 94 09

TO: JACOBS, ANDREW

FROM: PRESIDENT

DOC DATE: 23 JUN 94
SOURCE REF:

KEYWORDS: DEFENSE POLICY

CO

PERSONS:

SUBJECT: LTR FM REP JACOBS RE MILITARY ACTION

ACTION: FOR DISPATCH

DUE DATE: 11 JUN 94 STATUS: C

STAFF OFFICER: HAHN

LOGREF:

FILES: WH

NSCP:

CODES:

D O C U M E N T D I S T R I B U T I O N

FOR ACTION

WH STRIPPING DESK

FOR CONCURRENCE

FOR INFO

BELL
HAHN
NSC CHRON
ROSNER

COMMENTS: _____

DISPATCHED BY _____ DATE _____ BY HAND W/ATTCH

OPENED BY: NSJDA

CLOSED BY: NSGP

DOC 4 OF 4

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED
ACTION DATA SUMMARY REPORT

RECORD ID: 9404545

DOC ACTION OFFICER

CAO ASSIGNED ACTION REQUIRED

001 HAHN	Z 94060810 PREPARE MEMO FOR LAKE
002 LAKE	Z 94062411 FWD TO PRESIDENT FOR SIG
003 PRESIDENT	Z 94062411 FOR SIGNATURE
004	X 94062414 PRESIDENT SGD LTR
004 WH STRIPPING DESK	X 94062414 FOR DISPATCH

DISPATCH DATA SUMMARY REPORT

<u>DOC</u>	<u>DATE</u>	<u>DISPATCH FOR ACTION</u>	<u>DISPATCH FOR INFO</u>
004	940623	JACOBS, ANDREW	
004	940623	WH STRIPPING DESK	

UNCLASSIFIED

REC'D 4/16 8:15a
National Security Council
The White House

PROOFED BY: John

LOG # 4545

URGENT NOT PROOFED: _____

SYSTEM PRS NSC INT

BYPASSED WW DESK: _____

DOCLOG John AO

	SEQUENCE TO	HAS SEEN	DISPOSITION
<u>Reed</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>JWR</u>	
Kenney			
Itoh			
Soderberg	<u>2</u>	<u>h7</u>	
<u>h Berger</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>mr</u>	
Lake	<u>4</u>		
Situation Room		Notl Sec Advisor	
West Wing Desk	<u>5</u>	<u>has seen</u> <u>WA 6/18</u>	<u>TO BROPHY</u>
NSC Secretariat			

A = Action I = Information D = Dispatch R = Retain N = No Further Action

cc: VP McLarty Other _____

Should be seen by: _____
(Date/Time)

COMMENTS:

DISPATCH INSTRUCTIONS:

Exec Sec has diskette

National Security Council
The White House

PROOFED BY: _____

LOG # 4545

URGENT NOT PROOFED: _____

SYSTEM PRS NSC INT

BYPASSED WW DESK: _____

DOCLOG _____ A/O _____

	SEQUENCE TO	HAS SEEN	DISPOSITION
Reed	<u>1</u>	<u>JWR</u>	<u>Review</u>
Kenney	_____	_____	_____
Itoh	_____	_____	_____
Soderberg	_____	_____	_____
Berger	_____	_____	_____
Lake	_____	_____	_____
Situation Room	_____	_____	_____
West Wing Desk	<u>2</u>	<u>6/24</u>	_____
NSC Secretariat	_____	_____	<u>D</u>

A = Action I = Information D = Dispatch R = Retain N = No Further Action

cc: VP _____ McKarty _____ Other _____

Should be seen by: _____
(Date/Time)

COMMENTS:

Date?

6-23-94

DISPATCH INSTRUCTIONS:

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 23, 1994

Dear Andy:

Thank you for the letter on the use of military force.

The post-Cold War world presents many challenges, including ethnic and religious hatreds, environmental and economic devastation, humanitarian disasters and the spread of weapons of mass destruction. You are correct in noting that, even in this new era, we cannot dispatch our troops to solve every problem where our values are offended by human misery.

At the same time, we must make it clear that we are prepared to defend ourselves and our fundamental interests when they are threatened. I will use our armed forces to protect our national interests whenever necessary and will act with our friends and allies whenever possible and prudent. We must also remember that millions around the world look to us for strength and leadership.

Thank you again for giving me the benefit of your thoughts and concerns.

Sincerely,

Bill

The Honorable Andrew Jacobs, Jr.
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

*I read the materials
you sent concerning
Pearl Harbor. Both your
January letter to me and
your account of your experience
in Korea were moving and
persuasive. Did you see
Kutler and Cohen's piece in the Post
on all those who want us in war?*

ANDY JACOBS, JR., INDIANA, CHAIRMAN
SUBCOMMITTEE ON SOCIAL SECURITY

J.J. PICKLE, TEXAS
WILLIAM J. JEFFERSON, LOUISIANA
BILL E. BREWSTER, OKLAHOMA
MEL REYNOLDS, ILLINOIS

JIM BURNING, KENTUCKY
PHILIP M. CRANE, ILLINOIS
AMO HOUGHTON, NEW YORK

EX OFFICIO
DAN ROSTENKOWSKI, ILLINOIS
BILL ARCHER, TEXAS

165109
COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS
U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
WASHINGTON, DC 20515

SUBCOMMITTEE ON SOCIAL SECURITY

May 18, 1994

DAN ROSTENKOWSKI, ILLINOIS, CHAIRMAN
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KAREN R. WORTH, SUBCOMMITTEE MINORITY

4545

Honorable William Jefferson Clinton
President of the United States
The White House
Washington, D. C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

I hope this is not presumptuous.

