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Series/Staff Member: Kathleen (Katie) McGinty
Subseries: *Correspondence*

OA/ID Number: 2255
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Folder Title:
B - Katie McGinty: January-July 1993 [1]

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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 29, 1993

Mr. Douglas M. Brown
Research Fellow
Logistics Management Institute
6400 Goldsboro Road
Bethesda, MD 20817

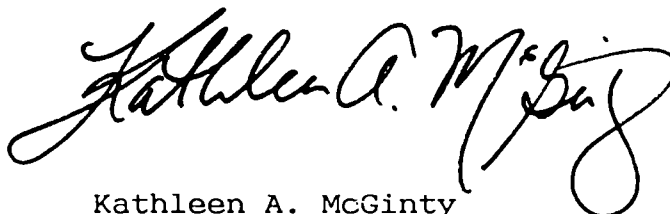
Dear Mr. Brown:

Thank you for your letter and the information you enclosed regarding your work at the Logistics Management Institute.

As you know, President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of our environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. I appreciate learning about your work on a variety of environmental issues and specifically your thoughts about Superfund reauthorization.

Again, thank you for sharing this information with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" and last name "McGinty" clearly legible.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



LOGISTICS MANAGEMENT INSTITUTE

6400 GOLDSBORO ROAD, BETHESDA, MARYLAND 20817-5886 (301) 320-2000

1 July 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Director
Office of Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building, Suite 360
Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty:

I spoke with one of your staff members today and was advised to write you to note our interest in your activities and provide some information about our Institute.

The accompanying handbook should make it clear that we see ourselves as pragmatic policy advisors; we are not lobbyists, nor are we part of the manufacturing or environmental industries. Our mission is to support the Executive Branch of the Federal Government, our only client.

The new Administration is committed to innovative and results-oriented approaches to environmental issues. LMI has developed some ideas, one of which is a concept for addressing superfund-type cleanup more effectively, which may be of interest to you. We would be happy to provide a briefing on this and other matters that might be of interest to you. We would also be interested in being consulted on policy-level issues; however, because our company is quite small and non-profit, we do not have the resources for extensive ongoing support without funding.

LMI is hosting a meeting of environmental professionals in August. You or a member of your staff would be welcome to attend as the guest of the NCEP (a brochure is enclosed).

I look forward to working with your office in the future.

Sincerely,

Douglas M. Brown
Research Fellow

Enclosure: Qualification Manual
NCEP brochure

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 22, 1993

Ms. Linda Bainbridge
Mr. Gordon Bainbridge
1579 East New York Drive
Altadena, CA 91001

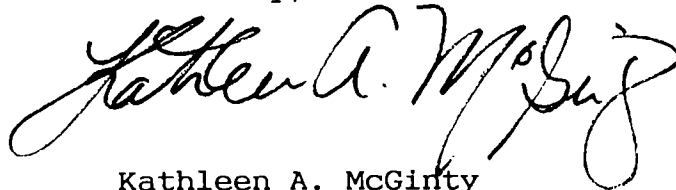
Dear Mr. and Ms. Bainbridge:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the Animal Damage Control Act.

We are in the process of reviewing our policy with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of the Interior on this very important matter. I agree that further study of the options involved is necessary for an informed and balanced decision to be made. Be assured that we will give every consideration to your concerns as we look at this issue.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" being more prominent and the last name "McGinty" following in a similar style.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

White House Office on Environmental Policy
Kathleen McGinty
Old Executive Office Building
Room 358
Washington, DC 20501

March 14, 1993

Dear Ms. McGinty:

I am writing to let you know that my husband and I are in favor of cutting all unnecessary federal spending. That is why we urge you to demand that **funding for the Animal Damage Control Program, (ADC) be abolished.**

The Animal Damage Control Program is supposed to protect the livestock of ranchers. Why should we taxpayers be expected to subsidize the livestock industry? In any case, the ADC predator control program is neither cost-effective nor biologically sound. The poisons and control techniques they use jeopardize endangered species and other wildlife on my public lands. So in 1992, 45 million in tax dollars was spent to kill wildlife on public lands while at the same time millions of tax dollars is being spent to protect and reintroduce endangered species. This is ridiculous.

In fiscal year 1992 over 109 thousand mammals and more than 1.5 million birds were reported killed by the ADC. This practice is both maddening and sickening. If ranchers need to protect their livestock, let them do so themselves with non-lethal techniques.

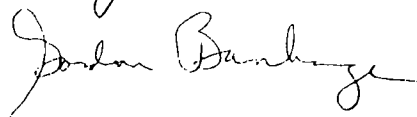
This outdated tax-supported federal war on wildlife must be stopped. The government needs to protect our natural heritage for all citizens and not cater to the private interests of the ranching lobby.

Thank you for your support.

Sincerely,



Linda Bainbridge
Gordon Bainbridge
1579 E. New York Drive
Altadena, CA 91001



THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 22, 1993

Ms. Patricia Bean
117 Villa Drive
San Pablo, CA 94806

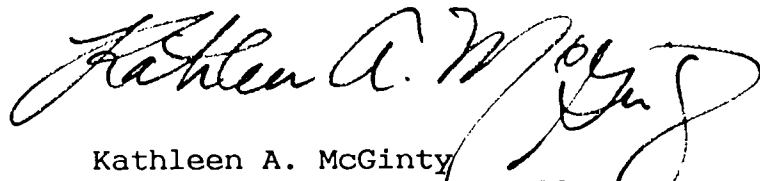
Dear Ms. Bean:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the Animal Damage Control Act.

We are in the process of reviewing our policy with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of the Interior on this very important matter. I agree that further study of the options involved is necessary for an informed and balanced decision to be made. Be assured that we will give every consideration to your concerns as we look at this issue.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized "M" and "G".

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Kathleen McGinty
White House Office on Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building, Room 358
Washington, D.C. 20501

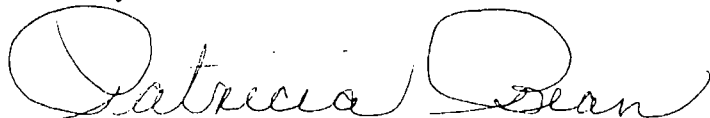
Dear Ms. McGinty:

I am very eager to see an end to the Animal Damage Control (ADC) Program.

The ADC Program is not cost-effective, nor is it environmentally sound. In 1992, it spent **over forty-five million taxpayer dollars** to kill wildlife on public lands using sharpshooters and various poisons. These indiscriminate methods place other, endangered species at risk.

I'm outraged that my taxes support this war on wildlife. Please do everything in your power to see that funding for the ADC program is not renewed.

Cordially,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Patricia Dean". The signature is fluid and elegant, with a large initial "P" and a long, sweeping underline.

117 VILLA DRIVE
SAN PABLO, CA 94806

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 22, 1993

Mr. David Birch
Route 1
Keeline, WY 82227

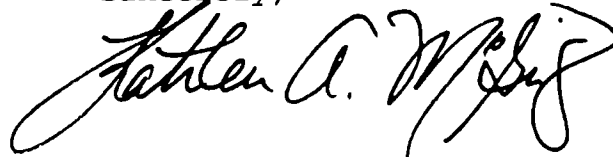
Dear Mr. Birch and Family:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the Animal Damage Control Act.

We are in the process of reviewing our policy with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of the Interior on this very important matter. I agree that further study of the options involved is necessary for an informed and balanced decision to be made. Be assured that we will give every consideration to your concerns as we look at this issue.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Kathleen A. McGinty', with a large, stylized flourish at the end.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Kathleen Mc Ginty

April 18

Our family is very concerned about several news reports the wool incentive program and predator control. They never tell the truth that the wool incentive money comes from tariffs, not from taxes and we have to pay a lot for our predator protection that also helps game animals as well. That's the only protection we have from imports, yet the auto industry and others get a lot of protection. Why shouldn't ranchers be allowed protection too? The wage earner gets protections like minimum wage and a lot of benefits, strike while making high wages, lawyers and others can charge huge fees but we have to take what we can get.

There are a lot of reasons the United States needs a strong profitable sheep industry, we need to be able to cut down on imports of things that can be produced here, Wyoming needs the jobs that packing plants and woolen mills would produce. A lot of land would benefit with the grazing of sheep as they control a lot of weeds and brush other animals won't eat, very important at a time when a lot of spray is being banned from use.

Several years ago the government helped pay sagebrush spraying on land next to us that sheep would have controlled, that spray drifted on to our place killing trees we worked hard trying to raise. We could not afford the high lawyer fee's to try and get paid for our losses. Then about 8 years ago a wheat farmer bought that land and plowed up good native grass, sprayed it some more and still raised a lot of weeds that blew onto our place then put it into the CRP program and is making around \$40.00 per acre for abusing land. Properly managed with livestock it would be making around \$10.00 per acre. Our place is one of the smallest in the area and we badly needed that land and would have taken a lot better care of it at a lot less cost to the government. Because of out of control coyote populations we can only run sheep on about $\frac{1}{2}$ of our place though we badly need and want to run sheep on the entire place, sheep would improve our other pastures.

We were farming land that had been farmed for over 75 years but instead of putting it in CRP we seeded it back for our livestock, we are not making as much money but are saving the government money and doing our part to cut down on imports. We get stabbed in the back for saving the government money and taking care of land. Farmers get rewarded for abusing land.

There is a big question of what is going to happen when the CRP contracts are up. Will that land just be abused again? The government could have bought land like that and made good deals to people like us that badly needed it and would take care of it and would be saving the government a lot of money.

With so much spray being outlawed the use of sheep is extremely important, and wool is a lot better than cloth made out of imported oil, they are even finding ways to use it to clean up oil spills and other new uses for it, lamb and mutton is some of the best foods and should be a lot more popular and could be if the Wool Growers Association's could spend their time and money on promoting our products instead of having to fight for predator control, wool incentive, fair prices and grazing rights. We are doing so much to help this country and the government should not be fighting us and should allow us to make a fair living. Few city people work harder or produce anything as good as sheep people do.

Since old ewes are so cheap, to save money our family butcher and eat several muttons each year providing a major part of our food. With lamb prices so low lamb should be one of the cheapest foods and it isn't right is so high in stores.

If mutton is good enough for our family its good enough for other people and should be used to cut others food bills and could be used to cut meal costs in hospitals, schools and prisons, infact to cut costs evan more prisons should use coyote meat. American companys should be encouraged to teach their employees how to better manage their money like most ranchers has to instead of keeping raising their wages so they can't compete world wide.,

The farm and ranch programs should only the people that really needs them not the large companys, churchs, and wealthy people that has large none farming and ranching income don't need the help of the programs. A lot more like building dikes could be done. There has so much arguing about public grazing by people that really doesn't know anything about any kind of grazing. I fail to see why the permits should be sold as property, after all you don't have to pay the value of a house befor renting or leasing. Instead permits could go to the ranchers that need them, not having to pay the former user for them the rancher could afford higher fees, it would help young people git into ranching.

Ranching puts people to work and pays a lot of taxes, protecting coyotes does not. It's urgent we git protection as soon as possible and it not be taken away by people who doesn't know or care about the damage coyotes cause. Those people should be required to help pay research and expences of other ways of protecting livestock. Ranchers are even loosing calves in this area to coyotes and a lot of game anamils are being lost. When ranchers are unable to run sheep when needing to be- cause of out of control preditors the prreitor protector's should help pay the income loss'es. Livestock and game animals populations has to be controled so preditors should be too.

The government wastes millions of dollars on wild horses that aren't any more native wildlife then livestock. They could put money to a lot better use then wasting it on wolves too.

It's strange the tobacco companys can sell products that kill people but ranchers git in trouble for protecting their livestock from preditors and most poisens and other methods of predator control has been banned. Coyotes and wolves seem to be more important then people.

Tobacco raising could shift to raising sheep. The tobacco companys should be put out of bussiness as soon as possible to control health care costs and save lives all over the world. We visit people in the local nursing home that are only there becouse of smoking and have lost close friends and family to it. The government has banned the use of a lot of sprays that are safer then tobacco use yet allow the importing of ood that has had the same sprays used on them. All that does is hurt our producers and country. If the government really cared about the health and safty it would put a stop to the tobacco's abuse of peoples health.

We can't even sell our wool now yet anything made out of wool is so over priced we can't afford anything made out of it. Few can afford lamb in stores yet our prices are extremely low but we are stuck with higher and higher costs. Everything should be done to git more woolen mills and packing houses with reasonable wages to help bring store prices down and provide more jobs. We can expect cattle prices to drop too anytime and with the expence of raising them so high sheep are badly needed to help pay the bills.

It's taken over two months to ~~write~~ ^{write} this letter because of long hours taking care of our livestock often late at night fighting snow and mud and having to use wore out machinery thats older then I am. It's rewarding work and nothing we would rather do. We must be good at it becouse we have stayed in business when others with bigger and better ranch's have went out of bousiness. We have had to live on a lot less then most city people do. We have to compete with world markets, city people should too. We should be able to raise our livestock without wasting time fighting for fair prices and preditor protection. Since starting this letter things have gotten a lot worse.

We have fought an extreme hard winter yet ended up with a nice lamb and calf crop but the Humane Socity and others are fighting even harder to take away what little preditor protection we have left. With coyotes so out of control livestock isn;t even safe in corrals, it's urgent these people git stoped before they distroy this countrys ranching industry. I'm willing to prove to anyone that will come here to prove how sheep improves our place and can improve others. We badly need your support, it's very urgent with no time to waste. Our expences like health insurance is skyrocketing yet we won't be allowed to protect the livestock we work day and night to raise becouse of misinformed people that doesn't know anything about coyotes or livestock. So please help us before we loose the livestock we have worked so hard to raise and love. If those people are't stopped soon this country will be importing all it's food and huge numbers will be starving. We badly need more preditor control not less. Every day it gits more urgent something git done so please act fast. Thank you.

David Birch and family

Rt. 1
Keeline wy.
82227

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 22, 1993

Mr. Peter Braber
13110 Bloomfield Street
Sherman Oaks, CA 91423

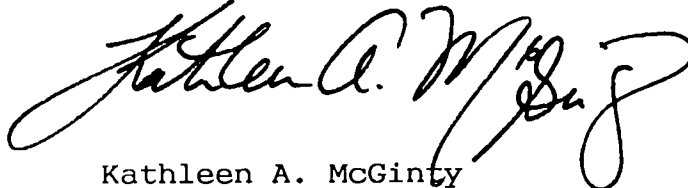
Dear Mr. Braber:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the Animal Damage Control Act.

