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Series/Staff Member: Kathleen (Katie) McGinty
Subseries: *[correspondence]*

OA/ID Number: 2259
FolderID:

Folder Title:
M - Katie McGinty: January-July 1993 [2]

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
S	61	5	4	1

July 7, 1993

Mr. Daryl Moorhead
Assistant Professor of Biology
Texas Tech University
Ecology Program
Dept. of Biological Sciences
Lubbock, TX 79409-3131

Dear Mr. Moorhead:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

TEXAS TECH UNIVERSITY

Ecology Program
Department of Biological Sciences
Lubbock, Texas 79409-3131
(806) 742-2715

21 June 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office of Environmental Policy
Washington, D. C.

Dear Ms. McGinty,

I was extremely impressed with President Clinton's responses during the Forest Conference proceedings in early April. I also was very pleased with the rational, objective and responsible direction he favored in developing a forest management plan that was scientifically, ecologically and socially responsible. It is obvious that non-sustainable harvest practices lead to the inevitable social-economic disaster for logging communities that, ironically, logging interests use to justify current, non-sustainable policies. For the good of these communities, and the greater American public, a better approach should be developed.

I realize that a more rational timber harvesting schedule will require a "down-scaling" of the industry. This will be difficult and painful for many, as well as politically unpopular, but a sustainable harvest will provide stability and continuity to the industry. As an American, I find it unacceptable that so much of our old growth forests are being cut and the timber sold to other countries for such notable products as chop-sticks. I also dislike subsidizing the loss of these resources, as current logging policies do.

I am writing this letter because I have heard of a plan to enact a harvest scheme that continues the non-sustainable practices of the past. I had hoped for a better policy, with my optimism encouraged by President Clinton's active involvement in the Forest Conference. I urge your support of a plan that combines scientific and social goals, rather than a plan that is politically expedient but does neither (in the long term).

Sincerely,



Daryl Moorhead
Assistant Professor of Biology

cc: Mr. Tom Collier; Chief of Staff, Department of Interior
Mr. Jim Lyons; Assistant Secretary for Natural Resources and Environment

July 7, 1993

Mr. Patrick McHugh
James River Corp.
190 Forrest Street
Metuchen, NJ 08840

Dear Mr. McHugh:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

JAMES RIVER CORP
190 FORREST STREET
METUCHEN NJ 08840

**WESTERN
UNION** | **MAILGRAM**®



012505001032 07/01/93

WHSB

► MS KATIE MCGINTY
THE WHITE HOUSE
OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY
360 OLD EXECUTIVE OFFICE BUILDING
WASHINGTON DC 20503

DEAR MS. MCGINTY,

ON BEHALF OF THE 135 EMPLOYEES HERE AT METUCHEN, N.J., I
IMPLORE YOU TO ADVISE THE PRESIDENT TO REJECT OPTION 9 OF THE FOREST
ECOSYSTEM TASK GROUP.

OPTION 9 IS NOT A BALANCED, FAIR SOLUTION TO THE TIMBER SUPPLY
CRISIS IN THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST:

. IT WILL DISMANTLE OUR LUMBER AND PAPER INDUSTRIES THERE,
COSTING 85,000 DIRECT AND INDIRECT JOBS;

. 1.2 BILLION BOARD FEET ANNUAL HARVEST ON FEDERAL FORESTLANDS
IS UNACCEPTABLE GIVEN THE FEDERAL PRESENCE, ACREAGE AND
RESPONSIBILITY IN THE REGION;

. NEGOTIATIONS WITH ALL PARTIES MUST RESUME TO REACH A
BALANCED SOLUTION.

VERY TRULY YOURS,

PATRICK MCHUGH

14959

19:38 EST

MGMCOMP

July 7, 1993

Mr. John E. Morris
Director
Frederick County Builders Association
186 Thomas Johnson Drive, #204
Frederick, MD 21702-4048

Dear Mr. Morris:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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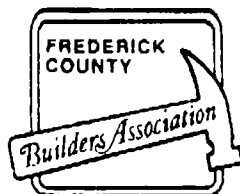
Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

FREDERICK COUNTY
186 THOMAS JOHNSON DRIVE. #204



BUILDERS ASSOCIATION
FREDERICK, MARYLAND 21702-4048

June 2, 1993

(301) 663-3599
FAX (301) 663-1966

Ms. Katie McGinty
The White House Office
of Environmental Policy
300 Old Executive Building
Washington, DC 20503

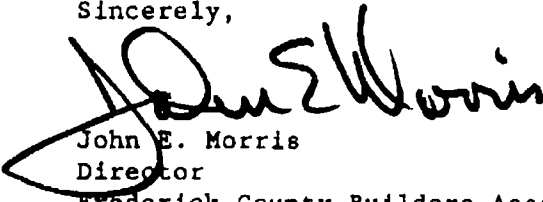
Dear Ms. McGinty:

On behalf of the Frederick County Builders Association (Maryland) I would like to express our strong opposition to Option 9 of the proposed solution to the Pacific North West Timber Problem.

Our industry is in a continuing battle to provide affordable housing in the face of rapidly increasing costs to meet new regulations and environmental requirements, financing costs (when loans can be obtained) and now building material costs. The choice of Option 9 will rapidly escalate the cost of lumber, one of the basics in building homes, further increasing the cost of providing housing. Builders across this nation cannot/will not survive if these costs are not brought under control.

Option 9 seriously risks the economic health of our industry as well as many communities in the Pacific North West. We urge you not to support Option 9.

Sincerely,


John E. Morris
Director
Frederick County Builders Association

JEM/lzg

July 7, 1993

Mr. Rick McLaughlin
Senior Vice President of Sales
Dallas Wholesale Builders Supply, Inc.
8330 Lovett Avenue
Dallas, TX 75227

Dear Mr. McLaughlin:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



Dallas Wholesale Builders Supply, Inc.

"A QUALITY BUILDING MATERIAL DISTRIBUTOR"

8330 LOVETT AVENUE •• DALLAS, TEXAS 75227 •• TELEPHONE

METRO 263-3214
DALLAS 381-2200

July 2, 1993

Attn: Ms. Katie McGinty
White House Office of Environmental Policy

I work for, Dallas Wholesale Builders Supply, Inc. which employs 96 in Dallas, Texas. I am writing to you out of a serious concern for myself, my employees and my customers. Today we are in desperate need of an adequate sustainable timber supply. We all saw the impact of an artificially constrained timber supply with the skyrocketing lumber prices this past spring. If what I have heard about the administration's proposed solution to the timber crisis is correct, those prices were but a harbinger of what will surely come.

It is my understanding that the President will shortly recommend the adoption of "Option 9" as his preferred solution to the current gridlock in the Pacific Northwest. Option 9 would reduce harvest levels on federal forest lands in the affected region to an average 1.2 billion board feet. This is down from the historic level of 5.2 billion board feet. In addition it would cost over 85,000 direct and indirect jobs in the region as well as tens of thousands more construction jobs throughout the United States and dramatically affect lumber prices risking the fragile recovery of the nation's economy.

When President Clinton convened the Forest Summit in April he promised to find a solution. I for one never dreamed his solution would be a harvest level lower than anything proposed last year by the preservationists. I implore you to urge the President not to adopt "Option 9".

Sincerely,

Rick McLaughlin
Senior Vice President of Sales

RW/ccl

July 7, 1993

Mr. James W. McClure
7413 Pacific Dr.
Rowlett, TX 75088

Dear Mr. McClure:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

I would like to Register my
VOTE AGAINST MR. Clinton's
Lumber Reduction Plan.

Please NO Do NOT Allow This
To Happen.

James W. McClure
7413 Pacific DR
Rowlett TEXAS
75088

214-475-0452

July 7, 1993

Mr. Brad Miller
135 Requeza St.
Encinitas, CA 92024

Dear Mr. Miller:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

6/29/93

Dear Ms. McBinty,

We ask that President Clinton adhere to his promise to develop a scientifically sound, ecologically credible and legally responsible plan for protecting the Pacific Northwest's public forests.

We ask that all remaining ancient forests be protected.

We ask that the export of raw logs be stopped. The President should work to keep log processing jobs in the U.S. and export only finished wood products.

We ask this for our children and their future!

Thank you.

Sincerely,

Brad and Michele Miller

BRAD MILLER
136 REQUEZA ST.
ENCINITAS, CA 92024

July 7, 1993

Mr. Taylor Metz
172 Richdale Ave.
Cambridge, NJ 08140

Dear Mr. Metz:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

178 Richards Ave.
Cambridge, MA 02140
June 28, 1993

Ms. Kathie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director of Environmental Policy
Room 360
Old Exec-Office Building
Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty,

I oppose any compromise with the Northwest
timber industry which will allow further clear-cutting
of the forests.

Sincerely,
Arthur Yell

July 7, 1993

Ms. Alison J. Milliman
8063 Turtle Cove
Liverpool, NY 13090

Dear Ms. Milliman:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

8063 Turtle Cove
Liverpool, NY 13090
June 22, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the Pres.
Director - Office of Environmental Policy
Room 3600
Old Executive Office Building
Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Ms. K. McGinty,

I am greatly concerned that Pres. Clinton
adhere to his promise to develop a
scientifically sound, ecologically credible and
legally responsible plan for protecting the
Pacific Northwest's public forests. I am
also asking that ALL remaining ancient
forests be protected, and the export of raw



logs be stopped. Please
keep log processing jobs in
the U.S., and export only
finished wood products. Lastly,
I am asking for economic
assistance and investment
opportunities be provided to rural
fish and timber related communities

July 7, 1993

Mr. Gene McKinney
Tindell's Inc.
51 Norris Freeway
Knoxville, TN 37938

Dear Mr. McKinney:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Tindell's Inc.

7751 Norris Freeway
Knoxville, TN. 37938
Phone: (615) 922-7751
Fax: (615) 922-3231

PAGE 1 of 1

Fax

To: Ms. Katie McGinty, White House Office of Environmental Policy

Fax: 202-456-2710

From: Gene McKinney Date 6/29/93

Re: Option 9

REMARKS: Dear Ms. McGinty,

I work for Tindell's Builder Supply which employs 125 people in Knoxville Tennessee. I am writing you because I have serious concerns about the affect large reductions in the amount of timber harvesting in the Pacific Northwest will have on the price of housing. At a time when our nation desperately needs to get the economy moving again these changes will force many potential home buyers back to the sidelines.

It is my understanding that the President will shortly recommend the adoption of "Option 9" as a preferred solution to the current gridlock in timber supply.

"Option 9" would reduce harvest levels on federal land to an average of 1.2 billion board feet down from the historic level of 5.2 billion board feet. I believe this action will cost thousands of jobs nationally in the timber, construction and construction supply fields.

When President Clinton convened the Forest Summit he promised a solution. Who would have dreamed the solution would be harvest levels lower than anything proposed last year by the preservationists. I implore you to urge the President not to adopt "Option 9"

Sincerely, Gene McKinney

July 7, 1993

Ms. Anne Mack
9428 S.E. 54th Street
Mercer Island, WA 98040

Dear Ms. Mack:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

0428 S.E. 54th
Mercer Island, Wa. 98040

June 23, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty:
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office of Environmental Policy

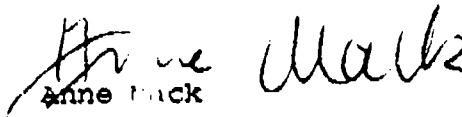
Do not adopt Option Number Nine.

We want and need a plan that will permanently protect the remaining ancient forest reserves where no logging is permitted.

The President's plan should obey existing environmental laws, with no "sufficiency" language in the proposal.

We expect President Clinton to live up to the promises he made at the Portland Forest Conference.

Respectfully


Anne Mack

July 7, 1993

Mr. Alan Muller
Alan Muller & Associates
444 Mansion House Road
Bear, DE 19701

Dear Mr. Muller:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Alan Muller & Associates

444 MANSION HOUSE ROAD
BEAR, DELAWARE 19701
U.S.A.

(302) 834-3466

June 23, 1993

Katie McGinty
The White House

FAX (202) 456-~~6625~~
2710

I am concerned about reports that the administration may not fulfill its commitment to preservation of ancient forests but rather succumb to expediency. (Ie, reported "Option #9)

Economic concerns are always with us but ancient trees can only be cut down ONCE. I submit that the proper approach to (real) economic impacts is to prohibit export of raw logs etc.

It is hardly necessary to belabor the destruction of aquatic populations, bird populations, and other values that has been caused over past years by failure of Federal agencies to properly discharge their forest management responsibilities. The Clinton administration committed itself to a higher level of performance and many people are watching to see if the "talk" will be "walked."

Thank you for considering my opinion.

Regards,

Alan Muller
Alan Muller

July 7, 1993

Mr. Jack R. Munsee
34 East Little Deer
Terre Haute, IN 47802

Dear Mr. Munsee:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

WABASH VALLEY AUDUBON SOCIETY

P.O. Box 2338

Terre Haute, Indiana 47802

June 23, 1993

Re: Western Ancient Forests

To: Ms Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office of Environmental Policy
202/456-2710 (fax)

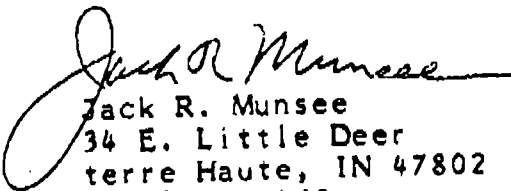
Please advise President Clinton to DISCARD Option Number Nine which would maximize logging in Ancient Forests.

We want a plan that creates permanent ancient forest reserves not reserves in which logging is permitted.

The President's plan must obey existing environmental laws; there should be no "sufficiency" language in the President's proposal.

We want the President to live up to the promises he made at the Forest Conference.

Thank you.



Jack R. Munsee
34 E. Little Deer
terre Haute, IN 47802
(812)299-4460

July 7, 1993

Mr. Pat Murphy
P.O. Box 222
Occidental, CA 95465

Dear Mr. Murphy:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Pat Murphy
P. O. 222
Occidental, CA 95465
June 24, 1993
707 874-2826

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office of Environmental Policy
Room 360, Old Executive Office Building
Washington, D. C. 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty,

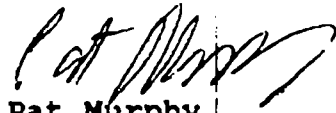
I am very concerned to hear that President Clinton may select a last minute option (option 9) for the Pacific Northwest. I understand this option will be front loaded, provide a "sufficiency" clause, and other considerations which do not adequately protect the environment.

I campaigned for the President, based to a great extent on his selection of Mr. Gore as running mate. I have read Mr. Gore's book in which he spells out the serious situation in which we find ourselves.

Please do not allow even more of our environment to suffer. It is so clear that our very lives are at stake. If President Clinton cannot say NO to the old way, then what hope have we for a future for ourselves and our children?

President Clinton was given a mandate for change. If it does not happen, all Americans will suffer.

Sincerely,


Pat Murphy

July 7, 1993

Ms. Agnes Moore
545 N. Gower Street
Los Angeles, CA 90004

Dear Ms. Moore:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Agnes Moore
545 N. Gower Street
Los Angeles, CA 90004

TELECOPY TRANSMITTAL SHEET

PLEASE DELIVER TO:

Name: **Katie McGinty**
202-456-2710

Date: **June 24, 1993**

Company: **Director of Environmental Policy**

TOTAL NUMBER OF PAGES **1** INCLUDING COVER SHEET

It is most important for the protection of our environment and for the continued pleasure of future generations that President Clinton reaffirm the commitment he just made at his April Forest Conference. Option 9 should be rejected. Our Ancient Forests and Reserves should be protected from exploitation by a few and the American people should not be denied access to our Courts to save our environment and public lands.

Sincerely,

Agnes Moore

July 7, 1993

Mr. John K. Moore
5125 8th Avenue
Sacramento, CA 95820

Dear Mr. Moore:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

John K. Moore
5125 8th Avenue
Sacramento CA 95820

(916)323-1510 (w)
(916)731-7153 (h)

June 19, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office of Environmental Policy
Room 360, Old Executive Office Building
Washington DC 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty:

I am writing to acquaint you with my views on the controversy over ancient forests in the Pacific Northwest which the administration is presently trying to resolve. Much of my leisure time for about twenty years has been occupied with volunteer work for environmental organizations on national forest management; hence I have much more than a casual acquaintance with forests, forest management, and the controversy.

The administration must take decisive action to protect practically all of the remaining ancient forest in the Northwest's national forests. No lesser action can guarantee the continued existence of ecologically significant blocks of ancient forest ecosystems. The summaries of scientific knowledge made by numerous panels of the most capable forest scientists all reach this conclusion.

The administration's action will mean drastic reductions in current timber harvests on the national forests of the Pacific Northwest. There is no way that the harvest levels desired by the timber industry can be sustained without very significant damage to the ancient forests.

"New Forestry", which is intended to mimic natural ecosystem processes while harvesting substantial quantities of timber, is scarcely defined and untried, despite the best efforts of Jerry Franklin and others. Extensive trials of many years' duration would be required to determine if it is successful in preserving viable populations of old-growth dependent species. Variation in foresters' ideas of what New Forestry means on the ground could be a serious problem.

The administration's resolution of the controversy should conform to the laws, including the Endangered Species Act, which present management has violated for years. Since on-the-ground implementation of the administration's decision will inevitably be controversial, actions implementing the decision should continue to be subject to these laws and to judicial review.

It will be very difficult to find effective strategies for assisting timber-dependent communities to make the transition from dependence. Requiring national forest timber to be processed in the region would clearly have a large beneficial effect.

Having observed the controversy and the participants for years, I can assure you there is absolutely no point to attempting to find a resolution that will satisfy most of the participants. Instead of pursuing this impossible goal, the administration should select a highly protective alternative from those formulated by the scientific panel and do the right thing for ancient forest ecosystems.

Yours truly,

John K Moore

July 7, 1993

Mr. Val L. Minch
Export Director
W. M. Cramer International, Inc.
P.O. Box 2888
Hickory, NC 28603

Dear Mr. Minch:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

W. M. CRAMER INTERNATIONAL, INC.

P. O. BOX 2888 HICKORY, NORTH CAROLINA, USA 28603

PHONE: (704) 397-7481

FAX: (704) 397-3763

FACSIMILE TRANSMISSIONSEND TO: WHITE HOUSE OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ATTENTION: MS. KATIE MCGINTYDATE: 29 JUN 1993 TIME: RE: PROPOSED OPTION 9 PAGE 1 OF 1

DEAR MS. MCGINTY;

I AM SENDING THIS FAX TO VOICE MY OPPOSITION TO THE CLINTON ADMINISTRATIONS APPARENT SUPPORT OF THE PROPOSED "OPTION 9".

IN VIEW OF THE ECONOMIC POUNDING THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST IS ALREADY TAKING, I CANNOT IMAGINE HOW THE ADMINISTRATION COULD EVEN CONSIDER ADDING FURTHER WOES TO THIS AREA. CAN ANYONE THERE EXPLAIN THE JUSTIFICATION FOR THIS MOVE? HAS ANYONE GIVEN ANY THOUGHT TO THE LONG TERM RAMIFICATIONS OF REDUCING OUR LOG HARVEST BY 75% IN THIS VITAL TIMBERLAND AREA?

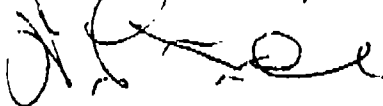
I WAS VERY ENCOURAGED BY THE OPEN MINDED CONCERN PRESIDENT CLINTON DISPLAYED AT THE RECENT FOREST SUMMIT IN PORTLAND OREGON. NOW IT APPEARS THAT MAYBE HIS CONCERNS WERE ANYTHING BUT GENUINE!

I AM A REGISTERED REPUBLICAN ALTHOUGH I SELDOM EVER VOTE A "STRAIGHT TICKET". ON THIS ISSUE I COME DOWN VERY STRONGLY ON THE SIDE OF HOUSE SPEAKER TOM FOLEY, AND THE OTHER (12) DEMOCRATIC HOUSE MEMBERS FROM THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST. I THINK IT WOULD BE IN THE BEST INTEREST OF THE MAJORITY OF THE PEOPLE IN THE UNITED STATES IF THE CLINTON ADMINISTRATION OPENED THEIR MINDS TO WHAT THESE VERY LEARNED GENTLEMEN ARE SAYING.

I KNOW THE ADMINISTRATIONS DECISION IS BEING INFLUENCED BY RADICAL ENVIRONMENTAL GROUPS WHOSE EXAGGERATED AND UNFOUNDED CONCERNS WOULD HAVE US ALL BELIEVE THAT WE ARE HEADED FOR "ENVIRONMENTAL HOLOCAUST" IF WE DON'T STOP WHAT "THEY" PERCEIVE AS THE WANTON DESTRUCTION OF OUR FORESTS.

I WILL GIVE YOU "LONG ODDS" THAT THE ECONOMIC DEVASTATION CREATED BY THE ADMINISTRATIONS SUPPORT OF "OPTION 9" WILL MAKE ANY CONJECTURED ENVIRONMENTAL HOLOCAUST PALE BY COMPARISON!

VERY TRULY YOURS,



VAL L. MINCH

EXPORT DIRECTOR

July 7, 1993

Mr. Hal McCoy
Director of Marketing
Zickgraf Hardwood Co.
P.O. Box 1149
Franklin, N.C. 28734

Dear Mr. McCoy:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Zickgraf Hardwood Company
P.O. Box 1149
Franklin, NC 28734

TELECOPIER COVER LETTER

To: Ms. Katie McGinty -- White House Office of Environmental Policy

From: Hal McCoy, Director of Marketing

Date: June 29, 1993

Re: Option 9

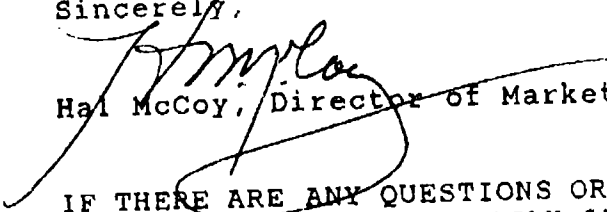
Dear Ms. McGinty:

This is to advise you of our strong objection to Option 9, now moving forward in our Congress, which severely reduces Federal Forest timber cutting and sales. This Option 9 proposal, if passed and signed by the President, will not only eliminate thousands of jobs in the forest industry, but will severely curtail construction due to continued escalation of prices for forest products. This will result in a loss of tens of thousands of jobs in the construction industry.

Users of forest products are desperately fighting for sufficient raw materials. Prices have steadily increased due to the cost of necessary materials and the large amounts of inventory that are needed to sustain production on a continuous schedule and employ our workers on a regular basis.

Your help and assistance in seeing that Option 9 is killed is urgently requested. Thank you for your time and consideration in this matter.

Sincerely,


Hal McCoy, Director of Marketing

IF THERE ARE ANY QUESTIONS OR PROBLEMS REGARDING THIS TRANSMISSION
PLEASE CALL US IMMEDIATELY AT:

Telephone: 800-243-1277
Fax: (704) 524-5581

Number of pages 1

July 7, 1993

Ms. Carol Mugaas
Vaagen Brothers Lumber, Inc.
565 W. 5th
Colville, WA 99114

Dear Ms. Mugaas:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



VAAGEN BROS. LUMBER, INC.

