

/BOM/RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (RECONSTRUCTED EMAIL)

CREATOR: Jeffrey L. Eller (ELLER_J) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:04-FEB-1993 08:51:00.00

SUBJECT: Talking Points 2/4

TO: John Podesta (PODESTA_J) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Karen L. Hancox (HANCOX_K) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Susan Brophy (BROPHY_S) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Howard Paster (PASTER_H) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Lorraine C. Miller (MILLER_L) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Stuart E. Trevelyan (TREVELYAN_S) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Lisa M. Caputo (CAPUTO_L) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Margaret A. Williams (WILLIAMS_MA) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Evelyn Lieberman (LIEBERMAN_E) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Karen Finney (FINNEY_K) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Isabelle R. Tapia (TAPIA_I) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Anne Walley (WALLEY_A) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Stephanie Streett (STREETT_S) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Marcia Hale (HALE_M) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: David Leavy (LEAVY_D) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Kathy McKiernan READ: UNKNOWN	(MCKIERNAN_K) (WHO)
TO: Beverly M. Baker READ: UNKNOWN	(BAKER_BM) (WHO)
TO: David Seldin READ: UNKNOWN	(SELDIN_D) (OMB)
TO: Steven A. Cohen READ: UNKNOWN	(COHEN_SA) (WHO)
TO: Dee Dee Myers READ: UNKNOWN	(MYERS_D) (WHO)
TO: Lisa M. Caputo READ: UNKNOWN	(CAPUTO_L) (WHO)
TO: Marla Romash READ: UNKNOWN	(ROMASH_M) (VPO)
TO: Remote Addressee (DEFAULT) READ: UNKNOWN	(JACK BELCHER@1=US@2=TELEMAIL@3=HOUSE@MRX@EOPMRX)
TO: Remote Addressee (DEFAULT) READ: UNKNOWN	(BOB CARR@1=US@2=TELEMAIL@3=HOUSE@MRX@EOPMRX)
TO: Margaret A. Offit READ: UNKNOWN	(OFFIT_M) (WHO)
TO: Lavora R. Barnes READ: UNKNOWN	(BARNES_L) (WHO)
TO: Lisa Mortman READ: UNKNOWN	(MORTMAN_L) (WHO)
TO: Joshua N. Silverman READ: UNKNOWN	(SILVERMAN_J) (WHO)
TO: Steven A. Cohen READ: UNKNOWN	(COHEN_SA) (WHO)
TO: Ernest D. Gibble READ: UNKNOWN	(GIBBLE_E) (WHO)
TO: C. Patricia Cogdell READ: UNKNOWN	(COGDELL_C) (WHO)
TO: Richard Strauss READ: UNKNOWN	(STRAUSS_R) (WHO)
TO: Jonathan P. Gill	(GILL_J) (WHO)

READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Patricia A. Enright (ENRIGHT_P) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: David Leavy (LEAVY_D) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Kathy McKiernan (MCKIERNAN_K) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Maria M. Tio (TIO_M) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Janis F. Kearney (KEARNEY_J) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TEXT:
PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER
Comments on the President's Schedule
February 4, 1993

As the President makes another trip to the Hill, note that in its first two weeks in office, the Clinton Administration has worked to break gridlock, create an economic plan to increase jobs and raise living standards, and reverse over a decade of inactivity and neglect that ignored the real needs of working families.

*On Inauguration Day, the President signed an Executive Order establishing the strictest ethics rules for senior federal employees in history. This Order will ensure that top level Federal appointees make decisions in the best interest of the American people.

*The President will unveil his economic plan to generates jobs and increase incomes in a February 17th address before a Joint Session of Congress. He signed an Executive Order creating the National Economic Council; the Council will cut across agency lines to coordinate the economic advice provided to the President. And he repealed several Bush era rules used to discriminate against working Americans.

*On January 22, the President removed government limits on critical health care research and on the reproductive rights of American families:

The President lifted the moratorium that barred fetal tissue research on promising treatments for serious diseases including Parkinson's, Alzheimer's, diabetes, and leukemia. He repealed the gag rule, enabling health care professionals to provide their patients with the full range of medical advice, including counseling related to family planning. And he ordered that women have access to abortion services at overseas military facilities if the procedure is paid for with private funds.

*The President repeated his commitment to ending welfare as we know it. To break the cycle of poverty, we must give more opportunity but demand more responsibility. That means toughening child support enforcement to pick up \$25 billion in unpaid child support. That means expanding the Earned Income Tax Credit, controlling health care costs and reforming health

insurance. That means giving state and local governments the go-ahead to experiment. The President announced a "working group" on welfare reform consisting of Administration representatives and the nation's governors.

*To underscore the importance of health care reform, the President assigned Mrs. Clinton responsibility for formulating the administration's proposal. He also adopted orders to streamline the process for granting states waivers of Medicaid rules.

*The President is working to end the deadlock that has frustrated adoption of the Family and Medical Leave Act. Two prior Republican Administrations thwarted enactment of this bill.

After two weeks in office, Congress will pass and the President will sign a law to guarantee that working mothers and fathers won't have to fear losing their jobs in times of family need.

(*)

/EOM/

/BOM/RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (RECONSTRUCTED EMAIL)

CREATOR: Stuart E. Trevelyan (TREVELYAN_S) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:16-FEB-1993 20:40:00.00

SUBJECT: HOUSEWATCH

TO: Eric Berman (BERMAN_E) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Ricki Seidman (SEIDMAN_R) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Meeghan E. Prunty (PRUNTY_M) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Howard Paster (PASTER_H) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Susan Brophy (BROPHY_S) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Timothy J. Keating (KEATING_T) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Unice B. Lieberman (LIEBERMAN_U) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Tracey E. Thornton (THORNTON_T) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Melissa G. Banks (BANKS_M) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Barbara C. Chow (CHOW_B) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Nestor M. Davidson (DAVIDSON_N) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Karen L. Hancox (HANCOX_K) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: LeeAnn Inadomi (INADOMI_L) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Lorraine C. Miller (MILLER_L) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Kathleen L. O'Neill (ONEILL_K) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Steve Ricchetti (RICCHETTI_S) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Margaret C. Sherry (SHERRY_M) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Stuart E. Trevelyan (TREVELYAN_S) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Ann M. Cattalini (CATTALINI_A) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Anne Walker (WALKER_A) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 18_POINT_ROMAN
HOUSE WATCH

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 10

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN
WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1993

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN_ITALIC
FLOOR:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

Meets at noon, recesses at 6:00

p.m.; will consider H.R. 670, which aims to ensure
that pregnant women visiting federally funded family
planning clinics can receive abortion counseling.

The bill would codify President Clinton's
Presidential memorandum overturning former-President
Bush's order. Subject to a rule.

9 p.m. Reconvenes at 8:45 p.m. President Clinton announces
his economic plans in a nationally televised speech
to the Senate and House, meeting in the House
chamber.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN_ITALIC
WHITE HOUSE:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

The President meets with the Bi-Partisan Leadership in the
morning.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN_ITALIC
FULL COMMITTEES:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

FOREIGN AFFAIRS Africa Subcommittee. The Deputy Assistant for
African affairs will testify.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN_ITALIC
SUBCOMMITTEES:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

BANKING, FINANCE AND URBAN AFFAIRS 10 a.m. Housing and
Community Development Subcommittee. Hearing on plans for housing and
community development programs. Witness: Housing and Urban Development

Secretary Henry Cisneros. 2128 Rayburn. Contact: 202

-225

-7054.

ENERGY AND COMMERCE 9:30 a.m. Commerce, Consumer Protection and Competitiveness Subcommittee. Hearing on gender inequality in college athletics. 2247 Rayburn. Contact: 202

-226

-3160.

MERCHANT MARINE AND FISHERIES 10 a.m. Coast Guard and Navigation Subcommittee. Hearing on oil pollution, tanker navigation safety standards and proposed regulations. 1334 Longworth. Contact: 202

-226

-3587.

NATURAL RESOURCES 9:45 a.m. Energy and Mineral Resources Subcommittee. Hearing on Energy Department contracting. 1324 Longworth.

PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION 10 a.m. Aviation Subcommittee. Hearing on financial condition of the airline industry. 2167 Rayburn. Contact: 202

-225

-9961.

SCIENCE, SPACE AND TECHNOLOGY 9:30 a.m. Space Subcommittee. Hearing on U.S. space launch capability. 2325 Rayburn.

9 a.m. Technology, Environment and Aviation Subcommittee. Hearing on the National Competitiveness Act. 2318 Rayburn. Contact: 202

-225

-9662.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1993

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN_ITALIC
MARK-

UP:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

The Health Subcommittee of Energy and Commerce may markup HR 4 to re-authorize several NIH activities and codify lifting the ban on fetal tissue research.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN_ITALIC

SUBCOMMITTEES:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

NATURAL RESOURCES 9:30 a.m. Native American Affairs Subcommittee.
Hearing on Indian fish and wildlife enhancement. Room to be announced.

10 a.m. National Parks, Forests and Public Lands Subcommittee. Hearing on
American Conservation Corps and youth conservation programs. 1324
Longworth.

PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION 9:30 a.m. Aviation Subcommittee.
Hearing on financial condition of the airline industry. 2167 Rayburn.
Contact: 202

-225

-9961.

SCIENCE, SPACE AND TECHNOLOGY 9:30 a.m. Technology, Environment and
Aviation Subcommittee. Hearing on Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award
program. 2318 Rayburn.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1993

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN_ITALIC

FLOOR:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

Meets at 11:00 a.m.. No legislative business.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN_ITALIC

COMMITTEES:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

BUDGET Director Panetta will testify before the committee.

/EOM/

/BOM/RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (RECONSTRUCTED EMAIL)

CREATOR: Stuart E. Trevelyan (TREVELYAN_S) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:23-MAR-1993 08:23:00.00

SUBJECT: Usually would come at night; I forgot to put you on distrib.

TO: Deborah J. Behr (BEHR_D) (OA)

READ: UNKNOWN

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

HOUSEWATCH

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 12

PRINTER FONT 10_POINT_COURIER

TUESDAY - MARCH 23, 1993

PRINTER FONT 10_POINT_COURIER_OBLIQUE

FLOOR:

PRINTER FONT 10_POINT_COURIER

THE HOUSE MEETS AT NOON. The House is scheduled to consider 7 measures under suspension of the rules. Recorded votes on suspensions, if ordered, will be postponed until Wednesday, March 24.

- 1) H.R. 904 -
to amend the Airport and Airway Safety, Capacity, Noise Improvement, and Intermodal Transportation Act of 1992 with respect to the establishment of the National Commission to Ensure a Strong Competitive Airline Industry
- 2) H.J. Res. 102 -
providing for the appointment of Barber B. Conable, Jr. as a citizen regent of the Smithsonian Institution
- 3) H.J. Res. 104 -
providing for the appointment of Wesley S. Williams, Jr. as a citizen regent of the Smithsonian Institution
- 4) H.J. Res. 105 -
providing for the appointment of Hanna Holburn Gray as a citizen regent of the Smithsonian Institution
- 5) H. Con. Res. 41 -
permitting the use of the rotunda of the Capitol for a ceremony to commemorate the days of remembrance of victims of the Holocaust
- 6) H.R. 235 -
to provide for certain land exchanges in the State of Idaho, and for other purposes

7) H.R. 720 -

to authorize the adjustment of the boundaries of the South
Dakota portion of the Sioux Ranger District of Custer
National Forest, and for other purposes

PRINTER FONT 10_POINT_COURIER_OBLIQUE

ADMINISTRATION:

PRINTER FONT 10_POINT_COURIER

COMMERCE, SCIENCE, STATE AND JUDICIARY APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE
hosts Secretary Brown on the subject of FY 1994 appropriations.

PRINTER FONT 10_POINT_COURIER_OBLIQUE

COMMITTEES:

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 10

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

FOREIGN AFFAIRS 10 a.m. Hearing on democracy and human
rights. Public witnesses. 2172 Rayburn.

RULES 1 p.m. Hearing on H.R. 670 - Family Planning
Amendments Act of 1993. H

-313 CAP.

WAYS AND MEANS 10 a.m. Hearing on President Clinton's
proposals for public investment and deficit reduction. 1100
Longworth.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER_OBLIQUE

EVENTS:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

1:15 p.m. AVIATION Rep. Norman Y. Mineta, D

-Calif.,
chairman of the House Public Works and Transportation Committee
delivers a "state of aviation" address to industry leaders at
a joint gathering of the Airports Council International

-North
American Association of Airport Executives and the Aero
Club of Washington.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER_OBLIQUE

SUBCOMMITTEES:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

AGRICULTURE 10 a.m. General Farm Commodities Subcommittee.
Hearing on the impact of the president's economic program on farm
commodities. CBO, Public witnesses Longworth 1300.

APPROPRIATIONS 4 p.m. Agriculture, Rural Development, FDA

and Related Agencies Subcommittee Members of Congress and Public witnesses 2362A Rayburn.

APPROPRIATIONS 9 a.m. Transportation Subcommittee Public witnesses 2358 Rayburn.

APPROPRIATIONS 10 a.m. Labor

-HHS

-Education Subcommittee
National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke; National Institute of Mental Health; National Institute of Arthritis and Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases. 2358 Rayburn.

APPROPRIATIONS 2 p.m. Va, HUD

-Indep. Agencies Subcommittee
Court of Veterans Appeals. H

-143 Capitol.

BANKING, FINANCE AND URBAN AFFAIRS 9 a.m. General Oversight, Investigations, and the Resolution of Failed Financial Institutions. Hearing on minority contracting at the RTC. 2222 Rayburn.

EDUCATION AND LABOR 10 a.m. Elementary, Secondary, and Vocational Education Subcommittee. Hearing on H.R. 6 - Elementary and Secondary Education Amendments of 1993. 2175 Rayburn.

GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS 9:30 a.m. Commerce, Consumer and Monetary Affairs Subcommittee. Hearing on the credit crunch. 2247 Rayburn.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS 2 p.m. International Operations Subcommittee. Chair Howard Berman (D

-Calif.) holds hearings on
how U.S. foreign affairs organizations should operate in the 1990s. 2200 Rayburn.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS 3 p.m. Western Hemisphere Affairs Subcommittee Hearing on the peace process in El Salvador. GAO, Public witnesses.
2172 Rayburn.

GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS 10 a.m. Legislation and National Security Subcommittee Hearing on H.R. 826 - Government Performance and Results Act of 1993. OMB Dir. Panetta, Comptroller General Bowsher, Members of Congress, Public witnesses. 2154 Rayburn.

GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS 10:30 a.m. Commerce, Consumer and Monetary Affairs Subcommittee. Hearing on the credit crunch and regulatory burden. Public witnesses 2247 Rayburn.

NATURAL RESOURCES 10 a.m. National Parks, Forests and Public Lands Subcommittee. Hearings on Gallatin Range and public lands in Colorado. Longworth 1324. Contact: 202

-225

-8303.

SCIENCE, SPACE AND TECHNOLOGY 9 a.m. Tech., Environ. and Aviation Subcommittee. Hearing on the national technology policy and information infrastructure. Public witnesses 2318 Rayburn.

SCIENCE, SPACE AND TECHNOLOGY 1 p.m. Energy Subcommittee Hearing on technology

-transfer activities of the Dept. of Energy.
DOE and Public witnesses. 2325 Rayburn.

POST OFFICE AND CIVIL SERVICE 11 a.m. Postal Operations and Service Subcommittee. Markup pending post office legislation. 304 Cannon.

/EOM/

/BOM/RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (RECONSTRUCTED EMAIL)

CREATOR: Stuart E. Trevelyan (TREVELYAN_S) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:24-MAR-1993 18:47:00.00

SUBJECT: Housewatch is available on IM PROT HS HW

TO: Manager Infomgt (INFOMGT) (SYS)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Eric Berman (BERMAN_E) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Ricki Seidman (SEIDMAN_R) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Meeghan E. Prunty (PRUNTY_M) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Susan Brophy (BROPHY_S) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Timothy J. Keating (KEATING_T) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Unice B. Lieberman (LIEBERMAN_U) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Tracey E. Thornton (THORNTON_T) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Melissa G. Banks (BANKS_M) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Barbara C. Chow (CHOW_B) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Nestor M. Davidson (DAVIDSON_N) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Karen L. Hancox (HANCOX_K) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: LeeAnn Inadomi (INADOMI_L) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Lorraine C. Miller (MILLER_L) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Kathleen L. O'Neill (ONEILL_K) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Steve Ricchetti READ: UNKNOWN	(RICCHETTI_S) (WHO)
TO: Margaret C. Sherry READ: UNKNOWN	(SHERRY_M) (WHO)
TO: Stuart E. Trevelyan READ: UNKNOWN	(TREVELYAN_S) (WHO)
TO: Ann M. Cattalini READ: UNKNOWN	(CATTALINI_A) (WHO)
TO: Anne Walker READ: UNKNOWN	(WALKER_A) (WHO)
TO: S. Collier Andress READ: UNKNOWN	(ANDRESS_S) (WHO)
TO: Heather Beckel READ: UNKNOWN	(BECKEL_H) (WHO)
TO: Eric Berman READ: UNKNOWN	(BERMAN_E) (WHO)
TO: Elizabeth A. Bernstein READ: UNKNOWN	(BERNSTEIN_E) (WHO)
TO: Robert O. Boorstin READ: UNKNOWN	(BOORSTIN_R) (WHO)
TO: Liz Bowyer READ: UNKNOWN	(BOWYER_L) (WHO)
TO: Keith Boykin READ: UNKNOWN	(BOYKIN_K) (WHO)
TO: David Dreyer READ: UNKNOWN	(DREYER_D) (WHO)
TO: Deborah L. Fine READ: UNKNOWN	(FINE_D) (WHO)
TO: Deborah L. Fine READ: UNKNOWN	(FINE_D) (WHO)
TO: David Kusnet READ: UNKNOWN	(KUSNET_D) (WHO)
TO: David Leavy READ: UNKNOWN	(LEAVY_D) (WHO)
TO: Mike Lux READ: UNKNOWN	(LUX_M) (WHO)

TO: Julie Oppenheimer (OPPENHEIME_J) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Eric W. Payne (PAYNE_E) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Meeghan E. Prunty (PRUNTY_M) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Ricki Seidman (SEIDMAN_R) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Jason Solomon (SOLOMON_J) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: George Stephanopoulos (STEPHANOPO_G) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Kimberly Tilley (TILLEY_K) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Michael Waldman (WALDMAN_M) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Anne Walker (WALKER_A) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Carter Wilkie (WILKIE_C) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Amy Zisook (ZISOOK_A) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Lisa Mortman (MORTMAN_L) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: David Seldin (SELDIN_D) (OMB)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Patricia A. Enright (ENRIGHT_P) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Jeffrey L. Eller (ELLER_J) (WHO)
READ: UNKNOWN

TEXT:
PRINTER FONT 14_POINT_COURIER
HOUSEWATCH
HORIZONTAL_PITCH 10

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER
THURSDAY,
MARCH 25, 1993

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER_OBLIQUE

FLOOR:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

Continues consideration of HR 670 Family

Planning Reauthorization, including votes on amendments on the "conscience clause" and parental consent.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER_OBLIQUE

ADMINISTRATION:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

APPROPRIATIONS 9 a.m. Transportation Subcommittee. Witness:

Transportation Secretary Federico Pena. 2358 Rayburn.

EDUCATION 10 a.m. Elementary, Secondary and Vocational Education

Subcommittee. Witnesses: Education Secretary Richard Riley and Labor Secretary Robert Reich. 2175 Rayburn.

SMALL BUSINESS 10 a.m. Witness: Alan Greenspan, chairman of the Federal

Reserve. Hearings on President Clinton's economic plan. 2359 Rayburn.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER_OBLIQUE

MARKUPS:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

SCIENCE, SPACE AND TECHNOLOGY 10 a.m. Technology, Environment and Aviation Subcommittee, markup of the National Competitiveness Act of 1993. 2318 Rayburn.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER_OBLIQUE

COMMITTEES:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

APPROPRIATIONS 1:30 p.m. Commerce, Justice, State, the Judiciary and Related Agencies. Witness: Federal Trade Commission Chair Janet Steiger.

H

-309, U.S. Capitol.

NATURAL RESOURCES 10 a.m. National Parks, Forests and Public Lands

Subcommittee. 1324 Longworth.

PUBLIC WORKS AND TRANSPORTATION 9 a.m. Public Buildings and Grounds

Subcommittee. Hearing on establishment of the National African

-American Museum

within the Smithsonian Institution. 2253 Rayburn.

SCIENCE, SPACE AND TECHNOLOGY 1 p.m. Hearing on National Technology

Police, Information Infrastructure.

WAYS AND MEANS 10 a.m. Social Security Subcommittee. Hearings on the

effect of President Clinton's economic proposals. Rayburn 318.

/EOM/

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (RECONSTRUCTED EMAIL)

CREATOR: Carter Wilkie (WILKIE_C) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:01-APR-1993 13:20:00.00

SUBJECT: document requested

TO: Ann F. Walker (WALKER_A) (WHO)

READ: UNKNOWN

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

PRESIDENT CLINTON HAS DELIVERED

Americans now have a presidency that puts people first.

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 9

PRINTER FONT 14_POINT_ROMAN

New Economic Strategy

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 10

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

? Within one month of taking office, announced
comprehensive economic growth plan with clear goals:
create jobs, raise incomes, cut health care costs, reduce
deficit

? Created National Economic Council to coordinate strategy

? Announced extension of unemployment insurance for people
who lost jobs

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 9

PRINTER FONT 14_POINT_ROMAN

Tighten Government's Belt

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 10

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

? Reduced White House staff by 25%

? Announced reductions of at least 100,000 positions in
federal bureaucracy

? Cut annual administrative costs by 3% across the board

? Ended perks and privileges

? Saved taxpayers \$9 billion in cuts at executive branch
level

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 9

PRINTER FONT 14_POINT_ROMAN

Put People First

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 10

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

? Two weeks after taking office, signed Family and
Medical Leave bill into law, which suffered two vetoes
after being introduced seven years ago

? Health Care reform package launched (will be presented in
1st 100 days)

? New ethics rules against cashing in on public careers (for five years after leaving office, senior Clinton appointees may not lobby their former agency, office or colleagues; for five years they may not lobby on behalf foreign interests; and for the duration of their lifetime, they may not lobby on behalf of foreign governments or foreign political parties)

? Lifted restrictions on federal funding of medical research using fetal tissue which may develop treatments for debilitating illnesses such as Alzheimer's and Parkinson's diseases, diabetes and leukemia

? Announced new childhood immunization program to begin immediate vaccination of children by this summer, open up pharmaceutical companies for states that do not already get vaccines at appropriate price, and lead to eventual universal immunization.

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 9

PRINTER FONT 14_POINT_ROMAN

Cabinet

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 10

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

? 13 cabinet officers confirmed by end of second day in office

? Abolished Competitiveness Council and closed back door for well-connected polluters

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 9

PRINTER FONT 14_POINT_ROMAN

Restored Legal Rights for All

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 10

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

? Ended gag rule that limited information doctors could share with patients at clinics

? Extended legal rights to privately funded abortions to women at military hospitals

? Rescinded import ban of RU-486, pending routing testing and approval process

? Ended Mexico City policy that banned funding of certain family planning groups

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (RECONSTRUCTED EMAIL)

CREATOR: Eric Berman (BERMANN_E) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:07-APR-1993 09:39:00.00

SUBJECT: Everything on abortion in PPF

TO: Meeghan E. Prunty (PRUNTY_M) (WHO)

READ: UNKNOWN

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 14_POINT_ROMAN

PUTTING PEOPLE FIRST: CHOICE

PRINTER FONT 14_POINT_ROMAN_ITALIC

Protect a Woman's Right to Choose

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 10

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

? Sign into law the Freedom of Choice Act. We recognize that personal privacy is a fundamental liberty guaranteed and protected by the United States Constitution; and that our government thus has no right to interfere with the difficult and intensely personal decisions women must sometimes make regarding abortion. Signing the Freedom of Choice Act will ensure that a woman's right to choose is not jeopardized by a Supreme Court reversal or limitation of Roe v. Wade.

? Urge Congress to repeal the Hyde Amendment, which prohibits federally funded abortions even for rape and incest victims.

? Repeal President Bush's "gag" rule, which prohibits medical personnel in federally funded clinics from advising women on pregnancy options, including abortion.

? Oppose any federal attempt to limit access to abortion through mandatory waiting periods or parental or spousal consent requirements; support state efforts to require some form of adult counseling or consultation for underage girls who choose to have an abortion -- as long as workable and effective judicial bypass provisions are attached to such laws.

? Initiate measures to protect women and care-givers from intimidation, harassment, and threats posed by radical demonstrators who illegally block health clinics.

? Reduce the need for abortion by urging Congress to reauthorize the Title X Family Planning Program; by prioritizing research and development at the National Institutes of Health of safe, effective contraception; by providing improved family planning services and education programs; and by ensuring the availability of contraceptives to low-income women. [PPF, pp 170-171]

....

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 9

PRINTER FONT 14_POINT_ROMAN_ITALIC

Ensure Affordable Quality Health Care for All Americans

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 10

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

....

? Sign into law the Women's Health Research Act, the Reproductive Health Equity Act, and similar legislative measures designed to address current deficiencies in the treatment of women's health problems.

? Use whatever means are available to find cures for diseases like ovarian cancer, breast cancer, and osteoporosis -- including lifting the fetal tissue research ban.

....

? Support testing of RU-486, the French birth control pill. [PPF, p. 172]

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (RECONSTRUCTED EMAIL)

CREATOR: Stuart E. Trevelyan (TREVELYAN_S) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:09-SEP-1993 15:47:00.00

SUBJECT: You got it

TO: Richard L. Allen (ALLEN_RL) (OA)

READ: UNKNOWN

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATOR: Stuart E. Trevelyan (UNKNOWN)

ATT CREATION DATE/TIME:09-SEP-1993 15:46:00.00

ATT BODY PART TYPE: P

ATT SUBJECT: PC -BINARY- -thrudesc-

ATT TEXT:

Roll Call number	Date	Bill Number	Description
22	2/3/93	HR1	Family and Medical Leave Act
26	2/4/93	HR2	Motor Voter Act
29	2/4/93	S1	Family and Medical Leave Conference
41	2/24/93	HR920	Emergency Unemployment
52	3/3/93	HR20	Hatch Act Repeal
69	3/11/93	HR4	NIH Revitalization
85	3/18/93	HConRes64	Budget Resolution
88	3/18/93	HR1335	Stimulus Package
107	3/25/93	HR670	Family Planning
127	3/31/93	HConRes64	Budget Resolution Conference
133	4/1/93	HR1430	Debt Limit
150	4/29/93	HR1578	Expedited Recissions
154	5/5/93	HR2	Motor Voter Conference
178	5/25/93	S1	NIH Revitalization Conference
199	5/27/93	HR2264	Budget Reconciliation
224	6/15/93	HR5	Striker Replacement
240	6/17/93	HR2295	Foreign Operations Appropriations
247	6/22/93	HR1876	Fast Track Extension
252	6/22/93	HR2333	State Authorization
260	6/22/93	HR2403	Treasury Postal Appropriations
321	7/1/93	HR2118	Second Jobs Supplemental
347	7/21/93	HJRes208	MFN for China
379	7/28/93	HR2010	National Service
406	8/5/93	HR2264	Budget Reconciliation Conference
408	8/6/93	HR2010	National Service Conference

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (RECONSTRUCTED EMAIL)

CREATOR: Stuart E. Trevelyan (TREVELYAN_S) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:20-SEP-1993 14:58:00.00

SUBJECT: Details

TO: Richard L. Allen (ALLEN_RL) (OA)

READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Pamela Johnston (JOHNSTON_P) (OA)

READ: UNKNOWN

TO: Rene Barnes (BARNES_R) (OA)

READ: UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Not to nitpick about such a great system, but I had noticed several minor things which could use changing:

On the Screen for Votes, there needs to be some modification on how it is designed. I suggested to Pamela that if we had the Vote Description alphabetized or the vote number sorted, and then as a secondary sort have the members last name alphabetized, at least you would have all the members votes on the same bill grouped for easy modification. Additionally, the WH, MW, Agency, Group and Comments section need to be visible, or at least they take priority over everything except the Last Name and State fields.

Some of the bills in the vote display need to have HR put before them. Next to Emerg. Unempl., it needs to be HR, not HP. FMLA CONF should be FMLA Conf. Debt Limit should be Debt Limit. As I am sure you know, Family Planning needs to be changed to its actual final vote.

Also, it would be useful if the votes displayed in reverse chronological order. Is F12 supposed to do the same thing in votes as it does in the other displays (now it just moves down one line)?

It would be useful if the contact display were made reverse chronological. Also, the prompt for the FIND button should be Find another Member.

On the prompt for SCREENS, Batch is spelled batch by mistake. Is the Rolodex on the Congress selection screen of the Contact Screen supposed to have duplicates of some letters and no display for others?

We had discussed having a '94 Election Plans Field on the Congress Display, along with an opponent field. On a related note, I don't think we are going to need the Geography field.

We had talked about pick lists (Pamela has the lists) for the location and type of meeting for the data inputting of batch contacts. We also should have a pick list for request status. I am also wondering about the accepted and attended fields, since they do not occur on the data input form.

Does the vote import work for the House? How about the Senate?

What about the Whip imports?

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (RECONSTRUCTED EMAIL)

CREATOR: Richard L. Siewert (SIEWERT_R) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:14-APR-1994 09:07:00.00

SUBJECT: TALKING POINTS

TO: Catherine R. Zoi (ZOI_C) (OPD)

READ: UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Cathy

Could you please have someone at OEP write up Q & A for a briefing book we are putting together for a possible press conference tomorrow? At a minimum, you might want to include Q & A on the California desert bill, the US position on family planning in the UN action plan on population, the status of the Northwest Forest plan, feedback on the new grazing regs and the outlook for the water and drinking water bills. Anything else that you think may come up would be helpful. The Q & A itself should be fairly short, but feel free to send any back-up materials as well. Please send it to Mark Gearan's office by about 4:00 p.m. today. Thanks.

Jake Siewert X62100

The press conference itself is still tentative. I will let you know if they decide not to go forward.

Also have a suggested response to a possible overarching question on environmental policy. E.g. "As Earth Day approaches, this Administration has yet to demonstrate a firm commitment to protecting the environment. Please defend your record." Or something to that effect.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (RECONSTRUCTED EMAIL)

CREATOR: Nancy-Ann E. Min (MIN_N) (OMB)

CREATION DATE/TIME:19-JUN-1994 21:03:00.00

SUBJECT: Midterm election/Presidential priorities

TO: David Dreyer (DREYER_D) (WHO)

READ: UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Sorry I haven't responded with more alacrity to your request for tangible things Democrats can run on this summer. As we discussed at the session in Angell's office, the problem is that in my area -- health care -- we can either (1) assume Congress will enact reform this summer, which I think we must assume; then, when you talk about why we need Democrats back next year, you have to get into things like what happens to the benefit package or what if the subsidies aren't enough, which are "big government" things that the Republicans have been using to scare people off our plan in the first place; or (2) you can assume health care reform won't happen, in which case. . . I take that back, there's only one way you can go here! As far as the other pieces of the President's agenda, we've already passed a new program entitling all kids who aren't covered through their insurance to all immunizations; we've made big improvements in AIDS and women's health research and we'll continue to push for more funding for Ryan White, etc. Ryan White is up for reauthorization next year, and I'm sure we'll play an important role in that, but it is not something that most members can run on. The only possibility I can come up with -- and it would have to be used selectively and carefully with certain groups -- is our commitment to choice. If you look at what happened last year, despite our failure (really Congress' failure) to repeal the Hyde Amendment, we made significant progress. We were able to add rape or incest to the list of conditions requiring Medicaid coverage of abortion for poor women; we got the Hyde-type prohibition against use of FEHB funds for abortions for Federal employees and dependents lifted; we finally got RU-486 into the country for clinical trials so American women will have more options; we have done away with some of the stupid "family planning" programs that were really just a guise for opposing abortion, and instead have increased funding for some family planning programs that may make a difference; we have supported access to clinics and prosecuted those who interfered with access. This has not been so much an agenda as it has been a fulfillment of the President's commitment to get the Federal government out of the way when it comes to a woman's choice whether to have a child, and this progress would not have been made without him, or without the Democrats we elected last time. If you think this idea has any potential to help you, I can do some more thinking about our specific achievements in this area. In some districts with active women's groups, it could make a

difference, and I think we could argue that our progress here would be reversed, or at least impeded by, sending Republicans to Congress next year.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (RECONSTRUCTED EMAIL)

CREATOR: Jeremy D. Benami (BENAMI_J) (OPD)

CREATION DATE/TIME:28-JUN-1994 19:17:00.00

SUBJECT: Memo for Business Week interview

TO: Richard L. Siewert (SIEWERT_R) (WHO)

READ: UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Jake --

The following memo is for your use as briefing for the Business Week interview. I didn't know what format it should be in, so you can do whatever you need to change it. Bruce has seen and approved.

I'm reachable on beeper tonight if you need anything, and in tomorrow morning at x65584.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

June 28, 1994

MEMORANDUM TO THE PRESIDENT

Subject: Background for Business Week Interview

In its June 13 issue, Business Week ran a lengthy piece on welfare reform. In addition to basic coverage of your plan and a comparison with the Mainstream Forum and House Republican plans, the magazine also provided its own proposal. This memo summarizes their proposal and provides some brief questions and answers addressing concerns raised in that article.

Business Week proposal

Business Week proposes spending \$4 billion a year to move 2.5 million adults on welfare (half the caseload) into jobs within two years. They say:

- "The system must be retooled to focus on skill training, job search help, and developing close ties to local businesses that can provide the jobs."
- "Not everyone will find work right away, so new public service jobs will be needed. . . Recent studies suggest that work is out there -- especially in an expanding economy creating 250,000 positions a month."
- Improve training programs: tie them to real jobs in the community, get rid of failed programs, etc.
- Provide health care and child care (few specifics provided)
- Rebuild the family: establish paternities; enforce child support from fathers; early family planning
- More state experimentation.

Obviously, these basic principles are at the core of your Work and Responsibility Act and provide the basis for potential compromise with the Mainstream Forum and the House Republicans.

Questions and Answers

The following questions and answers tackle three main criticisms in the Business Week article:

- Your phase in is too slow
- Your budget is too low
- Your financing is unclear

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER_OBLIQUE

Q: Why do you propose to move so slowly in your bill, when you made the "ambitious campaign promise," to end the current welfare system. [Note: Business Week calls for moving 2 to 2.5 million people from welfare to work in two years -- your plan calls for 400,000 in the WORK program by the year 2000]

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

A: Our plan is ambitious. It calls for a complete change in the philosophy and culture of a welfare system that's been around for 60 years. We are moving from a focus on welfare checks to paychecks, from income maintenance to self-sufficiency. Within five years, half of all recipients will be in our time-limited system. The message for the next generation will have been changed. A million people will be either off welfare or working. These are massive changes that do take time. There is near unanimous agreement from the states and experts (including Judy Gueron from MDRC) that these changes cannot take place overnight if we want them to work.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER_OBLIQUE

Q: How do you respond to widespread criticism that \$9.5 billion over five years is not enough to fund meaningful welfare reform. [Note: Business Week calls for \$4 billion a year, calls the level of funding in your bill "a fatal deficiency." Says administration backed down from \$15 billion plan originally proposed.]

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

A: There has never been any retreat from the core elements of my reform proposal. The phase-in plan, the expansion of training and job search programs, as well as the creation of the program to provide work opportunities remain unchanged from the original proposal presented by the Working Group. Our phase-in plan is driven by a desire to make this a workable programs for the states that have to run it. We can discuss the level of funding for child care for the working poor but that will not have an impact on our ability to change the nature of the welfare system.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER_OBLIQUE

Q: Have you really found an acceptable way to pay for this proposal? [Note: Business Week says Leon Panetta is still "empty-handed" in searching for funding.]

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

A: We have a balanced package of financing proposals that provide a good starting point for discussions with Congress. It's a realistic proposal that does not make any one particular group unfairly bear the burden of paying for this

reform.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Laurie L. Labuda (LABUDA_L) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME: 4-AUG-1994 17:53:02.10

SUBJECT: MISSOURI STATE INFORMATION MEMO

TO: Kevin M. O'Keefe (OKEEFE_K) (WHO)

READ: 4-AUG-1994 19:07:24.29

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

July 29, 1994

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: CHRISTINE A. VARNEY

Secretary to the Cabinet

SUBJECT: Background Information - Missouri

A memo on the state of Missouri including issues and grant information from the various Cabinet Agencies and Departments was prepared for your use on June 23, 1994. In preparation for this weekend's trip to the State, we have updated that information. "HOT ISSUES"

? Treasury -

Uninsured: Last week, Treasury issued a study estimating the number of Americans without health insurance by state and congressional district. In Missouri, there are 700,000 people with no insurance, over 80 percent of them in working families, and 175,000 children.

? Treasury -

Earned Income Tax Credit: Once fully phased in, the expanded Earned Income Tax Credit will benefit over 295,000 families with children in Missouri--over 21 percent of all families in the state. By contrast, less than 22,000 face higher rates under the plan. The remaining 1.9 million households face no increase. The attached chart sets forth the impact of the EITC for each congressional District in Missouri.

? Treasury -

Rural Electric Cooperatives Repricing: During your campaign, you promised relief to rural electric co-ops. An innovative program reprices rural electric co-ops' loans. Under this repricing program, over \$390 million in Missouri co-op loans have been repriced, lowering the average interest rate from 9.7 percent to 6.3 percent. This achievement represents a campaign promise fulfilled.

? Treasury -

Low-

Income Housing Tax Credits: Missouri

Governor Carnahan wrote the President and Secretary in March asking to carry-over all 1993 low-income housing tax credits to 1994. The 1993 floods disrupted the application and development process for the credits in Missouri, and the state was unable to use its entire allocation. Secretary Bentsen declined the request for a blanket carry-over, explaining that such an extension would be clearly inconsistent with the underlying statute. The law requires unused housing tax credits to be returned to the national pool each year and distributed to states that have used their entire allocation. Granting Governor Carnahan's request would be contrary to the purpose of the law and would reduce the credits available to other areas.

Treasury has offered to extend deadlines for using low-income housing tax credits that have already been allocated for specific projects.

? Treasury -

IRS Modernization: Under the IRS plan for restructuring and Tax Systems modernization, the Kansas City Service Center will lose about 900 positions by the year 2001. IRS believes this can be accomplished by attrition, and Commissioner Richardson, has committed to offering job retraining and new positions for all IRS employees when positions become obsolete. The modernization program is the Services long-term effort to upgrade its computer systems to provide faster and more effective service.

? Commerce -

Jobs: Unemployment in Missouri decreased from 5.9 percent in January 1993 to 5 percent in May 1994, with 24,600 fewer people unemployed. Employment rose 10.5 percent in the construction industry and over 5 percent in the services industry since May, 1993. The boost in construction is partially in response to last year's flooding. Conversely, downsizing of TWA, resulting in loss of 475 jobs in St. Louis, will impact the minority community. The overall increase in employment has resulted in an increase in Missouri's total

personal income in 1993 of 3.5 percent over the 1992 figures.

? Commerce -

Jobs: Missouri's auto industry has begun to stabilize with the Big Three planning investments of \$1 billion in plant and equipment over the next few years.

? Commerce -

Exports: Rapid export expansion has been a leading factor in the growth of Missouri--one in eight jobs (108,000) depends on exports. State exports total \$4.7 billion and retail sales total almost \$4 billion (up 5.5 percent since 1993).

? Commerce -

Controversy: Commerce's Office of Anti-Boycott Compliance is investigating a procurement by Saudi Arabia of Patriot missile trailers, which will be supplied by a Missouri company (Southwest Mobil Systems) rather than an Israeli company. The Israeli company would have used 60% U.S. content for their trailers, primarily from Michigan. Senator Levin claims this may be a violation of U.S. laws prohibiting cooperation with the Arab boycott of Israel. The Saudis claim the Missouri company was selected in response to Missouri Congressional delegation requests to create more jobs for Americans in the aftermath of Desert Storm.

? Transportation -

South Midtown Roadway: This project would connect downtown Kansas City with the freeway system 16.1 kilometers to the south. The design included provisions for a freeway and light rail system. Federal highway funds have been made available for the project.

? Transportation -

Passenger Rail: Amtrak is working with local and state officials on renovation of the railroad station in Independence.

? Defense -

Acquisition: Missouri ranks 4th among the 50 states in DoD procurement spending, with \$5.6 billion in FY'93. Spending has varied over the last four years, from a high of \$6.2 billion in FY'91 to a low of \$3.7 billion in FY'92.

? Defense -

Contractors: McDonnell Douglas in St. Louis employs 29,000 people. It is a prime manufacturer for military and commercial aircraft. The value of shipments for 1993 was \$5 billion and is projected to decrease to \$4.4 billion by 1996. Capacity utilization is 50%, down from a high of 80% in 1989 and is expected to decrease to 30% by 1997.

? Defense -

Closures: Richards Gebauer Air Force base in Belton, MO, is the only military installation in Missouri scheduled for closure as a result of BRAC '88, '91 or '93. The Kansas City Airport Authority is taking over the majority of the property of airport expansion.

There are currently 655 individuals employed on bases scheduled for closure and 30,433 individuals employed on bases remaining open in

the State of Missouri.

? Defense -

Technology Reinvestment Project: TRP received 28 proposals with Missouri organizations in the lead. Of those, three have been selected for final negotiation. This is a success rate of ten percent, which is above the national average.

? Defense -

DFAS: Two Missouri sites were selected for consolidated DFAS Centers. Kansas City, MO will remain one of the five large DFAS Centers (1,080 jobs) and St. Louis will receive one of the twenty medium-sized DFAS facilities.

? Justice -

Hyde Amendment lawsuit: *Stangler v. Shalala* (W.D. MO) is a challenge to the Department of Health and Human Services' interpretation of the 1994 Hyde Amendment which, in contrast to those in effect during each of the past thirteen years, provides for federal funding through Medicaid of abortions to terminate pregnancies resulting from acts of rape or incest. HHS has directed that states participating in Medicaid are required -- not merely permitted -- to fund those abortions for which federal funding is available under Hyde. Here, the Director of the Missouri Department of Social Services alleges that a Missouri statute prohibits public funding of such abortion, and that compliance with HHS's interpretation of Hyde would force him to violate Missouri law. On July 29, we will move for summary judgment on behalf of the Department. Four courts of appeals, including the Eighth Circuit (construing earlier versions of the Amendment), and three district courts (construing the current version), have ruled that participating states must fund those abortions for which federal funds are available under Hyde regardless of state law. (Similar suits are also pending in Pennsylvania and Kentucky).

? HHS -

Health Care Reform Waiver: On June 30, Governor Carnahan submitted a waiver proposal to Secretary Shalala. The waiver would establish a statewide system of managed care for 600,000 Medicaid recipients and 300,000 uninsured persons. Individuals with incomes above the poverty line would pay premiums at a sliding scale rate. Uninsured persons with income above 200% of the poverty level -- the income ceiling for the federal/state funded portion of the program -- would be able to buy into the program by paying 100% of the premium for their family size. An Integrated Service Networks (ISNs) of private physicians and hospitals would provide services as managed care providers beginning July 1, 1995, the date the state would begin to phase in coverage geographically. Missouri anticipates saving over \$500 million a year.

? HHS -

Family Planning Services Waiver: In November, 1993, Missouri submitted a waiver request to extend family planning

services for up to two years after a mother has a baby. The Department sent a series of questions back to the state, which has indicated that it may withdraw the waiver in light of the state's pending health care reform proposal.

? HHS -

Welfare Reform Initiative: Missouri is pursuing a broad based welfare reform initiative whose significant components include: time limits based on family circumstances; diversion of AFDC grants as wage supplements; increasing the amount of earned income disregarded under the program; providing advanced earned income tax credits; new employment and training programs for non-custodial parents; and, conditioning benefit receipt on establishment of paternity. This proposal passed the Missouri Legislature in May and a waiver request is being prepared.

? HHS -

Hyde Amendment: In May, Missouri sued the Department, claiming its interpretation of the new Hyde Amendment conflicts with Missouri state law. The issue has received significant media attention in the State.

? HHS -

Hospitals as HMOs: Hospitals in medium-sized cities across Missouri are approaching the Medicaid agency with proposals to become HMOs. This is an effort by the hospitals to prepare for the President's and the Governor's health reform proposals.

? HUD -

Creston Place: This issue concerns Senator Bond. Creston Place is a troubled 72 unit project in Kansas City. It was placed in federal receivership by a federal judge this past May. Prior to HUD ownership, it was the focus of significant prostitution, drug trafficking and crime. Residents of the area (mostly white, single family dwellers) have called for its demolition and Senator Bond has asked for Secretary Cisneros' support for such action. The Department has secured and cleaned the buildings and has concurred with Senator Bond's request. The local office is in the process of relocating residents so Creston Place can be demolished.

? HUD -

Kansas City Housing Authority: The Kansas City Housing Authority was placed in receivership in July, 1993 after failing to make progress on several consent orders to advance the rehabilitation of several developments. To date, only limited progress has been made. The Department is working closely with the Judge and the Special Master to develop a long range recovery strategy and to find a permanent receiver. The selection process for a permanent receiver is almost complete and a Receiver could be named within the week.

? EPA -

Clean Air Act: Under the Clean Air Act, St. Louis is

required to implement an enhanced vehicle inspection and maintenance ("smog-check") program to reduce smog. EPA notified Governor Carnahan in January, 1993, that the State's failure to submit a State Implementation Plan including a new smog-check program would lead to sanctions. In response, the State Legislature passed a measure in May, 1994, enacting the requisite smog-check program, but directed the State to sue EPA challenging potential sanctions that may take effect before the program can be implemented. EPA is now working closely and cooperatively with State officials and legislators to find a solution that both works for the City and the State and satisfies the Clean Air Act. EPA expects to resolve these issues shortly.

? Interior -

Rolla Research Center: The FY'95 budget for the Bureau of Mines proposed closing four field facilities, including a research center in Rolla, Missouri, the hometown of Governor Carnahan. On February 1, Governor Carnahan met with Secretary Babbitt to urge its retention. Other members of the Missouri delegation have also supported the center. Earlier this month, the House Appropriations Subcommittee modified the Administration's closure proposal to provide for a maximum two-year phase out of the facilities paid for with a combination of federal and non-federal funds. At the end of the phase-out the facility would transfer to the University of Missouri at Rolla at no cost. Interior expects the Senate to uphold the House action.

? Energy -

Radioactive Private Land: Missouri has four sites under the Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program (FUSRAP). FUSRAP cleans up private land formerly used by the federal government to process or perform research on radioactive materials. All of the Missouri sites are in the St. Louis area. The Department had previously proposed to construct a \$200 million bunker to contain the contaminated material, but on March 15, 1994, Assistant Secretary of Environmental Management Tom Grumbly indicated that the Department would consider removal of radioactive waste from the site.

? Agriculture -

Levee Repair: As in other states, levee repair appears to be the greatest source of contention for disaster response in Missouri. The Department has only approved \$4 million in levee repair although \$50 million was appropriated in the supplemental bill. Two things limit USDA participation in the repair program: 1) levees to be repaired must be upgraded to Corps of Engineers standards and join the

Corps program in two years; and, 2) because of cost-benefit analyses, USDA cannot repair levees that were turned down by the Corps. Local officials argue that in many instances, they only need a fraction of the cost to repair the levees, while participation in the Corps program is not financially feasible for their communities.

? Agriculture -

Rural Health Care: Many rural communities in Missouri do not have an adequate health care infrastructure. Three of the State's rural counties have no doctors in residence.
? Agriculture -

Farmers Home Administration: Missouri has five delinquent borrowers who each owe more than \$1 million. Total debt in the State is approximately \$6.5 million of which \$5.2 million is delinquent.

GRANTS

? Commerce -

MBDA: Commerce's Minority Business Development Agency funds two Minority Business Development Centers in Missouri in Kansas City and St. Louis. In FY'93, MBDA provided over 3,100 hours of business management and technical assistance to 269 minority clients throughout Missouri, resulting in \$1.3 million in loans, and \$6.2 million in procurement contracts.
? Commerce -

Technology: Commerce's National Institute of Standards and Technology is managing two Technology Reinvestment Program -- defense conversion grants to Missouri organizations. A consortium will provide product development and manufacturing assistance to small manufacturers as a result of a \$5.8 million two year grant. A \$1.5 million grant will be provided over FY'94 and FY'95 to the Missouri Enterprise Business Assistance Center in Rolla to provide hands-on manufacturing extension services in southern Missouri.
? Labor: The attached chart sets forth Labor Department grants to Missouri during your Administration.
? Transportation -

Grants: In June, five aviation grants were released to Kansas City International Airport. The grant, totalling \$11.72 million, will support construction and rehabilitation work at the airport.
? Justice -

Community Policing Grants: The following cities in Missouri received community policing awards: Cole County (\$300,000 for 4 police officers); Kansas City (\$1.9 million for 26 police officers); St. Louis (\$1.7 million for 23 police officers). Seventy other jurisdictions applied for funding, but did not receive grants.
? HHS -

AIDS Grants: Missouri will receive the following Ryan White CARE Act grants this year: Kansas City, \$2.7 million; St. Louis, \$2.2 million; and Missouri, \$2.7

million. This is a total of \$7.6 million for the state and cities combined.

? HHS -

Immunization: In January, 1994, Missouri received \$5.5 million to remove barriers to access to immunization services and to allow more convenient clinic hours and locations.

? HHS -

Head Start: In FY'94, Missouri will receive funding increases totalling \$9.3 million, for a total funding level of \$55 million.

? HHS -

Flood Grants: The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration granted \$12 million to Missouri for crisis counselling following the 1993 floods. An additional \$2 million to meet increased needs associated with domestic violence was also provided. Missouri was also given \$3.57 million in emergency community services block grants in response to the floods, and \$2.5 million in an emergency social services block grant. Finally, the Administration on Aging gave Missouri \$500,000 in flood relief funds last July.

? HUD -

Urban Revitalization Demonstration/HOPE VI: St. Louis received \$500,000 in these funds in FY'94. Funds from this program are used to turn around the nation's most distressed public housing developments.

? HUD -

HOME Investment Partnership: The State and localities together received \$11 million in FY'94 from this program which provides funds to state and local governments for housing rehabilitation, renovation, and construction. Other eligible activities include short-term rental assistance and the provision of transitional housing for the homeless.

? HUD -

Emergency Shelter Grants: The State and localities together received \$1 million in FY'94 from this program which provides funds to state and local governments for the renovation, rehabilitation, or conversion of buildings for use as emergency shelters. Funds may also be used for social services and homeless prevention efforts.

? Education: Total grant obligations to Missouri in FY'93 totalled about \$157.5 million. To date, the State has received approximately \$18 million in discretionary grants for FY'94. The bulk of the remaining FY'94 funds will be distributed in late summer.

? EPA: Missouri received \$8 million from EPA to support flood response activities. The State will receive over \$44.6 million in water infrastructure financing in 1994 with a slight increase expected next year. In addition, the State will receive approximately \$9.4 million to support other environmental programs.

? Energy: On August 1, 1994, Energy is expected to announce a three-year \$735,000 award to Washington University in St. Louis for medical-biophysical research. THIS IS FOR INTERNAL USE ONLY.

? Energy: During FY'93, Energy spent close to \$13 million in financial assistance awards and over \$434 million in procurement awards.

? Agriculture: The total cost of USDA food assistance in Missouri in FY'93 was \$702 million. Of this amount, \$502 million was spent on the Food Stamp Program, \$87 million on the School Lunch Program and \$54 million on the Women, Infants and Children Program.

TRAVEL

? HHS: Secretary Shalala visited St. Louis last July to observe flood damage, and last August for the signing of the flood relief bill. She also visited Kansas City in June for the Welfare Reform roll-out.

? Justice: The Attorney General traveled to St. Louis on October 19, 1993 to address the 100th Annual conference of the International Association of Chiefs of Police, and on March 5, 1994, for a crime bill event with Congressman Gephardt.

? HUD: On June 17, 1994, Secretary Cisneros met with Mayor Cleaver in Kansas City to discuss empowerment zones. He also met with representatives from the American Cancer Society.

? Education: In May 1994, Secretary Riley visited the Jefferson National Memorial Expansion in St. Louis (near the Arch) in recognition of National Parks Week.

? Interior: On June 2, 1994 Secretary Babbitt was in Kirkwood (a St. Louis suburb) for a speech to the International Association of Fish and Wildlife Agencies.

? Agriculture: On March 23, 1994 Secretary Espy spoke to the Mid-America Dairymen in Kansas City, MO.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Jonathan P. Gill (GILL_J) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:13-SEP-1994 11:23:07.37

SUBJECT: Here you go -- Jock

TO: Remote Addressee (wh-outbox-distr@clinton.ai.mit.edu@INET)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Remote Addressee (backup@wilson.ai.mit.edu@INET)
READ:NOT READ

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:13-SEP-1994 11:16:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:H

ATT CREATOR: Joseph W. Cerrell

ATT SUBJECT: Statement by VP Gore on Conclusion of ICPD; Egypt, Cairo

ATT TO: Beth A. Viola (VIOLA_B)

ATT TO: Amelia Jane Bradley (BRADLEY_AJ)

ATT TO: David M. Rhodes (David M. Rhodes@EOP_OVP@CCGATE@EOPMRX)

ATT TO: Mary H. Anton (ANTON_M)

ATT TO: Cynthia J. Lizik (LIZIK_C)

ATT TO: Remote Addressee (1=US@2=TELEMAIL@3=INTERNET@*RFC-822\EDOWD(A)ESUSDA.GOV@MRX@EOPMRX)

ATT TO: Remote Addressee (1=US@2=TELEMAIL@3=INTERNET@*RFC-822\SSCHLESI(A)MHL.JS.MIL@MRX@EOPMRX)

ATT TO: David B. Anderson (ANDERSON_D)

ATT TO: Kenneth R Chitester (CHITESTER_K)

ATT TO: C. Patricia Cogdell (COGDELL_C)

ATT TO: Carolyn Curiel (CURIEL_C)

ATT TO: Jeffrey L. Eller (ELLER_J)

ATT TO: Ernest D. Gobble (GIBBLE_E)

ATT TO: Jonathan P. Gill (GILL_J)

ATT TO: Lisa Mortman (MORTMAN_L)

ATT TO: Jess Sarmiento (SARMIENTO_J)

ATT TO: Joshua Silverman (SILVERMAN_J)

ATT TO: Richard Strauss (STRAUSS_R)

ATT TO: Remote Addressee (1=US@2=TELEMAIL@3=INTERNET@*RFC-822JFREITAS(A)PAGATE.PA.OSD.MIL@MRX@EOPMRX)

ATT TO: Remote Addressee (1=US@2=WESTERN UNION@3=@5=EASYLINK@*ELN\62955104@MRX@EOPMRX)

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ATT TO: Manager Infomgt (INFOMGT)

ATT TO: Remote Addressee (1=US@2=TELEMAIL@3=INTERNET@*RFC-822USNWIRE(A)ACCESS.DIGEX.COM@MRX@EOPMRX)

TEXT:
PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER
THE WHITE HOUSE
OFFICE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE CONTACT: 202/456-

7035
SEPTEMBER 13, 1994

STATEMENT BY U.S. VICE PRESIDENT AL GORE
ON THE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON POPULATION AND DEVELOPMENT

The approval of the Programme of Action in Cairo today marks a tremendous achievement, both for the delegations present but more importantly for the world's future. I want to commend the delegations for their work and their dedication in achieving a consensus which although difficult in some areas has created a new framework for action on population and development issues. For the first time in a UN conference dealing with population issues, all participating nations have joined in agreement on a large portion of the Programme of Action.

I wish to especially commend the Government of Egypt and President Mubarak. Not only a wonderful and gracious host for the conference, Egypt was also a key actor in negotiations surrounding some of the ICPD's most difficult issues.

In addition, I wish to thank the United Nations, and especially the ICPD Secretary General, Dr. Nafis Sadik, for her untiring and successful efforts in building consensus in Cairo.

I also want to specifically thank the United States' delegation, led by Undersecretary of State Tim Wirth. The United States, under his leadership, was able to contribute effectively to bringing the world to this important consensus.

Finally, the NGO community throughout the world, and I would add especially women's groups, have played an historic role in helping to bring their knowledge and expertise into the debate and moving the ICPD from a concept at Rio to a reality at Cairo. The Programme of Action is better informed for it.

This Programme of Action is a watershed in defining a global approach toward stabilizing the world's population --encompassing increased availability of family planning, sustainable economic development, the empowerment of women to include enhance educational opportunities, and a reduction in infant and child mortality. All of these are important goals in their own right that work best when joined together into a comprehensive program. No single solution will be sufficient by itself to produce the patterns of change so badly needed. But together, over a sufficient length of time, a broad-based strategy will help us achieve a stabilized population and thereby improve the quality of life for our children. The Programme of Action just adopted in Cairo offers us a plan that will work and that has the full support of the United States.

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Joseph W. Cerrell (CERREL_J) (VPO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:13-SEP-1994 11:18:38.79

SUBJECT: Statement by VP Gore at conclusion of ICPD; Cairo, Egypt

TO: Joseph W. Cerrell (CERREL_J) Autoforward to: Remote Addressee (Joseph W.
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TO: Dawn A. Alexander (ALEXANDER_DA) (WHO)
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TO: Steven A. Cohen (COHEN_SA) (WHO)
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TO: David Leavy (LEAVY_D) (WHO)
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TO: Virginia M. Terzano (TERZANO_V) (WHO)
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TO: Lorraine A. Voles (VOLES_L) Autoforward to: Remote Addressee (Lorraine A.
Voles@EOP_OVP@CCGATE@EOPMRX (WHO)
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TO: Ernest D. Gible (GIBBLE_E) (WHO)

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TO: Joshua Silverman (SILVERMAN_J) (WHO)
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TO: Richard Strauss (STRAUSS_R) (WHO)
READ:26-SEP-1994 10:13:08.57

TO: Strauss, David M. (David M. Strauss@EOP_OVP@CCGATE@EOPMRX)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Remote Addressee (BULLETIN@1=US@2=TELEMAIL@3=HOUSE@MRX@EOPMRX)
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READ:NOT READ

TEXT:
PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER
THE WHITE HOUSE
OFFICE OF THE VICE PRESIDENT

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE CONTACT: 202/456-

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RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Ann T. Eder (EDER_A) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:29-OCT-1994 14:59:29.14

SUBJECT: Accomplishments for Women

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TO: FAX (98571380,E BINDER) (TLXA1MAIL_\F:98571380\C:E BINDER
READ:NOT READ

TEXT:
COMMENT
AUTHOR : Jason Goldberg
OPERATOR :
COMMENT :
PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER
October 29, 1994

MEMORANDUM

FROM: DORIS MATSUI
DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC LIAISON
RE: ACCOMPLISHMENTS FOR WOMEN

Earlier in the week I sent you a brief synopsis of the many
accomplishments for women made by the Clinton Administration.

The following pages offer more detailed information on the many issues and areas we have made great strides in. I believe the information would be a helpful reference.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER_OBLIQUE

"Never before have American women had so many options

-

-

or been asked to make such difficult choices.
It's time not only to make women full partners in government,
but to make government work for women."

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

-- William Jefferson Clinton and Albert Gore, Putting People
First

The President and his Administration have made an unprecedented commitment to empowering women through greater economic security, more workplace flexibility, and more emphasis on children and families and on women's health and safety. The Administration has invested in the economic and personal security of women through the President's economic plan, the Family and Medical Leave Law, the Earned Income Tax Credit, the Brady Law, and the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act. They have advanced women's rights through a series of executive and legislative actions that allow women the freedom to make their own reproductive decisions and to do so safely, with accurate information and without obstruction. They have put women's health concerns at the top of the medical research agenda by dramatically increasing the government's commitment to research cures for breast cancer, ovarian cancer, and osteoporosis. Finally, the Administration has changed the face of governing by giving women a greater voice in all branches of the federal government, including Cabinet-level posts never before held by

women.

What does all this really mean for women? 1. It means that two million women are working in jobs created since President Clinton took office.

2. It means that millions more single working mothers will get a tax break to help their earnings go farther.

3. It means that a medical research team with promising breakthroughs in breast cancer detection and treatment will get the funding they need.

4. It means that for the first time, mothers, regardless of family income, will be able to get their children the vaccines they need.

5. It means that a woman who wants to take time off from work to care for an ailing parent or child can do so...and know her job will be there when she gets back.

6. It means that mothers of almost 800,000 children will now get help through HeadStart, and more than 5 million children will now get nutritional assistance through the WIC program.

7. It means that young women studying science and engineering will have new career opportunities denied them in the past.

8. It means that women unsure of how to deal with an unintended pregnancy will be able to get professional advice and counsel and will know that the option of abortion is safe and legal. It also means that couples looking to adopt will soon be able to do so with less difficulty and red tape.

9. It means that women will be able to register to vote at the motor vehicle registry, through the mail, at social service offices and elsewhere -- to make it as easy as possible to exercise their right to shape our political future.

10. It means that the history books young girls read will now include leadership figures like Janet Reno, Alice Rivlin, Donna Shalala, Madeleine Albright, Ruth Bader Ginsberg, and Hillary Rodham Clinton.

THE RIGHTS OF WOMEN

A prominent feature of the presidencies of Presidents Reagan and

Bush was their attack on reproductive choice, both at home and around the world. At the same time, these Republican administrations opposed attempts to improve access to the democratic process for millions of Americans, including the close to one-third of American women who are not registered to vote.

Reproductive Health -

The President continues to protect the right of American women to make their own reproductive choices. He repealed the "Gag Rule" that restricted abortion counseling at federally funded family planning clinics; revoked the import ban on RU-486; reversed the ban on abortion services at military hospitals; repealed the Mexico City policy that banned funding to international organizations that promoted comprehensive family planning; strengthened support for international family planning and reproductive health initiatives; and signed the Freedom of Access to Clinic Entrances Act to ensure that women and their doctors can enter clinics without fearing intimidation and violence. The Department of Health and Human Services implemented a change to the Hyde Amendment obligating states to pay for abortions for poor women whose pregnancies result from rape or incest, or endanger the life of the mother.

Empowerment of Women -

The United States delegation to the International Conference on Population and Development in Cairo, led by Vice President Gore, successfully advocated a global approach to improving the status of women and stabilizing the world's population. The United States forged a partnership with more than 150 nations around a program of action that promotes gender equality, reproductive health, and universally recognized human rights that apply to reproduction and recognizes the importance of addressing the threat posed to women's health by unsafe abortions. The conference emphasized the necessity not only of increased access to contraceptives, but also of sustainable economic development, a reduction in child and maternal mortality, and the empowerment of women through increased educational and economic opportunities.

Motor Voter -

President Clinton signed the National Voter Registration Act, which makes it easier and more flexible for citizens to register to vote. This will enfranchise women -- who comprise 52% of the population -- by making it easier for women who are on welfare, homebound, or simply unable to build in extra time between work and family, to register to vote through the mail, at motor vehicle registries, unemployment offices,

vocational rehabilitation agencies, and welfare offices. These

programs will give an additional 65 million Americans, including tens of millions of women who have been left out of the democratic process, a way to make their voices heard.

Women in the Military - "You're too old, you can't see, and you're a woman." That's what Hillary Rodham Clinton was told in 1975 by a Marine Corps recruiter when she inquired into joining the Corps. Today, opportunities for women in the military have been expanded dramatically. Under the Clinton Administration, combat aircraft and surface warships have been opened to women and the criteria used to bar women from ground combat positions has been redefined, giving women access to 259,000 previously male-only positions. In the past few months, the U.S.S. Eisenhower became the Navy's first permanently coed combat ship and the Army approved a plan to include women soldiers in the prestigious Old Guard, responsible for guarding the Tomb of the Unknowns and for greeting visiting heads of state.

WOMEN APPOINTEES

President Clinton pledged to appoint an Administration that "looked like America." As the Baltimore Sun noted in an editorial, he has delivered on that promise "more fully than even he could have predicted. No Administration has ever produced such diversity."

Overall Administration Appointments -

46 percent of President

Clinton's appointees have been women -- by far the highest percentage of any Administration in history. Women hold 30 percent of top-level appointments.

In addition to the sheer numbers of women appointed by President Clinton, there have been a number of women appointed to Cabinet-level posts never before occupied by women, including Attorney General Janet Reno, Council of Economic Advisors Chair Laura D'Andrea Tyson, OMB Director Alice Rivlin, and Secretary of Energy Hazel O'Leary.

Women populate the ranks of the sub-cabinet as well. At the Department of Justice, for example, the Deputy Attorney General and 7 of the 11 Assistant Attorneys General are women.

Judicial Selection Record -

Of the Clinton Administration's 143 nominations to the federal bench, 44 are women. 58% of all the judicial nominees are women and minorities. At this point in previous administrations, the number of women who had been nominated was dramatically lower: President Bush had nominated 8 women, President Reagan had nominated 4, and President Carter had nominated 6. Before President Clinton took office, one of every five active federal judges was a woman or a racial minority; as of July 1 of this year, the number had increased to one of four.

The Alliance for Justice reported that federal judicial appointments in 1993 demonstrated "unparalleled diversity." And the quality and professionalism of these nominees prove that excellence and diversity are not mutually exclusive goals. The proportion of the Clinton Administration's judicial nominees who received the American Bar Association's highest rating exceeded that of the past three administrations

JOB SECURITY AND ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY

When President Clinton took office, the country faced major economic challenges, including rising federal deficits, a jobless recovery, and a legacy of more than a decade of underinvestment. Female heads of households, an ever-increasing portion of the labor force, were particularly hard hit by worsening economic conditions and decreasing workplace-based benefits.

Entrepreneurial women were hindered by the weak economy and by other barriers to their success.

Economic Growth and Job Creation - The President's economic plan is putting our economic house back in order. Over 4.6 million jobs have been created in the first 20 months of this Administration. The President's plan is reducing the deficit at a rate of nearly \$700 billion over 5 years. Women have contributed nearly half (49%) of the net job creation since January 1993 -- over 2 million new jobs. 88% of these new jobs have been in the private sector. In the economic recovery as a whole, the employment growth of women has outpaced that of men. EITC -

The Earned Income Tax Credit, dramatically increased as part of the President's economic plan, will make work pay for over 15 million families and households making up to \$27,000. A majority of the beneficiaries of this tax credit are female workers and their families. For working mothers with minimum wage jobs, the increased EITC is the equivalent of up to a 40% pay raise.

Working Women - The Women's Bureau of the Department of Labor surveyed over a quarter of a million working women to learn more about their experiences in the workplace. The Department of Labor is now developing initiatives to encourage the private sector to respond to the needs identified by the survey participants -- an increase in pay and benefits, assistance in balancing work and family, more job training opportunities, and an end to discrimination. President Clinton has directed the heads of the executive branch agencies to expand opportunities for flexible family-friendly work arrangements within each agency, including job sharing, career part-time employment, alternative work schedules, telecommuting, and satellite work locations.

Greater Technical Assistance to Women-

Owned Businesses -

Along with its plan to revitalize the economy as a whole, the Clinton Administration has encouraged the formation and development of women-owned businesses. The SBA is creating a women's mentoring program at sites around the country, where women business owners join together to share information and network. They have created resource guides that include information about technical assistance and loan resources in every state.

Access to Capital for Women-

Owned Businesses - The Small Business

Administration (SBA) has taken several steps to increase the capital available to women-owned firms. The SBA has established goals for dramatically expanding lending to women-owned businesses, increasing the number of loans to women from 3,880 in 1993 to 7,211 in 1994. These efforts complement SBA's innovative "prequalification pilot program," under which SBA certifies that a woman business owner is eligible for a federally guaranteed loan before she selects a lender--increasing lending to women-owned businesses and reducing the paperwork involved in such borrowing. The SBA's new "LowDoc" loan program allows prospective borrowers to get loans without paperwork hassles or long waits for approval, relying on their character and credit history. Early results indicate that women are getting over 30 percent of these loans.

Expanding Procurement Opportunities for Women-

Owned Businesses -

The Administration has worked closely with congressional leaders to ensure that a goal for procurement contracts with women-owned business was included in the recent procurement-reform bill.

This goal represents a several-fold increase in contracting opportunities for women-owned businesses. The SBA has established a pilot project to bring together business groups and select government agencies to increase contracting with women-owned firms.

FIGHTING CRIME, INCREASING SAFETY AND SECURITY

Perhaps no issue grips American women more than the fear of crime and gun violence. In a typical year, 2.5 million American women 12 years old and older are raped, robbed or assaulted, or are the victim of a threatened or attempted violent crime. Two-thirds of these attacks are committed by someone the victim knows.

Safer Streets - Thanks to President Clinton's leadership, the Brady Law and The Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act

of 1994, the products of more than six years of bi-partisan efforts to take back our streets and increase the safety and security of American women and their families, are finally the law of the land. In addition to imposing a waiting period for handgun purchases, adding 100,000 more police to our streets, stiffening penalties for criminals, and banning military-style assault weapons, the crime bill invests heavily in increasing the personal security of women.

Violence Against Women Grants -

Nearly \$1 billion dollars will be invested to support police and prosecutor efforts, as well as victims services, in cases involving sexual violence or domestic abuse, and for programs that strengthen enforcement.

Domestic Violence -

The crime bill also triples funding for battered women's shelters, to a total of \$325 million. Spouse abusers who cross state lines to continue their abuse will face federal penalties, and each state will be required to enforce "stay-away" orders issued by another state.

Registration of Sexually Violent Offenders -

It requires prison officials to notify state agencies when sexually violent predators are released from prison, and it requires states to register these individuals for the ten years following their release.

Repeat Sex Offenders -

The crime bill doubles the maximum term of imprisonment for repeat sex offenders convicted of Federal sex crimes.

Victims of Crime -

It allows victims of Federal violent and sex crimes to speak at the sentencing of their assailants. It strengthens requirements for sex offenders and child molesters to pay restitution to their victims, and improves other victim-assistance programs.

Civil Rights Protection - For the first time, victims of felonies motivated by gender bias have the option of filing civil rights actions to obtain redress for such crimes.

Rape Shield - The crime bill extends rape shield law protection beyond sexual assault cases to civil cases and to all criminal cases, barring embarrassing and irrelevant inquiries into victims' sexual histories at trial.

HEALTH CARE

Women are society's caregivers, responsible not only for their

own health but also for the health of their children, spouses and parents. Despite being the biggest consumers of health care services, women have a harder time getting health coverage than men. And those lucky enough to have insurance at all pay more; women ages 15 to 44 pay 68 percent more out-of-pocket for health care than their male counterparts.

At the same time, women are increasingly at risk for some of our most deadly diseases. For example, the incidence of AIDS is increasing at a faster rate among women than men. The lifetime risk of developing breast cancer has risen from 1 in 20 women twenty years ago to 1 in every 8 today. The Clinton Administration has launched a variety of programs to improve women's health and to solve the nation's health care crisis.

Increased Funding for Breast Cancer Research and Prevention -

Since President Clinton took office, federal funding for breast cancer research and prevention has increased substantially -- totaling \$650 million for programs under the auspices of the Department of Health and Human Services in fiscal year 1994 alone. This figure does not include an additional \$240 million distributed by the Department of Defense to fund more than 430 research and training programs; the fiscal year 1995 budget includes another \$150 million to be awarded by this department. In addition, the National Action Plan on Breast Cancer provides a blueprint for a partnership between government and the private sector to work to prevent, diagnose, treat and ultimately eradicate breast cancer.

The Health Security Act -

President Clinton introduced his Health Security Act to guarantee affordable, secure health insurance to every American. The legislation covered a range of benefits that are essential for women -- preventive measures including mammograms and Pap smears, reproductive services, prescription drugs and prenatal care -- and invested in a new federal long-term care program. The President will continue to fight for this national priority, and the First Lady will continue to be a strong advocate and spokesperson for the need for health care reform.

Women's Health Initiative -

The Administration launched the largest clinical research study ever conducted on either men or women to examine the major causes of death, disability and frailty in post-menopausal women: heart disease, breast and colon cancer, and osteoporosis. An emphasis on including minority women at each clinical site is a major component of the study.

Increased Commitment to Combatting AIDS - The President created the National Task Force on AIDS Drug Development, charged with expediting the search for new treatments for AIDS and HIV; increased funding for the Ryan White CARE Act for outpatient AIDS care; increased the National Institutes of Health's spending for AIDS research; and increased funding for the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. The National Institutes of Health has conducted research studies demonstrating the effectiveness of AZT treatment in reducing dramatically the transmission of HIV infection from pregnant mothers to newborns, has increased significantly the number of women participating in AIDS clinical trials and the number of epidemiological studies of HIV in women, and has begun exploring woman-controlled barrier methods for preventing transmission of HIV.

TAKING CARE OF OUR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES

Despite widespread support in Congress, the Family and Medical Leave Act was not enacted during the Reagan or Bush Administrations. Presidents Reagan and Bush talked about "family values," but it is the Clinton Administration that has taken action to help preserve families and encourage the values that keep them strong.

Family and Medical Leave -

Under the Clinton Administration, American workers are no longer forced to choose between their job and their family at times of crisis. The Family and Medical Leave Act allows workers to take up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave to care for an infant or a loved one without losing their job.

Family Preservation Act - The President's economic plan included a billion-dollar program that supports at-risk families in the areas of literacy, childhood education, child abuse prevention and other support services to help strengthen families and intervene before they break down.

Child Support Enforcement -

The President introduced the Work and Responsibility Act, which includes the toughest child support enforcement laws ever proposed and would double federal child support collections by the year 2000. Individuals shirking their child support payment responsibilities could have their wages garnisheed, their drivers license revoked, and be tracked down across state lines.

Encouraging Work Over Welfare Dependency - The Work and Responsibility Act includes a national campaign against teen pregnancy and measures that would empower young mothers through child care, education, training, job placement services, and the employment opportunities they need to get off welfare. In addition, the proposal increases funding for programs that provide child care for the families of the working poor. By the year 2000, one million people who would otherwise be on welfare will be part of our nation's workforce.

Immunization Plan - President Clinton acted upon the importance of disease prevention for our nation's children by sponsoring and signing the comprehensive Child Immunization Plan, insuring that children, regardless of family income, will be vaccinated against disease.

WIC-

The Women, Infants and Children Program (WIC) was put on a full-funding path so that by the end of 1996, all eligible children between the ages of one and four will be served. That means that an additional two million children will have access to the WIC program, a nutrition program that serves pregnant and post-partum women and their children.

HeadStart -

The President's dramatic increase of HeadStart funding will allow almost 800,000 children to participate in this preschool education program next year, up from 621,000 in 1992.

End Adoption Discrimination and Delays -

Legislation passed as part of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act Reauthorization prevents discrimination against interracial adoptions and reduces the time children have to wait in foster care.

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 15
PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN
EDUCATION

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 10
PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

The percentage of American women 25 and over who have at least a high school education increased substantially between 1970 and 1990, particularly among black women. However, although equal access to education has always been a foundation of women's struggle for equality, access alone is not enough. As studies by the American Association of University Women, the Department of Education and others have shown, as we educate girls and women, we must examine what subjects they learn and how they learn them, and how they are treated in the classroom by their teachers and peers. The Clinton Administration's education initiatives increase women's involvement in education and will improve their academic success and professional opportunities.

Women's Educational Equity Act -

Demonstrating the commitment of the Clinton Administration to equality in education, funding for the WEEA increased 100% from fiscal year 1994 to fiscal year 1995. The WEEA provides educational materials and helps train teachers to be more sensitive to gender equity in the classroom and to ensure equal access to quality education programs for all women and girls. It also includes special efforts aimed at women and girls who suffer from multiple forms of discrimination, including race, ethnic origin and disability discrimination.

Goals 2000 - The Goals 2000: Educate America Act sets national education goals and gives resources to states and communities to implement comprehensive education reforms. Because women continue to fall behind in math and science -- and as a result

lack access to high-paying, high-skill jobs -- one of the national education goals seeks to increase the number of women and minorities who complete degrees in math, science and engineering.

Student Loan Reform -

The Federal Direct Student Loan Program increases access to higher education by giving millions of students the opportunity to take advantage of lower-cost loans and better repayment terms. The Income Contingent Loan Repayment program will allow women who have received a student loan to leave their jobs -- for example, to raise a family -- without the penalty of loan default.

AmeriCorps -

One of the most important accomplishments of the Clinton Administration, this program will inspire our young citizens and provide them with opportunities to serve their communities. National Service also helps students further their education; those who want to contribute to their communities through public service in AmeriCorps can receive college tuition assistance.

The School-

to-

Work Opportunities Act - This legislation invests in training and education programs to prepare students for further education and for high-skill, high-wage jobs. Through work-based and school-based experiences, women and girls are exposed to a variety of occupations traditionally dominated by men.

Increasing Parental Involvement - Strong Families, Strong Schools is a national initiative that encourages and supports efforts by families to take a more active role in their children's learning and that encourages businesses to allow employees to participate more fully in their children's schooling.

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

For too long, many girls interested in a career in science abandoned this goal while still in school, hampered by the biases against girls that persist in our nation's classrooms and discouraged by the dearth of female role models. For too long, those women who did become scientists were confronted by an impenetrable "old boys network" in the scientific community. And for too long, an promising area of medical research was blocked despite its potential for helping and healing millions of Americans afflicted with heretofore intractable diseases.

National Science and Technology Policy -

The Clinton

Administration has appointed female scientists to top-level government research positions and has created a national science and technology policy that will encourage women and underrepresented minorities to pursue careers in the sciences and promote gender equity within the profession.

Removal of the Fetal Tissue Research Ban -

On his first day in office, President Clinton ended a five-year moratorium on federal funding of human fetal tissue transplantation research. This research has important therapeutic implications for diseases such as Alzheimer's and Parkinsons.

Breast Cancer Detection Technology - The Public Health Service's Office on Women's Health (OWH) and the National Cancer Institute (NCI) have initiated an exploration into applying imaging technology used by the defense, space, and computer graphics industries to the early detection of breast cancer. OWH and NCI will facilitate collaborations among those involved in imaging technology in government, academia and industry to further the development of this potentially life-saving application.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (EXTERNAL MAIL)

CREATOR: ewenger@DGS.dgsys.com@INET@EOPMRX

CREATION DATE/TIME: 8-NOV-1994 13:53:45.98

SUBJECT: - no subject (01HJ6Z2EQDR6002DR8) -

TO: footlik_j (footlik_j@Al@CD) (WHO)

READ: 8-NOV-1994 13:53:46.19

TEXT:

Philippines.FY 1995 Sustainable Development Request: \$61,652,000

USAID makes an important contribution to strengthen a pre-eminent Asian democracy, to capitalize on a historic opportunity for major change in Filipino family planning and to institutionalize economic policy formulation.

USAID Sustainable Development Goals and Mission Strategic Objectives (MSOs)

Building Democracy: Promote more responsive, democratic institutions with greater citizen participation. Efforts are focused on private voluntary organizations (PVOs) and local government (LG) units, the two most important institutional vehicles of voice and choice in the Philippines that offer the opportunity for disadvantaged groups to participate more effectively in the democratic process. USAID will support the creation of a climate for reform and greater accountability of government institutions through PVO public information activities.

Stabilizing Population Growth: Reduce population growth rate and improve health. USAID supports the rapid expansion of family planning.

Broad-based Economic Growth: Increase productive investment. Provide coordinated and highly targeted technical assistance in the areas of trade, fiscal and monetary reforms. Provide support to ensure participatory development in the areas of skills training, employment and income opportunities and credit expansion programs for marginalized groups nationwide. Maternal and child health services and the Government of Philippines (GOP) efforts are combining to control the spread of AIDS.

Protecting the Environment: Enhance management of renewable natural resources. While maintaining a strong industrial forestry program, expand the program into the coastal regions as USAID's work in reforestation is increasingly supported by other donors.

USAID Mission Results

Building Democracy: Promote more responsive, selected democratic institutions with greater citizen participation. Through technical

assistance, USAID was instrumental in bringing about fiscal decentralization. The internal revenue allotments to LGs in 1993 increased by seven times over their 1989 levels. LGs passed a revenue code to increase tax collections. The LGs are assuming responsibility for 70,000 government employees. PVOs have become members of LG planning bodies. PVO grants have facilitated empowerment of microenterprises, provided legal assistance to disadvantaged indigenous groups, and supported advocacy of sound social, economic and environmental causes.

Stabilizing Population Growth: Reduce growth rate and improve health. A nation-wide contraceptive distribution system and a private sector contraceptive social marketing program have been established, over 10,000 government health workers have been trained in family planning services provision, and family planning services were introduced in more than 100 industries. The contraceptive prevalence rate has increased from 20% to 25% between 1988 and 1993. Delivery of child survival services has increased dramatically -- immunization rates have increased from 65% in 1989 to 90% in 1993. An HIV surveillance system was designed and a national AIDS prevention communication strategy is in place.

Broad-based Economic Growth: Increase productive investment. As a result of policy studies and technical assistance, USAID has supported trade and investment policy formulation and implementation, tax administration improvement, organizing the new Central Bank, inter-island shipping deregulation, setting up duty drawback systems for exporters, capital budgeting and basic statistics on trade and investment flows and their impacts. Business oriented NGOs have been mobilized in advocacy to implement gains from these areas. Trade offices have been established in Davao, Cebu and Manila with technical support to utilize available information systems. Capital markets policy with technology transferred from the United States Security Exchange Commission is fueling domestic capital formation to promote financial intermediation outside traditional banking sources.

Protecting the Environment: Enhance management of renewable natural resources. USAID policy dialogue resulted in a logging ban. Ancestral lands are being identified for preservation. Seventeen PVOs and five Forest Service Organizations have been mobilized for rational management of natural forests -- three management plans have been completed. Through a debt swap, a \$22 million endowment was established for the Foundation for Philippine Environment. An industrial environmental risk assessment, three policy studies, and 35 industrial pollution management appraisals were completed in 1993.

Other FY 1995 USAID-Managed Activities

USAID will manage a P.L. 480 Title II program of \$10,000,000 to support the above strategic objectives.

Other Donors

In 1992, Japan continues to lead as the largest bilateral donor with \$1.2 billion of new official development assistance loans. The United States remains as the largest grant assistance donor, followed by Germany, France, and Canada.

FY 1995 Sustainable Development Request

USAID requests \$61,652,000 in Sustainable Development funds in FY 1995 to provide incremental funding to broad-based economic growth \$15,504,000, building democracy \$7,334,000, stabilizing population growth \$26,131,000, and protecting the environment \$12,683,000.

--USAID/Philippines Mission Director: T. Stukel

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====
ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 7-NOV-1994 09:43:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:D

TEXT:

RFC-822-headers:

Received: from gatekeeper.eop.gov by PMDF.EOP.GOV (PMDf V4.3-10 #6879)
id <01HJ6Z29IAXC00CIEY@PMDf.EOP.GOV>; Mon, 07 Nov 1994 09:42:14 -0400 (EDT)

Received: by gatekeeper.eop.gov (5.65/fma-120691); id AA10711; Mon,
7 Nov 94 09:42:10 -0500

Received: by DGS.dgsys.com (5.0/SMI-SVR4) id AA11040; Mon,
7 Nov 1994 09:33:03 -0500

Apparently-to: footlik_j@a1.eop.gov

Content-length: 5479

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Barry B. Anderson (ANDERSON_B) (OMB)

CREATION DATE/TIME:10-NOV-1994 08:43:27.33

SUBJECT: fyi

TO: John C. Angell (ANGELL_J) (WHO)

READ:10-NOV-1994 09:38:52.33

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 4-NOV-1994 20:38:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:B

ATT CREATOR: Andrew M. Schoenbach

ATT SUBJECT: HHS and SSA Discretionary Decisions

ATT TO: Barry B. Anderson (ANDERSON_B)

ATT TO: Richard P. Emery Jr. (EMERY_R)

ATT TO: Philip R. Dame (DAME_P)

ATT TO: Susanne D. Lind (LIND_S)

ATT TO: Edward M. Rea (REA_E)

ATT TO: Joyce M. Williams (WILLIAMS_JM)

ATT TO: Lisa F. Western (WESTERN_L)

ATT TO: Martha A. Rubenstein (RUBENSTEI_M)

ATT TO: Michael J. McDermott (MCDERMOTT_M)

ATT TO: Neil R. Lobron (LOBRON_N)

ATT TO: Michael J. Discenza, Jr (DISCENZA_M)

ATT TO: Dale P. Oak (OAK_D)

ATT TO: Alicia K. Kolaian (KOLAIAN_A)

ATT TO: Ashish Sahni (SAHNI_A)

TEXT:

The following are my notes on the decisions from Friday's HHS and SSA Discretionary session:

HHS (Based on Discretionary Summary, pages 6-13)

FDA, Page 6:

Freeze FDA at 95 Enacted BA(885m instead of 902m). Allow user fees for medical device and import inspection, but not deficit reducing fees.

HRSA

Issue #1 on Ryan White CARE at PAD REC.

Part funding of HRSA-Family Planning Potential Increase on page 15: Add funds (BA \$6 million) to bring Family Planning Services component to Agency Request Level, find it somewhere else.

Indian Health Services (Issue #2)

Passback a smaller dollar increase over 95 enacted of 4% (resulting in BA = 2,041 instead of 2,296) with strong message to 1) restructure IHS, and 2) reduce FTE's across the Department for the remainder of needed IHS FTE's.

CDC (Issue #3a,b)

PAD REC

NIH (Issue #4)

PAD REC

SAMHSA (page 8)

Provide \$30 million higher than PAD REC for Hard Core Drug treatment initiative (total for initiative of \$230 million).

AHCPR and OASH

PAD REC.

HCFA Program Management

Issue 5a, to create an entitlement for current payment safeguard activities. Fence off current level of \$396 million for program integrity in discretionary using appropriations language. Fund additional portions as mandatory if appropriate PAYGO offsets can be identified. Per division (Chris Jordan), the following are the additional portions for mandatory funding (which I believe differ from some earlier understandings): there is NO mandatory impact in FY 96, 54 million in FY 97 (450 total), \$104 million in FY 98-2000 (\$500 total).

Issue 5b, HCFA Contracting Improvements. Go with PAD REC -- repropose NPR comprehensive reform legislation. No budget impact. Issue 5c, HCFA online agency request. Agree with PAD REC -- deny agency request, do research out of existing funds on a better proposal.

Agree with PAD REC for \$390m in data systems improvements. Fence off.

ACF Head Start (issue 6)

Start with PAD REC, less \$100 million (i.e. \$400 million increase over 95 enacted instead of \$500 million increase). Maximum \$500 million on appeals.

ACF Services Account -- Program Administration and All Other

(pages 9 and 10)

My notes had flat line the total for these two areas
(re-distributed as PAD sees appropriate). Division (Lester Cash)
indicated that the actual decision ended up as flat lining the
Program Administration at BA/OL of 164, but providing All Other
with \$10 million over enacted (BA 705, OL 726).

Refugee Resettlement
PAD REC

Community Services Block Grant (CSBG)
Reduce PAD REC by cut currently on Possible Reductions list (page
21) to remove Discretionary Grant portion from PAD REC like last
year (BA -56m, OL -10m).

LIHEAP
PAD REC
Child Care Block Grant
PAD REC

Administration on Aging (page 13)
PAD REC. Go to Department to produce a stronger proposal for a
new program for the frail elderly.

Office of the Secretary
Cut a little more (to be determined).

Health Data Initiative
PAD REC

SSA (page 95)
Go with PAD REC (includes automation investment and additional
Continuing Disability Reviews (CDRs).

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (PAGER)

CREATOR: Mail Link Monitor (MAILMGT) (SYS)

CREATION DATE/TIME:16-DEC-1994 13:28:03.10

SUBJECT: PAGER CONFIRMATION - BALSAM-SCHWABER,CATHERINE

TO: Jason S. Goldberg (GOLDBERG_JS) (WHO)

READ:NOT READ

TEXT:

Unable to convert OA\$SHARA827:ZVNRJ9G3W.WPL

Àu`Qq To ASCII,

The following is a HEX dump of the file:

January 13, 1995

MEMORANDUM FOR HAROLD ICKES

CAROL RASCO

GEORGE STEPHANOPOULOS

MARK GEARAN

MARCIA HALE

MIKE MCCURRY

DAVID DREYER

JEREMY BEN-AMI

JOHN ANGELL

FROM: JENNIFER O'CONNOR

CABINET AFFAIRS

SUBJECT: MARYLAND WAIVER

On Tuesday, January 17, the Department of Health and Human Services plans to announce approval of Maryland's "Demonstration Project for Family Planning and Preventive Reproductive Services." This waiver project will extend Medicaid eligibility for family planning and preventive reproductive services to women who are on Medicaid solely due to their pregnancy and would otherwise lose their eligibility. The estimated 11,500 participating women will receive these services for a 5-year period. Maryland expects to generate Medicaid savings by reducing the number of unintended births and improving the health status of the participants.

As you know, the President asked the Cabinet Secretaries to hold these types of announcements until after the State of the Union. Additionally, we have asked the Departments to give us advance warnings of these types of announcements so that we can be part of the story if we want to. The Department wants to announce this Tuesday because Governor-elect Glendening wants it announced before he is inaugurated. He is scheduled to be inaugurated Wednesday, January 18.

Please get back to me by 5:00pm today to let me know if you think we should either hold this until after January 24, 1995 or if you think we might want to do something with the story from the White House. If I don't hear from you, I will assume you think the Tuesday announcement is fine.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Jennifer M. O'Connor (OCONNOR_J) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:13-JAN-1995 10:36:06.67

SUBJECT: HHS Maryland Waiver

TO: FAX (61121,Harold Ickes) (TLXA1MAIL_\F:61121\C:Harold Ickes)
READ:NOT READ

TO: FAX (62878,Carol Rasco) (TLXA1MAIL_\F:62878\C:Carol RascoREAD:NOT READ

TO: FAX (62883,G Stephanopoulos) (TLXA1MAIL_\F:62883\C:G StephanopoulosREAD:NOT READ

TO: FAX (62362,Mark Gearan) (TLXA1MAIL_\F:62362\C:Mark GearanREAD:NOT READ

TO: FAX (62362,David Dreyer) (TLXA1MAIL_\F:62362\C:David Dreyer)
READ:NOT READ

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TO: FAX (67028,Jeremy Ben-Ami) (TLXA1MAIL_\F:67028\C:Jeremy Ben-Ami\)
READ:NOT READ

TO: FAX (66220,Marcia Hale) (TLXA1MAIL_\F:66220\C:Marcia HaleREAD:NOT READ

TEXT:

January 13, 1995

MEMORANDUM FOR HAROLD ICKES

CAROL RASCO

GEORGE STEPHANOPOULOS

MARK GEARAN

MARCIA HALE

MIKE MCCURRY

DAVID DREYER

JEREMY BEN-AMI

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RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Lisa V. Cain (CAIN_L) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME: 3-FEB-1995 17:02:44.43

SUBJECT: The First Lady discusses women's health issues at summit

TO: FAX (914137721084, Mike Bakalan) (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:914137721084\C:Mike BakalanREAD:NOT READ

TO: FAX (916172701966, J. GARRETT/BURLING (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:916172701966\C:J. GARRETT/BURLINGTONREAD:NOT READ

TO: FAX (916176350869, Anthony Barnes) (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:916176350869\C:Anthony BarnesREAD:NOT READ

TO: FAX (916172885991, Linnea Hagberg) (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:916172885991\C:Linnea HagbergREAD:NOT READ

TO: FAX (916036722732, Bill Balam) (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:916036722732\C:Bill BalamREAD:NOT READ

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TO: FAX (916143372059, Judith Franklin) (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:916143372059\C:Judith FranklinREAD:NOT READ

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TO: FAX (912169741004, Linda L. Lindeman) (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:912169741004\C:Linda L. LindemanREAD:NOT READ

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READ:NOT READ

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READ:NOT READ

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TO: FAX (98610298,M.ELDREDGE/NATLBUSWO) (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:98610298\C:M.ELDREDGE/NATLBUSWOREAD:NOT READ

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TO: FAX (912123701949,V.Miller/Allure) (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:912123701949\C:V.Miller/AllureREAD:NOT READ

TO: FAX (912129215173,V.Wesley/Essence) (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:912129215173\C:V.Wesley/EssenceREAD:NOT READ

TO: FAX (912127675610,J.Chesnutt/Wo.Day (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:912127675610\C:J.Chesnutt/Wo.DayREAD:NOT READ

TO: FAX (912122511590,B.Carter/New Woma (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:912122511590\C:B.Carter/New WomanREAD:NOT READ

TO: FAX (912122451241,E.Sobel/AmWoman) (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:912122451241\C:E.Sobel/AmWomanREAD:NOT READ

TO: FAX (912124631808,S.Ungaro/Fam.Circ (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:912124631808\C:S.Ungaro/Fam.CircleREAD:NOT READ

TO: FAX (912015696264,T.Hagan/First for (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:912015696264\C:T.Hagan/First for WoREAD:NOT READ

TO: FAX (912127252239,M.Bemif/Lady's Ci (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:912127252239\C:M.Bemif/Lady's CircleREAD:NOT READ

TO: FAX (913129519083,J.Brown/Tod.Chic. (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:913129519083\C:J.Brown/Tod.Chic.WoREAD:NOT READ

TO: FAX (912128897933,K.Meeks/BlackExp. (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:912128897933\C:K.Meeks/BlackExp.READ:NOT READ

TO: FAX (912124631403,S.Koslow/McCall's (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:912124631403\C:S.Koslow/McCall'sREAD:NOT READ

TO: FAX (96380955,M.Gruenberg/Press As) (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:96380955\C:M.Gruenberg/Press AsREAD:NOT
READ

TO: FAX (912125450221,M.Newman/Soc.Nucl (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:912125450221\C:M.Newman/Soc.NuclearREAD:NOT READ

TEXT:
PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

Wednesday, February 1, 1995

Contact: Lisa Caputo
Neel Lattimore
Karen Finney
(202) 456-2960

FIRST LADY HILLARY RODHAM CLINTON STRESSES ADMINISTRATION'S
COMMITMENT TO WOMEN'S HEALTH AT FANNIE MAE WOMEN'S HEALTH SUMMIT.

WASHINGTON, D.C. -- First Lady Hillary Rodham Clinton today
addressed the Fannie Mae Women's Health Summit in order to
highlight the Clinton Administrations commitment to furthering
the progress in women's health issues.

"Women's health doesn't just affect women; it affects all
Americans," Mrs. Clinton said. "Women function as the primary
caregivers for children and aging parents in our society and
women now comprise a large percentage of our workforce. If we
ignore women's health needs, we will witness the negative
consequences in families, workplaces, and even in our collective
well-being as a society."

"Historically women's health concerns have been ignored in terms
of research, education and treatment. We have recently made
progress on these fronts and it would be imprudent socially and
economically to turn our backs on that progress now."

Mrs. Clinton noted the Clinton Administration has created an
Office of Women's Health at the Department of Health and Human
Services, headed by Dr. Susan Blumenthal, that brings together
public and private health interests, consumer and health care
groups, business and private industry. She also noted some
examples of federal initiatives that have a positive impact on
women's health:

- o Since the President took office, funding for the breast cancer
research at NIH has increased 65 percent -- to \$379 million in
1995 -- with additional research and training grants funded
through the Department of Defense.
- o After receiving petitions signed by 2.6 million Americans, the
President asked HHS Secretary Donna Shalala to convene a national
conference on breast cancer. The conference led to a National
Action Plan on Breast Cancer that will help further public-
private partnerships.

-- MORE --

O The National Institute of Health is undertaking the largest research study ever on major causes of death and disease in older women.

- o In 1993, the Food and Drug Administration revised 15-year-old guidelines to include women in clinical trials for drugs being approved for the market.

- o All Public Health Service agencies have established policies to ensure that women are included in research programs sponsored by the Department of Health and Human Services.

- o In this year's Public Health Services budget, nearly \$2 billion has been set aside for women's health including breast cancer research, family planning programs, and research on diseases that primarily affect women such as osteoporosis, lupus and others.

- o The Crime Bill last year included various provisions to combat violence against women. This is a significant health issue for women, as well as an issue for employers. Homicide is the leading cause of death among women in the workplace.

- o The Administration's Work and Responsibility Act is aimed at preventing adolescent pregnancy and childbearing. The bill proposes a national campaign against teen pregnancy.

- o Medicaid programs for pregnant women and children have been enhanced in ways that help keep small children and their mothers healthy at the outset rather than treating them once they're sick. This is accomplished by increasing immunization rates, expanding nutrition programs for poor children, and providing pre-natal and other services to mothers.

- o The Family and Medical Leave Law gives parents time off to tend to sick children or aging parents without fear of losing their jobs.

- o The Administration is also committed to strengthening research and education so that we remain the world leader in medical advances not just today and tomorrow, but 50 years from now. The best way to ensure status is to further the partnerships between health care companies, health care institutions and academic medicine.

"These initiatives reflect a commitment to research, a commitment to service and a commitment to educating women and health professionals about women's health concerns," Mrs. Clinton said. "We need all three of these commitments equally."

The purpose of the Fannie Mae Women's Health Summit is to bring corporations and women's health experts together to discuss the status of women's health in America, and the health needs of women in the workplace. Approximately 200 people are expected to participate, including governmental and human relations vice presidents of Fortune 500 companies, Fannie Mae business partners, government officials and women's health experts from the government and private sector.

The summit will focus on the a series of speakers and panel discussions aimed at helping corporations better understand the

health needs of working women, and to encourage them to enhance women's health services within their own companies and communities.

###

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Janet B. Abrams (ABRAMS_J) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME: 9-MAR-1995 10:04:58.44

SUBJECT: another

TO: Jeremy D. Benami (BENAMI_J) (OPD)

READ: 9-MAR-1995 19:08:24.54

TEXT:

this message relates to the one i just sent -- got interrupted.
does it make sense to mention the steady but not large increases
the clinton admin has sought for family planning these past 3
years? or just leave out?

fy93 last bush budget \$173M appropriated

fy94 181M

fy95 193M

fy96 request 199M

in the future, i'd be happy not to bug you with judgment calls
like this. just looking for guidance in these early weeks.
thanks.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Jason S. Goldberg (GOLDBERG_JS) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:24-MAR-1995 22:21:17.67

SUBJECT: HHS on Georgia

TO: Gene B. Sperling (SPERLING_G) Autoforward to: Paul A. Deegan (DEEGAN_P)
(PDONE)
READ:27-MAR-1995 07:51:41.41

TO: Theo Lubke (LUBKE_T) (OPD)
READ:24-MAR-1995 22:37:26.75

CC: Donald A. Baer (BAER_D) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TEXT:

HHS memo on GA

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====
ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:24-MAR-1995 22:20:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:p

ATT CREATOR: Jason S. Goldberg

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

MEMORANDUM FOR: Kitty Higgins
Assistant to the President and
Secretary to the Cabinet
FROM: Kevin Thurm
HHS Chief of Staff
SUBJECT: Georgia Profile

- I. Agency Activity in State:
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). The Atlanta-based CDC is the nation's primary agency responsible for disease and injury prevention. Among CDC's domestic and global partnership activities are 1) health monitoring and disease investigation, 2) prevention research, 3) development and advocacy of sound health practices, 4) implementation of prevention strategies, and 5) leadership and training.
- Vaccines for Children (VFC). A component of the Childhood Immunization Initiative, conceived to raise childhood immunization levels, especially among infants and young children. The program provides, at no cost to all public and participating private health care providers, federally

purchased vaccine to be administered to eligible children.

Medicare. Launched in 1966 as the federal health insurance program for the elderly, the program was expanded in 1972 to cover disabled persons and those with End Stage Renal Disease.

Medicaid. Initially a program to pay for health care services for those eligible for welfare, Medicaid now serves primarily low-income mothers and children, the non-elderly disabled, and, as a supplement to Medicare and for long-term care, the elderly.

Aid to Families with Dependent Children (AFDC). The largest cash assistance program serving needy families with children. The program provides transitional financial assistance to needy families with dependent children to cover basic needs such as food, shelter, and clothing.

Job Opportunities and Basic Skills Training (JOBS) Program. Provides job training, work experience, and education to help welfare recipients become self-sufficient. The program also offers support services, such as child care and transportation.

Head Start. Grants are awarded to local public or private, non-profit agencies to provide comprehensive developmental, health, social and parent involvement services to low-income, pre-school children and their families.

Family Preservation and Family Support Services. Helps state child welfare agencies and eligible Indian tribes establish and operate integrated, preventive family preservation services and community based family support services for families at risk or in crisis.

Child Care and Development Block Grants (CCDBG). Provides funds to states, territories, and Indian Tribes for child care services for low-income families.

Child Support Enforcement Program. Federal/state partnership to promote family self-sufficiency by securing regular and timely child support payments.

Community Services Block Grant (CSBG). Assists low-income people in local communities to meet employment, education, housing, income management, energy, health, and emergency needs.

Low-

Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP). Assists low-income households in meeting the costs of home heating and cooling needs.

Social Services Block Grant (SSBG). Provides grants to states for social services to achieve economic self-sufficiency.

Substance Abuse Block Grants (SABG). Supports projects for the development and implementation of prevention, treatment and rehabilitation activities directed to the diseases of alcohol and drug abuse. Funds also are used to increase treatment services for pregnant women and women with dependent children and for treatment of intravenous drug abusers.

Ryan White CARE Grants. Helps states and urban areas deal with the growing costs of care for uninsured or underinsured men, women, and children with AIDS.

Older Americans Act. HHS allocates moneys from the Older Americans Act to provide services to the elderly who are age 60 and over. These funds provide support for the elderly nutrition program, social services to the frail elderly, transportation, protective services, nursing home ombudsman legal services and advocacy on behalf of the elderly.

Developmental Disabilities. Provides grants to state governments, local communities, and the private sector to support programs that protect the rights and promote the self sufficiency of Americans with developmental disabilities and their families.

II. Issues

Welfare Reform. In June 1994, Georgia requested approval from the Department to implement its Work for Welfare Project (WFW) in 10 pilot counties. The demonstration would require every recipient and non-supporting parent to work 20 hours per month in a state, local government, federal agency or nonprofit organization. It would also extend job search and increase sanctions for JOBS noncompliance. The project also includes statewide waivers to increase the automobile exemption to \$4,500 and disregard earned income of children who are full-time students. Federal reviewers currently are reviewing the proposal. However, there is a bill pending in the state legislature that could rescind authority for this project.

III. Georgia Analysis and Stories

Welfare Reform. HHS has approved two welfare reform demonstrations in Georgia, the Georgia Personal Accountability and Responsibility (PAR) Project and Project Fulton. Through the PAR Project, the state, which began implementation on January 1, 1994, proposes to reduce long-term welfare dependency by promoting responsible decision-making on the part of welfare recipients in the areas of family expansion and acceptance and maintenance of employment. Key components include: provision of family planning and parenting services; elimination of increased AFDC benefit for additional children conceived while receiving AFDC; and requiring able-bodied adults to accept full-time employment if they are not caring for children under 14.

Project Fulton, which will take place in Fulton County from January 1, 1995 through December 31, 1996, operates in close conjunction with the Atlanta Project, initiated by President Carter. Residents of 500 public housing units just outside Atlanta will be encouraged to volunteer. Special counselors insure that all barriers to employment of volunteers are treated, provide guidance throughout the project period including job search and on-the-job counseling to help volunteers resolve personal and employment problems and become

steady workers. After volunteers have jobs, cash benefits and Food Stamps gradually are phased out, and the provision of child care is extended and gradually phased out.

VFC. FY 1995 funding level: \$27,951,522.

Georgia has enlisted the services of 900 private providers, federally qualified health centers, and hospitals to administer vaccines to children. This figure represents a 570 percent increase over last year's participation.

Ryan White. Georgia and Atlanta together will receive \$13.8 million dollars in FY 1995. In Atlanta primary care has increased from 1,870 people served at four sites in 1991 to 6,000 people at six sites in 1994. Statewide funds have helped establish a network of 16 regional HIV care clinics and community-based services funded through consortia, which previously was unavailable.

Medicare. Federal payments to state in FY 1993: \$3,301,647,000

Beneficiaries in 1994: 800,956

Medicaid. Federal payments to state in FY 1993: \$1,720,232,558

Beneficiaries in FY 1993: 1,744,645

Head Start. Estimated FY 1995 funding level: \$85,846,000

Children and families served in FY 1994: 19,445

Clark Atlanta University is the largest Head Start grantee in the state. In FY 1994 its funding level was \$10,695,000, which supported an enrollment level of 2,478 children and families. In FY 1995 it will receive a funding increase of \$407,000.

Child Support Enforcement.

Estimated FY 1995 funding level: \$34,600,645

Family Preservation and Support. Estimated FY 1995 funding level: \$3,734,514

CSBG. Estimated FY 1995 funding level: \$10,479,702

SSBG. FY 1995 funding level: \$73,690,631

Atlanta, as an empowerment zone, will receive an additional \$100,000,000 in SSBG. As enterprise communities, Crisp and Dooley Counties, Central Savannah River Area (including Burke, Hancock, Jefferson, McDuffie, Taliaferro, and Warren Counties), and Albany each will receive an additional \$2,947,368.

LIHEAP. FY 1995 funding level: \$13,840,792

75,748 households received winter assistance. Among those households, 39,950 contained elderly people and 24,137 contained persons with disabilities.

SABG. FY 1994 funding level: \$26.7 million

IV. Success Stories

Regional Office Hires Two Welfare Mothers. On March 20 the regional office of the HHS Administration for Children and Families (ACF) hired two JOBS trainees as permanent employees. ACF and the Georgia Department of Human Resources have formed a partnership to work together to assist welfare-dependent mothers prepare for work and receive training through Georgia's JOBS program ("PEACH"). ACF serves as a training site for

welfare recipients enrolled in JOBS, and following the success of these two trainees, two new JOBS program participants will report for training and subsequent out-placement in early April.

Head Start/Alpha Phi Alpha Partnership. In 1994 the Atlanta regional office of HHS and the Alpha Phi Alpha fraternity formed a unique partnership to strengthen the role of the African-American male in the lives of Head Start children and families. In sites throughout the southeast where there is both an Alpha Phi Alpha chapter and a Head Start program in operation, the Alphas work with the program to provide an array of services. These include male mentoring services; family-oriented recreational opportunities to encourage fathers (or other primary men in the lives of the Head Start children) to become involved actively in the lives of their children; counseling and training on reproductive health, drug prevention, employment, child support enforcement, and family stability. Health and dental services are also donated to children by fraternity alumni in some communities. In 1994, the project served over 7,000 children and their parents in 25 sites.

Head Start Graduate Success Story. Suzette M. Herman was anxious to attend Head Start at age four and her love of learning helped her to reach her goals. She graduated third from her high school class and was the first in her family to attend college, completing a double major. She is currently a high school and college teacher and is earning a graduate degree in secondary math education.

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Kyle M. Baker (BAKER_K) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:27-MAR-1995 10:12:30.82

SUBJECT: Issue brief on reproductive rights

TO: Remote Addressee (1=US@2=TELEMAIL@3=INTERNET@*RFC-
822DMARTIN628(A)AOL.COM@MRX@EOPMRX)
READ:NOT READ

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====
ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:27-MAR-1995 10:11:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:p

ATT CREATOR: Kyle M. Baker

TEXT:
PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER
REPRODUCTIVE RIGHTS

"[C]ertain choices are too personal for politics."
President Clinton/Vice President Gore
Putting People First

The President is committed to making abortion safe,
legal and rare. That is why the President has
consistently protected the right of American women to
make their own reproductive choices. And that is why,
at the same time, he has worked to reduce the number of
unwanted pregnancies.

Making Abortion Rare

o Fighting Teen Pregnancy Teen pregnancy is a
national epidemic. This year, more than 1 million
women aged 19 and younger -

-

10% of all teenaged
girls -

-

will become pregnant. To confront this
problem, the President has called for a National
Campaign Against Teen Pregnancy, asking leaders in
all areas of national life to join in promoting
individual responsibility and economic opportunity
for America's young people. The President's
welfare reform plan, introduced last year,
provided funding for community-

based initiatives

to end teen pregnancy, as well as a National Clearinghouse to provide communities with information on successful strategies..

- o Funding Family Planning The ten percent of women of childbearing age who use no contraception account for more than half of the unintended pregnancies in this country. Most of the remaining unintended pregnancies are caused by inconsistent or incorrect use of contraceptives.

To help prevent unwanted pregnancies, the President has requested budget increases for the federal Family Planning Program for each year he has been in office. Among other reproductive health and education services, this program makes family planning information and contraception available to millions of women who might not otherwise get reproductive health care.

- o Facilitating Adoption In addition, the President signed legislation to improve the adoption process by preventing discrimination against interracial adoptions and reducing the time that children have to wait in foster care.

Keeping Abortion Safe and Legal

- o Ending the Gag Rule Women faced with unwanted pregnancies must make difficult decisions, but they shouldn't have to make them alone. President Bush instituted a "Gag Rule" that prevented women who go to federally funded clinics -

-

primarily
poor women -

-

from getting the information they needed to make informed choices. President Clinton put an end to the "Gag Rule" in his first week as President so that women can get appropriate information and counselling.

- o Ensuring Clinic Safety Since 1992, five people have been murdered and seven others have been shot and wounded at family planning clinics where abortions are performed. The President signed the Freedom of Access to Clinic Entrances Act to fight violence and intimidation targeted by anti-

choice
extremists against women and their doctors.

- o Ending the RU-

486 Import Ban RU-

486 is a drug that terminates pregnancy without surgery. If available to American women, RU-

486 would expand their choices -

-

giving them options already available in France, the United Kingdom and Sweden

-

-

and make it more difficult to target abortion clinics for violence and harassment. The President revoked the import ban imposed on RU-

486 by the Bush Administration. Now RU-

486 is being tested at several family planning facilities around the country.

- o Serving Military Families Women in the military and in military families deserve the finest health care available. The President assured that comprehensive family planning services are available to these women by reversing the ban on abortion services at military hospitals.
- o Repealing the Mexico City Policy The President reversed 12 years of attacks on reproductive choice for women around the world when he repealed the Mexico City policy that banned funding to international organizations that promoted comprehensive family planning. And at the International Conference on Population and Development in Cairo, the United States forged a partnership with more than 150 nations around a platform of action to promote gender equality and reproductive health. The platform also recognizes the importance of addressing the threat posed to women's health by unsafe abortions.

- o Implementing the Hyde Amendment The Department of Health and Human Services implemented a Congressionally ordered change to the Medicaid program to include abortion services for poor women whose pregnancies result from rape or incest as well as to save the life of the women.

UPDATE

Republicans have begun a steady assault on the progress we have made. Republicans in Congress have voted an amendment out of committee that would allow states to refuse to fund abortions in cases of rape and incest -

-

causing additional suffering for victims of sexual violence. And Republicans have attacked Dr. Henry Foster, the President's highly qualified nominee for Surgeon General, because he has performed the legal medical procedure of abortion as an Ob/Gyn. Dr. Foster is a dedicated physician who has delivered thousands of healthy babies and has dedicated his career to preventing unwanted pregnancies and making sure young people don't have to face the choice of abortion.

Staff Contact: Jennifer Klein, DPC, 456-

2599

Karen Guss, DPC, 456-

5603

Last Updated: March 13, 1995

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Richard L. Siewert (SIEWERT_R) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:28-MAR-1995 13:44:13.92

SUBJECT: SORRY FOR THE DELAY`

TO: Karen R. Guss (GUSS_K) (WHO)

READ:28-MAR-1995 13:45:08.63

TEXT:

Karen

Please return edited draft. I will replace ASAP.

Thanks.

Jake

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:28-MAR-1995 13:43:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:p

ATT CREATOR: Richard L. Siewert

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

REPRODUCTIVE RIGHTS

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President Clinton/Vice President Gore
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Making Abortion Rare

o Fighting Teen Pregnancy Teen pregnancy is a national epidemic. This year, more than 1 million women aged 19 and younger -- 10% of all teenaged girls -- will become pregnant. To confront this problem, the President has called for a National Campaign Against Teen Pregnancy, asking leaders in all areas of national life to join in promoting individual responsibility and economic opportunity for America's young people. The President's welfare reform plan, introduced last year, provided funding for community-based initiatives to end teen pregnancy, as well as a National Clearinghouse to provide communities with

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- o Ensuring Clinic Safety Since 1992, five people have been murdered and seven others have been shot and wounded at family planning clinics where abortions are performed. The President signed the Freedom of Access to Clinic Entrances Act to fight violence and intimidation targeted by anti-choice extremists against women and their doctors.

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Staff Contact: Jennifer Klein, DPC, 456-2599
Karen Guss, DPC, 456-5603

Last Updated: March 13, 1995

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Jeffrey J. Connaughton (CONNAUGHTO_J) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:10-APR-1995 12:15:11.20

SUBJECT: Sterilization Questions

TO: Marvin Krislov (KRISLOV_M) (WHO)

READ:10-APR-1995 14:41:18.53

TO: Beth Nolan (NOLAN_B) (WHO)

READ:10-APR-1995 12:41:42.61

TEXT:

I have attached a memorandum that spells out my concerns about unresolved issues concerning sterilization -- I have also attached draft answers to the suggested questions Dr. Foster may face. There are some key answers I can't simply make up, however. Did he always have the family's consent? At what point did he stop performing these procedures? Was he aware of the controversy in medical opinion and federal and state law? If he can't answer these types of questions consistently and with certainty, the follow-up questions will be endless varieties -- and with damaging consequences. (I'm also red-dotting you a copy in case you don't know how to download this.)

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:10-APR-1995 12:10:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:p

ATT CREATOR: Jeffrey J. Connaughton

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

April 10, 1995

MEMORANDUM TO MARVIN KRISLOV

FROM JEFF CONNAUGHTON

SUBJECT Sterilization Questions & Answers

I have prepared responses to the questions that someone suggested Dr. Foster may face regarding the sterilization issues. These questions and my suggested answers, however, do not resolve the open issues that only Dr. Foster's memory or available records can resolve.

Accordingly, I have updated below the portions of my February 26 memorandum in which I suggested that we ask Dr. Foster certain factual questions that are key to the types of questions he will likely face on this topic. For instance, can Dr. Foster assert with

certainty that he never performed a hysterectomy on a mentally retarded woman without having obtained the consent of her family or legal guardian? According to Charles Krauthammer's recent column, HHS could not provide him with information about what type of consent formed the basis of the four procedures on mentally retarded women referred to in the 1976 article. That would leave a large hole for damaging follow-up questions. We must resolve the issues I discuss below.

OVERVIEW

The focus of our response to the sterilization issue has been that Dr. Foster performed only "a small number" of sterilizations on severely mentally retarded women, that he stopped doing the procedures by the late 1970s as medical opinion changed "on the propriety of removing healthy uteri from mentally retarded women," and that his 1976 Southern Medical Journal article -- which warns against "injudicious and indiscriminate" use of the surgery and urges "informed consent" for patients -- puts Dr. Foster's sensitivity to the ethical considerations attendant to sterilization ahead of most physicians at the time (according to the views expressed in hindsight by prominent medical ethicists).

Some have claimed that other of Dr. Foster's statements seem either to promote sterilization or to reflect a cavalier attitude toward them -- in a 1977 Urban Health article and a 1979 Annals of Internal Medicine article on sickle cell patients and in a 1972 article entitled, "A Rural Hospital and Family Planning." Our responses to these charges have either placed his writings in context or countered the impression they leave with other of his statements or with the thrust of Dr. Foster's career.

OPEN ISSUES

(1) Number of Sterilizations

While one theory might caution against allowing Dr. Foster to be drawn into a numbers game, Senators will undoubtedly ask how many sterilizations Dr. Foster has performed (with the potential to trip his credibility present again) and how those sterilizations subdivide by category (e.g., for birth control purposes on the mentally retarded, for hygiene purposes on the mentally retarded, on sickle cell patients, with and without informed consent, etc.). The 1976 Southern Medical Journal article includes a bar chart indicating he had performed four sterilizations on mentally retarded women. Can we somehow catalog each of the sterilizations of mentally retarded women Dr. Foster has performed?

(2) Medical Mainstream

Thus far, we have been relying on statements solicited from prominent medical ethicists to indicate that Dr. Foster's views and practices were within, if not ahead, of the "medical mainstream." We might fortify these opinions offered in hindsight with published opinions and statistics from the 1970s: the views of other doctors and medical ethics boards and the number of sterilizations performed nationally or in other parts of the country. For instance, Ralph Reed of the Christian Coalition claimed on the Charlie Rose Show that the College of Obstetrics and Gynecology had specifically said this

was a disapproved practice by the early-1970s.

Because one of our arguments has been that Dr. Foster stopped performing these procedures once medical views on the question changed, we might provide some bright-line indication of when the medical mainstream moved (and verify that Foster subsequently performed no additional procedures).

(3) Legality of Sterilizations

One could argue that the sterilization of a mentally retarded woman -- regardless of the contemporaneous views of the medical community on the ethics of the procedure -- potentially violated the woman's statutory or constitutional rights (depending on the facts of the case). HHS has prepared a memorandum on the legality of sterilizations. Based on this memorandum, we should at a minimum verify Dr. Foster's answers to the following questions:

- * Were any of the procedures federally funded? (and thus subject to a variety of federal regulations).

- * Were any of the subject women institutionalized at the time of the procedure? (and thus subject to the procedural safeguards specified in *Wyatt v. Aderholt*, 368 F. Supp. 1383 (M.D. Ala. N.D. 1974)).

- * Were any of the procedures performed without the consent of the woman's parents or legal guardian? (and thus raise issues about the woman's competence to herself grant consent).

- * Did any of the procedures take place subsequent to the Alabama Supreme Court's ruling in *Hudson v. Hudson*, 373 So. 2d 310 (Ala. 1979)? (and thus subsequent to a key court ruling that raised serious constitutional questions about the procedure, the nature of consent, and the threatened liberty interest).

If the answer to each of the above four questions is "no," then I believe we can defend the legality of each instance of sterilization using these factors alone. If the answer to any of the above questions is "yes," we should conduct a further investigation into the facts of the case(s) giving rise to that answer. If the facts are unavailable, I can imagine an endless line of damaging follow-up questions.

STERILIZATION PROCEDURES

1. HOW MANY HYSTERECTOMIES HAVE YOU PERFORMED ON RETARDED WOMEN?

- * I cannot answer with a precise number. In anticipation of your question, I have attempted to obtain the relevant records so that I could conduct a thorough review, but those records are incomplete or unavailable.

- * In August 1974, I delivered a paper before a meeting of the National Medical Association that included a discussion of the hysterectomies I had performed between May 1963 and May 1973. The paper was published as an article in a medical journal in 1976. The article includes a bar chart, which indicates that, among other reasons for performing hysterectomies to remove normal uteruses, I had performed four such procedures on

mentally retarded women. See Henry W. Foster, Jr., Removal of the Normal Uterus, 69 S. MED. J. 13, 15 (1976).

* In that same article, I stressed that "obstetricians and gynecologists must guard vigilantly against the injudicious and indiscriminate removal of the normal uterus," id. at 13, and that I hoped the article would "improve communications between physicians and patients regarding this surgical procedure," id.

* I am unable to recall or to verify whether I performed additional numbers of hysterectomies on mentally retarded women subsequent to the publication of that article.

* The important factors are that I never performed such a procedure without the patient's family's consent. This claim contradicts the Krauthammer column; he claims HHS could

not tell him whether Foster received consent in these cases.

and that I stopped performing this procedure on mentally retarded women by, in my estimation, the late 1970s. Foster wrote in 1980: "It is understood if the patient is judged to be incapable of comprehending and thus not able to provide an informed consent, she must not be sterilized." See Henry W. Foster, Jr., Ambulatory Gynecologic Surgery, in AMBULATORY OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY 399, 416 (George Ryan ed. 1980).

2. HAVE YOU PERFORMED HYSTERECTOMIES ON RETARDED WOMEN SIMPLY BECAUSE THEIR FAMILIES HAVE REQUESTED THAT YOU DO SO?

* During the 1960s and early-1970s, I performed hysterectomies on mentally retarded women with the family's consent. Verify.

* At that time, the law of Alabama had not cast doubt on the adequacy of parental or family consent. It was not until 1979 that the Alabama Supreme Court refused in the absence of statutory authority to order the sterilization of a mentally deficient minor whose parents had sought the procedure. See Hudson v. Hudson, 373 So. 2d 310 (Ala. 1979) ("This case of first impression . . .)

* After that 1979 case, the inadequacy of parental consent became clear. In 1980, I wrote: "It is understood if the patient is judged to be incapable of comprehending and thus not able to provide an informed consent, she must not be sterilized." See Henry W. Foster, Jr., Ambulatory Gynecologic Surgery, in AMBULATORY OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY 399, 416 (George Ryan ed. 1980).

3. HOW DO YOU JUSTIFY PERFORMING STERILIZATION PROCEDURES ON MENTALLY RETARDED WOMEN WHO WERE INCAPABLE OF PROVIDING INFORMED CONSENT?

* When I performed these procedures, it was within the medical mainstream to believe that significant hygienic benefits to these severely handicapped women justified the procedures. Those were times when we had little medication to protect severely retarded women against pregnancy and to help them avoid monthly periods.

* A number of prominent physicians have supported me in this. For instance, Dr. Arthur Caplan, who heads the Center for Bioethics

at the University of Pennsylvania, has said that my 1974 paper on this subject "represents an enlightened and cutting-edge opinion about the need for caution and care with respect to that form of surgical sterilization." Dr. Luigi Mastroianni, a professor of obstetrics and gynecology who heads the division of human reproduction at the University of Pennsylvania, has said such procedures "were the most humane method we had to allow people with severe mental deficiency to have any comfort at all."

* Surgical procedures on the mentally impaired by necessity raise difficult questions of informed consent. In this sense, during the 1960s and early 1970s, sterilization was no different from any other surgical procedure: others must decide for the patient whether it is in her best interest.

* I never performed one of these procedures without the consent of the family or legal guardian. Verify.

* Prominent physicians have agreed with me on the necessity of relying on consent by others in the case of the mentally impaired:

"In the case of the mentally impaired, we are forced to violate a cardinal principle of medical ethics: We abrogate her authority to decide for herself, assigning this right to others -- the family or institutions of society and the state."

Willard Gaylin (Professor of Psychiatry, Columbia University) & Allan Rosenfield (Dean, Columbia School of Public Health), Medical Morality: When Consent Is Not Informed, WASH. POST, Mar. 2, 1995, at A21.

4. WHAT IS YOUR CURRENT POSITION ON PERFORMING HYSTERECTOMIES ON RETARDED WOMEN?

* My current position has not changed since the late 1970s, nor has it changed since 1980 when I wrote that a woman who is deemed incapable of providing informed consent should not be sterilized.

* I would only perform such a procedure if it was medically necessary -- and if the state-law requirements of informed consent had been met. State laws have clarified on this subject and should be followed rigorously to protect the substantive and procedural rights of the mentally impaired patient. Even so, I fully understand and appreciate that these procedures raise important and highly controversial constitutional issues -- some of which have remained unresolved.

5. SHOULD SOCIO-

ECONOMIC FACTORS BE A PRIMARY CONSIDERATION IN DECIDING WHETHER TO STERILIZE A WOMAN?

* No.

6. HAVE YOU ENCOURAGED STERILIZATION OF PATIENTS WITH SICKLE-CELL DISEASE? DOES YOUR POSITION VARY DEPENDING ON WHETHER THE

PATIENT HAS DELIVERED A HEALTHY CHILD?

- * I have actively opposed the routine sterilization of sickle-cell-disease patients. I have throughout my career encouraged counseling, screening, and patient management to enable women with sickle cell disease to have healthy children.
- * I am proud of the research I have conducted on the diagnosis and treatment of sickle cell disease which has led to improved maternal and child survival rates.
- * In a textbook on Ambulatory Gynecologic Surgery, I wrote in 1980: "As with abortion, the psychosocial dynamics associated with sterilization are profound and require special counseling. Sterilization should be offered only to mature women with no further desire of pregnancy."

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Karen R. Guss (GUSS_K) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-APR-1995 09:30:35.01

SUBJECT: Here is the longer women's issues doc that was used yesterday

TO: Richard L. Siewert (SIEWERT_R) (WHO)

READ:11-APR-1995 10:59:41.04

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:11-APR-1995 09:29:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:p

ATT CREATOR: Karen R. Guss

TEXT:

COMMENT

AUTHOR : Jason Goldberg

OPERATOR :

COMMENT :

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

"Never before have American women had so many options

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 13

PRINTER FONT 14_POINT_ROMAN_ITALIC

-

-

or been asked to make such difficult choices.

It's time not only to make women full partners in government,

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 15

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN_ITALIC

but to make government work for women."

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

-- William Jefferson Clinton and Albert Gore, Putting People First

The President and his Administration made an unprecedented commitment to empowering women through greater economic security, more workplace flexibility, and more emphasis on children and families and on women's health and safety. They invested in the economic and personal security of women through the President's economic plan and education reforms, the Family and Medical Leave Law, the Earned Income Tax Credit, the Brady Law, and the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act. They advanced women's rights through a series of executive and legislative actions that allow women the freedom to make their own reproductive decisions and to do so safely, with accurate information and without obstruction. They put women's health concerns at the top of the public health agenda by initiating a comprehensive approach to women's health designed to end the inequities that have plagued research, clinical practice and health care education. Finally,

the President and his Administration changed the face of governing by giving women a greater voice in all branches of the federal government, including Cabinet-level posts never before held by women.

THE RIGHTS OF WOMEN

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN_ITALIC

"Their response was overwhelming. There was a sense of electricity and excitement on the floor. Dozens of delegates came over and said, 'Welcome back to humanity; welcome back to the world.'" -- Undersecretary of State Timothy E. Wirth, describing the first United Nations meeting at which he discussed the Clinton Administration's population strategy, as quoted in the Los Angeles Times, Sept. 14, 1994.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

The Clinton Administration has protected the right of American women to make their own reproductive choices, assisted women in exercising their right to vote and acted in the global arena to improve the lives of women.

Protecting the Reproductive Health of American Women- President Clinton repealed the "Gag Rule" that restricted abortion counseling at federally funded family planning clinics, revoked the import ban on RU-486, reversed the ban on abortion services at military hospitals, repealed the Mexico City policy that banned funding to international organizations that promote comprehensive family planning, and signed the Freedom of Access to Clinic Entrances Act. The Administration implemented a change to the Hyde Amendment obligating states to pay for abortions for poor women whose pregnancies result from rape or incest.

Increasing Access to the Ballot Box- President Clinton signed the National Voter Registration Act, enfranchising women who are on welfare, homebound, or simply unable to build in extra time between work and family by allowing them to register to vote through the mail, at motor vehicle registries and at other government offices.

Promoting the Empowerment of Women Throughout the World- The United States' delegation to the International Conference on Population and Development in Cairo forged a partnership with more than 150 nations around a platform of action that promotes gender equality, reproductive health, and universally recognized human rights that apply to reproduction and recognizes the importance of addressing the threat posed to women's health by unsafe abortions.

WOMEN APPOINTEES

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN_ITALIC

"I attended a number of meetings in the White House under previous administrations. I remember my first meeting in the Roosevelt Room of the White House. . . . I remember sitting at the table with other Governors, with the President, with members of his Cabinet and there was another woman, sitting against the wall, a staff person, and we . . . kind of winked at one another, as one does on these occasions, and our secret language was, 'Hey, I'm glad you're there, and let's both pretend this is perfectly normal for both of us.' . . . I went back to the Roosevelt Room not too long ago, a couple of times, and I couldn't get over it. Everything was different. Half the group was composed of women . . . and I thought, how can I ever have thought that this was such a masculine space and that I did not belong there?"

-- Deputy Secretary of Education Madeleine M. Kunin on Women's Equality Day, Aug. 26, 1993.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

President Clinton pledged to appoint an Administration that "looked like America." As the Baltimore Sun noted in an editorial, he has delivered on that promise "more fully than even he

could have predicted. No Administration has ever produced such diversity."

Appointing Women to Important Administration Positions -

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 20

PRINTER FONT 7_POINT_ROMAN

? 44 percent of President Clinton's appointees were women?by far the highest percentage of any Administration in history.

? The President appointed women to Cabinet-level posts never before occupied by women, including Attorney General Janet Reno, former Council of Economic Advisors Chair (now Assistant to the President for Economic Policy) Laura D'Andrea Tyson, OMB Director Alice Rivlin and Secretary of Energy Hazel O'Leary.

? In addition, the President appointed women to other positions traditionally held by men. Female scientists holding top-level government research and science policy positions include the Chief Scientist at the National Aeronautics and Space Administration and at the Department of Commerce, Deputy Director at the National Science Foundation, Director of the Office of Energy Research at the Department of Energy, and Director for Defense Research and Engineering at the Department of Defense.

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 15

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

Promoting Excellence and Diversity in the Federal Judiciary-

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 20

PRINTER FONT 7_POINT_ROMAN

? The President nominated 45 women out of a total of 141 nominees to the federal bench.

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 15

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

59% of all of the President's judicial nominees are women and minorities.

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 20

PRINTER FONT 7_POINT_ROMAN

? Because of President Clinton's appointments, as of July 1 of last year, one of every four active federal judges was a woman or a racial minority.

? The proportion of the Clinton Administration's judicial nominees who received the American Bar Association's highest rating exceeded that of the past three administrations.

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 15

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

EXPANDING OPPORTUNITIES

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN_ITALIC

After her morning in class studying English, algebra, and physics, Sylvia rides the bus to Deaconess Hospital. There, under the watchful eye of a hospital technician, she takes bone and tissue samples of patients, slices them into razor-thin strips, attaches them to slides, and checks the numerical coding to be sure each slide matches the right patient.

Like 120 other students from three Boston high schools, Sylvia is preparing for high-demand technical occupations in Boston's health care industry. In each year of the program, participants study a specially designed hospital-based curriculum that offers everything from introductory health care courses to clinical rotations at one of the seven participating hospitals. These work-learning experiences let students explore a range of health care occupations and opportunities.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

The President strongly believes that the role of government is to give people the tools they need to reach their potential. The President has acted on this belief by expanding economic, professional and educational opportunities for women.

Making Work Pay-

The President's economic plan is helping women in low-wage jobs provide for their families and stay off welfare through the increased Earned Income Tax Credit. For working mothers with minimum wage jobs, the increased EITC is the equivalent of up to a 40% pay raise.

Providing a Helping Hand to Women-

Owned Businesses - Women business owners are starting businesses at twice the rate of their male counterparts. The Clinton Administration has been a friend to these entrepreneurial women. The Small Business Administration has established a women's mentoring program and made more business loans to women. And the Clinton Administration's Interagency Committee on Women's Business Enterprise is working with women business leaders to create a public/private partnership that will foster the growth and development of women-owned businesses.

Listening to Working Women - The Women's Bureau of the Department of Labor surveyed over a quarter of a million working women to learn more about their experiences in the workplace. At the President's direction, the Department of Labor and the Women's Bureau are working to address the concerns raised by the survey participants -- better pay and benefits, help balancing work and family, and getting the recognition in the workplace that they deserve.

Preparing Women and Girls for High-

Skill, High-

Wage Jobs - One of the national education goals established in the landmark Goals 2000: Educate America Act is to increase the number of women and minorities who complete degrees in math, science and engineering. And the President's School-to-Work Opportunities Act is assisting women and girls in developing the hands-on skills they need to compete for rewarding jobs in fields traditionally dominated by men.

Increasing Access to Higher Education - The Income Contingent Loan Repayment program will allow participants who have received a student loan to make repayments based on their income. This allows people to take lower-paying jobs, or to leave their jobs?for example, to raise a family?without the penalty of loan default.

Dramatically Expanding Opportunities for Women in the Military - Under the Clinton Administration, women soldiers now have access to 259,000 previously male-only positions.

INCREASING SAFETY AND SECURITY

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN_ITALIC

"If children aren't safe in their homes, if college women aren't safe in their dorms, if mothers can't raise their children in safety, then the American Dream will never be real for them, no matter what we do in economic policy, no matter how strong we are in standing against the forces that would seek to undermine our values beyond our borders. This is key to everything else we want to do."

-- President Clinton at a Violence Against Women Act event, March 21, 1995.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

In a typical year, 2.5 million American women ages 12 years and older are raped, robbed or assaulted or are the victim of a threatened or attempted violent crime. Two-thirds of these attacks are committed by someone the victim knows. Enacted thanks to President Clinton's leadership, the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act and the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 will make American women safer.

Combating Gun Violence - The President's "Crime Bill" banned military-style assault weapons. And the Brady Law is working to keep handguns out of the reach of those who would use them criminally -- including men under restraining orders for stalking, harassment or other forms of domestic threats or intimidation.

Fighting Violence Against Women - The Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), part of the President's

Crime Bill, takes a comprehensive approach to combating domestic violence and other violence against women.

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 20

PRINTER FONT 7_POINT_ROMAN

? VAWA will improve the responses of police, prosecutors and judges to these crimes, enhance lighting at bus stops and other dark public places, force sex offenders to pay restitution to their victims and triple funding for battered women's shelters. And under the Act, the authority of a "stay away" order obtained against an abuser will no longer stop at the state line.

? On March 21, 1995, the President announced the appointment of Bonnie Campbell as Director of a special Violence Against Women Office at the Department of Justice. The President also announced \$26 million in STOP Grants to states to bolster their law enforcement, prosecution and victims services to better address violence against women.

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 15

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

Extending Civil Rights Protections to Victims of Gender Motivated Violence - Under VAWA, victims of gender motivated felonies have a Federal civil rights remedy for the first time.

Encouraging Women to Speak Out - VAWA extends "rape shield" protections to all criminal and civil cases involving alleged sexual misconduct, thereby barring embarrassing and irrelevant inquiries into a victim's sexual history. And the Crime Bill allows victims of federal sex crimes to speak at the sentencing of their assailants.

IMPROVING WOMEN'S HEALTH

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN_ITALIC

When First Lady Hillary Rodham Clinton met recently with 250 elderly South Florida women at the Joseph Myerhoff Senior Center, Georgia Ayres, a 66 year old member of the National Council of Negro Women, participated with her in a panel discussion. Mrs. Clinton told the audience that the risks of getting breast cancer increase with age and that Medicare covers regular mammography screening that could save their lives. The group also talked about the mammography procedure itself and the reasons for the reluctance of some women to get mammograms. After Mrs. Clinton's visit, Ms. Ayres told the Fort Lauderdale Sun-Sentinel, "I've never had a mammogram. I've been afraid to because I watched my daughter-in-law die of breast cancer. But now after this talk, I will go and make an appointment to have a mammogram."

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

The Clinton Administration has made an unprecedented commitment to improving the health of American women and ending inequities in medical research and treatment.

Fighting Breast Cancer - Breast cancer is a growing threat to American women -- the lifetime risk of developing breast cancer has risen from 1 in 20 to 1 in 8 in just twenty years. The President has made the fight against breast cancer a national priority and brought us closer to eliminating this threat.

? The President has dramatically increased funding for breast cancer research --by 65% at NIH alone.

? Right now, early detection through mammography is the best weapon we have against breast cancer. To make sure that mammograms are reliable, the FDA has put in place quality standards for mammography facilities. And the First Lady has joined with the Department of Health and Human Services to increase the rate of mammography use among older women.

? To make better screening methods available to women, the Public Health Service Office on Women's Health and the National Cancer Institute have initiated an exploration into applying imaging technology used by the defense, space, and computer graphics industries to the early detection of breast cancer.

Promoting Fairness in Medical Research - In the past, clinical researchers studying killer diseases like heart disease and cancer concentrated mainly on men. This Administration is ending this inequity -- to help America's women lead healthier lives and be treated more effectively when they do get sick.

? The largest clinical study ever conducted -- an NIH study of diseases affecting older women -- is now underway.

? And the President is making sure that women will no longer be left out of other important medical research. He signed legislation requiring that women and minorities be include in all clinical research supported by NIH.

Combatting AIDS - AIDS is increasing at a faster rate among women than men. The Administration is combatting AIDS in women by increasing the number of women participating in AIDS research. And the Administration is supporting research into women-controlled barrier methods that will help women protect themselves from getting infected.

Taking a Comprehensive Approach - Other Administration women's health initiatives include researching how to prevent unnecessary hysterectomies, developing a culturally sensitive medical school curriculum about women's health and establishing the first Department-level position -- Deputy Assistant Secretary for Women's Health -- dedicated solely to improving women's health.

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 10

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

SUPPORTING WOMEN AND THEIR FAMILIES

HORIZONTAL_PITCH 15

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN_ITALIC

"I will never forget what the Family and Medical Leave Act meant to just one father I met early one Sunday morning in the White House. . . . [H]e had his wife and his three children there, one of them in a wheelchair. I came up, and after we had our picture taken and had a little visit, I was walking off and that man grabbed me by the arm and he said, 'Mr. President, let me tell you something. My little girl here is desperately ill. She's probably not going to make it. But because of the Family Leave law, I was able to take time off to spend with her -- the most important time I ever spent in my life -- without losing my job and hurting the rest of my family. It means more to me than I will ever be able to say.'"

-- President Clinton, State of the Union address, January 25, 1994.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

The President and his Administration are supporting women and their families in times of need and encouraging values that make families strong.

Supporting Families in Times of Crisis - Family crises can strike any family at any time.

President Clinton signed the Family and Medical Leave Act, allowing workers to take up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave to care for an infant or ailing loved one without losing their jobs. Now American workers are no longer forced to choose between their jobs and their families at times of crisis.

Improving Child Support Collections - Some families -- usually headed by women -- are plunged into economic crisis and poverty when the absent parent fails to pay child support. The President is working to get single mothers and their children the support they need. On February 27, 1995, the President signed an executive order to make the federal government a model employer in the area of child support enforcement. And the President's child support plan, introduced as part of last year's welfare reform legislation, would double federal child support collections by the year 2000.

Fighting Teen Pregnancy - To confront this national epidemic, the President has called for a National Campaign Against Teen Pregnancy, asking leaders in all areas of national life to join in promoting individual responsibility and economic opportunity for America's young people. And the President's welfare reform plan, introduced last year, provided funding for community-based initiatives to end teen pregnancy, as well as a National Clearinghouse to provide communities

with information on successful strategies.

Helping Disadvantaged Preschoolers Achieve - Based on the recommendations of a bipartisan committee, the President and Health and Human Services Secretary Shalala implemented quality improvements in HeadStart that moved this popular program for disadvantaged preschoolers into the 21st century. The Administration also initiated the creation of a new program to serve disadvantaged infants and toddlers aged zero to three.

Preventing Childhood Disease - President Clinton sponsored and signed the comprehensive Childhood Immunization Initiative, ensuring that children, regardless of family income, will be vaccinated against disease.

Providing Healthy Meals for Infants, Children and Postpartum Women - President Clinton has increased funding for the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC) in each of his budgets. In 1995, approximately seven million women and

children would benefit from this program.

Strengthening At-

Risk Families - The President's Family Preservation and Support Act is a billion-dollar program that provides an array of supportive services to children and families designed to help strengthen them and prevent child abuse and neglect.

Increasing Parental Involvement - The National Family Involvement Partnership for Learning encourages efforts to help families take a more active role in their children's learning.

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Maureen F. Lewis (LEWIS_M) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:25-APR-1995 18:57:40.24

SUBJECT: Abortion Letters for Julie Mason

TO: Evelyn S. Lieberman (LIEBERMAN_E) (WHO)

READ:25-APR-1995 19:43:28.87

TEXT:

Here are the two letters that we have regarding abortion. If they are too involved, let me know and I'll see if we have anything more succinct.

LETTER ONE -- CON-CHOICE:

Thank you for your letter concerning a woman's right to choose. I've been touched by the many letters I've received from people who care deeply about the future of our country but who are troubled by my position on this issue.

I believe that personal privacy is a fundamental liberty protected by our Bill of Rights. I believe the right to privacy includes the right to make difficult and intensely personal decisions regarding abortion.

While I am firmly pro-choice, I am not pro-abortion. Indeed, I believe we must do more to reduce the number of abortions and unwanted pregnancies, and I am working on that.

Though we may differ on this issue, I hope that our common concerns for the future of America will unite us. I appreciate your sincerity and your candor.

LETTER TWO -- PRO-CHOICE:

Thank you for your letter regarding a woman's right to choose.

I believe that personal privacy is a fundamental liberty protected by our Bill of Rights. The right to privacy includes the right to make difficult and intensely personal decisions regarding abortion, without governmental interference. I do not believe in the "gag rule" preventing women from discussing abortion with health professionals. In practice, this was directed almost entirely toward low-income Americans who utilize federally funded clinics, effectively denying access to information solely on the basis of income.

I am pro-choice, but I believe that we must reduce the need for abortion. By providing better family planning services and improved education programs and by funding the development of safe, effective contraception, we can reduce the demand for abortions. In addition, I believe adoption should be encouraged, and abstinence and sex education should be taught. I do not believe in criminalizing the conduct of women and their doctors in the areas protected by Roe v. Wade.

I am grateful for your support and encouragement.

Hope these help out a bit.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Tracy A. Beckett (BECKETT_T) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME: 4-MAY-1995 11:04:22.64

SUBJECT: abortion language

TO: John Harris (HARRIS_J) (WHO)

READ: 4-MAY-1995 11:05:06.84

TEXT:

Sorry - I kept forgetting to do that. What about our language on Tort reform? We really need it - should I e-mail him? Let em know.

Thank you for your letter regarding a woman's right to choose.

The Clinton Administration believes that personal privacy is a fundamental liberty protected by our Bill of Rights. The right to privacy includes the right to make a difficult and intensely personal decisions regarding abortion.

While this Administration is pro-choice, we believe that we must reduce the need for abortion. By providing better family planning services, improving education programs and funding the development of safe, effective contraception, we can reduce the number of abortions and unwanted pregnancies.

As we strive to formulate policies that represent the views of all Americans, we value your ideas. Again, thank you for writing.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Brenda Anders (ANDERS_B) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:29-MAY-1995 06:10:07.53

SUBJECT: NewsSummary 5.29

TO: Lorraine McHugh (MCHUGH_L) (WHO)

READ:30-MAY-1995 07:47:26.73

TO: Julia R. Green (GREEN_J) (WHO)

READ:NOT READ

TO: Julie E. Mason (MASON_J) (WHO)

READ:NOT READ

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

Monday, May 29, 1995

BOSNIA --

ABC Anchor John Cochran reported the Clinton Administration may send an amphibious unit to assist in Bosnia. Garrick Utley said the best hope of freeing the UN hostages is to have the Serbian government pressure the Bosnian Serbs. Utley added, "air strikes have not worked but ground troops might."

CBS's Bob Orr said the Clinton Administration wants to strengthen the UN effort in Bosnia. Orr reported that Sen. Bradley wants to arm the Muslims and remove the UN troops. [Clip of Bradley saying the "events of last week are ominous."] He said President Clinton will consider sending 20,000 troops to assist the French troops. Orr ended the story saying the Clinton Administration will have a voice in any decision regarding Bosnia, but the decision will rest primarily with the European participants.

CBS's Joe Klein said President Clinton has "never come through a crisis stronger than when he went into it." He said no matter what position the President takes, critics will take "potshots" at him. Klein said the United States has two options: assist with a withdrawal of troops, leaving remaining troops exposed to danger, or reinforce the operations in Bosnia.

The New York Times' Todd Purdham wrote, "Clinton kept a particularly low profile, not even attending a meeting of his senior foreign policy advisers on Sunday." (NYT)

Purdham added, "by keeping such a low profile, the Clinton Administration also risks looking a bit like the Halloween prankster who rings a doorbell and then runs, since it helped prompt the latest escalation by arguing for airstrikes." (NYT)

The Washington Post's Michael Dobbs wrote the Administration "failed to carry through on many pledges to the Muslim-led Bosnian government. There have been many occasions over the past

two years when President Clinton has talked tough but failed to deliver." (WP)

Dobbs added "the administration has retreated to the moral high ground, deploring the failure of the international community to assist the Bosnian Muslims but doing little to help them in practice." (WP)

The Los Angeles Times's Stanley Meisler wrote "the humiliation and killing of U.N. peacekeepers after last week's airstrikes against Serbian targets will surely worsen the Clinton administration's strained relations with the United Nations." (LA Times)

The Chicago Tribune's Terry Atlas reported "the decision to call in NATO warplanes, an action strongly supported by the Clinton Administration, now appears to leave the United Nations little maneuvering room." (Chicago Tribune)

The Baltimore Sun's Mark Matthews reported that the possibility of sending U.S. troops "would mark a major change in American policy." (Baltimore Sun)

CHINA/U.S./TAIWAN--

The New York Times' wire service reported "China continued the deconstruction of its relations with the United States Sunday...continuing a series of reprisals for President Clinton's decision" to grant a visa to President Lee Teng-hui. (NYT)

The Washington Post's Steven Mufson reported China "suspended talks with the United States on the control of missile technology and cooperation on nuclear energy," in response to allowing an official visit from President Lee Teng-hui. (WP)

Mufson added the administration "in an attempt to assure Chinese leaders, announced its intention to back the renewal of 'most favored nation.'" (WP)

JAPAN/TRADE SANCTIONS --

The New York Times' David E. Sanger reported the Administration "is finding itself isolated and outmaneuvered around the world, with Asian governments joining their counterparts in Europe condemning..." the trade sanctions. (NYT)

IRAN/TRADE SANCTIONS -- The Los Angeles Times' Robin Wright wrote "Iran could be largely unscathed."

Wright added, "in theory, all U.S. trade with Iran will end on June 6 (but)...smuggling is likely to increase." (LA Times)

CHINESE REFUGEES --

CBS's John Roberts reported the Clinton Administration does not consider the restrictive Chinese family planning policies sufficient grounds for granting asylum. Roberts added the Administration is "getting tough" on illegal immigration and is "using these refugees as an example."

PRESIDENTIAL RACE '96 --

The Boston Globe's Michael Kranish reported "while Buchanan is a long shot, he is also better known

than others in the field and gets plenty of press for his strident sound bites. He also has raised enough money to run a respectable campaign, and he and his supporters are relentlessly pushing Republican candidates to the right." (Boston Globe)

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Jeremy D. Benami (BENAMI_J) (OPD)

CREATION DATE/TIME:30-MAY-1995 12:06:58.98

SUBJECT: latest from OMB

TO: Janet B. Abrams (ABRAMS_J) (WHO)

READ:30-MAY-1995 12:11:04.06

TEXT:

FYI

Latest from OMB on the appropriations issue.

I replied to Nancy Ann that based on what she finds out today I will call Kevin and possibly schedule a conference call.

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:29-MAY-1995 11:18:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:B

ATT CREATOR: Nancy-Ann E. Min

ATT SUBJECT: status of teen pregnancy thing

ATT TO: Jeremy D. Benami (BENAMI_J)

TEXT:

attached is the information we got from hhs on friday evening. as you can see, they're saying they don't have to do an official reprogramming (requiring congressional approps committee approval, which got us into trouble the last time), but that they'd just check with the committees. This seems reasonable, but of course it could also lead to a brick wall if someone on one of the committee staffs wants to be cute. I am asking Chuck Kieffer, our approps guru, to take a look at this and advise me tuesday what he thinks. Generally, we have always thought it is a good idea to informally advise committee staffs about things like this, just to avoid misunderstandings and recriminations--but of course, we have been working with democrats in the past. this may be one of those "d----d if you do, d-----d if you don't" situations. at any rate, i'll get back to you.

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

===== ATTACHMENT 2 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:26-MAY-1995 20:50:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:B

ATT CREATOR: Barry T. Clendenin

ATT SUBJECT: Teen Pregnancy Responses from Betty James (ASMB)

ATT TO: Nancy-Ann E. Min (MIN_N)

ATT CC: Richard J. Turman (TURMAN_R)

TEXT:

Betty reports:

-- funding sources would be :

- * \$50,000 from CDC Teen Pregnancy activities
- * \$40,000 from HRSA Title X (family planning)
- * \$260,000 from HRSA Healthy Start

HHS' current thinking is that the HHS appropriations justifications for each of the above items have sufficient mission justification to use the Economy Act to accomplish a common mission through a Memorandum of Understanding rather than seeking a reprogramming up front.

Next steps:

Betty advises that if HHS is asked to move ahead on the request that HHS would:

- * Pull together HHS technical, procurement and PSA staff needed to organize the effort within;
- * Draft a MOU to state as precisely as possible why there is a common mission; and,
- * Klepner would do some checking with the L/HHS committees to see if there will be any concerns about what is planned.

Let me know if you need some additional followup.

BC

===== END ATTACHMENT 2 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Karen R. Guss (GUSS_K) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:31-MAY-1995 18:59:32.37

SUBJECT: repro rts issue brief

TO: Jennifer L. Klein (KLEIN_J) (OPD)

READ:31-MAY-1995 21:25:45.02

TEXT:

I think I sent this to you already but we haven't talked about it, so I wasn't sure. Anyway, I just got some new info, which I used in a new last sentence of the second "update" paragraph. (The new sentence is about block grants and I don't know if we want to use it.)

Let me know what you think . . .

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:31-MAY-1995 18:57:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:p

ATT CREATOR: Karen R. Guss

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

REPRODUCTIVE RIGHTS

"[C]ertain choices are too personal for politics."
President Clinton/Vice President Gore
Putting People First

The President is committed to making abortion safe, legal and rare. That is why the President has consistently protected the right of American women to make their own reproductive choices. And that is why, at the same time, he has worked to reduce the number of unwanted pregnancies.

Making Abortion Rare

o Fighting Teen Pregnancy Teen pregnancy is a national epidemic. This year, more than 1 million women aged 19 and younger -- 10% of all teenaged girls -- will become pregnant. To confront this problem, the President has called for a National Campaign Against Teen Pregnancy, asking leaders in all areas of national life to join in promoting individual responsibility and economic opportunity for America's young people. The President's welfare reform plan, introduced last year, provided funding for community-based initiatives

to end teen pregnancy, as well as a National Clearinghouse to provide communities with information on successful strategies..

- o Funding Family Planning The ten percent of women of childbearing age who use no contraception account for more than half of the unintended pregnancies in this country. Most of the remaining unintended pregnancies are caused by inconsistent or incorrect use of contraceptives. To help prevent unwanted pregnancies, the President has requested budget increases for the federal Family Planning Program for each year he has been in office. Among other reproductive health and education services, this program makes family planning information and contraception available to millions of women who might not otherwise get reproductive health care.

- o Facilitating Adoption In addition, the President signed legislation to improve the adoption process by preventing discrimination against interracial adoptions and reducing the time that children have to wait in foster care.

Keeping Abortion Safe and Legal

- o Ending the Gag Rule Women faced with unwanted pregnancies must make difficult decisions, but they shouldn't have to make them alone. President Bush instituted a "Gag Rule" that prevented women who go to federally funded clinics -- primarily poor women -- from getting the information they needed to make informed choices. President Clinton put an end to the "Gag Rule" in his first week as President so that women can get appropriate information and counselling.

- o Ensuring Clinic Safety Since 1992, five people have been murdered and seven others have been shot and wounded at family planning clinics where abortions are performed. The President signed the Freedom of Access to Clinic Entrances Act to fight violence and intimidation targeted by anti-choice extremists against women and their doctors.

- o Ending the RU-

486 Import Ban RU-486 is a drug that terminates pregnancy without surgery. If available to American women, RU-486 would expand their choices -- giving them options already available in France, the United Kingdom and Sweden -- and make it more difficult to target abortion clinics for violence and harassment. The President revoked the import ban imposed on RU-486 by the Bush Administration. Now RU-486 is being tested at several family planning facilities

around the country.

- o **Serving Military Families** Women in the military and in military families deserve the finest health care available. The President assured that comprehensive family planning services are available to these women by reversing the ban on abortion services paid for by the patient at military hospitals.

- o **Repealing the Mexico City Policy** The President reversed 12 years of attacks on reproductive choice for women around the world when he repealed the Mexico City policy that banned funding to international organizations that promoted comprehensive family planning. And at the International Conference on Population and Development in Cairo, the United States forged a partnership with more than 150 nations around a platform of action to promote gender equality and reproductive health. The platform also recognizes the importance of addressing the threat posed to women's health by unsafe abortions.

- o **Implementing the Hyde Amendment** The Department of Health and Human Services implemented a Congressionally ordered change to the Medicaid program to include abortion services for poor women whose pregnancies result from rape or incest as well as to save the life of the women.

UPDATE

Republicans have begun to try to turn back the clock on women's reproductive health. In the first abortion-related floor vote this year in the House of Representatives, the House passed an amendment to the Republicans' foreign aid bill that would deny aid to any organization that provides abortion services overseas. The House National Security Committee approved an amendment to restore the ban on abortion services in military hospitals, threatening the quality of the medical care available to servicewomen or women in military families -- especially those stationed in countries where abortion is illegal, the blood supply unsafe, and sterile conditions and reliable physicians are difficult to come by. In addition, the House Appropriations committee voted out an amendment that would allow states to refuse to fund abortions in cases of rape and incest -- causing additional suffering for victims of sexual violence.

This amendment was withdrawn before the bill to which it was attached reached the House floor, but it is clear that the Republican onslaught has only just begun. The Republican leadership has promised that Republicans who oppose a woman's right to choose will receive full floor consideration of their agenda later

this year. A Republican legislator told the Washington Post that he is drafting a bill prohibiting private health insurance policies from covering abortion. Republicans have also embraced the Christian Coalition's "Contract with the American Family," which contains provisions attacking reproductive rights, including funding for family planning organizations that provide abortion counselling. And Republicans have attacked Dr. Henry Foster, the President's highly qualified nominee for Surgeon General, because he has performed the legal medical procedure of abortion as an Ob/Gyn. Dr. Foster is a dedicated physician who has delivered thousands of healthy babies and has dedicated his career to preventing unwanted pregnancies and making sure young people don't have to face the choice of abortion. At the same time, Republicans are proposing to roll the federal Family Planning Program into a block grant to the states, jeopardizing the provision of family planning services to millions of women.

Latest Update: March 28, 1995
===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Karen R. Guss (GUSS_K) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME: 1-JUN-1995 14:17:26.08

SUBJECT: a favor

TO: Stacey L. Rubin (RUBIN_S) (WHO)

READ: 1-JUN-1995 14:18:55.02

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

Stacey -

-

Could you review this for me? Thanks, Karen

M E M O R A N D U M

To: Melanne Verveer

From: Karen Guss

Date: June 1, 1995

Re: Congressional challenges to reproductive rights

cc: Jennifer Klein

I have been following legislative activity relating to reproductive rights, and I thought you might be interested in a quick summary of what has already occurred in Congress and what seems to be in the works. It appears that several Republicans intend to expend a great deal of effort on trying to turn back the clock in this area. I will be working with Janet Murguia of our Legislative Affairs office and with Rep. Schroeder's staff to continue to keep up on this type of Congressional activity.

Congressional votes

? In the first abortion-related floor vote this year in the House of Representatives, the House passed an amendment to H.R. 1561, the Republicans' foreign aid bill, that would deny aid to any organization that provides abortion services overseas and would drop United States assistance to the United Nations Population Fund unless it pulled out of China. The amendment was introduced by Rep. Smith (R-NJ). As you know, the House leadership postponed further debate before a vote could be taken on the entire bill.

? The House National Security Committee approved an amendment to restore the ban on abortion services in military hospitals. The ban, first enforced during the Reagan Administration, was overturned by President Clinton through an executive order early in the Administration.

? In addition, during consideration of their rescission bill,

the House Appropriations committee voted out an amendment that would allow states to refuse to fund abortions for women on Medicaid in cases of rape and incest. Currently, the Hyde amendment requires that Medicaid cover abortion services for women whose pregnancies result from rape or incest. This amendment -- introduced by Rep. Istook (R-OK) - - was withdrawn before the bill to which it was attached reached the House floor. However, the Republican leadership has promised Istook that Republicans who oppose a woman's right to choose will receive full floor consideration of their agenda later this year.

? Republicans are proposing to roll the federal Family

Planning Program (Title X) into a block grant to the states,

jeopardizing the provision of family planning services to

millions of young and low-income women.

Possible future activity

? Republicans have embraced the Christian Coalition's "Contract with the American Family," which contains provisions attacking reproductive rights, including funding for family planning organizations that provide abortion counselling. These organizations would include family planning clinics supported by the federal government through Title X.

? Rep. Istook and Rep. Dornan (R-CA) are considered likely to introduce anti-choice amendments during debate on Labor-HHS authorization and appropriations legislation.

? Rep. Smith has told the Washington Post that he is drafting a bill prohibiting private health insurance policies from covering abortion, and wrote in Roll Call that Republicans would introduce legislation preventing federal employees' health benefit plans from covering abortion.

? Rep. Schroeder (D-CO) and her staff are concerned that Rep. Smith will go to Beijing during the 4th World Conference on Women and try to gain support for anti-choice legislation by linking legal abortion in the United States to China's repressive population policies.

Congressional Democrats' response

? Reps. Schroeder and Lowey (D-NY) and the Congressional Caucus for Women's Issues have announced their intention to "hold the line" by preventing the Republicans from eliminating Medicaid coverage for abortion in cases of rape and incest, undermining the Freedom of Access to Clinic Entrances Act, reinstating the "gag rule", and prohibiting private insurers from covering abortion. Reps. Schroeder and Lowey also announced that they would attempt to codify the principles of Roe v. Wade, although they did not state

whether they would try to pass the Freedom of Choice Act or would instead draft and introduce new legislation. They do not expect the Istook rape/incest amendment to pass the Congress, but they do believe that other legislation in this area may end up on the President's desk.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Jeremy D. Benami (BENAMI_J) (OPD)

CREATION DATE/TIME: 3-JUL-1995 16:27:25.54

SUBJECT: update: Choice working group

TO: Carol H. Rasco (RASCO_C) (OPD)
READ: 3-JUL-1995 17:40:53.21

TO: Jennifer L. Klein (KLEIN_J) (OPD)
READ: 3-JUL-1995 16:29:23.67

TO: Karen R. Guss (GUSS_K) (WHO)
READ: 6-JUL-1995 11:15:26.63

TO: Nancy-Ann E. Min (MIN_N) (OMB)
READ: 3-JUL-1995 17:34:10.87

TO: Charles E. Kieffer (KIEFFER_C) (OMB)
READ: 3-JUL-1995 17:10:52.56

TO: Elizabeth L. Rossman (ROSSMAN_E) (OMB)
READ: 6-JUL-1995 08:09:50.17

TO: Martha Foley (FOLEY_M) (OMB)
READ: 5-JUL-1995 15:11:26.23

TO: James Castello (CASTELLO_J) (WHO)
READ: 5-JUL-1995 09:05:24.14

TO: Marilyn Yager (YAGER_M) (WHO)
READ: 5-JUL-1995 13:40:07.21

TO: Karen L. Hancox (HANCOX_K) (WHO)
READ: 5-JUL-1995 08:10:56.35

TO: Barbara C. Chow (CHOW_B) (WHO)
READ: 4-JUL-1995 19:36:52.10

TO: Susan Brophy (BROPHY_S) Autoforward to: Stacey L. Rubin (RUBIN_S) (WHO)
READ: 5-JUL-1995 08:45:44.99

TO: Janet Murguia (MURGUIA_J) (WHO)
READ: 5-JUL-1995 13:14:25.33

TO: Betsy Myers (MYERS_B) (WHO)
READ: 5-JUL-1995 10:17:04.78

CC: Katharine M. Button for Melanne V (BUTTON_K) (WHO)
READ: 3-JUL-1995 16:50:08.94

TEXT:

The following is my interpretation of the scribbles I took during our meeting last Thursday with Carol and Alice.

For those of you who were there, please let me know if there are any inaccuracies.

Please note any follow up items. Karen, Marilyn: I will call you on Wednesday to fill you in.

The next meeting of the group is Thursday at 5:00. At several people's suggestions, Melanne Verveer and Karen Hancox have been added to our list. If there are others who should be added, please let me know.

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN
SUMMARY: CHOICE WORKING GROUP

I. PROCESS

We agreed that the number of issues coming up in appropriations and other authorizing vehicles will require an ongoing, coordinated Administration response. To help us achieve this, we will:

- 1) Set up a regular Working Group that consists of: OMB, DPC, First Lady's Office, Legislative, Political, Public Liaison and Counsel's Office. The next meeting is Thursday at 5:00.
- 2) Beth Rossman at OMB will be maintaining an ongoing calendar of key legislative dates as well as other notable events such as meetings, press conferences or other things that will generate public notice. If you have any information for the calendar, please e mail her directly.

II. KEY ISSUES

We agreed that we would benefit from focussing our attention on 2

-3 issues and trying to highlight the fight over those rather than seeking to highlight the entire range of potential fights over the next few months. The following are the issues we have tentatively chosen. Carol Rasco will raise with the President to ensure that he is comfortable with these choices:

- 1) Title X -- Title X has not been reauthorized for quite a few years. It provides a reasonable vehicle for the administration to show it is "for" something positive. Secretary Shalala has sent a letter to Speaker Gingrich supporting HR833. We would like to consider significantly highlighting the need to reauthorize the Family Planning Program.
- 2) Labor/H Appropriations -- This appropriations bill will probably be the vehicle for reversing several of the early administration gains including reinstating the "Gag Rule" and the human fetal tissue research ban, as well as making the use of Medicaid funds to pay for abortion in the case of rape or incest a state option. We would like to take a very hard line on this, and Carol Rasco will explore with the President whether he is willing to draw a veto line on these

issues.

3) Treasury/Postal Appropriations -- This bill would allow FEHB insurance plans to cover abortion only if pregnancy endangers a woman's life. It is possible that other amendments could make the language even tougher. This is another issue where Carol will explore how hard a line the President wants to take.

III. OUTREACH

A top priority for this group will be exploring the possibility of coordinating strategy with outside groups interested in these issues. Next steps:

- o Betsy Meyers will set up a meeting as soon as possible with some of the key women's groups to discuss their strategy. This includes AAUW, Planned Parenthood, NOW and NARAL

- o We will ask Marilyn Yager to explore which of the health groups might be interested particularly in proposals that limit the flexibility of coverage provided by health plans.

- o We will ask Karen Hancox to explore whether the public employee unions are planning to play an active role particularly on the FEHB issue.

- o Barbara Chow is going to find out what is happening with Rep. Schroeder's legislation.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Barbara D. Woolley (WOOLLEY_B) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME: 6-JUL-1995 20:35:53.62

SUBJECT: National Political Congress of Black Women

TO: Ruby G. Moy (MOY_R) (WHO)

READ: 6-JUL-1995 22:19:55.60

TEXT:

Ruby:

Will bring over copies of some additional information at noon meeting.

Speech to National Political Congress of Black Women, Inc.

- * Commend work of C. Dolores Tucker and the National Political Congress of Black Women for taking up fight against record industry. As you may remember, long before the Republicans and Presidential hopefuls, Tipper Gore, fought this same fight and she is fighting along us.

- * Update group on Affirmative Action.

- * Mention abortion issue/women's health issues. If this Republican Congress has its way, women's health will suffer and women's consitutional right to family planning and abortion rights will disappear. Republicans are trying to overturn presidential directives on abortion and enact new prohibitions. Battles are expected next week in the Subcommittee markup's on Labor/HHS/Education and Treasury/Postal Service/General Government Appropriations Bills.

- * Talk about Republican controlled Congress, Supreme Court and now they want the Presidency.

- * Republicans cutting programs important to women, low income, african americans--headstart; immunizations; EITC; education; welfare reform;

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Charles E. Kieffer (KIEFFER_C) (OMB)

CREATION DATE/TIME:12-JUL-1995 00:06:18.37

SUBJECT: labor/hhs/ed update

TO: Alice M. Rivlin (RIVLIN_A) (OMB)

READ:12-JUL-1995 07:19:52.63

TO: John A. Koskinen (KOSKINEN_J) (OMB)

READ:12-JUL-1995 09:00:03.14

TO: Jacob J. Lew (LEW_J) (OMB)

READ:12-JUL-1995 08:37:15.83

TO: Barry B. Anderson (ANDERSON_B) (OMB)

READ:12-JUL-1995 08:51:04.38

TO: Gordon M. Adams (ADAMS_G) (OMB)

READ:12-JUL-1995 10:02:13.74

TO: Robert E. Litan (LITAN_R) (OMB)

READ:NOT READ

TO: Theodore J. Glauthier (GLAUTHIER_T) (OMB)

READ:14-JUL-1995 18:23:53.30

TO: Robert G. Damus (DAMUS_R) (OMB)

READ:12-JUL-1995 08:59:05.83

TO: Nancy-Ann E. Min (MIN_N) (OMB)

READ:12-JUL-1995 11:02:21.42

TO: Kenneth S. Apfel (APFEL_K) (OMB)

READ:12-JUL-1995 08:44:36.29

TO: Joseph Minarik (MINARIK_J) (OMB)

READ:12-JUL-1995 08:10:44.53

TO: William A. Halter (HALTER_W) (OMB)

READ:12-JUL-1995 12:26:21.61

TO: LAWRENCE J. HAAS (HAAS_L) (OMB)

READ:13-JUL-1995 13:38:11.74

TO: James C. Murr (MURR_J) (OMB)

READ:12-JUL-1995 14:08:18.38

TO: G. Edward DeSeve (DESEVE_G) (OMB)

READ:12-JUL-1995 14:39:05.10

TO: Jill M. Blickstein (BLICKSTEIN_J) (OMB)
READ:12-JUL-1995 08:28:23.25

TO: Chantale Wong (WONG_C) (OMB)
READ:12-JUL-1995 09:49:05.44

TO: Martha Foley (FOLEY_M) (OMB)
READ: 4-AUG-1995 16:24:43.26

TO: John C. Angell (ANGELL_J) (WHO)
READ:12-JUL-1995 08:58:29.80

TO: Philip A. DuSault (DUSAULT_P) (OMB)
READ:12-JUL-1995 09:12:23.46

TO: Phebe N. Vickers (VICKERS_P) (OMB)
READ:12-JUL-1995 10:54:42.18

TO: Barry T. Clendenin (clendenin_b) (OMB)
READ:12-JUL-1995 07:00:11.48

TO: Barry White (WHITE_B) (OMB)
READ:12-JUL-1995 08:38:35.92

TO: Robert B. Rideout (RIDEOUT_R) (OMB)
READ:12-JUL-1995 09:04:00.32

TO: Ronald M. Cogswell (COGSWELL_R) (OMB)
READ:12-JUL-1995 08:54:32.81

TO: Kathleen Peroff (PEROFF_K) (OMB)
READ:12-JUL-1995 12:10:43.28

TO: Alan B. Rhinesmith (RHINESMITH_A) (OMB)
READ:12-JUL-1995 08:31:01.65

TO: Kenneth L. Schwartz (SCHWARTZ_K) (OMB)
READ:12-JUL-1995 09:10:09.39

TO: Richard P. Emery Jr. (EMERY_R) (OMB)
READ:12-JUL-1995 07:57:49.40

TO: Robert E. Barker (BARKER_R) (OMB)
READ:12-JUL-1995 08:07:36.42

TO: Nancy S. Ridenour (RIDENOUR_N) (OMB)
READ:12-JUL-1995 09:11:50.70

TO: Charles S. Konigsberg (KONIGSBERG_C) (OMB)
READ:12-JUL-1995 11:42:27.08

TO: John B. Arthur (ARTHUR_J) (OMB)
READ:12-JUL-1995 19:07:18.23

TO: Rhodia D. Ewell (EWELL_R) (OMB)
READ:12-JUL-1995 08:35:48.17

TO: Toni S. Hustead (HUSTEAD_T) (OMB)
READ:12-JUL-1995 09:42:54.54

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER
MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

FROM: Charles Kieffer
SUBJECT: House Appropriations Labor/HHS/Education
Subcommittee Action on FY 1996 Bill

On July 11th, the House Appropriations Labor/HHS/Education Subcommittee worked into the night and is expected to approve their FY 1996 bill. Full Committee action is expected July 20th. The draft bill and report are not available so funding levels are preliminary and based on the Chairman's mark.

As of 11:30pm, no significant amendments to the Chairman's mark have been approved, with many Democratic amendments to restore funds falling on party line votes (for Education for Disadvantaged, Head Start, OSHA, and job training, with offsets from limits on Medicaid payments to States). Highlights follow: (discretionary budget authority in billions)

FY 1995	FY 1996 Request	FY 1996 Subcommittee	Difference
\$69.8	\$73.5	\$60.7	-\$12.8

- o The bill provides a 17% cut below FY 1995. We proposed a 5% increase. The Subcommittee terminates 176 programs.

- o Investment programs were significantly reduced below the request and in many cases below FY 1995 levels. In some cases, investments are terminated. In order to help fend off restoration amendments, Chairman Porter provides \$11.9 billion for NIH, \$.6 billion (almost 6%) over FY 1995 and \$.1 billion over the request.

- o Goals 2000 is terminated.

- o Education for the Disadvantaged (title I) is funded at \$5.6 billion, \$1.8 billion below the request and \$1.2 billion (18%) below FY 1995.

- o Head Start is reduced by \$.6 billion below the request and \$200 million (6%) below FY 1995.

- o Ryan White is at \$632 million, \$.1 billion below the request and the same as FY 1995.

- o School to Work (Ed and Labor) is funded at \$190 million, \$210 million below the request and almost \$60 million below FY 1995.

- o One

-stop career centers are funded at \$100 million, \$100 million below the request and about the same as FY 1995.

- o \$169 million for the domestic volunteer component of National Service, \$94 million below the request and \$46 million (21%) below FY 1995.
- o The abortion language in the bill is the same as current law (prohibition of Federal funding with exceptions for rape, incest and life of the mother). An Istook amendment is expected in full Committee or on the floor to further restrict abortion funding.
- o The bill prohibits implementation of the President's EO on striker replacement.
- o Numerous other legislative limitations were approved. Examples include:
 - o Direct Student Loan program administrative costs are limited and various limitations are placed on how the funds can be used;
 - o Education can not fund Opportunity to Learn Standards;
 - o OSHA can not issue ergonomic standards;
 - o NLRB can not enforce "salting" standards;
 - o pension funds are prohibited from forcing the use of economically targeted investments.
 - o The prohibition on implementing Davis

-Bacon helper regs that has been in the law for two years was dropped.

- o In total, HHS funding falls \$1.1 billion (
- 4%).
- o The Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program is terminated.
 - o The Office of the Assistant Secretary of Health is abolished.
 - o Funding is maintained at or slightly above FY 1995 for most prevention programs such as childhood immunization, family planning, sexually transmitted diseases, breast and cervical cancer screening, infectious diseases and CDC.
 - o In total, Education falls \$3.9 billion (

- 16%).
- o \$200 million for safe and drug free schools, \$300

million below the request and \$282 million below FY 1995.

- o Impact Aid is reduced by 11% to \$645 million.
- o Pell Grant maximum grants are set at \$2,440, \$100 over FY 1995.
- o In total, Labor falls \$1.1 billion (

- 11%).
- o the summer youth program for the summer of 1996 is terminated.
- o Job Corps is increased by \$15 million to \$972 million, with funds for four new centers.
- o the Dislocated Worker program is reduced by \$.4 billion

to \$850 million.

- o OSHA funding is targeted to compliance activities (+19%) with 32% cuts in Federal enforcement activities.

- o CPB is funded at \$240 million for FY 1998, \$72 million below the request and \$46 million (16%) below FY 1995.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Janet R. Forsgren (FORSGREN_J) (OMB)

CREATION DATE/TIME:17-JUL-1995 14:36:43.74

SUBJECT: HHS Family Planning Letter

TO: James Castello (CASTELLO_J) (WHO)
READ:17-JUL-1995 15:54:35.16

TO: Jeremy D. Benami (BENAMI_J) (OPD)
READ:18-JUL-1995 20:00:43.69

TO: Jennifer L. Klein (KLEIN_J) (OPD)
READ:17-JUL-1995 14:49:16.83

TO: Christopher C. Jennings (JENNINGS_C) (OPD)
READ:19-JUL-1995 10:43:13.45

TO: Lydia Muniz (MUNIZ_L) (OMB)
READ:17-JUL-1995 14:37:02.29

TO: Robert G. Damus (DAMUS_R) (OMB)
READ:17-JUL-1995 15:20:53.77

TEXT:

Please let me know by 5:30 PM today if you have any comments on the latest HHS letter on funding for the Family Planning program (LRM 1990). The letter would be sent to the House Appropriations Committee and is similar, but not identical, to the letter HHS sent to the House Commerce Committee on July 7th.

If I haven't heard from you by 5:30 PM, I will assume that you have no objection to the letter.

Thanks.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Karen R. Guss (GUSS_K) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:18-JUL-1995 17:00:28.77

SUBJECT: Thanks!

TO: Stacey L. Rubin (RUBIN_S) (WHO)

READ:18-JUL-1995 17:03:44.97

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

M E M O R A N D U M

To: Leon Panetta
George Stephanopoulos
Pat Griffin

From: Choice Working Group

Date: July 18, 1995

Re: Follow

-up on Choice meeting of Monday, July 17

cc: Carol Rasco

Attached please find a brief description of the key abortion and family planning issues in this Congress. As was discussed during the Choice meeting on Monday, this document may be useful for discussing these issues with the President in the very near future.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Stacey L. Rubin (RUBIN_S) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:18-JUL-1995 17:17:10.68

SUBJECT: here you go

TO: Karen R. Guss (GUSS_K) (WHO)

READ:18-JUL-1995 17:17:50.39

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:18-JUL-1995 17:16:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:p

ATT CREATOR: Stacey L. Rubin

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 10_POINT_COURIER

July 18, 1995

MEMORANDUM FOR LEON PANETTA, GEORGE STEPHANOPOULOS, PAT GRIFFIN

FROM: CHOICE WORKING GROUP

SUBJECT: FOLLOW

-UP ON CHOICE MEETING 7/17

Attached please find a brief description of the key abortion and family planning issues in this Congress. As was discussed during the Choice meeting on Monday, this document may be useful for discussing these issues with the President in the very near future. If you have any questions or concerns, please contact Karen Guss at 6

-5603.

cc: Carol Rasco

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Karen R. Guss (GUSS_K) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:18-JUL-1995 17:28:43.00

SUBJECT: FYI on repro rts

TO: Carol H. Rasco (RASCO_C) (OPD)

READ:18-JUL-1995 17:30:29.64

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 10_POINT_COURIER

Carol --

At Martha Foley's suggestion, I sent the repro rights one

-pager around w/this note in

case you want to bring Leon, Pat and George with you when you talk to the President.

Karen

July 18, 1995

MEMORANDUM FOR LEON PANETTA, GEORGE STEPHANOPOULOS, PAT GRIFFIN

FROM: CHOICE WORKING GROUP

SUBJECT: FOLLOW

-UP ON CHOICE MEETING 7/17

Attached please find a brief description of the key abortion and family planning issues in this Congress. As was discussed during the Choice meeting on Monday, this document may be useful for discussing these issues with the President in the very near future.

If you have any questions or concerns, please contact Karen Guss at 6

-5603.

cc: Carol Rasco

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Barry J. Toiv (TOIV_B) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:20-JUL-1995 20:59:18.57

SUBJECT: Notes

TO: Jason S. Goldberg (GOLDBERG_JS) (WHO)

READ:20-JUL-1995 21:02:07.34

TEXT:

Here it is.

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:20-JUL-1995 20:59:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:p

ATT CREATOR: Barry J. Toiv

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

NOTES

I. state by state education numbers come out today

II. LINE ITEM VETO

Republican enthusiasm for the line

-item seems to have petered

out. A recent

Washington Times article quoted Speaker Gingrich as saying that "we won't get to [it] this year." David Rosenbaum, reporting in yesterday's New York Times, told us why. They don't want to give the line

-item veto to a Democratic President. Senator John McCain, the Senate's leading proponent: "There are some who do not want to see this authority in the hands of this President, at least not until we have finished the appropriations bills. Rep. Gerald Solomon, a leading House proponent: "I'm not [less enthusiastic]. I want it as a matter of principle. But there are some who are." And, in a similar AP article yesterday, House Appropriations chairman Bob Livingston: "We may not want to give it to this President right at the outset, but let's give it to him eventually."

III. Appropriations update

Thursday - The House considered but did not complete the Agriculture appropriations bill.
The House Appropriations Committee worked on the Labor, HHS,

Education appropriations bill but did not complete it. Among the amendments approved was the termination of Title XX family planning assistance. Amendments to improve the bill were defeated.

The Senate considered the Legislative Branch appropriations bill.

Friday - The House is expected to complete consideration of the Agriculture appropriations bill and take up the Transportation appropriations bill.

The House Appropriations Committee is expected to complete the Labor

-HHS

-Education bill and take up the Defense appropriations bill.

The Senate is expected to take up the Military Construction appropriations bill and, if necessary, complete the Legislative Branch bill.

IV. Quote of the week (well, the day anyway):

Post/1991
Senator Coats
quote

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Charles E. Kieffer (KIEFFER_C) (OMB)

CREATION DATE/TIME:20-JUL-1995 22:37:51.74

SUBJECT: Labor/HHS/Ed mark up

TO: Alice M. Rivlin (RIVLIN_A) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 17:55:51.95

TO: Barbara C. Chow (CHOW_B) (WHO)
READ:21-JUL-1995 08:32:00.26

TO: John A. Koskinen (KOSKINEN_J) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 08:53:13.80

TO: Jacob J. Lew (LEW_J) (OMB)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Barry B. Anderson (ANDERSON_B) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 08:29:44.51

TO: Gordon M. Adams (ADAMS_G) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 06:25:48.73

TO: Robert E. Litan (LITAN_R) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 13:36:17.98

TO: Theodore J. Glauthier (GLAUTHIER_T) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 22:27:39.35

TO: Robert G. Damus (DAMUS_R) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 08:28:10.24

TO: Nancy-Ann E. Min (MIN_N) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 10:07:08.54

TO: Kenneth S. Apfel (APFEL_K) (OMB)
READ:20-JUL-1995 23:22:13.99

TO: Joseph Minarik (MINARIK_J) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 09:52:36.63

TO: William A. Halter (HALTER_W) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 09:36:56.98

TO: LAWRENCE J. HAAS (HAAS_L) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:59:30.13

TO: James C. Murr (MURR_J) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 08:19:39.26

TO: G. Edward DeSeve (DESEVE_G) (OMB)
READ:22-JUL-1995 14:52:10.23

TO: Jill M. Blickstein (BLICKSTEIN_J) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 08:01:27.15

TO: Chantale Wong (WONG_C) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 09:42:18.00

TO: Martha Foley (FOLEY_M) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 09:37:12.66

TO: John C. Angell (ANGELL_J) (WHO)
READ:21-JUL-1995 09:49:53.03

TO: Philip A. DuSault (DUSAULT_P) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 09:17:00.50

TO: Phebe N. Vickers (VICKERS_P) (OMB)
READ:24-JUL-1995 15:26:41.54

TO: Barry T. Clendenin (clendenin_b) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 07:16:42.51

TO: Barry White (WHITE_B) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 09:44:41.98

TO: Robert B. Rideout (RIDEOUT_R) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 10:23:51.37

TO: Ronald M. Cogswell (COGSWELL_R) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 11:44:26.51

TO: Kathleen Peroff (PEROFF_K) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 10:56:07.30

TO: Alan B. Rhinesmith (RHINESMITH_A) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 08:06:04.93

TO: Kenneth L. Schwartz (SCHWARTZ_K) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 08:06:27.69

TO: Richard P. Emery Jr. (EMERY_R) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 07:45:19.90

TO: Robert E. Barker (BARKER_R) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 08:24:21.63

TO: Nancy S. Ridenour (RIDENOUR_N) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 09:10:59.01

TO: Charles S. Konigsberg (KONIGSBERG_C) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 11:46:29.73

TO: John B. Arthur (ARTHUR_J) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 06:51:46.28

TO: Rhodia D. Ewell (EWELL_R) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 08:27:00.18

TO: Toni S. Hustead (HUSTEAD_T) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 09:03:31.97

TO: Karin L. Kizer (KIZER_K) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 09:37:33.80

TO: Victoria L. Schaefer (SCHAEFER_V) (OMB)
READ:21-JUL-1995 08:19:18.55

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER
MEMORANDUM TO THE DIRECTOR

FROM: Charles Kieffer

SUBJECT: House Appropriations Committee Does not Complete Action
on FY 1996 Labor/HHS/Education Bill

On July 20th, the House Appropriations Committee met but did not complete action on the FY 1996 Labor/HHS/Education Appropriations bill. They hope to complete action Friday morning. House floor action is expected next week, with Senate action in September.

Numerous amendments were offered to improve the bill but were defeated along party lines (Reps. Obey, Hoyer, Pelosi and Lowey). Highlights follow:

- o In total, the bill is \$13 billion (17%) below the President's request and \$9 billion (13%) below FY 1995.
- o A Porter amendment was approved by voice vote which allocated \$40 million of additional crime funding made available to the Subcommittee, including rape prevention, (\$35 million), community programs (\$4 million) and a domestic violence study.
- o An Obey amendment was defeated (18

-29) which would have stricken from the bill numerous legislative provisions such as the prohibition of implementation of the striker replacement executive order, prohibition of implementing several OSHA rules, including certain child protection rules, prohibition of funding of the Office of the Surgeon General, and limitation on the expansion of the Direct Student Loan program.

- o A Dickey amendment was adopted (30

-26) that prohibits the use of funds in the Act for doing research on human embryos. A Porter substitute was defeated (26

-26) that would have prohibited the use of funds in the Act for creating human embryos for the purpose of research.

- o A Livingston amendment was adopted (28

-25) which terminates funding (\$193 million) for the title X family planning program and shifts the funds to Maternal and Child Health Block Grant and to Community and Migrant Health Centers.

- o A Hoyer amendment was defeated (19

-30) that would have added \$1.1 billion for Head Start, Safe and Drug Free Schools, Compensatory Education, School

-to

-Work, Vocational Education Goals 2000 and the Eisenhower education programs. The offset would have been caps on Medicaid reimbursement rates (the offset used for each of the Democratic amendments).

- o A Lowey amendment was defeated (19

-24) that would have increased student aid programs by \$140 million.

- o A Stokes amendment was defeated (19

-26) that would have restored \$1.3 billion for career and youth training and education programs, including the 1996 summer youth program.

- o An Obey amendment was defeated (17

-32) that would have restored funding for Low Income Home Energy Assistance, Head Start and Older American Act programs.

- o A Pelosi amendment was defeated (19

-32) which would have restored \$393 million for worker protection programs (Dislocated workers, NIOSH, NLRB, OSHA, NIOSH, Mine Safety, pensions and Employment Security).

- o An Obey amendment was adopted by voice vote that strikes language that would have limited discretion of the Secretaries of Labor, HHS, and Education to organize their offices.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Nancy-Ann E. Min (MIN_N) (OMB)

CREATION DATE/TIME:21-JUL-1995 17:49:57.54

SUBJECT: Abortion language for POTUS Statement on Labor H bill

TO: LAWRENCE J. HAAS (HAAS_L) (OMB)

READ:24-JUL-1995 20:18:39.96

TO: Barry J. Toiv (TOIV_B) (WHO)

READ:21-JUL-1995 20:42:20.23

CC: Martha Foley (FOLEY_M) (OMB)

READ:21-JUL-1995 20:24:27.46

CC: Jeremy D. Benami (BENAMI_J) (OPD)

READ:21-JUL-1995 18:37:38.87

TEXT:

Here's another, perhaps shorter way to state it:

I believe abortion should be safe, legal and rare. In the past, Republicans and Democrats have agreed that the right way to prevent the need for abortion is to invest in family planning services for our communities. But instead, the House Appropriations Committee has effectively ended the family planning program. And they voted today to change existing law to allow States to deny poor women access to abortions under Medicaid even if they are victims of rape or incest. They have chosen the wrong way

or something like that.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Nancy-Ann E. Min (MIN_N) (OMB)

CREATION DATE/TIME:24-JUL-1995 19:01:22.45

SUBJECT: RE: Shalala testifying on Family Planning

TO: Robert J. Pellicci (PELLICCI_R) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:04:07.73

CC: Diana M. Fortuna (FORTUNA_D) (OPD)
READ:24-JUL-1995 19:08:51.99

CC: Jennifer L. Klein (KLEIN_J) (OPD)
READ:24-JUL-1995 21:09:17.72

CC: Christopher C. Jennings (JENNINGS_C) (OPD)
READ:25-JUL-1995 15:59:29.11

CC: James Castello (CASTELLO_J) (WHO)
READ:24-JUL-1995 19:40:02.79

CC: Barry T. Clendenin (CLENDENIN_B) (OMB)
READ:24-JUL-1995 19:03:17.81

CC: Richard J. Turman (TURMAN_R) (OMB)
READ:24-JUL-1995 19:16:05.48

CC: Allison H. Eydt (EYDT_A) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:16:06.81

CC: Janet R. Forsgren (FORSGREN_J) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:53:10.28

CC: James C. Murr (MURR_J) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:09:24.92

TEXT:
when?

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (EXTERNAL MAIL)

CREATOR: MAILER-DAEMON@postmaster.dot.gov@INET@EOPMRX

CREATION DATE/TIME:24-JUL-1995 21:40:00.00

SUBJECT: Returned Mail

TO: GOLDBERG_JS (GOLDBERG_JS@A1@CD) (WHO)

READ:24-JUL-1995 21:39:35.84

TEXT:

----- Special condition follows -----

Unknown QuickMail recipient(s):

Ed_Gleason@postmaster.dot.gov

----- Message follows -----

Received: by POSTMASTER.DOT.GOV with SMTP;24 Jul 1995 21:37:43 -0400

Received: by gatekeeper.eop.gov (5.65/fma-120691);

id AA21763; Mon, 24 Jul 95 21:06:58 -0400

Received: from mr.eop.gov by PMDF.EOP.GOV (PMDF V4.3-13 #6879)

id <01HT9GF23XR4000ULJ@PMDF.EOP.GOV>; Mon, 24 Jul 1995 21:11:21 -0400 (EDT)

Received: with PMDF-MR; Mon, 24 Jul 1995 21:01:57 EDT

Mr-Received: by mta DALE; Relayed; Mon, 24 Jul 1995 21:01:57 -0400

Mr-Received: by mta EOPMRX; Relayed; Mon, 24 Jul 1995 21:05:30 -0400

Alternate-Recipient: prohibited

Date: Mon, 24 Jul 1995 21:00:59 -0400 (EDT)

From: "Jason S. Goldberg" <GOLDBERG_JS@a1.eop.gov>

Subject: 7/24 Statement by the President on Appropriations Cmte Action

To: distribution;@a1.eop.gov (see end of body)

Message-Id: <B675ZVWDUI1TL8*/R=CD/R=A1/U=GOLDBERG_JS/@MHS>

Mime-Version: 1.0

Content-Type: TEXT/PLAIN; CHARSET=US-ASCII

Content-Transfer-Encoding: 7BIT

Posting-Date: Mon, 24 Jul 1995 21:01:00 -0400 (EDT)

Importance: normal

Priority: normal

Sensitivity: Company-Confidential

Ua-Content-Id: B675ZVWDUI1TL8

X400-Mts-Identifier: [;75101242705991/1591971@CD]

A1-Type: MAIL

Hop-Count: 2

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release
24, 1995

July

Statement by the President
on House Appropriations Committee Approval of
Appropriations bill for Departments of Labor, HHS,

Education

I proposed a reasonable plan to balance the budget while investing more in education and training. Republicans want to balance the budget through cuts that hurt working families while providing a huge tax cut that goes largely to people who don't need it. They are cutting deeply into Medicare and Medicaid, and they are cutting the very education and training programs that our working families need.

Nowhere are the differences between my approach and theirs more clear than the extreme bill passed by the House Appropriations Committee today. That measure slashes critical resources for education, training, and jobs for our people. If Congress sends me this bill in its present form, I will have to veto it.

I want to invest in our people, not turn back the clock on them. There has always been a strong bipartisan consensus for investment in quality education, training, health, and worker protections. These harsh, partisan, and unwise cuts undermine that consensus as well as the future income and living standards of working families and their children.

In addition, I believe abortion should be safe, legal and rare. But this bill effectively ends the family planning program that Republicans and Democrats have long agreed is needed to help prevent the need for abortion. Furthermore, it changes existing law to allow States to deny poor women access to abortions under Medicaid even if they are victims of rape or incest. That is wrong.

I once again urge the Congress to begin the work of making common sense corrections in this and other appropriations bills. I will not allow our people to be sacrificed for the sake of political ideology.

-30-30-30-

%%% overflow headers %%%

To: ABELSON.JILL@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV, ATERNO.KATHY@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV,
Amy_S._Liu%hud.gov%INET%EOPMRX@mr.eop.gov,
"Jeremy D. Benami" <BENAMI_J@a1.eop.gov>,
BROWNER.CAROL@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV, CANNON.JON@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV,
"Phillip M. Caplan" <CAPLAN_P@a1.eop.gov>,
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"Paul A. Deegan" <DEEGAN_P@al.eop.gov>,
"Michael D. Deich" <DEICH_M@al.eop.gov>,
"Julie E. Demeo" <DEMEO_J@al.eop.gov>,
Diana_Phillips%ed.gov%INET%EOPMRX@mr.eop.gov,
Dwight_p._robinson@hud.gov, FOX.JEANNE@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV,
Friedman@interRamp.com, GARDINER.DAVID@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV,
"Jason S. Goldberg" <GOLDBERG_JS@al.eop.gov>,
GOLDMAN.LYNN@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV, Robert Gordon <GORDON_R@al.eop.gov>,
GRAMS.DENNIS@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV,
Graham_Whatley%ITA.DOC.GOV%INET%EOPMRX@mr.eop.gov,
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"Charlotte A. Hayes" <HAYES_C@al.eop.gov>,
HERMAN.STEVEN@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV, Kathryn Higgins <HIGGINS_K@al.eop.gov>,
Elgie Holstein <HOLSTEIN_E@al.eop.gov>, HUGGETT.ROBERT@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV,
LeeAnn Inadomi <INADOMI_L@al.eop.gov>, JACKSON.CAROL@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV,
JHUNKER@DOC.GOV, JORDAN.MICHELLE@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV,
Jeffrey_M._Aron@HUD.GOV, Jose_cintron@hud.gov,
"Erin C. Kelly" <KELLY_EC@al.eop.gov>, KOSTMAYER.PETER@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV,
"Adam R. Kreisel" <KREISEL_A@al.eop.gov>,
"David J. Lane" <LANE_D@al.eop.gov>,
Michael Levitan <LEVITAN_M@al.eop.gov>,
LMcRea%doc.gov%INET%EOPMRX@mr.eop.gov,
MANNING.COURTNEY@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV, MARCUS.FELICIA@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV,
MCPOLAND.FRAN@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV, MGAGNE@DOC.GOV,
MINERVA.DANA@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV,
Michael_W._Brown_at_OSTNOVM%postmaster2.dot.gov%INET%EOPMRX@mr.eop.gov,
Michael_W._Brown@Postmaster2.DOT.GOV, Mike.Martin@OPM.GOV,
NDENECOC@DOC.GOV, NELSON.JEAN@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV,
NICHOLS.MARY@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV, NITZE.WILLIAM@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV,
Thomas O'Donnell <ODONNELL_T@al.eop.gov>, ONEILPA@VACO.VA.GOV,
"Jennifer N. Palmieri" <PALMIERI_J@al.eop.gov>,
PERCIASEPE.ROBERT@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV,
"Carol H. Rasco" <RASCO_C@al.eop.gov>,
RHayes%DOL.GOV%INET%EOPMRX@mr.eop.gov,
Dorothy Robyn <ROBYN_D@al.eop.gov>,
"Patricia E. Romani" <ROMANI_P@al.eop.gov>,
"Stacey L. Rubin" <RUBIN_S@al.eop.gov>, SAGINAW.JANE@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV,
SIESNET.SIESI.THEBERT%SIES.WSC.AG.GOV%INET%EOPMRX@mr.eop.gov,
"Stephen B. Silverman" <SILVERMAN_S@al.eop.gov>,
SNELL.RAND@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV, "John O. Sutton" <SUTTON_J@al.eop.gov>,
"Barry J. Toiv" <TOIV_B@al.eop.gov>,
"Sheila D. Turner" <TURNER_S@al.eop.gov>,
Thomas O'Donnell <ODONNELL_T@al.eop.gov>, Tom.Hicks@OPM.GOV,
VIVALO.JOE@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV, YELLOWTAIL.BILL@EPAMAIL.EPA.GOV,
"Alexis R. Yeoman" <YEOMAN_A@al.eop.gov>, aallen@doc.gov,
abackiel@sies.wsc.ag.gov, adarling@doc.gov, adc@oa.sba.gov,
ahirsch@uspto.gov, aida_m._alvarez@hud.gov,
aladwig@admingw.hq.nasa.gov, albert_herberger@postmaster2.dot.gov,
alex.rodriguez@treas.sprint.com, alexander_lofft@ita.doc.gov,
alexander_wohl@ed.gov, alfred_ramirez@ed.gov,
alicia.munnell@treas.sprint.gov, alvin_rivera@ed.gov, amarquez@eda.gov,
amy_billingsley@ed.gov, amy_s._liu@hud.gov, amy_squire@ed.gov,

amy_theobald@ed.gov, andrew_a._rivera@hud.gov, andrew_cuomo@hud.gov,
andrew_vitali@ita.doc.gov, angelina_m._ornelas@hud.gov,
anita.boles@mspb.gov, ann.lavin@hq.doe.gov, ann_hatsis@ita.doc.gov,
anna_erdreich@ed.gov, anna_f._towns@hud.gov, anne_alonzo@ita.doc.gov,
ansley_a._jones@hud.gov, antitrust@justice.usdoj.gov,
arlee_w._gist@hud.gov, art_coleman@ed.gov, aschumacher@ag.gov,
atif.harden@gsa.gov, atipton@doc.gov, audrey_hutchinson@ed.gov,
augusta_kappner@ed.gov, awatson@doc.gov, aylin_gonen@hud.gov,
balehman@uspto.gov, bart_meroney@ita.doc.gov, bcarter@doc.gov,
bcox@sies.wsc.ag.gov, ben.erdreich@mspb.gov,
berman.david@epamail.epa.gov, bert_a._benavides@hud.gov,
bessie_a._williams@hud.gov, betsey_grais@postmaster2.dot.gov,
betty_duvall@ed.gov, bgallimore@doc.gov, bhubbard@dol.gov,
billie_rollins@ed.gov, bm@wbo.sba.gov, bmaddox@doc.gov,
bmm@adv.sba.gov, bmp@ro4.sba.gov, bob.dunfey@a1.eop.gov
%%% end overflow headers %%%

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====
ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:24-JUL-1995 21:36:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:D

TEXT:

RFC-822-headers:

Received: from gatekeeper.eop.gov by PMDF.EOP.GOV (PMDF V4.3-13 #6879)

id <01HT9HLKB66O001AEU@PMDf.EOP.GOV>; Mon, 24 Jul 1995 21:39:56 -0400 (EDT)

Received: by gatekeeper.eop.gov (5.65/fma-120691); id AA22066; Mon,
24 Jul 95 21:34:58 -0400

Received: from relay.dot.gov by STORM.EOP.GOV (PMDF V4.3-12 #6879)

id <01HT9HFEY7GW0020K3@STORM.EOP.GOV>; Mon, 24 Jul 1995 21:35:02 -0700 (MST)

Received: from postmaster.dot.gov (postmaster.dot.gov [152.120.130.77])

by relay.dot.gov (8.6.12/8.6.12) with SMTP id VAA17847 for
<GOLDBERG_JS@a1.eop.gov>; Mon, 24 Jul 1995 21:34:30 -0400

X-Mailer: Mail*Link SMTP-QM 3.0.2

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Robert J. Pellicci (PELLICCI_R) (OMB)

CREATION DATE/TIME:24-JUL-1995 16:36:42.67

SUBJECT: Shalala testifying on Family Planning

TO: Nancy-Ann E. Min (MIN_N) (OMB)

READ:24-JUL-1995 19:01:25.22

TO: Diana M. Fortuna (FORTUNA_D) (OPD)

READ:24-JUL-1995 17:02:13.82

TO: Jennifer L. Klein (KLEIN_J) (OPD)

READ:24-JUL-1995 17:51:43.86

TO: Christopher C. Jennings (JENNINGS_C) (OPD)

READ:25-JUL-1995 15:03:20.85

TO: James Castello (CASTELLO_J) (WHO)

READ:24-JUL-1995 17:48:05.72

CC: Barry T. Clendenin (CLENDENIN_B) (OMB)

READ:24-JUL-1995 17:54:54.02

CC: Richard J. Turman (TURMAN_R) (OMB)

READ:24-JUL-1995 17:54:46.08

CC: Allison H. Eydt (EYDT_A) (OMB)

READ:24-JUL-1995 16:41:33.49

CC: Janet R. Forsgren (FORSGREN_J) (OMB)

READ:24-JUL-1995 16:38:54.01

CC: James C. Murr (MURR_J) (OMB)

READ:24-JUL-1995 16:52:32.05

TEXT:

ALERT --

Secretary Shalala has been invited and has accepted to testify before the Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education on the Department's title X family planning program. According to Karen Pollitz, the Secretary's testimony will be sent to us for clearance in the morning.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Diana M. Fortuna (FORTUNA_D) (OPD)

CREATION DATE/TIME:24-JUL-1995 17:05:51.67

SUBJECT: FYI Shalala testifying on family planning

TO: Jeremy D. Benami (BENAMI_J) (OPD)

READ:24-JUL-1995 18:42:53.37

TO: Karen R. Guss (GUSS_K) (WHO)

READ:24-JUL-1995 17:19:59.69

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:24-JUL-1995 16:31:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:B

ATT CREATOR: Robert J. Pellicci

ATT SUBJECT: Shalala testifying on Family Planning

ATT TO: Nancy-Ann E. Min (MIN_N)

ATT TO: Diana M. Fortuna (FORTUNA_D)

ATT TO: Jennifer L. Klein (KLEIN_J)

ATT TO: Christopher C. Jennings (JENNINGS_C)

ATT TO: James Castello (CASTELLO_J)

ATT CC: Barry T. Clendenin (CLENDENIN_B)

ATT CC: Richard J. Turman (TURMAN_R)

ATT CC: Allison H. Eydt (EYDT_A)

ATT CC: Janet R. Forsgren (FORSGREN_J)

ATT CC: James C. Murr (MURR_J)

TEXT:

ALERT --

Secretary Shalala has been invited and has accepted to testify before the Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education on the Department's title X family planning program. According to Karen Pollitz, the Secretary's testimony will be sent to us for clearance in the morning.

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Charles E. Kieffer (KIEFFER_C) (OMB)

CREATION DATE/TIME:24-JUL-1995 22:28:55.70

SUBJECT: Labor/HHS/Ed Reported

TO: Alice M. Rivlin (RIVLIN_A) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 07:26:19.88

TO: John A. Koskinen (KOSKINEN_J) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 13:36:58.85

TO: Jacob J. Lew (LEW_J) (OMB)
READ:28-JUL-1995 11:27:43.80

TO: Barry B. Anderson (ANDERSON_B) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:22:11.07

TO: Gordon M. Adams (ADAMS_G) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:42:43.71

TO: Robert E. Litan (LITAN_R) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 12:04:33.86

TO: Theodore J. Glauthier (GLAUTHIER_T) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 12:00:56.37

TO: Robert G. Damus (DAMUS_R) (OMB)
READ:31-JUL-1995 18:03:23.05

TO: Nancy-Ann E. Min (MIN_N) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:19:40.05

TO: Kenneth S. Apfel (APFEL_K) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:33:17.40

TO: Joseph Minarik (MINARIK_J) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:28:37.04

TO: William A. Halter (HALTER_W) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 10:34:13.84

TO: LAWRENCE J. HAAS (HAAS_L) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 07:01:16.27

TO: James C. Murr (MURR_J) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:10:14.22

TO: G. Edward DeSeve (DESEVE_G) (OMB)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Jill M. Blickstein (BLICKSTEIN_J) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:26:30.71

TO: Chantale Wong (WONG_C) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 14:15:52.38

TO: Martha Foley (FOLEY_M) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:08:12.94

TO: John C. Angell (ANGELL_J) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 13:16:55.95

TO: Philip A. DuSault (DUSAULT_P) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:59:42.62

TO: Phebe N. Vickers (VICKERS_P) (OMB)
READ:26-JUL-1995 08:04:05.38

TO: Barry T. Clendenin (clendenin_b) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 06:33:05.88

TO: Barry White (WHITE_B) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:41:02.90

TO: Robert B. Rideout (RIDEOUT_R) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:44:13.67

TO: Ronald M. Cogswell (COGSWELL_R) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:34:32.38

TO: Kathleen Peroff (PEROFF_K) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:34:40.79

TO: Alan B. Rhinesmith (RHINESMITH_A) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:14:25.25

TO: Kenneth L. Schwartz (SCHWARTZ_K) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:42:31.21

TO: Richard P. Emery Jr. (EMERY_R) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:00:36.24

TO: Robert E. Barker (BARKER_R) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:12:31.16

TO: Nancy S. Ridenour (RIDENOUR_N) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:17:57.05

TO: Charles S. Konigsberg (KONIGSBERG_C) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 13:49:35.13

TO: John B. Arthur (ARTHUR_J) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 06:32:22.13

TO: Rhodia D. Ewell (EWELL_R) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:33:17.63

TO: Toni S. Hustead (HUSTEAD_T) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 10:46:01.87

TO: Karin L. Kizer (KIZER_K) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:17:46.01

TO: Victoria L. Schaefer (SCHAEFER_V) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:48:53.66

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER
MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

FROM: Charles Kieffer

SUBJECT: House Appropriations Committee Approves FY 1996
Labor/HHS/Education Bill

On July 24th, the House Appropriations Committee approved the FY 1996 Labor/HHS/Education bill. House floor action is expected early next week. (Funding levels are preliminary).

Rep. Obey concluded the mark up by stating that in his 25 years in Congress he had never seen a bill that was meaner, more radical, extreme and arrogant. He said it reflected the punitive agenda of the radical Republican right. Chairman Livingston said that the bill provided over \$60 billion to people in need. (discretionary budget authority in billions)

FY 1995	FY 1996 Request	FY 1996 Subcommittee	Difference
\$69.8	\$73.5	\$60.6	-\$12.9

- o The bill provides a 13% cut below FY 1995. We proposed a 5% increase. The Subcommittee terminates 176 programs.

- o Investment programs were significantly reduced below the request and in many cases below FY 1995 levels. In some cases, investments are terminated. In order to help fend off restoration amendments, Chairman Porter provides \$11.9 billion for NIH, \$.6 billion (almost 6%) over FY 1995 and \$.1 billion over the request.

- o Goals 2000 is terminated.

- o Education for the Disadvantaged (title I) is funded at \$6 billion, \$1.4 billion below the request and \$1.2 billion (17%) below FY 1995.

- o Head Start is funded at \$3.4 billion, \$.5 billion below the request and \$135 million (4%) below FY 1995.

- o Ryan White is at \$644 million, \$.1 billion below the request and \$11 million above FY 1995.

- o School to Work (Ed and Labor) is funded at \$190 million, \$210 million below the request and almost \$60 million below FY 1995.

o One

-stop career centers are funded at \$100 million, \$100 million below the request and about the same as FY 1995.

o \$169 million for the domestic volunteer component of National Service, \$94 million below the request and \$46 million (21%) below FY 1995.

o A series of amendments by Democrats to restore education, job training and HHS programs and to strike legislative limitations were all defeated on party line votes.

o An Istook amendment was adopted (29

-23) which mandates

states rights in determining whether Federal funds can be used to perform abortion in the case of rape or incest.

o An Obey amendment was defeated (25

-26) which mandates States

rights in determining whether Federal funds can be used to perform abortions in the cases of life of the mother, rape or incest.

o A Livingston amendment was adopted (28

-25) that deletes all

funding (\$193 million) for title X family planning and transfers those funds to the Maternal and Child Health Block Grant and Community and Migrant Health Centers.

o A DeLay amendment was adopted by a vote of 29

-25 that dealt

with the Federal funding and accreditation of medical schools that mandate students to perform abortions as part of their medical training.

o The bill prohibits implementation of the President's EO on striker replacement.

o Numerous other legislative limitations were approved.

Examples include:

o Direct Student Loan program administrative costs are limited and various limitations are placed on how the funds can be used;

o Education can not fund Opportunity to Learn Standards;

o OSHA can not issue or develop ergonomic standards;

o NLRB can not enforce "salting" standards;

o pension funds are prohibited from forcing the use of economically targeted investments.

o The prohibition on implementing Davis

-Bacon helper regs

that has been in the law for two years was dropped.

o In total, HHS funding falls \$1.8 billion (

-6%).

- o The Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program is terminated.

- o The Office of the Assistant Secretary of Health is abolished.

- o Funding is maintained at or slightly above FY 1995 for most prevention programs such as childhood immunization, family planning, sexually transmitted diseases, breast and cervical cancer screening, infectious diseases and CDC.

- o In total, Education falls \$4.3 billion (

-17%).

- o \$200 million for safe and drug free schools, \$300 million below the request and \$282 million below FY 1995.

- o Impact Aid is reduced by 11% to \$645 million.

- o Pell Grant maximum grants are set at \$2,440, \$100 over FY 1995 but \$180 below the request.

- o In total, Labor falls \$2.4 billion (

-22%).

- o the summer youth program for the summer of 1996 is terminated.

- o Job Corps is increased by \$32 million to \$1.1 billion, with funds for four new centers.

- o the Dislocated Worker program is reduced by \$.4 billion to \$850 million.

- o OSHA funding is targeted to compliance activities (+19%) with 32% cuts in Federal enforcement activities.

- o CPB is funded at \$240 million for FY 1998, \$72 million below the request and \$46 million (16%) below FY 1995. A Miller amendment to strike all FY 1998 funding for the Corporation for Public Broadcasting (-\$240 million) was defeated.

- o An Istook amendment was adopted (28

-20) that prohibits the

use of funds in the Act by any recipient of grants (including private organizations) for political advocacy.

The amendment also bars grants to organizations that have in the past five years expended a significant amount of their own funds (from any source) for political advocacy. All grantees are subject to a GAO audit to confirm compliance and must file annual reports on political advocacy is defined in detail. For example, it includes lobbying Federal and State agencies, certain types of judicial litigation and any type of political campaign. OMB is to prepare a form for the annual report. A precise formula is provided for determining what constitutes a significant amount of funding (from all sources) that can be spent on

political advocacy.

- o A Sabo amendment was defeated (18

-29) which would have

extended this prohibition to all corporations that receive Federal contracts.

- o An Istook amendment was adopted (26

-18) that prohibits the Department of Education from implementing Title IX (discrimination on the basis of sex in intercollegiate sports) unless the Department revises its criteria for measuring compliance.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: APRIL K. MELLODY (MELLODY_A) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:24-JUL-1995 20:32:18.03

SUBJECT: Statement by the President on Appropriations Cmte Action

TO: Remote Addressee (1=US@2=TELEMAIL@3=INTERNET@*RFC-
822MWOLFE(A)MH1.JS.MIL@MRX@EOPMRX)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Remote Addressee (1=US@2=TELEMAIL@3=INTERNET@*RFC-
822JFREITAS(A)PAGATE.PA.OSD.MIL@MRX@EOPMRX)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Remote Addressee (1=US@2=TELEMAIL@3=INTERNET@*RFC-
822USIA01(A)ACCESS.DIGEX.COM@MRX@EOPMRX)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Remote Addressee (62955104@eln.attmail.com@INET)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Remote Addressee (73030.21@compuserve.com@INET)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Lori E. Abrams (ABRAMS_L) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:34:48.22

TO: Dawn A. Alexander (ALEXANDER_DA) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: David B. Anderson (ANDERSON_D) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Walker, Angelina (Angelina Walker@EOP_OVP@CCGATE@EOPMRX)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Donald A. Baer (BAER_D) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Karen L. Barbuschak (BARBUSCHAK_K) (OA)
READ:25-JUL-1995 07:32:13.09

TO: Heather Beckel (BECKEL_H) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Robert O. Boorstin (BOORSTIN_R) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 18:32:42.73

TO: Elizabeth C. Bowyer (BOWYER_E) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Remote Addressee (BULLETIN@1=US@2=TELEMAIL@3=HOUSE@MRX@EOPMRX)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Gabrielle M. Bushman (BUSHMAN_G) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 14:08:10.08

TO: Lisa M. Caputo (CAPUTO_L) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: C. Patricia Cogdell (COGDELL_C) (WHO)
READ:26-JUL-1995 10:49:22.71

TO: Steven A. Cohen (COHEN_SA) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 07:39:06.94

TO: Carolyn Curiel (CURIEL_C) (WHO)
READ: 1-AUG-1995 10:40:09.43

TO: Helen H. Dickey (DICKEY_H) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:45:09.34

TO: Rahm Emanuel (EMANUEL_R) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Karen E. Finney (FINNEY_K) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Jeremy M. Gaines (GAINES_J) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Jonathan P. Gill (GILL_J) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Jason S. Goldberg (GOLDBERG_JS) (WHO)
READ:24-JUL-1995 21:00:31.33

TO: Julia R. Green (GREEN_J) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:27:03.70

TO: LAWRENCE J. HAAS (HAAS_L) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 06:56:28.54

TO: Alexis M. Herman (HERMAN_A) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 10:18:55.73

TO: Manager Infomgt (INFOMGT) (SYS)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Wayne C. Johnson (JOHNSON_WC) (OA)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:26:01.64

TO: Arthur L. Jones (JONES_A) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: James Kohlenberger (Jim Kohlenberger@EOP_OVP@CCGATE@EOPMRX)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Joshua A. King (KING_J) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: G. N. Lattimore (LATTIMORE_G) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: David Leavy (LEAVY_D) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Peggy A. Lewis (LEWIS_P) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:24:19.04

TO: Evelyn S. Lieberman (LIEBERMAN_E) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Cynthia J. Lizik (LIZIK_C) (OA)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:10:07.59

TO: Mike Lux (LUX_M) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Doris O. Matsui (MATSUI_D) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:25:36.13

TO: Remote Addressee (MATT GELMAN@1=US@2=TELEMAIL@3=HOUSE@MRX@EOPMRX)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Lorraine McHugh (MCHUGH_L) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 07:40:22.33

TO: Kathy McKiernan (MCKIERNAN_K) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 15:33:30.58

TO: Paul Meyer (MEYER_P) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Cheryl D. Mills (MILLS_C) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 07:53:17.05

TO: Elizabeth A. Montoya (MONTOYA_E) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 19:25:33.68

TO: Jonathan M. Prince (PRINCE_J) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:33:04.86

TO: Meeghan E. Prunty (PRUNTY_M) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Daniel G. Rauh (RAUH_D) (WHO)
READ:24-JUL-1995 20:55:05.71

TO: A. Victoria Rivas-Vazquez (RIVASVAZQU_A) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:43:40.67

TO: Rica F. Rodman (RODMAN_R) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:00:46.01

TO: Jess Sarmiento (SARMIENTO_J) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Laura D. Schwartz (SCHWARTZ_L) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 09:03:51.00

TO: Douglas S. Sheorn (SHEORN_D) (WHO)
READ:24-JUL-1995 23:08:16.31

TO: Susan P. Shepard (SHEPARD_S) (OA)
READ:25-JUL-1995 11:56:48.99

TO: Richard L. Siewert (SIEWERT_R) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:53:04.09

TO: Joshua Silverman (SILVERMAN_J) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:11:04.70

TO: Alan J. Stone (STONE_A) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Richard Strauss (STRAUSS_R) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Margaret M. Suntum (SUNTUM_M) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 11:58:11.76

TO: Virginia M. Terzano (TERZANO_V) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: FAX (93345661,Sandy Torry) (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:93345661\C:Sandy Torry\)
READ:NOT READ

TO: FAX (9-862-0340,William Safire) (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:9-862-0340\C:William Safire
READ:NOT READ

TO: Barry J. Toiv (TOIV_B) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 08:05:05.51

TO: Jodie R. Torkelson (TORKELSON_J) (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Lorraine A. Voles (VOLES_L) Autoforward to: Remote Addressee (Lorraine A.
Voles@EOP_OVP@CCGATE@EOPMRX (WHO)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Michael Waldman (WALDMAN_M) (OPD)
READ:25-JUL-1995 11:31:15.85

TO: Natalie S. Wozniak (WOZNIAK_N) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 11:28:13.98

TO: Remote Addressee (backup@wilson.ai.mit.edu@INET)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Remote Addressee (edowd@esusda.gov@INET)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Remote Addressee (newsdesk@usnewswire.com@INET)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Remote Addressee (ttate@esusda.gov@INET)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Remote Addressee (usnwire@access.digex.com@INET)
READ:NOT READ

TO: Remote Addressee (wh-outbox-distr@clinton.ai.mit.edu@INET)
READ:NOT READ

TEXT:
PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER
THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release July
24, 1995

Statement by the President
on House Appropriations Committee Approval of
Appropriations bill for Departments of Labor, HHS,
Education

I proposed a reasonable plan to balance the budget while investing more in education and training. Republicans want to balance the budget through cuts that hurt working families while providing a huge tax cut that goes largely to people who don't need it. They are cutting deeply into Medicare and Medicaid, and they are cutting the very education and training programs that our working families need.

Nowhere are the differences between my approach and theirs more clear than the extreme bill passed by the House Appropriations Committee today. That measure slashes critical resources for education, training, and jobs for our people. If Congress sends me this bill in its present form, I will have to veto it.

I want to invest in our people, not turn back the clock on them. There has always been a strong bipartisan consensus for investment in quality education, training, health, and worker protections. These harsh, partisan, and unwise cuts undermine that

consensus as well as the future income and living standards of working families and their children.

In addition, I believe abortion should be safe, legal and rare. But this bill effectively ends the family planning program that Republicans and Democrats have long agreed is needed to help prevent the need for abortion. Furthermore, it changes existing law to allow States to deny poor women access to abortions under Medicaid even if they are victims of rape or incest. That is wrong.

I once again urge the Congress to begin the work of making common sense corrections in this and other appropriations bills. I will not allow our people to be sacrificed for the sake of political ideology.

-30

-30

-30-

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Jennifer L. Klein (KLEIN_J) (OPD)

CREATION DATE/TIME:25-JUL-1995 15:12:41.31

SUBJECT: RE: Shalala testifying on Family Planning

TO: Christopher C. Jennings (JENNINGS_C) (OPD)

READ:27-JUL-1995 16:31:12.30

CC: Robert J. Pellicci (PELLICCI_R) (OMB)

READ:25-JUL-1995 15:33:59.33

CC: Nancy-Ann E. Min (MIN_N) (OMB)

READ:25-JUL-1995 17:39:18.65

CC: Diana M. Fortuna (FORTUNA_D) (OPD)

READ:25-JUL-1995 15:14:46.05

CC: James Castello (CASTELLO_J) (WHO)

READ:25-JUL-1995 15:27:33.23

CC: Barry T. Clendenin (CLENDENIN_B) (OMB)

READ:25-JUL-1995 15:13:08.45

CC: Richard J. Turman (TURMAN_R) (OMB)

READ:25-JUL-1995 16:17:09.30

CC: Allison H. Eydt (EYDT_A) (OMB)

READ:25-JUL-1995 15:33:28.35

CC: Janet R. Forsgren (FORSGREN_J) (OMB)

READ:25-JUL-1995 16:38:05.30

CC: James C. Murr (MURR_J) (OMB)

READ:25-JUL-1995 15:15:57.39

TEXT:

Has anyone asked Jerry?

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Karen R. Guss (GUSS_K) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:25-JUL-1995 11:25:17.67

SUBJECT: Pls. see "update" section; pls. advise . . .

TO: Jeremy D. Benami (BENAMI_J) (OPD)

READ:25-JUL-1995 12:43:22.02

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:25-JUL-1995 11:23:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:p

ATT CREATOR: Karen R. Guss

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

REPRODUCTIVE RIGHTS

"[C]ertain choices are too personal for politics."
President Clinton/Vice President Gore
Putting People First

The President is committed to making abortion safe, legal and rare. That is why the President has consistently protected the right of American women to make their own reproductive choices. And that is why, at the same time, he has worked to reduce the number of unwanted pregnancies.

Making Abortion Rare

o Fighting Teen Pregnancy Teen pregnancy is a national epidemic. This year, more than 1 million women aged 19 and younger -- 10% of all teenaged girls -- will become pregnant. To confront this problem, the President has called for a National Campaign Against Teen Pregnancy, asking leaders in all areas of national life to join in promoting individual responsibility and economic opportunity for America's young people. The President's welfare reform plan, introduced last year, provided funding for community

-based initiatives
to end teen pregnancy, as well as a National Clearinghouse to provide communities with information on successful strategies.

- o Funding Family Planning The ten percent of women of childbearing age who use no contraception account for more than half of the unintended pregnancies in this country. Most of the remaining unintended pregnancies are caused by inconsistent or incorrect use of contraceptives. To help prevent unwanted pregnancies, the President has requested budget increases for the federal Family Planning Program for each year he has been in office. Among other reproductive health and education services, this program makes family planning information and contraception available to millions of women who might not otherwise get reproductive health care.
- o Facilitating Adoption In addition, the President signed legislation to improve the adoption process by preventing discrimination against interracial adoptions and reducing the time that children have to wait in foster care.

Keeping Abortion Safe and Legal

- o Ending the Gag Rule Women faced with unwanted pregnancies must make difficult decisions, but they shouldn't have to make them alone. President Bush instituted a "Gag Rule" that prevented women who go to federally funded clinics -- primarily poor women -- from getting the information they needed to make informed choices. President Clinton put an end to the "Gag Rule" in his first week as President so that women can get appropriate information and counselling.
- o Ensuring Clinic Safety Since 1992, five people have been murdered and seven others have been shot and wounded at family planning clinics where abortions are performed. The President signed the Freedom of Access to Clinic Entrances Act to fight violence and intimidation targeted by anti

-choice
extremists against women and their doctors.

- o Ending the RU

-486 Import Ban RU

-486 is a drug
that terminates pregnancy without surgery. If
available to American women, RU

-486 would expand
their choices -- giving them options already
available in France, the United Kingdom and Sweden
-- and make it more difficult to target abortion

clinics for violence and harassment. The President revoked the import ban imposed on RU

-486

by the Bush Administration. Now RU

-486 is being

tested at several family planning facilities around the country.

- o Serving Military Families Women in the military and in military families deserve the finest health care available. The President assured that comprehensive family planning services are available to these women by reversing the ban on abortion services paid for by the patient at military hospitals.

- o Repealing the Mexico City Policy The President reversed 12 years of attacks on reproductive choice for women around the world when he repealed the Mexico City policy that banned funding to international organizations that promoted comprehensive family planning. And at the International Conference on Population and Development in Cairo, the United States forged a partnership with more than 150 nations around a

platform of action to promote gender equality and reproductive health. The platform also recognizes the importance of addressing the threat posed to women's health by unsafe abortions.

- o Implementing the Hyde Amendment The Department of Health and Human Services implemented a Congressionally ordered change to the Medicaid program to include abortion services for poor women whose pregnancies result from rape or incest as well as to save the life of the women.

Republican Attack on Reproductive Rights
Republicans have begun an extremist "stealth campaign" to try to turn back the clock on women's reproductive health.

? The House of Representatives approved an amendment to the Labor/HHS/Education Appropriations bill that allows states to deny poor women access to abortions under Medicaid even if they are victims of rape and incest -- causing additional suffering for victims of sexual violence.

? In addition, the Labor/HHS/Education Appropriations bill effectively ends the federal Family Planning Program that Republicans and Democrats have long agreed is needed to help prevent the need for abortion -- jeopardizing the provision of family planning services to millions

of women.

? The House Treasury/Postal Appropriations bill restricts federal employees from choosing a health plan that includes coverage for abortion services by prohibiting all health plans that participate in the Federal Employees' Health Benefits Program from offering such coverage.

? The House also voted to restore the ban on abortion services in military hospitals, threatening the quality of the medical care available to servicewomen or women in military families -- especially those stationed in countries where abortion is illegal, the blood supply unsafe, and sterile conditions and reliable physicians are difficult to come by.

? The House passed a foreign aid bill that denies all funding to any family planning organization that provides abortion services overseas or attempts to influence governmental policy on abortion.

? Republicans have embraced the Christian Coalition's "Contract with the American Family," which contains provisions attacking reproductive rights, including funding for family planning programs. The Contract also proposes "constitutional and statutory protection for the unborn child" -- a thinly disguised call for a total ban on abortion.

Latest Update: July 25, 1995

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Karen R. Guss (GUSS_K) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:25-JUL-1995 14:25:26.98

SUBJECT: how is this version?

TO: Richard L. Siewert (SIEWERT_R) (WHO)

READ:25-JUL-1995 14:26:19.73

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:25-JUL-1995 14:24:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:p

ATT CREATOR: Karen R. Guss

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

REPRODUCTIVE RIGHTS

"[C]ertain choices are too personal for politics."
President Clinton/Vice President Gore
Putting People First

The President is committed to making abortion safe, legal and rare. That is why the President has consistently protected the right of American women to make their own reproductive choices. And that is why, at the same time, he has worked to reduce the number of unwanted pregnancies.

Making Abortion Rare

o Fighting Teen Pregnancy Teen pregnancy is a national epidemic. This year, more than 1 million women aged 19 and younger -- 10% of all teenaged girls -- will become pregnant. To confront this problem, the President has called for a National Campaign Against Teen Pregnancy, asking leaders in all areas of national life to join in promoting individual responsibility and economic opportunity for America's young people. The President's welfare reform plan, introduced last year, provided funding for community

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•

- o Funding Family Planning The ten percent of women of childbearing age who use no contraception account for more than half of the unintended pregnancies in this country. Most of the remaining unintended pregnancies are caused by inconsistent or incorrect use of contraceptives. To help prevent unwanted pregnancies, the President has requested budget increases for the federal Family Planning Program for each year he has been in office. Among other reproductive health and education services, this program makes family planning information and contraception available to millions of women who might not otherwise get reproductive health care.

- o Facilitating Adoption In addition, the President signed legislation to improve the adoption process by preventing discrimination against interracial adoptions and reducing the time that children have to wait in foster care.

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- o Ending the Gag Rule Women faced with unwanted pregnancies must make difficult decisions, but they shouldn't have to make them alone. President Bush instituted a "Gag Rule" that prevented women who go to federally funded clinics -- primarily poor women -- from getting the information they needed to make informed choices. President Clinton put an end to the "Gag Rule" in his first week as President so that women can get appropriate information and counselling.

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Latest Update: July 25, 1995

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Nancy-Ann E. Min (MIN_N) (OMB)

CREATION DATE/TIME:25-JUL-1995 17:40:47.90

SUBJECT: fyi--re house repub revolt

TO: Martha Foley (FOLEY_M) (OMB)

READ:25-JUL-1995 17:42:57.06

TO: Barry J. Toiv (TOIV_B) (WHO)

READ:25-JUL-1995 20:11:14.60

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:25-JUL-1995 17:16:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:B

ATT CREATOR: William G. White

ATT SUBJECT: APPROPRIATIONS

ATT TO: Nancy-Ann E. Min (MIN_N)

ATT TO: James I. Blount (BLOUNT_J)

ATT CC: Richard J. Turman (TURMAN_R)

ATT CC: Barry T. Clendenin (CLENDENIN_B)

TEXT:

APPROPRIATIONS

House GOP Moderates Mounting Revolt Over Spending

House Republican leaders are facing an open revolt by GOP moderates over legislative provisions and spending priorities in the FY96 VA-HUD and Labor-HHS appropriations bills, key moderate Republicans said today. Following their weekly meeting, several moderate members said they may fight rules governing the appropriations measures if legislative provisions they oppose are protected and may vote against the bills on final passage. GOP leaders "haven't learned yet that our party has to be inclusive and not just from one wing or the other," Rep. Marge Roukema, R-N.J., told CongressDaily, discussing the Labor-HHS bill, which cuts Title X family planning money and allows states to decide whether to use Medicaid funds for abortions in cases of rape and incest. That provision led many moderates to revolt over the rule governing the FY95 rescissions package. Roukema said a "growing revolution" is developing against the Labor-HHS bill.

While some moderate Republicans are considering opposing the bill and the rule on Labor-HHS, Rep. Christopher Shays, R-Conn.,

said spending cuts are so important that he will be satisfied if the Rules Committee simply gives the moderates the opportunity to strike the abortion provisions. The moderates will insist on the opportunity to add back the family planning funds, said Rep. Jim Greenwood, R-Pa., adding some moderates also will oppose the rule if other provisions are protected from being cut on the floor. Meanwhile, the moderates also are upset about the VA-HUD funding bill, which Rep. Sherwood Boehlert, R-N.Y., said "is in serious trouble." He said the moderates are unhappy with 17 separate legislative riders that place restrictions on the EPA and over a 34 percent cut in EPA funding. Shays said appropriators cut housing and EPA funds without taking a serious look at NASA or at VA cuts. Rep. Rick Lazio, R-N.Y., said he will try to restore housing funds, adding he anticipates some moderates opposing the bill if that money is not added.

Party leaders are aware of the growing problems, said Republican Conference Chairman John Boehner of Ohio. And Labor-HHS Appropriations Subcommittee Chairman John Porter, R-Ill., said some moderates may be satisfied if the rule governing the Labor-HHS bill is sufficiently open. Porter and VA-HUD Appropriations Subcommittee Chairman Jerry Lewis, R-Calif., met with the moderates this afternoon. Earlier today, Porter told reporters he will fight to remove several abortion-related provisions from the full committee's appropriations bill when it gets to the Rules Committee.

The Congress Daily --- Tuesday --- July 25, 1995

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Julia R. Green (GREEN_J) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:25-JUL-1995 20:05:15.59

SUBJECT: Statement by the President on Appropriations bill

TO: FAX (9-1-603-228-8238,Kent Fisher) (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:9-1-603-228-8238\C:Kent FisherREAD:NOT READ

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:25-JUL-1995 08:27:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:A

ATT CREATOR: Julia R. Green

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

July

24, 1995

Statement by the President

on House Appropriations Committee Approval of
Appropriations bill for Departments of Labor, HHS,
Education

I proposed a reasonable plan to balance the budget while investing more in education and training. Republicans want to balance the budget through cuts that hurt working families while providing a huge tax cut that goes largely to people who don't need it. They are cutting deeply into Medicare and Medicaid, and they are cutting the very education and training programs that our working families need.

Nowhere are the differences between my approach and theirs more clear than the extreme bill passed by the House Appropriations Committee today. That measure slashes critical resources for education, training, and jobs for our people. If Congress sends me this bill in its present form, I will have to veto it.

I want to invest in our people, not turn back the clock on them. There has always been a strong bipartisan consensus for investment in quality education, training, health, and worker protections. These harsh, partisan, and unwise cuts undermine that consensus as well as the future income and living standards of working families and their children.

In addition, I believe abortion should be safe,

legal and rare. But this bill effectively ends the family planning program that Republicans and Democrats have long agreed is needed to help prevent the need for abortion. Furthermore, it changes existing law to allow States to deny poor women access to abortions under Medicaid even if they are victims of rape or incest. That is wrong.

I once again urge the Congress to begin the work of making common sense corrections in this and other appropriations bills. I will not allow our people to be sacrificed for the sake of political ideology.

-30-30-30-

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Robert Gordon (GORDON_R) (OPD)

CREATION DATE/TIME:25-JUL-1995 17:37:37.81

SUBJECT: APPROPRIATIONS

TO: Gene B. Sperling (SPERLING_G) Autoforward to: Elena R. McCoy (MCCOY_ER)
(PDONE)
READ:25-JUL-1995 17:45:50.07

TO: Jason S. Goldberg (GOLDBERG_JS) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 17:42:11.13

TEXT:
APPROPRIATIONS

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House Republican leaders are facing an open revolt by GOP moderates over legislative provisions and spending priorities in the FY96 VA-HUD and Labor-HHS appropriations bills, key moderate Republicans said today. Following their weekly meeting, several moderate members said they may fight rules governing the appropriations measures if legislative provisions they oppose are protected and may vote against the bills on final passage. GOP leaders "haven't learned yet that our party has to be inclusive and not just from one wing or the other," Rep. Marge Roukema, R-N.J., told CongressDaily, discussing the Labor-HHS bill, which cuts Title X family planning money and allows states to decide whether to use Medicaid funds for abortions in cases of rape and incest. That provision led many moderates to revolt over the rule governing the FY95 rescissions package. Roukema said a "growing revolution" is developing against the Labor-HHS bill.

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The Congress Daily --- Tuesday --- July 25, 1995

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Christopher C. Jennings (JENNINGS_C) (OPD)

CREATION DATE/TIME:25-JUL-1995 15:03:17.71

SUBJECT: RE: Shalala testifying on Family Planning

TO: Robert J. Pellicci (PELLICCI_R) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 15:04:07.97

CC: Nancy-Ann E. Min (MIN_N) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 17:39:03.44

CC: Diana M. Fortuna (FORTUNA_D) (OPD)
READ:25-JUL-1995 15:14:30.58

CC: Jennifer L. Klein (KLEIN_J) (OPD)
READ:25-JUL-1995 15:12:45.25

CC: James Castello (CASTELLO_J) (WHO)
READ:25-JUL-1995 15:27:23.07

CC: Barry T. Clendenin (CLENDENIN_B) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 15:10:54.52

CC: Richard J. Turman (TURMAN_R) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 15:03:34.41

CC: Allison H. Eydt (EYDT_A) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 15:05:23.14

CC: Janet R. Forsgren (FORSGREN_J) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 16:36:28.11

CC: James C. Murr (MURR_J) (OMB)
READ:25-JUL-1995 15:06:51.51

TEXT:

Fine by me, as long as it is fine by Nancy Ann and Jen. Not my issue, but I thought Jerry Klepner's past position is that the Secretary does not testify at Subcommittee level. Will this create problems for us later on when he tries to use that excuse when we don't want to testify?

CJ

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Nancy-Ann E. Min (MIN_N) (OMB)

CREATION DATE/TIME:25-JUL-1995 17:39:01.14

SUBJECT: RE: Shalala testifying on Family Planning

TO: Christopher C. Jennings (JENNINGS_C) (OPD)

READ:27-JUL-1995 16:42:58.35

CC: Robert J. Pellicci (PELLICCI_R) (OMB)

READ:25-JUL-1995 18:08:16.49

CC: Diana M. Fortuna (FORTUNA_D) (OPD)

READ:25-JUL-1995 18:06:17.33

CC: Jennifer L. Klein (KLEIN_J) (OPD)

READ:25-JUL-1995 17:46:26.21

CC: James Castello (CASTELLO_J) (WHO)

READ:25-JUL-1995 19:29:09.84

CC: Barry T. Clendenin (CLENDENIN_B) (OMB)

READ:25-JUL-1995 18:00:51.96

CC: Richard J. Turman (TURMAN_R) (OMB)

READ:25-JUL-1995 18:43:19.18

CC: Allison H. Eydt (EYDT_A) (OMB)

READ:26-JUL-1995 09:19:09.14

CC: Janet R. Forsgren (FORSGREN_J) (OMB)

READ:26-JUL-1995 09:52:59.40

CC: James C. Murr (MURR_J) (OMB)

READ:25-JUL-1995 17:45:32.06

TEXT:

yes, chris has a good point here.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Richard L. Siewert (SIEWERT_R) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:25-JUL-1995 13:15:36.92

SUBJECT: STATEMENT ON BILL

TO: Karen R. Guss (GUSS_K) (WHO)

READ:25-JUL-1995 13:54:13.54

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:25-JUL-1995 13:15:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:p

ATT CREATOR: Richard L. Siewert

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_ROMAN

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

July 24, 1995

Statement by the President on House Appropriations Committee
Approval
of Appropriations bill for Departments of Labor, HHS, Education

I proposed a reasonable plan to balance the budget while investing more in education and training. Republicans want to balance the budget through cuts that hurt working families while providing a huge tax cut that goes largely to people who don't need it. They are cutting deeply into Medicare and Medicaid, and they are cutting the very education and training programs that our working families need.

Nowhere are the differences between my approach and theirs more clear than the extreme bill passed by the House Appropriations Committee today. That measure slashes critical resources for education, training, and jobs for our people. If Congress sends me this bill in its present form, I will have to veto it.

I want to invest in our people, not turn back the clock on them. There has always been a strong bipartisan consensus for investment in quality education, training, health, and worker protections. These harsh, partisan, and unwise cuts undermine that consensus as well as the future income and living standards of working families and their children.

In addition, I believe abortion should be safe, legal and rare. But this bill effectively ends the family planning program that Republicans and Democrats have long agreed is needed to help prevent the need for abortion. Furthermore, it changes existing

law to allow States to deny poor women access to abortions under Medicaid even if they are victims of rape or incest. That is wrong.

I once again urge the Congress to begin the work of making common sense corrections in this and other appropriations bills. I will not allow our people to be sacrificed for the sake of political ideology.

-30

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-30-

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Robert J. Pellicci (PELLICCI_R) (OMB)

CREATION DATE/TIME:25-JUL-1995 18:08:10.83

SUBJECT: RE: Shalala testifying on Family Planning

TO: Nancy-Ann E. Min (MIN_N) (OMB)

READ:26-JUL-1995 08:42:11.64

CC: Christopher C. Jennings (JENNINGS_C) (OPD)

READ:27-JUL-1995 16:43:08.31

CC: Diana M. Fortuna (FORTUNA_D) (OPD)

READ:25-JUL-1995 18:08:21.70

CC: Jennifer L. Klein (KLEIN_J) (OPD)

READ:25-JUL-1995 18:39:38.74

CC: James Castello (CASTELLO_J) (WHO)

READ:25-JUL-1995 19:29:30.08

CC: Barry T. Clendenin (CLENDENIN_B) (OMB)

READ:25-JUL-1995 18:26:24.79

CC: Richard J. Turman (TURMAN_R) (OMB)

READ:25-JUL-1995 18:44:00.41

CC: Allison H. Eydt (EYDT_A) (OMB)

READ:26-JUL-1995 09:20:18.67

CC: Janet R. Forsgren (FORSGREN_J) (OMB)

READ:26-JUL-1995 09:53:43.05

CC: James C. Murr (MURR_J) (OMB)

READ:25-JUL-1995 18:14:59.39

TEXT:

I was just advised by HHS that the family planning hearing has been cancelled -- no new date has been scheduled. HHS, however, would like to have Secretary Shalala's statement cleared in anticipation of a future hearing. We certainly do not need to clear the statement tomorrow. I believe by the end of this week or early next will be fine. As soon as a new date/time is announced I will let you know.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Julia R. Green (GREEN_J) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:25-JUL-1995 20:01:13.74

SUBJECT: Statement by the President on Appropriations bill

TO: FAX (9-603-228-8238,Kent Fisher-Mon (TLXA1MAIL_ \F:9-603-228-8238\C:Kent Fisher-MonitorREAD:NOT
READ

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:25-JUL-1995 08:27:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:A

ATT CREATOR: Julia R. Green

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

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Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

July

24, 1995

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In addition, I believe abortion should be safe, legal and rare. But this bill effectively ends the family planning program that Republicans and Democrats have long agreed is needed to help prevent the need for abortion. Furthermore, it changes existing law to allow States to deny poor women access to abortions under Medicaid even if they are victims of rape or incest. That is wrong.

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RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (ALL-IN-1 MAIL)

CREATOR: Karen R. Guss (GUSS_K) (WHO)

CREATION DATE/TIME:25-JUL-1995 12:53:14.93

SUBJECT: repro rights issue brief -- draft

TO: Richard L. Siewert (SIEWERT_R) (WHO)

READ:NOT READ

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE:25-JUL-1995 12:52:00.00

ATT BODYPART TYPE:p

ATT CREATOR: Karen R. Guss

TEXT:

PRINTER FONT 12_POINT_COURIER

REPRODUCTIVE RIGHTS

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President Clinton/Vice President Gore
Putting People First

The President is committed to making abortion safe, legal and rare. That is why the President has consistently protected the right of American women to make their own reproductive choices. And that is why, at the same time, he has worked to reduce the number of unwanted pregnancies.

Making Abortion Rare

o Fighting Teen Pregnancy Teen pregnancy is a national epidemic. This year, more than 1 million women aged 19 and younger -- 10% of all teenaged girls -- will become pregnant. To confront this problem, the President has called for a National Campaign Against Teen Pregnancy, asking leaders in all areas of national life to join in promoting individual responsibility and economic opportunity for America's young people. The President's welfare reform plan, introduced last year, provided funding for community

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-486

by the Bush Administration. Now RU

-486 is being

tested at several family planning facilities around the country.

- o Serving Military Families Women in the military and in military families deserve the finest health care available. The President assured that comprehensive family planning services are available to these women by reversing the ban on abortion services paid for by the patient at military hospitals.

- o Repealing the Mexico City Policy The President reversed 12 years of attacks on reproductive choice for women around the world when he repealed the Mexico City policy that banned funding to international organizations that promoted comprehensive family planning. And at the International Conference on Population and Development in Cairo, the United States forged a partnership with more than 150 nations around a

platform of action to promote gender equality and reproductive health. The platform also recognizes the importance of addressing the threat posed to women's health by unsafe abortions.

- o Implementing the Hyde Amendment The Department of Health and Human Services implemented a Congressionally ordered change to the Medicaid program to include abortion services for poor women whose pregnancies result from rape or incest as well as to save the life of the women.

Republican Attack on Reproductive Rights
Republicans have begun an extremist "stealth campaign" to try to turn back the clock on women's reproductive health.

? The House of Representatives approved an amendment to the Labor/HHS/Education Appropriations bill that allows states to deny poor women access to abortions under Medicaid even if they are victims of rape and incest -- causing additional suffering for victims of sexual violence.

? In addition, the Labor/HHS/Education Appropriations bill effectively ends the federal Family Planning Program that Republicans and Democrats have long agreed is needed to help prevent the need for abortion -- jeopardizing the provision of family planning services to millions

of women.

? The House Treasury/Postal Appropriations bill restricts federal employees from choosing a health plan that includes coverage for abortion services by prohibiting all health plans that participate in the Federal Employees' Health Benefits Program from offering such coverage.

? The House also voted to restore the ban on abortion services in military hospitals, threatening the quality of the medical care available to servicewomen or women in military families -- especially those stationed in countries where abortion is illegal, the blood supply unsafe, and sterile conditions and reliable physicians are difficult to come by.

? The House passed a foreign aid bill that denies all funding to any family planning organization that provides abortion services overseas or attempts to influence governmental policy on abortion.

? Republicans have embraced the Christian Coalition's "Contract with the American Family," which contains provisions attacking reproductive rights, including funding for family planning programs. The Contract also proposes "constitutional and statutory protection for the unborn child" -- a thinly disguised call for a total ban on abortion.

Latest Update: July 25, 1995

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====