

FOIA MARKER

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Presidential Library Staff.**

Collection/Record Group: Clinton Presidential Records

Subgroup/Office of Origin: Speechwriting

Series/Staff Member: Terry Edmonds

Subseries:

OA/ID Number: 10981

FolderID:

Folder Title:

5-30-96 LA Church of God in Christ [1]

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001a. schedule	Cover Sheet for Schedule (1 page)	05/30/96	P6/b(6)
001b. schedule	Schedule of the President (partial) (1 page)	05/30/96	b(7)(E)
001c. schedule	Schedule of the President (partial) (1 page)	05/29/09	b(7)(E)
001d. schedule	Schedule of the President (partial) (1 page)	05/29/96	b(7)(E)
001e. schedule	Schedule of the President (partial) (1 page)	05/29/96	b(7)(E)
001f. schedule	Schedule of the President (partial) (1 page)	05/29/96	b(7)(E)
001g. schedule	Schedule of the President (partial) (1 page)	05/29/96	b(7)(E)
001h. schedule	Schedule of the President (partial) (1 page)	05/29/96	b(7)(E)
001i. schedule	Schedule of the President (partial) (1 page)	05/29/96	b(7)(E)
001j. schedule	Schedule of the President (partial) (1 page)	05/29/96	b(7)(E)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Speechwriting
Terry Edmonds
OA/Box Number: 10981

FOLDER TITLE:

5-30-96 LA church of God in Christ [1]

2006-0462-F
ry597

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

Clinton Library Transfer Form

Case #, if applicable	2006-0462-F	Accession #		
Collection/Record Group	Clinton Presidential Records	Series/Staff Name	Terry Edmonds	
Subgroup/Office of Origin	Speechwriting	Subseries		
Folder Title	5-30-96 LA Church of God in Christ	OA Number	10981	Box Number
Description of Item(s)	2 diskettes			

Donor Information

Last Name:		First Name:		Middle Name:		Title:	
Affiliation:		Phone (Wk):		Phone (Hm):			
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Other (Specify):	

Transferred by:	Rhonda Young
Transfer Point	During Processing

Date of Transfer	9/4/2008
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PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
CHURCH OF GOD IN CHRIST -- WOMEN'S CONVENTION
NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA
MAY 30, 1996

Acknowledgments: Bishop Owens; Mother Crouch; Mayor Morial; Congressman Bill Jefferson; Congressman Cleo Fields.

It is a pleasure to join you here in the great city of New Orleans. I was last here in March of this year to help dedicate the Nashville Wharf which I understand is brimming with business and is a symbol of the dynamic growth of New Orleans. Some of you may remember that I also lost a hubcap on Tchoupitoulas [CHOP-IT-TOO-LAS] Street on my last visit. With all the cost-cutting going on in Washington, I thought I'd better come back to look for it.

I have had a long and warm relationship with the Church of God in Christ, both as a governor and as President. I want to thank you for the support you have given me personally and to my Administration. One of my best days as President was my 1993 appearance at your 86th annual convocation in Memphis, where we talked about the need for all of us to honor the memory of Dr. Martin Luther King by working together to tackle the crushing problems facing our young people. Since then, I am more certain than ever, that there is not a problem in America that cannot be solved at the community level by people like you who are determined through faith and hard work to make things better. As I have said many times, when Americans work together, we never fail. When we are divided, we defeat ourselves.

But, if we look around us today, we see a society in need of renewed spiritual commitment and moral leadership. There is a spiritual vacuum in this country that every day affects millions of our children. We need more people like you to fill that vacuum. There is no finer example of what I mean than the work you do everyday in community after community all across this country. You have taken to heart the teaching of Jesus who tells us in Matthew, "Suffer little children, and forbid them not, to come unto me, for of such is the kingdom of heaven."

You are laying the spiritual foundation that is helping thousands of young boys develop into men of courage and character with programs like the "Rites of Passage" and "God's Male Choice." You are teaching young boys and girls how to say no to sex and yes to the rest of their lives through Purity Classes run in your churches. You are strengthening families and futures through your efforts to increase the involvement of parents in their children's schools and education. But you can not do this work alone. Government has a responsibility to help. And that's what I have tried to do.

When I ran for President, I had a clear vision of what I wanted America to look like in the 21st century. I wanted this to be a country that offers great opportunity for people who are willing to work for it, without regard to their race or their region, or how they started out in life. I wanted to see our country remain the greatest force for peace and

freedom in the world. And I wanted to see us come together more as a people around our basic values of opportunity and responsibility, work and family and community. You have supported that vision with all that you are doing to protect and provide for your children and your neighborhoods. And I have tried to do my part.

We are moving forward together. Our deficit is now less than half of what it was four years ago. We have 8.5 million new jobs -- more than 161,800 right here in Louisiana. African American unemployment is in single digits for the first time since the Vietnam war. During the past four years, more than 100,000 African American businesses have been created. And homeownership is at a 15-year high. But the most important things we have done have been to support your efforts to cherish your children and build safe communities.

We passed the Crime bill to put more police on the street and get guns off the street. We are supporting prevention programs to give our kids something to say yes to. We support the use of school uniforms if communities want to use them as part of their overall efforts to promote discipline and self-respect. We passed legislation that gives parents the V-Chip, more control over the television programs their children can watch. And we are taking steps to protect young people from the dangers of cigarettes -- a habit that 3,000 young people take up every day. One thousand of them will die prematurely as a result, if we do not do all we can to protect them. Everything we are doing is designed to take control away from outside forces and put it back in the home with parents where it belongs.

And our approach is working. In every region of this country, the crime rate is down. The welfare and poverty rolls are down. Teen pregnancy is down. But it is a tragic irony that while crime is down among adults, it is rising among teenagers. Too many mothers in New Orleans and across this country hold their breaths in fear when their children leave the house. They wonder, will they get shot by a gang or pressured to buy drugs or robbed of their money or clothes. With all due respect to Terry McMillan, too many women, too many mothers spend their days "waiting to exhale" for nothing less than the safe return of their children in the evening. This is no way to live.

That is why New Orleans and a growing number of American cities are using curfews to keep our children off the streets and out of harms way. The dusk-to-dawn curfew that was put in place here in New Orleans by Mayor Morial in 1994 is making the streets safer. During the first year of the curfew, youth crime dropped by 27 percent during the curfew hours. Armed robberies by juveniles dropped by a third and auto thefts fell by 42 percent. The Sheriff's Office and Police Department assigned dozens of officers to the streets to enforce the curfew. Violators are not taken to jail -- but to a Central Curfew Center which is staffed with trained counselors, medical professionals, and police officers. But the most unique aspect of this effort is the participation of the religious community. A local group of

ministers called "All Congregations Together," has several ministers at the Central Curfew Center to counsel young people and their parents or guardians.

Similar curfew programs are up and running in hundreds of cities across this country. We are beginning to study these programs and the effect they are having on crime and safety in their communities. But there is one thread that seems to run through them all -- no one wants these curfews more than the young people who are so often most at risk for being the victims of violent juvenile crime. These young people want our protection, and we ought to give it to them.

Our Department of Justice has just completed a preliminary study of seven curfew programs that are up and running in New Orleans; Dallas; Phoenix; Chicago; Denver; Jacksonville; and North Little Rock, Arkansas. Today, I am directing the Attorney General to distribute this report to mayors and community leaders across this country. We want to share what is working with others who may be thinking about starting their own curfew programs.

Curfews are not a panacea. They must be combined with good jobs and good schools and, most importantly, good values if they are going to make a real difference. Loving parents, spiritual faith and the kindness of people like you are still the most important ingredients for healthy childhoods and brighter futures.

This past January, I attended the funeral of one of this century's most eloquent women of justice -- the great Barbara Jordan. She life was solely devoted to making America live up to its promise. And while she always scolded and chided the government to do better, she never failed to challenge every individual to take personal responsibility for making a difference. She once said, "We must address and master the future together. It can be done if we restore the belief that we share a sense of national community, that we share a common national endeavor. It can be done."

I agree with Barbara Jordan: It can be done, if we all continue to work together.

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Thank you and God bless you all.