565 W. 5th Colville, Wa. 99114

PHONE: (509) 684-5071 FAX: (509) 684-8447

FAX TRANSMITTAL MEMO

PLEASE GIVE THE
FOLLOWING PAGES TO:

KATIE McGINTY

COMPANY NAME Office of Environmental Policy

FAX # 202-456-2710 PHONE # _____

FROM: CAROL MUGAAS

COMPANY NAME _____

FAX # 509 684 8447 PHONE # _____

DATE 6/29/93 TIME OF DAY 7:45

NO. OF PAGES _____ (including cover sheet)

COMMENTS: I am in opposition to
Option 9. Reducing harvest levels
on federal forest lands will be a
detrement to the national economy
ie- increase unemployment, increase
the price of lumber to the consumer
and will do nothing to reduce the
national debt.

July 7, 1993

Mr. Tim Moore
503 N. School
Normal, IL 61761

Dear Mr. Moore:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

503 N. School
Normal, IL 61761

29 June 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office of Environmental Policy

Dear Ms. McGinty:

During the recent Northwest Forest Conference, the President promised to craft a forest plan that would be "scientifically sound, ecologically credible, and legally responsible." Now, it is my understanding, that President Clinton is ready to cave-in to pressure from the timber industry and offer a solution that cannot possibly be considered to be sound, credible, or responsible. Let me assure you that those of us who invested our trust and votes in Mr. Clinton and Mr. Gore are watching very closely to see what is done to protect our dwindling forests.

Clearly, we are not practicing sustainable forestry today. Over the past ten years, I have witnessed the decimation of our National Forests in the Northwoods of Minnesota and Wisconsin, the Shawnee National Forest in Illinois, The Ozark National Forest in Arkansas, and in the national forests of the Pacific Northwest. I have seen land scarred by clearcuts, erosion, and the relentless building of roads. I have also seen crystal-clear streams turn muddy brown from siltation caused by our current forestry practices. In addition, I have watched ships loaded with raw timber from our national forests being exported to foreign countries.

I fully understand and appreciate the need for wood products. However, it is my understanding that we could fully meet our domestic lumber and wood product needs by logging only on private lands. I am vehemently opposed to the logging of our publicly-owned, native and old growth forests. I believe that the continued cutting of these areas will be environmentally disastrous.

Therefore, I recommend that you urge the President to promote a solution that will address the needs of our national forests and will include the following:

1. Ban timber sales and logging in all remaining native forests and watersheds in public ownership.
2. Expand wilderness areas and national parks to include all native and virgin forests which comply to the Wilderness Act of 1964.
3. Classify all other native and virgin forest lands in public ownership that are unqualified for national park or wilderness status as forest preserves, biological areas, or research areas that prohibit timber sales.
4. Ban the export of all raw logs and other forms of unfinished raw-material wood products to assure both permanent protection for the nation's remaining native and virgin forests and the continued availability of forest resources for domestic requirements.

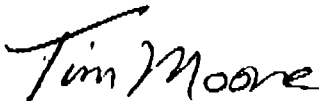
5. Allocate funds and provide incentives for: forest rehabilitation, truly sustained-yield forestry research, research and development of alternative non-forest products, and recycling.
6. Allocate funds to provide assistance for economic diversification of rural timber communities and assistance for educating, retraining, and relocating timber industry workers.
7. Identify and close all nonessential forest land roads, restore these roadways as forests and provide aerial mosaic maps to Congress annually to provide proof of progress. In addition, these maps should also be made available to the public.
8. Attempt to restore the native forest diversity on a majority of the public forest lands that have been converted to tree farms.
9. Ban slash burning and the use of herbicides, fertilizers, pesticides, and other chemicals in publicly-owned forests.
10. Provide every citizen of the U.S. with access to federal courts, in an effort to hold government employees and agencies accountable for breaking national environmental laws.

I believe that a forest plan that would include the previous list of provisions would be "scientifically sound, ecologically credible, and legally responsible." I would support a plan that at least works to address these provisions.

Please make saving our national heritage a top priority of the Clinton administration. Advise the President to discard Option Number Nine. Tell him that Americans want a plan that includes permanent forest reserves where no logging is permitted. We want a plan that obeys existing environmental laws. We want a President that uses good judgment, one who realizes that we cannot achieve economic health without environmental health.

You have a great responsibility. You have the responsibility to advise President Clinton to do what is right. Please, don't let him make a decision that we all will regret. I thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely,



Tim Moore

July 7, 1993

Mr. Mike J. McAfee
3815 N.E. 4th, B-38
Renton, WA 98056

Dear Mr. McAfee:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

date: 6-25-93

3515 N.E 4th B-38

Renton, WA.

98656

Re: Ms. McGinty (Deputy Asst. to the Pres.)

Greetings! I hope all is well. I am

writing in regards to my concerns about Pres. Clinton's promise

to develop a economically sound & scientifically credible plan to protect Pacific N.W.'s forests
2) Protection of all remaining ancient forests 3) Export of raw logs be stopped 4) Export only finished
logs 4) Keep log processing jobs in the U.S. 5) ~~provide economic assistance and investment~~
opportunities to related communities

As a U.S. citizen, I am concerned that this
problem is allowed to go on. With the present
environment (land, air, water) getting worse every day,
we must get to get a grip on ourselves. I ask you
to do the good of us all to:
(the above)

As an elected official, it is your responsibility to look
out for the public good and not big business interests
only interested in short term (profits) and selfish gains.

Thank you...

Mike J. McGeer M.S.G. (Concerned U.S. Citizen)

July 7, 1993

Mr. John E. Morby
2567 Hidden Lane
Hayward, CA 94541

Dear Mr. Morby:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



~~CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY, HAYWARD~~

~~HAYWARD, CALIFORNIA 94542~~

~~DEPARTMENT OF HISTORY
School of Arts, Letters, and Social Sciences
Telephone (415) 681-3207~~

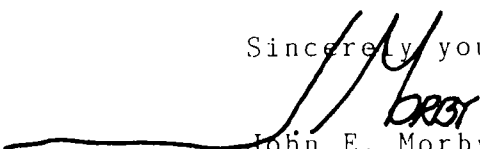
24 June 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Washington, D. C.

Dear Ms. McGinty,

I urge you in the strongest terms to do all you can to insure that the present administration develops an ecologically sound and legally responsible plan to protect the Pacific Northwest's public forests. Such a policy must include protection of all old-growth forests and the export of all raw logs. Log processing jobs should be kept in the U. S.; only finished wood should go overseas.

Sincerely yours,


John E. Morby
2567 Hidden Lane
Hayward CA 94541

July 7, 1993

Ms. Jo Marie Miller
Dahlgren Logging Co.
Route 3, Box 3847
Fork, WA 98331

Dear Ms. Miller:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

DAHLGREN LOGGING CO.

ROUTE 3, BOX 3847, FORKS, WASHINGTON 98331

TEL. NO. 206-374-6644 or 374-6432 FAX NO. 206-374-6472

DATE--6-28-93ATTENTION Ms. Katie McGintyTELEFAX NO. 202-456-2710FROM Jo Marie MillerPAGES ①

Ms. McGinty - Our company used to employ 80 men — now we have 32 with more facing lay-off on Wednesday. These are tax payers and families forced out of work!

Option 9 is not the answer!
We are Americans — what we do and who we are is very important. There can be a balanced solution! Common Sense!
Thank you for your time.

Jo Marie Miller

July 7, 1993

Mr. and Ms. Ron and Sonja McHale
1135 Canyon Way, W.
The Dalles, OR 97058

Dear Mr. and Ms. McHale:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

TO: FAX # 202/456-2710

1135 Canyon Way, W.
The Dalles, OR 97058
June 28, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE OF
ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

Dear Ms. McGinty:

RE: VOTE "NO" ON OPTION 9

We urge you to say NO to Option 9 --

The Option 9 proposal developed by the Administration's Forest Ecosystem Task Group would be devastating to the northwest. It is based on speculation and unsupported scientific assumptions.

Please vote NO on Option 9.

Yours truly,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Ron & Sonja McHale".

Ron & Sonja McHale

July 7, 1993

Mr. John R. McKinney
3504 Negley Road
Columbus, OH 43232

Dear Mr. McKinney:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

John R. McKinney, CPA
3504 Negley Road
Columbus, Ohio 43232-5906
(614) 863-1308 833-9238

June 29, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office of Environmental Policy

F A X L E T T E R

Dear Ms. McGinty,

As a concerned citizen I would like to urge the president to take the following actions regarding the current Ancient Forest Proposals.

Discard option number nine.

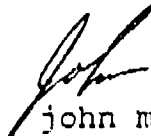
Creation of permanent protected reserves.

No "sufficiency" language as promoted by the short term timber industry.

Aberrance to views expressed at Northwest Forest Conference.

Thank you for your consideration of these views.

Sincerely,


john mckinney

I would also like to see a push for reviving the "BTU tax" proposal.

July 7, 1993

Mr. Tom McGuirk
Ms. Jane Astle
1461 East 20th
Eugene, OR 97403

Dear Mr. McGuirk and Ms. Astle:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Dear Mr. Clinton,

PLEASE reconsider your plan for resolution of the NW timber crisis. Option 9 is a BAD idea. It is my firm belief that we MUST start managing our forest on a sustainable-yield basis.

Ecological soundness is a prerequisite to long-term economic viability. Please listen to the scientific community's pleas to keep the harvest levels on the federal forests at a sustainable 0.8-0.9 billion board feet annually, and resist industry pressure to cut more than that. 90% of the original old growth forests are gone FOREVER. Let's not destroy the remaining 10% and all of the various life forms that depend on these FORESTS for their existence.

Please think about it!! Thank you!

Sincerely,

Tom McGuirk and Jane Astle
Tom McGuirk and Jane Astle
1461 E. 20th
Eugene, OR 97403
(503) 485-8864

To: President Clinton

202-456-2710

1 page

July 7, 1993

Mr. William L. Murphree
P.O. Box 2217
Clarksville, TN 37042

Dear Mr. Murphree:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

William L. Murphree
P.O. Box 2217
Clarksville, TN 37042

June 30, 1993

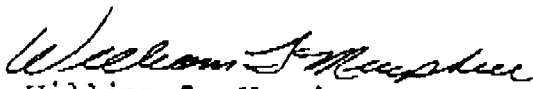
Ms. Katie McCinty
The White House Office of Environmental Policy

Re: Timber Harvesting Policy on National Forest

I would like to express my strong opposition to option 9. I feel that this action will cost thousands and thousands of jobs, will increase the price of lumber dramatically and totally disregards actual facts concerning the current inventories, reproductive rates etc. of our National Forests.

All our National Forests were originally conceived and developed under a multiple use concept, which included the production of wood products. Please evaluate and consider this issue with a balanced prospective in consideration for all the issues, and with the benefit of accurate information about the current forest resource.

Sincerely,


William L. Murphree

July 7, 1993

Mr. Don McAlister
President, The Clem Lumber & Distributing Company
P.O. Box 2238
16055 Waverly Avenue
Alliance, OH 44601-0238

Dear Mr. McAlister:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

The **CLEM**

Lumber & Distributing Co.

Distributors of QUALITY BUILDING PRODUCTS

Telephone (216) 821-2130
FAX (216) 821-614316055 Waverly Ave.
P.O. Box 2238Alliance, Ohio
44601-0238

June 30, 1993

Re National Timber Policy -

We understand that the President will likely adopt "option 9" which is a highly restrictive and extremely punishing position to people in the timber belt and to the rest of the nation.

Good environmental management does not demand an extreme position. The results of option 9 are truly disastrous to many people and counterproductive to all. Why can't we consider effects on people as well as effects on animals???

Please, please urge President Clinton to respond to this problem with some common sense! Trees are a re-newable resource! Cut them and grow new ones!!!

Don McWhorter, Pres.

July 7, 1993

Ms. Susan Morgan
730 NE Leon
Myrtle Creek, OR 97457

Dear Ms. Morgan:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

June 30, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
The White House
Office of Environmental Policy
Washington, D.C.

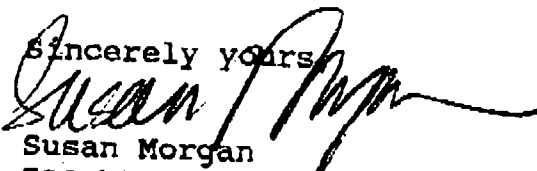
Dear Ms. McGinty,

Please register my profound disappointment that the President has chosen to accept any of the alternatives presented by Jerry Franklin and Jack Ward Thomas as solutions to the timber crisis in the Northwest.

None of the ten options allows timber harvest levels that are high enough to sustain employment in the industry, to fund our county governments and our schools.

To gut the timber industry and destroy the future of 50,000 families, and to justify it with the kind of shoddy research and unjustified conclusions that Franklin and Thomas present, is unconscionable. The President promised us that he would put people first. To destroy our futures and patronize us with promises to retrain us for jobs that don't exist doesn't put people first. It is degrading, demoralizing, and painful to be lied to.

Sincerely yours,


Susan Morgan
730 NE Leon
Myrtle Creek OR 97457

July 7, 1993

Mr. Jerry Manlove
1500 Park Avenue, #106
Minneapolis, MN 55404

Dear Mr. Manlove:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Jerry Manlove
1500 Park Ave, #106
Minneapolis, Mn 55404
June 21, 1993

Mr. Jim Lyons
Assistant Secretary for
Natural Resources and Environment
Agriculture Department
White House
1066 Pennsylvania Ave,
Washington D.C. 20500

Dear Mr Lyons,

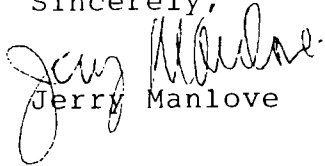
I am writing as a member of the Sierra Club. It is my understanding that the sound scientific options that have been under preparation and review for the last month as an outcome of the Northwest Forest Conference have been set aside at the last moment as a result of intense pressure from the forest lobby. Worse, it has been said that a preferred option-option nine is on the fast track for recommendation to President Clinton. This plan is intended to maximize logging under a mantra of science, minimizing ecosystem management and direct federal agencies to ignore existing environmental laws. Please discard number nine as it is a sham and a bogus option.

We want a plan that creates permanent ancient forest reserves, not reserves in which logging is permitted. The correct options should recommend permanent protection for the remaining limited ancient forests, as well as rehabilitation of watersheds and forests that provide clean drinking water and habitat for salmon and wildlife. It would be wrong for the scientists and White House to cave in and choose an option will return the management of the forests to the special interests that put the Northwest's forest ecosystems at risk of extinction.

The President's plan must obey existing environmental laws; there should be no "sufficiency" language to the Presidents proposal. The timber Lobby and labor unions haven't moved an inch during the past two months since the Forest Conference. Instead, they have drawn a line in the sand stating to the President that they will oppose any option that produces less than 2.3 billion board feet of timber a year, a cut that violates federal laws. These special interests are unhappy with the President's promises, and are doing all in their power to derail the President's intent to develop a forest plan that is scientifically sound and based on existing environmental laws.

To be Credible with his constituency, we want the president to live up to the promises he made at the forest Conference. The president must be helped to do the right thing and to keep his pledge to craft a forest plan that would be "scientifically sound, ecologically credible and legally responsible. Option Nine Certainly dosen't "PROTECT THE LONG TERM HEALTH OF OUR FORESTS AND IS NOT ACCEPTABLE."

Sincerely,


Jerry Manlove

C.C.

Vice President Al gore

Senator Paul Wellstone

Representative Martin Sabo

July 7, 1993

Mr. George McLean
P.O. Box 1072
Roseburg, Or 97470

Dear Mr. McLean:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Mr. George McLean
PO BOX 1072
Roseburg, OR 97470
June 29, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
The White House
Washington, D.C.

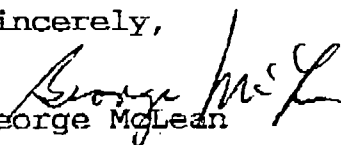
Dear Ms. McGinty:

This is to let you know that I am absolutely against the adoption of the Option 9 proposal.

Adoption of this plan will cost far too many jobs and will very likely destroy our Nations present recovery to mention only the two worst effects.

I will hereafter always vote against any person who is in favor or who, for any reason, supports this decision.

Sincerely,


George McLean

July 7, 1993

Mr. Greg Miller
Director, State Timber Purchasers Division
1149 Court St. N.E.
Salem, OR 97309-0519

Dear Mr. Miller:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Post-it brand

Fax Transmittal Memo 7672

No. of Pages 1

Today's Date 6-30-93 Time 11:30

To *Katie McGinty*
 Company *THE WHITE HOUSE*
 Location *WASHINGTON*
 Fax # *202-456-2710*

Telephone #

From *GREG MILLER*
 Company *OFIC*
 Location *SALEM, OR*
 Fax # *503-588-0052*
 Dept. Charge *OFIC-Gm*
 Telephone #

STATE TIMBER PURCHASERS DIVISION



**OREGON
FOREST
INDUSTRIES
COUNCIL**

*A Division of
Associated Oregon
Industries*

*Greg Miller
Director*

June 30, 1993

TO: Ms. Katie McGinty, The White House
 Mr. Tom Collier, USDI
 Mr. Jim Lyons, USDA
 Fx # (202) 456-2710
 Fx # (202) 208-6956
 Fx # (202) 720-4732

FROM: Greg Miller, Director *Miller*
 State Timber Purchasers Division of Oregon Forest Industries Council

SUBJECT: OPTION 9: JUST DON'T DO IT! NON-FEDERAL LANDS ARE AT RISK

Put simply, Oregon state forest land is one of the few non-federal public timber sources available to public timber buyers which is not under a court injunction. The sustainable harvest program allows about 200 mmbf to be sold annually. At the landscape level, the state only owns 786,000 acres of forest land or about 3.8% of the forest land base in Oregon. Most of this land is located in the Oregon coast mountain range. These lands have state constitutional and statutory mandates permitting primary forest uses and requires revenues to be maximized over the long-term for Oregon schools and counties. Option 9 may impact this critical resource supply.

Within the Northwest biosphere, where at a minimum, several million federal acres will serve for recovery of the spotted owl and other so-called old growth dependant species, it makes little sense to overlay that same federal burden on classic second growth state forest land. No doubt Oregon state representatives have been in contact with you on this matter. However, the process has been so secret it is unclear if any concern for non-federal land has been expressed.

If in the administration's final proposal there is relief from the so-called owl circles on non-federal lands, then the relief should apply to state forest land. Any relief from the federal ESA would benefit state forests. However, if the administration's final proposal places additional burdens and restrictions on state forest lands, then state forest land should be exempt from the proposal. Currently, the State of Oregon is working toward a Habitat Conservation Plan for the Elliott State Forest. That process should be allowed to go forward.

I pray this administration will succeed in finding a democratic solution. But not at the human cost which is grossly underestimated. Transition is a word that I have not heard used for any option. Abrupt withdrawal of federal timber due to court injunctions has set parts of the northwest in a tail spin. Option 9 appears to do the same.

Option 9 may be well intended, but it is not reality. It appears that the northwest delegation, led by Speaker Foley, is beginning to unite against such a dramatic and quick reduction to federal timber. With all due respect, offering \$1.3 billion dollars over five years for worker assistance, while very considerate, only serves to "rob Paul to pay Peter." Such a measure only redistributes existing tax revenues. Why not create new wealth for America by offering modified timber sales that require watershed restoration projects. We need real jobs with family wages and a future, not make work projects that end when the next election comes.

make work projects that end when the rest of the nation decides to "stop payment."

GM

P.O. Box 12519/1149 Court St. N.E., Salem, OR 97309-0519 (503) 371-2942 Salem (503) 227-5636 Portland

TOTAL P.01

July 7, 1993

Mr. Chuck Madison
917 Benjamin St.
Port Angeles, WA 98362

Dear Mr. Madison:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

OPTION 9

ADMINISTRATION LIES

NORTHWEST DIES

NAME: Chuck Madison 917 Benjamin St.
PORT ANGELES, WA 98362

The 400 employees I work with will likely
be out of a job with any of the current options.
GET THE FACTS before you destroy the economy

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 4, 1993

Mr. Alden Meyer
Union of Concerned Scientists
1616 P Street, N.W.
Suite 310
Washington, D.C. 20036

Dear Alden:

I wanted to thank you for your input at our retreat several weeks ago. It certainly was good to see you.

Cathy and I believe that the session was extremely helpful as we begin to forge new directives for the Office on Environmental Policy. I was impressed by the thoughtful feedback you presented at the retreat and hope to continue these discussions in the future.

Thanks again for the time you took out of your busy schedule to meet with me. I look forward to working with you on these and other matters. Let me know if I can be of assistance.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 4, 1993

Mr. Jim Maddy
1707 L Street, N.W.
Suite 550
Washington, D.C. 20036

Dear Jim:

I wanted to thank you for your input at our retreat several weeks ago. It certainly was good to see you.

Cathy and I believe that the session was extremely helpful as we begin to forge new directives for the Office on Environmental Policy. I was impressed by the thoughtful feedback you presented at the retreat and hope to continue these discussions in the future.

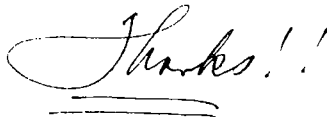
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Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

June 1, 1993
Correspondence
File
(Trey)

Clay -

I really missed
you this weekend. Would
love to have met

Bregitta. All things

considered, though, my
West Virginia get-away

couldn't be better!

Take Care -

Roth

CLIFTON J. McFARLAND
52 EAST GAY STREET
COLUMBUS, OHIO 43215
(614) 464-8311

May 3, 1993

Kathleen A. McGinty
14 5th Street, N.E.
Washington, D.C. 20002

Dear Kate:

Sorry I missed you last week. Some other time.

Brigitte and I may be in Washington over the Memorial Day weekend just to see the sights. I hope you'll be out of town for a little R&R. But, if you're in town that weekend, let me know.

I'm sure the Reunion was a blast. I really miss the Jerome Greene Lounge.

All the best.

CJF
Clifton J. McFarland

CJM:jag

*Note on
my
Schedule.*

*Note sent
6/1/95
CJM*

Please

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 23, 1993

Ms. Alicia Munnell
Assistant Secretary for
Economic Policy
Department of the Treasury
Washington, D.C. 20220

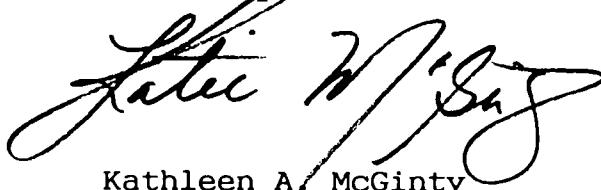
Dear Ms. Munnell:

Thank you for your kind note
regarding the outcome of the Forest
Conference.

I agree that coming to a balanced
solution in matters such as this is not an
easy task. I certainly appreciate your
words of support as we continue to bring
this challenge to closure.

Again, thank you for all your help.
I look forward to working with you in the
future.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen McGinty", written over a horizontal line.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

WASHINGTON

June 21, 1993

ASSTANT SECRETARY

DC
FYE
CW

MEMORANDUM FOR KATIE MCGINTY

Director, White House Office on Environmental Policy

FROM:

Alicia Munnell *DUM*
Assistant Secretary for Economic Policy

SUBJECT:

Pacific Northwest Ecosystem Management

I was very impressed with the proposals that you put together for the President to implement the directions he gave at the Forest Conference. The package deftly balanced the environmental and economic concerns of both the region and the country. It should, I believe, come as close as possible to satisfying the objectives of all parties. Striking such a balance is never an easy task. The success of the Northwest ecosystem proposals should set an important precedent for future deliberations on equally complex problems, such as climate change mitigation. I look forward to working with you on these issues.

