

File Charities

To: Mrs. Clinton
Fr: Liz Bowyer
Da: 11/26/96
Re: Book proceeds

To follow-up on our conversation, I have compiled some information and questions regarding the donation of your book proceeds to children's hospitals.

Proceeds

According to Jim Fuller at Williams & Connolly, your first installment of book proceeds after taxes will amount to approximately \$530,000.

- Among how many hospitals should these funds be distributed? Should the funds be distributed in equal amounts, or according to the needs of each hospital?
- Will the funds go exclusively to uninsured families who have a chronically ill child? Can the hospitals elect to use the funds for a specific program (similar to how the Arkansas Children's Hospital used funds from the Little Rock book event to help its neonatal unit)?

Hospitals

To help with your selection of funding recipients, I have attached a list of all the children's hospitals in the U.S. and around the world that you have visited since 1992. The list also includes adult hospitals and clinics, with a notation if you visited a children's program within the larger hospital. I have also attached a list of the 43 children's hospitals that have contacted NACHRI to express their interest in receiving the funds.

- Do you want to limit your selection of domestic hospitals to those that have formally applied for the funds through NACHRI?
- If not, will other children's hospitals still be subject to the conditions set by NACHRI in its application process? (list of conditions attached)
- What kind of requirements would be made of hospitals and clinics in other countries?
- Should NACHRI prioritize its list of hospitals based on need?

Event

As you know, you are legally obligated to give away the first installment of book proceeds by the end of this year. We discussed announcing the recipients of the book proceeds at an event at Georgetown University Medical Center or at Children's National Medical Center. The event could include a brief speaking program featuring you, the hospital president or CEO, a family who will receive a portion of the book proceeds, and the doctor or nurse of a child whose family is uninsured. The event could also include a meeting with a family who will receive part of the book proceeds (if families have already been selected). Patti is checking your schedule for possible event dates.

- Should all of the recipients be announced at one event? (We could invite representatives from each selected hospital to attend.)
- Would you want to do any follow-up events with the media, such as interviews with local television and radio stations in cities where hospitals have been selected?
- Would you want to do anything special for the hospitals and families who receive the book proceeds, like a plaque or a personal letter? We could develop a means for keeping in touch with the families, and you might even want to meet with them during your travels.

Simon & Schuster

Simon & Schuster is still interested in holding an event announcing its donation to a children's hospital in New York (probably Babies and Children's). The event could be held almost any time in December, except for the 11th - 17th, when the company is holding its annual sales conference.

- Do you want to try to do this event in December or should Simon & Schuster wait to schedule the event next year?

HOSPITALS AND CLINICS VISITED SINCE 1992

United States

ARKANSAS

Arkansas Children's Hospital
Little Rock, Arkansas
3/24/92, 7/22/93, 1/16/96 and 5/96

CALIFORNIA

Highland Hospital
Oakland, California
8/10/92

Los Angeles Children's Hospital
Los Angeles, California
9/17/92

California Pacific Medical Center
San Francisco, California
10/22/93

COLORADO

University of Colorado Health Sciences Center
Denver, Colorado
10/8/92

National Guard Field Hospital
Denver, Colorado
3/14/94

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

Veterans Affairs Medical Center
Washington, DC
5/29/93, 2/16/95

Georgetown University Children's Medical Center
Washington, DC
9/28/94

Children's National Medical Center
Washington, DC
12/16/94, 12/13/95

Columbia Hospital for Women
Washington, DC
2/13/95

Walter Reed Army Medical Center
Washington, DC
2/22/95

Mary's Center for Maternal and Child Care
Washington, DC
4/21/95

Hospital for Sick Children
Washington, DC
3/22/96

FLORIDA

Jackson Memorial Hospital (neonatal intensive care unit and pediatric mobile clinic)
Miami, Florida
12/9/94

