

FOIA MARKER

**This is not a textual record. This is used as an
administrative marker by the William J. Clinton
Presidential Library Staff.**

Collection/Record Group: Clinton Library Collection
Subgroup/Office of Origin: Council on Environmental Quality
Series/Staff Member: Kathleen (Katie) McGinty
Subseries: [correspondence]

OA/ID Number: 2254
FolderID:

Folder Title:
[L - September 1993] [Loose]

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
S	61	5	2	2

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 2, 1993

Mr. and Ms. David and Joan Lawson
700 N.E. 7th Avenue
Aledo, IL 61231

Dear Mr. and Ms. Lawson:

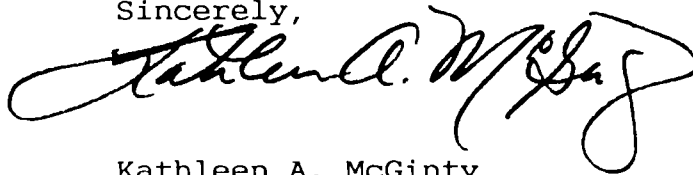
Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the use of ethanol.

I share President Clinton's and Vice President Gore's commitment to the preservation of our environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. President Clinton and I believe that we must encourage the study and development of technologies for alternatively fueled vehicles. As you know, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency is currently looking into a proposed rule on the use of ethanol and its status under the Clean Air Act of 1990. I await the EPA's findings in this regard.

I appreciate learning your concerns about the listing of ethanol under the Clean Air Act. Rest assured that this Administration will continue its efforts to promote clean-burning fuels.

Again, thank you for sharing this information with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large loop at the end.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Memorandum

DATE: August 18, 1993

TO : Kathleen McGinty

FROM : David G. and Joan Lawson
700 NE 7th Ave.
Aledo, Illinois 61231

The two of us own or manage seven corn producing farms in Mercer County, Illinois.

As you work to improve the economy of our country, please remember rural America. Ethanol is environmentally friendly and is produced from corn grown here in Illinois and throughout the Midwest. Ethanol utilizes one in every six rows of corn we grow. Please allow ethanol a fair treatment in the Clean Air Act.

David Lawson
Joan Lawson

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 2, 1993

Mr. Richard Lehn
R.R. 1, Box 124
Decatur, IL 62526

Dear Mr. Lehn:

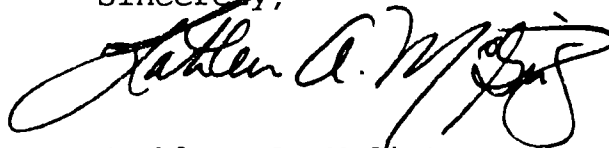
Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the use of ethanol.

I share President Clinton's and Vice President Gore's commitment to the preservation of our environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. President Clinton and I believe that we must encourage the study and development of technologies for alternatively fueled vehicles. As you know, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency is currently looking into a proposed rule on the use of ethanol and its status under the Clean Air Act of 1990. I await the EPA's findings in this regard.

I appreciate learning your concerns about the listing of ethanol under the Clean Air Act. Rest assured that this Administration will continue its efforts to promote clean-burning fuels.

Again, thank you for sharing this information with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized initial "K" and "M".

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

R. Lehm

R#1 Box 124, Decatur, Ill

Aug 16, 1993 62526

Kathleen Mc Ninty

The Ethanol industry not only is an economic boost to rural America, it also is very important to the millions of Americans dependant on a healthy agriculture economy.

Please don't let Big Oil and its lobby dictate the future of the energy of this country.

Farmers also want a clean environment,
Use Corn to make it Happen!!
It just makes sense to include ethanol
in the Clean Air Act.

Richard Lehm
FARMER
Decatur, Ill

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 2, 1993

Mr. Craig Leake
Vice President
Union National Bank of Macomb
119 North Randolph
Macomb, IL 61455

Dear Mr. Leake:

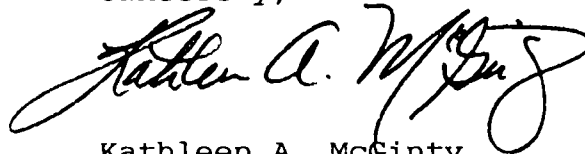
Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the use of ethanol.

I share President Clinton's and Vice President Gore's commitment to the preservation of our environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. President Clinton and I believe that we must encourage the study and development of technologies for alternatively fueled vehicles. As you know, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency is currently looking into a proposed rule on the use of ethanol and its status under the Clean Air Act of 1990. I await the EPA's findings in this regard.

I appreciate learning your concerns about the listing of ethanol under the Clean Air Act. Rest assured that this Administration will continue its efforts to promote clean-burning fuels.

Again, thank you for sharing this information with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized "M" and "G".

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



UNION NATIONAL BANK OF MACOMB

A Tradition of Service

ethanol

August 16, 1993

Kathleen McGinty
Deputy Director to the President
and Director, Office of Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building - Room 360
17th St. & Pennsylvania Ave., NW
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Deputy Director McGinty:

As you work to improve the economy and the environment of our great country, please remember the important role ethanol plays in helping resolve these two important issues. Ethanol is environmentally friendly and is produced from the corn grown here in the United States. In fact, ethanol utilizes one in every six rows of corn I grow.

The council of Great Lakes Governors recently announced the results of a scientific study that found ethanol is as good as and possibly better than MTBE. Our own Illinois Governor, Jim Edgar, has authorized the expansion of a fleet of 90% ethanol powered cars, used by State of Illinois employees, as a result of the excellent results coming from this program.

Currently, the market for ethanol and corn is being threatened by the misinterpretation of the Clean Air Act and ethanol's role in reformulated gasoline as allowed by the USEPA. This will seriously jeopardize the agricultural economy of our nation. If ethanol is allowed in the Clean Air Act, net revenues in Illinois will increase by about \$5 per acre. At the same time, government outlay for price deficiency payments will decrease by \$1.5 billion per year. These results are documented by a recent study completed by the University of Illinois.

Please see that the Clean Air Act is implemented in a manner that will allow ethanol the fair treatment it deserves. We are all counting on you.

Sincerely,

Craig W. Leake,
Vice President and
Farm Manager

CWL/bl

119 North Randolph • Macomb, Illinois 61455-0417 • 2 East Elm • Canton, Illinois 61520-0471
309/833-4111 • Fax 309/833-3519 309/647-7717 • Fax 309/647-8110

Member FDIC

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 2, 1993

Mr. Greg Lucas
Conservation Chairman
Prarie Woods Audubon Society
P.O. Box 1065
Arlington Heights, IL 60006

Dear Mr. Lucas:

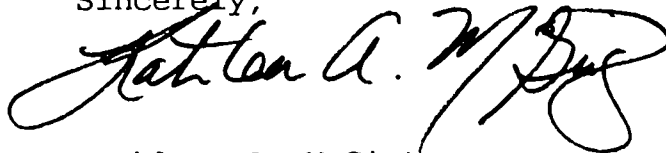
Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized initial "K" and "M".

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Prairie Woods Audubon Society

A CHAPTER OF THE NATIONAL AUDUBON SOCIETY

P.O. BOX 1065 Arlington Heights, Illinois 60006



August 2, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Director, Office of Environmental Policy
Room 360, Old Executive Office Building
Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty:

Prairie Woods Audubon consists of 1800 citizens who are concerned about the Ancient Forests. These forests belong to all of us and not to the forest industry.