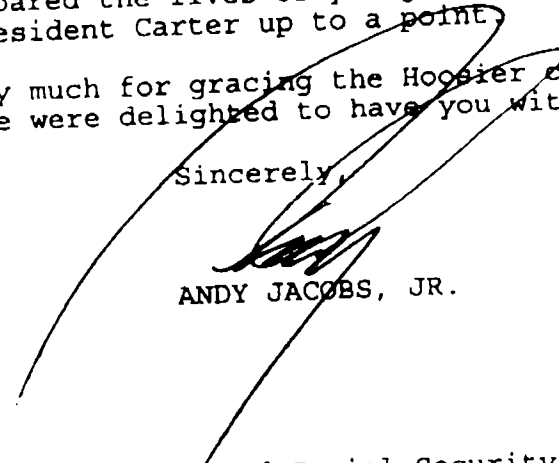
The enclosed letter was sent to you at the beginning of your Administration when it was likely lost in the shuffle.

I mail it once more only because I note that your detractors are trying to goad you into some military action somewhere. If such an action should take place and go badly, the advocates would be the first to condemn you.

You have spared the lives of young Americans so far. So did President Carter up to a point.

Thanks very much for gracing the Hoosier capital on May 14th. We were delighted to have you with us.

Sincerely,


ANDY JACOBS, JR.

AJ/tr

Enclosure

P.S. President Reagan changed Social Security leaders often - to the detriment of the system. I hope you can see your way clear to continue with Dr. Chater when the reform becomes law. She's doing an outstanding job.

May 17, 1994

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—HOUSE

H 3381

I want to note just some of the expanded provisions that are so important to women and their families:

Comprehensive mammography screening that will ensure women access to this vital service;

Annual PAP smears and pelvic exams with no cost sharing;

Family planning visit with no cost sharing;

Expanded coverage of contraceptive drugs and devices;

And improved benefits for our children.

Madam Speaker, the task before us is great. The potential benefits are tremendous. We must seize this opportunity to ensure health equity once and for all.

NEA CONTINUES WITH CONTROVERSIAL GRANTS

(Mr. STEARNS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. STEARNS. Madam Speaker, the new chairwoman of the National Endowment for the Arts, Jane Alexander, has awarded \$78 million in new contracts from the NEA, but, my colleagues, I am concerned about two of the grants that were issued. NEA has granted tax dollars to two artists whose past projects have degraded Christianity and promoted illicit homosexual behavior.

Madam Speaker, I could go into detail of these past works of Holy Hughes and Tim Miller but suffice it to say that they used explicit sexual themes which were obscene.

These two performance artists even sued the NEA for rejecting their applications in the past but they are still receiving thousands of taxpayer dollars for their work.

Madam Speaker, the folks in Washington and New York may laugh and belittle those of us who oppose funding this type of art but the people beyond the Beltway know better and they will make their voices heard as they find out what kind of art our Government continues to fund.

WELCOME TO PRIME MINISTER RAO OF INDIA

(Mr. HASTINGS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HASTINGS. Madam Speaker, I rise today to welcome to Washington Prime Minister Rao of India. I look forward to attending the joint session which he will address tomorrow and to sharing with him my interest in closer relations between our two countries.

India, the world's largest democracy, has already established a free market economy. Their markets are open to foreign investment and their trade barriers have been slashed. India, with its burgeoning middle/consumer class, has

outstanding potential for United States products and businesses.

Both the United States and India have, of late, forgotten why our two democracies have traditionally been close allies. I hope that Prime Minister Rao's visit will both remind us why we have been friends and illustrate how a closer future relationship will benefit both countries.

THE ADMINISTRATION'S FOREIGN POLICY

(Mr. EWING asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. EWING. Madam Speaker, the candor of the Clinton administration on foreign policy concerns me.

Whom do we believe? Is the Clinton administration giving us the straight scoop?

Does the President want it both ways? While he supports U.N. control of our troops in foreign military operations, he also wants the American public, or some of them who have lost loved ones in U.N. operations, to think otherwise.

A local newspaper in my district on May 13 carried an Associated Press story which makes me skeptical and should concern every American.

The President, while meeting with relatives of soldiers killed in Somalia said he was surprised and angry that Army Rangers launched the ill-fated raid last fall.

His immediate reaction was, and I quote, "Why did they launch the raid?" But last fall at the time of the raid, the President called it a very successful mission and released a statement supporting U.N. policy and seeking Aidid's arrest.

Now, Madam Speaker, which way is it? My guess is the President wants it both ways.

THE PRESIDENT'S FOREIGN POLICY

(Mr. JACOBS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. JACOBS. Madam Speaker, there has been a lot of noise from a few frowning experts who find fault with the President's foreign policy. They say he is out of touch with the great bipartisan tradition.

Since that tradition more often than not was to kill our kids for points in the polls, Mr. Clinton can take pride in the criticism.

If his unwillingness to borrow money to borrow trouble in other peoples' wars is bad policy, then, to paraphrase the Lincoln story, we should get cases of that bad policy and send them to all of our Presidents.

THE PRESIDENT'S ROADMAP

(Mr. LINDER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. LINDER. Madam Speaker, the President tried to provide the world a clear road map to his foreign policy during an international townhall meeting.

Unfortunately, according to the latest poll, most Americans believe the President is still lost. Some 53 percent disapprove of the way the President conducts his foreign policy, and an astonishing 48 percent do not trust him to make the right decision.

On the Clinton foreign policy map, there are so many U-turns, dead ends, forked crossings, and wrong ways, the people need more than a map to figure out where this President is going. They need a fortune teller.

Madam Speaker, why is it the President seems to have his map turned upside down when it comes to foreign affairs? Is it because he spends so little of his time and energy on this vital subject?

President Clinton may have a foreign policy road map, but most Americans wish he would pull over and ask for directions.

INNOCENT UNTIL PROVEN GUILTY

(Mr. TRAFICANT asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. TRAFICANT. Madam Speaker, it may be mid-May but I want to talk about the Grinch that stole Christmas, the IRS.