Katie -
Do you want to
send a nice note
back?

Give to Trey

if so

Ram

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 17, 1993

The Honorable Mitch McConnell
United States Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Senator McConnell:

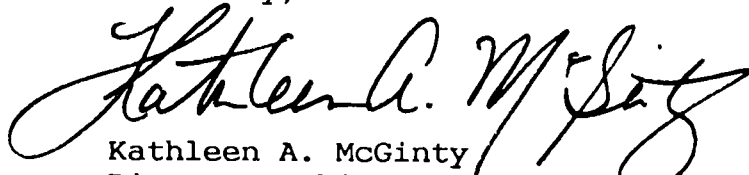
On behalf of the President, I would like to thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the issues surrounding wetlands regulation. It was good to hear from you, and I sincerely apologize for the delay in my response.

As you know, President Clinton and Vice President Gore are committed to the preservation of our natural resources in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President shares your concerns about the uncertainties surrounding wetlands policies of the past.

As you may be aware, an Interagency Working Group on Federal Wetlands Policy was convened on June 4 to review and seek to clarify the issues surrounding federal wetlands policy in anticipation of the reauthorization of the Clean Water Act. It includes representatives of all federal agencies involved in, or impacted by, the protection of wetlands. In addition, the working group will solicit a broad range of views, including those of the Congress; state and local government; environmentalists; developers and homebuilders; agricultural interests; and others. It is possible that the House Committee on Public Works could mark up the Clean Water Act in late July. Therefore, the working group is tentatively scheduled to produce draft policy papers on major wetlands issues for internal review by July 1.

I certainly appreciate learning your thoughts in this regard, and I look forward to working with you as we move forward with the reauthorization of the Clean Water Act.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

020375

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, DC 20510

May 25, 1993

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Mr. President:

When the Senate considered the Department of the Environment Act, Senator Jonn Breaux announced on the Senate floor that your Administration had accepted a recommendation to form a working group on wetlands issues for the Clean Water Act reauthorization.

The stated purpose of the group is to provide a forum to allow appropriate agency heads to work together with members of Congress to develop a consensus on wetlands policy issues.

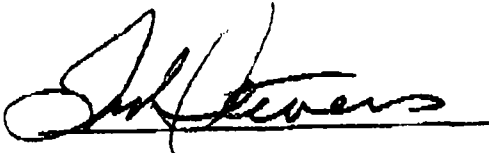
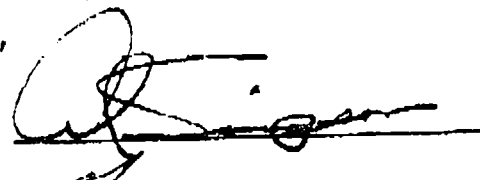
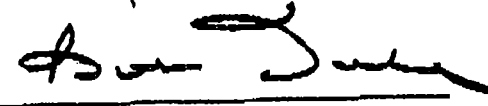
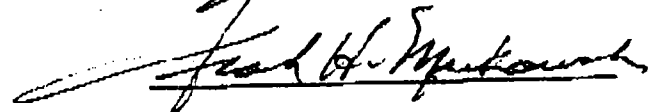
The wetlands issue is a complex one in which regional differences, such as those identified by the Lower Mississippi Delta Development Commission which you chaired, require different approaches which should be addressed by the new working group.

The current Section 404 program needs to be modified. We believe that if changes recommended by the working group are to have bipartisan support necessary to move through the Senate, Senate Republicans should join our Democratic colleagues in assisting the group to develop a consensus. Members of both parties as well as the private sector should participate.

We know of your interest in this issue. We hope to work with you to develop a wetlands policy that works for the environment, but also for the landowners, small businesses, and local economies.

With best wishes,

Cordially,

John W. Comer

Phil Green

Jack W. Carter

W. W. Smith
Paul Green

Bob Beckwood

Nancy L. Haskins

John Latch

Paul Green Paul Green 1/2/91

Paul Green

Richard S. Leger

Larry Bessler

Kent Lott

Paul Faircloth

Paul Brown

John W. Comer

Bob Smith

Yalco W. Wells

Jesse H. Hens

Don Nickles

The President
May 25, 1993
Page Three

Conrad Mack

Ly E Chang

Strom Thurmond

Jed Lyn

Rick Bond

425

Mike McConnell

Nelson Tilton

Tom Donahue

Dick Kuyper

Bob Bennett

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 17, 1993

The Honorable Harlan Matthews
United States Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Senator Matthews:

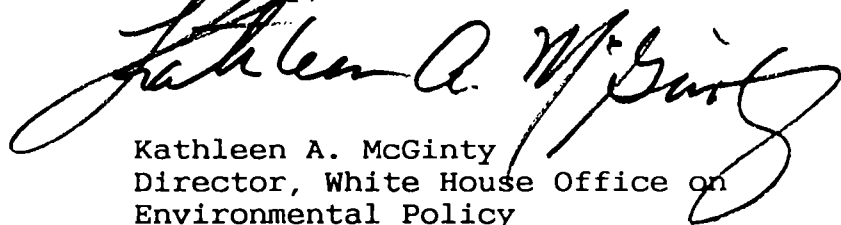
On behalf of the President, I would like to thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the issues surrounding wetlands regulation. It was good to hear from you, and I sincerely apologize for the delay in my response.

As you know, President Clinton and Vice President Gore are committed to the preservation of our natural resources in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President shares your concerns about the uncertainties surrounding wetlands policies of the past.

As you may be aware, an Interagency Working Group on Federal Wetlands Policy was convened on June 4 to review and seek to clarify the issues surrounding federal wetlands policy in anticipation of the reauthorization of the Clean Water Act. It includes representatives of all federal agencies involved in, or impacted by, the protection of wetlands. In addition, the working group will solicit a broad range of views, including those of the Congress; state and local government; environmentalists; developers and homebuilders; agricultural interests; and others. It is possible that the House Committee on Public Works could mark up the Clean Water Act in late July. Therefore, the working group is tentatively scheduled to produce draft policy papers on major wetlands issues for internal review by July 1.

I certainly appreciate learning your thoughts in this regard, and I look forward to working with you as we move forward with the reauthorization of the Clean Water Act.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, DC 20510

April 28, 1993

93 APR 29 P2:44

President Bill Clinton
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

Among the most controversial and difficult unresolved issues currently facing us is the future of Federal wetlands policy. Last year, both the Congress and the Administration were unable to break the political gridlock that continues to threaten the effectiveness of and public support for the wetlands regulatory program. We now have the opportunity to resolve this issue fairly as we move forward with reauthorization of the Clean Water Act. We ask you to join us in an effort to seek a reasonable compromise on this important issue.

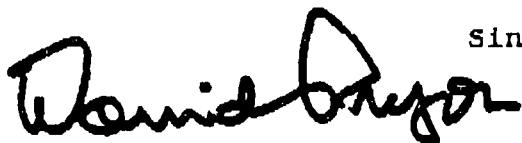
You may remember that the Lower Mississippi River Delta Development Commission, which you chaired, filed a report with President Bush and the Congress in May of 1990 that found that the nation's wetlands policy was the source of "significant problems for agriculture, aquaculture and commercial and industrial development" in the Delta Region. The Commission's report contained realistic and progressive recommendations regarding improvements to federal wetlands policy. These recommendations included a clear and fair jurisdictional definition, recognition of the differences in functions and values of wetlands, incentives for landowner conservation, reduction of regulatory duplication, regulation of activities that drain wetlands and expanding the role of the states in the Federal regulatory program.

We ask that you establish a working group of all appropriate members of your Cabinet, including the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, and the Secretaries of the Interior, Agriculture, Defense, Transportation, Energy and Housing and Urban Development, to work with us, other Congressional leaders and the public during Congressional consideration of the Clean Water Act to forge a consensus on this difficult policy issue.

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President Bill Clinton
Page 2

We look forward to working constructively with you on this vital environmental issue which is of such great importance not only to our region but to our entire nation.

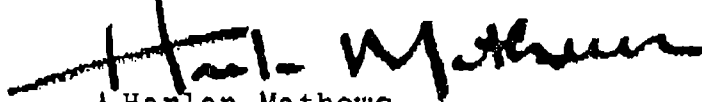
Sincerely,

Yes


David Pryor



Dale Bumpers



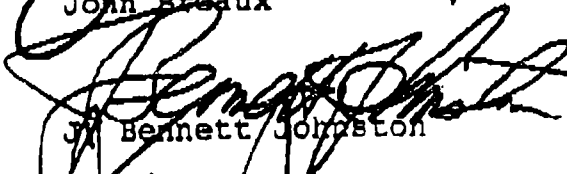
Harlan Mathews



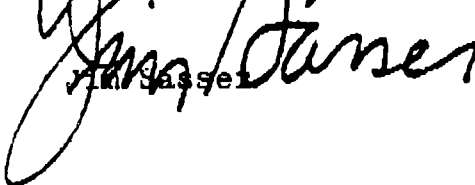
Wendell Ford



John Breaux



J. Bennett Johnston



Jim Saxton

Yes

Yes

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 17, 1993

The Honorable Frank Murkowski
United States Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Senator Murkowski:

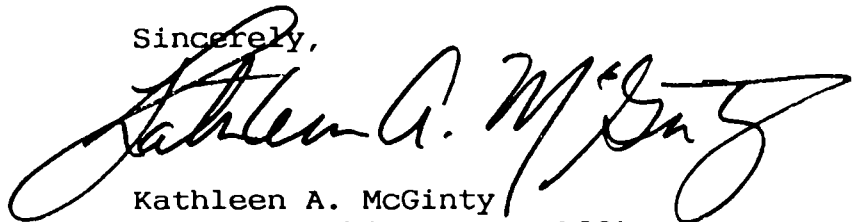
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Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, DC 20510

May 25, 1993

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Mr. President:

When the Senate considered the Department of the Environment Act, Senator Jonn Breaux announced on the Senate floor that your Administration had accepted a recommendation to form a working group on wetlands issues for the Clean Water Act reauthorization.

The stated purpose of the group is to provide a forum to allow appropriate agency heads to work together with members of Congress to develop a consensus on wetlands policy issues.

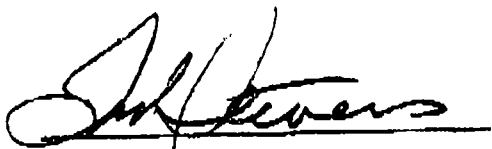
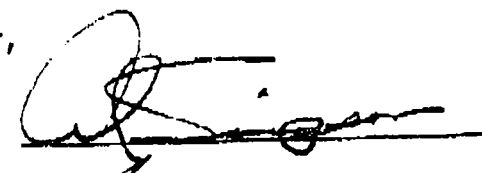
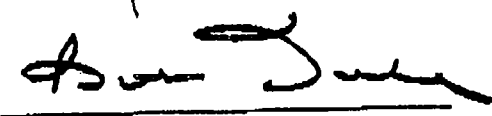
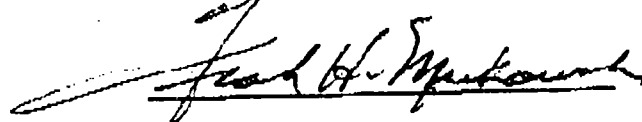
The wetlands issue is a complex one in which regional differences, such as those identified by the Lower Mississippi Delta Development Commission which you chaired, require different approaches which should be addressed by the new working group.

The current Section 404 program needs to be modified. We believe that if changes recommended by the working group are to have bipartisan support necessary to move through the Senate, Senate Republicans should join our Democratic colleagues in assisting the group to develop a consensus. Members of both parties as well as the private sector should participate.

We know of your interest in this issue. We hope to work with you to develop a wetlands policy that works for the environment, but also for the landowners, small businesses, and local economies.

With best wishes,

Cordially,

THE PRESIDENT
May 25, 1993
Page Two

John W. Warner

Phil Thomas

Jack W. Warner

Bill W. Warner
Paul Thomas

Bob Packwood

Nancy H. Warner

John Latch

Pat Brander

Paul Thomas

Paul Thomas

Richard B. Leger

Larry Leshner

Kent Lott

Paul Faircloth

Frank Brown

John Warner

Bob Smith

Valentine Willes

Jesse Hens

Don Nickles

The President
May 25, 1993
Page Three

Conno Mack

Ly Zhang

Storm Leonard

Adams

R. K. R. R.

425

W. H. C. Small

~~Neel J. St.~~

Frank D. Buehler

Dirk Knytt

Robert J. Beamer

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 17, 1993

The Honorable Connie Mack
United States Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Senator Mack:

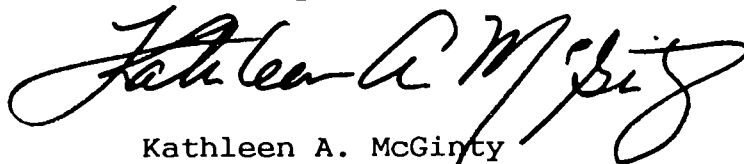
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Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, DC 20510

May 25, 1993

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20510

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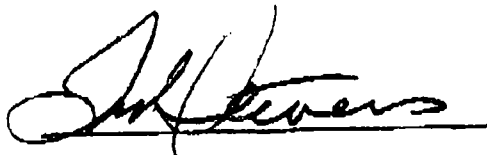
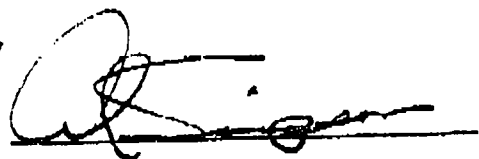
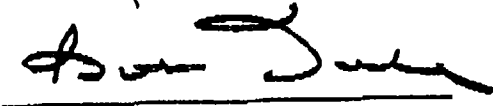
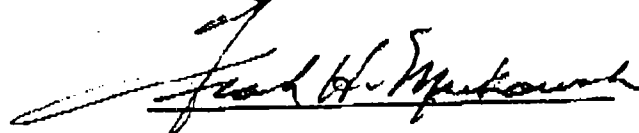
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We know of your interest in this issue. We hope to work with you to develop a wetlands policy that works for the environment, but also for the landowners, small businesses, and local economies.

With best wishes,

Cordially,

John W. Danner

Phil Farn

Jack W. Danner

John W. Danner
Paul Farn

Bob Packwood

Nancy H. Haskins

John Fitch

Paul D. Greenberg Paul Greenberg

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Richard S. Leger

Larry Leshner

Kent Lott

Paul Fairclough

Frank Brown

John Danner

Bob Smith

Frederick Wells

Jessie H. Hens

Don Nickles

The President
May 25, 1993
Page Three

Cornel Meach

Ly Ehang

Strom Thurmond

Jed Lyn

Rufus

425

Mike McConnell

Nelson Tatum

Tom Doherty

Dick Cheney

Bob Bennett

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 17, 1993

The Honorable Carolyn B. Maloney
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Congresswoman Maloney:

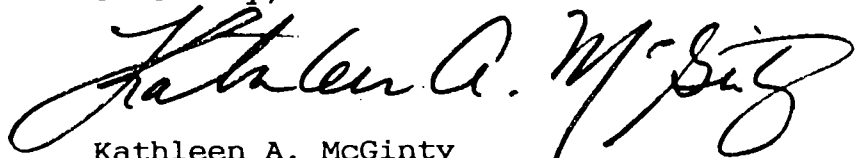
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I certainly appreciate learning your thoughts in this regard, and I look forward to working with you as we move forward with the reauthorization of the Clean Water Act.

Sincerely,

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Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

DON EDWARDS
16TH DISTRICT, CALIFORNIA

WASHINGTON OFFICE
(202) 226-3072

DISTRICT OFFICE
1042 WEST MIDDOWS STREET
SUITE 100
SAN JOSE, CA 95128
(408) 348-1711

SOUTH COUNTY
(408) 883-8207

Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

Washington, DC 20515-0516

March 31, 1993

011645

VICE CHAIRMAN
COMMITTEE ON THE
JUDICIARY
CHAIRMAN
JUDICIARY SUBCOMMITTEE
ON CIVIL AND
CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS
VICE CHAIRMAN
COMMITTEE ON VETERANS'
AFFAIRS
COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN
AFFAIRS

President Bill Clinton
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. President:

We understand that you have been contacted by a group of 20 members of Congress regarding their concerns about the nation's policy on wetlands. While we agree that wetlands policy needs to be reviewed and reformed, we must respectfully refute some of the criticisms they raised, and disagree over the need for a national "wetlands summit."

Wetlands are one of our most valuable natural resources, and strong measures are needed to protect them. We agree with our colleagues that more incentives and public funding are needed to encourage the preservation of privately held wetlands. However, many good programs already exist that have proven to be very successful in encouraging the preservation of wetlands, such as the Wetlands Reserve Program. What these programs lack is adequate funding.

Much of the controversy surrounding wetlands stems from the fact that we lack a clear wetlands policy. As you know, the wetlands delineation manual has been subject to revisions over the past several years. Because it was considered a technical document, some revisions were adopted without formal public review. The situation has stabilized as all agencies now use the 1987 manual. In addition, a study by the National Academy of Sciences is underway to determine the best methods for delineating wetlands. Congress directed the Academy to take regional differences into consideration during this process. That study is expected to be completed by late 1994.

The whole debate over the proper definition of wetlands illustrates the difficulties caused by our uncertain wetlands policy. Field staff have lacked adequate and consistent training and agencies do not have the proper resources to carry out their responsibilities. In addition, the permit process needs to be streamlined and made more flexible so that the differences between large and small permits can be taken into account.

We are particularly concerned by claims that wetlands are not compatible with good economic policy and that they adversely

impact private property owners. On the contrary, wetlands policy must recognize that the preservation of these natural resources has benefits for all property owners, and that they protect human health and safety.

Safeguards need to be put in place to help small private landowners negotiate the wetlands regulatory process. Permit applications that drag on for several months into years can certainly create burdens for the small property owner.

H.R. 350, the Wetlands Reform Act, was introduced to respond to these and other shortcomings of the current system. This bill, which has the support of all the major environmental groups, is compatible with your view that protecting the environment is consistent with maintaining a strong economy.

- To encourage the protection of privately held wetlands, the measure would create new tax incentives to encourage owners of wetland property to protect their land in its natural state.
- More staff and resources would be directed to the agencies responsible for permits and wetlands delineations, and training, education and outreach programs would be improved.
- Small permit applications would be expedited through the creation of a "fast track" for minor permits, to enable such applications to be processed within 60 days.
- Funds would be earmarked for the Corps of Engineers to assist small landowners with wetlands delineations.
- The scope of the permit program would be expanded to include all activities that are harmful to wetlands.
- Follow-up procedures would be put in place to determine the effect of the general and individual permit programs on wetlands, as well as the success of any mitigation activities.

We feel very strongly that legislative action on the Clean Water Act and wetlands must proceed without further delay. Calling a "wetlands summit" might help bring this issue into the spotlight, but we feel that more than enough opportunities for the airing of diverse views on wetlands have taken place. For example, the National Wetlands Policy Forum convened in 1987 brought together state government officials, environmentalists, the agricultural community, developers and other industry groups for a comprehensive review of how best to manage wetlands. The forum resulted in the recommendation that a "no net loss of wetlands" policy be adopted. In addition, numerous congressional hearings were held in the last legislative session, and many public forums were held throughout the country.

We fear that the agenda of those supporting a wetlands summit is to cause further delays in finally bringing this issue to conclusion. More worrisome is the fact that the cosigners of the letter to you are interested in seriously weakening current protections for wetlands and opening protected areas to destruction.

We hope that you will move forward in support of efforts to reauthorize the Clean Water Act with provisions to strengthen wetlands protections. We would certainly welcome your endorsement of H.R. 350, the Wetlands Reform Act, and look forward to working with you to enact an environmentally and economically sound national policy on wetlands.

Sincerely,

✓ Don Edwards

Don Edwards, M.C.

Tony Beilenson

Anthony C. Beilenson, M.C.

Bruce F. Vento

Bruce F. Vento, M.C.

Lane Evans

Lane Evans, M.C.

Martin O. Sabo

Martin Olav Sabo, M.C.

Bill Richardson

Bill Richardson, M.C.

Howard L. Berman

Howard L. Berman, M.C.

Edolphus Towns

Edolphus Towns, M.C.

Ronald V. Bellums

Ronald V. Bellums, M.C.

Louis Stokes

Louis Stokes, M.C.

Jim McDermott

Jim McDermott, M.C.

Carol B. Maloney

Carolyn B. Maloney, M.C.



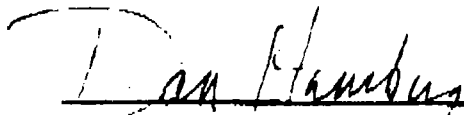
Thomas H. Andrews, M.C.



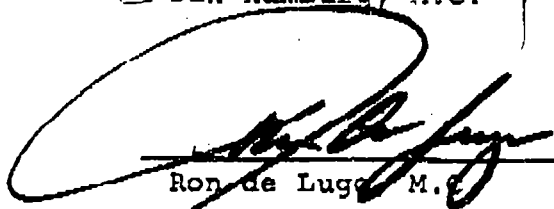
David E. Shaggs, M.C.



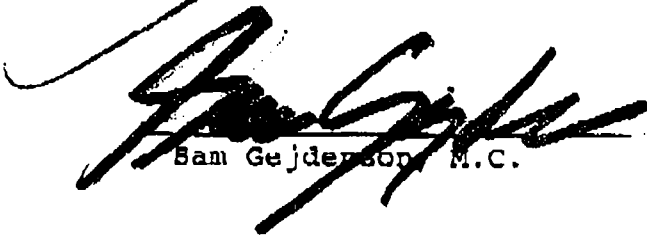
Bernard Sanders, M.C.



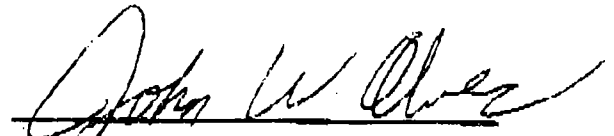
Dan Hamburg, M.C.



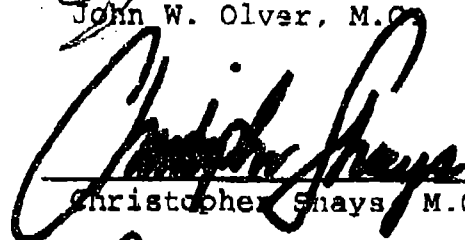
Ron de Lugo, M.C.



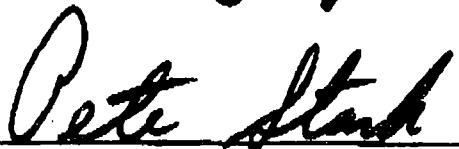
Sam Gejdenson, M.C.



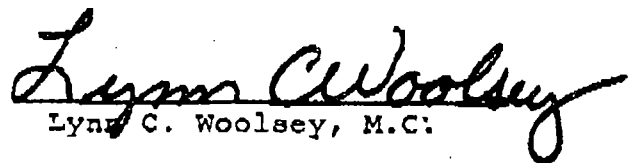
John W. Olver, M.C.



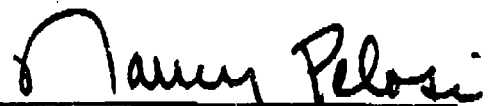
Christopher Shays, M.C.



