



National Archives and Records Administration

700 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20408-0001

VIA FACSIMILE
(NLMS 2003-012)

March 25, 2003

The Honorable Alberto R. Gonzales
Counsel to the President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20502

Dear Judge Gonzales:

In accordance with the requirements of the Presidential Records Act (PRA), 44 U.S.C. §§2201-2207 and Executive Order 13233, this letter constitutes a formal notice from the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA) to the incumbent President of our intent to open Bush Presidential records in response to the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) requests listed in Attachment A.

Archivists located and processed 47,557 pages of Bush Presidential records as responsive to these requests. These records were reviewed for the six PRA Presidential restrictive categories that President Bush imposed and all applicable FOIA exemptions, resulting in a total of 2,790 pages restricted in whole or in part. NARA is proposing to open the remaining 44,767 pages that do not require closure under 44 U.S.C. §2204. Included in the material to be opened are two pages declassified in whole or in part using White House declassification guidelines and nineteen pages declassified in whole or in part using Department of State declassification guidelines. A copy of these documents is located at Attachment B.

A copy of all other records proposed for release under this notice will be provided to you upon your request. Please inform us at your earliest convenience of your decision with respect to any privilege claims. Pursuant to E.O. 13233, we are also concurrently informing former President Bush's representative, James W. Cicconi, of our intent to release these records. NARA will not release the documents unless and until former President Bush and the incumbent President agree to authorize access to the records.

If you have any questions relating to this request, please contact me at (202) 501-5700 or NARA General Counsel Gary M. Stern at (301) 837-3026.

Sincerely,

NANCY KEGAN SMITH
DIRECTOR
Presidential Materials Staff

Enclosures

cc: Brett Kavanaugh
Associate Counsel to the President
Paul Colborn
Office of Legal Counsel, Department of Justice
Gary M. Stern
General Counsel, National Archives and Records Administration
Doug Menarchik
Director, George Bush Library

ATTACHMENT A

<u>Case Number</u>	<u>Requester</u>	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Pages Processed</u>	<u>Pages Restricted</u>	<u>Pages Proposed for Opening</u>
2000-1251-F/02	Donald Fixico	Native American affairs	10,757	422	10,335

This researcher requested material relating to federal Native American/Indian policy. The Bush Presidential records to be opened include correspondence, memoranda, forms and printed material. Letters include public and congressional mail and outgoing form letters concerning White House appointments related to Native American/Indian policy. Among these letters are unsolicited recommendations of specific individuals for federal appointments. Also included in this collection of documents is routine correspondence between staff members of the Office of Intergovernmental Affairs, the Department of the Interior, and other government agencies concerning implementation of Bush administration policies related to Indian reservations, education, and disputes with the federal government. Final appointment memoranda, redacted personal data statements, and resume forms are for positions on the Indian Gaming Commission, the National Advisory Council on Indian Education, the Joint Federal-State Commission on Policies and Programs Affecting Alaska Natives, and the White House Conference on Indian Education. Printed materials include news clippings and articles on the administration's stance on issues affecting Native Americans, reports and summaries from various Native American/Indian/Alaska Native boards and commissions, and Presidential proclamations designating National American Indian Heritage Week and Month.

<u>Case Number</u>	<u>Requester</u>	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Pages Processed</u>	<u>Pages Restricted</u>	<u>Pages Proposed for Opening</u>
2000-1291-F	Brad Anderson	Chase Untermeyer	34,100	2,221	31,879

The researcher requested materials relating to Chase Untermeyer, Richard Rainwater, Lee Bass, Sid Bass, Philip Uzielli, Executive Resources, and George Ohrstrom. The vast majority of this FOIA request contains materials relating to Charles G. (Chase) Untermeyer, who served as Assistant to the President and Director of Presidential Personnel. No material was found on the other search criteria, except for correspondence between Mrs. Sid Bass and Barbara Bush. This correspondence concerned an article by Jill Fairchild, a fundraiser for the New York Public Library, and a Literacy Lions dinner. The remainder of the Bush Presidential records to be opened consist of incoming and outgoing letters, memoranda, forms, and printed material. Letters include public and congressional mail and outgoing form letters concerning presidential appointments. There is also correspondence in support of and in opposition to statehood for Puerto Rico. Memoranda include routine information

for President Bush on final presidential appointments and delegation decisions. Also included are redacted personal data statements, resumes, and candidate recommendations from outside the administration for specific agencies, boards, commissions, and departments, as well as Senate confirmation reports. Printed material includes news clippings and articles about federal jobs and the federal appointment process as well as Chase Untermeyer and Andrew Card's trip to Puerto Rico. There are several published reports located in these files, including reports by the General Accounting Office, the President's Commission on Federal Ethics Law Reform, the National Committee on Public Service, and the President's Commission on the Federal Appointment Process. Press releases announcing appointment nominations are also found in this collection. In addition, there are Christmas greeting cards, Untermeyer speeches relating his experience working in the White House and on the federal appointment process, and invitations to White House state dinners and other functions. Programs are also found as part of this collection, including those for various performances at the Kennedy Center, lectures provided for White House staffers, and observances, such as the memorial service for Lee Atwater and naval officer flag ceremonies. This material contains two pages declassified using White House guidelines and nineteen pages declassified using Department of State guidelines. Copies of these pages can be found at Attachment B.

