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OA/ID Number: 13630
Folder ID Number: 13630-003

Folder Title:
[Press Statement with] Prime Minister Miyazawa 7/1/92 [OA 5810]

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
G	26	18	3	3

**PRESS STATEMENT WITH PRIME MINISTER MIYAZAWA
WEDNESDAY, JULY 1, 1992 \ ROSE GARDEN \ 4:30 PM**

MR. PRIME MINISTER, AND MEMBERS OF THE JAPANESE DELEGATION, IT'S BEEN A PLEASURE TO HAVE YOU AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

THE PRIME MINISTER AND I HAVE JUST CONCLUDED A VERY SUCCESSFUL DISCUSSION -- ONE THAT REAFFIRMS THE IMPORTANCE OF THE STRONG RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN OUR TWO NATIONS.

- 2 -

WE DISCUSSED OUR GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP AND WE REVIEWED THE PROSPECTS FOR NEXT WEEK'S G-7 SUMMIT IN MUNICH.

FIRST ON OUR AGENDA WAS OUR MUTUAL COMMITMENT TO GLOBAL PEACE AND PROSPERITY. I AM ENCOURAGED BY WHAT THE PRIME MINISTER TOLD ME ABOUT JAPAN'S PLANS TO STIMULATE ECONOMIC GROWTH. BOTH OF US CONFIRMED OUR DESIRE FOR A STRONG, LASTING RECOVERY. WE ALSO DISCUSSED THE URUGUAY ROUND AND THE NECESSITY TO REDOUBLE OUR EFFORTS TO INCREASE GLOBAL PROSPERITY.

THIS WILL DIRECTLY BENEFIT BOTH THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES AND JAPAN.

I ALSO TOLD THE PRIME MINISTER THAT I WELCOME THE PASSAGE OF JAPAN'S PEACE COOPERATION BILL -- WHICH WILL ALLOW JAPAN TO PARTICIPATE ACTIVELY IN BUILDING A LASTING PEACE IN CAMBODIA AND OTHER WORLD TROUBLE SPOTS. AND WE AGREED TO COOPERATE ON OTHER REGIONAL THREATS AND PROBLEMS FROM NUCLEAR AND MISSILE PROLIFERATION CONCERNS IN NORTH KOREA TO THE RESOLUTION OF THE POW/MIA ISSUE WITH VIETNAM.

WE TALKED ABOUT HOW, AT MUNICH, WE CAN ASSIST IN ASSURING THE SAFETY OF NUCLEAR POWER IN THE FORMER SOVIET UNION. I ALSO REAFFIRMED FULL U.S. SUPPORT FOR JAPAN'S POSITION ON THE NORTHERN TERRITORIES. FINALLY, I ASSURED THE PRIME MINISTER OF THE IMPORTANCE OF ASIA TO THE U.S. -- OF OUR RESOLVE TO MAINTAIN OUR FORWARD MILITARY PRESENCE IN THE PACIFIC, AND OUR APPRECIATION FOR JAPAN'S HOST NATION SUPPORT.

I ALSO AM PLEASED TO ANNOUNCE THAT WE HAVE MADE PROGRESS IN RESOLVING SOME OF THE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN US -- PARTICULARLY WITH REGARD TO OUR TRADE RELATIONSHIP. OVER THE PAST SIX MONTHS, WE HAVE REACHED SIGNIFICANT AGREEMENTS TO IMPROVE AMERICAN INDUSTRIES' ACCESS TO JAPAN'S \$9 BILLION COMPUTER AND \$27 BILLION PAPER MARKETS. THESE AGREEMENTS ARE VERY GOOD NEWS TO THE AMERICAN WORKER.

STILL, WE HAVE MORE TO DO: MR. PRIME MINISTER, I WANT TO MENTION OUR CONTINUED INTEREST IN ACCESS TO YOUR MARKETS FOR AUTOMOBILES, AUTO PARTS, AND SEMICONDUCTORS, AS WELL AS COOPERATION ON THE SUPERCOLLIDER AND STRIKING DOWN STRUCTURAL IMPEDIMENTS TO FREER TRADE. WE WILL TRACK OUR PROGRESS ON EVERY ITEM IDENTIFIED IN OUR ACTION PLAN. AND MR. PRIME MINISTER, YOU CAN BE ASSURED THAT THE U.S. WILL DO IT'S PART TO IMPROVE AMERICAN COMPETITIVENESS.