In 1991, Charles Benjamin, a laid-off plumber in Pennsylvania, took tax exemptions for his 10 children like he is allowed to. The IRS said, "No way, Mr. Benjamin. No one in America these days can afford to have 10 kids. We don't believe it. Prove it."

Mr. Benjamin sent in their proof, Social Security cards, birth certificates, notarized records from the school system and they said, "That is not enough." They went to the bank and took \$4,000 this man had, laid off, which was Christmas money and family money.

□ 1300.

Ladies and gentlemen, this is out of control, and Congress should be ashamed of themselves.

When it was pressed, do you know what the IRS said? "Mr. Benjamin, prove it, prove it. We do not believe you."

Discharge petition No. 12 says whenever you go to court, Mr. Archer, for tax fraud or tax evasion, the burden of proof is on the Secretary. If it is good enough for the Son of Sam, it is good enough for Mr. Benjamin and his 10 kids.

Think about it

CONGRESS
of the
United States of America

Ways and Means Committee

Andy Jacobs, Jr.

January 22, 1993

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

At any given time there are 30 or 40 wars raging around the world. And if a U. S. President wants to get us into one of them, he can always find a reason. But, to paraphrase Shakespeare, while Presidents can "rhyme" the people into enthusiasm for such military insinuation, the people, on reflection, "do always reason themselves out again" when the fireworks have stopped and the young bodies are buried.

It is impossible to be a hero without the cooperation of a villain. The Chinese were villains when they marched into Tibet. They are still there. The Syrians were villains when they marched into Lebanon. They are still there. In musical terms, has anybody seen our old fiend, Gaddafi? Mr. Bush's erstwhile friend Hussein is the current billboard villain.

1100 Rayburn Building, Washington, D.C. 20515

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES WITH HONOR

X { I have served with six U.S. Presidents. And I believe that each of them sought vicarious, which is to say pseudonheroism by sacrificing the lives of young Americans in unnecessary foreign military action unrelated to our national security or international obligations. In other words, they borrowed money to borrow trouble in other people's wars.

You could do the same. On behalf of your standing in history and in the next Presidential election, I urge you not to. You have already shown enormous strength of character. You do not have to prove anything.

Lord Chesterton said it: "Sometimes it takes less courage to die for one's country than to tell her the truth."

In the campaign last year you suffered and survived primitive, cynical and absurd attacks on your courageous opposition to an American military involvement most Americans now see as foolish, as polls show they retrospectively tend to see most modern Presidential wars.

The courage you showed as a young man by publicly petitioning our government to come to its senses over Vietnam, was the sort of Christ-like courage displayed by Gandhi, King and Sadat - the ultimate courage, the courage to appear to be a coward when one is just the opposite.

Hubert Humphrey said, "It takes courage to be a peacemaker." But sadly he was unable to summon that courage when icy stares from Lyndon Johnson demanded the Vice-President's tergiversation in order to appease boisterous war hawks in the long years of Vietnam. Johnson, who had advised Eisenhower to stay out of Vietnam, later said, "I'm not going to let them do to me over Indochina what they did to Harry Truman over China."

I was there. I heard him say it. And what did it profit him?

Richard Nixon, who had said of World War II that he, "was there when the bombs were falling" and was not, chose to be a "hero on somebody else's time" by

continuing the Vietnam involvement, calling it "our finest hour." And what did it profit him?

Gerald Ford sent forty-two young Marines to their unnecessary deaths on Tang Island after his Secretary of State was informed that the Mayaguez and its crew had been released. Ford saw the raid as an opportunity to show he was as tough as the war movie make-believe hero he faced at the Kansas City Convention. And what did it profit him?

Despite knowing that between one-third and one-half of the otherwise physically safe American hostages in Iran would be slaughtered by a tactically illogical and unnecessary raid into Tehran, Jimmy Carter ordered the misadventure anyway in the hope that it would reverse his slump in the polls. His Secretary of State honorably resigned over the moral lapse. And what did the reckless scheme profit Mr. Carter?

President Reagan "stood tall" while young Marines lay dead in Lebanon. Then he sought to obscure the blunder by sending more young Americans to die in Grenada, the White House mantra at the time being, "We

have to win one somewhere." Eighteen months later a Roper poll showed that the American public considered the invasion of Grenada a mistake. So ultimately, what did it profit Mr. Reagan?

George Bush temporarily improved his sagging poll numbers by changing Desert Shield into a Desert Storm which snuffed out 150 innocent American lives and put a lecherous despot back on a decadent throne. And what did it profit President Bush?

John Adams and Dwight Eisenhower had the political courage to avoid unnecessary war. Adams, in the case of war with France and Eisenhower in the case of Dien Bien Phu, the 1956 Mideast War and Hungary. Eisenhower's wise decisions prompted the John Birch Society to declare this authentic hero of the war in which our security was involved, "a conscious and dedicated agent of the Communist conspiracy." Instead of the carnage and additional debt, Ike built an interstate highway system which is self financing.

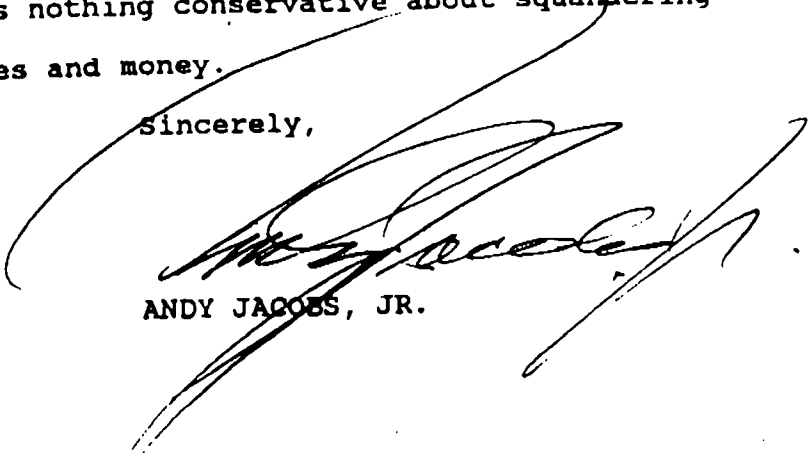
If our country ever goes to war it should be
because we have to, not just because we have a chance
to.

