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**THE WHITE HOUSE
OFFICE OF MEDIA AFFAIRS**

For Immediate Release

July 25, 1995

Contact: 202/456-7150

**HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$36 BILLION FROM CURRENT
EDUCATION AND TRAINING INVESTMENTS:**

**Estimated State-by-State Reductions From FY 1995 Funding Levels for Education and Training
for FY1996-2002 Based on Action by the House Appropriations Committee**

Alabama	\$575 million	North Dakota	\$116 million
Alaska	\$102 million	Ohio	\$1.4 billion
Arizona	\$524 million	Oklahoma	\$437 million
Arkansas	\$317 million	Oregon	\$385 million
California	\$4.3 billion	Pennsylvania	\$1.7 billion
Colorado	\$457 million	Rhode Island	\$174 million
Connecticut	\$325 million	South Carolina	\$503 million
Delaware	\$88 million	South Dakota	\$121 million
Florida	\$1.5 billion	Tennessee	\$607 million
Georgia	\$805 million	Texas	\$2.5 billion
Hawaii	\$98 million	Utah	\$215 million
Idaho	\$137 million	Vermont	\$108 million
Illinois	\$1.5 billion	Virginia	\$610 million
Indiana	\$639 million	Washington	\$635 million
Iowa	\$357 million	West Virginia	\$316 million
Kansas	\$321 million	Wisconsin	\$581 million
Kentucky	\$520 million	Wyoming	\$88 million
Louisiana	\$789 million	Washington D.C.	\$179 million
Maine	\$157 million		
Maryland	\$540 million	All Other	\$1.9 billion
Massachusetts	\$884 million		
Michigan	\$1.3 billion		
Minnesota	\$530 million	TOTAL:	\$36 Billion
Mississippi	\$472 million		
Missouri	\$669 million		
Montana	\$141 million		
Nebraska	\$184 million		
Nevada	\$124 million		
New Hampshire	\$137 million		
New Jersey	\$837 million		
New Mexico	\$250 million		
New York	\$2.9 billion		
North Carolina	\$651 million		

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$36 BILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING NATIONWIDE

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. Across the country, Republican cuts made by the House Appropriations Committee would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny funding to as many as 17,500 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 14,415 out of 14,783 school districts in the U.S. use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128, by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 360,000 students in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 50,000 young people the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans cut funding by \$1.4 billion and would deny training opportunities to 506,100 dislocated workers and 84,000 disadvantaged adults in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's school-to-work initiative and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to over 550,000 youths in 1996 and 3.9 million youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the costs of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 5 million college students and as much as \$9,424 for 728,000 graduate students.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$575 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR ALABAMA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Alabama, Republican cuts of \$575 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 3,525 children in Alabama in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 23,200 students in Alabama.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Alabama funding affecting as many as 298 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 128 out of 130 school districts in Alabama use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 7,400 students in Alabama in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 692 young people in Alabama the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$14.6 million and would deny training opportunities to 6,159 dislocated workers in Alabama in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 9,518 Alabama youths in 1996 and 66,626 Alabama youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 63,700 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 9,100 graduate students in Alabama.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$102 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR ALASKA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Alaska, Republican cuts of \$102 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 294 children in Alaska in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 1,300 students in Alaska.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Alaska funding affecting as many as 81 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 52 out of 56 school districts in Alaska use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 500 students in Alaska in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 364 young people in Alaska the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$3.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 1,290 dislocated workers in Alaska in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,471 Alaska youths in 1996 and 10,297 Alaska youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 3,900 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 600 graduate students in Alaska.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$524 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR ARIZONA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Arizona, Republican cuts of \$524 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,400 children in Arizona in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 17,300 students in Arizona.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Arizona funding affecting as many as 264 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 198 out of 222 school districts in Arizona use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 6,600 students in Arizona in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 696 young people in Arizona the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$10.9 million and would deny training opportunities to 4,594 dislocated workers in Arizona in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 7,411 Arizona youths in 1996 and 51,877 Arizona youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 91,600 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 13,100 graduate students in Arizona.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$317 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR ARKANSAS

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Arkansas, Republican cuts of \$317 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,201 children in Arkansas in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 15,000 students in Arkansas.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Arkansas funding affecting as many as 181 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 318 out of 319 school districts in Arkansas use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 3,600 students in Arkansas in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 368 young people in Arkansas the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$6.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 2,521 dislocated workers in Arkansas in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 4,892 Arkansas youths in 1996 and 34,244 Arkansas youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 38,400 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 5,500 graduate students in Arkansas.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$4.3 BILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR CALIFORNIA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In California, Republican cuts of \$4.3 billion over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 17,233 children in California in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 236,100 students in California.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to California funding affecting as many as 2,061 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 1,049 out of 1,064 school districts in California use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 34,500 students in California in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 5,883 young people in California the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$194.5 million and would deny training opportunities to 81,631 dislocated workers in California in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 93,584 California youths in 1996 and 655,088 California youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 430,800 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 61,500 graduate students in California.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$457 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR COLORADO

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Colorado, Republican cuts of \$457 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 1,972 children in Colorado in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 6,900 students in Colorado.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Colorado funding affecting as many as 205 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 176 out of 176 school districts in Colorado use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 5,100 students in Colorado in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,112 young people in Colorado the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$7.9 million and would deny training opportunities to 3,356 dislocated workers in Colorado in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 5,092 Colorado youths in 1996 and 35,644 Colorado youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 90,500 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 12,900 graduate students in Colorado.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$325 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR CONNECTICUT

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Connecticut, Republican cuts of \$325 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 1,374 children in Connecticut in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 9,200 students in Connecticut.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Connecticut funding affecting as many as 165 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 170 out of 175 school districts in Connecticut use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 2,200 students in Connecticut in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 691 young people in Connecticut the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$11.2 million and would deny training opportunities to 4,711 dislocated workers in Connecticut in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 5,174 Connecticut youths in 1996 and 36,218 Connecticut youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 49,300 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 7,000 graduate students in Connecticut.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$88 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR DELAWARE

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Delaware, Republican cuts of \$88 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 354 children in Delaware in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 1,500 students in Delaware.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Delaware funding affecting as many as 64 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 19 out of 19 school districts in Delaware use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 600 students in Delaware in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 173 young people in Delaware the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.7 million and would deny training opportunities to 748 dislocated workers in Delaware in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,356 Delaware youths in 1996 and 9,492 Delaware youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 10,000 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 1,400 graduate students in Delaware.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$1.5 BILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR FLORIDA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Florida, Republican cuts of \$1.5 billion over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 6,654 children in Florida in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 35,500 students in Florida.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Florida funding affecting as many as 770 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 72 out of 72 school districts in Florida use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 16,200 students in Florida in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,960 young people in Florida the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$51.3 million and would deny training opportunities to 21,542 dislocated workers in Florida in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 26,608 Florida youths in 1996 and 186,256 Florida youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 184,500 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 26,400 graduate students in Florida.

THE WHITE HOUSE
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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

July 25, 1995

CONTACT: MEDIA AFFAIRS (202) 456-7150

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$805 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR GEORGIA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Georgia, Republican cuts of \$805 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 4,726 children in Georgia in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 28,700 students in Georgia.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Georgia funding affecting as many as 446 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 183 out of 183 school districts in Georgia use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 8,000 students in Georgia in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,138 young people in Georgia the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$21.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 8,821 dislocated workers in Georgia in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 11,610 Georgia youths in 1996 and 81,270 Georgia youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 111,900 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 16,000 graduate students in Georgia.

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July 25, 1995

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$98 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR HAWAII

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Hawaii, Republican cuts of \$98 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 548 children in Hawaii in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 2,500 students in Hawaii.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Hawaii funding affecting as many as 68 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 7 out of 7 school districts in Hawaii use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 600 students in Hawaii in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 261 young people in Hawaii the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$2.2 million and would deny training opportunities to 935 dislocated workers in Hawaii in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,414 Hawaii youths in 1996 and 9,898 Hawaii youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 5,600 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 800 graduate students in Hawaii.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$137 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR IDAHO

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Idaho, Republican cuts of \$137 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 465 children in Idaho in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 4,200 students in Idaho.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Idaho funding affecting as many as 77 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 107 out of 113 school districts in Idaho use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 1,700 students in Idaho in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 215 young people in Idaho the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$2.5 million and would deny training opportunities to 1,071 dislocated workers in Idaho in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,690 Idaho youths in 1996 and 11,830 Idaho youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 25,400 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 3,600 graduate students in Idaho.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$1.5 BILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR ILLINOIS

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Illinois, Republican cuts of \$1.5 billion over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 7,417 children in Illinois in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 30,900 students in Illinois.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Illinois funding affecting as many as 782 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 916 out of 920 school districts in Illinois use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 13,900 students in Illinois in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,760 young people in Illinois the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$41.7 million and would deny training opportunities to 17,518 dislocated workers in Illinois in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 22,306 Illinois youths in 1996 and 156,142 Illinois youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 209,100 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 29,900 graduate students in Illinois.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$639 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR INDIANA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Indiana, Republican cuts of \$639 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,846 children in Indiana in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 16,500 students in Indiana.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Indiana funding affecting as many as 329 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 294 out of 297 school districts in Indiana use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 8,600 students in Indiana in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 743 young people in Indiana the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$12.1 million and would deny training opportunities to 5,118 dislocated workers in Indiana in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 7,998 Indiana youths in 1996 and 55,986 Indiana youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 133,500 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 19,100 graduate students in Indiana.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$357 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR IOWA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Iowa, Republican cuts of \$357 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 1,445 children in Iowa in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 6,200 students in Iowa.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Iowa funding affecting as many as 161 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 415 out of 418 school districts in Iowa use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 5,000 students in Iowa in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 447 young people in Iowa the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$3.8 million and would deny training opportunities to 1,606 dislocated workers in Iowa in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 2,665 Iowa youths in 1996 and 18,655 Iowa youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 97,900 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 14,000 graduate students in Iowa.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$321 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR KANSAS

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Kansas, Republican cuts of \$321 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 1,408 children in Kansas in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 6,000 students in Kansas.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Kansas funding affecting as many as 162 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 296 out of 304 school districts in Kansas use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 4,300 students in Kansas in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 504 young people in Kansas the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$6.1 million and would deny training opportunities to 2,564 dislocated workers in Kansas in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 3,215 Kansas youths in 1996 and 22,506 Kansas youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 71,500 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 10,200 graduate students in Kansas.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$520 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR KENTUCKY

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Kentucky, Republican cuts of \$520 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 3,416 children in Kentucky in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 19,100 students in Kentucky.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Kentucky funding affecting as many as 291 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 179 out of 179 school districts in Kentucky use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 6,000 students in Kentucky in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 663 young people in Kentucky the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$8.8 million and would deny training opportunities to 3,695 dislocated workers in Kentucky in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 7,381 Kentucky youths in 1996 and 51,667 Kentucky youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 67,300 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 9,600 graduate students in Kentucky.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$789 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR LOUISIANA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Louisiana, Republican cuts of \$789 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 4,702 children in Louisiana in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 19,700 students in Louisiana.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Louisiana funding affecting as many as 401 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 73 out of 74 school districts in Louisiana use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 7,700 students in Louisiana in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 651 young people in Louisiana the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$18.1 million and would deny training opportunities to 7,627 dislocated workers in Louisiana in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 12,294 Louisiana youths in 1996 and 86,058 Louisiana youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 109,600 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 15,700 graduate students in Louisiana.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$157 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR MAINE

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Maine, Republican cuts of \$157 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 835 children in Maine in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 4,900 students in Maine.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Maine funding affecting as many as 81 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 223 out of 228 school districts in Maine use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 1,300 students in Maine in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 193 young people in Maine the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$6.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 2,548 dislocated workers in Maine in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 2,708 Maine youths in 1996 and 16,956 Maine youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 25,600 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 3,700 graduate students in Maine.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$540 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR MARYLAND

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Maryland, Republican cuts of \$540 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,068 children in Maryland in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 11,900 students in Maryland.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Maryland funding affecting as many as 263 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 24 out of 24 school districts in Maryland use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 4,600 students in Maryland in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,682 young people in Maryland the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$16.5 million and would deny training opportunities to 6,956 dislocated workers in Maryland in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 7,732 Maryland youths in 1996 and 64,124 Maryland youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 62,500 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 8,900 graduate students in Maryland.

