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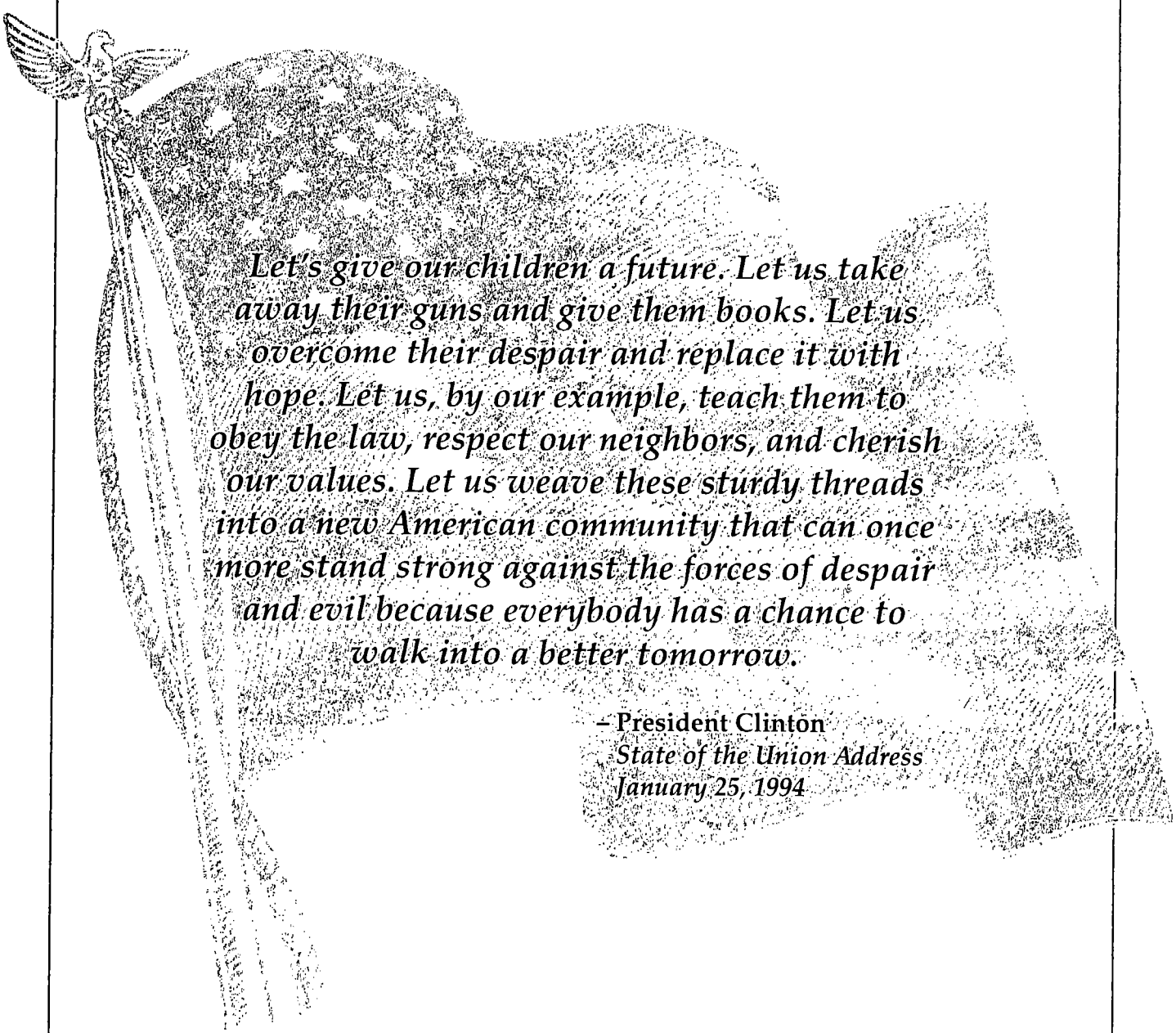
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The President's Anti-Crime Legislation: *Police, Punishment, and Prevention*

A large, stylized American flag is positioned in the background, behind the central text. The flag is tilted and appears to be waving, with the stars and stripes clearly visible.

Let's give our children a future. Let us take away their guns and give them books. Let us overcome their despair and replace it with hope. Let us, by our example, teach them to obey the law, respect our neighbors, and cherish our values. Let us weave these sturdy threads into a new American community that can once more stand strong against the forces of despair and evil because everybody has a chance to walk into a better tomorrow.

— President Clinton
State of the Union Address
January 25, 1994

**Daily Talking Points on Anti-Crime Legislation
Wednesday, August 24, 1994**

"AN AMERICAN CRIME BILL"

"Every Senator without regard to party ought to continue the bipartisan spirit that was established in the House for an American approach to an American problem. That is the service we ought to be performing... - to make this an American crime bill, and to do it without delay."