- 6 -

"Courage," my mother says, "is fear that has said
its prayers." The maxim applies to political courage
as well as physical courage. In praying for you, which
we do, my wife and I also pray for our two little boys
and every other American's children too.

There is nothing conservative about squandering
American lives and money.

Sincerely,



ANDY JACOBS, JR.

AJ/pc

Ips. STAR

11-11-84

Page 1

Jacobs recalls Korea — carnage, fear and horror

By REX REDIFER

Perhaps the least talked about of all veterans are those who served in Korea.

They called it a "conflict," but ask those who served there. It was war.

From June 25, 1950, until July 27, 1953, when an armistice was signed, 50,000 Americans were killed in some of the most fierce battles in military history.

Rep. Andrew Jacobs Jr., D-Ind., was an 18-year-old that summer of 1950.

"I HAD joined the Marine Reserves here in Indianapolis, something like you would join the Boy Scouts," he recalls. "We got to wear these nifty uniforms every Thursday night and it helped to find a girl to take to the movies."

Then one bright August afternoon he walked past a newspaper stand and saw a blazing headline: "16th Marine Division Activated."

"I was just a snot-nosed kid. I couldn't believe it."

★ Continued From Page 1

ing sending teenagers off to places like Lebanon and other troubled places, my nerves go cold."

Marine Pfc. Jacobs was to serve only a year in Korea, and was packing to go home, when the Chinese overran his position and he was involved in the famous Battle of Hill 109. His division suffered 50 percent casualties. His tour of duty was extended for a year.

"I CAN'T begin to express the horror, the ugliness or the carnage of that battle. They carried bodies away in box cars. We were kids. We had no idea of what we had gotten into or what we were doing."

Jacobs picked up some shrapnel. He has a 10 percent veteran's disability, but has never accepted the benefit payments since he has been in Congress.

"I totaled it up the other day and found out it would just about pay for a new car I've got my eye on. I wonder if they'd let me change my mind," he said with a laugh.

THE ONLY thing he can remotely recall that terrified him as much as Korea, he added, was when he was a rookie congressman and "two Marine generals in full uniform came to my home to welcome me to Congress and called me sir."

Wry humor aside, Jacobs recalls his Korean experiences with sadness and loathing.

"We had this one favorite lieutenant, a kind of Steve McQueen type," he recalled. "He was everybody's hero."

"One day a Chinese ripped him across the chest with a burp gun. We couldn't believe our hero could die."

"FOUR OF us grabbed up a stretcher and started carrying

Which leads him now on the Veterans Day, 1984, to contemplation:

"I DOUBT there are more than 20 of us in Congress who have ever faced a man with a rifle who was actually trying to kill you. Few of them have even the slightest notion of the bone-chilling terror of war."

"When I hear these men, who have never been in such a circumstance, casually contemplat-

him to the aid station, but we didn't know where it was, so the tradition was to take him back to the next company, which would take him back to the next and so on."

"We had gotten about halfway through this rice paddy, and some of our guys were supposed to come out and meet us and take the stretcher on. But they wouldn't move. One of them called out, 'They've got you zeroed!'"

"I looked over my shoulder, and there were two Chinese not 50 yards away with a recoilless rifle trained right on us. One touch of the trigger and we were all blown away on the spot."

"SPEAK OF sheer terror. But then a strange thing happened. The one lowered the rifle, and the other waved us on. They spared us because we were carrying the stretcher. Well, we went on, and fast."

Years later, as a congressman, Jacobs had the occasion to tell this story to a visiting Chinese ambassador during a reception in Washington, D.C.

The ambassador said something to the effect that "sometimes simple humanity overrides even the ugliness of war."

"I thanked him," Jacobs said. "I thanked him for his two countrymen who spared our lives."

THE WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

INCOMING

DATE RECEIVED: MAY 24, 1994

NAME OF CORRESPONDENT: THE HONORABLE ANDREW JACOBS JR.

SUBJECT: ENCLOSURES LETTER EXPRESSES CONCERN REGARDING
OUR YOUNG AMERICANS IN UNNECESSARY FOREIGN
MILITARY ACTION

		ACTION		DISPOSITION	
ROUTE TO: OFFICE/AGENCY	(STAFF NAME)	ACT CODE	DATE YY/MM/DD	TYPE RESP	C COMPLETED D YY/MM/DD
PATRICK GRIFFIN		ORG	94/05/24		C 94/05/24
WILLIAM ITOH	REFERRAL NOTE: _____	RSA	94/05/24		- - - / - / -
	REFERRAL NOTE: _____		- - - / - / -		- - - / - / -
	REFERRAL NOTE: _____		- - - / - / -		- - - / - / -
	REFERRAL NOTE: _____		- - - / - / -		- - - / - / -
	REFERRAL NOTE: _____		- - - / - / -		- - - / - / -

COMMENTS: ENCLOSURE

ADDITIONAL CORRESPONDENTS: MEDIA: L INDIVIDUAL CODES: 1230 _____
 _____ MAIL USER CODES: (A) D IN (B) _____ (C) _____

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*ACTION CODES:      *DISPOSITION      *OUTGOING      *
*                  *                  *CORRESPONDENCE: *
*A-APPROPRIATE ACTION *A-ANSWERED      *TYPE RESP=INITIALS *
*C-COMMENT/RECOM      *B-NON-SPEC-REFERRAL *
*D-DRAFT RESPONSE      *C-COMPLETED      *      OF SIGNER      *
*F-FURNISH FACT SHEET *S-SUSPENDED      *      CODE = A      *
*I-INFO COPY/NO ACT NEC*                  *COMPLETED = DATE OF *
*R-DIRECT REPLY W/COPY *                  *      OUTGOING      *
*S-FOR-SIGNATURE      *                  *                  *
*X-INTERIM REPLY      *                  *                  *
*****
  
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REFER QUESTIONS AND ROUTING UPDATES TO CENTRAL REFERENCE
(ROOM 75, OEOb) EXT-2590
KEEP THIS WORKSHEET ATTACHED TO THE ORIGINAL INCOMING
LETTER AT ALL TIMES AND SEND COMPLETED RECORD TO RECORDS
MANAGEMENT.

