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Collection/Record Group: Clinton Presidential Records

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Series/Staff Member: Terry Edmonds

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FolderID:

Folder Title:

Brady Bill

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November 30, 2000

MEMORANDUM FOR TERRY EDMONDS

FROM: MARA SILVER

RE: MORNING SCHEDULE

1. Good morning.
2. ***Schedule Today:*** 8:15 am – **Communications mtg**; 8:30 am – **Senior Staff mtg**; 8:45 am -- **Budget mtg**; 1:00 pm – **SSA PSA** (Union Station)
3. ***POTUS Today:*** 11:50 am – **Briefing: Msg Event** (Oval); 12:30 – 1:15 pm – **Message Event** (Presidential Hall); 3:50 – 4:20 pm – **Phone and Office**; 7:35 pm – **Depart for G&P Ball** (NY)
4. *Phone and Office Time Today:* 3:50 – 4:20 pm
5. *Speech Calendar:* See Attached

Thursday, November 30, 2000

**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 2000
*Draft Schedule***

DOWN UNTIL 10:30 A.M.

10:30	am- (T)	MEETING
10:45	am	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: John Podesta
10:45	am- (T)	NCAA DIVISION I HOCKEY NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIP PHOTO OPPORTUNITY
11:00	am	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Mary Beth Cahill, Charles Brain Event Coordinator: Sarah Rozensky WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY/NORTH DAKOTA POOL
 Note: There will be approximately 24 guests in attendance.		
 -- The President poses for a group photo.		
 -- Upon conclusion of the photo, TBD present a jersey to the President.		
11:00	am- (T)	BRIEFING
11:15	am	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
11:15	am- (T)	HOLD FOR POSSIBLE FOREIGN POLICY PHONE CALL
11:45	am	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Samuel Berger
11:50	am-	BRIEFING
12:00	pm	OVAL OFFICE Staff Contact: Bruce Reed
12:00	pm	THE PRESIDENT proceeds to West Executive Avenue Steps, Dwight D. Eisenhower Executive Office Building

November 29, 2000 (5:04 PM)

Thursday, November 30, 2000

12:05 pm-
12:25 pm

INTERN PHOTOGRAPH
WEST EXECUTIVE AVENUE STEPS
Dwight D. Eisenhower Executive Office Building
Contact: Mark Lindsey, Kendee Yamaguchi
Event Coordinator: Sarah Rozensky
WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY

Note: There will be approximately 200 guests in attendance.

-- Kendee Yamaguchi, Intern Coordinator, makes brief welcoming remarks
and introduces **the President**.

-- **The President** makes brief remarks, poses for a photo and departs.

12:30 pm-
1:15 pm

MESSAGE EVENT TBD
PRESIDENTIAL HALL
Dwight D. Eisenhower Executive Office Building
Remarks: Sam Afridi
Staff Contact: Bruce Reed
Event Coordinator: Julie Eddy
OPEN PRESS

Note: There will be approximately tbd guests in attendance.

1:30 pm-
1:45 pm

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Stephanie Streett

1:45 pm-
2:15 pm

MEETING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Nancy Hernreich

2:20 pm-
2:50 pm

BRIEFING
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Jake Siewert

2:50 pm-
3:50 pm

INTERVIEW WITH TODD PURDUM AND DAVID SANGER OF *THE NEW YORK TIMES*
OVAL OFFICE
Staff Contact: Jake Siewert

3:50 pm-
4:20 pm

PHONE AND OFFICE TIME
OVAL OFFICE

November 29, 2000 (5:04 PM)

Thursday, November 30, 2000

Note: The following event is Black Tie.
--

4:25 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs The White House via Marine One en route Andrews Air Force Base
[flight time: 10 minutes]

4:35 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Andrews Air Force Base

4:50 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Andrews Air Force Base via Air Force One en route John F. Kennedy International Airport, New York, New York
[flight time: 55 minutes]

5:45 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives John F. Kennedy International Airport

Greeters: Sergeant Ito Astarro, Port Authority Police
Orlando Negron, Assistant Airport Duty Supervisor
Edward Abrams, Airport Operations Supervisor

5:55 pm- **PHOTO OPPORTUNITY WITH JOHN F. KENNEDY**
6:00 pm **INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT PERSONNEL**
TARMAC
John F. Kennedy International Airport

Note: There will be approximately 30 guests in attendance.

