

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001. form	Travel Voucher form (partial) (1 page)	09/25/2000	P6/b(6)
002. form	Travel form (partial) (1 page)	n.d.	P6/b(6)
003. invoice	Hilton Belfast invoice (partial) (1 page)	12/13/2000	P6/b(6)
004. form	Standard Form 71 (1 page)	12/20/2000	P6/b(6)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Domestic Policy Council
Eric Morse (Subject Files)
OA/Box Number: 21191

FOLDER TITLE:

Chron [3]

2011-0619-S

rc268

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

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Achievements in Women's Health under the Clinton Administration

STRENGTHENING POLICY

- **Expansion of Research on Women's Health at the National Institutes of Health.** The National Institutes of Health Revitalization Act, signed into law by President Clinton in 1993, included the permanent establishment of the Office of Research on Women's Health, and required the appropriate inclusion of women and minorities in all clinical studies and trials. This led to the adoption of similar inclusion policies at the Food and Drug Administration and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. It also expanded research on women's health in areas such as osteoporosis, breast cancer and ovarian cancer, and contraception and infertility. A recent follow up GAO report concluded that the NIH has made significant and rapid progress in the inclusion of women in clinical studies and trials. More work is needed to ensure the analysis of data by gender.
- Other Agencies established **Offices of Women's Health**, including the Food and Drug Administration, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration; the Department of Health and Human Services created a **Deputy Assistant Secretary for Women's Health** to direct the Office on Women's Health that would serve to coordinate and stimulate women's health research, service delivery, and education activities across HHS agencies.

ACCESS TO INFORMATION

- **National Women's Health Information Center.** The National Women's Health Information Center (NWHIC), sponsored by the Office on Women's Health in the Department of Health and Human Services, is the only combined comprehensive health web site (www.4woman.gov) and toll-free service (1-800-994-WOMAN or TDD 1-800-220-5446). The NWHIC web site provides links to more than 3,000 publications and 2,000 reputable organizations on women's health. NWHIC also provides answers to frequently asked questions on top health issues of concern to American women. Since its launch in November 1998, the NWHIC web site has received over 35 million hits.
- **Women's Health: Take Time to Care.** The Food and Drug Administration initiated a major national public awareness program, "Women's Health: Take Time To Care," in October 1999 to bring important health promotion messages to women. With women as primary care givers in the family, "Use Medicines Wisely" seeks to bring attention to better health practices among women and their families, in order to reduce the annual cost of \$75 billion in doctors' visits, hospitalizations, and lost wages resulting from improper use of medicines.
- **GIRL POWER!** Girl Power! is a multiphase, national public education campaign sponsored by the Department of Health and Human Services to help encourage and empower 9- to 14-year-old girls to make the most of their lives. Girl Power! combines strong "no-use" messages about tobacco, alcohol, and illicit drugs with an emphasis on

providing opportunities for girls to build skills and self-confidence in academics, arts, sports, and other endeavors. It also addresses related issues such as physical activity, nutrition, and mental health.

BREAST CANCER ACTIVITIES

- In the past 5 years alone, we have committed over **\$2.9 billion to breast cancer research, treatment, services, and prevention**. Annual funding at Health and Human Services has more than doubled under the Clinton administration, increasing from \$283 million in FY 1993 to a projected \$660 million in FY 2001.
- In October 1993, President Clinton directed Secretary Shalala to establish a comprehensive strategy to fight breast cancer. Two months later, the Secretary convened a historic conference to develop a **National Action Plan on Breast Cancer**. The result is a major public-private partnership that is working to improve research, treatment, prevention, and public and health care professional education on breast cancer.
- **Mammography Quality Standards.** The Food and Drug Administration final regulations, effective April of 1999, expanded and strengthened protections that will improve the quality of mammography at facilities in the United States.
- **New Mammography Benefit.** President Clinton proposed, and Congress adopted, the expansion of Medicare coverage to help pay for annual mammograms for all Medicare beneficiaries age 40 and over. Under this new benefit, Medicare waives the Part B deductible for screening mammograms.
- The **National Breast and Cervical Cancer Early Detection Program (NBCCEDP)** is a landmark program that was developed to offer free or low-cost critical breast and cervical cancer screening services to underserved women, including older women, women with low income, and women of racial and ethnic minority groups, including American Indian/Alaska Native women. On October 1, 1996, Health and Human Services Secretary Donna Shalala announced expansion of this program to all 50 states. It is now also operating in five U.S. territories, the District of Columbia, and 15 American Indian/Alaska Native organizations.
- New knowledge about the genetic basis of many forms of breast cancer holds great promise for improved prevention and treatment of this devastating disease. The discovery of **BRCA1** and **BRCA2**, the genes that cause inherited forms of breast cancer, ranks among the greatest scientific breakthroughs in medical research and in the war against cancer.

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

- We have also spent over **\$752 million working to eradicate domestic violence** from our Nation's homes, which reflects a steady increase in domestic violence funding each year.

Much of this funding has gone towards an increase in shelters for battered women and increased support for community-based interventions.

- **National Domestic Violence Hotline.** In February 1996, President Bill Clinton announced the opening of the 24-hour, toll-free National Domestic Violence Hotline to provide crisis assistance and local shelter referrals to victims of domestic violence throughout the country. The hotline number is 1-800-799-SAFE; the TDD number for the hearing impaired is 1-800-787-3224.
- **The National Advisory Council on Violence Against Women,** created in 1995, convenes domestic violence and sexual assault experts to provide co-chairs Attorney General Janet Reno and Secretary of Health and Human Services Donna Shalala with practical and general policy advice concerning the implementation of the Violence Against Women Act. The Council has worked to develop the *Agenda for the Nation on Violence Against Women*, which will be presented to the Nation later this year.
- **The Violence Against Women Act (VAWA),** signed into law by President Clinton as part of the Crime Act of 1994, combines tough new penalties with programs to prosecute offenders and help victims of violence. VAWA authorizes \$1.6 billion over five years to the Departments of Justice and Health and Human Services to hire more prosecutors and improve domestic violence training for prosecutors, police officers and health and social services professionals. It provides for more shelters, counseling services, and research into causes of violence against women, as well as public education campaigns.

REPRODUCTIVE HEALTH

- Reproductive health research and services has totaled over \$6.8 billion for the same time period, of which over \$4 billion were targeted at pregnancy prevention, including Medicare and Medicaid funding. The teen pregnancy rate for the country has fallen sharply during Clinton's presidency, down 20% from its 20-year high in 1991, to 49.6 births per 1,000 in 1999, demonstrating the success of these programs. In addition, at least 35 percent of U.S. communities now have teen pregnancy prevention programs in place, funded by the Department of Health and Human Services.
- **Improved Access to Reproductive Health Information.** The federal government took steps, beginning in 1993, to ensure that all women cared for through federal family planning programs have access to complete and accurate information, including pregnancy options counseling when requested, by suspending a 1988 rule preventing federally funded clinics from providing full information.
- **Availability of emergency contraception.** Since September 1998, the Food and Drug Administration has approved two oral contraceptive products that are safe and effective for use as postcoital emergency contraceptives.

- **Topical Microbicide Initiative.** At the 11th International Conference on AIDS in 1996, the Secretary of Health and Human Services announced a new Department- wide effort to develop safe and effective topical microbicides to help women protect themselves against HIV infection and STDs. The initiative included a \$100 million commitment to research and development at the National Institutes of Health and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention over four years. Nearly 60 candidate microbicides (to prevent HIV and STDs among women) have gone through preliminary pre-clinical and safety testing, and new clinical trials to test at least two of these products for effectiveness against HIV are occurring right now.
- **Perinatal Transmission of HIV.** In 1994, the National Institutes of Health released clinical trial findings that a treatment regime of AZT to women during pregnancy, during delivery and after delivery can reduce the risk of transmitting HIV from mother to infant from 25% to 8.3%.

LOOKING TO THE FUTURE

We are proud to be working toward a more comprehensive and coordinated approach to ensuring the health and quality of life of our Nation's women of all ages. As we look into the new millennium, we see a growing population of older women; by the year 2030, 1 in 4 women in the United States will be 65 or older. Women in this country will also be increasingly diverse. Ensuring that women reach old age healthier than ever is as critical to the well-being of this nation as it is to the women themselves.

The Department of Health and Human Services has developed **Women Living Long, Living Well**, a framework for women's health that seeks to address the major causes of death and disability among women in the United States of all racial, ethnic and socioeconomic backgrounds. During 17 public listening sessions held across the country to identify women's health needs and gaps, we heard that women's health should shift from a body part- and disease-specific approach to a more comprehensive and integrated one. These public comments indicated a great need for coordination among the layers of the public health system; partnerships involving community organizations, universities, and health providers; program evaluation and technical support; and improved information dissemination and involvement of communities.

In response to these demands, we are putting forward a package of new women's health proposals. These proposals advance a multidisciplinary, comprehensive approach to women's health through research, service delivery, and improved programs targeting the ever-changing population of America's women, and are supported by activities at the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality, the Administration on Aging, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Food and Drug Administration, the Health Resources and Services Administration, the Indian Health Service, the National Institutes of Health, the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, and the Office on Women's Health at the Department of Health and Human Services.

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COMPLETE ALL SHADED AREAS

TRAVEL VOUCHER <i>(Read the Privacy Act Statement on the back)</i>		1. PRESIDENTIAL / FIRST LADY TRAVEL (circle one)		2. TYPE OF TRAVEL ☐ TEMPORARY DUTY ☐ PERMANENT CHANGE OF STATION		3. VOUCHER NO. 4. SCHEDULE NO.	
TRAVELER (PAYEE)	5. a. NAME (Last, first, middle initial) Howard Heather H. [0013]			b. SOCIAL SECURITY NO. P6/(b)(6)		6. PERIOD OF TRAVEL a. FROM (START DATE) 9/18/00 b. TO (END DATE) 9/18/00	
	c. MAILING ADDRESS (Include ZIP Code) 2nd Floor West Wing Washington DC 20500			d. OFFICE TELEPHONE NO. 456-7263		7. TRAVEL AUTHORIZATION a. NUMBER (S) b. DATE (S)	
	f. PRESENT DUTY STATION			g. RESIDENCE (City and State) Washington DC			
	8. TRAVEL ADVANCE a. Outstanding b. Amount to be applied c. Amount due Government (Attached: ☐ Check ☐ Cash) D. Balance outstanding			9. CASH PAYMENT RECEIPT a. DATE RECEIVED b. AMOUNT RECEIVED \$		11. TYPE OFFICIAL Political Mixed (Circle one)	
10. Event City/ State Washington DC			Event Date/s 9/18/00				
12. GOVERNMENT TRANSPORTATION REQUESTS, OR TRANSPORTATION TICKETS, IF PURCHASED WITH CASH (List by number below and attach passenger coupon; if cash is used show claim on reverse side). (Circle one) COMMERCIAL AIR MILITARY AIR PRESS CHARTER TRAIN PERSONAL CAR RENTAL CAR (Taxi) (ATTACH RECEIPTS)		I hereby assign to the United States any right I may have against any parties in connection with reimbursable transportation charges described below, purchased under cash payment procedures (FPMR 101-7)					
		AGENT'S VALUATION OF TICKET (COMMERCIAL AIR) (a)	ISSUING CARRIER (Initials)	MODE, CLASS OF SERVICE AND ACCOMMODATION	DATE ISSUED	POINTS OF TRAVEL	
		(ATTACH AIRLINE/TRAIN TICKET COPY)			9/18	From	To
						The White House	Omni Shoreham Hotel
13. I certify that this voucher is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief, and that payment or credit has not been received by me. When applicable, per diem claimed is based on the average cost of lodging incurred during the period covered by this voucher.							
TRAVELER SIGN HERE						DATE 9/25/00	
NOTE: Falsification of an item in an expense account works a forfeiture of claim (28 U.S.C. 2514) and may result in a fine of not more than \$10,000 or imprisonment for not more than 5 years or both (18 U.S.C. 287; i.d. 1001).							
14. This voucher is approved. Long distance telephone calls, if any, are certified as necessary in the interest of the Government. (NOTE: if long distance telephone calls are included, the approving official must have been authorized in writing by the head of the department or agency to so certify (31 U.S.C. 680a).)						17. FOR FINANCE OFFICE USE ONLY COMPUTATION a. DIFFERENCES, IF ANY (Explain and show amount)	
APPROVING OFFICIAL SIGN HERE						DATE	
15. LAST PRECEDING VOUCHER PAID UNDER SAME TRAVEL AUTHORIZATION a. VOUCHER NO. b. D.O. SYMBOL c. MONTH & YEAR						b. TOTAL VERIFIED CORRECT FOR CHARGE TO APPROPRIATION Certifier's initials:	
16. THIS VOUCHER IS CERTIFIED CORRECT AND PROPER FOR PAYMENT						c. APPLIED TO TRAVEL ADVANCE (Appropriation symbol):	
AUTHORIZED CERTIFYING OFFICIAL SIGN HERE						d. NET TO TRAVELER	
18. ACCOUNTING CLASSIFICATION							

TAXI CAB RECEIPT

DATE AND TIME: 9/18 4pm

CAB FARE FROM: White House TO: Omni Shoreham Hotel

CAB CO: _____ NO. _____

No. OF PASSENGERS 1 TOTAL FARE \$ 9

*To attend Surgeon
General's Conference on
Children's Mental Health*
SIGNATURE: _____

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

October 18, 2000

MEMORANDUM FOR JACK LEW

FROM: BARBARA CHOW *bl*
CC: McGAVOCK REED
SUBJECT: AMENDMENT TO EXECUTIVE ORDER 13708 IN ORDER TO EXPAND
THE ROLE OF THE PRESIDENT'S TASK FORCE ON EMPLOYMENT
OF ADULTS WITH DISABILITIES TO INCLUDE A FOCUS ON YOUTH

I am writing to request that you put into expedited clearance the attached amendment to Executive Order 13708. The proposed amendment would provide the President's Task Force on Employment of Adults with Disabilities with the authority to focus on improving the opportunities for young people with disabilities to participate in the labor market and gain the necessary skills to successfully transition from school to work.

This proposed amendment was announced by the First Lady at the 10th anniversary of the Americans with Disabilities Act. At the ADA 10th anniversary, the First Lady recognized the work we need to continue to do to reach out to young people with disabilities to provide them with opportunities that will help them lead productive adult lives.

By issuing this proposed amendment the President would ensure that the President's Task Force on the Employment of Adults with Disabilities focused their efforts on starting early and reaching out to youth with disabilities. Specifically, the amendment would expand the order of the task force to focus Federal efforts on ensuring the improvement of education, transition, employment, health and rehabilitation, and independent living outcomes of young people with disabilities by: coordinating federal resources and research efforts; creating a public awareness campaign to focus on equal employment opportunities for youth with disabilities; ensuring the involvement of youth with disabilities in programs related to the Workforce Investment Act; improve access to health care for youth with disabilities; and, increase participation of youth with disabilities in postsecondary education and training programs.

Thank you for your assistance in clearing this amendment expeditiously, for release as early as October 25, 2000. The staff contact on the Domestic Policy Council is Ann O'Leary, who can be reached at 6-6275.

AMENDMENT TO EXECUTIVE ORDER 13708

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States, and in order to provide for improve access to employment and training for youth with disabilities, it is herby ordered that the Executive Order 13708 is amended as follows:

Insert subpart (i) to read:

To ensure improvement in the education, transition, employment, health and rehabilitation, and independent living outcomes of young people with disabilities, all Federal agencies will coordinate and cooperate with the Task Force to: (1) strengthen interagency research, demonstration, and training activities; (2) create a public awareness campaign focused on access to equal opportunity for young people with disabilities; (3) ensure that young people with disabilities are an included in the planning and implementation of all youth programs mandated under the Workforce Investment Act; (4) increase access to and utilization of health insurance and health care through the establishment of the Federal Healthy and Ready to Work Interagency Council; (5) increase participation in postsecondary education and training; and (6) create a Youth Advisory Council to assist the Task Force in conducting these and other appropriate activities.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 20, 2000

MEMORANDUM FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON

FROM: ANN O'LEARY *A.O.L.*
HEATHER HOWARD *HH*
ERIC MORSE *EM*

CC: MELANNE VERVEER
SHIRLEY SAGAWA
LISSA MUSCATINE

SUBJECT: ISSUES UPDATE

The purpose of this memo is to provide you with brief updates on a number of national issues in which you have been involved or expressed interest.