President Bill Clinton

- We must not let partisan politics get in the way of the safety of the American people. The Crime Bill before the Senate is the product of years of work by Democrats and Republicans. The bill includes provisions from members of both parties, and has bipartisan support around the country.
- **BIPARTISAN VOTE:** The bipartisanship behind the Crime Bill is clear from Sunday's vote in the House -- overwhelming approval, with almost one-third of House Republicans (46) joining with three-fourths of House Democrats to pass the Bill.
- **BIPARTISAN SUPPORT:** The Crime Bill has bipartisan support throughout the country, including:
 - ◆ Mayors - National Conference of Republican Mayors and Municipal Elected Officials; New York City Mayor Rudolph Giuliani; Los Angeles Mayor Richard Riordan; Provo, Utah Mayor George Stewart; Anchorage, Alaska Mayor Rick Mystrum; Knoxville, Tennessee Mayor Victor Ashe (President of the United States Conference of Mayors) and others.
 - ◆ Police - Every major law enforcement organization in the country.
 - ◆ Prosecutors - Bipartisan support from individual prosecutors, as well as the National District Attorneys Association and the National Association of Attorneys General.
- **BIPARTISAN PROVISIONS:** But it's not just bipartisan support, it's bipartisan substance. Many of the provisions in the Crime Bill were initiated, sponsored and actively endorsed by Republicans as well as Democrats.
 - ◆ The Violent Crime Reduction Trust Fund was a bipartisan effort from the start with Republicans, like Senators Dole, Gramm, Domenici and

Hatch joining Democrats like Senators Byrd, Mitchell and Biden in strongly and consistently sponsoring and supporting it.

- ◆ The assault weapons ban is based upon proposals cosponsored by Republican Senators Chafee and Kassebaum as well as Democratic Senators.
- ◆ Senators Dole and Hatch proposed a program similar to the Crime Bill's Community Policing program to put 100,000 police on the streets, but would have provided for fewer cops.
- ◆ Senators Dole and Hatch have joined Senator Biden and others in the effort to develop programs such as the Violence Against Women Act.
- ◆ The Dole-Molinari provision to allow prior accusations of sexual misconduct in trials is a Republican provision.
- ◆ The registration and community notification of sexual predators, sponsored by Republican Senator Gorton and Democratic Congresswoman Slaughter, has broad bipartisan support.
- ◆ The Police Corps has been actively sponsored by Republicans Senator Specter and Congressman Dornan.
- The prevention package is fully bipartisan:
 - ◆ President George Bush gave a Point of Light award to a midnight basketball league in 1990.
 - ◆ Included are anti-gang provisions based upon Senator Dole's amendment to the Senate bill that included grants to fund programs for academic, athletic or artistic enrichment and youth sports activities, including girls' and boys' clubs, scout troops and little leagues.
 - ◆ Senator Danforth sponsored the Community Schools program to keep schools open for afterschool and summer extra-curricular activities.
 - ◆ Senator Durenberger sponsored the Family Unity Demonstration program.
 - ◆ The Olympic Youth Development Centers was sponsored by Senator Stevens.
- Crime transcends politics, and this is a bipartisan Crime Bill. Americans understand that every day of partisan maneuvering means another day without the benefits that this bill will bring.

8/16

INTERNAL ONLY

Protecting the American People vs. Protecting the Special Interests: A Clear Choice

The Clinton Administration is fighting on many fronts for the security and well-being of the American people. Yet the super-lobbies and special interests, along with some Republicans who have put politics ahead of progress, are fighting against the crime bill and fighting against health care reform. They have put their own interests ahead of the American people and are working to deny Americans safety and security in their neighborhoods and health security for their families. But there is no easy way out; Congress must act. Denying the security and protection of the American people simply is not an option.

Fighting to Protect the American People. The Clinton administration will continue to fight for the protection and security of American families. We are fighting so parents will know their children are safe from guns and violence, and families will know they are protected from the fear of being one job loss or one illness away from losing their insurance. The legislation now before Congress will help do these things. That's why the American people overwhelmingly support both the Crime Bill and health care reform that strengthens health insurance and gives families the security of health care that will be there when they need it.

Making History for American Security. We have a chance to make history. For six long years, Americans have waited for Washington to help make their neighborhoods safe again. The Crime Bill now before Congress will do that -- putting 100,000 new cops on the beat, making "three strikes and you're out" law, and banning deadly assault weapons. And for 60 years, Americans have waited for real health care protection that will be there when they need it. The health care legislation before Congress will do that -- strengthening existing health insurance for every American and putting us squarely on the path to universal coverage. And if six years is too long to wait for a crime bill, 60 years is certainly long enough to wait for health care reform.

Some Want to Protect the Special Interests. But look at what's going on in Washington these days. The NRA, one of the nation's most powerful and wealthy special interest groups, has joined the Republican leadership, in an attempt to block -- through petty procedural trickery -- the toughest federal attack on crime in history. If Congress allows itself to be manipulated into protecting the special interests, they will fail to protect the safety and security of American families.

