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Series/Staff Member: Kathleen (Katie) McGinty
Subseries: [Correspondence]

OA/ID Number: 2257
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Folder Title:
X-Y-Z - Katie McGinty: January-July 1993

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
S	61	5	3	2

July 7, 1993

Dr. Eric M. Zwerling
Department of Environmental Sciences
Rutgers University
P.O. Box 234
New Brunswick, NJ 08903

Dear Dr. Zwerling:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

THE STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW JERSEY
RUTGERS

Department of Environmental Sciences • Cook College
P.O. Box 231 • New Brunswick • New Jersey 08903-0231 • 908/932-9185 • FAX: 908/932-8644

23 June 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office Of Environmental Policy
Fax# (202)456-2710

Dear Ms. McGinty

I have long followed the issue of the Old-Growth Forests in the Pacific Northwest from both a professional and personal viewpoint. I teach an extensive section on forest ecology and politics in my undergraduate courses, and was personally very active in President Clinton's campaign as his surrogate speaker on environmental matters in New Jersey.

I am extremely distressed at news reports about the proposed "Option 9" which is obviously based on misplaced political considerations over sound biological considerations. We, who fought in the trenches to get Mr. Clinton elected, are seriously doubting the allegiance of this Administration to the concerns of its best friends.

Option 9 should be discarded outright, and replaced with a plan that creates permanent reserves within which logging is not permitted. To allow "salvage" logging within these reserves as was reported in the Washington Post (6/18/93) shows a complete lack of understanding or consideration for the *vital ecological role* that standing and fallen dead trees play in a forest. I'd be happy to provide a lecture.

The addition of "sufficiency language" disallowing any legal challenges to sales would be a slap in the face to concerned scientists who believe the integrity of ecosystems should take precedence over political expedience. Any option selected must attain a very high probability of maintaining an ancient forest ecosystem capable of maintaining the fish and wildlife species dependent on that ecosystem. *Why are unsustainable logging jobs inherently more valuable than sustainable fishing jobs?*

The U.S. Forest Service is subsidized with over \$500 million tax dollars annually, and in the process is wreaking unspeakable violence to ecosystems across the United States. Travel behind the "beauty strips" (50 foot unlogged on either side of major roads), and you see clearcuts that have been unplanted for decades, and new clearcuts with the soil disturbed to 3-4 feet that may only recover on a geologic time scale.

My god, please stop this travesty, NOW, before it's too late. These jobs are gone, anyway - get on with the task of replacing them. If you cave in on this, too, no one will ever take your commitment to anything seriously again. And we certainly won't work hard in '96 for four more.

Very Sincerely,


Eric M. Zwerling

July 7, 1993

Mr. Eric M. Zwerling
National Director
Students for Environmental
Awareness
Rutgers University
Cook Campus Center, Biel Road
New Brunswick, NJ 08903

Dear Mr. Zwerling:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

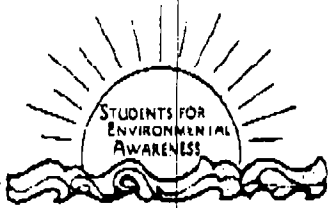
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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



STUDENTS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL AWARENESS

RUTGERS UNIVERSITY
Cook Campus Center, Biel Road, New Brunswick, New Jersey 08903

June 23 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office Of Environmental Policy
Fax# (202)456-2710

Dear Ms. McGinty,

Environmentalists played a major role in President Clinton's election, and we are getting increasingly distressed at one concession after another. My organization has approximately 1,200 members at three universities. Internal polling has shown that over the past decade, the single most important issue to our members, by far, is preservation of the integrity of the Ancient Forest ecosystems. Meetings on this topic routinely draw 150-250 students.

Option 9, which has been reported as the preferred forest management option is wholly unacceptable to Students for Environmental Awareness, and is unsound policy economically, ecologically, socially and morally. It is clearly a politically expedient short-term response where visionary long-term leadership is needed. This option is a prescription for the future economic and ecological impoverishment of the Pacific Northwest, preceded by an illusion of all's-well normalcy. None of the root problems or issues are addressed. When the forests, salmon and tourists are all gone, the real depression will set in, and the opportunity for a graceful transition will have been squandered.

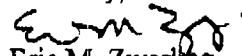
We put ourselves on the line, and in harm's way to get Mr. Clinton elected. When President Bush made an election appearance at Middlesex County Community College in Edison, NJ, he got so flustered at hecklers that he said: "I wish these draft dodgers would shut up so I can finish my speech." That comment made national news in light of the fact that the hecklers weren't even born when the draft was last in force. His campaign looked incompetent, he looked petty, and the whole draft issue was trivialized.

Those hecklers were us. Students for Environmental Awareness, along with other environmental groups were chanting: "Trees and Owls, Yes! Bushes and Quails, No!" I personally held up a double-sided sign: "Vote Earth, Clinton/Gore" and "Bye-Bye Envirocidal Pres." Of the 100 hecklers, about 2/3 were environmentalists. At great personal risk, we got passes to the event, dressed the part, and only acted at exactly the opportune moment. While we offered no resistance whatsoever, we were roughed up by the crowd once we revealed ourselves.

For what? During the election, Bush said "to hell with the environmentalists, they don't vote for us anyway." *The timber companies will not vote for you regardless of what you do, and neither will Rush Limbaugh.* Do you think environmentalists will go one inch out of our way in 1996 if you fold on this issue like you folded on land reform??

We beg of you - discard Option 9; create true preserves; include no "sufficiency" language; protect ecosystems; reject ecologically devastating salvage logging; and help communities transform to sustainable economies.

Sincerely,


Eric M. Zwerling

Founder, National Director

University of Georgia • Rutgers • The State University of New Jersey • Scripps Institute of Oceanography at UCSD



printed on 100% recycled paper



July 7, 1993

Mr. and Ms. Edward Zimmerman
P.O. Box 1388
Fallon, NV 89407-1388

Dear Mr. and Ms. Zimmerman:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Post-It brand

Fax Transmittal Memo 7672

No. of Pages

Today's Date

Time

6/30/93 3:00 P.M.