LEGISLATIVE AND ISSUES UPDATE

Children and Families

Early Learning Opportunities Act: Senators Stevens and Kennedy have agreed with Representative Goodling to attach a five year authorization of S. 2866, the Early Learning Opportunities Act to the Labor-H appropriations bill. The bipartisan Early Learning Opportunities Act, introduced in July of 2000, is a direct successor to the Administration's Early Learning Fund proposed as part of the Child Care initiative in the 1998 State of the Union. This bill would allow the Secretary of HHS to award grants to States, who in turn would award grants to local collaborative early learning councils, for the purposes of improving the quality of child care and providing quality early learning opportunities to children under five year of age. This bill differs from the Administration's proposal in two major areas: 1) it authorizes funds on the discretionary side whereas the Administration proposed funds on the mandatory side and 2) the allowable uses of funds are more broadly defined and allow for grantees to use funds to provide additional child care or early learning services to more children rather than only allowing the funds to be spent on improving the quality of existing services. The concern in these two areas is that in later years this fund could compete with funding for the Child Care Development Block Grant and Head Start, particularly given that the funding can be used to provide additional child care slots. Nonetheless, your advisors feel strongly that given the desperate need for funding to improve the quality of child care and need for local flexibility to provide additional child care services for low-income families, it is important for the Administration to support this bipartisan bill. The improvement of early learning and child care quality is the last piece of unfinished business from the 1998 Child Care initiative. Your office is strongly advocating for the

Administration to support funding for this bill during the final 2001 budget negotiations on Labor-H.

Economic

Bankruptcy: On Thursday, October 12, the House took up H.R. 2415, the State Department reauthorization bill, which was a conference report awaiting action, and stripped all of its language to replace it with the Senate version of the bankruptcy bill, S. 3186. The House passed HR 2415 by voice vote, but the bill failed to incorporate a limit on homestead exemptions, a key provision that had been agreed upon in pre-conference negotiations. The bankruptcy bill was previously considered by the House on May 5, 2000, and passed 313-108. In reaction to the October 12th vote, the White House sent a letter from John Podesta to the Congressional Leadership noting that the President would veto HR 2415 both because it does not include the homestead cap and because it does not include the Schumer amendment to ensure that perpetrators of clinic violence do not escape their financial liability through loopholes in the bankruptcy law (see attached letter). Yesterday, the Senate voted unanimously to take up the House-passed version of the bankruptcy reform bill. Senator Lott has indicated that he plans to file a cloture motion to limit the debate on the bill, but he wants to time the motion so that the bankruptcy measure is the final item the Senate considers before adjourning for the year. Yesterday afternoon, Senators Wellstone, Kennedy, Boxer, and Schumer held a press conference vowing an all-out battle to prevent Senate passage and criticizing the GOP leadership for the unusual process they used to bring this bill to the Senate floor.

Women's Health

Breast and Cervical Cancer: On Thursday, the House passed (voice) H.R. 4386, the Breast and Cervical Cancer Prevention and Treatment Act of 2000. The Republican Leadership attempted to add troublesome language authored by Representative Coburn (R-OK) requiring the labeling of contraceptives regarding the effectiveness of condoms in preventing Human Papillomavirus (HPV). The provision has drawn considerable concern among public health and family planning groups as well as the Center for Disease Control. The National Breast Cancer Coalition, supporters of the underlying bill, organized opposition to this language. The Republican Leadership, fearing they would lose, abandoned Mr. Coburn's efforts and allowed a clean bill to go to the floor. It is possible that Representative Coburn will pursue his HPV provision as a rider in the Labor/HHS bill. The White House just received the Breast and Cervical Cancer bill last night, but we do not plan on holding a signing ceremony due to the heavy schedule of the President.

Violence Against Women Act/Sex Trafficking: On Wednesday, the Senate passed (95-0) the Conference Report to H.R. 3244, the Sex Trafficking Victims Protection Act. The underlying bill provides the Department of Justice with enhanced prosecutorial tools to combat, establishes an interagency task force to fight, and directs the Secretary of State to monitor and report on international sex trafficking. In addition, the Democrats, led largely by Senator Joe Biden (D-DE), were able to add the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) to the Conference Report. This version of VAWA reauthorizes the program for another five years and provides important

protections for battered immigrants and partners in dating relationships who are victims of domestic violence. The Conference Report contains: (1) the Hatch Internet Alcohol bill, which provides a state with long-arm personal jurisdiction over out of state Internet alcohol distributors; (2) the Mack-Lautenberg Victims of International Terrorism bill, which amends the federal definition of jurisdictional immunity for a foreign state to allow a plaintiff to seek money damages against a foreign state for personal injury or death that was caused by an act of terrorism sanctioned by a foreign government; and (3) Aimee's Law, a Santorum bill which provides that if State A releases a person who was convicted of a sexual offense or murder, and that person commits a similar crime in State B, the US Attorney General must reallocate State A's criminal justice funds to State B in an amount equal to State B's cost for prosecuting and incarcerating that person. The White House received this bill last night and, while the President's schedule is tight, we are pushing for a signing ceremony for these two major legislative victories for women.

CABINET REPORT

Below are selected Cabinet Reports:

Department of Treasury

- **School Violence:** On October 15, Treasury released the Secret Service National Threat Assessment Center's (NTAC) Safe School Initiative study. The 14-month study, conducted in conjunction with DoEd and the National Institute of Justice, analyzes 37 school shootings over the past 25 years in order to obtain information about the thinking, planning, communications, and relevant behaviors of school shooters. The study is intended to assist school administrators, teachers, law enforcement professionals, and others in preventing this type of violence in schools in the future.
- **Firearms and Domestic Violence:** Treasury and ATF are developing a pilot program aimed at reducing firearms-related domestic violence. The program, to be implemented in three cities, will provide for the forfeiture of firearms retrieved from domestic violence offenders in those instances where local law enforcement has authority to seize guns when responding to a domestic violence situation, but no authority to keep and destroy them. These forfeitures are permitted under current Federal law. The pilot program will include an education outreach component to promote awareness of the role of Federal law enforcement in keeping guns out of the hands of domestic violence abusers. Treasury is working with DOJ and local law enforcement to develop this program and select pilot sites. In addition to this program, ATF is working with the Center for State Court Judges and Justices to help state judges draft protective orders that will be enforceable under the Gun Control Act to prevent domestic violence offenders from possessing guns.
- **H-1B Visa:** On October 3, the Senate voted 96-1 to pass the Hatch-Abraham H-1B visa bill, which would increase the number of H-1B visas available to 195,000 for FY2001—FY2003. Under current law, the number of H-1B visas would fall to 107,500 for FY2001 and to 65,000 for FY2002 and FY2003. The bill does not increase the current \$500 fee, since amending the bill in the Senate to increase the fee is prohibited by the Constitutional requirement that tax

measures originate in the House. However, the Administration still strongly supports an increase in fees to \$2000, with the fees going for training programs for U.S. workers, increased funding for math and science education, and improved H-1B administration. Last week, a Democratic effort to include an Administration-supported amendment granting equitable treatment to certain Central American and Haitian immigrants failed on a largely party-line vote. Treasury hopes to reach a compromise with House leaders on a bill that would increase the number of H-1B visas, increase the fee, and contain the immigrant provisions.

- **Heavily Indebted Poor Countries (HIPC):** The Annual Meetings of the World Bank and IMF closed in Prague last week with a commitment by the creditors to do everything possible to bring 20 countries into the enhanced HIPC program by the end of 2000. In the communique, the finance ministers also reiterated the importance of linking debt relief to poverty reduction and fully financing the initiative. Last week, Secretary Summers began another round of meetings with Congressional Members, including Senator Gramm and Representatives Callahan, Pelosi, Obey, and Arney, which indicates some movement closer to agreement on full funding of \$435M for bilateral and multilateral relief, as well as authorization necessary for the IMF to fund its share of HIPC. Secretary Summers will soon call Senator Gramm to outline the significant progress made on the types of reforms that Senator Gramm is seeking in return for his support for authorization of the IMF provisions of the HIPC program.

Department of Justice

- **Supreme Court ADA Case:** During the week of October 10, DOJ participated in oral arguments in a case presenting the question of whether private suits against states under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) are constitutional. DOJ intervened to defend the statute. The ADA expressly abrogates the states' Eleventh Amendment immunity to private suits in Federal courts and DOJ urged the Court to affirm the Eleventh Circuit's holding that this abrogation was a proper exercise of Congress's power under the Fourteenth Amendment.
- **Violence Against Women Case:** On September 28, the Supreme Court granted DOJ certiorari in cases raising the issue whether the provision of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 that creates a private right of action for victims of gender-motivated violence is a valid exercise of Congress's power under the Commerce Clause of the Constitution, and under the Enforcement Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment. An appellate court answered both questions in the negative.
- **DOT Affirmative Action Case:** On September 25, a Federal appeals court issued its opinion in Adarand Constructors, Inc. v. Slater upholding the constitutionality of DOT's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program. The case challenged the provision in the "TEA-21" statute in which Congress directs DOT to ensure that at least 10 percent of Federal highway construction funds should be spent for DBE. Following remand from the Supreme Court, the appeals court held that there was significant evidence to support Congress's decision that DBEs, which primarily include businesses owned by minorities or women, have suffered the effects of discrimination in contracting and other economic activities.

- **Puerto Rican Clemency Hearing:** The Senate Judiciary Committee had a hearing on October 7 on the decision to grant clemency to members of the FALN. DOJ's Deputy Attorney General and Pardon Attorney were invited to testify.

Department of Agriculture

- **New York:** On October 16, Secretary Glickman addressed the UN World Food Prize Millennium Laureate Award Luncheon, in New York, NY, and also addressed the Long Island Foreign Affairs Forum, in New York, NY.

Department of Health and Human Services

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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 20, 2000

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HEATHER HOWARD *HHH*
ERIC MORSE *EM*

CC: MELANNE VERVEER
SHIRLEY SAGAWA
LISSA MUSCATINE

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- **Heavily Indebted Poor Countries (HIPC):** The Annual Meetings of the World Bank and IMF closed in Prague last week with a commitment by the creditors to do everything possible to bring 20 countries into the enhanced HIPC program by the end of 2000. In the communique, the finance ministers also reiterated the importance of linking debt relief to poverty reduction and fully financing the initiative. Last week, Secretary Summers began another round of meetings with Congressional Members, including Senator Gramm and Representatives Callahan, Pelosi, Obey, and Arney, which indicates some movement closer to agreement on full funding of \$435M for bilateral and multilateral relief, as well as authorization necessary for the IMF to fund its share of HIPC. Secretary Summers will soon call Senator Gramm to outline the significant progress made on the types of reforms that Senator Gramm is seeking in return for his support for authorization of the IMF provisions of the HIPC program.

Department of Justice

- **Supreme Court ADA Case:** During the week of October 10, DOJ participated in oral arguments in a case presenting the question of whether private suits against states under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) are constitutional. DOJ intervened to defend the statute. The ADA expressly abrogates the states' Eleventh Amendment immunity to private suits in Federal courts and DOJ urged the Court to affirm the Eleventh Circuit's holding that this abrogation was a proper exercise of Congress's power under the Fourteenth Amendment.
- **Violence Against Women Case:** On September 28, the Supreme Court granted DOJ certiorari in cases raising the issue whether the provision of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 that creates a private right of action for victims of gender-motivated violence is a valid exercise of Congress's power under the Commerce Clause of the Constitution, and under the Enforcement Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment. An appellate court answered both questions in the negative.
- **DOT Affirmative Action Case:** On September 25, a Federal appeals court issued its opinion in Adarand Constructors, Inc. v. Slater upholding the constitutionality of DOT's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program. The case challenged the provision in the "TEA-21" statute in which Congress directs DOT to ensure that at least 10 percent of Federal highway construction funds should be spent for DBE. Following remand from the Supreme Court, the appeals court held that there was significant evidence to support Congress's decision that DBEs, which primarily include businesses owned by minorities or women, have suffered the effects of discrimination in contracting and other economic activities.

- **Puerto Rican Clemency Hearing:** The Senate Judiciary Committee had a hearing on October 7 on the decision to grant clemency to members of the FALN. DOJ's Deputy Attorney General and Pardon Attorney were invited to testify.

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- **H-1B Visa:** On October 3, the Senate voted 96-1 to pass the Hatch-Abraham H-1B visa bill, which would increase the number of H-1B visas available to 195,000 for FY2001—FY2003. Under current law, the number of H-1B visas would fall to 107,500 for FY2001 and to 65,000 for FY2002 and FY2003. The bill does not increase the current \$500 fee, since amending the bill in the Senate to increase the fee is prohibited by the Constitutional requirement that tax

measures originate in the House. However, the Administration still strongly supports an increase in fees to \$2000, with the fees going for training programs for U.S. workers, increased funding for math and science education, and improved H-1B administration. Last week, a Democratic effort to include an Administration-supported amendment granting equitable treatment to certain Central American and Haitian immigrants failed on a largely party-line vote. Treasury hopes to reach a compromise with House leaders on a bill that would increase the number of H-1B visas, increase the fee, and contain the immigrant provisions.

- **Heavily Indebted Poor Countries (HIPC):** The Annual Meetings of the World Bank and IMF closed in Prague last week with a commitment by the creditors to do everything possible to bring 20 countries into the enhanced HIPC program by the end of 2000. In the communique, the finance ministers also reiterated the importance of linking debt relief to poverty reduction and fully financing the initiative. Last week, Secretary Summers began another round of meetings with Congressional Members, including Senator Gramm and Representatives Callahan, Pelosi, Obey, and Arney, which indicates some movement closer to agreement on full funding of \$435M for bilateral and multilateral relief, as well as authorization necessary for the IMF to fund its share of HIPC. Secretary Summers will soon call Senator Gramm to outline the significant progress made on the types of reforms that Senator Gramm is seeking in return for his support for authorization of the IMF provisions of the HIPC program.

Department of Justice

- **Supreme Court ADA Case:** During the week of October 10, DOJ participated in oral arguments in a case presenting the question of whether private suits against states under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) are constitutional. DOJ intervened to defend the statute. The ADA expressly abrogates the states' Eleventh Amendment immunity to private suits in Federal courts and DOJ urged the Court to affirm the Eleventh Circuit's holding that this abrogation was a proper exercise of Congress's power under the Fourteenth Amendment.
- **Violence Against Women Case:** On September 28, the Supreme Court granted DOJ certiorari in cases raising the issue whether the provision of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 that creates a private right of action for victims of gender-motivated violence is a valid exercise of Congress's power under the Commerce Clause of the Constitution, and under the Enforcement Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment. An appellate court answered both questions in the negative.
- **DOT Affirmative Action Case:** On September 25, a Federal appeals court issued its opinion in Adarand Constructors, Inc. v. Slater upholding the constitutionality of DOT's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program. The case challenged the provision in the "TEA-21" statute in which Congress directs DOT to ensure that at least 10 percent of Federal highway construction funds should be spent for DBE. Following remand from the Supreme Court, the appeals court held that there was significant evidence to support Congress's decision that DBEs, which primarily include businesses owned by minorities or women, have suffered the effects of discrimination in contracting and other economic activities.

- **Puerto Rican Clemency Hearing:** The Senate Judiciary Committee had a hearing on October 7 on the decision to grant clemency to members of the FALN. DOJ's Deputy Attorney General and Pardon Attorney were invited to testify.

Department of Agriculture

- **New York:** On October 16, Secretary Glickman addressed the UN World Food Prize Millennium Laureate Award Luncheon, in New York, NY, and also addressed the Long Island Foreign Affairs Forum, in New York, NY.