I HAVE MADE IT CLEAR -- AND I WILL CONTINUE TO MAKE IT CLEAR -- THAT THIS ADMINISTRATION, AND THE AMERICAN PEOPLE, ARE ABSOLUTELY COMMITTED TO TRADE THAT IS BOTH FREE AND FAIR. PROTECTIONISM SIMPLY IS NOT THE ANSWER.

THE RECORD IS CLEAR: OUR EFFORTS THE PAST THREE YEARS HAVE SUBSTANTIALLY INCREASED AMERICAN EXPORTS TO JAPAN. AND I WANT TO APPLAUD THE EFFORTS OF AMERICA'S PRIVATE SECTOR -- THEIR EXPORT VISION, IF YOU WILL -- TO OPEN THE MARKETS THAT MEAN MORE AMERICAN JOBS.

WE NEED TO CONTINUE EXPANDING, NOT CLOSING, OUR TRADE RELATIONS. WHETHER IT'S PROTECTIONIST MEASURES IN THIS COUNTRY OR IN JAPAN -- THE RESULT IS THE SAME: PROTECTIONISM PUNCHES A HOLE IN A HEALTHY ECONOMY. SO, I'M CONFIDENT THAT THE PRIME MINISTER AND I DEPART HERE TODAY KNOWING THAT WE DO NOT HELP OUR RESPECTIVE NATIONS BY HURTING EACH OTHER.

AND AS IMPORTANT AS OUR ECONOMIC INTERACTION IS, I THINK IT ALSO IS IMPORTANT FOR US TO REMEMBER THAT AMERICA AND JAPAN SHARE THREE VERY IMPORTANT VALUES -- OUR SUPPORT FOR THE FREE-MARKET ECONOMIC SYSTEM; OUR LOVE OF POLITICAL DEMOCRACY; AND OUR MUTUAL INTEREST IN GLOBAL PEACE AND SECURITY.

I AM OPTIMISTIC THAT OUR TWO NATIONS CAN WORK CLOSELY TO ADVANCE AND PROTECT THESE VALUES -- IN THE PACIFIC RIM AND ELSEWHERE.

WHEN THESE VALUES ARE THREATENED, IT IS CRITICAL THAT OUR TWO NATIONS UNITE. OUR UNITY WILL BE VITAL IF THESE THREE KEY VALUES ARE TO SURVIVE AND PROSPER IN THE NEW WORLD WE SEEK.

LET ME SAY, MR. PRIME MINISTER, THAT I BELIEVE THAT THIS NEW PERIOD IN WORLD AFFAIRS HOLDS GREAT PROMISE FOR THE AMERICAN-JAPANESE RELATIONSHIP.

- 11 -

**ONCE AGAIN, IT'S AN HONOR TO HOST YOU HERE IN
WASHINGTON, TO REAFFIRM OUR PARTNERSHIP -- THE RESPECT
AND TRUST BETWEEN OUR PEOPLE -- AND TO WELCOME YOU AS A
FRIEND.**

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WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 6/30/92 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: ---

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: DEPARTURE OF PM MIYAZAWA

SUBJECT: WEDNESDAY, 7/1/92 - 4:30pm - ROSE GARDEN

	ACTION	FYI		ACTION	FYI
VICE PRESIDENT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	HORNER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SKINNER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MCBRIDE	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SCOWCROFT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MOORE	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DARMAN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PETERSMEYER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BRADY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PORTER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
BROMLEY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	SMITH	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CALIO	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	YEUTTER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DEMAREST	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>FINDLAY</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
FITZWATER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>KAUFMAN</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
GRAY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>MCGROARTY</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
HOLIDAY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>FIRESTONE</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

REMARKS:

The attached has been forwarded to the President.

RESPONSE:


PHILLIP D. BRADY
 Assistant to the President
 and Staff Secretary
 Ext. 2702

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

2 JUN 29 P 6:31

June 29, 1992

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

THROUGH: DAVID F. DEMAREST ^{DD}
FROM: MIKE JOHNS 
SUBJECT: PROPOSED REMARKS TO THE PRESS AT THE DEPARTURE OF
PRIME MINISTER MIYAZAWA

I. SUMMARY

On Wednesday, July 1 at 4:30 p.m. in the Rose Garden, you will deliver a brief press statement prior to departing for Camp David with Japanese Prime Minister Miyazawa.