"Option 9" is a good start at a good policy, but needs to be reinforced.

- There must be permanent inviolate reserves. There should be no logging inside these reserves. The remaining ancient forests are the only part of the Northwest ecosystem that is not disturbed. These ancient forests represent less than 10% of the original forests of the Northwest.
- There must higher viability standards for ancient forests and fisheries. These standards must be strong enough to guarantee there survivability.
- The thinning guidelines are unclear. There must be strong guidelines.
- The allowable sale quantity is too high. It should be limited to no more than the current level of 0.6 bbf.

I urge you to enhance "Option 9" with these recommendations.

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Greg Lucas".

Greg Lucas
Conservation Chairman

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 2, 1993

Mr. David Luxem
33115 1st Place, S.W. #1106
Federal Way, WA 98023

Dear Mr. Luxem:

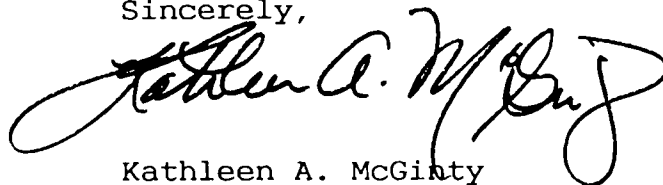
Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized initial "K" and a long, sweeping underline.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

DAVID A. LUXEM

33115 1ST PLACE SW #1106

FEDERAL WAY, WA. 98023

(206) 874-5301

July 24, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director-Office of Environmental Policy
Room 360 Old Executive Office Building
Washington, D.C. 20501

Re: Old growth forest

Dear Deputy Assistant McGinty,

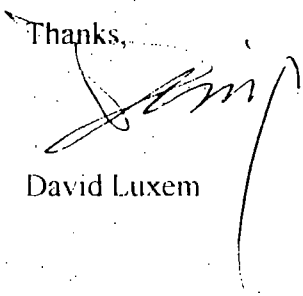
President Clinton should adhere to his promise to develop a scientifically sound, ecologically credible and legally responsible plan for protecting the Pacific Northwest public forests.

All remaining ancient forests must be protected!

The export of raw logs should stop!

Economic assistance and investment opportunities should be provided to rural fish and timber related communities in the Northwest!

Thanks,



David Luxem

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 2, 1993

Ms. Priscilla Logan
Route 2, Box 305-62
Santa Fe, NM 87505

Dear Ms. Logan:

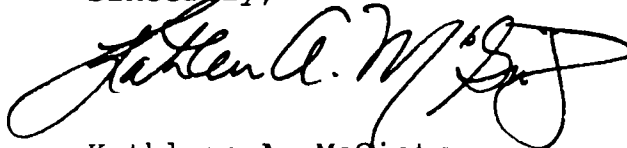
Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, sweeping initial "K" and a stylized "M".

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

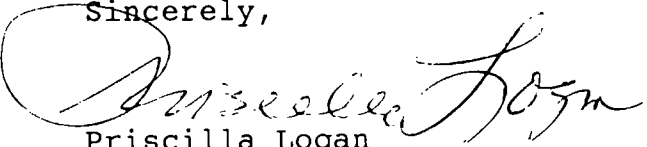
KAM/avl

Rt. 2 Box 305-62
Santa Fe, N.M. 87505
August 1, 1993

Dear Ms. McGinty,

Please develop a scientifically sound, ecological credible and legally responsible plan for the protection of our public forests. Also, protect all remaining ancient forests. Stop the export of raw logs. Provide economic assistance and investment opportunities for rural fish and timber related communities in the Northwest.

Sincerely,



Priscilla Logan

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 2, 1993

Windy Willow Lovell
6500 Tesla Road
Livermore, CA 94550

Dear Windy Willow:

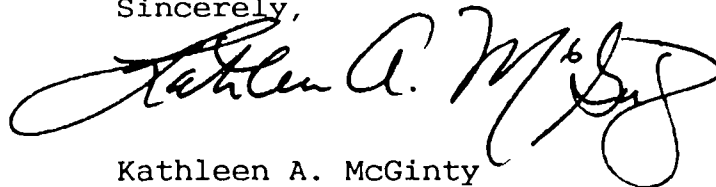
Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large loop at the end.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Dear Kathleen

I am concerned with the fact that my beautiful & valley home is getting clearcut to the bone. The land bordering my home has been sold to a bear hunting logger.

Because of the law recently passed in Oregon. ~~never~~ One can not build a house on this land. There for all its good for is the lumber. (money wise).

I have a magical kingdom of untold beauty on this land. were my childhood dreams came to life. were forts and castles alike ^(and can) could be built.

Please tell me what I can do to prevent this land from being completely and utterly destroyed? I would also like to help others like it. I'll write letters pass petitions or what ever it takes.

Sincerely

p.s. hears a poem

written by Zan Aherson and myself.

Windy Willow Lovell

Will your children ever see big trees
will your children ever swim in the ^{dear} clear seas

They surely wont if you hurt the mother
They surely wont if you put on a dirty cover.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 2, 1993

Ms. E. C. Lussier
209 Central Avenue
Cranford, NJ 07016

Dear Ms. Lussier:

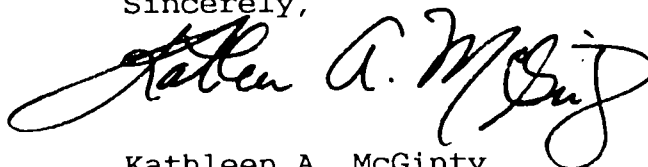
Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" written in a larger, more prominent script than the last name "McGinty".

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

SAVE OUR SISKIYOU

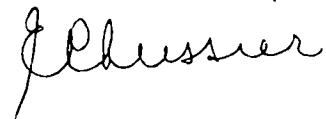
President Bill Clinton
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, DC 20500

Dear President Clinton,

The endangered Siskiyou Forest in southwestern Oregon desperately needs your help. This is the largest, most intact Ancient Forest ecosystem on the West Coast, with almost 300,000 acres of unprotected roadless wildlands. It is a global treasure, a genetic Noah's Ark containing the most diverse coniferous forest in the world. Scientists have recognized this region as one of the biologically most valuable areas in all of North America. Please do not allow these irreplaceable wild areas - so important as habitat for owls, salmon and scores of rare plants - to be sacrificed for a few more years of jobs and profits for the timber industry.

Please permanently withdraw all Siskiyou National Forest Roadless Areas from logging and development. And, please create an Ancient Forest Reserve System, enforce our environmental laws, and provide transitional assistance and forest restoration projects for displaced timber workers.

Sincerely,



Name E. C. Hussier

Address 209 Central Ave.

City, State, Zip Cranford NJ 07016

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 2, 1993

Mr. Newman Love
P.O. Box 1474
Eastsound, WA 98245

Dear Mr. Love:

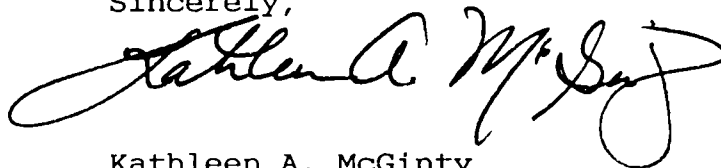
Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized "M" and "G".

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Aug 18, 1993.

Dear President Clinton,

Read Al Gore's book. It's a real education. It explains why Option 9 must be dropped.

I want you to enforce all environmental laws.