SCANNED

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN
6 23 94

June 21, 1994

94 JUN 21 P1:42

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: ANTHONY LAKA *AL*
SUSAN BROPHY *SB*

SUBJECT: Letter from Representative Jacobs RE Military
Action

Purpose

To respond to a letter from Representative Andy Jacobs (at Tab B) in which he urges that you not be enticed into military action in circumstances where our national interests are not at stake.

Background

Representative Jacobs originally sent this letter at the outset of the Administration (January 22, 1993) and notes in his cover memo that "it was likely lost in the shuffle." In the letter, he provides a lengthy review of situations where post-World War II presidents have used military force in situations where U.S. national interests were not threatened -- in every case with disastrous results. He is concerned that you might be enticed by concerns other than national security ones to undertake military action in one of today's trouble spots.

The letter at Tab A reaffirms your position that, you will use force to defend ourselves and our national interests when necessary.

RECOMMENDATION

That you sign the letter to Representative Jacobs at Tab A.

Attachments

Tab A Letter to Representative Jacobs
Tab B Incoming Correspondence

cc: Vice President
Chief of Staff

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

June 9, 1994

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR ANTHONY LAKE

THROUGH: ROBERT BELL *RB*

FROM: KEITH HAHN *KH*

SUBJECT: Letter to the President from Representative Jacobs
RE Military Action

At Tab II Congressman Andy Jacobs has written the President to encourage him to commit U.S. armed forces to combat only when required for our national security. This letter was originally sent on January 22, 1993, but Congressman Jacobs has forwarded it again because he fears that the President's "detractors are trying to goad (him) into some military action somewhere." The response at Tab A restates the President's views on the need to defend ourselves and our fundamental interests when they are threatened.

Concurrence by: *wes jr*
Jeremy Rosner

RECOMMENDATION

That you forward the memorandum at Tab I to the President.

Attachments

Tab I Memorandum for the President
Tab A Letter to Representative Jacobs
Tab B Incoming Correspondence

UNCLASSIFIED
NSC/RMO PROFILE

RECORD ID: 9403001
RECEIVED: 19 APR 94 10

TO: PERRY, W

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FROM: LAKE
WH CHIEF OF STAFF

DOC DATE: 26 APR 94
SOURCE REF:

KEYWORDS: DEFENSE POLICY

AP

PERSONS:

SUBJECT: PRES MILITARY EVENTS

ACTION: LAKE SGD LTR

DUE DATE: 22 APR 94 STATUS: C

STAFF OFFICER: HAHN

LOGREF:

FILES: WH

NSCP:

CODES:

D O C U M E N T D I S T R I B U T I O N

FOR ACTION

FOR CONCURRENCE

FOR INFO

BELL U
HAHN
NSC CHRON

UNCLASSIFIED UPON REMOVAL
OF CLASSIFIED ATTACHMENTS

Initials: W Date: 12/2/796

COMMENTS: _____

DISPATCHED BY _____ DATE _____ BY HAND W/ATTCH

OPENED BY: NSGP

CLOSED BY: NSASK

DOC 2 OF 2

UNCLASSIFIED

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNCLASSIFIED
ACTION DATA SUMMARY REPORT

RECORD ID: 9403001

DOC ACTION OFFICER

CAO ASSIGNED ACTION REQUIRED

001 LAKE
002

Z 94042215 FOR SIGNATURE
X 94042616 LAKE SGD LTR

DISPATCH DATA SUMMARY REPORT

DOC DATE DISPATCH FOR ACTION

DISPATCH FOR INFO

002 940426 PERRY, W

UNCLASSIFIED

National Security Council
The White House

PROOFED BY: OB LOG # 2701
URGENT NOT PROOFED: _____ SYSTEM PRS NSC INT
BYPASSED WW DESK: _____ DOCLOG OB A/O _____

	SEQUENCE TO	HAS SEEN	DISPOSITION
<u>clm</u> Reed	<u>1</u>	<u>JWR</u>	
Kenney			
Itoh			
Soderberg	<u>2</u>	<u>ms</u>	
<u>vr</u> Berger	<u>3</u>	<u>only</u>	
Lake	<u>4</u>		
Situation Room			
West Wing Desk	<u>5</u>		
NSC Secretariat			
<u>Bell</u>	<u>6</u>		<u>FRA</u>

A = Action I = Information D = Dispatch R = Retain N = No Further Action

cc: VP McLarty Other _____

Should be seen by: _____
(Date/Time)

COMMENTS:

cc: WI/KK
DISPATCH INSTRUCTIONS:

Return to
Bob Bell -

National Security Council
The White House

PROOFED BY: _____ LOG # 3001
URGENT NOT PROOFED: ✓ SYSTEM PRS NSC INT
BYPASSED WW DESK: _____ DOCLOG JWR A/O _____

	SEQUENCE TO	HAS SEEN	DISPOSITION
<u>Re</u> Reed			
Kenney	<u>1</u>	<u>lan</u>	
Itoh			
Soderberg	<u>2</u>	<u>ms</u>	
<u>mv</u> Berger	<u>3</u>	<u>sub</u>	
Lake	<u>4</u>	Natl Sec Advisor has seen	
Situation Room			
West Wing Desk	<u>5</u>	<u>Jan 4/22</u>	<u>D</u> <u>nick</u>
NSC Secretariat	<u>6</u>		

A = Action I = Information D = Dispatch R = Retain N = No Further Action

cc: VP McLarty Other _____

Should be seen by: _____
(Date/Time)

COMMENTS:

DISPATCH INSTRUCTIONS:

Spec Sec has ditte

cc: WI ✓

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 26, 1994

MEMORANDUM FOR THE HONORABLE WILLIAM J. PERRY
The Secretary of Defense

SUBJECT: Presidential Military Events

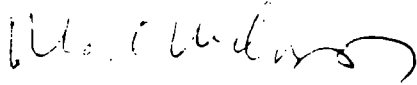
We are responding to your March 31, 1994 memorandum to the President, which we believe proposes several outstanding opportunities for the President to observe firsthand the outstanding operations and training our servicemen and women are conducting. Your memo is also timely in that we are beginning to firm up the President's spring schedule and take a longer view of summer plans.