Pete Stark, M.C.



Lynn C. Woolsey, M.C.



Nancy Pelosi, M.C.



Gary L. Ackerman, M.C.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 17, 1993

The Honorable Jim McDermott
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Congressman McDermott:

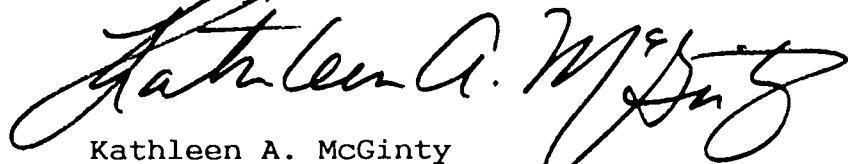
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Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

DON EDWARDS
16TH DISTRICT, CALIFORNIA

WASHINGTON OFFICE
(202) 228-3072

DISTRICT OFFICE
1042 WEST HEDDING STREET
SUITE 100
SAN JOSE, CA 95128
(408) 345-1711

SOUTH COUNTY
(408) 663-8207

Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

Washington, DC 20515-0516

March 31, 1993

011645
VICE CHAIRMAN
COMMITTEE ON THE
JUDICIARY

CHAIRMAN
JUDICIARY SUBCOMMITTEE
ON CIVIL AND
CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS

VICE CHAIRMAN
COMMITTEE ON VETERANS'
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AFFAIRS

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- The scope of the permit program would be expanded to include all activities that are harmful to wetlands.
- Follow-up procedures would be put in place to determine the effect of the general and individual permit programs on wetlands, as well as the success of any mitigation activities.

We feel very strongly that legislative action on the Clean Water Act and wetlands must proceed without further delay. Calling a "wetlands summit" might help bring this issue into the spotlight, but we feel that more than enough opportunities for the airing of diverse views on wetlands have taken place. For example, the National Wetlands Policy Forum convened in 1987 brought together state government officials, environmentalists, the agricultural community, developers and other industry groups for a comprehensive review of how best to manage wetlands. The forum resulted in the recommendation that a "no net loss of wetlands" policy be adopted. In addition, numerous congressional hearings were held in the last legislative session, and many public forums were held throughout the country.

We fear that the agenda of those supporting a wetlands summit is to cause further delays in finally bringing this issue to conclusion. More worrisome is the fact that the cosigners of the letter to you are interested in seriously weakening current protections for wetlands and opening protected areas to destruction.

We hope that you will move forward in support of efforts to reauthorize the Clean Water Act with provisions to strengthen wetlands protections. We would certainly welcome your endorsement of H.R. 350, the Wetlands Reform Act, and look forward to working with you to enact an environmentally and economically sound national policy on wetlands.

Sincerely,

✓ Don Edwards

Don Edwards, M.C.

Tony Beilensen

Anthony C. Beilenson, M.C.

Bruce F. Vento

Bruce F. Vento, M.C.

Lane Evans

Lane Evans, M.C.

Martin O. Sabo

Martin Olav Sabo, M.C.

Bill Richardson

Bill Richardson, M.C.

Howard L. Berman

Howard L. Berman, M.C.

Edolphus Toms

Edolphus Toms, M.C.

Ronald V. Bellums

Ronald V. Bellums, M.C.

Louis Stokes

Louis Stokes, M.C.

Jim McDermott

Jim McDermott, M.C.

Carol B. Maloney

Carolyn B. Maloney, M.C.



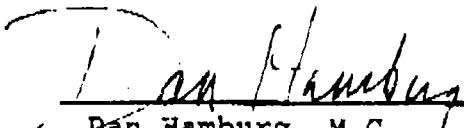
Thomas H. Andrews, M.C.



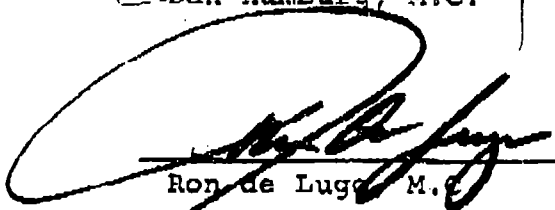
David E. Skaggs, M.C.



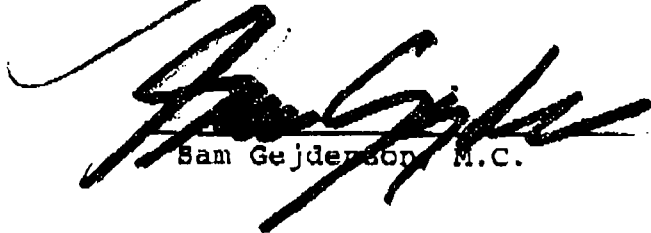
Bernard Sanders, M.C.



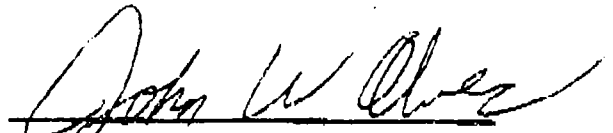
Dan Hamburg, M.C.



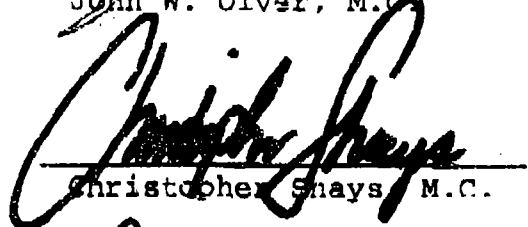
Ron de Lugo, M.C.



Sam Gejdenson, M.C.



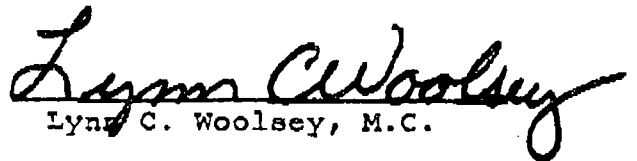
John W. Olver, M.C.



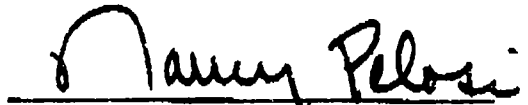
Christopher Shays, M.C.



Pete Stark, M.C.



Lynn C. Woolsey, M.C.



Nancy Pelosi, M.C.



Gary L. Ackerman, M.C.

June 17, 1993

Ms. Alida Rockefeller Messinger
Rockefeller Family & Associates
30 Rockefeller Plaza
New York, NY 10112

Dear Ms. Messinger:

On behalf of the President and Vice President, I would like to thank you for your participation in the President's Council on Sustainable Development. It was good to see you the other day at the announcement in the Rose Garden.

As you know, this Administration is committed to the preservation of our global environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. I appreciate the time you took out of your busy schedule to attend the announcement.

President Clinton strongly believes that this new council will provide an excellent means for addressing the challenges we currently face in this arena. By bringing representatives of the business and environmental communities together with key members of the Cabinet, we hope to realize the goals of Agenda 21 and the Rio Earth Summit.

We share your enthusiasm for this new initiative, and I look forward to working with the new council as we move forward on this very important matter.

Again, thank you for your participation, and welcome aboard!

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 24, 1993

Mr. Josh Marks
Field Director, Washington
Western Ancient Forest Campaign
619 North 35th Street
The Tree Suite
Seattle, WA 98103

Dear Mr. Marks:

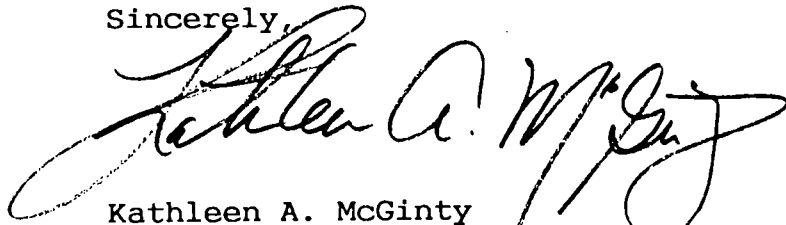
Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the Forest Conference held in Portland last April. It was good to hear from you, and I appreciate your efforts to increase public participation in the governmental process.

President Clinton and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. As you may know, three working groups established to develop a Forest Management Plan have been diligently working on assessing many different policy options in this arena. The first group, working on ecosystem management assessment, is exploring management alternatives that attain the greatest economic and social contribution from the forests of the region and meet the requirements of the applicable laws and regulations. Working group two, concerned with labor and community assistance, is focusing on an economic plan to address not just temporary efforts but long-term economic development and diversification of industries. The last working group is working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

The President and Vice President are committed to the preservation of our environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. I share your belief that an effective forest management plan must be based on the best available science. I certainly appreciate learning of your work to increase public awareness and input on this very important matter. Be assured that this Administration will continue its efforts in this regard.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Kathleen A. McGinty'. The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large initial 'K' and a stylized 'M'.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

**Western Ancient Forest Campaign
619 North 35th St., The Tree Suite
Seattle, WA 98103
(206) 632-604**

June 17, 1993

Katie McGinty
Director, Office of Environmental Policy
Room 360, Old Executive Office Building
Washington, DC 20501

Dear Ms McGinty,

My name is Josh Marks and I am the Field Director for the Western Ancient Forest Campaign in Washington State. We are going door-to-door in Washington and Oregon to build support for the permanent protection of the last 10% of our Ancient Forests.

Over the last four weeks, we have spoken with thousands of people in Washington and Oregon. To date, we have collected over 15,000 postcards from citizens who demand permanent Ancient Forest protection now. Many of these postcards have already been sent and delivered to the Congressional delegation of Washington and Oregon. Many have been sent to President Clinton as well.

We are enclosing 1,391 postcards addressed to President Clinton. The message is loud and clear: residents of the Northwest want Ancient Forest protection now. Specifically, we want President Clinton to:

- * Create permanent Ancient Forest Reserves
- * Protect salmon habitat on both East and West-side forests
- * Reduce log exports to keep jobs in the Northwest
- * Create rural economic development programs
- * Enforce existing environmental laws.

The option that President Clinton is considering, Option 9, does not adequately satisfy any of these conditions. We strongly urge the President to discard Option 9 in favor of an option which includes all of the above elements.

With these postcards, the residents of the Northwest are sending a message loud and clear: "Do not sacrifice a part of our natural heritage.

Permanently protect what remains of our Ancient Forests!" Please pass that message and the postcards along to Mr. Clinton.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Josh Marks".

Josh Marks
Field Director--WA
Western Ancient Forest
Campaign



THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 16, 1993

The Honorable Sonny Montgomery
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Congressman Montgomery:

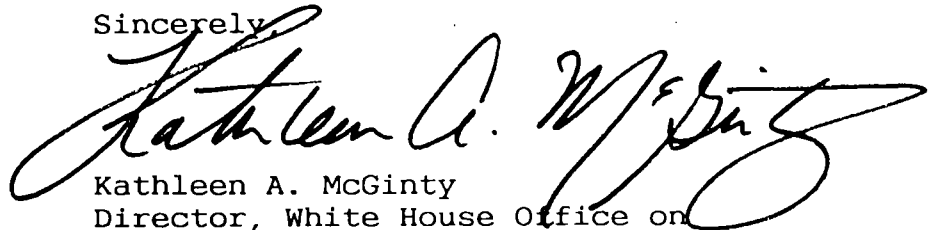
On behalf of the President, I would like to thank you for contacting me regarding a "wetlands summit" to debate the issues surrounding wetlands regulation. It was good to hear from you, and I sincerely apologize for the delay in my response.

As you know, President Clinton and Vice President Gore are committed to the preservation of our natural resources in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President shares your concerns about the uncertainties surrounding wetlands policies of the past.

As you may be aware, an Interagency Working Group on Federal Wetlands Policy was convened on June 4 to review and seek to clarify the issues surrounding federal wetlands policy in anticipation of the reauthorization of the Clean Water Act. It includes representatives of all federal agencies involved in, or impacted by, the protection of wetlands. In addition, the working group will solicit a broad range of views, including those of the Congress; state and local government; environmentalists; developers and homebuilders; agricultural interests; and others. It is possible that the House Committee on Public Works could mark up the Clean Water Act in late July. Therefore, the working group is tentatively scheduled to produce draft policy papers on major wetlands issues for internal review by July 1.

I certainly appreciate learning your thoughts in this regard, and I look forward to working with you as we move forward with the reauthorization of the Clean Water Act.

Sincerely,

A large, stylized handwritten signature in dark ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" being particularly prominent.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

issues and propose sound measures for accomplishing the goals of wetlands protection while respecting the Constitutional rights of property owners.

We also urge you to refrain from further rulemaking on this issue pending this wetlands summit to allow your administration to propose a well thoughtout and comprehensive wetlands proposal.

If this issue is not adequately addressed by your administration, the next few years will see a flood of lawsuits seeking compensation for property values taken and will result not only in the loss of public acceptance of this program, but also the loss to the public treasury of many millions of dollars.

As fellow Democrats we wish to work with you to organize and promote a national ongoing dialogue on wetlands. We look forward to working with you to address this important issue.

Best Wishes,

Billy Tauzin
Billy Tauzin, M.C.

Norman Sisisky
Norman Sisisky, M.C.

Charles Wilson
Charles Wilson, M.C.

Bill Sarpalins
Bill Sarpalins, M.C.

H. Martin Lancaster
H. Martin Lancaster, M.C.

John J. LaFalce
John J. LaFalce, M.C.

Sonny Montgomery
Sonny Montgomery, M.C.

Bob Clement
Bob Clement, M.C.

Jimmy Hayes
Jimmy Hayes, M.C.

Owen Pickett
Owen Pickett, M.C.

W. R. (Bill) Hefner
W.G. (Bill) Hefner, M.C.

Freg Laughlin
Freg Laughlin, M.C.

Jim Chapman
Jim Chapman, M.C.

Austin Mahony
Austin Mahony, M.C.

Bill K. Brewster
Bill K. Brewster, M.C.

William Orton
William Orton, M.C.

Charlie Stedman

Charles W. Stenholm, M.C.


Nick Parker

Mike Parker, M.C.

Solomon P. Ortiz D-Tx

Solomon P. Ortiz, M.C.

Solomon P. Ortiz, M.C.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS

FAX COVER SHEET

FVE

NOTE: THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS FACSIMILE MESSAGE IS
CONFIDENTIAL AND INTENDED FOR THE RECIPIENT ONLY.

DATE: 6.9

TO:

Katie McGinty

FROM:

Melissa Banks

RE:

Approval for this letter
to be sent out

Page 1 of 3

If there are any problems with this transmission, please call
(202) 456-7500.

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KEL
6/14*

Honorable Billy Tauzin
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515-1321

Dear Mr. Tauzin:

The POTUS has asked me to respond to

~~Thank you for~~ your February 19 letter suggesting a "wetlands summit" to debate issues and assist development of this Administration's policies on protecting and regulating wetlands.

The POTUS

I share your concerns regarding the uncertainties surrounding wetlands policies of the past. This Administration will clearly articulate its position on wetlands protection in the coming months. We are committed to making a genuine effort to meet the goal of "no net loss" of wetlands by fully using the conservation and protection tools already at our disposal. I am ~~not~~ *can be improved* convinced that the current wetlands regulatory program ~~is as seriously flawed as your letter indicates, and believe that most of these regulations and procedures lack only clear~~ *It more* leadership and adequate funding to make ~~them~~ effective and responsive to public needs and concerns.

Considerable debate and discussion have already occurred on the issues of wetlands management and protection. The public, industry, State and local governments, Federal agencies, and other interests have all contributed their knowledge and experience in such diverse forums as the National Wetlands Policy Forum, the Bush Administration's Domestic Policy Council's Task Force

Honorable Billy Tauzin

2

on Wetlands, various congressional hearings during the last legislative session, as well as the extensive public record on revisions to the Federal wetlands delineation manual proposed in 1991. I believe there is more than enough background available on wetlands regulatory issues to begin to develop sound wetlands policies. A "wetlands summit" is not likely to provide significant new information to guide this process. However, I believe a serious joint effort between this Administration and Congress is needed to resolve wetland issues during the Clean Water Act reauthorization process. For this reason, I am establishing an interagency task force, led by the White House Office of Environmental Policy, to work with Congress on this issue.

Thank you again for your letter and your interest in wetland conservation policy issues. If you have any questions, please let me know.

Sincerely,

*This should be put up first if used as person
Why we don't
want to do a summit
at this time*

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 16, 1993

The Honorable Austin Murphy
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Congressman Murphy:

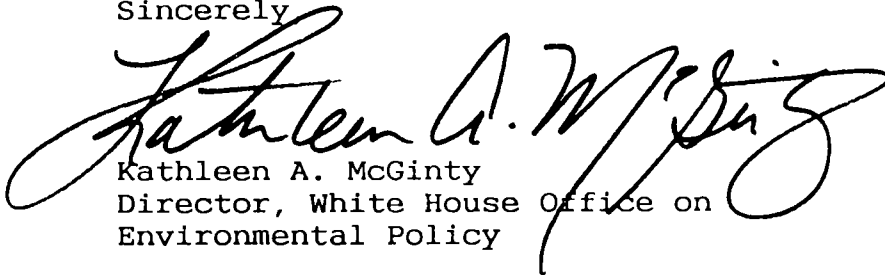
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As you know, President Clinton and Vice President Gore are committed to the preservation of our natural resources in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President shares your concerns about the uncertainties surrounding wetlands policies of the past.

As you may be aware, an Interagency Working Group on Federal Wetlands Policy was convened on June 4 to review and seek to clarify the issues surrounding federal wetlands policy in anticipation of the reauthorization of the Clean Water Act. It includes representatives of all federal agencies involved in, or impacted by, the protection of wetlands. In addition, the working group will solicit a broad range of views, including those of the Congress; state and local government; environmentalists; developers and homebuilders; agricultural interests; and others. It is possible that the House Committee on Public Works could mark up the Clean Water Act in late July. Therefore, the working group is tentatively scheduled to produce draft policy papers on major wetlands issues for internal review by July 1.

I certainly appreciate learning your thoughts in this regard, and I look forward to working with you as we move forward with the reauthorization of the Clean Water Act.

Sincerely



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

004606

Congress of the United States

House of Representatives

Washington, DC 20515

February 19, 1993

President Bill Clinton
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue N.W.
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. President:

Over the last four years the undersigned have followed closely the controversial and frequently changing policies on wetlands proposed by the Bush Administration. We have heard from our constituents that the current wetlands regulatory program has caused them severe hardships and has greatly diminished the value of their property. Our local public officials have described their difficulties in attempting to meet important infrastructure needs and the loss of taxes related to wetlands regulatory requirements.

A number of serious errors have been made in the implementation of this program. Those errors include:

1. Failure to adequately support restoration of existing wetlands through adequate private sector incentives and public funding.
2. Adopting broad wetlands definitions and regulatory procedures without public input and comment.
3. Frequently changing policies and procedures so that it is difficult and in some cases impossible to meet the requirements of the regulatory program.
4. An inflexible and dogmatic approach to the issuance of permits for activities in wetlands.
5. Failure to pay due respect to the Constitutional guarantee that private property shall not be taken without the payment of just compensation.
6. Unduely burdensome, costly, and lengthy permitting procedures with which many low and middle income constituents cannot comply.
7. Failure to meet the basic requirements of due process by allowing appeals of administrative decisions restricting property uses.
8. Failure to consult with local and state governments in making wetlands determinations which impact local economies, particularly in those areas with disproportionate wetland acreages.

We are hopeful that your administration will bring together in a spirit of cooperation all of the diverse interests associated with this issue. We believe that a summit, similar to your economic summit, could debate these

issues and propose sound measures for accomplishing the goals of wetlands protection while respecting the Constitutional rights of property owners.

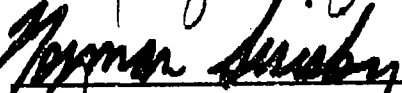
We also urge you to refrain from further rulemaking on this issue pending this wetlands summit to allow your administration to propose a well thoughtout and comprehensive wetlands proposal.

If this issue is not adequately addressed by your administration, the next few years will see a flood of lawsuits seeking compensation for property values taken and will result not only in the loss of public acceptance of this program, but also the loss to the public treasury of many millions of dollars.

As fellow Democrats we wish to work with you to organize and promote a national ongoing dialogue on wetlands. We look forward to working with you to address this important issue.

Best Wishes,


Billy Tauzin, M.C.

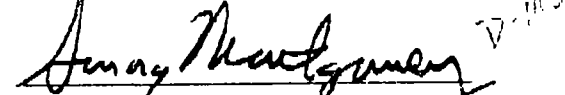

Norman Sisisky, M.C.

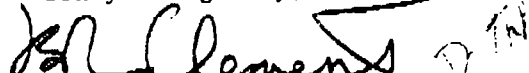

Charles Wilson, M.C.


Bill Sarpalins, M.C.

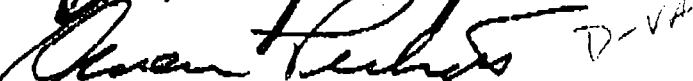

H. Martin Lancaster, M.C.


John J. LaFalce, M.C.


Sonny Montgomery, M.C.


Bob Clement, M.C.


Jimmy Hayes, M.C.


Owen Pickett, M.C.


W.G. (Bill) Heffner, M.C.


Greg Laughlin, M.C.


Jim Chapman, M.C.


Austin Mahony, M.C.


Bill K. Brewster, M.C.


William Orton, M.C.

Charles Stedman

Charles W. Stenholm, M.C.
Ken Klea D-PA

Nick Parker

Mike Parker, M.C.
Solomon P. Ortiz D-Tr
Solomon P. Ortiz, M.C.

Solomon P. Ortiz, M.C.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

OFFICE OF LEGISLATIVE AFFAIRS

FAX COVER SHEET

FVE

NOTE: THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS FACSIMILE MESSAGE IS
CONFIDENTIAL AND INTENDED FOR THE RECIPIENT ONLY.

DATE: 6-9

TO: Katie McGinty

FROM: Melissa Banks

RE: Approval for this letter
to be sent out

Page 1 of 3

If there are any problems with this transmission, please call
(202) 456-7500.

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6/14*

Honorable Billy Tauzin
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515-1321

Dear Mr. Tauzin;

The POTUS has asked me to respond to

~~Thank you for~~ your February 19 letter suggesting a "wetlands summit" to debate issues and assist development of this Administration's policies on protecting and regulating wetlands.

The POTUS

I share your concerns regarding the uncertainties surrounding wetlands policies of the past. This Administration will clearly articulate its position on wetlands protection in the coming months. We are committed to making a genuine effort to meet the goal of "no net loss" of wetlands by fully using the conservation and protection tools already at our disposal. I am ~~not~~ *can be improved* convinced that the current wetlands regulatory program ~~is as seriously flawed~~ *as your letter indicates, and believe that most of these regulations and procedures lack only clear* leadership and adequate funding to make ~~them~~ *it more* effective and responsive to public needs and concerns.

Considerable debate and discussion have already occurred on the issues of wetlands management and protection. The public, industry, State and local governments, Federal agencies, and other interests have all contributed their knowledge and experience in such diverse forums as the National Wetlands Policy Forum, the Bush Administration's Domestic Policy Council's Task Force

Honorable Billy Tauzin

2

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Thank you again for your letter and your interest in wetland conservation policy issues. If you have any questions, please let me know.