We are in the process of reviewing our policy with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of the Interior on this very important matter. I agree that further study of the options involved is necessary for an informed and balanced decision to be made. Be assured that we will give every consideration to your concerns as we look at this issue.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized "M" and "G".

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

March 22, 1992

Dear Kathleen McGinty or Staff for Environmental Policy of

This letter discusses how the Animal Damage Control (ADC) program is a failure. Economically, the argument of cost-effectiveness demonstrates this failure as a sub-conclusion from an ecologically more inclusive, or higher level of inclusiveness. Such more comprehending scale involves the new economic strategy which unifies the economically diverse levels of cost-effectiveness through a strategy of cuts in Federal spending. The conclusions resolve densely throughout the image of an economist's as world-picture. Consider =

1. Animal Damage Control subsidizes the public domain of ranching and livestock at the expense of the privately "nicked" domain of ecological strategies which have a much longer evolution and history of survival. Time past and present provide genetic patterns for future information. Their complex and intricate combinations in biological information are wasted by the effects of wanton kills through ADC.

2. ADC is not only biologically ineffective, it is cost-effectually unsound, i.e., both other threats to livestock multiply and loss of ordinary ecological support is wastefully costly. Dominant goal inadequacies crush supporting diversities in the fragmentary monoculturing of cost-effective failures.

3. In fiscal year 1992 over 109 thousand predatory mammals and more than 1.5 million birds were killed by Animal Damage. If at a minimum $\frac{1}{2} \times (109,000 + 1,500,000)$ were killed and left no offspring then:

YN 5.45 thousand + YN 5.25 million = Ψ = loss of mutual population/habitat diversity per habitat domains, with ranges $N_1 = Y_3 / Y_2^{3/2}$ and $N_2 = Y_4 / Y_2^2$ with N_1 and N_2

the departures from normality for the flexible adaptive cost-effective unifying factor that muscles in on the biologically loaded data so that with loss Ψ of future offspring with increasing N ; $N_1 Y_2^{3/2} = Y_3$ and $N_2 Y_2^2 = Y_4$. This is loss in future variation of adaptability in general.

4. The killing methods evidence interspecies pathology in the psychological behavior of ADC involvement.

5. Ranchers should pay for non-lethal controls (cost effective) and terminate subsidy and its "sole criterion" fallacy. Thank you and Sincerely,

Peter Bralner, Assoc. Founder WNETT / GAIA
1200 Broomfield Street

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 22, 1993

Ms. Gayle Harris Birk
10622 Braewick
Houston, TX 77096

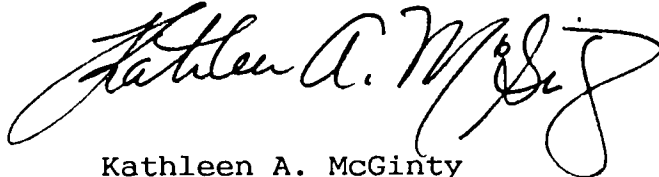
Dear Ms. Birk:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the Animal Damage Control Act.

We are in the process of reviewing our policy with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of the Interior on this very important matter. I agree that further study of the options involved is necessary for an informed and balanced decision to be made. Be assured that we will give every consideration to your concerns as we look at this issue.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized "K" and "M".

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

GAYLE HARRIS BIRK
10622 Braewick
Houston, Texas 77096 U.S.A.
(Tele.) 713/726-0831 (Fax) 713/726-1841

July 1, 1993

Kathlene McGinty
Office of Environmental
Policy
Old Executive Office Bldg.
Room 358
Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty:

Why does my United States government protect the economic interests of ranchers before it chooses to protect its natural heritage?

Compound 1080, a poison that is considered one of the most dangerous ever known to anyone, was reinstated in 1982 by Ronald Reagan after having been banned by Richard Nixon.

This is the poison of choice that was used along with gun fire and steel-jawed leghold traps to kill in 1988 alone 76,000 coyotes, 9,000 beavers, 5,000 raccoons, 300 black bears and 200 mountain lions. Also included in that slaughter were 400 pet dogs, 100 pet cats and 4.6 million birds.

At a cost of over \$30,000,000 annually these murders of our precious wildlife and other animals is still being done for wealthy ranchers. This is robbery and the thieves don't even wear masks--"they" are our very own United States government.

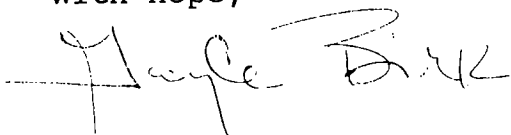
Why have ranchers become The Privileged Class? You and I know that there are more than enough beef cattle in this country to feed the world. The ranchers are given water, fencing and federal land for a pennance.

Cattle cause erosion, water pollution and 50-percent of the water used in this country is used in raising cattle.

YOU SAY YOU WANT TO CUT THE BUDGET? THEN START DOING JUST THAT BY LIMITING OR ELIMINATING THE ANIMAL DAMAGE CONTROL PROGRAM. *This would be a great way to begin, not to mention a humane way.*

Several items are enclosed that will further explain the ADC program.

With hope,



THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 22, 1993

Mr. Tom Barth
1207 W. 10th Place
Tempe, AZ 85281

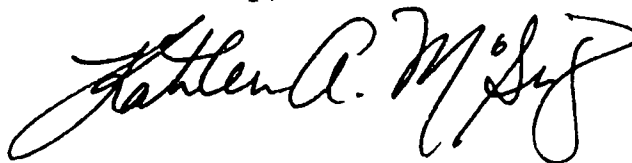
Dear Mr. Barth:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the Animal Damage Control Act.

We are in the process of reviewing our policy with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of the Interior on this very important matter. I agree that further study of the options involved is necessary for an informed and balanced decision to be made. Be assured that we will give every consideration to your concerns as we look at this issue.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" being more prominent and the last name "McGinty" following in a similar style.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

June 16 1993

Dear KATHLEEN MCGINTY

Please allow me to offer a suggestion to help stop wasteful government spending.

My prayer is that Animal Damage Control (ADC) will be eliminated from all federal and state budgets. The ADC predator program is a prime example of out-dated and unnecessary government spending that is not cost effective. Its beneficiaries are not the public, but the ranchers, who are already reaping the benefits of their federally subsidized federal lands, (another pet peeve, however, I'll save that for another letter). In 1992 the ADC spent over 45 million dollars to kill wildlife on public lands and to develop poisons and control techniques for wild animals! Most of these techniques are indiscriminate and place threatened and endangered species in jeopardy. At the same time the government spends millions to kill predators it also funds multi-million dollar programs to protect and reintroduce endangered species. It does not make sense.

I am outraged that my tax dollars are being spent on ADC, and hope that this archaic tax-supported federal war on wildlife will come to an end, and that the government will work to protect, and not harm, our natural heritage.

Thank-you,

Tom Barth

TOM BARTH

1207 W 10TH PI

TEMPE, AZ 85281

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 28, 1993

Ms. Camille Cates Barnett, Ph.D.
City Manager, City of Austin
Municipal Building
Eighth at Colorado
P.O. Box 1088
Austin, TX 78767

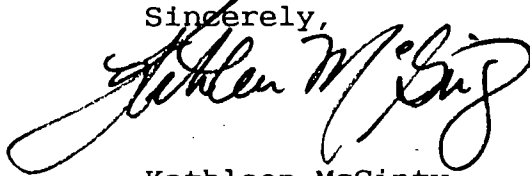
Dear Ms. Barnett:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concern about monitoring of the South Texas Nuclear Project. I apologize for the delay in my response.

As you may know, President Clinton, Vice President Gore and I support the development of safe, efficient energy production. I have forwarded your letter to the Department of Energy for their review and response to your specific concerns about the Diagnostic Evaluation Team analysis. They are in a much better position to assist you and the City of Austin.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Kathleen McGinty', written in a cursive style.

Kathleen McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 27, 1993

Mr. Robert Burbea
164 Auburn Street, #2
Cambridge, MA 02139

Dear Mr. Burbea:

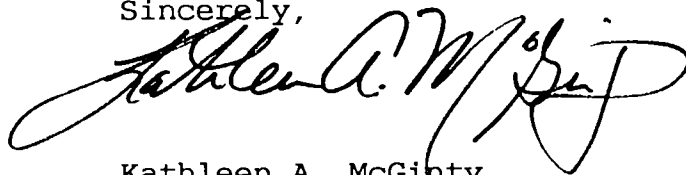
Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large loop at the end.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President,
Director - Office of Environmental Policy
Room 360, Old Executive Building
Washington, D.C. 20501

From: Robert Burbee
164 Auburn St, #2
Cambridge, MA 02139

July 6 1993,

Dear Ms McGinty,

I am writing to you to express my concerns that President Clinton adhere to his promise to develop a scientifically sound, ecologically credible & legally responsible plan for protecting the Pacific Northwest's public forests. I very much hope too that all remaining ancient forest be protected, and that the export of raw logs be stopped (I believe the President should work to keep log processing jobs in the United States and export only finished wood products). I also think economic assistance and investment opportunities should be provided to rural fish and timber related communities in the Northwest.

P.T.O.

I would be very grateful if you would relay my concerns
to President Clinton. Thank you very much,

Yours sincerely,

Robert Luber

BUILDERS SUPPLY CO. OF HOPEWELL

INCORPORATED

903 CITY POINT ROAD

P.O. BOX 939

HOPEWELL, VA 23860-0939

PHONE: 458-6356 748-5255

FAX NO. 541-3076

An Employee Owned Company

June 30, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
White House Office of Environmental Policy

Dear Ms. McGinty:

I am the President of Builders Supply Co. of Hopewell, Inc., and Employee Owned Company. We have 67 employees and are located in Hopewell, Virginia.

I am writing to you out of serious concern for myself, my employees and my customers. Today we are in desperate need of an adequate sustainable timber supply. We all saw the impact of an artificially constrained timber supply with the skyrocketing lumber prices this past spring. If what I have heard about the administration's proposed solution to the timber crisis is correct, those prices were but a harbinger of what will surely come.

It is my understanding that the President will shortly recommend the adoption of "Option 9" as his preferred solution to the current gridlock in the Pacific Northwest. Option 9 would reduce harvest levels on federal forest lands in the affected region to an average 1.2 billion board feet. This is down from the historic level of 5.2 billion board feet. In addition, it would cost over 85,000 direct and indirect jobs in the region as well as tens of thousands more construction jobs throughout the United States and dramatically affect lumber prices risking the fragile recovery of the nation's economy.

When President Clinton convened the Forest Summit in April, he promised to find a solution. I for one never dreamed his solution would be a harvest level lower than anything promised last year by the preservationists. I implore you to urge the President not to adopt "Option 9".

July 7, 1993

President
Builders Supply Company of Hopewell, Inc.
P.O. Box 939
Hopewell, VA 23860-0939

Dear Sir:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

July 7, 1993

Mr. J. Bhusha
3838 Munford
Palo Alto, CA 94306

Dear Mr. Bhusha:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

6-25-93

Dear Ms. McGinty

Option 9 leaves the Pacific N.W.
with a non-sustainable environment
& economy.

Please review & rewrite option 9
for the future of this area.
Thank you.

J. Blushko

July 7, 1993

Dr. Mary Brenneman
1330 19th Street
Manhattan Beach, CA 90266

Dear Dr. Brenneman:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

6/43
PLEASE AID POST CARD



① NO LOGGING IN ANCIENT
FORESTS!

② NO SUFFICIENTLY
LANGUAGE IN PRES.
NO POSTAL FOR
ENVIRONMENT LAWS

③ PRES. LIVE UP TO
PROMISES: FOREST CONF!

Mary Brenneman, M.D.
1330 19th Street
Manhattan Beach, CA 90266

Mrs. Katie McGinty
Deputy Asst. to Pres.
Director, WHITE HOUSE
Office: Environment
Policy
Washington, D.C.

July 7, 1993

Ms. Fay Bussell
180 High, #34
Portland, ME 04101

Dear Ms. Bussell:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Dear Ms. McGinty:

I wish to rekey my concerns that the President adhere to his promise to develop a scientifically sound, ecologically ~~credible~~ + legally responsible plan for protecting the Pacific N.W.s public forests + all remaining ancient forest be protected. Export of raw log stopped. Economic assistance + investment opportunities to rural fish + timber related communities

in N.W.
LENTICULAR CLOUDS OVER GOOSE FARE BROOK
Part of the Rachel Carson Estuaries, Maine.
American Artist © P.R. Hornby MCMXCIII

Fay Russell
180 Highway #24
Portland, Me. 04101



Ms. Katie McGinty
deputy Assistant to President
Director - Office of Environmental Policy
Room 360
Old Executive Office Bldg
Washington, D.C.

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5 ZIP BOXES

2244 1953 Commemorative Cards, Ocean Park, Maine 0403-0000

July 7, 1993

Mr. Harold A. Brill
First Affirmative Financial Network
P.O. Box 6028
Santa Fe, NM 87502

Dear Mr. Brill:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

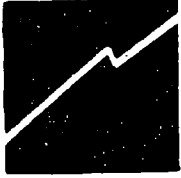
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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



First
Affirmative
Financial
Network

Member NASD and **SIPC**

Specializing in Socially Screened Investments

Supervisory Office 410 N. 21st Street, Suite 203 Colorado Springs, CO 80904 (719) 636-1045

Post Office Box 6028 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87502-6028 (505) 988-4840

Harold A. Brill
Registered Representative

June 25, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office of Environmental Policy

Dear Ms. McGinty,

It has come to my attention that the short-term economic interests of the timber industry are attempting to force unsustainable harvests of old growth forests in the Northwest.

I understand that this is a very critical period in the deliberations of President Clinton over the fate of the ancient forests. I want to ask for your help in supporting the President in sticking to his promise to develop a plan which is "scientifically sound and ecologically credible".

Specifically, it is imperative that "Option Nine", which maximizes logging and violates existing environmental laws, be discarded. I want to see permanent ancient forest reserves where no logging is permitted - (there is only 10% of the original forest remaining). A new plan must at least obey existing environmental laws, and preferably strengthen them.

Thank-you for your attention to this urgent matter.

Sincerely,

Harold A. Brill

July 7, 1993

Mr. Paul Barnhart
8538 Cornwall Ct.
Mantor, OH 44060

Dear Mr. Barnhart:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

8538 Cornwall Ct.
Mentor, OH 44060-1901
June 26, 1993

Page 1 of 1

memo 7671	# of pages >
From	Ms Katie McGinty
Co.	Deputy Assistant
Phone #	
Fax #	

Dear Mr. Collier:

This fax is being sent to ask you to not support the latest proposal from the timber industry.