6:05 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs John F. Kennedy International Airport via Marine One en route Wall Street Landing Zone
[flight time: 15 minutes]

6:20 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives Wall Street Landing Zone

6:30 pm **THE PRESIDENT** departs Wall Street Landing Zone via motorcade en route New York Marriott Marquis Hotel
[drive time: 15 minutes]

6:45 pm **THE PRESIDENT** arrives New York Marriott Marquis Hotel

Greeters: Kay Wright, Executive Director, G&P Charitable Foundation
Mike Stengel, General Manager, New York Marriott Marquis Hotel
Karen Stengel
Mike Dominguez, Director of Loss Prevention, New York Marriott Marquis Hotel

Note: The First Lady will arrive New York Marriott Marquis Hotel at 6:40 P.M.

November 29, 2000 (5:04 PM)

Thursday, November 30, 2000

6:50 pm-
7:30 pm

PHOTO RECEIVING LINE
GRAMERCY ROOM (7th FLOOR)
New York Marriott Marquis Hotel
Staff Contact: Mary Beth Cahill
Event Coordinator: Timothy Emrich
CLOSED PRESS

Note: There will be approximately 40 guests in attendance.

-- **The President** and the First Lady will be greeted by Denise Rich, Her Majesty Queen Noor, and Dr. Daniel Vasella, Chief Executive Officer, Novartis.

-- Following the greet, **the President** and the First Lady will participate in a photo receiving line and then proceed to the Broadway Ballroom.

7:35 pm-
8:20 pm

REMARKS TO G&P FOUNDATION'S ANGEL BALL 2000
BROADWAY BALLROOM (6th FLOOR)
New York Marriott Marquis Hotel
Remarks: Paul Glastris
Staff Contact: Mary Beth Cahill
Event Coordinator: Timothy Emrich
POOL PRESS

Note: Black Tie

Note: There will be approximately 1,800-2,000 guests in attendance.

Note: There is no ropeline for this event.

-- **The President** and the First Lady are announced into the room and proceed to head table.

-- Larry King makes brief remarks and introduces Lilliath White.

-- Lilliath White performs "Touched By An Angel".

-- 'N Sync presents "Angel of Hope" Award to Michael Jackson.

-- Michael Jackson accepts award.

-- Larry King introduces Denise Rich and Philip Aouad.

-- Denise Rich makes brief remarks, invites **the President** and the First Lady to stage, and presents gift to **the President**.

-- **The President** makes remarks.

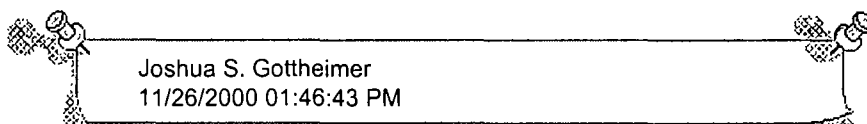
-- **The President** and the First Lady depart.

November 29, 2000 (5:04 PM)

Thursday, November 30, 2000

8:30	pm	THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart New York Marriott Marquis Hotel via motorcade en route Wall Street Landing Zone [drive time: 15 minutes]
8:45	pm	THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady arrive Wall Street Landing Zone
8:55	pm	THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart Wall Street Landing Zone via Marine One en route John F. Kennedy International Airport [flight time: 15 minutes]
9:10	pm	THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady arrive John F. Kennedy International Airport
9:25	pm	THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart John F. Kennedy International Airport via Air Force One en route Andrews Air Force Base [flight time: 1 hour]
10:25	pm	THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady arrive Andrews Air Force Base
10:40	pm	THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady depart Andrews Air Force Base via Marine One en route The White House [flight time: 10 minutes]
10:50	pm	THE PRESIDENT and the First Lady arrive The White House
BC/HRC RON		THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON, D.C.