MAKING LOUISIANA A BETTER PLACE TO LIVE AND WORK

America Is Moving In the Right Direction Under President Clinton

Stronger Economy. The combined rate of unemployment and inflation is at its lowest level since 1968.

8.5 Million New Jobs. The economy has created more than 8.5 million new jobs under President Clinton. Private sector job growth rate nearly 8 times greater than during previous Administration.

Renewed Growth in Key Industries. After a decade of enormous job losses in construction, manufacturing, and autos, these industries have made a remarkable recovery -- nearly one million new jobs combined under President Clinton.

Deficit Cut in Half. The President's economic plan will cut the deficit for four years in a row for the first time since Harry Truman was President -- the largest reduction in history.

Keeping Guns Away from Criminals. More than 60,000 fugitives and felons blocked from buying handguns because President Clinton fought to pass the Brady Bill.

Safer Communities. The crime rate is down, violent crime fell 4 percent in 1995 -- the largest decline in more than a decade, and the number of murders decreased 8 percent -- one of the largest drops in three decades.

Stronger Families. Teen pregnancy is falling, the poverty rate is decreasing, and the number of people on welfare is declining.

Louisiana Is Moving In The Right Direction Under President Clinton

Unemployment Rate in Louisiana Has Dropped from 7.6% to 6.2%.

161,800 New Jobs in 38 Months -- More Than the Entire Previous Administration.

Consumer Confidence is Up 74%, After Falling During the Prior 4 Years.

Crime Is Down. In New Orleans, reported murders fell ^{14%} 20% in the ^{all of 1995} first half of 1995. In Shreveport, the number of burglaries dropped 24% in the same time period.

\$15,000 of Reduced Federal Debt for Every Family of Four in Louisiana. The President's economic plan is reducing the federal debt for each family of four by about \$15,000.

390,496 Working Families Receive a Tax Cut. The President's expanded Earned Income Tax Credit is helping 390,496 working families make ends meet.

⁵⁵**27 New Police Officers in Louisiana.** The President's Crime Bill puts ⁶⁵⁵ 627 new police officers on the street, strengthens drug courts helping keep adult and juvenile offenders from cycling through the legal system, and helps protect women and children from domestic violence and sexual offenders.

33,000 Workers Protected by Family and Medical Leave. The Family and Medical Leave Act allows workers to take up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave for the birth of a child or to care for a sick family member. This law covers about 582,680 workers in Louisiana.

ECONOMIC PROGRESS IN LOUISIANA UNDER PRESIDENT CLINTON

President Clinton's strategy to strengthen the economy is based on reducing the federal budget deficit, lowering trade barriers, and empowering workers, families, businesses and communities to succeed. Here are some of the results for the nation and Louisiana after the first 39 months of the Clinton Administration:

Improved Economic and Fiscal Conditions in the United States:

- Under the Clinton Economic Plan, the deficit will be lowered by more than \$1 trillion over 7 years -- the deficit will be cut for four years in a row for the first time since Harry Truman was President.
- 8.5 million new jobs created. Combined rate of unemployment and inflation at lowest level in 27 years.
- Federal government workforce will drop by 272,900 -- creating lowest workforce since the Kennedy Administration.

Improved Economic Conditions in Louisiana:

- The unemployment rate has dropped from 7.6% to 6.2%.
- 65% more new jobs per year -- 51,095 vs. 30,975 average during the previous 4 years.
- Almost twice as many new private sector jobs per year -- 45,442 vs. 23,200 average during the last 4 years.
- Business failures have dropped 23% per year -- after increasing 17% per year during the previous 12 years.
- Bank lending has increased by \$5.5 billion -- after contracting \$6.5 billion during the previous 4 years.
- Bankruptcy filings have dropped 30% per year -- after increasing 8% per year during the previous 12 years.
- Home building has increased 15% per year.

What President Clinton's Accomplishments Have Achieved for the People of Louisiana:

\$15,000 OF REDUCED FEDERAL DEBT FOR EVERY FAMILY OF FOUR IN LOUISIANA: The national debt will be more than \$1 trillion lower over 7 years than was projected before the passage of the President's economic plan. That's about \$15,000 of reduced federal debt for each family of four in Louisiana.

25 TIMES MORE LOUISIANA FAMILIES RECEIVE A TAX CUT THAN A TAX INCREASE: As a result of the expanded Earned Income Tax Credit, 390,496 working families in Louisiana will receive a tax cut. This compares to an increase in the income tax rate for only the 15,672 wealthiest taxpayers in Louisiana.

TAX CUT FOR 18,281 SMALL BUSINESSES IN LOUISIANA: The President helped entrepreneurs, proprietors, and other small businessmen and women by expanding the annual expensing allowance from \$10,000 to \$17,500. About 18,281 small businesses in Louisiana are likely to benefit from the expansion of the expensing allowance this year alone *and many more will benefit over the coming years.*

183,000 LOUISIANA WORKERS PROTECTED BY FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE ACT: The Family and Medical Leave Act allows workers to take up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave for the birth of a child, to care for a sick family member, or if they become too sick to work. This law covers about 582,680 workers in Louisiana, and protects the jobs of 5,004 workers in Louisiana who are likely to use unpaid leave this year alone.

201,400 STUDENTS AND FORMER STUDENTS IN LOUISIANA WILL BE ABLE TO BENEFIT FROM STUDENT LOAN REFORMS: Approximately 201,400 Louisiana borrowers -- 141,000 current borrowers and 60,400 new borrowers in the next few years -- can take advantage of the new direct student loan program by participating directly in the program or by consolidating guaranteed loans into direct loans. Some will benefit from lower interest rates, and all will benefit from more repayment options, including income contingent repayment.

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WOMEN'S CONVENTION
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Acknowledgments: Bishop Owens; Mother Crouch; Mayor Morial; Congressman Bill Jefferson; Congressman Cleo Fields; and the Arkansas delegation: Bishops L.T. Walker, D.L. Lindsey and T.T. Scott.

It is a pleasure to join you here in the great city of New Orleans. I was last here in March of this year to help dedicate the Nashville Wharf which I understand is brimming with business. Some of you may remember that I also lost a hubcap on Tchoupitoulas [CHOP-IT-TOO-LAS] Street on my last visit. With all the cost-cutting going on in Washington, I thought I'd better come back to look for it.

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Since then, I am more certain than ever, that there is not a problem in America that cannot be solved by our communities, with people like you determined through faith and hard work to make things better. As I have said many times, when Americans work together, we never fail. When we are divided, we defeat ourselves.

That day in Memphis, I talked about how we had to save our children from lives that would sap the hope from their minds and bodies. And today I want to talk to you about what we can do, working together, to make sure that they have this hope, so we can help them build good, strong lives.

As we stand on the threshold of the 21st Century, I believe that your children and all of our children can live in an age of possibility. But we know that we are buffeted and battered by the pressures of a modern world. And we must ask: How do we build a nation of opportunity and responsibility? How do we help every one of our children have a better future? How do we reward work, honor family, protect our environment, celebrate our diversity, and build a strong, secure and vital democracy that can continue to inspire the world?

This is not an easy thing. All around us, we see a society in need of renewed commitment and moral leadership. Every day, our children are bombarded by influences that would turn them from the right path.

You are here this week to talk in real terms, about how we can build better homes,

better communities, better schools. You are here to reach out; and to teach, about the progress you are making. You are taking to heart the teaching of Jesus who tells us in Matthew, "Suffer little children, and forbid them not, to come unto me, for of such is the kingdom of heaven."

And in your lives, you are working, every hour of every day, to keep our children free from harm, free to grow up, free to make the most of their own lives.

You are laying the spiritual foundation that is helping thousands of young boys develop into men of courage and character with programs like the "Rites of Passage" and "God's Male Choice." You are teaching young boys and girls how to say no to sex and yes to the rest of their lives through Purity Classes run in your churches. You are strengthening families and futures through your efforts to increase the involvement of parents in their children's schools and education.

I thank you for this effort, more than any ^{of} you can imagine. Because I believe that what you are doing, simply, is what all Americans must do if we are to keep the American dream alive. You are giving your children opportunity. You are taking responsibility, and demanding that they take responsibility. You are coming together as a community.