Department of Health and Human Services

- **Youth Tobacco Surveillance:** CDC's *Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report* reported that tobacco use is the single leading preventable cause of death in the U.S., accounting for approximately 430,000 deaths each year. The prevalence of cigarette smoking nationwide among high school students increased during the 1990s, peaked in 1996 and 1997, then began a gradual decline. Approximately 80 percent of tobacco users initiate use before the age of 18. The economic liability associated with tobacco use ranges from \$50B to \$73B per year in medical expenses alone. Because of these health and economic consequences, the CDC has recommended that states establish and maintain comprehensive tobacco control programs to reduce tobacco use among youth. To assist states in doing so, CDC developed the Youth Tobacco Surveillance and Evaluation System, which includes international, national, and state school-based surveys of middle-school and high-school students.
- **West Nile Virus (WNV):** On October 13, Dr. Stephen M. Ostroff from CDC, along with staff from the USDA, USGS, NPS, and EPA updated Congressional offices on WNV activity. This is one in a series of Congressional briefings on the WNV outbreak. On September 28, the New York City Department of Health announced plans to conduct a door-to-door survey of households in several neighborhoods on Staten Island to help determine the percentage of people in those areas who may have been exposed to WNV and what actions may have put those people at risk. The survey is being conducted over two to three weeks. Households will be selected at random and participation in the survey is voluntary. Participants will complete a questionnaire and provide a blood specimen. In contrast to last year's survey, this one will not be anonymous and test results will be given to survey participants. CDC is assisting NYC in conducting this survey and will provide confirmatory testing for any blood samples that test positive for WNV antibodies.
- **Nonmarital Childbearing Report:** On October 13, CDC released the chartbook, *Nonmarital Childbearing in the United States, 1940-99*. The chartbook tracks long-term and recent trends and patterns of nonmarital childbearing, with an emphasis on data for the 1990s. It also provides comparisons with other industrialized countries. The report, co-authored by staff from the National Institute on Child Health and Human Development, is based primarily on data from the National Vital Statistics System and serves as a comprehensive resource on demographic and other factors associated with nonmarital childbearing.

- **Mental Health Grants:** On October 4, HHS's Center for Mental Health Services (CMHS) recognized Mental Illness Awareness Week (October 1-7) by announcing more than \$30M in mental health services grants and contracts to communities across the country. The new grants will promote the best practices in effective parenting and family strengthening programs, fund a community assessment and intervention referral center for mental health and substance abuse services for youth and their families, and implement youth violence and suicide prevention programs in communities across the country.

Department of Housing and Urban Development

- **Gun Buyback in Newark, NJ:** The Newark, NJ, Housing Authority will reprogram \$500,000 of its FY1999 Public and Indian Housing Drug Elimination Program grant funding and will receive \$215,000 in matching funds from HUD for a total of \$715,000 for its Gun BuyBack Initiative. The Authority seeks to take approximately 500 to 1000 guns off the street in exchange for \$50 and \$150 for each gun depending on the type of weapon.
- **Housing Assistance for Low-Income Elderly:** Secretary Cuomo awarded \$597M to non-profit groups in 42 states around the country to create more than 6,500 Federally subsidized apartments for almost 8,150 low-income seniors. In addition to funding construction and rehabilitation projects to create the apartments, the HUD grants will subsidize rents on the apartments for five years so that residents will pay only 30 percent of their incomes as rent. To be eligible for the assistance a household must be classified as "very low income," which means an income less than 50 percent of the area median. Nationally, this means an income of less than \$17,570 a year.
- **High School Dropout Training Grants:** Nearly 3,000 high school dropouts between the ages of 16 and 24 will be trained this year as construction workers while building and renovating low-income housing, as a result of approximately \$40M in Youthbuild Program grants. The grants will fund 78 organizations in 34 states. The grants are expected to attract another \$28.5M from outside sources in cash and in-kind resources. The grants will fund classes to help the individuals receive high school equivalency diplomas and provide on-the-job training in homebuilding skills that will qualify them for careers as construction workers. Youthbuild participants acquire their construction skills by building and renovating single-family homes, town homes, and residential housing units. The units are then sold to low- and moderate-income families, providing much needed affordable housing.
- **Civil Rights Action:** Secretary Cuomo has announced that he has sent a ten-person team to begin the takeover of the Beaumont Housing Authority in Beaumont, TX. On September 28, a federal court issued an order permitting the takeover, which is a result of chronic violations of civil rights laws dating back several decades. The latest actions, which triggered the takeover, were uncovered by HUD in January during a review of actions taken by the Beaumont Housing Authority to address ongoing problems. Those problems included the improper sales of public housing properties; failure to use public housing fund to benefit low-income families; failure to conduct proper annual audits; and failure to keep records required to assess compliance with civil laws. Secretary Cuomo also announced the national release of \$17M in grants to groups in 57 cities to help fight against housing discrimination.

Department of Energy

- **Weatherization Day:** DOE will celebrate October 30 as Weatherization Day, in an effort to raise public awareness of the importance of weatherization in reducing the burden of utility bills on low-income households. This theme is particularly significant with the projected increase in heating oil and natural gas prices this winter. Weatherization Day will also recognize state and local agencies throughout the country for their hard work and diligence in helping more than five million families conserve energy and reduce costs for heating, cooling, and electricity. Weatherization reduced energy bills by 20 percent or more, saving each family almost \$200 annually.
- **National Laboratory Pumps Shut Down:** On September 29, after lengthy negotiations with EPA, the NY Department of Environmental Conservation, and the Suffolk County Department of Health Services, the Brooklyn National Laboratory tritium pump-and-treat system was placed on standby. This treatment system was operated in response to the High Flux Beam Reactor spent fuel pool leak detected in 1997. Brookhaven will continue to monitor the plume and treat it through other treatment systems.

Department of Education

- **Gun-Related School Expulsions Drop:** On October 4, the *Associated Press* reported that DOEd's report, *Gun-Free Schools Act Data -- 1998-1999 School Year*, found that the number of expulsions is down four percent from 3,658 the previous school year. The report, which gathers data for the 1998-1999 school year concerning reported school district compliance with the Gun-Free Schools Act, also found that more than half of the expulsions occurred in high schools, a third in junior high schools, and a tenth in elementary schools.

Office of Personnel Management

- **Children's Health Equity Legislation:** On September 27, the Senate Governmental Affairs Committee reported the Children's Health Benefits Equity Act, a bill that authorizes Federal agencies to enroll an employee in family health insurance coverage if such action is necessary to enforce compliance with a court order requiring the employee to provide such coverage for a child. On the Administration's behalf, Senator Levin introduced this OPM-drafted bill as a companion measure to the House version, which passed the House on September 19. The Senate is expected to consider the bill soon.

10/20/00

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

October 20, 2000

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: THURGOOD MARSHALL, JR. *TMJ*
KRIS M. BALDERSTON *KB*

SUBJECT: Summary of Cabinet Weekly Reports
October 14 - 20, 2000

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

- **Derivatives:** On October 19, the House passed the Commodity Futures Modernization Act of 2000 by a vote of 377-4. This legislation would reauthorize the Commodity Futures Trading Commission and modernize the legal and regulatory framework regarding over-the-counter (OTC) derivatives transactions and markets. This would implement many of the unanimous recommendations regarding the treatment of OTC derivatives made by your Working Group on Financial Markets. Prior to the vote, the Administration issued a statement in strong support of the bill. Treasury will continue to work with the Senate to try to enact the bill this session, although significant obstacles remain.
- **Money Laundering:** On October 26, Secretary Summers will address the Treasury-DOJ national money laundering conference. The conference will have working groups examine the issues of bulk cash smuggling and the use of wire remitters in money laundering activity, receive reports from the four High-Intensity Financial Crime Areas designated in the 2000 National Money Laundering Strategy, and discuss how to make more efficient use of suspicious activity reports.
- **G-20 Meetings:** On October 24-25, Secretary Summers and Chairman Greenspan will attend the second annual meeting of G-20 Finance Ministers and Central Bank Governors in Montreal, Canada. Ministers and Governors are expected to discuss the economic benefits and policy challenges associated with globalization, as well as how to reduce countries' vulnerability to financial crisis.

- **China:** On October 26, Secretary Summers and Chinese Finance Minister Xiang Huaicheng will co-chair the 13th session of the U.S.-China Joint Economic Committee in Washington, DC. The meeting will focus on macroeconomic issues, including China's exchange rate policy, structural issues, such as reform of China's state-owned enterprise and financial sectors, and enforcement issues, including anti-money laundering efforts. Minister Xiang will also have a bilateral meeting with NEC Director Sperling.
- **Tax Negotiations:** Although Treasury's Office of Tax Policy continues to meet with the Congressional taxwriting committees, an overall tax agreement remains elusive. This is partly because the recent focus in Congress has been on completing remaining appropriations bills. Several tax issues remain in play, including your school construction bond proposal, small business tax incentives possibly combined with a minimum wage increase aspects of the Portman/Cardin pension reform bill, New Markets and Community Renewal provisions, and the Foreign Sales Corporation tax replacement legislation.
- **Firearms:** Treasury, serving as the lead of an interagency team, is participating in final negotiations in Vienna on a UN Protocol to Combat the Illicit Manufacturing of and Trafficking in Firearms, Their Parts and Components, and Ammunition. The U.S. has been working with other interested countries on this Protocol for almost three years, and it will constitute the first global instrument regulating the international flow of firearms. The contentious issues in the negotiations are applying marking provisions to persons manufacturing firearms for personal use or for their collections, marking of firearms lawfully imported by returning servicemen for their personal use or collections, regulation of shotgun parts, and criminalizing the obliteration of markings other than a serial number on a firearm.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

- **Immigrant Detention Case:** The Supreme Court granted DOJ certiorari in two cases concerning the Attorney General's authority to detain an alien subject to a final deportation order, where the removal cannot be effected immediately and where the Attorney General has determined that the alien would pose a risk of flight or danger to the community if released. In one case, after finding it unlikely that an alien would be deported to Cambodia in the foreseeable future, a Federal court concluded that continued detention under such circumstances violated the constitutional right to substantive due process. The Ninth Circuit affirmed that decision, but is in conflict with the Fifth Circuit's opinion in the other case, which upheld the constitutionality of the Attorney General's detention power.



- **Campaign Finance:** On October 10, the Supreme Court granted DOJ certiorari in a case presenting the question whether a political party has a First Amendment right to make unlimited campaign expenditures in coordination with the party's congressional candidates, notwithstanding the limits imposed by the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (FECA). DOJ is arguing the principle that a Federal elected official should not be unduly beholden to a single source of financial support, that it nullifies a careful balance struck by Congress on a matter peculiarly within the legislative competence, and that it threatens substantial disruption of FECA's statutory scheme.



- **School Crime Report:** During the week of October 23, DOJ plans to release *Indicators of School Crime and Safety 2000*. This report presents data from an array of sources on crime at school from the perspectives of students, teachers, principals, and the general population.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

- **AZ Land Exchange Agreement:** On October 20, Secretary Babbitt will sign an agreement with Governor Hull to facilitate an exchange of Federal and state lands within AZ. If Congress later passes a law to carry through this exchange, the federal government will acquire over 180,000 acres of state in-holdings within national parks, ranges, and monuments, and will prevent development of the highly vulnerable Lake Pleasant/Bradshaw Mountains Area.

- **CA Trinity River Fisheries:** On October 27, DOI expects to release the Final Environmental Impact Statement on the Trinity River Mainstem Fisheries Restoration in CA. This historic program will address impacts to the Trinity River as a result of the 1955 authorization and subsequent construction and operation of the Trinity River Dam and other facilities on the Trinity River as part of the Central Valley Project. Historically, a significant amount of water from the Trinity River basin has been exported over the mountains to the Sacramento River and the Central Valley. Over time, these exports have had drastic effects on the river and the fisheries that depend on the river. In addition, the interests of the Hoopa Valley Tribe, whose reservation borders the Trinity River, and the Yurok Tribe, whose reservation borders the Klamath River downstream from its confluence with the Trinity, have been affected. DOI has evaluated options to restore the Trinity River consistent with the Central Valley Project Improvement Act and other statutory directives, as well as its trust responsibility to Indian Tribes. The Preferred Alternative would provide, on average, approximately 48 percent of the natural flow to the Trinity River; it proposes a significant amount of mechanical restoration in the Trinity River itself at 47 sites; and it contains a significant watershed restoration component to lessen the amount of fine sediment entering the river from a variety of sources, thus minimizing the amount of flow necessary to address that impact to fishery resources.

- **NY Indian Casino Project:** Media reports indicate an Indian casino project may be close to a deal that would bring gambling to Monticello, NY. According to the reports, Park Place Entertainment would buy out Alpha Hospitality and its partner Catskill Development for about \$300M and build a casino with the St. Regis Mohawk Tribe at the Monticello Raceway. Earlier reports were saying the offer to Catskill was \$55M. While the reports indicated that the deal may have come undone since the tribe was not talking to them, the investors are stating they are certain there will be a breakthrough soon.
- **Spirit Cave Man Decision:** BLM has issued a final decision in accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act on the cultural affiliation of Spirit Cave Man, the 9,000-year-old mummy found on public lands in 1940. The decision follows a preliminary determination that although the remains are Native American, they cannot be culturally affiliated with any contemporary group. In making the final decision, BLM sent a letter to representatives for the Pyramid Lake Paiute-Shoshone Tribe denying their request to postpone making the final decision until January 31, 2001. In the denial, BLM said that while it appreciates the Tribe's position, it considers this issue to have been deliberated thoroughly at this level and it is time to close the matter so that the Tribe may investigate other options. Spirit Cave Man will continue to be housed at the Nevada State Museum, as it has been for the past 60 years.
- **Lake Roosevelt Damage Assessment:** DOI's Bureau of Reclamation (BOR) is considering its role in a BIA proposal to seek funding for a Natural Resource Damage Assessment at Lake Roosevelt above Grand Coulee Dam in WA. The proposal, which BIA prepared in consultation with the Colville Confederated Tribes and the Spokane Indian Tribe, seeks funds to investigate the contaminant level in lake sediments resulting from decades of mining, smelting, and paper operations upstream in the U.S. and Canada. At the Tribes' request, EPA is also conducting an initial evaluation of whether the reservoir should be considered for listing as a superfund site. In a September 26 memorandum to several Federal agencies commenting on Endangered Species Act-related documents, the Colvilles alleged that reservoir operations were contributing to sediment exposure and subsequent releases of contaminants into the air. The Colvilles also allege that BOR is a potentially responsible party for the contamination.
- **Mercury in IN Precipitation:** A fish consumption advisory has been in effect for most water bodies in IN due to the finding of mercury in fish tissue. One source of the mercury in aquatic ecosystems is atmospheric deposition, primarily in precipitation.
- **Northwestern Hawaiian Islands Cleanup:** Researchers and divers are starting a month long litter cruise through the Northwestern Hawaiian Islands, seeking out and recovering hundreds of miles of fishing line, tons of netting and other debris. The debris washes up on the shores and gets caught on the coral reefs. It then traps fish, seals, turtles, birds and other wildlife. Hawaiian monk seals are of particular concern, because pups often play

with tangled nets and become trapped. Entanglement is becoming an increasing threat to the declining seal population. The Center for Marine Conservation is a sponsor of the expedition, along with HI Sea Grant, DOC's National Marine Fisheries Service, NOAA, DOI's Fish and Wildlife Service, the Coast Guard, and other organizations. In 1998, six tons of debris was collected in six days. A 29-day venture last year recovered 25 tons.

