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SOURCEBOOK

OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE STATISTICS

1992 20th edition



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Dear Ms. Horgan:

Enclosed are tables from the *Sourcebook of Criminal Justice Statistics 1992*. As I wrote on the fax cover, these tables numbers reflect the order of the new edition, so probably will not match the table numbers we spoke about on the phone. However, the titles should match.

I've also enclosed a copy of the new public opinion section's table title listing and highlighted the new tables; there may be some questions of interest to you.

If there are any questions, feel free to contact me. Let me know if there are any other tables you need.

Sincerely,



Ann L. Pastore
Project Co-Director

encl.

FXI

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Table 2.1

Attitudes toward the most important problem facing the country

United States, 1981-93

Question: "What do you think is the most important problem facing this country today?"

	May 8-11 1981	Jan. 8-11, 1982	Oct. 15-18, 1982	Apr. 15-18, 1983	Oct. 7-10, 1983	Feb. 10-13, 1984	June 22-25, 1984	Sept. 28- Oct. 1, 1984	Jan. 25-28, 1985	May 17-20, 1985	July 11-14, 1986	Apr. 10-13, 1987	Sept. 9-11, 1988	May 4-7, 1989	Nov. 9-12, 1989	Apr. 5-8, 1990	July 19-22, 1990	Mar. 7-10, 1991	Mar. 28-29, 1992	Jan. 8-11, 1993
High cost of living; inflation; taxes	59 %	49 %	18 %	18 %	12 %	10 %	14 %	12 %	11 %	11 %	4 %	5 %	2 %	3 %	2 %	1 %	1 %	2 %	6 %	3 %
Unemployment	15	28	61	54	41	29	26	22	20	21	23	13	9	6	3	3	3	8	25	22
International problems; foreign affairs	4	5	2	2	7	11	9	5	NA	NA	NA	NA	4	4 ^a	3	NA	NA	1	3	8
Crime	5	5	3	2	5	4	3	3	4	4	3	3	2	6	3	2	1	2	5	9
Fear of war/nuclear war; international tensions	3	5	3	11	14	11	16	25	27	23	22	23	5	2	1	1	1	2	NA	NA
Moral decline in society; ethics	5	4	3	4	5	7	5	4	2	6	3	5	1	5	3	1	2	2	5	7
Excessive government spending; Federal budget deficit	4	3	4	5	4	12	11	11	18	10	13	11	12	7	7	6	21	8	8	13
Dissatisfaction with government	2	1	3	NA	2	2	2	3	NA	NA	NA	5	NA	2	1	1	1	NA	8	5
Economy (general)	NA	NA	11	8	4	5	3	4	8	8	7	10	12	8	7	7	7	24	42	35
Poverty; hunger; homeless	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4	6	8	6	5	7	10	10	11	7	10	15	15
Drugs; drug abuse	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2	6	8	11	11	27	38	30	18	11	8	8
Trade deficit; trade relations	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3	3	2	2	1	1	4	3
Education; quality of education	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	2	3	2	1	2	2	8	8
Environment; pollution	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4	3	8	5	2	3	3
AIDS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	NA	1	2	(b)	3	2
Abortion	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	(b)	3	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Recession; depression	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	(b)	(b)	NA	NA	4	3	NA
Health care	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	12	18
All other	17	5	2	9	7	11	10	22	14	21	18	18	18 ^c	16 ^d	14	14 ^e	10 ^f	12 ^g	(h)	31 ⁱ
No opinion; don't know	3	2	2	2	4	4	2	NA	3	3	3	4	12	7	6	9	5	6	2	2

Note: Exact wording of response categories varies across surveys. Multiple responses are possible. For a discussion of public opinion survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 5.

^aIncludes those responding, "Iraq/Persian Gulf crisis," "Medicare increases/senior citizens' insurance/Social Security," "racism," "other economic," and "other non-economic."

^aCategory includes "foreign aid."

^bLess than a fraction of 1 percent.

^cIncludes those responding "other specific economic problems."

^dIncludes those responding "other economic."

^eIncludes those responding "other economic" and "other non-economic."

^fIncludes those responding "S & L crisis," "taxes," "other economic," and "other non-economic."

^gIncludes those responding "other economic," "non-economic," "taxes," "Kuwait/Iraq," "Medicare," and "health care."

^hSpecific problems mentioned by less than 3 percent of respondents were not reported in 1992.

Source: George H. Gallup, *The Gallup Report*, Report No. 198, p. 27; Report No. 206, p. 23; Report No. 226, p. 17; Report No. 229, pp. 20, 21; Report No. 235, pp. 20, 21; Report No. 252, pp. 28, 29; Report No. 260, pp. 6, 7; Report No. 277, pp. 6, 7; Report No. 285, pp. 4, 5; Report No. 290, p. 6 (Princeton, NJ: The Gallup Poll); George Gallup, Jr., *The Gallup Poll* (Princeton, NJ: The Gallup Poll, June 23, 1985), pp. 1, 2; George Gallup, Jr., *The Gallup Poll Monthly*, No. 298 (Princeton, NJ: The Gallup Poll, July 1990), p. 14; George Gallup, Jr., *The Gallup Poll*, Mar. 14, 1991, pp. 2, 3; Apr. 3, 1992, pp. 1, 2 (Los Angeles: Los Angeles Times Syndicate); and George Gallup, Jr., *The Gallup Poll Monthly*, No. 328 (Princeton, NJ: The Gallup Poll, January 1993), pp. 31, 32. Table constructed by SOURCE-BOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

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Table 2.14

Respondents' ratings of local police solving crime

By demographic characteristics, United States, 1992^a

 Question: "How would you rate the police in your community on the following ... solving crime?"

	Excellent	Pretty good	Only fair	Poor	Not sure/ refused
National	13 %	45 %	30 %	9 %	3 %
Sex					
Male	12	44	31	10	3
Female	14	47	29	8	3
Age					
18 to 24 years	3	51	34	8	4
25 to 29 years	10	47	30	13	1
30 to 39 years	13	42	33	10	1
40 to 49 years	11	45	31	10	3
50 to 64 years	18	43	28	9	4
65 years and older	19	48	23	5	6
Race, ethnicity					
White	15	48	28	8	3
Black	2	41	38	17	2
Hispanic	11	48	31	9	2
Region					
East	11	50	27	9	4
Midwest	19	45	25	7	4
South	9	45	32	12	2
West	13	40	37	8	3
Education					
Post graduate	13	48	31	5	3
College graduate	15	48	28	5	4
College incomplete	11	45	33	9	2
High school graduate	15	45	27	9	3
Less than high school graduate	7	42	34	14	2
Politics					
Republican	18	46	25	8	3
Democrat	12	43	33	10	3
Independent	9	48	31	9	3
Income					
\$50,001 and over	17	45	30	6	2
\$35,001 to \$50,000	15	44	33	8	(b)
\$25,001 to \$35,000	13	49	28	9	4
\$15,001 to \$25,000	10	50	32	6	2
\$7,501 to \$15,000	14	45	23	14	4
\$7,500 and under	8	38	38	18	2

Note: For a discussion of public opinion survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 5.

^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding.^bLess than 0.5 percent.

Source: Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff from table provided by Louis Harris and Associates. Reprinted by permission.

Table 2.15

Respondents' ratings of local police preventing crime

By demographic characteristics, United States, 1992^a

Question: "How would you rate the police in your community on the following ... preventing crime?"

	Excellent	Pretty good	Only fair	Poor	Not sure/ refused
National	16 %	42 %	28 %	13 %	1 %
Sex					
Male	16	39	29	15	1
Female	16	44	27	11	2
Age					
18 to 24 years	9	53	21	15	2
25 to 29 years	9	32	40	18	1
30 to 39 years	12	43	31	13	1
40 to 49 years	16	41	31	10	1
50 to 64 years	20	45	20	13	1
65 years and older	26	36	25	9	3
Race, ethnicity					
White	17	42	28	11	1
Black	10	48	27	18	0
Hispanic	15	40	24	19	1
Region					
East	14	43	25	16	2
Midwest	22	44	27	6	1
South	13	43	28	15	1
West	17	37	32	13	1
Education					
Post graduate	15	43	28	11	2
College graduate	17	44	27	11	1
College incomplete	14	42	30	12	2
High school graduate	17	41	28	12	2
Less than high school graduate	15	41	28	18	0
Politics					
Republican	22	45	22	10	1
Democrat	14	40	31	13	2
Independent	10	44	29	16	1
Income					
\$50,001 and over	22	42	25	10	1
\$35,001 to \$50,000	18	49	23	11	1
\$25,001 to \$35,000	18	40	26	14	2
\$15,001 to \$25,000	14	45	28	12	1
\$7,501 to \$15,000	13	33	34	19	2
\$7,500 and under	9	43	35	13	1

Note: For a discussion of public opinion survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 5.

^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding.

Source: Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff from table provided by Louis Harris and Associates. Reprinted by permission.

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Table 2.16

Respondents' ratings of local police response time

By demographic characteristics, United States, 1992^a

Question: "How would you rate the police in your community on the following . . . responding quickly to calls for help and assistance?"

	Excellent	Pretty good	Only fair	Poor	Not sure/ refused
National	28 %	41 %	20 %	9 %	2 %
Sex					
Male	27	40	21	10	2
Female	29	42	19	8	2
Age					
18 to 24 years	21	41	24	13	(b)
25 to 29 years	23	41	21	16	0
30 to 39 years	23	44	25	8	2
40 to 49 years	32	37	20	9	3
50 to 64 years	31	40	17	8	3
65 years and older	36	43	11	6	4
Race, ethnicity					
White	30	43	18	7	2
Black	14	36	33	16	1
Hispanic	24	36	29	8	3
Region					
East	26	41	19	10	3
Midwest	35	40	15	7	2
South	23	43	23	10	1
West	30	39	20	7	4
Education					
Post graduate	31	42	14	7	6
College graduate	31	47	14	8	2
College incomplete	28	41	21	7	3
High school graduate	27	42	20	9	2
Less than high school graduate	25	35	25	14	1
Politics					
Republican	32	43	16	8	1
Democrat	26	39	21	11	3
Independent	25	46	20	8	2
Income					
\$50,001 and over	36	42	14	5	3
\$35,001 to \$50,000	32	39	20	6	3
\$25,001 to \$35,000	29	40	20	10	1
\$15,001 to \$25,000	24	45	20	9	2
\$7,501 to \$15,000	27	38	18	15	1
\$7,500 and under	17	44	26	12	1

Note: For a discussion of public opinion survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 5.

^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding.

^bLess than 0.5 percent.

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Table 2.42

Attitudes toward whether citizens must take law into their own hands

By demographic characteristics, United States, 1992^a

Question: "There has been a lot of talk about increasing crime in this country, and the fears people have about the police not being around to protect them when they are needed. Do you think the situation has reached the point where it is necessary for citizens to take the law into their own hands in order to protect themselves from attack in any way they can, or do you think it is wrong for people to take the law into their own hands under such circumstances?"

	Yes, necessary to take law into own hands	No, wrong to take law into own hands	Don't know
National	26 %	68 %	8 %
Sex			
Male	30	62	8
Female	22	71	8
Age			
18 to 29 years	26	65	9
30 to 44 years	30	63	7
45 to 59 years	26	67	7
60 years and older	19	72	9
Region			
Northeast	17	77	8
Midwest	25	66	9
South	31	60	9
West	27	66	7
Education			
College graduate	23	71	6
Some college	25	69	6
High school graduate	27	65	8
Less than high school graduate	26	61	12
Politics			
Democrat	25	68	6
Republican	23	69	7
Income			
\$50,000 and over	23	71	6
\$30,000 to \$49,999	29	66	5
\$15,000 to \$29,999	21	70	9
Under \$15,000	31	62	7
Occupation			
Executive/professional	27	66	7
White collar	25	67	8
Blue collar	29	62	9
Homemaker	19	75	6

Note: For a discussion of public opinion survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 5.

^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding.

Source: Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff from data provided by The Roper Organization, Inc.

Table 2.43

Attitudes toward strategies for combatting crime and lawlessness

By demographic characteristics, United States, 1992^a

Question: "Most people are concerned about the increase in crime and lawlessness that has been taking place across the country today. On which would you like to see us rely more heavily?"