Our forests are already under siege from development that we do not need. What we need is a policy that will permit as much of our national forests to be left untouched by human development as is possible. This is the policy that was promised by Bill Clinton and needs to be carried out by his other people in the administration.

To do otherwise, would be unthinkable.

Sincerely,

Paul Barnhart
Phone and Fax No. (216) 257-9945

July 7, 1993

Mr. and Ms. Dick and Jan Boucher
Wallowa County Board of Realtors
83162 W. Dorrance Lane
Enterprise, OR 97828

Dear Mr. and Ms. Boucher:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

July 7, 1993

Mr. Luke Brogger
Quality Hardwoods, Inc.
P.O. Box 38
Sunfield, MI 48890

Dear Mr. Brogger:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

July 7, 1993

Mr. and Ms. David Barnett
111 Pinetree Road
Ocean City, MD 21842

Dear Chatham and Dave:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 20, 1993

Mr. Robert N. Burt
Chairman, President & CEO
FMC Corporation
200 East Randolph Drive
Chicago, IL 60601

Dear Mr. Burt:

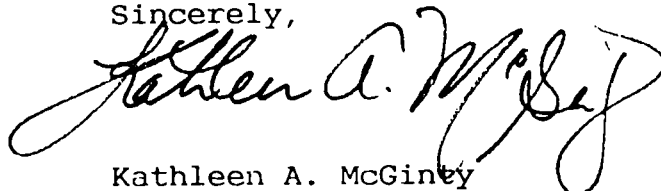
Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about liability of toxic waste cleanup under Superfund.

I share President Clinton's and Vice President Gore's commitment to the preservation of our environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. In his first State of the Union address, the President reaffirmed his goal to increase the efficiency of toxic waste cleanup, as well as to decrease the numerous liability lawsuits facing Superfund sites.

As you may know, on June 23, 1993 the Environmental Protection Agency released a package of administrative actions to improve the Superfund program. This document did not include any initiatives to limit the liability of municipalities with regard to cleanup costs. In order to examine long-term improvements of Superfund, EPA Administrator Browner established the National Advisory Council for Environmental Policy and Technology (NACEPT). This body will evaluate the current performance of the Superfund program, identify administrative and legislative options to improve the program, and assess the advantages and disadvantages of these options. Administrator Browner requested that the NACEPT explore possible policy options with regard to municipal liability in the Superfund program. NACEPT is expected to report to Administrator Browner in October.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized "K" and "M".

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Robert N Burt
Chairman, President and CEO

FMC Corporation
200 East Randolph Drive
Chicago Illinois 60601

June 18, 1993

Ms. Kathleen A. McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Office of Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building
17th and Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20500

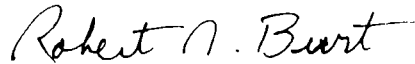
Dear Ms. McGinty:

I am alarmed to hear that the EPA is considering a new policy which would cap Superfund liability for municipalities. In my judgment such a development would be a serious mistake.

A general consensus is building that all the problems with the Superfund program need to be addressed together, and not one at a time. Not only would such a policy shift the burden unfairly to other parties at a site, but it could seriously hinder the process of developing comprehensive reform.

I hope you will urge the EPA to take up the problem of municipal liability in the context of overall Superfund reform.

Very truly yours,



Robert N. Burt

mb

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 20, 1993

The Honorable Robert W. Bruesch
Mayor
City of Rosemead
8838 East Valley Boulevard
P.O. Box 399
Rosemead, CA 91770

Dear Mayor Bruesch:

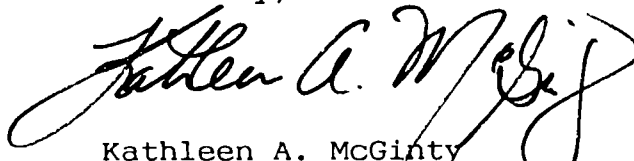
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Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

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Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

MAYOR :
ROBERT W. BRUESCH

MAYOR PRO TEM:
JOE VASQUEZ

COUNCILMEMBERS:
MARGARET CLARK
DENNIS McDONALD
GARY A. TAYLOR



City of Rosemead

8838 E. VALLEY BOULEVARD • P O. BOX 399
ROSEMEAD, CALIFORNIA 91770
TELEPHONE (818) 288-6671
TELECOPIER 8183079218

May 27, 1993

Katie McGinty
Advisor to the President
White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D.C. 20460

Dear Ms. McGinty:

In his first State of the Union address, President Clinton recognized the importance of the nation's toxic waste cleanup effort and pledged to get the lawyers out of the Superfund process. We are writing to urge the Administration to take one crucial step that could help accomplish that worthy goal. Please release an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance that will relieve hundreds of local governments, thousands of small businesses, and countless citizens of the crushing burden of private party lawsuits designed to shift billions of dollars of cleanup costs from polluting industries to the general taxpayer.

Across the country, entities that polluted Superfund sites are seeking to spread their cleanup costs to cities and counties, small businesses such as pizza stands and flower shops, little league teams, the Girl Scouts, and even individual citizens. The theory of these cases is that sending ordinary household garbage and sewage sludge to a Superfund site is enough to trigger staggering liability under the law, even though industrial hazardous waste and not benign household wastes is the reason expensive cleanups are necessary. At a time when scores of local governments and small businesses are struggling to avert fiscal collapse, provide vital services, and remain competitive, this catastrophic liability poses an unforeseen and unjustified threat to their survival.

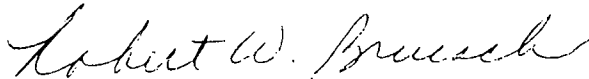
Several months before the 1992 election, EPA career staff prepared an excellent guidance document which was designed to spur reasonable settlements of such cases. This guidance was killed by the Bush White House after a lobbying blitz by polluting industries. The Clinton Administration now has an opportunity to correct this misguided decision.

Page 2.

The City of Rosemead is one such entity that would benefit from a correction of the current misguided policy. We are a community of 52,000 residents, 5 1/2 square miles, located in the metropolitan county of Los Angeles, California. We are one of 26 cities involved in a "private party" lawsuit and our share of the expenses to date in defending a ridiculous Superfund liability suit have been over \$250,000. As a result of this drain on our budget, we have had to place a \$.74 per month surcharge on our resident's trash bill in order to continue to pay for our defense, as well as take other remedial budget cutting actions such as laying off one full-time employee and enacting a hiring freeze. In turn, we are asking you to act today on behalf of our 52,000 residents, counties, cities, small businesses and citizens throughout our country to enact the EPA settlement guidelines drafted in 1992.

I thank you for your consideration of this matter.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Robert W. Bruesch".

ROBERT W. BRUESCH
Mayor
City of Rosemead

RWB:nv

cc: Carol Browner, EPA Advisor
Regina Montoya, Asst. to President-Intergovernmental Affairs

FGT:ACCE:17

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 20, 1993

Mr. James L. Broadhead
Chairman & CEO
Florida Power & Light Company
P.O. Box 088801
North Palm Beach, FL 33408

Dear Mr. Broadhead:

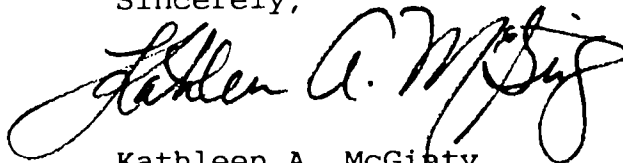
Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about liability of toxic waste cleanup under Superfund.

I share President Clinton's and Vice President Gore's commitment to the preservation of our environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. In his first State of the Union address, the President reaffirmed his goal to increase the efficiency of toxic waste cleanup, as well as to decrease the numerous liability lawsuits facing Superfund sites.

As you may know, on June 23, 1993 the Environmental Protection Agency released a package of administrative actions to improve the Superfund program. This document did not include any initiatives to limit the liability of municipalities with regard to cleanup costs. In order to examine long-term improvements of Superfund, EPA Administrator Browner established the National Advisory Council for Environmental Policy and Technology (NACEPT). This body will evaluate the current performance of the Superfund program, identify administrative and legislative options to improve the program, and assess the advantages and disadvantages of these options. Administrator Browner requested that the NACEPT explore possible policy options with regard to municipal liability in the Superfund program. NACEPT is expected to report to Administrator Browner in October.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

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Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



June 21, 1993

Ms. Kathleen A. McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office on Environmental Policy
360 Old Executive Office Building
17th and Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20500

**Re: Municipal Solid Waste Landfills
CERCLA Exemption**

Dear Ms. McGinty:

It is my understanding that the US EPA is considering an exemption for Municipal Solid Waste Landfills from the full requirements of CERCLA. This approach to environmental restoration is troubling and inconsistent with the stated goals of the Superfund Program. The same standards of liability and response action must apply to all entities who are parties at Superfund Sites. To carve out a municipality from the settlement process will disrupt ongoing cleanups and delay the initiation of future projects. Such disruption will result in a continued degradation of the environment and a redirection of funds into litigation among parties to the cleanup.

I am particularly troubled by the use of an exemption to solve a component of what appears to be a chronic problem with the Superfund Program. Apparently this program has become so large in scope that the US EPA can not justify it to local governments. I have never believed in piece-meal solutions to systemic problems. Therefore, I believe you must seriously consider comprehensive reform of the Superfund Program.

The need for comprehensive reform is recognized by leaders within the US EPA. The Administrator recently announced the formation of internal task groups to review the Superfund Program and make their recommendations for improvement by Fall 1993. Exempting major contributors (i.e. municipalities) from the Superfund Program seriously misrepresents the nature and magnitude of contamination across the United States and sends a message that the US EPA is acting in a manner inconsistent with the mandate from Congress.

Congress intended to make states liable under Superfund on exactly the same terms as industry. The courts have consistently interpreted the associated legislation and rules to capture municipalities under the Superfund requirements. Such interpretations are based upon the legal concept that municipalities are included in the statutory definition of liable "persons". Additionally, municipalities are a political-subdivision of a state. Thus it is commonly recognized that cities are liable just like states and everybody else.

Ms. Kathleen A. McGinty
June 21, 1993
page 2

The Superfund Program allows for responsible parties and the US EPA to work towards a cleaner environment. Currently funds for environmental cleanup are collected on a site-by-site basis with each contributor presenting its fair share. No party should be exempt and enforcement must be evenhanded.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "James L. Broadhead".

James L.. Broadhead
Chairman & CEO
Florida Power & Light Company

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 20, 1993

Mr. Richard E. T. Brooks
Chairman & CEO
ChemDesign Corporation
99 Development Road
Fitchburg, MA 01420

Dear Mr. Brooks:

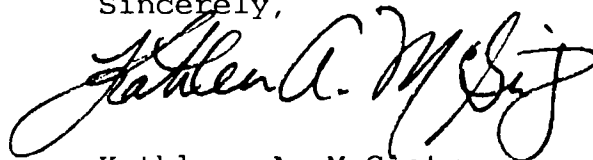
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Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

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Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



CHEMDESIGN CORPORATION

Fine Chemicals and Intermediates



A Responsible Care Company

99 DEVELOPMENT ROAD
FITCHBURG, MA 01420 U.S.A.
Telephone: (508) 345-9999
Telefax: (508) 342-9769

June 18, 1993

Ms. Kathleen A. McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office on Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building
17th and Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20500

Re: Municipal Carve-Outs from Superfund Liability

Dear Ms. McGinty:

I am the founder, Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Environmental Officer of ChemDesign Corporation. I founded ChemDesign ten years ago and, with the help of a dedicated staff and loyal investors and lenders, have built a \$40 million company that has set a new standard of excellence in custom manufacturing fine and specialty chemicals.

ChemDesign, as a chemical manufacturer, is subject to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act ("Superfund"). As you know, Superfund is far from perfect and efforts are underway for a comprehensive reform of Superfund's regulatory scheme. I believe that that reform is critical and that it must be undertaken with due process and in a democratic spirit.

I am troubled by reports that the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency is considering certain actions that would exempt municipalities from all or most of their liability under Superfund. The Superfund regulatory scheme under which we all (including municipalities) have been operating for the past dozen years is based on the concept that parties who contribute to an environmental problem should share the costs of its remediation. A special exemption for municipalities from this concept at this stage in the game is patently unfair to the remaining potentially responsible parties. They would be forced to pay the municipalities' share of the clean-up costs, a share estimated to be in excess of \$15 billion. Although such a carve out might relieve the municipalities of a large liability, it also has the effect of shifting over \$15 billion of liability onto non-municipal parties who are in no better position to bear their own costs of Superfund than the municipalities, much less this extra burden.

Ms. Kathleen A. McGinty
June 18, 1993
Page 2

If the Superfund regulatory scheme is so badly flawed that the EPA is unwilling to apply it equitably to all potentially responsible parties (including municipalities), then comprehensive reform of the system is essential. The EPA itself acknowledges this and has established a public advisory committee to review Superfund's problems, including municipal liability issues, and recommend reforms later this year. To grant a municipality liability carve out now circumvents the EPA's own democratic process and undermines any chance for comprehensive reform of Superfund. That result benefits no one.

The problems which Superfund is designed to address are too important to our society for us to do anything less than ensure an open and candid dialogue on the problems and a fair and reasonable result for all involved. The EPA must not be permitted to jeopardize the possibility of a meaningful, fair and comprehensive reform of Superfund by unilaterally exempting municipalities from their fair share of liability.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Richard E. Brooks". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned above the typed name.

Richard E.T. Brooks
Chairman and
Chief Executive Officer

REB/hbf
1571.0617

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

July 20, 1993

Mr. Jeffrey D. Bates
Sales Representative
Union Carbide Chemicals and
Plastics Company, Inc.
3030 Warrenville Road
Suite 640
Lisle, IL 60532

Dear Mr. Bates:

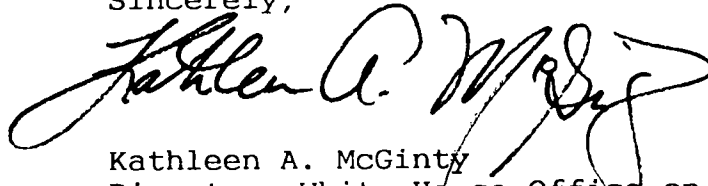
Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about liability of toxic waste cleanup under Superfund.

I share President Clinton's and Vice President Gore's commitment to the preservation of our environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. In his first State of the Union address, the President reaffirmed his goal to increase the efficiency of toxic waste cleanup, as well as to decrease the numerous liability lawsuits facing Superfund sites.