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July 25, 1995

CONTACT: MEDIA AFFAIRS (202) 456-7150

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$884 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR MASSACHUSETTS

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Massachusetts, Republican cuts of \$884 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,622 children in Massachusetts in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 16,100 students in Massachusetts.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Massachusetts funding affecting as many as 329 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 325 out of 357 school districts in Massachusetts use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 6,700 students in Massachusetts in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,744 young people in Massachusetts the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$23.9 million and would deny training opportunities to 10,051 dislocated workers in Massachusetts in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 12,110 Massachusetts youths in 1996 and 84,770 Massachusetts youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 176,300 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 25,200 graduate students in Massachusetts.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$1.3 BILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR MICHIGAN

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Michigan, Republican cuts of \$1.3 billion over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 7,456 children in Michigan in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 30,100 students in Michigan.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Michigan funding affecting as many as 715 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 559 out of 561 school districts in Michigan use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 14,000 students in Michigan in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,323 young people in Michigan the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$33.5 million and would deny training opportunities to 14,059 dislocated workers in Michigan in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 20,164 Michigan youths in 1996 and 141,148 Michigan youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 172,200 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 24,600 graduate students in Michigan.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$530 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR MINNESOTA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Minnesota, Republican cuts of \$530 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,081 children in Minnesota in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 14,000 students in Minnesota.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Minnesota funding affecting as many as 266 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 423 out of 423 school districts in Minnesota use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 7,300 students in Minnesota in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 658 young people in Minnesota the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$8.1 million and would deny training opportunities to 3,408 dislocated workers in Minnesota in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 5,720 Minnesota youths in 1996 and 40,040 Minnesota youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 134,400 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 19,200 graduate students in Minnesota.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$472 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR MISSISSIPPI

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Mississippi, Republican cuts of \$472 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 5,857 children in Mississippi in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 25,800 students in Mississippi.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Mississippi funding affecting as many as 256 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 153 out of 156 school districts in Mississippi use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 5,000 students in Mississippi in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 385 young people in Mississippi the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$8.8 million and would deny training opportunities to 3,623 dislocated workers in Mississippi in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 6,559 Mississippi youths in 1996 and 45,913 Mississippi youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 52,900 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 7,600 graduate students in Mississippi.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$669 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR MISSOURI

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Missouri, Republican cuts of \$669 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 3,414 children in Missouri in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 18,300 students in Missouri.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Missouri funding affecting as many as 321 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 526 out of 546 school districts in Missouri use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 7,900 students in Missouri in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 852 young people in Missouri the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$13.6 million and would deny training opportunities to 5,723 dislocated workers in Missouri in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 8,866 Missouri youths in 1996 and 62,062 Missouri youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 123,200 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 17,600 graduate students in Missouri.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$141 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR MONTANA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Montana, Republican cuts of \$141 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 561 children in Montana in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 2,800 students in Montana.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 417 out of 513 school districts in Montana use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 1,600 students in Montana in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 331 young people in Montana the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.9 million and would deny training opportunities to 817 dislocated workers in Montana in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,551 Montana youths in 1996 and 10,857 Montana youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 23,100 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 3,300 graduate students in Montana.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$184 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR NEBRASKA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Nebraska, Republican cuts of \$184 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 884 children in Nebraska in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 5,500 students in Nebraska.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Nebraska funding affecting as many as 95 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 612 out of 729 school districts in Nebraska use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 2,900 students in Nebraska in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 220 young people in Nebraska the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.3 million and would deny training opportunities to 554 dislocated workers in Nebraska in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,356 Nebraska youths in 1996 and 9,492 Nebraska youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 50,800 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 7,300 graduate students in Nebraska.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$124 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR NEVADA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Nevada, Republican cuts of \$124 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 436 children in Nevada in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 2,200 students in Nevada.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Nevada funding affecting as many as 68 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 16 out of 17 school districts in Nevada use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 1,200 students in Nevada in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 208 young people in Nevada the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$5.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 2,101 dislocated workers in Nevada in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 2,577 Nevada youths in 1996 and 18,039 Nevada youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 12,200 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 1,700 graduate students in Nevada.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$137 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR NEW HAMPSHIRE

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In New Hampshire, Republican cuts of \$137 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 280 children in New Hampshire in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 2,300 students in New Hampshire.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 156 out of 162 school districts in New Hampshire use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 1,100 students in New Hampshire in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 262 young people in New Hampshire the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$3.4 million and would deny training opportunities to 1,437 dislocated workers in New Hampshire in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,848 New Hampshire youths in 1996 and 13,636 New Hampshire youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 31,800 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 4,500 graduate students in New Hampshire.

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of Media Affairs

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July 25, 1995

CONTACT: MEDIA AFFAIRS (202) 456-7150

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$837 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR NEW JERSEY

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In New Jersey, Republican cuts of \$837 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 3,135 children in New Jersey in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 30,800 students in New Jersey.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to New Jersey funding affecting as many as 415 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 564 out of 591 school districts in New Jersey use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 6,400 students in New Jersey in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,749 young people in New Jersey the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$36.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 15,376 dislocated workers in New Jersey in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 15,164 New Jersey youths in 1996 and 106,078 New Jersey youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 83,000 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 11,900 graduate students in New Jersey.

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July 25, 1995

CONTACT: MEDIA AFFAIRS (202) 456-7150

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$250 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR NEW MEXICO

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In New Mexico, Republican cuts of \$250 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 1,555 children in New Mexico in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 9,200 students in New Mexico.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to New Mexico funding affecting as many as 137 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 88 out of 88 school districts in New Mexico use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 3,000 students in New Mexico in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 237 young people in New Mexico the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$4.8 million and would deny training opportunities to 2,031 dislocated workers in New Mexico in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 3,690 New Mexico youths in 1996 and 25,830 New Mexico youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 29,600 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 4,200 graduate students in New Mexico.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$2.9 BILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR NEW YORK

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In New York, Republican cuts of \$2.9 billion over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 9,488 children in New York in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 78,500 students in New York.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to New York funding affecting as many as 1,337 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 694 out of 716 school districts in New York use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 33,300 students in New York in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 3,381 young people in New York the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$84.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 35,467 dislocated workers in New York in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 40,385 New York youths in 1996 and 282,555 New York youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 447,700 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 64,000 graduate students in New York.

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July 25, 1995

CONTACT: MEDIA AFFAIRS (202) 456-7150

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$651 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR NORTH CAROLINA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In North Carolina, Republican cuts of \$651 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 3,808 children in North Carolina in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 20,400 students in North Carolina.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to North Carolina funding affecting as many as 381 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 129 out of 129 school districts in North Carolina use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 7,100 students in North Carolina in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,107 young people in North Carolina the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$10.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 4,295 dislocated workers in North Carolina in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 8,690 North Carolina youths in 1996 and 60,830 North Carolina youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 93,300 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 13,300 graduate students in North Carolina.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$116 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR NORTH DAKOTA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In North Dakota, Republican cuts of \$116 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 422 children in North Dakota in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 2,100 students in North Dakota.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to North Dakota funding affecting as many as 66 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 245 out of 257 school districts in North Dakota use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 1,500 students in North Dakota in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 57 young people in North Dakota the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$.8 million and would deny training opportunities to 345 dislocated workers in North Dakota in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,356 North Dakota youths in 1996 and 9,492 North Dakota youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 30,700 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 4,400 graduate students in North Dakota.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$1.4 BILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR OHIO

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Ohio, Republican cuts of \$1.4 billion over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 8,239 children in Ohio in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 32,000 students in Ohio.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Ohio funding affecting as many as 748 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 611 out of 611 school districts in Ohio use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 15,400 students in Ohio in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,650 young people in Ohio the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$36.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 15,380 dislocated workers in Ohio in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 19,917 Ohio youths in 1996 and 139,419 Ohio youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 239,300 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 34,200 graduate students in Ohio.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$437 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR OKLAHOMA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Oklahoma, Republican cuts of \$437 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,712 children in Oklahoma in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 10,200 students in Oklahoma.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Oklahoma funding affecting as many as 219 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 531 out of 555 school districts in Oklahoma use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 6,200 students in Oklahoma in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 455 young people in Oklahoma the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$10.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 4,229 dislocated workers in Oklahoma in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 6,118 Oklahoma youths in 1996 and 42,826 Oklahoma youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 71,800 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 10,300 graduate students in Oklahoma.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$385 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR OREGON

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Oregon, Republican cuts of \$385 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 1,127 children in Oregon in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 8,800 students in Oregon.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Oregon funding affecting as many as 199 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 278 out of 278 school districts in Oregon use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 3,900 students in Oregon in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 458 young people in Oregon the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$10.5 million and would deny training opportunities to 4,411 dislocated workers in Oregon in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 6,204 Oregon youths in 1996 and 43,428 Oregon youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 62,900 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 9,000 graduate students in Oregon.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$1.7 BILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR PENNSYLVANIA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Pennsylvania, Republican cuts of \$1.7 billion over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 6,241 children in Pennsylvania in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 44,800 students in Pennsylvania.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Pennsylvania funding affecting as many as 758 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 514 out of 521 school districts in Pennsylvania use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 14,100 students in Pennsylvania in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 2,081 young people in Pennsylvania the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$44.1 million and would deny training opportunities to 18,524 dislocated workers in Pennsylvania in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 21,744 Pennsylvania youths in 1996 and 152,208 Pennsylvania youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 367,300 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 52,500 graduate students in Pennsylvania.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$174 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR RHODE ISLAND

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Rhode Island, Republican cuts of \$174 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 602 children in Rhode Island in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 2,600 students in Rhode Island.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Rhode Island funding affecting as many as 71 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 37 out of 37 school districts in Rhode Island use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 1,600 students in Rhode Island in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 462 young people in Rhode Island the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$5.2 million and would deny training opportunities to 2,189 dislocated workers in Rhode Island in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 2,088 Rhode Island youths in 1996 and 14,616 Rhode Island youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 36,400 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 5,200 graduate students in Rhode Island.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$503 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR SOUTH CAROLINA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In South Carolina, Republican cuts of \$503 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,464 children in South Carolina in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 11,700 students in South Carolina.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to South Carolina funding affecting as many as 237 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 91 out of 91 school districts in South Carolina use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 4,600 students in South Carolina in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,019 young people in South Carolina the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$14.5 million and would deny training opportunities to 6,121 dislocated workers in South Carolina in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 8,068 South Carolina youths in 1996 and 56,476 South Carolina youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 65,800 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 9,400 graduate students in South Carolina.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$121 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR SOUTH DAKOTA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In South Dakota, Republican cuts of \$121 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 492 children in South Dakota in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 2,600 students in South Dakota.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to South Dakota funding affecting as many as 69 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 178 out of 188 school districts in South Dakota use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 1,500 students in South Dakota in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 84 young people in South Dakota the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$.6 million and would deny training opportunities to 282 dislocated workers in South Dakota in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,356 South Dakota youths in 1996 and 9,492 South Dakota youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 30,400 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 4,300 graduate students in South Dakota.