I understand that lumber mills are looked for larger trees and that is one reason for old growth logging. The other reason for companies not relying on 2nd and 3rd growth forests is so that they can claim all forest land as their for all futures to come. I want you to create Ancient Forest Reserves that are off limits to logging. And include the backside forests of the Northwest in the plan.

I sincerely suggest you only go for one term, don't plan to be re-elected, and keep your integrity.

Creating together,

Human Love

P.O. Box 1474

Saxton, WA

98245

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 7, 1993

Mr. Larry Lassier
514 N.W. 13th Street
Grand Rapids, MN 55744

Dear Mr. Lassier:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your interest in the Executive Order on Recycled Goods.

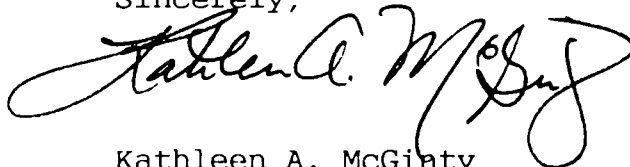
President Clinton and I are committed to the protection our nation's environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. Recycling continues to be one of our highest priorities.

This Executive Order will require federal agencies to begin procuring printing and writing paper containing postconsumer material. The purpose of this policy, among other things, is to provide an incentive for pulp and paper mills to use recovered materials, not just virgin materials, to make paper. This will provide markets for paper recovered from the municipal solid waste stream and ultimately result in substantially lower prices for recycled papers containing recovered materials.

I certainly appreciate learning your concerns about the implementation of this Executive Order. I believe that the Executive Order will adequately address the need for increased use and procurement of recycled and recovered materials.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large loop at the end.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Ms. Katie McGinty
Deputy Assistant to President
Director of White House Environmental Policy
Room 310 Old Executive Office Bldg.
Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty,

I am writing concerning a proposed Executive Order on federal procurement of recycled paper. I understand that the order will require federal agencies to purchase paper that contains at least 15% post-consumer material, rising to 25% by the year 2000, with some papers having an additional requirement of 50% total recycled content. I also understand that the order will require the purchase of chlorine-free paper.

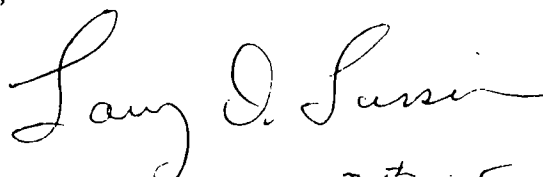
I support efforts to increase the purchase of recycled paper by the federal government. I believe the EPA guidelines established attainable goals which helped stimulate investment in recycling technology and equipment.

However, I am concerned that the standards in the proposed executive order may be unrealistically high for the basic printing and writing papers, some of which are produced by the company for which I work. As a consequence, companies like Blandin Paper Company may be seriously affected and our jobs jeopardized.

I also question the inclusion of a chlorine-free requirement. Such a requirement has nothing to do with recycled content, and in fact may be at cross-purposes with recycling.

As a member of the Independent Union of Paper Mill Workers, I ask you to recommend to the President that he not sign this executive order.

Sincerely,



514 N.W. 13th St

GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49504

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 7, 1993

Mr. L. Donald Latorre
Senior Vice President & CEO
Engelhard Corporation
101 Wood Avenue
Iselin, NJ 08830

Dear Mr. Latorre:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your interest in the Executive Order on Recycled Goods.

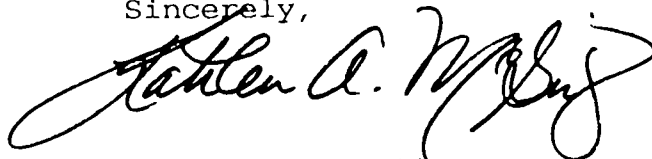
President Clinton and I are committed to the protection our nation's environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. Recycling continues to be one of our highest priorities.

This Executive Order will require federal agencies to begin procuring printing and writing paper containing postconsumer material. The purpose of this policy, among other things, is to provide an incentive for pulp and paper mills to use recovered materials, not just virgin materials, to make paper. This will provide markets for paper recovered from the municipal solid waste stream and ultimately result in substantially lower prices for recycled papers containing recovered materials.

I certainly appreciate learning your concerns about the implementation of this Executive Order. I believe that the Executive Order will adequately address the need for increased use and procurement of recycled and recovered materials.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" being more prominent and the last name "McGinty" following in a similar style.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

ENGELHARD

ENGELHARD CORPORATION
101 WOOD AVENUE
ISELIN, NEW JERSEY 08830-0770
(908) 205-5540
FAX: (908) 906-0337

L. DONALD LATORRE
SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT
AND CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER

August 6, 1993

Kathleen A. McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office on Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building
17th and Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Ms. McGinty:

I am writing with respect to the draft Executive Order on Federal recycling. While the Administration's desire to promote a healthy environment is laudable, the draft contains two areas of great concern. These are the governmental identification and promotion of "environmentally preferable" products and services and the procurement and market promotion of "totally chlorine-free" paper. I strongly urge that both of these extremely controversial provisions be removed from the draft Executive Order.

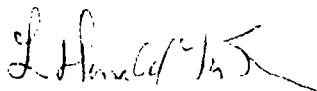
The above proposals would have major economic and social consequences. They would threaten the ability of the U.S. pulp and paper industry to compete domestically and internationally. In addition, there would be major losses for U.S. chemical producers. American jobs would be effectively exported to other countries. Yet it is questionable whether the Executive Order would achieve environmental benefits that are not already being achieved under existing regulatory programs.

For my company, the Executive Order would greatly damage our business supplying kaolin-based pigments and additives to the paper industry. This business employs more than 1,500 people in Georgia and hundreds more throughout the U.S.

An Executive Order is not an appropriate vehicle to make decisions of such a far-reaching nature. In effect, this amounts to the adoption of a regulatory program without the protections that are built into the regulatory process, including an open, public procedure for evaluating complex scientific and technical issues. All sides should be heard in this debate, in an open process rather than behind closed doors.

Because of the controversial nature of these provisions and the need to hear from all sides, I respectfully request a meeting with you prior to including either of these provisions in the Executive Order. Please call me if you agree that such a meeting would be useful.

Sincerely,



THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 22, 1993

Mr. and Ms. Robert and Sara Lear
10250 Serenade Lane
RPB, FL 33411

Dear Mr. and Ms. Lear:

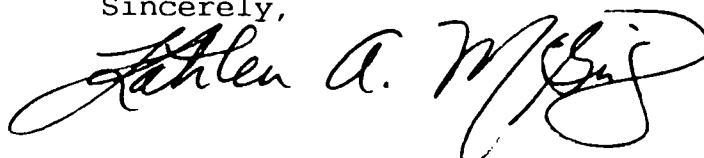
Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" being more prominent and the last name "McGinty" following in a similar style.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Mr. Thomas H. Conner,

Please find the enclosed
copy of our letter to
James Lyons in
regards to the President's
proposed plan Option 9 -
protection of Ancient Forests.
We appreciate your
assistance in representing
our changes to the
plan.

Thank you.

Sara & Robert Sear
10250 Seaside Ln

RPB, FL

33411



THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 22, 1993

Mr. LeRoy Leinenweber
Route 1, Box 234
St. James, MN 56081

Dear Mr. Leinenweber:

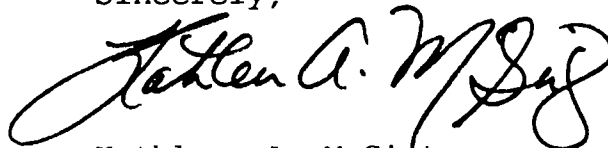
Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the use of ethanol.