<u>Case Number</u>	<u>Requester</u>	<u>Topic</u>	<u>Pages Processed</u>	<u>Pages Restricted</u>	<u>Pages Proposed for Opening</u>
2001-1865-F	Michael Rejebian	Files of Jeffrey Holmstead related to the Clean Air Act and EPA regulations	2,700	147	2,553

This FOIA request contains materials on the Clean Air Act Amendments (CAAA) of 1990. All of this FOIA collection is found in the files of Jeffrey Holmstead of the White House Counsels Office. The Bush Presidential records proposed for opening consist of incoming letters, memoranda, reports, and printed material. Letters include routine correspondence from organizations such as the Environment Defense Fund, the Utility Air Regulatory Group, National Environmental Development Association, and the American Paper Institute/National Forest Products Association supporting or opposing specific provisions of the CAAA. There are unsolicited recommendations for individuals being considered for different positions in the administration. Also included is correspondence between staff of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and congressional committees regarding routine information requests. Memoranda discussing the implementation and enforcement of the provisions of the CAAA are also included. There are drafts of different legislative rules responsive to CAAA, their subsequent notices in the *Federal Register*, and public comments responsive to these notices. This collection also contains drafts of speeches concerning President Bush's environmental policy. Reports comparing the House and Senate CAAA bills and the Bush Administration's proposals based on detailed side-by-side and cost analyses are also included in this collection of documents. There is a compilation of mandated studies and research reports related to the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 and a summary of President Bush's regulatory reform initiative. There are also fact sheets and discussion materials concerning the Navajo Generating Station and its effect on Grand Canyon visibility. Printed materials include news clippings, articles, and editorials on the CAAA and President Bush's record on the environment from publications such as *Inside EPA*, the *Arizona Daily Star*, the *New York Times*, and the *Washington Post*.

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ATTACHMENT B

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

2000-1291-F Doc. #1

0056

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

January 8, 1991

MEMORANDUM FOR CHASE UNTERMEYER

FROM: BRENT SCOWCROFT *BS*

SUBJECT: Presidential Delegation to the Guatemalan
Inaugural

I concur with the State Department recommendation that the President appoint a delegation to represent him at the inauguration of the Guatemalan President on January 14, 1991. It will be necessary to travel on January 13 to arrive in time for a presentation of credentials ceremony at 5 p.m. that day. The inauguration ceremony takes place at 11:00 a.m. on January 14 and is followed by a lunch at 2:30 p.m. The delegation will be able to return in late afternoon. We consider the Attorney General the best candidate to head the delegation.

The Latin American Bureau at the State Department has suggested informally that the following people would be good candidates from whom to choose the rest of the delegation:

Bernard W. Aronson, Assistant Secretary of State for
Inter-American Affairs
Luigi Einaudi, U.S. Ambassador to the OAS
Lynn Cheney, Chairman, National Endowment for the Humanities

Senator Richard Lugar, R-IN
Senator Alan Simpson, R-WY
Senator Terry Sanford, D-NC

Alternates:

Senator Connie Mack, R-FL
Senator Christopher Dodd, D-CN

Congressman Robert Lagomarsino, R-CA
Congressman Porter Goss, R-FL
Congressman Gus Yatron, D-PA

Alternates:

Congressman Bob Livingston, R-LA
Congressman Steven Solarz, D-NY

Senator Simpson and Lynn Cheney are friends of Ambassador Stroock.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Declassify on: OADR

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFIED
E.O. 12958, SEC 3.5(B)
WHITE HOUSE GUIDELINES, AUGUST 28, 1997
BY *da* NARA, DATE *6/13/02*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

2000-1291-F Doc. #4

PRESIDENTIAL DELEGATIONS CALENDAR

November 9-15 Namibian Constituent Assembly Election
December 12-14 UNGA Special Session on Apartheid, New York
December-January, 1990 45th Anniversary of the Battle of the Bulge, Luxembourg