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July 25, 1995

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$607 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR TENNESSEE

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Tennessee, Republican cuts of \$607 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 3,490 children in Tennessee in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 21,900 students in Tennessee.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Tennessee funding affecting as many as 314 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 143 out of 146 school districts in Tennessee use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 7,000 students in Tennessee in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 870 young people in Tennessee the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$9.9 million and would deny training opportunities to 4,173 dislocated workers in Tennessee in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 8,256 Tennessee youths in 1996 and 57,792 Tennessee youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 93,500 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 13,400 graduate students in Tennessee.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$2.5 BILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR TEXAS

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Texas, Republican cuts of \$2.5 billion over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 12,512 children in Texas in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 99,600 students in Texas.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Texas funding affecting as many as 1,428 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 1,043 out of 1,053 school districts in Texas use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 23,400 students in Texas in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 3,171 young people in Texas the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$68.3 million and would deny training opportunities to 28,688 dislocated workers in Texas in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 42,491 Texas youths in 1996 and 297,437 Texas youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 260,700 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 37,200 graduate students in Texas.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$215 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR UTAH

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Utah, Republican cuts of \$215 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 979 children in Utah in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 6,100 students in Utah.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Utah funding affecting as many as 128 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 40 out of 40 school districts in Utah use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 4,300 students in Utah in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 267 young people in Utah the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$2.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 844 dislocated workers in Utah in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,641 Utah youths in 1996 and 11,487 Utah youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 45,100 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 6,400 graduate students in Utah.

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July 25, 1995

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$108 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR VERMONT

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Vermont, Republican cuts of \$108 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 309 children in Vermont in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 2,100 students in Vermont.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Vermont funding affecting as many as 64 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 60 out of 60 school districts in Vermont use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 700 students in Vermont in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 227 young people in Vermont the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.3 million and would deny training opportunities to 563 dislocated workers in Vermont in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,356 Vermont youths in 1996 and 9,492 Vermont youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 21,200 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 3,000 graduate students in Vermont.

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July 25, 1995

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$610 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR VIRGINIA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Virginia, Republican cuts of \$610 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,671 children in Virginia in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 13,100 students in Virginia.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 134 out of 135 school districts in Virginia use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 7,200 students in Virginia in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 703 young people in Virginia the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$12.4 million and would deny training opportunities to 5,231 dislocated workers in Virginia in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 8,415 Virginia youths in 1996 and 58,905 Virginia youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 113,000 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 16,100 graduate students in Virginia.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$635 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR WASHINGTON

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Washington, Republican cuts of \$635 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,006 children in Washington in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 10,800 students in Washington.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Washington funding affecting as many as 319 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 301 out of 305 school districts in Washington use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 5,800 students in Washington in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,315 young people in Washington the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$20.1 million and would deny training opportunities to 8,458 dislocated workers in Washington in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 10,511 Washington youths in 1996 and 73,577 Washington youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 90,300 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 12,900 graduate students in Washington.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$316 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR WEST VIRGINIA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In West Virginia, Republican cuts of \$316 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 1,556 children in West Virginia in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 5,900 students in West Virginia.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to West Virginia funding affecting as many as 146 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 55 out of 55 school districts in West Virginia use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 2,600 students in West Virginia in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 260 young people in West Virginia the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$11.6 million and would deny training opportunities to 4,874 dislocated workers in West Virginia in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 5,9611 West Virginia youths in 1996 and 41,727 West Virginia youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 39,500 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 5,600 graduate students in West Virginia.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$581 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR WISCONSIN

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Wisconsin, Republican cuts of \$581 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,904 children in Wisconsin in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 11,900 students in Wisconsin.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Wisconsin funding affecting as many as 331 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 434 out of 434 school districts in Wisconsin use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 6,200 students in Wisconsin in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 649 young people in Wisconsin the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$7.9 million and would deny training opportunities to 3,333 dislocated workers in Wisconsin in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 6,274 Wisconsin youths in 1996 and 43,918 Wisconsin youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 118,900 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 17,000 graduate students in Wisconsin.

THE WHITE HOUSE
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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$88 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR WYOMING

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Wyoming, Republican cuts of \$88 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 321 children in Wyoming in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 900 students in Wyoming.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Wyoming funding affecting as many as 64 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 49 out of 49 school districts in Wyoming use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 800 students in Wyoming in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 146 young people in Wyoming the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.3 million and would deny training opportunities to 555 dislocated workers in Wyoming in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,356 Wyoming youths in 1996 and 9,492 Wyoming youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 11,800 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 1,700 graduate students in Wyoming.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$179 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR WASHINGTON D.C.

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Washington D.C., Republican cuts of \$179 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 690 children in Washington D.C. in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 2,500 students in Washington D.C..
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Washington D.C. funding affecting as many as 70 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 1 out of 1 school districts in Washington D.C. use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 900 students in Washington D.C. in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 223 young people in Washington D.C. the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$3.7 million and would deny training opportunities to 1,560 dislocated workers in Washington D.C. in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 2,029 Washington D.C. youths in 1996 and 14,203 Washington D.C. youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 37,200 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 5,300 graduate students in Washington D.C..

PRESIDENT CLINTON'S COMMITMENT TO EDUCATION AND TRAINING

President Clinton is fighting for better education and training--from Head Start and school lunches to safe schools, higher standards, and student loans--in order to allow young people to make the most of their lives, and to provide to every American the chance to realize the American Dream. While supporting deficit reduction, open trade, and job creation, and while fighting violence that threatens our society, the President has recognized that nothing is more critical to our nation's future than ensuring that all Americans have the education and skills they need to navigate these changing times. The President has made an unprecedented commitment to strengthening teaching and learning--expanding and improving early childhood education, assisting local communities in improving their schools, instituting bold new reforms of adult education and training programs, and expanding financial aid for deserving college students.

EDUCATION IS THE KEY TO REALIZING THE AMERICAN DREAM

Improving education is important for families, the revival of civic institutions, and economic growth. In an economy where technology is constantly changing, trade is expanding, and capital is mobile, education has become the fundamental fault-line in our standard of living. Most Americans have seen their incomes stagnate over the last 15 years; the real income of the typical family has actually declined. Yet those with the most education and training have bucked the trend. In 1979, a male college graduate earned 39% more than a man with only a high school degree. By 1993, this gap had doubled, and a male college graduate out-earned his high school graduate counterpart by 80 percent. In addition, the availability of health coverage, pension plans, and other work-related benefits has become closely correlated with education levels.

A BIPARTISAN EDUCATION RECORD

While bringing the deficit down by historic amounts--over \$600 billion so far--President Clinton has also made investing in education a top priority. During the last Congress, Republicans and Democrats together enacted a historic series of initiatives to assist families, communities, schools, and colleges to have expanded educational opportunity in America. Landmark legislation includes:

- **Head Start Amendments of 1994** (signed 5/18/94; passed House 393-20; Senate 98-1).
- **Goals 2000: Educate America Act** (signed 3/31/94; passed House 306-121; Senate 63-22).
- **Improving America's Schools Act** (signed 10/20/94; passed House 362-132; Senate 77-20).
- **School-to-Work Opportunities Act** (signed 5/4/94; passed House 339-79; Senate Voice Vote)
- **National and Community Service Trust Act** (signed 9/21/93; passed House 275-152; Senate 57-40)
- **Direct Lending and Pay-as-You-Can Loans** (signed on 8/10/93 as part of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act)

This year, President Clinton went a step further by proposing incentives--through expansion of IRAs of up to \$10,000--for families to save for their children's college education. In addition, the President has sought to consolidate 70 programs and put Skill Grants directly in the hands of workers seeking to upgrade their education and skills.

DRAWING THE LINE ON EDUCATION

Despite the bipartisan efforts last year to expand the quality and effectiveness of education, the current budget debate points to a divide between the President and the Republican Congress over education--the foundation of our democracy and free enterprise system. Both the President and Republicans believe we must reduce the budget deficit and balance the budget, and both propose deep cuts in discretionary spending to reach this goal. But the President also believes that in order to create more opportunity, we must reduce the education deficit by expanding investment in quality education. Most Republicans disagree. Thus, **while the President's balanced budget proposal launches an all-out effort to expand educational opportunities, the GOP budgets drastically decrease educational opportunity.**

THE EDUCATION GAP BETWEEN THE BUDGETS

The Republican budget resolution slashes education and training by \$36 billion for 1995 to 2002 (including \$10 billion in loan benefits to students). On July 24, the House Appropriations Committee took the first step towards making this budget resolution a reality, by cutting key education and training initiatives. By contrast, the President's budget increases investment in these same areas by \$40 billion over seven years. As a result, there is a major education gap between the President's proposal and the Republicans'.

President Clinton will fight to expand investments in quality education, and he will fight against efforts to reduce, gut, or eliminate key investments in education and job training. Following is a brief outline of the fundamental differences between the President's approach to education and the Republican approaches to education -- from pre-school through post-secondary education.

I. EXPANDING HEAD START

President Clinton has made expanding and improving pre-schooling the starting point for helping families give their children a good start on the right course. Republicans would slash these investments.

- **HEAD START. *President Clinton Adds 50,000 Children; Republicans Cut Up To 180,000 Children.***

President Clinton already expanded investment in Head Start by \$760 million from 1993 to 1995. Now, he proposes to increase annual funding by \$1.5 billion by 2002 to reach another 50,000 children. At the same time as he has expanded Head Start, he has also reformed the way the program works to improve teaching and facilities for all the children who participate.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee has approved reducing FY 1996 funding for Head Start to over \$100 million below the FY 1995 level and over \$500 million below the President's request. Up to 45,000 children would be cut off Head Start in 1996 if HHS is to maintain program quality. Freezing funding at the reduced level would cut off up to 180,000 children in 2002 compared to 1995.

II. IMPROVING ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

President Clinton has lent national support to local schools and communities working to improve the quality of their education by rigorously teaching the basics, making schools safe and drug-free, promoting increased parental involvement, raising student achievement and discipline, getting technology into the classroom, and providing opportunities to go from school to college or work. Republicans would eliminate national support for local educational improvement, leaving students without crucial resources and assistance they need to succeed.

- **THE GOALS 2000: EDUCATE AMERICA ACT: ASSISTING LOCAL SCHOOLS.** *President Clinton Helped To Create This Initiative And Would Provide \$896 Million by 2002 To Upgrade 85,000 Schools for 44 Million Children; Republicans Would Eliminate It.*

President Clinton helped create Goals 2000, which supports state, community, and school efforts to raise standards of achievement and discipline and encourage students to work hard meet them. Forty-eight states are already participating in this program. In his 1996 budget, the President calls for nearly doubling the program, to almost \$700 million, with the total level rising to \$896 million by 2002. That's enough to support improvements for all 44 million children in the over 85,000 public schools.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee has approved **eliminating** Goals 2000 entirely--undermining what was once a bipartisan effort to spur bottom-up school improvement in schools across the nation.

