

Teens need your love, time,
and attention.

Now, more than ever.

www.teenpregnancy.org

THE
NATIONAL
CAMPAIGN TO
PREVENT TEEN PREGNANCY

Fact: Four out of ten girls become
pregnant by age 20, and
they didn't do it alone.

PHOTOCOPY PRESERVATION

Dad, we used to talk all the time.



What happened?

Hi Ruby,

Here's Nat'l Campaign
to prevent Teen Preg.
stuff I told you
about yesterday.

-Gerie

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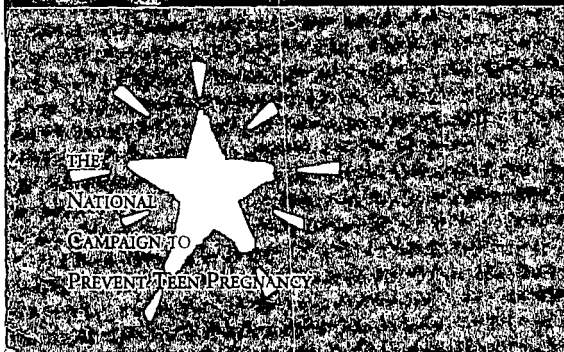
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The Next Best Thing:

Helping
Sexually
Active
Teens
Avoid
Pregnancy



by John Hutchins



RISKY BUSINESS A 2000 POLL

TEENS TELL US WHAT THEY
REALLY THINK OF
CONTRACEPTION AND SEX



RELEASED BY THE
NATIONAL CAMPAIGN TO PREVENT
TEEN PREGNANCY

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A SUMMARY OF FINDINGS FROM A NATIONALLY REPRESENTATIVE SURVEY OF TEENAGERS

CONDUCTED FOR THE NATIONAL CAMPAIGN TO
PREVENT TEEN PREGNANCY
BY INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATIONS RESEARCH

1

HOW IMPORTANT DO TEENS THINK IT IS TO USE BIRTH CONTROL EACH AND EVERY TIME THEY HAVE SEX?

THE OVERWHELMING MAJORITY OF TEENS (88.1%) SAY THAT IT IS IMPORTANT FOR TEENS TO USE BIRTH CONTROL EACH AND EVERY TIME THEY HAVE SEX. YET, RESEARCH SHOWS THAT BETWEEN 30 AND 38 PERCENT OF TEENS WHO USE CONTRACEPTION USE IT INCONSISTENTLY. ADDITIONALLY, THREE OUT OF 10 TEEN GIRLS WERE COMPLETELY UNPROTECTED THE LAST TIME THEY HAD SEX.*

- TEEN BOYS AND GIRLS AGREE THAT TEENS BELIEVE IT IS IMPORTANT FOR TEENS TO USE BIRTH CONTROL EACH AND EVERY TIME THEY HAVE SEX. NEARLY NINE OUT OF TEN BOYS (87.3%) AND GIRLS (88.9%) DESCRIBED CONSISTENT USE OF BIRTH CONTROL AS EITHER "VERY IMPORTANT" OR "SOMEWHAT IMPORTANT."
- NEVERTHELESS, CLOSE TO NINE PERCENT (8.8%) OF TEENS POLLED SAID THAT TEENS BELIEVE USING BIRTH CONTROL EACH AND EVERY TIME THEY HAD SEX WAS NOT IMPORTANT.

2

IS ONE OF THE MAIN REASONS THAT TEENS DO NOT USE BIRTH CONTROL BECAUSE THEIR PARTNERS DON'T WANT TO?

HALF OF TEENS (51.7%) BELIEVE THAT ONE OF THE MAIN REASONS THAT TEENS DO NOT USE BIRTH CONTROL IS BECAUSE THEIR PARTNER DOESN'T WANT TO.

- SURPRISINGLY, TEEN BOYS (49.3%) AND GIRLS (54.2%) AGREE THAT PRESSURE FROM THEIR PARTNERS IS ONE OF THE MAIN REASONS THAT TEENS FAIL TO USE BIRTH CONTROL.
- YOUNG ADOLESCENTS (AGES 12-14) ALSO AGREE THAT ONE OF THE MAIN REASONS TEENS DO NOT USE BIRTH CONTROL IS THAT THEIR PARTNERS DON'T WANT TO (53.6%).