As you may know, on June 23, 1993 the Environmental Protection Agency released a package of administrative actions to improve the Superfund program. This document did not include any initiatives to limit the liability of municipalities with regard to cleanup costs. In order to examine long-term improvements of Superfund, EPA Administrator Browner established the National Advisory Council for Environmental Policy and Technology (NACEPT). This body will evaluate the current performance of the Superfund program, identify administrative and legislative options to improve the program, and assess the advantages and disadvantages of these options. Administrator Browner requested that the NACEPT explore possible policy options with regard to municipal liability in the Superfund program. NACEPT is expected to report to Administrator Browner in October.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty", with a stylized flourish at the end.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



UNION CARBIDE CHEMICALS AND PLASTICS COMPANY INC.

3030 WARRENVILLE ROAD • SUITE 640 • Lisle, ILLINOIS 60532 • PHONE 708-505-2450

June 17, 1993

Kathleen A. McGuinty
Deputy assistant to the President
Director, Office on Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building
17th & Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 29599

Dear Ms. McGuinty:

I have just learned that EPA is reviewing options for exempting municipalities from Superfund Liability. I must inform you that Union Carbide Corporation is opposed to any special relief for cities without comprehensive reform for everyone. Exempting municipalities would only worsen this troubled program and delay the process of comprehensive reform. This kind of special-interest relief would only create conflict and more litigation for those cities that escaped the program. Also, exempting municipalities would result in a multi-billion dollars shift in liabilities from the cities to non-municipal parties, including the federal government. This shift would seriously harm industries trying to compete internationally. It could bankrupt smaller companies and increase the federal government cleanup costs.

If our national Superfund program has become so expensive and so restrictive that we cannot justify it to our local government, then the situation cries out for comprehensive reform, not special interest carve-outs. This view is shared by a broad coalition of large industries, small businesses, non-profit organizations, and municipal owners/operators of land fills.

Even though the EPA has formed an advisory committee to review Superfund and make recommendations in Fall 1993, how open to these recommendations will the Agency really be? Comprehensive reform should be the only "special interest" reform considered. Why put time, energy, and money into special relief when it will only cause more problems than solutions?

Respectfully,

Jeffery D. Bates
Sales Representative
Solvents & Coatings Materials Div.
Solvents, Resins & Intermediates

JDB/rlc

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 22, 1993

Mr. Rex L. Bavousett
310 Hester Avenue, #59
Donna, TX 78537

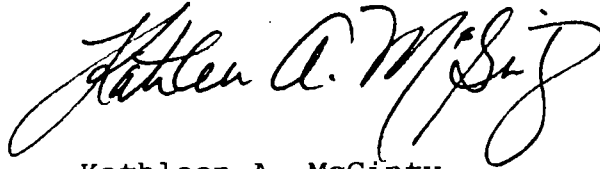
Dear Mr. Bavousett:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the Animal Damage Control Act.

We are in the process of reviewing our policy with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of the Interior on this very important matter. I agree that further study of the options involved is necessary for an informed and balanced decision to be made. Be assured that we will give every consideration to your concerns as we look at this issue.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" being more prominent and the last name "McGinty" following in a similar style.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Rex Bavousett
310 Hester Ave. #59
Donna, Tx. 78537-2506

June 17, 1993

Kathleen McGinty
White House Office on Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Bldg., Room 358
Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty,

This letter is in regards to the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Animal Damage Control (ADC) program. With President Clinton's and Congress' desire to cut all unnecessary federal spending, I feel that all parties interested should look into cutting the ADC as well.

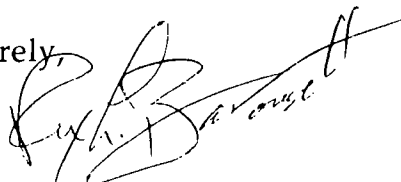
The ADC predator control program is neither cost-effective nor biologically sound. In 1992 the ADC spent over 45 million taxpayer dollars to kill wildlife on public lands and to develop poisons and control techniques for wild animals. Most of these techniques are indiscriminate and place threatened and endangered species in jeopardy. At the same time the government spends millions to kill predators, it also funds multi-million dollar programs to protect and reintroduce endangered species. This is counter productive.

Farmers and Ranchers should be responsible for protecting their own crops and livestock and doing so with non-lethal techniques. Wild animals shouldn't have to be killed just to protect their pocketbooks. If we asked the animals what they would want, they would probably ask for a "Human Damage Control".

We should be protecting our natural heritage not destroying it. Bio-diversity is the key to our survival on this great earth. Bio-diversity requires that the animals that the ADC kills, to remain alive and free.

Please bring an end to this outdated tax-supported federal war on wildlife.
Thank you!

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Rex L. Bavousett', with a stylized flourish at the end.

Rex L. Bavousett

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

July 22, 1993

Ms. Debra Bullington
P.O. Box 69
Lame Deer, Montana 59043

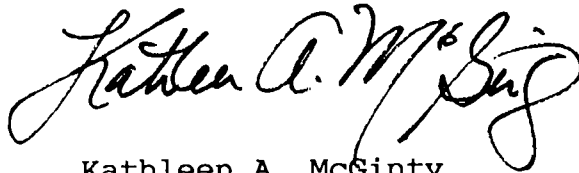
Dear Ms. Bullington:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the Animal Damage Control Act.

We are in the process of reviewing our policy with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of the Interior on this very important matter. I agree that further study of the options involved is necessary for an informed and balanced decision to be made. Be assured that we will give every consideration to your concerns as we look at this issue.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" being the most prominent part.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

March 19, 1993

Dear Fellow Citizen,

I am writing to express my outrage about our tax dollars going to the Animal Damage Control program (ADC). I understand that the ADC spent over 45 million taxpayer dollars in fiscal year 1992 to kill wildlife on public lands and to develop poison and control techniques for wild animals. I understand that in 1992 over 109,000 predatory mammals and more than 1,500,000 birds were reported killed by the ADC. I question the use of techniques that are indiscriminate and place threatened and endangered species in jeopardy. At the same time the government spends millions to kill predators it also funds expensive programs to protect and reintroduce endangered species. The ADC predator control program is neither cost-effective nor biologically sound. The ADC appears to be a subsidy to the livestock industry. Taxpayers should not be expected to fund this program. Public interests, not private interests should be served first. Ranchers need to be responsible for protecting their own livestock and doing so with non-lethal techniques.

Now is the time to stop federally funded brutal killing of animals by the ADC and the waste of taxpayer's money. People must begin to see that human beings are but one species living on the planet. Each living thing should and can be respected just because it is alive. We must begin to respect the delicate balance of nature and realize how important our love, intelligence and abilities are in preserving and nurturing this balance. What a formidable and respectful responsibility.

The millions of dollars spent on destruction of predators which kill relatively small numbers of livestock must stop. There are alternatives to consider, I have listed some at the end of this letter. My husband wishes to add that he has hopes of someday seeing a mountain lion in the wild and is outraged that his tax dollars went to the federally sanctioned killing of 44 mountain lions in Arizona last year.

Please give some of your time and thoughts in considering what

I have written. Please investigate the budget of the ADC and how it is being spent.

Thank you,
Debra Bullington
Box 69
Lame Deer
Montana 59043

Some alternatives to consider:

- Create programs that put the burden of risk management on the producer (guard dogs, fencing, herding etc...) prior to requesting ADC's assistance.
- A direct user fee for ADC's services.
- Require producers to purchase insurance policies to cover loss due to wildlife and let consumer pay the direct costs.
- Maintain ADC's funding and mandate that a greater percentage is earmarked for non-lethal research and operations. Require that ADC use non-lethal methods as their activity of choice.
- Establish a smaller budget for ADC (or abolish the program) and let the consumer of the product pay the direct cost of allowing nature to take its course.
- Create an incentive program whereby producers would get financial incentives to perform non-lethal control rather than asking for ADC's intervention.

The ADC's cruel and barbaric Killing of life must stop.

July 7, 1993

Mr. Brian A. Baku
General Manager
Restaurant Equipment Supply & Service
4 W. Fourth Street
Eureka, CA 96602

Dear Mr. Baku:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Brian Baku
General Manager

SUPPLY & SERVICE

Mike Fonsano
Service Manager
Con. Lic. # 503295

(707) 443-3889
(800) 669-1889

President Bill Clinton
FAX 202-456-2461

Dear Mr. President

June 30, 1993

I am a small business owner in Eureka, California. I am in the business of supplying goods and services to restaurants in the Humboldt and Del Norte county region. I currently employ a total of fourteen individuals. I have always felt that business has a social responsibility to act as a contributor to the economy and region in which they do business.

I am 37 years of age and have lived in Humboldt county for 27 of my years. In this time I have seen the general economy of the Northern California region stagnate and decline. This is do in large part to the environmental grid-lock emanating from Washington. I have seen thousands of timber workers loose their jobs over issues that seem to be never ending. First in 1976 the federal government created Redwood National Park. This park has become a local joke as it is one of the least developed of any of the National Park system. Now we have Spotted Owls, Marbled Murrelets, and other species that have taken precedence over jobs and a sustained economic future. I would like to know what you propose we in this region should look to for our future incomes. Our second major industry, that of fishing, has become over regulated to the point of extinction.

I have a great love of our wilderness areas and have always believed that man and the environment can co-exist. I believe that all evidence will show that the current logging practices allow for a long term sustained yield program which will provide jobs and timber for all future generations. Your option 9 plan will cripple both the national housing market and our local economy. We need support from Washington in these hard times.

I have been a registered Democrat for all of my voting years, but I can no longer stand silent as your administration destroys what little we in the Pacific Northwest have left. Please help us by coming up with an environmental plan that we can all live with.

Sincerely,



Brian A. Baku

cc/Katie McGinty

4 W. Fourth Street Eureka, Ca 95501

July 7, 1993

Mr. Rick Brenneman
Western Forest Products
1899 Commerce Avenue
P.O. Box 15478
Boise, Idaho 83705

Dear Mr. Brenneman:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



WESTERN FOREST PRODUCTS

1899 COMMERCE AVENUE • P.O. BOX 15478 • BOISE, IDAHO 837
PHONE (208) 336-6000

7-1-93

TO - THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE
OF ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY
MR. TOM COLLIER
U.S. DEPT. OF INTERIOR
MR. GIM LYONS
U.S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE



WESTERN
FOREST
PRODUCTS

RICK BRENNEMAN 白 魯 德
DIRECTOR, EXPORT DIVISION

1836 Commerce Avenue (Boise, Idaho 83705 U.S.A.)
Local: (208) 336-9000 • 1-800-733-0312
Fax: (208) 384-1658

西林
有限公司

GENTLEMAN;

AS A MANUFACTURER & DISTRIBUTOR OF "FINISHED"
LUMBER & RELATED PRODUCT TO BOTH DOMESTIC &
FOREIGN MARKETS, WE STRONGLY OPPOSE THE PROPOSAL
OF ACTION 9,

OUR FIRM'S HISTORY STANDS OVER 80 YEARS WITH AN
EMPLOYEE BASE IN EXCESS OF 450. WE HAVE PROUDLY
MAINTAINED OVER THE YEARS OUR OWN SMALL BASE OF
TIMBERLAND TO COINCIDE WITH OUR MANUFACTURING
CAPABILITY & FEEL THAT SUCH A PROPOSAL SPELLS
DISASTER FOR A VAST NUMBER IN THIS AREA.

Sincerely,

July 7, 1993

Mr. John C. Beers
240 S. Anza St. Apt. P
El Cajon, CA 92020

Dear Mr. Beers:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

June 26, 1993

Office of Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Bldg., Rm. 360
Washington, D.C. 20501

attn: Katie McEnty

Dear Ms. McEnty:

You are strongly urged to encourage President Clinton to develop a scientifically sound, ecologically credible, and legally responsible plan for protecting the Pacific Northwest's public forests and all remaining ancient forests.

Insist that the President stop the export of raw logs; to keep log processing jobs in the United States and export only finished wood products.

Economic assistance and investment opportunities must be provided to rural fish and timber related communities in the Northwest.

Remind the President of his pledge to develop a Pacific Northwest forest plan that is scientifically sound and follows existing environmental laws.

Sincerely,

John C Beers

John C. Beers

July 7, 1993

Ms. Pat Barnes
92884 Applegate Trail
Junction City, OR 97448

Dear Ms. Barnes:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

President Clinton
 White House
 Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. President,

I feel compelled to write to you
 and let you know that I personally feel
 you have let me down.

I + my husband who both work (I am
 employed in a mill office + my husband
 owns + drives truck - - hauling wood for
 the same mill) are very concerned for our
 jobs due to Option 9.

We both pushed for votes for you as we
 felt this Country needed a change - - you promised
 to care about the people + our economy, and make
 the changes necessary. We met with lots of
 opposition - - but pushed on for you anyway.

You came to Portland, and even though a
 lot of our friends said it was a waste of time
 that you would not do anything. We felt proud
 + encouraged after your Summit meeting.

Why would you make promises to work
 for a resolution + sell us out with
 Option 9 ???

Help save our jobs - so we can pay taxes
 and afford to go camping + hunting in our
 forests we love + cherish as much as anyone!

A Sincere Citizen

Pat Barnes
 92884 Applegate Trail
 Junction City, OR 97448

July 7, 1993

Ms. Julie C. Burns
Simms-Moore Lumber & Hardware
P.O. Box 970
6616 Walnut & 2nd Street
Frisco, TX 75034-0970

Dear Ms. Burns:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



Simms-Moore LUMBER & HARDWARE

07/01/93

President Bill Clinton
White House
1600 Pennsylvania Ave. NE
Washington, D.C. 20500

P.O. Box 970
6616 Walnut & 2nd Street
Frisco, Texas 75034-0970
OFFICE (214) 335-9812
FAX (214) 335-9845

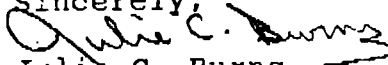
Dear Mr. President:

As a voter and an employee of Simms-Moore Lumber and Hardware, which employs twenty-five people from the Dallas/Ft. Worth metroplex, I am writing to you in response to the proposed "Option 9" as a solution to the timber crisis. I have a grave concern for myself, my family, our employees' families, and our customers should you recommend "Option 9." Today we are in desperate need of a sufficient, sustainable timber supply. We have experienced the skyrocketing of lumber prices when the preservationists influenced our representatives in Washington. As I understand your "Option 9," those prices we endured in the spring were only a slight indication of those which are yet to come. We, the members and employees of timber-related industries throughout the United States, cannot afford further forest and mill closings. Perhaps more importantly to the administration, this nation, which cannot afford to support the unemployed men and women it has now, surely will collapse with the destruction of the timber industry.