Sarasota Memorial Hospital
Sarasota, Florida
2/6/95

Good Samaritan Hospital
West Palm Beach, Florida
10/1/96

Hillary Rodham Clinton Medical Complex
Deerfield Beach, Florida
10/30/96

GEORGIA

Grady Health Services Hospital
Atlanta, Georgia
11/22/93

Georgia Baptist Medical Center
Atlanta, Georgia
11/22/93

HAWAII

Hana Medical Center
Maui, Hawaii
7/14/93

ILLINOIS

Children's Memorial Medical Center
Chicago, Illinois
10/21/93

Mile Square Health Center (immunization program)
Chicago, Illinois
10/21/93

La Rabida Children's Hospital
Chicago, Illinois
1/18/96

MARYLAND

National Institutes of Health (Children's Inn)
Bethesda, Maryland
2/17/94

MASSACHUSETTS

Children's Hospital of Boston
Boston, Massachusetts
9/23/94, 1/20/96

Dimock Community Health Center
Roxbury, Massachusetts
5/23/95

MICHIGAN

St. John's Hospital
Detroit, Michigan
3/22/93

C.S. Mott Children's Hospital
Ann Arbor, Michigan
1/17/96

MINNESOTA

Central Avenue Clinic
Minneapolis, Minnesota
9/17/93

Mayo Clinic
Rochester, New York
9/17/93

MISSOURI

Truman Medical Center
Kansas City, Missouri
10/29/93

Washington University Medical Center
St. Louis, Missouri
3/15/94

MONTANA

Montana Indian Health Care Clinic
Billings, Montana
4/16/93

NEVADA

University Medical Center
Las Vegas, Nevada
1/28/94

NEW HAMPSHIRE

Dartmouth Hitchcock Medical Center (pediatric and adolescent center)
Hanover, New Hampshire
12/2/93

NEW JERSEY

Holy Name Hospital
Cherry Hill, New Jersey
10/20/93

NEW YORK

Highbridge Communicare Clinic
New York, New York
10/14/93

Kings County Hospital
Brooklyn, New York
2/28/94

North General Hospital
New York, NY
4/14/94

Mt. Sinai Hospital
New York, New York
10/23/95

Babies and Children's Hospital
New York, New York
10/23/95

St. Mary's Hospital for Children
Queens, New York
1/19/96

OHIO

Rainbow Babies Children's Hospital
Cleveland, Ohio
11/12/93

Children's Medical Center
Dayton, Ohio
9/25/96

Lakewood Hospital (birthing center)
Lakewood, Ohio
9/25/96

PENNSYLVANIA

St. Joseph Children's Hospital
Scranton, Pennsylvania
4/24/92

St. Agnes Community Medical Center
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
2/11/93

Children's Hospital of Philadelphia
Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
2/4/94

SOUTH DAKOTA

Lennox Area Medical Center
Sioux Falls, South Dakota
2/18/94

TENNESSEE

St. Jude Children's Research Hospital
Memphis, Tennessee
10/7/94

TEXAS

Scottish Rite Hospital for Children
Dallas, Texas
3/26/94

Hospitals in Other Countries

BANGLADESH

International Center for Diarrheal Disease Research
Dhaka, Bangladesh
4/4/95

BRAZIL

Tsyilla Balbina Hospital
Salvador da Bahia, Brazil
10/16/95

CANADA

Children's Hospital of Eastern Ontario
Ottawa, Canada
2/24/95

CZECH REPUBLIC

Pediatric burn clinic at the Vinohrady Hospital
Prague, Czech Republic
7/5/96

ESTONIA

Tallinn Central Hospital
7/9/96
Tallinn, Estonia

HUNGARY

Semmelweis University Hospital
Pediatric Outreach in Hungary Project
Budapest, Hungary
7/8/96