II. DISCUSSION

Your remarks, (approximately 5 minutes / cards), focus on the importance of strong U.S.-Japanese relations, including comments on recent trade agreements, the potential for an enhanced Japanese role in world affairs, and the common values between our two nations.

Johns/Bunton
Draft six
June 30, 1992

2 JUN 30 P4:32
PRESS STATEMENT WITH PRIME MINISTER MIYAZAWA
Wednesday, July 1, 1992
Rose Garden, 4:30 pm

Mr. Prime Minister, and members of the Japanese delegation, it's been a pleasure to have you at the White House.

The Prime Minister and I have just concluded a very successful discussion -- one that reaffirms the importance of the strong relationship between our two nations. We discussed our global partnership and we reviewed the prospects for next week's G-7 Summit in Munich.

First on our agenda was our mutual commitment to global peace and prosperity. I am encouraged by what the Prime Minister told me about Japan's plans to stimulate economic growth. Both of us confirmed our desire for a strong, lasting recovery. We also discussed the Uruguay Round and the necessity to redouble our efforts to increase global prosperity. This will directly benefit both the people of the United States and Japan.

I also told the Prime Minister that I welcome the passage of Japan's Cooperation Bill -- which will allow Japan to participate actively in building a lasting peace in Cambodia and other world trouble spots. And we agreed to cooperate on other regional threats and problems from nuclear and missile proliferation concerns in North Korea to the resolution of the POW/MIA issue with Vietnam. We talked about how, at Munich, we can assist in assuring the safety of nuclear power in the former Soviet Union.

I also am pleased to announce that we have made progress in resolving some of the differences between us -- particularly with regard to our trade relationship. Over the past six months, we have reached significant agreements to improve American industries' access to Japan's \$9 billion computer and \$27 billion paper markets. These agreements are very good news to the American worker.

Still, we have more to do: Mr. Prime Minister, I want to mention our continued interest in access to your markets for automobiles, auto parts, and semiconductors, as well as cooperation on the SuperCollider and striking down structural impediments to freer trade. We will track our progress on every item identified in our action plan.

I have made it clear -- and I will continue to make it clear -- that this administration, and the American people, are absolutely committed to trade that is both free and fair. Protectionism simply is not the answer.

The record is clear: our efforts the past three years have substantially increased American exports to Japan. And I want to applaud the efforts of America's private sector -- their export vision, if you will -- to open the markets that mean more American jobs. We need to continue expanding, not closing, our trade relations. Whether it's protectionist measures in this country or in Japan -- the result is the same: protectionism punches a hole in a healthy economy. So, I'm confident that the

Prime Minister and I depart here today knowing that we do not help our respective nations by hurting each other.

And as important as our economic interaction is, I think it also is important for us to remember that America and Japan share three very important values -- our support for the free-market economic system; our love of political democracy; and our mutual interest in global peace and security.

I am optimistic that our two nations can work closely to advance and protect these values -- in the Pacific Rim and elsewhere. When these values are threatened, it is critical that our two nations unite. Our unity will be vital if these three key values are to survive and prosper in the new world we seek.

Let me say, Mr. Prime Minister, that I believe that this new period in world affairs holds great promise for the American-Japanese relationship. Once again, it's an honor to host you here in Washington, to reaffirm our partnership -- the respect and trust between our people -- and to welcome you as a friend.

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

June 29, 1992

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

THROUGH: DAVID F. DEMAREST *DD*
FROM: MIKE JOHNS *MJ*
SUBJECT: PROPOSED REMARKS TO THE PRESS AT THE DEPARTURE OF
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Johns/Bunton
Draft five
June 29, 1992

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Wednesday, July 1, 1992
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The Prime Minister and I have just concluded a very successful discussion -- one that reaffirms the importance of the strong relationship between our two nations. We discussed our global partnership and we reviewed the prospects for next week's G-7 Summit in Munich.

First on our agenda was our mutual commitment to global peace and prosperity. I am encouraged by what the Prime Minister told me about Japan's plans to stimulate economic growth. Both of us confirmed our desire for a strong, lasting recovery. We also discussed the Uruguay Round and the necessity to redouble our efforts to increase global prosperity. This will directly benefit both the people of the United States and Japan.