* *THE NEXT BEST THING*, NATIONAL CAMPAIGN TO PREVENT TEEN PREGNANCY, MARCH 2000

WHAT IS THE ROLE OF DRINKING AND DRUG USE IN TEENS' DECISIONS ABOUT CONTRACEPTION?

MORE THAN HALF OF TEENS (53.3%) SAY THE *MAIN* REASON TEENS DO NOT USE BIRTH CONTROL IS BECAUSE OF DRINKING OR USING DRUGS.

- ONCE AGAIN, TEEN BOYS AND GIRLS AGREE ON WHY TEENS DO NOT USE CONTRACEPTION. SOME 53.8 PERCENT OF TEEN BOYS AND 52.8 PERCENT OF TEEN GIRLS SAY THAT ALCOHOL AND DRUGS ARE THE MAIN REASON WHY TEENS DO NOT USE BIRTH CONTROL.
- TEENS FROM HOUSEHOLDS WITH INCOMES OVER \$40,000 (57.6%) ARE MORE LIKELY THAN THOSE FROM MORE ECONOMICALLY MODEST HOMES (48.4% IN HOUSEHOLDS WITH INCOMES UNDER \$40,000) TO BELIEVE THAT ALCOHOL AND DRUGS ARE THE MAIN REASON WHY TEENS DON'T USE BIRTH CONTROL.

A NOTE ABOUT THE SURVEY

THIS REPORT SUMMARIZES THE FINDINGS FROM AN OMNIBUS SURVEY OF TEENS AGED 12 TO 17. THIS NATIONALLY REPRESENTATIVE SURVEY WAS CONDUCTED BY INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATIONS RESEARCH – ON BEHALF OF THE NATIONAL CAMPAIGN TO PREVENT TEEN PREGNANCY – ON FEBRUARY 3-6, 2000. THE ACTUAL POLLING QUESTIONS, ANSWERS, AND RESPONDENT DEMOGRAPHIC INFORMATION FOLLOWS. THE SURVEYS ARE WEIGHTED TO PROVIDE NATIONALLY REPRESENTATIVE AND PROJECTABLE ESTIMATES OF THE POPULATION 12-17 YEARS OLD. THE SURVEY QUESTIONED 515 TEENS. THE RESPONSES HAVE A MARGIN OF ERROR OF PLUS OR MINUS 4.3 PERCENTAGE POINTS.

THE SURVEY QUESTIONS AND RESPONSES

- 1** MANY TEENS HAVE SEX BUT DO NOT USE BIRTH CONTROL. IN YOUR OPINION, HOW IMPORTANT DO TEENS THINK IT IS TO USE BIRTH CONTROL EACH AND EVERY TIME THEY HAVE SEX?

	<u>ALL TEENS</u>	<u>TEEN BOYS</u>	<u>TEEN GIRLS</u>
VERY IMPORTANT	67%	65.7%	68.4%
SOMEWHAT IMPORTANT	21.1	21.6	20.6
NOT VERY IMPORTANT	5.3	6.3	4.2
NOT IMPORTANT AT ALL	3.6	2.2	5.0
DON'T KNOW	2.7	3.5	1.8
REFUSED TO ANSWER	0.3	0.7	—

- 2** DO YOU THINK ONE OF THE MAIN REASONS THAT TEENS DO NOT USE BIRTH CONTROL IS BECAUSE THEIR PARTNER DOESN'T WANT TO USE ANY?

	<u>ALL TEENS</u>	<u>TEEN BOYS</u>	<u>TEEN GIRLS</u>
YES	51.7%	49.3%	54.2%
NO	36.8	35.1	38.5
DON'T KNOW	11.5	15.4	7.3
REFUSED TO ANSWER	0.1	0.1	—

- 3** SOME SAY THE MAIN REASON THAT TEENS DON'T USE BIRTH CONTROL WHEN THEY HAVE SEX IS BECAUSE THEY ARE DRINKING OR USING DRUGS. DO YOU AGREE OR DISAGREE?