Sincerely,

*This should be put up first if used as person
Why we don't
want to do a summit
at this time.*

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 10, 1993

Dr. Jerry Moles
Consultant
Dr. L. Tim Wallace
Economist
Department of Agriculture
& Resource
Giannini Hall
University of California
Berkeley, CA 94720

Dear Dr. Moles and Dr. Wallace:

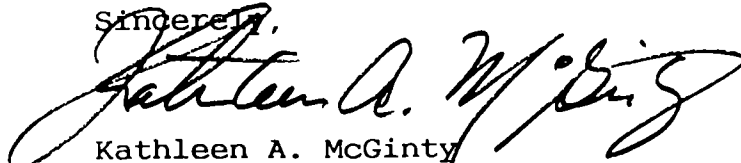
On behalf of President Clinton and Vice President Gore, I would like to thank you for contacting me with your concerns about the Forest Management Plan.

The President and I believe that the Forest Conference held in Portland on April 2 was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the the Pacific Northwest. At the conclusion of the conference, President Clinton directed his Cabinet to develop a Forest Management Plan within 60 days.

As you may know, three working groups have been established to work on developing this plan. The first group, working on ecosystem management assessment, is exploring management alternatives that attain the greatest economic and social contribution from the forests of the region and meet the requirements of applicable laws and regulations. Working Group II, focusing on labor and community assistance, will develop an economic plan to address not just temporary efforts but long-term economic development and diversification. The last working group will work to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

I certainly appreciate learning of your continued interest in this arena as we work toward the resolution of this very important matter. Again, thank you for sharing your views with me.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Department of Agriculture & Resource
Giannini Hall
University of California
Berkeley, California 94720
(510) 642-5495
May 24, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Environmental Liaison
The White House
Washington, D.C.

Dear Ms. McGinty:

Enclosed please find a consensus plan for the Trinity River Watershed prepared by a group of environmental, labor, and timber industry leaders in Trinity County, California. Also included is a letter of support by the Trinity County Board of Supervisors. Inspired by the recent Forest Summit in Portland, the community has responded by moving beyond divisive issues to put together a plan that all groups can live with.

Your attention to the work of the community is greatly appreciated.

I am enclosing a copy of the material to Ms. Katy Moran of the Healing Forest Conservancy in Washington. Ms. Moran is familiar with the work of the community and visited with several of the people involved in December of the past year.

Yours sincerely,



Jerry Moles, Ph.D.
Consultant to the Klamath Province
Bioregion



L. Tim Wallace, Ph. D.
Economist

cc. Ms. Katy Moran
Healing Forest Conservancy
3521 S Street NW
Washington, D.C. 20006

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 10, 1993

Mr. J. Greeley McGowin, II
4 Mackay Lane
Savannah, GA 31411

Dear Mr. McGowin:

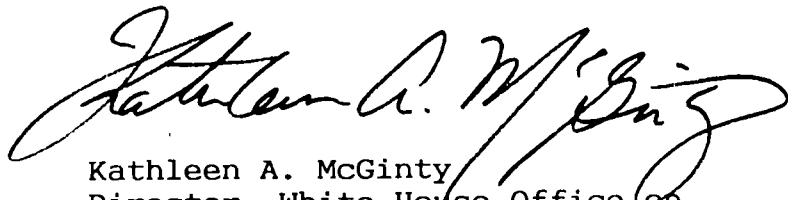
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Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

J. GREELEY McGOWIN, II

4 MACKAY LANE
SAVANNAH, GEORGIA 31411
Phone: (912) 598-1281
Fax: (912) 598-1270

P. O. BOX 6
CHAPMAN, ALABAMA 36015
Phone: (205) 376-2673
Fax: (205) 376-5328

Ms. Kathleen McGinty
The White House
Washington, D.C.

May 23, 1993

Dear Ms. McGinty,

The attached is a somewhat eccentric approach to the Northwest timber supply issue. I have no personal involvement in the Northwest, and little specific knowledge of the subject. However, two days in Washington last week, listening to talks and discussion at the AFPA meeting, brought me to the conclusion that the situation is almost impossible to deal with in a rational, conventional manner. It seems to me that one way to make a significant long term improvement would be to make a major change in the timberland ownership pattern.

I recognize that this suggestion would likely generate negative reactions in many circles, but it does make sense to me. I also do not know whether this is a novel approach, or whether the idea has been considered previously and discarded. At any rate, for whatever it is worth, my thoughts are attached.

Sincerely,

Greely McGowin

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 10, 1993

Mr. Edwin R. McCullough
Attorney at Law
Monadnock Building
Suite 1401
53 West Jackson Blvd.
Chicago, IL 60604

Dear Mr. McCullough:

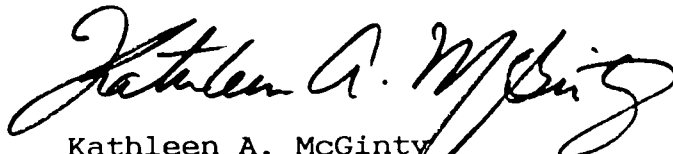
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The President and I believe that the Forest Conference held in Portland on April 2 was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the the Pacific Northwest. At the conclusion of the conference, President Clinton directed his Cabinet to develop a Forest Management Plan within 60 days.

As you may know, three working groups have been established to work on developing this plan. The first group, working on ecosystem management assessment, is exploring management alternatives that attain the greatest economic and social contribution from the forests of the region and meet the requirements of applicable laws and regulations. Working Group II, focusing on labor and community assistance, will develop an economic plan to address not just temporary efforts but long-term economic development and diversification. The last working group will work to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

I certainly appreciate learning of your continued interest in this arena as we work toward the resolution of this very important matter. Again, thank you for sharing your views with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" being more prominent and the last name "McGinty" following in a similar style.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

May 27, 1993

Ms. Kathleen McGinty
Office on Environmental Quality
Old Executive Office Building
Room 358
Washington, D. C. 20501

Re: Forest Summit Conference

Dear Ms. McGinty:

Thank you for your letter of April 13, 1993.

The unmet needs of the U. S. forests are immense, and if the Federal government was truly committed to investing in the future, many more people would have useful employment. For some ideas, I enclose the May 24, 1993, ad of the Ecoforestry Institute in The New York Times and an op-ed piece by Samuel M. Hitt, "Increase Revenues to Restore Public Lands, Put People to Work," in the April 30, 1993, Albuquerque Journal.

I enclose these because the election of President Clinton signalled a departure from the economic-ecological policies of the Reagan-Bush era. Candidate Clinton spoke of investing in the future of America. Regrettably, we have yet to see much by the way of concrete proposals for these kinds of programs. My March 17, 1993, letter and these two enclosures present positive proposals.

May I have a specific response to the ideas I have conveyed?

Very truly yours,


Edwin R. McCullough

ERM:mj
Enclosure

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 10, 1993

Mr. Alden Moffatt
6400 Hwy. 66
Ashland, OR 97520

Dear Mr. Moffatt:

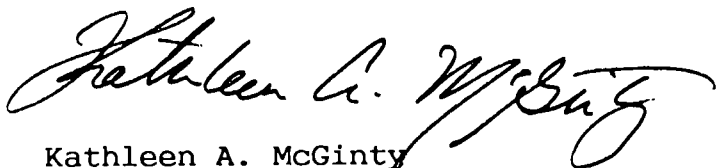
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Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

The National Park idea for protecting Ancient Forests got a boost from the timber industry this month. After hearing that the Clinton Administration was considering a reduction in the National Forest timber harvest from 5 billion to under 2 billion board feet, Chris West, vice president for the timber industry's Northwest Forestry Association in Portland said "With ranges like that, we might as well turn the entire west coast into a national park."

Alden Moffatt

503-482-2168

WASHINGTON (AP) — The Clinton administration is having more trouble than it expected finding a Northwest compromise that will preserve both old-growth forests and timber jobs.

Three working groups Clinton appointed in April apparently will miss today's deadline he set for them to report back with a series of management options for the region.

"We are working to come as close as possible to make that deadline. ... I don't think anyone could put a specific date on it," said Marla Romash, spokeswoman for Vice President Al Gore and the White House Office on Environmental Policy.

One administration official says government scientists are finding that logging on Northwest national forests would have to fall to less than half the 1980s levels in order to meet Clinton's pledge to follow environmental laws protecting spotted owls and other wildlife.

The official, speaking last week on condition of anonymity, said the alternatives under review would produce a maximum of less than 2 billion board feet of timber on national forests in Oregon and Washington, compared with an annual peak of more than 5 billion board feet during the 1980s.

"With ranges like that, we might as well turn the entire West Coast into a national park," said Chris West, vice president for the timber industry's Northwest Forestry Association in Portland.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 10, 1993

Mr. Ernest Morgan
1901 Hannah Branch Road
Burnsville, NC 28714

Dear Mr. Morgan:

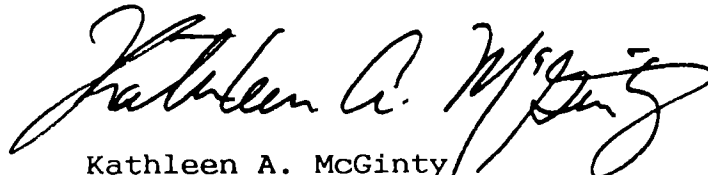
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Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Ernest Morgan
1901 HANNAH BRANCH ROAD
BURNSVILLE, NC 28714



June 4, 1993

Kathleen McGinty, Director
Office on Environmental Policy, Rm 358
Old Executive Office Building
17th Street & Pennsylvania Ave., NW
Washington, DC 20501

Dear Kathleen McGinty:

I am writing to add my strong concern for the preservation of the remaining ancient forests in the Pacific Northwest.

At the present rate, these forests will be gone in the relatively near future. Any preservation of jobs through the destruction of these forests is strictly temporary.

I think also that we should reduce the export of raw logs, so that the milling of them can be done at home with the gain of a large number of jobs.

Sincerely,

Ernest Morgan

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

June 9, 1993

Mr. Ben Marks
President
Michigan Municipal League
1675 Green Road
P.O. Box 1487
Ann Arbor, MI 48106

Dear Mr. Marks:

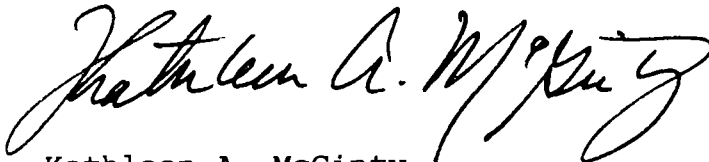
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As you know, I share President Clinton's and Vice President Gore's commitment to the preservation of our environment. In his first State of the Union address, the President reaffirmed his goal to increase the efficiency of toxic waste cleanup, as well as to decrease the need for numerous liability lawsuits facing Superfund sites.

I understand your concerns about the burdensome nature of these potentially long and costly lawsuits. EPA Administrator Carol Browner is currently reviewing the 1992 EPA guidance document that was rejected by the Bush Administration. Be assured that we will give every consideration to your concerns as we work toward improving the Superfund program.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

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Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



MICHIGAN MUNICIPAL LEAGUE

The association of Michigan cities and villages, founded in 1899.

Reply to:

Headquarters:

1675 Green Road
P. O. Box 1487
Ann Arbor, MI 48106-1487
313/962-3246
Fax: 313/962-9083

Lansing Office:

416 W. Ottawa
Lansing, MI 48203-1518
517/485-1314
Fax: 517/372-7476

Northern Field Office:

1041 Mehl Lake Lane
Gwynn, MI 49841-0803
906/348-4422
Fax: 906/348-8712

President:

BEN MARKS
Councilmember, Farmington Hills

Vice President:

BERNARD MICHELLI
Councilman, Boscawen

Trustees:

CONLEY C. ABRAMS, JR.
Public Works Director, Detroit

WILLIAM J. BALDRIDGE
City Manager, Royal Oak

EX RHODES BARHAM
City Commissioner, Jackson

JAMES R. BUCK
Mayor, Grandville

MARCELLA COOK
Village President, Vandalia

ROBERT R. HEILMAN
President Pro-Tem, Macomb County

ALAN L. ISRAEL
Mayor, Milan

ROSALIE KING
City Manager, Cassopolis

PATRICIA A. LOCKWOOD
Mayor, Fenton

MARY JANE SCHILDBERG
Councilmember, Garden City

DELBERT J. SCHREMS
Councilman, Saginaw

GEORGE J. STRAND
City Manager, Lapeer

FLORENCE UPSON
Councilmember, Tawas City

LYLE C. VAN HOUTEN
Mayor, Dearborn Heights

ROBERT WARREN
Mayor, Muskegon Heights

JAMES WEGNER
Councilman, Niles

Executive Director

GEORGE D. GOODMAN

May 25, 1993

Honorable President
Honorable Vice President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Re: EPA Draft Superfund Municipal Settlement Strategy

Dear Mr. President and Mr. Vice President:

In your eloquent first State of the Union address, you recognized the importance of the nation's toxic waste cleanup effort and pledged to get the lawyers out of the Superfund process. We are writing to urge you to take one small, but concrete step that could help accomplish that worthy goal. Please release an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance that will relieve hundreds of local governments, thousands of small businesses, and countless citizens of the crushing burden of private party lawsuits designed to shift billions of dollars of cleanup costs from polluting industries to the general taxpayer.

Across the country, entities that polluted Superfund sites are seeking to spread their cleanup costs to cities and counties, small business such as pizza stands and flower shops, little league teams, the Girl Scouts, and even individual citizens. The theory of these cases is that sending ordinary household garbage and sewage sludge to a Superfund site is enough to trigger staggering liability under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act, even though industrial hazardous waste and not benign household wastes is the reason expensive cleanups are necessary. At a time when scores of local governments and small businesses are struggling to avert fiscal collapse, provide vital services, and remain competitive, this catastrophic liability poses an unforeseen and unjustified threat to their survival.

Two sites in Michigan are among the most egregious examples of this damaging trend; at the Metamora Landfills, 26 cities and other local governments face millions of dollars in claims, including Almont, Atlas, Atlas Township, Attica, Attica Township, the City of Davison, Davison Township, Dryden, Elba, Goodrich, Hadley, Imlay City, Kings Mill, Lake Nepessing, Lake Orion, Lakeville, City of Lapeer, Metamora Village, Metamora Township,

Hon. Mr. President and Mr. Vice President

May 25, 1993

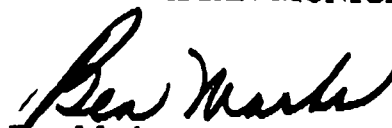
Page 2

Ortonville, Oxford Village, Oxford Township, Thornville, and Waterford. At the KL Landfill in Oshtemo Township, the Upjohn Corporation sued 741 parties, including 15 local governments, a flower shop, bridal boutique, church, little league, and Planned Parenthood.

Several months before the 1992 election, EPA career staff prepared an excellent guidance document which was designed to spur reasonable settlements of such cases. This guidance was killed by the Bush White House after a lobbying blitz by polluting industries. Administrator Carol Browner recently announced plans to reevaluate the guidance and consider whether to issue it for comment. Her effort is actively supported by Senator Frank Lautenberg, chairman of the Senate Superfund subcommittee. We applaud their leadership on this crucial issue and urge you to reverse the decision of your predecessor and rectify this glaring inequity.

Thank you for taking time to consider our request, Mr. President. If you have any questions about this letter or about the impact of Superfund liability on local governments, please call Donald Stypula, Michigan Municipal League Environmental Affairs Advisor, at 517/485-1314, or Rena Steinzor, chief legislative counsel for American Communities for Cleanup Equity, at (202) 393-3734.

Respectfully submitted,
THE MICHIGAN MUNICIPAL LEAGUE



Ben Marks
President

cc: The Honorable Frank Lautenberg, U. S. Senate
The Honorable Carol M. Browner, U. S. EPA
Trustees, Michigan Municipal League

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 9, 1993

The Honorable Linda Morton
Mayor
City of Lakewood
445 South Allison Parkway
Lakewood, CO 80226

Dear Mayor Morton:

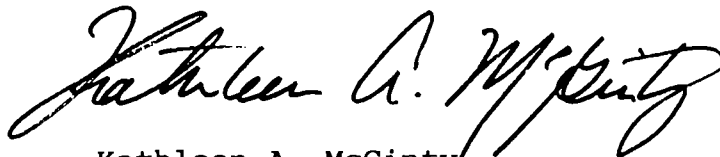
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As you know, I share President Clinton's and Vice President Gore's commitment to the preservation of our environment. In his first State of the Union address, the President reaffirmed his goal to increase the efficiency of toxic waste cleanup, as well as to decrease the need for numerous liability lawsuits facing Superfund sites.

I understand your concerns about the burdensome nature of these potentially long and costly lawsuits. EPA Administrator Carol Browner is currently reviewing the 1992 EPA guidance document that was rejected by the Bush Administration. Be assured that we will give every consideration to your concerns as we work toward improving the Superfund program.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

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Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



CITY OF LAKEWOOD

OFFICE OF THE MAYOR
Linda Morton
445 South Allison Parkway
Lakewood, CO 80226-3105
(303)987-7040V/TDD
FAX (303)987-7063

May 26, 1993

Katie McGinty
Environmental Advisor
to the President
The Office on Environmental Policy
360 The Old Executive Office Building
Washington, DC 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty:

In his first State of the union address, President Clinton recognized the importance of the nation's toxic waste cleanup effort and pledged to get the lawyers out of the Superfund process. We are writing to urge the Administration to take one crucial step that could help accomplish that worthy goal. Please release an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance that will relieve hundreds of local governments, thousands of small businesses, and countless citizens of the crushing burden of private party lawsuits designed to shift billions of dollars of cleanup costs from polluting industries to the general taxpayer.

Across the country, entities that polluted Superfund sites are seeking to spread their cleanup costs to cities and counties, small businesses such as pizza stands and flower shops, little league teams, the Girl Scouts, and even individual citizens. The theory of these cases is that sending ordinary household garbage and sewage sludge to a Superfund site is enough to trigger staggering liability under the law, even though industrial hazardous waste and not benign household wastes is the reason expensive cleanups are necessary. At a time when scores of local governments and small businesses are struggling to avert fiscal collapse, provide vital services, and remain competitive, this catastrophic liability poses an unforeseen and unjustified threat to their survival.

Several months before the 1992 election, EPA career staff prepared an excellent guidance document which was designed to spur reasonable settlements of such cases. This guidance was killed by the Bush White House after a lobbying blitz by polluting industries. The Clinton Administration now has an opportunity to correct this misguided decision. Please act today to help America's counties, cities, towns, small businesses, and citizens.

Sincerely,

Linda Morton
Mayor

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 9, 1993

The Honorable James H. Miller
City Manager
City of Ludington
201 South William Street
Ludington, MI 49431

Dear Mr. Miller:

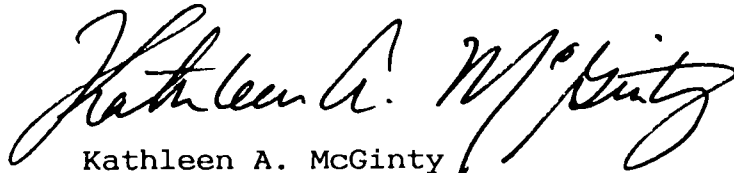
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Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



CITY OF LUDINGTON

JACK R. SCOTT, MAYOR
JAMES H. MILLER, CITY MANAGER
GERRY PERRON KRAFT, CITY CLERK
JOHN A. VILLA, CITY TREASURER

201 S. WILLIAM STREET
LUDINGTON, MICHIGAN 49431
PHONE 616/ 845-6237
FAX 616/ 845-1148

May 26, 1993

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Environmental Advisor to the President

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Sincerely,

James H. Miller
City Manager

On the Shores of Lake Michigan

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 9, 1993

The Honorable Michael C. Moody
Mayor
City of Palos Verdes Estates
P.O. Box 1086
Palos Verdes Estates, CA 90274

Dear Mayor Moody:

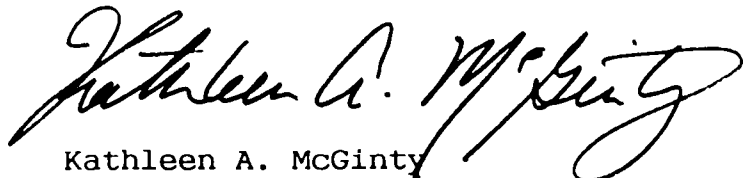
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Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

May 26, 1993

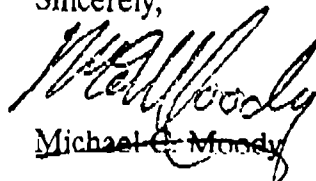
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Sincerely,


Michael C. Moody

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 9, 1993

The Honorable Mary L. Manning
Mayor
City of Temple City
9701 Las Tunas Drive
P.O. Box 668
Temple City, CA 91780

Dear Mayor Manning:

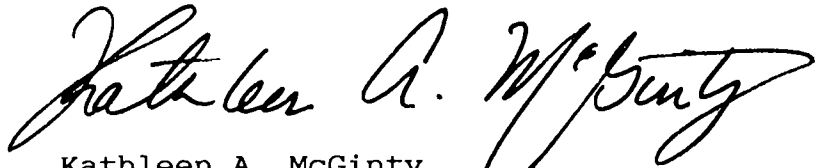
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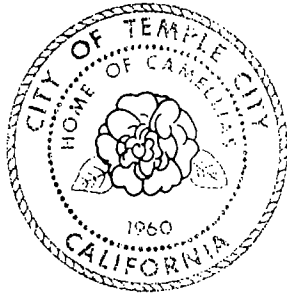
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Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Mayor
MARY L. MANNING
Mayor Pro Tem
HARRY L. DUDDIS
Councilmembers
BOBBIE MCGOWAN
THOMAS D. BREAZEL
CATHE WILSON
City Manager
DENISE E. OVRUM



9701 LAS TUNAS DRIVE • P. O. BOX 668 • TEMPLE CITY • CA 91780-0668 • (818) 285-2171

May 28, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Environmental Advisor to the President
Washington DC

RE: Superfund Liability

Dear Ms. McGinty:

I am aware that you are considering a draft guideline limiting local government Superfund liability to 4% of the cleanup cost and ask that you consider cities and encourage the adoption of the 4% guideline.

As you are aware, the Superfund program, created in 1980, holds liable "responsible parties" for the costs of hazardous waste cleanup. It has generally been EPA policy to file suit against industrial-waste contributors. However, third-party lawsuits have been filed to shift the responsibility for cleanup to cities even though less than 1% of typical municipal trash includes hazardous materials.

The cost of hazardous waste cleanup could bankrupt a small city like Temple City. I cannot stress enough the financial relief the proposed 4% would provide for cities already burdened with a depressed economy. Your support is crucial to the future of cities.

Your consideration is always appreciated.

Sincerely,


Mary L. Manning
Mayor

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 9, 1993

The Honorable William M. Molinari
Mayor
City of Montebello
600 West Beverly Boulevard
Montebello, CA 90640

Dear Mayor Molinari:

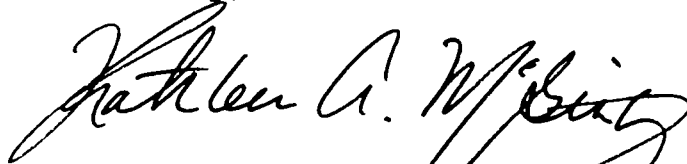
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Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

City of Montebello



600 W. SEVERLY BOULEVARD
MONTEBELLO, CA 90640
213/487-1200

June 3, 1993

Dear Katie McGinty, Environmental Advisor to the President,

In his first State of the Union address, President Clinton recognized the importance of the nation's toxic waste cleanup effort and pledged to get the lawyers out of the Superfund process. We are writing to urge the Administration to take one crucial step that could help accomplish that worthy goal. Please release an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance that will relieve hundreds of local governments, thousands of small businesses, and countless citizens of the crushing burden of private party lawsuits designed to shift billions of dollars of cleanup costs from polluting industries to the general taxpayer.