I want all Americans to reject the voices of hatred and division that would weaken our nation . . . to reject cynicism . . . to search for solutions. There is no more powerful force than the force of conscience and commitment -- and I feel that force in this room today.

All of us, working together, must step up to the challenges we face, especially the challenge of protecting our children. And as your President, I have worked hard to give you the help you need to raise your children, improve their schools, protect them from gangs and guns and drugs, and give them a growing economy filled with opportunity.

We are moving forward together. Our deficit is now less than half of what it was four years ago -- and we will balance the budget without devastating Medicare, Medicaid, education or the environment. Our economy has created 8.5 million new jobs.

African-American unemployment is in single digits for the first time since the Vietnam War. During the past four years, more than 100,000 African American businesses have been created. And homeownership is at a 15-year high. But all the new homes don't mean a thing if our children cannot play on the street in front of them for fear of crime. All the schools in the world won't mean a thing if our children are afraid to walk home when the bell has rung. All the opportunity and hope that comes from a good job doesn't mean a thing if our children are raised in fear, seduced by the false allure of drugs or crime, sent into a world of distorted values and diminished hope.

We know we live in a world where parents feel they have lost control over their ability to raise their children right -- in safety and with strong values. Everything we are doing is designed to wrest control from those forces that threaten to overwhelm the lessons taught by parents -- and to help you with your most basic duty: raising your children. That

is why we passed the Crime bill, putting 100,000 police on the streets of cities and towns across America. These community police are working with neighbors, setting up block watches, catching criminals, stopping crime before it happens. Community policing works, and it especially works when it comes to helping our children. And I am very pleased that, after a long year of struggle, the budget I signed last month preserves our commitment to putting 100,000 new police on our streets.

We took on the Washington gun lobby, and are taking guns out of the hands of criminals. We are taking 19 assault weapons off our streets. And we passed the Brady Bill, to require a waiting period to buy a handgun. 60,000 criminals have been prevented from buying handguns.

We have put in place prevention programs that give our young people something to say "yes" to. We are keeping our schools open after hours, so that our children have a place of safety and learning to go to -- somewhere other than the streets.

Our approach is working. In every region of this country, the crime rate is down. The welfare and poverty rolls are down. Teen pregnancy is down. But it is a tragic irony that while crime is down among adults, it is rising among teenagers. Too many mothers in New Orleans and across this country hold their breaths in fear when their children leave the house.

They wonder, will they get shot by a gang or pressured to buy drugs or robbed of their money or clothes. With all due respect to Terry McMillan, too many women, too many mothers spend their days "waiting to exhale" for nothing less than the safe return of their children in the evening. This is no way to live.

We know we must do more. I have challenged Congress to pass legislation banning "cop-killer bullets" -- because I don't think that the gangs should be better armed than the police. I have fought, and will continue to fight, to fund the "safe and drug free school" program so that schools can be places of learning and not violence.

And above all, there is more to do to inspire our communities and to strengthen our families, to protect our children. I have challenged one million citizens in communities across America to join in anti-crime patrols in their communities. Our children deserve to see someone on the street to look up to -- other than a gang member.

We are taking steps to help give parents control over the influences that bombard their children. We passed legislation that gives parents the V-Chip, so that you can screen out TV programs that are full of violence or coarse language or vulgar behavior.

We are taking steps to protect young people from the dangers of cigarettes -- a deadly habit that ensnares 3,000 young people every day.

We are taking steps to help parents and communities impose order and discipline and respect. We are supporting school districts that want to require students to wear school

uniforms. School uniforms are one step that may be able to help break the cycle of violence, truancy and disorder. Earlier this year, I visited Long Beach, California, where school violence has dropped when students put on uniforms. Nobody should have to risk their life for a jacket or a pair of sneakers.

Today, as summer approaches and our children get out of school, there is another approach I want to discuss to help parents exert control: community based curfews, to keep young people off the streets and out of harms way. Curfews are nothing more than the old-fashioned rules our parents set for us. We all grew up in a home in which there were rules, a time by which we had better be home, or else. Community curfews help parents be good parents. They help you keep your children out of harm's way. They give you a tool to teach your sons and daughters discipline, respect, rules and order at an awkward and difficult time in their lives.

Different cities have different rules. In some cities, parents can be fined if their children are on the street. In other cities, parents register their children with police.

We have evidence that shows: curfews are working. My Department of Justice has just completed a preliminary study of seven curfew programs that are up and running: in Dallas; Phoenix; Chicago; Denver; Jacksonville; and North Little Rock, Arkansas. And one that works the best is right here in New Orleans.

In 1994, this city, like nearly every major city, was a place of rampant juvenile crime and random violence. Mayor Morial and an army of concerned parents said: enough is enough. They put in place a dusk-to-dawn curfew. It says: if you are a young person, the place for you is not on the street, where you can fall victim to a stray bullet or fall in with a bad crowd. You should be at home with your parents and your homework. And the New Orleans curfew is making the streets safer. During the first year of the curfew, youth crime dropped by 27 percent during the curfew hours. Armed robberies by juveniles dropped by a third and auto thefts fell by 42 percent.

This is working not because anyone passed a law, ^{but} because an entire community came together and took responsibility. Dozens of police officers hit the streets to enforce the curfew. Children who are picked up go not to jail -- but to a Central Curfew Center staffed with counselors, doctors and nurses, and police officers. And most important, an energetic and committed religious community. A local group of ministers called "All Congregations Together," has several ministers at the Central Curfew Center to counsel young people and their parents or guardians. I met with some of these people earlier; they are here today, and I want them to stand so we can thank them.

I heard the story of one city council member who worked in the curfew center. She found a seven year old child, picked up from the streets, shivering from fear. He was having trouble walking up the stairs, so she scooped him up in her arms and brought him in. "Do you want to sit down?" she asked. "No," he said. "What do you want?" she asked. "I want you to hold me," he replied. That is what these children need: they need someone to care; they need someone to hold them.

I know teenagers gripe, but they know we set rules because we love them. There is one thread that seems to run through all the curfew programs across our country -- no one wants these curfews more than the young people who are so often at risk as the victims of violent crime. These young people and their parents want our protection, and we ought to give it to them.

That is why, today, I am directing the Attorney General to distribute this report on curfews that are working to mayors and community leaders across this country. We want to share what is working with others so that they can start their own curfew programs.

We have all read too many stories about young people killed for their jacket or caught in the crossfire while waiting at the bus stop. School uniforms in Long Beach . . . and the curfew in New Orleans . . . show that when we give parents tools to impose rules and demand discipline, we can make a difference. Crime does drop. Our children are safer. Those are the stories I want to read all across America.

We in government will continue to do our part. But programs like these curfews show us that the answer to the problems of crime are the same as they always have been: mothers and fathers, faith and discipline. You know that -- that is what you do in your churches, your schools, and your homes. It is up to all of us to teach our children right from wrong -- that with their opportunities come responsibilities. It is up to all of us to wrap our arms around all of America's children. This past January, I spoke at the funeral of one of this century's most eloquent women -- the great Barbara Jordan. She devoted her life to making America live up to its promise. She once said, "We must address and master the future together. It can be done if we restore the belief that we share a sense of national community, that we share a common national endeavor. It can be done."

I say today that saving our children from the mean streets and returning hope to their lives is one of those endeavors. As long as I am President, we will do everything in our power to meet that challenge. "It can be done" -- if we all work together.

Thank you and God bless you all.