	On much stricter law enforce- ment and severer penalties than we now have	On correc- tive programs that get at the root of the problems that cause people to commit crimes	On both ^b	Don't know
National	44 %	31 %	22 %	3 %
Sex				
Male	46	30	20	3
Female	42	31	23	3
Age				
18 to 29 years	41	34	21	4
30 to 44 years	44	32	22	2
45 to 59 years	42	32	23	3
60 years and older	50	25	22	3
Region				
Northeast	50	30	19	2
Midwest	37	32	29	2
South	51	30	18	3
West	34	33	27	6
Education				
College graduate	37	35	25	3
Some college	41	31	25	3
High school graduate	48	28	21	3
Less than high school graduate	47	31	18	4
Politics				
Democrat	43	34	20	3
Republican	45	29	22	3
Income				
\$50,000 and over	44	36	19	2
\$30,000 to \$49,999	47	29	22	2
\$15,000 to \$29,999	44	31	22	3
Under \$15,000	40	36	20	4
Occupation				
Executive/professional	41	28	28	3
White collar	44	31	22	3
Blue collar	45	35	18	2
Homemaker	45	30	21	4

Note: For a discussion of public opinion survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 5.

^aPercents may not add to 100 because of rounding.

^bResponse volunteered.

Source: Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff from data provided by The Roper Organization, Inc.

Table 2.58

 Respondents reporting a firearm in their home

By demographic characteristics, United States, 1993

 Question: "Do you have a gun in the house?"

	Yes	No	No opinion
National	48 %	51 %	1 %
Sex			
Male	54	45	1
Female	43	58	1
Age			
18 to 29 years	46	53	1
30 to 49 years	49	51	(a)
50 to 64 years	53	48	1
65 years and older	46	53	1
Region			
East	37	62	1
Midwest	49	51	(a)
South	57	43	0
West	49	50	1
Race			
White	50	49	1
Black	37	63	0
Nonwhite ^b	35	64	1
Education			
College graduate	37	62	1
College incomplete	43	56	1
No college	58	43	1
Politics			
Republican	56	44	1
Democrat	42	58	(a)
Independent	49	50	1
Income			
\$50,000 and over	45	54	1
\$30,000 to \$49,999	55	44	1
\$20,000 to \$29,999	50	50	0
Under \$20,000	45	54	1
Community			
Urban area	35	64	1
Suburban area	49	50	1
Rural area	57	43	(a)

 Note: For a discussion of public opinion survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 5.

^aLess than 1 percent.^bIncludes black respondents.

Source: George Gallup, Jr., *The Gallup Poll Monthly*, No. 330 (Princeton, NJ: The Gallup Poll, March 1993), p. 5; and data provided by The Gallup Organization, Inc. Reprinted by permission.

Table 2.61

Attitudes toward laws covering the sale of firearms

By demographic characteristics, United States, 1993

Question: "In general, do you feel that the laws covering the sale of firearms should be made more strict, less strict, or kept as they are now?"

	More strict	Less strict	Kept as they are now	No opinion
National	70 %	4 %	24 %	2 %
Sex				
Male	61	6	33	(a)
Female	77	4	16	3
Age				
18 to 29 years	69	7	24	(a)
30 to 49 years	68	4	25	3
50 to 64 years	71	4	24	1
65 years and older	75	2	20	3
Region				
East	77	2	20	1
Midwest	66	5	27	2
South	67	4	25	4
West	69	7	23	1
Race				
White	68	4	26	2
Black	84	3	13	0
Nonwhite ^b	82	4	13	1
Education				
College graduate	75	5	18	2
College incomplete	74	5	20	1
No college	65	3	29	3
Politics				
Republican	60	5	32	3
Democrat	82	2	15	1
Independent	65	6	26	3
Income				
\$50,000 and over	71	5	22	2
\$30,000 to \$49,999	69	5	24	2
\$20,000 to \$29,999	67	3	29	1
Under \$20,000	69	5	24	2
Community				
Urban area	75	2	19	4
Suburban area	73	6	21	(a)
Rural area	64	5	29	2

Note: For a discussion of public opinion survey sampling procedures, see Appendix 5.

^aLess than 1 percent.^bIncludes black respondents.Source: George Gallup, Jr., *The Gallup Poll Monthly*, No. 330 (Princeton, NJ: The Gallup Poll, March 1993), p. 4; and from data provided by The Gallup Organization, Inc. Reprinted by permission.

CP
(response)

Table 3.15

Estimated percent distribution of police response time for personal and household incidents

By type of victimization, United States, 1991^a

Type of victimization	Number of incidents	Total	Within 5 minutes	Within 10 minutes	Within an hour	Within a day	Longer than a day	Length of time not known	Not available
Crimes of violence	1,852,240	100 %	27.7 %	22.6 %	38.9 %	5.3 %	0.7 % ^b	6.5 %	0.3 % ^b
Robbery	412,190	100	20.4	20.8	43.4	3.9 ^b	1.6 ^b	10.3	0.0 ^b
Aggravated assault	518,880	100	25.7	19.6	37.2	6.1	0.8 ^b	10.3	0.4 ^b
Simple assault	840,870	100	32.4	25.3	32.8	5.7	0.3 ^b	3.0 ^b	0.4 ^b
Crimes of theft	1,802,050	100	13.2	22.9	40.9	11.3	1.8	9.5	0.2 ^b
Personal larceny									
With contact	102,600	100	31.7	17.5 ^b	37.4	5.2 ^b	3.0 ^b	5.2 ^b	0.0 ^b
Without contact	1,699,440	100	12.1	23.3	41.1	11.7	1.8	9.8	0.3 ^b
Household crimes	4,329,400	100	11.7	20.4	48.3	12.8	1.8	4.9	0.1 ^b
Burglary	2,034,270	100	12.9	19.9	45.6	14.3	1.9	5.3	0.1 ^b
Household larceny	1,309,810	100	9.0	20.3	53.7	11.3	2.3	3.1	0.3 ^b
Motor vehicle theft	985,500	100	12.6	21.7	48.7	11.8	0.8 ^b	6.6	0.0 ^b

Note: See Note, table 3.1. These data exclude incidents in which the police did not come to see the victim, the police were at the scene of the crime, or the victim did not report the incident to the police. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 7.

^aSubcategories may not sum to total because of rounding.

^bEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 1991*, NCJ-139563 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 1992), p. 118.

Table 3.59

Estimated percent distribution of type of weapon used by armed offenders in personal incidents

By type of incident, victim-offender relationship, and type of weapon, United States, 1991^a

Type of incident and victim-offender relationship	Number of weapons used ^b	Total	Firearm				Knife	Sharp object	Blunt object	Other	Type unknown
			Total	Hand-gun	Other gun	Gun type unknown					
<u>All incidents</u>											
Crimes of violence	2,025,800	100 %	36.6 %	28.7 %	7.6 %	0.3 % ^c	22.7 %	3.9 %	18.9 %	13.5 %	4.3 %
Completed	910,130	100	36.5	31.5	5.1	0.0 ^c	21.5	3.6	21.9	14.4	2.1 ^c
Attempted	1,115,660	100	36.6	26.5	9.6	0.6 ^c	23.7	4.2	16.6	12.8	6.1
Rape	40,990	100	35.9 ^c	35.9 ^c	0.0 ^c	0.0 ^c	35.0 ^c	5.4 ^c	11.9 ^c	11.7 ^c	0.0 ^c
Robbery	626,450	100	45.7	39.9	5.8	0.0 ^c	25.9	3.6 ^c	15.7	7.9	1.2 ^c
Completed	424,720	100	54.6	47.6	7.0	0.0 ^c	25.1	2.4 ^c	12.8	5.1 ^c	0.0 ^c
With injury	119,110	100	33.6	28.0	5.6 ^c	0.0 ^c	22.4	2.2 ^c	34.2	7.7 ^c	0.0 ^c
Without injury	305,600	100	62.9	55.3	7.6 ^c	0.0 ^c	26.1	2.5 ^c	4.5 ^c	4.1 ^c	0.0 ^c
Attempted	201,720	100	26.9	23.7	3.2 ^c	0.0 ^c	27.8	6.3 ^c	21.8	13.7	3.6 ^c
With injury	62,520	100	17.6 ^c	17.6 ^c	0.0 ^c	0.0 ^c	10.3 ^c	10.0 ^c	39.5 ^c	19.4 ^c	3.2 ^c
Without injury	139,200	100	31.1	26.5	4.6	0.0 ^c	35.6	4.6 ^c	13.9 ^c	11.1 ^c	3.8 ^c
Aggravated assault	1,358,360	100	32.4	23.3	8.6	0.5 ^c	20.9	4.0	20.6	16.1	5.9
Completed with injury	457,170	100	19.2	15.6	3.6 ^c	0.0 ^c	18.3	4.5 ^c	30.9	22.8	4.2 ^c
Attempted with weapon	901,180	100	39.1	27.2	11.2	0.7 ^c	22.2	3.8	15.4	12.8	6.6
<u>Involving strangers</u>											
Crimes of violence	1,474,890	100	40.8	32.4	7.9	0.4 ^c	20.6	3.6	19.4	12.7	3.0
Rape	34,030	100	43.2 ^c	43.2 ^c	0.0 ^c	0.0 ^c	37.1 ^c	0.0 ^c	5.6 ^c	14.1 ^c	0.0 ^c
Robbery	551,690	100	46.9	40.7	6.2	0.0 ^c	24.9	3.8 ^c	15.4	7.7	1.3 ^c
Aggravated assault	889,160	100	36.9	26.9	9.3	0.7 ^c	17.3	3.6	22.4	15.7	4.2
<u>Involving nonstrangers</u>											
Crimes of violence	550,910	100	25.4	18.8	6.6	0.0 ^c	26.5	4.9	17.6	15.7	7.8
Rape	6,950	100	0.0 ^c	0.0 ^c	0.0 ^c	0.0 ^c	25.1 ^c	32.0 ^c	42.9 ^c	0.0 ^c	0.0 ^c
Robbery	74,760	100	36.9	34.4 ^c	2.5 ^c	0.0 ^c	33.4 ^c	2.6 ^c	18.2 ^c	8.9 ^c	0.0 ^c
Aggravated assault	469,200	100	23.9	16.6	7.3	0.0 ^c	27.8	4.8 ^c	17.3	17.0	9.1

Note: See Notes, tables 3.1 and 3.9. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 7.

^cEstimate is based on about 10 or fewer sample cases.^aSubcategories may not sum to total because of rounding.^bSome respondents may have reported more than one weapon present.Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Criminal Victimization in the United States, 1991*, NCJ-139563 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, 1992), p. 83, Table 72.