- **TITLE I: HELPING CHILDREN LEARN THE BASICS.** *President Clinton Would Expand It Each Year; Republicans Would Freeze Funding, Depriving Over One Million Children of Aid.*

President Clinton supports Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies, designed to provide needed resources to help students learn the basic subjects in school. The program has been reoriented to give schools more flexibility to support effective innovations that help all students read and write well and meet challenging standards. The President has already increased Title I funding by \$573 million over two years, and he proposes an increase of \$302 million this year, enough to serve 300,000 additional children, with further increases every year in the future.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee approved a reducing funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, cutting as many as 1.1 million children from the program. These children from our poorest communities would be denied the opportunity they need to reach their full potential.

- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS.** *President Clinton Has Consistently Supported It; Republicans Would Gut It.*

President Clinton supports this initiative to make our schools safe from drugs and violence. The program funds everything from innovative anti-violence education and after-school programs to metal detectors and security personnel. The President would maintain funding at \$500 million per year.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee cut this program by 60 percent to \$200 million, depriving over 23 million students of services in 1996 alone.

- **TECHNOLOGY FOR EDUCATION: GETTING COMPUTERS IN THE CLASSROOM.** *Republicans Would Gut This Clinton Initiative Which Leverages Private Money for Technology in Public Schools.*

President Clinton has helped initiate this challenge to the private sector to join with schools and colleges to raise student achievement through the use of computers and new learning technology in the classroom. A \$50 million federal investment in 1996 will leverage hundreds of millions of dollars in private support.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee cut this program in half to \$25 million in FY 1996, denying school districts across the country the ability to participate in this initiative, and drastically slowing the effort to leverage millions more from the private sector.

- **SCHOOL-TO-WORK OPPORTUNITIES.** *President Clinton Has Supported A New 50-State Movement; Republicans Would Stop It In Its Tracks.*

President Clinton, with bipartisan support, signed into law the most important national program ever to help states and localities set up systems to link Federal, state, and local resources in new effective ways that ensure that all young people--including the 70% of young Americans who don't get four-year degrees--get the education they need to obtain good jobs with a future. All states have received planning funds, and eight "leading edge" states are using implementation grants to create systems that are getting positive reviews from companies nationwide. Twenty more states will begin implementation this year. President Clinton has proposed increasing support by 60% for FY 1996 to \$400 million, bringing to 43 the number of states implementing school to work systems. Remaining states would start up the following year.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee approved slashing the President's request by over 50 percent to \$190 million. This would seriously hamper efforts of 28 states to complete the reforms they started in 1994 and 1995; twenty-two additional states would be denied the chance to implement their reform plans to raise student skills.

- **SUMMER JOBS.** *President Clinton Supports Work Experiences for Youth; Republicans Would Eliminate These Jobs.*

President Clinton recognizes that the summer jobs program is an important first opportunity to get work experience for many low-income youths, especially those in inner cities where jobs are scarce. Without these opportunities, these young people might not otherwise have any chance to learn skills and workplace behavior during their formative years. The President has proposed financing over 550,000 jobs in the summer of 1996 alone.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee has approved eliminating this program, with an \$872 million cut from the President's request. In the summer of 1996 alone this would eliminate this valuable work experience for over 550,000 urban and rural at-risk youth.

III. INCREASING ACCESS TO POST-SECONDARY EDUCATION

Assistance with financial aid to deserving college students is an investment in America's future and helps families give their children a chance to make the most of their lives. Now more than ever, post-secondary education and job training are the gateway to America's middle class. Studies show that for every year of training a person gets after high school, his or her earnings rise by 6 to 12 percent. After 15 years in which college costs increased far faster than inflation but family incomes stagnated, President Clinton has initiated historic efforts to expand college access. Republican proposals would devastate access to post-secondary grants and loans, and to job training, setting back college access by years if not decades.

- ***AMERICORPS: HELPING STUDENTS WHO HELP THEIR COMMUNITIES. President Clinton Offers Opportunities to Nearly 50,000 Young People in AmeriCorps Next Year Alone plus over 1 Million Other Service Opportunities Each Year for People of All Ages; Republicans Would Eliminate All of AmeriCorps and More Than 750,000 of the Service Opportunities for People of All Ages.***

President Clinton created AmeriCorps to enable young people to earn money for education by serving their communities--teaching, caring for the sick, making the streets safer. Already 20,000 Americans are serving in AmeriCorps, and nearly 50,000 are expected next year. He also fully supports an additional 1 million service opportunities in Learn and Serve, VISTA, Foster Grandparents, and other programs.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee approved eliminating AmeriCorps and the Corporation for National Service and cut opportunities in other service programs. Over 4.3 million service opportunities for youth in their communities would be abolished over the next seven years. In FY 1996 alone nearly 50,000 young Americans from hard-working, middle class families will lose the opportunity to serve their communities through AmeriCorps in locally-identified areas of crucial need such as health care, social service, and crime prevention, and to earn an educational award to help pay for college or other training.

- ***PELL GRANTS: PROVIDING THE LIFELINE TO COLLEGE FOR WORKING FAMILIES. President Clinton Raised the Maximum Grant to a Record High and Would Increase Annual Funding by \$3.4 Billion by 2002; Republicans Would Eliminate Up To 300,000 Students From The Program.***

President Clinton has supported the Pell Grant program, and increased the maximum Pell Grant in his 1996 budget by 12%, to its highest level ever, \$2,620. In his new budget, he would increase annual funding by \$3.4 billion by 2002--enough to reach 960,000 more recipients and increase the maximum award to \$3,128.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee approved an increase in the maximum Pell Grant by only \$100, to \$2440. Furthermore, the committee approved eliminating about 300,000 students from the program who would receive awards between \$400 and \$600 under the President's proposal. For millions of students, grants make the difference between going to college and not going, between staying in school and dropping out. For example, \$250 equals approximately 25% of tuition and fees of community colleges.

- **IN-SCHOOL INTEREST EXEMPTION: HELPING STUDENTS AND FAMILIES PAY FOR COLLEGE. *Republicans Would Raise College Costs for Up to 4 Million Students.***

President Clinton supports the in-school interest exemption, under which **four million** need-tested students with Stafford loans do not have to pay interest while enrolled in school and during the grace period (six months) between leaving school and entering repayment.

Republicans in their budget resolution propose \$10 billion in cuts in student loans. In order to achieve that level of savings and preserve unnecessary payments to banks, secondary markets, and guaranty agencies, they will not only have to eliminate any subsidy for graduate or professional students, but also hit college students with higher fees--for example, eliminating the six month grace period for interest after college or raising the origination fees that every student must pay to get their loans.

- **DIRECT LENDING AND INDIVIDUAL EDUCATION ACCOUNTS: MAKING COLLEGE MORE AFFORDABLE. *President Clinton Supports Expanding These Initiatives; Republicans Want To Raise the Cost to Students and Reduce Access.***

President Clinton supports expanding the new direct lending program and individual education accounts. Direct lending eliminates billions of dollars in unnecessary payments to lenders and others and makes student loans cheaper and more efficient for students, schools, and taxpayers. With the passage of the Student Loan Reform Act, 104 schools and over 252,000 students initiated the program in 1995. On July 1, 1995, more than 1,400 schools--representing about 40% of all loans and the maximum allowed under this year's authorization--began the second year on schedule. The President would expand the program to all schools and students. This program is already saving \$6.8 billion for taxpayers, lowering interest rates for students, and allowing borrowers to choose flexible repayment arrangements, including pay-as-you-earn plans through Individual Education Accounts. In time, 20 million current borrowers and six million new borrowers per year will benefit.

Republicans have proposed legislation to reduce funds available for direct lending, prevent more schools from choosing to participate in the initiative, and cap participation at 40 percent of all loans. The committee mark also approved a reduction in direct loan administration funds by over 40 percent in order to cripple implementation and to deny the benefits of direct lending to low and middle income students. These actions will stop the growth of cost-effective, efficient direct lending in order to keep unnecessary payments flowing to wealthy banks and unnecessary middlemen.

- **EDUCATION AND TRAINING TAX DEDUCTION: REWARDING PARENTS WHO INVEST IN THEIR CHILDREN'S EDUCATION.** *President Clinton Supports A Deduction; With All the Tax Breaks for the Wealthy, Republicans Don't.*

President Clinton supports a tax deduction for middle-class families with education and job training expenses up to \$10,000. This deduction would provide tax-favored treatment to education similar to the benefits for other investments like housing and equipment. It invests in those who invest in themselves and in America.

Republicans do not support the education and training tax deduction. With its \$20,000 tax cut for the wealthiest 1%, the Contract with America includes tax breaks for capital gains, gifts and inheritances in excess of \$600,000, and the depreciation of business purchases--but not for education.

IV. LIFELONG LEARNING

In order to maintain good job prospects throughout their lives in a fast-changing economy, Americans need the opportunity to upgrade their education and skills regularly. President Clinton wants to support lifelong learning by reforming job training programs and putting resources and information directly into workers' hands. Republicans just want to slash job training.

- **G.I. BILL OF RIGHTS FOR WORKERS (SKILL GRANTS).** *President Clinton Supports Skill Grants for America's Workers; Republicans Want a 25% Cut in Job Training Funds.*

President Clinton: Under the adult reform proposal, low-income or dislocated workers (and others) could go to a One-Stop Center for help to get jobs, and learn about the services and track records of job training programs. Then, they could use Skill Grants at their own choice among those institutions. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants in 1996 alone. For youth training programs, the President proposes to build on and intensify the national reform embodied in the School-to-Work system to serve in-school and out-of-school youth. Youth programs would be streamlined and funding would be consolidated in a \$2.9 billion State grant, replacing current fragmented efforts under the Perkins Vocational Educational and Job Training Partnership Act. In total, the President proposes to increase funding (excluding Pell Grants) by over \$2 billion by 2002.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee cut funding by 50 percent below the President's request, and 25 percent below the FY 1995 level. These cuts would deny reemployment services to 506,100 dislocated workers and deny training opportunities to 84,000 disadvantaged adults compared with the President's request. Republicans also eliminate over 550,000 job opportunities for disadvantaged youth by not funding the Summer Youth Employment Program. Millions of young people will lose the opportunity to develop adequate work preparation skills and obtain good first jobs.