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**President William J. Clinton
Talking Points
Reception with Louisiana Legislature
May 30, 1996**

- Thank you, Governor Foster. I saw recently that the House approved your first budget, 93-9. The last time I saw a House vote like that... actually, Governor, I don't remember the last time I saw a House vote like that.
- Here in Louisiana, bipartisanship is indeed bringing action, especially in the important area of education, including the issue of increasing teachers' pay to ensure quality education. Your Louisiana LEARN for the 21st century promises to help chart what must be done to for education.
- The importance of thinking about education for the future cannot be overstated. This cannot be a partisan issue. Our economy as a nation and the prosperity of all of our people depend on it.
- The future is looking brighter across America and across Louisiana. Economic conditions have improved over the past 3 years. We are lowering the federal deficit by more than \$1 trillion over 7 years. More than 8.5 million jobs have been created. Combined rate of unemployment and inflation is the lowest since 1968.
- In Louisiana, unemployment has dropped from 7.6% to 6.2%. More jobs are being created; business failures are down; home building is up 15%.
- Because of our Crime Bill, there are hundreds ⁶⁵⁵ [627] of new police officers helping to keep the peace and uphold the law on Louisiana's streets. Across the country, the crime rate went down 4 percent in 1995, largest decline in a decade. In New Orleans, reported murders fell 14 percent in 1995. In Shreveport, the number of burglaries dropped 24 percent.
- Working together, you have funded the important background checks for people seeking concealed handgun permits. That's important. With our Brady Bill, 60,000 people unfit to own handguns have been denied them. Lives are saved by these measures.
- The only way we can continue making progress on education, against crime, and for our people is by working together. We all agree we need to completely reduce the deficit and balance the budget. We need to strengthen America's families. We have to ensure the best possible education for every child. We need to do more to increase the wages of hardworking Americans. Working together, we can find the way. When American is united, we never fail. Thank you.

Acknowledgments: Bishop Owens; Mother Crouch; Mayor Morial; Congressman Bill Jefferson; Congressman Cleo Fields; and the Arkansas delegation: Bishops L.T Walker, D.L. Lindsey and T.T. Scott.

It is a pleasure to join you here in the great city of New Orleans. I was last here in March of this year to help dedicate the Nashville Wharf which I understand is brimming with business. Some of you may remember that I also lost a hubcap on Tchoupitoulas [CHOP-IT-TOO-LAS] Street on my last visit. With all the cost-cutting going on in Washington, I thought I'd better come back to look for it.

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TALKING POINTS
PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
MEETING WITH BISHOP CHANDLER OWENS
NEW ORLEANS, LA
MAY 30, 1996

- o Good morning Bishops, Mother Crouch. Bishop Owens this meeting has been a long time in the making and I'm happy we finally get a chance to meet. Every time I ask my staff to invite you to join me on a trip or have you over at the White House, you are always too busy doing something else. When Alexis told me you were in Korea last week, I was beginning to wonder am I ever going to meet the new Presiding Bishop. I hope you had a great trip and I'm glad you are back.
- o Many of you in this room know I had a special relationship with the late Bishop Ford. He was a spiritual giant and I am going to miss him. Can we bow our heads for a moment of silence in his memory. Thank you.
- o I am happy that you and Mother Crouch invited us to this convention and I applaud the work your organization is doing to benefit the less fortunate in our society. I also want to congratulate you on the many uplifting programs that you are involved in that directly benefit families and youth.
- o I was excited to learn of your Vision 2000 program which calls for an aggressive outreach to people in our inner cities. You are to be commended for encouraging parental involvement and implementing your nationwide tutorial programs. Your continued involvement with programs that strengthen the academic development of America's youth is how we build a better society.
- o Today, I'm going to talk about curfews and hope you will join me in supporting innovative programs that give our young people something they can say yes to. Fortunately for us, many of you in this room have been involved with our youth throughout your long careers in the church.
- o Thank you for your many prayers and support of my administration. While this is a joyous occasion, we all know that there is still much work to do as we continue on our journey towards a more just and equal society.
- o I salute your work and look forward to working with you. You are what is right with America. Thank you and God bless you all.

The New Orleans Curfew Program

- In response to a growing juvenile crime problem in New Orleans, Mayor Marc Morial initiated a dusk-to-dawn curfew program in May 1994 for youth under 17 years old.

Reducing Crime

- In a very short period of time, the New Orleans curfew program -- in combination with other youth violence initiatives -- has shown tremendous results in making the streets of New Orleans safer. According to Mayor Morial, during the first year of the curfew, youth crime dropped by 27 percent during the hours it was in effect; armed robberies by juveniles dropped by a third and auto thefts fell by 42 percent.

How it works

- To manage and implement the curfew program, the city opened the Central Curfew Center, which is staffed with trained counselors, religious and medical professionals, and law enforcement staff as well as units to patrol the streets and bring in violators.
- The Sheriff's Office assigned 30 deputies and several other staff to the Center and provided 15 two-man units to patrol the streets. Each night the Police Department has more than 50 police officers on the streets and 5 to 6 officers from the Juvenile Bureau onsite at the Center. A local group of ministers, All Congregations Together, has several ministers at the Center each night to counsel juveniles and their parents or guardians on the ramifications of the curfew violation.
- Curfew violators brought to the Center are screened by counselors, and their parents or guardians are contacted. Parents are required to pick up their children at the center and to participate in counselling sessions with trained volunteers. Parents of repeat offenders are issued a court summons and risk being fined for failure to keep their children from violating the curfew. These steps are designed to help promote and support dialogue between parent and child, establish parental accountability, and set new ground rules within the home.

Combined with other youth programs

- The combination of curfew, the summer jobs program, and the revitalization of recreation programs resulted in the reduction in juvenile crime during curfew hours. The city increased summer programs and created 1,300 new summer jobs for youth under a local public-private partnership and also received \$1.8 million in Federal funding from AmeriCorp's Youth Action Corps to provide year-round employment for youth in local education, park, and recreation programs.

Community Support

- A recent poll found an 89% approval of the curfew in the city. New Orleans Sheriff Charles Foti calls the curfew program "a coordinated effort, of unprecedented proportions, between private and public agencies across the City to a unified end -- to reduce crime and protect the young people of this City" and reports that the program "has earned the unqualified support of the New Orleans community."

Draft May 29, 1996 pm

PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
REMARKS TO THE LEGISLATURE
STATE HOUSE
BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA
May 30, 1996

Acknowledgements: Governor Foster, Speaker Downer, Senate President Ewing, statewide elected officials, members of Congress, members of the State Supreme Court, members of the State House and Senate and honored guests:

Thirty two years ago, in this chamber, Bennett Johnson began his career of public service. He is a dogged advocate for Louisiana, and a good friend, and he will be missed. I ask you to join me in saluting his service to this state and our nation.

It is a great pleasure to be able to talk to you about education. Here in this chamber and throughout this state, you are focusing on the greatest challenge our people face: how to assure that the American dream of opportunity and responsibility lives on into the 21st century. I have been in hundreds of classrooms, as governor and as President. I have spoken to teachers, to students, to businesspeople across this country. And I firmly believe that the only way to keep the American Dream alive is to make our people the best educated in the world.

This mission will call on the ingenuity, the energy, the talent and the resources of parents, teachers, students, business and government at all levels. Today, I want to talk to you about our role, and your role, in this great endeavor.

Let me begin by saluting Governor Foster and all of you for the spirit of bipartisanship with which you are meeting this great challenge. Renewing our schools is not a task for any one party. You are giving life to the great lesson of our democracy: When we are divided, we defeat ourselves. When we are united, we never lose.

The stakes could not be higher. We are approaching the edge of a new century, an age of great possibility. It is a time of dazzling new technologies, extraordinary global opportunities, but unsettling change. More than ever, we must make sure that all Americans can reap the rewards of the new economy -- that every American has the chance to become a winner of economic change.

With Democrats and Republicans working together, I believe our nation has begun to meet that challenge. Three and a half years ago, America -- and Louisiana -- were mired in recession, with high unemployment, sluggish job creation, and an out-of-control deficit.

We put in place a new economic strategy. We cut the deficit in half . . . we expanded exports by opening markets to our goods . . . we increased investment in our people . . . we cut taxes for nearly 400,000 of Louisiana's hardest-pressed working families [1993 EITC].

Today, thanks to the ingenuity and enterprise of America's businesses and workers, our economy has created 8.5 million jobs -- 168,000 in Louisiana alone. Unemployment, inflation and interest rates are at their lowest combined rate in three decade. Homeownership is at a three year high. And the long slide in median hourly earnings has finally halted.

We begun to dramatically change the way the national government does its business. We have cut the federal workforce by 240,000 . . . we are eliminating 16,000 pages of rules and regulations . . . we are telling small businesses: if you fix a problem, you can throw away the rulebook and stop worrying about punitive fines.

And just as important, we are acting to show that Washington doesn't know best, by building a new partnership with the states. Our nation can decide what our great national goals are -- but you here on the front lines should decide how to meet those goals.