	<u>ALL TEENS</u>	<u>TEEN BOYS</u>	<u>TEEN GIRLS</u>
STRONGLY AGREE	19.3%	20.2%	18.2%
SOMEWHAT AGREE	34.1	33.6	34.6
SOMEWHAT DISAGREE	24.9	24.1	25.8
STRONGLY DISAGREE	17.5	16.4	18.7
DON'T KNOW	3.9	5.3	2.4
REFUSED TO ANSWER	0.4	0.4	0.3

HOUSEHOLD INCOME

UNDER \$40,000
OVER \$40,000

AGREE (AVERAGE)

48.4%
57.6

TEEN DEMOGRAPHICS

AGE OF RESPONDENT

AGE 12	13.7 %
13	17.1
14	18.9
15	18.2
16	18.4
17	13.8

MEAN AGE 14.5

SEX OF RESPONDENT

MALE	51.3%
FEMALE	48.7

TOTAL ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME

UNDER \$10,000	4.9 %
\$10,000- 14,999	3.3
\$15,000- 19,999	7.7
\$20,000- 24,999	8.9
UNDER \$25,000 (UNSPECIFIED)	1.6
OVER \$25,000 (UNSPECIFIED)	1.8
\$25,000- 29,999	7.1
\$30,000- 39,999	15.4
\$40,000- 49,999	13.0
\$50,000- 74,999	16.8
\$75,000- 99,999	7.4
\$100,000 OR MORE	5.1
DON'T KNOW	1.8
REFUSED	5.1

MEAN INCOME \$44,730

SOME TOP LINES FROM PREVIOUS NATIONAL CAMPAIGN SURVEYS

THE FOLLOWING POLLING QUESTIONS AND RESULTS ARE FROM AN APRIL 1999 NATIONAL OMNIBUS SURVEY OF PARENTS AND TEENS CONDUCTED FOR THE NATIONAL CAMPAIGN TO PREVENT TEEN PREGNANCY BY INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATIONS RESEARCH

QUESTION: WHEN IT COMES TO DECISIONS ABOUT SEX, WHAT INFLUENCE DO TEENS HAVE ON EACH OTHER?

	PARENTS OF TEENS	ALL TEENS	TEEN BOYS	TEEN GIRLS
VERY POSITIVE	20.2 %	13.5 %	14.5 %	12.4 %
SOMEWHAT POSITIVE	38.5	45.4	43.6	47.4
NO INFLUENCE AT ALL	5.2	9.7	10.7	8.6
SOMEWHAT NEGATIVE	16.0	21.8	20.6	23.0
VERY NEGATIVE	7.9	3.8	5.0	2.5
DON'T KNOW	10.3	5.3	5.3	5.3
REFUSED TO ANSWER	1.8	0.6	0.4	0.8

QUESTION: WHEN IT COMES TO DECISIONS ABOUT SEX, WHO OR WHAT INFLUENCES YOUR TEEN CHILD OR CHILDREN THE MOST, ASIDE FROM THEIR BOYFRIEND OR GIRLFRIEND?

	PARENTS OF TEENS
PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	55.4 %
PEERS	13.8
RELIGION	13.1
T.V., MOVIES, MUSICIANS	10.9
TEACHERS	0.3
SIBLINGS	0.3
REFUSED TO ANSWER	1.5

QUESTION: WHEN IT COMES TO DECISIONS ABOUT SEX, WHO OR WHAT INFLUENCES YOU THE MOST, ASIDE FROM YOUR BOYFRIEND OR GIRLFRIEND?