I share President Clinton's and Vice President Gore's commitment to the preservation of our environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. President Clinton and I believe that we must encourage the study and development of technologies for alternatively fueled vehicles. As you know, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency is currently looking into a proposed rule on the use of ethanol and its status under the Clean Air Act of 1990. I await the EPA's findings in this regard.

I appreciate learning your concerns about the listing of ethanol under the Clean Air Act. Rest assured that this Administration will continue its efforts to promote clean-burning fuels.

Again, thank you for sharing this information with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" being the most prominent part.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Kathleen McGinty
Deputy Director to the President &
Director, Office of Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building - Room 360
17th St and Pennsylvania Avenue NW
Washington, DC 20500
Dear Ms McGinty:

PLEASE see that ethanol is treated fairly with other fuels as the Clean Air Act is implemented.

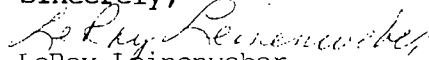
The market for ethanol and corn is being threatened by misinterpretation of the Clean Air Act as to how Congress passed it.

The council of Great Lakes Governors recently announced the results of a scientific study that found ethanol is as good and possibly better than the oil industry's answer to the air, MTBE. This was an unbiased study and was conducted with the assistance of state air pollution agencies in the Great Lakes region, the Argonne National Laboratory, and with inputs from the US EPA.

In October 1992, President Clinton said, "A Clinton / Gore Administration will expand the use of ethanol to increase American jobs, reduce our dependence on foreign oil, and improve the environment."

Please treat ethanol fairly with the Clean Air Act!

Sincerely,


LeRoy Leinenweber
Route 1, Box 234
St. James, MN 56081-9782

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 21, 1993

Mr. Michael A. Letendre
92 Cass Street, #1
Portsmouth, NH 03801-4941

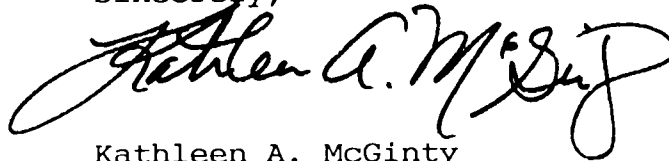
Dear Mr. Letendre:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the Animal Damage Control Act.

We are in the process of reviewing our policy with the Department of Agriculture and the Department of the Interior on this very important matter. I agree that further study of the options involved is necessary for an informed and balanced decision to be made. Be assured that we will give every consideration to your concerns as we look at this issue.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" being more prominent and the last name "McGinty" following in a similar style.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

8-14-83

DE MR KATHLEEN MCCARTHY

PLEASE REVOKE THE ANIMAL DAMAGE CONTROL PROGRAM
THAT IS THE FEDERAL SUBSIDY TO THE LIVESTOCK INDUSTRY THAT IS USED
TO KILL WILDLIFE ON PUBLIC LANDS. THEIR TECHNIQUES ARE IN DISCRIMINATE & PUBLIC
THREATENED & ENDANGERED SPECIES IN JEOPARDY. THIS IS WHILE WE SPENT MILLIONS
TO PROTECT & REINTRODUCE ENDANGERED SPECIES.

WE NEED TO PROTECT WILDLIFE & MAKE RANCHERS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROTECTING THEIR
OWN LIVESTOCK. THIS OUTDATED TAX-SUBSIDIZED FEDERAL WAR ON WILDLIFE MUST
END. WE MUST PROTECT OUR NATURAL HERITAGE FOR OUR CHILDREN'S CHILDREN.

THANK YOU,

Michael A. Letendre

MICHAEL A. LETENDRE

92 CASS ST #1

PORTSMOUTH, NH 05801-4941

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 16, 1993

Ms. Leanne Lewis
2734 SE 37th
Portland, OR 97202

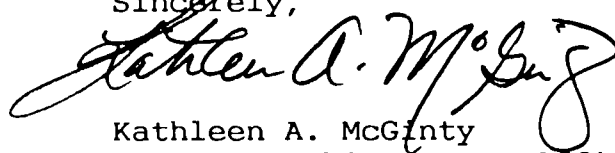
Dear Ms. Lewis:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the environmental and health impacts of the use of pesticides. It was good to hear from you.

As you know, I share President Clinton's commitment to the preservation of our environment. I believe that we must carefully study new and innovative approaches to this very important matter. To that end, the White House Office on Environmental Policy and the Domestic Policy Council have been working closely with an interagency working group established to look into possible solutions to the concerns that you raise. This group is expected to report on the new direction of the Administration's pesticide policy in the near future. I certainly appreciate learning your views on this matter.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" being more prominent and the last name "McGinty" following in a similar style.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/jac

Katie McGinty
Director of White House Office of Environmental Policy
Old Exec. Office Bldg
Room 286
Washington D.C. 20501

Attn: Katie McGinty:

I recently read an article in the September 1993 "Nutrition Action Health Letter" that stated that one of the easiest ways for farmers to cut back on pesticide use is to rotate crops, but that farmers who do this can't qualify for government support. Why is this? The article also stated that some banks and insurance companies require farmers to use pesticides. What are you doing to change the laws that allow this? Rather than encourage continued use of pesticides, our government should be setting goals to reduce reliance on agricultural pesticide use, and providing farmers with information on currently available nonchemical pest management techniques.

Please inform me of your position on this important health issue.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Leanne Lewis".

Leanne Lewis
2734 SE 37th
Portland, Oregon
97202

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 22, 1993

Mr. Ben Limberger
2207 South 11th Street
Moorhead, MN 56560

Dear Mr. Limberger:

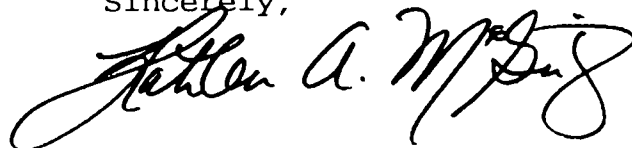
Thank you for contacting me regarding your concerns about the problems facing the Pacific Northwest.

President Clinton and I are committed to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. The President and I believe that the Forest Conference was a significant step toward the resolution of the problems facing the Pacific Northwest. After the conference, three working groups were established to work on developing a Forest Management Plan. These working groups included a team working on ecosystem management assessment, a team focusing on labor and community assistance, and a team working to improve the relationships among federal and state agencies in the region and to eliminate impediments that block coordinated action.

As you know, President Clinton recently announced his Forest Plan for a Sustainable Economy and a Sustainable Environment, based on the analytical work of the three working groups. I believe that the Forest Plan is scientifically-sound and legally responsible and will provide a sustainable harvest. This plan also includes a new economic assistance program that helps local workers, businesses and communities in strengthening the region's economy by creating family-wage jobs, offering new economic opportunities, and ensuring the region's long-term economic health.