To *Ms. Katie McGinty*
Company *The White House Office*
Location *of Environmental Policy*
Fax # *(202) 456-2710* Telephone *(202) 456-6224*
Comments

From

Company

Location

Original
Disposition:☐ Destroy☐ Return☐ Call for pickup

Telephone

(702) 423-4359

EDWARD A. AND KAREN L. ZIMMERMAN

P. O. BOX 1388

FALLON, NV 89407-1388

(702) 423-4359

(702) 423-1511 fax

June 30, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
The White House Office of Environmental Policy

Dear Ms. McGinty:

It has come to our attention that the Clinton administration has indicated that they are considering shoving "OPTION 9" down our throats. Even if it has to be done administratively, with or without congressional and/or citizens approval.

We want you to know that we are adamantly against "OPTION 9". We believe that Tax Paying United States Citizens has the right to use the public lands. We should be able to use them for grazing, mining, timber, hunting, fishing, with free access. I believe they should be managed (for better productivity) but not controlled to the point where we cannot benefit from the public lands.

The timber industry is an important renewable resource. If it is managed properly, the American people should be able to keep using and benefiting from this renewable resource for hundreds and thousands of years to come. But if "OPTION 9" comes into effect, this renewable resource will be dead for all times. In a time of economic instability, it doesn't make sense to kill another industry that will cause thousands and thousands to become unemployed. One of President Clinton's campaign pledges was to

create more jobs. This for sure would be another one of his campaign pledges that he hasn't lived up too. We all need the lumber industry, and it's renewable!

I hope that you will join us in stopping this piece of legislation and **SAVE** our public lands.

Sincerely yours

Handwritten signatures of Edward A. Zimmerman and Karen L. Zimmerman. The signatures are written in dark ink and are cursive. Edward's signature is on top, and Karen's is below it, partially overlapping.

Edward A. Zimmerman

Karen L. Zimmerman

July 7, 1993

Mr. Dennis Zimmerman
2804 Israel Chapel Rd.
Connelly Springs, NC 28612

Dear Mr. Zimmerman:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

July 2, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
The White House Office of Environmental Policy
Fax# (202) 456-2710

Dear Ms. McGinty:

It has been announced that the Clinton Administration has decided to move forward with option 9 concerning the timber harvest levels in the Pacific Northwest.

Option 9 will:

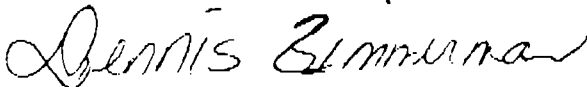
- 1) Hit the American consumer dead center again by increasing the cost of all products derived from forest products. Major products would include:
 - a) Increase dramatically again the cost of building a home.
 - b) Increase the cost of building rental property, and thereby rent, for both commercial and apartments or dwellings.
 - c) Increase indirectly the cost of all goods and services because of increased cost resulting from increased prices of constructing manufacturing and/or commercial buildings.
 - d) Decrease forest product exports and thereby worsen our balance of trade problem.
 - e) Increase forest product imports and thereby worsen our balance of trade problem.
 - f) Damage further the furniture business because furniture lumber will end up taking the place of the lost timber products from the Pacific Northwest.
 - g) Make the cost of furniture prohibitive to many consumers because of higher prices required for furniture raw materials.
 - h) Increase the price of the multitude of products which require raw materials from

forest products (on a weight basis the quantity of wood used in the United States roughly equals the weight of all metals, all plastics and all portland cement combined).

- 2) Cost over 85,000 direct and indirect jobs in the Pacific Northwest.
- 3) Reduce the harvest levels on federal forest lands in the Pacific Northwest to 1.2 billion board feet annually. This is 23% of the historic level of 5.2 billion board feet. Also please realize that prior to this reduction, one acre out of every seven acres was already off limits to timber harvesting because of wilderness or other designations.
- 4) Possibly be the straw that breaks the proverbial camel's back and push the United States into a recession or, in the worst case, a depression.

Please, let us all stop trying to push our own selfish agendas and let us do something that is good for the United States of American and all of its citizens. Do not stab the average American citizen in the back by lowering their standard of living. Keep the forest product harvest on the public's land maximized by harvesting the annual growth each year. Please do not use Option 9 to lock away these vital renewable natural resources.

Very truly yours, .



Dennis Zimmerman
2804 Israel Chapel Rd.
Connelly Springs, NC 28612

copies: Senator Jesse Helms
Senator Lauch Faircloth
Representative Cass Ballenger

July 7, 1993

Ms. Erika Zavaleta
Project Organizer
AFSEEE
P.O. Box 11615
Eugene, OR 97440

Dear Ms. Zavaleta:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

AFSEEE

Association of Forest Service Employees for Environmental Ethics

*P.O. Box 11615, Eugene Oregon 97440
(503) 484-2492*

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT REQUEST

July 1, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office of Environmental Policy

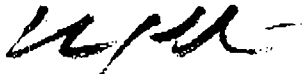
Dear Ms. McGinty,

Pursuant to the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 U.S.C. 552, the Association of Forest Service Employees for Environmental Ethics (AFSEEE) requests copies of the nine Forest Options presented to President Clinton for the Pacific Northwest Forests plan, including the final version of the option selected by Mr. Clinton and the texts of the other eight. As this information has been made available to members of the Pacific Northwest Congressional delegation, and as it is necessary for informed public comment under the National Environmental Policy Act, we have reason to believe that it must be available to the public.

AFSEEE is a non-profit, non-partisan corporation of present and former Forest Service employees and other citizens who are interested in education the public about present national management practices and the free speech rights of government employees. We request the above information to increase our understanding of the policy choices made available for this decision and to inform our NEPA comments on the content of the President's selected option. The information will be used solely for public education purposes and will not be used for purposes of commercial or financial gain to AFSEEE.