Included in this packet:

Estimated State-by-State Republican Reductions From FY 95 Funding Levels	1 Page
House Republicans Cut \$36 Billion in Education and Training Nationwide	1 Page
State-by-State Republican Cuts in Education and Training (Including Washington, D. C.)	51 Pages
President Clinton's Commitment to Education and Training	7 Pages

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OFFICE OF MEDIA AFFAIRS

For Immediate Release

July 25, 1995

Contact: 202/456-7150

**HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$36 BILLION FROM CURRENT
EDUCATION AND TRAINING INVESTMENTS:**

**Estimated State-by-State Reductions From FY 1995 Funding Levels for Education and Training
for FY1996-2002 Based on Action by the House Appropriations Committee**

Alabama	\$575 million	North Dakota	\$116 million
Alaska	\$102 million	Ohio	\$1.4 billion
Arizona	\$524 million	Oklahoma	\$437 million
Arkansas	\$317 million	Oregon	\$385 million
California	\$4.3 billion	Pennsylvania	\$1.7 billion
Colorado	\$457 million	Rhode Island	\$174 million
Connecticut	\$325 million	South Carolina	\$503 million
Delaware	\$88 million	South Dakota	\$121 million
Florida	\$1.5 billion	Tennessee	\$607 million
Georgia	\$805 million	Texas	\$2.5 billion
Hawaii	\$98 million	Utah	\$215 million
Idaho	\$137 million	Vermont	\$108 million
Illinois	\$1.5 billion	Virginia	\$610 million
Indiana	\$639 million	Washington	\$635 million
Iowa	\$357 million	West Virginia	\$316 million
Kansas	\$321 million	Wisconsin	\$581 million
Kentucky	\$520 million	Wyoming	\$88 million
Louisiana	\$789 million	Washington D.C.	\$179 million
Maine	\$157 million		
Maryland	\$540 million	All Other	\$1.9 billion
Massachusetts	\$884 million		
Michigan	\$1.3 billion		
Minnesota	\$530 million	TOTAL:	\$36 Billion
Mississippi	\$472 million		
Missouri	\$669 million		
Montana	\$141 million		
Nebraska	\$184 million		
Nevada	\$124 million		
New Hampshire	\$137 million		
New Jersey	\$837 million		
New Mexico	\$250 million		
New York	\$2.9 billion		
North Carolina	\$651 million		

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$36 BILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING NATIONWIDE

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. Across the country, Republican cuts made by the House Appropriations Committee would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny funding to as many as 17,500 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 14,415 out of 14,783 school districts in the U.S. use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128, by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 360,000 students in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 50,000 young people the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans cut funding by \$1.4 billion and would deny training opportunities to 506,100 dislocated workers and 84,000 disadvantaged adults in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's school-to-work initiative and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to over 550,000 youths in 1996 and 3.9 million youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the costs of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 5 million college students and as much as \$9,424 for 728,000 graduate students.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$575 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR ALABAMA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Alabama, Republican cuts of \$575 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 3,525 children in Alabama in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 23,200 students in Alabama.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Alabama funding affecting as many as 298 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 128 out of 130 school districts in Alabama use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 7,400 students in Alabama in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 692 young people in Alabama the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$14.6 million and would deny training opportunities to 6,159 dislocated workers in Alabama in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 9,518 Alabama youths in 1996 and 66,626 Alabama youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 63,700 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 9,100 graduate students in Alabama.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$102 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR ALASKA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Alaska, Republican cuts of \$102 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 294 children in Alaska in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 1,300 students in Alaska.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Alaska funding affecting as many as 81 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 52 out of 56 school districts in Alaska use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 500 students in Alaska in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 364 young people in Alaska the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$3.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 1,290 dislocated workers in Alaska in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,471 Alaska youths in 1996 and 10,297 Alaska youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 3,900 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 600 graduate students in Alaska.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$524 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR ARIZONA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Arizona, Republican cuts of \$524 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,400 children in Arizona in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 17,300 students in Arizona.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Arizona funding affecting as many as 264 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 198 out of 222 school districts in Arizona use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 6,600 students in Arizona in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 696 young people in Arizona the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$10.9 million and would deny training opportunities to 4,594 dislocated workers in Arizona in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 7,411 Arizona youths in 1996 and 51,877 Arizona youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 91,600 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 13,100 graduate students in Arizona.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$317 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR ARKANSAS

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Arkansas, Republican cuts of \$317 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,201 children in Arkansas in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 15,000 students in Arkansas.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Arkansas funding affecting as many as 181 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 318 out of 319 school districts in Arkansas use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 3,600 students in Arkansas in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 368 young people in Arkansas the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$6.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 2,521 dislocated workers in Arkansas in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 4,892 Arkansas youths in 1996 and 34,244 Arkansas youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 38,400 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 5,500 graduate students in Arkansas.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$4.3 BILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR CALIFORNIA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In California, Republican cuts of \$4.3 billion over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 17,233 children in California in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 236,100 students in California.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to California funding affecting as many as 2,061 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 1,049 out of 1,064 school districts in California use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 34,500 students in California in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 5,883 young people in California the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$194.5 million and would deny training opportunities to 81,631 dislocated workers in California in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 93,584 California youths in 1996 and 655,088 California youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 430,800 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 61,500 graduate students in California.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$457 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR COLORADO

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Colorado, Republican cuts of \$457 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 1,972 children in Colorado in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 6,900 students in Colorado.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Colorado funding affecting as many as 205 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 176 out of 176 school districts in Colorado use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 5,100 students in Colorado in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,112 young people in Colorado the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$7.9 million and would deny training opportunities to 3,356 dislocated workers in Colorado in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 5,092 Colorado youths in 1996 and 35,644 Colorado youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 90,500 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 12,900 graduate students in Colorado.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$325 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR CONNECTICUT

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Connecticut, Republican cuts of \$325 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 1,374 children in Connecticut in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 9,200 students in Connecticut.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Connecticut funding affecting as many as 165 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 170 out of 175 school districts in Connecticut use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 2,200 students in Connecticut in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 691 young people in Connecticut the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$11.2 million and would deny training opportunities to 4,711 dislocated workers in Connecticut in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 5,174 Connecticut youths in 1996 and 36,218 Connecticut youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 49,300 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 7,000 graduate students in Connecticut.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$88 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR DELAWARE

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Delaware, Republican cuts of \$88 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 354 children in Delaware in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 1,500 students in Delaware.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Delaware funding affecting as many as 64 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 19 out of 19 school districts in Delaware use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 600 students in Delaware in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 173 young people in Delaware the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.7 million and would deny training opportunities to 748 dislocated workers in Delaware in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,356 Delaware youths in 1996 and 9,492 Delaware youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 10,000 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 1,400 graduate students in Delaware.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$1.5 BILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR FLORIDA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Florida, Republican cuts of \$1.5 billion over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 6,654 children in Florida in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 35,500 students in Florida.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Florida funding affecting as many as 770 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 72 out of 72 school districts in Florida use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 16,200 students in Florida in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,960 young people in Florida the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$51.3 million and would deny training opportunities to 21,542 dislocated workers in Florida in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 26,608 Florida youths in 1996 and 186,256 Florida youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 184,500 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 26,400 graduate students in Florida.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$805 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR GEORGIA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Georgia, Republican cuts of \$805 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 4,726 children in Georgia in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 28,700 students in Georgia.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Georgia funding affecting as many as 446 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 183 out of 183 school districts in Georgia use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 8,000 students in Georgia in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,138 young people in Georgia the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$21.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 8,821 dislocated workers in Georgia in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 11,610 Georgia youths in 1996 and 81,270 Georgia youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 111,900 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 16,000 graduate students in Georgia.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$98 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR HAWAII

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Hawaii, Republican cuts of \$98 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 548 children in Hawaii in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 2,500 students in Hawaii.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Hawaii funding affecting as many as 68 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 7 out of 7 school districts in Hawaii use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 600 students in Hawaii in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 261 young people in Hawaii the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$2.2 million and would deny training opportunities to 935 dislocated workers in Hawaii in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,414 Hawaii youths in 1996 and 9,898 Hawaii youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 5,600 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 800 graduate students in Hawaii.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$137 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR IDAHO

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Idaho, Republican cuts of \$137 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 465 children in Idaho in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 4,200 students in Idaho.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Idaho funding affecting as many as 77 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 107 out of 113 school districts in Idaho use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 1,700 students in Idaho in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 215 young people in Idaho the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$2.5 million and would deny training opportunities to 1,071 dislocated workers in Idaho in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,690 Idaho youths in 1996 and 11,830 Idaho youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 25,400 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 3,600 graduate students in Idaho.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$1.5 BILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR ILLINOIS

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Illinois, Republican cuts of \$1.5 billion over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 7,417 children in Illinois in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 30,900 students in Illinois.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Illinois funding affecting as many as 782 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 916 out of 920 school districts in Illinois use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 13,900 students in Illinois in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,760 young people in Illinois the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$41.7 million and would deny training opportunities to 17,518 dislocated workers in Illinois in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 22,306 Illinois youths in 1996 and 156,142 Illinois youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 209,100 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 29,900 graduate students in Illinois.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$639 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR INDIANA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Indiana, Republican cuts of \$639 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,846 children in Indiana in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 16,500 students in Indiana.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Indiana funding affecting as many as 329 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 294 out of 297 school districts in Indiana use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 8,600 students in Indiana in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 743 young people in Indiana the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$12.1 million and would deny training opportunities to 5,118 dislocated workers in Indiana in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 7,998 Indiana youths in 1996 and 55,986 Indiana youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 133,500 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 19,100 graduate students in Indiana.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$357 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR IOWA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Iowa, Republican cuts of \$357 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 1,445 children in Iowa in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 6,200 students in Iowa.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Iowa funding affecting as many as 161 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 415 out of 418 school districts in Iowa use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 5,000 students in Iowa in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 447 young people in Iowa the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$3.8 million and would deny training opportunities to 1,606 dislocated workers in Iowa in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 2,665 Iowa youths in 1996 and 18,655 Iowa youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 97,900 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 14,000 graduate students in Iowa.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$321 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR KANSAS

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Kansas, Republican cuts of \$321 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 1,408 children in Kansas in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 6,000 students in Kansas.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Kansas funding affecting as many as 162 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 296 out of 304 school districts in Kansas use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 4,300 students in Kansas in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 504 young people in Kansas the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$6.1 million and would deny training opportunities to 2,564 dislocated workers in Kansas in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 3,215 Kansas youths in 1996 and 22,506 Kansas youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 71,500 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 10,200 graduate students in Kansas.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$520 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR KENTUCKY

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Kentucky, Republican cuts of \$520 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 3,416 children in Kentucky in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 19,100 students in Kentucky.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Kentucky funding affecting as many as 291 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 179 out of 179 school districts in Kentucky use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 6,000 students in Kentucky in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 663 young people in Kentucky the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$8.8 million and would deny training opportunities to 3,695 dislocated workers in Kentucky in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 7,381 Kentucky youths in 1996 and 51,667 Kentucky youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 67,300 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 9,600 graduate students in Kentucky.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$789 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR LOUISIANA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Louisiana, Republican cuts of \$789 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 4,702 children in Louisiana in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 19,700 students in Louisiana.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Louisiana funding affecting as many as 401 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 73 out of 74 school districts in Louisiana use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 7,700 students in Louisiana in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 651 young people in Louisiana the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$18.1 million and would deny training opportunities to 7,627 dislocated workers in Louisiana in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 12,294 Louisiana youths in 1996 and 86,058 Louisiana youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 109,600 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 15,700 graduate students in Louisiana.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$157 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR MAINE

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Maine, Republican cuts of \$157 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 835 children in Maine in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 4,900 students in Maine.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Maine funding affecting as many as 81 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 223 out of 228 school districts in Maine use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 1,300 students in Maine in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 193 young people in Maine the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$6.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 2,548 dislocated workers in Maine in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 2,708 Maine youths in 1996 and 16,956 Maine youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 25,600 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 3,700 graduate students in Maine.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$540 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR MARYLAND

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Maryland, Republican cuts of \$540 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,068 children in Maryland in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 11,900 students in Maryland.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Maryland funding affecting as many as 263 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 24 out of 24 school districts in Maryland use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 4,600 students in Maryland in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,682 young people in Maryland the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$16.5 million and would deny training opportunities to 6,956 dislocated workers in Maryland in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 7,732 Maryland youths in 1996 and 64,124 Maryland youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 62,500 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 8,900 graduate students in Maryland.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$884 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR MASSACHUSETTS

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Massachusetts, Republican cuts of \$884 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,622 children in Massachusetts in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 16,100 students in Massachusetts.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Massachusetts funding affecting as many as 329 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 325 out of 357 school districts in Massachusetts use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 6,700 students in Massachusetts in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,744 young people in Massachusetts the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$23.9 million and would deny training opportunities to 10,051 dislocated workers in Massachusetts in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 12,110 Massachusetts youths in 1996 and 84,770 Massachusetts youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 176,300 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 25,200 graduate students in Massachusetts.