Again, thank you for sharing your concerns with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'Kathleen A. McGinty', with a stylized, flowing script.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Sept 3, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty, Director
Office of Environmental Policy
Room 360, Old Executive Office Building
Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Director Mc Ginty,

I am in agreement with the National Audubon Society that President Clintons OPTION 9 forest plan leaves far too much of our ancient forests unprotected. The plan should provide permanent protection to all of the last 10% of America's ancient forests and the species that depend on them. I am appalled that the plan dosen't afford more protection. President Clinton is mistaken if he thinks that he can get by with this poor plan as currently concieved. The plan must be revised to include:

1. Protection for all species associated with ancient forests. Ancient forests are complex ecosystems that support hundreds of plant and animal species, all of which require adequate protection and must remain viable under the plan.

2. Minimal experimental forestry. Convert most proposed experimental areas--Adaptive Management Areas--to ancient forest reserves. Local resident should not be given special authority over forests in their area; national forests belong to all Americans and should be managed for the best interests of a Americans.

3. Full protection for fisheries/fish habitat, both inside and outside reserves. Full streamside buffer zones, consistent with the Scientific Advisor Team (SAT) report are essential because logging too close to streambeds will increase the risk of floods, degraded water quality, and extinction for salmon populations.

4. Protection for roadless areas. Roadless areas and natural forest stands must be completely off-limits to chainsaws, even outside the reserves.

5. No logging in ancient forest reserves. All remaining ancient forests must be included in reserves and off-limits to logging. Even dead and decaying trees-natural and essential elements of ancient forest ecosystems--should be left alone.

Finally, I have sent Mr. James Lyons a letter also indicating that if president clinton wishes to retain REAL CREDIBILITY AS AN ENVIRONMENTAL PRESIDENT, THE ABOVE POINTS MUST BE INCLUDED IN A NEW PLAN.

Sincerely yours,

Ben Limberger
Ben Limberger

2207 So. 11th St.
Moorhead Mn 56560

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 21, 1993

Mr. Eric N. Lindquist
1001 26th Street, N.W.
Apartment 502
Washington, D.C. 20037

Dear Mr. Lindquist:

Thank you for contacting my office regarding your thoughts about the proposed Executive Order on Recycled Goods. I appreciate hearing from you.

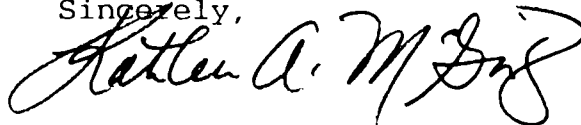
President Clinton and I believe that recycling has to be an important part of our strategy in our efforts to preserve our environment. Through the hard work and initiative of many community and industry leaders, recycling has become almost routine to many people. However, to really make recycling a success, further outreach is needed to encourage both the supply and demand for recycled products.

The President asked that the Office on Environmental Policy work on an initiative to encourage the use of recycled and recovered goods. The draft Executive Order is the outcome of much hard work and consultation with industry and labor representatives, the environmental community, and consumer groups, as well as congressional and agency staff members. This initiative will require the federal agencies to use paper containing recycled materials. This Administration believes that this executive order will stimulate demand for and production of goods containing recycled materials, and increase the incentive for public involvement in the recycling movement.

I certainly appreciate learning your thoughts and concerns about the implementation of this draft Executive Order, specifically with regard to post-consumer content standards and the paper bleaching process. We believe that this initiative will achieve the desired results of spurring our nation's recycling efforts, while also promoting a healthy environment. Rest assured that we are carefully considering all policy options in this very important matter.

Again, thank you for letting me hear from you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" being more prominent and the last name "McGinty" following in a similar style.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

Ms. Kathleen McGinty
Director, White House Office
on Environmental Policy
The White House
Washington, DC 20500

September 13, 1993

Dear Ms. McGinty,

When I first heard two months ago about the draft order directing government agencies to purchase paper with a high recycled content, such was the administration's record that I was pretty confident that it would cave in when the paper products industry applied a little pressure. (And I was pretty confident that the paper companies would apply pressure even though one of them is now seen on the television every day proclaiming itself "your partner in recycling.") Still, it is depressing to see it actually happen.

Candidate Clinton promised in his blueprint, Putting People First, that he would take measures to encourage recycling. Candidate Clinton seemed to realize that we have a serious problem with solid waste in this country, that landfills are overflowing with paper and that treatment with chlorine creates toxic byproducts. As the result of the stance he took on this and other environmental issues he won the solid support of environmentalists in the 1992 election. I'll venture to guess that he won more votes from the tiny Washington, D.C. chapter of the Sierra Club than he did from the whole of the paper products industry. Yet all President Clinton has done since assuming office is betray the people who elected him.

This was a real chance to do something about a serious problem. The draft order did not even require the big paper companies to make paper with a high recycled content (it simply would have taken one market away from them), but it would have given welcome encouragement to companies that are producing such paper. It is generally agreed that the main obstacle to wider usage of recycled materials is low demand. American citizens participate enthusiastically in ~~recycling~~ ^{recycling} programs, but there has to be some push to encourage wider use of them by industry. President Clinton was in a perfect position to give this push, but, depressingly, he is refusing to give it. When are we going to begin to deal with the environmental problems we continue to create?

Finally, I would have thought that the opportunity to create jobs in the recycling industry would have held some appeal for the president. I believe he used to talk about this, but now he appears to be much more interested in pleasing paper company executives.

I hope for his sake that President Clinton has a strategy for making up in 1996 all the votes he is losing among environmentalists. If I were he, I would not count on getting them from his new friends in the paper products industry, who will still find Bob Dole or any other Republican candidate more to their liking.

Sincerely,

Eric N. Lindquist

Eric N. Lindquist
1001 26th St., NW
Apt. 502
Washington, DC 20037

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 8, 1993

Mr. Tom Long, CPP
Swarthmore Photography Center
739 S. Chester Road
Swarthmore, PA 19081

Dear Mr. Long:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your interest in the Executive Order on Recycled Goods. It was good to hear from you.

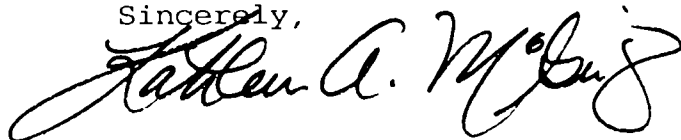
President Clinton and I are committed to the protection our nation's environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. Recycling continues to be one of our highest priorities.

This Executive Order will require federal agencies to begin procuring printing and writing paper containing postconsumer material. The purpose of this policy, among other things, is to provide an incentive for pulp and paper mills to use recovered materials, not just virgin materials, to make paper. This will provide markets for paper recovered from the municipal solid waste stream and ultimately result in substantially lower prices for recycled papers containing recovered materials.

I certainly appreciate learning your thoughts about the implementation of this Executive Order, as well as postconsumer content standards and the paper bleaching process. I believe that the Executive Order will adequately address the need for increased use and procurement of recycled and recovered materials.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" being more prominent and the last name "McGinty" following in a similar style.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

**SWARTHMORE
PHOTOGRAPHY**

CENTER

TOM LONG, CPP

FACSIMILE TRANSMITTAL

DATE:

8/26/93

TO: WHITE HOUSE ENVIRONMENTAL Policy Office

FROM: TOM & LUY LONG ACCT: #

SUBJECT: CHLORINE FREE PAPER PRODUCTS PAGE 1 OF 1

FAX 1-202-456-2710 or 7044

PLEASE SUPPORT H.R. 2898,
CHLORINE ZERO DISCHARGE ACT
OF 1993

AND

PLEASE ISSUE your EXECUTIVE
ORDER FOR TOTALLY FREE
OF CHLORINE PRODUCTS BY 1995.