As you know, we have five military-related scheduling proposals pending for the April-May timeframe, including: the Medals of Honor ceremony; an award ceremony for General Montgomery; a Presidential Citizens Medals ceremony for Admiral Howe, General St. John and others; a commencement speech at the U.S. Naval Academy; and a Presidential Medal of Freedom ceremony for General Vessey. At the same time, we are working closely with General Kicklighter and others from DoD to coordinate the President's participation in a number of World War II commemorative events beginning with his departure for Europe on June 1st. Taken together, these proposed events mean that it will be July before we can realistically expect another opportunity for the President to participate in a dedicated trip to a military base.

We recommend that we focus in the summer/fall timeframe on getting the President to those places where he can best observe our Armed Forces in the field, including the events you outlined in your memo at Ft. Knox (or, alternatively, Ft. Irwin), Nellis AFB, 29 Palms and MCRD, San Diego. Some proposals, such as the CINC conference on Korea and the work of the Roles and Missions Commission, might more appropriately be briefed to the President at his next meeting with the CINCs and the Chiefs (perhaps in the NMCC), which ideally would be held at the Pentagon in May. Other proposals, such as the NEACP exercise, would best be deferred until we complete our review of the future of this capability.

As you know, the President has set a very heavy political agenda for himself this year and we are pleased to work with you in developing key upcoming military-related visits and activities.

Accordingly, we recommend your staff point of contact (Margie Sullivan) work with our staffs (Bob Bell and Al Maldon) in focusing our joint proposals on the field training activities we've outlined above, with an eye towards a summer/fall implementation schedule.



Thomas F. McLarty
Chief of Staff to the President



Anthony Lake
Assistant to the President
for National Security Affairs

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

3001

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

UNCLASSIFIED w/

~~CONFIDENTIAL ATTACHMENT~~

April 19, 1994

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR ANTHONY LAKE

THROUGH:

ROBERT BELL *RGB*

FROM:

KEITH HAHN *KH*

SUBJECT:

Presidential Military Events

As Bob indicated in his earlier memo to you at Tab III, Secretary Perry's memorandum to the President on possible Commander-in-Chief visits contains a number of noteworthy proposals, but also several which bear closer consideration. We currently have six military-related scheduling proposals outstanding, including: the Medals of Honor ceremony; an award ceremony for General Montgomery; Presidential Citizens Medals for Admiral Howe, et al; a commencement speech at the U.S. Naval Academy; a Presidential Medal of Freedom for General Vessey; and the memorial ceremonial for those who died in northern Iraq. We also are well-along in our preparations for the President's participation in World War II commemorative events in June.

The thrust of Secretary Perry's memo is to get the President into the field to see U.S. servicemen and women at work. We suggest that the memorandum at Tab I -- signed by you and Mack McLarty -- would focus Secretary Perry's proposals on the visits that would meet this goal while avoiding a few of the events that appear to us to be less well thought through. This memo has been coordinated with Rod Von Lipsey, who concurs.

RECOMMENDATION

That you and Mack McLarty sign the memorandum to Secretary Perry at Tab I.

() PONS + v? are travelling Monday am so cannot attend.*

Attachments

Tab I Memorandum for Signature

Tab II Incoming Correspondence

Tab III Robert Bell Memo on Perry-McLarty Meeting

UNCLASSIFIED w/

~~CONFIDENTIAL ATTACHMENT~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

April 9, 1994

Tony--

In the attached memo, Bob Bell recommends you talk to Mack on how to proceed on Perry's memo.

I'd don't think such a conversation is worth either of your time until the memo is worked up a bit. I'd recommend instead that Bob work with DoD to come up with a joint recommendation (or at least a memo with highlighted areas of disagreement), that we then do a memo to the President that we would either show Mack or have jointly from you and Mack, and that we would then work with Ricki to get as many events as possible on the schedule. We might want to consult with Ricki on the memo to the President also.

Bob points out the problems with Perry's memo -- I think they've more or less been resolved and that at the moment we don't need to get into them.

If you agree, I'll discuss with Bob. (He's out at a game so I've not discussed this with him).

Nancy 

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

2701

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

April 8, 1994

INFORMATION

MEMORANDUM FOR ANTHONY LAKE

FROM:

ROBERT BELL *RB*

SUBJECT:

Perry-McLarty Meeting on Presidential Military Events

Attached at Tab A is the March 31 memorandum to the President that Secretary Perry discussed with Mack McLarty at Wednesday's meeting. There are three particular points of interest with regard to the memo: the concept of distinguishing between "Presidential" events and "Commander-in-Chief" events; the process by which these events would be planned and executed; and the merits of the proposed events themselves.

has it already gone?

President as Commander-in-Chief

A fundamental premise of the Perry proposal is that the President ought to engage with the Armed Forces "as the Commander-in-Chief ... unencumbered by the normal high-visibility that is necessary when [he] make[s] visits in [his] role as the President." I agree, as do we all, that the President ought to interact with the military as frequently as possible and that our Armed Forces should not be used as props for photo ops. The events we plan for the President with the military are important in their own right, whether or not the media takes notice.