It has come to my attention that you will shortly recommend the adoption of "Option 9" as your preferred solution to the current impasse in the Pacific Northwest. This plan will reduce harvest levels on federal forest lands in the affected region to an average of 1.2 billion board feet. THIS IS A REDUCTION OF 77% from the historic levels of 5.2 billion board feet. I know that 1.2 billion board feet might sound like a great amount of lumber; however, consider the hundreds of thousands of logging companies, mills, papermills, furniture manufacturers, wholesale and retail stores which sell all types of wood for a seemingly limitless variety of uses and people, and all the construction companies. These are but a few of members of the industry which will be adversely affected. "OPTION 9" WILL COST OVER 85,000 DIRECT JOBS IN THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST AND TENS OF THOUSANDS MORE THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES AND WILL TREMENDOUSLY AFFECT LUMBER PRICES, RISKING THE RECOVERY OF THIS NATION'S FRAGILE ECONOMY.

When you convened the "Forest Summit" in April, the timber industry leaders were willing to compromise with the preservationists; however, the leaders of the preservationist movement demonstrated their extreme views by stating that there was not a compromise as far as they were concerned. You promised to find a solution, but I never considered that it would entail a harvest level LOWER than anything proposed publicly last year by the preservationists.

I implore you, on behalf of myself, my family, and our employees, to
NOT ADOPT "OPTION 9."

Sincerely,

Julie C. Burns

CC: Senator Phil Gramm
Senator Kay Bailey Hutchison
Representative Richard Arney
Representative Sam Johnson
Jim Lyons, Assistant Secretary for Natural Resources
Bud Collier, Deputy Secretary of the Interior

July 7, 1993

Ms. Camille A. Bloom
1223 1/2 S. 6th Ave.
Wausau, WI 54401

Dear Ms. Bloom:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

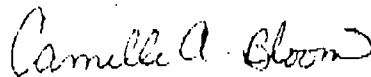
July 1, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
The White House Office of Environmental Policy

Dear Ms. McGinty:

This fax is to voice my opposition to Option 9 and to urge you to also oppose Option 9 which will severely reduce harvest levels on federal forest lands in the Pacific Northwest. The negative effect of supporting Option 9 will be felt throughout the country with the loss of direct and indirect jobs. Surely there must be a better compromise between the environmentalists and the lumber industry.

Yours truly,



Camille A. Bloom
1223 1/2 S. 6th Ave
Wausau, WI 54401

July 7, 1993

Mr. Greg Besse
Vice President of Manufacturing
Besse Forest Products Group
P.O. Box 352
Industrial Park
Gladstone, Michigan 49837

Dear Mr. Besse:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



**BESSE
FOREST
PRODUCTS GROUP**

Northern Michigan Veneers, Inc.
Wisconsin Veneer and Plywood, Inc.
Butternut Veneers, Inc.
Besse Forest Products, Inc.
Birds Eye Veneer Company

P.O. Box 352
Industrial Park
Gladstone, Michigan 49837
Phone: 906-428-3113
FAX: 906-428-3310

June 30, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
The White House Office of
Environmental Policy

Dear Ms. McGinty:

Can we afford to implement Option 9 administratively? We would hope that the Administration will show some willingness to restart negotiations for a balanced proposal.

OPTION 9 is severely restrictive, eliminating the vast majority of federal forestlands from forest production and multiple-use management. A significant long term shortage of lumber will have major implications on housing opportunities. HUD Secretary Cisneros recently noted, "As goes housing, so goes the American economy". A lumber shortage certainly will reduce housing starts, repair and remodeling expenditures and other construction. This would cost over 85,000 direct and indirect jobs in the region, as well as tens of thousands of construction jobs across the U.S. It would dramatically affect lumber prices, rising the nation's fragile economic recovery.

The U.S. has an ample wood supply which is a renewable resource. The wood products industry is experiencing rising prices driven, not by consumer demand, but by limited access to our raw materials.

We are asking the Administration to restart negotiations with organized labor and management in the forest products industry so that we may have a balanced proposal.

Sincerely,


Greg Besse
Vice President of
Manufacturing



I'm glad we got re-elected. It would be

July 7, 1993

Ms. Patricia Bradburn
12750 Chatter Brook Dr.
Catharpin, VA 22018

Dear Ms. Bradburn:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

P 01
PLEASE

NO WELFARE FOR LOGGERS
THEY WANT TO WORK-LET THEM

CUTTING JOBS IS
FOR THE BIRDS

SAY NO TO OPTION 9.

Patricia G. Bradburn
12750 Chatter Brook Dr.
Catharpin VA 22018

July 7, 1993

Ms. Sally Bennett
P.O. Box 5001
S. Lake Tahoe, CA 96157

Dear Ms. Bennett:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

P.O. Box 5001
S. Lake Tahoe
Ca. 96157
May 28, 1993

Office on Environmental Policy:

I want to thank President Clinton & vice-president Gore for doing more to save our forests. I would like all remaining ancient forests in Pacific Northwest to be saved, the ancient forests east of Cascade Mountain Range protected, strict standards be set for adherence to all environmental laws & court orders, and the export of raw logs be reduced.

To me & my family, our environment in the USA & around the world is important.

Sincerely,
Sally Bennett

July 7, 1993

Ms. Cynthia Bower
4062 Yale Creek Road
Jacksonville, OR 97530

Dear Ms. Bower:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Dear Katie McGinty, Director

June 25, 1993

I recently wrote President Bill Clinton and Vice-President Al Gore letters commenting on my opinions about how the Northwest's forests should be managed. Mainly, I urged them to protect the ancient forests, along with other management suggestions. I had high hopes after the April 2nd Forest Conference and felt confident that President Clinton would treat the Northwest Forests with the respect they deserve.

But now it is rumored that the President may ask Congress to pass a new law that puts his "preferred option" for the NW forests above the reach of the law. This strategy would short-circuit the public review process and curtail citizens' rights to hold the BLM and Forest Service accountable to the National Forest Management Act, the National Environmental Policy Act, and other laws. President Clinton needs to keep his promise of trying to make the laws work as they are and to develop a "scientifically sound, ecologically credible, legally responsible plan". The President mustn't back down and override forest protection laws!!

I am ~~righting~~ writing this letter from a fairly educated and balanced space. I obtained my BS in Forest Management Science from Colorado State University in 1986. I am not against logging but I am opposed to clearcutting and I do support the appropriate actions that it will take to protect our ancient forests.

Thank you for your time and consideration in this matter.

Sincerely,

Cynthia Bower

Cynthia Bower

462 Yale Creek Rd
Jacksonville OR 97530

July 7, 1993

Mr. Stephen Bybee
Rt. #1
Marshall, MO 65340

Dear Mr. Bybee:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

RL #1
Marshall, MO 65340
June 27, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director-Office of Environmental Policy
Room 360
Old Executive Office Building
Washington, DC 20501

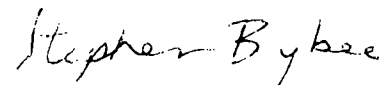
Dear Ms. McGinty:

In light of your position as Director of the Office of Environmental Policy, I would like for you to relay to President Clinton some of my concerns regarding his stand on the Pacific Northwest forests.

During this past April's Forest Conference, the President made a pledge to develop a Pacific Northwest forest plan which would be both scientifically and environmentally sound. Such a plan, I believe, should include the following provisions: 1.) all remaining ancient forest should be protected, 2.) the export of raw logs should be stopped, and 3.) economic assistance and investment opportunities should be provided to rural fish and timber related communities in the Northwest. If the United States would export only finished wood products, the unemployment caused by the decreased need for loggers could be offset by an increase in the number of log processing jobs. Such a plan could help resolve the conflict between loggers and environmentalists.

I thank you for your time and urge you to keep President Clinton aware of public sentiment regarding the environment.

Sincerely

A handwritten signature in dark ink, reading "Stephen Bybee". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Stephen Bybee

July 7, 1993

Ms. Carolyn Bryant
532 Hickory Street
CB 34-14
Hudson, NC 28638

Dear Ms. Bryant:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

July 2, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
The White House Office of Environmental Policy
Fax# (202) 456-2710

Dear Ms. McGinty:

It has been announced that the Clinton Administration has decided to move forward with option 9 concerning the timber harvest levels in the Pacific Northwest.

Option 9 will:

- 1) Possibly be the straw that breaks the proverbial camel's back and push the United States into a recession or, in the worst case, a depression.
- 2) Reduce the harvest levels on federal forest lands in the Pacific Northwest to 1.2 billion board feet annually. This is 23% of the historic level of 5.2 billion board feet. Also please realize that prior to this reduction, one acre out of every seven acres was already off limits to timber harvesting because of wilderness or other designations.
- 3) Hit the American consumer dead center again by increasing the cost of all products derived from forest products. Major products would include:
 - a) Increase dramatically again the cost of building a home.
 - b) Increase the cost of building rental property, and thereby rent, for both commercial and apartments or dwellings.
 - c) Increase indirectly the cost of all goods and services because of increased cost resulting from increased prices of constructing manufacturing and/or commercial buildings.
 - d) Decrease forest product exports and thereby worsen our balance of trade problem.

- e) Increase forest product imports and thereby worsen our balance of trade problem.
 - f) Damage further the furniture business because furniture lumber will end up taking the place of the lost timber products from the Pacific Northwest.
 - g) Make the cost of furniture prohibitive to many consumers because of higher prices required for furniture raw materials.
 - h) Increase the price of the multitude of products which require raw materials from forest products (on a weight basis the quantity of wood used in the United States roughly equals the weight of all metals, all plastics and all portland cement combined).
- 4) Cost over 85,000 direct and indirect jobs in the Pacific Northwest.

Please, let us all stop trying to push our own selfish agendas and let us do something that is good for the United States of American and all of its citizens. Do not stab the average American citizen in the back by lowering their standard of living. Keep the forest product harvest on the public's land maximized by harvesting the annual growth each year. Please do not use Option 9 to lock away these vital renewable natural resources.

Very truly yours,



Carolyn Bryant
532 Hickory Street
CB 34-14
Hudson, N.C. 28638

copies: Senator Jesse Helms
Senator Lauch Faircloth
Representative Cass Ballenger

July 7, 1993

Mr. Kevin Bohmbach
Production Manager
Meister Log and Lumber Company
1440 Laukant St.
P.O. Box 308
Reedsburg, WI 53959-0308

Dear Mr. Bohmbach:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



Meister Log and Lumber Company

Railroad Ties - Lumber - Logs - Mulch

1440 Laukant St., P.O. Box 308 • Reedsburg, WI 53959-0308
PH: (608) 524-4412 • FAX: (608) 524-3961

July 1, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
The White House Office of Environmental Policy
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Ms McGinty:

This fax is to strongly state our opposition to your administration adopting Option 9 regarding timber harvesting on our National Forests. We believe Option 9 will have a very negative effect on labor, housing and the general economy. These are the peoples resources you are locking up for the benefit of a small minority, the environmental elitists. By adopting Option 9 you will:

- 1) Reduce the forest resources from this area available to the public by almost 80%.
- 2) Eliminate 85,000 jobs in the Pacific Northwest, as well as many others nationally.
- 3) Dramatically raise the price of homes, at the expense mostly of the lower and middle class.
- 4) Induce a strong negative impact on the overall economy.

Please do not cave into the radical environmental groups. Help keep our natural resources open to the multiple use, and benefit, of our general public.

Thank you,

MEISTER LOG AND LUMBER COMPANY

Kevin Bohmbach
Production Manager

July 7, 1993

Mr. William Borden
Procurement Forester
Meister Log and Lumber Company
1440 Laukant St.
P.O. Box 308
Reedsburg, WI 53959-0308

Dear Mr. Borden:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

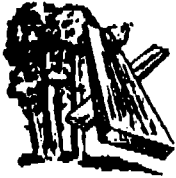
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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



Meister Log and Lumber Company

Railroad Ties - Lumber - Logs - Mulch

1440 Laukant St., P.O. Box 308 • Reedsburg, WI 53959-0308
PH: (608) 524-4412 • FAX: (608) 524-3961

June 30, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
The White House Office of Environmental Policy
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Ms McGinty:

This fax is to strongly state our opposition to your administration adopting Option 9 regarding timber harvesting on our National Forests. We believe Option 9 will have a very negative effect on labor, housing and the general economy. These are the peoples resources you are locking up for the benefit of a small minority, the environmental elitists. By adopting Option 9 you will:

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- 4) Induce a strong negative impact on the overall economy.

Please do not cave into the radical environmental groups. Help keep our natural resources open to the multiple use, and benefit, of our general public.

Thank you,

MEISTER LOG AND LUMBER COMPANY

William Borden
Procurement Forester

July 7, 1993

Mr. Larry A. Blagrove
P.O. Box 290
Igo, CA 96047

Dear Mr. Blagrove:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

July 2, 1993

Attn:

360

Ms. Katie McGinty
The White House Office of Environmental Policy

Dear Ms. McGinty:

I strongly oppose implementation of Option 9, reducing the Timber Harvest to 23 % of the Historic Levels of 5.2 Billion Board Feet.

When are you going to realize that Timber is a Renewable Resource IT GROWS all the time. A TREE is not Sacred, and furthermore the Spotted Owl is not either.

The Spotted Owl lives well in Barns, Old Cars as well as Second Growth Timber. The Spotted Owl does not condemmm themselves to live solely in Old Growth.

As one of the descendents of the first Wagon Trains to Northern California and Southern Oregon. Our forefathers did not bow down and pray to a tree thinking it was Sacred. They realized the benefits of the tree in everyday life, cut it down, built homes and created jobs with the tree. They also Planted Trees to renew the forests. They Prayed to God. Not to a tree and the spotted owl.

When are you people going to wake up and get in the Real World. You have lived off the government take for so long you do not even know what is going on. Don't put the Timber Workers on a Govenment Handout Program. We do not want that. We want to do honest work in a Industry we enjoy.

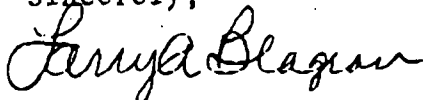
By the adoption of Option 9, you will put us all on a Welfare Program funded by the Government. This will increase the National Debt and will reduce further the Taxes that a working man or woman sends to the Government.

Our economy is already in danger. Look at our economy as an Endangered Species and Think a little more about the outcome of the Adoption of Option 9.

They Spotted Owl will live anywhere and can live anywhere. We the American People are the Endangered Species. That is the American People who do not live off the Fat of the American Government.

I, again, ask that you reconsider the Options available and do not implement option 9. If you do we beome endangered.....