THANKS

J. Long

PLEASE FAX OR PHONE NUMBERS BELOW IF YOU HAVE NOT
RECEIVED ALL PAGES, OR TO CONFIRM THIS ORDER.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 19, 1993

The Honorable Patrick Leahy
Chairman, Committee on Agriculture,
Nutrition, and Forestry
United States Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Senator Leahy:

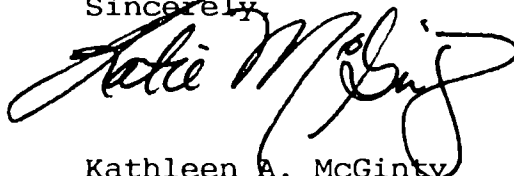
Thank you for your letter of August 17 and the copy of your statement on pesticide and food safety reform which you enclosed. It was good to hear from you.

As you know, I share President Clinton's commitment to the preservation of our environment. The President and I believe that we must carefully study new and innovative approaches to address the important environmental and health issues related to this very important matter. To that end, the White House Office on Environmental Policy and the Domestic Policy Council have been working closely with an interagency working group established to look into possible solutions to the concerns that you raise.

I understand your concerns about developing a food safety standard, as well as the importance of quickly removing from the market such pesticides which do not meet the standard developed. I look forward to working with you in the future as we move forward on this very important issue.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Katie McGinty", written in a cursive style.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

PATRICK J. LEAHY, VERMONT, CHAIRMAN

DAVID H. PRYOR, ARKANSAS
DAVID L. BOREN, OKLAHOMA
HOWELL HEFLIN, ALABAMA
TOM HARKIN, IOWA
KENT CONRAD, NORTH DAKOTA
THOMAS A. DASCHLE,
SOUTH DAKOTA
MAX BAUCUS, MONTANA
J. ROBERT KERREY, NEBRASKA
RUSSELL D. FEINGOLD, WISCONSIN

RICHARD G. LUGAR, INDIANA
ROBERT DOLE, KANSAS
JESSE HELMS, NORTH CAROLINA
THAD COCHRAN, MISSISSIPPI
MITCH MCCONNELL, KENTUCKY
LARRY E. CRAIG, IDAHO
PAUL COVERDELL, GEORGIA
CHARLES E. GRASSLEY, IOWA

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON
AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION, AND FORESTRY
WASHINGTON, DC 20510-6000

August 17, 1993

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Ms. McGinty:

Minimizing the risks associated with pesticide use is one of the defining environmental challenges we face. The strategy outlined in the Administration's press release of June 25 represents a dramatic new direction for U.S. public policy. We have the opportunity to fundamentally reform our pesticide and food safety laws.

As you develop and refine the Administration's policies, I would like to outline the fundamental principles that I believe should govern our food safety and pesticide reform efforts. I have enclosed a statement I delivered on August 6 that describes these principles in greater detail.

First, our pesticide laws should be based on a food safety standard that protects all Americans, including children.

- We must resolve the 'Delaney paradox' -- we need a single, protective pesticide residue standard that is applied to all foods.
- In setting that standard we must be sure to follow the recommendations of the National Academy of Sciences for protecting America's children.

Second, our pesticide laws must ensure that if pesticides are approved, our food will meet that safety standard. Pesticides that do not meet this test must be removed from the market promptly. We must:

- complete the reregistration process mandated in 1988;
- expedite registration and provide market incentives for safer pest control methods;
- streamline procedures for canceling and suspending hazardous chemicals, and strengthen EPA's enforcement capabilities;
- and finally break the 'Circle of Poison'.

Third, we need agricultural research and farming programs that help farmers meet food safety and environmental standards. The key to our reform efforts has to be the development and dissemination of alternative pest control methods. The elements of a research initiative for alternatives to hazardous pesticides should include:

- a risk ranking system to identify pesticides for expedited review and, if necessary, phase out;
- a new targeted research initiative at USDA to develop safer alternatives to the pesticides given highest ranking;
- and a coordinated USDA/EPA/FWS response team to identify and circulate these safer pest control strategies.

For years I have fought for sustainable agriculture research and technology transfer. We have the opportunity to fundamentally reform our food safety and pesticides policies -- to promote a system of agriculture that is both environmentally and economically sustainable, and that will enhance our competitiveness in a global marketplace.

I look forward to working with you and the other members of the President's team as we bring forward a legislative package that will benefit consumers and producers alike.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Patrick Leahy". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Patrick" and last name "Leahy" clearly distinguishable.

PATRICK LEAHY
Chairman
PJL/adb

Enclosure

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 23, 1993

The Honorable Carl Levin
United States Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

Dear Senator Levin:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your interest in the Executive Order on Recycled Goods. It was good to hear from you.

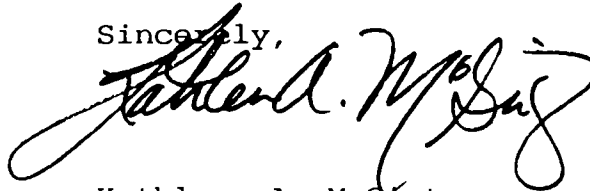
President Clinton and I are committed to the protection our nation's environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. Recycling continues to be one of our highest priorities.

This Administration believes that we must study and implement new and innovative ways to reduce the amount of waste we produce. To that end, President Clinton asked that an Executive Order for Recycled and Recovered Goods be drafted in order to address the growing need for the use of recycled and recovered materials. Specifically, this Executive Order will require federal agencies to purchase printing and writing paper products containing postconsumer materials. This will provide markets for paper recovered from the municipal solid waste stream and ultimately result in substantially lower prices for recycled papers containing recovered materials. In addition, the executive order will remove non-performance barriers to the procurement of paper, allowing federal agencies to purchase a larger variety of paper products.

I certainly appreciate learning your concerns about the implementation of this executive order, and specifically the paper bleaching process. We have worked closely with the paper industry in developing standards which will allow large volume, high-speed paper machines to begin to produce recycled printing and writing paper in an economically efficient manner. In addition, in conjunction with the Environmental Protection Agency we are reviewing policies related to the bleaching of paper to ensure consistency with proposed effluent guidelines.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large loop at the end.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, DC 20510-2202

August 6, 1993

Ms. Kathleen McGinty
Director
White House Office on
Environmental Policy
Room 360 O.E.O.B.
Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty:

I am writing regarding the Executive Order on federal procurement of recycled products that you are preparing for the President's signature.

Recently, I met with representatives of some of the major paper companies with facilities in Michigan. They expressed concern about the potential negative impact of the Order on their ability to compete in world markets and to make their capital investments effective and productive.

They indicated that the "totally-chlorine free" (TCF) provision in the draft Order ignores two important points, 1) TCF technology is as yet unproven as indicated by Administrator Browner and may not result in less pollution, 2) EPA will soon propose effluent guidelines for the pulp and paper industry that would conflict with the Order. And, they argued that the recycling standards and definitions in the proposed Order are not the most effective levels to encourage large volume, high-speed machines to adopt an aggressive recycling strategy.

Please find attached a paper which describes their concerns regarding the draft Order. I would appreciate knowing as soon as possible whether you dispute their contentions and if you do, on what grounds.

Thank you for your attention to this matter. I look forward to discussing this with you.

Sincerely,



Carl Levin

CL/cjm

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 23, 1993

The Honorable Martin Lancaster
U.S. House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

Dear Congressman Lancaster:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your interest in the Executive Order on Recycled Goods. It was good to hear from you.