- **SD Tribal College Agreement:** Recently USGS signed an agreement with officials of Sinte Gleska University near Mission, SD. The agreement establishes a cooperative framework to promote earth science careers and professional development among students, and build relationships with the Federal government and private industry.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE



- **New Biomass Heating Oil:** On October 13, USDA reported to senior Federal energy officials on USDA's use of a new, biomass heating oil blend called "B5," 5 percent of which is composed of soybean biomass. USDA is demonstrating the new blend in a project boiler plant that heats 12 buildings at USDA's Beltsville, MD, Agricultural Research Center. B5 could significantly reduce the use of heating oil and create a new secondary market for agricultural products.
- **Brazil Agrees to Accept U.S. Wheat:** On October 17, Secretary Glickman announced that Brazil has agreed to re-open its market to imports of U.S. hard red spring wheat and soft red winter wheat. In 1996, Brazil imposed import restrictions on wheat which only allowed imports of hard red winter wheat. At that time, Brazil was purchasing roughly 760,000 tons of U.S. wheat worth about \$174M per year. Brazil is expected to publish official notification of its decision by November 15.
- **Food Safety Inspector Homicide Case:** On October 10, it was announced that the death penalty will be sought for the Oakland, CA-area meat-processing plant owner who is charged with killing two Federal and one state food safety investigators during a June 21 investigation of his plant.
- **Commodity Markets:** Dry conditions in the Central Plains and reduced production prospects for the Australian crop sent wheat prices higher for the week. Corn prices also advanced, supported by the rise in wheat and bullish supply-and-demand projections issued by USDA. Harvest pressure sent soybean prices tumbling. Rice cash prices held steady, but futures advanced on reports of flooding in South and Southeast Asia. In a volatile week, cotton prices wound up little changed, on average. Firming beef prices helped boost cattle. Hog prices dropped despite heavy buying activity as the weekend approached. Broiler prices were up slightly on good retail and food service demand. Cheese prices continued to trade below support in a very light market. Butter prices fell modestly as cream supplies are readily available.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

- **Protecting Confidential Census Data:** Secretary Mineta continues to voice opposition to proposed legislative language to grant access to confidential Census data to the Congressional Budget Office (CBO) and the Joint Committee on Taxation. The proposed CBO amendment would allow a virtual fingerprint to be developed utilizing quarterly Social Security earnings records and the confidential information provided by respondents on the Census survey forms. CBO has promised to pursue every avenue to get this language included in legislative actions.
- **China and South Korea Seminars:** On October 26-27, DOC's Bureau of Export Administration (BXA) will host a seminar with China's Ministry of Foreign Trade and Economic Cooperation in Shanghai, China. The BXA team will then travel to Seoul, South Korea, to hold a seminar on export control policies and procedures. Among the topics that will be discussed in South Korea is the recent change in U.S. sanctions on North Korea.
- **New Encryption Regulations:** On October 19, DOC's Bureau of Export Administration published encryption regulations to implement the encryption policy updates announced by the White House on July 17. This final encryption rule permits most encryption products to be exported to the 15 nations of the European Union as well as to eight other key trading partners, Australia, the Czech Republic, Hungary, Japan, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, and Switzerland. The new regulation tracks with recent regulations adopted by the EU, ensuring the continued competitiveness of U.S. industry in international markets.

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

- **Los Angeles County Employee Dispute:** The dispute between 42,000 public employees and Los Angeles County continues. Employees returned to work after a one-day general strike on October 12. Strikers had included those who work in jails, libraries, beaches, and health clinics. Negotiations resumed on October 17. The union wants 15.5-percent raises over three years, while the county has offered a nine-percent increase. About 60 percent of county workers earn less than \$32,000 a year, according to the union.
- **Disability Awareness Month:** DOL will observe National Disability Employment Awareness Month on October 24. This year's theme, "Building upon your Abilities," focuses on increasing the participation of persons with disabilities in the workplace and affirms your commitment to significantly increase their representation in the Federal workforce.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

- **2001 Medicare Rates:** On October 18, the Health Care Financing Administration (HCFA) announced the 2001 rates for the Medicare Part A deductible and Part B monthly premium amounts paid by beneficiaries. The Medicare Part B monthly premium, which covers physician services, hospital outpatient care, durable medical equipment, and other services outside hospitals, will be \$50 in 2001, an increase of \$4.50 from this year, but significantly lower than earlier projections. In addition to health-care costs, this year's increase reflects legislative changes that increase Part B spending. The beneficiary-paid Part B premium represents 25 percent of total Part B spending. The Part A deductible for inpatient hospital care will rise only about two percent, reflecting savings from reductions in Medicare hospital payments and other program changes signed into law in the Balanced Budget Act to help protect and preserve the Medicare Hospital Insurance Trust Fund.
- **HMO Expansion in FL:** On October 18, HCFA approved a request by Well Care HMO to expand managed-care coverage to Medicare beneficiaries in Hernando and Pasco counties in the Tampa-St. Petersburg, FL, area. The counties are currently served by two Medicare managed-care plans, however the two plans have announced they will withdraw from the county on December 31. Well Care HMO, along with United Healthcare, Inc., which was approved in September, will begin serving Medicare beneficiaries starting on January 1. Approximately 129,000 Medicare beneficiaries live in the plan's newly approved service area. Beneficiaries will be eligible to enroll beginning on November 1.
- **North Carolina SCHIP:** On October 20, it is anticipated that HCFA will approve an amendment to NC's SCHIP plan to eliminate cost sharing for documented Native Americans.
- **Uganda Ebola Outbreak:** On October 17, CDC sent a team of six experts to assist in the management of patients, diagnosis of suspect clinical cases, and epidemiologic investigation of the Ebola outbreak in Uganda. These are the first human cases of Ebola ever reported in Uganda. As of October 16, 71 suspected cases, including 35 deaths, have been reported.
- **New Technical Assistance Center:** On October 26, the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) will open a new technical assistance center in Silver Spring, MD, to aid minority institutions of higher education and community groups in preparing proposals for HRSA grants. The center is one of several efforts to increase the involvement of minority institutions and community groups in HRSA programs.

 **Racial/Ethnic Disparities in Children's Care:** On October 31, the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality will issue a press release on an article entitled "Racial and Ethnic Differences in Children's Access to Care." The researchers explored reasons for racial and ethnic differences in children's access to care and concluded that the disadvantage some Hispanic children experience may be related to their parents' inability to speak English well enough to interact fully with the health-care system. The findings imply the need for interpreters or bilingual providers and office staff to help reduce these disparities.

 **Domestic Violence Grants:** On October 23, the Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality will issue a press release to announce the funding of four new research projects on domestic violence. The projects topics are: treatment outcomes for abused women in public; computerized screening for domestic violence victims; comparing and contrasting seven existing domestic violence interventions located in different hospital settings; and outcomes for intimate partner violence.

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

- **National Neighborhood Networks Week:** From October 14-22, residents of more than 200 HUD-assisted and public housing complexes in all 50 states, DC, and Puerto Rico will celebrate the first-ever celebration of National Neighborhood Networks Week. Neighborhood Network Centers enable residents of HUD housing to acquire computer skills, enroll in distance learning courses and access the Internet. Since 1995, HUD has provided technical assistance to help open more than 1,100 such community technology centers.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

- **Firestone Tire Investigation:** On October 17, DOT's National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) released new information regarding reported complaints, injuries, and fatalities relating to Firestone ATX and Wilderness tires under investigation by the agency. NHTSA is aware of 119 reported fatalities related to these tires, an increase of 18 from the 101 that had been reported by mid-September. The number of complaints and reported injuries that are related to these tires has also increased to 3500. NHTSA will continue to place summaries of complaints on the Internet as it continues its investigations of ATX/Wilderness and Steeltex R4S and A/T tires.
- **Electric Vehicle Safety Standard:** On October 17, DOT's National Highway Traffic Safety Administration published a new Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard to prevent deaths or injuries after an electric vehicle is involved in a crash. The new standard, "Electric-Powered Vehicles: Electrolyte Spillage and Electrical Shock Protection," will be effective on October 1, 2001. It applies to all vehicles that use more than 48 volts of

electricity as propulsion power and that have a maximum speed greater than 25 mph. It will not apply to electric vehicles with a gross vehicle weight rating of more than 10,000 pounds.

DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

- **Compensation for Sick DOE Workers:** On October 12, Congress approved the 2001 National Defense Authorization bill, which included an amendment to provide compensation to DOE contractor workers with work-related illnesses. Under the legislation, several thousand workers (or their survivors) will be eligible to receive \$150,000 plus prospective medical payments. The workers will also be able to apply for lost wage payments through state workers compensation programs.
- **Nuclear Weapons Laboratory Security:** On October 17, Secretary Richardson accepted the National Nuclear Security Administration's (NNSA) recommendation for improving security and other facility operations at DOE's Los Alamos National Laboratory and the Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, both operated by the University of California (UC). Secretary Richardson has authorized NNSA to immediately restructure DOE's current contracts with UC to address security and management issues. DOE will also commence negotiations with UC that, if successful, would lead to additional performance requirements and a three-year extension of the contract. The current UC contract for the operation of the laboratories runs through September 2002.
- **Plant Management Contract Competitions:** On July 26, DOE announced the selection of BWXT Pantex, a team of BWX Technologies, Bechtel National, and Honeywell International, as the new contractor for the Pantex Plant in Amarillo, TX. This selection has been protested by Day and Zimmerman, the incumbent contractor, which caused a halt in contract transition activities. GAO is evaluating the protest and a decision is expected by November 13. On August 31, DOE announced the selection of BWXT Y-12, a team of BWX Technologies Inc. and Bechtel National Inc., to manage the Y-12 Plant in Oak Ridge, TN. The contract transition began on September 1 and the new contractor will assume full responsibility for management and operation of the plant on November 1.
- **Drinking Water Well Contamination:** Los Alamos National Lab has confirmed the presence of tritium in a drinking well serving Los Alamos County, NM. Testing has shown that a well located in Pueblo Canyon, shows tritium at about 40 curies per liter (far below the safe drinking water standard of 20,000 curies per liter.) Los Alamos County and NM have been officially notified and the results were mentioned at the October meeting of the Citizens Advisory Board.



- **Women-Owned Business:** On October 16, Secretary Richardson signed an agreement between DOE and a coalition of the nation's leading associations of women-owned businesses. The formal agreement will expand opportunities for women business organizations and entrepreneurs, empowering them to successfully bid for subcontracts with DOE. Secretary Richardson signed the agreement with representatives of 15 women business organizations during a ceremony at an international meeting of the Business Women's Network. The organizations signing the document represent over 175,000 businesses nationally. The groups also represent 40 percent of all small business owners nationwide.

- **Gasoline Prices Up, Stocks Down:** Gasoline spot prices on most U.S. markets ended with solid increases over the past week, after rising sharply in response to news about Middle East violence and inventory reports. Crude oil led markets upward for most of the week, peaking on Thursday following new clashes between Israeli and Palestinian forces and an apparent terrorist attack on a U.S. Navy ship in Yemen. Prices eased on Friday and Monday, but still ended significantly higher than the previous week, except on the West Coast. The U.S. average retail price for regular gasoline rose after three weeks of decline, increasing 3.7 cents to 153.9 cents per gallon as of October 16. The average was 30.3 cents per gallon higher than a year ago. Prices gained solidly for most regions and formulations, led by sharp increases in the Midwest. Total motor gasoline stocks were down 2.5M barrels on October 13 to 193.3 million barrels, 12.7 million barrels below the level for the same week last year.

- **Distillate Prices Up, Stocks Down:** The New York Harbor spot price for heating oil increased 1.25 cents on October 16 to 97.55 cents per gallon. Heating oil stocks at 45.8 million barrels fell by 0.8 million barrels for the week and were 25.4M barrels below a year ago. Heating oil stocks in New England fell 0.3 million barrels to 3.1M barrels while in the Central Atlantic stocks rose 1 million barrels to 17.5 million barrels. The Northeast Heating Oil Reserve stocks were 2.0 million barrels on October 13. The Reserve is now fully stocked.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

- **TX Higher Education Desegregation:** On September 15, TX submitted a revised plan to DOEd to fulfill the terms of the state's commitment to enhance its historically black colleges and improve minority participation at public universities. DOEd has provided preliminary comments on the recent submission and identified areas of concern. Official written comments have also been provided to the Office of the Governor and the Board of Education. On October 27, TX will submit its final plan.

- **GAO Letter on DOEd Financial Weaknesses:** On October 16, GAO issued a letter to Representatives Kasich and Biggert regarding financial management weaknesses at DOEd. DOEd reviewed the draft letter, but the requesters asked that GAO restrict release of the final report for one week. The draft letter: 1) analyzed financial management weaknesses identified in DOEd's FY1999 financial statements in the context of possible program and budgetary implications; 2) identified corrective actions that DOEd has taken to address the weaknesses; and 3) explained how DOEd prepared reliable FY1997 cost estimates for its loan programs and resolved a related material weakness. The bulk of the draft letter was a restatement of financial management weaknesses previously reported to Congress by GAO. While it generally identified corrective actions DOEd has taken, the emphasis was on the problems, not DOEd's efforts to address them.
- **Crime Data Deadline Missed:** On October 18, the *Sacramento Bee* reported that as many as 3,700 college campuses across the country missed the October 17 deadline to submit crime statistics to DOEd as required by law. By law, colleges were required to turn in the statistics to DOEd by October 15. DOEd has extended the deadline again to October 24 to accommodate the complaints by college campuses that they were having difficulties submitting their information electronically



Charter School Report: DOEd will soon release the report, *Charter Schools and Student Achievement*, which provides case studies of 32 charter schools with particular emphasis on student achievement.

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS

- **USS Cole Victims:** VA personnel are ready to provide assistance to service members and their families affected by the USS Cole explosion. All of the Cole's dead are eligible for burial in VA's national cemeteries, and survivors may receive VA's Dependency and Indemnity Compensation, plus Servicemembers' Group Life Insurance. Injured sailors who are medically discharged will be eligible for lifetime VA treatment and compensation for their disabilities.
- **Agent Orange and Diabetes:** On October 11, the Institute of Medicine (IOM) issued a long-awaited report that found "limited/suggestive" evidence of a link between Agent Orange, to which service members were exposed during the Vietnam War, and the kind of diabetes that is known as "adult-onset" or "Type 2." VA's senior leadership and program experts have begun a high-level review of the IOM finding. Acting Secretary Goyer has 60 days to decide whether or not a presumption of service connection is warranted for Vietnam veterans with adult-onset diabetes.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

- **Starlink Corn Cancellations:** Aventis has announced that they have voluntarily canceled their registration for their genetically modified Starlink corn (which had been approved by EPA for feed uses only) as a result of finding the corn in products made for human consumption. EPA strongly urged the company to take this action. This means that Starlink corn can no longer be planted for any agricultural purpose, ensuring that no new Starlink corn will find its way into processed foods. EPA does not have any evidence that food containing Starlink corn will cause any allergic reaction in people, and the agency believes the risks, if any, are extremely low. However, because Aventis did not meet its responsibility for ensuring that Starlink corn only be used in animal feed, the request was made to cancel the registration. The remaining Starlink corn will be used only for animal feed or industrial uses until existing stocks are depleted.
- **Brownfields Program Wins Award:** EPA's Brownfields program has been named one of the ten winners in the Harvard University Kennedy School of Government and Council for Excellence in Government's Innovations in Government Awards. The Brownfields initiative clearly demonstrates that economic prosperity and protection of public health and the environment can coexist. Since 1993, the Brownfields program has provided over 500 grants to communities across the country to assess contaminated sites, clean them up, and train workers in environmental cleanup. This unprecedented effort has led to the successful redevelopment of hundreds of contaminated properties, the creation of more than 7,000 permanent jobs, the leveraging of over \$2.3B in private investments, and training of hundreds of environmental professionals.
- **Ethyl Parathion Cancellation:** On October 16, EPA announced that it has signed an agreement with Cheminova, the major registrant of the pesticide ethyl parathion, to cancel all remaining uses of ethyl parathion. One of the most toxic pesticides still registered for use in the U.S., and one of the most restricted pesticides on the market today, ethyl parathion poses risks to workers and wildlife, according to EPA's revised risk assessments. The agreement immediately stops the use of ethyl parathion on corn grown for seed, which poses the greatest potential risk to re-entry workers. It phases out use on other agricultural crops (alfalfa, barley, corn, cotton, canola, sorghum, soybean, sunflower, and wheat) over the next three years, ending all use of ethyl parathion in the U.S. by October 2003.
- **Malathion Briefing:** A technical briefing to discuss the revised risk assessments for the Organophosphate pesticide malathion is scheduled to be held on November 9, in Alexandria, VA. Malathion is one of the pesticides used to combat West Nile Virus last year in NY.