I also told the Prime Minister that I welcome the passage of Japan's Cooperation Bill -- which will allow Japan to participate actively in building a lasting peace in Cambodia and other world trouble spots. And we agreed to cooperate on other regional threats and problems from nuclear and missile proliferation concerns in North Korea to the resolution of the POW/MIA issue with Vietnam. We talked about how, at Munich, we can assist in assuring the safety of nuclear power in the former Soviet Union.

I also am pleased to announce that we have made progress in resolving some of the differences between us -- particularly with regard to our trade relationship. Over the past six months, we have reached significant agreements to improve American industries' access to Japan's \$9 billion computer and \$27 billion paper markets. These agreements are very good news to the American worker.

Still, we have more to do: Mr. Prime Minister, I want to mention our continued interest in access to your markets for automobiles, auto parts, and semiconductors, as well as cooperation on the SuperCollider and striking down structural impediments to freer trade.

I have made it clear -- and I will continue to make it clear -- that this administration, and the American people, are absolutely committed to trade that is both free and fair. Protectionism simply is not the answer.

We need to continue expanding, not closing, our trade relations. Whether it's protectionist measures in this country or in Japan -- the result is the same: protectionism punches a hole in a healthy economy. So, I'm confident that the Prime Minister and I depart here today knowing that we do not help our respective nations by hurting each other.

And as important as our economic interaction is, I think it also is important for us to remember that America and Japan share three very important values -- our support for the free-market.

economic system; our love of political democracy; and our mutual interest in global peace and security.

I am optimistic that our two nations can work closely to advance and protect these values -- in the Pacific Rim and elsewhere. When these values are threatened, it is critical that our two nations unite. Our unity will be vital if these three key values are to survive and prosper in the new world we seek.

Let me say, Mr. Prime Minister, that I believe that this new period in world affairs holds great promise for the American-Japanese relationship. Once again, it's an honor to host you here in Washington, to reaffirm our partnership, and to welcome you as a friend. —

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WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 6/26/92 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: MON. 6/29 10:00am

SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: PRESS STATEMENT WITH PM MIYAZAWA
WED. 7/1/92 - ROSE GARDEN - 4:30pm

	ACTION	FYI		ACTION	FYI
VICE PRESIDENT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	HORNER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SKINNER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MCBRIDE	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SCOWCROFT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	X MOORE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
DARMAN <i>N/C</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	PETERSMEYER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BRADY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PORTER	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BROMLEY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	SMITH	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
CALIO <i>N/C</i>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	YEUTTER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
X DEMAREST	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	FINDLAY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
FITZWATER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	KAUFMAN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
GRAY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	MCGROARTY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
HOLIDAY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	FIRESTONE	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
BOSKIN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			

REMARKS:

Please forward your comments directly to Dan McGroarty, Rm. 122, x2930, no later than MONDAY, JUNE 29 - 10:00 a.m., with a copy to this office. Thank you.

RESPONSE:

PHILLIP D. BRADY
 Assistant to the President
 and Staff Secretary
 Ext. 2702

2 JUN 26 P1:14

Johns/Bunton
Draft four
June 26, 1992

PRESS STATEMENT WITH PRIME MINISTER MIYAZAWA
Wednesday, July 1, 1992
Rose Garden, 4:30 pm

Mr. Prime Minister, and members of the Japanese delegation, let me welcome you once again to the White House.

The Prime Minister and I have just concluded a very successful discussion -- one that once again affirms the importance of a strong relationship between our two nations.

We also made real progress in resolving some of the differences among us -- particularly with regard to our trade relationship.

I'll be honest. The Prime Minister and I have discussed some of these differences in a very candid fashion. But we did so -- as we will continue to do so -- knowing that these differences are, in a sense, disagreements among friends. And, as friends, we are committed to resolving our differences in a spirit of civility.

I say this because, when it comes to our trade relations, we know that America and Japan are on the same ship known as the international economy. I'm pleased to announce that American exports to Japan now total \$48 billion; that makes Japan the second largest market in the world for American goods.

And we need to continue expanding, not closing, our trade relations. Whether it's protectionist measures in this country or in Japan -- the result is the same: protectionism punches a hole

in a healthy economy. So, I'm confident that the Prime Minister and I depart here today knowing that we do not help our respective nations by hurting each other.

For my part, I have made it clear that this administration, and the American people, are absolutely committed to trade that is both free and fair. Protectionism is simply not the answer. We must ensure that our trade with Japan does justice to the American worker. And, toward this objective, we have made some substantial progress since our meeting in Tokyo this past January: we have reached bilateral agreements to improve American industries' access to Japan's computer and paper markets. These agreements will be good news to the American worker.