1990

(VP) ✓ January 26 Presidential Inauguration, Tegucigalpa, Honduras
January 29-March 9 UN Commission on Human Rights, Geneva, Switzerland
February UN Special Session on Narcotics, New York
February 15 Andean Countries Drug Summit (location TBD)
February 18 25th Anniversary of Gambian independence, Banjul
March 1 Presidential Inauguration, Montevideo, Uruguay
March 3 King Hassan's Throne Day, Morocco
March 5-9 World Conference on Education for All - Meeting Basic Learning Needs, Bangkok, Thailand
Bill will raise again (VP) ✓ March 11 Presidential Inauguration, Santiago, Chile
March 15 Presidential Inauguration, Brasilia, Brazil
April 1 Independence Day, Namibia
April U.S.-Australia Friendship Week
May 8 Presidential Inauguration, San Jose, Costa Rica
May World Commission on Environment and Development, Follow-Up Meeting, Bergen, Norway
July Presidential Inauguration, Lima, Peru
July 10 10th Anniversary of Vanuatu Independence, Port Vila
August Presidential Inauguration, Bogota, Colombia
August 16 Presidential Inauguration, Santo Domingo, Dominican Republic

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
DECL:OADR

DECLASSIFIED
E.O. 12958, SEC 3.5(B)
WHITE HOUSE GUIDELINES, AUGUST 28, 1997
BY JS NARA, DATE 6/13/02



United States Department of State

Washington, D. C. 20520

Jim Kuntz

2000-1291-F Doc. #8

ACTION MEMORANDUM

S/S

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

TO: The Secretary

FROM: ARA - Michael G. Kozak, Acting

SUBJECT: U.S. Representation at the Inauguration of the President of Argentina, July 8

CC Dan
Not on it

ISSUE FOR DECISION

Whether to approve the attached Roy-Scowcroft memo recommending that a Presidential Delegation be sent to Buenos Aires for the July 8, inauguration of the President of Argentina.

ESSENTIAL FACTORS

On July 8, Argentina will inaugurate Carlos Menem as President completing the first transition from one elected civilian President to another since 1916. Menem won a clear mandate from the Argentine people to address the nation's deepening economic and political problems.

Reflecting a pragmatic approach, Menem has chosen responsible moderates for key cabinet posts and has committed himself to peaceful diplomacy in the Malvinas/Falklands dispute with Great Britain. In addition, he recognizes that his government will need to make serious reforms to deal with Argentina's massive problems.

The presence of a high level U.S. Presidential Delegation at the July 8 inauguration ceremony in Buenos Aires would demonstrate our continued support for Argentine democracy and economic reform. The GOA has invited President and Mrs. Bush to attend as well as other Chiefs of State. They expect several Chiefs of State to accept, especially from Latin America. Official delegations not headed by a Chief of State are limited to three persons, which includes our Ambassador. Others who travel to Buenos Aires will not be able to attend official ceremonies but may be able to attend other events.

RECOMMENDATION

That you approve the attached memo.

DECLASSIFIED
Department of State Guidelines,
July 21, 1997
By *SS* NARA, Date *6/13/02*

Approve _____

Disapprove _____

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

8/20/89 14:04

202 647 5080

M/DGP-DGP/PER

1000b



United States Department of State

Washington, D.C. 20520

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

2000-1291-F Doc.#9

MEMORANDUM FOR BRENT SCOWCROFT
AND CHASE UNTERMEYER
THE WHITE HOUSE

Subject: U.S. Representation at the July 8, Inauguration
of the President of Argentina

On July 8, Argentina will inaugurate Carlos Menem as President, completing the first transition from one elected civilian President to another since 1916. We recommend that a U.S. Presidential Delegation be sent to the inauguration to demonstrate U.S. support for Argentine democracy on this historic occasion.

Menem won a clear mandate from the Argentine people to address the nation's deepening economic and political problems. Reflecting a pragmatic approach, he has chosen responsible moderates for key cabinet posts and has committed himself to peaceful diplomacy in the Malvinas/Falklands dispute with Great Britain. In addition, he recognizes that his government will need to make serious reforms to deal with Argentina's massive problems.

We believe a high level U.S. Presidential Delegation should be sent to Buenos Aires for the inauguration to demonstrate our continued support for Argentine democracy and economic reform. The Argentines have invited Heads of State to attend and they expect several from Latin America to accept. Official delegations not led by a Head of State are limited to three persons (including our Ambassador). Others who travel to Buenos Aires will not be able to attend the official inaugural ceremonies but may be able to attend other events.

The Department requests that transportation for the U.S. Presidential Delegation be provided by a Department of Defense aircraft on a non-reimbursable basis.