- 54238 5/21/16
- **U.S.-Canada Smog Agreement:** On October 12, the U.S. and Canada finalized a draft agreement to reduce smog-forming emissions in both countries. The "Ozone Annex" will bring similar emissions standards to both countries for the primary smog-forming chemicals: nitrous oxides (NOx) and volatile organic compounds (VOCs). Some emissions from the midwestern U.S. move downwind to Canada, while some Canadian emissions in Ontario move downwind towards the northeastern U.S. While EPA will not have to draft any additional regulations to respond to the Annex, Canada has agreed to meet the standards of EPA's recent action to address NOx emissions from power plants in the eastern U.S. that travel across state borders. In addition, Canada agreed to strengthen to U.S. levels its emissions standards for cars, trucks, buses, and non-road equipment, as well as its fuel standards and emissions from certain other industries (e.g., the pulp and paper industries). EPA expects the two governments to sign the Ozone Annex by the end of the year. The agreement is an annex to the landmark 1991 Canada- U.S. Air Quality Agreement.

UNITED STATES MISSION TO THE UNITED NATIONS

- **The Middle East:** On October 18, the UN General Assembly resumed the so-called 10th Emergency Session of the General Assembly on "Illegal Israeli Actions in Occupied East Jerusalem." The session was scheduled to hear remarks from the Israeli delegation, the Palestinian Observer Mission, and perhaps one or two other delegations before suspending until October 20. USUN expects that the Secretary-General will address a resumed session on October 20.
- **Women and Peace and Security:** On October 23, The UN Security Council President (Namibia) will hold an "Arria-style" meeting (outside the Council chamber) with members of the NGO community to discuss the thematic topic "Women and Peace and Security". On October 24, Council members will participate in an Open Debate in the Formal Council chamber on the same topic.

UNITED STATES TRADE REPRESENTATIVE

- **Conflict Diamonds Conference:** On October 25-26, USTR will participate in the London Intergovernmental Conference on Conflict Diamonds. The objective is to develop recommendations building on the outcome of the September 21 Pretoria Ministerial.
- **WTO Accession of Moldova:** USTR led the U.S. delegation to the penultimate informal Working Party meeting on October 20 to assess status of Moldova's implementation of the conditions necessary for accession to the WTO.

SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

- **Meat Packer Price Reporting:** Last week OMB contacted SBA and requested review of a final rule on mandatory price reporting for meat packers prior to its publication in the *Federal Register*. The rule would require lamb, pork and beef packers to report pricing information daily in order to promote greater transparency in meat prices and eliminate the possibility of collusion in pricing. Upon review, SBA determined that the Agricultural Marketing Service at USDA had made a number of changes to the rule that resulted in less burden for small businesses, but that more alternatives should have been considered to further reduce the burden. Moreover, SBA expressed concern that the cost of the technology required to enter and transmit pricing data daily had not been assessed adequately.

OFFICE OF PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT



- **Hispanic Federal Employment:** On October 12, you signed Executive Order 13171, which will improve the recruitment of Hispanics into the Federal workforce, and calls on agencies to offer improved career development opportunities for Hispanics. The EO also asks agencies to assess and eliminate any systemic barriers to the effective recruitment of Hispanics and incorporate the objectives of the order into their agency's Government Performance and Results Act planning.
- **Federal Overtime Pay Legislation:** While two bills have been introduced in the House to correct an inequity under which some supervisory Federal wildland firefighters earn less than their usual rate of pay for working overtime during emergencies, neither bill has been approved by the House Government Reform Committee. On October 17, the House did pass a bill that contains a provision authorizing NTSB investigators to receive time-and-one-half of their hourly rate for overtime hours worked at the scene of an accident or which is critical to an accident investigation. The overtime pay problems addressed by the NTSB bill are very similar to the problems addressed by the two bills for Federal wildland firefighters. The passage of the NTSB legislation has renewed interest in legislation that would do the same for wildland firefighters. While no committee or floor action has been scheduled, there is now a distinct possibility that the bill's sponsors will seek to have their language adopted as an amendment to must-pass legislation or fast-tracked for floor action.

SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION

• **International Disability Law and Policy Symposium:** On October 22-26, SSA and other Federal agencies will sponsor an international disability law and policy symposium in Washington, DC. The Symposium, "From Principles to Practice," will include leading law and policy advocates, and individuals with disabilities from over 40 countries who will examine international developments related to disability legislation and discuss issues and strategies for future reform.

cc:

The Vice President

John Podesta

Martin Baily

Sandy Berger

Sidney Blumenthal

Chuck Brain

Charles Burson

Mary Beth Cahill

Maria Echaveste

George Frampton

Mickey Ibarra

Ben Johnson

Joel Johnson

Janis Kearney

Neal Lane

Jack Lew

Joe Lockhart

Lisel Loy

Buddy MacKay

Minyon Moore

Bruce Reed

Steve Ricchetti

•Gene Sperling

Lauren Supina

Loretta Ucelli

Melanne Verveer

Cabinet Affairs Travel

Monday, October 23 - Sunday, October 29, 2000

North Korea 10/22-24
Seoul, South Korea 10/25
Secretary Albright

WA 10/23
OR 10/24
Secretary Riley

CA 10/25
Secretary Slater

San Jose, CA
Secretary Mineta 10/23

Los Angeles, CA
Secretary Herman 10/26

San Diego, CA
Secretary Herman 10/25

Phoenix, AZ 10/23
Tucson, AZ 10/24
Administer Barram

Grand Forks, ND
Director Witt 10/26

Medford, OR
Director McCaffrey 10/24

Grand Canyon, AZ
Secretary Babbitt 10/26

Minneapolis, MN
Secretary Babbitt 10/27

Chicago, IL
Secretary Glickman 10/25

Detroit, MI
Secretary Riley 10/27

Kansas City, MO
Director Lachance 10/23

OH
Commissioner Apfel 10/24-26

Louisville, KY
Secretary Glickman 10/26

Memphis, TN
Secretary Glickman 10/25

Albuquerque, NM
Administrator Alvarez 10/29

MI
Secretary Shalala 10/26
Administrator Alvarez 10/27

Cleveland, OH
Secretary Shalala 10/27

Princeton, NJ 10/25
Secretary Richardson

Portland, ME
Director Lachance 10/27

New York City, NY
Secretary Herman 10/23-24
Secretary Shalala 10/23

Pepe Fields, NJ 10/26
Administrator Browner

White Sulfur Springs, WV
Secretary Richardson 10/23

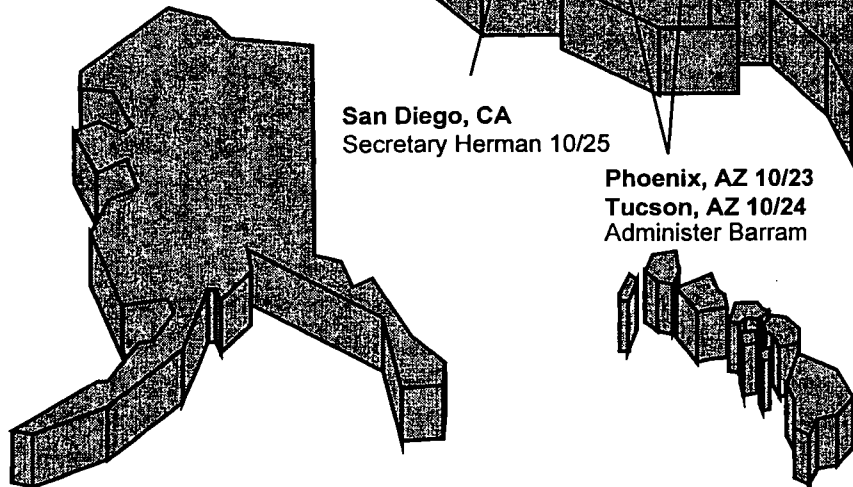
Miamisburg, OH
Secretary Richardson 10/23

FL 10/24
Administrator Browner

Tampa, FL
Secretary Cohen 10/27

Orlando, FL
Attorney General Reno 10/23
Director McCaffrey 10/23

Boca Raton, FL
Secretary Cohen 10/26
Secretary Glickman 10/27



THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

October 6, 2000

MEMORANDUM FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON

FROM: ANN O'LEARY A.O.L.
HEATHER HOWARD *HH*
ERIC MORSE *Em*

CC: MELANNE VERVEER
SHIRLEY SAGAWA
LISSA MUSCATINE

SUBJECT: ISSUES UPDATE

The purpose of this memo is to provide you with brief updates on a number of national issues in which you have been involved or expressed interest.

LEGISLATIVE AND ISSUES UPDATE

Women's Health

• **Breast and Cervical Cancer Treatment Act:** As you know, H.R. 4386 passed the House overwhelmingly on May 9, 2000 (421-1). This legislation is similar to a proposal included in the Administration's budget except for a few provisions: 1) the House version contained an enhanced Medicaid match of 75/25 (the Administration's budget did not include any enhanced match), a one year delayed enactment date, and troublesome language inserted by Rep. Tom Coburn regarding the human papillomavirus (HPV). The HPV provision, which is opposed by family planning and public health groups, would require that condom labels contain a warning statement that condoms do not protect against HPV and that HPV can cause cervical cancer.

On October 4, 2000, the Senate took up the House bill (H.R. 4386), struck the language, and inserted the Senate provisions. H.R. 4386, with the Senate provisions, then passed the Senate by unanimous consent and was sent back to the House. The Senate provisions differ from the House bill in several ways: 1) it contains the CHIP enhanced match. Thus, instead of 72/25, the match ranges from 65-82%/35-18% (this match is more favorable to poorer states, but slightly less favorable to those states with lower Medicaid match rates); 2) the Senate bill has an immediate enactment date; and 3) the Senate bill does not have the troublesome HPV language. The National Breast Cancer Coalition (NBCC) generally likes the Senate bill better, because of the immediate enactment date and the lack of the HPV language. Although they originally pushed for the 75/25 match, they are comfortable with the CHIP match because their number one priority has been to secure an enhanced match, which would encourage states to adopt the

program, and the CHIP match is still a very favorable match. NBCC wants to get this bill enacted as soon as possible so that it does not get caught up in the legislative end game. Thus, NBCC wants to avoid having to conference the House and Senate bills, and is pushing hard to have the House take up the Senate-passed bill as soon as possible and send it to the President for his signature. Yesterday, the President spoke to Speaker Hastert, who said the House would take it up immediately, but no plans have yet been made for floor consideration.

- **Violence Against Women Act (VAWA):** On September 26, 2000, a day after the President highlighted the importance of reauthorizing VAWA at an event in New Mexico, the House overwhelmingly passed VAWA (415-3). Because it was clear that Lott would not allow VAWA to go to the floor in the Senate for a freestanding vote, and might even try to attach it to an objectionable bill, supporters pursued the strategy of adding it to the Sexual Trafficking bill, which has been in conference committee. Yesterday the conferees agreed to add VAWA to Trafficking, and the conference report was filed in the House. It is expected to be taken up in the House today and in the Senate either today or early next week.

HIV/AIDS

- **Ryan White Reauthorization:** Yesterday, the House and Senate reauthorized the Ryan White CARE Act for the next five years, providing more than \$1.5 billion for Americans living with HIV and AIDS. The CARE Act has served as the primary source of medical care and support services to people living with HIV and AIDS in the U.S. since 1991. The reauthorization will expand access to essential services, by creating a stronger link with prevention activities, and works to reduce disparities in care provided to historically underserved groups, including women, children, and racial and ethnic minorities. In addition, the legislation will improve the quality of services through new performance measurement activities. The bill also includes a new supplemental grant program to target funds to additional cities with emerging HIV/AIDS epidemics, and allows States greater flexibility in the use of pharmaceutical funds to increase the number of people receiving access to appropriate and effective, life-saving drug regimens.

Children and Youth

- **Intercountry Adoption Act of 2000:** Last week, the House and Senate both passed the Intercountry Adoption Act by unanimous consent and the President plans to sign the bill today in a small signing ceremony in the Oval Office. The Intercountry Adoption Act of 2000 ratifies the Hague Convention on Intercountry Adoption and provides for the implementation of the treaty by agreeing to provide a central authority, the State Department's Office of Children's Issues, to supervise intercountry adoptions for the United States. This important bipartisan bill will enhance protection for internationally adopted children, as well as their birth parents and adopted parents. Last year alone, more than 16,000 children were adopted internationally by U.S. citizens. This number has been increasing in recent years and the trend is expected to continue upward. The Intercountry Adoption Act will provide the needed protection for children and parents in international adoptions.

Background: On May 29, 1993 the United States and 65 other countries came together to negotiate and sign the Hague Convention on Protection of Children and Co-operation in Respect of Intercountry Adoption. This convention was in response to abuses in the intercountry adoption process, including illegal child trafficking.

- **Reauthorization of the Corporation for National Service:** The Corporation for National Service reauthorization bill, S. 2794, was marked-up and passed out of the Senate HELP Committee on Friday, July 21, 2000. Currently, there is an effort to try to get the bill passed in the Senate by unanimous consent and sent to the House to be considered under suspension of rules. The governors are actively supporting and pushing for the reauthorization of the national service bill. Governor Racicot of Montana, who serves on the Board of the Corporation for National Service, spearheaded an effort to have all governors sign a letter to the Congressional Leadership calling for the reauthorization of the Corporation for National Service. Last week, he released the letter with signatures from 49 governors, including Governor George W. Bush of Texas (Governor Owens of Colorado was the only governor not to sign). In addition to this letter, the Corporation for National Service has commissioned an independent study showing that AmeriCorps reading tutors have been effective in helping children improve their reading skills. The President plans to highlight the governors' letter and the reading study as part of a large AmeriCorps rally in Philadelphia next week where he will urge Congress to get the reauthorization done. In addition, today the President spoke with Speaker Hastert and asked for his help. He also plans to call Senator Lott to do the same.

CABINET REPORT

Below are selected Cabinet Reports:

Department of Treasury

- **HIPC:** On September 24 and 25, at the Annual Meetings of the IMF and the World Bank in Prague, the G-7 and the international financial community took stock of the enhanced Heavily Indebted Poor Countries (HIPC) debt relief initiative. Ten countries have received debt relief thus far under the Initiative, and as many as ten more countries are expected to begin receiving debt relief by the end of the year. It was noted that for debt relief to be effective, the implementation of successful economic and social reform is imperative. Most countries reiterated the importance, mainly aimed at the U.S., of fully financing the HIPC initiative. Without a significant U.S. contribution, it is likely that the HIPC initiative will come to a halt late this year or early next year.

Department of Justice

- **Illegal Alien Smuggling:** On September 20, a Manhattan immigration lawyer and five other defendants were charged with participating in a racketeering enterprise that aided alien smugglers in bringing illegal Chinese aliens into the U.S., typically by filing fraudulent applications for political asylum. The government is seeking forfeiture of \$13.5M, the alleged illicit proceeds of the law firm's criminal activities. The Chinese aliens, who could not otherwise lawfully enter the country, paid the smugglers approximately \$50,000 in return for passage.

- **Organized Crime Figures Charged:** On September 6, an indictment was unsealed charging six defendants, including the three members of the Luchese Organized Crime Family's "Construction Panel," in connection with criminal activities of the Luchese Family in the NYC construction industry. The charges in the six-count indictment include conspiracy to commit extortion, wire fraud, and loan sharking. The Construction Panel's purpose was to oversee family interests in the NYC construction industry since at least the mid-1990s. The indictment also alleges that two others assisted the Construction Panel in the supervision of the illicit labor peace arrangements and extortionate demands in the construction industry.