We have made a national commitment to put 100,000 new police on the street through community policing -- but it is up to local communities to decide how to deploy the forces, and it is up to parents and neighbors to work with those new officers to take back our streets from gangs and drugs.

We have made a national commitment to bring the job-creating force of free enterprise into our cities and hamlets. But it is up to local communities, like Madison Parish and Macon Ridge, to take responsibility, come together, pool resources, and use our empowerment zones and enterprize communities to seize that opportunity.

And we have made a national commitment to end welfare as we know it. We all know what we need to do: impose strict time limits . . . require work . . . and help give parents the child care and health care they need to leave welfare behind. I am heartened that both parties now are moving toward real reform -- such as the plan proposed by Senator Breaux, along with Senator Chaffee and others. I am working with Congress to pass bipartisan welfare reform. And if they send me a bill that is tough on work and fair to children, I will sign it in a flash.

But in the meantime, giving the states the flexibility to decide how to reform welfare. My administration has given 38 states the freedom to experiment with 61 welfare reform experiments. Thanks to a waiver granted by my administration, Louisiana now can require welfare mothers to stay in school and to keep their kids in school. [And Louisiana is now seeking a waiver to limit family benefits to two years. *[General comment on Louisiana waiver may be appropriate; Reed and HHS will forward.]*

We are working what has been called a "quiet revolution." Across America, the welfare rolls have shrunk by over 1 million. Here in Louisiana, 9% fewer people are on the rolls. We can continue this progress. Democrats and Republicans, in Baton Rouge and in Washington, let us vow together: We won't stop until we end welfare as we know it.

We have more to do: We have to balance the budget, once and for all. We have to reform welfare, once and for all. We have to pass the Kassebaum-Kennedy health insurance reform, to give our people access to health care they can take from job to job, once and for all.

I believe if we continue on this path, our nation's economy will continue to grow, steady and strong.

But we all know that the only way to make this new era work for our people . . . the only way to keep the American dream alive . . . is to renew our schools and give our children the opportunity that comes from education.

To be sure the national government has a role to play. Half of all children are now in preschool, thanks to expanded Head Start. Goals 2000 is helping states shrink class size and improve standards, without federal mandates or red tape.

And we have expanded student loans and scholarships to deserving students for college.

Across America, math and science scores are up one full grade. The number of young people taking the tough core courses has jumped from 13 percent in 1982 to 52 percent in 1994. Many more young people are taking the advance placement tests. And more high school graduates are going directly on to college than ever before.

But education reform cannot be transplanted from Washington. It must flower in classrooms and boardrooms, in statehouses and schoolhouses, all across America.

You know that. I commend you for your determination to raise teacher salaries, so that they meet the Southern regional average. You are considering many other reforms. The special session you devoted to education earlier this year was difficult. But important decisions always are.

Earlier this year, I spoke to many of the nation's governors at the IBM headquarters in Palisades, New York, about what I believed the states could do. [*note: not Foster*] Let me briefly tell you what I told them.

I believe the most important thing we can do is to set high expectations for students -- to make them believe they can learn, to challenge them to learn difficult subjects, to honestly assess whether they are learning, to reward them and hold them accountable. We need to do what the eight Louisiana schools I honored at the Blue Ribbon School ceremony yesterday do -- schools from Gretna, Metairie [MET-uh-ree], Shreveport, Abbeville [abbey-ville], New Orleans and Saint Joseph's Academy right here in Baton Rouge. We need to multiply what these schools are doing throughout the state.

I told the governors, first, that we needed to impose tough standards on students. I urge you to consider requiring a test for children to move from elementary school to middle school, or from middle school to high school. Being promoted ought to mean more or less the same thing in Baton Rouge as it does in New Orleans, or in Pasadena, California or Boston, Massachusetts. I have always been offended by the suggestion that young people who grow up in the Bayou or in the Mississippi Delta or in the hills of Arkansas, shouldn't have access to the same learning opportunities that other people have and couldn't learn even if they had the same opportunities.

The second thing I think we must do is to demand higher standards for teachers. I know that here in Louisiana, your a teacher certification process is modeled on the rigorous requirement that medical students serve an internship before they can become doctors. That is a great way to make sure our teachers are ready for their difficult jobs before they start. We need to make sure that certification rules don't bar from the classroom qualified young people or people who really want to give something back to their country.

And there are innovative ways to put fresh minds in the classroom, like your Troops to Teachers program, which has trained 73 veterans to become teachers.

These heroes are now teaching and inspiring children in public schools across the state. They served their country once; now they are serving in a different way, every day, and we thank them.

We also need a system that doesn't look the other way if a teacher is burned out or not performing up to a standard. School systems and teacher unions should work together to make it tougher to get licensed and recertified, easier and less costly to get teacher who can't teach out of the classrooms, and set rewards for teachers who are performing to the highest standards. Our students deserve no less.

The third thing that I think must happen is for schools to be held accountable for results. You know when you are in a good school right away. It takes about 30 minutes to find out whether a principal and teachers have created a culture of excellence, an atmosphere of learning, a system of accountability and a spirit of adventure that leads to excellence.

I think Governor Foster is right when he promises to close down schools that are not performing, after five years. And Louisiana's Principal Internship Academy has a lot to teach the rest of the country.

This will give principals the skills and confidence so they can truly take the reins of the school bureaucracy, and bend it to serve the interests of students.

We need to let teachers and parents create "charter schools," that stay open only as long as they provide excellence. I have challenged the states to create 3000 charter schools by the dawn of the new century. My balanced budget plan would provide federal help to make that a reality. I wish your pilot program well.

The fourth thing I told the governors should be obvious to all of you: we must make schools places of learning, not of violence. We must drive out the drugs and the gangs and the guns. We must bring back order and discipline and respect. We passed the Safe and Drug Free Schools Act and the Gun Free Schools Act. We supported random drug testing in school and the development of the character education movement. We have made it clear that schools are not religion-free zones. We have urged school districts to consider requiring school uniforms.

And earlier today, to the Church of God in Christ in New Orleans, I called on communities to consider curfews. That is a very successful way to keep students off the streets -- and at home with their parents and their homework where they belong.

Finally, we must advance new standards -- a "new basic" -- of computer and technological literacy.

Today, only 9% of our classrooms are connected to the Internet. That is unacceptable. Working with the high-tech community, Vice-President Gore and I launched "Net Day," which will connect every classroom in California to the internet by the year 2000.

"Net Days" are happening in states across America. I want to challenge the business community of this booming state to pull together, do its part, and make a Louisiana Net Day a reality.

And yesterday, we announced a national effort to train teachers so they can share their love of learning through computers. They will be called the "21st Century Teachers." And throughout this fall, some 100,000 teachers will train 500,000 more. In the 21st Century, teachers must be as familiar with a computer screen as they are with a chalkboard.

Giving our children the best education in the world: that is no small task. It will call on all of us to pull together, to find what works and discard what doesn't. It will summon us to sacrifice for the next generation, as our parents sacrificed for us. It will not produce flashy successes or instant miracles. But if we offer opportunity, demand responsibility, and come together as a community, then the new century can be a time of hope for all our people. I congratulate you for the work you have done; I urge you to carry on; and I pledge to work with you, as long as I am President, to help pass on the American dream to all of our children.

Thank you, and God Bless America.

PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
REMARKS TO THE PEOPLE OF BATON ROUGE
BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA
MAY 30, 1996

Critical election. The election in November is truly important. In 1992, the question was whether we would continue to drift along or whether we would change the course of America. In 1996, the choice is between two very different paths of change. As we approach the 21st century, we must ask ourselves: what kind of America do we want to leave our children?

My vision. When I ran for President in 1992, my vision for America was a nation where every person willing to work for it would have an equal chance at the American dream; a world where America remained the strongest force for peace and freedom; and a renewed American community where all Americans come together around our basic values again.

America & Louisiana. Economy strong -- lowest unemployment/inflation in 27 years. Created more than 8.5 million jobs -- 161,800 here in Louisiana. In last 38 months, unemployment rate has dropped from 7.6% to 6.2%. Homeownership highest in 15 years. Exports growing faster than imports. Coming together around our values: welfare, poverty, teen pregnancy and crime are all down. We've put 655 new police officers on the streets of Louisiana -- crime is down by 3% here in Baton Rouge.