Table 3.139

Murders and nonnegligent manslaughters known to police

By victim-offender relationship and circumstances of the offense, United States, 1991

(- represents zero)

Circumstances	Total	Relationship of victim to offender									Acquaintance
		Husband	Wife	Mother	Father	Son	Daughter	Brother	Sister	Other family	
Total	21,506	353	847	144	184	316	236	187	28	388	5,598
Felony type, total	4,589	4	15	16	16	37	31	3	6	37	1,111
Rape	129	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	32
Robbery	2,201	-	-	7	8	1	-	-	1	19	380
Burglary	195	-	1	-	1	1	-	-	-	1	30
Larceny-theft	32	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Motor vehicle theft	52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11
Arson	136	1	2	5	1	11	4	-	4	3	27
Prostitution and commercialized vice	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8
Other sex offenses	47	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	1	24
Narcotic drug laws	1,344	-	1	-	-	-	-	3	-	2	493
Gambling	33	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	17
Other - not specified	400	3	11	3	6	23	23	-	1	10	82
Suspected felony type	209	1	1	1	1	-	-	1	-	3	20
Other than felony type, total	11,116	322	752	106	150	266	188	185	21	303	3,984
Romantic triangle	312	7	25	-	-	1	-	1	-	8	176
Child killed by babysitter	31	-	-	-	-	3	1	-	-	-	22
Brawl due to influence of alcohol	497	7	15	1	8	4	1	8	1	11	238
Brawl due to influence of narcotics	252	1	4	2	3	-	-	-	-	1	134
Argument over money or property	518	6	9	5	4	1	-	6	-	26	294
Other arguments	6,037	250	473	55	101	50	26	134	10	186	2,138
Gangland killings	204	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	85
Juvenile gang killings	838	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	242
Institutional killings	18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13
Sniper attack	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Other - not specified	2,398	51	226	42	34	197	158	16	10	72	639
Unknown	5,692	26	79	22	17	23	19	18	1	45	483

Note: See Notes, tables 3.122 and 3.133. Law enforcement agencies are requested to describe the circumstances of murders and nonnegligent manslaughters. These descriptions are categorized by the Uniform Crime Reporting Program. These data include murder and nonnegligent manslaughter victims for which supplemental homicide data were received. "Felony type" refers to killings that occur in conjunction with the commission of another felony, such as robbery or burglary.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1991* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1992), p. 19. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

3.139 con 4

Friend	Boyfriend	Girlfriend	Neighbor	Stranger	Unknown relationship
781	269	483	229	3,235	8,247
90	8	9	55	1,328	1,825
5	-	2	9	37	41
38	-	1	19	874	855
1	1	-	15	71	73
-	-	-	1	18	5
2	-	1	-	25	13
2	1	-	3	12	80
-	-	-	-	4	8
-	-	1	1	6	12
34	2	-	4	184	821
3	-	-	-	9	3
7	4	4	3	86	134
3	-	2	-	22	154
818	248	432	184	1,558	1,863
29	9	29	3	20	7
4	1	-	-	-	-
42	13	10	3	86	49
8	-	3	1	25	70
58	8	11	17	44	29
373	192	309	118	729	895
3	-	-	-	73	43
9	-	-	1	254	331
1	-	-	-	2	2
-	-	-	-	3	5
91	25	70	23	322	422
52	13	40	10	329	4,415

Table 3.133

Percent distribution of murders and nonnegligent manslaughters known to police

By type of weapon used, United States, 1984-91

Year	Total number of murders and nonnegligent manslaughters	Total ^a	Type of weapon used					Unknown or not stated
			Firearm	Cutting or stabbing instrument	Blunt object (club, hammer, etc.) ^b	Personal weapons (hands, feet, fists, etc.) ^b	Other ^c	
1984	7,990	100 %	55 %	24 %	5 %	10 %	3 %	2 %
1985	8,773	100	57	23	6	10	3	1
1986	9,562	100	59	22	5	9	2	1
1987	11,114	100	63	20	5	9	2	1
1988	12,503	100	65	18	6	8	2	1
1989	13,575	100	65	19	4	8	3	1
1970	13,649	100	66	18	4	8	3	1
1971	16,183	100	66	19	4	8	2	1
1972	15,832	100	66	19	4	8	2	1
1973	17,123	100	66	17	5	8	2	2
1974	18,632	100	67	17	5	8	1	1
1975	18,642	100	65	17	5	9	2	2
1976	18,606	100	64	18	5	8	2	3
1977	18,033	100	62	19	5	8	2	3
1978	18,714	100	64	19	5	8	2	3
1979	20,591	100	63	19	5	8	2	3
1980	21,880	100	62	19	5	8	2	4
1981	20,053	100	62	19	5	7	2	3
1982	19,485	100	60	21	5	8	2	3
1983	18,673	100	58	22	6	9	2	3
1984	16,689	100	59	21	6	8	3	4
1985	17,545	100	59	21	6	8	3	4
1986	19,257	100	59	20	6	9	2	4
1987	17,859	100	59	20	6	8	2	4
1988	18,269	100	61	19	6	8	2	4
1989	18,954	100	62	18	6	7	2	4
1990	20,045	100	64	18	5	7	2	4
1991	21,505	100	66	16	5	7	3	2

Note: See Note, table 3.122. In trend tables "constructed" or "adapted" by SOURCEBOOK staff from *Crime in the United States*, the data were taken from the first year in which the data were reported. It should be noted that the number of agencies reporting and the populations represented vary from year to year.

The Uniform Crime Reporting Program requests that additional information be transmitted to the FBI when a murder has been committed. The actual number of offenses presented in the tables displaying characteristics of murders known to the police may differ from figures in other tables that reflect data from only the initial report on the offense.

Data for Florida and Kentucky were not available for 1988 and data for Iowa were not available for 1991; therefore the Source did not include these States in detailed breakdowns of the data for those years. However, data for these States were estimated by the Source and included in the national totals for those years.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

^bThis category includes beatings and strangulations. Pushed is also included in personal weapons.

^cThis category includes arson, poison, explosives, narcotics, asphyxiation, etc.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, 1984, p. 104, Table 16; 1985, p. 106, Table 16; 1986, p. 107, Table 20; 1987, p. 112, Table 20; 1988, p. 108, Table 20; 1989, p. 108, Table 21; 1970, p. 188, Table 21; 1971, p. 114, Table 21; 1972, p. 188, Table 24; 1973, p. 8; 1974, p. 18; 1975, p. 18; 1976, p. 10; 1977, p. 11; 1978, p. 12; 1979, p. 11; 1980, p. 12; 1981, p. 11; 1982, p. 11; 1983, p. 10; 1984, p. 10; 1985, p. 10; 1986, p. 10; 1987, p. 10; 1988, p. 12; 1989, p. 11; 1990, p. 12; 1991, p. 18 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 3.173

Law enforcement officers accidentally killed

By circumstances at scene of incident, United States, 1980-91

Circumstances at scene of incident	Total	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Total	832	61	66	72	72	75	70	67	74	77	79	67	52
Automobile accidents	361	35	21	22	28	34	32	24	36	35	43	27	24
Motorcycle accidents	65	2	3	6	8	6	3	5	5	6	5	10	6
Aircraft accidents	104	6	11	11	10	11	8	12	5	7	10	7	6
Struck by vehicles (traffic stops, road blocks, etc.)	90	6	12	12	10	6	9	2	7	7	8	6	5
Struck by vehicles (directing traffic, assisting motorists, etc.)	98	6	11	11	8	6	10	10	11	9	4	9	3
Accidental shootings (cross-fires, mistaken identities, firearm mishaps)	46	4	3	3	1	5	3	8	4	6	4	4	1
Accidental shootings (training sessions)	10	0	0	1	3	1	1	2	1	0	0	1	0
Accidental shootings (self-inflicted)	9	1	3	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0
Other (falls, drownings, etc.)	49	1	2	5	3	5	3	4	5	6	5	3	7

Note: These data include Federal, State, and local law enforcement officers accidentally killed while performing official duties in the United States, its territories, and abroad. American Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands are included. Data were revised by the Source and therefore will differ from previous editions of SOURCEBOOK.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted*, 1988, p. 47; 1990, p. 40; 1991, p. 57, FBI Uniform Crime Reports (Washington, DC: USGPO).

Table 4.10

Arrests in cities

By offense charged and sex, 1991

(7,088 agencies; 1991 estimated population 131,565,000)

Offense charged	Persons arrested						Percent distribution of offenses charged ^a		
	Total number	Male		Female			Total	Male	Female
		Number	Percent	Number	Percent				
Total	8,368,524	6,789,183	80.9 %	1,597,361	19.1 %		100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter	14,879	13,397	90.0	1,482	10.0	0.2	0.2	0.1	
Forcible rape	23,226	22,958	98.8	268	1.2	0.3	0.3	(b)	
Robbery	125,389	114,504	91.3	10,885	8.7	1.5	1.7	0.7	
Aggravated assault	292,495	251,174	85.9	41,321	14.1	3.5	3.7	2.8	
Burglary	248,952	225,832	90.7	23,120	9.3	3.0	3.3	1.4	
Larceny-theft	1,040,652	700,959	67.4	339,693	32.6	12.4	10.4	21.3	
Motor vehicle theft	131,318	118,155	90.0	13,163	10.0	1.6	1.7	0.8	
Arson	10,729	9,306	86.7	1,423	13.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Violent crime ^c	455,989	402,033	88.2	53,956	11.8	5.5	5.9	3.4	
Property crime ^d	1,431,651	1,064,252	73.6	377,399	26.4	17.1	15.6	23.6	
Total Crime Index ^e	1,887,640	1,456,285	77.1	431,355	22.9	22.6	21.5	27.0	
Other assaults	624,890	521,774	83.5	102,916	16.5	7.5	7.7	6.4	
Forgery and counterfeiting	57,693	37,624	65.2	20,069	34.8	0.7	0.8	1.3	
Fraud	181,894	110,258	60.6	71,636	39.4	2.2	1.6	4.5	
Embezzlement	7,881	4,736	60.1	3,145	39.9	0.1	0.1	0.2	
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	105,727	92,962	87.9	12,765	12.1	1.3	1.4	0.8	
Vandalism	203,229	180,784	89.0	22,445	11.0	2.4	2.7	1.4	
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	147,447	136,781	92.8	10,666	7.2	1.8	2.0	0.7	
Prostitution and commercialized vice	78,082	26,376	33.8	51,706	66.2	0.9	0.4	3.2	
Sex offenses (except forcible rape and prostitution)	60,955	56,054	92.0	4,901	8.0	0.7	0.8	0.3	
Drug abuse violations	626,106	523,036	83.5	103,070	16.5	7.5	7.7	6.5	
Gambling	11,183	9,871	88.3	1,312	11.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Offenses against family and children	39,704	29,846	75.2	9,858	24.8	0.5	0.4	0.6	
Driving under the influence	807,765	695,446	86.1	112,319	13.9	9.7	10.3	7.0	
Liquor laws	359,477	290,987	80.9	68,490	19.1	4.3	4.3	4.3	
Drunkenness	536,313	480,519	89.6	55,794	10.4	6.4	7.1	3.5	
Disorderly conduct	503,147	401,295	79.8	101,852	20.2	6.0	5.9	6.4	
Vagrancy	28,895	25,837	89.4	3,058	10.6	0.3	0.4	0.2	
All other offenses (except traffic)	1,908,170	1,580,705	82.8	327,465	17.2	22.8	23.4	20.5	
Suspicion	13,505	11,294	83.6	2,211	16.4	0.2	0.2	0.1	
Curfew and loitering law violations	70,023	51,284	73.2	18,739	26.8	0.8	0.8	1.2	
Runaways	106,998	45,409	42.4	61,589	57.6	1.3	0.7	3.9	

Note: See Note, table 4.1. This table presents data from all city law enforcement agencies submitting complete reports for 12 months in 1991 (Source, p. 381). Population figures represent U.S. Bureau of the Census July 1, 1991 estimates. For definitions of offenses and city areas, see Appendix 3.

^cViolent crimes are offenses of murder, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.

^dProperty crimes are offenses of burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, and arson.

^eIncludes arson.

^aBecause of rounding, percents may not add to total.