For any documents or portions that you deny due to a specific FOIA exemption, please provide an index itemizing and describing the documents or portions of documents withheld. We look forward to your response to this request within ten working days.

Sincerely,


Erika Zavaleta
project organizer, AFSEEE

July 7, 1993

Ms. Kay Zimmerman
2370 Dalis Drive
Concord, CA 94520

Dear Ms. Zimmerman:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

22 June 1992

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office of Environmental Policy
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Ms. McGinty,

Urge the President to: DISCARD Option #3

Create PERMANENT forest reserves (NO LOGGING!)

Obey existing environmental laws (NO efficiency language in President's proposal)

Honor the promises toward the environment that he made during his campaign and at the Forest Conference

Promote THOUSANDS of jobs through projects to restore watersheds, rivers, mountainsides, forests, salmon runs, wetlands, wildlife, eroded areas, etc.

Thank you!

Jack & Sharon Cody

Jack and Sharon Cody 4107 25th Avenue Court N.W. Sig Harbor, WA. 98575

W. J. Pedwell

Jo Pedwell 5340 Macleay Road S.E. Salem, OR. 97301

Alan W. Pedwell

Alan Pedwell 115 N.W. 10th Sherwood, OR. 97140

Kay Zimmerman

Kay Zimmerman 2370 Dallas Drive Concord, CA. 94520

Karen Dobson

Karen Dobson 5901 Panama Avenue Richmond, CA. 94804

Craig K. Cody

Craig K. Cody 5803 N. Post Spokane, WA. 99205

Ginnie Miller

Mrs. H.W. Miller 2501 N. 9th St Blvd SunLaker, AZ. 85242

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 22, 1993

Ms. Norma Zierenberg
848 Lehigh Drive
Merced, CA 95348

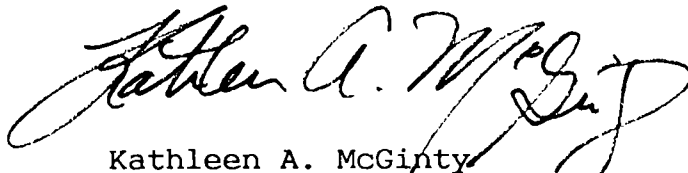
Dear Ms. Zierenberg:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the Animal Damage Control Act.

We are in the process of reviewing our policy with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of the Interior on this very important matter. I agree that further study of the options involved is necessary for an informed and balanced decision to be made. Be assured that we will give every consideration to your concerns as we look at this issue.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized "M" and "G".

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

From:

Norma Zierenberg
848 Lehigh Blvd
Merced, Ca 95348

Date:

March 19, 1993

To:

White House Office on Environmental Policy
% Kathleen McGinty
Old Executive Office Bldg. Room 358
Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Sir:

Taxpayers are asked to make sacrifices to bring change to our society and pay the national debt.

As taxpayers we should not be expected to provide a zero-risk business environment for anyone.

The Animal Damage Control (ADC) exists as a blatant subsidy to the livestock industry and we feel the need to demand a leaner and more efficient government in which public interests, not private interests, are served first.

The ADC predator control program spent over 45 million taxpayer dollars in 1992 to kill wildlife on public lands and develop poisons and control techniques for wild animals. Most of these techniques, poison baits, traps, snares, denning and aerial gunning are indiscriminate and place threatened and endangered species in jeopardy.

We demand that this outdated tax-supported federal war on wildlife come to an end, and that the government begin to protect our natural heritage.

Put an end to the ADC program and let ranchers be responsible for protecting their own livestock by using non-lethal techniques.

Sincerely,

Norma Zierenberg

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 27, 1993

Mr. Phillip B. Ziegler
Mr. Tobey Hiller
12 Drake Place
Oakland, CA 94611

Dear Mr. Ziegler and Mr. Hiller:

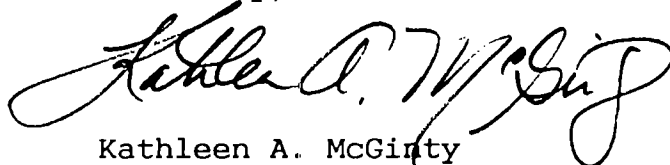
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President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" being more prominent and the last name "McGinty" following in a similar style.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Phillip B. Ziegler & Tobey Hiller
12 Drake Place
Oakland, CA 94611

June 30, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Office of Environmental Policy
Room 360 Old Executive Office Bldg.
Washington, DC 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty:

During the recent widely publicized Northwest Forest Conference, President Clinton pledged to craft a forest plan that would be "scientifically sound, ecologically credible, and legally responsible." In response, an Ecosystem Management Assessment team was created to come up with options to protect the remaining ancient forest ecosystems while mitigating short-term job loss.

Unfortunately, special interests have reportedly been mounting a major campaign to divert the result away from a sustained yield plan which would comply with existing law while protecting this resource. They are pushing fixed numbers (such as 2.5 billion board feet), regardless of its impact on the forests.

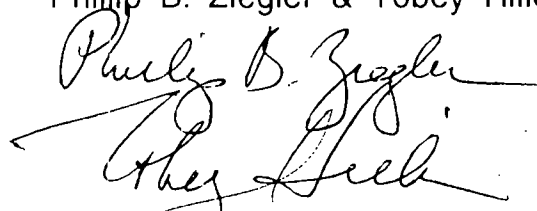
This approach is short-sighted in terms of timber industry jobs and would ignore fishery, forest and habitat protection and rehabilitation. These are the policies of the past that have given us the barren and eroding hillsides throughout the Northwest.

One of the most important principles is that of sustained yield. Regardless of what other practices are in effect, neither the health of the ecosystem, nor of the economy, can long endure the kind of harvest practices that have been followed up to now.