	ALL TEENS	TEENS 12-14	TEENS 15-17
PARENTS OR GUARDIANS	38.0 %	42.9 %	32.9 %
PEERS	25.1	21.7	28.6
RELIGION	13.6	10.3	17.0
T.V., MOVIES, MUSICIANS	7.9	8.3	7.5
MY OWN OPINION	3.9	1.6	6.2
SIBLINGS	2.2	2.9	1.5
TEACHERS	1.7	1.6	1.9
SOMEONE ELSE	0.3	0.4	0.3
DON'T KNOW	6.3	9.1	3.3
REFUSED TO ANSWER	0.9	1.1	0.7

*THE FOLLOWING POLLING QUESTION AND RESULTS ARE FROM AN APRIL 1998 NATIONAL OMNIBUS
SURVEY OF TEENS AND PARENTS OF TEENS CONDUCTED FOR THE NATIONAL CAMPAIGN TO PREVENT
TEEN PREGNANCY BY INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATIONS RESEARCH*

QUESTION: WHICH ONE OF THE FOLLOWING DO YOU THINK IS THE BIGGEST BARRIER TO EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION BETWEEN PARENTS AND TEENS ON SEX AND RELATIONSHIPS?

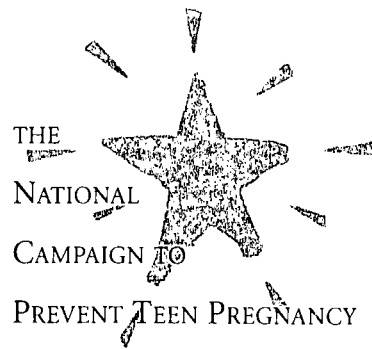
PARENTS OF TEENS			
23.6			PARENTS ARE NOT COMFORTABLE TALKING TO THEIR KIDS ABOUT SEX
30.0			TEENS ARE NOT COMFORTABLE HEARING FROM THEIR PARENTS ABOUT SEX
0.2			TALKING TO KIDS ABOUT SEX ENCOURAGES THEM TO HAVE SEX
31.6			MOST TEENS THINK THEY KNOW IT ALL ALREADY
8.7			PARENTS DON'T KNOW WHAT TO SAY
5.8			DON'T KNOW
0.2			REFUSED
ALL TEENS	TEEN BOYS	TEEN GIRLS	
16.9	13.2	20.7	PARENTS ARE NOT COMFORTABLE TALKING TO THEIR KIDS ABOUT SEX
38.7	42.5	34.7	TEENS ARE NOT COMFORTABLE HEARING FROM THEIR PARENTS ABOUT SEX
19.1	21.0	17.2	TEENS DON'T WANT TO HEAR FROM THEIR PARENTS ABOUT SEX
6.3	6.4	6.3	TEENS KNOW AS MUCH OR MORE THAN PARENTS ABOUT SEX AND RELATIONSHIPS
14.0	12.3	15.7	PARENTS ARE TOO JUDGMENTAL
4.8	4.6	5.1	DON'T KNOW
0.2	0.4	-	REFUSED

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Protection as Prevention

CONTRACEPTION FOR SEXUALLY ACTIVE TEENS

CLAIRE BRINDIS
SUSAN PAGLIARO
LAURA DAVIS

Released by
THE NATIONAL CAMPAIGN TO PREVENT TEEN PREGNANCY

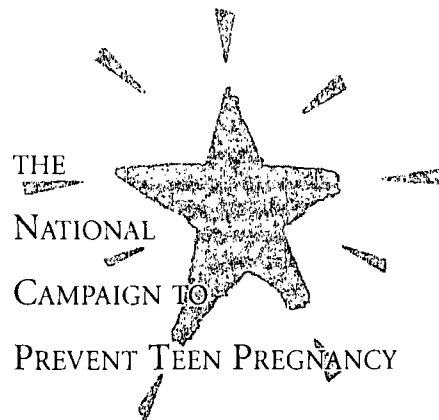
MARCH 2000

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Trends in Sexual Activity and Contraceptive Use Among Teens

Elizabeth Terry and Jennifer Manlove
Child Trends

Released by
THE NATIONAL CAMPAIGN TO PREVENT TEEN PREGNANCY

MARCH 2000



**WHITE HOUSE INITIATIVE ON
EDUCATIONAL EXCELLENCE FOR HISPANIC AMERICANS**

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WASHINGTON, DC 20202-3601

FAX COVER SHEET

Number of pages (including cover): *6*

To: *Ruby Shannir*
First Lady's office

Fax Number: () *456-2878*

From: Deborah A. Santiago
Deputy Director

Date: *3/17/00*

Subject: *Head Start*

*The following is the 1999 Head Start fact sheet for your info.
Hope it's helpful.*