^bLess than one-tenth of 1 percent.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1991* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1992), p. 239. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.16

Arrest rates (per 100,000 inhabitants) for violent crimes

By offense charged and region, 1971-91

(Rate per 100,000 inhabitants)

Offense charged and region	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Murder and nonnegligent manslaughter																					
Northeast	7.1	6.8	7.0	8.5	6.9	6.3	5.9	7.4	5.6	6.3	6.3	7.1	6.6	6.1	6.1	6.3	6.5	6.6	6.9	6.8	7.7
Midwest	8.8	7.8	7.0	10.2	6.9	6.4	7.8	7.3	9.1	7.5	7.5	10.0	8.0	5.8	5.7	6.5	9.1	9.7	10.2	8.9	10.2
South	12.7	13.3	12.8	14.3	13.1	11.7	11.7	11.5	11.9	11.1	11.3	11.1	10.4	9.5	9.3	9.4	8.5	9.1	9.5	11.1	11.3
West	8.6	10.1	9.1	11.1	9.2	4.5	9.5	9.2	10.3	10.4	12.6	10.8	10.2	8.0	9.0	9.2	8.6	8.7	9.0	9.8	9.4
Forcible rape																					
Northeast	8.5	10.0	12.1	12.3	11.9	12.0	13.2	15.1	12.8	12.9	13.1	13.5	14.3	16.1	15.3	15.4	15.0	13.9	14.4	13.8	14.5
Midwest	9.6	10.1	9.4	11.1	9.2	9.8	11.6	10.9	11.9	12.1	12.4	15.2	14.6	15.1	15.6	14.9	16.4	15.3	16.2	15.7	17.2
South	12.2	13.7	13.5	15.2	14.0	13.7	14.5	14.2	15.2	14.8	14.6	15.6	15.4	16.3	16.3	16.3	15.2	15.5	15.2	17.3	16.7
West	13.1	16.4	15.5	15.8	14.4	13.8	14.8	14.8	17.8	17.1	16.1	16.0	15.7	15.2	15.4	15.7	15.2	15.3	15.2	16.2	15.3
Robbery																					
Northeast	83.4	82.2	84.8	87.2	91.2	84.6	83.7	110.7	79.4	91.9	96.6	102.0	101.7	103.4	96.2	105.0	103.1	99.7	116.4	117.8	120.7
Midwest	55.3	54.0	41.3	69.0	53.2	44.6	52.3	46.7	46.6	48.1	48.7	63.1	49.5	37.9	34.8	34.5	42.2	40.3	45.9	41.2	45.5
South	54.4	58.6	59.3	75.5	69.3	56.9	53.2	52.5	56.6	54.4	55.7	55.3	54.7	48.9	47.8	51.7	47.5	44.1	47.7	57.8	57.2
West	73.0	84.7	85.9	96.9	81.8	67.7	76.8	75.3	82.6	85.1	84.2	83.9	70.4	56.8	66.1	69.2	63.6	64.1	66.9	77.9	77.2
Aggravated assault																					
Northeast	81.2	83.7	96.5	106.6	109.1	106.3	117.3	149.2	114.3	118.1	115.2	129.6	127.7	139.4	136.1	154.1	161.1	171.5	182.2	182.7	186.3
Midwest	59.0	63.1	58.8	74.7	64.1	62.5	59.5	57.9	67.7	64.5	69.7	82.5	77.8	84.9	85.5	93.2	94.6	115.1	131.0	131.1	128.6
South	119.5	125.0	120.2	134.1	139.2	135.6	137.1	144.7	151.9	147.0	148.5	156.7	155.1	141.4	143.7	151.3	140.8	138.9	152.3	186.9	183.4
West	111.3	134.4	134.7	164.7	145.2	136.9	154.7	152.1	174.4	170.5	163.5	161.3	148.5	143.5	145.8	191.3	207.2	226.7	252.6	272.6	265.0

Note: See Note, table 4.1. The number of agencies reporting and the populations represented vary from year to year. Due to reporting problems, complete arrest data were not available for Kentucky in 1988, Florida in 1988 and 1989, Georgia and New Hampshire in 1990, and Florida and Iowa in 1991; therefore, these States were omitted by the Source. For a list of States in regions and definitions of offenses, see Appendix 3.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, 1971, p. 35; 1972, p. 35; 1973, p. 34; 1974, p. 45; 1975, p. 41; 1976, p. 172; 1977, p. 171; 1978, p. 185; 1979, p. 187; 1980, p. 190; 1981, p. 161; 1982, p. 166; 1983, p. 169; 1984, p. 162; 1985, p. 165; 1986, p. 165; 1987, p. 165; 1988, p. 169; 1989, p. 173; 1990, p. 175; 1991, p. 214 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 4.18

Arrest rates (per 100,000 inhabitants) for property crimes

By offense charged and region, 1971-91

(Rate per 100,000 inhabitants)

Offense charged and region	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	1987	1988	1989	1990	1991
Burglary																					
Northeast	173.7	184.0	189.8	207.9	222.0	232.9	243.8	259.6	221.0	228.1	213.4	199.5	177.9	159.8	156.7	151.1	151.7	145.2	153.8	145.1	142.0
Midwest	170.7	157.9	154.3	213.5	186.5	170.2	178.8	188.7	183.2	167.2	172.5	188.8	186.2	139.3	133.0	129.8	138.5	131.3	135.5	121.4	127.8
South	204.8	200.3	193.9	269.5	271.0	241.5	233.8	231.5	237.9	239.0	235.0	234.5	209.7	194.3	197.8	208.7	204.9	182.7	181.9	192.9	182.7
West	295.2	308.7	314.2	361.5	344.3	307.2	320.8	304.5	315.8	303.5	306.9	304.9	275.9	247.9	258.7	253.9	235.8	234.9	239.8	229.0	223.9
Larceny-theft																					
Northeast	302.1	281.8	280.8	398.0	393.7	423.8	452.0	475.7	447.4	483.5	474.2	492.4	475.8	486.2	477.9	478.5	514.9	511.8	527.1	533.3	536.0
Midwest	455.8	447.2	424.8	586.0	528.8	491.9	507.9	485.9	499.5	535.1	558.2	661.8	593.9	545.8	549.5	563.4	622.7	625.8	650.2	626.9	660.4
South	445.2	431.0	425.7	542.5	571.7	550.4	521.3	515.9	537.9	518.3	541.7	590.4	568.4	549.9	572.2	590.7	602.1	579.3	599.4	647.0	650.0
West	572.1	593.5	572.6	680.9	658.1	682.3	658.1	646.2	697.5	674.8	685.9	735.4	703.1	692.6	723.5	738.4	739.2	730.6	729.0	729.0	693.8
Motor vehicle theft																					
Northeast	72.1	66.8	77.1	87.3	83.1	85.9	86.4	77.9	80.8	80.1	85.2	57.8	49.5	50.0	47.7	54.8	67.3	77.1	90.7	79.7	78.8
Midwest	69.5	61.2	58.9	82.3	49.9	46.4	57.7	55.4	52.2	48.0	42.8	49.4	41.7	38.3	38.4	43.4	50.3	60.8	73.1	58.3	58.0
South	87.5	82.3	80.8	66.7	58.8	51.1	53.8	57.5	58.1	50.2	47.8	47.6	48.0	49.5	53.0	60.0	66.3	64.7	73.1	81.0	78.2
West	151.2	137.4	128.0	139.9	112.2	115.0	125.4	124.0	129.2	107.4	93.9	83.7	78.1	71.2	60.9	101.7	109.2	124.4	134.2	128.5	122.4
Anson																					
Northeast	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	9.9	9.8	9.2	8.0	8.5	8.0	8.8	8.0	7.8	7.6	7.2	7.1
Midwest	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	8.1	8.3	8.6	11.5	9.1	8.0	7.9	7.7	7.7	8.2	7.6	7.7
South	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	7.9	8.1	8.5	7.5	7.8	7.1	7.2	7.1	6.4	6.9	6.7	7.4
West	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	11.2	9.8	10.5	9.9	9.3	10.2	9.9	8.8	8.6	8.2	7.9	8.4

Note: See Notes, tables 4.1 and 4.16. Anson was designated an Index property crime in October 1978. Data collection began in 1979. The number of agencies reporting and the populations represented vary from year to year. For a list of States in regions and definitions of offenses, see Appendix 3.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States*, 1971, p. 35; 1972, p. 35; 1973, p. 34; 1974, p. 45; 1975, p. 41; 1976, p. 172; 1977, p. 171; 1978, p. 185; 1979, p. 187; 1980, p. 190; 1981, p. 181; 1982, p. 186; 1983, p. 169; 1984, p. 182; 1985, p. 185; 1986, p. 185; 1987, p. 185; 1988, p. 180; 1989, p. 173; 1990, p. 175; 1991, p. 214 (Washington, DC: USGPO). Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 5.83

Executive clemency applications for Federal offenses received, disposed of, and pending in the Office of the U.S. Pardon Attorney

Fiscal years 1953-82

Fiscal year	Received	Granted		Denied	Pending
		Pardons	Commutations		
1953	599	97	8	355	681
1954	481	55	7	348	732
1955	962	59	4	684	647
1956	585	192	9	568	483
1957	585	232	4	443	399
1958	408	98	6	302	399
1959	434	117	2	288	398
1960	437	149	5	244	437
1961	481	228	18	268	408
1962	595	188	16	315	506
1963	592	133	45	233	687
1964	921	314	74	437	783
1965	1,008	195	80	589	947
1966	885	364	81	728	641
1967	883	222	23	520	739
1968	749	13	3	415	1,067
1969	724	0	0	505	1,278
1970	459	82	14	688	941
1971	454	157	16	648	574
1972	514	235	20	410	425
1973	485	202	5	341	382
1974	428	187	8	337	256
1975	613	147	9	328	385
1976	804	78	11	244	858
1977	722	129	8	300	863
1978	641	182	3	836	508
1979	710	143	10	448	617
1980	523	155	11	500	474
1981	548	78	7	260	670
1982	482	83	3	547	508
1983	447	91	2	306	556
1984	447	37	5	328	635
1985	407	32	3	279	728
1986	382	55	0	290	745
1987	410	23	0	311	821
1988	384	38	0	497	673
1989	373	41	1	392	612
1990	354	0	0	116	681
1991	318	29	0	588	289
1992	379	0	0	192	476

Note: Article II, Section 2 of the U.S. Constitution authorizes the President to grant executive clemency for Federal offenses. The U.S. Pardon Attorney, in consultation with the Deputy Attorney General, receives and reviews all petitions for executive clemency, initiates the necessary investigations, and prepares the recommendations of the Deputy Attorney General to the President (Source, 1990, p. 35). Clemency may be a reprieve, remission of fine, commutation, or pardon. A "pardon," which is generally considered only after sentence completion, restores basic civil rights and may aid in the reinstatement of professional or trade licenses that may have been lost as a result of the conviction. A "commutation" is a reduction of sentence. Petitions denied also include those that are closed administratively. The figures presented in this table do not include clemency actions on draft resisters, or military deserters and absentees during the Vietnam era.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of the Attorney General, *The Annual Report of the Attorney General of the United States 1978*, p. 31; 1990, p. 35 (Washington, DC: USGPO); and data provided to SOURCEBOOK staff by the U.S. Department of Justice, Office of the Pardon Attorney. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Death
Penalty

Table 6.123

Deaths among sentenced prisoners under the jurisdiction of State correctional authorities

By cause of death, sex, region, and State, 1991

Region and State	Total		Illness or natural cause		AIDS		Suicide		Accidental self-injury, male ^a	Execution, male ^a	Caused by another, male ^a	Unspecified cause	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female				Male	Female
United States, total	1,802	54	787	26	508	14	88	1	35	17	55	314	13
State institutions, total	1,802	54	787	26	508	14	88	1	35	17	55	314	13
Northeast	594	18	185	4	304	11	13	0	10	0	16	86	3
Connecticut ^b	72	3	NA	NA	11	0	NA	NA	NA	0	NA	81	3
Maine	4	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	1	0	0
Massachusetts ^c	27	0	14	0	8	0	3	0	1	X	1	0	0
New Hampshire	6	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
New Jersey	94	2	27	2	66	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
New York	306	12	82	1	199	11	6	0	7	X	11	1	0
Pennsylvania	82	1	54	1	19	0	3	0	2	0	1	3	0
Rhode Island ^b	3	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	X	0	1	0
Vermont ^b	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
Midwest	231	5	171	5	20	0	19	0	3	3	9	6	0
Illinois ^c	54	1	34	1	10	0	2	0	1	0	5	2	0
Indiana ^c	27	0	20	0	5	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iowa ^c	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	0	2	0
Kansas	10	0	2	0	2	0	3	0	1	X	1	1	0
Michigan ^c	55	1	49	1	X	X	3	0	0	X	2	1	0
Minnesota	10	0	6	0	0	0	2	0	1	X	1	0	0
Missouri	20	0	14	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	0
Nebraska	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
North Dakota	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
Ohio	38	3	33	3	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
South Dakota	7	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wisconsin	5	0	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
South	743	25	302	13	138	2	24	1	19	14	14	232	9
Alabama	48	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	48	4
Arkansas	21	1	15	1	1	0	2	0	2	0	1	0	0
Delaware ^b	6	0	4	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
District of Columbia ^b	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	X	NA	0	0
Florida ^c	124	2	62	1	50	1	3	0	4	3	2	0	0
Georgia ^c	59	3	38	3	13	0	2	0	1	1	0	4	0
Kentucky	22	0	16	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	0
Louisiana	34	1	NA	NA	0	0	NA	NA	NA	1	NA	33	1
Maryland	40	2	22	1	13	1	3	0	2	0	0	0	0
Mississippi	15	1	11	0	1	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	0
North Carolina	44	2	23	2	14	0	2	0	1	1	2	1	0
Oklahoma	30	2	21	2	3	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	0
South Carolina	48	1	27	1	12	0	2	0	5	1	1	0	0
Tennessee	36	1	28	1	1	0	4	0	0	0	3	0	0
Texas ^c	111	0	NA	NA	18	0	NA	NA	NA	5	NA	88	0
Virginia	101	5	31	1	8	0	1	0	1	2	1	57	4
West Virginia	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
West	234	6	129	4	44	1	32	0	3	0	16	10	1
Alaska ^b	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	X	0	0	0
Arizona ^c	32	2	16	2	4	0	3	0	2	0	4	3	0
California ^c	132	3	76	2	37	1	15	0	0	0	4	0	0
Colorado	10	0	3	0	1	0	4	0	1	0	1	0	0
Hawaii ^b	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	X	0	0	0
Idaho	7	0	4	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Montana	8	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	5	0	0
Nevada	9	0	6	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0
New Mexico	4	1	NA	NA	0	0	NA	NA	NA	0	NA	4	1
Oregon	15	0	12	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0
Utah	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
Washington	9	0	7	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wyoming ^c	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Note: See Note, figure 6.1. Data for the Federal jurisdiction were unavailable for 1991. For information on methodology, definitions of terms, and jurisdictional explanatory notes, see Appendix 21.