Please put the protection of these systems ahead of the short term "timber-mining" interests.

Sincerely,

Phillip B. Ziegler & Tobey Hiller

The block contains two handwritten signatures in black ink. The first signature, 'Phillip B. Ziegler', is written in a cursive style with a long, sweeping underline. The second signature, 'Tobey Hiller', is also in cursive and is positioned directly below the first signature.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 29, 1993

Ms. Helen E. Zukin
Attorney at Law
Simke, Chodos, Silberfeld
& Anteau, Inc.
6300 Wilshire Boulevard
Suite 9000
Los Angeles, CA 90048

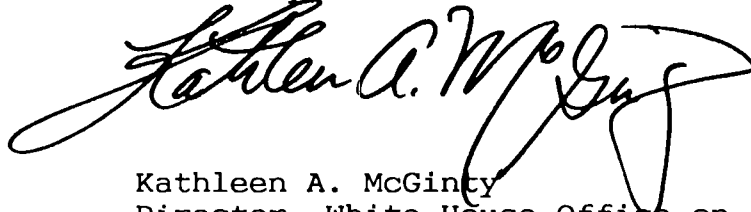
Dear Ms. Zukin:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the regulations revising the National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP). I apologize for the delay in my response.

As you know, President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of our environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. I understand your concerns about the regulatory process and the implementation of new asbestos regulations through a lawsuit settlement agreement. I have forwarded a copy of your information to the Environmental Protection Agency for their review and response.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, sweeping loop at the end.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

LAW OFFICES

SIMKE, CHODOS, SILBERFELD & ANTEAU, INC.

STUART A. SIMKE
DAVID M. CHODOS
ROMAN M. SILBERFELD
RONALD W. ANTEAU¹
STEVEN D. ARCHER
HELEN E. ZUKIN
RICHARD A. FOND
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LAUREN S. PETKIN
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RANDY H. MCMURRAY
TERRY LEVICH ROSS
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¹CERTIFIED SPECIALIST-FAMILY LAW
THE STATE BAR OF CALIFORNIA
BOARD OF LEGAL SPECIALIZATION

6300 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD, SUITE 9000
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90048-5202

TELEPHONE (213) 653-0211
TELECOPIER (213) 655-4962

LOU ASHE
(1908-1981)

OF COUNSEL
ELLIOT J. ABELSON
JAMES L. KEANE

May 14, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director of White House Office On
Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building
Washington, D.C. 20501

Via Fax & Federal Express
(202) 456-2710

Re: NESHAP ASBESTOS REGULATIONS

Dear Ms. McGinty:

On November 20, 1990, the EPA published regulations revising the National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants ("NESHAP"). 55 Fed. Reg. 224 at 48406-48433 (1990). These regulations have been in effect since 1973 and have been amended from time to time. The 1990 amendment came after extensive public comment, hearings, and redrafting by the EPA, all as required by the regulatory process. After the publication of this amendment, the Safe Building Alliance ("SBA"), an asbestos industry lobbying organization composed exclusively of former manufacturers of asbestos-containing products, sued the EPA, as it has frequently done in the past, seeking to alter the effect of these amendments to NESHAP. Although the regulations affect the parties to the EPA/SBA lawsuit, all building owners including all school districts in America who have asbestos-containing products in their buildings, are also impacted by this action.

In November, 1992, within days after President Clinton was elected, the EPA and the SBA settled this lawsuit. In December, 1992 the EPA published notice of the settlement in the Superfund section of the Federal Register instead of in the NESHAP section. This notice allowed thirty days to comment which would expire before the new administration took office. Because of a few perceptive individuals, the notice was discovered, copies of the proposed settlement agreement were obtained, and the EPA allowed an additional thirty-day comment period after extensive pressure from the Congress.

SIMKE, CHODOS, SILBERFELD & ANTEAU, INC.

Ms. Katie McGinty
May 14, 1993
Page Two

Now it appears that the EPA has decided not to allow the revised agreement to be seen by those affected and intends to proceed with its original plans to make major substantive modifications to a regulation through the guise of a lawsuit "settlement agreement" without following the procedures required to amend regulations. This is particularly suspect because the public, whose buildings contain these products and who are governed by this regulation have not been allowed to have input into the "amendment" entered into solely by the EPA in the waning days of the previous administration.

The substantive problems with the proposed "clarification" by way of settlement with the asbestos industry are set forth in an attached letter recently sent to the EPA by Dr. Dale Keyes of Environmental Sciences, Inc. Dr. Keyes was a principal author of the only EPA guidance documents concerning asbestos in buildings generally -- Guidance for Friable Asbestos-Containing Materials in Buildings (March 1983), commonly referred to as the "Blue Book." Dr. Keyes was also directly involved in the technical sections dealing with operations and maintenance of buildings containing asbestos material, Managing Asbestos in Place (July 1990), commonly referred to as the "Green Book."

Because of the importance of this issue on safety and health in buildings, and particularly school buildings, we respectfully ask that you personally review this situation and suggest to the EPA that any changes to this regulation, whether direct or indirect, should face the sunshine of open public comment and review that all modifications to regulations are required to face. If the EPA believes no changes to this regulation are being made by this settlement, then the document should not be allowed directly or indirectly to be used by anyone at anytime to suggest what the regulation's intent is. Otherwise, this "Settlement Agreement" will totally undermine a regulation which was the product of years of scientific discussion and technical debate and which affects over 700,000 building owners in America.

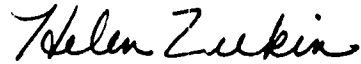
It is our understanding that the EPA intends to finalize the settlement agreement within two weeks. We request that the EPA be asked to refrain from entering into a settlement with the Safe Building Alliance until Secretary Browner has had an opportunity to consider the issue. In addition, we believe that affected parties should be permitted to see the EPA's proposed settlement before it becomes final.

SIMKE, CHODOS, SILBERFELD & ANTEAU, INC.