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July 25, 1995

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$1.3 BILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR MICHIGAN

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Michigan, Republican cuts of \$1.3 billion over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 7,456 children in Michigan in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 30,100 students in Michigan.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Michigan funding affecting as many as 715 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 559 out of 561 school districts in Michigan use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 14,000 students in Michigan in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,323 young people in Michigan the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$33.5 million and would deny training opportunities to 14,059 dislocated workers in Michigan in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 20,164 Michigan youths in 1996 and 141,148 Michigan youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 172,200 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 24,600 graduate students in Michigan.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$530 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR MINNESOTA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Minnesota, Republican cuts of \$530 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,081 children in Minnesota in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 14,000 students in Minnesota.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Minnesota funding affecting as many as 266 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 423 out of 423 school districts in Minnesota use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 7,300 students in Minnesota in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 658 young people in Minnesota the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$8.1 million and would deny training opportunities to 3,408 dislocated workers in Minnesota in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 5,720 Minnesota youths in 1996 and 40,040 Minnesota youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 134,400 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 19,200 graduate students in Minnesota.

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July 25, 1995

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$472 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR MISSISSIPPI

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Mississippi, Republican cuts of \$472 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 5,857 children in Mississippi in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 25,800 students in Mississippi.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Mississippi funding affecting as many as 256 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 153 out of 156 school districts in Mississippi use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 5,000 students in Mississippi in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 385 young people in Mississippi the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$8.8 million and would deny training opportunities to 3,623 dislocated workers in Mississippi in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 6,559 Mississippi youths in 1996 and 45,913 Mississippi youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 52,900 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 7,600 graduate students in Mississippi.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$669 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR MISSOURI

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Missouri, Republican cuts of \$669 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 3,414 children in Missouri in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 18,300 students in Missouri.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Missouri funding affecting as many as 321 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 526 out of 546 school districts in Missouri use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 7,900 students in Missouri in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 852 young people in Missouri the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$13.6 million and would deny training opportunities to 5,723 dislocated workers in Missouri in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 8,866 Missouri youths in 1996 and 62,062 Missouri youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 123,200 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 17,600 graduate students in Missouri.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$141 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR MONTANA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Montana, Republican cuts of \$141 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 561 children in Montana in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 2,800 students in Montana.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 417 out of 513 school districts in Montana use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 1,600 students in Montana in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 331 young people in Montana the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.9 million and would deny training opportunities to 817 dislocated workers in Montana in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,551 Montana youths in 1996 and 10,857 Montana youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 23,100 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 3,300 graduate students in Montana.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$184 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR NEBRASKA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Nebraska, Republican cuts of \$184 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 884 children in Nebraska in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 5,500 students in Nebraska.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Nebraska funding affecting as many as 95 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 612 out of 729 school districts in Nebraska use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 2,900 students in Nebraska in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 220 young people in Nebraska the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.3 million and would deny training opportunities to 554 dislocated workers in Nebraska in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,356 Nebraska youths in 1996 and 9,492 Nebraska youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 50,800 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 7,300 graduate students in Nebraska.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$124 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR NEVADA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Nevada, Republican cuts of \$124 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 436 children in Nevada in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 2,200 students in Nevada.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Nevada funding affecting as many as 68 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 16 out of 17 school districts in Nevada use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 1,200 students in Nevada in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 208 young people in Nevada the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$5.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 2,101 dislocated workers in Nevada in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 2,577 Nevada youths in 1996 and 18,039 Nevada youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 12,200 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 1,700 graduate students in Nevada.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$137 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR NEW HAMPSHIRE

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In New Hampshire, Republican cuts of \$137 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 280 children in New Hampshire in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 2,300 students in New Hampshire.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 156 out of 162 school districts in New Hampshire use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 1,100 students in New Hampshire in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 262 young people in New Hampshire the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$3.4 million and would deny training opportunities to 1,437 dislocated workers in New Hampshire in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,848 New Hampshire youths in 1996 and 13,636 New Hampshire youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 31,800 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 4,500 graduate students in New Hampshire.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$837 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR NEW JERSEY

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In New Jersey, Republican cuts of \$837 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 3,135 children in New Jersey in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 30,800 students in New Jersey.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to New Jersey funding affecting as many as 415 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 564 out of 591 school districts in New Jersey use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 6,400 students in New Jersey in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,749 young people in New Jersey the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$36.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 15,376 dislocated workers in New Jersey in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 15,164 New Jersey youths in 1996 and 106,078 New Jersey youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 83,000 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 11,900 graduate students in New Jersey.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$250 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR NEW MEXICO

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In New Mexico, Republican cuts of \$250 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 1,555 children in New Mexico in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 9,200 students in New Mexico.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to New Mexico funding affecting as many as 137 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 88 out of 88 school districts in New Mexico use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 3,000 students in New Mexico in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 237 young people in New Mexico the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$4.8 million and would deny training opportunities to 2,031 dislocated workers in New Mexico in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 3,690 New Mexico youths in 1996 and 25,830 New Mexico youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 29,600 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 4,200 graduate students in New Mexico.

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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

July 25, 1995

CONTACT: MEDIA AFFAIRS (202) 456-7150

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$2.9 BILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR NEW YORK

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In New York, Republican cuts of \$2.9 billion over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 9,488 children in New York in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 78,500 students in New York.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to New York funding affecting as many as 1,337 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 694 out of 716 school districts in New York use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 33,300 students in New York in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 3,381 young people in New York the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$84.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 35,467 dislocated workers in New York in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 40,385 New York youths in 1996 and 282,555 New York youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 447,700 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 64,000 graduate students in New York.

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CONTACT: MEDIA AFFAIRS (202) 456-7150

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$651 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR NORTH CAROLINA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In North Carolina, Republican cuts of \$651 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 3,808 children in North Carolina in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 20,400 students in North Carolina.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to North Carolina funding affecting as many as 381 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 129 out of 129 school districts in North Carolina use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 7,100 students in North Carolina in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,107 young people in North Carolina the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$10.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 4,295 dislocated workers in North Carolina in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 8,690 North Carolina youths in 1996 and 60,830 North Carolina youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 93,300 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 13,300 graduate students in North Carolina.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$116 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR NORTH DAKOTA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In North Dakota, Republican cuts of \$116 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 422 children in North Dakota in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 2,100 students in North Dakota.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to North Dakota funding affecting as many as 66 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 245 out of 257 school districts in North Dakota use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 1,500 students in North Dakota in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 57 young people in North Dakota the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$.8 million and would deny training opportunities to 345 dislocated workers in North Dakota in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,356 North Dakota youths in 1996 and 9,492 North Dakota youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 30,700 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 4,400 graduate students in North Dakota.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$1.4 BILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR OHIO

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Ohio, Republican cuts of \$1.4 billion over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 8,239 children in Ohio in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 32,000 students in Ohio.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Ohio funding affecting as many as 748 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 611 out of 611 school districts in Ohio use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 15,400 students in Ohio in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,650 young people in Ohio the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$36.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 15,380 dislocated workers in Ohio in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 19,917 Ohio youths in 1996 and 139,419 Ohio youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 239,300 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 34,200 graduate students in Ohio.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$437 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR OKLAHOMA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Oklahoma, Republican cuts of \$437 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,712 children in Oklahoma in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 10,200 students in Oklahoma.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Oklahoma funding affecting as many as 219 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 531 out of 555 school districts in Oklahoma use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 6,200 students in Oklahoma in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 455 young people in Oklahoma the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$10.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 4,229 dislocated workers in Oklahoma in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 6,118 Oklahoma youths in 1996 and 42,826 Oklahoma youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 71,800 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 10,300 graduate students in Oklahoma.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$385 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR OREGON

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Oregon, Republican cuts of \$385 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 1,127 children in Oregon in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 8,800 students in Oregon.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Oregon funding affecting as many as 199 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 278 out of 278 school districts in Oregon use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 3,900 students in Oregon in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 458 young people in Oregon the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$10.5 million and would deny training opportunities to 4,411 dislocated workers in Oregon in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 6,204 Oregon youths in 1996 and 43,428 Oregon youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 62,900 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 9,000 graduate students in Oregon.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$1.7 BILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR PENNSYLVANIA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Pennsylvania, Republican cuts of \$1.7 billion over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 6,241 children in Pennsylvania in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 44,800 students in Pennsylvania.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Pennsylvania funding affecting as many as 758 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 514 out of 521 school districts in Pennsylvania use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 14,100 students in Pennsylvania in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 2,081 young people in Pennsylvania the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$44.1 million and would deny training opportunities to 18,524 dislocated workers in Pennsylvania in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 21,744 Pennsylvania youths in 1996 and 152,208 Pennsylvania youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 367,300 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 52,500 graduate students in Pennsylvania.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$174 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR RHODE ISLAND

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Rhode Island, Republican cuts of \$174 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 602 children in Rhode Island in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 2,600 students in Rhode Island.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Rhode Island funding affecting as many as 71 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 37 out of 37 school districts in Rhode Island use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 1,600 students in Rhode Island in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 462 young people in Rhode Island the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$5.2 million and would deny training opportunities to 2,189 dislocated workers in Rhode Island in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 2,088 Rhode Island youths in 1996 and 14,616 Rhode Island youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 36,400 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 5,200 graduate students in Rhode Island.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$503 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR SOUTH CAROLINA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In South Carolina, Republican cuts of \$503 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,464 children in South Carolina in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 11,700 students in South Carolina.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to South Carolina funding affecting as many as 237 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 91 out of 91 school districts in South Carolina use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 4,600 students in South Carolina in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,019 young people in South Carolina the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$14.5 million and would deny training opportunities to 6,121 dislocated workers in South Carolina in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 8,068 South Carolina youths in 1996 and 56,476 South Carolina youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 65,800 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 9,400 graduate students in South Carolina.

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$121 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR SOUTH DAKOTA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In South Dakota, Republican cuts of \$121 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 492 children in South Dakota in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 2,600 students in South Dakota.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to South Dakota funding affecting as many as 69 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 178 out of 188 school districts in South Dakota use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 1,500 students in South Dakota in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 84 young people in South Dakota the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$.6 million and would deny training opportunities to 282 dislocated workers in South Dakota in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,356 South Dakota youths in 1996 and 9,492 South Dakota youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 30,400 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 4,300 graduate students in South Dakota.

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CONTACT: MEDIA AFFAIRS (202) 456-7150

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$607 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR TENNESSEE

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Tennessee, Republican cuts of \$607 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 3,490 children in Tennessee in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 21,900 students in Tennessee.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Tennessee funding affecting as many as 314 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 143 out of 146 school districts in Tennessee use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 7,000 students in Tennessee in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 870 young people in Tennessee the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$9.9 million and would deny training opportunities to 4,173 dislocated workers in Tennessee in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 8,256 Tennessee youths in 1996 and 57,792 Tennessee youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 93,500 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 13,400 graduate students in Tennessee.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$2.5 BILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR TEXAS

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Texas, Republican cuts of \$2.5 billion over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 12,512 children in Texas in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 99,600 students in Texas.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Texas funding affecting as many as 1,428 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 1,043 out of 1,053 school districts in Texas use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 23,400 students in Texas in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 3,171 young people in Texas the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$68.3 million and would deny training opportunities to 28,688 dislocated workers in Texas in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 42,491 Texas youths in 1996 and 297,437 Texas youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 260,700 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 37,200 graduate students in Texas.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$215 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR UTAH

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Utah, Republican cuts of \$215 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 979 children in Utah in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 6,100 students in Utah.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Utah funding affecting as many as 128 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 40 out of 40 school districts in Utah use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 4,300 students in Utah in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 267 young people in Utah the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$2.0 million and would deny training opportunities to 844 dislocated workers in Utah in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,641 Utah youths in 1996 and 11,487 Utah youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 45,100 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 6,400 graduate students in Utah.