^aThere were no female deaths due to accidental self-injury, execution, or caused by another during 1991.

^bFigures include both jail and prison inmates; jails and prisons are combined in one system.

^cAll data for Arizona, California, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Massachusetts, Michigan, Texas, and Wyoming are custody, rather than jurisdiction counts.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Correctional Populations in the United States, 1991*, NCJ-142729 (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1993), Table 5.17.

Table 8.128

Prisoners under sentence of death

By race, ethnicity, and jurisdiction, on Apr. 20, 1993

Jurisdiction	Total	Race, ethnicity					
		White	Black	Hispanic	Native American	Asian	Unknown
United States	2,737	1,385	1,075	193	49	20	15
Federal statutes	4	1	3	0	0	0	0
U.S. military	6	1	4	0	0	0	1
Alabama	117	61 ^{a,b}	54 ^{a,c}	1	0	1	0
Arizona	111	75 ^{d,e}	12 ^f	19 ^g	4	0	1
Arkansas	33	21	10 ^h	1	1 ^g	0	0
California	356	160 ^{a,g}	128	47 ^d	13	6	2
Colorado	3	2	0	1	0	0	0
Connecticut	4	2	2	0	0	0	0
Delaware	11	3	8	0	0	0	0
Florida	317	173 ^{i,h,i}	108 ^{c,d}	33 ^d	1	1	1
Georgia	107	58 ^c	49 ^j	0	0	0	0
Idaho	23	22	0	1	0	0	0
Illinois	153	49 ^d	94 ^{a,e}	8	0	0	2
Indiana	55	34 ^e	20 ^{e,k}	1	0	0	0
Kentucky	29	23 ^d	6 ^c	0	0	0	0
Louisiana	41	13	28	2	0	0	0
Maryland	16	3	11	0	0	0	2
Mississippi	52	21 ^{c,d,e}	31 ^l	0	0	0	0
Missouri	87	48 ^{c,h}	38 ^e	1 ^d	1	1	0
Montana	8	6	0	0	2	0	0
Nebraska	11	7	3	0	1	0	0
Nevada	61	32	20 ^{d,e}	7	0	0	2
New Hampshire	0	X	X	X	X	X	X
New Jersey	7	3 ^e	4	0	0	0	0
New Mexico	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
North Carolina	111	58 ^l	45 ^d	1	4	1	2
Ohio	127	57	65 ^h	3	2	0	0
Oklahoma	124	76 ^{e,h,j}	30 ^d	2	14 ^e	1	1
Oregon	13	12 ^e	0	1	0	0	0
Pennsylvania	152	55	92 ^{a,e,j}	3	0	2	0
South Carolina	48	25	21	0	0	0	0
South Dakota	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Tennessee	105	71 ^d	30 ^e	1	2	1	0
Texas	376	169 ^{c,e,h}	136 ^{d,f,m}	59 ^b	4	5	1
Utah	10	7	2	1	0	0	0
Virginia	48	27 ^c	21 ^c	0	0	0	0
Washington	11	8 ^c	2	0	0	1	0
Wyoming	0	X	X	X	X	X	X

Note: The NAACP Legal Defense and Educational Fund, Inc. periodically collects data on persons on death row. As of Apr. 20, 1993, 36 jurisdictions, the Federal Government, and the United States military had capital punishment laws; and 34 jurisdictions, the Federal Government, and the United States military had at least 1 prisoner under sentence of death. Between Jan. 1, 1973 and Apr. 20, 1993, an estimated 1,288 convictions or sentences have been reversed or vacated on grounds other than constitutional. Between Jan. 1, 1973 and May 30, 1990, an estimated 558 death sentences have been vacated as unconstitutional.

^aIncludes two females.

^bIncludes three males who were juveniles at the time of their offenses.

^cIncludes one male who was a juvenile at the time of his offense.

^dIncludes one female.

^eIncludes one male sentenced to death in the State but serving another sentence in another State.

^fIncludes two males sentenced to death in the State but serving another sentence in another State.

^gIncludes three males sentenced to death in the State but serving another sentence in another State.

^hIncludes three females.

ⁱIncludes five males who were juveniles at the time of their offenses.

^jIncludes two males who were juveniles at the time of their offenses.

^kIncludes one female sentenced to death in the State but serving another sentence in another State.

^lIncludes five females.

^mIncludes four males who were juveniles at the time of their offenses.

Source: Table constructed by SOURCEBOOK staff from data provided by the NAACP Legal Defense and Educational Fund, Inc.

Table 6.133

Movement of prisoners under sentence of death

By race, ethnicity, region, and jurisdiction, United States, 1991

(- represents zero)

Region and jurisdiction	White				Black				Under sentence of death on 12/31/91
	Under sentence of death on 12/31/90	Received from court	Other than execution ^c	Executions	Under sentence of death on 12/31/90	Received from court	Other than execution ^c	Executions	
United States	1,368	183	80	7	1,484	940	101	52	7
Federal	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
State	1,368	182	80	7	1,483	940	101	52	7
Northeast	53	8	2	-	57	80	14	8	-
Connecticut	2	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	-
New Hampshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
New Jersey	4	-	2	-	2	8	-	4	-
Pennsylvania	47	6	-	-	53	74	12	4	-
Vermont	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Midwest	169	21	5	-	185	191	18	12	1
Illinois	47	1	-	-	48	81	6	3	-
Indiana	32	2	1	-	33	18	1	1	-
Missouri	39	9	3	-	45	32	4	3	1
Nebraska	7	1	-	-	8	3	-	-	-
Ohio	44	8	1	-	51	58	5	5	-
South Dakota	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
South	801	104	40	7	858	540	53	31	6
Alabama	58	4	2	-	60	58	2	2	-
Arkansas	21	1	-	-	22	12	1	1	-
Delaware	2	1	-	-	3	4	-	-	-
Florida	188	29	12	1	204	103	18	11	1
Georgia	53	2	1	-	54	48	5	3	1
Kentucky	21	3	-	-	24	6	-	-	-
Louisiana	14	3	-	-	17	18	4	1	1
Maryland	2	1	2	-	1	15	-	-	-
Mississippi	18	3	-	-	21	28	2	-	-
North Carolina	45	10	13	1	41	35	7	11	-
Oklahoma	80	8	3	-	83	28	5	1	-
South Carolina	17	7	2	1	21	23	1	-	-
Tennessee	57	10	-	-	67	26	2	-	-
Texas	201	19	3	3	214	117	7	1	2
Virginia	24	5	2	1	28	21	1	-	1
West	345	31	13	-	383	129	18	1	-
Arizona	77	11	3	-	85	7	2	-	-
California	173	11	2	-	182	99	13	-	-
Colorado	3	1	1	-	3	-	-	-	-
Idaho	19	2	-	-	21	-	-	-	-
Montana	4	-	-	-	4	-	-	-	-
Nevada	42	2	3	-	41	17	2	-	-
New Mexico	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Oregon	8	3	3	-	8	2	-	1	-
Utah	8	1	-	-	9	3	-	-	-
Washington	8	-	-	-	8	1	1	-	-
Wyoming	2	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-

Note: See Note, table 6.127. For information on methodology, definitions of terms, and jurisdictional explanatory notes, see Appendix 21.

^aOne American Indian and one Asian were received from court. Two American Indians and two Asians had their death sentences removed. Twenty-three American Indians and 13 Asians were under a death sentence at yearend.

^bHispanics may be of any race. This category does not figure into the total of all prisoners under sentence of death presented in tables 6.127, 6.128, and 6.132.

^cDispositions of death sentences other than by execution include dismissal of indictment, reversal of judgment, commutations, resentencing, order of a new trial, and death.

^dTwo American Indian prisoners in North Carolina had their sentences overturned by an appellate court and were awaiting resentencing. An Asian prisoner in California died of natural causes. An Asian prisoner in Washington had his sentence overturned by an appellate court and was resentenced to life imprisonment.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Correctional Populations in the United States, 1991*, NCJ-142729 (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1993), Tables 7.2 and 7.4. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

[illegible]

Table 6.138

Prisoners executed

By jurisdiction, 1930-Dec. 31, 1991 (aggregate)

State or jurisdiction	Number executed	
	Since 1930	Since 1977 ^a
United States, total	4,018	157
Georgia	381	15
Texas	330	42
New York ^b	320	0
California	292	0
North Carolina	287	4
Florida	197	27
Ohio	172	0
South Carolina	166	4
Mississippi	158	4
Louisiana	153	20
Pennsylvania	152	0
Alabama	143	8
Arkansas	120	2
Virginia	105	13
Kentucky	103	0
Tennessee	93	0
Illinois	91	1
New Jersey	74	0
Maryland	68	0
Missouri	68	6
Oklahoma	61	1
Washington	47	0
Colorado	47	0
Indiana	43	2
West Virginia ^b	40	0
District of Columbia ^b	40	0
Arizona	38	0
Nevada	34	5
Federal system	33	0
Massachusetts ^b	27	0
Connecticut	21	0
Oregon	19	0
Iowa ^b	18	0
Utah	16	3
Kansas ^b	15	0
Delaware	12	0
New Mexico	8	0
Wyoming	7	0
Montana	6	0
Vermont ^b	4	0
Nebraska	4	0
Idaho	3	0
South Dakota	1	0
New Hampshire	1	0
Wisconsin ^b	0	0
Rhode Island ^b	0	0
North Dakota ^b	0	0
Minnesota ^b	0	0
Michigan ^b	0	0
Maine ^b	0	0
Hawaii ^b	0	0
Alaska ^b	0	0

Note: See Note, table 6.127.

^aThe Supreme Court reinstated the death penalty in 1976.

^bState not authorizing the death penalty as of Dec. 31, 1991.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Capital Punishment 1991*, Bulletin NCJ-136946 (Washington, DC: U.S. Department of Justice, October 1992), p. 12, Table 10. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff.

Table 1.61

Full-time paid personnel of police departments in cities of 10,000 persons and overBy population group, geographic division, and metro status, United States, 1991^a

	Number of cities reporting	Mean number of police personnel	Rate of police personnel per 1,000 population
Total, all cities	1,451	134	2.65
Population group			
Over 1,000,000	4	6,690	4.01
500,000 to 1,000,000	13	2,070	3.01
250,000 to 499,999	26	1,001	2.90
100,000 to 249,999	83	361	2.43
50,000 to 99,999	175	161	2.37
25,000 to 49,999	350	80	2.29
10,000 to 24,999	800	36	2.32
Geographic division			
England	124	74	2.49
Mid-Atlantic	167	126	2.98
East North Central	289	141	2.78
West North Central	148	69	1.97
South Atlantic	199	170	3.47
East South Central	69	151	2.63
South Central	171	132	2.30
Mountain	88	171	2.59
Pacific Coast	196	164	2.32
Metro status			
Central	320	410	2.89
Suburban	789	61	2.24
Independent	342	45	2.33

Note: These data were collected in a mail survey conducted by the International City/County Management Association in January 1991. Of the 2,772 cities surveyed, 1,521 (54.9 percent) provided the information requested concerning their police departments. The term "cities" refers to cities, villages, towns, townships, and boroughs. For definitions of terms, a list of States in regions, and detail of survey response rates, see Appendix 2.

^aIncludes uniformed and civilian non-uniformed personnel.