NEPAL

Kalimati Clinic
Kathmandu, Nepal
3/31/96

NICARAGUA

Francisco Buitrago Health Center
10/12/95
Managua, Nicaragua

PAKISTAN

Health Care Clinic in Burki Village
Lahore, Pakistan
3/27/95

PHILIPPINES

Jose Fabella Hospital
Manilla, Philippines
11/13/94

POLAND

Litewska Children's Hospital
Warsaw, Poland
7/3/96

ROMANIA

Pediatric AIDS Clinic at Gheorghe Lupu Hospital
Bucharest, Romania
7/1/96

RUSSIA

Savior Hospital
Moscow, Russia
1/14/94

Children's Hospital #4
Moscow, Russia
1/15/94

Moscow Children's Hospital
Moscow, Russia
5/10/95

TURKEY

Bakirkoy Maternity Hospital
3/27/96
Istanbul, Turkey

UKRAINE

Left Bank Center for Maternal and Child Health Care
Kiev, Ukraine
5/11/95

List of Hospitals Interested Receiving Proceeds from Mrs. Clinton's Book

Arkansas Children's Hospital	Little Rock, AR
Phoenix Children's Hospital	Phoenix, AZ
Loma Linda University Children's Hospital	Loma Linda, CA
Valley Children's Hospital	Fresno, CA
Children's Hospital of Orange County	Orange, CA
Children's Hospital and Health Center	San Diego, CA
The Children's Hospital	Denver, CO
Children's National Medical Center	Washington, DC
The Hospital for Sick Children	Washington, DC
Shands Hospital @ The University of Florida	Gainesville, FL
Wolfson Children's Hospital	Jacksonville, FL
Children's Medical Center, Medical College of Georgia	Augusta, GA
Children's Hospital at Memorial Medical Center	Savannah, GA
Raymond Blank Memorial Hospital for Children	Des Moines, IA
Kosair Children's Hospital/Alliant Health Care System	Louisville, KY
Kennedy Krieger Children's Hospital	Baltimore, MD
Mt. Washington Pediatric Hospital for Children	Baltimore, MD
Children's Hospital of Michigan	Detroit, MI
Henry Ford Hospital	Detroit, MI
Children's Mercy Hospital	Kansas City, MO
Cardinal Glennon Children's Hospital	St. Louis, MO
St. Louis Children's Hospital	St. Louis, MO
St. Joseph's Hospital & Medical Center	Paterson, NJ
St. Mary's Hospital for Children	Bayside, NY
The Ruth & Billy Graham Children's Health Center	Asheville, NC
North Carolina Children's Hospital/UNC Hospitals	Chapel Hill, NC
Carolinas Medical Center	Charlotte, NC
Children's Hospital Medical Center of Akron	Akron, OH
Health Hill Hospital for Children	Cleveland, OH
Children's Hospital Medical Center	Cincinnati, OH
Children's Hospital	Columbus, OH
The Children's Medical Center	Dayton, OH
Children's Medical Center of Northwest Ohio	Toledo, OH
Western Reserve Care System Tod Children's Hospital	Youngstown, OH
The Children's Hospital of Philadelphia	Philadelphia, PA
St. Christopher's Hospital for Children	Philadelphia, PA
The Children's Hospital, Medical Univ. of South Carolina	Charleston, SC
The Children's Hospital at Johnson City Medical Center	Johnson City, TN
Le Bonheur Children's Medical Center	Memphis, TN
Children's Medical Center of Dallas	Dallas, TX
Cook Children's Medical Center	Fort Worth, TX
Children's Hospital @ U. of Texas Medical Branch Hospitals	Galveston, TX
Primary Children's Medical Center	Salt Lake City, UT



National Association of
Children's Hospitals
and Related Institutions

LAWRENCE A. McANDREWS, FACHE
President and Chief Executive Officer

NACHRI

MEMO

TO: NACHRI Representatives

FROM: Lawrence A. McAndrews

DATE: August 7, 1995

SUBJECT: Potential Donor

An individual has contacted NACHRI, expressing a possible interest in donating funds to assist uninsured families who have a chronically ill child. This individual has indicated an interest in certain conditions being met.

1. The child must have a long-term, costly condition, which is not covered by Medicaid or by insurance.
2. The hospital must have an organized means by which to identify patients and families who need assistance, and has a mechanism for offering that assistance.
3. The hospital must have a higher than average commitment to the care of patients without insurance or Medicaid coverage.
4. The hospital must have a means by which to track and account for any donated funds.

In keeping with these wishes, I request that those of you who are interested in participating in a possible program, mail to me the following:

1. Your policy statement on working with families who do not have health insurance coverage, and who are not eligible for Medicaid.
2. A description of the methods by which you account for the expenses of care rendered to children of families without Medicaid or insurance.
3. Your ability to track funds which might be donated for this purpose.
4. A description of the level of free care your institution offers children without Medicaid or insurance, in terms of dollars and as a percent of your total expenses.

Please return the material to me by September 15, 1995.

12/2/96

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

OFFICE OF THE FIRST LADY

TO

Masha & Maggie

FROM

Pam

FAX #

PHONE #

OF PAGES (including cover)

3

COMMENTS

Do I NEED TO
OO HRC RESPONSE?

Pam

File Book CS

cc: Marsha
Maggie

Joyce Milton

60 Plaza St. E.
Brooklyn, NY 11238
Tel: (718) 636-4471

November 27, 1996

Hillary Rodham Clinton
First Lady
Old Executive Office Bldg, Room 100
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mrs. Clinton:

As reported in today's *Washington Post*, I am under contract with William Morrow and Co. to write your biography. I fully realize that you may be less than delighted at the prospect of yet another book on your life, but I do want to assure you that my intentions are benign.