Sincerely,



Larry A. Blagrove
P.O. Box 290

Igo, California 96047

July 7, 1993

Mr. Robert Bell
5845 Colonist Drive
Fairburn, GA 30213

Dear Mr. Bell:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Dear Ms. McGinty

In regards to the forests in the Pacific Northwest, I hope it is possible that we finally have a President who can say something besides "people are more important than owls." President Clinton's policy in the Northwest must include the protection of all the remaining ancient forest as well as assistance to local communities who have been living under a system which is not sustainable under any conditions. In addition, it is unconscionable that this raw resource is being exported to the degree that it is. I greatly appreciate your scientifically sound recommendations to the President.

Robert Beel

July 7, 1993

Mr. David Bennett
404 East 55 St.
New York, NY 10022

Dear Mr. Bennett:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

I oppose "Option 9"
which continues cutting trees
in Nat'l Forests.

I oppose all ancient
forest cutting.
David Bennett 404 E 55 ST
NY NY 10022

July 7, 1993

Mr. Richard M. Bennett
243 E. Paterson
Kalamazoo, MI 49007

Dear Mr. Bennett:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

RICHARD M BENNETT
243 E PATERSON
KALAMAZOO MI 49007

**WESTERN
UNION** | **MAILGRAM®**



012516000497 07/01/93

WHSB

► MS KATIE MCGINTY
OFFICE OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY
WHITE HOUSE
360 OLD EXECUTIVE OFFICE BLDG
WASHINGTON DC 20503

ON BEHALF OF THE 720 EMPLOYEES HERE AT JAMES RIVER CORPORATION,
KALAMAZOO, MI, I IMPLORE YOU TO ADVISE THE PRESIDENT TO REJECT
OPTION 9 OF THE FOREST ECOSYSTEM TASK GROUP. OPTION 9 IS NOT A
BALANCE, FAIR SOLUTION TO THE TIMBER SUPPLY CRISIS IN THE PACIFIC
NORTHWEST:

1. IT WILL DISMANTLE OUR LUMBER AND PAPER INDUSTRIES THERE,
COSTING 85,000 DIRECT AND INDIRECT JOBS.

2. 1.2 BILLION BOARD FEET ANNUAL HARVEST ON FEDERAL FORESTLANDS
IS UNACCEPTABLE GIVEN THE FEDERAL PRESENCE, ACREAGE, AND
RESPONSIBILITY IN THE REGION.

3. NEGOTIATION WITH ALL PARTIES MUST RESUME TO REACH A BALANCE
SOLUTION.

SINCERELY,

RICHARD M BENNETT
PLANT MANAGER
JAMES RIVER CORPORATION

14959

20:33 EST

MGMCOMP

July 7, 1993

Ms. Sally Bhresten
2 Appleton St.
No. 202
Waltham, MA 02154

Dear Ms. Bhresten:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Dear Kathleen McBratney:

I do not support
Option 9. I wish to
preserve our natural
forests by approving clear-
cutting.

Sincerely,

Daily Bluestem

July 7, 1993

Ms. Kathryn Burgess
1054 SE 56th
Portland, OR 97215

Dear Ms. Burgess:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

1054 SE 56th
Portland, OR 97215
June 26, 1993

Dear Ms. McGinty:

I hope that President Clinton adheres to his promise to develop a responsible plan for protecting the Pacific Northwest's public forests.

I urge that all remaining ancient forest be protected and that the export of raw logs be stopped. Log processing jobs should be kept in the United States, and exports should only be finished wood products.

I also encourage economic assistance and investment opportunities be provided to those Northwest communities affected by the policy.

Thank you for your time and consideration.

Sincerely,
Kathryn Burgess
Kathryn Burgess

July 7, 1993

Mr. Glen Besa
Star Rt, Box 95B
Flintstone, MD 21530

Dear Mr. Besa:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Glen Besa
Star Rt, Box 95B
Flintstone, MD 21530
June 26, 1993

President William Jefferson Clinton
White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D.C.

Dear President Clinton:

I worked very hard for your election because of my strong desire for social justice and sound environmental policy. Thus, your inauguration was a pilgrimage of sorts which my wife and I and thousands of other caring American made to Washington to reclaim our government for the people.

I appreciate that the job of turning this country around, back to the principles of caring for ones' neighbors and to a sense of community will not be easy after twelve years of the gospel of greed. I respect your courage to stand up for principles like homosexuals in the military.

With that said, I want to express to you that I am deeply concerned with the fate of our National Forests generally, and the ancient forests of the Pacific Northwest in particular. I am active in protecting our forest resources here in the central Appalachian region, and I urge you to adopt forest protection provisions that extend to all our public lands. But as bad as the abuses carried out by the Forest Service are here, they pale in comparison to the northwest.

This past April, I visited the Olympic National Forest, and I was appalled by the extent of the logging activity as well as by the total lack of environmental safeguards. It was quite evident that clearcutting was the preferred harvest practice, and I saw clearcuts carried out on virtual cliffs where the heavy rains of that region choked the salmon streams with sediments.

Frankly, with the abuses carried out over the past twelve years, the timber industry and the U.S. Forest Service shouldn't be allowed to remove one more tree from our public lands.

I urge you to adopt the strongest possible restrictions on logging on our public lands. I will be deeply disappointed if our public forests are sacrificed for political expediency.

Thank you, and keep fighting for social and environmental justice.

Sincerely,


Glen Besa

-cc Katie McGinty

July 7, 1993

Mr. Raymond J. Bumbaugh, III
Bumba Lumber
5060 Santa Fe Street
P.O. Box 9426
San Diego, CA 92169-0426

Dear Mr. Bumbaugh:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

BUMBA LUMBER

5060 SANTA FE STREET, P.O. BOX 9426, SAN DIEGO, CA 92169-0426
SAN DIEGO (619) 275-6770 • NORTH COUNTY (619) 436-2047

01 JULY, 1993

TO WHOM THIS MAY CONCERN,

THE CLINTON ADMINISTRATION HAS BROUGHT FORTH A PROPOSAL KNOWN AS OPTION 9. I'D LIKE TO STATE THAT BUMBA LUMBER, INC. IS OPPOSED TO THIS OPTION FOR THE FOLLOWING REASONS IT WAS DESIGNED FOR.

1. IT WILL REDUCE THE HARVEST LEVELS ON FEDERAL FORESTLANDS IN THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST TO 1.2 BILLION BOARD FEET, WHICH IS 23% OF THE HISTORIC LEVEL OF 5.2 BILLION BOARD FEET.
2. IT WILL COST OVER 85,000 DIRECT & INDIRECT JOBS, ALONG WITH THE LOSS OF TENS OF THOUSANDS OF CONSTRUCTION JOBS ACROSS THE U.S.
3. FINALLY, IT WILL ALSO AFFECT THE LUMBER PRICES, RISKING THE NATIONS ECONOMIC RECOVERY THAT IS ALREADY SHAKEY.

SINCERELY,



RAYMOND J. BUMBAUGH, III
PRESIDENT BUMBA LUMBER, INC.

July 7, 1993

Ms. Julie C. Burns
Simms-Moore Lumber & Hardware
P.O. Box 970
6616 Walnut & 2nd Street
Frisco, TX 75034-0970

Dear Ms. Burns:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



Simms-Moore LUMBER & HARDWARE

30 June, 1993

Ms. Katie Mc Ginty
White House Office of Environmental Policy
Fax: (202) 456-2710

P.O. Box 970
6616 Walnut & 2nd Street
Frisco, Texas 75034-0970
OFFICE (214) 335-9812
FAX (214) 335-9845

Dear Ms. Mc Ginty:

As an employee of Simms-Moore Lumber and Hardware Co. of Frisco, Inc., I feel deeply concerned with the position President Clinton and his Administration seem to be taking on the timber harvest issue. Not only am I concerned with the effects on the industry, but I also fear that the adoption of Option 9 will seriously impair my future.

First, there is a very good chance that I will lose my only source of income. Our company's costs skyrocketed last spring, yet we were forced to keep our retail prices at a bare minimum, meaning we yielded our lowest gross profit margin to date. This limited my employers' ability to provide raises to us, to invest in new equipment, and to purchase replacement stock. I fear another shift in the market will eliminate our jobs completely.

Second, I look forward to one day being able to purchase a new home. This will become virtually impossible for people in their twenties and for the generation that will follow us. Limiting the supply of available wood to 1.2 billion board feet per year will ultimately result in soaring prices not only of new homes and apartments, but also furnishings, and paper products. Unless another segment of the economy can support the millions of jobs that will be lost because of the adoption of Option 9, from mill workers to wholesalers, retailers, new home builders, remodelers, and carpenters, those forests preservationists seek to protect will be worthless, for no one will be able to afford a vacation to them because the cost of living index will be incredibly bleak. The only way many will be able to see those forests in the future will be in books that cost too much to buy, because they are made of paper.

I sincerely urge you to persuade President Clinton to find a better to solution to the forest debate. My future depends on it.

Sincerely,

Stephanie E. Burns, Administrative Assistant
Simms-Moore Lumber Co. of Frisco, Inc.

cc: Richard K. Arney, U.S. Representative
Kay Bailey-Hutchison, U.S. Senator
Bud Collier, Deputy Secretary of Interior
Phil Gramm, U.S. Senator



Simms-Moore LUMBER & HARDWARE

06/30/93

Ms. Katie McGinty
Office on Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building #360
Washington, D.C. 20510

P.O. Box 970
6616 Walnut & 2nd Street
Frisco, Texas 75034-0970
OFFICE (214) 335-9812
FAX (214) 335-9845

Dear Ms. McGinty:

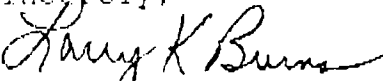
I own Simms-Moore Lumber and Hardware which employs twenty-five people in Dallas, Texas. I am writing to you out of a serious concern for myself, my employees, and my customers. Today we are in desperate need of an adequate, sustainable timber supply. We saw the impact of an artificially constrained timber supply with the skyrocketing lumber prices this past spring. If what I have heard about the administration's proposed solution to the timber crisis is correct, those prices were but a harbinger of what will surely come; the total devastation of thousands of small businesses like ours will leave only giant companies and create monopolies.

It is my understanding that the President will shortly recommend the adoption of "Option 9" as his preferred solution to the current gridlock in the Pacific Northwest. "Option 9" would reduce harvest levels on federal forests lands in the affected area to an average 1.2 billion board feet - this down from the historic level of 5.2 billion board feet. A 77% REDUCTION. THIS OPTION WOULD COST OVER 85,000 DIRECT AND INDIRECT JOBS IN THE REGION AS WELL AS TENS OF THOUSANDS MORE CONSTRUCTION AND RELATED JOBS throughout the United States and dramatically affect lumber prices, risking the fragile recovery of the nation's economy.

When President Clinton convened the "Forest Summit" in April, he promised to find a solution. I, for one, never dreamed his solution would be a harvest level lower than anything proposed last year by the preservationists.

I implore you to urge the President not to adopt "Option 9."

Sincerely,


Larry K. Burns

CC: Senator Phil Gramm
Senator Kay Bailey Hutchison
Congressman Richard Arney
Congressman Sam Johnson
Jim Lyons, Assistant Secretary for Natural Resources
and Colleen, Deputy Secretary of the Interior



Simms-Moore LUMBER & HARDWARE

June 30, 1993

Ms. Katie Mc Ginty
White House Office of Environmental Policy
Fax: (202) 456-2710

P.O. Box 970
6616 Walnut & 2nd Street
Frisco, Texas 75034-0970
OFFICE (214) 335-9812
FAX (214) 335-9845

Dear Ms. Mc Ginty:

As the Chief Financial Officer of Simms-Moore Lumber and Hardware Co. of Frisco, Inc, I would like to provide you another perspective on the resulting chaos the government will cause if it adopts "Option 9" as a solution to the gridlock in the Pacific Northwest.

The first concern of my colleagues is for the cost per stick to the company. While I, too, view this as a dangerous problem, I also see the problems many of our customers will face when our prices escalate, as they must to ensure a working profit. The current lending atmosphere is one of apprehension. Banks and mortgage companies are being very cautious in their financing practices. Our customers will find it difficult to obtain loans to build their houses for resale, and we will therefore be forced to more strictly adhere to the credit limits we provide them if we wish to avoid having to file liens against our customers. If the prices of lumber rise daily, as they did last spring, we also be unable to guarantee prices for a month, as we currently are. The market will become highly unstable, and, I fear, collapse.

Although the economy of the United States does not depend solely upon the timber industry, the number of new home starts per quarter is a key economic indicator. If the statistics drop dramatically, as they will if Option 9 is put into effect, the results could be devastating for our fragile economy. The American Dream will quickly turn into an American Nightmare. This should not happen to an industry that keeps millions of Americans gainfully employed and out of the welfare system.

I implore you to urge the President not to adopt Option 9.

Sincerely,

Deborah E. Burns, C.F.O.
Simms-Moore Lumber and Hardware Co. of Frisco, Inc.

cc: Richard K. Armey, U.S. Representative
Kay Bailey-Hutchison, U.S. Senator
Bud Collier, Deputy Secretary of Interior
Bill Clinton, U.S. Senator

July 7, 1993

Mr. Sam Booher
4387 Roswell Road
Augusta, GA 30907

Dear Mr. Booher:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Sam Booher
4387 Roswell Rd
Augusta, Ga 30907
28 June, 1993

Ms Katie McGinty
Deputy Asst to the President

Dear Ms McGinty,

I realize I am too late in writing you about protecting the public's Old Growth forests.

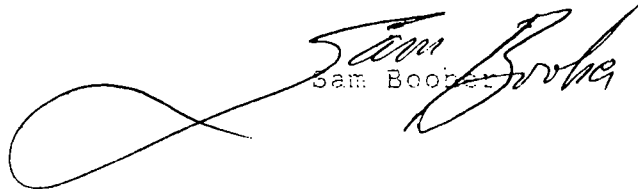
I am from West Virginia. I have seen the affects on small towns of Large Industry taking what they want from the earth and then walking away.

For the long term health of the small towns of the Pacific Northwest, PLEASE leave the Old Growth Forests. Soon recreation and tourist industry will be THE economy of the area but only if they still have Ancient Forests.

This fight by the Timber Industry for short term profits is just that short sighted in their best interest. If they had really cared they would have done sustainable forestry on private land.

Again, sorry I am so late in writing you.

Please do what you can to protect the public's forests.


Sam Booher

July 7, 1993

Ms. Aloma Blaylock
920 E. 6th Street
Port Angeles, WA 98362

Dear Ms. Blaylock:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

There is more to the Timber
Issue than Northwest
impact.