Still, we have more to do: Mr. Prime Minister, I do not want to recite a list of issues, but I do want to mention our continued interest in access to your markets for glass and semiconductors, as well as cooperation on the SuperCollider and striking down structural impediments to freer trade.

And as important as our economic interaction is, I think it also is important for us to remember that America and Japan together share three very important values -- our support for the free-market economic system; our love of political democracy; and our mutual interest in global peace and security.

I am optimistic that our two nations can work closely to advance these values -- in the Pacific Rim and elsewhere. Together, it also is important that our two nations unite when

these values are threatened. Our unity is vital if these three key values are to find a secure home in the new world we seek.

Toward this end, I have told the Prime Minister that I welcome the passage of Japan's Peace Cooperation Bill -- which will allow Japan to participate on the ground to build a lasting peace in Cambodia and other world trouble spots. We also agreed to cooperate on other regional threats and problems such as nuclear and missile proliferation concerns in North Korea and resolution of the POW/MIA issue with Vietnam.

And, finally, I have told the Prime Minister that the United States strongly supports settlement of the Northern Territories issue between Japan and Russia, and that we continue to support Japan's legal and historical claim to these lands.

Let me say, Mr. Prime Minister, that I believe that this new period in world affairs holds great promise for the American-Japanese relationship. Once again, it's an honor to host you here in Washington, and to welcome you as a friend.

[We'll now be happy to take some questions.]

#

NSC Draft

being started for today or tomorrow

/ Jonathan

Person 43
Draft

Dropped off 6:05 Monday

Opening Remarks for July 2 Press Conference

Before leaving for Europe, I want to say a few words about why I am making this trip and what it means to the American people.

We have won the Cold War; this trip is about securing the peace. And it is about building an expanding world economy that can insure new markets abroad and new jobs at home.

These tasks will not be completed on one five-day trip. The meetings I attend will not all be exciting, headline-producing events, for the process of building peace and prosperity is serious and laborious. But this work is vital to the well-being of every American.

There are some who would say that with the Cold War won, we should turn inward and get on with our domestic business. To them I would answer: this is domestic business.

And I would remind them that there are now fewer than 20 American military cemeteries in Europe. I am working to insure that there never has to be a 21st. This is America's business.

Our country is interconnected more than we sometimes realize with the outside world. 70% of our economic growth in the last five years came from exports. Our security and prosperity rises or falls with that of our friends and allies.

We have made great progress. The democratic revolutions of the past three years has brought enormous benefits to every American. The nuclear balance of terror is over; Russian ICBMs no longer stand at high alert.

Three and a half years ago, when I began my first term as your President, adversaries faced us as part of the Warsaw Pact across a divided Europe; now the new democracies of central and eastern Europe are our partners. They stood with us in the Gulf War; they are with us today in trying to bring peace to their neighbors in the former Yugoslavia. And they are becoming attractive sites for U.S. investment -- more than \$2 billion already this year -- that helps them secure their democracies and also brings new profits and new jobs to America. Across the territory of the former Soviet empire, vast new markets are opening up. All these are tangible benefits for our security and our prosperity.

This trip is about extending and securing those benefits. It is about peace, freedom, and prosperity -- America's business.

In Warsaw, where I saw the democratic revolution begin three years ago, I want to show the Poles our support and encourage them to continue their courageous reforms and consolidate their hard-won freedom. They and others in central Europe were the pioneers; they can show the way to all those trying to escape Communism's shadow. They must succeed.

In Munich, the world's leading industrialized democracies will work to build a new global economic order -- one that integrates the emerging market democracies of the east, with their huge markets and vast potential, together with all the developing countries, into an expanding world economy. We want steady, sustainable global economic growth that will increase

prosperity here at home and around the world. And we will also meet with President Yeltsin to answer his offer of friendship by extending our support to Russia's reforms -- an investment in Russian democracy that is also an investment in our own future.

In Helsinki, the leaders of North America, Europe, and the former Soviet Union will meet for this first time as a democratic community of more than fifty countries. We will take new steps toward building a peaceful European order, in which conflicts are solved before they turn violent and the military forces of East and West can be deployed together in peacekeeping missions.

Our goal is to secure a permanent peace in an area beset in this century by confrontation and conflict. We can achieve that goal only through our commitment, involvement, and leadership.