J. Stapleton Roy
Executive Secretary

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~DECL:OADR

DECLASSIFIED

Department of State Guidelines,

July 21, 1997

By JS NARA, Date 6/13/02



United States Department of State

Washington, D. C. 20520

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ACTION MEMORANDUM
S/S

Please call with your
suggestions / clearance ASAP
Thanks, Mike Shelton
7-1551

TO: The Secretary
FROM: ARA - Michael G. Kozak, Acting
SUBJECT: U.S. Representation at the Inauguration of the
President of Paraguay

ISSUE FOR DECISION

Whether to approve the attached Roy-Scowcroft memo recommending that a Presidential Delegation be sent to Asuncion for the May 15 inauguration of the President of Paraguay.

ESSENTIAL FACTORS

Presidential and congressional elections are scheduled for May 1 in Paraguay. Political polls indicate that General Andres Rodriguez will easily win the presidency as the candidate of the dominant Colorado Party. General Rodriguez led the military coup which deposed President Stroessner on February 3 and has been serving as Provisional President since that date.

The provisional government intends to hold open and honest elections, the first in 34 years. It is welcoming foreign observers and has mandated the use of indelible ink to mark the fingers of those who have voted to reduce opportunities for fraud. A.I.D. funds are being used to buy the ink and to pay the travel costs of an election observer team that will include Representatives Torres (D-CA) and Morrison (D-CN).

The presence of a U.S. Presidential Delegation at the May 15 inauguration ceremony in Asuncion would encourage further steps toward a more genuine democracy. The inaugurations of Stroessner were attended only by our ambassador since the opposition parties were never allowed to campaign freely.

RECOMMENDATION

That you approve the attached memo.

Approve _____

Disapprove _____

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
DECL: OADR

DECLASSIFIED
Department of State Guidelines,
July 21, 1997
By SS NARA, Date 6/11/02

United States Department of State

Washington, D.C. 20520

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

and Chan Untermyer
 MEMORANDUM FOR BRENT SCOWCROFT
 THE WHITE HOUSE

Subject: U.S. Representation at the May 15 Inauguration of the President of Paraguay

Presidential and congressional elections are scheduled for May 1 in Paraguay. The provisional government intends to hold the first honest and open election in 34 years. It is welcoming foreign election observers, including a U.S. delegation that will include two congressmen, and has mandated the use of indelible ink to reduce voting fraud. We recommend that a U.S. Presidential Delegation be sent to the inauguration of the elected president, scheduled for May 15.

Political polls indicate that General Andres Rodriguez will easily win the May 1 election as the presidential candidate of the Colorado Party. General Rodriguez led the February 3 coup to end the 34 year regime of dictator, General Stroessner. Rodriguez, serving as the provisional president since the coup, has initiated a series of promising political and economic reforms. Newspapers and radio stations closed by Stroessner have reopened. Opposition candidates have access to the media and are being given free broadcasting time on the government owned radio station. The elimination of the multiple exchange rate system has terminated a major source of corruption.

We believe a moderate size U.S. Presidential Delegation should be sent to Asuncion for the inauguration of the elected president in order to encourage further steps toward real democracy. The Latin American democracies intend to send senior level delegations for that reason. We recommend that Senator Kassebaum be invited to lead a five or six person delegation because Kansas has a very active and successful Partners of the Americas exchange program with Paraguay. The Director of the Peace Corps should also be invited because the Peace Corps has operated successfully in Paraguay for 25 years, and currently has 200 volunteers there.

There are no direct flights to Asuncion on a daily basis from the United States, so a Department of Defense aircraft, provided on a non-reimbursable basis, would be considerably more convenient for a U.S. Presidential Delegation.

J. Stapleton Roy
 Executive Secretary

Attachment: List of Possible Delegates

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFIED
 Department of State Guidelines,
 July 21, 1997
 By *JS* NARA, Date *6/11/06*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~List of Possible Delegates

U.S. Senator Nancy L. Kassebaum, Kansas

Federal Government

Ambassador Timothy L. Towell, U.S. Ambassador to Paraguay
 U.S. Senator Timothy E. Wirth, Colorado
 U.S. Representative, ~~Jim Slattery~~, Kansas *JAN MEYERS*
 U.S. Representative, ~~Gerry Sikorski~~, Minnesota *DOUG BERLETER, NER*
 Paul Coverdell, Director (Designate) of the Peace Corps

Private Sector Representatives

William Reese, President of Partners of the Americas
 George Landau, President of Council of the Americas
 Dr. Charles Stansifer, Head of Latin American Studies,
 University of Kansas