President Clinton and I are committed to the protection our nation's environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. Recycling continues to be one of our highest priorities.

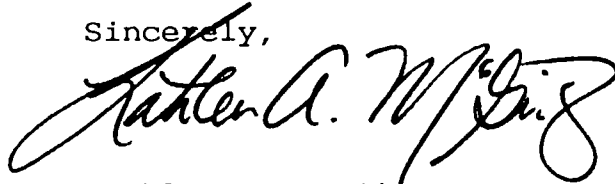
On Earth Day President Clinton spoke of the value of our country's natural resources and the need to preserve them for future generations. To that end, the President announced that he would sign an executive order which commits every federal agency to make it a priority to purchase recycled products. This will create markets for these products, encourage the use of recyclable materials and provide an incentive for businesses to invest in new technologies. The executive order, as drafted, will fulfill these goals and lead to job growth in these areas.

The executive order will specifically require federal agencies to procure printing and writing paper containing postconsumer material. This will begin to create more stable markets for recyclable paper which is collected in towns and cities across the country. In addition, this provision will allow us to preserve natural resources and remove pressure from overflowing landfills.

Finally, the executive order will remove non-performance barriers to the procurement of paper, allowing federal agencies to purchase a larger variety of paper products. I certainly appreciate learning your concerns about the implementation of this executive order, and specifically the paper bleaching process. We are currently reviewing language in the Executive Order related to the bleaching of paper, and we will keep you apprised of any final decisions on this matter.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "Kathleen" being more prominent and the last name "McGinty" following in a similar style.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

Congress
of the
United States
House of Representatives

August 10, 1993

H. MARTIN LANCASTER
NORTH CAROLINA
THIRD DISTRICT



Ms. Kathleen A. McGinty
Deputy Assistant to the President
Director, Office on Environmental Policy
OEOB, Room 360
Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty:

This is to serve as a follow-up to our recent phone conversation regarding the proposed Executive Order prohibiting federal procurement of recycled paper except in cases where the process by which the paper is recycled is chlorine-free. I am particularly interested in this matter as a substantial number of my constituents are employed by Weyerhaeuser Company and they could be adversely impacted by such an Executive Order.

The Weyerhaeuser plant located in Plymouth, North Carolina currently has a \$500 million modernization budget. Increasing the company's already high environmental standards through modernization, Weyerhaeuser will move its recycled paper production away from the use of elemental chlorine in its bleaching process. However, the modernization is far from complete and the plant's product following the modernization will not be 100% chlorine-free.

The Plymouth Weyerhaeuser facility is one Weyerhaeuser's largest operating facilities in North America. It provides over 1500 good-paying jobs in an area plagued by unemployment, low wages and general economic distress. I fear that the Executive Order, as is proposed, will have a significant and negative impact not only in Plymouth, but also in other nearby areas of rural eastern North Carolina.

I would appreciate your consideration of these concerns and those expressed in our phone conversation regarding the draft Executive Order.

With kindest regards, I am

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "H. Martin Lancaster".

H. Martin Lancaster
Member of Congress

At-Large Majority Whip
Committees:
Armed Services
Merchant Marine and Fisheries
Small Business

Washington Office:
2436 Rayburn House Office Building
Washington, D.C. 20515
(202) 225-3415
Fax: (202) 225-0666

☐ District Office:
Room 108 Federal Building
134 N. John Street
Goldsboro, N.C. 27530
(919) 736-1844
(800) 443-6847
Fax (919) 734-4731

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 23, 1993

Mr. Jeffrey T. Lutz
Counselor for Environmental,
Scientific and Technological
Affairs
Embassy of the United States of America
London
United Kingdom

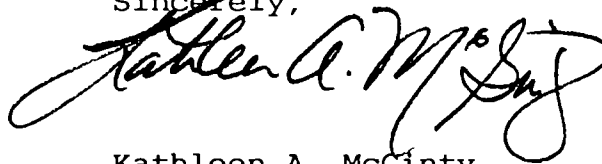
Dear Mr. Lutz:

Thank you for your letter and the copy of Earth Summit '92 which you enclosed. It was good to hear from you.

As you know, I share President Clinton's commitment to the preservation of our environment. I certainly appreciate the copy of this official publication of UNCED. Please pass along to Mr. William Newnham my thanks for his thoughtfulness in this regard.

Again, thank you for thinking of me. I look forward to the possibility of working with you in the future.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Kathleen A. McGinty', with a stylized flourish at the end.

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl



Embassy of the United States of America

London

August 12, 1993

Ms. Katie McGinty
White House
Office on Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building
Room 360
Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Ms. McGinty:

We are pleased to forward herewith a personalized copy of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development official publication, Earth Summit '92, recently sent to the American Embassy, London by William Newnham, International Coordinator, The Regency Press Corporation.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Jeff Lutz".

Jeffrey T. Lutz
Counselor for Environmental,
Scientific and Technological
Affairs

September 23, 1993

Mr. Karl Lessard
Vice President, Organized Fishermen of Florida
P.O. Box 501012
Marathon, FL 33050

Dear Mr. Lessard:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your thoughts about the appointment of William M. Kier to Assistant Administrator in the National Marine Fisheries Service.

As you know, I share President Clinton's and Vice President Gore's commitment to the preservation of our environment. I appreciate learning of your support of Mr. Kier for this position. I have notified Secretary Brown of your concerns.

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me.

Sincerely,

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/jac

Again, thank you for sharing your thoughts with me. I look forward to working with you in the future on this very important matter.

Sincerely,

Al Gore

AG/avl

Support Bill
Asst. Admin

Kier
Nat'l Marine
Fisheries Soc.

O R G A N I Z E D F I S H E R M E N O F F L O R I D A



MARATHON CHAPTER, FLORIDA KEYS
P.O. Box 501012
MARATHON, FL. 33050
Phone # 305-743-3501
Fax # 305-743-3501

September 8, 1993

Kathleen McGiuty, Director
Office Environmental Policy
The White House
OEOB, Suite 358
Washington, DC 20510

Dear Director McGiuty,

I am writing to strongly recommend that William M. Kier be appointed as Assistant Administrator for the National Marine Fisheries Service, ("NMFS").

It is essential that this important position be filled by someone with a strong fishing background and a firm commitment to environmental protection. Mr. Kier has the expertise, knowledge, and technical background to meet both of these criteria.

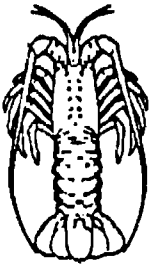
Mr. Kier is in the unique position of being backed both by fishermen and the environmental community. We are convinced that he is the one candidate capable of leading these groups in the development of a sustainable fisheries program.

I sincerely appreciate your consideration and efforts to support the protection and proper management of our Natural Resources.

Sincerely,


Karl Lessard

Vice President Organized Fishermen Fl. Marathon
Member Fl. Keys National Marine Sanctuary
Advisory Committee



THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 29, 1993

Mr. Nat Levenberg
2 Windsor Place
Lynbrook, NY 11563

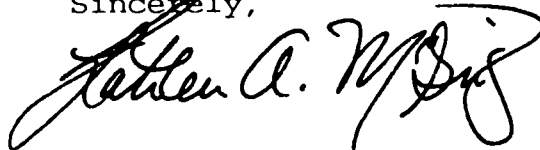
Dear Mr. Levenberg:

Thank you for contacting me regarding your efforts to develop housing made of reused and recycled materials. It was good to hear from you, and I apologize for the delay in my response.