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July 25, 1995

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$108 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR VERMONT

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Vermont, Republican cuts of \$108 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 309 children in Vermont in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 2,100 students in Vermont.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Vermont funding affecting as many as 64 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 60 out of 60 school districts in Vermont use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 700 students in Vermont in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 227 young people in Vermont the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.3 million and would deny training opportunities to 563 dislocated workers in Vermont in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,356 Vermont youths in 1996 and 9,492 Vermont youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 21,200 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 3,000 graduate students in Vermont.

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July 25, 1995

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$610 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR VIRGINIA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Virginia, Republican cuts of \$610 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,671 children in Virginia in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 13,100 students in Virginia.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 134 out of 135 school districts in Virginia use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 7,200 students in Virginia in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 703 young people in Virginia the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$12.4 million and would deny training opportunities to 5,231 dislocated workers in Virginia in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 8,415 Virginia youths in 1996 and 58,905 Virginia youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 113,000 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 16,100 graduate students in Virginia.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$635 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR WASHINGTON

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Washington, Republican cuts of \$635 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,006 children in Washington in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 10,800 students in Washington.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Washington funding affecting as many as 319 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 301 out of 305 school districts in Washington use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 5,800 students in Washington in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 1,315 young people in Washington the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$20.1 million and would deny training opportunities to 8,458 dislocated workers in Washington in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 10,511 Washington youths in 1996 and 73,577 Washington youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 90,300 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 12,900 graduate students in Washington.

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July 25, 1995

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HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$316 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR WEST VIRGINIA

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In West Virginia, Republican cuts of \$316 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 1,556 children in West Virginia in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 5,900 students in West Virginia.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to West Virginia funding affecting as many as 146 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 55 out of 55 school districts in West Virginia use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 2,600 students in West Virginia in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 260 young people in West Virginia the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$11.6 million and would deny training opportunities to 4,874 dislocated workers in West Virginia in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 5,9611 West Virginia youths in 1996 and 41,727 West Virginia youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 39,500 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 5,600 graduate students in West Virginia.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$581 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR WISCONSIN

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Wisconsin, Republican cuts of \$581 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 2,904 children in Wisconsin in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 11,900 students in Wisconsin.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Wisconsin funding affecting as many as 331 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 434 out of 434 school districts in Wisconsin use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 6,200 students in Wisconsin in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 649 young people in Wisconsin the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$7.9 million and would deny training opportunities to 3,333 dislocated workers in Wisconsin in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 6,274 Wisconsin youths in 1996 and 43,918 Wisconsin youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 118,900 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 17,000 graduate students in Wisconsin.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$88 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR WYOMING

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Wyoming, Republican cuts of \$88 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 321 children in Wyoming in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 900 students in Wyoming.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Wyoming funding affecting as many as 64 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 49 out of 49 school districts in Wyoming use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 800 students in Wyoming in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 146 young people in Wyoming the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.3 million and would deny training opportunities to 555 dislocated workers in Wyoming in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 1,356 Wyoming youths in 1996 and 9,492 Wyoming youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 11,800 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 1,700 graduate students in Wyoming.

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July 25, 1995

HOUSE REPUBLICANS CUT \$179 MILLION IN EDUCATION AND TRAINING FOR WASHINGTON D.C.

President Clinton said last Thursday that he would veto the bill approved by the House Appropriations Committee since it slashes critical education and training initiatives. Republicans have approved \$36 billion in cuts from education and training over seven years. In contrast, the President's proposal balances the budget while increasing investment in education and training by \$40 billion over seven years. In Washington D.C., Republican cuts of \$179 million over seven years would harm working families:

- **HEAD START** President Clinton proposes to expand Head Start to serve 50,000 additional children nationwide by 2002. Republicans have approved cuts that would deny Head Start to 180,000 children nationwide and 690 children in Washington D.C. in 2002 compared to 1995.
- **IMPROVING BASIC AND ADVANCED SKILLS** President Clinton's budget completely protects Title I, which helps students from disadvantaged backgrounds with reading, writing, mathematics, and advanced skills. Republicans would cut funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, denying this crucial assistance to 1.1 million students nationwide and 2,500 students in Washington D.C.
- **GOALS 2000** With strong bipartisan support, the President created Goals 2000 to help communities train teachers, encourage hard work by students, and upgrade academic standards in schools. The President calls for almost \$700 million in 1996. Republicans would eliminate Goals 2000 and deny to Washington D.C. funding affecting as many as 70 schools.
- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS** While President Clinton strongly supports Safe and Drug-Free Schools, Republicans want to gut the program, which 1 out of 1 school districts in Washington D.C. use to keep crime, violence, and drugs away from students and out of schools.
- **INCREASING ACCESS TO COLLEGE** President Clinton would increase annual funding for Pell Grants by \$3.4 billion and raise the top award to a record \$3,128 by 2002. The GOP would deny Pell Grants to 900 students in Washington D.C. in 1996 alone, possibly forcing them to drop out of college.
- **NATIONAL SERVICE** AmeriCorps offers young people a hand in paying for their education if they lend a hand to their communities. Republicans would eliminate AmeriCorps and deny 223 young people in Washington D.C. the chance to serve in 1996.
- **JOB TRAINING** President Clinton's GI Bill for America's Workers would streamline federal job training efforts and provide Skill Grants for dislocated and low-income workers. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants of up to \$2,620 in 1996. Republicans would cut funding by \$3.7 million and would deny training opportunities to 1,560 dislocated workers in Washington D.C. in 1996.
- **SUMMER JOBS** Summer jobs are an important first opportunity for many low-income youths to get work experience. President Clinton wants to finance 600,000 jobs this summer. Republicans would slash the President's **school-to-work initiative** and eliminate summer jobs, denying jobs to 2,029 Washington D.C. youths in 1996 and 14,203 Washington D.C. youths over 7 years.
- **STUDENT LOANS** While the President strongly supports the student loan program, Republicans want to raise student costs for loans by \$10 billion over seven years. The GOP cuts could raise the cost of college education by as much as \$2,111 for 37,200 college students and as much as \$9,424 for 5,300 graduate students in Washington D.C..

PRESIDENT CLINTON'S COMMITMENT TO EDUCATION AND TRAINING

President Clinton is fighting for better education and training--from Head Start and school lunches to safe schools, higher standards, and student loans--in order to allow young people to make the most of their lives, and to provide to every American the chance to realize the American Dream. While supporting deficit reduction, open trade, and job creation, and while fighting violence that threatens our society, the President has recognized that nothing is more critical to our nation's future than ensuring that all Americans have the education and skills they need to navigate these changing times. The President has made an unprecedented commitment to strengthening teaching and learning--expanding and improving early childhood education, assisting local communities in improving their schools, instituting bold new reforms of adult education and training programs, and expanding financial aid for deserving college students.

EDUCATION IS THE KEY TO REALIZING THE AMERICAN DREAM

Improving education is important for families, the revival of civic institutions, and economic growth. In an economy where technology is constantly changing, trade is expanding, and capital is mobile, education has become the fundamental fault-line in our standard of living. Most Americans have seen their incomes stagnate over the last 15 years; the real income of the typical family has actually declined. Yet those with the most education and training have bucked the trend. In 1979, a male college graduate earned 39% more than a man with only a high school degree. By 1993, this gap had doubled, and a male college graduate out-earned his high school graduate counterpart by 80 percent. In addition, the availability of health coverage, pension plans, and other work-related benefits has become closely correlated with education levels.

A BIPARTISAN EDUCATION RECORD

While bringing the deficit down by historic amounts--over \$600 billion so far--President Clinton has also made investing in education a top priority. During the last Congress, Republicans and Democrats together enacted a historic series of initiatives to assist families, communities, schools, and colleges to have expanded educational opportunity in America. Landmark legislation includes:

- **Head Start Amendments of 1994** (signed 5/18/94; passed House 393-20; Senate 98-1).
- **Goals 2000: Educate America Act** (signed 3/31/94; passed House 306-121; Senate 63-22).
- **Improving America's Schools Act** (signed 10/20/94; passed House 362-132; Senate 77-20).
- **School-to-Work Opportunities Act** (signed 5/4/94; passed House 339-79; Senate Voice Vote)
- **National and Community Service Trust Act** (signed 9/21/93; passed House 275-152; Senate 57-40)
- **Direct Lending and Pay-as-You-Can Loans** (signed on 8/10/93 as part of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act)

This year, President Clinton went a step further by proposing incentives--through expansion of IRAs of up to \$10,000--for families to save for their children's college education. In addition, the President has sought to consolidate 70 programs and put Skill Grants directly in the hands of workers seeking to upgrade their education and skills.

DRAWING THE LINE ON EDUCATION

Despite the bipartisan efforts last year to expand the quality and effectiveness of education, the current budget debate points to a divide between the President and the Republican Congress over education--the foundation of our democracy and free enterprise system. Both the President and Republicans believe we must reduce the budget deficit and balance the budget, and both propose deep cuts in discretionary spending to reach this goal. But the President also believes that in order to create more opportunity, we must reduce the education deficit by expanding investment in quality education. Most Republicans disagree. Thus, **while the President's balanced budget proposal launches an all-out effort to expand educational opportunities, the GOP budgets drastically decrease educational opportunity.**

THE EDUCATION GAP BETWEEN THE BUDGETS

The Republican budget resolution slashes education and training by \$36 billion for 1995 to 2002 (including \$10 billion in loan benefits to students). On July 24, the House Appropriations Committee took the first step towards making this budget resolution a reality, by cutting key education and training initiatives. By contrast, the President's budget increases investment in these same areas by \$40 billion over seven years. As a result, there is a major education gap between the President's proposal and the Republicans'.

President Clinton will fight to expand investments in quality education, and he will fight against efforts to reduce, gut, or eliminate key investments in education and job training. Following is a brief outline of the fundamental differences between the President's approach to education and the Republican approaches to education -- from pre-school through post-secondary education.

I. EXPANDING HEAD START

President Clinton has made expanding and improving pre-schooling the starting point for helping families give their children a good start on the right course. Republicans would slash these investments.

- **HEAD START. *President Clinton Adds 50,000 Children; Republicans Cut Up To 180,000 Children.***

President Clinton already expanded investment in Head Start by \$760 million from 1993 to 1995. Now, he proposes to increase annual funding by \$1.5 billion by 2002 to reach another 50,000 children. At the same time as he has expanded Head Start, he has also reformed the way the program works to improve teaching and facilities for all the children who participate.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee has approved reducing FY 1996 funding for Head Start to over \$100 million below the FY 1995 level and over \$500 million below the President's request. Up to 45,000 children would be cut off Head Start in 1996 if HHS is to maintain program quality. Freezing funding at the reduced level would cut off up to 180,000 children in 2002 compared to 1995.