Ms. Katie McGinty
May 14, 1993
Page Three

I would appreciate the opportunity to discuss this with you
in detail.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Helen Zukin".

HELEN E. ZUKIN

HEZ/bt

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 13, 1993

Mr. Mark A. Yatrofsky
217 Queens Way
P.O. Box 3414
Norfolk, VA 23514

Dear Mr. Yatrofsky:

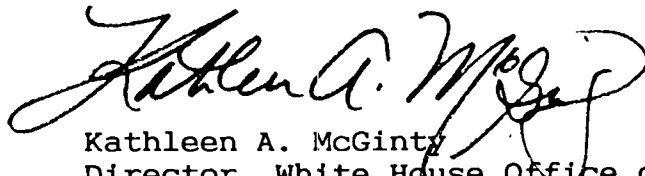
Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

217 Queens Way Home: (804) 627-0452
P. O. Box 3414 Work: (804) 441-4270
Norfolk, VA 23514-3414 FAX: (804) 441-4915

To: Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office of Environmental Policy

From: Mark A. Yatrofsky

Date: June 21, 1993

Subject: Protection of Ancient Forest Ecosystems

As a citizen who is deeply concerned about protection of the forest ecosystems of our country, I have been following developments related to the recent "Forestry Summit" in the Pacific Northwest. I understand that the timber industry has been lobbying the Administration on behalf of a proposal called "Option 9". What I have heard about that proposal is that it would allow logging in ancient forests based on a measure of board footage cut rather than on maintaining the viability of the ecosystems. This approach would appear inconsistent with the President's assurance that the resolution of the ancient forest use controversy would be scientifically and ecologically sound. In addition, it makes poor economic sense in that it subsidizes timbering at the expense of the salmon fishing industry, which produces more revenue and more jobs than timbering. (Overcutting of ancient forests has been identified as an important factor in the decline of the water quality in salmon spawning streams and, therefore, part of the reason for declining Pacific Northwest salmon populations.)

I want you as an advisor to the President to be aware that I supported Mr. Clinton in last year's election because I wanted the federal government to do more than pay lip service to protection of the environment. If the timber interests set the agenda on the ancient forests, and short term economic benefits to a few override the long term interests of the many, I will be deeply disappointed in this Administration.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 13, 1993

Mr. Blue Young
0762 S.W. Miles Street
Portland, OR 97219

Dear Mr. Young:

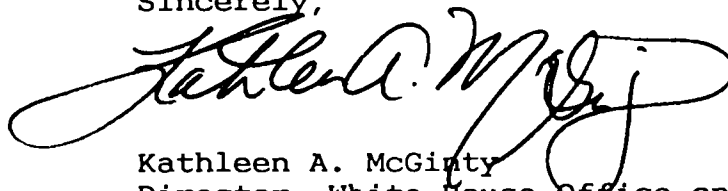
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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Kathleen A. McGinty', written in a cursive style.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Dear Katie McGinty

Director of the Office of Environmental Policy

I am writing to you concerning the urgency of saving what is left of our nation's ancient forests. First off, I must outright tell you to discard option #9. It is a complete sell-out to special interest groups who are willing to rape the earth for short-term profits.

Any acceptable option must include a plan to preserve the ecosystems of our ancient forests! The relentless logging in these forests ~~has~~ has left us w/ about 6-7% of our original ancient forests. Salvage logging, though it sounds warm and fuzzy, also destroys these beautiful pieces of our American heritage. A new plan must also obey existing environmental laws, which option 9 does not.

A new option would be the only acceptable action you could take. We need protection of the ancient forest ecosystems that support many beautiful species of fish and wildlife.

I look forward to your response.

Thank you

Blue Young

Blue Young

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 13, 1993

Dr. Sami Yassa
Senior Project Scientist
Natural Resources Defense Council
71 Stevenson Street
San Francisco, CA 94105

Dear Dr. Yassa:

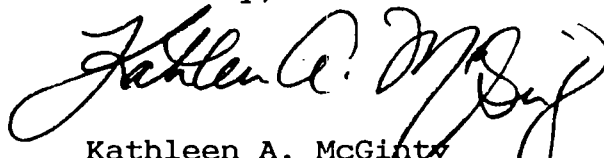
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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name being the most prominent.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



Natural Resources
Defense Council

71 Stevenson Street
San Francisco, CA 94105
415 777-0220
Fax 415 495-5996

June 17, 1993

VIA FAX

Ms. Kathleen McGinty
Office on Environmental Policy
Old Executive Building
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Ms. McGinty:

I am writing to you on behalf of the Natural Resources Defense Council (NRDC) regarding recent developments relating to the President's forest policy. I am sorry that I was unable to attend the recent meeting between you and members of the Ancient Forest Alliance, but unfortunately our west coast location makes it difficult for me to regularly attend those meetings.

At this point, we are extremely concerned over the apparent direction of the President's forest policy, in particular "Option 9," recently developed by Administration staff. Based upon recent reports, we are alarmed that Option 9 may represent a strategy that is neither legally acceptable nor scientifically supportable.

First, we are disturbed by reports that the option surfaced only after the timber industry delivered an ultimatum demanding a higher cut level than the initial scientifically-developed alternatives provided.

Second, as we have stated in the past, sufficiency language is unacceptable to NRDC, and any plan with such language would not warrant NRDC's support. Suspension of the National Environmental Policy Act and other environmental laws, or even temporary replacement of this nation's laws with alternative legislative procedures would perpetuate the regional conflict and set an extremely dangerous precedent for this administration.

Third, allowance of management practices such as salvage logging and thinning within old growth reserves is not consistent with our assessment of the best available science. NRDC continues to believe that habitat reserves intended to sustain wildlife species must be safeguarded

Ms. K. McGinty
June 17, 1993

from extractive management to achieve their ecological purpose. Moreover, heavy reliance on experimental techniques, including new forestry and other approaches that even the Bush administration rejected, would likely make any policy unworkable from our perspective.