Sound Familiar? It Should. The "super-lobbies" like the insurance industry and NFIB have joined partisan Republicans in an attempt to block -- through distortion, bickering and delay -- the best opportunity in our nation's history to guarantee every American affordable health care. If Congress allows itself to be manipulated into protecting the special interests, they will fail to protect the health security of American families. In short, they will have sided with those who put their own narrow interests ahead of the interests of the American people.

Keep up the Pressure on Congress. We will not allow Congress to take the easy way out. We will keep up the pressure until they make the right choice on crime and the right choice on health care. Enacted together, these measures will go a long way towards providing security for families across America. We will keep up the fight against powerful special interests in order to make sure Congress stands up for the protection and security of ordinary Americans.

**Daily Talking Points on Crime Legislation
Tuesday, August 23, 1994**

**POINT OF OBSTRUCTION:
THE NEXT ATTEMPT TO BLOCK CRIME BILL**

- After the House's bipartisan vote to pass the conference crime bill, some Republican Senators are attempting another procedural trick to block the most comprehensive anti-crime legislation ever considered by Congress.
- These Senators say they plan to raise a point of order against the trust fund mechanism to fund the bill's programs, claiming that the fund violates budget rules. But many Republican Senators were among those who first proposed the trust fund when the Senate passed its version of the crime bill last November.
- Here's what Senators Gramm and Hatch had to say about the trust fund before the current attempt to obstruct the crime bill:
 - ◆ Senator Gramm: "I was a cosponsor of it [the trust fund]." "So the first thing I want our [crime bill] conferees to do is stay with our funding mechanism."
 - ◆ Senator Hatch: "Creation of the violent crime trust fund will ensure that we do in fact make a difference in the fight against violent crime." "It took a very ingenious set of Senators to come up with this methodology for paying for our anticrime bill."
- The Senate voted 94 to 4 to demand that its conferees put the Trust Fund in the bill. Now, is it going to block the bill because those conferees followed those instructions?
- Each additional "procedural" delay is a blow to every major law enforcement organization in the United States (they've all endorsed this legislation). America demands a bipartisan effort to defeat this procedural delay so that we can pass this historic crime bill. The time has come to put politics and special interests aside and enact this critical legislation.

Daily Talking Points on Anti-Crime Legislation
Thursday, August 18, 1994

TEN STRIKES AND YOU'RE WAY OUT:
CRIME BILL MYTHS AND REALITY

Major league baseball may be on strike, but special interests are swinging at anything to stop the crime bill. Here is a scorecard of the top ten crime bill myths, and the facts that opponents don't want anyone to know.

Strike 1: The crime bill spends vast amounts on social programs -- more than on police.

The Facts: Wrong. More than \$7 of out every \$10 in the bill (72%) is for police, federal and state law enforcement, prisons and detention facilities.

Almost half of the remaining spending (13 percent of the total) is devoted to combatting violence against women, drug courts, and crime prevention programs originally sponsored by Republican Senators Danforth, Stevens and Domenici.

That means that 85% of the bill's funding is for law enforcement, prisons, drug courts, violence against women, and bipartisan prevention programs.

Strike 2: Some members say they abandoned the crime bill because the Conference Committee report boosted spending on prevention programs.

The Facts: Wrong again. The conference committee cut \$820 million in spending on prevention programs contained in the House bill -- the same bill that 65 Republican representatives voted for in April. Meanwhile, the conference committee added \$6.4 billion in spending for new police officers, FBI agents, DEA agents, local prosecutors, and police and prosecutors to fight violence against women.

Strike 3: The Conference Committee increased the crime bill's total spending from \$27 billion to \$33 billion.

The Facts: Still wrong. The \$27 billion estimate of the cost of the House crime bill excluded the true cost of many of its programs which were simply authorized at "such sums as are appropriate." This includes the Byrne Grant program and new border control agents -- both "scored," for example, at no cost in the \$27 billion calculation. Including OMB estimates for all the programs in the House bill, that would actually have cost \$35 billion.

The conference report provides \$33 billion in real dollars for every program -- a \$2 billion cut from the House bill.

Strike 4: *"The Crime Bill will put two social workers on the street for every cop."*
(Heritage Foundation)

The Facts: An "A" in some think tanks, but an "F" in any math class. As the July 16 Los Angeles Times said about this attack: "An examination of the facts shows that [this] calculation rests on a pyramid of questionable or flatly improbable assumptions." The crime bill earmarks no funds for the hiring of social workers -- note at all. On the other hand, the bill does provide almost \$9 billion to put 100,000 cops on the street and increase community policing programs across America.

So where does the 2-1 figure come from? First, the Heritage Foundation ludicrously estimates the crime bill will hire 40,000 social workers by applying every dollar for crime prevention to the hiring of a social worker -- even though such a use of these funds would be illegal under most of the bill's prevention programs. The prevention programs do not mandate the hiring of any social workers -- not one.