We've come a long way, but we have much more to do. We've done so much, but this isn't a record to rest on, it's a record to build on. We have real challenges to meet as we move into the future, and we have to meet them together.

Challenges. We have to finish the job Democrats started, and reduce the deficit completely and balance the budget. We have to do more to strengthen America's families. We have to do more to give every child in America the best possible education. We have to do more for all the Americans working harder and harder who never seem to get a raise: access to health care, pensions and training. We have to do more to protect our children from crime, and gangs, and drugs. We have to do more to protect our environment. We cannot walk away from our commitments to the rest of the world. And we have to continue to reform our democracy and make our government work better.

Don't stop. I won't be satisfied until we have created the opportunity for every American who will work for it to make the most of his or her own life, and we have given every child in this country a better future. And you shouldn't be either.

So we've got our work cut out for us, my friends. This is going to be a tough fight, and I'm counting on you. But if we set our sights on the future, and keep our minds on what's best for America, I'm confident we will prevail. Thank you and God bless you.

**PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON
TALKING POINTS
DE LA ROND HALL
MAY 30, 1996**

Acknowledgments. State Party Chair Jim Nickel, Senator Breaux; Congressman Jefferson; and Congressman Fields.

Thank you. My friends, I cannot thank you enough for all the work you have done. Our party is in fighting form today because of you. We are ready to take on the challenge of these elections, and it's a good thing. I am here to ask for your unified effort on my behalf and on the behalf of the Democratic Party this fall.

Critical election. The election in November is truly important. In 1992, the question was whether we would continue to drift along or whether we would change the course of America. In 1996, the choice is between two very different paths of change. As we approach the 21st century, we must ask ourselves: what kind of America do we want to leave our children?

Louisiana. Louisiana is a very important state for me. We need to win here as we did in 1992. Despite the wide lead you've read about and heard about, rest assured this will be a very close election. It will be close in many states like Louisiana. More than ever, the Democrats need to pull together here in order for me to win in November. And I expect to win Louisiana in November. We are on the right side of all the issues that affect working people in this state. We have a vision for this country.

Unity. But we put Louisiana at risk if we are divided against each other. This is an important election from top to bottom. My campaign needs a unified effort. I need to be able to count on you to pull together for my sake and the sake of the party. Taking back the U.S Senate and House of representatives will also require unified effort.

My vision. When I ran for President in 1992, my vision for America was a nation where every person willing to work for it would have an equal chance at the American dream; a world where America remained the strongest force for peace and freedom; and a renewed American community where all Americans come together around our basic values again.

We've come a long way, but we have much more to do. You know what we've done; you helped us to do it. But I want you to know that this is not a record to rest on, it's a record to build on. We have real challenges to meet as we move into the future, and we have to meet them together.

Challenges. We have to finish the job Democrats started, and reduce the deficit completely and balance the budget. We have to do more to strengthen America's families. We have to do more to give every child in America the best possible education. We have to do more for all the Americans working harder and harder who never seem to get a raise: access to health care, pensions and training. We have to do more to protect our children from crime, and gangs, and

drugs. We have to do more to protect our environment. We cannot walk away from our commitments to the rest of the world. And we have to continue to reform our democracy and make our government work better.

Don't stop. I won't be satisfied until we have created the opportunity for every American who will work for it to make the most of his or her own life, and we have given every child in this country a better future. And you shouldn't be either.

So we've got our work cut out for us, my friends. This is going to be a tough fight, and I'm counting on you. But if we set our sights on the future, and all pull together for our larger goal, keeping our minds on what's best for America, I'm confident we will prevail. Thank you and God bless you.

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

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DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001a. schedule	Cover Sheet for Schedule (1 page)	05/30/96	P6/b(6)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Speechwriting
Terry Edmonds
OA/Box Number: 10981

FOLDER TITLE:

5-30-96 LA church of God in Christ [1]

2006-0462-F
ry597

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

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- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

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DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001b. schedule	Schedule of the President (partial) (1 page)	05/30/96	b(7)(E)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Speechwriting
Terry Edmonds
OA/Box Number: 10981

FOLDER TITLE:

5-30-96 LA church of God in Christ [1]

2006-0462-F
ry597

RESTRICTION CODES

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P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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**SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
THURSDAY, MAY 30, 1996**

tba

MORNING RUN

7:40 am

THE PRESIDENT proceeds to the South Lawn

Note: This departure is closed to staff and guests.

7:45 am

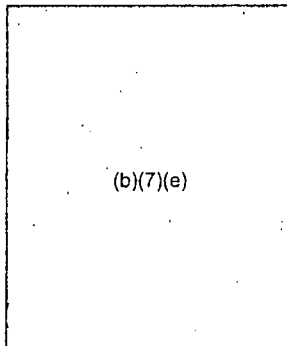
THE PRESIDENT departs the White House via motorcade en route the Reflecting Pool
[drive time: 5 minutes]

7:50 am

THE PRESIDENT arrives the Reflecting Pool

8:00 am

THE PRESIDENT departs the Reflecting Pool via Marine One en route Andrews Air Force Base
[flight time: 10 minutes]



[001b]

8:10 am

THE PRESIDENT arrives Andrews Air Force Base

8:25 am (EST)

THE PRESIDENT departs Andrews Air Force Base via Air Force One en route Belle-Chasse Naval Air Station, New Orleans, Louisiana
[flight time: 2 hour, 20 minutes]
[time change: - 1 hour]

9:45 am (CST)

THE PRESIDENT arrives Belle-Chasse Naval Air Station, New Orleans, Louisiana

Greeters:

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001c. schedule	Schedule of the President (partial) (1 page)	05/29/09	b(7)(E)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Speechwriting
Terry Edmonds
OA/Box Number: 10981

FOLDER TITLE:

5-30-96 LA church of God in Christ [1]

2006-0462-F
ry597

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

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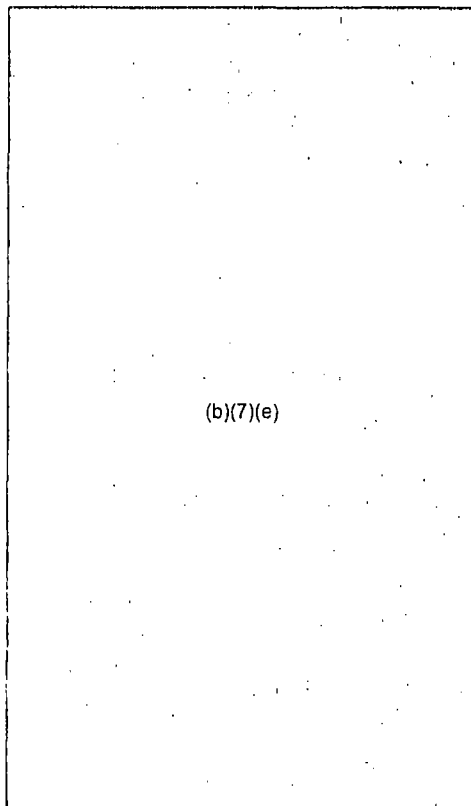
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10:00 am

THE PRESIDENT departs Belle-Chasse Naval Air Station, New Orleans, Louisiana via motorcade en route the Ernest N. Morial Convention Center
[drive time: 30 minutes]



[001c]

10:30 am

THE PRESIDENT arrives the Ernest N. Morial Convention Center

Greeters:

- Bishop Chandler Owens, Presiding Bishop, Church Of God In Christ
- Mother Emma Crouch, President, Women's International Convention, Church Of God In Christ
- Bishop C.L. Anderson, First Assistant Presiding Bishop, Church Of God In Christ
- Bishop Neaul J. Haynes, Second Presiding Bishop, Church Of God In Christ
- Bishop G. E. Patterson, General Board, Church Of God In Christ
- Bishop P.A. Brooks, Secretary, General Board, Church of God In Christ
- Bishop W.L. Porter, General Board, Church Of God In Christ