America cannot prosper in a world of turmoil, violence, or closed trading blocs. But we can give a strong boost to our own economic resurgence by securing a democratic peace and a vibrant, open world economy.

We may not have another opportunity like this to establish a democratic peace in the world, and we must seize it. This trip will not solve all the problems before us, but it can bring us a step closer toward our goal, laying the groundwork for what we can achieve in the years ahead for our country and the world.

92 JUN 31 A8:34

Johns/Bunton
Draft six
June 30, 19922 JUN 30 P4:32
PRESS STATEMENT WITH PRIME MINISTER MIYAZAWA
Wednesday, July 1, 1992
Rose Garden, 4:30 pm

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I also told the Prime Minister that I welcome the passage of Japan's ^{Peace} Cooperation Bill -- which will allow Japan to participate actively in building a lasting peace in Cambodia and other world trouble spots. And we agreed to cooperate on other regional threats and problems from nuclear and missile proliferation concerns in North Korea to the resolution of the POW/MIA issue with Vietnam. We talked about how, at Munich, we can assist in assuring the safety of nuclear power in the former Soviet Union.

I also reaffirmed full U.S. support for Japan's position on the Northern Territories.

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I also am pleased to announce that we have made progress in resolving some of the differences between us -- particularly with regard to our trade relationship. Over the past six months, we have reached significant agreements to improve American industries' access to Japan's \$9 billion computer and \$27 billion paper markets. These agreements are very good news to the American worker.

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Prime Minister and I depart here today knowing that we do not help our respective nations by hurting each other.

And as important as our economic interaction is, I think it also is important for us to remember that America and Japan share three very important values -- our support for the free-market economic system; our love of political democracy; and our mutual interest in global peace and security.

I am optimistic that our two nations can work closely to advance and protect these values -- in the Pacific Rim and elsewhere. When these values are threatened, it is critical that our two nations unite. Our unity will be vital if these three key values are to survive and prosper in the new world we seek.

Let me say, Mr. Prime Minister, that I believe that this new period in world affairs holds great promise for the American-Japanese relationship. Once again, it's an honor to host you here in Washington, to reaffirm our partnership -- the respect and trust between our people -- and to welcome you as a friend.

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WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM



DATE: 6/26/92 ACTION/CONCURRENCE COMMENT DUE BY: MON. 6/29 10:00am

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: PRESS STATEMENT WITH PM MIYAZAWA WED. 7/1/92 - ROSE GARDEN - 4:30pm

Table with columns for names and checkboxes for ACTION and FYI. Includes names like VICE PRESIDENT, SKINNER, SCOWCROFT, DARMAN, BRADY, BROMLEY, CALIO, DEMAREST, FITZWATER, GRAY, HOLIDAY BOSKIN, HORNER, MCBRIDE, MOORE, PETERSMEYER, PORTER, SMITH, YEUTTER, FINDLAY, KAUFMAN, MCGROARTY, FIRESTONE.

REMARKS:

Please forward your comments directly to Dan McGroarty, Rm. 122, x2930, no later than MONDAY, JUNE 29 - 10:00 a.m., with a copy to this office. Thank you.

RESPONSE:

TO: PHILLIP D. BRADY June 29, 1992

The NSC staff concurs with draft speech with changes as noted.

Brent Scowcroft

PHILLIP D. BRADY Assistant to the President and Staff Secretary Ext. 2702

Johns/Bunton
Draft four
June 26, 1992

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~~PROSPERITY. I AM ENCOURAGED BY WHAT THE PRIME MINISTER TOLD ME ABOUT JAPAN'S PLANS TO~~
~~relationship. STIMULATE ECONOMIC GROWTH. BOTH OF US CONFIRMED OUR DESIRE FOR A STRONG,~~
~~LASTING RECOVERY. WE DISCUSSED THE URUGUAY ROUND AND THE NECESSITY TO REDOUBLE OUR EFFORTS~~
~~I'll be honest. The Prime Minister and I have discussed some~~
~~TO ACHIEVE A RESULT THAT WILL INCREASE GLOBAL PROSPERITY, DIRECTLY BENEFITING THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED~~
~~of these differences in a very candid fashion. But we did so -- STATES AND~~
~~TP I {ADD "INSERT (A)" FROM PAGE 3}. WE ALSO DISCUSSED HOW AT JAPAN.~~
~~as we will continue to do so -- knowing that these differences~~
~~MUNICH WE CAN ASSIST IN ASSUAGING THE SAFETY OF NUCLEAR POWER IN THE~~
~~are, in a sense, disagreements among friends. And, as friends, we~~
~~FORMER SOVIET UNION.~~
~~are committed to resolving our differences in a spirit of~~
civility.