Instead, they fund sex crime and domestic violence prosecutors, special agents to track down gang gun-running, judges, police officers, DNA labs, improved criminal history records, domestic violence shelters, evening hours for schools and teachers, and dozens of other crime prevention functions having nothing to do with social work or social workers.

The Heritage Foundation also estimates that just 20,000 cops will be hired under this bill -- an error debunked below.

Strike 5: *The crime bill "virtually guarantees that fewer than 20,000 new cops will be hired," at a cost of \$70,000 to \$80,000 per year.* (Heritage Foundation)

The Facts: More bad math. The Crime Bill earmarks almost \$9 billion to put 100,000 new police on the streets -- an increase of almost 20 percent over the nation's current 504,000 local law enforcement officers. Indeed, last year's supplemental police hiring program awarded \$150 million in grants to hire more than 2000 new officers. At that rate 20,000 officers could be hired for only \$1.5 billion.

Last year, entry-level police officers in cities over 10,000 earned an average of less than 24,000 a year¹ (and two-thirds of the jurisdictions eligible for police money have fewer than 10,000 people.) Even if you add fringe benefits and allow for inflation, the average salary and benefits per police officer is no higher than \$42,000.

¹ Survey conducted by the International City/County Management Association.

Maybe the Heritage Foundation was thinking of the Republicans' alternative proposal offered by Republican Senator Hatch -- it would have cut \$1.6 billion from police hiring money.

Take it from the Los Angeles Times: "Critics appear to underestimate the number of police the bill could produce."

Strike 6: *The crime bill's prevention programs provides recreation and other soft activities for "would be" criminals.*

The Facts: Than why are they supported by every major law enforcement organization, including the Fraternal Order of Police and the National District Attorneys Association -- as well as Republicans like former President Bush and Senators Dole and Hatch?

Crime prevention programs have had bipartisan support for years -- until politics took hold:

The Republican conference proposal includes substantial sums for "sporting and recreational equipment...nutrition guidance...supervised sports programs...workforce preparation...entrepreneurship...tutorial and mentoring programs...parenting classes...nonviolent dispute resolution...sports mentoring...Boys and Girls Clubs in Public Housing."

President Bush gave a Point of Light to a midnight basketball league in 1990.
Senators Hatch and Dole support the Violence Against Women Act.
Senators Danforth and Domenici support the Community Schools program.
Senators Dole and Hatch support the anti-gang grants.
Senator Gramm and Former Drug Czar Bennett supports Drug Treatment in Prisons.
Senators Stevens and Domenici support the Olympic Youth program.
Senators Dole and Hatch support the Boys and Girls club grants.
Senator Durenburger supports the Family Unity provisions.

Prevention programs are vital to fighting crime, but they don't magically turn into pork just because another party also supports them.

Strike 7: *The crime bill would release 10,000 drug dealers from prison.*

The Facts: Wrong again. Rather than set violent offenders free because of prison overcrowding, the crime bill would allow an emergency "safety valve" for a few minor drug offenders -- but only if they are not violent, their offense was low-level, and they had not used a weapon. Most would need to have served four or more years already. If applied retroactively, only 100 to 400 prisoners -- not 10,000 -- could be eligible for release.

Just ask tough-on-crime Republican representatives Henry Hyde and Bill McCollum -- they support including the safety valve retroactively.

Strike 8: *The crime bill will order the hiring of Hong Kong police to carry out law enforcement functions.*

The Facts: The strangest myth of all. The provision was dropped from the conference report. Sponsored by Republican Senator Bill Roth, it would have been a mere study of the feasibility of using former Hong Kong police to help penetrate Asian-American gangs and fight Asian-American drug trafficking.

Strike 9: *The crime bill will cut funding for the FBI and DEA.*

The Facts: A real whopper. The crime bill does not cut \$1 dollar from the FBI and DEA. Indeed, it adds \$250 million in spending on FBI agents and \$150 million for DEA agents. It also provides \$550 for Treasury law enforcement and more than \$1 billion for border control and INS enforcement.

Strike 10: *The crime bill will take away hunting rifles.*

The Facts: Not a chance. The crime bill would ban only 19 specified assault weapons, as well as copy cats and guns with the same characteristics. It specifically protects 650 hunting and sporting guns and includes a hunter's rights provision to protect hunters from harassment.

Daily Talking Points on Anti-Crime Legislation
Friday, August 19, 1994

**THEY SHOULD KNOW BETTER:
THE TRUTH BEHIND THE NRA LIES**

More than 70 percent of Americans support the crime bill's ban on assault weapons, and the National Rifle Association is desperate. In a last-minute bid for crime bill gridlock, the NRA is buying up television time and turning to Hollywood for a rewrite of the truth.

NRA abandoned the facts long ago. Here's a guide to the "false witness" the NRA is bearing against the American people:

NRA Lie 1: *The crime bill spends vast amounts on social programs -- more than on police.*

The Facts: Wrong. More than \$7 of out every \$10 in the bill (72%) is for police, federal and state law enforcement, prisons and detention facilities.