II. IMPROVING ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

President Clinton has lent national support to local schools and communities working to improve the quality of their education by rigorously teaching the basics, making schools safe and drug-free, promoting increased parental involvement, raising student achievement and discipline, getting technology into the classroom, and providing opportunities to go from school to college or work. Republicans would eliminate national support for local educational improvement, leaving students without crucial resources and assistance they need to succeed.

- **THE GOALS 2000: EDUCATE AMERICA ACT: ASSISTING LOCAL SCHOOLS.** *President Clinton Helped To Create This Initiative And Would Provide \$896 Million by 2002 To Upgrade 85,000 Schools for 44 Million Children; Republicans Would Eliminate It.*

President Clinton helped create Goals 2000, which supports state, community, and school efforts to raise standards of achievement and discipline and encourage students to work hard meet them. Forty-eight states are already participating in this program. In his 1996 budget, the President calls for nearly doubling the program, to almost \$700 million, with the total level rising to \$896 million by 2002. That's enough to support improvements for all 44 million children in the over 85,000 public schools.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee has approved **eliminating** Goals 2000 entirely--undermining what was once a bipartisan effort to spur bottom-up school improvement in schools across the nation.

- **TITLE I: HELPING CHILDREN LEARN THE BASICS.** *President Clinton Would Expand It Each Year; Republicans Would Freeze Funding, Depriving Over One Million Children of Aid.*

President Clinton supports Title I Grants to Local Education Agencies, designed to provide needed resources to help students learn the basic subjects in school. The program has been reoriented to give schools more flexibility to support effective innovations that help all students read and write well and meet challenging standards. The President has already increased Title I funding by \$573 million over two years, and he proposes an increase of \$302 million this year, enough to serve 300,000 additional children, with further increases every year in the future.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee approved a reducing funding by \$1.1 billion in 1996, cutting as many as 1.1 million children from the program. These children from our poorest communities would be denied the opportunity they need to reach their full potential.

- **SAFE AND DRUG-FREE SCHOOLS.** *President Clinton Has Consistently Supported It; Republicans Would Gut It.*

President Clinton supports this initiative to make our schools safe from drugs and violence. The program funds everything from innovative anti-violence education and after-school programs to metal detectors and security personnel. The President would maintain funding at \$500 million per year.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee cut this program by 60 percent to \$200 million, depriving over 23 million students of services in 1996 alone.

- **TECHNOLOGY FOR EDUCATION: GETTING COMPUTERS IN THE CLASSROOM.** *Republicans Would Gut This Clinton Initiative Which Leverages Private Money for Technology in Public Schools.*

President Clinton has helped initiate this challenge to the private sector to join with schools and colleges to raise student achievement through the use of computers and new learning technology in the classroom. A \$50 million federal investment in 1996 will leverage hundreds of millions of dollars in private support.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee cut this program in half to \$25 million in FY 1996, denying school districts across the country the ability to participate in this initiative, and drastically slowing the effort to leverage millions more from the private sector.

- **SCHOOL-TO-WORK OPPORTUNITIES.** *President Clinton Has Supported A New 50-State Movement; Republicans Would Stop It In Its Tracks.*

President Clinton, with bipartisan support, signed into law the most important national program ever to help states and localities set up systems to link Federal, state, and local resources in new effective ways that ensure that all young people--including the 70% of young Americans who don't get four-year degrees--get the education they need to obtain good jobs with a future. All states have received planning funds, and eight "leading edge" states are using implementation grants to create systems that are getting positive reviews from companies nationwide. Twenty more states will begin implementation this year. President Clinton has proposed increasing support by 60% for FY 1996 to \$400 million, bringing to 43 the number of states implementing school to work systems. Remaining states would start up the following year.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee approved slashing the President's request by over 50 percent to \$190 million. This would seriously hamper efforts of 28 states to complete the reforms they started in 1994 and 1995; twenty-two additional states would be denied the chance to implement their reform plans to raise student skills.

- **SUMMER JOBS.** *President Clinton Supports Work Experiences for Youth; Republicans Would Eliminate These Jobs.*

President Clinton recognizes that the summer jobs program is an important first opportunity to get work experience for many low-income youths, especially those in inner cities where jobs are scarce. Without these opportunities, these young people might not otherwise have any chance to learn skills and workplace behavior during their formative years. The President has proposed financing over 550,000 jobs in the summer of 1996 alone.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee has approved eliminating this program, with an \$872 million cut from the President's request. In the summer of 1996 alone this would eliminate this valuable work experience for over 550,000 urban and rural at-risk youth.

III. INCREASING ACCESS TO POST-SECONDARY EDUCATION

Assistance with financial aid to deserving college students is an investment in America's future and helps families give their children a chance to make the most of their lives. Now more than ever, post-secondary education and job training are the gateway to America's middle class. Studies show that for every year of training a person gets after high school, his or her earnings rise by 6 to 12 percent. After 15 years in which college costs increased far faster than inflation but family incomes stagnated, President Clinton has initiated historic efforts to expand college access. Republican proposals would devastate access to post-secondary grants and loans, and to job training, setting back college access by years if not decades.

- ***AMERICORPS: HELPING STUDENTS WHO HELP THEIR COMMUNITIES. President Clinton Offers Opportunities to Nearly 50,000 Young People in AmeriCorps Next Year Alone plus over 1 Million Other Service Opportunities Each Year for People of All Ages; Republicans Would Eliminate All of AmeriCorps and More Than 750,000 of the Service Opportunities for People of All Ages.***

President Clinton created AmeriCorps to enable young people to earn money for education by serving their communities--teaching, caring for the sick, making the streets safer. Already 20,000 Americans are serving in AmeriCorps, and nearly 50,000 are expected next year. He also fully supports an additional 1 million service opportunities in Learn and Serve, VISTA, Foster Grandparents, and other programs.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee approved eliminating AmeriCorps and the Corporation for National Service and cut opportunities in other service programs. Over 4.3 million service opportunities for youth in their communities would be abolished over the next seven years. In FY 1996 alone nearly 50,000 young Americans from hard-working, middle class families will lose the opportunity to serve their communities through AmeriCorps in locally-identified areas of crucial need such as health care, social service, and crime prevention, and to earn an educational award to help pay for college or other training.

- ***PELL GRANTS: PROVIDING THE LIFELINE TO COLLEGE FOR WORKING FAMILIES. President Clinton Raised the Maximum Grant to a Record High and Would Increase Annual Funding by \$3.4 Billion by 2002; Republicans Would Eliminate Up To 300,000 Students From The Program.***

President Clinton has supported the Pell Grant program, and increased the maximum Pell Grant in his 1996 budget by 12%, to its highest level ever, \$2,620. In his new budget, he would increase annual funding by \$3.4 billion by 2002--enough to reach 960,000 more recipients and increase the maximum award to \$3,128.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee approved an increase in the maximum Pell Grant by only \$100, to \$2440. Furthermore, the committee approved eliminating about 300,000 students from the program who would receive awards between \$400 and \$600 under the President's proposal. For millions of students, grants make the difference between going to college and not going, between staying in school and dropping out. For example, \$250 equals approximately 25% of tuition and fees of community colleges.

- **IN-SCHOOL INTEREST EXEMPTION: HELPING STUDENTS AND FAMILIES PAY FOR COLLEGE. *Republicans Would Raise College Costs for Up to 4 Million Students.***

President Clinton supports the in-school interest exemption, under which **four million** need-tested students with Stafford loans do not have to pay interest while enrolled in school and during the grace period (six months) between leaving school and entering repayment.

Republicans in their budget resolution propose \$10 billion in cuts in student loans. In order to achieve that level of savings and preserve unnecessary payments to banks, secondary markets, and guaranty agencies, they will not only have to eliminate any subsidy for graduate or professional students, but also hit college students with higher fees--for example, eliminating the six month grace period for interest after college or raising the origination fees that every student must pay to get their loans.

- **DIRECT LENDING AND INDIVIDUAL EDUCATION ACCOUNTS: MAKING COLLEGE MORE AFFORDABLE. *President Clinton Supports Expanding These Initiatives; Republicans Want To Raise the Cost to Students and Reduce Access.***

President Clinton supports expanding the new direct lending program and individual education accounts. Direct lending eliminates billions of dollars in unnecessary payments to lenders and others and makes student loans cheaper and more efficient for students, schools, and taxpayers. With the passage of the Student Loan Reform Act, 104 schools and over 252,000 students initiated the program in 1995. On July 1, 1995, more than 1,400 schools--representing about 40% of all loans and the maximum allowed under this year's authorization--began the second year on schedule. The President would expand the program to all schools and students. This program is already saving \$6.8 billion for taxpayers, lowering interest rates for students, and allowing borrowers to choose flexible repayment arrangements, including pay-as-you-earn plans through Individual Education Accounts. In time, 20 million current borrowers and six million new borrowers per year will benefit.

Republicans have proposed legislation to reduce funds available for direct lending, prevent more schools from choosing to participate in the initiative, and cap participation at 40 percent of all loans. The committee mark also approved a reduction in direct loan administration funds by over 40 percent in order to cripple implementation and to deny the benefits of direct lending to low and middle income students. These actions will stop the growth of cost-effective, efficient direct lending in order to keep unnecessary payments flowing to wealthy banks and unnecessary middlemen.

- **EDUCATION AND TRAINING TAX DEDUCTION: REWARDING PARENTS WHO INVEST IN THEIR CHILDREN'S EDUCATION.** *President Clinton Supports A Deduction; With All the Tax Breaks for the Wealthy, Republicans Don't.*

President Clinton supports a tax deduction for middle-class families with education and job training expenses up to \$10,000. This deduction would provide tax-favored treatment to education similar to the benefits for other investments like housing and equipment. It invests in those who invest in themselves and in America.

Republicans do not support the education and training tax deduction. With its \$20,000 tax cut for the wealthiest 1%, the Contract with America includes tax breaks for capital gains, gifts and inheritances in excess of \$600,000, and the depreciation of business purchases--but not for education.

IV. LIFELONG LEARNING

In order to maintain good job prospects throughout their lives in a fast-changing economy, Americans need the opportunity to upgrade their education and skills regularly. President Clinton wants to support lifelong learning by reforming job training programs and putting resources and information directly into workers' hands. Republicans just want to slash job training.

- **G.I. BILL OF RIGHTS FOR WORKERS (SKILL GRANTS).** *President Clinton Supports Skill Grants for America's Workers; Republicans Want a 25% Cut in Job Training Funds.*

President Clinton: Under the adult reform proposal, low-income or dislocated workers (and others) could go to a One-Stop Center for help to get jobs, and learn about the services and track records of job training programs. Then, they could use Skill Grants at their own choice among those institutions. The President would provide 800,000 Skill Grants in 1996 alone. For youth training programs, the President proposes to build on and intensify the national reform embodied in the School-to-Work system to serve in-school and out-of-school youth. Youth programs would be streamlined and funding would be consolidated in a \$2.9 billion State grant, replacing current fragmented efforts under the Perkins Vocational Educational and Job Training Partnership Act. In total, the President proposes to increase funding (excluding Pell Grants) by over \$2 billion by 2002.

Republicans: The House Appropriations Committee cut funding by 50 percent below the President's request, and 25 percent below the FY 1995 level. These cuts would deny reemployment services to 506,100 dislocated workers and deny training opportunities to 84,000 disadvantaged adults compared with the President's request. Republicans also eliminate over 550,000 job opportunities for disadvantaged youth by not funding the Summer Youth Employment Program. Millions of young people will lose the opportunity to develop adequate work preparation skills and obtain good first jobs.