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Sincerely,

William M. Molinari

William M. Molinari, Mayor

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 29, 1993

Mr. Ben Meskin
Coordinator
Gowanus Expressway Community
Coalition
488 3rd Avenue
Brooklyn, NY 11215

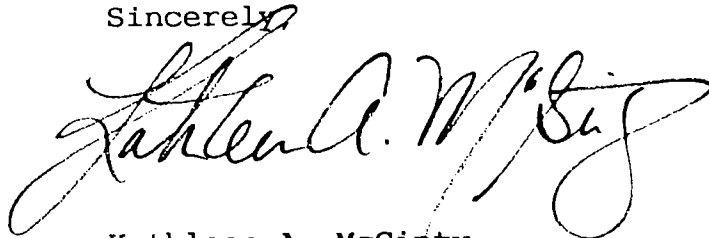
Dear Mr. Meskin:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts on performing an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) on the Gowanus and other expressways in your community.

As you know, I share President Clinton's and Vice President Gore's commitment to the preservation of our global environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. I appreciate learning your concerns about the environmental impacts of the reconstruction of the Gowanus Expressway. However, the Office on Environmental Policy has not assumed the responsibility for evaluating an EIS from the Council on Environmental Quality. The jurisdiction for these impact statements still lies with the CEQ. However, please note that does not perform EIS's, but evaluates those already completed by the agency of jurisdiction.

Again, thank you for your interest in this matter, and please let me know if I can be of further assistance.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized "K" and "M".

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

GOWANUS EXPRESSWAY COMMUNITY COALITION

c/o Meskin, 488 3rd Avenue, Brooklyn, NY 11215
718-965-1360

May 12, 1993

MEMBERS

Fulton's Ferry Landing
Association

Brooklyn Heights Association

Cobble Hill Association

Boerum Hill Association

Carroll Gardens Association

First Place Tri-Block
Association

United Neighbors
Association

Park Slope Civic Council

Revitalization of the
Southern Area of the Slope
(ROSAS)

Park Slope Fifth Avenue
Merchants Association

North Flatbush Business
Improvement District

Fifth Avenue Committee
(FAC)

Care About The Slope
(CATS)

Sunset Park Restoration
Committee

Sunset Park Fifth Avenue
Merchants Association
(FAMA)

Bay Ridge Community
Council

Brooklyn Coop and Condo
Association

Transportation Alternatives -
Brooklyn Committee

Ben Meskin,
Coordinator

Katie McGinty
Director
Office on Environmental Policy
360 Old Executive Office Building
Washington, DC 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty,

Having been informed by the Council on Environmental Quality that your office has taken over their functions, I am writing to you on behalf of the Gowanus Expressway Community Coalition, representing the communities of west Brooklyn. We assert that the New York State Department of Transportation is required by Federal law to perform an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) for the planned reconstructions of the following contiguous portions, and feeder highway, of Interstate 278 in Brooklyn NY:

- the Gowanus Expressway (which is the part of Interstate 278 running between the Verrazano-Narrows Bridge and the Brooklyn-Battery Tunnel);

- the Atlantic Avenue Overpass portion of the Brooklyn-Queens Expressway (which is the part of Interstate 278 running over Atlantic Avenue);

- the Cantilevered Structure portion of the Brooklyn-Queens Expressway (which is the part of Interstate 278 running from immediately north of the Atlantic Avenue Overpass to the Cadman Plaza exit of the Brooklyn-Queens Expressway); and

- the Prospect Expressway, which is a two mile east and west bound extension of the Gowanus Expressway.

The Gowanus Expressway reconstruction is the largest single of these actions, and the Federal Highway Administration will be providing significant funding for it. We refer to 23 CFR 771.109(a)(1): "The provisions of this regulation and the CEQ regulation apply to actions where the Administration exercises significant control to condition...project approval." Thus, 23 CFR 771.115(a) is applicable: "*Class I (EISs)*. Actions that significantly affect the environment require an EIS (40 CFR 1508.27)." All of these projects will, singly and jointly, significantly impact on the local and regional environment, as defined in 40 CFR 1508.27. In particular, we call attention to the following sections of 40 CFR 1508.27:

(b)2: "The degree to which the proposed action affects the public health or safety";

(b)4: The degree to which the effects on the quality of the human environment are likely to be highly controversial";

(b)5: The degree to which the possible effects on the human environment are highly uncertain or involve unique or unknown risks";

(b)7: "Whether the action is related to other actions with individually insignificant but cumulatively significant impacts. Significance exists if it is reasonable to anticipate a cumulatively significant impact on the environment. Significance cannot be avoided by terming an action temporary or by breaking it down into small component parts";

(b)8: The degree to which the action may adversely affect districts, sites, highways, structures, or objects listed in or eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places or may cause loss or destruction of significant scientific, cultural, or historical resources"; and

(b)10: Whether the action threatens a violation of Federal, State, or local law or requirements imposed for the protection of the environment".

The inclusion of 40 CFR 1508.27(b)(10) refers to the addition of a lane to the Prospect Expressway, which will create additional traffic capacity, and thus runs counter to the Clean Air Act.

We also hold that all of these highway reconstructions must be considered in the same EIS, as we view them as actions which are connected, cumulative and similar, as defined in 40 CFR 1508.25(a)(1), (a)(2), and (a)(3), respectively. An EIS will enable the affected communities, through the scoping process, to make a detailed presentation of the impacts facing us, which must be considered by an EIS.

In closing, we wish to point out that an EIS is being performed for the reconstruction of the Kosciuszko Bridge, which is part of IS 278, linking Brooklyn and Queens.

Thank you for your time and attention to this matter. The Gowanus Expressway Community Coalition can be reached at the address and telephone number above. We look forward to your response to this communication.

Sincerely yours,



Ben Meskin
Coordinator
Gowanus Expressway Community Coalition

cc. M. Michael Francese, New York City Regional Director, NYS Dep't. of Transportation
Commissioner, NYS Dep't. of Transportation
Elected Officials
Coalition Members and Observer Groups

May 11, 1993

The Honorable George Mitchell
Senate Majority Leader
United States Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Senator Mitchell:

On behalf President Clinton and Vice President Gore, I would like to express my deep gratitude for your assistance in passing the EPA Cabinet level bill. Your help was absolutely essential, and we are most appreciative of your efforts.

I look forward to working with you as we move forward on a wide range of environmental issues. Please call on me whenever I can be of assistance.

Again, thank you for your help in this regard.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, Office on
Environmental Policy

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 10, 1993

Ms. Jessica Matthews
World Resources Institute
1709 New York Avenue, N.W.
Suite 700
Washington, D.C. 20006

Dear Ms. Matthews,

Congratulations on your appointment
as Deputy Under-Secretary of State for
Global Affairs!

I am sure that you will do a terrific
job with all of your new responsibilities.
I can't think of a better person for the
job!

Things are extremely hectic, as
usual. I hope all is well with you.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

*I'm thrilled to have
you on board! Look forward
to working with you.*

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 12, 1993

Ms. Barbara Moran
Creator/Editor, Special Species
P.O. Box 2249
Alpine, CA 91903

Dear Ms. Moran:

Thank you for the note and kind words of support. It was good to hear from you.

I appreciated the opportunity to meet with you and to learn about your work in protecting our environment.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me. Let me know of your future initiatives.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

MS. B
Barbara Moran
Writer/Consultant
(619) 445-9687

P.O.B. 2249
Alpine, CA 91903

or

P.O.B. 3356
Half Moon Bay, CA 94019

March 31, 1993

Dear Ms. McGinty:

Many thanks for your kind attention to our kids during their recent trip to Washington D.C.. We really appreciate you spending so much time listening to the children and sharing information about the Vice-President's goals for the environment.

Your interest in the views of children reflects kindly on your humanity and record of service.

Please tell our fellow environmental writer, Vice-President Gore, that we are proud of him and of you. The experience has changed the lives of our kids for the better. For me, it was enlightening and most rewarding. Our hope for 1995 is to team kids and scientists throughout California with one another and put out a statewide "Special Species" edition -- the first of its kind in the nation. Thanks so much for demonstrating your appreciation for the children's efforts.

Sincere gratitude,

Barbara Moran

Barbara "Ms. B" Moran
Creator/Editor -- Special Species

P.S. Thank you also for distributing the materials local Vietnam veterans asked me to pass along to Mr. Gore. It is awfully nice to have a Vice-President who really cares about veterans, kids and the environment.

encl: copy of Special Species book
article re: Washington D.C. visit

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 10, 1993

Mr. Edward H. Mann
Administrative Director
The Honorable Christopher Dodd
United States Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

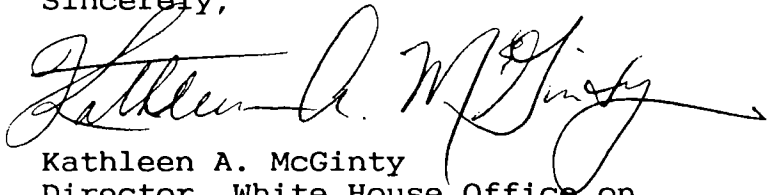
Dear Mr. Mann:

Thank you for contacting me regarding Mr. Harry L. Colley, II's work in developing a biodegradable cleaning agent.

As you know, I share the President's commitment to the preservation of our environment. I appreciate learning of Mr. Colley's efforts as President of Cloverdale, Inc. In his Earth Day Address, President Clinton announced his intention to perform an environmental and energy efficiency upgrade of the White House. Be assured that we will keep Mr. Colley's information in mind as we work toward the goal of an environmentally sound White House.

Again, thank you for sharing this information with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty", with a long, sweeping horizontal line extending to the right.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, DC 20510-0702

March 30, 1993

Ms. Kathleen McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
and Director of the White House
Office on Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building
Room 358
Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty:

Mr. Harry L. Colley, II, President of Cloverdale, Inc. of West Cornwall, Connecticut, has recently sent to Senator Dodd a copy of his February 12, 1993 letter to you (copy enclosed). The Senator wishes to respond to Mr. Colley's inquiry in a full and appropriate manner, and he has asked that I raise the matter with your office.

Thank you, in advance, for whatever consideration you can give to the request of the Senator's constituent.

Kind regards.

Sincerely,



Edward H. Mann
Administrative Director
CHRISTOPHER J. DODD
United States Senator

Enclosures
in reply: Connecticut Office

1 of 7 pages

CLOVERDALE
INCORPORATED

22 March 93

ATTN: Ed Mann

FAX 260 -3520

This is the information and letter that was sent to the Office of Environmental Development along with samples.

The information was also faxed to Dean McCauley who is in charge of maintenance at the White House. His telephone number is (202) 456-2348, the fax is (202) 395-4546.

Cloverdale is also being listed by the Connecticut D.E.P. as one of our states environmental companies.

Thank you for your help,

Harry R. Colley II
President.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 26, 1993

The Honorable Frank H. Murkowski
United States Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

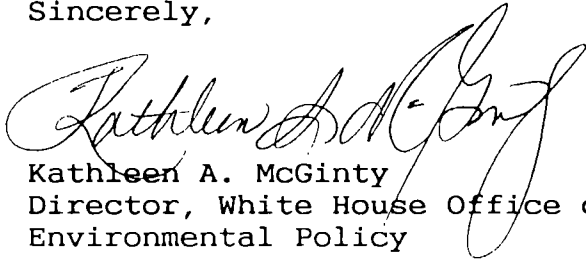
Dear Senator Murkowski:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the Arctic Research and Policy Act. It was good to hear from you, and I apologize for the delay in my response.

As you know, I share the President's commitment to the preservation of the global environment. I appreciate hearing your thoughts on the funding and staffing disparities between Arctic and Antarctic research. I agree with you that the recent revelations about dangerous pollution in the Russian Arctic are distressing. Under the auspices of the National Security Council, the Administration is conducting a broad review of international environmental policy. The Arctic is one focus of this review. We anticipate completing this review within the next few weeks. At that time, we would be happy to share our findings with your staff.

Again thank you for sharing your concerns with me. I look forward to working with you on this matter in the future.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

FRANK H. MURKOWSKI
ALASKA

COMMITTEES:

SELECT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE (VICE CHAIRMAN)
ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES
FOREIGN RELATIONS
VETERANS' AFFAIRS
SELECT COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS

United States Senate
WASHINGTON, DC 20510-0202
(202) 224-6665

222 WEST 7TH AVENUE, BOX 1
ANCHORAGE, AK 99513-7570
(907) 271-3735

101 12TH AVENUE, BOX 7
FAIRBANKS, AK 99701-6278
(907) 456-0233

P.O. Box 21647
JUNEAU, AK 99802-1647
(907) 586-7400

130 TRADING BAY ROAD, SUITE 350
KENAI, AK 99611-7716
(907) 283-5808

109 MAIN STREET
KETCHIKAN, AK 99901-6489
(907) 225-6880

March 18, 1993

The Honorable Katie McGinty
Special Assistant to the President
for the Environment
Office of the Vice President
Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty:

I understand a comprehensive executive branch review of international environmental policy is now underway which includes Arctic and Antarctic issues, and that you are a key participant in that process. As you undertake this review along with your other responsibilities, I would like to share some thoughts on the Arctic's importance from the standpoint of global environment and other national interests. As the author of the Arctic Research and Policy Act of 1984 and a Senator representing Alaska and U.S. Arctic residents, I have a long-standing interest in these issues.

The United States has compelling environmental interests in the Arctic. From your own professional background, you know the importance of the polar regions in the understanding of global climate change. You are also probably aware of the recent disturbing revelations of Russian nuclear and other environmentally destructive activities that place the Arctic environment at risk: Soviet nuclear waste, including fueled power reactors, have been dumped at sea. Accident-prone nuclear power plants continue to operate in the Former Soviet Union. Industrial activities are undertaken in Eastern Europe and the Former Soviet Union with absolutely no regard for environmental consequences. All of these activities may have a significant impact on the Arctic environment, with possible implications for the global environment as well.

Our national interests in the Arctic, of course, are not confined to the environment. The Arctic is a storehouse of vast national wealth ranging from energy to fisheries resources. It is our common border with the Former Soviet Union -- formerly our adversary and now the most important emerging democracy in the world. It is home to indigenous peoples whose subsistence lifestyle depends on a healthy Arctic ecosystem.

In spite of these compelling national interests, our scientific knowledge of the Arctic Ocean and adjacent lands is limited. As a nation, we have not undertaken the

The Honorable Katie McGinty
March 18, 1993
Page 2

kind of rigorous, sustained Arctic research program that is in line with our national interests and responsibilities.

Congress attempted to address these shortcomings with the passage of the Arctic Research and Policy Act of 1984 (ARPA). ARPA sought to provide mechanisms for coordination among federal agencies. While there have been some breakthroughs, key sections of ARPA have not been adequately implemented.

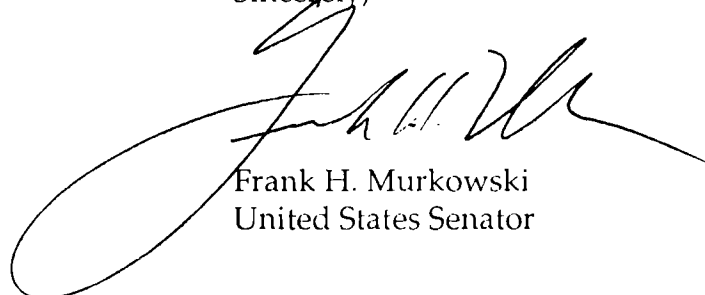
For example, ARPA designated the National Science Foundation (NSF) as the lead agency for Arctic Research. Yet, when you compare NSF's Arctic and Antarctic programs, you get a good sense of what we are doing wrong. I understand that NSF has an Antarctic program staff of 27. The Arctic staff, on the other hand, is composed of two very overworked individuals. The Federal coordinating mechanism established by ARPA, the Interagency Arctic Research Policy Committee (IARPC), has met an average of only once per year. The NSF's Arctic program costs about \$35 million annually, while its Antarctic program activities approach \$200 million. Even when you add the Arctic research undertaken by all other Federal agencies, we still spend significantly more in the Antarctic than we do in the Arctic. We have no residents in the Antarctic. We own no resources in the Antarctic. We do have important scientific equities in the Antarctic, but none more important than those we have in the Arctic. I can find no reason for the disparity of funding and attention.

As you continue the review of international environmental programs, I would urge you to consider the importance of the full and rigorous implementation of ARPA. Should you determine that there are improvements to the Act that should be considered by Congress, I would be pleased to work with the Clinton Administration on strengthening amendments to the Act.

For your information and review, I am also enclosing a letter I recently sent to Secretary Christopher on an exciting opportunity for scientific collaboration with the Russians focused on Arctic environmental protection.

Thank you for your consideration of these thoughts. My staff and I will look forward to working with you on these issues.

Sincerely,

A large, stylized handwritten signature in black ink, likely belonging to Frank H. Murkowski. The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large loop at the bottom left and a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.

Frank H. Murkowski
United States Senator

Enclosure

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 24, 1993

Mr. Chris Martin
501 C.R. 506
Bayfield, CO 81122

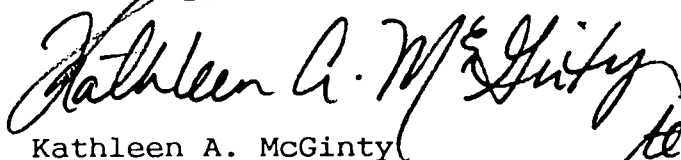
Dear Mr. Martin:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the Animal Damage Control Act. I apologize for the delay in my response.

We are in the process of reviewing our policy with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of the Interior on this very important matter. I agree that further study of the options involved is necessary for an informed and balanced decision to be made. Be assured that we will give every consideration to your concerns as we look at this issue.

Again, thank you for letting me hear from you.

Sincerely,


Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

501 C.R. 506
Bayfield, Colorado 81122
March 11, 1993

Kathleen McGinty
White House Office on Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Bldg. Room 358
Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty,

CUT SPENDING FIRST!

There is one particular program that we feel is not only obsolete, but indefensible in today's world. The Animal Damage Control program is a part of the Department of Agriculture, and received nearly \$40 million dollars of federal money last year to "control predators". We also are taxed at the county level for this program, thereby being taxed twice for the same thing. The ADC program benefits less than 1% of the population.

The private sector can handle this in the areas where there might be a problem. The majority of states do not use the ADC, and taxpayers should not be expected to pay for this very controversial program with such an irresponsible purpose.

This money, already allocated to the Department of Agriculture, could better be used to revise and update their meat inspection practices. This is an area of national concern right now, and changes must be made. We feel that the entire population would be better served at no additional cost.

Thank you for your time and consideration.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Chris Martin".

Chris Martin

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 24, 1993

Dr. Jim Malusa
Research Associate
The University of Arizona
Department of Ecology &
Evolutionary Biology
Tuscon, AZ 85721

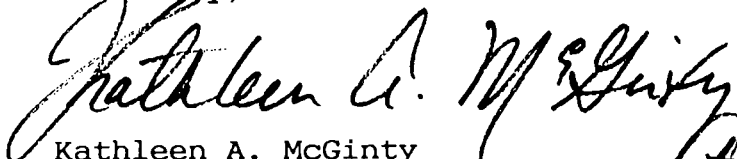
Dear Dr. Masula:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the Animal Damage Control Act. I apologize for the delay in my response.

We are in the process of reviewing our policy with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of the Interior on this very important matter. I agree that further study of the options involved is necessary for an informed and balanced decision to be made. Be assured that we will give every consideration to your concerns as we look at this issue.

Again, thank you for letting me hear from you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" being the most prominent part.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

College of Arts and Sciences
Faculty of Science
Department of Ecology & Evolutionary Biology

THE UNIVERSITY OF
ARIZONA
TUCSON ARIZONA

Tucson, Arizona 85721
FAX: (602) 621-9190

Kathleen McGinity
White House Office on Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building, Room 358
Washington, D.C., 20501

Dear Ms. McGinity:

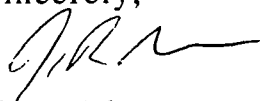
19 May 1993

This letter is express my opposition to the current policy and practice of Animal Damage Control (ADC), a branch of the Dept. of Agriculture.

I'm a Research Associate in the Department of Ecology and Evolutionary Biology at the University of Arizona. Although my research has little to do with "predator" control (I'm a plant ecologist), simply being a field biologist has given me a good view of the past decade of ADC work in Arizona. In a nutshell, I believe that the ADC is a poor investment of our money, a misdirected effort to help ranchers and farmers through the elimination - at whatever cost - of their "predators." I have nothing against subsidies *per se*, but there should be some tangible benefits for the taxpayers. In the case of the ADC, we lose our wildlife on public lands.

Naturally, I take the greatest offense to the killing of the very animals that our land needs (at least from a biologist's perspective): the mountain lions and bears. Ranchers and the ADC eliminated the grizzly and the wolf from Arizona; hence, I tend not to trust their promise to reform their "takings." The ADC should, I believe, be reviewed by someone *outside* the Dept. of Agriculture.

Sincerely,



Jim Malusa
Research Associate

c.c.: Bruce Babbitt; Dale Bumpers; Dennis Deconcini

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 24, 1993

Ms. Joan Mutchler
740-2 East North Lane
Phoenix, AZ 85020

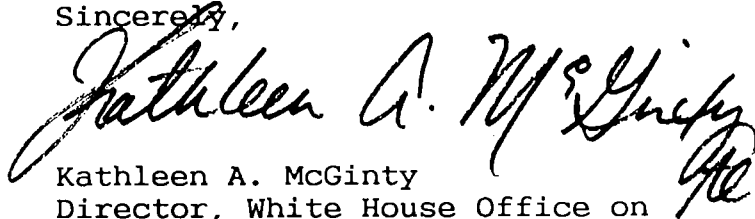
Dear Ms. Mutchler:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the Animal Damage Control Act. I apologize for the delay in my response.

We are in the process of reviewing our policy with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of the Interior on this very important matter. I agree that further study of the options involved is necessary for an informed and balanced decision to be made. Be assured that we will give every consideration to your concerns as we look at this issue.

Again, thank you for letting me hear from you.

Sincerely,


Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

April 6, 1993

Ms. Kathleen McGinty
White House Office on Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Bldg., Room 358
Washington, D.C. 20501

RE: Elimination of Wasteful Federal Programs -- Animal Damage Control

Dear Ms. McGinty:

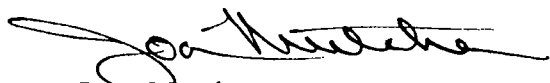
I demand an end to an outdated tax-supported federal war on wildlife known as the Animal Damage Control (ADC) program.

The ADC exists as a blatant subsidy to the livestock industry and taxpayers should not be expected to provide a zero-risk business environment for anyone. What we have here are private interests being served before public interests.