Almost half of the remaining spending (13 percent of the total) is devoted to combatting violence against women, drug courts, and crime prevention programs originally sponsored by Republican Senators Danforth, Stevens and Domenici.

That means that 85% of the bill's funding is for law enforcement, prisons, drug courts, violence against women, and bipartisan prevention programs.

NRA Lie 2: *"The Crime Bill will put two social workers on the street for every cop."*

The Facts: Wrong again. As the July 16 Los Angeles Times said about this attack: "An examination of the facts shows that [this] calculation rests on a pyramid of questionable or flatly improbable assumptions." The crime bill earmarks no funds for the hiring of social workers -- none at all. On the other hand, the bill does provide almost \$9 billion to put 100,000 cops on the street and increase community policing programs across America.

So where does the 2-1 figure come from? A Heritage Foundation study ludicrously estimates the crime bill will hire 40,000 social workers by applying every dollar for crime prevention to the hiring of a social worker -- even though such a use of these funds would be illegal under most of the bill's prevention programs. The prevention programs do not mandate the hiring of any social workers -- not one.

NRA Lie 4: The crime bill's prevention programs provide recreation and other soft activities for would be criminals.

The Facts: Than why are they supported by every major law enforcement organization, including the Fraternal Order of Police and the National District Attorneys Association -- as well as Republicans like former President Bush and Senators Dole and Hatch?

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Prevention programs are vital to fighting crime, but they don't magically turn into pork just because another party also supports them.

NRA Lie 5: The crime bill would release 10,000 drug dealers from prison.

The Facts: Wrong again. Rather than set violent offenders free because of prison overcrowding, the crime bill would allow an emergency "safety valve" for a few minor drug offenders -- but only if they are not violent, their offense was low-level, and they had not used a weapon. Most would need to have served four or more years already. If applied retroactively, only 100 to 400 prisoners -- not 10,000 -- could be eligible for release.

Just ask tough-on-crime Republican representatives Henry Hyde and Bill McCollum -- they support including the safety valve retroactively.

NRA Lie 7: The NRA ads are motivated by anything other than their desperation over the ban on assault weapons.

Instead, they fund sex crime and domestic violence prosecutors, special agents to track down gang gun-running, judges, police officers, DNA labs, improved criminal history records, domestic violence shelters, evening hours for schools and teachers, and dozens of other crime prevention functions having nothing to do with social work or social workers.

The NRA and the Heritage Foundation also say that just 20,000 cops will be hired under this bill -- an error debunked below.

NRA Lie 3: The crime bill will only hire 20,000 new cops.

The Facts: More Heritage Foundation fiction. The Crime Bill earmarks almost \$9 billion to put 100,000 new police on the streets -- an increase of almost 20 percent over the nation's current 504,000 local law enforcement officers. Indeed, last year's supplemental police hiring program awarded \$150 million in grants to hire more than 2000 new officers. At that rate 20,000 officers could be hired for only \$1.5 billion.

Last year, entry-level police officers in cities over 10,000 earned an average of less than 24,000 a year¹ (and two-thirds of the jurisdictions eligible for police money have fewer than 10,000 people.) Even if you add fringe benefits and allow for inflation, the average salary and benefits per police officer is no higher than \$42,000.

Maybe the Heritage Foundation was thinking of the Republicans' alternative proposal offered by Republican Senator Hatch -- it would have cut \$1.6 billion from police hiring money.

Take it from the *Los Angeles Times*: "Critics appear to underestimate the number of police the bill could produce."

¹ Survey conducted by the International City/County Management Association.

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Daily Talking Points on Anti-Crime Legislation August 12, 1994

We'll Be Back

"I want [the House] to come back tomorrow and the day after that and the day after that, and to keep coming back until we give the American people the essential elements of this crime bill; until we put 100,000 police on the street . . . [pass] the assault weapons ban . . . and make "three strikes and you're out" the law of the land."

President Bill Clinton

"The vote was a setback, not a defeat. It is absolutely imperative that we get a vote on the Crime Bill. The American people want action. They will let their voice be heard and let Congress know that they want this bill voted on."

Attorney General Janet Reno

- ▶ Yesterday, Republicans in the House of Representatives voted 167 - 1 to kill the Crime Bill. Joined by the gun lobby, the Republican party threatened Members that they could be denied campaign funds and opposed in their primaries if the dared to cast of vote to support the President's Crime Bill.
- ▶ Capitalizing on the Republican's willingness to ignore, for purely partisan reasons, the desire of the American people for the Congress to take action against crime, the gun lobby was able to convince Members that rather than accept a ban on 19 specific weapons of mass murder, they should:
 - abandon funding for 100,000 cops on the street, in large and small cities and towns across the country
 - forego \$9 billion dollars of grants to states for new prison and detention facilities,