Accompanying Staff

Bernard Aronson, Assistant Secretary of State (Designate) for
 Inter-American Affairs
 Michael M. Skol, Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for South
 American Affairs
 Michael Shelton, State Department Desk Officer for Paraguay

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFIED
 Department of State Guidelines,
 July 21, 1987
 By *LS* NARA, Date *6/11/02*

Drafted: ARA/SC:MShelton^{MS} 647-1551
Cleared: ARA/SC:RHoward
ARA/SC:RHopper *gr*
ARA:MSkol
P:STomchik
S/CPR:JFitzgerald
H:HPonder
M/WHL:MSmith Room 6311

SEARASC 4295

S/S 8908980

United States Department of State

April 29, 1989
Washington, D.C. 20520~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

MEMORANDUM FOR BRENT SCOWCROFT
AND CHASE UNTERMEYER
THE WHITE HOUSE

Subject: U.S. Representation at the May 15 Inauguration of the President of Paraguay

Presidential and congressional elections are scheduled for May 1 in Paraguay. The provisional government intends to hold the first honest and open election in 34 years. It is welcoming foreign election observers, including a U.S. delegation that will include two congressmen, and has mandated the use of indelible ink to reduce voting fraud. We recommend that a U.S. Presidential Delegation be sent to the inauguration of the elected president, scheduled for May 15. No announcement should be made about the delegation until we have been able to assess that the election was indeed free of fraud.

Political polls indicate that General Andres Rodriguez will easily win the May 1 election as the presidential candidate of the Colorado Party. General Rodriguez led the February 3 coup to end the 34-year regime of the dictator, General Stroessner. Rodriguez, serving as the provisional president since the coup, has initiated a series of promising political and economic reforms. Newspapers and radio stations closed by Stroessner have reopened. Opposition candidates have access to the media and are being given free broadcasting time on the government-owned radio station. The elimination of the multiple exchange rate system has terminated a major source of corruption.

We believe a U.S. Presidential Delegation of moderate level and size should be sent to Asuncion for the inauguration of the elected president in order to encourage further steps toward real democracy. The Latin American democracies intend to send senior level delegations for that reason. We recommend that Senator Kassebaum be invited to lead a five or six person delegation because Kansas has a very active and successful Partners of the Americas exchange program with Paraguay. The Director of the Peace Corps should also be invited because the Peace Corps has operated successfully in Paraguay for 25 years, and currently has 200 volunteers there.

There are no direct flights to Asuncion on a daily basis from the United States, so a Department of Defense aircraft, provided on a non-reimbursable basis, would be considerably more convenient for a U.S. Presidential Delegation.

J. Stapleton Roy
J. Stapleton Roy
Executive Secretary

Attachment: List of Possible Delegates

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFIED

Department of State Guidelines,

By *ds* July 21, 1997NARA, Date *6/11/02*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

List of Possible Delegates

U.S. Senator Nancy L. Kassebaum, Kansas

Federal Government

Ambassador Timothy L. Towell, U.S. Ambassador to Paraguay

U.S. Senator Timothy E. Wirth, Colorado

U.S. Representative, Jan Meyers, Kansas

U.S. Representative, Doug Bereuter, Nebraska

Paul Coverdell, Director of the Peace Corps

Private Sector Representatives

William Reese, President of Partners of the Americas

George Landau, President of Council of the Americas

Dr. Charles Stansifer, Head of Latin American Studies,
University of Kansas

Accompanying Staff

Michael M. Skol, Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for South
American Affairs

Michael Shelton, State Department Desk Officer for Paraguay

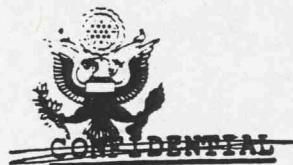
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFIED

Department of State Guidelines,

July 21, 1997

By LS NARA, Date 6/11/02



April 29, 1989
Washington, D.C. 20520 # 3156 -
2000-1291-F Doc. #15

MEMORANDUM FOR BRENT SCOWCROFT
AND CHASE UNTERMEYER
THE WHITE HOUSE

Subject: U.S. Representation at the May 15 Inauguration of the President of Paraguay

Presidential and congressional elections are scheduled for May 1 in Paraguay. The provisional government intends to hold the first honest and open election in 34 years. It is welcoming foreign election observers, including a U.S. delegation that will include two congressmen, and has mandated the use of indelible ink to reduce voting fraud. We recommend that a U.S. Presidential Delegation be sent to the inauguration of the elected president, scheduled for May 15. No announcement should be made about the delegation until we have been able to assess that the election was indeed free of fraud.