Fourth, failure to include the "eastside forests" in the plan would result in an incomplete and shortsighted strategy, and would foster future conflicts east of the Cascades.

Finally, we believe that any option with a "medium" viability rating is unlikely to meet legal standards to "insure" viability of species.

We urge the Administration to reject any alternative that contains these deficiencies. These shortcomings in our opinion would not be consistent with the President's closing message at the Forest Conference, which we supported as fair, objective, and balanced.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,



Sami Yassa
Senior Project Scientist

July 7, 1993

Mr. Mark Young
Vice-President
Horner Flooring Co.
P.O. Box 380
Dollar Bay, Michigan 49922

Dear Mr. Young:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

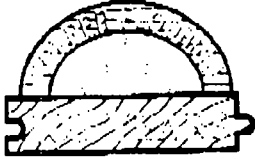
As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



HORNER FLOORING CO.

P.O. Box 380 Dollar Bay, Michigan 49922
Phone: (906) 482-1180 FAX: (906) 482-6115

June 30, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
White House Office of Environmental Policy
Washington, DC

Dear Ms. McGinty:

Rumors of the Clinton administration leaking its position on logging in the Northwest were talked about this past week in many homes in our small rural communities.

While we cannot lay claim to having the ear of Washington, we and millions of other rural Americans have always been the backbone of this country. We have always been the citizens who suffered the most during the countries woes. We were proud because we were sacrificing for a great country that had great leaders and knew that with the sacrifices came the potential for a better future. I can't say I feel the same anymore. Worse than this, I feel that I am in the majority on this viewpoint. I have begun to feel that either our leaders are incapable of seeing the whole picture about an issue such as tree harvesting or they are being fed emotional misinformation by people that couldn't begin to understand the issues because the only time they ever walked on dirt was on the golf course they belong to.

If these people had to work as hard as farmers and loggers who provide the goods they want and need I believe most could not tolerate the effort and would soon be looking for ways to escape the hard work we are used to.

I sincerely believe that we have many well intentioned people who are listening to so-called advisors who are so one sided in their own beliefs that good public policy is not being developed as a result of these associations.

I realize I have a vested interest in the public policies regarding our timber harvesting policies in this country. I work for a small business that is reliant upon sustainable yield harvesting of our natural regenerating hardwood forests. Our livelihood is very much related in the health of the housing industry. As such, we watch very closely for the next moves by the enviromental extremists.



Printed on Recycled Paper



Ms. Katie McGinty
June 30, 1993
Page - 2 -

These people are not to be confused with conservationists! How such an extreme minority has swayed the ears of our leaders is beyond me. It seems that we as a nation are prepared to pay an extremely high price in order to live as these extremists insist we must. Fewer goods, fewer amenities, fewer jobs - who is going to pay for this when our jobs are eliminated? Our society demands wood and paper goods - are we going to import this also? This will surely hurt our deficit, harm more of the environment in undeveloped regions than you can imagine. I can't believe that rational intelligent leaders can't see the forest for the trees. Maybe if they got out of Washington without their advisors they would.

Sincerely,

HORNER FLOORING COMPANY



Mark Young
Vice-President

P.S. We are a century old firm - I doubt that we will last much longer with the policies that are being promoted.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 20, 1993

Mr. Gerald R. Yandle
Plant Manager
Aqualon Company
50 South Minisink Avenue
P.O. Box 350
Parlin, NJ 08859

Dear Mr. Yandle:

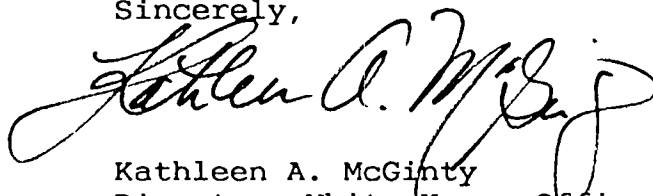
Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about liability of toxic waste cleanup under Superfund.

I share President Clinton's and Vice President Gore's commitment to the preservation of our environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. In his first State of the Union address, the President reaffirmed his goal to increase the efficiency of toxic waste cleanup, as well as to decrease the numerous liability lawsuits facing Superfund sites.

As you may know, on June 23, 1993 the Environmental Protection Agency released a package of administrative actions to improve the Superfund program. This document did not include any initiatives to limit the liability of municipalities with regard to cleanup costs. In order to examine long-term improvements of Superfund, EPA Administrator Browner established the National Advisory Council for Environmental Policy and Technology (NACEPT). This body will evaluate the current performance of the Superfund program, identify administrative and legislative options to improve the program, and assess the advantages and disadvantages of these options. Administrator Browner requested that the NACEPT explore possible policy options with regard to municipal liability in the Superfund program. NACEPT is expected to report to Administrator Browner in October.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized initial 'K'.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



AQUALON COMPANY
50 South Minisink Ave.
P.O. Box 350
Parlin, NJ 08859-0350
(908) 254-1234

June 21, 1993

Ms. Kathleen A. McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President Director,
Office on Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building
17th and Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20500

Re: Municipal Liability

Dear Ms. McGinty:

Superfund certainly needs reform and I oppose quick fixes to satisfy the municipalities special interest.

EPA has recently announced the formation of a public advisory committee to review Superfund's problems, including municipal liability, and recommend reforms in Fall 1993. Circumventing this process, sends a message that the Agency is not truly committed to an open dialogue.

very truly yours,

Gerald R. Yandle
Plant Manager

GRY:ada
\\LETTERS.GRY

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 9, 1993

Mr. Richard C. Yde
City Attorney
City of West Bend
1115 South Main Street
West Bend, WI 53095

Dear Mr. Yde:

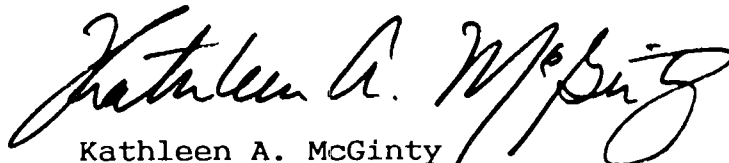
Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about liability of toxic waste cleanup under Superfund.