Head Start

Research & Statistics

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1999 Head Start Fact Sheet

Head Start Budget

Programs	FY 1998 Actual	FY 1999 Appropriation
Local Head Start Projects		
Projects in States and Territories	\$3,948,956,809	\$4,215,997,000
Native American and Migrant Programs	\$283,476,265	\$304,028,000
Subtotal	\$4,232,433,074	\$4,520,025,000
Support Activities		
Training and Technical Assistance/Special Projects for Children with Disabilities	\$90,100,000	\$113,075,000
Research, Demonstration and Evaluation	\$12,000,000	\$14,000,000
Monitoring/Program Review	\$12,900,000	\$12,900,000
Subtotal	\$115,000,000	\$139,975,000
Total	\$4,347,433,074	\$4,660,000,000

Head Start Bureau
330 C Street, S.W.
Washington, D.C. 20447

Head Start Facts

The Head Start program is administered by the Head Start Bureau, the Administration on Children, Youth and Families (ACYF), Administration for Children and Families (ACF), Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS).

Grants are awarded by the ACF Regional Offices and the Head Start Bureau's American Indian and Migrant Program Branches directly to local public agencies, private non-profit organizations, Indian Tribes and school systems for the purpose of operating Head Start programs at the community level.

Enrollment: FY 1998 = 822,316

Ages	
Number of 5 year olds and older	6%
Number of 4 year olds	59%
Number of 3 year olds	31%
Number under 3 years of age	4%

FY '98

94% of all
Head Start

Same distribution
FY '97

Racial/Ethnic Composition	
American Indian	3.4%
Hispanic	26.4%
Black	35.8%
White	31.5%
Asian	2.9%

3.5%
26.1%
36.1%
31.2%
3.1%

Number Of Grantees: FY 1998 = 1,513

Number Of Classroom: FY 1998 = 48,004

Number Of Centers: FY 1998 = 15,872

Average Cost Per Child: FY 1998 = \$5,147

Staff:

Paid Staff: FY 1998 = 167,130

Volunteers: FY 1998 = 1,389,715

OTHER FACTS

During the 1997-1998 Operating Period:

- 13 percent of the Head Start enrollment consisted of children with disabilities, (mental retardation, health impairments, visual handicaps, hearing impairments, emotional disturbance, speech and language impairments, orthopedic handicaps and learning disabilities).
- 88 percent of the Head Start teachers had degrees in early childhood education or had obtained the Child Development Associate (CDA) credential or a state certificate to teach in a pre-school classroom.
- 668 programs operated a home based program. 4,840 home visitors provided home based services to 42,743 children.
- 29 percent of the staff were parents of current or former Head Start children. Over 808,147 parents volunteered in their local Head Start program.
- 55 percent of Head Start families have income of less than \$9,000 per year and 72.7 percent has yearly incomes of less than \$12,000.

Head Start programs are encouraged to use non-Head Start resources in their communities for Head Start children and their families. Recent data show that 65 percent of the Head Start children are enrolled in the Medicaid/Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis and Treatment (EPSDT) program which pays for their medical and dental services.

- About half of all programs provide some full day services to families who need child care services.
- 49 percent of families need childcare for children enrolled in Head Start. Of those, 27 percent received childcare through the Head Start program or its parent agency.

The 1994 reauthorization of the Head Start Act established a new Early Head Start program for low-income families with infants and toddlers. In Fiscal Year 1999, \$337,500,000 will be used to support 600 projects to provide, Early Head Start child development and family support services in all 50 states and in the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico. These projects serve 35,000 children under the age of three.