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We believe a U.S. Presidential Delegation of moderate level and size should be sent to Asuncion for the inauguration of the elected president in order to encourage further steps toward real democracy. The Latin American democracies intend to send senior level delegations for that reason. We recommend that Senator Kassebaum be invited to lead a five or six person delegation because Kansas has a very active and successful Partnership for the Americas exchange program with Paraguay. The Director of the Peace Corps should also be invited because the Peace Corps has operated successfully in Paraguay for 25 years, and currently has 200 volunteers there.

There are no direct flights to Asuncion on a daily basis from the United States, so a Department of Defense aircraft, provided on a non-reimbursable basis, would be considerably more convenient for a U.S. Presidential Delegation.

J. Stapleton Roy
J. Stapleton Roy
Executive Secretary

Attachment: List of Possible Delegates

DECLASSIFIED
Department of State Guidelines,
July 21, 1997
By *SS* NARA, Date *6/11/02*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

List of Possible Delegates

U.S. Senator Nancy L. Kassebaum, Kansas

Federal Government

Ambassador Timothy L. Towell, U.S. Ambassador to Paraguay
U.S. Senator Timothy E. Wirth, Colorado
U.S. Representative, Jan Meyers, Kansas
U.S. Representative, Doug Bereuter, Nebraska
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University of Kansas

Accompanying Staff

Michael M. Skol, Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for South
American Affairs
Michael Shelton, State Department Desk Officer for Paraguay

Paul Mifanich

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DECLASSIFIED
Department of State Guidelines,
July 21, 1997
By JS NARA, Date 6/11/02



S/S 8909344
United States Department of State

Washington, D.C. 20520

3105

April 28, 1989

2000-1291-F DOC. #17

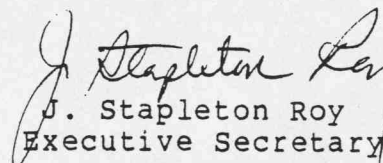
~~SECRET~~

MEMORANDUM FOR BRENT SCOWCROFT
THE WHITE HOUSE

Subject: Official U.S. Observer Delegation for May 7 Elections
in Panama

F2. At a meeting chaired by your Deputy, Robert Gates, on April 21, it was agreed to recommend to the President that an official U.S. delegation be sent to Panama to observe the elections there on May 7. Responding to the request made at that meeting, the Department ^{SUN} submits a proposed delegation list.

In accordance with the discussion on April 21, the Department has already informally asked the Department of Defense to provide an aircraft to transport this delegation with accompanying members of the press corps to and from Howard Air Force Base; we will follow up with a formal request once a final decision has been reached concerning the delegation. In light of General Noriega's ongoing efforts to interfere with foreign observers wishing to visit Panama, we will have to make appropriate arrangements for housing, transportation, and on-the-ground security. We will deal with these matters in separate correspondence.


J. Stapleton Roy
Executive Secretary

Attachment:
Proposed List of Observers

DECLASSIFIED

Department of State Guidelines,

July 21, 1997

By JS NARA, Date 6/11/02

~~SECRET~~
DECL:OADR

~~SECRET~~

PROPOSED LIST OF OBSERVERS FOR
OFFICIAL U.S. DELEGATION TO
PANAMA'S ELECTIONS MAY 7, 1989

Congress

Senator Dodd (D-CT)
Senator Lugar (R-IN)
Senator Nunn (D-GA)
Senator McCain (R-AZ)--(included at his request)
Senator Robert Graham (D-FL)
Rep. Jack Murtha (D-PA)
Rep. Roy Dyson (D-MD),
Chairman, Panama Canal Committee
Rep. Jack Fields (R-TX),
Ranking Minority, Panama Subcommittee
Rep. Dante Fascell (D-FL)
Rep. William Broomfield (R-MI)
Rep. Bob Livingston (R-LA)
Rep. Lawrence Coughlin (R-PA)
Rep. Dan Burton (R-IN)
Rep. Les Aspin (D-WI)
Rep. Bill Dickinson (R-AL)

Alternates

Rep. Robert Lagomarsino (R-CA)
Rep. Mickey Edwards (R-OK)

Labor

Gene DeFries, President, National Marine Engineers
Union
Bob Georgine, President, Building Trades
Gerry McEntee, President, AFSCME
Tom Donahue, AFL/CIO
Bill Doherty, AIFLD

Administration

Andrew Gibson, Board Member, Panama Canal Commission
Joel Pritchard, Lt. Gov., Washington State
Jack Svahn, U.S. Commissioner for Panama Canal
Alternatives Study

DECLASSIFIED

Department of State Guidelines,

July 21, 1997

By SS NARA, Date 6/11/02~~SECRET~~

DECL:OADR

~~SECRET~~

-2-

Private Sector

General Paul Gorman, former USCINCSO
Rev. Father Theodore Hesburgh, former
President of Notre Dame University
Amb. Jack Hood Vaughn, former U.S. Amb to Panama
Xavier Suarez, Mayor of Miami