The ADC predator control program is neither cost-effective nor biologically sound. In 1992 the ADC spent over 45 million taxpayer dollars to kill wildlife on public lands and to develop poisons and control techniques for wild animals. Most of these techniques are indiscriminate and place threatened and endangered species in jeopardy. At the same time, the government spends millions to kill predators, it also funds multi-million dollar programs to protect and reintroduce endangered species. The killing methods of ADC are indiscriminate and inhumane and in fiscal 1992 took over 109,000 predatory mammals and more than 1,500,000 birds. What terrible guardians we are of our precious wildlife.

I want the government to protect our natural heritage and let the ranchers be responsible for protecting their own livestock and doing so with non-lethal techniques.

Sincerely,



Joan Mutchler
740-2 E. North Lane
Phoenix, AZ 85020

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 24, 1993

Ms. Susan L. Marsh
P.O. Box 2115
Jackson, WY 83001

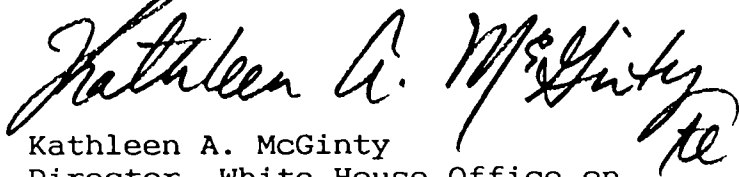
Dear Ms. Marsh:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the Animal Damage Control Act. I apologize for the delay in my response.

We are in the process of reviewing our policy with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of the Interior on this very important matter. I agree that further study of the options involved is necessary for an informed and balanced decision to be made. Be assured that we will give every consideration to your concerns as we look at this issue.

Again, thank you for letting me hear from you.

Sincerely,


Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Susan Marsh
P.O. Box 2115
Jackson, WY
83001
April 22, 1993

Kathleen McGinty
White House Office on Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building Room 358
Washington, D.C. 20501

I'm writing to express my disapproval of having my tax dollar spent for animal damage control on public lands. I don't mind paying taxes, even more of them, if my money is well spent, but this is a case where I believe it is being wasted for an activity that I consider morally outrageous and fiscally unsound. Ranchers are allowed the privilege of grazing cattle and sheep on public land for minimal fees. As long as overgrazing and conflicts with other uses of the public lands don't occur, I can accept that. However, part of the reason the fees are so low is that stockmen cannot be guaranteed that they will suffer no loss of livestock due to natural causes (including predation).

Now add to the low fees the Animal Damage Control division of USDA that spends my tax money to kill wildlife on the public land, to benefit a few at great cost. We would be money ahead to simply pay each rancher \$100 for each sheep killed by coyotes. The methods used for predator control have yet to be proved effective, but they are certainly effective at reducing my chance to enjoy the public land. My husband and I hike in the backcountry where grazing allotments occur, and we do not want to worry about our dog encountering a poisoned carcass or a trigger-loaded cyanide gun. Nor do I think it prudent to allow the indiscriminate killing of wildlife, predator or not. If a herder finds a coyote in his sheep, I can understand him shooting it. But to allow tax-subsidized poisoning and aerial shooting to take place at random on national forests is an outrage. I urge you to look into alternatives. Non-lethal methods of predator control and acceptance of some risk for the privilege of using public lands for private commercial use must take higher priority than spending huge sums of tax money to kill wildlife. If the public lands are ever going to be managed to consider their ecological importance, eliminating predator control is a big first step. I do not advocate removing all livestock from public lands. I do advocate managing grazing on public lands in a way that is consistent with ecological principles and reverence for the earth and its wildlife.


Susan L. Marsh

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 24, 1993

Mr. Russ Moritz
Kaniksu Bioregional Council
900 Upper Gold Creek
Sandpoint, Idaho 83864

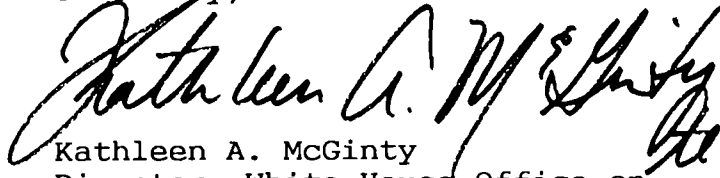
Dear Mr. Moritz:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the Animal Damage Control Act. I apologize for the delay in my response.

We are in the process of reviewing our policy with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of the Interior on this very important matter. I agree that further study of the options involved is necessary for an informed and balanced decision to be made. Be assured that we will give every consideration to your concerns as we look at this issue.

Again, thank you for letting me hear from you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" being the most prominent part.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

20 March 93
900 Upper Gold Creek
Sandpoint, Idaho 83864

White House Office on Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building
Room 358
Washington, D.C. 20501
Attn: Kathleen McGinty

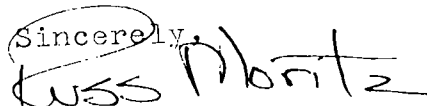
Dear Ms. McGinty:

Bill Clinton's economic plan seems intent on cutting scores of inefficient, tax-wasting subsidies to farming, timber, mining, and grazing interests. The current Animal Damage Control(ADC) Program certainly deserves to be included in these long overdue cuts.

Not only is the ADC an undisguised subsidy to the livestock industry, it also lacks cost-effectiveness and a sound ecological basis. It involves the federal government in funding millions to destroy wildlife, and millions more in programs to protect and restore some of those same diminished, threatened, and endangered species. And the inhumane methods employed to slaughter tens of thousands of animals each year has succeeded in arousing the public's distaste and increasing scrutiny.

Life doesn't operate in a zero-risk environment. Many businesses experience losses in our free enterprise system. It should not be the function of government to underwrite these losses with public dollars.

I join with the Wildlife Damage Review, the Sierra Club, the Audubon Society, and thousands of concerned citizens in encouraging the earliest demise of the ADC for both economic and moral reasons. I hope you agree and will lend your support to this end.

Sincerely,


Russ Moritz
Kaniksu Bioregional Council

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 24, 1993

Dr. Mona Morstein
Great Falls Holistic
Health Clinic
518 9th Street South
Great Falls, Montana 59405

Dear Dr. Morstein:

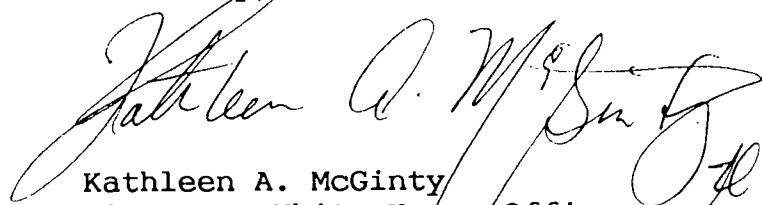
On behalf of President Clinton and Vice President Gore, I would like to thank you for contacting me with your concerns about the Forest Management Plan.

The President and I believe that the Forest Conference held in Portland on April 2 was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the the Pacific Northwest. At the conclusion of the conference, President Clinton directed his Cabinet to develop a Forest Management Plan within 60 days.

As you may know, three working groups have been established to work on developing this plan. The first group, working on ecosystem management assessment, is exploring management alternatives that attain the greatest economic and social contribution from the forests of the region and meet the requirements of applicable laws and regulations. Working Group II, focusing on labor and community assistance, will develop an economic plan to address not just temporary efforts but long-term economic development and diversification. The last working group will work to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

I certainly appreciate learning of your continued interest in this arena as we work toward the resolution of this very important matter. Again, thank you for sharing your views with me.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



"Health and Happiness, of Course"

DR. MONA MORSTEIN, N.D.
Great Falls Holistic Health Clinic
518 9th Street South
Great Falls, Montana 59405
(406) 727-6680

President Bill Clinton
Attn: Kathleen McGinty, Director of the Office on Environmental Policy
Room 358
Old Executive Office Building
17th St. and Pennsylvania Ave. NW
Washington, DC 20501

5/12/93

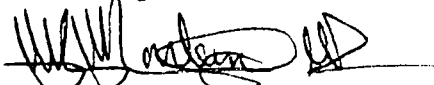
Dear President Clinton and Ms/Miss/Mrs. McGinty,

I am writing this letter to thank you for your concern and commitment to fully and finally addressing the situation with the old growth forests in the Pacific Northwest. I understand that your administration is putting together an ancient forest plan, which I think is terrific. Please have it include the following: the saving of all the remaining ancient forests in the Pacific Northwest, as well as a clear zone of protection for the forests east of the Cascade mountains as well (very important to save fish species and the 60,00 jobs that go with a healthy fish population); setting strict standards that will be enforced for the adherence of all environmental laws and court orders (I'm sure you're aware that over the years, environmental laws were suspended to maintain logging); and the reduce the exportation of raw logs, that cost Americans so many jobs if the logs were milled in the US instead.

I may be stupid, but I can't really understand why the timber industry wants to maintain a plan of clear-cutting to keep jobs when that clear-cutting will soon wipe out all the trees anyway, and then there will be no jobs (or trees). Especially when so many others make there living because the trees are there to begin with. Clear-cutting must stop.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,



Mona Morstein, ND

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 24, 1993

Mr. John Mahoney
203 West 90th Street
Apartment 5D
New York, NY 10024

Dear Mr. Mahoney:

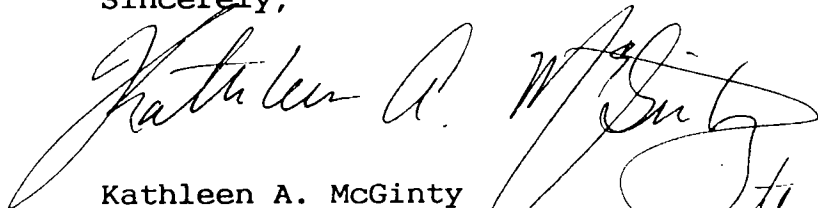
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I certainly appreciate learning of your continued interest in this arena as we work toward the resolution of this very important matter. Again, thank you for sharing your views with me.

Sincerely,

A large, stylized handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Kathleen A. McGinty', is written over the typed name and title.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

203 West 90th Street Apt 5D
New York, NY 10024
May 12, 1993

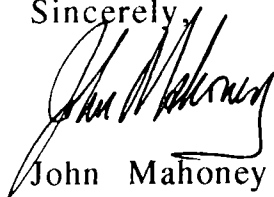
Dear Ms. McGinty:

I am writing so that you would thank President Clinton for his efforts to find a solution to the situation in the Pacific Northwest regarding the ancient forests. Although I realize that some of the workers in these areas would prefer to continue to log these forests to protect their jobs, I feel that the President should continue to display his leadership by pointing out the dangers and shortsightedness of this approach of environmental misuse.

Strict adherence to all environmental laws and court orders is imperative to protect many already endangered species. We should try to retrain the affected workers so that they can earn a decent living by constructive means rather than further destroying our already damaged ecosystem.

I support a total ban on clearcutting, as well as on construction of new logging roads in old growth forests throughout the country, and feel that the lumber companies should pay a fair price if they are harvesting trees on National Forest land.

Sincerely,



John Mahoney

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 24, 1993

Mr. Jim Marty
P.O. Box 859
Quincy, CA 95971

Dear Mr. Marty:

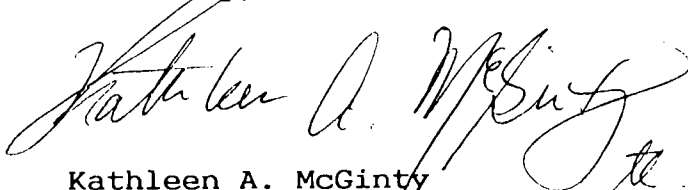
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I certainly appreciate learning of your continued interest in this arena as we work toward the resolution of this very important matter. Again, thank you for sharing your views with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized "M" and "G".

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

May 14, 1993

Ms. Kathleen McGinty
Office of Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building, Rm 358
Washington, D.C. 20501

Re: Forest Summit

Dear Kathleen,

I'm writing you today on the Forest Summit held back in April in Portland with hopes that you recommend practical and people-oriented actions which might alleviate or end the controversy over the management of our public forests in the western U.S.

I think it was a great idea to call together representatives of all the involved people, communities, states, companies, and interested groups for the Forest Summit. The conference focused the nation's attention on the status of our nation's forestlands out here in the west and their complex management problems. Hopefully, the Forest Summit will provided you and others with a lot of useful input for developing some short-term and long-term solutions to the continuing forest management dilemma and stalemate which has been occurring intensely for the last 10-15 years. During these years, we have seen many heated debates, threats of lawsuits, lawsuits, court injunctions, etc. over how our nation's western forests should be managed. The result has been a refocusing of how we manage our public forests. Although some of the practices included in this new approach are more environmentally sound, other practices can only be considered to be an over-reaction to political pressure. These politically-biased practices have caused a lot of pain and suffering to people and the communities who depend on these forests for their livelihood, especially when such changes were rather abrupt and widespread. This was particularly troublesome when such changes were more politically motivated and scientifically unnecessary, ie. the listing of the Northern Spotted Owl as a threatened species in Northern California where the owl has been found thriving. It is also evident that some interest groups are intent in totally locking-up (or severely restricting) our nation's public forestlands and have little or no regard for the welfare of those communities which depend upon those forests for their survival! Now, I believe it is time to put people and communities (community stability) back into the equation.

Our nation's survival and success today as well as in the future depends upon how we as a nation manage and utilize the potential of our natural resources. America's forestlands provide a multitude of benefits to its people, its communities, and to the nation itself, and we can not afford to continue to lock everything up. I think we, as a nation, need to emphasize the wise-use of our nation's forests in an environmentally sound manner, and we need to implement the following measures (not necessarily in order of importance:)

1. We need to remind ourselves that "we need wood and wood comes from trees which are a renewable resource". Most of us have forgotten how much we depend upon wood products everyday and where they come from. I'm not saying that all our public forests should become tree

farms and that other forest benefits should be precluded but it does recognize the importance of wood and of a long-term continuous timber supply (sustainable forestry). Everybody (including Legislators) needs to realize that harvesting trees is not bad as long as its done in environmentally sound way, and it provides many benefits we need. The timber shortage resulting from over-regulation has also led to higher wood product costs which in turn adversely affect the economy. In addition, restricting our nation's timber supply causes added environmental costs resulting from both the use of substitute materials (ie., plastic, aluminum, steel or brick), as well as from importing our wood product needs from other countries using less enlightened forest management practices than the U.S. (see attached article). In essence, we can not afford to lock-up more public forest acres for preservation. Remember, we still have many National Parks and Wilderness Areas which are managed for preservation.

2. Modify the "Endangered Species Act" (ESA) to consider the economic impacts to communities and states (community stability). For example, the economic impacts resulting from the protection of the spotted owl are just too widespread and too great to justify locking-up vast amounts of forestland from logging. There needs to be a balance! In addition, before restrictions are developed all the facts must be looked at. For example, although spotted owls might prefer old growth forests, many spotted owls have been found living and reproducing successfully in second growth forests. For some reason these facts seemed to have been ignored in the development of restrictive timber harvesting regulations. In California, over-reaction to the status of both the northern and the California spotted owl has led to excessive restrictions in forest management by the Fish & Wildlife Service and the U.S. Forest Service, and is causing severe economic impacts on many people and communities as well as the state itself. These severe economic impacts will continue until this crisis is resolved and similar "Endangered Species" situations are avoided via legislation modifying the ESA. It is very apparent that many environmental groups will continue to abuse the ESA to stop timber harvesting on public forests until some changes are made. Modifying the ESA would also allow the Forest Service and BLM to move away from the current "single species" approach forced on them by lawsuits and the courts, and get back to a multiple use management plan where everybody benefits. There needs to be a balance!
3. Legislation needs to be developed in Congress which would restrict the use of appeals and lawsuits to limit or stop forest management activities under approved land management plan (LMP's). In addition, the entire land

Forest Summit, con't.

Page 3

management planning process and project planning process needs to be simplified. Presently, these complicated and complex planning processes can be easily challenged in court on the slightest discrepancies. This reduction in complexity could also result in less paperwork and office work, and more time spent out in the forest working on actual resource needs or problems. This legislative relief based on environmentally-sound guidelines and laws, land management plans, and community stability needs resulting in a sustainable timber supply level. Hopefully such legislation would curtail forest management by the courts and bring stability to the timber supply.

4. Require that Congress fully fund the U.S. Forest Service and BLM for managing the nation's public forestlands at a level which would produce forest resource benefits at sustainable quantities required for community stability without environmental degradation. If budget reductions require subsequent work force reductions, then require the work force cuts at the upper and middle management levels in Washington and the Regional Centers and not at the field level where most of the valuable resource work gets done. Recent work-force cutbacks and planned cutbacks in the Forest Service's California Region indicate that more work-force reductions are occurring at the field level than elsewhere. Is the Forest Service using the budget crisis as a further excuse to not meet its local and national resource obligations. I think is a definite planned strategy to avoid their established goals, but it is also call mis-management. As a taxpayer, I want more efficient and practical resource management of our national forests, so not only it maintains or create our national job base using environmentally sound-scientific practices but, also means more money to the treasury and less taxes I have to pay. In addition, it would help to decentralize the Forest Service and the BLM a little more making them less bureaucratic and more efficient managers.
5. Allow for more local county input in the decision making process for major resource decisions. This would make community stability a more critical issue in the management of our public forests.

Thank you for this opportunity to express my views on this very important matter involving the future management of our public forests located in the Western U.S. By the way, my views have evolved over the years from being a concerned citizen who happens to be a forester.

Sincerely,


Jim Marty

P.O. Box 850

Quincy, CA 95971

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 24, 1993

Mr. Andrew W. Miller
Vice President, Stimson Lumber Company
520 Southwest Yamhill Street, Suite 308
Portland, OR 97204

Dear Mr. Miller:

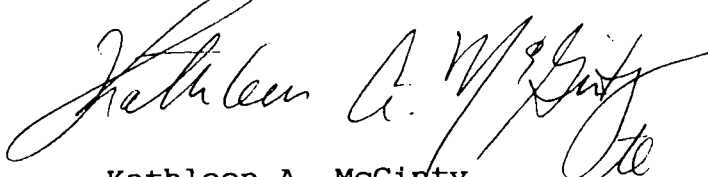
On behalf of President Clinton and Vice President Gore, I would like to thank you for contacting me with your concerns about the Forest Management Plan.

The President and I believe that the Forest Conference held in Portland on April 2 was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the the Pacific Northwest. At the conclusion of the conference, President Clinton directed his Cabinet to develop a Forest Management Plan within 60 days.

As you may know, three working groups have been established to work on developing this plan. The first group, working on ecosystem management assessment, is exploring management alternatives that attain the greatest economic and social contribution from the forests of the region and meet the requirements of applicable laws and regulations. Working Group II, focusing on labor and community assistance, will develop an economic plan to address not just temporary efforts but long-term economic development and diversification. The last working group will work to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

I certainly appreciate learning of your continued interest in this arena as we work toward the resolution of this very important matter. Again, thank you for sharing your views with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'Kathleen A. McGinty', with a stylized flourish at the end.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



Executive Offices / 520 Southwest Yamhill Street / Suite 308 / Portland Oregon 97204

May 14, 1993

The Honorable Bruce Babbitt
Secretary of the Interior
U.S. Department of the Interior
1849 C St.
Washington, DC 20240

Dear Secretary Babbitt:

I am writing to request your consideration of the devastating impacts that the Endangered Species Act, and Spotted Owl Guidelines in particular, are having on private timberland as you develop solutions to our Northwest forest crisis.

The future of my company, Stimson Lumber Co, the jobs of its 750 employees, and its six generation commitment to long-term forest management are at stake. Federal policies are steadily undermining Stimson; the type of forward thinking forest products company that President Clinton spoke about encouraging of the Forest Conference.

My company has resisted many opportunities to "cut and run" in the past. Favoring instead stable employment, capital investment, and sustainable timber harvests. Stimson's five mills rely primarily on company owned timber in Oregon and Northern California. Over 90% of Stimson's timber supply comes from private lands. My California sawmill is supplied 100% from Stimson's fee land.

My situation in California illustrates the negative consequences of the Spotted Owl Guidelines and ESA applications to private land.

Stimson owns 30,000 acres of timberland near Crescent City, California. This ownership has supported manufacturing facilities since 1964, and has the potential to continue to support them in perpetuity. Millions of dollars have been invested in these lands over the decades specifically to sustain manufacturing plants. These lands are among the most productive in the world.

Stimson's lands are surrounded on three sides by Redwood National Park, Redwood State Park, and Forest Service lands. The fourth side is the Pacific Ocean. Stimson has practiced ecologically sensitive forest management for many years, and will shortly complete an ecosystem management plan for the ownership that will

insure the continual existence of early, mid, and late seral stage timber habitats over a one hundred year planning horizon. This approach to timber management has resulted in extremely healthy Salmon and Steelhead populations (certified by the California Department of Fish & Game) in the major watercourses running through, and the continued existence of Northern Spotted Owls and Marbled Murrelets, on Stimson's land.

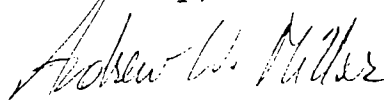
Unfortunately the impact of Owl Guidelines and the explicit threats of California state employees wielding the ESA, will prevent the continuation of sawmill operations and are forcing a reevaluation of the wisdom of Stimson's long-term timber management philosophies. Currently three owl activity centers on Federal lands and two centers on Stimson's land are preventing the harvest of twenty million feet of Old Growth timber worth over \$20 million on the stump. Furthermore, California Department of Fish and Game employees have threatened harvest restrictions based on the ESA on all of Stimson's ownership if it does not permanently set aside timber for "potential" Marbled Murrelet habitat. This is government sponsored blackmail.

Stimson's owners have chosen to indefinitely postpone investment in a new small log, sawmill at Crescent City because of highly uncertain access to their timber.

I sincerely hope that you and your colleagues will recommend to President Clinton that the Owl Guidelines on private land be rescinded, and that general habitat conservation plans on the part of private timberland owners will be strongly encouraged. If President Clinton truly believes in a viable forest products industry, then the Federal government must modify its regulations to support and protect long-term ecosystem forest management practices by companies such as Stimson.

Thank you for your consideration. I wish you and President Clinton the best in devising balanced forest management policies.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Andrew W. Miller".

Andrew W. Miller
Vice President

cc: Ms. Katie McGinty

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 17, 1993

Ms. Pat Massey
1016 S. Wayne Street
Arlington, VA 22204

Dear Pat:

Thank you so much for your note of congratulations and your kind words of support. I'm sorry it has taken so long for me to get back in touch, but my new duties have kept me busy.

I truly appreciate your thinking of me at this challenging time and hope all is well with you.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House
Office on Environmental
Policy

KAM/avl

*Thanks so much for
writing. Now that I'm just across
the street, I hope to drop in on
you!*

Jan. 25, 1993

Dear Katie,

I was thrilled to hear of your appointment as special assistant to the president for the environment. This will be a most exciting time in your life and a well deserved one. All your hard work has truly been worth it!

Wishing you much happiness and great success as you enter into a new chapter in your career.

Fondly,

Pat Massey

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 17, 1993

Dr. Juliet A. Marciano
9110 Ayrdale Crescent
Philadelphia, PA 19128

Dear Jul:

Thank you so much for your note of congratulations and your kind words of support. I'm sorry it has taken so long for me to get back in touch, but my new duties have kept me busy.

I truly appreciate your thinking of me at this challenging time and hope all is well with you.