The economy of the US
is effected with construction,
paper, and many other
products — even fiber optics.
Don't sacrifice the economy

Aloma Blaylock

920 E 6th

Port Angeles WA 98362

July 7, 1993

Ms. Susan Bryant
Watson Lumber Company, Inc.
Route 1 Box D
Liberty, KY 42539

Dear Ms. Bryant:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

WATSON LUMBER CO., INC.
ROUTE 1 BOX D
LIBERTY, KY 42539
(606)787-6221

June 30, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
The White House Office of Enviromental Policy

Ms. McGinty,

Regarding the Administration's proposal of Option 9, we strongly oppose this plan. This is far too drastic a measure. It would cost thousands of jobs and literally devastate the economy by rising the cost of lumber. We ask that you reconsider Option 9 and start negotiations to construct a balanced proposal.

Sincerely,

Susan Bryant, Treas.

July 7, 1993

Ms. Danica Bloomquist
13 Park Avenue
Swarthmore, PA 19081

Dear Ms. Bloomquist:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

To Ms. Kathie McGinty.

6/27/93

I am a resident of Washington State, and I have grown up hiking the forests of the Olympic national park. I am avidly against the destruction of the old forest growth that is proposed in Option 9. Please consider the unnecessary and highly shortsighted nature of this proposal. Please do not overlook the seriousness of environmental concern, the long term effects of your decision are larger than any of us can imagine.

Thank you for your consideration



Danica Bloomquist

July 7, 1993

Mr. John Biers
31 Fairview Road
Scarsdale, NY 10583

Dear Mr. Biers:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

June 26, 1993

Dear Ms. McGinty,

I am writing to you to express my concern over the controversy in the Pacific Northwest regarding preservation of the Ancient Forests. Although I am aware of the economic problems involved with ^{a solution} absolutely pro-environment, I do hope that the President's solution will ultimately preserve the vast majority of the territory and ensure the survival of the spotted owl. Apparently, the lumber companies have introduced something called Option 9 to the President in an effort to persuade him to ignore the environmental costs of continued logging. I strongly urge the President to reject Option 9, and find a solution that basically favors the environment.

Sincerely,

John Biers

July 7, 1993

Mr. David Burkhardt
7735 Sunnyside Road, SE
Salem, OR 97306

Dear Mr. Burkhardt:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

June 16, 1992

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office of Environmental Policy
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:

Please discard Option Number Nine of the Forest Plan. We want a plan that creates permanent ancient forest reserves, not reserves in which logging is permitted. The plan must obey existing environmental laws; there should be no "sufficiency" language in the proposal. We want the President to live up to the promises he made at the Forest Conference.

Thank you,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "David Burkhardt".

David Burkhardt
7735 Sunnyside Rd SE
Salem, Or 97306

July 7, 1993

Mr. John W. Baker
P.O. Box 390484
Anza, CA 92539

Dear Mr. Baker:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Date: June 30, 1993

Subject: Forest Ecosystem Task Group, Northern California, Oregon and Washington.

Rumors that the task Group has recommended "Option 9" and that will be Pres. Clinton's choice, makes no sense.

There are 6.2 million acres of old growth timber standing in Oregon and Washington State. That's *twice the size of all National Forest land* harvested and replanted over the last 50 year's. 3.2 million acres of that is now set aside acres where harvesting is forever forbidden. Most of the 3 million *remaining acres* are designated spotted owl habit conservation area.

An *additional* one million-plus acres of protected old growth are standing in National Parks and other publicly owned preserves in the two states.

54% if all National Forest land in Oregon and Washington - 10.7 million acres have never been harvested. Only 16 % of the regions National Forest has been harvested and replanted, classified as "second growth."

To reduce harvest levels to 23% of historic levels, to a near 1.2 million board feet per year is ridiculous!

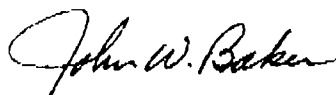
A study by the Irland Group of Augusta, Maine, conducted for the National Association of Home Builders, wholesalers and retailer associations, concluded that lumber prices will climb steadily for the balance of this decade. Cost will add \$6.6 billion to the nations annual lumber bill. The costs to new home buyers will be \$3.5 billion, an increase of \$3,500 to \$5,000 per home based on average new home sales of 1.1 million units. Framing lumber went from \$250 in October 1992, to \$550 per 1,000 board feet in April 1993.

The study predicts lumber imports will add \$1 billion to our annual trade deficit. West coast lumber mills are already importing soft woods from New Zealand. U.S. lumber requirements will create major sources of timber in a very short time.

Our bureaucracy has been so indoctrinated with environmental hysteria that common sense no longer applies in managing public land.

We should not decrease harvest to this ridicules level!

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "John W. Baker".

John W. Baker
P.O. Box. 390484
Anza, CA 92539

July 7, 1993

Mr. William H. Brown
4403 N.E. 26th Court
Vancouver, WA 98663

Dear Mr. Brown:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

4403 N.E. 26th Court
Vancouver, Washington 98663
June 30, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
The White House Office of Environmental Policy
Fax No. 202-456-2710

Dear Ms. McGinty:

It is with great distress that I see the Clinton administration moving toward the adoption of Option 9 for the management of the Pacific Northwest's timberlands. This proposal, which is based on a popular, but thoroughly misfounded, understanding of forest management-sustained yield practices, spells economic disaster for the Northwest as a region, to say nothing of ripple effects, which reach across the country. Perhaps you don't know that the state of Georgia produces fine clays for coatings for the paper industry. Perhaps you don't know that the entire midwestern region of the United States produces corn starch for sizings and coatings for the paper industry. Perhaps you don't know that Michigan and California produce latex's for surface treatments for the paper industry. You see it is not just a regional problem. It is not just the timber products industry that is being threatened. However, even that consideration would not justify a policy that leads to destruction of our greatest national resource, our forests. But the fact of the matter is that the pulp and paper industry has for years realized that sustained yield works, does not destroy our forests, and is necessary for the long-term survival of this industry. Option 9 is an overkill approach promoted by those with little understanding of this, and wish instead, to shut out and preserve huge amounts timberlands from the harvest-replant-renew cycle.

The U.S. has been blessed with this tremendous natural resource, and our responsibility is manage it for the greatest good. Yes, in the early years this resource was pillaged. Now, Option 9 seeks to swing the pendulum in the opposite direction, taking the extremist position of minimal harvesting, near total preservation. Your responsibility is to seek out factual information, instead of setting policy based on hysterical reaction. And the facts are that forest management policy based on sustained yield works. And in so working supports a significant and vital sector of the national economy. To adopt a drastic measure such as Option 9, when it is not based on scientific fact is a tragedy. To adopt it in this time of economic severity will be a disaster. In this time when more and more U.S. jobs are being exported, weakening an already weak economy, it seems to me that the administration would consider the facts before it allows another industry to be driven under. And it is so unnecessary. I urge you and the Clinton administration to consider a more balanced approach.

Sincerely,



William H. Brown

July 7, 1993

Mr. Freddie D. Baker
Yukon Door & Plywood, Inc.
900 - 17th Street
Yukon, OK 73085

Dear Mr. Baker:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Yukon Door & Plywood Inc.

900 - 17TH STREET YUKON, OKLA. 73099
P.O. BOX 850440 . 73085
PHONE: 354-4861

June 30, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
WHITE HOUSE OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY

It has come to my attention that the Clinton administration is moving forward with a proposal, Option 9, to reduce harvest levels in the Pacific Northwest to 1.2 billion board feet of lumber per year. This is less than 25% of historic levels. This action will severely effect the home building industry, of which I'm a part, and the lives of millions of people.

Reduced harvest levels have already driven lumber prices to historic high levels and this action will only make things worse. There is no justification for reducing the harvest to this level. The option is based on unsupported scientific assumption. This will not only create large scale unemployment in the Pacific Northwest, but will also remove tens of thousands of construction jobs.

Environmentally, wood has always been the best resource for the construction of homes and, at substantial levels, the most economical. Dropping the harvest to 1.2 billion is not a credible solution for the American people.

Sincerely,



Freddie D. Baker
YUKON DOOR & PLYWOOD, INC

July 7, 1993

Ms. Amy Burns
1010 Massachusetts Ave.
Cambridge, MA 02138

Dear Ms. Burns:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

1010 Mass. Ave.
Cambridge, MA 02138

Save the our beautiful,
legend forests. Please oppose
option 9.

Ang Burns
Citizen, U.S.A.

July 7, 1993

Mr. Paul Baker
P.O. Box 195
Olga, WA 98279

Dear Mr. Baker:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

6/9/93

**Blackpine Lake, Spirit Mountain and Hoodoo Peak, Eastern Slope
of Cascade Mountain Range, Okanogan National Forest.**

This view shows large tracts of the proposed Ridge and Shady timber sales. If approved, the sales will bring over 48 miles of new roads into roadless areas and log over 4,000 acres of critical habitat bordering the Sawtooth Wilderness Area. Help preserve Spirit Mountain and Eastside Forests. Contact Methow Valley Forest Watch, Box 473, Twisp, Washington 98856.



Please protect forests EAST of
the Cascade Mountains. Protect:

- Ponderosa Pine Ancient Forests.
- Roadless areas from roads.
- Salmon habitat.
- 21 "Threatened" species of fishes.
- 33 "Threatened" species of plants.
- reduce cattle grazing.

Write Your Congressman to Keep Roadless Areas Roadless!

U.S. Senate, Washington D.C. 20510

U.S. House of Representatives, Washington, D.C. 20515

Thanks ~ Paul Baker (P.O. Box 195, Okla., WA 98279)

Kathleen McGinty
Presidential Office
of the Environment
Room 360
Old Executive Office Bldg.
Washington, DC 20501

July 7, 1993

Ms. Connie Best
Best & Co.
P.O. Box One
Yorkville, CA 95494

Dear Ms. Best:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

BEST & CO.

P.O. Box One
Yorkville, CA 95494
Phone/Fax: 707-895-3616

Facsimile Message

DATE: June 17, 1993
TO: Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office of Environmental Policy
FROM: Connie Best
RE: **Pacific Northwest Forest Protection**

I am a lifelong Democrat and supporter of Pres. Clinton; I live in a forest-dependent community. I am sure I am just one of millions of those whose hope was rekindled with his election. But I must say that I am seriously disillusioned with his ability to follow through on the stands he took both during the campaign and since becoming President. The current Administration support for "Option Nine" is first and foremost to me a betrayal of trust -- and of confidence in your ability to enforce the environmental laws of the land. **I assure you, I will not support this Administration further if this approach is endorsed.**

During the Forest Summit, the President made a two excellent promises: (1) to **uphold the law** of the Endangered Species Act, and Clean Water Act; and (2) to **respect the recommendations of the scientific panel** he convened to objectively examine the situation. Now that the scientific team is presenting the awful truth of the ecosystem's devastation, thanks to private industry severe overcutting of our **public resources**, he's apparently waffling on those promises.

Here are the points the President needs to remember and adhere to:

- **Create permanent ancient forest reserves:** we only have 10% left and they ain't makin' them anymore. This is the public's right!

- **Keep "New Forestry" in new forests.** I am deeply involved in promoting the application of new forestry on private forestlands. It doesn't belong in the ancient forest.

- **There is no such thing as "functional equivalency" for ancient forests, and "sufficiency" language won't do.** It is a cheap shot and worthy of Bush to legislate yourself to legality and slip free of NEPA and other environmental laws.

- Any decent biologist will tell you Northern California is an integral part of the Pacific Northwest. **Don't let Gov. Wilson fool you with his rhetoric.** He's a toady to timber interests in his pursuit of the Presidency! With the "toughest regulations in the country" California's forests are in very bad shape.

- Change the **subsidies and tax structure** that have favored exploitation and poor practices to **favor stewardship and restoration.** Reward people for taking the long view and commitment to their communities.

- **Ensure economic transition help for the forest based communities.** All you can do is delay the inevitable if you opt for **unsustainable cutting of our last intact native forests.** These communities can make the change with a little help for new product development and retraining. And that'll be a lot less expensive than the alternative.

- And most of all, **GET SOME SPINE! NO OPTION NINE!**

July 7, 1993

Ms. Marie Bernard
7026 N.E. 23rd Avenue
Seattle, WA 95115

Dear Ms. Bernard:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



worldlink GOVERNMENTgram

WLO004743

PHILADELPHIA, PA

14 JUNE 1993

Cathy McGintee
The White House
Office of the President
Washington, DC

Option 9, which is being considered by the President, for dealing with National Forests is not acceptable because it suspends environmental laws and does not provide permanent preservation of ancient forests.

We need to preserve and do no further cutting of ancient forests.

MARIE BERNARD
7026 NE 23RD AVE.
SEATTLE, WASHINGTON 98115 USA
FAX - 215-946-2080
NNNN

July 7, 1993

Ms. Beverly Blinn
1701 Utah Ct.
Milton, WA 98354

Dear Ms. Blinn:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Beverly Blinn
1701 Utah Ct.
Milton, WA 98354
(206) 838-1730

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office of Environmental Policy
fax 202-456-2710

June 23, 1993

RE: WESTERN ANCIENT FORESTS

Dear Ms. McGinty,

I can't believe that our "enviornmental" president MAY choose "option 9" from his experts from the Ancient Forest Conference.

The following points are a must to save and preserve our precious natural forests:

1. Discard Option 9
2. The Presidents plan must obey ALL existing environmental laws.
3. I want a plan that creates permanent ancient forest reserves where there is no logging permitted.
4. The administration needs to help communities become economically diverse.

Thank you,

Beverly Blinn

July 7, 1993

Mr. & Ms. Roger & Sandi Baldwin
15220 East 26th Avenue
Veradale, WA 99037

Dear Mr. & Ms. Baldwin:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Scientifically Sound Options for Preserving Northwest Ancient Forest Ecosystems
In the near future, President Clinton will receive a set of options for managing the remaining ancient forest ecosystems of the Northwest. The options should recommend permanent protection for these remaining ancient forests, as well as rehabilitation of watersheds and forests that provide clean drinking water and habitat for salmon and wildlife. It would be wrong for the scientists and White House to cave in and choose an option that will return the management of the forests to the special interests that put the Northwest's forest ecosystems at risk of extinction.

Help the President Do the Right Thing

Now is the time when we need to tell the President that we support his scientific approach to breaking the forest gridlock, and cannot risk returning to the failed policies of the past, which we fear are represented by the preferred "Option Number Nine."