- reject the "Three Strikes and You're Out" law which will put repeat violent offenders behind bars for life,
 - drop plans for added border patrol agents to stop illegal immigration, Drug Enforcement Administration agents to curb drug-trafficking, and FBI agents to investigate violent crime
 - delete \$1.8 billion to reimburse states that incarcerate criminal aliens
 - eliminate resources for "boot camps" and other "shock incarceration" programs that instill discipline and respect for authority in young people who have veered in the wrong direction
 - forsake expansion of the successful Gang Resistance Education and Training program which helps keep kids out of gangs
 - discontinue development of drug courts aimed at forcing the 20% of cocaine users who consume 2/3 of the cocaine off the street and into treatment
 - eviscerate the most comprehensive program ever designed to combat violence against women
- The gun lobby's willingness to cavalierly dismiss the crime-fighting, crime-reduction and crime-prevention provisions of the crime bill in order to hold onto their assault weapons is as offensive as the partisan members of Congress willing to allow political considerations to interfere with the needs of the nation
- Claims that the bill is full of "pork" and "social spending" are belied by the facts:
- More than \$7 in \$10 of all spending in the bill (72%) is for police, federal and state law enforcement, prisons and detention facilities
 - Another 13% is devoted to combatting violence against women, drug courts and Republican sponsored crime prevention programs, by Senators Danforth and Domenici.
 - Thus, 85% of the Crime Bill's funding is for law enforcement, prisons, drug courts, violence against women, and bi-partisan crime prevention programs.
- We must not let the hypocrites, the partisans or the gun lobby have their way when there's so much else at stake. The Crime Bill's balanced approach -- with police, punishment and prevention -- should be passed by the House within the next week.

Crime Bill Conference Authorizations

(\$ IN MILLIONS)

REVISED: 8-23-94

Conference Crime Bill Authorizations

Provision		Six Year Conference Authorizations	CJS Conf.	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	FY 1998	FY 1999	FY 2000
PREVENTION:									
Model Intensive Prevention	DOJ	626	---	---	100	125	125	125	150
Ounce of Prevention	HHS	90	2	2	15	18	18	19	19
FACES (Family & Community Endeavor Schools)									
Community Schools Youth Services Grants	HHS	567	26	26	73	85	107	136	141
Family & Community Endeavor Schools Grants	DofEd	243	11	11	31	37	46	58	61
Local Crime Prevention Block Grants	DOJ	377	---	---	76	76	76	76	73
Youth Violence Prevention (Development Ctrs)	DOJ	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Olympic Youth Development Centers	HHS	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Gang Prevention Services for Boys & Girls	DOJ	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Child Safety - Visitation	HHS	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Triads for Seniors	DOJ	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Hope In Youth	HHS	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Youth Employment & Skills "YES"	DOL	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Midnight Sports League	HUD	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Anticrime Youth Councils	DOJ	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Boys & Girls Clubs in Public Housing (Rostenkowski)	HUD	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Juvenile Drug Trafficking Gang Prevention	DOJ	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Police Partnerships With Children	DOJ	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Safe Seniors Corridors	DOJ	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---
Assist for Delinq'nt & At-Risk Youth (Youth Academies)	DOJ	36	---	---	5	6	7	8	9
Local Partnership Act (H.R. 581)	HUD	1,620	---	---	270	284	356	356	356
Community Economic Partnership	HHS	270	---	---	45	72	77	77	---
GREAT (Gang Resistance Education & Training)	Treasury	48	10	10	9	7	7	7	7
Missing Alzheimer's Patients	DOJ	3	---	---	1	1	1	---	---
Urban Recreation and At-Risk Youth	DOI	5	---	---	3	0	0	0	0
Prison Drug Treatment (State)	DOJ	270	---	---	27	36	63	72	72
Prison Drug Treatment (Federal)	DOJ	123	---	---	14	19	25	37	28
Violence Against Women Act									
Law Enforcement & Prosecution Grants	DOJ/HHS	800	26	26	130	145	160	165	174
Rape Prevention	HHS	205	---	---	35	35	45	45	45
Runaway, Homeless, and Street Youth	HHS	30	---	---	7	8	15	---	---
Domestic Violence Hotline	HHS	3	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Encouraging Arrest Policies	DOJ	120	---	---	28	33	59	---	---
Battered Women's Shelters	HHS	325	---	---	50	60	70	73	73
Rural Domestic Violence Enforcement	DOJ	30	---	---	7	8	15	---	---
Community Programs On Domestic Violence	HHS	10	---	---	4	6	---	---	---
Baseline Study on Campus Sexual Abuse	DofEd	0	---	---	0	---	---	---	---
Victims of Child Abuse	HHS	38	---	---	6	6	7	9	10
Access To Federal Criminal Information - Stalker	DOJ	6	---	---	2	2	3	---	---
Family Unity	DOJ	20	---	---	4	4	4	4	5
Safety For Women - Parks/Transit	DOI	25	---	---	5	5	5	5	5
Misc. Provisions (Rpts, Training, Education)	DOJ/HHS	19	---	---	5	4	4	3	3
Drug Courts	DOJ	1,000	29	100	150	150	200	200	200
Total Prevention		6,907	105	176	1,101	1,231	1,494	1,474	1,431
<i>HHS/Ed Appropriations @ \$38M and Treasury Appropriations @ \$40M Are Assumed and Shown In Bold Italics</i>									