~~WE REVIEWED THE PLAN OF ACTION THAT WE ANNOUNCED IN TOKYO IN JANUARY. WE HAVE~~
~~I say this because, when it comes to our trade relations, we~~
~~SINCE THEN REACHED BILATERAL AGREEMENTS TO IMPROVE US INDUSTRIES' ACCESS TO~~
~~know that America and Japan are on the same ship known as the~~
~~JAPAN'S COMPUTER AND PAPER MARKETS. {ADD "(B)" FROM PAGE 2.}~~
~~international economy. I'm pleased to announce that American~~
~~exports to Japan now total \$48 billion; that makes Japan the~~
~~second largest market in the world for American goods.~~

~~And we need to continue expanding, not closing, our trade~~
~~relations. Whether it's protectionist measures in this country or~~
~~in Japan -- the result is the same: protectionism punches a hole~~

yes

NEED
TO START
WITH
POSITIVE,
CONSULTATIVE
NATURE
OF DISCUSSIONS
NOT LEAD
WITH MOST
CONTENTIOUS
ISSUES.

STATES AND
JAPAN.

~~in a healthy economy. So, I'm confident that the Prime Minister and I depart here today knowing that we do not help our respective nations by hurting each other.~~

~~[For my part,] I have made it clear that this administration, and the American people, are absolutely committed to trade that is both free and fair. Protectionism is simply not the answer. We must ensure that our trade with Japan does justice to the American worker. And, toward this objective, we have made some substantial progress since our meeting in Tokyo this past January: we have reached bilateral agreements to improve American industries' access to Japan's computer and paper markets. These agreements will be good news to the American worker.]~~

≡ Still, we have more to do: Mr. Prime Minister, I do not want to recite a list of issues, but I do want to mention our continued interest in access to your markets for glass and semiconductors, as well as cooperation on ~~the SuperCollider and~~ striking down structural impediments to freer trade ^{through the SII negotiations}

And as important as our economic interaction is, I think it also is important for us to remember that America and Japan together share three very important values -- our support for the free-market economic system; our love of political democracy; and our mutual interest in global peace and security.

~~SIX MONTHS AGO, WHEN I TRAVELED TO JAPAN, PRIME MINISTER MIYAZAWA AND I I am optimistic that our two nations can work closely to ANNOUNCED THE TOKYO DECLARATION. AT THAT TIME WE RESOLVED TO CONTRIBUTE TO A JUST, PEACEFUL AND PROSPEROUS WORLD THROUGH GLOBAL PARTNERSHIP. I WAS CONFIDENT THEN, Together, it also is important that our two nations unite when~~

Redundant after change made to first page.

Publicly mentioning Supercollider may embarrass us as OMB does not expect Supercollider to pass Senate. See also Melby's comments attached.

B
Move to page 10

AND I AM EVEN MORE CONFIDENT TODAY, THAT THERE IS NO MORE IMPORTANT ~~these values are threatened. Our unity is vital if these three~~ RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN ANY TWO COUNTRIES THAN BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA AND JAPAN, ~~key values are to find a secure home in the new world we seek.~~

No

~~Toward this end,~~ I have told the Prime Minister that I

welcome the passage of Japan's Peace Cooperation Bill -- which will allow Japan to participate on the ground to build a lasting peace in Cambodia and other world trouble spots. We also agreed to cooperate on other regional threats and problems such as nuclear and missile proliferation concerns in North Korea and resolution of the POW/MIA issue with Vietnam.

~~And, finally,~~ I have told the Prime Minister that the United States strongly supports settlement of the Northern Territories issue between Japan and Russia, and that we continue to support Japan's legal and historical claim to these lands.

Let me say, Mr. Prime Minister, that I believe that this new period in world affairs holds great promise for the American-Japanese relationship. Once again, it's an honor to host you here in Washington, and to ~~welcome you as a friend.~~ ^{reaffirm our partnership, our personal friendship and the} respect and trust between our two great peoples. ~~[We'll now be happy to take some questions.]~~

#

[MOVE TO PAGE 1] "NS Sec"

A

NO
G's A's

BOSKIN'S

first page

3rd IP

"I'll be honest"

-last word in that

IP... Change from

civility to

cooperation.