This is a very critical period. Before any decision is made by President Clinton, we have the opportunity to make our voices heard and make sure that the President sticks to his promise to develop a plan that is "scientifically sound, ecologically credible and legally responsible."

Send This Message:

Please call or fax the White House with the following message:

- DO IT!!
- * Discard Option Number Nine.
 - * We want a plan that creates permanent ancient forest reserves, not reserves in which logging is permitted.
 - * The President's plan must obey existing environmental laws; there should be no "sufficiency" language in the President's proposal.
 - * We want President Clinton to live up to the promises he made at the Forest Conference.

Here are the phone and fax numbers for the President's closest environmental advisors:

Ms. Katie McGinty:
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office of Environmental Policy
202/456-6225 (phone) 202/456-2710 (fax)

Roger & Sandi Baldwin
15220 E. 26th Avenue
Veradale, WA 99037

Mr. Tom Collier
Chief of Staff, Department of Interior
707/708-7251 (nhonn) 707/708 CONC (all)

Logan Baldwin 6/22/83
Sandi Baldwin

Mr. Jim Lyons
Assistant Secretary for Natural Resources and Environment
Department of Agriculture
202/720-7173 (phone) 202/720-4732 (fax)

July 7, 1993

Mr. John Bianco
Research Director
Rural Information Network
P.O. Box 271
Creswell, OR 97426

Dear Mr. Bianco:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

John Bianco
Research Director
Rural Information Network
PO Box 271
Creswell, OR 97426
(503) 895-4156

Ms. Katie McGinty
Office of Environmental Policy
via FAX 202-456-2710

Dear Ms. McGinty,

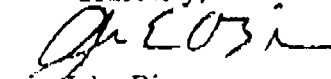
6/23/93

I write you to propose the designation of an Adaptive Management Zone in the McKenzie River watershed, east of Eugene, Oregon. The McKenzie River is important to our area for recreation, timber production, and drinking water supply for 200,000 people. Federal land ownership in the basin is roughly 596,000 acres, with nearly 150,000 acres designated as wilderness, yielding a potential AMZ of approximately 450,000 acres. We feel that management of the watershed is important to a broad cross-section of urban and rural residents. The opportunity for local involvement in the creative management of the area would certainly be met with wide support.

Attached is an article which describes the general principles of what we are now calling "The McKenzie Plan". The plan focuses on providing continuing forest worker employment through quality-intensive forest management. By emphasizing careful stewardship of our forest, water and recreational resources, this approach provides for long-term economic and environmental prosperity. A detailed outline of the McKenzie Plan is available for your review.

The Rural Information Network is a coalition of grass-roots groups in Lane County, Oregon. We applaud the Clinton administration's efforts to overcome the stalemate and mismanagement which has characterized federal forest policy for the past decade. The creation of Adaptive Management Areas is an encouraging step towards facilitating proactive local involvement in the public lands management process. We hope that through innovative new approaches to public forestry, the environmental battle which has divided rural communities can finally be resolved for the benefit of all.

Sincerely,



John Bianco

cc: Bob Warren, office of Barbara Roberts, Governor of Oregon
Jeff Stier, office of Peter DeFazio, US House of Representatives
David Wilde, office of Jerry Rust, Lane County Commissioner

July 7, 1993

Mr. Russ Bishop
325 Imperial Avenue
Ventura, CA 93004

Dear Mr. Bishop:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

June 23, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office of Environmental Policy

Dear Ms. McGinty:

During the recent Northwest Forest Conference, President Clinton pledged to draft a forest plan that would be "scientifically sound, ecologically credible, and legally responsible." Now the timber industry is once again pressuring for a proposal based on logging numbers rather than science.

I am writing to urge you to recommend that the President discard Option Number Nine. We need a plan that creates permanent ancient forest reserves, not reserves in which logging is permitted. The President's plan must obey the existing environmental laws and there should be no "sufficiency" language in his proposal.

With so little left to preserve, President Clinton must live up to the promises he made at the Forest Conference and not submit to the demands of the special interests.

Sincerely,

Russ Bishop
325 Imperial Avenue
Ventura, CA 93004

July 7, 1993

Mr. Mark Boyar
115 30th Avenue, Apt. D
Seattle, WA 98122

Dear Mr. Boyar:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

June 23, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Dep. Assistant to the President
Director, Office of Environmental Policy

Dear Ms. McGinty,

Regarding the development of the forest plan for the Pacific Northwest's last ancient forests:

Please give the strongest possible protection to these forests. I support permanent reserves that do not permit any logging. Please discard option 9, and do not enact any plan that overrides current environmental laws.

Once these forests are gone, they're gone forever. We mustn't jeopardize them with "maybe this will work" unproven "new forestry" techniques.

Thank you,

Mark Boyar
115-30th Ave. Apt D
Seattle, WA 98122
206-322-2465

July 7, 1993

Ms. Anita G. Brown
7280 McShane Road
Colorado Springs, CO 80908

Dear Ms. Brown:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

7280 McShane Road
Colorado Springs, CO 80908-4334
June 19, 1993

Kathleen McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director of Office on Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building, Room 360
Washington, D. C. 20501

Secretary of Natural Resources and Environment
Department of Agriculture
14th and Independence Avenue Southwest, Washington, D. C. 20250

Dear Ms. McGinty:

Letters are made by fools like me, but only God can make a tree? Certainly not the monoculturist timber industry.

I understand that the protectors of old growth Douglas fir forests in the Northwest are being asked to compromise on what little remains of a rare (and what amounts to a non-renewable) resource. I compare that to asking a person who has already given up an arm and a leg to giving up the other lower limb. Where was the compromise during the years when the timber industry had full rein to clearcut everything it wanted? Now the remnant forests are being asked to make further sacrifices. These will be followed by future ones by coming administrations until no more of the ancient survivors remain. Where was the timber industry's concern for its employees at a time when overcutting was the order of the day? Where was the concern when raw logs were being rapidly shipped to wood-loving Japan for building everything from bathrooms to chopsticks? These are the same people who preserve their own forests in the north. They are also, to a large extent, responsible for depleting rain forests throughout the world.

I am not fooled by the jobs issue, nor should it be treated as sacrosanct. The loggers are only the visible implorers from the powerful timber empire whose stockholders want to maintain their swollen bottom lines. Whalers didn't want to give up their jobs either and turn to other ways to earn a living, but they had to when most whale species became commercially extinct. The old growth trees are now standing on a similar precipice except that centuries-old monuments haven't the fecundity of cetaceans.

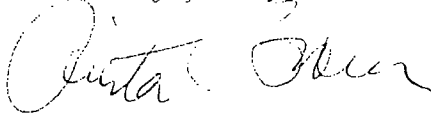
Many thousands of jobs are being lost as a result of heightened competition, the need to mechanize, economize and reshape industry - effecting the greatest change in the way the world does business since the Industrial Revolution - and a human population growth that results in too many people chasing fewer and fewer jobs. We cannot continue to operate as we have in the past because no industrial power or developing nation will use outdated methods. I have not heard the hue and cry from all the displaced workers in no-collar, blue collar, or white collar jobs that I've heard from the timber industry-orchestrated loggers - a tiny percentage of the unemployed.

Page 2
June 19, 1993

You certainly hear less concern for posterity nowadays than you did at the founding of our country and government. That's another thing gone very wrong with our present culture: As long as we get ours, we don't give a damn about what we leave behind for those in the distant future. The natural world has borne the brunt of our avarice and selfishness.

When I read that because of the timber industry's unhappiness with scientifically-based recommendations for tree cutting, we are to change science, I become increasingly despondent. If science is of such little value, why don't we just chuck it altogether and just act politically instead. Or is that what we are in the process of doing now? We don't own this planet; we are merely transient guests as are all other fellow animals and plants. Should humility be placed on the endangered species list?

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Anita G. Brown".

Anita G. Brown

July 7, 1993

Mr. Gary Booher
B & B Lumber Co., Inc.
Drawer "T"
Jamesville, NY 13078

Dear Mr. Booher:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



B & B LUMBER COMPANY INC.

General Crushed Stone Quarry

DRAWER "T"

JAMESVILLE, NEW YORK 13078

Telephone 315/492-1786

Fax # 315/469-4946



TO: Ms. Katie McGinty
FROM: Gary Booher

Re: "Option 9"

I urge you to tell the President NOT to support
this option. It is bad for the US and it will ruin
his chance for re-election

Thank you,

GARY BOOHER

HARDWOOD • PALLETS • GRADE LUMBER • PRECUT • WOOD BY-PRODUCTS

July 7, 1993

Mr. Erik Breilid
424 N. Paterson, #2
Madison, WI 53703

Dear Mr. Breilid:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

424 N. Paterson, #2
Madison, Wis. 53703
June 24, 1993

Mrs. Katie McGinty, Deputy Assistant to the President
Director-Office of Environmental Policy
Room 360, Old Executive Office Bldg.
Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty:

I am writing to ask you to relay the following to President Clinton:

that he please adhere to his promise to develop a scientifically sound, ecologically credible, and legally responsible plan for protecting the Pacific Northwest's public forests;

that ALL remaining ancient forests be protected;

that the export of RAW LOGS be stopped.

that President Clinton use all his influence to keep log processing jobs in the United States and export only FINISHED WOOD PRODUCTS:

that he provide economic assistance and investment opportunities to rural fish and timber related communities in the Northwest.

Thank you very much for relaying these concerns of mine to the President.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Erik Breilid".

Erik Breilid

July 7, 1993

Mr. Robert Bushman
Chairman
Mann & Parker Lumber Co.
Box 18 Constitution Ave.
New Freedom, PA 17349

Dear Mr. Bushman:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



The MANN & PARKER Lumber Company

Where Quality & Service Meet

BOX 18 CONSTITUTION AVE. • NEW FREEDOM, PA. 17349
Phone: 717-235-4834 FAX: 717-235-5547



FAX TRANSMITTAL

COMPANY: WHITE HOUSE ENVIRONMENTAL FUND ATTENTION: KATIE MC GINTY

FAX #: 202-456-2710 DATE: 6/28/93 # OF PAGES: COVER

MESSAGE:

REJECT OPTION 9. FOREST ECOSYSTEM

WE NEED MULTI-USE MANAGEMENT

OF OUR NATIONAL FOREST & LANDS.

Robert Bushman

SENT BY: ROBERT BUSHMAN TITLE: CHAIRMAN

July 7, 1993

Ms. Ane Vander Boon
Ada, MI 49301

Dear Ms. Vander Boon:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Dear Madam,

6/22/93

Please advise the President not to give in to the "Greens" on his timber deal for the spotted owls. The people in the North west have lost enough jobs already with the present compromise. Tell him please a little common sense, for the survival of the lumbermen

Thanks

One Vander Boon

July 7, 1993

Mr. John C. Benson
Executive Vice President
Ohio Lumbermen's Association
41 Croswell Rd.
Columbus, Ohio 43214

Dear Mr. Benson:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

OLA**Ohio
Lumbermen's
Association****President****JEFFREY M. SCHNEIDER**
Schneider Lumber Company
Canton, Ohio**1st Vice-President****MICHAEL P. KLEKAMP**
Norwood Sash & Door Mfg. Co.
Norwood, Ohio**2nd Vice-President****WILLIAM H. LUTTERBEIN**
Lutterbein Lumber Company
Edgerton, Ohio**3rd Vice-President****RICHARD H. HUNTER**
Potter Lumber & Supply Company
Worthington, Ohio**Treasurer****MARVIN E. WEINHART**
Grove City Lumber Yard
Grove City, Ohio**Secretary and General Counsel****ROBERT J. WALTER**
Columbus, Ohio**Immediate Past President****DONALD H. LARSEN**
Larsen Lumber & Supply Company
Brecksville, Ohio**Executive Vice-President****John C. Benson**
Columbus, Ohio**LUMBERMEN'S HEADQUARTERS**41 Croswell Rd., Columbus, Ohio 43214
Phone (614) 267-7817
FAX (614) 267-6448**F A X E D F O R P R O M P T A T T E N T I O N**
F A X E D F O R P R O M P T A T T E N T I O N**To: Ms. Katie McGinty**
White House Office of Environmental Policy**Fax: (202) 456-2710****Page 1 of 1**

On the heels of learning that yet another Ohio lumber yard is closing (far too many have already folded), I learned that President Clinton is considering a staff recommendation (Option 9) that would provide a scant 1.2 billion board feet of timber per year for the next ten years (one third to one fifth of previous harvest levels).

Perhaps it won't hurt how many yards close, as there simply isn't going to be much lumber to sell if this proposal is adopted. Nor will there be much new home construction and nor will there be much repair of existing housing; people simply won't be able to afford the cost of scarce materials.

We must awaken, and quickly, to the fact that there is plenty of timber available from well managed resources. We must put an end to irresponsible, irrational and unjustified hands-off environmental emotionalism!!!

Option 9 will not only cost jobs in the Pacific Northwest, but it will cost countless more throughout the country in the industries and trades dependent upon access to construction lumber.

AT RISK ARE: public faith and confidence in the Administration, but far worse than that, our fragile economy and the USA.

President Clinton convened the Forest Summit in April supposedly to find a solution to the gridlock amongst timber resources. Now we learn that his solution may be to harvest levels even lower than anything proposed last year by preservationists.

Advise the President, **DO NOT ADOPT OPTION 9.** His reputation and yours and my country are at stake.

Respectfully (and with urgency),

John C. Benson
John C. Benson
Executive Vice President

July 7, 1993

Mr. A Blumersteel
59 Magazine Street
Cambridge, MA 02134

Dear Mr. Blumersteel:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

~~✗~~
Kathy McGinnity
Assistant to the President
The White House
W. D.C. 20500

6/25/93

Please oppose option 9
and support a public policy
to preserve our ancient
forests forever.

Please and clearly
on all public lands and
encourage the President
to exercise his moral
judgement on these
issues.

Sincerely,

A. Blumenthal
59 Magazine St
Cambridge MA 02139

July 7, 1993

Ms. Vicki Bielanski
1534 Abbotsford Drive
Naperville, IL 60563

Dear Ms. Bielanski:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

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Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Dear Ms. McGinty,

6/24/93

At the April Forest Conference, President Clinton made a pledge for the forest. The President must stand by his pledge to develop a scientifically sound, ecologically credible and legally responsible plan for protecting the Pacific Northwest's public forests.

All remaining ancient forest must be protected.

The export of raw logs must be stopped. The President needs to work to keep log processing jobs in the United States and export only finished wood products.

Economic assistance and investment opportunities must be provided to rural fish and timber related communities in the Northwest.

Please relay my concerns to the President.

Sincerely, Vicki Bialanski