Department of Interior

- **West Nile Virus (WNV):** USGS has expressed concern that the WNV outbreak area may spread along Atlantic and Gulf coast states as millions of migratory birds move south this fall and winter. Not only have more wild bird species tested positive for the virus this year, but the outbreak is much more geographically widespread than last year. WNV has been isolated from 48 species of birds, including 42 free-ranging species. In addition to birds, three bat species have tested positive for the virus in the New York City area. Should the virus move southward to states where mosquitoes are active all year, it could dramatically change the impact of the virus. The current outbreak area is about 500 miles wide, extending from NY's Canadian border to southern NJ. MD officials recently reported their first cases of the year from birds found in Howard and Baltimore counties.

Department of Agriculture

- **Distance Learning and Telemedicine Funds:** USDA is prepared to announce over \$18M in loans and grants for 84 Distance Learning and Telemedicine projects in 34 states. Under the program, high quality education and health care are made available to rural residents through improved communications technology. Since its inception in 1993, the program has provided over \$83M for more than 300 projects in rural areas of 44 states and two U.S. territories, benefiting over 1,000 rural schools and libraries, and over 800 hospitals and health-care facilities. This amount has also leveraged tens of millions of dollars in state, local, and private dollars. The new loans and grants to be announced will bring new educational opportunities to over 65,000 K-12 students, while the telemedicine funding will be used for new communications technologies helping patients in 37 rural health clinics to be examined, diagnosed, and treated by doctors working in distant medical centers.

Department of Health and Human Services

- **Racial and Ethnic Health Disparities:** On October 6, the Inaugural Meeting of the Steering Committee to Eliminate Racial and Ethnic Disparities in Health will be held at the White House. The purpose of the meeting is to issue a "Call to the Nation to Eliminate Racial and Ethnic Disparities in Health," and to establish a national, broad-based coalition to develop and implement a national strategy to eliminate these disparities.

- **Graduate Medical Education:** This week, HHS's Health Resources and Services Administration expects to announce \$40M in grants to children's teaching hospitals.
- **State Planning Grants:** On September 22, HHS announced that eleven states have received one-year Federal grants totaling \$13.6M to develop plans for providing their uninsured citizens access to affordable health insurance. Under the new State Planning Grants program, administered by HHS's Health Resources and Services Administration, grantees from state agencies first will conduct studies to better identify the characteristics of uninsured citizens. The grantees -- AR, DE, IL, IA, KS, MA, MN, NH, OR, VT, and WI -- will then use that data to determine the most effective methods to provide high-quality, affordable health insurance similar to plans that cover government employees or other benchmark plans.
- **HIV Prevention Report:** On September 27, HHS's Institute of Medicine (IOM) released a report that provides an assessment of current, multi-sectorial HIV prevention activities in the U.S., the role of the media, and the involvement of the medical community and other social organizations, such as schools and faith communities. The IOM will develop a national vision for HIV prevention in the next five years consistent with advances in biomedical and behavioral sciences.
- **Child Care Research Grants:** During the week of September 25, Secretary Shalala announced \$10M in FY2000 discretionary grants and contracts for childcare research to develop critically needed information on childcare and its effects on child development and family well being. This new research will help develop innovative strategies to meet the needs of low-income families struggling to afford quality care for their children.
- **Early Head Start Grants:** On September 19, Secretary Shalala announced \$42M in Early Head Start grants to provide comprehensive child development and family support services to low-income families with pregnant women and children under three. Grants were made to 110 recipients, adding 5,000 new children to the Early Head Start program. With the awarding of these grants, 44,000 children will be served by Early Head Start. The programs will provide services that create an environment that builds upon and responds to the unique strengths and needs of each child and family, including: high quality early education, home visits, parent education, comprehensive health services, nutrition, and ongoing support to parents through case management and peer support groups.
- **Antibacterial Drug Products:** During the week of September 18, FDA published a proposal to require additional labeling information about emerging drug-resistant bacteria. The proposal reflects a growing concern that over-prescription and other inappropriate use of antibacterial drug products has contributed to a dramatic increase in drug-resistant bacterial infections. The proposal encourages doctors to prescribe these products more judiciously and only when clinically necessary. It also encourages physicians to counsel patients about proper use and the importance of taking these products exactly as directed.

Department of Energy

- **Gasoline Prices Down, Stocks Up:** Gasoline spot and futures prices dropped sharply on September 25 largely due to a rapid decline in crude oil prices before and after the DOE's announcement of a 30-million-barrel crude oil release from the Strategic Petroleum Reserve. The swap will add crude oil to U.S. markets in October and November, for repayment at a later date, and is expected to help relieve concerns over heating oil supplies this winter. The U.S. average retail price for regular gasoline fell for the first time since mid-August, dropping 1.4 cents to 154.8 cents per gallon as of September 25. The average stands 28.6 cents per gallon higher than a year ago. Price changes were mixed across regions and formulations, with significant decreases in the Midwest. Total motor gasoline stocks rose 3.0 million barrels on September 22 to 190.6 million barrels. Stocks of reformulated gasoline increased 2.4 million barrels to 39.7 million barrels as stocks of other finished gasoline were up 1.1 million barrels to 108.5 million barrels.

Department of Housing and Urban Development

- **Healthy Hospitals Plan:** Secretary Cuomo unveiled two initiatives at a conference of hospital executives in NY that will provide hospitals more than \$1B in savings and new working capital over the next five years. The HUD Healthy Hospitals Plan will permit hospitals throughout the country to realize significant savings of more than \$850M over the next five years through HUD-insured mortgage refinancings. It will allow hospitals already insured by HUD to reduce excess mortgage reserves, estimated at about \$165M.
- **Section 8:** Secretary Cuomo has unveiled a new program that makes the dream of homeownership achievable for more than one million working families now receiving HUD Section 8 rental assistance vouchers. Under the program, Section 8 rental assistance vouchers can be used to purchase homes. The new homeowner program reflects years of work by the Administration, and the program received favorable marks when it was tested last fall in more than a dozen locations. Once the program goes into effect in October, vouchers may be used to purchase a new home, an existing single-family home, a home under construction, or shares in a cooperative. The nation's 2,700 public housing agencies oversee the program.

Department of Education

- **Student Loan Default Rates:** This week, the President announced that the national student loan default rate is 6.9 percent—the lowest rate ever and one-third the 22.4 percent rate when he took office. Lower default rates and better loan collections have saved taxpayers more than \$14 billion since the start of this Administration. In addition, other student loan reforms have saved taxpayers \$4 billion and students \$9 billion, for a total of \$27 billion in savings since 1993.
- **Charter Schools Report:** DOE will soon release the report, *Charter Schools and Student Achievement*, which provides case studies of 32 charter schools with particular emphasis on student achievement.

- **School-to-Work Conference:** On October 10-13, DOEd will host a school-to-work conference in Washington, DC, to recognize accomplishments, motivate participants to persist with successful practices, and continue to innovate, foster networking, and shape the future school-to work agenda.
- **Math and Science Report:** On September 27, the National Commission on Mathematics and Science Teaching for the 21st Century (Glenn Commission) submitted its final report to Secretary Riley at a press conference in Washington, DC. The yearlong Commission was charged with developing a strategy to raise the quality of mathematics and science teaching.
- **Gun-Free Schools Report:** DOEd will soon release the report, *Gun-Free Schools Act Data - 1998-1999 School Year*, which gathers data for the 1998-1999 school year concerning reported school district compliance with the Gun-Free Schools Act.

LEGISLATIVE CALENDAR

House of Representatives

- **Labor-HHS Appropriations:** On Tuesday, September 19th, the House passed (250-170) a Coburn (R-OK) motion to instruct the conferees on H.R. 4577, the FY 2001 Labor-HHS-Education Appropriations Act, to adopt Senate language prohibiting the distribution of emergency contraception on the premises or in the facilities of any elementary or secondary school.

On Wednesday, the House passed by voice an Obey (D-MI) motion to instruct, requiring that the conferees insist on the highest funding level possible for the Department of Education, and by 222-201 a second Obey motion requiring the conferees to restore the President's \$3 billion request for funding to reduce class size and provide for school construction.

- **Marriage Penalty:** In its second veto override attempt in two weeks, the House sustained the President's veto of H.R. 4810, the Marriage Penalty Tax Relief Act (270-158). Five Democrats (Abercrombie (HI), Blagojevich (IL), Clyburn (SC) Kaptur (OH) and Thompson (MS)) switched their votes to sustain the President's veto.
- **Hate Crimes:** On Wednesday, September 13th, the House passed (232-192) a Conyers (D-MI) motion to instruct conferees on H.R. 4205, the FY 2001 National Defense Authorization Act. The non-binding resolution urges conferees to accept the Senate-passed language on hate crimes (41 Republicans joined 191 Democrats to support the motion). A Graham (R-SC) motion implying that the Hate Crimes Protection Act is unconstitutional was defeated, 196-227.
- **Sexual Trafficking:** The House is scheduled to consider the Conference Report to H.R. 3244, the Sexual Trafficking Victims Protection Act today (which includes VAWA, Amy's Law, provisions to aid victims of terrorism, recover judgements against countries that sponsor terrorism, and a ban on the internet sale of alcohol).

United States Senate

- **China PNTR:** On Tuesday, September 26th, the Senate passed (83-15) H.R. 4444, the China PNTR Act. Senators Bunning (R-KY), Byrd (D-WV), Campbell (R-CO), Feingold (D-WI), Helms (R-NC), Hollings (D-SC), Hutchinson (R-AK), Inhofe (R-OK), Jeffords (R-VT), Mikulski (D-MD), Reid (D-NV), Sarbanes (D-MD), Smith (R-NH), Specter (R-PA), and Wellstone (D-MN) voted against the bill. A signing ceremony will take place on Thursday, Oct 28th.
- **H-1B Visas:** On Tuesday October 3 the Senate resumed consideration of S. 2045, H-1B Visa legislation, and passed the bill, 96-1. Senator Hollings (D-SC) voted against the bill. Senators Feinstein (D-CA), Kennedy (D-MA), and Lieberman (D-CT) did not vote.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

August 23, 2000

MEMORANDUM FOR HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON

FROM: ANN O'LEARY *A.O.A.*
HEATHER HOWARD *HH*
ERIC MORSE *EM*

CC: MELANNE VERVEER
SHIRLEY SAGAWA
LISSA MUSCATINE

SUBJECT: ISSUES UPDATE

The purpose of this memo is to provide you with brief updates on a number of national issues in which you have been involved or expressed interest.

LEGISLATIVE AND ISSUES UPDATE

- **Workforce Investment Act:** On August 11th, the President called on Congress to fully fund the Workforce Investment Act (WIA). This initiative was first proposed in 1992 and the President signed the legislation in 1998 as a way to streamline and bring greater accountability to our nation's job training system. As a result of WIA's reforms, states now have established 1,200 One-Stop Career Centers to provide job seekers and employers in each community with a single customer-focused point of entry to a wide range of employment services. WIA provides broad access to employment opportunities, often for people with disabilities or others who have been excluded. Current proposed Congressional funding for workforce development programs falls short of the amount needed both by American businesses to meet the growing demand for skilled workers and by working families to gain access to lifelong learning.
- **CDC Birth Report:** CDC recently released a report showing that the teen birth rate is down 20 percent from the most recent high in 1991. The report also found a drop in the number of births to unmarried teens and record high levels of women getting early prenatal care. During the 1990's, teen birth rates declined for white, black, American Indian, Asian or Pacific Islander and Hispanic women aged 15-19, with the largest decline a 30-percent drop for black teens. Hispanic teens reported the smallest decline of 13-percent. Between 1998 and 1999, the sharpest decline (six percent) was for American Indian teenagers followed closely by a five-percent drop for black teens. The drop in teen births was more pronounced for young teens 15-17, who registered a decline of six percent between 1998 and 1999. In addition, the number of births for the youngest teenage group, ages 10-14, dropped by four percent to just over 9,000 births, the lowest level in 30 years. Birth rates for women in their thirties and forties continued their increase. The report also shows that prenatal care continues to improve, with a slight increase in

the percent of women who received early prenatal care, up from 82.8 percent in 1998 to 83.2 percent in 1999. This measure of prenatal care has shown steady progress during the 1990's, rising 10 percent since 1989.

• **Child Care Report:** Today, Public Agenda released a new report entitled, "Necessary Compromises: How Parents, Employers and Children's Advocates View Child Care Today." Unfortunately, the report frames the child care debate along the tired lines of stay-at-home moms v. working mothers rather than focusing on providing parents with a range of good choices from staying at home to accessing quality, affordable child care while they are at work. The report, focused on parents of very young children, is centered on one of their major findings – that twice as many mothers would prefer to have policy makers make it easier for them to stay at home with their children rather than make professional child care more affordable.

The major findings include:

- (1) Parent's Responsibility – 60 percent of parents say its the responsibility of parents to make sure they have child care not the government's or their employer's responsibility.
- (2) Parents at home – 70 percent of parents say that the "best" arrangement for the care of their young children is to have one parent at home full-time.
- (3) Professional Child Care – Parents are most worried about the quality of child care rather than the affordability. Parents were most concerned that children could suffer abuse in child care centers.
- (4) Positive aspects of child care outside the home – Parents did recognize the value of high-quality child care. In fact, 60 percent thought that child care centers did a good job of teaching children the basics, such as their ABCs and their colors. Parents and child care advocates agreed that low-income children need child care to help them get ready for school.
- (5) Recognition that staying at home is not an option for many parents – 68 percent of parents saw staying at home as an unrealistic option.
- (6) Policy recommendations: (a) given an either/or scenario, parents would rather have a tax break for one parent who stays at home rather than a tax break for two-working parents using child care (b) improving the quality of child care should be a top priority so that child care is a safe and realistic option (c) parents support helping those who most need it - Head Start funding has strong support, as does after-school funding.
- (7) Employer support for childcare – Parents were split on whether employers have an obligation to help parents balance work and family, but did have concrete suggestions on how employers could help: employers could provide on-site child care (73 percent support) and employers could give employees up to 6 months paid parental leave (61 percent support); most employers (61 percent) thought that they were already doing the best they could.

We have offered the following guidance for response to the report: Parents are the most important people in a child's life and should have the tools to make the best decisions for the care of their children. Government can support parents by ensuring that all parents have real options. That is why the Clinton-Gore Administration has fought for expanding the Child and Dependent Care Tax Credit to reach more working families and to offer stay-at-home parents a tax break to

care for their young children. It is also why the Clinton-Gore Administration has more than doubled funding for flexible child care subsidies that allow working parents to choose the best option for their child - whether it is family care or center-based care. This Administration has also nearly doubled investment in Head Start to ensure that more and more of our most disadvantaged children have the opportunity to receive quality child care and started Early Head Start to reach our youngest children.

- **HHS Report on Child Welfare Outcomes:** Earlier this month, Secretary Shalala released a new report showing that fewer children are in the child welfare system today than at the start of the Clinton Administration. The report – compiling national and state data on children who are abused and neglected, in foster care, adopted, or waiting to be adopted – showed positive signs with fewer incidence of child abuse and neglect and an increase in the number of adoptions. The data collected for the report and required by the Adoption and Safe Families Act that the President signed in 1997, will be used to hold states accountable for services to at-risk children. Specifically, data will be used for a new monitoring process that will subject states to tough new penalties if they fail to protect children adequately. Measures used for monitoring include: recurrence of child abuse and neglect, incidence of child abuse and neglect in foster care, time to reunification, re-entries into foster care, time in foster care to adoption, and stability of foster care placements. The *New York Times*, reported that this data demonstrated a stark contrast to the prediction of child advocates at the time of the welfare reform debate who believed that the pressures of moving welfare to work would drive up child abuse and increase the number of children entering foster care (see attached article). The Urban Institute is expected to release a report later this year regarding the impact of welfare changes on children and families, but initial indicators suggest that children have not been negatively impacted.