I am not an investigative reporter, and certainly not a "gotcha" journalist, but an old-fashioned biographer who aims to present my subjects' lives in the cultural context of their times. One of my goals in this project is to focus on the "politics of personal destruction," which I consider a threat to our democratic system, and on its implications, not only for you personally, but for future First Ladies -- and First Gentlemen.

I am also interested in tracing the political implications of the triumph of the culture of "exposure" over the culture of privacy, as outlined in Rochelle Gurstein's recent book, *The Repeal of Reticence*.

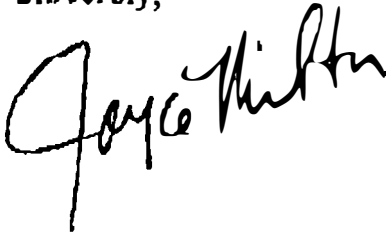
The genesis of my project lies in *Loss of Eden*, my 1993 dual biography of Charles and Anne Lindbergh. There I showed how the press built up the Lindberghs as heroes, only to turn against them after the tragic kidnapping of their son. (Sixty years later we still have scurrilous books, and now an HBO movie, charging members of the family with complicity in the crime.)

On a personal note, I was born in 1946 in Western Pennsylvania, the daughter of a steelworker, and I was the first in my family to attend college, "going East" to Swarthmore. Therefore, I empathize with what I perceive to be your efforts to reconcile traditional moral values with the social concerns of the post-war generation.

Obviously I would be delighted if you would consent to grant me an interview. I realize that you have no particular reason to trust me, but without your cooperation and that of your friends it becomes difficult in the extreme to put your story before the public. The dogs will continue to bark, no matter what.

Regardless of your decision, please feel free to contact me for any additional information you might wish regarding this project.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Joyce Kilmer". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned below the word "Sincerely,".

Fill
Book

It is impossible to explain Bill Clinton's victory the 1992 elections without including in the argument his partner Hillary Rodham Clinton. They have both symbolized an important change in character in this young nation; the evolution of a robust country of moral supremacy and arrogance to other more vulnerable and insecure nations. Society has realized that the adversary is not outside, but within its frontiers. Furthermore, the two form the part of a generation exposed to social changes and psychologies so complicated that they have "desconcertantes" in the home, the man, the woman and the kids.

Hillary promotes her ideas as a mother, as a wife, as a daughter, as a sister. Although she does not take on a feminist tone, she does not take away from her image as an intelligent, charismatic, rational and persuasive woman. A feminism which protects and accentuates the positive, amplifying always what the woman can do and not what the man won't let them do. It is a feminism without victims, without blame, without threats, without rancor, with rhetoric, and without oppression. Hillary breaks the barriers between the professional woman and mother; she is an expert lawyer and a caring mother. She combines an attractive "cautivador" with a firmness that is traditionally associated with a powerful leader. In observing her effectiveness and her strong convictions, I think, like the rest of women, that she is not programmed to conform to the prevalent ways of the dominant masculine culture. Hillary carries novel and strategic powers of persuasion that are more effective.

The strengths of the family are strongly debated in the United States. In no other moment in the history of the United States has there been such a desire and defense for an impassioned debate about the freedom to choose about personal relationships, work and sexuality. It is evident that the model of family comprised of the father who works outside the home, and the mother who is a homemaker and caretaker for the children is in decay: 65 out of every 100 mothers with children under 6 work outside the home. There is no doubt that the social and economic realities have transformed the traditional expectations of the man and the woman into relics of the past. At the same time, the feminist movement has been an agent of change for both sexes, and while women are being liberated from their stereotypes of the past, men have undone themselves from a hard and antiquated "varonil".

In contrast, the promises and expectations of the social "sinfín de abrumadores" of the 1960's, the North American society of today is confronted with problems that, in comparison with the rest of the world, appear to have reached "insolitas" proportions. For example, there is no urban zone that is not bothered with the modern plague of homelessness. Thousands of men and women without homes walk through the streets, reminding the world of this moral scandal to which they are victim. 14% of the population lives below the poverty line and more than 30 countries rank above this country in the eradication of illiteracy. One in every four women who has a child is single. One in every 2 marriages end in divorce. 30% of homes with children under 18 are without a father.