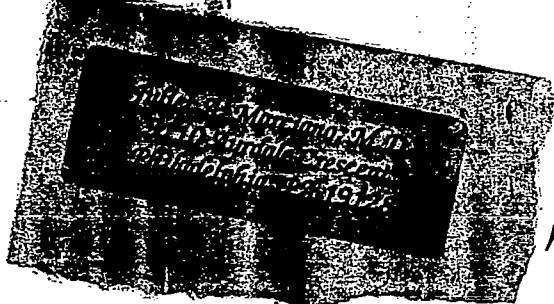
Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House
Office on Environmental
Policy

KAM/avl

*I would love to see you. Please
let me know if you're heading
this way. Hope you're doing your
practice. I know you're the best!*



It was great talking
to you! I'm sure last
week was an incredible
adrenaline high! Now reality
hits!

Good luck with your
new job. I know you'll
be great! I'm glad
that all your hard work
paid off. You certainly
deserve all the great
things that happen to
you.

Call sometime so I
can hear about the
McBinty clan!

Things happen
to those who get
off their butts
and go for it!

CONGRATS!

Love,

Ju/

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 17, 1993

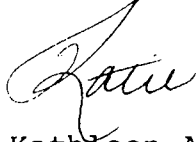
Ms. Beverly McKittrick
1001 N. Randolph Street #711
Arlington, VA 22201

Dear Beverly:

Thank you so much for your note of congratulations and your kind words of support. I'm sorry it has taken so long for me to get back in touch, but my new duties have kept me busy.

I truly appreciate your thinking of me at this challenging time and hope all is well with you.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House
Office on Environmental
Policy

KAM/avl

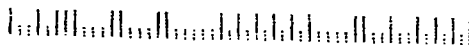
*Hope all is well. Thanks
so much for thinking of me.*

B. McKittick
1001 N. Randolph St. #711
Arlington, VA 22201



Mrs. Katie McGinty
14 Fifth St. NE
Washington, DC

20002



January 26

My dear Katie,

I just wanted to congratulate
you on your new position in
the White House! I hope you're
enjoying it so far - it's got to be
exciting!

Take care - good luck - and again,
congratulations.

Fondly, Beryl

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 17, 1993

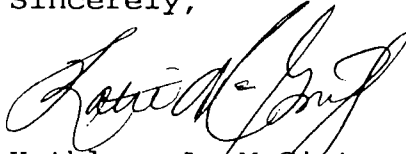
Ms. Rosemarie Maribello
2946 Joey Drive
Philadelphia, PA 19136

Dear Rosemarie:

Thank you so much for your note of congratulations and your kind words of support. I'm sorry it has taken so long for me to get back in touch, but my new duties have kept me busy.

I truly appreciate your thinking of me at this challenging time and hope all is well with you.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House
Office on Environmental
Policy

KAM/avl

*It's nice to have such
great friends from St. Huberts!!*

Maribello

2946 Jacy Dr.
Phila PA 19136



Ms Kathleen McGinty
358 Old Executive Plc Bldg
Washington, DC 20501

Dear Ms McGinty:

Congratulations on your new position as the President's special assistant for environmental and energy affairs. As a lifetime resident of NE Phila, a graduate of St. Hubert's and a 15-year veteran of the Region III Office of the Environmental Protection Agency, I am especially endeared to your accomplishments.

Best of luck; if you ever need help at the grass roots level in this area, please contact me.

Sincerely,
Rosemarie Maribello

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 26, 1993

Mr. James Murtaugh
Program Manager
Liz Claiborne/Art Ortenberg
Foundation
650 5th Avenue
New York, NY 10019

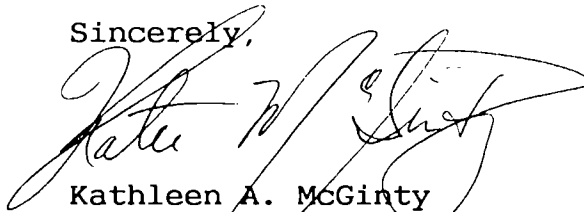
Dear Mr. Murtaugh:

Thank you for your note and the report you enclosed regarding an analysis of Montana's economy. It was good to hear from you, and I apologize for the delay in my response.

As you know, I share the President's and Vice President's commitment to the preservation of our natural heritage. I certainly appreciate receiving your work in compiling and integrating data on the current perception of the economy of Montana. I am sure that your efforts will prove beneficial to citizens and policy makers as important natural resource issues are addressed in that state.

Again, thank you for sharing this information with me.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



LIZ CLAIBORNE
ART ORTENBERG
FOUNDATION

MS. KATIE MCGINTY

Old Executive Office Building
3rd Floor -- Room 358
17th Street & Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Ms. McGinty:

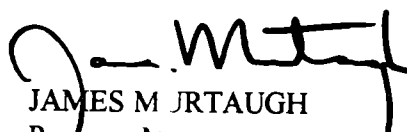
Please accept the enclosed report with the compliments of the Liz Claiborne and Art Ortenberg Foundation.

The report, which was commissioned by the Foundation, includes an analysis of Montana's economy based on standardized data compiled by the U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis. The economic analysis is combined with the results of a statewide telephone survey and four focus group interviews in which participants were asked to describe their own recent experience and to give their thoughts and opinions about the state's economy.

The Foundation undertook this project in the hope that the resulting information and analysis would be of some value to the people of Montana and to their political leaders.

If you have any questions, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,


JAMES M. JR. TAUGH
Program Manager

24 March 1993

Enclosure

212-333-2536/3888

650 5TH AVENUE

NEW YORK 10019

212-336-3531 (FAX)

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 28, 1993

Mr. Daniel N. Martinez
05 Calle Cielo Azul
Peralta, NM 87042

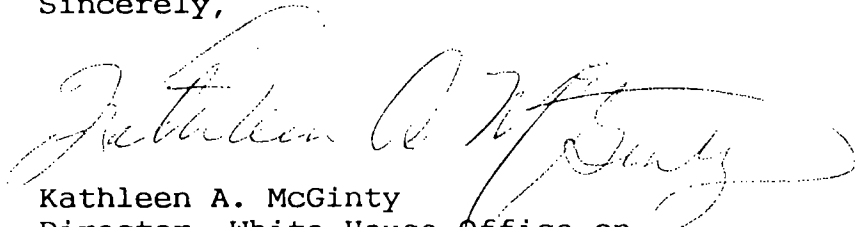
Dear Mr. Martinez:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the appointment of Mr. Bruce Boyens to Director, Office of Surface Mining in the Department of the Interior.

As you know, I share President Clinton's and Vice President Gore's commitment to the preservation of our environment. I appreciate learning of your support of Mr. Boyens for this position. I have notified Interior Secretary Babbitt of your concerns.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

**Daniel N. Martinez
05 Calle Cielo Azul
Peralta, New Mexico 87042**

May 19, 1993

**Ms. Katie McGinty
Room 360
Old Executive Office Bldg.
Washington, D.C. 20501**

Dear Ms. McGinty:

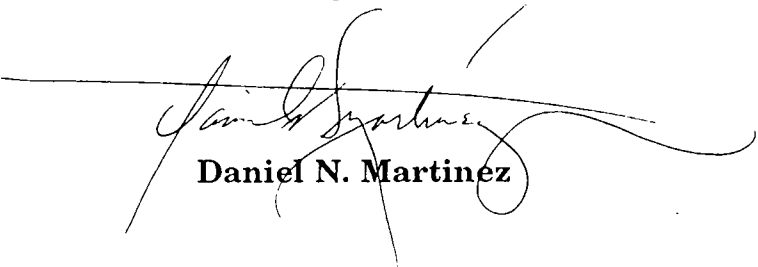
I have recently received news of the possible nomination of Mr. Bruce Boyens to the position of Director, Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement (OSM).

Being one of the original OSM employees, Mr. Boyens would bring with him a clear understanding of the underlying philosophies and regulatory responsibilities envisioned in the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (ACT). His past OSM activities demonstrated a fair, but firm, attitude toward the disposition of his responsibilities under the Act.

Now is the time to restructure OSM into the regulatory agency required by the Act and, I believe, Mr. Boyens would be the best candidate to accomplish this needed task.

I thank you for this opportunity to express my support for Mr. Bruce Boyens.

Sincerely,



Daniel N. Martinez

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 28, 1993

Ms. Barbara McDonnell
403 Jamestown Manor
Gardendale, AL 35071

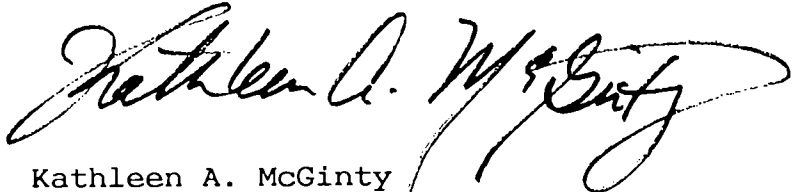
Dear Ms. McDonnell:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the appointment of Mr. Bruce Boyens to Director, Office of Surface Mining in the Department of the Interior.

As you know, I share President Clinton's and Vice President Gore's commitment to the preservation of our environment. I appreciate learning of your support of Mr. Boyens for this position. I have notified Interior Secretary Babbitt of your concerns.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, sweeping flourish at the end.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

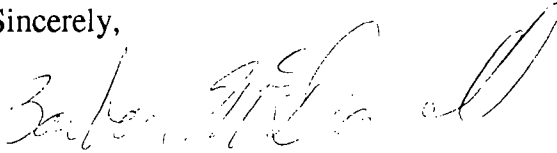
May 18, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty,
Deputy Assistant to the President and
Director of the Office on Environmental Policy
Room 360, Old Executive Office Building
Washington, DC 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty:

I have been employed with the Federal Government for 16 years. The last seven years have been with Office of Surface Mining (OSM). During my employment with OSM, we have been through several Directors. I am of the opinion that this agency needs a strong leader. From what I have heard and what I have seen, I feel that Mr. Bruce Boyens would be an excellent Director for OSM.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Barbara P. McDonnell".

Barbara P. McDonnell
403 Jamestown Manor
Gardendale, AL 35071

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 28, 1993

Ms. Gwen Marshall
243 Parkway #3
Cincinnati, OH 45216

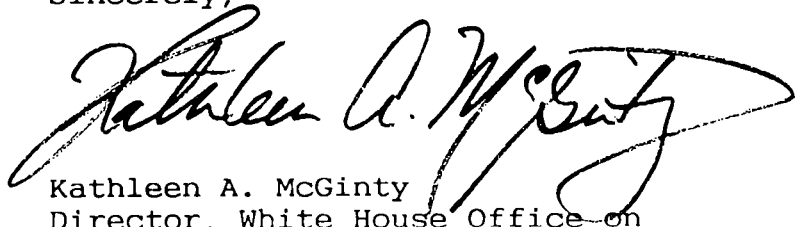
Dear Ms. Marshall:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the appointment of Mr. Bruce Boyens to Director, Office of Surface Mining in the Department of the Interior.

As you know, I share President Clinton's and Vice President Gore's commitment to the preservation of our environment. I appreciate learning of your support of Mr. Boyens for this position. I have notified Interior Secretary Babbitt of your concerns.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Katie McGinty, Director
White House Office on Environmental Policy
fax (202) 456-2710

In re: Appointment of Director of the
Office of Surface Mining

May 19, 1993

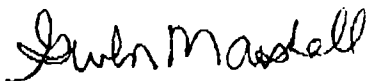
Dear Ms. McGinty,

Please accept this letter of support for Bruce Boyens
to become the Director of the Office of Surface Mining.

I have been the "Forest Issues Chair" for the "Ohio
Chapter of the Sierra Club" for the past year and
unfortunately that involves becoming knowledgeable on
issues relating to strip mining for coal, clay and other
minerals. Having a good person for the Director of Office
of Surface Mining is very important to those of us working
on forest issues.

From the contacts I have made over the last year, I
have learned that Bruce Boyens is the best qualified person
to help get the Office of Surface Mining on a good course
because of his leadership qualities and even disposition.
It is very important that the OSM Director take the lead in
enforcing the "Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act
of 1977" and I believe Mr. Boyens is best qualified on this
account as well.

Sincerely,



Gwen Marshall
243 Parkway #3
Cincinnati, Ohio 45216
(513) 761-6978

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 30, 1993

Mr. Malcolm MacKenzie
President
Arcama Recycling Corporation
One Kendall Square
Suite 2200
Cambridge, MA 02139

Dear Mr. MacKenzie:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your work in the area promoting recycling through a proposed federal tax credit.

I certainly believe that recycling has to be an important part of our strategy on solid waste issues. Through the hard work and initiative of many community and industry leaders, recycling has become almost routine to many people. However, to really make recycling a success, further outreach is needed to encourage both the supply and demand for recycled products.

I appreciate learning of Arcama's work in developing a de-inking plant in Pennsylvania, which will serve as a recycling center for the newsprint from six states. Please keep me apprised of your progress.

Again, thank you for letting me hear from you.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



March 29, 1993

Mr. Greg Simon
Domestic Policy Advisor to the Vice President
Office of the Vice President
Old Executive Office Building
Room 288
Washington, D.C. 20501

Re: **Proposal for a Federal Tax Credit to Encourage Recycling**

Dear Mr. Simon:

I was referred to you as the principal advisor to the Vice President on environmental policy. Our company is a developer of wastepaper recycling projects. Arcama is currently developing a \$200 million old newspaper de-inking plant in southeastern Pennsylvania that will recycle wastepaper from a six state area. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania has recently pledged its support for the project.

We are interested in promoting the creation of a tax credit that will assist projects that consume recyclables, thereby boosting badly needed end-markets. A properly designed tax credit would offer significant benefits to projects like our Pennsylvania de-inking plant. I have enclosed a copy of the credit proposal for your information.

The proposed "diversion" tax credit is based on the tonnage of solid waste diverted from landfills and incinerators through recycling into processing/manufacturing. The rationale for a credit per ton diverted is to differentially benefit the low value recyclables (paper, glass, plastics, tires, etc.). These materials make up the bulk of collections in municipal recycling programs and their inclusion is necessary if recycling is to make a significant impact on the solid waste crisis. For example, old newspapers alone account for 50-80% of collections in typical programs. These various low value materials desperately need the inducement provided by the credit, to encourage their diversion on a viable and therefore sustainable basis. This format also ensures that the credits will primarily benefit domestic manufacturing.

I have also included an illustration of the economics of a specific project that would be eligible for the credit, the credit's potential effect, and a quantification of the potential

public benefits involved. Attached is a two page summary of the annual cash flows for the first 10 years of operation for our old newspaper and magazine de-inking project in Pennsylvania. I provide this information for illustrative purposes only and request that you treat it confidentially.

Potential Public Benefit. The public impact of our project over its first 10 years of operations can be summarized as follows (the 10 year totals can be found in the last column of numbers, in the middle of the second page of the cash flow summary; the relevant totals have been highlighted):

- Over 3 million tons of wastepaper diverted and consumed;
- Almost \$75 million paid to communities selling their wastepaper to the project, in addition to another \$75 million of garbage tipping fees that they will avoid by recycling the material, for a total municipal financial gain of \$150 million;
- Over \$125 million in labor and mill overhead expenditures;
- Approximately \$175 million in development and construction expenditures, not including construction interest; and,
- Almost \$500 million in plant operating expenditures.
- Over \$7 million in local real estate taxes;
- Over \$85 million in federal and state income taxes;

The estimated value of the tax credit for the project over the same ten years is approximately \$10.6 million.

Tax Credit's Impact on Project Economics. While modest in both absolute terms and particularly in relation to the project's potential public benefits, this \$10.6 million tax credit would provide a significant boost to the net after tax position of equity. The table below illustrates this important marginal effect.

Net After-Tax Position of Project's Permanent Equity (after 10 years)

10-Year Project Cash Flow Before Tax	\$159,120,000
Add Back, Project Start-up Cash Flow	\$4,451,000
Less, Project Income Taxes in First 10 Years	(\$86,721,000)
Less, Project Equity Investment	(\$35,000,000)
Net After-Tax Position of Permanent Equity	\$41,850,000

Mr. Greg Simon
March 29, 1993
Page 3

Thus, while the tax credit amount equals less than 2.5% of the selling price of the project's de-inked pulp, and only 12.5% of the 10-year total of federal and state income taxes, it represents 25% of the net after-tax position of equity. Consequently, the modest tax credit will have a strong positive impact on the economics of recycling projects like the one illustrated here, and encourage their development.

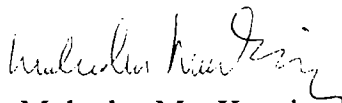
Budgetary Impact of the Credit. The credit's cost in budgetary terms will be small. In the case of Arcama's project, there will be a significant net gain for the public coffers (\$86.7 million in income taxes vs. a credit of \$10.6 million). However, if a specific revenue off-set is necessary, a number of possible candidates are worthy of consideration, including:

- A national garbage tax; a very modest tax (i.e. \$1/ton) on all garbage landfilled or incinerated in the country.
- A national severance tax; a small tax on the value of all timber, hydro-carbons and hard minerals that are extracted or harvested in the country.
- A national virgin materials tax; a small tax on the virgin content of manufactured products sold in the country.

Using one of these possible revenue off-sets, a revenue neutral federal tax credit could play an important catalyst role in the promotion of projects that have significant public economic benefit and boost the recycling of municipal solid waste.

Please call me if you have any questions. I will contact you shortly to discuss possible next steps.

Sincerely,



Malcolm MacKenzie
President

MM/jn

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 30, 1993

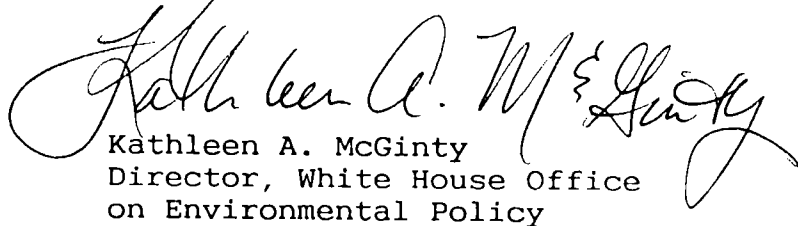
Mr. Patrick J. Meehan, Jr.
Principal Director, ODASD
Department of Defense
Washington, D.C. 20301

Dear Mr. Meehan:

Thank you for contacting me with your thoughts on the President's Earth Day Address. I certainly appreciate learning of your efforts to protect the environment at the Department of Defense.

Again, thank you for letting me hear from you. I look forward to working with you in the future.

Sincerely,



Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office
on Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



OFFICE OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

WASHINGTON, DC 20301-8000

PRODUCTION AND
LOGISTICS

Apr 9, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Director
Office of Environmental Policy
The White House

Ms. McGinty:

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the Office of Environmental Policy Initiatives for Earth Day. The Department of Defense is fully committed to being an environmental leader and enthusiastically supports the initiatives identified in your April 9th memo.

Annually the Secretary of Defense recognizes leaders throughout the Department for their commitment to the environment. This year not only marks the first year we give awards for pollution prevention, team and individual, but coincides with the President's Earth Day efforts. The Ceremony is scheduled for April 21, in the Pentagon, hosted by Deputy Secretary of Defense Perry, with Vice President Gore and Administrator Browner invited. The Ceremony would provide an excellent opportunity for key announcements focusing on efforts by Federal agencies, DoD being the largest, to step up to not only their environmental responsibilities, but to voluntarily take the lead in key pollution prevention efforts - our environmental future.

The Department has an excellent pollution prevention program demonstrated by our reaching a goal to reduce hazardous waste disposal by 50 percent over five years one year ahead of schedule. With the successful completion of that goal, we are now working to establish new pollution prevention initiatives related to Toxic Release Inventory (TRI) reporting with reduction goals, changing standardized documents such as military specifications and standards to remove requirements for environmentally damaging materials and processes, and influencing the systems acquisition process. We have already begun many related efforts; TRI reporting will begin in 1994 at key DoD installations. One DoD facility alone has already changed 3,900 standardized documents removing requirements for CFCs - they are a nominee for our Secretary of Defense Pollution Prevention Award.

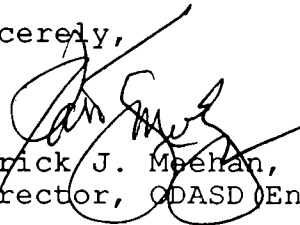
The Department is already involved in many initiatives... identified in your memo, specifically Biodiversity Treaty, CO2 Stabilization, National Service Program (\$20 million in environmental scholarships/fellowships/grants in FY93), Pollution Prevention (already prepared to begin TRI reporting in 1994),

Recycled Products, Energy Efficiency (DoD controls all the light fixtures and bulbs for the Federal government, not GSA, we have a Green Lights catalog), and Ozone-Friendly Chemicals (DoD already works closely with industry testing new chemicals).

You should be aware that as part of our effort to be more open with our environmental situation and efforts to solve environmental problems, on April 20th the Department plans to announce the number of known sites where chemical munitions are buried, on DoD lands and former DoD lands (such as Spring Valley) and our plans to cleanup these sites. A joint announcement of the President's Federal commitment to pollution prevention with the Department of Defense immediately following our Environmental Awards would demonstrate true leadership and commitment to "getting our own house in order."

We look forward to working with you on this important statement on our environmental future. If you have any questions please contact Maureen Sullivan, (743) 695-7008.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Pat Meehan, Jr.", is written over the typed name and title.

Patrick J. Meehan, Jr.
Principal Director, ODASD (Environment)

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 3, 1993

Murray. CLM
DONE 3/3

Mr. Allen E. Murray
Chairman of the Board
President and Chief Executive Officer
Mobil Corporation
3225 Gallows Road
Fairfax, VA 22037-001

Dear Mr. Murray:

I have received the briefing book you sent to Mr. Mark Gearan and appreciate being kept apprised of Mobil's environmental policies.

Thank you for letting us know about your work.

Sincerely,

Kathleen McGinty
Director, The White House
Office on Environmental Policy

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

January 25, 1993

Mr. Allen E. Murray
Chairman of the Board
President and
Chief Executive Officer
Mobil Corporation
3225 Gallows Road
Fairfax, VA 22037-0001

Dear Mr. Murray:

Thank you for your letter of January 19, and for sending the briefing book presenting Mobil's point of view on the economy, energy and the environment.

I have forwarded your briefing book to Katie McGinty, the Special Assistant to the President for the Environment.

Again, my thanks for taking the time to write.

Sincerely,



Mark D. Gearan
Deputy Chief of Staff

MDG/kmn
cc: Katie McGinty

Mobil Corporation

3225 GALLOWS ROAD
FAIRFAX, VIRGINIA 22037-0001

ALLEN E. MURRAY
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD
PRESIDENT AND
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

January 19, 1993

Mr. Mark Gearan
Assistant to the President and
Deputy Chief of Staff
The White House
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. Gearan:

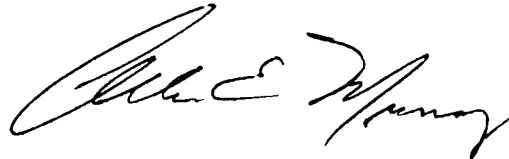
As a member of the new Administration, I know you will be addressing important policy questions impacting the economy, energy and the environment.

The enclosed briefing book presents Mobil's point of view on these national issues. I hope that you find this informative as you consider these policy questions.

A member of our Government Relations department will contact your office to get your reaction to these and any other subjects where we might have a shared concern. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact us.

We look forward to working with you on these important matters.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Allen E. Murray", written in a cursive style.

Allen E. Murray