10:35 am- 10:50 am	OFFICIAL PHOTO WITH BISHOPS FROM THE CHURCH OF GOD IN CHRIST HALL E, NORTHEAST CORNER The Ernest N. Morial Convention Center Staff Contact: Alexis Herman Event Coordinator: Lucie Naphin WHITE HOUSE PHOTO ONLY
10:55 am- 11:05 am	MEETING WITH REPRESENTATIVES OF THE NEW ORLEANS CENTRAL CURFEW CENTER PRESIDENTIAL HOLD - HALL E The Ernest N. Morial Convention Center Staff Contact: Rahm Emanuel STILLS ONLY (At the top)
11:10 am- 11:25 am	MEETING WITH BISHOP CHANDLER OWENS PRESIDENTIAL HOLD - HALL E The Ernest N. Morial Convention Center Staff Contact: Alexis Herman Event Coordinator: Lucie Naphin CLOSED PRESS
11:25 am- 11:30 am	POLICE AND DRIVER PHOTOS HALLWAY The Ernest N. Morial Convention Center
11:35 am- 12:40 pm	REMARKS TO THE WOMEN'S INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION OF THE CHURCH OF GOD IN CHRIST THE MAIN HALL The Ernest N. Morial Convention Center Remarks: Terry Edmonds Staff Contact: Alexis Herman Event Coordinator: Lucie Naphin OPEN PRESS
12:45 pm- 2:10 pm	DOWN TIME PRESIDENTIAL HOLD The Ernest N. Morial Convention Center

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001d. schedule	Schedule of the President (partial) (1 page)	05/29/96	b(7)(E)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Speechwriting
Terry Edmonds
OA/Box Number: 10981

FOLDER TITLE:

5-30-96 LA church of God in Christ [1]

2006-0462-F
ry597

RESTRICTION CODES

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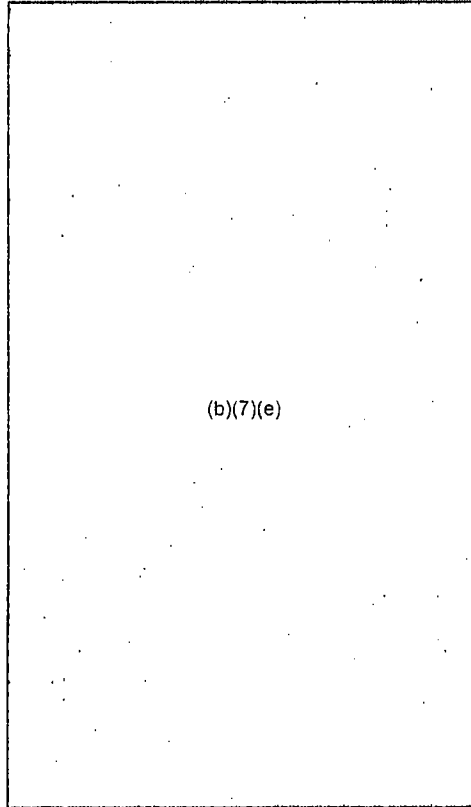
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2:15 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs the Ernest N. Morial Convention Center via motorcade en route Belle-Chasse Naval Air Station, New Orleans, Louisiana
[drive time: 30 minutes]



[001d]

2:45 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Belle-Chasse Naval Air Station, New Orleans, Louisiana

Note: This departure is open to base personnel.

3:05 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Belle-Chasse Naval Air Station, New Orleans, Louisiana via Air Force One en route Baton Rouge Metropolitan-Ryan Field, Baton Rouge, Louisiana
[flight time: 35 minutes]

NOTE: THE REMAINDER OF THE SCHEDULE IS CLINTON/GORE '96 TRAVEL

3:40 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Baton Rouge Metropolitan-Ryan Field, Baton Rouge, Louisiana

Greeter: Anthony Marino, Director, Baton Rouge Metropolitan-Ryan Field

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001e. schedule	Schedule of the President (partial) (1 page)	05/29/96	b(7)(E)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Speechwriting
Terry Edmonds
OA/Box Number: 10981

FOLDER TITLE:

5-30-96 LA church of God in Christ [1]

2006-0462-F
ry597

RESTRICTION CODES

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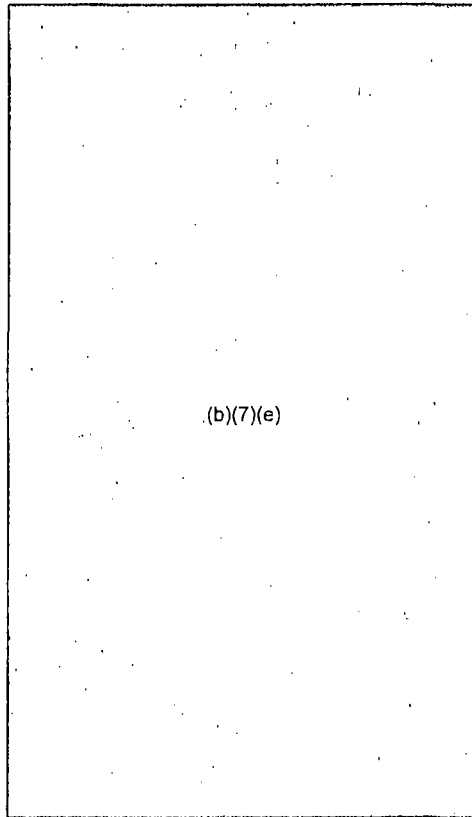
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3:55 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Baton Rouge Metropolitan-Ryan Field,
Baton Rouge, Louisiana via motorcade en route De La Rond Hall
[drive time: 20 minutes]



[001e]

4:15 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives De La Rond Hall

4:20 pm-

MEETING

5:10 pm

MAIN ROOM

De La Rond Hall

Staff Contact: Doug Sosnik

Event Coordinator: Lucie Naphin

CLOSED PRESS

- **The President**, accompanied by Senator John Breaux, Representative William J. Jefferson and Representative Cleo Fields, enters the room.
- Jim Nichols, Chair, Louisiana State Democratic Party, makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces **the President**.
- **The President** makes brief remarks and takes a few questions from participants.

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001f. schedule	Schedule of the President (partial) (1 page)	05/29/96	b(7)(E)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Speechwriting
Terry Edmonds
OA/Box Number: 10981

FOLDER TITLE:

5-30-96 LA church of God in Christ [1]

2006-0462-F

ry597

RESTRICTION CODES

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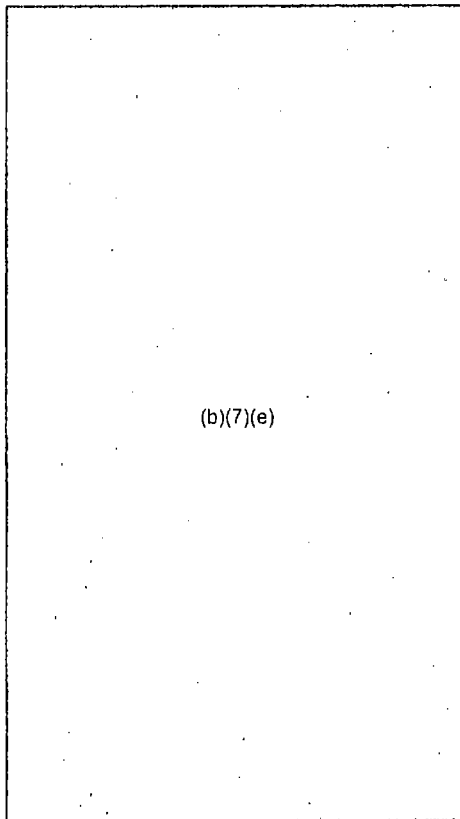
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- **The President** does a photo receiving line.
- Upon conclusion of the photo receiving line, **the President** departs.