Source: Thomas Gardner and Drew Wallner, "Police, Fire, and Refuse Collection Personnel and Expenditures--1991," *The Municipal Year Book 1992* (Washington, DC: International City/County Management Association, 1992), p. 111, Table 3/2. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Table 1.62

Mean and per capita police department personnel expenditures in cities of 10,000 persons and overBy population group, geographic division, and metro status, United States, 1991^a

	Number of cities reporting	Mean expenditure (in thousands)	Per capita expenditure
Total, all cities	1,276	\$4,825	\$91.45
Population group			
Over 1,000,000	4	262,476	157.38
500,000 to 1,000,000	13	76,174	111.01
250,000 to 499,999	23	31,937	95.10
100,000 to 249,999	77	12,252	82.85
50,000 to 99,999	159	5,456	79.92
25,000 to 49,999	312	2,564	73.59
10,000 to 24,999	688	1,121	70.80
Geographic division			
New England	80	2,878	94.10
Mid-Atlantic	138	5,281	113.27
East North Central	253	5,510	102.91
West North Central	142	2,217	61.13
South Atlantic	181	5,176	102.99
East South Central	61	3,655	69.34
West South Central	158	3,730	65.35
Mountain	82	5,524	83.46
Pacific Coast	181	7,111	99.08
Metro status			
Central	296	14,526	100.63
Suburban	670	2,253	81.13
Independent	310	1,122	58.10

Note: See Note, table 1.61. For definitions of terms, a list of States in regions, and detail of survey response rates, see Appendix 2.

^aPersonnel expenditures include salaries and wages for all department personnel (uniformed and non-uniformed) and contributions for employee benefits.

Source: Thomas Gardner and Drew Wallner, "Police, Fire, and Refuse Collection Personnel and Expenditures--1991," *The Municipal Year Book 1992* (Washington, DC: International City/County Management Association, 1992), p. 118, Table 3/15. Table adapted by SOURCEBOOK staff. Reprinted by permission.

Table 1.63

Number and rate (per 1,000 inhabitants) of full-time law enforcement employees^a

By geographic division and size of place, on Oct. 31, 1990

(1990 population)

Geographic region and division	Total (9,507 cities; population 156,000,000)	Population group					
		Group I (62 cities, 250,000 and over; population 43,660,000)	Group II (127 cities, 100,000 to 249,999; population 18,633,000)	Group III (321 cities, 50,000 to 99,999; population 21,936,000)	Group IV (661 cities, 25,000 to 49,999; population 22,848,000)	Group V (1,614 cities, 10,000 to 24,999; population 25,396,000)	Group VI (6,722 cities under 10,000; population 23,526,000)
Total: 9,507 cities; population 156,000,000:							
Number of employees	438,799	161,127	45,542	49,432	50,440	57,157	75,101
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	2.8	3.7	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.3	3.2
Northeast: 2,464 cities; population 40,464,000:							
Number of employees	121,037	50,232	8,259	12,900	15,498	17,988	16,160
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	3.0	4.8	3.3	2.4	2.3	2.1	2.3
New England: 663 cities; population 11,073,000:							
Number of employees	28,058	2,662	3,553	5,674	5,580	6,103	4,486
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	2.5	4.6	3.4	2.4	2.2	2.1	2.6
Middle Atlantic: 1,801 cities; population 29,391,000:							
Number of employees	92,979	47,570	4,706	7,226	9,918	11,885	11,674
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	3.2	4.8	3.2	2.4	2.4	2.1	2.2
Midwest: 2,566 cities; population 38,970,000:							
Number of employees	101,004	36,506	7,981	10,812	12,223	16,011	17,471
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	2.6	4.1	2.2	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.7
East North Central: 1,782 cities; population 28,337,000:							
Number of employees	76,786	29,553	5,442	8,611	9,419	11,659	12,102
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	2.7	4.4	2.3	2.1	1.9	2.1	2.7
West North Central: 784 cities; population 10,634,000:							
Number of employees	24,218	6,953	2,539	2,201	2,804	4,352	5,369
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	2.3	3.3	2.1	1.6	1.7	2.0	2.5
South: 3,240 cities; population 42,754,000:							
Number of employees	133,895	40,442	17,339	14,144	13,468	17,651	30,851
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	3.1	3.4	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.7	4.1
South Atlantic: 1,548 cities; population 17,913,000:							
Number of employees	66,435	18,081	9,329	8,092	7,323	8,034	15,576
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	3.7	4.5	3.0	3.3	3.0	3.2	4.8
East South Central: 712 cities; population 7,647,000:							
Number of employees	21,903	4,858	3,331	800	2,685	3,976	6,253
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	2.9	3.0	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.6	3.5
West South Central: 980 cities; population 17,195,000:							
Number of employees	45,557	17,503	4,679	5,252	3,460	5,641	9,022
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	2.6	2.8	2.2	2.3	2.1	2.3	3.8
West: 1,237 cities; population 33,812,000:							
Number of employees	82,863	33,947	11,963	11,576	9,251	5,507	10,619
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	2.5	2.8	2.0	1.9	2.1	2.2	4.1
Mountain: 511 cities; population 9,268,000:							
Number of employees	23,472	9,378	2,783	2,748	2,324	1,978	4,261
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	2.5	2.7	2.3	1.8	2.2	2.3	3.6
Pacific: 726 cities; population 24,544,000:							
Number of employees	59,391	24,569	9,180	8,828	6,927	3,529	6,358
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	2.4	2.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	2.2	4.6
Suburban: ^b 5,663 agencies; population 95,169,000:							
Number of employees	281,430	X	X	X	X	X	X
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	3.0	X	X	X	X	X	X
County: 2,894 agencies; population 77,212,000:							
Number of employees	275,461	X	X	X	X	X	X
Average number of employees per 1,000 inhabitants	3.6	X	X	X	X	X	X

Note: These data are collected annually by the FBI Uniform Crime Reporting Program. "Full-time law enforcement employees" includes both law enforcement officers and civilian employees. Police officers include all "full-time, sworn personnel with full arrest powers." This excludes persons performing guard or protection duties (e.g., school crossing guards) who are not paid from police funds. "Civilian employees include persons such as clerks, radio dispatchers, meter attendants, stenographers, and mechanics." Persons not paid from police funds are excluded. Employees on leave with pay are also excluded. (U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1984), pp. 71, 72.) These data are for employees who were on the payroll on

Oct. 31, 1990. Population figures represent U.S. Bureau of the Census 1990 decennial census counts. For a list of States in geographic divisions, see Appendix 3.

^aIncludes civilians.

^bIncludes suburban city and county law enforcement agencies within metropolitan areas. Excludes central cities. Suburban cities and counties are also included in other groups.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States, 1990* (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1991), p. 238.

Table 1.6

Direct current expenditures for State judicial activitiesBy type of court and State, fiscal year 1990^a

(Dollar amounts in thousands. - represents zero or rounds to zero.)

State ^b	Total direct current expenditure	Appellate courts			Courts of general jurisdiction	Courts of limited jurisdiction	Miscellaneous
		Total	Courts of last resort	Intermediate appellate courts			
Total	\$3,074,839	\$422,551	\$165,186	\$257,365	\$1,514,214	\$665,015	\$473,059
Alabama	57,427	5,960	3,521	2,439	48,523	-	2,944
Alaska	30,651	2,242	2,242	-	23,022	-	5,387
Arizona	18,590	9,466	3,841	5,625	5,643	-	3,481
Arkansas	11,746	2,894	1,652	1,242	7,875	-	977
California	142,347	56,345	7,907	48,438	64,300	-	21,702
Colorado	61,774	5,013	1,896	3,117	27,455	20,712	8,594
Connecticut	98,137	3,782	1,382	2,400	39,050	4,867	50,438
Delaware	29,685	1,336	1,336	-	8,072	15,808	4,469
Florida	113,434	23,868	7,504	16,364	50,134	21,867	17,565
Georgia	27,965	7,288	3,483	3,805	17,320	-	3,357
Hawaii	54,356	2,596	1,906	690	21,658	17,696	12,406
Idaho	13,305	1,748	1,167	581	8,664	1,849	1,044
Illinois	117,895	30,490	12,686	17,804	60,566	808	26,031
Indiana	21,341	6,183	3,357	2,826	14,400	-	758
Iowa	49,643	2,295	1,529	766	38,213	981	8,154
Kansas	41,063	3,462	1,085	2,377	35,025	-	2,576
Kentucky	63,607	5,583	1,938	3,645	39,747	9,651	8,626
Louisiana	36,932	15,505	2,516	12,989	18,414	1,498	1,515
Maine	21,690	1,314	1,314	-	6,302	9,022	5,052
Maryland	100,038	5,417	1,937	3,480	37,966	47,491	9,164
Massachusetts	187,955	9,951	6,605	3,346	170,526	-	7,478
Michigan	106,380	19,702	6,945	12,757	42,047	32,085	12,546
Minnesota	33,903	12,258	8,580	3,678	20,153	-	1,492
Mississippi	9,527	3,098	3,098	-	5,985	-	444
Missouri	67,586	9,201	2,888	6,313	55,723	-	2,662
Montana	4,542	1,307	1,307	-	2,034	-	1,201
Nebraska	17,829	535	535	-	4,608	10,150	2,536
Nevada	6,421	2,295	2,295	-	2,417	-	1,709
New Hampshire	26,601	1,201	1,201	-	9,724	14,164	1,512
New Jersey	90,710	13,171	3,396	9,775	43,950	-	33,589
New Mexico	29,962	2,472	1,015	1,457	13,299	8,951	5,240
New York	714,361	38,592	8,082	30,510	283,190	281,035	111,544
North Carolina	99,638	4,748	2,089	2,659	60,007	25,321	9,562
North Dakota	7,713	1,784	1,784	-	5,603	-	326
Ohio	40,950	10,602	751	9,851	17,468	7,590	5,290
Oklahoma	25,746	7,463	5,504	1,959	17,996	-	287
Oregon	49,821	2,703	1,012	1,691	17,176	19,568	10,374
Pennsylvania	81,628	20,263	7,821	12,442	29,439	23,492	8,434
Rhode Island	31,206	7,438	7,438	-	6,363	11,547	5,858
South Carolina	17,744	4,383	2,540	1,843	5,120	6,073	2,168
South Dakota	9,553	940	940	-	7,851	-	762
Tennessee	20,078	4,027	1,343	2,684	10,853	-	5,198
Texas	52,563	20,355	5,227	15,128	30,055	-	2,153
Utah	30,350	2,348	1,250	1,098	14,637	3,930	9,435
Vermont	13,738	783	783	-	3,000	8,346	1,609
Virginia	92,783	9,416	6,856	2,560	20,028	49,363	13,976
Washington	29,802	9,226	3,425	5,801	6,175	-	14,401
West Virginia	21,734	2,943	2,943	-	8,587	8,035	2,169
Wisconsin	34,306	5,180	1,955	3,225	24,512	-	4,614
Wyoming	8,083	1,379	1,379	-	3,339	3,115	250

Note: See Note, table 1.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 1.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Justice Expenditure and Employment in the U.S., 1990*, NCJ-137754 (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1992), Table 27.^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.^bData are based on a field compilation from records of each State government.

Table 1.7

Direct expenditures for State and local corrections activitiesBy type of activity and level of government, fiscal year 1990^a

(Dollar amounts in thousands. - represents zero or rounds to zero.)

State and level of government ^c	Total corrections direct expenditure	Percent of total justice system direct expenditure	Institutions		Probation, pardon, and parole		Other ^d	
			Amount	Percent of total corrections direct expenditure	Amount	Percent of total corrections direct expenditure	Amount	Percent of total corrections direct expenditure
States-local, total	\$23,504,200	36.2 %	\$19,954,487	84.9 %	\$2,584,648	11.0 %	\$965,068	4.1 %
States	15,364,609	60.5	12,928,990	84.1	1,470,551	9.6	965,068	6.3
Local, total	8,139,592	20.6	7,025,497	86.3	1,114,095	13.7	X	X
Counties	5,901,893	33.8	4,935,745	83.6	966,149	16.4	X	X
Municipalities	2,237,700	10.1	2,089,753	93.4	147,947	6.6	X	X
Alabama	196,906	30.6	162,954	82.8	21,560	10.9	12,392	6.3
State	141,392	46.4	118,237	83.6	10,763	7.6	12,392	8.8
Local, total	55,514	16.4	44,717	80.6	10,797	19.4	X	X
Counties	46,568	36.8	36,177	77.7	10,391	22.3	X	X
Municipalities	8,945	4.2	8,540	95.5	406	4.5	X	X
Alaska	95,279	28.5	83,834	88.0	7,726	8.1	3,719	3.9
State	93,667	36.8	82,222	87.8	7,726	8.2	3,719	4.0
Local, total	1,612	2.0	1,612	100.0	-	-	X	X
Boroughs	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
Municipalities	1,612	2.2	1,612	100.0	-	-	X	X
Arizona	420,139	35.9	331,299	78.9	70,685	16.8	18,155	4.3
State	274,852	65.1	233,369	84.9	23,328	8.5	18,155	6.6
Local, total	145,287	19.4	97,930	67.4	47,357	32.6	X	X
Counties	144,965	36.7	97,816	67.5	47,149	32.5	X	X
Municipalities	322	0.1	114	35.4	208	64.6	X	X
Arkansas	90,162	33.3	78,937	87.6	5,688	6.3	5,537	6.1
State	68,866	56.3	60,050	87.2	3,279	4.8	5,537	8.0
Local, total	21,296	14.3	18,887	88.7	2,409	11.3	X	X
Counties	17,949	29.0	15,706	87.5	2,243	12.5	X	X
Municipalities	3,347	3.9	3,180	95.0	166	5.0	X	X
California	4,265,013	38.1	3,597,408	84.3	531,021	12.5	136,584	3.2
State	2,647,705	72.4	2,319,392	87.6	191,729	7.2	136,584	5.2
Local, total	1,617,308	21.5	1,278,016	79.0	339,292	21.0	X	X
Counties	1,553,030	33.1	1,227,278	79.0	325,751	21.0	X	X
Municipalities	64,279	2.3	50,738	78.9	13,541	21.1	X	X
Colorado	278,198	34.7	246,446	88.6	22,565	8.1	9,186	3.3
State	193,158	58.4	163,620	84.7	20,352	10.5	9,186	4.8
Local, total	85,040	18.1	82,826	97.4	2,213	2.6	X	X
Counties	58,092	36.6	57,791	99.5	301	0.5	X	X
Municipalities	26,947	8.6	25,035	92.9	1,913	7.1	X	X
Connecticut	348,506	35.8	291,754	83.7	48,082	13.8	8,670	2.5
State	348,499	56.4	291,754	83.7	48,075	13.8	8,670	2.5
Local, total	7	-	-	-	7	100.0	X	X
Municipalities	7	-	-	-	7	100.0	X	X
Delaware	65,977	32.7	40,708	61.7	4,069	6.2	21,200	32.1
State	65,977	45.1	40,708	61.7	4,069	6.2	21,200	32.1
Local, total	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
Counties	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
Municipalities	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
District of Columbia	380,614	52.4	361,157	94.9	19,457	5.1	-	-
Local, total	380,614	52.4	361,157	94.9	19,457	5.1	X	X
Municipality	380,614	52.4	361,157	94.9	19,457	5.1	X	X
Florida	1,399,525	37.5	1,227,330	87.7	122,002	8.7	50,192	3.6
State	875,790	62.1	709,802	81.0	115,796	13.2	50,192	5.7
Local, total	523,735	22.6	517,528	98.8	6,206	1.2	X	X
Counties	464,112	32.2	457,905	98.7	6,206	1.3	X	X
Municipalities	59,623	6.8	59,623	100.0	-	-	X	X
Georgia	681,994	44.1	537,206	78.8	98,080	14.4	46,708	6.8
State	523,032	75.4	383,940	73.4	92,384	17.7	46,708	8.9
Local, total	158,962	18.6	153,266	96.4	5,696	3.6	X	X
Counties	141,872	25.7	136,315	96.1	5,557	3.9	X	X
Municipalities	17,090	5.7	16,951	99.2	138	0.8	X	X

See notes at end of table.

Table 1.7

Direct expenditures for State and local corrections activitiesBy type of activity and level of government, fiscal year 1990^a--Continued

(Dollar amounts in thousands. - represents zero or rounds to zero.)

State and level of government ^c	Total corrections direct expenditure	Percent of total justice system direct expenditure	Institutions		Probation, pardon, and parole		Other ^b	
			Amount	Percent of total corrections direct expenditure	Amount	Percent of total corrections direct expenditure	Amount	Percent of total corrections direct expenditure
Hawaii	\$81,855	25.4 %	\$61,216	74.8 %	\$13,945	17.0 %	\$6,694	8.2 %
State	81,855	48.2	61,216	74.8	13,945	17.0	6,694	8.2
Local, total	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
Counties	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
Municipalities	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
Idaho	43,368	26.4	36,116	83.3	5,007	11.5	2,244	5.2
State	33,249	42.8	27,968	84.1	3,037	9.1	2,244	6.7
Local, total	10,119	11.7	8,148	80.5	1,970	19.5	X	X
Counties	10,119	19.1	8,148	80.5	1,970	19.5	X	X
Municipalities	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
Illinois	728,357	27.4	628,995	86.4	67,697	9.3	31,665	4.3
State	526,041	58.2	482,298	91.7	12,078	2.3	31,665	6.0
Local, total	202,316	11.5	146,697	72.5	55,619	27.5	X	X
Counties	202,312	32.3	146,693	72.5	55,619	27.5	X	X
Municipalities	4	-	4	100.0	-	-	X	X
Indiana	267,125	33.8	242,365	90.7	20,507	7.7	4,252	1.6
State	195,511	59.1	187,748	96.0	3,511	1.8	4,252	2.2
Local, total	71,614	15.6	54,617	76.3	16,996	23.7	X	X
Counties	51,978	28.2	40,956	78.8	11,023	21.2	X	X
Municipalities	19,635	7.1	13,662	69.6	5,973	30.4	X	X
Iowa	136,687	30.8	99,583	72.9	34,240	25.0	2,865	2.1
State	114,572	48.2	78,720	68.7	32,987	28.8	2,865	2.5
Local, total	22,115	10.7	20,863	94.3	1,253	5.7	X	X
Counties	22,115	24.9	20,863	94.3	1,253	5.7	X	X
Municipalities	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
Kansas	220,864	40.2	200,608	90.8	15,814	7.2	4,443	2.0
State	182,308	64.9	164,883	90.4	12,982	7.1	4,443	2.4
Local, total	38,556	14.3	35,725	92.7	2,832	7.3	X	X
Counties	37,905	29.6	35,710	94.2	2,196	5.8	X	X
Municipalities	651	0.5	15	2.3	636	97.7	X	X
Kentucky	205,612	36.7	169,273	82.3	28,092	13.7	8,247	4.0
State	152,966	46.9	117,845	77.0	26,874	17.6	8,247	5.4
Local, total	52,646	22.5	51,428	97.7	1,218	2.3	X	X
Counties	47,518	45.0	47,146	99.2	372	0.8	X	X
Municipalities	5,127	4.0	4,282	83.5	845	16.5	X	X
Louisiana	289,736	35.0	261,481	90.2	20,212	7.0	8,043	2.8
State	198,860	56.4	172,295	86.6	18,522	9.3	8,043	4.0
Local, total	90,876	19.1	89,186	98.1	1,690	1.9	X	X
Parishes	42,195	20.4	42,153	99.9	43	0.1	X	X
Municipalities	48,681	18.1	47,033	96.6	1,648	3.4	X	X
Maine	69,371	33.4	59,152	85.3	4,709	6.8	5,510	7.9
State	52,819	43.9	42,600	80.7	4,709	8.9	5,510	10.4
Local, total	16,552	19.0	16,552	100.0	-	-	X	X
Counties	16,468	54.9	16,468	100.0	-	-	X	X
Municipalities	84	0.1	84	100.0	-	-	X	X
Maryland	513,854	35.7	428,512	83.4	53,367	10.4	31,975	6.2
State	395,191	55.9	310,496	78.6	52,720	13.3	31,975	8.1
Local, total	118,663	16.2	118,016	99.5	647	0.5	X	X
Counties	80,534	16.4	79,887	99.2	647	0.8	X	X
Municipalities	38,129	15.7	38,129	100.0	-	-	X	X
Massachusetts	685,031	37.6	618,814	90.3	51,059	7.5	15,158	2.2
State	570,062	55.9	503,845	88.4	51,059	9.0	15,158	2.7
Local, total	114,969	14.3	114,969	100.0	-	-	X	X
Counties	79,331	88.9	79,331	100.0	-	-	X	X
Municipalities	35,638	5.0	35,638	100.0	-	-	X	X
Michigan	947,587	39.2	825,524	87.1	97,660	10.3	24,403	2.6
State	759,980	68.5	659,977	86.8	75,600	9.9	24,403	3.2
Local, total	187,607	14.4	165,547	88.2	22,060	11.8	X	X
Counties	184,675	33.1	165,077	89.4	19,598	10.6	X	X
Municipalities	2,932	0.4	470	16.0	2,462	84.0	X	X

See notes at end of table.

Table 1.7

Direct expenditures for State and local corrections activities

By type of activity and level of government, fiscal year 1990^a--Continued

(Dollar amounts in thousands. - represents zero or rounds to zero.)

State and level of government ^c	Total corrections direct expenditure	Percent of total justice system direct expenditure	Institutions		Probation, pardon, and parole		Other ^b	
			Amount	Percent of total corrections direct expenditure	Amount	Percent of total corrections direct expenditure	Amount	Percent of total corrections direct expenditure
Minnesota	\$225,517	27.5 %	\$165,902	73.6 %	\$48,036	21.3 %	\$11,579	5.1 %
State	115,097	51.3	93,335	81.1	10,183	8.8	11,579	10.1
Local, total	110,420	18.5	72,567	65.7	37,853	34.3	X	X
Counties	110,205	32.0	72,351	65.7	37,853	34.3	X	X
Municipalities	216	0.1	216	100.0	-	-	X	X
Mississippi	102,997	32.7	87,766	85.2	7,809	7.6	7,422	7.2
State	84,899	58.0	69,712	82.1	7,765	9.1	7,422	8.7
Local, total	18,098	10.7	18,054	99.8	44	0.2	X	X
Counties	15,831	20.5	15,787	99.7	44	0.3	X	X
Municipalities	2,267	2.5	2,267	100.0	-	-	X	X
Missouri	263,032	28.6	223,599	85.0	31,905	12.1	7,528	2.9
State	196,708	52.6	159,816	81.2	29,364	14.9	7,528	3.8
Local, total	66,324	12.1	63,783	96.2	2,541	3.8	X	X
Counties	47,209	29.9	45,150	95.6	2,059	4.4	X	X
Municipalities	19,115	4.9	18,633	97.5	482	2.5	X	X
Montana	34,942	29.8	27,566	78.9	6,539	18.7	837	2.4
State	25,577	51.6	20,537	80.3	4,203	16.4	837	3.3
Local, total	9,365	13.8	7,029	75.1	2,336	24.9	X	X
Counties	8,672	20.1	6,555	75.6	2,117	24.4	X	X
Municipalities	693	2.8	473	68.3	220	31.7	X	X
Nebraska	70,866	28.6	54,778	77.3	6,849	9.7	9,238	13.0
State	49,324	50.4	33,655	68.2	6,431	13.0	9,238	18.7
Local, total	21,542	14.4	21,123	98.1	418	1.9	X	X
Counties	21,542	28.6	21,123	98.1	418	1.9	X	X
Municipalities	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
Nevada	179,317	41.5	155,554	86.7	19,024	10.6	4,738	2.6
State	112,996	69.1	97,828	86.6	10,430	9.2	4,738	4.2
Local, total	66,321	24.7	57,726	87.0	8,594	13.0	X	X
Counties	58,102	28.5	49,858	85.8	8,244	14.2	X	X
Municipalities	8,218	12.8	7,869	95.7	350	4.3	X	X
New Hampshire	81,236	26.9	56,735	92.6	2,930	4.8	1,571	2.6
State	42,304	38.3	37,854	89.5	2,879	6.8	1,571	3.7
Local, total	18,932	16.2	18,881	99.7	51	0.3	X	X
Counties	18,881	67.9	18,881	100.0	-	-	X	X
Municipalities	51	0.1	-	-	51	100.0	X	X
New Jersey	842,909	32.9	696,828	82.7	98,058	11.6	48,023	5.7
State	549,094	55.7	476,048	86.7	25,023	4.6	48,023	8.7
Local, total	293,815	18.6	220,780	75.1	73,035	24.9	X	X
Counties	293,815	47.9	220,780	75.1	73,035	24.9	X	X
Municipalities	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
New Mexico	138,875	39.1	117,642	84.7	16,539	11.9	4,695	3.4
State	107,507	53.9	88,717	82.5	14,095	13.1	4,695	4.4
Local, total	31,368	20.1	28,925	92.2	2,444	7.8	X	X
Counties	15,403	35.9	12,959	84.1	2,444	15.2	X	X
Municipalities	15,965	14.1	15,965	100.0	-	-	X	X
New York	3,301,055	38.2	2,929,850	88.8	250,253	7.6	120,952	3.7
State	1,674,116	58.8	1,451,135	86.7	102,029	6.1	120,952	7.2
Local, total	1,626,939	28.1	1,478,715	90.9	148,224	9.1	X	X
Counties	447,836	35.9	364,432	81.4	83,403	18.6	X	X
Municipalities	1,179,103	25.9	1,114,283	94.5	64,820	5.5	X	X
North Carolina	459,941	37.3	389,307	84.6	47,283	10.3	23,352	5.1
State	387,311	54.6	317,792	82.1	46,167	11.9	23,352	6.0
Local, total	72,630	13.8	71,515	98.5	1,116	1.5	X	X
Counties	72,630	31.8	71,515	98.5	1,116	1.5	X	X
Municipalities	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
North Dakota	17,230	21.9	15,026	87.2	1,866	10.8	338	2.0
State	12,429	35.9	10,225	82.3	1,866	15.0	338	2.7
Local, total	4,801	10.9	4,801	100.0	-	-	X	X
Counties	4,801	20.8	4,801	100.0	-	-	X	X
Municipalities	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X

See notes at end of table.

Table 1.7

Direct expenditures for State and local corrections activities

By type of activity and level of government, fiscal year 1990^a--Continued

(Dollar amounts in thousands. - represents zero or rounds to zero.)

State and level of government ^c	Total corrections direct expenditure	Percent of total justice system direct expenditure	Institutions		Probation, pardon, and parole		Other ^b	
			Amount	Percent of total corrections direct expenditure	Amount	Percent of total corrections direct expenditure	Amount	Percent of total corrections direct expenditure
Ohio	\$676,457	33.5 %	\$568,202	84.0 %	\$67,807	10.0 %	\$40,448	6.0 %
State	451,616	67.8	380,889	84.3	30,279	6.7	40,448	9.0
Local, total	224,841	16.6	187,313	83.3	37,528	16.7	X	X
Counties	204,805	33.2	172,603	84.3	32,202	15.7	X	X
Municipalities	20,036	2.7	14,710	73.4	5,326	26.6	X	X
Oklahoma	204,046	37.5	149,729	73.4	27,011	13.2	27,307	13.4
State	162,386	56.7	112,065	69.0	23,014	14.2	27,307	16.8
Local, total	41,660	16.2	37,664	90.4	3,997	9.6	X	X
Counties	37,598	49.7	33,862	90.1	3,735	9.9	X	X
Municipalities	4,063	2.2	3,801	93.6	262	6.4	X	X
Oregon	250,989	36.3	199,871	79.6	35,523	14.2	15,595	6.2
State	161,667	47.6	128,750	79.6	17,322	10.7	15,595	9.6
Local, total	89,322	25.4	71,121	79.6	18,201	20.4	X	X
Counties	89,175	45.5	71,017	79.6	18,158	20.4	X	X
Municipalities	146	0.1	104	71.1	42	28.9	X	X
Pennsylvania	738,401	33.1	632,461	85.7	93,583	12.7	12,357	1.7
State	340,722	50.8	308,978	90.7	19,387	5.7	12,357	3.6
Local, total	397,679	25.5	323,483	81.3	74,196	18.7	X	X
Counties	244,222	48.1	191,385	78.4	52,837	21.6	X	X
Municipalities	153,457	14.6	132,098	86.1	21,359	13.9	X	X
Rhode Island	64,315	25.7	47,438	73.8	5,372	8.4	11,505	17.9
State	64,315	46.4	47,438	73.8	5,372	8.4	11,505	17.9
Local, total	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
Counties	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
Municipalities	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
South Carolina	279,087	42.4	228,691	81.9	33,582	12.0	16,815	6.0
State	244,940	65.2	195,145	79.7	32,980	13.5	16,815	6.9
Local, total	34,147	12.1	33,546	98.2	602	1.8	X	X
Counties	33,580	19.8	32,978	98.2	602	1.8	X	X
Municipalities	567	0.5	567	100.0	-	-	X	X
South Dakota	27,763	29.7	19,984	72.0	4,574	16.5	3,206	11.5
State	22,812	46.4	15,048	66.0	4,558	20.0	3,206	14.1
Local, total	4,951	11.2	4,936	99.7	16	0.3	X	X
Counties	4,702	20.1	4,687	99.7	16	0.3	X	X
Municipalities	249	1.2	249	100.0	-	-	X	X
Tennessee	404,506	42.8	357,757	88.4	31,636	7.8	15,113	3.7
State	285,879	70.9	242,872	85.0	27,894	9.8	15,113	5.3
Local, total	118,627	21.9	114,885	96.8	3,742	3.2	X	X
Counties	97,920	38.5	95,853	97.9	2,067	2.1	X	X
Municipalities	20,707	7.2	19,032	91.9	1,675	8.1	X	X
Texas	1,339,159	37.6	1,079,839	80.6	216,630	16.2	42,691	3.2
State	776,664	67.5	643,039	82.8	90,934	11.7	42,691	5.5
Local, total	562,495	23.3	436,800	77.7	125,696	22.3	X	X
Counties	553,926	44.7	428,255	77.3	125,671	22.7	X	X
Municipalities	8,569	0.7	8,545	99.7	25	0.3	X	X
Utah	90,830	32.0	69,301	76.3	17,420	19.2	4,116	4.5
State	70,754	50.2	49,218	69.6	17,420	24.6	4,116	5.8
Local, total	20,083	14.0	20,083	100.0	-	-	X	X
Counties	20,083	26.7	20,083	100.0	-	-	X	X
Municipalities	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
Vermont	29,840	29.5	19,394	65.0	7,451	25.0	2,995	10.0
State	29,840	39.3	19,394	65.0	7,451	25.0	2,995	10.0
Local, total	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
Counties	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
Municipalities	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X
Virginia	558,445	38.4	473,294	84.8	49,294	8.8	35,857	6.4
State	384,403	57.8	309,443	80.5	39,103	10.2	35,857	9.3
Local, total	174,042	22.1	163,851	94.1	10,191	5.9	X	X
Counties	87,269	22.2	81,728	93.7	5,541	6.3	X	X
Municipalities	86,772	21.9	82,122	94.6	4,650	5.4	X	X

See notes at end of table.

Table 1.8

Direct current expenditures for State corrections activities

By type of activity and State, fiscal year 1990^a

(Dollar amounts in thousands. - represents zero or rounds to zero.)

State ^b	Total direct current expenditure	Institutions					Probation, pardon, and parole	Other
		Total	For men	For women	For juveniles	Other and combined		
Total	\$13,046,792	\$10,699,742	\$8,004,521	\$404,852	\$1,396,924	\$892,043	\$1,143,812	\$903,238
Alabama	135,656	112,694	93,294	4,611	13,974	815	10,570	12,392
Alaska	91,779	80,334	7,700	-	9,979	62,655	7,726	3,719
Arizona	238,674	197,842	149,445	1,897	24,661	21,839	23,230	17,602
Arkansas	64,557	55,953	46,898	1,929	7,126	-	3,067	5,537
California	2,071,458	1,745,104	1,215,700	49,850	215,151	264,403	190,637	135,717
Colorado	126,367	97,053	57,173	12,851	27,029	-	20,128	9,186
Connecticut	234,747	178,191	148,012	13,836	13,019	3,324	48,075	8,481
Delaware	64,774	40,209	31,279	1,449	7,481	-	4,037	20,528
Florida	777,142	613,649	407,750	19,395	104,841	81,663	114,653	48,840
Georgia	400,251	266,268	232,581	9,977	23,618	92	91,151	42,832
Hawaii	74,830	54,682	46,628	3,303	4,751	-	13,908	6,240
Idaho	26,295	21,262	14,049	-	3,735	3,478	2,860	2,173
Illinois	468,273	427,656	323,173	41,383	56,733	6,367	11,964	28,653
Indiana	175,026	167,278	138,685	7,825	20,768	-	3,496	4,252
Iowa	111,284	75,522	53,103	3,221	10,336	8,862	32,919	2,843
Kansas	140,926	123,720	89,163	2,950	18,259	13,348	12,963	4,243
Kentucky	120,861	87,129	60,275	3,753	18,786	4,315	26,833	6,899
Louisiana	192,557	166,369	118,292	4,834	33,012	10,231	18,232	7,956
Maine	45,737	35,620	17,662	-	7,810	10,148	4,683	5,434
Maryland	373,994	290,984	233,657	8,634	48,693	-	52,367	30,643
Massachusetts	347,228	286,409	148,433	8,769	55,196	74,011	50,865	9,954
Michigan	724,921	630,357	528,568	22,155	53,562	26,072	72,873	21,691
Minnesota	113,483	91,965	72,026	8,582	5,078	6,279	10,167	11,351
Mississippi	67,515	52,533	42,897	4,592	5,044	-	7,682	7,300
Missouri	187,760	152,191	117,810	7,585	11,602	15,194	29,081	6,488
Montana	24,672	19,770	-	854	4,566	14,350	4,065	837
Nebraska	48,577	33,500	26,555	1,906	5,039	-	6,404	8,673
Nevada	86,696	71,732	60,087	1,882	7,922	1,841	10,398	4,566
New Hampshire	27,515	23,093	15,384	817	4,287	2,605	2,863	1,559
New Jersey	483,301	412,300	253,919	-	47,908	110,473	24,792	46,209
New Mexico	98,528	80,205	61,749	5,099	11,957	1,400	13,854	4,469
New York	1,445,676	1,254,040	1,016,656	27,773	149,638	59,973	96,662	94,974
North Carolina	352,819	288,969	237,797	14,677	26,890	9,605	43,542	20,308
North Dakota	11,014	8,935	-	-	2,333	6,602	1,853	226
Ohio	400,934	331,384	265,526	14,520	51,338	-	29,627	39,923
Oklahoma	150,322	102,634	77,541	6,854	13,390	4,849	22,077	25,611
Oregon	109,381	77,216	53,175	2,994	15,095	5,952	17,121	15,044
Pennsylvania	328,672	297,160	242,188	14,922	34,727	5,323	19,155	12,357
Rhode Island	63,040	46,595	30,272	2,533	8,313	5,477	5,372	11,073
South Carolina	224,853	177,258	155,839	6,342	12,258	2,819	32,465	15,130
South Dakota	22,038	14,765	7,966	-	2,578	2,819	4,529	2,744
Tennessee	219,782	177,429	126,024	6,470	31,391	13,544	27,788	14,565
Texas	700,586	569,276	471,925	32,303	55,856	9,192	88,639	42,671
Utah	67,725	48,985	34,339	957	13,689	-	14,624	4,116
Vermont	29,508	19,115	17,632	-	1,461	22	7,427	2,966
Virginia	344,108	269,337	201,504	7,445	46,941	13,447	39,000	35,771
Washington	201,409	159,515	123,936	5,820	22,974	6,785	27,977	13,917
West Virginia	28,702	20,465	15,346	-	3,250	1,869	4,661	3,576
Wisconsin	181,822	128,568	103,273	5,821	19,474	-	32,736	20,518
Wyoming	19,017	16,522	11,635	1,482	3,405	-	2,014	481

Note: See Note, table 1.1. For survey methodology and definitions of terms, see Appendix 1.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics, *Justice Expenditure and Employment in the U.S., 1990*, NCJ-137754 (Washington, DC: USGPO, 1992), Table 47.

^aDetail may not add to total because of rounding.

^bData are based on a field compilation from records of each State government.