However, I wonder how realistic it is to suggest that the President could travel to military bases in a capacity other than "President" (i.e., without press notice, the normal accompanying party or any of the other nonmilitary-related activities that he typically incorporates into his travel schedule, such as domestic policy agenda events, greeting crowds, thanking policemen or meeting with local supporters). Indeed, over the last year we have been able to schedule some interactions between him and the military because we were able to "piggyback" such events onto a "Presidential" travel itinerary that was principally focused on nonmilitary issues. In this regard, the Perry list is somewhat confusing in that it includes a number of proposed "Commander-in-Chief" events (Naval Academy commencement address, D-Day and Battle of the Bulge commemoration activities, flying out to a carrier) that could never be kept low profile and would be inherently "Presidential."

not even worth considering

DETERMINED TO BE AN
ADMINISTRATIVE MARKING

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Declassify on: OADR

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

INITIALS: *VB* DATE: *12/02/1994*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

I suspect that the "no fanfare" concept is meant to apply more narrowly to those events where Bill envisions a kind of "OJT" purpose -- a training course, if you will, for the President as Commander-in-Chief. For example, the list includes five "learning" experiences, including:

- "learn how a joint military operation is conducted";
- "learn how to deal with nuclear proliferation threat";
- "learn role of Hi-Tech in modern ground warfare"; etc.

*patronizing
in
concept; he
is not
a student,
but C.I.N.C.*

✓ In short, the memorandum could be read as advocating a kind of a tutorial short course in being Commander-in-Chief.

Planning and Implementation Process

The memorandum states that Perry has "informed Mack that my staff, primarily Margie Sullivan, will work closely with his staff on this project and that DoD will take the lead in developing the specific itineraries for [the] visits." (emphasis added) There is no mention of an NSC role in planning or executing the visits. I hope this was an oversight since, as you know, the NSC has been responsible over the last 14 months for submitting the Schedule Proposals (SP) for such trips, developing the scenarios, working with Advance, preparing background material, drafting talking points and speech texts, and accompanying the President on the visits. I have attached at Tab B a list of all such military-related events we have staffed since January 1993.

*has about
same
process
for
other
Cabinet
sect'ys?
Disaggregate
President's
time by Dept.*

Advisability of Proposed Events

Many of the proposed events have clear merit. In this category I would include the proposed visits to Nellis AFB (Red Flag); 29 Palms (Marine training range); Fort Bragg (CAPEX); Fort Knox or, alternatively, Fort Irwin (Army training range); and the USS Eisenhower (greet first women assigned on a carrier). Others are already in the works or pending SP approval. These include the Naval Academy speech and D-Day, as well as three military-related events not on Perry's list (the Medals of Honor ceremony, the Montgomery D~~B~~SM ceremony and the Presidential Citizens Medal ceremony). With regard to the last, I suggested at the meeting that if Bill felt Ben Rich (the "father of stealth" and famed former director of the Lockheed "Skunkworks") deserved special honor, he could be recommended for inclusion in the Presidential Citizens Medal event along with Admiral Howe, Mr. Fisher and General St. John.

There are a few items on the list I would not recommend. The proposal to have the President spend two days with the CINCs playing a war game on Korea (which Bill identified as his highest priority) seems particularly ill-advised in the current

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environment. I see no urgency in the President's flying on the NEACP and would prefer that he wait to do so until we complete our current review of ways to "dual-use" this formidable communications and control capability in support of FEMA during natural disasters. Finally, I am not quite sure how the President and the members of the Roles and Missions Commission would fit together in observing a joint exercise at Fort Bragg. We might instead consider an event at the White House or the Pentagon where the President gives the Commission its marching orders.

During the meeting, Mack expressed appreciation for the list, which he characterized overall as "a good plan," but noted that there was great demand for the President's time and thus "we would need time to work it." I recommend you discuss with Mack at an early opportunity how we should proceed in reaching agreement on and carrying out specific events on the list. At the same time, an immediate priority remains to get approval for the three pending military-related events I noted were not on Perry's list -- all of which should be scheduled in April if possible. (Award Ceremony.)

Attachments

Tab A Memorandum from SecDef, with Attachment
Tab B List of Military-Related Events Since January 1993

Tony -

~~I recommend But set down at DoD folks +
Come up with a jointly supported list - you
should not have to first talk to Mack.~~

- ① Joint list (Sec/DoD)
- ② Memo to Pres. passing on suggestions (clear with Mack)
- ③ Work with Ricki to get as many on
Schedule as possible.



THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE
WASHINGTON, THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

31 March 1994

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Proposed Commander-in-Chief Visits

I am writing to offer you the opportunity to engage with the members of the Department of Defense in your role as the Commander-in-Chief. This will be done through a series of visits which will afford you a first-hand look at the central elements of our military, unencumbered by the normal high-visibility that is necessary when you make visits in your role as the President. I have prepared several alternatives that allow you to:

- Observe the primary hard-core military capabilities you command in action -- Strength;
- Demonstrate your support and understanding of the innovations the military is creating to deal with the post-Cold War threats -- Change/Innovation; and
- Meet with the troops and their families to see how good they are, the training we invest in them, and to thank them on behalf of the country -- People.

Most of the proposed visits allow you to experience at least two of the elements; for example, you could see how our pilots are trained to be combat-ready at Nellis AFB. This visit would allow you to see how a Red Flag operation combines experienced and inexperienced aircrews from all Services in a realistic air combat environment. Our ready and superior airpower is one of our hard-core military capabilities. Red Flag also creatively uses high technology instruction and feedback to give our pilots the best combat training of any military in the world. I would arrange for the pilots who recently shot down the Galeb aircraft in Bosnia to give a face-to-face report on the value of the training to their recent successes. You would also have the chance to meet with the Air Force families that live at Nellis AFB to share your vision and hear their concerns.