November 29, 2000 (5:04 PM)



Record Type: Record

To: See the distribution list at the bottom of this message

cc:

Subject: updated sw sked

**WHITE HOUSE OFFICE OF SPEECHWRITING
SPEECH ASSIGNMENTS
November 27 – December 4 , 2000**

Mon 11/27	Cabinet Meeting	Paul
Tues 11/28	WH Conference on Culture	NSC
Tues 11/28	Videos	speechwriters
Wed 11/29	US Olympics Event	Josh
Thur 11/30	UND Hockey	John
Thur 11/30	T: Statement	Sam
Thur 11/30	G&P Foundations Gala	Paul
Fri 12/1	World AIDS Day Event	Terry
Sat 12/2	Live Radio Address	Jeff
Sat 11/2	Podesta Smithsonian Remarks	Josh
Sun 12/3	Kennedy Center Honors	Heather, etc.
Mon 12/4	T: Message Event	TBD
Mon 12/4	Podesta Speech on Declassification	Josh

Message Sent To: _____

Terry Edmonds/WHO/EOP@EOP
Paul D. Glastris/WHO/EOP@EOP
Samir Afridi/WHO/EOP@EOP
Jeffrey A. Shesol/WHO/EOP@EOP
Mara A. Silver/WHO/EOP@EOP
Heather F. Hurlburt/WHO/EOP@EOP
John Pollack/WHO/EOP@EOP
Andrew R. Blotky/WHO/EOP@EOP
Gemma Giantomasi/WHO/EOP@EOP
Marc R. Lewis/WHO/EOP@EOP
Amina Arifi-Osman/WHO/EOP@EOP
Gregory S. Wesley/WHO/EOP@EOP
Sarah R. Rozensky/WHO/EOP@EOP
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Christine M. Glunz/WHO/EOP@EOP
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aedmonds1@home.com @ inet

Draft 11/30/00 8:00 am
Sam Afridi

PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
REMARKS ON BRADY BILL ANNIVERSARY AND STRENGTHENING GUN LAWS
THE WHITE HOUSE
November 30, 2000

Acknowledge: Secretary Summers, Attorney General Reno, members of the Administration, the law enforcement community. I especially want to thank Jim and Sarah Brady for their courage and determination—for standing up to the special interests and leading a grassroots crusade to safeguard our children and our communities. A few years ago, I awarded Jim the Medal of Freedom. Earlier this year, we named the White House Briefing Room in his honor. But no honor that we can bestow on Jim or Sarah Brady can ever match all they have given to us. We thank you.

Today we celebrate more than an anniversary of a bill signing. Seven years ago today marked the beginning of the end of a debate about how we fight crime in this country. Before then, we had heard a lot of tough talk here in Washington, but not much action. Jim and Sarah had been fighting for the Brady Bill for seven years. A vast majority of the American people supported it. But Washington offered little more than rhetoric. Many came to believe the crime rate would never go down.

We had a plan to change that and it started with the Brady Bill. We did more than put a new law on the books, we laid the foundation for a smart, tough anti-crime strategy founded on a proper balance of punishment and prevention, and rooted in the values of community and common sense. Passage of the Brady bill soon led to an historic anti-crime bill—more than 100,000 additional community police officers—tougher penalties—a ban on assault weapons—and support for the most innovative local crime-fighting strategies to keep our kids out of trouble.

By working together through the years, we have transformed life in America. Last year the overall crime rate fell for the eighth consecutive year—the longest continuous drop in crime on record, giving us the lowest crime rate in 26 years. The violent crime rate is at its lowest level in decades and the murder rate is at a 33-year low. Gun violence has declined significantly since 1993—and federal firearms prosecutions have increased 16 percent since 1992.