~~SECRET~~

DECLASSIFIED

Department of State Guidelines,

July 21, 1997

By SS NARA, Date 6/11/02



United States Department of State

April 29, 1989
Washington, D.C. 20520

3156-

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~MEMORANDUM FOR BRENT SCOWCROFT
AND CHASE UNTERMEYER
THE WHITE HOUSESubject: U.S. Representation at the May 15 Inauguration of the
President of Paraguay

Presidential and congressional elections are scheduled for May 1 in Paraguay. The provisional government intends to hold the first honest and open election in 34 years. It is welcoming foreign election observers, including a U.S. delegation that will include two congressmen, and has mandated the use of indelible ink to reduce voting fraud. We recommend that a U.S. Presidential Delegation be sent to the inauguration of the elected president, scheduled for May 15. No announcement should be made about the delegation until we have been able to assess that the election was indeed free of fraud.

Political polls indicate that General Andres Rodriguez will easily win the May 1 election as the presidential candidate of the Colorado Party. General Rodriguez led the February 3 coup to end the 34-year regime of the dictator, General Stroessner. Rodriguez, serving as the provisional president since the coup, has initiated a series of promising political and economic reforms. Newspapers and radio stations closed by Stroessner have reopened. Opposition candidates have access to the media and are being given free broadcasting time on the government-owned radio station. The elimination of the multiple exchange rate system has terminated a major source of corruption.

We believe a U.S. Presidential Delegation of moderate level and size should be sent to Asuncion for the inauguration of the elected president in order to encourage further steps toward real democracy. The Latin American democracies intend to send senior level delegations for that reason. We recommend that Senator Kassebaum be invited to lead a five or six person delegation because Kansas has a very active and successful Partnership for the Americas exchange program with Paraguay. The Director of the Peace Corps should also be invited because the Peace Corps has operated successfully in Paraguay for 25 years, and currently has 200 volunteers there.

There are no direct flights to Asuncion on a daily basis from the United States, so a Department of Defense aircraft, provided on a non-reimbursable basis, would be considerably more convenient for a U.S. Presidential Delegation.

J. Stapleton Roy
J. Stapleton Roy
Executive Secretary

Attachment: List of Possible Delegates

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Department of State Guidelines,

July 21, 1997

By *SS* NARA, Date *6/13/02*~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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List of Possible Delegates

U.S. Senator Nancy L. Kassebaum, Kansas

Federal Government

Ambassador Timothy L. Towell, U.S. Ambassador to Paraguay
U.S. Senator Timothy E. Wirth, Colorado
U.S. Representative, Jan Meyers, Kansas
U.S. Representative, Doug Bereuter, Nebraska
Paul Coverdell, Director of the Peace Corps

Private Sector Representatives

William Reese, President of Partners of the Americas
George Landau, President of Council of the Americas
Dr. Charles Stansifer, Head of Latin American Studies,
University of Kansas

Accompanying Staff

Michael M. Skol, Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for South
American Affairs
Michael Shelton, State Department Desk Officer for Paraguay

Paul Mifanich

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July 21, 1997
By LS NARA, Date 6/13/02

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United States Department of State

Washington, D.C. 20520

December 20, 1989

MEMORANDUM FOR BRENT SCOWCROFT
 THE WHITE HOUSE

Subject: Presidential Delegation to Funeral of Prime
 Minister Herbert Blaize of Grenada

Herbert Blaize, the 71-year-old Prime Minister of Grenada, died December 19, 1989, of natural causes. He was respected as a scrupulously honest and astute politician who presided over Grenada's first democratically elected government after the U.S.-Caribbean intervention ended four years of Marxist rule in 1983. His health had been declining for several months.

Blaize became prime minister in 1984 as the head of the New National Party, a U.S.-supported political party formed principally to prevent a return to power of extremists of the right (Sir Eric Gairy) or left (remnants of the New Jewel Movement). During Blaize's term in office, the NNP fragmented into three moderate groups, along the lines of earlier, pre-revolutionary affiliations. Eight months after Blaize was ousted from the NNP party leadership by former Public Works Minister Keith Mitchell, he formed his own National Party and suspended parliament to avoid an inevitable no-confidence vote. Blaize planned to contest upcoming elections, which must be held by March 1990, as head of the National Party.

The Governor General has named Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Ben Jones as interim head of government.