Crime Bill Conference Authorizations

(\$ IN MILLIONS)

REVISED: 8-23-94

<u>Conference Crime Bill Authorizations</u>		<u>Six Year</u>							
Provision		Conference Authorizations	CJS Conf.	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	FY 1998	FY 1999	FY 2000
LAW ENFORCEMENT:									
STATE & LOCAL									
Community Policing Grants	DOJ	8,800	1,300	1,332	1,850	1,950	1,700	1,700	268
DNA Grants to States	DOJ	40	---	---	1	3	5	14	18
Police Recruitment	DOJ	24	---	---	2	4	5	6	7
State Courts Assistance	DOJ	150	---	---	23	30	30	32	35
Technical Assistance	DOJ	130	---	---	24	22	26	28	30
Brady - Criminal Records Upgrade	DOJ	150	100	100	25	25	---	---	---
Community Based Prosecutors & Functions	DOJ	50	---	---	7	10	10	11	12
Rural Law Enforcement									
Rural Law Enforcement Grants	DOJ	240	---	---	24	40	50	60	66
Rural Drug Enforcement Training	Treasury	5	---	---	1	1	1	1	1
Criminal Justice/Substance Abuse Training	DOJ	1	---	---	1	---	---	---	---
TB Prevention & Treatment In Correctional Institutions	DOJ	5	---	---	1	1	1	1	1
Police Corps	DOJ	100	---	---	20	20	20	20	20
Police Corps In Service Scholarships	DOJ	100	---	---	20	20	20	20	20
Family Support	DOJ	25	---	---	3	4	5	6	8
Byrne Grants	DOJ	1,000	450	580	130	100	75	70	45
Violent Repeat Offender Incarceration	DOJ	7,895	25	175	750	1,000	1,900	2,000	2,070
Certain Punishment for Youthful Offenders	DOJ	150	---	---	20	25	30	35	40
Criminal Alien Incarceration	DOJ	1,800	130	130	300	330	350	350	340
Total State and Local		20,665	2,005	2,317	3,201	3,585	4,228	4,354	2,980
FEDERAL									
Treasury Authorizations	Treasury	550	30	30	70	90	110	125	125
Justice Authorizations	DOJ	199	---	---	40	40	40	40	39
FBI	DOJ	245	---	---	35	40	50	60	60
DEA (Agents)	DOJ	150	---	---	12	20	30	40	48
US Attorneys	DOJ	50	---	---	5	8	10	12	15
SCAMS - Telemarketing Fraud (FBI/USA)	DOJ	20	---	---	2	4	4	5	5
Motor Vehicle Theft Prevention	DOJ	5	---	---	2	2	2	---	---
Improving Border Controls	DOJ	675	181	228	185	204	58	---	---
Criminal Alien Tracking Center	DOJ	18	---	---	3	4	4	4	4
Expeditious Deportation	DOJ	338	54	64	90	93	91	---	---
Expanded Special Deportation	DOJ	160	49	55	54	49	2	---	---
DNA (FBI)	DOJ	25	---	---	6	8	8	3	1
Presidential Summit On Violence/Nat'l Commission	DOJ	1	---	---	1	---	---	---	---
Anti-Gang/Drug Grants In Federally Assisted Housing	DOJ	1	---	---	1	---	---	---	---
The Judiciary	Judiciary	200	---	---	30	35	40	40	55
Training Judges/Court Personnel	Judiciary	1	---	---	1	---	---	---	---
Total Federal		2,639	314	377	537	596	449	328	352
Total Law Enforcement		23,304	2,319	2,694	3,738	4,181	4,677	4,682	3,332
Total Authorizations		30,210	2,423	2,870	4,838	5,412	6,171	6,156	4,764
Total Trust Fund Available		30,210	2,423	2,423	4,287	5,000	5,500	6,500	6,500

Daily Talking Points on Anti-Crime Legislation Monday, August 15, 1994

PORK -- OR JUST GUN LOBBY SQUEALING?

- Minority Whip Newt Gingrich says that the Crime Bill Conference Report is loaded with "pork." He asks "Why did the Bill go to Conference at \$27 billion, but come out at \$33 billion?" Here's the answer:

First: The Crime Bill Conference increased spending largely to put more resources into tough, crime fighting measures.