At the same time, juvenile delinquency has become a problem so incomprehensible that it is sinister, although the rate of violent crimes has remained stable since 1990 and the adolescent population has decreased, homicides involving young people have increased 124% in the last four years. The general repulsion of this reality explains the fact that one of the most important

clauses of the Crime Bill passed by Bill Clinton in 1994 is trying adolescents over the age of 13 accused of violent crimes like adults.

In confronting these societal ills, Hillary Rodham Clinton believes that the remedy to these problems are found in the quality of life that society offers its youngest members. No one doubts that in our century, the children's lives have bettered profoundly. Until just a small time ago, the emotional necessities of children were ignored. Children had no rights. They were property of the parents (utilidad??). Parents didn't think twice about using them for their own benefit; although it was difficult, it was a small price to pay because it reinforced that stability of the home to put them to work at the age of 8****. At the end of the last century, the perception of children was humanized profoundly, thanks to the interest in the mysterious process of child development. Today we know that a few days from birth, a normal baby is aware of internal and external stimulations. Physical, psychological and social influences form the environment that we grow up in and that we adapt to, especially the first relationships with the important figures in our infancy continue to mold our way of being. Since our infancy, we imitate and incorporate character from the many people we are close to. The experiences, both positive and negative, that we have during our childhood, guide our adaptations and helps us to construct our personality.

For the other part, the social norms and cultural traditions suppose an incorporation more to cement the ideals, the strengths and the aspirations that will one day define the essence of our attitudes and comportment.****

Experts agree that the normal formation of character requires the reasonable satisfaction of certain essential needs: food, security, protection from the elements, affection and stimulation. Equally important is the stable presence of adults who serve as a model for direction, support, stimulation and discipline. If from the first instant, biological and emotional needs are satisfied, the young child begins to feel a sense of security and confidence in himself and others. A home that emphasizes school and community stimulates autonomy and a sense of belonging to a group, a sense of brotherhood, a sense of justice and a capacity for empathy, an aptitude to deal with outside circumstances.

On the contrary, with unsatisfactory conditions, feelings of abandonment, insecurity, absence of affection and physical or psychological abuse, children adopt an attitude of mistrust and fear. They feel inferior, inadequate, demoralized, isolated, filled with self hate and experiment with feelings of impotence in a world filled with hostility. Under these adverse conditions, many children show great difficulty in distinguishing between good and bad. They don't have the capacity for self-criticism or remorse. They don't have compassion for the suffering of others and they never grow to appreciate totally the value of life. The educationability and malleability of being human make us receptive to the outside influences that mold our character. A basic maxim about human development is that love brings more love and violence brings more violence. As so many anthropologists have shown, no human is born with destructive impulses and no one becomes cruel without having learned it.

Today, we know that the child isn't a clean slate where we can mark all our wishes and

expectations of his progenitors. Minors exercise enormous effects on adults and on the psychological ecology that surrounds us. They condition their parents and their style of life. They are a grand bridge of gratification for themselves (or their parents?). They contribute to expanding their emotional repertoire and serve as a cement of their parent's union. But, at the same time, they change completely the dynamic of the pair, beginning with the time they have for rest and intimacy. We need to keep in mind that in these times, childhood is dependent on the economic situation ?????

Further down the road, children form their own social group, their own culture, a vital world robust in curiosity. For good or for bad, this world does not include their parents, it is independent of the familiar and it characterizes itself above all by consumerism. In no other moment in history have children so easily had access to vast economic resources. Like consumerists and notable users of communication methods, especially television, they choose the product that interests them, many times in contrast to the wishes of their elders.

In the majority of communities in the world, children are no longer useless objects and have transformed themselves to being respected, protected and of great sentimental value to their parents. Notwithstanding, we are confronted with the disaffections that are planted within us in infancy that are more complicated, mysterious and influential. In fact, some of the conflicts that afflict our children result from the advances of civilization. For example, the confusion of adolescence does not exist when work was obligatory from infancy on. Nor the tensions between parents and children??

Hillary Rodham Clinton is well equipped to act as an agent for social evolution, apart from her personal "dotes", I suspect that her compromise between feminism and humanity has proportioned her powerful resources to take care of life. Her vital pact, along with the continuation of the species, implies an interest for the day to day processes that nurture our existence, a great ability to integrate and an aptitude, especially for empathy. The woman, naturally, positions well-being and palpable personal development before the intangible principles, and she feels a clear predilection for compassion and dialogue as methods to resolve conflicts. Precisely, these are the benevolent and rational properties that are needed to today to succeed in important social change, and in particular, to improve the quality of life and the community.