Today, we have more good news. The latest figures are in and I'm proud to announce that the Brady Bill has now stopped more than 611,000 felons, fugitives and domestic abusers from buying guns. Plenty of people said the Brady Bill wouldn't make a difference. 611,000 rejections later, we know better. It makes a difference. There are more children alive today—more police officers alive today—more citizens alive today—because we made the Brady bill the Brady Law. Notwithstanding the claims from the other side, not a single sportsman has been inconvenienced. Not one hunter has missed a day of deer hunting season.

Now there are no more excuses. We can't throw up our hands and say fighting crime is beyond our control. We know what works and we have work to do. Despite our success, 30,000 Americans—including 10 children every day—are lost to gunfire. None of us believes America is as safe as it should be -- and none of us should be satisfied until America is the safest big nation in the world. So today, we are marking this anniversary in the best way possible—by working to make the Brady Law stronger and our nation safer.

First, we know we can get guns out of the wrong hands by strengthening the hand of law enforcement. Today, I am directing Attorney General Reno and Secretary Summers to build on the success of the National Instant Criminal Background Check system and develop a new system for notifying state and local law enforcement officials when felons and other restricted individuals try to illegally buy guns. This is about utilizing technology to enhance enforcement of our nation's gun laws.

Second, as we keep criminals from getting guns through the front door of a gun shop, we must do even more to lock the back door by cracking down on illegal gun traffickers. Secretary Summers spoke of the national initiative we launched four years ago which builds on the success of cities like Boston in tracing guns seized from young criminals.

Today, I received the initiative's third annual report which contains detailed findings on over 64,000 crime guns recovered by law enforcement and sent to the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms for tracing. This data gives us a much better understanding of where juveniles and criminals are getting their guns, how they are getting them and what kind of guns they are getting. And it shows that kids and guns continue to present a serious crime problem—about 45 percent of all crime guns were recovered from young people.

ATF and its state and local partners are putting all of this trace information together to put illegal gun traffickers behind bars. In the last year alone, ATF initiated almost 900 criminal trafficking investigations. Today, I'm announcing that we plan to expand our efforts to 12 more cities—stretching from Newark to Nashville, from Oklahoma City to Anaheim, California. Those who illegally peddle guns to our children will get a simple message: We will find you. We will prosecute you. And we will punish you.

Third and finally, I renew my call to Congress to finish its work and send me a final budget that includes my proposal to fund the largest national gun enforcement initiative in history. Congress also ought to do more to help prevent gun crimes from happening in the first place by passing our long-overdue common-sense gun safety measures--mandating child safety locks for handguns, banning the importation of large-capacity ammunition clips, and requiring background checks at gun shows.

Earlier this month, the voters of Oregon and Colorado approved initiatives to do just that. Bipartisan support is building around the country. We can't stop now. Perhaps most important of all, the Brady Bill taught us that we don't have to give up on our kids. We don't have to give up on our neighborhoods. We don't have to tolerate a level of fear and violence and insecurity that no civilized society ought to tolerate. We can make America safer. All of you have proven it. Let's keep working until America is the safest big country in the world. # # #

Draft 11/30/00 8:00 am
Sam Afridi

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Gibson; 11/29/00; 6:15 p.m.

President William Jefferson Clinton
World AIDS Day
December 1, 2000

Thank you. [Acknowledgments]

The central question before us today is stark and profound: will we do what we know needs doing to save millions of lives? How we answer it will depend on how well we work in partnership with one another, across lines of geography, gender, color, party, and faith. And it will depend in equal measure on our determination and our resources; our will and our wallet.

Here in the United States, we are summoning the will to fight this fight. You see it in clinics and hospices across the land, where countless helping hands are reaching out – offering information and testing to the many millions at risk; treatment and care to the nearly one million living with HIV; and dignity to the thousands who are dying. You see it in our churches, synagogues, mosques, and temples, where more and more communities of faith are speaking out with a clear voice about prevention.

And, in the last few years, we have seen it in the response of the United States government to this epidemic. We have created a permanent Office of AIDS Research at the National Institutes of Health; established a White House Office of National AIDS Policy; launched America's first-ever national AIDS strategy; prepared the first federal HIV/AIDS biomedical research plan; and expanded health insurance options for people with HIV and AIDS.