Fiscal Year 1998 State Allocations

State	Dollars	Enrollment
Alabama	\$67,517,000	15,118
Alaska	\$8,209,000	1,261
Arizona	\$59,017,000	11,055
Arkansas	\$39,367,000	9,893
California X	\$528,339,000	86,368
Colorado	\$42,368,000	8,863
Connecticut	\$35,244,000	6,476
Delaware	\$8,446,000	2,114
District Of Columbia	\$18,276,000	3,295
Florida	\$159,055,000	30,285
Georgia	\$105,423,000	21,195
Hawaii	\$13,983,000	2,769
Idaho	\$13,058,000	2,231
Illinois	\$182,050,000	34,871
Indiana	\$61,337,000	12,930
Iowa	\$33,451,000	6,922
Kansas	\$31,299,000	7,175
Kentucky	\$71,283,000	15,163
Louisiana	\$94,565,000	20,402
Maine	\$17,233,000	3,537
Maryland	\$51,664,000	9,507
Massachusetts	\$73,664,000	11,877
Michigan	\$162,316,000	33,316
Minnesota	\$48,909,000	9,545
Mississippi	\$110,564,000	24,953
Missouri	\$73,482,000	15,415
Montana	\$12,292,000	2,555
Nebraska	\$21,318,000	4,335
Nevada	\$11,280,000	2,035
New Hampshire	\$8,512,000	1,382
New Jersey	\$89,319,000	14,201
New Mexico	\$32,470,000	7,012
New York X	\$286,961,000	45,608
North Carolina	\$87,978,000	17,221
North Dakota	\$9,721,000	1,966
Ohio	\$168,724,000	36,300
Oklahoma	\$50,997,000	12,142
Oregon	\$37,909,000	5,400
Pennsylvania	\$154,046,000	28,902
Puerto Rico	\$155,526,000	33,273
Rhode Island	\$13,901,000	2,778
South Carolina	\$52,826,000	11,110
South Dakota	\$11,088,000	2,355
Tennessee	\$76,803,000	14,748

LEADS	\$219,040,000	51,281
Utah	\$21,728,000	4,654
Vermont	\$8,900,000	1,404
Virginia	\$61,960,000	12,053
Washington	\$64,841,000	9,682
West Virginia	\$33,349,000	6,876
Wisconsin	\$63,218,000	12,905
Wyoming	\$6,421,000	1,452
Virgin Islands	\$6,811,000	1,430
Outer Pacific	\$10,297,000	5,989
American Indian	\$121,272,000	21,612
Migrant Programs	\$162,206,000	37,116
Grand Total	\$4,232,433,000	822,316

Head Start Fiscal Year 1965-1998: Enrollment & Appropriation History

Year	Enrollment	Appropriation
1965 (Summer only)	561,000	\$96,400,000
1966	733,000	\$198,900,000
1967	681,400	\$349,200,000
1968	693,900	\$316,200,000
1969	663,600	\$333,900,000
1970	477,400	\$325,700,000
1971	397,500	\$360,000,000
1972	379,000	\$376,300,000
1973	379,000	\$400,700,000
1974	352,800	\$403,900,000
1975	349,000	\$403,900,000
1976	349,000	\$441,000,000
1977	333,000	\$475,000,000
1978	391,400	\$625,000,000
1979	387,500	\$680,000,000
1980	376,300	\$735,000,000
1981	387,300	\$818,700,000
1982	395,800	\$911,700,000
1983	414,950	\$912,000,000
1984	442,140	\$995,750,000
1985	452,080	\$1,075,059,000
1986	451,732	\$1,040,315,000
1987	446,523	\$1,130,542,000
1988	448,464	\$1,206,324,000
1989	450,970	\$1,235,000,000
1990	540,930	\$1,052,000,000
1991	583,471	\$1,951,800,000
1992	621,078	\$2,201,800,000

1993	713,903	\$2,776,286,000
1994	740,493	\$3,325,728,000
1995	750,696	\$3,534,128,000
1996	752,077	\$3,569,329,000
97	793,809	\$3,980,546,000
1998	822,316	\$4,347,433,000

The program has served a total of 17,714,000 children since it began in 1965.