As you know, I share President Clinton's and Vice President Gore's commitment to the preservation of our environment. In his first State of the Union address, the President reaffirmed his goal to increase the efficiency of toxic waste cleanup, as well as to decrease the need for numerous liability lawsuits facing Superfund sites.

I understand your concerns about the burdensome nature of these potentially long and costly lawsuits. EPA Administrator Carol Browner is currently reviewing the 1992 EPA guidance document that was rejected by the Bush Administration. Be assured that we will give every consideration to your concerns as we work toward improving the Superfund program.

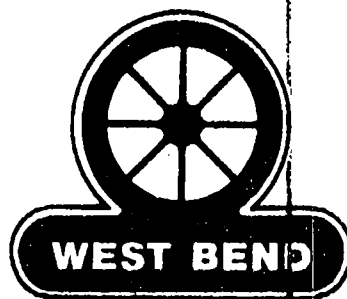
Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" and last name "McGinty" clearly legible.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

**OFFICE OF THE CITY ATTORNEY**

June 2, 1993

Katie McGinty
Environmental Advisor to the President

Fax No: (202)456-2710

Dear Ms. McGinty:

In his first State of the Union address, President Clinton recognized the importance of the nation's toxic waste cleanup effort and pledged to get the lawyers out of the Superfund process. We are writing to urge the Administration to take one crucial step that could help accomplish that worthy goal. Please release an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance that will relieve hundreds of local governments, thousands of small businesses, and countless citizens of the crushing burden of private party lawsuits designed to shift billions of dollars of cleanup costs from polluting industries to the general taxpayer.

Across the country, entities that polluted Superfund sites are seeking to spread their cleanup costs to cities and counties, small businesses such as pizza stands and flower shops, little league teams, the Girl Scouts, and even individual citizens. The theory of these cases is that sending ordinary household garbage and sewage sludge to a Superfund site is enough to trigger staggering liability under the law, even though industrial hazardous waste and not benign household wastes is the reason expensive cleanups are necessary. At a time when scores of local governments and small businesses are struggling to avert fiscal collapse, provide vital services, and remain competitive, this catastrophic liability poses an unforeseen and unjustified threat to their survival.

Several months before the 1992 election, EPA career staff prepared an excellent guidance document which was designed to spur reasonable settlements of such cases. This guidance was killed by the Bush White House after a lobbying blitz by polluting industries. The Clinton Administration now has an opportunity to correct this misguided decision. Please act today to help America's counties, cities, towns, small businesses, and citizens.

Very truly yours,

Richard C. Yde
City Attorney
(414)335-5105

RCY:rep

cc: Common Council
American Communities for Cleanup Equity

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 13, 1993

Mr. Mitchell Young
Board Chair
Massachusetts PIRG
215 Pennsylvania Avenue, S.E.
Washington, D.C. 20003

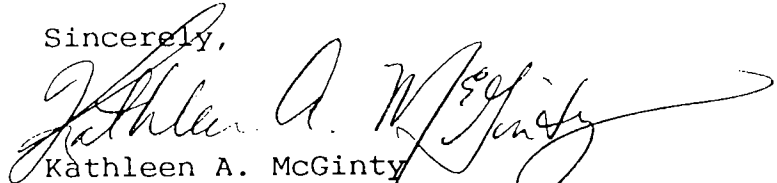
Dear Mr. Young:

Thank you for your letter regarding the U.S. Public Interest Research Group's involvement on environmental and consumer protection issues. I agree that this is an exciting time, and I enjoyed meeting with you earlier this spring.

I too believe that civic participation has been the source of remarkable results in environmental preservation. Education is another important step toward the realization of our goal of a cleaner environment. Your work in this regard is to be commended. Be assured that I share your enthusiasm for the commitment of this Administration to bring about a change in course in so many areas, including the environment. I look forward to working with you on this and other matters in the future.

Again, thank you for letting me hear from you.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



U.S. Public Interest Research Group

National Association of State PIRGs

April 14, 1993

Katie McGinty
The Office on Environmental Policy
The Old Executive Office Building, Room 358
Washington, D.C. 20501

Board of Directors

California PIRG
Colorado PIRG
Connecticut PIRG
Florida PIRG
Illinois PIRG
Maryland PIRG
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PIRG in Michigan
Missouri PIRG
New Jersey PIRG
New York PIRG
Ohio PIRG
Oregon State PIRG
Pennsylvania PIRG
Washington PIRG
Wisconsin PIRG

Dear Ms. McGinty,

I enjoyed meeting with you several weeks ago about U.S. PIRG and the future of the environment under the Clinton Administration. It is exciting for all of us to see an Administration committed to the same type of change for which we have been advocating for over twenty years.

As we discussed, a letter of support from President Clinton about the work of the Public Interest Research Groups would tremendously further our agenda of environmental and consumer protection and social change. It would enable us to reach out to more people and invest them in our common goals.

Recognizing that you and the President are pressed for time, I have enclosed a draft of a letter the President may choose to use. I look forward to hearing from you in the near future.

Sincerely,

Mitchell Young
Mitchell Young
MASSPIRG Board Chair

*do a letter re: environment
Make sure we have
done it all
April 14*

Will I be working on this?



U.S. Public Interest Research Group

National Association of State PIRGs

Statement on the Public Interest Research Groups

Board of Directors

California PIRG
Colorado PIRG
Connecticut PIRG
Florida PIRG
Illinois PIRG
Maryland PIRG
Massachusetts PIRG
PIRG in Michigan
Missouri PIRG
New Jersey PIRG
New York PIRG
Ohio PIRG
Oregon State PIRG
Pennsylvania PIRG
Washington PIRG
Wisconsin PIRG

I welcome the opportunity to endorse the tremendous work of Public Interest Research Groups in investing students and citizens in solutions to the political and social problems facing our country today.