As important, we've backed up our determination with resources. Overall Federal funding for AIDS-related programs has increased by [150 percent] over the past eight years. Funding for HIV/AIDS care is up 358 percent; help to buy drugs up 965 percent.

As Belynda Dunn's story demonstrates, marrying our wallets to our will is a formula for real progress here in the United States. It's a formula for delivering more powerful anti-HIV drugs to more Americans; for keeping more pregnant women from passing the virus to their babies; and for providing better access to health care for those living with HIV. Simply put, it's a formula for more people living longer and better lives. Today, the mortality rate for HIV/AIDS in the United States is down more than 70 percent since 1995 and the death-rate from HIV infection is at its lowest since 1987.

America has reason to be proud of this record of progress. You here should be doubly proud of it because so many of you are responsible for it.

But we are also humbled by how far we have to go – both here and around the world. The fact is, today's reality is much worse than the worst-case scenarios of ten years ago. At the start of the 1990s, health experts told us that between 15 and 20 million people would be living with HIV by the beginning of the 21st century. Today, the real number is over 36 million.

The religious leaders gathered with us today from around the world understand what these numbers mean. They understand that AIDS today is much more than a health crisis. When the disease threatens to double child mortality and reduce life expectancy by 20 years in some African countries; it is time to say that AIDS is also a moral crisis. When South Africa's GDP is expected to be 17 percent lower in 2010 because of the disease; it is time to say that AIDS is also an economic crisis. When 10 times more Africans died of AIDS last year than in all the continent's wars combined; and when the fastest growing infection rates are now in Eastern Europe and the former Soviet Union – where nations are already struggling against great odds to build prosperity and democracy – then it is time to say that AIDS is also a national and international security crisis. Once we recognize that AIDS is all these things, then it becomes crystal clear that we have to use every available tool to fight it.

A lot of developing countries understand this and many have done remarkable things practically through sheer will. By focusing its few resources on prevention, Uganda became the first country in sub-Saharan Africa to reverse its own epidemic, nearly halving its HIV prevalence.

But in too many nations – where the will to fight AIDS is equal to our own – the resources are simply insufficient. And the gap between the will and the wallet is denying them a decent chance to survive the onslaught. We must do all we can to narrow that gap.

That is why our Administration launched the LIFE initiative that in the last two years doubled U.S. investment in international HIV/AIDS efforts. That is why we fought for – and won – passage of the Global HIV/AIDS and TB Relief Act which authorizes additional funding for prevention, care, and vaccine development. That's why I signed an Executive Order to help make AIDS drugs more affordable to sub-Saharan Africa and why we are pushing Congress to pass a vaccine tax credit and to put more resources behind the World Bank's AIDS trust fund. That is why we have put the issue of HIV/AIDS and developing countries on the agenda for the annual G8 summit, made it a key part of our relationship with the European Union, and campaigned hard for debt relief, mobilizing billions of dollars for the fight against AIDS. Finally, that is why the United States placed HIV/AIDS squarely before both the UN Security Council and the UN Millennium Summit.

Let there be no mistake, this fight is now on the international agenda – you put it there – and it's not going away.

Despite all our efforts, we must face squarely the fact that much, much more is needed. More is needed to make drugs for AIDS and related infections more affordable and accessible everywhere. More is needed to ensure that countries have the health care infrastructure needed to effectively deliver drugs and other treatment.

But we can never despair. Let us always remember that a few smartly-focused resources can go a long way. And let us remember that for all their differences, the fight against AIDS here in the United States and the fight abroad will always share much in common.

For starters, we need to understand that patterns of infection in the United States now mirror those found elsewhere, with the burden falling most heavily on women, young people, poor people, and people of color. This makes our challenges more alike than different, both practically and morally. It means we must be more vigilant both in targeting our resources and in overcoming prejudice.