A notional schedule for a series of such visits in 1994 is attached. I have given an expanded list of proposed visits to Mack McLarty and discussed the concept in detail. I have informed Mack that my staff, primarily Margie Sullivan, will work closely his staff on this project and that DoD will take the lead in developing the specific itineraries for your visits.

I hope that you will accept and take advantage of the opportunities the visits offer.

Bill Perry

Your Decision:

- _____ Approve concept; work with Mack to develop specific schedule.
_____ Approve concept, but develop a less intensive schedule.
_____ Not interested in concept; will consider visits on an ad hoc basis.

**PROPOSED EVENTS FOR THE PRESIDENT
IN HIS CAPACITY AS THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF**

<u>DATE</u>	<u>EVENT</u>	<u>PURPOSE</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>
April	Ben Rich Award	Celebrate role of Hi-Tech in Defense	D.C.
Late April	CINC Conf on Korea	Exercise role of Commander in Chief in Military Contingency	Camp David, MD
May 12	Joint Exercise (along with Roles and Missions Commission)	Learn how a joint military operation is conducted.	Ft. Bragg, NC
May 25	Naval Academy Graduation	Greet new leaders in the Navy	Annapolis, MD
June 2-6	D-Day	Celebrating military service and sacrifice	Italy, UK, France
June 16	US Special Operations Command	Major Capabilities Exercise (CAPEX) observe the full range of capabilities of special operations forces	Ft. Bragg, NC
July	NEACP Exercise	Learn how to deal with nuclear proliferation threat	Andrews AFB
August	Digitized U.S. Army	Learn role of Hi-Tech in Modern Ground Warfare	Ft. Knox, KY
September	Red Flag demo of Dissimilar Air-Air Combat	Learn Role of Air-Air Combat Training	Nellis AFB, Nevada
October	Visit USS Eisenhower	Demonstrate Commitment to integrate women in military	Norfolk, VA
November	Marine Corps Training and Combat Center	Learn role of Training and Hi-Tech in Military Capability	29 Palms, CA
December 16	Battle of Bulge Commemoration	Celebrate military service and sacrifice	St. Louis, MO



THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE
WASHINGTON, DC 20301-1000

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MEMORANDUM FOR THE CHIEF OF STAFF TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Commander-in-Chief Trips

Last week when you and I met to discuss proposed Commander-in-Chief trips, I failed to mention an option near and dear to the hearts of both the Secretary of the Navy as well as myself -- a brief visit to Marine Corps Recruit Depot Training in San Diego, California.

Should the President decide to visit this site, he would witness Marines participating in a highly intensive ten week course in basic infantry tactics and weapons training. A close look at the rigors and discipline of boot camp would afford the President a first hand glimpse into the kind of training our servicemen and women receive.

I hope you will include this recommendation when you are reviewing Commander-in-Chief travel options with the President.

William J. Perry

**Presidential Events with U.S. Military
1993-1994**

1/25/93	Met with Joint Chiefs of Staff at the White House
3/12/93	Visited aircraft carrier USS THEODORE ROOSEVELT and observed flight operations
4/1/93	Dined with U.S. Naval Academy Midshipmen, Annapolis MD
4/8/93	Met with Joint Chiefs of Staff at Pentagon
5/5/93	Greeted returning U.S. forces from Somalia in Oval Office and South Lawn
5/6/93	Presented Commander-in-Chief Trophy to U.S. Air Force Academy Football Team in Rose Garden
5/7/93	Attended Evening Parade at Marine Barracks
5/15/93	Attended USAF Thunderbirds air show at Andrews AFB
5/17/93	Attended rally with U.S. Navy personnel and families at Naval Air Station North Island, CA
5/18/93	Jogged with U.S. Navy SEAL team on beach at NAS North Island, CA
5/29/93	Delivered commencement address at West Point
5/31/93	Laid wreath on Memorial Day at Arlington National Cemetery
5/31/93	Spoke at Memorial Day ceremony at Vietnam Veterans Memorial
7/10/93	Greeted U.S. military personnel at Air Base (K-16), South Korea
7/11/93	Attended church service with U.S. troops and their families at Yongsan Army Base, Korea
7/11/93	Toured Korean DMZ and met with servicemen
7/11/93	Dined with enlisted personnel at Hickam Air Base, HI
7/11/93	Laid wreath at the USS ARIZONA Memorial
7/11/93	Visited POW/MIA Joint Task Force in Hawaii
7/19/93	Delivered speech at the National Defense University, Washington D.C.
8/13/93	Gave speech to U.S. military personnel at Naval Air Station Alameda, CA

8/13/93 Dined with sailors aboard USS CARL VINSON

8/30/93 Met with Joint Chiefs of Staff at the White House

9/10/93 Hosted private dinner at the White House for Service chiefs and military commanders-in-chief

9/30/93 Attended retirement ceremony for General Powell

10/3/93 Gave speech to U.S. military personnel at McClellan Air Force Base, CA

10/24/93 Visited wounded U.S. servicemen from Somalia at Walter Reed Army Hospital

11/11/93 Hosted breakfast at White House for leaders of major veterans organizations and spouses

11/11/93 Met privately in Oval Office with U.S. soldiers from Somalia fighting

11/11/93 Laid wreath at Arlington National Cemetery on Veterans Day

11/11/93 Visited Veterans Hospital in Martinsburg, WV

11/21/93 Visited Coast Guard Support Center Seattle, WA

12/25/93 Made Christmas calls to U.S. servicemen overseas

1/3/94 Met with Joint Chiefs of Staff at White House

1/10/94 Met with principal U.S. military commanders in Europe at NATO Headquarters in Brussels

2/25/94 Met with Joint Chiefs and CINCs at White House

3/15/94 Visited 10th Mountain Division at Ft. Drum, N.Y.

3/25/94 Visited Crash Site at Pope AFB and Injured Paratroopers at Hospital at Ft. Bragg, N.C.