- **Paid Leave:** At the end of July, prior to end of the final legislative cycle in Massachusetts, their State Legislature passed a supplemental budget that included a pilot program for allowing unemployment insurance to be used to provide paid leave after the birth or adoption of a child. Massachusetts is the first state to pass such a proposal. This pilot program, approved as a two-year pilot, would allow parents caring for an infant or newly adopted child to collect up to 12 weeks of unemployment benefits. The estimate cost of the Massachusetts proposal is between \$30 million and \$40 million annually and it is estimated to provide qualifying working parents with benefits checks of \$431 a week for 12 weeks. Unfortunately, Governor Celluci vetoed this important legislation today through his power to issue line-item vetoes. In vetoing the legislation, Celluci indicated his willingness to support paid leave as long as it was not through the unemployment insurance system. He sent the bill back to the legislature with an amendment that would provide a 50 percent tax credit to employers who willingly provide their employees with paid leave after the birth or adoption of a child; thus, shifting the funding source from the UI system directly to the employer. This tax credit is estimated to cost \$30 million.

- **World Health Organization Conference on Tobacco:** On August 9th in Chicago, the American Cancer Society, American Medical Association, Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, and the World Health Organization (WHO) hosted the 11th World Conference on Tobacco and Health. Secretary Shalala addressed the conference. Conference attendees received a

presidential message congratulating them on their commitment to tobacco control and highlighting the Administration's accomplishments and FY 2001 initiatives. DPC also prepared for a meeting of the WHO in Geneva this October, where negotiations will begin on the framework convention on tobacco control, the first international health treaty sought by the WHO. Additionally, at the conference, the Surgeon General Dr. David Satcher outlined several key actions to reduce tobacco use including: Implementing effective school-based programs, combined with community and media-based activities, which can prevent or postpone smoking onset in 20-40 percent of U.S. adolescents. Changing physician behavior, medical system procedures, and insurance coverage to encourage widespread use of state-of-the-art treatment of nicotine addiction. Passing and enforcing strong clean indoor air regulations. Improving tobacco warning labels in the U.S. Increasing tobacco prices and excise taxes. Changing many facets of the social environment to reduce the broad cultural acceptability of tobacco use. The Administration is committed to securing a strong, effective, ratifiable agreement that helps national governments take coordinated steps to reduce the harmful effects of tobacco use.

- **Welfare Reform:** Yesterday, the President announced that welfare rolls are just half of what they were four years ago and, of those remaining on welfare, nearly five times as many are working than when he took office. The Administration also transmitted a report to Congress showing that for the third year in a row, all states subject to the welfare reform law's overall work requirements, met them (see attached executive summary and state-by-state tables). The percentage of Americans on welfare has fallen from 5.5 percent in 1993 to 2.3 percent in 1999 and is now at its lowest level since 1965. The welfare rolls have fallen from 14.1 million in January 1993 to 6.3 million in December 1999 – a drop of 56 percent, or 7.8 million. Nearly three-quarters of this overall decline has occurred since the welfare reform law was enacted, with 1999 caseloads roughly half of what they were in 1996.

- **National Women's Law Center Report Card on Women's Health.** Yesterday, the Law Center released "Making the Grade on Women's Health," a national and state report card on women's health. (A copy is attached.) The report card establishes a comprehensive series of benchmarks for assessing women's health -- 32 health status indicators and 32 health policy indicators. The report card ranks the states based on the health status of women (no state received a grade of "Satisfactory" and eight states and D.C. received failing grades), and the nation overall was given an "Unsatisfactory." For example, the nation received an Unsatisfactory for the percentage of women receiving first trimester prenatal care (81.9%) the percentage of women receiving key screenings (pap smears: 84.9%; colorectal cancer: 37.7%), the infant mortality rate (7.6 per 1,000), and life expectancy (78.81). The nation received Failing grades for the percentage of women without health insurance (14%), the percentage of women in poverty (13.3%), the percentage of women in counties without abortion providers (32%), the percentage of pregnancies that are unintended (49.2%), the maternal mortality ratio (7.7 per 100,000) and the percentage of women who are overweight (31.4%), smoke (20.8%), have high blood pressure (23.6%), have diabetes (5.3%), or osteoporosis (20%). Of the states, Texas was ranked last in the number of women without health insurance (28%), compared to top-ranked Hawaii (7.5%). Life expectancy is 81.3 years for a woman living in top-ranked Hawaii, and only 76.9 for bottom-ranked Louisiana. In addition, the report found that fewer than half the states require private insurers to cover Pap smears and cervical cancer screening, and only four states require mental health parity.

The report emphasizes the need to expand access to health insurance, place a stronger emphasis on prevention, and invest in more research. Although the report unfortunately does not credit the Administration for its significant accomplishments on women's health, many of the indicators on which the report grades the states are the areas in which the Administration has achieved successes: expanding health coverage (through Kennedy-Kassebaum and CHIP), enacting mental health parity, enacting legislation to ban drive-through deliveries, and providing contraceptive coverage (for federal employees). In fact, the report card's national policy agenda reads like the Administration's health care agenda: the need for prescription drug coverage and managed care patient protections, the importance of providing long-term care and increased access to coverage, and the value of expanded family and medical leave.

Also attached is a women's health accomplishments document from the Office on Women's Health at HHS.

- **New Guidelines for Stem Cell Research.** The final version of guidelines governing human stem cell research was released today. As you know, Stem cells are cells that have the potential to form a wide variety of cell types and are candidates for treating or even curing almost any medical condition that requires replacement of missing or defective cells. Included in the list of such conditions are Parkinson's disease, Alzheimer's, diabetes, stroke, arthritis, multiple sclerosis, spinal cord injury, burns, and heart disease. Stem cell research is controversial because the cells are derived from embryos, which are destroyed in the process. Appropriations language prohibits NIH funding for any research that would harm or destroy embryos. The HHS General Counsel has determined that Federal funds may be used to support research in which stem cells are used, provided that the actual derivation is conducted *without* public funds.

The NIH Guidelines prescribe the conditions under which NIH can ensure that stem cell research is conducted in an ethical and legal manner. NIH will require investigators to document that the cells were obtained from frozen embryos that were created for the purpose of fertility treatment and were in excess of clinical need. Embryos may not be created for research purposes, in accordance with the President's 1994 ban. Informed consent of embryo donors must be obtained, with a clear separation between the fertility treatment and the decision to donate embryos for research. Donors may not be induced to donate for financial rewards or to procure treatment for a potential stem cell recipient. The new guidelines have already drawn a strong reaction from anti-abortion groups, and there will likely be a fight in the House and Senate over the new rules during consideration of the Labor-HHS conference report or during an omnibus appropriations bill.

CABINET UPDATE

Below are selected Cabinet reports:

Department of Justice

- **Campaign Finance Case:** On August 3, the DOJ filed a *certiorari* petition in a case presenting the issue of whether a political party has a First Amendment right to make unlimited

campaign expenditures in coordination with the party's congressional candidates, notwithstanding the limits on such coordinated expenditures imposed by the Federal Election Campaign act of 1971. The case arises out of an FEC enforcement action against the Colorado Republican Campaign Committee, the gravamen of which was that the Committee's payment for an advertisement attacking the voting record of a candidate for the Democratic nomination to the Senate was an "expenditure" within the meaning of FECA. The committee contested the enforcement action, and asserted in a counterclaim that FECA violates the First Amendment.

- **Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA):** On August 11, the Office of the Solicitor General filed a brief defending the constitutionality of private suits against States under the ADA. The ADA expressly abrogates the States' Eleventh Amendment immunity to private suits in Federal courts and the brief urges the Court to affirm the Eleventh Circuit's holding that this abrogation was a proper exercise of Congress's power under Section 5 of the Fourteenth Amendment. The brief highlights that Congress exhaustively studied the history of discrimination against persons with disabilities and found enduring discrimination by state and local governments in employment, education, voting, public transportation, law enforcement, institutionalization, and many other public services.

Department of Treasury

- **Heavily Indebted Poor Countries (HIPC):** As the President departs for Africa, more countries are moving forward in the HIPC process. During the week of August 21, the Executive Boards of the World Bank and IMF will have preliminary discussions on Malawi's eligibility for HIPC debt reduction. In addition, the Boards are scheduled to make a decision on the start of enhanced HIPC debt reduction for Mali in early September. Mali would represent the eighth African country, and the tenth overall, to qualify for enhanced HIPC debt reduction this year. As many as six to eight additional African countries could qualify before the end of the year, including Rwanda, Guinea, and Cameroon.

Department of Health and Human Services

- **Covering Kids:** On August 8th, Secretary Shalala spoke at the Robert Wood Johnson Foundation's Covering Kids public education campaign event kicking-off the back-to-school health-care coverage enrollment effort. Secretary Shalala also appeared on *Fox Morning News* and MSNBC to highlight the education campaign.
- **West Nile Virus (WNV):** From July 1 to August 7, avian morbidity and mortality surveillance has identified 188 WNV-infected birds from 34 counties in four northeastern states. WNV also has been detected in 38 mosquito pools collected in NY and one mosquito pool from Fairfield County, CT. A cooperative effort between USGS, CDC, and Federal, State and local government agencies in the 19 surveillance jurisdictions has resulted in the production of interactive, web-based maps to track the spread of WNV. These maps, with data from the WNV surveillance system, are updated weekly on the USGS website.
- **Health Disparities Grants:** In late August, HHS will issue a press release to announce the funding of ten new health disparities research projects. Project titles include: Access and

Quality of Care for Vulnerable Black Population; Understanding and Reducing Native Elderly Health Disparities; and Improving the Delivery of Effective Care to Minorities.

- **Findings on Drug Abuse:** During the week of August 28, HHS's Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration released the findings from the 1999 National Household Survey on Drug Abuse. This annual report provides national estimates of rates of use, number of users, and other measures of illicit drugs, alcohol, cigarettes and other forms of tobacco by the population twelve years and older. The report includes national estimates on the trends in the new use of substances and the extent of drug dependence and drug treatment in the country. For the first time the report also contains estimates of illicit drug, alcohol and cigarette use by age group and by state. SAMHSA also plans to release findings from the 1999 Drug Abuse Warning Network (DAWN) survey of hospital emergency departments. The survey provides data on emergency department visits that are induced by or related to the use of an illegal drug or the non-medical use of a legal drug.

- **Elderly Health Report:** On August 10, the Interagency Forum on Aging-Related Statistics (Forum) released its first report on the status of the Nation's older population, entitled *Older Americans 2000: Key indicators of Well-Being*. The report presents 31 indicators on important aspects of the lives of older Americans and their families, grouped in five broad areas (population, economics, health status, health risks and behavior, and health care). *Older Americans 2000* is the first in a continuing series planned by the Forum. It is modeled after the highly acclaimed *America's Children: Key National Indicators of Well-Being reports*. The report indicates that older Americans are living longer and enjoying greater prosperity than any previous generation. Despite these advances, persistent inequalities between the sexes, income classes, and racial and ethnic groups continue to exist. The older population of the United States is expected to double from the current 35 million to 70 million over the next 30 years with the population age 85 and older growing faster than any other age group. There are large disparities in net worth for older Americans. For instance, households headed by older black persons had median net worth of about \$13,000 in 1999, compared with \$181,000 among households headed by older white persons. The leading causes of death for older Americans are heart disease, cancer, and stroke (respectively). Mortality rates for heart disease and stroke have declined by about a third since 1980. The mortality rates for cancer have risen slightly over the same period. The majority of persons age 70 or older reported engaging in some form of social activity during a two-week period. In 1996, the average annual expenditure on health care (both out-of-pocket expenditures and expenditures covered by insurance) was \$5,864 among persons ages 65 to 69, compared with \$16,465 among persons age 85 or older.

Department of Housing and Urban Development

- **AR Landlords Racially Discriminating:** HUD has charged the owners and managers of a North Little Rock, AR, apartment complex with housing discrimination for refusing to rent to a biracial couple. The complaint was filed by the couple against the owners and managers of a high-rise complex. The woman, who is white, said that she called the Lakewood House Apartments' rental office in July 1998 and was told that a three-bedroom unit was available. When she and her spouse, who is African-American, went to see the apartment the next day, however, they were told that there were no such units available. With her suspicions raised, the

woman called the rental office a few hours later without identifying herself and was told that a three-bedroom apartment was available.

Department of Energy

- **Gasoline Prices Down, Stocks Lower:** Price changes in gasoline spot and futures prices rose strongly last week, closely following a similar gain in crude oil prices driven by low stocks and continued delays in promised production increases. Apparent OPEC support for current price levels, along with a tropical storm approaching the TX coast were seen as factors. The New York Harbor spot price for conventional regular gasoline rose 8.43 cents on August 14 to 86.18 cents per gallon, while the Los Angeles CARB RFG spot price increased 9.50 cents to 119.50 cents per gallon. (The spot price for West Texas Intermediate crude oil at Cushing, OK went from \$28.93 per barrel to \$31.92 per barrel during the same time period.) The U.S. average retail price for regular gasoline fell for the eighth straight week, dropping 1.5 cent to 144.7 cents per gallon as of August 14. The average has declined by 23.4 cents per gallon since June 19, to its lowest level since May 1, but stands 21.1 cents per gallon higher than a year ago. Prices declined for most regions, but showed slight increases on the West Coast and for RFG in the Midwest.

Department of Education

- **Building Better Schools Week:** From August 21-26, DOEd launched its first-ever Building Better Schools Week, a new initiative to promote safe, healthy, and modern schools for America's children. This initiative supports the Administration's Plan to Modernize America's Schools by helping communities respond to the challenges of modernizing their schools. To highlight the need for school modernization, renovation, and repair, DOEd will work with local schools and educators, parents and community leaders to bring attention to the unique needs facing many school districts as they accommodate growing numbers of students.
- **Baby Boom Echo Report:** On August 21, as part of Building Better Schools Week, Secretary Riley released the fifth annual Baby Boom Echo Report on the impact of the baby boom echo, the 25 percent increase in the nation's birthrate that began in the mid-1970s and reached its peak in 1990 with the birth of 4.1 million children. The report focuses on the pressures that the resulting enrollment increase is placing on the nation's education system and the need for school construction in high growth areas, highlighting the needs of six metropolitan areas: Atlanta, GA; Los Angeles, CA; Chicago, IL; Miami, FL; Washington, DC; and Las Vegas, NV.
- **NAEP Report:** On August 24, Secretary Riley will announce the release of the *National Assessment of Educational Progress 1999: Trends in Academic Progress* report. The report provides a broad examination of 9, 13, and 17-year-olds' performance in reading, mathematics, and science. Data show that for mathematics, since 1973, students in all age groups assessed achieved consistent gains. Reading scores have also improved, but showed less improvement than mathematics scores. Student performance in science has varied by age group. Scores for 9-year olds were higher in 1999 than in 1970, while scores for 13-year-olds remained unchanged. For 17-year-olds, scores were lower in 1999 than in the first assessment, administered in 1969.

The report also provides data related to the nation's ongoing concerns about the educational gap between minorities and whites and males and females. While scores for whites have consistently been higher than for blacks and Hispanics for all three ages in all three subjects, some gaps have narrowed for some age groups in all three subjects since the early 1970s. In reading females continued to outperform males in all three age groups. In mathematics, males had outperformed females at age 17 in previous long-term trend assessments, but in 1999 this gap disappeared, resulting in similar performance for males and females for all three age groups.

- **Making College More Affordable:** The President announced new steps to make college more affordable for students and parents, and to ease college debt for teachers in high-need communities. First, he announced that the Department of Education will lower interest rates on direct student loans for students who repay their loans on time, saving students and parents \$600 million and taxpayers \$5 million over the next five years. Second, he announced a new proposal to ease college debt for teachers in lower-income areas. The President called on Congress to enact his proposals to strengthen education and make college more affordable, including the College Opportunity Tax Cut. Today's announcement builds on the Administration's eight years of efforts to reform the student loan program and create more opportunities for college.