As you know, I share President Clinton's commitment to the preservation of the environment in a way that leads to strong and sustainable economic growth. I certainly appreciate your bringing your work to my attention. I am forwarding copies of your information to the Department of Energy and the U.S. Department of Agriculture for their review and response. I wish you success in your future endeavors.

Again, thank you for letting me hear from you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Kathleen A. McGinty". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized initial "K" and "M".

Kathleen A. McGinty
Director, White House Office on
Environmental Policy

KAM/avl

JEFSTEEL
Jefsteel
Business Equipment Corporation

August 3, 1993

Miss Kathleen McGinty, Dir.
White House Office of
Environmental Policy
Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D. C. 20004

Dear Miss McGinty:

The enclosed article appeared in the NEW YORK TIMES Sunday, August 1st, regarding the existing "Paper Waste" problem.

I have attempted to get both the U. S. Government, as well as involved businesses in the industry to declare an interest in a program that I believe should relieve many of the present existing problems.

I am enclosing just one of the correspondences which might give you an insight to the program I have developed with considerable diligence and effort.

I would appreciate a reply regarding the possibility of you, or someone you may suggest becoming involved, and converting the dilemma which exists into an asset for Our Country.

Looking forward to your early and hopefully favorable reply, I remain

Yours truly,

Nat Levenberg
NAT LEVENBERG

Home:
2 Windsor Place
Lynbrook, N. Y. 11563
516-599-2037

White House Nearing a Key Decision on Paper Recycling

Environmentalists and an industry square off over a purchasing plan.

By JOHN HOLUSHA

ENVIRONMENTAL groups and the paper industry are battling over a proposed Presidential order intended to promote recycling by committing the Government to buying printing and writing paper made with more recycled material.

Those close to the fray say a decision on the proposal is imminent. Kathleen McGinty, director of the White House Office of Environmental Policy, which will make the recommendation to President Clinton on what order to issue, said an announcement could come in about three weeks.

An order could set a standard for the re-use of materials.

the industry's trade association, said it was well on its way to a goal for 1995: 40 percent of the fiber content of new paper sold will have come from paper rather than trees.

Environmentalists have objected, saying the point of recycling is to reduce the amount of trash that must be buried or burned, as well as help conserve resources. They say the proper measure of recycling is the amount of paper that has been removed from trash and re-used, which is called "post-consumer" paper.

Indeed, that appears to be what the President had in mind. A news release accompanying his speech referred to "reducing the amount of trash we produce."

Environmentalists have argued for a strict post-consumer standard. The

Although the Government is a relatively small purchaser of paper — it buys about 300,000 tons a year, only a little more than 1 percent of the 25 million tons produced in the United States annually — paper industry executives fear that a Federal recycling standard would be adopted by the states, localities and private buyers.

Environmentalists want the White House action to quicken the recycling effort. Paper companies want a slower pace. Their dispute centers on two issues: what constitutes recycled paper, and how much of it must be used.

In a speech on April 21 in anticipation of Earth Day, President Clinton pledged to issue five executive orders to use the Government's purchasing power to improve the environment, one of which would direct Federal agencies to buy paper that is at least partly recycled. The reason, Mr. Clinton said, is to "provide a market for new technologies, make better use of recycled materials and encourage the creation of new products."

Environmentalists cheered. Although many communities and businesses separate discarded materials

for recycling, the lack of reprocessing plants has led to gluts and low prices that have drained municipal coffers.

If the Government were an eager purchaser of recycled paper, environmentalists said, the paper industry would have an incentive to install equipment to remove ink from printed paper and prepare it for re-use. More important, many said, is that the order would establish a "Government standard" for paper recycling.

"This is the single most important decision on recycling ever made," said Allen Hershkowitz, a solid waste specialist at the Natural Resources Defense Council in New York. "It sends a signal to states and localities and to Congress."

A problem in the debate is that not everyone agrees on what the term recycled means. The paper industry has long re-used the scraps generated in the paper-making process and other industrial surplus by simply tossing them back into the vat where water and wood fibers are mixed before being fed into a paper-making machine. By this standard, the American Forest and Paper Association,

paper industry, represented by its trade group, is holding out for a broader definition that would also count returned publications and other printed scrap.

This material is generally easier to collect and less contaminated than the paper retrieved from trash bins. But environmentalists say it is largely re-used already, so including it in the definition would have little impact on landfills.

"This would simply enshrine the status quo," Richard Denison, a scientist at the Environmental Defense Fund in New York.

Although paper can be made from 100 percent recycled material, the recycling process damages the wood fibers somewhat, making them harder to form into paper and producing a weaker sheet. As a result, most higher-quality papers are made with relatively little recycled fiber.

Environmentalists are pushing for much greater post-consumer fiber content, some suggesting that it be 50 percent by 1999.

But Virgil Horton, vice president of the paper industry group, said any-

thing greater than 10 percent would pose serious operating problems for the big, high-speed paper-making machines that are the industry's most productive equipment.

Mr. Horton said that when more than 10 percent recycled fiber is used, the web of paper tends to break on the machines, forcing costly shutdowns.

Even using 10 percent recycled content adds \$55 to the cost of producing a ton of paper, Mr. Horton said. At 50 percent, he added, the additional cost is \$240 a ton. (A ton costs anywhere from about \$500 for newsprint to \$1,000 and up for higher grades.)

Those close to the discussions say the White House officials are considering a standard of 15 percent post-consumer fiber in 1994, 20 percent in 1996 and 25 percent by 2000.

Even though the order may have broad implications, environmentalists point out that it is not a regulatory program. "This is not mandatory," said Mr. Denison. "No one is being forced to make recycled paper. All it says is if you do not, you lose the Federal market." ■

9.10.93

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Dear Tom -

Thank you so much for
your kind note. It was
so thoughtful of you to take
the time.

I appreciate learning
of your many contributions to
the success of the Administra-
tion. With the support of
your family and my family alone,
we should be close to securing
Pennsylvania in '96!!

Best wishes -
Samuel M. Brinton

LAW OFFICES

OBERMAYER, REBMANN, MAXWELL & HIPPEL

PACKARD BUILDING-14TH FLOOR

S.E. CORNER 15TH AND CHESTNUT STREETS

PHILADELPHIA, PA. 19102

(215) 665-3000

TELECOPIER 215-569-1586

TWX 7106700392

THOMAS A. LEONARD
DIRECT DIAL (215) 665-3220

MM -
a nice note
of support.
T

September 7, 1993

VIA FEDERAL EXPRESS

Kathleen A. McGinty, Esquire
Deputy Assistant and Director
of Office of Environmental Policy
Old Executive Office Building, Room 360
Washington, D.C. 20501

Dear Katie:

I was delighted to read the wonderful profile on you in *The Catholic Standard and Times*. Your parents' pride is palpable and justified. Your comments about growing up in a large family touched a responsive chord. I grew up in a family of six boys and six girls.

As an FOB, I signed on early with the campaign and served as the Pennsylvania Finance Chair during the Primaries and General Election. More recently, I have had the opportunity to serve the President as his Appointee to the Board of Directors of Fannie Mae and as Vice Chair-Finance of the Democratic National Committee.

[My wife and I will be having dinner with the President and Mrs. Clinton on September 11th. With your permission, I would like to give him a copy of the article.

Again, congratulations on a superb interview.

Cordially,

Tom

Thomas A. Leonard

TAL:mem