- Look at what's been increased since the House passed its Crime Bill in April:

	<u>House Level</u>	<u>Conf Report</u>
Police Officers	\$3.5 bil	\$ 8.8 bil
FBI Agents	\$ 0 mil	\$250 mil
DEA Agents	\$ 0 mil	\$150 mil
Local Prosecutors	\$100 mil	\$200 mil
Police and Prosecutors to Combat Violence Against Women	\$400 mil	\$1.0 bil
TOTAL	\$4.0 bil	\$10.4 bil

- Overall, more than \$7 in \$10 of all spending in the Bill (72%) is for police, federal and state law enforcement, prisons and detention facilities. Another 13% is devoted to combatting violence against women, drug courts, and crime prevention programs originally sponsored by Republican Senators Danforth, Stevens and Domenici.

Second: The Conference reduced spending for prevention programs from the House-passed levels.

- It's ironic that Rep. Gingrich is saying that the Bill was "porked up" in Conference; the Conference cut funding for many prevention programs, below their House-passed levels.
- Here are the prevention cuts made in the Conference Report, as compared to the House bill that 65 Republican members voted for in April (in per year amounts, in millions):

	<u>House</u>	<u>Conf Rpt</u>	<u>Cut</u>
Local Partnership Act	\$400m	\$300m	-\$100m
Model Intensive Grants	\$300m	\$145m	-\$155m
Community Schools/FACES	\$230m	\$150m	-\$ 80m
Gang Prevention Grants	\$100m	\$ 5m	-\$ 95m
Boys & Girls Clubs	\$ 20m	\$ 6m	-\$ 14m
Hope in Youth (Gang Prvn)	\$ 20m	\$ 4m	-\$ 16m
Police Partnerships w/Chldrn	\$ 20m	\$ 5m	-\$ 15m
Midnight Basketball	\$ 10m	\$ 7m	-\$ 3m
TOTAL	\$1.1 bil	\$622m	-\$ 478m

- Members can try to explain their flip-flops however they choose. But voting against the Crime Bill now -- after key prevention programs have been cut, and key law enforcement programs increased -- can have only one explanation: It's not "pork," but gun lobby "squealing" that accounts for the change. [Attached is a chart comparing funding levels for prevention programs in the House-passed Bill, and in the Conference Report.]

**Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act
Prevention Programs
(Dollars in thousands)**

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PREVENTION	House Bill		Conference Report		Difference	
	Per Year ¹	Total	Per Year ²	Total	Per Year	Total
Ounce of Prevention Fund.....	25,000	125,000	16,667	100,000	(8,333)	(25,000)
Family & Community Endeavor School Grants.....	230,000	1,150,000	150,000	900,000	(80,000)	(250,000)
Youth Employment Skills Grants.....	105,000	525,000	91,667	550,000	(13,333)	25,000
Model Intensive Grant Programs.....	300,000	1,500,000	149,167	895,000	(150,833)	(605,000)
Police Partnerships & Safe Low Income Housing.....	20,000	100,000	5,000	30,000	(15,000)	(70,000)
Midnight Sports League Grants.....	10,000	50,000	6,667	40,000	(3,333)	(10,000)
Community Youth Academies.....	10,000	50,000	6,667	40,000	(3,333)	(10,000)
Triad Programs.....	1,200	6,000	1,000	6,000	(200)	0
Local Partnership Act.....	400,000	2,000,000	300,000	1,800,000	(100,000)	(200,000)
National Community Economic Partnerships.....	...	...	50,000	300,000	50,000	300,000
Gang Prevention Grants.....	16,000	80,000	3,333	20,000	(12,667)	(60,000)
Olympic Youth Development Centers.....	...	...	8,333	50,000	8,333	50,000
Anticrime Youth Prevention Councils.....	4,000	20,000	833	5,000	(3,167)	(15,000)
UPARR.....	1,000	5,000	833	5,000	(167)	0
Boys & Girls Clubs in Public Housing.....	7,200	36,000	5,000	30,000	(2,200)	(6,000)
Child Visitation Centers.....	...	...	5,000	30,000	5,000	30,000
Gang Resistance Education and Training.....	...	...	8,333	50,000	8,333	50,000
Drug Treatment in Federal Prisons.....	10,279	51,393	20,833	125,000	10,555	73,607
Res. Substance Abuse Treatment for State Prisoners...	60,000	300,000	50,000	300,000	(10,000)	0
Hope in Youth Program.....	16,000	80,000	3,333	20,000	(12,667)	(60,000)
Juvenile Drug Trafficking & Gang Prevention.....	40,000	200,000	20,833	125,000	(19,167)	(75,000)
Youth Development Centers.....	10,000	50,000	8,333	50,000	(1,667)	0
Missing Alzheimers.....	...	...	800	4,800	800	4,800
Family Unity Demonstration Projects.....	...	...	3,667	22,000	3,667	22,000
Safe Senior Corridors.....	...	...	1,083	6,500	1,083	6,500
MegaCommission.....	...	...	167	1,000	167	1,000
Total.....	1,265,679	6,328,393	917,550	5,505,300	(348,129)	(823,093)

¹ Average cost of program over 5 years.

² Average cost of program over 6 years.

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