The funeral is scheduled for the afternoon of Friday December 22, 1989. Although most Eastern Caribbean leaders criticized Blaize for attempting to hold onto power when it was clearly time for elections, they shared his strong conservative beliefs and will attend his funeral. Also expected to send ministerial-level representatives are Venezuela and the U.K.

We recommend that the President send a delegation to the funeral. To ensure the timely arrival and departure of the delegation, and in view of the fact that all commercial airlines are booked for the holiday season, the Department of State requests that a U.S. Presidential aircraft be made available to the delegation on a non-reimbursable basis.

Charles McNamee Jr.

J. Stapleton Roy
 Executive Secretary

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July 13, 1989

MEMORANDUM FOR BRENT SCOWCROFT
THE WHITE HOUSE

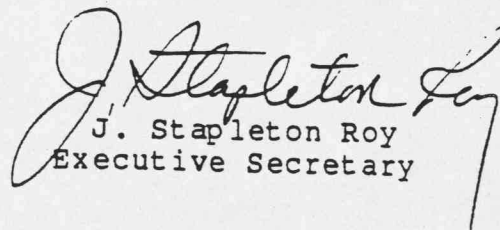
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SUBJECT: Recommendation that the President Name an Official
Presidential Delegation To Attend the Bolivian
Inauguration

The Department of State proposes that the President name an official U.S. delegation to attend the inauguration of the new President of Bolivia. The new Bolivian President will be selected August 3 by the Bolivian Congress from the top three candidates in the May 7 presidential election. The May election took place free of fraud and in stark contrast to the Panamanian presidential elections held the same day. The attendance at the August 6 inauguration by a high-level official U.S. delegation named by the President would highlight our support for free elections like those in Bolivia, as well as our support for Bolivia's coca eradication program and extraordinary economic reform, which is a model for the hemisphere.

In addition, if the situation in Panama is not resolved by August 6, the inaugural would be an opportunity for high-level discussions on Panama with Latin American leaders.


J. Stapleton Roy
Executive Secretary

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By JS NARA, Date 6/13/02

2000-1291-F Doc. #7



United States Department of State

Washington, D.C. 20520

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~MEMORANDUM FOR BRENT SCOWCROFT
THE WHITE HOUSESubject: U.S. Representation at Malawi Independence
Celebrations

The Republic of Malawi will celebrate the 25th anniversary of its independence on Republic Day, July 6. The Government of Malawi has officially invited the U.S. to send a representative to the celebrations.

The U.S. enjoys excellent relations with Malawi, which has supported U.S. policy in southern Africa and has worked with the U.S. to promote just and nonviolent solutions to the region's problems in international fora, including the United Nations. Conservative and pro-Western, Malawi has received some criticism because of its one-party political system and refusal to allow critics of Life President Banda to express their views openly. However, Malawi has reaped international praise for its generous and humane treatment of over 640,000 Mozambicans who have taken refuge there. Malawi also can now boast of improved relations with its neighbors, which had long been strained by Malawi's formal diplomatic relationship with South Africa. Although the relationship with South Africa continues, Malawi's willingness to help Mozambique reopen the Nacala Rail Line and to offer sanctuary to Mozambican refugees has raised its standing in regional capitals.

U.S. participation in the independence celebrations would signal to the Malawi Government that we value the bilateral relationship and appreciate its consistent support for our regional policy. We recommend that the White House appoint a U.S. representative to the independence celebrations.

J. Stapleton Roy
Executive Secretary~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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United States Department of State

- Washington, D.C. 20520

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~MEMORANDUM FOR BRENT SCOWCROFT
THE WHITE HOUSESubject: Unofficial American Delegation to the Inauguration of
Taiwan President on May 20

Taiwan will celebrate the inauguration of President Lee Teng-hui on May 20. The long friendship between Taiwan and the U.S. makes it important to send a delegation to the inauguration despite the absence of formal diplomatic ties. Former Transportation Secretary Drew Lewis, after he left office, attended the 1984 inauguration of Lee's predecessor, the late President Chiang Ching-kuo.

Because our relations with Taiwan are conducted on a strictly unofficial basis, the delegation should be publicly characterized as an "American delegation," rather than as a "Presidential delegation," though it would be treated administratively as a Presidential delegation. It would be inappropriate, given the absence of diplomatic relations, for any senior Executive Branch personnel to be included.

No public presidential statement will be required by the delegation. However, the head of the delegation will make an arrival statement.

Because of scheduling concerns and the stature of the delegation, we request that a Special Air Missions Aircraft be made available on a non-reimbursable basis to transport the members of the delegation from Washington to Taiwan and back. A similar aircraft took the unofficial American delegation to the funeral of the late President Chiang in 1988.

J. Stapleton Roy
Executive Secretary~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
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