Contact Us: webmaster@acf.dhhs.gov

Last Updated: November 19, 1999


**THE
NATIONAL
CAMPAIGN TO
PREVENT TEEN PREGNANCY**
2100 M STREET NW SUITE 300
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PHONE: 202.261.5550

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FAX TRANSMISSION

TO: Ruby Shamir

DATE: 3/16/00

FAX NUMBER: 202-456-2878.

FROM: Alexandra Gonzalez

SENDER'S PHONE: 202-261-5550

SENDER'S FAX: 202-331-7735

NUMBER OF PAGES INCLUDING COVER

3

MESSAGE: Ms. Shamir: I work with Marisa Nightingale at the National Campaign and she told me that you may be able to arrange a White House tour for one of our honorees this year -- The Teen Advocates Group -- on the morning of April 25.

First let me tell you how grateful we are for your help with this. The Teen Advocates are a group of highly motivated young people who are working hard to help other teens avoid pregnancy and they would just be so thrilled to get to go on a White House tour; it would make their trip to Washington something they will never forget!

As I understand you requested, I have attached a bit of information on the group. Please let me know what I need to do from here and what other information you need. My direct dial is 202-261-5550 and e-mail agonzale@teenpregnancy.org.

Many, many thanks.



Planned Parenthood of New York City's Teen Advocates

When Planned Parenthood of New York City's (PPNYC's) Teen Advocates perform in the community, staff often asks the audience what they enjoy about the Advocates. Every time the question is posed, the answer is the same: *"We like hearing from people like us."* People "like us" in this case could mean any of the following - young people of the same age, people from the same community, or people of similar background. In fact, the Teen Advocates are all three. Audience members appreciate the Teen Advocates and respect their message because they look and sound like them, and because they know intrinsically that our Advocates understand their lives.

As young people move from childhood into adolescence, peers begin to take more prominent roles. PPNYC's Teen Advocates program empowers young people to share critical messages with young people in a way that they can hear it. Teen Advocate Workshops invite audience members to contemplate a host of issues including abstinence, decision-making, sexually transmitted infections, self-esteem, relationships, violence and more. The skits provide entertaining scenarios that are familiar to the audience. The processing session that follows allows audience members to talk about how they would respond in a similar situation. Increasingly, our community partners are inviting the Advocates to come to their site not just for one workshop, but for an entire series.

**WE'RE
HERE TO
INFORM**

As a result of their increased exposure, the Advocates are often approached by area teens who have questions about sexual health issues that PPNYC's Teen Advocates are well-prepared to answer. Teen Advocates have reported that once their peers know that they have been trained by PPNYC and are involved in educating others, they are frequently approached by friends and acquaintances and asked to answer questions and make referrals for services. Teen Advocates serve as a resource for their fellow students; a trusted friend who can validate and reiterate positive messages delivered by PPNYC's in-school education programs. They also direct their peers to clinics, counselors, and educational programs where they can receive reliable and respectful advice, treatment, supplies or support. Teen Advocates provide a direct link to our clinical services at the Hub Center. By word of mouth, they will advertise the free services available to adolescents. Teen Advocates will also escort their peers to the clinic, if necessary. In 1999, Teen Advocates reached over 1000 area teens with important messages about sexual



Planned Parenthood
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Margaret Sanger Square
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Fax: (212) 274-7218
Appointments: (212) 965-7000
www.ppnyc.org

**Planned Parenthood**

of New York City, Inc.

health and responsible choices. In the year 2000, they will reach additional teens through their "Speak the Real" column in the teen-authored New Youth Connections newspaper. This paper has a circulation of 250,000 and reaches young people through schools and community-based organizations citywide.

**WE'RE
HERE TO
INFORM**



Planned Parenthood
of New York City, Inc.

Margaret Sanger Square
26 Bleecker Street
New York, New York 10012-2413

Tel: (212) 274-7200

Fax: (212) 274-7218

Appointments: (212) 965-7000

www.ppnyc.org

TOTAL P.02

Ruby/Ann

HRC would like you to call
and information about this
network.

Thane



QUEENS SICKLE CELL ADVOCACY NETWORK, INC.
PARTNERS IN HEALTH

INFORMATION & REFERRAL CENTER
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