Office of National Drug Control Policy

- **Breaking the Cycle Program:** ONDCP and DOJ created the Breaking the Cycle program to demonstrate the effectiveness of a system-wide approach in addressing the problem of treating drug addicts in the criminal justice system. The programs feature four components: drug testing of all defendants at the time of arrest; placing all drug-using defendants in appropriate treatment programs; judicial oversight and monitoring for compliance with court-imposed treatment conditions; and imposition of graduated sanctions against defendants who violate treatment conditions. There are three Breaking the Cycle sites serving adult offenders (Birmingham, AL; Tacoma, WA; and Jacksonville, FL) and one serving juvenile offenders (Eugene, OR).

Small Business Administration

- **New Markets/Digital Divide:** Associate Deputy Administrator for Entrepreneurial Development Darryl Dennis met with Wesley R. Buford, Founder, Chairman & CEO of Freedom Card, Inc. (FCI). FCI is a minority business enterprise that offers quality financial services targeted to several key markets: urban consumers, multi-ethnic populations, large financial institutions interested in fulfilling their Community Reinvestment Act requirements and commitments, and minority institutions lacking capital. The purpose of the FreedomCard is to improve and enhance the quality of life for the urban consumer and small business owner in need of credit services. FreedomCard offers credit products for the non-traditional market and low- to moderate-income urban consumer and will help to establish new credit for previously non-creditworthy consumers and restore good credit for credit-troubled consumers from one credit line to another.

Department of Transportation

- **Airline Service Concerns:** During the week of August 7, DOT contacted representatives from major airlines and airline labor groups to address the growing problem with airline delays. The effort is part of an active outreach strategy intended to address the factors contributing to delays and educate the general public about the causes of delays, particularly severe weather and substantial increases in passenger air travel driven by a healthy and growing economy. FAA continues to provide media tours of the Air Traffic Control Center in Herndon, VA, to help educate the public about the issue. In addition to collaborating with airlines and airports, FAA is using the following three-pronged approach to address growing delays: renewing and modernizing infrastructure, using new tools to increase capacity, and ongoing implementation of their Spring/Summer plan.

Environmental Protection Agency

- **School Air Quality:** Two weeks ago, EPA sponsored the first National symposium about the need for clean indoor air in our nation's schools, and launched a national drive to increase awareness of this issue. At the event, EPA honored ten schools for their outstanding efforts to create healthier indoor environments for students and staff. These schools have adopted the low-cost techniques and suggestions of EPA's *Tools for Schools* kit that is designed to help educators and administrators improve air quality in schools. EPA's goal is to encourage school officials nationwide to protect the health of students and staff and to create more productive learning environments. According to a 1995 GAO report, over 50 percent of our nation's schools have poor ventilation and significant sources of pollution in their buildings. This situation especially affects children with asthma, which is responsible for ten million missed school days per year and is the leading cause of long-term illness in children. About one in 13 school-age children has asthma, a figure that is increasing.

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002. form	Travel form (partial) (1 page)	n.d.	P6/b(6)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Domestic Policy Council
Eric Morse (Subject Files)
OA/Box Number: 21191

FOLDER TITLE:

Chron [3]

2011-0619-S

rc268

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
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Name	Ann O'Leary
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Trip	Belfast, Northern Ireland
Home Address	P6/(b)(6)

[002]

Note: This form must be signed below.

TRAVEL ITINERARY				
Trip Site	Date	Time	Flights	
Residence: White House	Depart	12/14	12:00pm	
Home Airport: Dulles	Depart	12/14	10:00pm	
Site 1 Belfast, Northern Ireland	Arrive	12/15	5:00pm	
	Depart	12/14	5:00am	
Site 2	Arrive			
	Depart			
Site 3	Arrive			
	Depart			
Site 4	Arrive			
	Depart			
Site 5	Arrive			
	Depart			
Home Airport: Dulles	Arrive	12/14	4:30	
Residence: 3434 Oakmont Lane NW	Arrive	12/14	5:30pm	

Miscellaneous Expenses - Itemize each request. Receipts MUST be included
Phone expenses \$18.75 - GBP
Text from Dulles \$52.00 (See attached receipts)

I certify the above to be correct and accurate: [Signature]	Sign here: Ann M. O'Leary
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Hilton Belfast

T E L E P H O N E C A L L S L I S T

Date :14/12/00
Time :09:09:30

Room No. :0416
Name :
Total Calls : 14
Total Cost : 37.10

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05/12/00	18:20	00:01:06	0012024567263 (9)	3.90	OLeary
05/12/00	18:22	00:00:36	0012024565696 (5)	2.50	OLeary
05/12/00	18:23	00:00:36	0012027575000 (5)	2.50	OLeary
05/12/00	18:24	00:01:24	0012024792951 (12)	4.95	OLeary
05/12/00	22:04	00:00:42	0012024567263 (6)	2.85	OLeary
06/12/00	12:03	00:03:30	0017036850532 (28)	10.55	OLeary
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PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
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- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
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INVOICE
Vat Registration No GB 240 1132 31

Ms. Ann OLeary

United Kingdom

Arrival 04/12/00
Departure 14/12/00

Room Number 0416
No of Person(s) 1
Cashier /MARGARETAM
Page 1
Rate UK£ 120.00
Frequent Flyer

****INFORMATION BILL****

Hilton Belfast, 13/12/00 03:19

Date	Description	Debit	Credit
05/12	Telephone Auto	0.50	
05/12	Telephone Auto	1.00	
05/12	Telephone Auto	3.90	
05/12	Telephone Auto	2.50	
05/12	Telephone Auto	2.50	
05/12	Telephone Auto	4.95	
05/12	Telephone Auto	2.85	
05/12	Telephone Auto	10.55	
06/12	Telephone Auto	1.00	
06/12	Telephone Auto	0.50	
06/12	Telephone Auto	1.00	
07/12	Telephone Auto	2.50	
07/12	Telephone Auto	8.00	
07/12	Video Films #416 : VIDEO MOVIE 954	0.50	
12/12	Telephone Auto	2.85	
13/12	Telephone Auto		

45.10

45.10 GBP

04/12/00 13:11:00
HILTON BELFAST

HILTON BELFAST

INVOICE

(P6) (66)

[003]

THANK YOU

45.10

45.10

Ann M. O'Leary

Hilton Belfast
4 Lanyon Place, Belfast BT1 3LP
Telephone: 028 90 277000 Fax: 028 90 277277

27 £ 218.75 GBP
in
office calls
See attached call
sheet

RECEIPT

Washington Dulles International Airport
Washington Flyer Taxi

Date 12/14/00
Name Ann O'Leary \$ 52.00
From Dulles
To Washington DC
Driver _____ Cab No _____

Dulles Taxi Systems Inc.
(703) 661-6655

ATB 2

Supplied by Astron

BM British Midland

PASSENGER RECEIPT 10F1

13DEC00 35490136 SITI GB

72331BRW /BELFAST BFS

OLEARY/ANNMS

NOT VALID FOR

**TRANSPORTATION*

THIS IS YOUR RECEIPT

1458T1 /BD

/MR 2363061320800A6T13DEC009125760

/EX 2363061320800X

/FC 14DEC00BFS BD LON214.31 MUC214.31END BNE0.709236SITI

FP AGT

GBP152.00

PD10.00GB

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OLEARY/ANNMS

BELFAST BFS

BD 81 C 14DEC COM

LONDON LHR

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236 2108823380 5

a moment to provide optional contact information.
información opcional sobre otra persona con la que podamos ponernos en contacto.

e traveling with you today. No debe estar viajando con usted el día de hoy.)

& number. Incluya las claves del país y la ciudad y el número de teléfono.)
retained for 24 hours. Esta información se retiene solamente 24 horas.

umentation Checklist (To be completed by Continental Agent only)

Customer's Nationality: _____

Yes / /	No / /	Expiration: _____
Yes / /	No / /	If no, ID used: _____
Yes / /	No / /	Expiration: _____
Yes / /	No / /	Verify forms.
Yes / /	No / /	For _____ (Country)

Continental Airlines 

PASSENGER RECEIPT 10F1

14DEC00 SITI GB

345717AK /LONDON

OLEARY/ANNMS

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TRANSPORTATIONTHROUGHOUT YOUR JOURNEY*

VLD CO ONLY

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OLEARY/ANNMS

LONDON/HEATHROW

CO 4421 V 14DEC VDGW

WASHINGTON/DULLES

LSXDDL

/OR 0053061320801LON13DEC0091257600 /EX 00530613208014

/FC 14DEC00LON CO WAS255.00VDGW USD255.00END SITI XT8.10UB3.40YC8.60US2.10XA4.10XY

USD 255.00
GB 20.00
XT 26.30

Please provide optional contact information
on the reverse of this boarding pass.

GBP 222.30

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005 2127320543 4

Continental Airlines



ITINERARY PAGE
*NOT VALID FOR TRAVEL*10F1

Continental Airlines



FROM - TO

AIRLINE

FLT

DATE

TIMES

OLEARY/ANNMS

LONDON/HEATH WASHINGTON/D CONTINENTAL AIRLINES 4421 14DEC DEP 1130A
COACH CLASS AIRPORT CHECK-IN
OPERATED BY: VS VIRGIN ATLANTIC A

WASHINGTON DUL LHR
TO IAD VS 21 /14
VIA /
VIA /

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on the rever

0932 VS 864548

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THANK YOU FOR CHOOSING CONTINENTAL

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00 3428 8482
PASSENGER TICKET AND BAGGAGE CHECK
SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT
NOT TRANSFERABLE

PASSENGER RECEIPT SITI

1695000001 0065605 A47
XXXXXXXXXX
BOARDING PASS

ISSUED BY UNITED AIRLINES
NAME OF PASSENGER AMERICAN EXPRESS
NAME OF PASSENGER OLEARY/ANN
XO *NOT VALID FOR *THIS IS YOUR RECEIPT
XO *TRANSPORTATION*
NONTRANS/VALID UA/LH ONLY
FP VI4486095000001698*1102/ 085679 /FCWAS UA X/LO
N Q5.00 255.00YCA BD BFS201.62COW BD X/LON201.62COW
AA X/NYC Q5.00 180.00YCA AA WAS Q18.60 134.88K26NU
C1001.72END ROE1.00XT6.00XY3.00XA28.40GB14.90UB6.00
XT 58.30XF XFIAD3JFK3
FARE USD 1002.00
TAX/FEE/CHARGE US 24.80
TAX/FEE/CHARGE YC 5.00
TOTAL USD 1090.10
EQUIV. FARE PD.
STOCK CONTROL NO. TX 880 CK
66830014904
CPN
DOCUMENT NUMBER
0 016 7143331022 3

AD9910935
WASHINGTON DC US01DEC00
6 0011/
X/ KC52947
C22-23
FCWAS UA X/LO
X/LOA AA5149 K 14DECK26
XLHR UA924 Y 04DECYCA
08FS 0804 C 05DECCOW
XLHR 0809 C 14DECCOW
XJFK AA107 Y 14DECYCA
CARRIER FLIGHT CLASS DATE
GATE SEAT SMOKE
NOT VALID FOR TRAVEL
0 016 7143331022 3
AA09910935

IT IS UNLAWFUL TO PURCHASE OR RESELL THIS TICKET FROM ANY
PARTY OTHER THAN THE ISSUING CARRIER OR ITS AUTHORIZED AGENT

00 3426 8455
PASSENGER TICKET AND BAGGAGE CHECK
SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT
NOT TRANSFERABLE

1695000001 0065605

SITI

1695000001 0065605 A47
BOARDING PASS

UNITED AIRLINES **ARC** FLIGHT COUPON 5 OF 5 TOUR CODE 7143331023
AMERICAN EXPRESS WASHINGTON DC US01DEC00
OLEARY/ANN XXWUCY/AA K26 6 0011/
X NEW YORK JFK AA 5149 K 14DEC1112P0K
WASHINGTON REAGAN X/ KC52947
NONTRANS/VALID UA/LH ONLY C22-23
FP VI4486095000001698*1102/ 085679 /FCWAS UA X/LO
N Q5.00 255.00YCA BD BFS201.62COW BD X/LON201.62COW
AA X/NYC Q5.00 180.00YCA AA WAS Q18.60 134.88K26NU
C1001.72END ROE1.00XT6.00XY3.00XA28.40GB14.90UB6.00
XT 58.30XF XFIAD3JFK3
FAR USD 1002.00 EQUIV. FARE PD. 10A ALLOW PCS WT UNCKD
TAX/FEE/CHARGE 05 24.80 STOCK CONTROL NO. TX 889 CK CPN DOCUMENT NUMBER CK
TAX/FEE/CHARGE YC 5.00 66830014893 1 016 7143331023 0
TOTAL USD 1090.10 1 016 7143331023 0
AA09910935

NAME OF PASSENGER
OLEARY/ANN
FROM NEW YORK JFK
TO WASHINGTON REAGAN
CARRIER AMERICAN AIRLINES
CARRIER FLIGHT CLASS DATE
AA 5149K 14DEC1112P
GATE SEAT SMOKE

IT IS UNLAWFUL TO PURCHASE OR RESELL THIS TICKET FROM ANY
OTHER THAN THE ISSUING AGENT OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES

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PASSENGER TICKET AND BAGGAGE CHECK
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NOT TRANSFERABLE

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SITI

1695000001 0065605 A47
BOARDING PASS

UNITED AIRLINES		ARC		FLIGHT COUPON		7143331022		TOUR CODE		K09910935		NAME OF PASSENGER	
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X LONDON HEATHR		AA 107		Y 14DEC63		OK		NOT VALID BEFORE		NOT VALID AFTER		X LONDON HEATHR	
X NEW YORK JFK												X NEW YORK JFK	
NONTRANS/VALID UA/LH ONLY												C22-23	
FP VI4486095000001698*1102/						085679 /FCWAS UA X/LO						CARRIER AMERICAN AIRLINES	
N Q5.00 255.00YCA BD BFS201.62COW BD X/LON201.62COW						AA 107 Y 14DEC63						DATE 14DEC63	
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XT 58.30XF XFIAD3JFK3												SEAT	
USD 1002.00												SMOKE	
TAX/FEE/CHARGE													
US 24.80													
YC 5.00													
TOTAL USD 1090.10													
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00 3426 8455
PASSENGER TICKET AND BAGGAGE CHECK
SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT
NOT TRANSFERABLE

1695000001 0065605 A47
BOARDING PASS

1695000001 0065605

SITI

7143331022

ARC

FLIGHT
COUPON

5

TOUR CODE

AD9910935

NAME OF PASSENGER

UNITED AIRLINES

AMERICAN EXPRESS

NAME OF PASSENGER

O'LEARY/ANN

WASHINGTON

PLACE OF ORIGIN

DC US

XXVUCY/AA COW

TICKET DESIGNATOR

6 0011/

TO BELFAST INTL

OBELFAST INTL

BD 89

C 14DEC330P OK

NOT VALID BEFORE

NOT VALID AFTER

XLONDON HEATHROW

X/ KC52947

X LONDON HEATHROW

NONTRANS/VALID UA/LH ONLY

C22-23

FP VI4486095000001698*1102/

085679 /FCWAS UA X/LO

BRITISH MIDLAND

N Q5.00 255.00YCA BD BFS201.62COW BD X/LON201.62COW

BD 89 C 14DEC330P

AA X/NYC Q5.00 180.00YCA AA WAS Q18.60 134.88K26NU

C1001.72END ROE1.00XT6.00XY3.00XA28.40GB14.90UB6.00

XT 58.30XF XFIAD3JFK3

USD 1002.00

EQUIV. FARE PD.

US 24.80

YC 5.00

USD 1090.10

STOCK CONTROL NO. TX 880 CK

66830014871

CPN

3 016 7143331022 5

ALLOW PCS WT UNCKD

DOCUMENT NUMBER

CK

PCS WT UNCKD

BAGGAGE ID NUMBER

3 016 7143331022 5

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004. form	Standard Form 71 (1 page)	12/20/2000	P6/b(6)

COLLECTION:

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Domestic Policy Council
Eric Morse (Subject Files)
OA/Box Number: 21191

FOLDER TITLE:

Chron [3]

2011-0619-S

rc268

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

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[illegible]

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Revised 4/97