Last August in Nigeria, I was honored to meet John Ibekwe [eh-BEK-way]. He told a simple story of his great love for his wife, whom he married despite the fact that she was HIV positive. He told how she then became pregnant and how he became HIV positive and struggled to hold a job in the face of great prejudice. Finally, though he saved enough money for the drugs that allowed their baby to be born without the virus. And now he's glad he followed his heart and glad he had a healthy baby. And when President Obasanjo [pronouncer needed] and his wife stood and embraced John and his wife, I'm told that image had a powerful impact all over Nigeria on how to approach people with AIDS. John is here today and I'd like us to personally thank him for reminding all of us that we our fight must always be against AIDS, not people with AIDS.

Second, we must never forget that AIDS is everywhere and anywhere 100 percent preventable. Prevention is still the most effective tool in our arsenal to stop the suffering – it's been called the virtual vaccine. No matter the cultural or religious factors to be overcome, our families must talk about the facts of life or too many of them will know the facts of death.

Meeting both of these challenges – overcoming prejudice and overcoming silence – will be

impossible without the moral leadership only our religious leaders can provide.

It's been said that AIDS is an epidemic of "biblical proportions." Maybe we use this phrase because of the sheer geographic scope of the epidemic. Perhaps because it captures the moral dimension of the disease – the sheer scale of the suffering. But maybe “biblical” is also the right way to describe AIDS and the fight against it because the term reminds us that someone – either God or history – is testing us; watching to see how we measure up to the challenge.

My Bible teaches me that when we bear one another's burdens we fulfill the law of God. [*Galatians 6:2*] So let us go forth, drawing on your energies and your commitment, to do this good work and to measure up to this great challenge. Thank you very much.

Draft 11/30/00 8:00 am
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Now there are no more excuses. We can't throw up our hands and say fighting crime is beyond our control. We know what works and we have work to do. Despite our success, 30,000 Americans—including 10 children every day—are lost to gunfire. None of us believes America is as safe as it should be -- and none of us should be satisfied until America is the safest big nation in the world. So today, we are marking this anniversary in the best way possible—by working to make the Brady Law stronger and our nation safer.

First, we know we can get guns out of the wrong hands by strengthening the hand of law enforcement. Today, I am directing Attorney General Reno and Secretary Summers to build on the success of the National Instant Criminal Background Check system and develop a new system for notifying state and local law enforcement officials when felons and other restricted individuals try to illegally buy guns. This is about utilizing technology to enhance enforcement of our nation's gun laws.

Second, as we keep criminals from getting guns through the front door of a gun shop, we must do even more to lock the back door by cracking down on illegal gun traffickers. Secretary Summers spoke of the national initiative we launched four years ago which builds on the success of cities like Boston in tracing guns seized from young criminals.

Today, I received the initiative's third annual report which contains detailed findings on over 64,000 crime guns recovered by law enforcement and sent to the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms for tracing. This data gives us a much better understanding of where juveniles and criminals are getting their guns, how they are getting them and what kind of guns they are getting. And it shows that kids and guns continue to present a serious crime problem—about 45 percent of all crime guns were recovered from young people.

ATF and its state and local partners are putting all of this trace information together to put illegal gun traffickers behind bars. In the last year alone, ATF initiated almost 900 criminal trafficking investigations. Today, I'm announcing that we plan to expand our efforts to 12 more cities—stretching from Newark to Nashville, from Oklahoma City to Anaheim, California. Those who illegally peddle guns to our children will get a simple message: We will find you. We will prosecute you. And we will punish you.

Third and finally, I renew my call to Congress to finish its work and send me a final budget that includes my proposal to fund the largest national gun enforcement initiative in history. Congress also ought to do more to help prevent gun crimes from happening in the first place by passing our long-overdue common-sense gun safety measures--mandating child safety locks for handguns, banning the importation of large-capacity ammunition clips, and requiring background checks at gun shows.

Earlier this month, the voters of Oregon and Colorado approved initiatives to do just that. Bipartisan support is building around the country. We can't stop now. Perhaps most important of all, the Brady Bill taught us that we don't have to give up on our kids. We don't have to give up on our neighborhoods. We don't have to tolerate a level of fear and violence and insecurity that no civilized society ought to tolerate. We can make America safer. All of you have proven it. Let's keep working until America is the safest big country in the world. # # #