5:15 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs De La Rond Hall via motorcade en route the Louisiana State Capitol
[drive time: 10 minutes]



[0014]

5:25 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives the Louisiana State Capitol

5:30 pm-

HOLD/SPEECH PREP

5:55 pm

THE SPEAKER'S OFFICE
The Louisiana State Capitol

6:00 pm-
6:45 pm

**REMARKS TO A JOINT SESSION OF THE LOUISIANA
STATE LEGISLATURE
HOUSE CHAMBER
The Louisiana State Capitol
Remarks: Michael Waldman
Staff Contact: Doug Sosnik
Event Coordinator: Lucie Naphin
OPEN PRESS**

- **The President**, accompanied by Governor Mike Foster, is announced into the room by Randy Ewing, President, State Senate to "Ruffles and Flourishes" and "Hail to the Chief".
- Governor Mike Foster makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces the **President**.
- **The President** makes remarks.
- Upon conclusion of remarks, Randy Ewing, and H.B. Downer, Jr., Speaker of the House, present the **President** with a gift.
- **The President** accepts the gift and departs.

6:45 pm-
7:00 pm

**HOLD
THE SPEAKER'S OFFICE
The Louisiana State Capitol**

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

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001g. schedule	Schedule of the President (partial) (1 page)	05/29/96	b(7)(E)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Speechwriting
Terry Edmonds
OA/Box Number: 10981

FOLDER TITLE:

5-30-96 LA church of God in Christ [1]

2006-0462-F
ry597

RESTRICTION CODES

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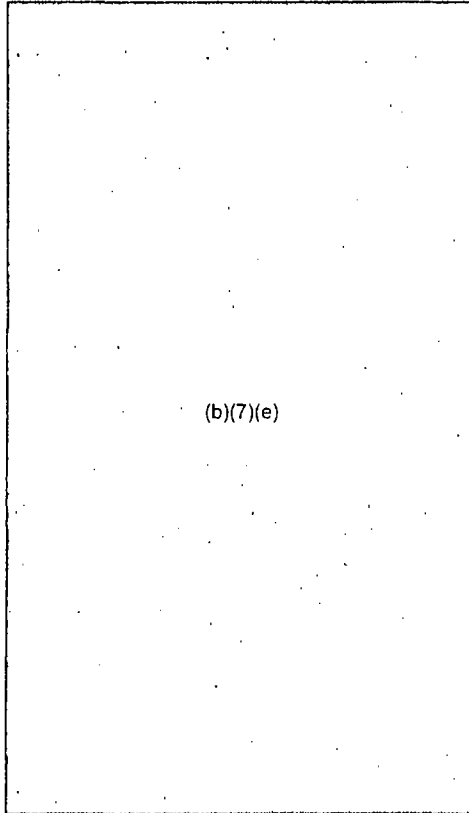
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7:05 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs the Louisiana State Capitol via motorcade
en route the Pentagon Barracks
[drive time: 5 minutes]



[0013]

7:10 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives the Pentagon Barracks

7:15 pm-
8:00 pm

**REMARKS TO THE PEOPLE OF BATON ROUGE
THE FIELD**

The Pentagon Barracks

Remarks: ~~Carolyn Currier~~ GB

Staff Contact: Doug Sosnik

Event Coordinator: Lucie Naphin

OPEN PRESS

- Off-stage announcement of the **President**.
- **The President** makes brief remarks.
- Upon conclusion of remarks, the **President** works a ropeline and departs.

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001h. schedule	Schedule of the President (partial) (1 page)	05/29/96	b(7)(E)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Speechwriting
Terry Edmonds
OA/Box Number: 10981

FOLDER TITLE:

5-30-96 LA church of God in Christ [1]

2006-0462-F
ry597

RESTRICTION CODES

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Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

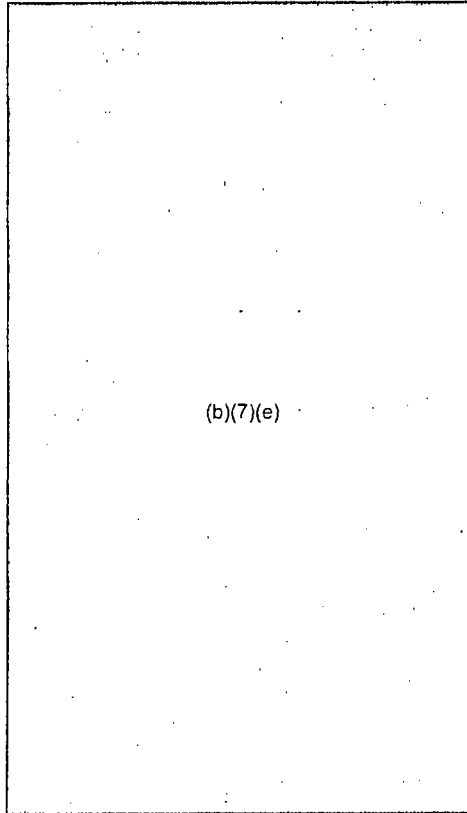
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PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).
RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

8:05 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs the Pentagon Barracks via motorcade en route the Governor's Mansion
[drive time: 5 minutes]



[001h]

8:10 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives the Governor's Mansion

Greeter: Governor and Mrs. Mike Foster

8:15 pm-
9:00 pm

RECEPTION HOSTED BY GOVERNOR MIKE FOSTER
ROOM TBA

The Governor's Mansion

Remarks:

Staff Contact: Doug Sosnik

Event Coordinator: Lucie Naphin

CLOSED PRESS

- **The President**, accompanied by Governor Mike Foster, enters the room.
- Governor Mike Foster makes brief welcoming remarks and introduces the President.
- **The President** makes brief remarks.

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001i. schedule	Schedule of the President (partial) (1 page)	05/29/96	b(7)(E)

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Speechwriting
Terry Edmonds
OA/Box Number: 10981

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2006-0462-F
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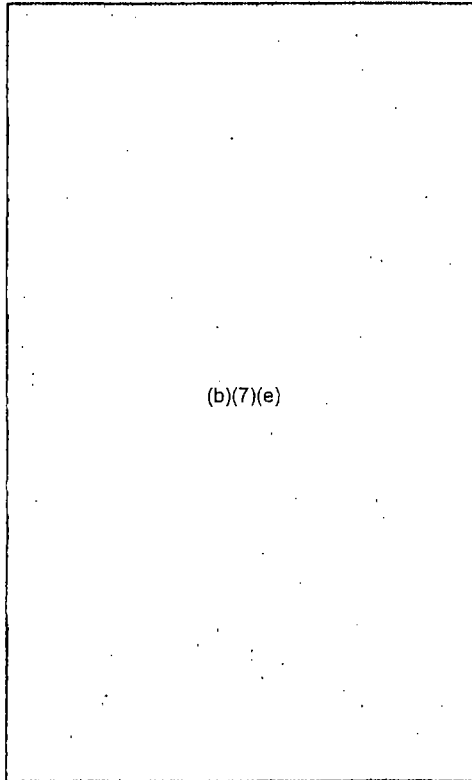
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— Upon conclusion of remarks, the President works a ropeline and departs.

9:10 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs the Governor's Mansion via motorcade en route Baton Rouge Metropolitan-Ryan Field
[drive time: 20 minutes]



9:30 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Baton Rouge Metropolitan-Ryan Field, Baton Rouge, Louisiana

9:45 pm (CST)

THE PRESIDENT departs Baton Rouge Metro-Ryan Field, Baton Rouge, Louisiana via Air Force One en route Andrews Air Force Base

[flight time: 2 hours, 10 minutes]

[time change: + 1 hour]

12:55 pm (EST)

THE PRESIDENT arrives Andrews Air Force Base

Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

Clinton Library

DOCUMENT NO. AND TYPE	SUBJECT/TITLE	DATE	RESTRICTION
001j. schedule	Schedule of the President (partial) (1 page)	05/29/96	b(7)(E)

COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records
Speechwriting
Terry Edmonds
OA/Box Number: 10981

FOLDER TITLE:

5-30-96 LA church of God in Christ [1]

2006-0462-F
ry597

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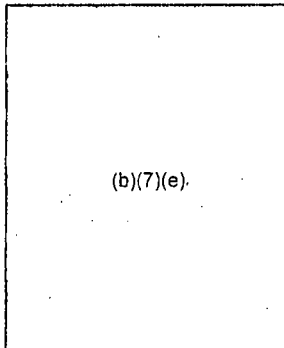
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1:05 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Andrews Air Force Base via Marine One
en route the White House
[flight time: 10 minutes]



[0013]

1:15 am

THE PRESIDENT arrives the White House

BC RON

THE WHITE HOUSE

HRC RON

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA