

# Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

## Clinton Library

| DOCUMENT NO.<br>AND TYPE | SUBJECT/TITLE                                          | DATE      | RESTRICTION |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| 001. email               | Cerda to Kim Widdess pager [partial] (1 page)          | 5/6/1999  | P6/b(6)     |
| 002. email               | Cerda to Kim Widdess [partial] (1 page)                | 5/9/1999  | P6/b(6)     |
| 003. email               | Cerda to Kim Widdess [partial] (1 page)                | 5/9/1999  | P6/b(6)     |
| 004. email               | WAVES Request for Seidman and Leary [partial] (1 page) | 5/12/1999 | P6/b(6)     |

### COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records  
Automated Records Management System  
OPD (Creator: Cerda)  
OA/Box Number: 250000

### FOLDER TITLE:

[5/7/1999 - 5/14/1999]

2012-0192-F  
wr1060

### RESTRICTION CODES

#### Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

#### Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
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- b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 7-MAY-1999 20:05:18.00

SUBJECT: Re: Children, Violence and Responsibility Doc

TO: Robin J. Bachman ( CN=Robin J. Bachman/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

u r a \*

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 7-MAY-1999 20:47:39.00

SUBJECT: Juvie Letter

TO: Richard E. Green ( CN=Richard E. Green/OU=OMB/O=EOP @ EOP [ OMB ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TO: James Boden ( CN=James Boden/OU=OMB/O=EOP @ EOP [ OMB ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Ronald E. Jones ( CN=Ronald E. Jones/OU=OMB/O=EOP @ EOP [ OMB ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Caroline R. Fredrickson ( CN=Caroline R. Fredrickson/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

OMB Colleagues:

Caroline and I spoke tonight, and we agreed that the DOJ juvie letter should not go up either in final form or informally. I will convey the same to DOJ. As we discussed earlier, a more general SAP or letter would be appropriate...Caroline and I will take the lead on that.

Jose'

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 7-MAY-1999 18:07:08.00

SUBJECT: text on deliverables

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Thomas L. Freedman ( CN=Thomas L. Freedman/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Karin Kullman ( CN=Karin Kullman/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

Unable to convert ARMS\_EXT:[ATTACH.D83]ARMS266512142.136 to ASCII,

The following is a HEX DUMP:

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

Today, leaders in the firearms industry announced their support for key provisions of the President's Youth Gun Crime Enforcement Act. Specifically, the American Shooting Sports Council (ASSC), which represents most of the nation's major firearms manufacturers and distributors, released a statement supporting the following proposals:

- **Closing the gun show loophole on Brady background checks.** The Treasury Department estimates that 25-50 percent of the sellers at gun shows are unlicensed and sell guns without the benefit of a background check. As a result, gun shows can provide a forum for illegal firearms sales and gun trafficking. The ASSC will support the President's proposal to: (1) require Brady background checks on all firearms transferred at gun shows, with the assistance of federally-licensed dealers; and (2) require vendors to report information on firearms sold at gun shows to the ATF, so that they can be traced by law enforcement if they are later used in crimes.
- **Extending the Brady Law to violent juveniles.** Although violent youth convicted in adult courts are barred from owning firearms as adults, the same is not true for youth convicted of serious violent crimes in juvenile court. The ASSC supports treating violent juveniles the same as adults, and will support the President's proposal to permanently ban all violent juveniles from buying guns -- so that they cannot purchase a gun on their 21st birthday.
- **Raising the age of the youth handgun ban to 21 years of age.** Federal law generally bans the possession of handguns by juveniles under the age of 18, and prohibits federal gun dealers from selling firearms to any one under 21 years of age. However, it is perfectly legal for 18-20 year-olds to possess handguns or to buy them from unlicensed sellers -- even though law enforcement trace more crime guns to 18 and 19 year-olds than all other age groups. The ASSC will join the President in calling for the legal age of handgun ownership to be raised from 18 to 21 years of age.
- **Holding adults responsible for child access to guns.** Child Access Prevention (CAP) laws promote gun safety and responsibility by holding adults responsible if they allow children easy access to firearms and ammunition. The President has proposed imposing felony penalties on adults who knowingly or recklessly allow a child to have access to a gun that is later used to cause death or injury. ASSC will support such CAP legislation.
- **Helping law enforcement to trace more firearms used in crimes.** Over the past 2 years, the President has expanded comprehensive crime gun tracing to 37 cities -- helping them to trace all crime guns to their source, to identify illegal gun markets, and to crack down on gun traffickers. Last year, ATF initiated over 300 investigations in these cities, which involved over 3,300 illegally trafficked firearms. The ASSC will support the President's efforts to expand comprehensive tracing nationwide, starting by doubling the program to 75 cities.
- **Designing safer firearms.** One way to reduce firearms violence is by utilizing new technologies that allow only authorized users to discharge a firearm. The President's FY 2000 budget includes \$5 million to accelerate the timetable for developing prototypes of such "smart" or "personalized" firearms. ASSC will also support more funds for such research.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 7-MAY-1999 11:28:36.00

SUBJECT: Re: crime bill message meeting

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Yep...but I'll need to be gone by 2:45 or so...my meeting is at 3pm.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 7-MAY-1999 16:53:13.00

SUBJECT: Can you ask John or Blake for clean cops re-draft asap...jc3

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 7-MAY-1999 12:07:47.00

SUBJECT: HCI and FOP

TO: Karin Kullman ( CN=Karin Kullman/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Richard Socarides ( CN=Richard Socarides/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Karin:

Sarah Brady of HCI and Steve Boyd of FOP are confirmed for Monday. Who will follow-up to go over logistics? Social Office? KK? Or do I need to do this. Let me know, so we can follow-up with folks today. To follow up w/Sarah, call Bob Walker at 289-5773...to follow-up w/Steve Boyd call Jim Pasco at 547-8189.

Also, Sarah travels w/a personal aide, who doesn't need to be in the room, but who she'll ask to accompany her here. I told them that should be fine.

Jose'

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 7-MAY-1999 12:31:45.00

SUBJECT: gun guys

TO: Cathy R. Mays ( CN=Cathy R. Mays/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/07/99  
12:32 PM -----

Bruce N. Reed  
05/07/99 11:02:17 AM  
Record Type: Record

To: Richard Socarides/WHO/EOP  
cc: Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP  
Subject: gun guys

Paul Jannuzzo's phone # is 770-432-1202, ext. 778. Social office needs to call.

former Rep. Bill Brewster is a yes, phone # is 737-0100. Social office needs to call.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 7-MAY-1999 20:23:24.00

SUBJECT: Do either of you have a recent list for Monday?

TO: Karin Kullman ( CN=Karin Kullman/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Thomas L. Freedman ( CN=Thomas L. Freedman/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 7-MAY-1999 16:44:02.00

SUBJECT: Fax to Dean went to someone else...re-fax please

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 7-MAY-1999 12:02:04.00

SUBJECT: schedule

TO: Essence P. Washington ( CN=Essence P. Washington/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

EW:

Can you please re-do my schedule for today adding:

10am w/OMB, DOJ

2:00 w/House LA brief

2:45 w/Bruce, House Dems

2:45 message mtg

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 7-MAY-1999 14:04:46.00

SUBJECT:

TO: JOSE (Pager) #CERDA ( JOSE (Pager) #CERDA [ UNKNOWN ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

I'm heading to Indian Treaty and taking your copies. LS

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 7-MAY-1999 12:28:30.00

SUBJECT: Calls

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

LS:

Can you call the following folks and let them know:

(1) We have close to final language on COPS II, and sent it over last night for your comments;

(2) Also, we've dropped the gun legislation and section-by-section in the mail. We expect Schumer and Conyers to introduce next week;

(3) Finally, while we hadn't anticipated doing the crime bill introduction for another week or so, the President's travel schedule -- and the Senate's possible consideration of crime/juvenile crime legislation next week -- may mean that we have to introduce our bill as early as next week. We'll keep you posted and hope to know by Monday at the latest. If we did do a White House event, let's say next Wednesday, would you, your organization, members/uniforms be able to attend.

(4) Any other crime bill issues we should touch on before then?

Who to call:

1. Mike at NAPO
2. Gene at IACP
3. Dean at NSA
4. Bob Stewart at NOBLE
5. Johnny at NTC
6. Chris at IBPO
7. Police Foundation -- do you know anybody other than Hubert?

I'll call:

1. Jim at FOP
2. Rich at FLEOA
3. Melissa at IUPA
4. Chuck at PERF
5. Newman at NDAA

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 7-MAY-1999 10:57:55.00

SUBJECT: Re: crime bill message meeting

TO: Karin Kullman ( CN=Karin Kullman/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

You guys should plan to go to this; I'll be on the Hill w/Bruce...jc3

Karin Kullman

05/07/99 10:45:51 AM

Record Type: Record

To: Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP, Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OPD/EOP

cc:

Subject: crime bill message meeting

There will be a crime bill message meeting at 2:45pm today in Loretta's office.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 7-MAY-1999 16:52:07.00

SUBJECT:

TO: BRUCE N. (Pager) #REED ( BRUCE N. (Pager) #REED [ UNKNOWN ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

told press okay to say nra board member attending..okay? jose

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 7-MAY-1999 17:03:17.00

SUBJECT:

TO: CAROLINE R (Pager) #FREDRICKSON ( CAROLINE R (Pager) #FREDRICKSON [ UNKNOWN ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

call jose when you can. 6-5568

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 9-MAY-1999 13:21:34.00

SUBJECT: Re: draft paper

TO: Karin Kullman ( CN=Karin Kullman/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

2 pts. to double check w/BR: (1) our paper says the ASSC will support some of our gun initiatives...do we also need to say the ASSF and/or the specific manufacturers in the room?

(2) none of the news reports mention support for smart gun research...does this mean we should drop this?

jc3

# Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

## Clinton Library

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|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|----------|-------------|
| 001. email               | Cerda to Kim Widdess pager [partial] (1 page) | 5/6/1999 | P6/b(6)     |

### COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records  
Automated Records Management System  
OPD (Creator: Cerda)  
OA/Box Number: 250000

### FOLDER TITLE:

[5/7/1999 - 5/14/1999]

2012-0192-F  
wr1060

### RESTRICTION CODES

#### Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
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PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

#### Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 9-MAY-1999 18:37:26.00

SUBJECT:

[001]

TO: KIM (Pager) #WIDDESS ( KIM (Pager) #WIDDESS [ UNKNOWN ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

courtney gardner (b)(6) also e-mailed info. jose

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 9-MAY-1999 15:44:08.00

SUBJECT: Dowd

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

I assume you saw this...jc3

----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/09/99

03:45 PM -----

Jeffrey A. Shesol

05/09/99 03:43:10 PM

Record Type: Record

To: See the distribution list at the bottom of this message

cc:

Subject: Dowd

May 9, 1999

LIBERTIES / By MAUREEN DOWD

Guns and Poses

When I went out to buy a gun one night, I had no idea it  
would be  
easier and less expensive than buying a pink cashmere  
sweater  
set.

My friend Jill and I drove to a Sports Authority in a bland  
strip mall in  
Virginia, near the Pentagon. Past fishing lures and boogie  
boards we found  
the gun department.

Beneath a plastic 175-pound deer target was a row of rifles -- a  
Remington 12-gauge shotgun for \$219, a Mossberg 12-gauge shotgun  
for  
\$239.99, a Browning 20-gauge deer rifle for \$599.99.

"Would you like to try one?" the young clerk asked pleasantly.  
Jill opted for  
a basic black Mossberg. "Nice pin," he said, admiring her

brooch, as she  
puzzled over whether the butt went above or below the shoulder.  
It was as  
easy as Thelma and Louise: a driver's license, half an hour for a  
computerized background check, and the gun would have been ours.

Trust me on this. I am not the sort of person who should be able  
to walk  
out of a store with a really big gun in half an hour.

It was a shopping trip that left me even more dubious about the  
President's  
stressing the culture of violence as much as the machines of  
violence.

He called a White House summit on youth and media violence. But  
none  
of his pals from Hollywood were willing to be publicly spanked  
by the  
 Clintons and Gores.

"They don't want to be pilloried in public and put in a metal  
stockade," said  
one industry executive.

It galled the movie big shots to be summoned to the principal's  
office by a  
President and Vice President who have nurtured so many close and  
lucrative ties in Hollywood. Next weekend, Mr. Clinton and other  
Democratic leaders will attend a \$1.5 million fund-raiser in  
Beverly Hills  
hosted by the Dreamworks trio.

So the Hollywood chieftains stiffed Washington, saying that only  
their  
lobbyists would attend, and pointedly reminded the White House  
of their  
lavish past support. They felt the President should not be aping  
the  
Republicans and scapegoating the entertainment industry.

At first the Clintonites huffed that the Hollywood crowd was  
wimping out.  
One took catty note that Edgar Bronfman Jr. of Seagram's, which  
owns  
Universal, turned down the summit invitation to open a roller  
coaster at  
Universal's new theme park in Orlando, Fla. As if the Clinton  
White House  
is not enough of a roller coaster.

But Hollywood was right to boycott another politically  
opportunistic  
gabfest. As Sean Daniel, a Hollywood producer, puts it: "The

heads of  
movie, television and recording industries have their share of  
responsibility.  
But they are being made to stand up as symbols of much more  
complex  
behavior, a mix of evil, DNA, parenting, isolation, the  
singleminded  
alienation of being in front of a computer screen in your room  
six hours a  
day. People invoke Hollywood as a catchall for all the  
influences that come  
off any screen, including the Internet and video games."

Faced with all the no-shows, the White House had to recast  
tomorrow's  
summit into a fuzzy hodgepodge on "Children, Violence and  
Responsibility,"  
with no one famous taking part except Maya Angelou. Besides  
soothing  
Hollywood, the President reached out to the N.R.A., saying  
"Let's bury the  
hatchet." (The N.R.A. will gladly bury the hatchet. It's the gun  
they won't  
bury.)

Rob Reiner, the director, rearranged his schedule to come. But  
then the  
White House, inexplicably, told him not to bother.

"I'm not saying we don't need some self-regulation," Mr. Reiner  
told me. "I  
hate those movies where hundreds of people get blown up and  
there are  
jokes afterward. They poison the soul. Sure, kids are affected,  
but not  
enough to turn a loved, securely attached child into a violent  
killer.

"We have to figure out why our society is so angry, why our  
technology is  
making us more disengaged from human interaction. And we have to  
stop  
the easy access to guns.

Canada, Germany, Japan, England -- every country gets our  
movies, but  
they don't kill anybody afterward."

The President deserves credit for his push on gun control. But  
this is the  
moment to be brazen. He's wandering the White House halls  
looking for a  
legacy. How about a take-no-prisoners, give-no-quarter campaign  
against

the N.R.A. and a ban on handguns?

Message Sent

To: \_\_\_\_\_

Bruce N. Reed/OPD/EOP

Richard Socarides/WHO/EOP

Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP

Thomas L. Freedman/OPD/EOP

Neera Tanden/WHO/EOP

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Automated Records Management System  
OPD (Creator: Cerda)  
OA/Box Number: 250000

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[5/7/1999 - 5/14/1999]

2012-0192-F  
wr1060

### RESTRICTION CODES

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RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 9-MAY-1999 18:35:56.00

[002]

SUBJECT: Sarah Brady's Assistant

TO: Kim B. Widdess ( CN=Kim B. Widdess/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Kim:

Per our conversation...

Courtney Gardner



Thanks,  
Jose'

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 9-MAY-1999 14:55:38.00

SUBJECT: Some gun q/a

TO: Karin Kullman ( CN=Karin Kullman/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Bruce N. Reed ( CN=Bruce N. Reed/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Here's the new q/a on guns...one new q on the NRA dis, and one new q on gun prosecutions. The rest are a re-hash of related stuff..

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====  
ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

Unable to convert ARMS\_EXT:[ATTACH.D73]ARMS254243341.136 to ASCII,  
The following is a HEX DUMP:

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

**The White House Strategy Session on Children, Violence and Responsibility  
Questions and Answers on the Gun Industry's Involvement  
May 10, 1999**

**NRA Involvement**

**Q: The NRA has complained that they were not invited to your meeting today. If you are trying to have an open and honest dialogue on violence -- and especially on the roles guns play -- why didn't you invite them?**

A: I think it's very important to note that the gun industry is very well represented at today's meeting. In fact, representatives of the gun industry make up about 10 percent of the total participants (5 of 51), and include two major gun manufacturers (Smith and Wesson, and Glock U.S.A.), two trade associations that represent a majority of the overall gun industry (the American Shooting Sports Council, the American Shooting Sport Foundation), and one of the NRA's current board members. By comparison, we have invited only one gun control advocate to the meeting (Sarah Brady). So, it really is a stretch to say we have minimized participation by gun interests at today's meeting.

However, we did not invite the President and Executive Director of the NRA. But neither did we invite the Presidents and Executive Directors of many other Washington-based interest groups with an interest in today's meeting. It simply wasn't feasible. Instead, we sought a mix of people that included some organization heads, real people with an active interest in the topic, or professionals with some particular expertise or perspective to offer. In developing this mix of people, we consulted with leaders in each of the effected industries and sectors, and we believe the final list of participants -- while not perfect -- will make for a constructive dialogue on Monday.

**Federal Gun Prosecutions**

**Q: The NRA charges that under the Clinton Administration, federal gun prosecutions are significantly down and there is less of a focus on prosecuting street-level criminals who carry guns. They believe that more enforcement of existing laws is needed instead of new gun control laws. What is your response?**

A: Although Republicans and the NRA like to say that so-called "Triggerlock" prosecutions are down under the Clinton Administration, that's simply not the full story on federal firearms prosecutions. The truth is that:

**(1) Overall firearms prosecutions are up.** More criminals are prosecuted today for all weapons offenses than in 1992. Although the number of federal prosecutions for persons serving sentences of 3 years or less is down than, the number of persons sentenced to 5 or more years in federal prison is up by nearly 30 percent (from 1049 to 1345). And

because we work more closely with our partners in state and local law enforcement -- who handle almost all gun crimes -- about 25 percent more criminals are sent to prison for state and federal weapons offenses than in 1992 (from 20,681 to 25,186). This means we do a better job of making sure gun criminals serve the longest prison sentences possible -- whether in the state or federal system.

**(2) Crime -- and gun-related crime in particular-- are down dramatically.** The previous Administration may have prosecuted more lower level gun cases in federal court, but gun and violent crime sky rocketed on their watch. During the Clinton Administration -- and with more police on the street and tougher gun laws on the books -- crime has dropped across the board. Since 1992, overall, violent and property crime are down by more than 20 percent each; the murder rate is down 28 percent -- and to the lowest level in 30 years; and homicides, robberies, and aggravated assaults committed with gun are down by an average of 27 percent.

**(3) Tough talk is cheap.** Despite its rhetoric, time and again, the NRA has opposed efforts to put real money for state, local, and federal law enforcement agencies to investigate, arrest, and prosecute gun criminals and illegal gun traffickers. Over the past 2 years, this Administration has called for more resources to enforce our gun laws on every front -- requesting tens of millions of dollars to hire over 280 new ATF agents and over 40 new federal prosecutors, as well as more than a billion dollars to hire more local police and prosecutors. The NRA's interest new found in strengthened enforcement will mean very little if we can't count on their support to secure the necessary resources.

### **Gun Bill proposals**

**Q: You plan to propose criminal liability for adults who “recklessly give access” to guns to children. Your proposal also refers to increased penalties for adults who “transfer” guns to juveniles. Can you explain the difference between these two proposals?**

**A:** In one case, there is a knowing transfer of a gun to a juvenile and the adult knows that it would be used in a crime. Our bill would raise existing criminal penalties for such offenses. With respect to child access prevention, our proposal would create new criminal liability where adults recklessly give children access to guns (which could occur without the explicit knowledge of the adult) and the gun is later used to cause death or violent injury.

**Q: What does “recklessly give access” mean? Can you give us an example?**

**A:** Generally, the “reckless” standard in the President's bill applies to behavior that is a gross deviation from a standard of care that any reasonable person would have exercised. For example, “reckless” behavior would cover someone who -- despite knowing that children

would be home on a given day -- left a loaded weapon on the kitchen. On the other hand, it would not apply to someone who made every effort to safely store and lock a gun that was nonetheless stolen by a juvenile. Ultimately, however, what is and isn't reckless behavior would need to be determined by a jury.

**Q: Can you further explain the one-gun-a-month proposal?**

A: The proposal would restrict individuals from selling or transferring more than one handgun per month to someone if the transferor knows that the individual receiving it has already received a handgun within the last 30 days. The law would also prohibit a person from receiving more than one handgun per month.

The proposal would rely on the National Instant Criminal Background Check System, which requires checks on individuals seeking to buy a firearm. If a person who seeks to buy a handgun has tried to purchase one within the last 30 days, the NICS would indicate that the person applied to buy a handgun, and the transfer of additional handguns would be prevented.

**Q: Doesn't this mean that you would be creating a federal gun registry?**

A: The proposal will not create a gun registry. However, the system will require that information that an individual has purchased a handgun be kept for at least 30 days. The system will not contain any information about the handgun or any information about other firearms that the purchaser may own.

**Q: Aren't there some situations in which someone has a legitimate reason to obtain more than one handgun in a month's time?**

A: The proposal would recognize some limited exceptions where an individual has a legitimate need to obtain more than one handgun a month. Some of these situations would include, for instance, private security companies that need more than one handgun for their security operations, or where a person's handgun has been lost or stolen.

**Q: Isn't this Brady waiting period for handgun sales weaker than the waiting period that already sunsetted under the Brady Law?**

A: No, in fact is much tougher than the original waiting period, which allowed a waiting period of **up to 5 days**. The new proposal mandates a **minimum** waiting period of 3 days for all handgun purchases -- for the first time ever -- and allows law enforcement to take up to a total of 5 days to complete a check for any gun (not just handguns) if they need additional time to clarify arrest or other records. So, our provision is similar to the

old Brady waiting period in that it allows for a total waiting period of up to 5 days, but it is stronger in that it creates a new minimum waiting period of at least 3 days for handguns. This minimum wait was not previously required under the original Brady law.

### Gun Sales on the Internet

**Q: Senator Schumer has introduced legislation that would regulate the sale of guns on the Internet. Are you supportive of his legislation?**

A: Currently, we don't have a great deal of law enforcement data on gun sales over the Internet. However, recognizing that an increasing amount of commerce is being handled via the Internet, we are concerned that Internet gun sales are likely to rise -- and that they may allow gun runners to avoid background checks. We have taken a strong position to expand background checks on gun purchases wherever possible, to help ensure that criminals, juveniles and other prohibited purchasers do not illegally gain access to guns. So, while we are still reviewing Senator Schumer's legislation, we agree that gun sales on the Internet should comply with all the provisions of our gun laws.

### Gun Lawsuits

**Q: Do you support the lawsuits being filed by New Orleans, Chicago, Atlanta and other cities against gun manufacturers? Are you planning to take a strong position on this issue as you did in the tobacco litigation?**

A: We are watching closely all of the pending lawsuits against the gun industry. The President has previously expressed particular concern about allegations -- such as in Chicago -- that some gun dealers are selling guns illegally -- helping purchasers evade firearms laws and even selling guns to persons who say they intend to break the law. These are serious charges which, if proven true, would demonstrate that some in the gun industry are helping to promote an illegal market in firearms. Such disrespect for the law endangers our citizens, and if the evidence shows in any of these cases that federal firearms laws have been violated, we will take vigorous enforcement action.

The President's new bill will further crack down on those gun dealers involved in the illegal gun trade, by allowing for more inspections of federal firearms licensees (from 1 to 3 per year), tougher penalties for serious violations that interfere with trafficking investigations, and suspension of a gun dealer's license for willful violations of the Gun Control Act.

In the meantime, we will continue to work closely with state and local law enforcement to trace crime guns back to their source, and to prevent illegal gun sales -- especially to criminals and juveniles.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME: 9-MAY-1999 21:52:15.00

SUBJECT: Re: Press Paper for Monday Meeting

TO: Karin Kullman ( CN=Karin Kullman/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

most excellent work

# Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

## Clinton Library

| DOCUMENT NO.<br>AND TYPE | SUBJECT/TITLE                           | DATE     | RESTRICTION |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------|----------|-------------|
| 003. email               | Cerda to Kim Widdess [partial] (1 page) | 5/9/1999 | P6/b(6)     |

### COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records  
Automated Records Management System  
OPD (Creator: Cerda)  
OA/Box Number: 250000

### FOLDER TITLE:

[5/7/1999 - 5/14/1999]

2012-0192-F  
wr1060

### RESTRICTION CODES

#### Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]  
P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]  
P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]  
P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]  
P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]  
P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

#### Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]  
b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]  
b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]  
b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]  
b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]  
b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]  
b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]  
b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

[003]

CREATION DATE/TIME: 9-MAY-1999 18:35:56.00

SUBJECT: Sarah Brady's Assistant

TO: Kim B. Widdess ( CN=Kim B. Widdess/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Kim:

Per our conversation...

Courtney Gardner



Thanks,  
Jose'

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:10-MAY-1999 17:32:57.00

SUBJECT: Re: industry-supported gun proposals

TO: Cathy R. Mays ( CN=Cathy R. Mays/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Should've been in the press packet for today, and I know Bruce had a hard copy on his desk. I'll check w/press office, too...jc3

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:10-MAY-1999 18:12:43.00

SUBJECT: list

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Karin Kullman ( CN=Karin Kullman/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Mark Spurrier from MCC can't come to tomorrow's event. However, he'll call back to see if Neil Behan, his associate, can come -- and he'll try and get 2 or 3 Baltimore County uniforms...jc3

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:10-MAY-1999 17:16:36.00

SUBJECT: industry-supported gun proposals

TO: Cathy R. Mays ( CN=Cathy R. Mays/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Caroline R. Fredrickson ( CN=Caroline R. Fredrickson/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Cathy:

Do you have the final gun industry statement? Can you fax to me and/or  
Caroline?

jc3  
----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/10/99  
05:16 PM -----

Caroline R. Fredrickson

05/10/99 04:54:31 PM

Record Type: Record

To: Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP

cc:

Subject: industry-supported gun proposals

do you have a list that I can give to folks on the Hill of what the gun  
folks have officially signed on to? thanks

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:10-MAY-1999 11:44:13.00

SUBJECT: Re: VAWA mention

TO: Mary L. Smith ( CN=Mary L. Smith/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

no prob

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:10-MAY-1999 17:51:11.00

SUBJECT: DOJ revision -- italicized -- to first para of SAP

TO: Caroline R. Fredrickson ( CN=Caroline R. Fredrickson/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

this okay w/you...jc3

----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/10/99

05:52 PM -----

Ronald E. Jones

05/10/99 05:49:01 PM

Record Type: Record

To: Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OPD/EOP, Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP

cc:

Subject: DOJ revision -- italicized -- to first para of SAP

The 106th Congress has an historic opportunity to ensure community safety into the 21st century by continuing and expanding on the successful programs put into place by the Violent Crime Control and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 (VCCLEA). The Administration commends the Senate for addressing the important issue of juvenile crime, and notes with appreciation the considerable progress that has been made, on a bipartisan basis, in this area since the previous Congress. The Administration is, however, disappointed that the legislation fails to address a number of other areas critical to fighting crime effectively. The Administration supports a broad-based, comprehensive approach to crime and would support Senate passage of S. 254 if it were to provide a more comprehensive approach to fighting and preventing juvenile crime.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:10-MAY-1999 12:20:38.00

SUBJECT:

TO: Jordan Tamagni ( CN=Jordan Tamagni/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

Unable to convert ARMS\_EXT:[ATTACH.D27]ARMS22390734H.136 to ASCII,

The following is a HEX DUMP:

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

**The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act**  
**May 12, 1999**

Today, President Clinton will announce that the Administration has reached its goal of helping communities fund the hiring and redeployment of 100,000 more police officers. He will also propose new legislation -- The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- to renew the Justice Department's successful COPS (Community Oriented Policing Services) program, as well as to reduce juvenile and drug crime, protect all crime victims, crack down on international crime and terrorism, and otherwise improve federal law enforcement.

- **Helping fund 100,000 more police.** President Clinton will announce the availability of \$\_\_ for \_\_ communities to hire \_\_ new police officers. With these new grants, the COPS office will have provided \_\_ cities with \$\_\_ to help hire and redeploy \_\_ more police officers across the country -- fulfilling the President's 1992 pledge to help fund 100,000 more police
- **Building on the successful 1994 Crime Act.** The President will also unveil new legislation -- The 21st Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- designed to continue and improve upon many of the successful anti-crime initiatives that have helped drive down crime rates for more than six years in a row. The President's new legislation will:

**(1) Keep our commitment to law enforcement** by renewing the COPS program and providing funds to hire and redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more police, giving police the high-tech tools they need to do their job, and hiring more local prosecutors to target local crime problems.

**(2) Punish and prevent youth crime and violence** by giving prosecutors new tools to punish the most violent juveniles and curb gang witness intimidation, promoting swift and certain punishments for all juvenile offenders, and working to prevent at-risk youth from committing serious crimes in the first place.

**(3) Break the cycle of drugs and crime** by helping states and localities implement "zero tolerance" drug supervision programs that drug test, treat, and punish all drug offenders, and by enacting tough new money laundering provisions that will help staunch the flow of cash drug proceeds from the United States.

**(4) Protect all crime victims** by enhancing penalties for child abusers who kill and adults who commit violent crimes in the presence of a child; providing new authorities for federal law enforcement to protect the elderly from illegal telemarketing, nursing home neglect and abuse, health care fraud, and retirement rip-offs; and renewing the Violence Against Women Act.

**(5) Combat international crime and terrorism** by making it a federal crime to possess and unsafely handle biological agents and toxins that can fall into the hands of terrorists and criminalizing "port-running" by smugglers at our borders.

## KEEPING OUR COMMITMENT TO LAW ENFORCEMENT

- **Renewing the COPS program.** The President's 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act extends the COPS program and proposes spending \$1.3 billion annually to help communities continue to hire, redeploy, and retain police officers; to give law enforcement officers access to the latest crime-fighting technologies; and to engage the entire community -- including community-based prosecutors, probation and parole officers, school officials, faith-based organizations, and many others -- in preventing and fighting crime. Specifically, this new initiative calls for:
  - **\$600 million for more police on the street.** These funds would be used primarily to hire and redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more law enforcement officers over five years, with an effort to target new police officers to crime "hot spots." A portion of the funds would also be used to help economically-distressed communities absorb the long-term costs of their new police hires, and for programs to train, educate, and recruit police officers.
  - **\$350 million for crime-fighting technologies.** These funds would be used to help state and local enforcement agencies tap into new technologies that will allow them to communicate more effectively, solve more crimes, and conduct comprehensive crime analysis. Examples include: using computers and wireless communications to send data and images seamlessly across different jurisdictions and into patrol cars; improving the nation's overburdened and underfunded crime labs, and making high-end technologies -- such as DNA analysis -- more widely available; and expanding the use of crime mapping and other technologies that improve law enforcement's ability to analyze, predict and respond to local crime trends and problems.
  - **\$200 million for community prosecutors and neighborhood district attorneys.** As police and community residents have joined forces to fight crime on a proactive basis, communities also have turned to local prosecutors to play a more active role in the crime-fighting effort. The President's new legislation will help communities hire community-based prosecutors to target local crime problems.
  - **\$150 million for community-wide crime prevention.** The President's new initiative specifically targets funds to engage the entire community in preventing and fighting crime. These funds could be used to: work with local school officials in adopting community-wide plans to prevent school violence; involve faith-based organizations in juvenile crime prevention; and establish citizens' police academies that teach neighborhood residents problem-solving skills.
- **Supporting Law Enforcement.** The President's new crime legislation also supports law enforcement by ....

## **PUNISHING AND PREVENTING YOUTH CRIME AND VIOLENCE**

- **Cracking down on gangs and youth violence.** The President's 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act incorporates many of the elements of his Anti-Gang and Youth Violence Strategy. It includes new tools to help federal prosecutors go after gang criminals and serious, violent youth. Specifically, the President's bill will:

-- Allow prosecutors to decide whether the most serious violent juveniles should be tried as adults.

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## BREAKING THE CYCLE OF DRUGS AND CRIME

- **Enforcing “zero tolerance” drug supervision.** In 1997, more than three-quarters of the nation’s prisoners reported past drug use, and one in six committed their crimes so they could purchase drugs. The President’s bill establishes a new \$100 million initiative to help states and localities systematically test, treat, and sanction drug-involved offenders -- including probationers, prisoners, and parolees. His bill also reauthorizes the successful drug court initiative established in the 1994 Crime Act, and extends funding to provide intensive, long-term drug treatment to state prisoners with serious drug problems.
- **Enhancing drug penalties and enforcement.** The President’s bill contains targeted drug penalty increases, for using kids to sell drugs and selling drugs on or near school property. It increases penalties for amphetamine trafficking, which is closely related to methamphetamine use, and grants the Attorney General emergency authority to temporarily reschedule certain controlled substances, such as \_\_\_\_\_.
- **Helping states fight drugs and crime.** The President’s bill extends funding for the Violent Offender Incarceration/Truth-in-Sentencing (VOI/TIS) program that helps states incarcerate more violent offenders, and gives states the added flexibility to implement graduated sanctions programs that hold offenders accountable for every offense and escalate in intensity -- as well as free up additional prison space for violent offenders. The bill also reauthorizes the Byrne block grant program, which funds statewide anti-drug plans and multi-jurisdictional drug enforcement task forces.
- **Cracking down on drug money laundering.** Our money laundering laws have not been updated since they were first enacted in 1986. Since that time, money laundering has become a global problem -- involving international financial institutions and the smuggling of currency across borders. To attack international money laundering and drug crime, the President’s bill will:
  - **Stop the flow of cash drug proceeds** by making it a federal crime to smuggle “bulk cash” (more than \$10,000 in currency) out of the United States, and by cracking down on money transmitters who knowingly accept criminal proceeds from abroad or who fail to report large cash transactions;
  - **Holding foreign banks that violate our laws accountable** by allowing federal courts to exercise jurisdiction over them;
  - **Thwarting black market transactions** by requiring persons who purchase illegal drug dollars to prove that they did not know the dollars were derived from unlawful activity;
  - **Seizing more illegal drug profits** by doing more to confiscate the assets of criminals and encouraging foreign governments to cooperate with us on the confiscation of illegal profits that have been laundered.

## PROTECTING ALL CRIME VICTIMS

- **Establishing a new safety net for seniors.** While falling violent and property crime rates have improved the safety of our nation's seniors, today older Americans are equally threatened by telemarketing scams, retirement rip-offs, and abuse and neglect at the hands of the very people entrusted to care for them. To help protect seniors from these crime and punish the criminals who prey on elderly Americans, the President's bill will:

- **Shut down fraudulent telemarketers** by granting the Attorney General new authority to block and terminate telephone service to illegal telemarketers.

- **Protect nursing home residents from abuse and neglect** by giving federal prosecutors new tools to halt and punish nursing home operators who repeatedly abuse and neglect the residents in their care.

- **Fight health care fraud and abuse** by making it easier for the Justice Department to prosecute and punish illegal kickback schemes -- and harder for criminals to stick Medicare with the bills by declaring bankruptcy.

- **Safeguard retirement and pension funds** by making it a federal crime to defraud employee pension benefit or retirement funds.

- **Protecting children exposed to violence.** Each year millions of adolescents are victims of violent crime and millions more witness or experience serious violence or abuse -- and many of these children later commit violent crimes themselves. The President's bill will amend federal homicide statutes by making child abuse offenses predicates for felony murder and defining murder to include the death of a child resulting from a pattern of child abuse. It will also provide enhanced penalties for adults who commit violent crimes in the presence of a child.

- **Continuing the fight against domestic violence.** The historic Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) has helped strengthen law enforcement's response to violent crime committed against women. It has helped promoted comprehensive law strategies, encouraged pro-arrest policies for domestic violence crimes, and provided emergency shelter to women and children fleeing abusive situations. The President's bill continues these successful efforts and also:

- **Targets the illegal trafficking of women and children** by giving federal prosecutors new tools to bring trafficking cases, and increasing penalties for persons who transport women and children to the United States only to coerce them to work in sweatshops and other such jobs.

- **Protects battered immigrant women and children** by enabling them to file their own petitions for lawful status, without having to rely on abusive spouses.

## COMBATING TERRORISM AND INTERNATIONAL CRIME

- **Keeping the lethal threat of biological weapons out of the hands of terrorists.** Biological weapons pose a serious threat to the United States, particularly in the hands of terrorists or disaffected groups. The President's bill do more to keep dangerous biological agents or toxins out of the wrong hands by:
  - **Making it illegal to possess harmful biological agents** for other than peaceful purposes;
  - **Establishing criminal penalties for the unsafe handling of deadly toxins** in a manner that grossly deviates from accepted norms; and
  - **Prohibiting violent felons and fugitives from possessing dangerous biologicals agents** in any circumstance.
- **Strengthening Our Air, Land, and Sea Borders.** The federal government maintains over 300 ports of entry and watches over 9,600 miles of land and sea borders. To ensure the safety and security of our border, the President's bill will:
  - **Create a new federal criminal penalty for port-running**, an evasion tactic employed by contraband smugglers to pass through ports without stopping -- putting law enforcement and civilians at great risk.
  - **Strengthen our ability to intercept drug smuggling vessels** by creating a criminal offense for failing to "heave to" a vessel at the direction of a Coast Guard or other federal law enforcement official seeking to board that vessel.
- **Denying Safe Haven for International Fugitives.** To ensure that America not become a sanctuary for criminals who are attempting to flee apprehension and prosecution in other parts of the world, the President's bill bars international criminals from entering the country, and expels them if they do enter with provisions to:
  - **Expand authority to extradite suspected criminals** to foreign nations in certain situations not covered by a treaty;
  - **Exclude drug traffickers** and their immediate family members and of persons who attempt to enter the United States in order to avoid prosecution in another country.
- **Protecting U.S. Nationals Abroad.** American citizens are increasingly targeted around the world. The President's bill establishes additional authority for investigations and prosecutions of organized crime groups who perpetrate criminal acts against U.S. nationals and officials overseas.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:10-MAY-1999 14:00:23.00

SUBJECT: Janet not done, especially juvie section, but lots of other info.

TO: Janet Murguia ( CN=Janet Murguia/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

Unable to convert ARMS\_EXT:[ATTACH.D6]ARMS28951834O.136 to ASCII,  
The following is a HEX DUMP:

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

**The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act**  
**May 12, 1999**

Today, President Clinton will announce that the Administration has reached its goal of helping communities fund the hiring and redeployment of 100,000 more police officers. He will also propose new legislation -- The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- to renew the Justice Department's successful COPS (Community Oriented Policing Services) program, as well as to reduce juvenile and drug crime, protect all crime victims, crack down on international crime and terrorism, and otherwise improve federal law enforcement.

- **Helping fund 100,000 more police.** President Clinton will announce the availability of more than \$95 million for 526 communities to hire nearly 1,500 new police officers. With these new grants, the COPS office will have provided \_\_\_ cities with \$\_\_\_ to help hire and redeploy 101,000 more police officers across the country -- fulfilling the President's 1992 pledge to help fund 100,000 more police
- **Building on the successful 1994 Crime Act.** The President will also unveil new legislation -- The 21st Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- designed to continue and improve upon many of the successful anti-crime initiatives that have helped drive down crime rates for more than six years in a row. The President's new legislation will:
  - (1) **Keep our commitment to law enforcement** by renewing the COPS program and providing funds to hire and redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more police, giving police the high-tech tools they need to do their job, and hiring more local prosecutors to target local crime problems.
  - (2) **Punish and prevent youth crime and violence** by giving prosecutors new tools to punish the most violent juveniles and curb gang witness intimidation; promoting swift and certain punishments for all juvenile offenders; and working to prevent at-risk youth from committing serious crimes in the first place.
  - (3) **Break the cycle of drugs and crime** by expanding drug courts and helping states and localities implement "zero tolerance" drug supervision programs that drug test, treat, and punish all drug offenders; and by enacting tough new money laundering provisions that help staunch the flow of illegal drug profits.
  - (4) **Protect all crime victims** by enhancing penalties for child abusers who kill and adults who commit violent crimes in the presence of a child; providing new authorities for federal law enforcement to protect the elder Americans from illegal telemarketing, nursing home neglect and abuse, retirement rip-offs, and health care fraud; and by renewing the Violence Against Women Act.
  - (5) **Combat international crime and terrorism** by making it a federal crime to possess or unsafely handle biological agents and toxins that can fall into the hands of terrorists; and by criminalizing "port-running" by smugglers at our borders.

## KEEPING OUR COMMITMENT TO LAW ENFORCEMENT

- **Renewing the COPS program.** The President's 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act extends the COPS program and proposes spending \$1.3 billion annually to help communities continue to hire, redeploy, and retain police officers; to give law enforcement officers access to the latest crime-fighting technologies; and to engage the entire community -- including community-based prosecutors, probation and parole officers, school officials, and faith-based organizations -- in preventing and fighting crime. Specifically, the President's bill calls for:
  - **\$600 million for more police on the street.** These funds would be used primarily to hire and redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more law enforcement officers over five years, with an effort to target new police officers to crime "hot spots." A portion of the funds would also be used to help economically-distressed communities absorb the long-term costs of their new police hires, and for programs to train, educate, and recruit police officers -- including efforts to promote police integrity and diversity.
  - **\$350 million for crime-fighting technologies.** These funds would be used to help state and local enforcement agencies tap into new technologies that will allow them to communicate more effectively, solve more crimes, and conduct comprehensive crime analysis. Examples include: using computers and wireless communications to send data and images seamlessly across different jurisdictions and into patrol cars; improving the nation's overburdened and underfunded crime labs, and making high-end technologies -- such as DNA analysis -- more widely available; and expanding the use of crime mapping and other technologies that improve law enforcement's ability to analyze, predict and respond to local crime trends and problems.
  - **\$200 million for community prosecutors and neighborhood district attorneys.** As police and community residents have joined forces to fight crime on a proactive basis, communities also have turned to local prosecutors to play a more active role in community crime-fighting efforts. The President's new legislation will help communities hire more prosecutors to target neighborhood crime problems.
  - **\$150 million for community-wide crime prevention.** The President's new initiative specifically targets funds to engage the entire community in preventing and fighting crime. These funds could be used to: work with local school officials in adopting community-wide plans to prevent school violence; involve faith-based organizations in juvenile crime prevention; and establish citizens' police academies that teach neighborhood residents problem-solving skills.
- **Supporting Law Enforcement.** The President's new crime legislation also supports law enforcement by making it a federal crime to use a bullet-proof vest in the commission of a crime, extending federal grants to help police departments purchase bullet-proof vests for their officers, and allowing a portion of COPS funds to be used to provide current police officers with college scholarships.

## **PUNISHING AND PREVENTING YOUTH CRIME AND VIOLENCE**

- **Cracking down on gangs and violent youth.** The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act incorporates many of the elements of the Anti-Gang and Youth Violence Strategy previously introduced by the President, including new tools to help federal prosecutors go after gang criminals and serious, violent youth. Specifically, the President's bill will:
  - **Allow prosecutors to decide whether the most serious violent juveniles should be tried as adults**, giving them the ability to target older and more serious offenders that cannot be adequately punished in the juvenile system;
  - **Expand access law enforcement access to juvenile records**, requiring that juvenile records of gun offenses or other adult felonies be sent to the FBI and made available in the same manner as adult records;
  - **Give federal prosecutors new tools to prosecute gang members who attempt to intimidate or retaliate against witnesses**; and
  - **Authorize judges to hold gang members without bail pending trial**, if there is probable cause to believe they have been involved in criminal activity.
- **Provide certain punishment for juvenile offenders.**
- **Prevent serious juvenile crime in the first place.**

## BREAKING THE CYCLE OF DRUGS AND CRIME

- **Enforcing “zero tolerance” drug supervision.** In 1997, more than three-quarters of the nation’s prisoners reported past drug use, and one in six committed their crimes so they could purchase drugs. The President’s bill establishes a new \$100 million initiative to help states and localities systematically test, treat, and sanction drug-involved offenders -- including probationers, prisoners, and parolees. His bill also reauthorizes the successful drug court initiative established in the 1994 Crime Act, and extends funding to provide intensive, long-term drug treatment to state prisoners with serious drug problems.
- **Enhancing drug penalties and enforcement.** The President’s bill contains targeted drug penalty increases, for using kids to sell drugs and selling drugs on or near school property. It increases penalties for amphetamine trafficking, which is closely related to methamphetamine use, and grants the Attorney General emergency authority to temporarily reschedule certain controlled substances, such as \_\_\_\_\_.
- **Helping states fight drugs and crime.** The President’s bill extends funding for the Violent Offender Incarceration/Truth-in-Sentencing (VOI/TIS) program that helps states incarcerate more violent offenders, and gives states the added flexibility to implement graduated sanctions programs that hold offenders accountable for every offense and escalate in intensity -- as well as free up additional prison space for violent offenders. The bill also reauthorizes the Byrne block grant program, which funds statewide anti-drug plans and multi-jurisdictional drug enforcement task forces.
- **Cracking down on drug money laundering.** Our money laundering laws have not been updated since they were first enacted in 1986. Since that time, money laundering has become a global problem -- involving international financial institutions and the smuggling of currency across borders. To attack international money laundering and drug crime, the President’s bill will:
  - **Stop the flow of cash drug proceeds** by making it a federal crime to smuggle “bulk cash” (more than \$10,000 in currency) out of the United States, and by cracking down on money transmitters who knowingly accept criminal proceeds from abroad or who fail to report large cash transactions;
  - **Holding foreign banks that violate our laws accountable** by allowing federal courts to exercise jurisdiction over them;
  - **Thwarting black market transactions** by requiring persons who purchase illegal drug dollars to prove that they did not know the dollars were derived from unlawful activity;
  - **Seizing more illegal drug profits** by doing more to confiscate the assets of criminals and encouraging foreign governments to cooperate with us on the confiscation of illegal profits that have been launder.

## PROTECTING ALL CRIME VICTIMS

- **Establishing a new safety net for seniors.** While falling violent and property crime rates have improved the safety of our nation's seniors, today older Americans are equally threatened by telemarketing scams, retirement rip-offs, and abuse and neglect at the hands of the very people entrusted to care for them. To help protect seniors from these crime and punish the criminals who prey on elderly Americans, the President's bill will:

- **Shut down fraudulent telemarketers** by granting the Attorney General new authority to block and terminate telephone service to illegal telemarketers.

- **Protect nursing home residents from abuse and neglect** by giving federal prosecutors new tools to halt and punish nursing home operators who repeatedly abuse and neglect the residents in their care.

- **Fight health care fraud and abuse** by making it easier for the Justice Department to prosecute and punish illegal kickback schemes -- and harder for criminals to stick Medicare with the bills by declaring bankruptcy.

- **Safeguard retirement and pension funds** by making it a federal crime to defraud employee pension benefit or retirement funds.

- **Protecting children exposed to violence.** Each year millions of adolescents are victims of violent crime and millions more witness or experience serious violence or abuse -- and many of these children later commit violent crimes themselves. The President's bill will amend federal homicide statutes by making child abuse offenses predicates for felony murder and defining murder to include the death of a child resulting from a pattern of child abuse. It will also provide enhanced penalties for adults who commit violent crimes in the presence of a child.

- **Continuing the fight against domestic violence.** The historic Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) has helped strengthen law enforcement's response to violent crime committed against women. It has helped promoted comprehensive law strategies, encouraged pro-arrest policies for domestic violence crimes, and provided emergency shelter to women and children fleeing abusive situations. The President's bill continues these successful efforts and also:

- **Targets the illegal trafficking of women and children** by giving federal prosecutors new tools to bring trafficking cases, and increasing penalties for persons who transport women and children to the United States only to coerce them to work in sweatshops and other such jobs.

- **Protects battered immigrant women and children** by enabling them to file their own petitions for lawful status, without having to rely on abusive spouses.

## COMBATING TERRORISM AND INTERNATIONAL CRIME

- **Keeping the lethal threat of biological weapons out of the hands of terrorists.** Biological weapons pose a serious threat to the United States, particularly in the hands of terrorists or disaffected groups. The President's bill do more to keep dangerous biological agents or toxins out of the wrong hands by:
  - **Making it illegal to possess harmful biological agents** for other than peaceful purposes;
  - **Establishing criminal penalties for the unsafe handling of deadly toxins** in a manner that grossly deviates from accepted norms; and
  - **Prohibiting violent felons and fugitives from possessing dangerous biologicals agents** in any circumstance.
- **Strengthening Our Air, Land, and Sea Borders.** The federal government maintains over 300 ports of entry and watches over 9,600 miles of land and sea borders. To ensure the safety and security of our border, the President's bill will:
  - **Create a new federal criminal penalty for port-running**, an evasion tactic employed by contraband smugglers to pass through ports without stopping -- putting law enforcement and civilians at great risk.
  - **Strengthen our ability to intercept drug smuggling vessels** by creating a criminal offense for failing to "heave to" a vessel at the direction of a Coast Guard or other federal law enforcement official seeking to board that vessel.
- **Denying Safe Haven for International Fugitives.** To ensure that America not become a sanctuary for criminals who are attempting to flee apprehension and prosecution in other parts of the world, the President's bill bars international criminals from entering the country, and expels them if they do enter with provisions to:
  - **Expand authority to extradite suspected criminals** to foreign nations in certain situations not covered by a treaty;
  - **Exclude drug traffickers** and their immediate family members and of persons who attempt to enter the United States in order to avoid prosecution in another country.
- **Protecting U.S. Nationals Abroad.** American citizens are increasingly targeted around the world. The President's bill establishes additional authority for investigations and prosecutions of organized crime groups who perpetrate criminal acts against U.S. nationals and officials overseas.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:10-MAY-1999 12:25:56.00

SUBJECT: please give your info to jordan

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:10-MAY-1999 17:37:26.00

SUBJECT: Re: juvie sap language

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

great

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:10-MAY-1999 12:51:25.00

SUBJECT: send your latest safe/drug-free talking pts to Janet Murgia

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:10-MAY-1999 15:44:30.00

SUBJECT: Please make sure we get Blake's new draft ASAP...and get to Schumer

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:10-MAY-1999 09:54:02.00

SUBJECT: Press Paper for Monday Meeting

TO: Jordan Tamagni ( CN=Jordan Tamagni/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

fyi...jc3

----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/10/99

09:49 AM -----

Karin Kullman

05/09/99 09:50:19 PM

Record Type: Record

To: See the distribution list at the bottom of this message

cc: See the distribution list at the bottom of this message

Subject: Press Paper for Monday Meeting

Message Sent

To:

Barry J. Toiv/WHO/EOP

Joseph P. Lockhart/WHO/EOP

Jennifer M. Palmieri/WHO/EOP

Nanda Chitre/WHO/EOP

Elizabeth R. Newman/WHO/EOP

Beverly J. Barnes/WHO/EOP

Ruby Shamir/OPD/EOP

Linda Ricci/OMB/EOP

Dag Vega/WHO/EOP

Julia M. Payne/WHO/EOP

Jason H. Schechter/WHO/EOP

Sarah E. Gegenheimer/WHO/EOP

Julie B. Goldberg/WHO/EOP

Melissa G. Green/OPD/EOP

Heather M. Riley/WHO/EOP

Megan C. Moloney/WHO/EOP

Julianne B. Corbett/WHO/EOP

Richard L. Siewert/WHO/EOP

Karin Kullman/OPD/EOP

Mark D. Neschis/WHO/EOP

Erica S. Lepping/WHO/EOP  
Alejandro G. Cabrera/OVP @ OVP  
Melissa B. Ratcliff/OVP @ OVP  
Deborah Akel/WHO/EOP  
Victoria L. Valentine/WHO/EOP

Message Copied

To: \_\_\_\_\_

Bruce N. Reed/OPD/EOP  
Elena Kagan/OPD/EOP  
Laura Emmett/WHO/EOP  
Cathy R. Mays/OPD/EOP  
Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP  
Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OPD/EOP  
Thomas L. Freedman/OPD/EOP  
Karin Kullman/OPD/EOP  
Richard Socarides/WHO/EOP  
Justin Coleman/WHO/EOP  
Neera Tanden/WHO/EOP  
Trooper Sanders/OVP @ OVP  
Dan J. Taylor/OVP @ OVP  
Eric R. Anderson/OVP @ OVP

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

Unable to convert ARMS\_EXT:[ATTACH.D73]ARMS21217534Y.136 to ASCII,  
The following is a HEX DUMP:

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

**PRESIDENT AND MRS. CLINTON, VICE PRESIDENT AND MRS. GORE  
HOST STRATEGY SESSION ON  
CHILDREN, VIOLENCE AND RESPONSIBILITY  
Monday, May 10, 1999**

Today, the President led a strategy meeting to discuss the problem of youth violence and develop a strategy for a national campaign to address this problem. The meeting included a broad cross-section of Americans including parents and children, teachers and religious leaders, law enforcement and government officials, gun manufacturers and sportsmen, and representatives of the entertainment industry. The President announced several initiatives to address the problem of youth violence including a Surgeon General's Report on Youth Violence, gun industry support for gun legislation in five important areas, and public and private commitments to ensure the effective implementation of the V-Chip.

**SURGEON GENERAL'S REPORT ON YOUTH VIOLENCE**

Today, the President announced that he is asking the nation's Surgeon General, Dr. David Satcher, to prepare a landmark report on youth violence -- the first such study on this subject in more than a decade. This report will bring together leading experts to review and evaluate existing research, and build on the findings of the 1972 Surgeon General Report on Television and Violence, as well as the 1985 Surgeon General's Workshop on Violence. Much is already known about how to reduce and prevent youth violence, but this report will add to the nation's understanding in this field. It also will address media that have emerged since previous reports, such as the Internet and video games.

**GUN INDUSTRY SHOWS SUPPORT FOR LEGISLATION IN FIVE KEY AREAS**

Today, leaders in the firearms industry announced their support for working out legislation in five areas. Specifically, the American Shooting Sports Council (ASSC), the gun industry's trade association in Washington, which represents 350 firearms manufacturers and distributors around the country, released a statement supporting legislation in five areas:

- **Closing the gun show loophole on Brady background checks.** The Treasury Department estimates that 25-50 percent of the sellers at gun shows are unlicensed and sell guns without the benefit of a background check. As a result, gun shows can provide a forum for illegal firearms sales and gun trafficking. The President has proposed background checks, based on the existing Brady law, for firearms transferred at gun shows.
- **Extending the Brady Law to violent juveniles.** Although violent youth convicted in adult courts are barred from owning firearms as adults, the same is not true for youth convicted of serious violent crimes in juvenile court. The President has proposed permanently banning all violent juveniles from buying guns -- so that they cannot purchase a gun on their 21st birthday.
- **Raising the age of the youth handgun ban to 21 years of age.** Federal law generally bans the possession of handguns by juveniles under the age of 18, and prohibits federal

gun dealers from selling firearms to anyone under 21 years of age. However, it is perfectly legal for 18-20 year-olds to possess handguns or to buy them from unlicensed sellers -- even though law enforcement trace more crime guns to 18 and 19 year-olds than all other age groups. The President has proposed raising the legal age of handgun ownership from 18 to 21 years, while maintaining current exemptions for employment, hunting, target shooting, ranching and military service.

- **Holding adults responsible for child access to guns.** Child Access Prevention (CAP) laws promote gun safety and responsibility by holding adults responsible if they allow children easy access to firearms and ammunition. The President has proposed imposing felony penalties on adults who knowingly or recklessly allow a child to have access to a gun that is later used to cause death or injury.
- **Helping law enforcement to trace more firearms used in crimes.** Over the past 2 years, the President has expanded comprehensive crime gun tracing to 37 cities -- helping them to trace all crime guns to their source, to identify illegal gun markets, and to crack down on gun traffickers. Last year, ATF initiated over 300 investigations in these cities, which involved over 3,300 illegally trafficked firearms. The President has proposed expanding comprehensive tracing nationwide, starting by doubling the program to 75 cities.

#### **MAKING THE V-CHIP WORK**

The V-Chip is a device that allows parents to block television programming they consider inappropriate for their children. President Clinton and Vice President Gore led the successful fight for legislation that requires the V-Chip be installed in all new television sets sold beginning January 1, 2000. At today's strategy session the President announced two new initiatives to make sure the V-Chip becomes a useful tool for parents.

- **V-Chip Task Force.** To ensure that the V-Chip law is implemented effectively, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) will establish a V-Chip Task Force. The Task Force will: (1) ensure the V-Chip requirement is enforced promptly and comprehensively; (2) promote parental awareness about the V-Chip and work closely with organizations sharing this goal; (3) encourage adoption of a standard label identifying television sets that contain the V-Chip and; (4) study the use of the V-Chip and evaluate the effectiveness of the industry's ratings system. FCC Chairman William Kennard has appointed Commissioner Gloria Tristani to chair the Task Force.
- **The V-Chip Survey and Education Project.** According to a survey released today by the Kaiser Foundation, while many parents (77%) say they want to use the V-Chip, less than four out of ten parents (39%) has ever seen information on how the system works. The Kaiser Foundation and the Center for Media Education announced today a major national effort to educate parents about the V-Chip TV ratings system. The educational campaign will include free booklets for parents on how the V-chip TV ratings system works. The free parent information will be available through a toll-free telephone number and will be promoted through partnerships with TV manufacturers, retailers, parents' organizations, newspapers, and television stations.

## **A NATIONAL CAMPAIGN TO PREVENT YOUTH VIOLENCE**

Recognizing that youth violence is a problem that government cannot solve alone, the President, the First Lady, the Vice President and Mrs. Gore called for a national campaign to reduce youth violence. This campaign will work with all sectors of our society – the media, education groups, parents, religious leaders, and young people – to focus on this problem, find what's working, spread it to new communities, while also helping to ensure that the media sends the right message to our children.

This campaign is modeled after two extremely successful efforts launched by the Clinton Administration. Four years ago, the President asked for a national campaign to reduce teen pregnancy. Today, under the leadership of Governor Tom Kean, former governor of New Jersey, and now the President of Drew University, that campaign is playing an important role in reducing teen pregnancy rates nationwide. Two years ago, the President called for a national effort by businesses to hire people off welfare, to make sure the welfare reform effort would work. Today, under the leadership of Eli Segal, the Welfare to Work Partnership has grown to 10,000 companies that have helped move more than 40,000 people from the welfare rolls to the job rolls.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:10-MAY-1999 18:08:56.00

SUBJECT: Re: DOJ revision -- italicized -- to first para of SAP

TO: Caroline R. Fredrickson ( CN=Caroline R. Fredrickson/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

I thought you'd say the same...we'll let OMB know...jc3

----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/10/99

06:09 PM -----

Caroline R. Fredrickson

05/10/99 05:56:01 PM

Record Type: Record

To: Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP

cc:

Subject: Re: DOJ revision -- italicized -- to first para of SAP

I am reluctant to make that change -- many Dems are mad at Biden for collaborating with Hatch & I'm not sure that enough changes have been made since the last Congress to merit the language.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:10-MAY-1999 20:36:04.00

SUBJECT: Chiefs for the 5/12 event

TO: Thomas D. Janenda ( CN=Thomas D. Janenda/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/10/99  
08:37 PM -----

Leanne A. Shimabukuro

05/10/99 08:34:13 PM

Record Type: Record

To: Karin Kullman/OPD/EOP, Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP

cc:

Subject: Chiefs for the 5/12 event

FYI

----- Forwarded by Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OPD/EOP on  
05/10/99 08:35 PM -----

"Pfeiffer, Daniel" <Daniel.Pfeiffer @ usdoj.gov>

05/10/99 08:28:10 PM

Record Type: Record

To: Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OPD/EOP

cc:

Subject: Chiefs for the 5/12 event

Chiefs for the 5/12 event

1. Chief Samarra, Alexandria
2. Frazier
3. Sheridan, Baltimore County
4. Deputy Supt. James L. Whigham, Chicago
5. John Farrell, PG County
6. Gary Michell, Conway, South Carolina
7. Deputy Chief from Wilmington, Delaware
8. Deputy from LA
9. Ramsey is a maybe

We are waiting for calls back from a lot of people both local and national. I will update you as we get more info.

We should also get line officers from Baltimore County, Baltimore, Alexandria, and PG County for the stage.

We are working on the line officer to speak. I will let you know some suggestions in the morning when we know more. We have calls into a bunch of places.

Thanks,  
Dan

-----Original Message-----

From: Leanne\_A.\_Shimabukuro@oa.eop.gov@inetgw2  
Sent: Thursday, April 22, 1999 9:06 PM  
To: Pfeiffer, Daniel  
Subject: Re: COPS in Schools Release

Message Creation Date was at 22-APR-1999 20:05:00

Thanks for all of your help with this!

---

**Clinton Presidential Records  
Automated Records Management System  
[EMAIL] and Tape Restoration Project [Email]**

---

This is not a presidential record. This is used as an administrative marker by the William J. Clinton Presidential Library Staff.

This marker identifies a responsive email, already made available within another collection.

---

Collection: Elena Kagan Systematic Processing Project

Bucket: OPD

Creation Date: 1999-05-10

Subject: First Draft of Crime Bill Handout

Creator: Jose Cerda III

---

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:10-MAY-1999 17:51:51.00

SUBJECT: new cops language?

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:10-MAY-1999 11:17:31.00

SUBJECT: 2:00pm message meeting today in Loretta's office

TO: Caroline R. Fredrickson ( CN=Caroline R. Fredrickson/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Should we talk to Senate folks before this...after...jc3

----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/10/99

11:18 AM -----

Leanne A. Shimabukuro

05/10/99 11:16:40 AM

Record Type: Record

To: Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP, Karin Kullman/OPD/EOP

cc:

Subject: 2:00pm message meeting today in Loretta's office

re: crime event for wednesday

---

**Clinton Presidential Records  
Automated Records Management System  
[EMAIL] and Tape Restoration Project [Email]**

---

This is not a presidential record. This is used as an administrative marker by the William J. Clinton Presidential Library Staff.

This marker identifies a responsive email, already made available within another collection.

---

Collection: Elena Kagan Systematic Processing Project

Bucket: OPD

Creation Date: 1999-05-11

Subject: thanks

Creator: Jose Cerda III

---

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 23:11:13.00

SUBJECT: Re: sorry...typo in quote...it's late...jc3

TO: Karin Kullman ( CN=Karin Kullman/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

yeah...but check out the quote...jc3

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 21:22:01.00

SUBJECT: Re: Crime Event Speech

TO: Jordan Tamagni ( CN=Jordan Tamagni/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

I also think it's great...one small point...

In graf #13, where we do the 100,000 annoucement, we can that more than half are already on the street.

----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/11/99

09:21 PM -----

Leanne A. Shimabukuro

05/11/99 09:17:20 PM

Record Type: Record

To: Jordan Tamagni/WHO/EOP

cc: Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP

Subject: Re: Crime Event Speech

Jordan -

This is great! One small suggestion I would make is in paragraph 6, fourth sentence: "A bill that boldly took on the gun lobby -- banning assault weapons and youth handgun possession -- and demanded tougher punishments for the toughest criminals." The waiting period for handgun sales was part of the Brady Bill passed in 1993.

Your fellow crime-fighter,  
Leanne

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 19:07:45.00

SUBJECT: Re: Hate crimes: In or out?

TO: Mary L. Smith ( CN=Mary L. Smith/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

currently out

---

**Clinton Presidential Records  
Automated Records Management System  
[EMAIL] and Tape Restoration Project [Email]**

---

This is not a presidential record. This is used as an administrative marker by the William J. Clinton Presidential Library Staff.

This marker identifies a responsive email, already made available within another collection.

---

Collection: Elena Kagan Systematic Processing Project

Bucket: OPD

Creation Date: 1999-05-11

Subject: Bio-Terrorism

Creator: Jose Cerda III

---

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 21:07:08.00

SUBJECT:

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

also have jordan say more than half our cops our on the street...jc3

---

**Clinton Presidential Records  
Automated Records Management System  
[EMAIL] and Tape Restoration Project [Email]**

---

This is not a presidential record. This is used as an administrative marker by the William J. Clinton Presidential Library Staff.

This marker identifies a responsive email, already made available within another collection.

---

Collection: Elena Kagan Systematic Processing Project

Bucket: OPD

Creation Date: 1999-05-11

Subject: sorry...typo in quote...it's late...jc3

Creator: Jose Cerda III

---

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**Clinton Presidential Records  
Automated Records Management System  
[EMAIL] and Tape Restoration Project [Email]**

---

This is not a presidential record. This is used as an administrative marker by the William J. Clinton Presidential Library Staff.

This marker identifies a responsive email, already made available within another collection.

---

Collection: Elena Kagan Systematic Processing Project

Bucket: OPD

Creation Date: 1999-05-11

Subject: Press paper -- with '92 quote

Creator: Jose Cerda III

---

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 20:13:40.00

SUBJECT:

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

Unable to convert ARMS\_EXT:[ATTACH.D64]ARMS252743540.136 to ASCII,  
The following is a HEX DUMP:

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

**The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act**  
**May 12, 1999**

Today, President Clinton will announce that his COPS program has achieved an important milestone by helping communities to hire or redeploy 100,000 police officers across the nation. Additionally, he will propose new legislation -- The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- that builds on the successful 1994 Crime Act, which has helped to cut the crime rate dramatically across the nation. This new legislation will renew the Justice Department's COPS program and include new provisions to reduce juvenile and drug crime, protect crime victims, and combat international crime and terrorism.

- **Helping fund 100,000 community-oriented police.** President Clinton will announce grants of more than \$95 million for 526 communities to hire approximately 1,500 new police officers. With these new grants, the Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) office will have provided 11,300 cities with \$5.9 billion to help hire and redeploy more than 100,000 police officers across the country -- fulfilling the President's 1992 pledge to do so.
- **Building on what works.** The President also will propose new legislation -- The 21st Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- that builds on the successful programs enacted as part of the 1994 Crime Act. The President's new legislation will:

**(1) Keep our commitment to law enforcement** by renewing the COPS program and providing funds to hire or redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more police, giving police the high-tech tools they need to do their job, and hiring more local prosecutors to target local crime problems.

**(2) Punish and prevent youth crime and violence** by giving prosecutors new tools to punish the most violent juveniles and curb witness intimidation by gang members; promoting swift and certain punishment for all juvenile offenders; and working to prevent at-risk youth from committing serious crimes in the first place.

**(3) Break the cycle of drugs and crime** by expanding drug courts, helping states and localities implement "zero tolerance" drug supervision programs that test, treat, and punish all drug offenders, and putting into place tough provisions on money laundering to help staunch the flow of illegal drug profits.

**(4) Protect all crime victims** by enhancing penalties for child abusers who kill and adults who commit violent crimes in the presence of a child; providing new authorities for federal law enforcement to protect older Americans from illegal telemarketing, nursing home neglect and abuse, retirement rip-offs, and health care fraud; and by keeping up the fight against domestic violence.

**(5) Combat international crime and terrorism** by prohibiting certain possession and unsafe handling of biological agents and toxins, and making it more difficult for these agents to fall into the hands of terrorists.

## KEEPING OUR COMMITMENT TO LAW ENFORCEMENT

- **Renewing the COPS program.** The President's 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act extends the COPS program and proposes spending \$1.3 billion annually to help communities continue to hire, redeploy, and retain police officers. It also will give law enforcement officers access to the latest crime-fighting technologies, and target funds to engage the entire community in the fight against crime. Specifically, the bill will provide:
  - **\$600 million for more police on the street.** These funds would be used primarily to hire and redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more law enforcement officers over five years, with an effort to target new police officers to crime "hot spots." A portion of the funds also would be used to help economically-distressed communities absorb the long-term costs of their new police hires, and to fund programs to train, educate, and recruit police officers -- including efforts to train police officers in ethics and integrity and to promote minority recruitment.
  - **\$350 million for crime-fighting technologies.** These funds would be used to help state and local enforcement agencies gain access to new technologies that will allow them to communicate more effectively, solve more crimes, and conduct comprehensive crime analysis. For instance, these funds could be used to: use computers and wireless communications to send data and images from a police department in one jurisdiction to a patrol car in the next; improve the state of the nation's overburdened and underfunded crime labs and make high-end laboratory technologies -- such as DNA analysis -- more widely available; and expand the use of crime mapping and other technologies that improve law enforcement's ability to analyze, predict, and respond to local crime trends and problems.
  - **\$200 million for community prosecutors and neighborhood district attorneys.** As police and community residents have joined forces to fight crime on a proactive basis, communities also have turned to local prosecutors to play a more active role in community crime-fighting efforts. These funds will help communities hire more prosecutors to target neighborhood crime problems.
  - **\$125 million for community-wide crime prevention.** The President's new legislation specifically provides funds to engage the entire community in preventing and fighting crime. These funds could be used to: work with local school officials in adopting community-wide plans to prevent school violence; involve faith-based and other values-based organizations in juvenile crime prevention efforts; and establish citizens' police academies that teach neighborhood residents problem-solving skills.
- **Supporting Law Enforcement.** The President's new crime legislation also will extend federal grants to help police departments purchase bullet-proof vests for their police officers and allow communities to use a portion of COPS funds to help current police officers pay for a college education or graduate school.

## PUNISHING AND PREVENTING YOUTH CRIME AND VIOLENCE

- **Cracking down on gangs and violent youth.** The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act incorporates key provisions of the Anti-Gang and Youth Violence Strategy announced by the President in 1997. It provides new tools to help federal prosecutors go after gang criminals and violent youth. Specifically, the bill will:
  - **Give prosecutors the discretion to decide whether to try the most serious violent juveniles as adults**, allowing prosecutors to treat appropriately the older and more serious offenders who may not be adequately punished in the juvenile justice system;
  - **Expand law enforcement access to federal juvenile records** by requiring that federal juvenile records involving gun offenses or other adult-type felonies be sent to the FBI and made available to all law enforcement officers in the same manner as adult records;
  - **Make it easier to prosecute gang members and other violent criminals who attempt to intimidate or retaliate against witnesses**; and
  - **Authorize judges to hold gang members without bail pending trial** if there is probable cause to believe they have been involved in criminal activity.
- **Provide swift, certain, and proportionate punishments for juvenile offenders.** The President's legislation also authorizes new funds for states and localities to ensure swift, certain, and proportionate punishments whenever juvenile offenders violate the law -- sending the message that there are clear and certain consequences for breaking the rules. These grants could be used to fund:
  - **Graduated sanctions** that hold youthful offenders accountable for every offense, and that escalate in intensity for repeat offenses;
  - **Teen courts** or peer juries to promote zero-tolerance policies for misdemeanor offenses such as truancy, vandalism, and underage alcohol and tobacco use; and
  - **Restitution or victim mediation**, which requires young offenders and their family members to meet face-to-face with the victims of their crimes and agree upon appropriate reparations, including restitution or community service.
- **Prevent serious juvenile crime in the first place.** The President's bill authorizes \$95 million for comprehensive community-based prevention to target at-risk youth, including:
  - **Mentoring and after school programs** to provide positive role models and responsible adult supervision for young people; and
  - **Anti-truancy initiatives** to keep kids in school and off the streets, where they are more likely to become victims or perpetrators of crime.

## BREAKING THE CYCLE OF DRUGS AND CRIME

- **Enforcing “zero tolerance” drug supervision.** In 1997, more than three-quarters of the nation’s prisoners reported past drug use, and one in six committed their crimes so they could purchase drugs. The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act addresses this problem by establishing a new \$100 million initiative to help states and localities systematically test, treat, and sanction drug-involved probationers, prisoners, and parolees. The bill also reauthorizes the successful drug court initiative established in the 1994 Crime Act, and extends funding to provide intensive, long-term drug treatment to state prisoners with serious drug problems.
- **Enhancing drug penalties and enforcement.** The President’s bill contains targeted penalty increases for using kids to sell drugs and selling drugs on or near school property. It also grants the Attorney General emergency authority to temporarily reschedule certain controlled substances, on a temporary basis.
- **Helping states fight drugs and crime.** The President’s bill extends the Violent Offender Incarceration/Truth-in-Sentencing (VOI/TIS) prison grant program, while giving states additional flexibility to free up additional prison beds by seeking authorization to use up to 25 percent of previously awarded grant funds to implement graduated sanctions programs for non-violent offenders. Graduated sanction programs hold offenders accountable for every offense they commit, while escalating in intensity with repeat offenses. The bill also reauthorizes the Byrne block grant program, which funds statewide anti-drug plans and multi-jurisdictional drug enforcement task forces.
- **Cracking down on drug money laundering.** Money laundering is a global problem, often involving international financial institutions and the smuggling of currency across borders. To continue the Administration’s fight against international money laundering and drug crime, the President’s bill will:
  - **Help stop the flow of cash drug proceeds** by making it a federal crime to smuggle “bulk cash” (more than \$10,000 in currency) out of the United States, and by cracking down on money transmitters who knowingly accept criminal proceeds from abroad or who fail to report large cash transactions;
  - **Hold foreign banks that violate our laws accountable** by allowing federal courts to exercise jurisdiction over them;
  - **Thwart black market transactions** by requiring persons who use drug proceeds to prove they didn’t know the money came from unlawful activity; and
  - **Seize more illegal drug profits** by doing more to confiscate the assets of criminals and encouraging more cooperation from foreign governments.

## PROTECTING ALL CRIME VICTIMS

- **Establishing a new safety net for seniors.** Falling violent and property crime rates mean our nation's seniors are safer, but these citizens remain threatened by telemarketing scams, retirement rip-offs, and abuse and neglect by caretakers. To help protect seniors from these crimes and punish the criminals who prey on elderly Americans, the President's bill will:
  - **Shut down fraudulent telemarketers** by granting the Attorney General new authority to block and terminate telephone service to illegal telemarketers;
  - **Protect nursing home residents from abuse and neglect** by giving federal prosecutors new tools to halt and punish nursing home operators who repeatedly abuse and neglect the residents in their care;
  - **Fight health care fraud and abuse** by making it easier for the Justice Department to prosecute and punish illegal kickback schemes -- and harder for criminals to stick Medicare with the bills by declaring bankruptcy; and
  - **Safeguard retirement and pension plans** by making it a federal crime to defraud employee pension benefit or retirement funds and increasing penalties for retirement plan managers who take bribes.
- **Protecting children exposed to violence.** Each year millions of children and adolescents are victims of violent crime, and millions more witness serious violence or abuse. These children are more likely to go on to commit violent crimes themselves. The President's bill will make it easier for federal prosecutors to charge child abusers who kill with first degree murder, and to bolster the prosecution of adults who commit violent crimes in front of children.
- **Continuing the fight against domestic violence.** The historic Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) helped to strengthen law enforcement's response to violent crime committed against women. It helped promote comprehensive law enforcement strategies, encouraged pro-arrest policies for domestic violence crimes, and provided emergency shelter to women and children fleeing abusive situations. The President's bill extends these successful programs and also:
  - **Targets the illegal trafficking of women and children** by giving federal prosecutors new tools to bring trafficking cases and increasing penalties for persons who transport women and children to the United States and coerce them to work in sweatshops and other forced labor; and
  - **Protects battered immigrant women and children** by enabling them to file their own petitions for lawful status, without having to rely on abusive spouses.

## COMBATING TERRORISM AND INTERNATIONAL CRIME

- **Keeping biological weapons out of the hands of terrorists.** Biological weapons pose a serious threat to the United States, particularly in the hands of terrorists or disaffected groups. The President's bill will help keep dangerous biological agents and toxins out of the wrong hands by:
  - **Barring unauthorized possession and transfer of harmful biological agents;**
  - **Holding accountable persons who knowingly disregard public health and safety when handling deadly toxins;**
  - **Making it a crime to perpetrate a hoax involving biological agents; and**
  - **Prohibiting violent felons and fugitives from possessing dangerous biological agents.**
- **Implementing the President's International Crime Control Strategy.** The President's bill includes key provisions from the International Crime Control Act he introduced last year, including measures to:
  - **Create a new federal criminal penalty for port-running,** an evasion tactic employed by contraband smugglers to pass through ports without stopping -- putting law enforcement and civilians at great risk;
  - **Strengthen our ability to intercept drug smuggling vessels** by making it a criminal offense for failing to "heave to" a vessel at the direction of a Coast Guard or other federal law enforcement official seeking to board that vessel;
  - **Protect Americans abroad** by strengthening our authority to investigate and prosecute organized crime groups who commit crimes against Americans abroad;
  - **Respond to emerging international crime problems** by enhancing enforcement tools to combat international arms trafficking and requiring additional "end-use" verification of certain precursor chemicals used to manufacture illegal drugs; and
  - **Deny safe haven for international fugitives** by excluding drug traffickers who attempt to enter the United States to avoid prosecution in another country.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 20:07:50.00

SUBJECT: Re: 21st Century Crime Event briefing & press paper

TO: Laura Emmett ( CN=Laura Emmett/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Jordan Tamagni ( CN=Jordan Tamagni/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Deborah Akel ( CN=Deborah Akel/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: alejandro g. cabrera ( CN=alejandro g. cabrera/O=ovp @ ovp [ UNKNOWN ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Mark D. Neschis ( CN=Mark D. Neschis/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Richard L. Siewert ( CN=Richard L. Siewert/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Megan C. Moloney ( CN=Megan C. Moloney/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Melissa G. Green ( CN=Melissa G. Green/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Sarah E. Gegenheimer ( CN=Sarah E. Gegenheimer/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Julia M. Payne ( CN=Julia M. Payne/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Linda Ricci ( CN=Linda Ricci/OU=OMB/O=EOP @ EOP [ OMB ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Beverly J. Barnes ( CN=Beverly J. Barnes/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Nanda Chitre ( CN=Nanda Chitre/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Joseph P. Lockhart ( CN=Joseph P. Lockhart/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Broderick Johnson ( CN=Broderick Johnson/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: David Vandivier ( CN=David Vandivier/OU=OMB/O=EOP @ EOP [ OMB ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: melissa b. ratcliff ( CN=melissa b. ratcliff/O=ovp @ ovp [ UNKNOWN ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Erica S. Lepping ( CN=Erica S. Lepping/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Karin Kullman ( CN=Karin Kullman/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Julianne B. Corbett ( CN=Julianne B. Corbett/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Heather M. Riley ( CN=Heather M. Riley/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Julie B. Goldberg ( CN=Julie B. Goldberg/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Jason H. Schechter ( CN=Jason H. Schechter/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Dag Vega ( CN=Dag Vega/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Ruby Shamir ( CN=Ruby Shamir/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Elizabeth R. Newman ( CN=Elizabeth R. Newman/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Jennifer M. Palmieri ( CN=Jennifer M. Palmieri/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Barry J. Toiv ( CN=Barry J. Toiv/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

NB: The attached document from Laura's e-mail had the right text copied,  
but the wrong document attached. Here's the correct attachment...jc3

Laura Emmett  
05/11/99 07:31:25 PM  
Record Type: Record

To: See the distribution list at the bottom of this message  
cc: Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP, Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OPD/EOP,  
Broderick Johnson/WHO/EOP, Jordan Tamagni/WHO/EOP  
Subject: 21st Century Crime Event briefing & press paper

## The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act May 12, 1999

Today, President Clinton will announce that his COPS program has achieved an important milestone by helping communities to hire or redeploy 100,000 police officers across the nation. Additionally, he will propose new legislation -- The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- that builds on the successful 1994 Crime Act, which has helped to cut the crime rate dramatically across the nation. This new legislation will renew the Justice Department's COPS program and include new provisions to reduce juvenile and drug crime, protect crime victims, and combat international crime and terrorism.

◆ Helping fund 100,000 community-oriented police. President Clinton will announce grants of more than \$95 million for 526 communities to hire approximately 1,500 new police officers. With these new grants, the Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) office will have provided 11,300 cities with \$5.9 billion to help hire and redeploy more than 100,000 police officers across the country -- fulfilling the President's 1992 pledge to do so.

◆ Building on what works. The President also will propose new legislation -- The 21st Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- that builds on the successful programs enacted as part of the 1994 Crime Act. The President's new legislation will:

(1) Keep our commitment to law enforcement by renewing the COPS program and providing funds to hire or redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more police, giving police the high-tech tools they need to do their job, and hiring more local prosecutors to target local crime problems.

(2) Punish and prevent youth crime and violence by giving prosecutors new tools to punish the most violent juveniles and curb witness intimidation by gang members; promoting swift and certain punishment for all juvenile offenders; and working to prevent at-risk youth from committing serious crimes in the first place.

(3) Break the cycle of drugs and crime by expanding drug courts, helping states and localities implement zero tolerance drug supervision programs that test, treat, and punish all drug offenders, and putting into place tough provisions on money laundering to help staunch the flow of illegal drug profits.

(4) Protect all crime victims by enhancing penalties for child abusers who kill and adults who commit violent crimes in the presence of a child; providing new authorities for federal law enforcement to protect older Americans from illegal telemarketing, nursing home neglect and abuse, retirement rip-offs, and health care fraud; and by keeping up the fight against domestic violence.

(5) Combat international crime and terrorism by prohibiting certain possession and unsafe handling of biological agents and toxins, and making it more difficult for these agents to fall into the hands of terrorists.

#### KEEPING OUR COMMITMENT TO LAW ENFORCEMENT

◆ Renewing the COPS program. The President's 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act extends the COPS program and proposes spending \$1.3 billion annually to help communities continue to hire, redeploy, and retain police officers. It also will give law enforcement officers access to the latest crime-fighting technologies, and target funds to engage the entire community in the fight against crime. Specifically, the bill will provide:

- \$600 million for more police on the street. These funds would be used primarily to hire and redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more law enforcement officers over five years, with an effort to target new police officers to crime & hot spots.<sup>8</sup> A portion of the funds also would be used to help economically-distressed communities absorb the long-term costs of their new police hires, and to fund programs to train, educate, and recruit police officers -- including efforts to train police officers in ethics and integrity and to promote minority recruitment.

- \$350 million for crime-fighting technologies. These funds would be used to help state and local enforcement agencies gain access to new technologies that will allow them to communicate more effectively, solve more crimes, and conduct comprehensive crime analysis. For instance, these funds could be used to: use computers and wireless communications to send data and images from a police department in one jurisdiction to a patrol car in the next; improve the state of the nation's overburdened and underfunded crime labs and make high-end laboratory technologies -- such as DNA analysis -- more widely available; and expand the use of crime mapping and other technologies that improve law enforcement's ability to analyze, predict, and respond to local crime trends and problems.

- \$200 million for community prosecutors and neighborhood district attorneys. As police and community residents have joined forces to fight crime on a proactive basis, communities also have turned to local prosecutors to play a more active role in community crime-fighting efforts. These funds will help communities hire more prosecutors to target neighborhood crime problems.

- \$125 million for community-wide crime prevention. The President's new legislation specifically provides funds to engage the entire community in preventing and fighting crime. These funds could be used to: work with local school officials in adopting community-wide plans to prevent school violence; involve faith-based and other values-based organizations in juvenile crime prevention efforts; and establish citizens, police

academies that teach neighborhood residents problem-solving skills.

Supporting Law Enforcement. The President's new crime legislation also will extend federal grants to help police departments purchase bullet-proof vests for their police officers and allow communities to use a portion of COPS funds to help current police officers pay for a college education or graduate school.

## PUNISHING AND PREVENTING YOUTH CRIME AND VIOLENCE

Cracking down on gangs and violent youth. The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act incorporates key provisions of the Anti-Gang and Youth Violence Strategy announced by the President in 1997. It provides new tools to help federal prosecutors go after gang criminals and violent youth. Specifically, the bill will:

- Give prosecutors the discretion to decide whether to try the most serious violent juveniles as adults, allowing prosecutors to treat appropriately the older and more serious offenders who may not be adequately punished in the juvenile justice system;
- Expand law enforcement access to federal juvenile records by requiring that federal juvenile records involving gun offenses or other adult-type felonies be sent to the FBI and made available to all law enforcement officers in the same manner as adult records;
- Make it easier to prosecute gang members and other violent criminals who attempt to intimidate or retaliate against witnesses; and
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Provide swift, certain, and proportionate punishments for juvenile offenders. The President's legislation also authorizes new funds for states and localities to ensure swift, certain, and proportionate punishments whenever juvenile offenders violate the law -- sending the message that there are clear and certain consequences for breaking the rules. These grants could be used to fund:

- Graduated sanctions that hold youthful offenders accountable for every offense, and that escalate in intensity for repeat offenses;
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to target at-risk youth, including:

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## BREAKING THE CYCLE OF DRUGS AND CRIME

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-- Seize more illegal drug profits by doing more to confiscate the assets of criminals and encouraging more cooperation from foreign governments.

## PROTECTING ALL CRIME VICTIMS

Establishing a new safety net for seniors. Falling violent and property crime rates mean our nation's seniors are safer, but these citizens remain threatened by telemarketing scams, retirement rip-offs, and abuse and neglect by caretakers. To help protect seniors from these crimes and punish the criminals who prey on elderly Americans, the President's bill will:

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- Targets the illegal trafficking of women and children by giving federal prosecutors new tools to bring trafficking cases and increasing penalties for persons who transport women and children to the United States and coerce them to work in sweatshops and other forced labor; and
- Protects battered immigrant women and children by enabling them to file

their own petitions for lawful status, without having to rely on abusive spouses.

## COMBATING TERRORISM AND INTERNATIONAL CRIME

◆ Keeping biological weapons out of the hands of terrorists.

Biological weapons pose a serious threat to the United States, particularly in the hands of terrorists or disaffected groups. The President's bill will help keep dangerous biological agents and toxins out of the wrong hands by:

- Barring unauthorized possession and transfer of harmful biological agents;
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- Making it a crime to perpetrate a hoax involving biological agents; and
- Prohibiting violent felons and fugitives from possessing dangerous biological agents.

◆ Implementing the President's International Crime Control Strategy. The President's bill includes key provisions from the International Crime Control Act he introduced last year, including measures to:

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- Strengthen our ability to intercept drug smuggling vessels by making it a criminal offense for failing to heave to a vessel at the direction of a Coast Guard or other federal law enforcement official seeking to board that vessel;
- Protect Americans abroad by strengthening our authority to investigate and prosecute organized crime groups who commit crimes against Americans abroad;
- Respond to emerging international crime problems by enhancing enforcement tools to combat international arms trafficking and requiring additional end-use verification of certain precursor chemicals used to manufacture illegal drugs; and
- Deny safe haven for international fugitives by excluding drug traffickers who attempt to enter the United States to avoid prosecution in another country.

To:

Barry J. Toiv/WHO/EOP  
Joseph P. Lockhart/WHO/EOP  
Jennifer M. Palmieri/WHO/EOP  
Nanda Chitre/WHO/EOP  
Elizabeth R. Newman/WHO/EOP  
Beverly J. Barnes/WHO/EOP  
Ruby Shamir/OPD/EOP  
Linda Ricci/OMB/EOP  
Dag Vega/WHO/EOP  
Julia M. Payne/WHO/EOP  
Jason H. Schechter/WHO/EOP  
Sarah E. Gegenheimer/WHO/EOP  
Julie B. Goldberg/WHO/EOP  
Melissa G. Green/OPD/EOP  
Heather M. Riley/WHO/EOP  
Megan C. Moloney/WHO/EOP  
Julianne B. Corbett/WHO/EOP  
Richard L. Siewert/WHO/EOP  
Karin Kullman/OPD/EOP  
Mark D. Neschis/WHO/EOP  
Erica S. Lepping/WHO/EOP  
Alejandro G. Cabrera/OVP @ OVP  
Melissa B. Ratcliff/OVP @ OVP  
Deborah Akel/WHO/EOP  
David Vandivier/OMB/EOP

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

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The following is a HEX DUMP:

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===== ATTACHMENT 2 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

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===== END ATTACHMENT 2 =====

===== ATTACHMENT 3 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

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===== END ATTACHMENT 3 =====

May 11, 1999

**UNVEILING OF THE 21<sup>ST</sup> CENTURY CRIME LAW ENFORCEMENT  
AND PUBLIC SAFETY ACT**

**DATE:** May 12, 1999  
**LOCATION:** Rose Garden  
**BRIEFING TIME:** 12:15pm – 12:40pm  
**MEET & GREET:** 12:40pm – 12:50pm  
**EVENT TIME:** 12:55pm – 1:55pm  
**FROM:** Bruce Reed

**I. PURPOSE**

To announce that the Administration has reached its goal of helping communities to hire and redeploy 100,000 police officers and to propose new crime legislation.

**II. BACKGROUND**

Today, you will announce that your COPS program has achieved an important milestone by helping communities to hire or redeploy 100,000 police officers across the nation. Additionally, you will propose new legislation -- the 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- that builds on the successful 1994 Crime Act, which has helped to cut the crime rate dramatically across the nation. This new legislation will renew the Justice Department's COPS program and include new provisions to reduce juvenile and drug crime, protect crime victims, and combat international crime and terrorism.

- **Helping fund 100,000 community-oriented police.** You will announce grants of more than \$95 million for 526 communities to hire approximately 1,500 new police officers. With these new grants, the Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) office will have provided 11,300 cities with \$5.9 billion to help hire and redeploy more than 100,000 police officers across the country -- fulfilling the your 1992 pledge to do so.
- **Building on what works.** You also will propose new legislation -- the 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- that builds on the successful programs enacted as part of the 1994 Crime Act. Your new legislation will:

**(1) Keep our commitment to law enforcement** by renewing the COPS program and providing funds to hire or redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more police,

giving police the high-tech tools they need to do their job, and hiring more local prosecutors to target local crime problems.

**(2) Punish and prevent youth crime and violence** by giving prosecutors new tools to punish the most violent juveniles and curb witness intimidation by gang members; promoting swift and certain punishment for all juvenile offenders; and working to prevent at-risk youth from committing serious crimes in the first place.

**(3) Break the cycle of drugs and crime** by expanding drug courts, helping states and localities implement “zero tolerance” drug supervision programs that test, treat, and punish all drug offenders, and putting into place tough provisions on money laundering to help staunch the flow of illegal drug profits.

**(4) Protect all crime victims** by enhancing penalties for child abusers who kill and adults who commit violent crimes in the presence of a child; providing new authorities for federal law enforcement to protect older Americans from illegal telemarketing, nursing home neglect and abuse, retirement rip-offs, and health care fraud; and by keeping up the fight against domestic violence.

**(5) Combat international crime and terrorism** by prohibiting certain possession and unsafe handling of biological agents and toxins, and making it more difficult for these agents to fall into the hands of terrorists.

### III. PARTICIPANTS

#### Briefing Participants:

Attorney General Janet Reno  
Bruce Reed  
Jose Cerda  
Broderick Johnson  
Jordan Tamagni

#### Event Participants:

Attorney General Janet Reno  
Senator Patrick Leahy (D-VT)  
Representative John Conyers (D-MI)  
Representative Bart Stupak (D-MI)  
Officer Jonathan Hall, Wilmington Police Department

### IV. PRESS PLAN

Open Press.

### V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- **YOU** will greet police officers and event participants in the Oval Office.
- **YOU** will be announced into the Rose Garden, accompanied by Attorney General Janet Reno, Senator Patrick Leahy, Representative John Conyers, Representative Bart Stupak, and Officer Jonathan Hall.
- **YOU** will make remarks and introduce Officer Jonathan Hall.
- Officer Hall will make remarks and introduce Attorney General Reno.
- Attorney General Reno will make remarks and introduce Sen. Patrick Leahy.
- Sen. Patrick Leahy will make remarks and introduce Rep. John Conyers.
- Rep. John Conyers will make remarks and introduce Rep. Bart Stupak.
- Rep. Bart Stupak will make remarks.
- **YOU** will return to the podium for closing remarks and depart.

## **I. REMARKS**

To be provided by speechwriting.

**PRESIDENT AND MRS. CLINTON, VICE PRESIDENT AND MRS. GORE  
HOST STRATEGY SESSION ON  
CHILDREN, VIOLENCE AND RESPONSIBILITY  
Monday, May 10, 1999**

Today, the President led a strategy meeting to discuss the problem of youth violence and develop a strategy for a national campaign to address this problem. The meeting included a broad cross-section of Americans including parents and children, teachers and religious leaders, law enforcement and government officials, gun manufacturers and sportsmen, and representatives of the entertainment industry. The President announced several initiatives to address the problem of youth violence including a Surgeon General's Report on Youth Violence, gun industry support for gun legislation in five important areas, and public and private commitments to ensure the effective implementation of the V-Chip.

**SURGEON GENERAL'S REPORT ON YOUTH VIOLENCE**

Today, the President announced that he is asking the nation's Surgeon General, Dr. David Satcher, to prepare a landmark report on youth violence -- the first such study on this subject in more than a decade. This report will bring together leading experts to review and evaluate existing research, and build on the findings of the 1972 Surgeon General Report on Television and Violence, as well as the 1985 Surgeon General's Workshop on Violence. Much is already known about how to reduce and prevent youth violence, but this report will add to the nation's understanding in this field. It also will address media that have emerged since previous reports, such as the Internet and video games.

**GUN INDUSTRY SHOWS SUPPORT FOR LEGISLATION IN FIVE KEY AREAS**

Today, leaders in the firearms industry announced their support for working out legislation in five areas. Specifically, the American Shooting Sports Council (ASSC), the gun industry's trade association in Washington, which represents 350 firearms manufacturers and distributors around the country, released a statement supporting legislation in five areas:

- **Closing the gun show loophole on Brady background checks.** The Treasury Department estimates that 25-50 percent of the sellers at gun shows are unlicensed and sell guns without the benefit of a background check. As a result, gun shows can provide a forum for illegal firearms sales and gun trafficking. The President has proposed background checks, based on the existing Brady law, for firearms transferred at gun shows.
- **Extending the Brady Law to violent juveniles.** Although violent youth convicted in adult courts are barred from owning firearms as adults, the same is not true for youth convicted of serious violent crimes in juvenile court. The President has proposed permanently banning all violent juveniles from buying guns -- so that they cannot purchase a gun on their 21st birthday.
- **Raising the age of the youth handgun ban to 21 years of age.** Federal law generally bans the possession of handguns by juveniles under the age of 18, and prohibits federal

gun dealers from selling firearms to anyone under 21 years of age. However, it is perfectly legal for 18-20 year-olds to possess handguns or to buy them from unlicensed sellers -- even though law enforcement trace more crime guns to 18 and 19 year-olds than all other age groups. The President has proposed raising the legal age of handgun ownership from 18 to 21 years, while maintaining current exemptions for employment, hunting, target shooting, ranching and military service.

- **Holding adults responsible for child access to guns.** Child Access Prevention (CAP) laws promote gun safety and responsibility by holding adults responsible if they allow children easy access to firearms and ammunition. The President has proposed imposing felony penalties on adults who knowingly or recklessly allow a child to have access to a gun that is later used to cause death or injury.
- **Helping law enforcement to trace more firearms used in crimes.** Over the past 2 years, the President has expanded comprehensive crime gun tracing to 37 cities -- helping them to trace all crime guns to their source, to identify illegal gun markets, and to crack down on gun traffickers. Last year, ATF initiated over 300 investigations in these cities, which involved over 3,300 illegally trafficked firearms. The President has proposed expanding comprehensive tracing nationwide, starting by doubling the program to 75 cities.

#### **MAKING THE V-CHIP WORK**

The V-Chip is a device that allows parents to block television programming they consider inappropriate for their children. President Clinton and Vice President Gore led the successful fight for legislation that requires the V-Chip be installed in all new television sets sold beginning January 1, 2000. At today's strategy session the President announced two new initiatives to make sure the V-Chip becomes a useful tool for parents.

- **V-Chip Task Force.** To ensure that the V-Chip law is implemented effectively, the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) will establish a V-Chip Task Force. The Task Force will: (1) ensure the V-Chip requirement is enforced promptly and comprehensively; (2) promote parental awareness about the V-Chip and work closely with organizations sharing this goal; (3) encourage adoption of a standard label identifying television sets that contain the V-Chip and; (4) study the use of the V-Chip and evaluate the effectiveness of the industry's ratings system. FCC Chairman William Kennard has appointed Commissioner Gloria Tristani to chair the Task Force.
- **The V-Chip Survey and Education Project.** According to a survey released today by the Kaiser Foundation, while many parents (77%) say they want to use the V-Chip, less than four out of ten parents (39%) has ever seen information on how the system works. The Kaiser Foundation and the Center for Media Education announced today a major national effort to educate parents about the V-Chip TV ratings system. The educational campaign will include free booklets for parents on how the V-chip TV ratings system works. The free parent information will be available through a toll-free telephone number and will be promoted through partnerships with TV manufacturers, retailers, parents' organizations, newspapers, and television stations.

## **A NATIONAL CAMPAIGN TO PREVENT YOUTH VIOLENCE**

Recognizing that youth violence is a problem that government cannot solve alone, the President, the First Lady, the Vice President and Mrs. Gore called for a national campaign to reduce youth violence. This campaign will work with all sectors of our society – the media, education groups, parents, religious leaders, and young people – to focus on this problem, find what's working, spread it to new communities, while also helping to ensure that the media sends the right message to our children.

This campaign is modeled after two extremely successful efforts launched by the Clinton Administration. Four years ago, the President asked for a national campaign to reduce teen pregnancy. Today, under the leadership of Governor Tom Kean, former governor of New Jersey, and now the President of Drew University, that campaign is playing an important role in reducing teen pregnancy rates nationwide. Two years ago, the President called for a national effort by businesses to hire people off welfare, to make sure the welfare reform effort would work. Today, under the leadership of Eli Segal, the Welfare to Work Partnership has grown to 10,000 companies that have helped move more than 40,000 people from the welfare rolls to the job rolls.

**The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act**  
**May 12, 1999**

Today, President Clinton will announce that the Administration will reach a milestone in helping communities fund the hiring and redeployment of 100,000 more police officers. Additionally, he will propose new legislation -- The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- that builds on the successful 1994 Crime Act, which has helped to drive down crime rates for more than six years in a row. This new legislation will renew the Justice Department's Community Oriented Policing Services program (COPS), and include new provisions to reduce juvenile and drug crime, protect all crime victims, and combat international crime and terrorism.

- **Helping fund 100,000 community-oriented police.** President Clinton will announce grants of more than \$95 million for 526 communities to hire approximately 1,500 new police officers. With these new grants, the COPS office will have provided 11,300 cities with \$5.9 billion to help hire and redeploy more than 100,000 police officers across the country -- fulfilling the President's 1992 pledge.
- **Building on what works.** The President will also propose new legislation -- The 21st Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- that builds on the successful programs enacted as part of the 1994 Crime Act. The President's new legislation will:
  - (1) **Keep our commitment to law enforcement** by renewing the COPS program and providing funds to hire and redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more police, giving police the high-tech tools they need to do their job, and hiring more local prosecutors to target local crime problems.
  - (2) **Punish and prevent youth crime and violence** by giving prosecutors new tools to punish the most violent juveniles and curb gang witness intimidation; promoting swift and certain punishments for all juvenile offenders; and working to prevent at-risk youth from committing serious crimes in the first place.
  - (3) **Break the cycle of drugs and crime** by expanding drug courts and helping states and localities implement "zero tolerance" drug supervision programs that drug test, treat, and punish all drug offenders; and by enacting tough new money laundering provisions that help staunch the flow of illegal drug profits.
  - (4) **Protect all crime victims** by enhancing penalties for child abusers who kill and adults who commit violent crimes in the presence of a child; providing new authorities for federal law enforcement to protect older Americans from illegal telemarketing, nursing home neglect and abuse, retirement rip-offs, and health care fraud; and by keeping up the fight against domestic violence.
  - (5) **Combat international crime and terrorism** by prohibiting certain possession and unsafe handling of biological agents and toxins, and making it more difficult for them to fall into the hands of terrorists.

## KEEPING OUR COMMITMENT TO LAW ENFORCEMENT

- **Renewing the COPS program.** The President's 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act extends the COPS program and proposes spending \$1.3 billion annually to help communities continue to hire, redeploy, and retain police officers. It will also give law enforcement officers access to the latest crime-fighting technologies, and target funds to engage the entire community in the fight against crime. Specifically, the bill will provide:
  - **\$600 million for more police on the street.** These funds would be used primarily to hire and redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more law enforcement officers over five years, with an effort to target new police officers to crime "hot spots." A portion of the funds would also be used to help economically-distressed communities absorb the long-term costs of their new police hires, and for programs to train, educate, and recruit police officers -- including efforts to train police officers in ethics and integrity, and to promote minority recruitment.
  - **\$350 million for crime-fighting technologies.** These funds would be used to help state and local enforcement agencies tap into new technologies that will allow them to communicate more effectively, solve more crimes, and conduct comprehensive crime analysis. For instance, these funds could be used to: utilize computers and wireless communications to send data and images seamlessly from a police department in one jurisdiction to a patrol car in the next; improve the state of the nation's overburdened and underfunded crime labs, and to make high-end technologies -- such as DNA analysis -- more widely available; and expand the use of crime mapping and other technologies that improve law enforcement's ability to analyze, predict and respond to local crime trends and problems.
  - **\$200 million for community prosecutors and neighborhood district attorneys.** As police and community residents have joined forces to fight crime on a proactive basis, communities also have turned to local prosecutors to play a more active role in community crime-fighting efforts. These funds will help communities hire more prosecutors to target neighborhood crime problems.
  - **\$125 million for community-wide crime prevention.** The President's new legislation specifically provides funds to engage the entire community in preventing and fighting crime. These funds could be used to: work with local school officials in adopting community-wide plans to prevent school violence; involve values-based organizations in juvenile crime prevention efforts; and establish citizens' police academies that teach neighborhood residents problem-solving skills.
- **Supporting Law Enforcement.** The President's new crime legislation will also make it a federal crime for criminals to use a bullet-proof vest during the commission of a crime, extend federal grants to help police departments purchase bullet-proof vests for their police officers, and allow a portion of COPS funds to be used to help current police officers pay for a college education or graduate school.

## **PUNISHING AND PREVENTING YOUTH CRIME AND VIOLENCE**

- **Cracking down on gangs and violent youth.** The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act incorporates key provisions of the Anti-Gang and Youth Violence Strategy announced by the President in 1997. It provides new tools to help federal prosecutors go after gang criminals and violent youth. Specifically, the bill will:
  - **Give prosecutors the discretion to decide whether to try the most serious violent juveniles as adults**, allowing them to target older and more serious offenders that may not be adequately punished in the juvenile justice system;
  - **Expand law enforcement access to federal juvenile records**, requiring that federal juvenile records involving gun offenses or other adult-type felonies be sent to the FBI and made available to all law enforcement in the same manner as adult records;
  - **Make it easier to prosecute gang members and other violent criminals who attempt to intimidate or retaliate against witnesses**; and
  - **Authorize judges to hold gang members without bail pending trial** if there is probable cause to believe they have been involved in criminal activity.
- **Provide certain punishment for juvenile offenders.** The President's legislation also authorizes new funds for states and localities to ensure swift and certain punishment whenever juvenile offenders violate the law -- sending the message that there are clear and certain consequences for breaking the rules. These grants could be used to fund:
  - **Graduated sanctions** that hold youthful offenders accountable for every offense, and that escalate in intensity for repeat offenses;
  - **Teen courts**, or peer juries to promote zero tolerance policies for misdemeanor offenses such as truancy, vandalism, underage alcohol and tobacco use; and
  - **Restitution or victim mediation**, which require young offenders and their family members to meet face-to-face with the victims of their crimes and agree upon appropriate reparations -- including restitution or community service.
- **Prevent serious juvenile crime in the first place.** The President's bill authorizes a \$95 million for comprehensive, community-based prevention programs that target at-risk youth. These funds could be used to promote mentoring, gang intervention, truancy reduction, and other such programs.

## BREAKING THE CYCLE OF DRUGS AND CRIME

- **Enforcing “zero tolerance” drug supervision.** In 1997, more than three-quarters of the nation’s prisoners reported past drug use, and one in six committed their crimes so they could purchase drugs. The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act addresses this problem by establishing a new \$100 million initiative to help states and localities systematically test, treat, and sanction drug-involved probationers, prisoners, and parolees. The bill also reauthorizes the successful drug court initiative established in the 1994 Crime Act, and extends funding to provide intensive, long-term drug treatment to state prisoners with serious drug problems.
- **Enhancing drug penalties and enforcement.** The President’s bill contains targeted drug penalty increases, for using kids to sell drugs and selling drugs on or near school property. It increases penalties for amphetamine trafficking, which is used to manufacture methamphetamine, and grants the Attorney General emergency authority to temporarily reschedule certain controlled substances.
- **Helping states fight drugs and crime.** The President’s bill extends the Violent Offender Incarceration/Truth-in-Sentencing (VOI/TIS) prison grant program, and gives states the added flexibility to free up additional prison beds by seeking authorization to use up to 25 percent of previously awarded grant funds to implement graduated sanctions programs for non-violent offenders. Graduated sanction programs hold offenders accountable for every offense they commit and escalate in intensity with repeat offenses. The bill also reauthorizes the Byrne block grant program, which funds statewide anti-drug plans and multi-jurisdictional drug enforcement task forces.
- **Cracking down on drug money laundering.** Our money laundering laws have not been updated since they were first enacted in 1986. Since that time, money laundering has become a global problem -- involving international financial institutions and the smuggling of currency across borders. To take on international money laundering and drug crime, the President’s bill will:
  - **Help stop the flow of cash drug proceeds** by making it a federal crime to smuggle “bulk cash” (more than \$10,000 in currency) out of the United States, and by cracking down on money transmitters who knowingly accept criminal proceeds from abroad or who fail to report large cash transactions;
  - **Hold foreign banks that violate our laws accountable** by allowing federal courts to exercise jurisdiction over them;
  - **Thwart black market transactions** by requiring persons who use drug proceeds to prove they didn’t know the money came from unlawful activity; and
  - **Seize more illegal drug profits** by doing more to confiscate the assets of criminals and encouraging more cooperation from foreign governments.

## PROTECTING ALL CRIME VICTIMS

- **Establishing a new safety net for seniors.** Although falling violent and property crime rates mean our nation's seniors are safer but remain threatened by by telemarketing scams, retirement rip-offs, and abuse and neglect at the hands of the very people entrusted to care for them. To help protect seniors from these crimes and punish the criminals who prey on elderly Americans, the President's bill will:
  - **Shut down fraudulent telemarketers** by granting the Attorney General new authority to block and terminate telephone service to illegal telemarketers;
  - **Protect nursing home residents from abuse and neglect** by giving federal prosecutors new tools to halt and punish nursing home operators who repeatedly abuse and neglect the residents in their care;
  - **Fight health care fraud and abuse** by making it easier for the Justice Department to prosecute and punish illegal kickback schemes -- and harder for criminals to stick Medicare with the bills by declaring bankruptcy;
  - **Safeguard retirement and pension plans** by making it a federal crime to defraud employee pension benefit or retirement funds and increasing penalties for retirement plan managers who take bribes.
- **Protecting children exposed to violence.** Each year millions of children and adolescents are victims of violent crime and millions more witness serious violence or abuse. These children are more likely to go on to commit violent crimes themselves. The President's bill will make it easier for federal prosecutors to charge child abusers who kill with first degree murder murder, and strengthen federal law to bolster the prosecution of adults who commit violent crimes in front of children.
- **Continuing the fight against domestic violence.** The historic Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) helped to strengthen law enforcement's response to violent crime committed against women. It helped promoted comprehensive law enforcement strategies, encouraged pro-arrest polices for domestic violence crimes, and provided emergency shelter to women and children fleeing abusive situations. The President's bill extends these successful program and also:
  - **Targets the illegal trafficking of women and children** by giving federal prosecutors new tools to bring trafficking cases, and increasing penalties for persons who transport women and children to the United States and coerce them to work in sweatshops and other forced labor.
  - **Protects battered immigrant women and children** by enabling them to file their own petitions for lawful status, without having to rely on abusive spouses.

## COMBATING TERRORISM AND INTERNATIONAL CRIME

- **Keeping biological weapons out of the hands of terrorists.** Biological weapons pose a serious threat to the United States, particularly in the hands of terrorists or disaffected groups. The President's bill will help keep dangerous biological agents and toxins out of the wrong hands by:
  - **Barring unauthorized possession and transfer of harmful biological agents;**
  - **Holding accountable persons who knowingly disregard public health and safety when handling deadly toxins;**
  - **Making it a crime to perpetrate a hoax involving biological agents; and**
  - **Prohibiting violent felons and fugitives from possessing dangerous biological agents.**
- **Implementing the President's International Crime Control Strategy.** The President's bill includes key provisions from The International Crime Control Act he introduced last year, including measures to:
  - **Create a new federal criminal penalty for port-running,** an evasion tactic employed by contraband smugglers to pass through ports without stopping -- putting law enforcement and civilians at great risk;
  - **Strengthen our ability to intercept drug smuggling vessels** by making it a criminal offense for failing to "heave to" a vessel at the direction of a Coast Guard or other federal law enforcement official seeking to board that vessel;
  - **Protect Americans abroad** by strengthening our authority to investigate and prosecute organized crime groups who commit crimes against Americans abroad;
  - **Respond to emerging international crime problems** by enhancing enforcement tools to combat international arms trafficking, and requiring additional "end-use" verification of certain precursor chemicals used to manufacture illegal drugs; and
  - **Deny safe haven for international fugitives** by excluding drug traffickers, their immediate family members, and others who attempt to enter the United States to avoid prosecution in another country.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 19:37:21.00

SUBJECT: Re: this should fit...

TO: Lisa Gordon-Hagerty ( CN=Lisa Gordon-Hagerty/OU=NSC/O=EOP @ EOP [ NSC ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

The bio-weapons piece is on the last page...jc3

----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/11/99

07:38 PM -----

Laura Emmett

05/11/99 07:22:34 PM

Record Type: Record

To: Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP

cc: Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OPD/EOP

bcc:

Subject: Re: this should fit...

Jose Cerda III

05/11/99 07:21:45 PM

Record Type: Record

To: Laura Emmett/WHO/EOP@EOP

cc:

Subject: this should fit...

e-mail me paper as soon as you have it...I have a reporter on hold...jc3

----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/11/99  
07:22 PM -----

Leanne A. Shimabukuro  
05/11/99 07:15:45 PM  
Record Type: Record

To: Laura Emmett/WHO/EOP  
cc: Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP  
Subject: this should fit...

Prevent serious juvenile crime in the first place. The President,s bill authorizes \$95 million for comprehensive community-based prevention to target at-risk youth, including:

- Mentoring and after school programs to provide positive role models and responsible adult supervision for young people; and
- Anti-truancy initiatives to keep kids in school, and off the streets -- where they are more likely to become victims or perpetrators of crime.

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

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The following is a HEX DUMP:

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## **The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act**

**May 12, 1999**

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### **KEEPING OUR COMMITMENT TO LAW ENFORCEMENT**

- **Renewing the COPS program.** The President's 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act extends the COPS program and proposes spending \$1.3 billion annually to help communities continue to hire, redeploy, and retain police officers. It also will give law enforcement officers access to the latest crime-fighting technologies, and target funds to engage the entire community in the fight against crime. Specifically, the bill will provide:
  - **\$600 million for more police on the street.** These funds would be used primarily to hire and redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more law enforcement officers over five years, with an effort to target new police officers to crime "hot spots." A portion of the funds also would be used to help economically-distressed communities absorb the long-term costs of their new police hires, and to fund programs to train, educate, and recruit police officers -- including efforts to train police officers in ethics and integrity and to promote minority recruitment.
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  - **\$200 million for community prosecutors and neighborhood district attorneys.** As police and community residents have joined forces to fight crime on a proactive basis, communities also have turned to local prosecutors to play a more active role in community crime-fighting efforts. These funds will help communities hire more prosecutors to target neighborhood crime problems.
  - **\$125 million for community-wide crime prevention.** The President's new legislation specifically provides funds to engage the entire community in preventing and fighting crime. These funds could be used to: work with local school officials in adopting community-wide plans to prevent school violence; involve faith-based and other values-based organizations in juvenile crime prevention efforts; and establish citizens' police academies that teach neighborhood residents problem-solving skills.
- **Supporting Law Enforcement.** The President's new crime legislation also will extend federal grants to help police departments purchase bullet-proof vests for their police officers and allow communities to use a portion of COPS funds to help current police officers pay for a college education or graduate school.

## PUNISHING AND PREVENTING YOUTH CRIME AND VIOLENCE

- **Cracking down on gangs and violent youth.** The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act incorporates key provisions of the Anti-Gang and Youth Violence Strategy announced by the President in 1997. It provides new tools to help federal prosecutors go after gang criminals and violent youth. Specifically, the bill will:
  - **Give prosecutors the discretion to decide whether to try the most serious violent juveniles as adults**, allowing prosecutors to treat appropriately the older and more serious offenders who may not be adequately punished in the juvenile justice system;
  - **Expand law enforcement access to federal juvenile records** by requiring that federal juvenile records involving gun offenses or other adult-type felonies be sent to the FBI and made available to all law enforcement officers in the same manner as adult records;
  - **Make it easier to prosecute gang members and other violent criminals who attempt to intimidate or retaliate against witnesses**; and
  - **Authorize judges to hold gang members without bail pending trial** if there is probable cause to believe they have been involved in criminal activity.
- **Provide swift, certain, and proportionate punishments for juvenile offenders.** The President's legislation also authorizes new funds for states and localities to ensure swift, certain, and proportionate punishments whenever juvenile offenders violate the law -- sending the message that there are clear and certain consequences for breaking the rules. These grants could be used to fund:
  - **Graduated sanctions** that hold youthful offenders accountable for every offense, and that escalate in intensity for repeat offenses;
  - **Teen courts** or peer juries to promote zero-tolerance policies for misdemeanor offenses such as truancy, vandalism, and underage alcohol and tobacco use; and
  - **Restitution or victim mediation**, which requires young offenders and their family members to meet face-to-face with the victims of their crimes and agree upon appropriate reparations, including restitution or community service.
- **Prevent serious juvenile crime in the first place.** The President's bill authorizes \$95 million for comprehensive community-based prevention to target at-risk youth, including:
  - **Mentoring and after school programs** to provide positive role models and responsible adult supervision for young people; and
  - **Anti-truancy initiatives** to keep kids in school and off the streets, where they are more likely to become victims or perpetrators of crime.

## BREAKING THE CYCLE OF DRUGS AND CRIME

- **Enforcing “zero tolerance” drug supervision.** In 1997, more than three-quarters of the nation’s prisoners reported past drug use, and one in six committed their crimes so they could purchase drugs. The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act addresses this problem by establishing a new \$100 million initiative to help states and localities systematically test, treat, and sanction drug-involved probationers, prisoners, and parolees. The bill also reauthorizes the successful drug court initiative established in the 1994 Crime Act, and extends funding to provide intensive, long-term drug treatment to state prisoners with serious drug problems.
- **Enhancing drug penalties and enforcement.** The President’s bill contains targeted penalty increases for using kids to sell drugs and selling drugs on or near school property. It also grants the Attorney General emergency authority to temporarily reschedule certain controlled substances, on a temporary basis.
- **Helping states fight drugs and crime.** The President’s bill extends the Violent Offender Incarceration/Truth-in-Sentencing (VOI/TIS) prison grant program, while giving states additional flexibility to free up additional prison beds by seeking authorization to use up to 25 percent of previously awarded grant funds to implement graduated sanctions programs for non-violent offenders. Graduated sanction programs hold offenders accountable for every offense they commit, while escalating in intensity with repeat offenses. The bill also reauthorizes the Byrne block grant program, which funds statewide anti-drug plans and multi-jurisdictional drug enforcement task forces.
- **Cracking down on drug money laundering.** Money laundering is a global problem, often involving international financial institutions and the smuggling of currency across borders. To continue the Administration’s fight against international money laundering and drug crime, the President’s bill will:
  - **Help stop the flow of cash drug proceeds** by making it a federal crime to smuggle “bulk cash” (more than \$10,000 in currency) out of the United States, and by cracking down on money transmitters who knowingly accept criminal proceeds from abroad or who fail to report large cash transactions;
  - **Hold foreign banks that violate our laws accountable** by allowing federal courts to exercise jurisdiction over them;
  - **Thwart black market transactions** by requiring persons who use drug proceeds to prove they didn’t know the money came from unlawful activity; and
  - **Seize more illegal drug profits** by doing more to confiscate the assets of criminals and encouraging more cooperation from foreign governments.

## PROTECTING ALL CRIME VICTIMS

- **Establishing a new safety net for seniors.** Falling violent and property crime rates mean our nation's seniors are safer, but these citizens remain threatened by telemarketing scams, retirement rip-offs, and abuse and neglect by caretakers. To help protect seniors from these crimes and punish the criminals who prey on elderly Americans, the President's bill will:
  - **Shut down fraudulent telemarketers** by granting the Attorney General new authority to block and terminate telephone service to illegal telemarketers;
  - **Protect nursing home residents from abuse and neglect** by giving federal prosecutors new tools to halt and punish nursing home operators who repeatedly abuse and neglect the residents in their care;
  - **Fight health care fraud and abuse** by making it easier for the Justice Department to prosecute and punish illegal kickback schemes -- and harder for criminals to stick Medicare with the bills by declaring bankruptcy; and
  - **Safeguard retirement and pension plans** by making it a federal crime to defraud employee pension benefit or retirement funds and increasing penalties for retirement plan managers who take bribes.
- **Protecting children exposed to violence.** Each year millions of children and adolescents are victims of violent crime, and millions more witness serious violence or abuse. These children are more likely to go on to commit violent crimes themselves. The President's bill will make it easier for federal prosecutors to charge child abusers who kill with first degree murder, and to bolster the prosecution of adults who commit violent crimes in front of children.
- **Continuing the fight against domestic violence.** The historic Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) helped to strengthen law enforcement's response to violent crime committed against women. It helped promote comprehensive law enforcement strategies, encouraged pro-arrest policies for domestic violence crimes, and provided emergency shelter to women and children fleeing abusive situations. The President's bill extends these successful programs and also:
  - **Targets the illegal trafficking of women and children** by giving federal prosecutors new tools to bring trafficking cases and increasing penalties for persons who transport women and children to the United States and coerce them to work in sweatshops and other forced labor; and
  - **Protects battered immigrant women and children** by enabling them to file their own petitions for lawful status, without having to rely on abusive spouses.

## COMBATING TERRORISM AND INTERNATIONAL CRIME

- **Keeping biological weapons out of the hands of terrorists.** Biological weapons pose a serious threat to the United States, particularly in the hands of terrorists or disaffected groups. The President's bill will help keep dangerous biological agents and toxins out of the wrong hands by:
  - **Barring unauthorized possession and transfer of harmful biological agents;**
  - **Holding accountable persons who knowingly disregard public health and safety when handling deadly toxins;**
  - **Making it a crime to perpetrate a hoax involving biological agents; and**
  - **Prohibiting violent felons and fugitives from possessing dangerous biological agents.**
- **Implementing the President's International Crime Control Strategy.** The President's bill includes key provisions from the International Crime Control Act he introduced last year, including measures to:
  - **Create a new federal criminal penalty for port-running,** an evasion tactic employed by contraband smugglers to pass through ports without stopping -- putting law enforcement and civilians at great risk;
  - **Strengthen our ability to intercept drug smuggling vessels** by making it a criminal offense for failing to "heave to" a vessel at the direction of a Coast Guard or other federal law enforcement official seeking to board that vessel;
  - **Protect Americans abroad** by strengthening our authority to investigate and prosecute organized crime groups who commit crimes against Americans abroad;
  - **Respond to emerging international crime problems** by enhancing enforcement tools to combat international arms trafficking and requiring additional "end-use" verification of certain precursor chemicals used to manufacture illegal drugs; and
  - **Deny safe haven for international fugitives** by excluding drug traffickers who attempt to enter the United States to avoid prosecution in another country.

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**Clinton Presidential Records  
Automated Records Management System  
[EMAIL] and Tape Restoration Project [Email]**

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This is not a presidential record. This is used as an administrative marker by the William J. Clinton Presidential Library Staff.

This marker identifies a responsive email, already made available within another collection.

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Collection: Elena Kagan Systematic Processing Project

Bucket: OPD

Creation Date: 1999-05-11

Subject: bad news

Creator: Jose Cerda III

---

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 22:09:33.00

SUBJECT: AG edit

TO: Jordan Tamagni ( CN=Jordan Tamagni/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

AG called to request speech change...not huge, but important to her, and part of our devil's pact to get her to do this event at all. In graf 12, she doesn't want POTUS to say "we are finishing the job." ["We are only committing funds; we are not finished yet..."] How about we say, "...and today, we are fullfilling that pledge..." or something to that effect?

jc3

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 22:06:15.00

SUBJECT: Bio-Terrorism

TO: Lisa Gordon-Hagerty ( CN=Lisa Gordon-Hagerty/OU=NSC/O=EOP @ EOP [ NSC ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:  
LGH:

Thought you'd want to know...Shalala called my boss at home tonight to complain about the crime bill and biological weapons...Also, see attached article on crime bill...one way or the other...we're moving forward...jc3

Date: 05/11/99 Time: 20:25  
CClinton announcing last of police-hiring subsidies

WASHINGTON (AP) Announcing grants to reach a goal of putting 100,000 new police officers on the street, President Clinton planned Wednesday to ask Congress to toughen penalties for misuse of biological agents that can be used as weapons.

Clinton has made his commitment to put 100,000 more cops on the street through federal subsidies a hallmark of his administration. Although the actual number of new officers is running behind the number funded, administration officials were treating the latest round of grants as a milestone.

As he presents \$95 million in grants for the last 1,500 officers, Clinton planned to push Congress to renew the community policing program for five years and embrace his crime package, especially its initiatives aimed at cutting juvenile violence.

Clinton also planned to unveil legislation to toughen penalties for unauthorized possession of harmful biological agents like anthrax and hold certified handlers of such materials accountable for their misuse, an administration officials said Tuesday.

"It essentially bans the possession of these agents for other than peaceful purposes and makes the unsafe handling of them a crime as well," said the official, speaking on condition of anonymity.

Among the 526 grants being announced Wednesday, officials said, were \$2.3 million to hire 30 new officers for the Miami-Dade Public Schools police in Florida; \$1.5 million to hire 20 new officers in Raleigh, N.C.; \$1.9 million for 20 new officers in Fairfax, Va., and \$1.6 million for 21 new officers in Irvington, N.J. A half-dozen towns in Puerto Rico were receiving funds for 137 new officers.

Republicans have accused the administration of failing to make good on the 100,000 cops pledge. And a recent Justice Department Inspector General's report said several state and local police agencies had used the grants to supplant rather than supplement

state and local funds.

Administration officials said that there is a lag of up to 18 months between the time an agency receives the funds and when a new trainee is ready to hit the streets, claim Clinton can boast of more than 50,000 new officers already on the beat.

There is also some flexibility for police agencies who want to use funds to upgrade communications and other gear in order to free up officers for patrols.

Jose Cerda of the White House domestic policy team said the agencies investigated by the Justice Department's inspector general represented less than 1 percent of the recipients and were singled out for review because of administration suspicions.

``Every indication from the Justice Department, from surveys that they conduct regularly, is that every six months there are more cops on the street," Cerda said. ``The program is working well."

Clinton wants to extend the community policing program. He would spend \$1.3 billion annually to help local governments to continue to hire more police, buy bulletproof vests and improved communications gear, hire more prosecutors and engage more closely with schools and community leaders.

APNP-05-11-99 2028EDT

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 17:20:30.00

SUBJECT: Re: PERF

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

kk was goig to...loop back w/her...jc3

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 11:35:13.00

SUBJECT: remembered 3rd thing...snappy graphs, handouts...more cops...less crime...

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 14:06:45.00

SUBJECT: Re: Beginning Goes Like This

TO: Jordan Tamagni ( CN=Jordan Tamagni/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

papa like!

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 14:43:28.00

SUBJECT: things

TO: Karin Kullman ( CN=Karin Kullman/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

LS/KK:

1. Anybody get w/Pasco on invites?
2. Is the VP attending? Who can we get to acknowledge all of the cop groups?
3. LS...have you followed-up w/folks on edits to paper?
4. LS...do we have a 3pm w/Johnny B?

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 11:06:21.00

SUBJECT: First Draft of Crime Bill Handout

TO: Charles A. Blanchard ( CN=Charles A. Blanchard/OU=ONDCP/O=EOP @ EOP [ ONDCP ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Chuck:

Forgot to send this to you...jc3

----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/11/99

11:07 AM -----

Jose Cerda III

05/10/99 11:44:30 PM

Record Type: Record

To: See the distribution list at the bottom of this message

cc:

Subject: First Draft of Crime Bill Handout

BR/EK/et.al.:

Some crime pleasure reading...here's the first draft of our hand-out for  
Wednesday event. Thoughts? Reactions?

Message Sent

To:

---

Bruce N. Reed/OPD/EOP

Elena Kagan/OPD/EOP

Mary L. Smith/OPD/EOP

Thomas L. Freedman/OPD/EOP

Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OPD/EOP

Karin Kullman/OPD/EOP

James Boden/OMB/EOP

Jordan Tamagni/WHO/EOP

Michelle Peterson/WHO/EOP

Eric R. Anderson/OVP @ OVP

Caroline R. Fredrickson/WHO/EOP

Broderick Johnson/WHO/EOP

Irene Bueno/OPD/EOP

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

Unable to convert ARMS\_EXT:[ATTACH.D28]ARMS21368544K.136 to ASCII,  
The following is a HEX DUMP:

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

**The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act**  
**May 12, 1999**

Today, President Clinton will announce that the Administration will reach its goal of helping communities fund the hiring and redeployment of 100,000 more police officers. Additionally, he will propose new legislation -- The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- that builds on the successful 1994 Crime Act, which has helped to drive down crime rates for more than six years in a row. This new legislation will renew the Justice Department's Community Oriented Policing Services program (COPS), and include new provisions to reduce juvenile and drug crime, protect all crime victims, and combat international crime and terrorism.

- **Helping fund 100,000 more police.** President Clinton will announce the availability of more than \$95 million for 526 communities to hire approximately 1,500 new police officers. With these new grants, the COPS office will have provided \_\_\_ cities with \$\_\_\_ billion to help hire and redeploy more than 100,000 police officers across the country -- fulfilling the President's 1992 pledge.
- **Building on what works.** The President will also propose new legislation -- The 21st Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- that builds on the successful programs enacted as part of the 1994 Crime Act. The President's new legislation will:

**(1) Keep our commitment to law enforcement** by renewing the COPS program and providing funds to hire and redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more police, giving police the high-tech tools they need to do their job, and hiring more local prosecutors to target local crime problems.

**(2) Punish and prevent youth crime and violence** by giving prosecutors new tools to punish the most violent juveniles and curb gang witness intimidation; promoting swift and certain punishments for all juvenile offenders; and working to prevent at-risk youth from committing serious crimes in the first place.

**(3) Break the cycle of drugs and crime** by expanding drug courts and helping states and localities implement "zero tolerance" drug supervision programs that drug test, treat, and punish all drug offenders; and by enacting tough new money laundering provisions that help staunch the flow of illegal drug profits.

**(4) Protect all crime victims** by enhancing penalties for child abusers who kill and adults who commit violent crimes in the presence of a child; providing new authorities for federal law enforcement to protect older Americans from illegal telemarketing, nursing home neglect and abuse, retirement rip-offs, and health care fraud; and by keeping up the fight against domestic violence.

**(5) Combat international crime and terrorism** by prohibiting certain possession and unsafe handling of biological agents and toxins, and making it more difficult for them to fall into the hands of terrorists.

## KEEPING OUR COMMITMENT TO LAW ENFORCEMENT

- **Renewing the COPS program.** The President's 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act extends the COPS program and proposes spending \$1.3 billion annually to help communities continue to hire, redeploy, and retain police officers. It will also give law enforcement officers access to the latest crime-fighting technologies, and target funds to engage the entire community in the fight against crime. Specifically, the bill will provide:
  - **\$600 million for more police on the street.** These funds would be used primarily to hire and redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more law enforcement officers over five years, with an effort to target new police officers to crime "hot spots." A portion of the funds would also be used to help economically-distressed communities absorb the long-term costs of their new police hires, and for programs to train, educate, and recruit police officers -- including efforts to train police officers in ethics and integrity, and to promote minority recruitment.
  - **\$350 million for crime-fighting technologies.** These funds would be used to help state and local enforcement agencies tap into new technologies that will allow them to communicate more effectively, solve more crimes, and conduct comprehensive crime analysis. For instance, these funds could be used to: utilize computers and wireless communications to send data and images seamlessly from a police department in one jurisdiction to a patrol car in the next; improve the state of the nation's overburdened and underfunded crime labs, and to make high-end technologies -- such as DNA analysis -- more widely available; and expand the use of crime mapping and other technologies that improve law enforcement's ability to analyze, predict and respond to local crime trends and problems.
  - **\$200 million for community prosecutors and neighborhood district attorneys.** As police and community residents have joined forces to fight crime on a proactive basis, communities also have turned to local prosecutors to play a more active role in community crime-fighting efforts. These funds will help communities hire more prosecutors to target neighborhood crime problems.
  - **\$150 million for community-wide crime prevention.** The President's new legislation specifically provides funds to engage the entire community in preventing and fighting crime. These funds could be used to: work with local school officials in adopting community-wide plans to prevent school violence; involve faith-based organizations in juvenile crime prevention efforts; and establish citizens' police academies that teach neighborhood residents problem-solving skills.
- **Supporting Law Enforcement.** The President's new crime legislation will also make it a federal crime for criminals to use a bullet-proof vest during the commission of a crime, extend federal grants to help police departments purchase bullet-proof vests for their police officers, and allow a portion of COPS funds to be used to help current police officers pay for a college education or graduate school.

## PUNISHING AND PREVENTING YOUTH CRIME AND VIOLENCE

- **Cracking down on gangs and violent youth.** The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act incorporates key provisions of the Anti-Gang and Youth Violence Strategy announced by the President in 1997. It provides new tools to help federal prosecutors go after gang criminals and serious, violent youth. Specifically, the bill will:
  - **Give prosecutors the discretion to decide whether to try the most serious violent juveniles as adults**, allowing them to target older and more serious offenders that may not be adequately punished in the juvenile justice system;
  - **Expand law enforcement access to juvenile records**, requiring that juvenile records involving gun offenses or other adult-type felonies be sent to the FBI and made available to all law enforcement in the same manner as adult records;
  - **Make it easier to prosecute gang members who attempt to intimidate or retaliate against witnesses**; and
  - **Authorize judges to hold gang members without bail pending trial** if there is probable cause to believe they have been involved in criminal activity.
- **Provide certain punishment for juvenile offenders.** The President's legislation also authorizes new funds for states and localities to ensure swift and certain punishment whenever juvenile offenders violate the law -- sending the message that there are clear and certain consequences for breaking the rules. These grants could be used to fund:
  - **Graduated sanctions** that hold youthful offenders accountable for every offense, and that escalate in intensity for repeat offenses;
  - **Teen courts**, or peer juries to promote zero tolerance policies for misdemeanor offenses such as truancy, vandalism, underage alcohol and tobacco use; and
  - **Restitution or victim mediation**, which require young offenders and their family members to meet face-to-face with the victims of their crimes and agree upon appropriate reparations -- including restitution or community service.
- **Prevent serious juvenile crime in the first place.** The President's bill authorizes a \$95 million for comprehensive, community-based prevention programs that target at-risk youth. These funds could be used to promote mentoring, gang intervention, truancy reduction, and other such programs.

## BREAKING THE CYCLE OF DRUGS AND CRIME

- **Enforcing “zero tolerance” drug supervision.** In 1997, more than three-quarters of the nation’s prisoners reported past drug use, and one in six committed their crimes so they could purchase drugs. The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act addresses this problem by establishing a new \$100 million initiative to help states and localities systematically test, treat, and sanction drug-involved probationers, prisoners, and parolees. His bill also reauthorizes the successful drug court initiative established in the 1994 Crime Act, and extends funding to provide intensive, long-term drug treatment to state prisoners with serious drug problems.
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- **Helping states fight drugs and crime.** The President’s bill extends funding for the Violent Offender Incarceration/Truth-in-Sentencing (VOI/TIS) prison grant program, and gives states the added flexibility to free up additional prison beds by using up to 25 percent of already appropriated funds to implement graduated sanctions programs for non-violent offenders. Graduated sanction programs hold offenders accountable for every offense they commit and escalate in intensity with repeat offenses. The bill also reauthorizes the Byrne block grant program, which funds statewide anti-drug plans and multi-jurisdictional drug enforcement task forces.
- **Cracking down on drug money laundering.** Our money laundering laws have not been updated since they were first enacted in 1986. Since that time, money laundering has become a global problem -- involving international financial institutions and the smuggling of currency across borders. To take on international money laundering and drug crime, the President’s bill will:
  - **Help stop the flow of cash drug proceeds** by making it a federal crime to smuggle “bulk cash” (more than \$10,000 in currency) out of the United States, and by cracking down on money transmitters who knowingly accept criminal proceeds from abroad or who fail to report large cash transactions;
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## PROTECTING ALL CRIME VICTIMS

- **Establishing a new safety net for seniors.** Although falling violent and property crime rates mean our nation's seniors are safer, they are equally threatened today by telemarketing scams, retirement rip-offs, and abuse and neglect at the hands of the very people entrusted to care for them. To help protect seniors from these crimes and punish the criminals who prey on elderly Americans, the President's bill will:
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  - **Fight health care fraud and abuse** by making it easier for the Justice Department to prosecute and punish illegal kickback schemes -- and harder for criminals to stick Medicare with the bills by declaring bankruptcy;
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- **Keeping biological weapons out of the hands of terrorists.** Biological weapons pose a serious threat to the United States, particularly in the hands of terrorists or disaffected groups. The President's bill will help keep dangerous biological agents and toxins out of the wrong hands by:
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  - **Create a new federal criminal penalty for port-running,** an evasion tactic employed by contraband smugglers to pass through ports without stopping -- putting law enforcement and civilians at great risk;
  - **Strengthen our ability to intercept drug smuggling vessels** by making it a criminal offense for failing to "heave to" a vessel at the direction of a Coast Guard or other federal law enforcement official seeking to board that vessel;
  - **Protect Americans abroad** by strengthening our authority to investigate and prosecute organized crime groups who commit crimes against Americans abroad;
  - **Respond to emerging international crime problems** by enhancing enforcement tools to combat international arms trafficking, and requiring additional "end-use" verification of certain precursor chemicals used to manufacture illegal drugs; and
  - **Deny safe haven for international fugitives** by excluding drug traffickers, their immediate family members, and others who attempt to enter the United States to avoid prosecution in another country.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 21:19:35.00

SUBJECT: Tiny edits, per DOJ, to the press paper...only on first page...jc3

TO: Deborah Akel ( CN=Deborah Akel/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Alejandro G. Cabrera ( CN=Alejandro G. Cabrera/O=OVP @ OVP [ UNKNOWN ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Mark D. Neschis ( CN=Mark D. Neschis/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Richard L. Siewert ( CN=Richard L. Siewert/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Megan C. Moloney ( CN=Megan C. Moloney/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Melissa G. Green ( CN=Melissa G. Green/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Sarah E. Gegenheimer ( CN=Sarah E. Gegenheimer/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Julia M. Payne ( CN=Julia M. Payne/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Linda Ricci ( CN=Linda Ricci/OU=OMB/O=EOP @ EOP [ OMB ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Beverly J. Barnes ( CN=Beverly J. Barnes/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Nanda Chitre ( CN=Nanda Chitre/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Joseph P. Lockhart ( CN=Joseph P. Lockhart/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: David Vandivier ( CN=David Vandivier/OU=OMB/O=EOP @ EOP [ OMB ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Melissa B. Ratcliff ( CN=Melissa B. Ratcliff/O=OVP @ OVP [ UNKNOWN ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Erica S. Lepping ( CN=Erica S. Lepping/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Karin Kullman ( CN=Karin Kullman/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Julianne B. Corbett ( CN=Julianne B. Corbett/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Heather M. Riley ( CN=Heather M. Riley/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Julie B. Goldberg ( CN=Julie B. Goldberg/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Jason H. Schechter ( CN=Jason H. Schechter/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Dag Vega ( CN=Dag Vega/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Ruby Shamir ( CN=Ruby Shamir/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Elizabeth R. Newman ( CN=Elizabeth R. Newman/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Jennifer M. Palmieri ( CN=Jennifer M. Palmieri/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Barry J. Toiv ( CN=Barry J. Toiv/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Devorah R. Adler ( CN=Devorah R. Adler/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Thomas L. Freedman ( CN=Thomas L. Freedman/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Bruce N. Reed ( CN=Bruce N. Reed/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Cathy R. Mays ( CN=Cathy R. Mays/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Christopher C. Jennings ( CN=Christopher C. Jennings/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Mary L. Smith ( CN=Mary L. Smith/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Irene Bueno ( CN=Irene Bueno/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Karin Kullman ( CN=Karin Kullman/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Elena Kagan ( CN=Elena Kagan/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Laura Emmett ( CN=Laura Emmett/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

Unable to convert ARMS\_EXT:[ATTACH.D25]ARMS24375354C.136 to ASCII,  
The following is a HEX DUMP:

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

**The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act**  
**May 12, 1999**

Today, President Clinton will announce that his COPS program has achieved an important milestone by helping communities to fund the hiring or redeployment of 100,000 police officers across the nation. Additionally, he will propose new legislation -- The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- that builds on the successful 1994 Crime Act, which has helped to cut the crime rate dramatically across the nation. This new legislation will renew the Justice Department's COPS program and include new provisions to reduce juvenile and drug crime, protect crime victims, and combat international crime and terrorism.

- **Helping fund 100,000 community-oriented police.** President Clinton will announce grants of more than \$95 million for 526 communities to hire approximately 1,500 new police officers. With these new grants, the Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) office will have provided 11,300 cities with \$5.9 billion to help hire and redeploy more than 100,000 police officers across the country -- fulfilling the President's 1992 pledge to do so. More than half of these officers are already patrolling America's streets.
- **Building on what works.** The President also will propose new legislation -- The 21st Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- that builds on the successful programs enacted as part of the 1994 Crime Act. The President's new legislation will:

**(1) Keep our commitment to law enforcement** by renewing the COPS program and providing funds to hire or redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more police, giving police the high-tech tools they need to do their job, and hiring more local prosecutors to target local crime problems.

**(2) Punish and prevent youth crime and violence** by giving prosecutors new tools to punish the most violent juveniles and curb witness intimidation by gang members; promoting swift and certain punishment for all juvenile offenders; and working to prevent at-risk youth from committing serious crimes in the first place.

**(3) Break the cycle of drugs and crime** by expanding drug courts, helping states and localities implement "zero tolerance" drug supervision programs that test, treat, and punish all drug offenders, and putting into place tough provisions on money laundering to help staunch the flow of illegal drug profits.

**(4) Protect all crime victims** by enhancing penalties for child abusers who kill and adults who commit violent crimes in the presence of a child; providing new authorities for federal law enforcement to protect older Americans from illegal telemarketing, nursing home neglect and abuse, retirement rip-offs, and health care fraud; and by keeping up the fight against domestic violence.

**(5) Combat international crime and terrorism** by prohibiting certain possession and unsafe handling of biological agents and toxins, and making it more difficult for these agents to fall into the hands of terrorists.

**KEEPING OUR COMMITMENT TO LAW ENFORCEMENT**

- Renewing the COPS program.** The President's 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act extends the COPS program and proposes spending \$1.3 billion annually to help communities continue to hire, redeploy, and retain police officers. It also will give law enforcement officers access to the latest crime-fighting technologies, and target funds to engage the entire community in the fight against crime. Specifically, the bill will provide:

  - \$600 million for more police on the street.** These funds would be used primarily to hire and redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more law enforcement officers over five years, with an effort to target new police officers to crime "hot spots." A portion of the funds also would be used to help economically-distressed communities absorb the long-term costs of their new police hires, and to fund programs to train, educate, and recruit police officers -- including efforts to train police officers in ethics and integrity and to promote minority recruitment.
  - \$350 million for crime-fighting technologies.** These funds would be used to help state and local enforcement agencies gain access to new technologies that will allow them to communicate more effectively, solve more crimes, and conduct comprehensive crime analysis. For instance, these funds could be used to: use computers and wireless communications to send data and images from a police department in one jurisdiction to a patrol car in the next; improve the state of the nation's overburdened and underfunded crime labs and make high-end laboratory technologies -- such as DNA analysis -- more widely available; and expand the use of crime mapping and other technologies that improve law enforcement's ability to analyze, predict, and respond to local crime trends and problems.
  - \$200 million for community prosecutors and neighborhood district attorneys.** As police and community residents have joined forces to fight crime on a proactive basis, communities also have turned to local prosecutors to play a more active role in community crime-fighting efforts. These funds will help communities hire more prosecutors to target neighborhood crime problems.
  - \$125 million for community-wide crime prevention.** The President's new legislation specifically provides funds to engage the entire community in preventing and fighting crime. These funds could be used to: work with local school officials in adopting community-wide plans to prevent school violence; involve faith-based and other values-based organizations in juvenile crime prevention efforts; and establish citizens' police academies that teach neighborhood residents problem-solving skills.
- Supporting Law Enforcement.** The President's new crime legislation also will extend federal grants to help police departments purchase bullet-proof vests for their police officers and allow communities to use a portion of COPS funds to help current police officers pay for a college education or graduate school.

## PUNISHING AND PREVENTING YOUTH CRIME AND VIOLENCE

- **Cracking down on gangs and violent youth.** The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act incorporates key provisions of the Anti-Gang and Youth Violence Strategy announced by the President in 1997. It provides new tools to help federal prosecutors go after gang criminals and violent youth. Specifically, the bill will:
  - **Give prosecutors the discretion to decide whether to try the most serious violent juveniles as adults**, allowing prosecutors to treat appropriately the older and more serious offenders who may not be adequately punished in the juvenile justice system;
  - **Expand law enforcement access to federal juvenile records** by requiring that federal juvenile records involving gun offenses or other adult-type felonies be sent to the FBI and made available to all law enforcement officers in the same manner as adult records;
  - **Make it easier to prosecute gang members and other violent criminals who attempt to intimidate or retaliate against witnesses**; and
  - **Authorize judges to hold gang members without bail pending trial** if there is probable cause to believe they have been involved in criminal activity.
- **Provide swift, certain, and proportionate punishments for juvenile offenders.** The President's legislation also authorizes new funds for states and localities to ensure swift, certain, and proportionate punishments whenever juvenile offenders violate the law -- sending the message that there are clear and certain consequences for breaking the rules. These grants could be used to fund:
  - **Graduated sanctions** that hold youthful offenders accountable for every offense, and that escalate in intensity for repeat offenses;
  - **Teen courts** or peer juries to promote zero-tolerance policies for misdemeanor offenses such as truancy, vandalism, and underage alcohol and tobacco use; and
  - **Restitution or victim mediation**, which requires young offenders and their family members to meet face-to-face with the victims of their crimes and agree upon appropriate reparations, including restitution or community service.
- **Prevent serious juvenile crime in the first place.** The President's bill authorizes \$95 million for comprehensive community-based prevention to target at-risk youth, including:
  - **Mentoring and after school programs** to provide positive role models and responsible adult supervision for young people; and
  - **Anti-truancy initiatives** to keep kids in school and off the streets, where they are more likely to become victims or perpetrators of crime.

#### **BREAKING THE CYCLE OF DRUGS AND CRIME**

- **Enforcing “zero tolerance” drug supervision.** In 1997, more than three-quarters of the nation’s prisoners reported past drug use, and one in six committed their crimes so they could purchase drugs. The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act addresses this problem by establishing a new \$100 million initiative to help states and localities systematically test, treat, and sanction drug-involved probationers, prisoners, and parolees. The bill also reauthorizes the successful drug court initiative established in the 1994 Crime Act, and extends funding to provide intensive, long-term drug treatment to state prisoners with serious drug problems.
- **Enhancing drug penalties and enforcement.** The President’s bill contains targeted penalty increases for using kids to sell drugs and selling drugs on or near school property. It also grants the Attorney General emergency authority to temporarily reschedule certain controlled substances, on a temporary basis.
- **Helping states fight drugs and crime.** The President’s bill extends the Violent Offender Incarceration/Truth-in-Sentencing (VOI/TIS) prison grant program, while giving states additional flexibility to free up additional prison beds by seeking authorization to use up to 25 percent of previously awarded grant funds to implement graduated sanctions programs for non-violent offenders. Graduated sanction programs hold offenders accountable for every offense they commit, while escalating in intensity with repeat offenses. The bill also reauthorizes the Byrne block grant program, which funds statewide anti-drug plans and multi-jurisdictional drug enforcement task forces.
- **Cracking down on drug money laundering.** Money laundering is a global problem, often involving international financial institutions and the smuggling of currency across borders. To continue the Administration’s fight against international money laundering and drug crime, the President’s bill will:
  - **Help stop the flow of cash drug proceeds** by making it a federal crime to smuggle “bulk cash” (more than \$10,000 in currency) out of the United States, and by cracking down on money transmitters who knowingly accept criminal proceeds from abroad or who fail to report large cash transactions;
  - **Hold foreign banks that violate our laws accountable** by allowing federal courts to exercise jurisdiction over them;
  - **Thwart black market transactions** by requiring persons who use drug proceeds to prove they didn’t know the money came from unlawful activity; and
  - **Seize more illegal drug profits** by doing more to confiscate the assets of criminals and encouraging more cooperation from foreign governments.

## PROTECTING ALL CRIME VICTIMS

- **Establishing a new safety net for seniors.** Falling violent and property crime rates mean our nation's seniors are safer, but these citizens remain threatened by telemarketing scams, retirement rip-offs, and abuse and neglect by caretakers. To help protect seniors from these crimes and punish the criminals who prey on elderly Americans, the President's bill will:
  - **Shut down fraudulent telemarketers** by granting the Attorney General new authority to block and terminate telephone service to illegal telemarketers;
  - **Protect nursing home residents from abuse and neglect** by giving federal prosecutors new tools to halt and punish nursing home operators who repeatedly abuse and neglect the residents in their care;
  - **Fight health care fraud and abuse** by making it easier for the Justice Department to prosecute and punish illegal kickback schemes -- and harder for criminals to stick Medicare with the bills by declaring bankruptcy; and
  - **Safeguard retirement and pension plans** by making it a federal crime to defraud employee pension benefit or retirement funds and increasing penalties for retirement plan managers who take bribes.
- **Protecting children exposed to violence.** Each year millions of children and adolescents are victims of violent crime, and millions more witness serious violence or abuse. These children are more likely to go on to commit violent crimes themselves. The President's bill will make it easier for federal prosecutors to charge child abusers who kill with first degree murder, and to bolster the prosecution of adults who commit violent crimes in front of children.
- **Continuing the fight against domestic violence.** The historic Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) helped to strengthen law enforcement's response to violent crime committed against women. It helped promote comprehensive law enforcement strategies, encouraged pro-arrest policies for domestic violence crimes, and provided emergency shelter to women and children fleeing abusive situations. The President's bill extends these successful programs and also:
  - **Targets the illegal trafficking of women and children** by giving federal prosecutors new tools to bring trafficking cases and increasing penalties for persons who transport women and children to the United States and coerce them to work in sweatshops and other forced labor; and
  - **Protects battered immigrant women and children** by enabling them to file their own petitions for lawful status, without having to rely on abusive spouses.

## COMBATING TERRORISM AND INTERNATIONAL CRIME

- **Keeping biological weapons out of the hands of terrorists.** Biological weapons pose a serious threat to the United States, particularly in the hands of terrorists or disaffected groups. The President's bill will help keep dangerous biological agents and toxins out of the wrong hands by:
  - **Barring unauthorized possession and transfer of harmful biological agents;**
  - **Holding accountable persons who knowingly disregard public health and safety when handling deadly toxins;**
  - **Making it a crime to perpetrate a hoax involving biological agents; and**
  - **Prohibiting violent felons and fugitives from possessing dangerous biological agents.**
- **Implementing the President's International Crime Control Strategy.** The President's bill includes key provisions from the International Crime Control Act he introduced last year, including measures to:
  - **Create a new federal criminal penalty for port-running,** an evasion tactic employed by contraband smugglers to pass through ports without stopping -- putting law enforcement and civilians at great risk;
  - **Strengthen our ability to intercept drug smuggling vessels** by making it a criminal offense for failing to "heave to" a vessel at the direction of a Coast Guard or other federal law enforcement official seeking to board that vessel;
  - **Protect Americans abroad** by strengthening our authority to investigate and prosecute organized crime groups who commit crimes against Americans abroad;
  - **Respond to emerging international crime problems** by enhancing enforcement tools to combat international arms trafficking and requiring additional "end-use" verification of certain precursor chemicals used to manufacture illegal drugs; and
  - **Deny safe haven for international fugitives** by excluding drug traffickers who attempt to enter the United States to avoid prosecution in another country.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 13:46:06.00

SUBJECT:

TO: LEANNE (Pager) #SHIMABUKURO ( LEANNE (Pager) #SHIMABUKURO [ UNKNOWN ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

call me if u can. jose

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 13:58:03.00

SUBJECT: Re: hello, how are you

TO: Jordan Tamagni ( CN=Jordan Tamagni/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Just got back to my office.....will review now...jc3

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 18:13:05.00

SUBJECT: whole new beginning

TO: Bruce N. Reed ( CN=Bruce N. Reed/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

This isn't ll of it...jc3

----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/11/99

06:14 PM -----

Jordan Tamagni  
05/11/99 06:11:03 PM

Record Type: Record

To: Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP

cc:

Subject: whole new beginning

Draft 5/11/99 6:30pm  
Tamagni

PRESIDENT WILLIAM J. CLINTON  
REMARKS FOR 21ST CENTURY CRIME BILL EVENT  
THE ROSE GARDEN  
May 12, 1999

Good afternoon. I want to begin by welcoming everyone here today to the White House. I am pleased to be joined by Officer [TK], from the Wilmington Police Department in Delaware -- and by so many representatives of our nation,s police forces and law enforcement organizations. They call you the thin blue line. Because of the dedication and courage each of you shows every day, that line is broader and stronger than ever.

I am also pleased to be joined by Attorney General Reno, and by Senator Leahy, Congressman Conyers, and Congressman Stupak, all of whom will have a chance to tell you about our united effort to fight crime on every front. And I am very glad to see Mayor Ed Rendell, and so many of our nation,s mayors and county executives.

In a few moments, I will announce new legislation -- my 21st Century Crime Bill -- that will help us build on the remarkable progress we have made together over the past six years to build a stronger, safer America for all of our families.

But first, I want to take a few moments to talk about the journey that has brought us all here today -- a journey that began more than six years ago. Joe Biden used to tell a story about how, before I was even sworn in as President, I would wake him up at night to talk about the crime bill. I don't think he minded much, because he knew that when it came to fighting crime, we all needed a wake-up call.

I want you to think for a minute about the challenge we were facing in 1993, not only in terms of rising crime and violence -- which had ravaged too many of our communities and left too many of our families living in fear -- but in terms of people's resignation to the problem. From public officials to private citizens, too many Americans had begun to believe that crime was uncontrollable; that our social fabric could not be mended; that we could not restore sanity, safety, and civility to our streets.

But around the country, a grassroots movement was growing to take our country back from crime, neighborhood by neighborhood, block by block, street by street. In police precincts, in community centers, in houses of worship, people were beginning to understand that if we were ever going to win the war against crime, we had to fundamentally change our approach.

Here in Washington, we began to listen -- and we took action. Five years ago this summer, thanks to the remarkable efforts of many members of Congress, I signed into law a Crime Bill that was the first of its kind. A comprehensive crime bill that funded local solutions to local problems ... that embraced the new and promising practice of community policing that was turning around some of our nation's worst neighborhoods ... that boldly took on the gun lobby, banning assault weapons and demanding waiting periods and background checks for handgun purposes ... that demanded tougher punishments for the toughest criminals. Above all, a crime bill that brought our laws back in line with our oldest values -- requiring all of us to take responsibility, at every level of government, in every community in America, to prevent crime and protect our families.

Five years later, we know our strategy was the right one -- and its success has been nothing short of remarkable. The murder rate is down to its lowest level in 30 years. Violent crime has dropped by 20% in the last six years alone. The overall crime rate is at a 25 year low -- and just this morning, the FBI announced that crime is down for the seventh year in a row, nationwide. And in many smaller ways -- reducing crimes like vandalism and littering that undermine our quality of life -- we are repairing our social fabric and restoring civility to our everyday lives.

There are many reasons for our success. Certainly, one of the biggest factors has been the Brady Bill, which has prevented the sale of over 250,000 handguns to felons and fugitives. The assault weapons ban helped. So have tougher penalties and the gradual lessening of the crack epidemic.

But police chiefs, politicians, and people on the street will tell you that the single most important factor in our progress has been community policing. Where police officers used to cruise anonymously through the

streets, community police officers walk the beat. They become involved in the lives of the people they protect -- and involve those people in the fight against crime.

Community policing has worked virtual miracles in places like Boston, Chicago, and New Orleans, where violent crime was out of control and law abiding citizens mistrusted police as much as they feared drug gangs. In cities like these, neighbors now work together with police, forming neighborhood watches, banding together against drug dealers, and building the connections that are the core of community life and at the heart of civil society.

When I signed the Crime Bill, I pledged to help communities around the country fund 100,000 community police officers by the year 2000 -- and today, we are finishing the job.

Since 1994, our COPS program has funded 99,000 new police officers -- and half are already on the beat. Today, I am pleased to announce the latest COPS grants -- over \$96 million to more than 500 communities -- that bring us to over 100,000 community police officers funded, ahead of schedule and under budget.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 18:13:35.00

SUBJECT: Re: bad news

TO: Barry J. Toiv ( CN=Barry J. Toiv/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

call them...said he'd call me right back after going out to the  
motorcade...jc3

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 20:20:35.00

SUBJECT: 100,000 speech

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/11/99  
08:21 PM -----

Bruce N. Reed  
05/11/99 06:50:39 PM  
Record Type: Record

To: Jordan Tamagni/WHO/EOP  
cc: Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP  
Subject: 100,000 speech

This is good. I would turn your thin blue line thought into a soundbite, and move it lower into the speech. You could insert it right after the graph about going over 100,000 -- something like:

"The results are in: More police and fewer guns equals less crime. By funding 100,000 community police, we have made the thin blue line thicker, and America is safer as a result."  
----- Forwarded by Bruce N. Reed/OPD/EOP on 05/11/99  
06:33 PM -----

Jose Cerda III  
05/11/99 06:12:59 PM  
Record Type: Record

To: Bruce N. Reed/OPD/EOP  
cc:  
Subject: whole new beginning

This isn't ll of it...jc3  
----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/11/99  
06:14 PM -----

Jordan Tamagni

05/11/99 06:11:03 PM

Record Type: Record

To: Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP

cc:

Subject: whole new beginning

Draft 5/11/99 6:30pm

Tamagni

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May 12, 1999

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under budget.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 16:56:19.00

SUBJECT: Re: would you be willing to do a specialty press conf. call at 2:30 pm tomorrow? bb

TO: Beverly J. Barnes ( CN=Beverly J. Barnes/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

sure

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:11-MAY-1999 19:21:53.00

SUBJECT: this should fit...

TO: Laura Emmett ( CN=Laura Emmett/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

e-mail me paper as soon as you have it...I have a reporter on hold...jc3

----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/11/99

07:22 PM -----

Leanne A. Shimabukuro

05/11/99 07:15:45 PM

Record Type: Record

To: Laura Emmett/WHO/EOP

cc: Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP

Subject: this should fit...

Prevent serious juvenile crime in the first place. The President,s bill authorizes \$95 million for comprehensive community-based prevention to target at-risk youth, including:

- Mentoring and after school programs to provide positive role models and responsible adult supervision for young people; and

- Anti-truancy initiatives to keep kids in school, and off the streets -- where they are more likely to become victims or perpetrators of crime.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:12-MAY-1999 14:10:02.00

SUBJECT: profiling

TO: Laura Emmett ( CN=Laura Emmett/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Laura:

Time to do this meeting...remember to schedule Edley...early next week would be good.

----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/12/99  
02:09 PM -----

Todd Stern

05/12/99 12:23:57 PM

Record Type: Record

To: Bruce N. Reed/OPD/EOP, Elena Kagan/OPD/EOP, Jose Cerda  
III/OPD/EOP

cc: Maria Echaveste/WHO/EOP

Subject: profiling

After the terrific job Jose did in meeting with Chris yesterday on the Crime chapter, I wanted to follow up on the one policy piece on crime that is still unresolved. Until the profiling issue is settled, we won't be able to get this chapter put to bed. So I'm playing the role of pest here to urge you guys to schedule the meeting you're planning to have, figure out what kind of memo needs to move forward to the President, and then get it there. If I can be helpful in any way, please let me know. And if you could let me know when you do schedule the meeting, I'd appreciate it. Many thanks. tds

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:12-MAY-1999 10:51:18.00

SUBJECT: Re: Fact Sheet: The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act

TO: Richard Socarides ( CN=Richard Socarides/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Edward W. Correia ( CN=Edward W. Correia/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:  
Richard:

As I mentioned earlier, we didn't put hate crimes in the paper -- along  
w/a few other things (i.e., .08 BAC standard) -- that are still candidates  
for the final bill...jc3

Richard Socarides 05/12/99 10:43:50 AM

Record Type: Record

To: Edward W. Correia/WHO/EOP, Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP  
cc:  
Subject: Fact Sheet: The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public  
Safety Act

No hate crimes?/

----- Forwarded by Richard Socarides/WHO/EOP on 05/12/99  
10:43 AM -----

Jason H. Schechter  
05/12/99 10:34:38 AM  
Record Type: Record

To: See the distribution list at the bottom of this message  
cc:  
Subject: Fact Sheet: The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public  
Safety Act

The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act  
May 12, 1999

Today, President Clinton will announce that his Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) program has achieved an important milestone by helping communities to fund the hiring or redeployment of 100,000 police officers across the nation. Additionally, he will propose new legislation -- The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- that builds on the successful 1994 Crime Act, which has helped to cut the crime rate dramatically across the nation. This new legislation renews the Justice Department's COPS program and includes new provisions to reduce juvenile and drug crime, protect crime victims, and combat international crime and terrorism.

◆ Helping fund 100,000 community-oriented police. President Clinton will announce grants of more than \$95 million for 526 communities to hire approximately 1,500 new police officers. With these new grants, the COPS office will have provided 11,300 cities with \$5.9 billion to help hire and redeploy more than 100,000 police officers across the country -- fulfilling the President's 1992 pledge to do so. More than half of these officers are already patrolling America's streets.

◆ Building on what works. The President also will propose new legislation -- The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- that builds on the successful programs enacted as part of the 1994 Crime Act. The President's new legislation would:

(1) Maintain our commitment to law enforcement by renewing the COPS program and providing funds to hire or redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more police, giving police the high-tech tools they need to do their job, and hiring more local prosecutors to target local crime problems.

(2) Punish and prevent youth crime and violence by giving prosecutors new tools to punish the most violent juveniles and curb witness intimidation by gang members, promoting swift and certain punishment for all juvenile offenders, and working to prevent at-risk youth from committing serious crimes in the first place.

(3) Break the cycle of drugs and crime by expanding drug courts, helping states and localities implement "zero tolerance" drug supervision programs that test, treat, and punish all drug offenders, and putting into place tough provisions on money laundering to help staunch the flow of illegal drug profits.

(4) Protect all crime victims by enhancing penalties for child abusers who kill and adults who commit violent crimes in the presence of a child; by providing new authorities for federal law enforcement to protect older Americans from illegal telemarketing, nursing home neglect and abuse, retirement rip-offs, and health care fraud; and by keeping up the fight against domestic violence.

(5) Combat international crime and terrorism by prohibiting certain possession and unsafe handling of biological agents and toxins, and making it more difficult for these agents to fall into the hands of terrorists.

KEEPING OUR COMMITMENT TO LAW ENFORCEMENT

Renewing the COPS program. The President's 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act extends the COPS program and proposes spending \$1.3 billion annually to help communities continue to hire, redeploy, and retain police officers. It would also give law enforcement officers access to the latest crime-fighting technologies and target funds to engage the entire community in the fight against crime. Specifically, the bill provides:

- \$600 million for more police on the street. These funds would be used primarily to hire and redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more law enforcement officers over five years, with an effort to target new police officers to crime "hot spots." A portion of the funds also would be used to help economically distressed communities absorb the long-term costs of their new police hires and to fund programs to train, educate, and recruit police officers -- including efforts to train police officers in ethics and integrity and to promote minority recruitment.
- \$350 million for crime-fighting technologies. These funds would be used to help state and local enforcement agencies gain access to new technologies that will allow them to communicate more effectively, solve more crimes, and conduct comprehensive crime analysis. For instance, these funds could be used to: use computers and wireless communications to send data and images from a police department in one jurisdiction to a patrol car in the next; improve the state of the nation's overburdened and underfunded crime labs and make high-end laboratory technologies -- such as DNA analysis -- more widely available; and expand the use of crime mapping and other technologies that improve law enforcement's ability to analyze, predict, and respond to local crime trends and problems.
- \$200 million for community prosecutors and neighborhood district attorneys. As police and community residents have joined forces to fight crime on a proactive basis, communities also have turned to local prosecutors to play a more active role in community crime-fighting efforts. These funds would help communities hire more prosecutors to target neighborhood crime problems.
- \$125 million for community-wide crime prevention. The President's new legislation specifically provides funds to engage the entire community in preventing and fighting crime. These funds could be used to: work with local school officials in adopting community-wide plans to prevent school violence; involve faith-based and other values-based organizations in juvenile crime prevention efforts; and establish citizens, police academies that teach neighborhood residents problem-solving skills.

Supporting Law Enforcement. The President's new crime legislation would also extend federal grants to help police departments purchase bullet-proof vests for their police officers and allow communities to use a portion of COPS funds to help current police officers pay for a college education or graduate school.

## PUNISHING AND PREVENTING YOUTH CRIME AND VIOLENCE

Cracking down on gangs and violent youth. The 21st Century Law

Enforcement and Public Safety Act incorporates key provisions of the Anti-Gang and Youth Violence Strategy announced by the President in 1997. It provides new tools to help federal prosecutors go after gang criminals and violent youth. Specifically, the bill will:

- Give prosecutors the discretion to decide whether to try the most serious violent juveniles as adults, allowing prosecutors to treat appropriately the older and more serious offenders who may not be adequately punished in the juvenile justice system;
- Expand law enforcement access to federal juvenile records by requiring that federal juvenile records involving gun offenses or other adult-type felonies be sent to the FBI and made available to all law enforcement officers in the same manner as adult records;
- Make it easier to prosecute gang members and other violent criminals who attempt to intimidate or retaliate against witnesses; and
- Authorize judges to hold gang members without bail pending trial if there is probable cause to believe they have been involved in criminal activity.

Provide swift, certain, and proportionate punishments for juvenile offenders. The President's legislation also authorizes new funds for states and localities to ensure swift, certain, and proportionate punishments whenever juvenile offenders violate the law -- sending the message that there are clear and certain consequences for breaking the rules. These grants could be used to fund:

- Graduated sanctions that hold youthful offenders accountable for every offense, and that escalate in intensity for repeat offenses;
- Teen courts or peer juries to promote zero-tolerance policies for misdemeanor offenses such as truancy, vandalism, and underage alcohol and tobacco use; and
- Restitution or victim mediation, which requires young offenders and their family members to meet face-to-face with the victims of their crimes and agree upon appropriate reparations, including restitution or community service.

Prevent serious juvenile crime in the first place. The President's bill authorizes \$95 million for comprehensive community-based prevention to target at-risk youth, including:

- Mentoring and after school programs to provide positive role models and responsible adult supervision for young people; and
- Anti-truancy initiatives to keep kids in school and off the streets, where they are more likely to become victims or perpetrators of crime.

#### BREAKING THE CYCLE OF DRUGS AND CRIME

Enforcing "zero tolerance" drug supervision. In 1997, more than

three-quarters of the nation,s prisoners reported past drug use, and one in six committed their crimes so they could purchase drugs. The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act addresses this problem by establishing a new \$100 million initiative to help states and localities systematically test, treat, and sanction drug-involved probationers, prisoners, and parolees. The bill also reauthorizes the successful drug court initiative established by the 1994 Crime Act and extends funding to provide intensive, long-term drug treatment to state prisoners with serious drug problems.

Enhancing drug penalties and enforcement. The President,s bill contains targeted penalty increases for using kids to sell drugs and selling drugs on or near school property. It also grants the Attorney General emergency authority to reschedule certain controlled substances on a temporary basis.

Helping states fight drugs and crime. The President,s bill extends the Violent Offender Incarceration/Truth-in-Sentencing prison grant program, while giving states additional flexibility to free up additional prison beds by seeking authorization to use up to 25 percent of previously awarded grant funds to implement graduated sanctions programs for non-violent offenders. Graduated sanction programs hold offenders accountable for every offense they commit, while escalating in intensity with repeat offenses. The bill also reauthorizes the Byrne block grant program, which funds statewide anti-drug plans and multi-jurisdictional drug enforcement task forces.

Cracking down on drug money laundering. Money laundering is a global problem, often involving international financial institutions and the smuggling of currency across borders. To continue the Administration,s fight against international money laundering and drug crime, the President,s bill would:

- Help stop the flow of cash drug proceeds by making it a federal crime to smuggle "bulk cash" (more than \$10,000 in currency) out of the United States and by cracking down on money transmitters who knowingly accept criminal proceeds from abroad or who fail to report large cash transactions;
- Hold foreign banks that violate our laws accountable by allowing federal courts to exercise jurisdiction over them;
- Thwart black market transactions by requiring persons who use drug proceeds to prove they did not know the money came from unlawful activity; and
- Seize more illegal drug profits by doing more to confiscate the assets of criminals and encouraging more cooperation from foreign governments.

## PROTECTING ALL CRIME VICTIMS

Establishing a new safety net for seniors. Falling violent and property crime rates mean our nation,s seniors are safer, but these

citizens remain threatened by telemarketing scams, retirement rip-offs, and abuse and neglect by caretakers. To help protect seniors from these crimes and punish the criminals who prey on elderly Americans, the President's bill would:

- Shut down fraudulent telemarketers by granting the Attorney General new authority to block and terminate telephone service to illegal telemarketers;
- Protect nursing home residents from abuse and neglect by giving federal prosecutors new tools to halt and punish nursing home operators who repeatedly abuse and neglect the residents in their care;
- Fight health care fraud and abuse by making it easier for the Justice Department to prosecute and punish illegal kickback schemes -- and harder for criminals to stick Medicare with the bills by declaring bankruptcy; and
- Safeguard retirement and pension plans by making it a federal crime to defraud employee pension benefit or retirement funds and increasing penalties for retirement plan managers who take bribes.

Protecting children exposed to violence. Each year millions of children and adolescents are victims of violent crime, and millions more witness serious violence or abuse. These children are more likely to go on to commit violent crimes themselves. The President's bill would make it easier for federal prosecutors to charge child abusers who kill with first degree murder and to bolster the prosecution of adults who commit violent crimes in front of children.

Continuing the fight against domestic violence. The historic Violence Against Women Act helped to strengthen law enforcement's response to violent crime committed against women. It helped promote comprehensive law enforcement strategies, encouraged pro-arrest policies for domestic violence crimes, and provided emergency shelter to women and children fleeing abusive situations. The President's bill extends these successful programs and also:

- Targets the illegal trafficking of women and children by giving federal prosecutors new tools to bring trafficking cases and increasing penalties for persons who transport women and children to the United States and coerce them to work in sweatshops and other forced labor; and
- Protects battered immigrant women and children by enabling them to file their own petitions for lawful status, without having to rely on abusive spouses.

## COMBATING TERRORISM AND INTERNATIONAL CRIME

Keeping biological weapons out of the hands of terrorists. Biological weapons pose a serious threat to the United States, particularly in the hands of terrorists or disaffected groups. The President's bill would help keep dangerous biological agents and toxins

out of the wrong hands by:

- Barring unauthorized possession and transfer of harmful biological agents;
- Holding accountable persons who knowingly disregard public health and safety when handling deadly toxins;
- Making it a crime to perpetrate a hoax involving biological agents; and
  - Prohibiting violent felons and fugitives from possessing dangerous biological agents.

◆ Implementing the President's International Crime Control Strategy. The President's bill includes key provisions from the International Crime Control Act he introduced last year, including measures to:

- Create a new federal criminal penalty for port-running, an evasion tactic employed by contraband smugglers passing through ports without stopping - that puts law enforcement and civilians at great risk;
- Strengthen our ability to intercept drug smuggling vessels by making it a criminal offense for failing to "heave to" a vessel at the direction of a Coast Guard or other federal law enforcement official seeking to board that vessel;
- Protect Americans abroad by strengthening our authority to investigate and prosecute organized crime groups who commit crimes against Americans abroad;
- Respond to emerging international crime problems by enhancing enforcement tools to combat international arms trafficking and requiring additional "end-use" verification of certain precursor chemicals used to manufacture illegal drugs; and
- Deny safe haven for international fugitives by excluding drug traffickers who attempt to enter the United States to avoid prosecution in another country.

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===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====  
ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

Unable to convert ARMS\_EXT:[ATTACH.D88]ARMS230036541.136 to ASCII,  
The following is a HEX DUMP:

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

## **The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act**

### **May 12, 1999**

Today, President Clinton will announce that his Community Oriented Policing Services (COPS) program has achieved an important milestone by helping communities to fund the hiring or redeployment of 100,000 police officers across the nation. Additionally, he will propose new legislation -- The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- that builds on the successful 1994 Crime Act, which has helped to cut the crime rate dramatically across the nation. This new legislation renews the Justice Department's COPS program and includes new provisions to reduce juvenile and drug crime, protect crime victims, and combat international crime and terrorism.

- **Helping fund 100,000 community-oriented police.** President Clinton will announce grants of more than \$95 million for 526 communities to hire approximately 1,500 new police officers. With these new grants, the COPS office will have provided 11,300 cities with \$5.9 billion to help hire and redeploy more than 100,000 police officers across the country -- fulfilling the President's 1992 pledge to do so. More than half of these officers are already patrolling America's streets.
- **Building on what works.** The President also will propose new legislation -- The 21<sup>st</sup> Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act -- that builds on the successful programs enacted as part of the 1994 Crime Act. The President's new legislation would:
  - (1) **Maintain our commitment to law enforcement** by renewing the COPS program and providing funds to hire or redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more police, giving police the high-tech tools they need to do their job, and hiring more local prosecutors to target local crime problems.
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  - (5) **Combat international crime and terrorism** by prohibiting certain possession and unsafe handling of biological agents and toxins, and making it more difficult for these agents to fall into the hands of terrorists.

## KEEPING OUR COMMITMENT TO LAW ENFORCEMENT

- **Renewing the COPS program.** The President's 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act extends the COPS program and proposes spending \$1.3 billion annually to help communities continue to hire, redeploy, and retain police officers. It would also give law enforcement officers access to the latest crime-fighting technologies and target funds to engage the entire community in the fight against crime. Specifically, the bill provides:
  - **\$600 million for more police on the street.** These funds would be used primarily to hire and redeploy between 30,000 and 50,000 more law enforcement officers over five years, with an effort to target new police officers to crime "hot spots." A portion of the funds also would be used to help economically distressed communities absorb the long-term costs of their new police hires and to fund programs to train, educate, and recruit police officers -- including efforts to train police officers in ethics and integrity and to promote minority recruitment.
  - **\$350 million for crime-fighting technologies.** These funds would be used to help state and local enforcement agencies gain access to new technologies that will allow them to communicate more effectively, solve more crimes, and conduct comprehensive crime analysis. For instance, these funds could be used to: use computers and wireless communications to send data and images from a police department in one jurisdiction to a patrol car in the next; improve the state of the nation's overburdened and underfunded crime labs and make high-end laboratory technologies -- such as DNA analysis -- more widely available; and expand the use of crime mapping and other technologies that improve law enforcement's ability to analyze, predict, and respond to local crime trends and problems.
  - **\$200 million for community prosecutors and neighborhood district attorneys.** As police and community residents have joined forces to fight crime on a proactive basis, communities also have turned to local prosecutors to play a more active role in community crime-fighting efforts. These funds would help communities hire more prosecutors to target neighborhood crime problems.
  - **\$125 million for community-wide crime prevention.** The President's new legislation specifically provides funds to engage the entire community in preventing and fighting crime. These funds could be used to: work with local school officials in adopting community-wide plans to prevent school violence; involve faith-based and other values-based organizations in juvenile crime prevention efforts; and establish citizens' police academies that teach neighborhood residents problem-solving skills.
- **Supporting Law Enforcement.** The President's new crime legislation would also extend federal grants to help police departments purchase bullet-proof vests for their police officers and allow communities to use a portion of COPS funds to help current police officers pay for a college education or graduate school.

## PUNISHING AND PREVENTING YOUTH CRIME AND VIOLENCE

- **Cracking down on gangs and violent youth.** The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act incorporates key provisions of the Anti-Gang and Youth Violence Strategy announced by the President in 1997. It provides new tools to help federal prosecutors go after gang criminals and violent youth. Specifically, the bill will:
  - **Give prosecutors the discretion to decide whether to try the most serious violent juveniles as adults**, allowing prosecutors to treat appropriately the older and more serious offenders who may not be adequately punished in the juvenile justice system;
  - **Expand law enforcement access to federal juvenile records** by requiring that federal juvenile records involving gun offenses or other adult-type felonies be sent to the FBI and made available to all law enforcement officers in the same manner as adult records;
  - **Make it easier to prosecute gang members and other violent criminals who attempt to intimidate or retaliate against witnesses**; and
  - **Authorize judges to hold gang members without bail pending trial** if there is probable cause to believe they have been involved in criminal activity.
- **Provide swift, certain, and proportionate punishments for juvenile offenders.** The President's legislation also authorizes new funds for states and localities to ensure swift, certain, and proportionate punishments whenever juvenile offenders violate the law -- sending the message that there are clear and certain consequences for breaking the rules. These grants could be used to fund:
  - **Graduated sanctions** that hold youthful offenders accountable for every offense, and that escalate in intensity for repeat offenses;
  - **Teen courts** or peer juries to promote zero-tolerance policies for misdemeanor offenses such as truancy, vandalism, and underage alcohol and tobacco use; and
  - **Restitution or victim mediation**, which requires young offenders and their family members to meet face-to-face with the victims of their crimes and agree upon appropriate reparations, including restitution or community service.
- **Prevent serious juvenile crime in the first place.** The President's bill authorizes \$95 million for comprehensive community-based prevention to target at-risk youth, including:
  - **Mentoring and after school programs** to provide positive role models and responsible adult supervision for young people; and
  - **Anti-truancy initiatives** to keep kids in school and off the streets, where they are more likely to become victims or perpetrators of crime.

#### **BREAKING THE CYCLE OF DRUGS AND CRIME**

- **Enforcing “zero tolerance” drug supervision.** In 1997, more than three-quarters of the nation’s prisoners reported past drug use, and one in six committed their crimes so they could purchase drugs. The 21st Century Law Enforcement and Public Safety Act addresses this problem by establishing a new \$100 million initiative to help states and localities systematically test, treat, and sanction drug-involved probationers, prisoners, and parolees. The bill also reauthorizes the successful drug court initiative established by the 1994 Crime Act and extends funding to provide intensive, long-term drug treatment to state prisoners with serious drug problems.
- **Enhancing drug penalties and enforcement.** The President’s bill contains targeted penalty increases for using kids to sell drugs and selling drugs on or near school property. It also grants the Attorney General emergency authority to reschedule certain controlled substances on a temporary basis.
- **Helping states fight drugs and crime.** The President’s bill extends the Violent Offender Incarceration/Truth-in-Sentencing prison grant program, while giving states additional flexibility to free up additional prison beds by seeking authorization to use up to 25 percent of previously awarded grant funds to implement graduated sanctions programs for non-violent offenders. Graduated sanction programs hold offenders accountable for every offense they commit, while escalating in intensity with repeat offenses. The bill also reauthorizes the Byrne block grant program, which funds statewide anti-drug plans and multi-jurisdictional drug enforcement task forces.
- **Cracking down on drug money laundering.** Money laundering is a global problem, often involving international financial institutions and the smuggling of currency across borders. To continue the Administration’s fight against international money laundering and drug crime, the President’s bill would:
  - **Help stop the flow of cash drug proceeds** by making it a federal crime to smuggle “bulk cash” (more than \$10,000 in currency) out of the United States and by cracking down on money transmitters who knowingly accept criminal proceeds from abroad or who fail to report large cash transactions;
  - **Hold foreign banks that violate our laws accountable** by allowing federal courts to exercise jurisdiction over them;
  - **Thwart black market transactions** by requiring persons who use drug proceeds to prove they did not know the money came from unlawful activity; and
  - **Seize more illegal drug profits** by doing more to confiscate the assets of criminals and encouraging more cooperation from foreign governments.

## PROTECTING ALL CRIME VICTIMS

- **Establishing a new safety net for seniors.** Falling violent and property crime rates mean our nation's seniors are safer, but these citizens remain threatened by telemarketing scams, retirement rip-offs, and abuse and neglect by caretakers. To help protect seniors from these crimes and punish the criminals who prey on elderly Americans, the President's bill would:
  - **Shut down fraudulent telemarketers** by granting the Attorney General new authority to block and terminate telephone service to illegal telemarketers;
  - **Protect nursing home residents from abuse and neglect** by giving federal prosecutors new tools to halt and punish nursing home operators who repeatedly abuse and neglect the residents in their care;
  - **Fight health care fraud and abuse** by making it easier for the Justice Department to prosecute and punish illegal kickback schemes -- and harder for criminals to stick Medicare with the bills by declaring bankruptcy; and
  - **Safeguard retirement and pension plans** by making it a federal crime to defraud employee pension benefit or retirement funds and increasing penalties for retirement plan managers who take bribes.
- **Protecting children exposed to violence.** Each year millions of children and adolescents are victims of violent crime, and millions more witness serious violence or abuse. These children are more likely to go on to commit violent crimes themselves. The President's bill would make it easier for federal prosecutors to charge child abusers who kill with first degree murder and to bolster the prosecution of adults who commit violent crimes in front of children.
- **Continuing the fight against domestic violence.** The historic Violence Against Women Act helped to strengthen law enforcement's response to violent crime committed against women. It helped promote comprehensive law enforcement strategies, encouraged pro-arrest policies for domestic violence crimes, and provided emergency shelter to women and children fleeing abusive situations. The President's bill extends these successful programs and also:
  - **Targets the illegal trafficking of women and children** by giving federal prosecutors new tools to bring trafficking cases and increasing penalties for persons who transport women and children to the United States and coerce them to work in sweatshops and other forced labor; and
  - **Protects battered immigrant women and children** by enabling them to file their own petitions for lawful status, without having to rely on abusive spouses.

## COMBATING TERRORISM AND INTERNATIONAL CRIME

- **Keeping biological weapons out of the hands of terrorists.** Biological weapons pose a serious threat to the United States, particularly in the hands of terrorists or disaffected groups. The President's bill would help keep dangerous biological agents and toxins out of the wrong hands by:
  - **Barring unauthorized possession and transfer of harmful biological agents;**
  - **Holding accountable persons who knowingly disregard public health and safety when handling deadly toxins;**
  - **Making it a crime to perpetrate a hoax involving biological agents; and**
  - **Prohibiting violent felons and fugitives from possessing dangerous biological agents.**
- **Implementing the President's International Crime Control Strategy.** The President's bill includes key provisions from the International Crime Control Act he introduced last year, including measures to:
  - **Create a new federal criminal penalty for port-running,** an evasion tactic employed by contraband smugglers passing through ports without stopping – that puts law enforcement and civilians at great risk;
  - **Strengthen our ability to intercept drug smuggling vessels** by making it a criminal offense for failing to “heave to” a vessel at the direction of a Coast Guard or other federal law enforcement official seeking to board that vessel;
  - **Protect Americans abroad** by strengthening our authority to investigate and prosecute organized crime groups who commit crimes against Americans abroad;
  - **Respond to emerging international crime problems** by enhancing enforcement tools to combat international arms trafficking and requiring additional “end-use” verification of certain precursor chemicals used to manufacture illegal drugs; and
  - **Deny safe haven for international fugitives** by excluding drug traffickers who attempt to enter the United States to avoid prosecution in another country.

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**Clinton Presidential Records  
Automated Records Management System  
[EMAIL] and Tape Restoration Project [Email]**

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This is not a presidential record. This is used as an administrative marker by the William J. Clinton Presidential Library Staff.

This marker identifies a responsive email, already made available within another collection.

---

Collection: Elena Kagan Systematic Processing Project

Bucket: OPD

Creation Date: 1999-05-12

Subject: THE 51-47 ROLL CALL BY WHICH THE SENATE  
VOTED TO REJECT

Creator: Jose Cerda III

---

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:12-MAY-1999 19:07:52.00

SUBJECT:

TO: Laura Emmett ( CN=Laura Emmett/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

Unable to convert ARMS\_EXT:[ATTACH.D58]ARMS250326646.136 to ASCII,  
The following is a HEX DUMP:

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

### **Statement by the President**

I am deeply disappointed by the vote in the Senate today to table -- and effectively kill -- Senator Lautenberg's amendment to close the gun show loop hole. This amendment would have extended the same Brady background checks that have stopped more than a quarter of a million illegal handgun sales to all firearms sold at gun shows. It was a common sense proposal that was sure to save lives and keep more guns out of the hands of criminals. It was even supported in principle by some of our nation's major gun manufacturers. The Senate should reconsider and reverse its vote on gun shows, and support a national policy of -- no background check, no gun, ne exceptions.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:12-MAY-1999 19:30:12.00

SUBJECT:

TO: Richard L. Siewert ( CN=Richard L. Siewert/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

jake:

Again, the point to make on larger new loopholes is...not only does the amendment not move us forward and do more to keep guns out of the hands of criminals, it takes us back 30 years and opens the door by allowing people to peddle guns across states lines...jc3

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

Unable to convert ARMS\_EXT:[ATTACH.D50]ARMS216536648.136 to ASCII,  
The following is a HEX DUMP:

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

### **Statement by the President**

I am deeply disappointed by the vote in the Senate today to table -- and effectively kill -- Senator Lautenberg's amendment to close the gun show loop hole. This amendment would have extended the same Brady background checks that have stopped more than a quarter of a million illegal handgun sales to all firearms sold at gun shows. It was a common sense proposal that was sure to save lives and keep more guns out of the hands of criminals. It was even supported in principle by some of our nation's major gun manufacturers. The Senate should reconsider and reverse its vote on gun shows, and support a national policy of -- no background check, no gun, no exceptions.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:12-MAY-1999 16:49:25.00

SUBJECT: Re: for your call list

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

good spin, nice try...too late...jc3

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:12-MAY-1999 14:12:23.00

SUBJECT: MESSAGE MTG MOVED TO 4:15PM

TO: Neera Tanden ( CN=Neera Tanden/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/12/99  
02:13 PM -----

Ann C. Hertelendy 05/12/99 01:52:15 PM

Record Type: Record

To: See the distribution list at the bottom of this message

cc: See the distribution list at the bottom of this message

Subject: MESSAGE MTG MOVED TO 4:15PM

Loretta's message mtg on the President's visit to Littleton, CO has been moved to 4:15pm today. Thank-you.

Message Sent

To:

---

Douglas B. Sosnik/WHO/EOP  
Karen Tramontano/WHO/EOP  
Minyon Moore/WHO/EOP  
Janet Murguia/WHO/EOP  
Kris M Balderston/WHO/EOP  
Laura D. Schwartz/WHO/EOP  
Sharon K. Gill/WHO/EOP  
Kim B. Widdess/WHO/EOP  
Tracey E. Thornton/WHO/EOP  
Jonathan A. Kaplan/OPD/EOP  
Elena Kagan/OPD/EOP  
Stephanie S. Streett/WHO/EOP  
Jennifer M. Palmieri/WHO/EOP  
Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP  
Mickey Ibarra/WHO/EOP  
Mary E. Cahill/WHO/EOP  
Christine A. Stanek/WHO/EOP  
Karin Kullman/OPD/EOP  
Loretta M. Ucelli/WHO/EOP  
Thomas D. Janenda/WHO/EOP  
William H. White Jr./WHO/EOP  
Ann F. Lewis/WHO/EOP

George G. Caudill/WHO/EOP  
Joshua S. Gottheimer/WHO/EOP  
David Halperin/NSC/EOP  
Matt Gobush/NSC/EOP  
Ted Widmer/NSC/EOP  
Tomasz P. Malinowski/NSC/EOP  
Wendy E. Gray/NSC/EOP  
Beth A. Viola/CEQ/EOP  
Elliot J. Diringer/CEQ/EOP  
Charles M. Brain/WHO/EOP  
Joshua Gotbaum/OMB/EOP  
Linda Ricci/OMB/EOP  
Barbara D. Woolley/WHO/EOP  
Sarah A. Bianchi/OVP @ OVP  
Douglas J. Band/WHO/EOP  
Sean P. Maloney/WHO/EOP  
Phillip Caplan/WHO/EOP  
Carolyn E. Cleveland/WHO/EOP  
Erica S. Lepping/WHO/EOP  
Julianne B. Corbett/WHO/EOP  
Megan C. Moloney/WHO/EOP  
Sara M. Latham/WHO/EOP  
Kirk T. Hanlin/WHO/EOP  
Dan K. Rosenthal/WHO/EOP  
Aviva Steinberg/WHO/EOP  
Leslie Bernstein/WHO/EOP  
Marjorie Tarmey/WHO/EOP

Message Copied

To:

---

Dominique L. Cano/WHO/EOP  
Maria E. Soto/WHO/EOP  
Carolyn T. Wu/WHO/EOP  
Jocelyn A. Bucaro/WHO/EOP  
Mindy E. Myers/WHO/EOP  
Heather M. Riley/WHO/EOP  
Peter A. Weissman/OPD/EOP  
Melissa G. Green/OPD/EOP  
Anne Whitworth/WHO/EOP  
Heather M. Riley/WHO/EOP  
Cynthia M. Jasso-Rotunno/WHO/EOP  
Ruby Shamir/OPD/EOP  
Joseph D. Ratner/WHO/EOP  
Laura Emmett/WHO/EOP  
Alejandro G. Cabrera/OVP @ OVP  
Dario J. Gomez/WHO/EOP  
George G. Caudill/WHO/EOP  
Aviva Steinberg/WHO/EOP  
Cecily C. Williams/WHO/EOP  
Dawn L. Smalls/WHO/EOP  
Lisa J. Levin/WHO/EOP  
Irma L. Martinez/WHO/EOP  
Sean P. O'Shea/WHO/EOP  
Leslie Bernstein/WHO/EOP

Maria E. Soto/WHO/EOP

Julie D. Eddy/WHO/EOP

Aviva Steinberg/WHO/EOP

Elizabeth R. Newman/WHO/EOP

Julie B. Goldberg/WHO/EOP

Mark D. Neschis/WHO/EOP

Kelley L. O'Dell/WHO/EOP

Mckenzie K. Davis/WHO/EOP

# Withdrawal/Redaction Marker

## Clinton Library

| DOCUMENT NO.<br>AND TYPE | SUBJECT/TITLE                                          | DATE      | RESTRICTION |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|
| 004. email               | WAVES Request for Seidman and Leary [partial] (1 page) | 5/12/1999 | P6/b(6)     |

### COLLECTION:

Clinton Presidential Records  
Automated Records Management System  
OPD (Creator: Cerda)  
OA/Box Number: 250000

### FOLDER TITLE:

[5/7/1999 - 5/14/1999]

2012-0192-F  
wr1060

### RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]  
P2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]  
P3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]  
P4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]  
P5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]  
P6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Personal record misfile defined in accordance with 44 U.S.C. 2201(3).

RR. Document will be reviewed upon request.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

b(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]  
b(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]  
b(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]  
b(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]  
b(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]  
b(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]  
b(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]  
b(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells [(b)(9) of the FOIA]

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:12-MAY-1999 10:46:37.00

[004]

SUBJECT: Official USSS WAVES Request - Records Management Document

TO: Records Management ( Records Management @ EOP [ UNKNOWN ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Requestor: Cerda, Jose

Requestor Phone: 4565568

Requestor Pass Type: WHS

Appointment With: Cerda, Jose

Appointment Room: 1st floor

Appointment Date: 5/12/99

Appointment Building: White House

UNumber:

Comments:

Visitors

| Time | Last Name | First Name |
|------|-----------|------------|
|------|-----------|------------|

| DOB | Cit | COA | SSN |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|
|-----|-----|-----|-----|

|             |         |  |       |
|-------------|---------|--|-------|
| 12:00:00 PM | SEIDMAN |  | RICKI |
|-------------|---------|--|-------|

|        |  |  |  |
|--------|--|--|--|
| (b)(6) |  |  |  |
|--------|--|--|--|

|             |       |  |          |
|-------------|-------|--|----------|
| 12:00:00 PM | LEARY |  | MARY LOU |
|-------------|-------|--|----------|

|        |  |  |  |
|--------|--|--|--|
| (b)(6) |  |  |  |
|--------|--|--|--|

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:12-MAY-1999 16:46:34.00

SUBJECT: for your call list

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )  
READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

LS:

Your punishment for screwing up my voice mail....

1. Kevin Wilson, Rep. W....?, 225-2735, seniors.
2. Dan Rossmillers, works for state senator Orson Porter, wants letter from POTUS to convince democratic colleague to vote for safety locks bill...check w/correspondence to see if we can do this and call...

jc3

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:13-MAY-1999 18:26:04.00

SUBJECT: Re: OMB

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

come here

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:13-MAY-1999 20:21:38.00

SUBJECT: Still no decision on FBI #s; expect to know tomorrow morning...jc3

TO: Jennifer M. Palmieri ( CN=Jennifer M. Palmieri/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:14-MAY-1999 14:40:19.00

SUBJECT: draft FBI statement

TO: Laura Emmett ( CN=Laura Emmett/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

Unable to convert ARMS\_EXT:[ATTACH.D35]ARMS26643384O.136 to ASCII,

The following is a HEX DUMP:

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

**(Embargoed until 6:00pm, May 16, 1999)**

**STATEMENT OF THE PRESIDENT**

Today, the FBI released preliminary data showing that violent and property crime fell another 7 percent in 1998. Crime is now down for a remarkable seventh year in a row. More community police on our streets and fewer guns in the hands of criminals have helped make our communities the safest they have been in a generation.

But tragic events like those in Littleton, Colorado remind us that our work is far from done. We all have a responsibility to make sure our children's lives are not cut short by needless violence, and that all children have a chance to achieve their full potential. One of the things government can do is to pass common sense gun legislation. We should start by closing the gun show loophole that allows criminals and juveniles to buy guns at gun shows without so much as a background check. If we do this, we can keep the crime rates coming down.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:14-MAY-1999 16:50:29.00

SUBJECT: weekly

TO: Laura Emmett ( CN=Laura Emmett/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Paul J. Weinstein Jr. ( CN=Paul J. Weinstein Jr./OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

CC: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Sorry so late..

Crime -- Juvenile Crime/Guns: As part of its consideration of juvenile crime legislation, the Senate voted on a number gun-related amendments:

(1) Gun shows: The Senate narrowly passed two amendments dealing with gun shows this week. After voting to table the Lautenberg amendment to require background checks at all gun shows (51-47), the Senate passed a Craig amendment establishing a system of voluntary background checks for unlicensed sellers at gun shows. After considerable criticism, Republicans tried to strengthen their gun shows amendment the next day by making background checks mandatory for some gun sales at gun shows. However, the Republicans' revised amendment would remain problematic. Here is why:

(a) It continues to exempt some gun sellers -- or a new class of "special licensees" created by the amendment -- from mandatory background checks.

(b) It would roll back current law to exempt pawnshops from conducting background checks on redeemed firearms. It is worth noting that persons who redeem firearms at pawnshops are more than 3 times as likely to be a prohibited purchaser under law.

(c) It would undermine federal law enforcement by not requiring a new class of persons allowed to conduct background checks -- or "special registrants" -- to assist law enforcement in tracing firearms, and by not allowing federal law enforcement to require gun show sellers to certify that they are in compliance with state and local gun laws.

(d) It would weaken the Brady Law by requiring background checks at gun shows to take place within a 24-hour period (not a business day). Under the Brady Law, the FBI has up to 3 business days if necessary to clarify arrest records, and it requires additional time in about 20 to 30 percent of the background checks. Thus, a background check conducted Saturday morning at a gun show would have to be completed by Sunday morning, even

though the state court officer -- where many criminal records are kept -- would be closed.

Despite these problems, the Republican gun shows fix passed by a 48-47 vote (with 4 Democrats not voting). This amendment also included \$50 million for enhanced federal firearms prosecutions, increased penalties for criminals who use firearms, a watered down version of juvenile Brady, and an expansion of the Youth Crime Gun Interdiction Initiative.

(2) Assault weapons: The Senate passed versions of two proposals included in the Administration's gun legislation. The Senate passed an Ashcroft amendment to bar juvenile possession of assault rifles and large capacity ammunition clips. Unlike the Administration's proposal, however, the Ashcroft ban contains numerous exemptions that track those for handguns in the Youth Handgun Safety Act (e.g., hunting, ranching, etc.), and it only bans possession through age 18. The Administration's bill would have banned assault weapons and clips in every instance and for all persons under the age of 21. The Senate also passed the Feinstein amendment to bar the importation of all large capacity ammunition magazines.

(3) Internet sales: The Senate voted down a Schumer amendment to require background checks for firearms sold on the Internet.

Although the Senate is expected to resume consideration of the juvenile crime bill and other gun amendments next week, the bill may be taken off the floor if Republicans and Democrats do not reach any agreement on how to limit the number of outstanding amendments.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:14-MAY-1999 11:32:18.00

SUBJECT: Re: Radio Address Press Paper & Q/A

TO: Julianne B. Corbett ( CN=Julianne B. Corbett/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

not working on radio address...its media violence right? I'll checkt to  
see who's working on this.

jc3

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:14-MAY-1999 12:40:20.00

SUBJECT: Please Approve Revised Talking Points

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Now that I look at this...one, I think the bullets on the Hatch amendent  
could be stronger...two, we could probably use this for Neera's  
paper...jc3

----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/14/99  
12:40 PM -----

Deborah Akel

05/14/99 12:27:17 PM

Record Type: Record

To: Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP

cc:

Subject: Please Approve Revised Talking Points

Jose,

Thanks for the suggestions - I revised these. Could you or Leanne please  
approve them as soon as possible so I can get them sent out? Thanks.

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====  
ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

Unable to convert ARMS\_EXT:[ATTACH.D25]ARMS283812840.136 to ASCII,  
The following is a HEX DUMP:

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

**PRESIDENT CLINTON:  
PROMOTING COMMON-SENSE GUN CONTROL MEASURES**

May 14, 1999

*"The new Senate Republican bill is riddled with high-caliber loopholes...it makes no sense to let criminals continue to use legitimate gun shows as a convenience store for their weapons."*

President Bill Clinton  
May 14, 1999

Today, in Washington, President Clinton urged the Senate to pass a measure requiring background checks for handgun purchases at gun shows. He endorsed yesterday's Senate passage of two important gun control measures: a ban on the import of large-capacity ammunition clips, and a ban on juvenile possession of semi-automatic assault weapons and large-capacity ammunition clips. These measures were part of the President's new proposal to strengthen gun laws and keep guns and explosives out of the hands of juveniles and criminals.

**CLOSING THE GUN SHOW LOOPHOLE.** Last year, there were over 4,000 gun shows held in states across the country, as well as flea markets and other events at which guns can be traded anonymously. An estimated 25-50% of the sellers at gun shows are unlicensed, and the guns sold by the unlicensed sellers are not subject to background checks. As a result, gun shows can provide a forum for illegal firearms sales and gun trafficking. A recent review of 314 gun show investigations by the ATF found that 46% of these investigations involved the purchase or sale of firearms by felons, and 34% involved the sale of firearms later used in serious crimes, including homicides. As part of his comprehensive new legislation designed to keep guns out of the hands of juveniles and criminals, the President's proposal would require Brady Law background checks on all firearms transferred at gun shows.

**URGING THE SENATE TO "DO THE RIGHT THING."** The President expressed his disappointment in the Senate today for refusing to pass the measure to close the gun show loophole, while creating additional loopholes in our gun laws. The measure passed by the Senate today:

- allows criminals to purchase guns at gun shows and pawn shops with "no questions asked";
- does not expand law enforcement's ability to trace firearms later used in crimes; and
- does not enable law enforcement to ensure that gun sellers comply with the law.

The President urged the Senate to "do right by the American people" and reconsider this measure when all members are present for a vote.

**ENDORISING COMMON-SENSE MEASURES.** President Clinton endorsed Senate passage of two important gun control measures yesterday that were part of his package:

- **A ban on juvenile possession of semiautomatic assault rifles.** This measure prohibits juveniles under the age of 18 to possess deadly assault rifles and large capacity magazines.
- **A ban on the importation of all large capacity ammunition magazines.** This measure bans the importation of all large capacity magazines -- regardless of when they were manufactured.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:14-MAY-1999 12:16:29.00

SUBJECT: This is the sentence I want to use, but w/a # if we can get it...jc3

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

ATF trace data show that guns used in crimes are much more likely to be traced back to pawn shops than to legitimate gun dealers.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:14-MAY-1999 12:37:22.00

SUBJECT: sorry so late

TO: Paul J. Weinstein Jr. ( CN=Paul J. Weinstein Jr./OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TO: Laura Emmett ( CN=Laura Emmett/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

Unable to convert ARMS\_EXT:[ATTACH.D89]ARMS23541284P.136 to ASCII,  
The following is a HEX DUMP:

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

**Gun shows**  
**May 14, 1999**

**Q: Earlier today, the Senate passed a Hatch amendment that he claims will “close the gun show loophole” and require background checks at gun shows. Why do you oppose this amendment?**

**A:** The Hatch amendment not only fails close the gun show loophole, but it also creates other dangerous loopholes to our gun laws. Specifically, the amendment will:

(1) Not require Brady background checks for all gun sales at gun shows. It specifically exempts a category of sellers, or “special licensees”, that would be exempt from conducting mandatory background checks.

(2) Roll back current law and exempt firearms sales and redemptions at pawnshops from Brady background checks. This is especially important. The Treasury Department estimates that persons who redeem guns at pawnshops are more than three times as likely to be prohibited purchasers than those who buy guns from gun dealers.

(3) Seriously undermine federal law enforcement’s ability to trace firearms later used in crimes, as well as to ensure that gun sellers comply with all state and local laws. The amendment does not require a new category of persons that could conduct background checks at gun shows, or “special registrants”, to assist law enforcement in tracing firearms that are later used in crimes. And the amendment prevents federal law enforcement from requiring some gun show sellers to certify that they are in compliance with all state and local laws.

(4) Impede the effectiveness of those Brady background checks that could be conducted at gun shows by requiring them to be completed within 24 hours -- considerably less than the 3 days the FBI is allowed under current law to complete checks and ensure that guns are not sold to criminals and other prohibited purchasers.

For all these reasons, the Senate should vote again on the Lautenberg amendment -- and close the gun show loophole once and for all.

As the President said earlier today, if the Senate wants to do right by the American people, it will once again bring up the Lautenberg amendment, when all members are present, and close the gun show loophole once and for all.

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:14-MAY-1999 11:31:22.00

SUBJECT: Re: IACP Conference

TO: Karin Kullman ( CN=Karin Kullman/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

Yep, let's think about it...jc3

RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:14-MAY-1999 12:38:57.00

SUBJECT: Please Approve Revised Talking Points

TO: Leanne A. Shimabukuro ( CN=Leanne A. Shimabukuro/OU=OPD/O=EOP @ EOP [ OPD ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

take a look at these...also, can we do 2 bullets for Neera on: (1) the 2  
positive gun votes in the Senate; and (2) the failure to close the gun  
show loophole and the disastrous new ones that were created by the  
Senate's vote...jc3

----- Forwarded by Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP on 05/14/99  
12:39 PM -----

Deborah Akel

05/14/99 12:27:17 PM

Record Type: Record

To: Jose Cerda III/OPD/EOP

cc:

Subject: Please Approve Revised Talking Points

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===== ATTACHMENT 1 =====

ATT CREATION TIME/DATE: 0 00:00:00.00

TEXT:

Unable to convert ARMS\_EXT:[ATTACH.D63]ARMS206612848.136 to ASCII,  
The following is a HEX DUMP:

===== END ATTACHMENT 1 =====

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May 14, 1999

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RECORD TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL (NOTES MAIL)

CREATOR: Jose Cerda III ( CN=Jose Cerda III/OU=OPD/O=EOP [ OPD ] )

CREATION DATE/TIME:14-MAY-1999 14:26:55.00

SUBJECT: Re: operative paragraph redux

TO: Jeffrey A. Shesol ( CN=Jeffrey A. Shesol/OU=WHO/O=EOP @ EOP [ WHO ] )

READ:UNKNOWN

TEXT:

I like this better; hadn't seen it when we were on the phone...jc3