Civic participation is irreplaceable in a functioning democracy. For 20 years the PIRGs have had enormous success in fostering activism and providing a training ground for political and social involvement. The PIRGs have ushered in a new era of student activism - one in which students, citizens, and professionals work together. It has been the source of remarkable results in environmental preservation, consumer protection, and democratic revitalization.

Education is vital to the future of our country, but it is academic if it does not go beyond the classroom. The PIRGs have provided a link between our colleges and universities and the society which surrounds them. I admire student's vision and leadership in recognizing the need to have stable funding for their interests. By democratically establishing fees, students incorporate the democratic ideals which we cherish as a nation into each campus chapter.

I encourage students, citizens, faculty, and administrators to support, strengthen, and expand the PIRGs so that they may continue to work for solutions to critical public interest problems.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 24, 1993

Mr. Stephen W. Young
665 South Carolina Ave., S.E.
Washington, D.C. 20003

Dear Mr. Young:

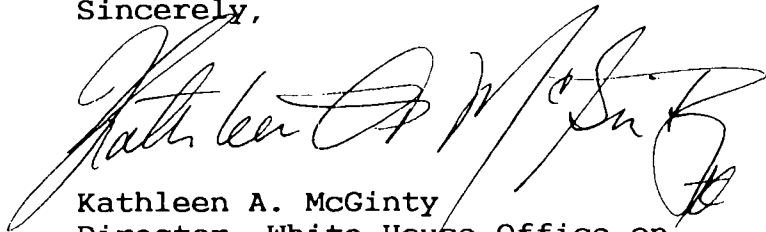
On behalf of President Clinton and Vice President Gore, I would like to thank you for contacting me with your concerns about the Forest Management Plan.

The President and I believe that the Forest Conference held in Portland on April 2 was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the the Pacific Northwest. At the conclusion of the conference, President Clinton directed his Cabinet to develop a Forest Management Plan within 60 days.

As you may know, three working groups have been established to work on developing this plan. The first group, working on ecosystem management assessment, is exploring management alternatives that attain the greatest economic and social contribution from the forests of the region and meet the requirements of applicable laws and regulations. Working Group II, focusing on labor and community assistance, will develop an economic plan to address not just temporary efforts but long-term economic development and diversification. The last working group will work to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

I certainly appreciate learning of your continued interest in this arena as we work toward the resolution of this very important matter. Again, thank you for sharing your views with me.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Pres Bill Clinton Attn: Kathleen McGinty
Dir of Office of Environmental Policy
Old Exec Office Bldg, Rm. 358
Wash DC 20501

May 5, 1993

Dear President Bill & Kathleen McGinty,

Thanks for holding the recent forest summit in Portland. You must make clear to all Americans that it is not a matter of jobs vs the environment but rather jobs and the environment.

As you know, ancient forests are a limited & vital resource, not just for wildlife, but for fishing, tourism, & other important industries. We need to find ways to protect these precious ecosystems while taking into account the pain and dislocation such policies will cause.

I would ~~recommend~~ recommend:

- 1) Halting all logging (or continuing the current halt) to the ancient forests of the Pacific Northwest, as well as in the Cascade Mtn Range
- 2) Enforce existing environmental laws and court orders that protect forests
- 3) Charge industries for the rights to foresting other forests at market rates rather than taxpayer subsidized rates as they are now.
- 4) Find ways to reduce the export of raw logs and thus save the thousands of jobs lost when this work is exported.
- 5) Provide retraining for loggers in other forest-service industries - fish stocking, road building, forest management, and so on.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 5, 1993

The Honorable Sidney R. Yates
Congress of the United States
House of Representatives
Rayburn House Office Building
Room 2109
Washington, D.C. 20515

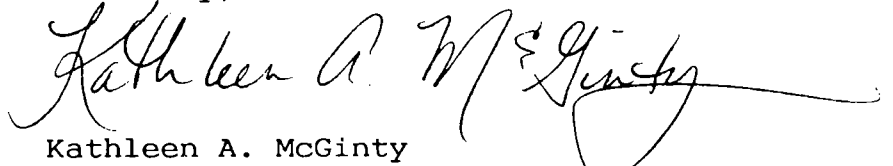
Dear Congressman Yates:

Thank you for contacting me regarding the work of Mr. Lenden J. Donnells, Jr., President of Clean Air Control, Inc. It was good to hear from you.

I certainly appreciate learning of Mr. Donnells' work on installing Clean Air Control Systems in automobiles. I have asked the EPA to look into Mr. Donnells' request for assistance.

Again, I appreciate hearing from you.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

cc: Mr. Lenden Donnells, Jr.
Mr. Michael H. Shapiro
Assistant Administrator Designate
for Air and Radiation

SIDNEY R. YATES
9TH DISTRICT, ILLINOIS

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February 26, 1993

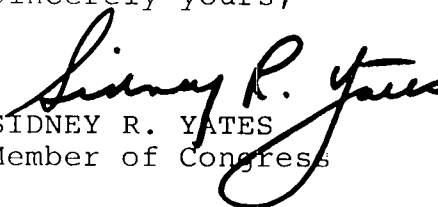
Ms. Kathleen McGinty
Office of Environmental Quality
Office of the Vice President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Ms. McGinty:

I have received the enclosed self-explanatory letter from my constituent, Mr. Lenden J. Donnell, Jr., President, Clean Air Control, Incorporated, 4840 Foster Street, Skokie, Illinois 60077.

Knowing of your and the Vice President's concern for our environment, Mr. Donnell thought you would be interested in the attached information regarding the clean air control system technology.

Sincerely yours,


SIDNEY R. YATES
Member of Congress

Enclosures