11:00 AM

Document No. 335365

92 JUN 29 10:31
WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 6/26/92 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: MON. 6/29 10:00am

SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: PRESS STATEMENT WITH PM MIYAZAWA
WED. 7/1/92 - ROSE GARDEN - 4:30pm

	ACTION	FYI		ACTION	FYI
VICE PRESIDENT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	HORNER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SKINNER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MCBRIDE	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SCOWCROFT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	MOORE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
DARMAN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	PETERSMEYER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BRADY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PORTER	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BROMLEY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	SMITH	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
CALIO	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	YEUTTER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DEMAREST	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>FINDLAY</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
FITZWATER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>KAUFMAN</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
GRAY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>MCGROARTY</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
HOLIDAY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>FIRESTONE</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
BOSKIN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			

REMARKS:

Please forward your comments directly to Dan McGroarty, Rm. 122, x2930, no later than MONDAY, JUNE 29 - 10:00 a.m., with a copy to this office. Thank you.

RESPONSE:

See comments.

PK

PHILLIP D. BRADY
Assistant to the President
and Staff Secretary
Ext. 2702

USTR General Comment

Emphasis is much more than trade on this
+ TIP - - -

Johns/Bunton
Draft four
June 26, 1992

2 JUN 26 P1:14

PRESS STATEMENT WITH PRIME MINISTER MIYAZAWA
Wednesday, July 1, 1992
Rose Garden, 4:30 pm

Mr. Prime Minister, and members of the Japanese delegation, let me welcome you once again to the White House.

The Prime Minister and I have just concluded a very successful discussion -- one that once again affirms the importance of a strong relationship between our two nations.

We also made real progress in resolving some of the differences among us -- particularly with regard to our trade relationship.

I'll be honest. The Prime Minister and I have discussed some of these differences in a very candid fashion. But we did so -- as we will continue to do so -- knowing that these differences are, in a sense, disagreements among friends. And, as friends, we are committed to ~~resolving~~ ^{addressing} our differences in a spirit of civility.

I say this because, when it comes to our trade relations, we know that America and Japan are on the same ship known as the international economy. I'm pleased to announce that American ^(1991 data) exports to Japan now total \$48 billion; that makes Japan the second largest market in the world for American goods.

(USTR) merchandise

And we need to continue expanding, not closing, our trade relations. Whether it's protectionist measures in this country or in Japan -- the result is the same: protectionism punches a hole

And in 1991 our exports of services were 21 billion

in a healthy economy. So, I'm confident that the Prime Minister and I depart here today knowing that we do not harm our respective nations by hurting each other.

For my part, I have made it clear that this administration, and the American people, are absolutely committed to trade that is both free and fair. Protectionism is simply not the answer. We must ensure that our trade with Japan does justice to the American worker. And, toward this objective, we have made some substantial progress since our meeting in Tokyo this past January: we have reached bilateral agreements to improve American industries' access to Japan's ^{9 billion dollars} computer and ^{27 billion dollars} paper markets. These agreements will be good news to the American worker. (USTR)

Still, we have more to do: Mr. Prime Minister, I do not want to recite a list of issues, but I do want to mention our continued interest in access to your markets for ~~autos~~ and auto parts (USTR) and semiconductors, as well as cooperation on the SuperCollider and striking down structural impediments to freer trade. (USTR) ^{Indeeds we shall be following closely all of}

And as important as our economic interaction is, I think it also is important for us to remember that America and Japan together share three very important values -- our support for the free-market economic system; our love of political democracy; and our mutual interest in global peace and security. ^{the items identified in the action plan.}

I am optimistic that our two nations can work closely to advance these values -- in the Pacific Rim and elsewhere. Together, it also is important that our two nations unite when

3

these values are threatened. Our unity is vital if these three key values are to find a secure home in the new world we seek.

Toward this end, I have told the Prime Minister that I welcome the passage of Japan's Peace Cooperation Bill -- which will allow Japan to participate on the ground to build a lasting peace in Cambodia and other world trouble spots. We also agreed to cooperate on other regional threats and problems such as nuclear and missile proliferation concerns in North Korea and resolution of the POW/MIA issue with Vietnam.

And, finally, I have told the Prime Minister that the United States strongly supports settlement of the Northern Territories issue between Japan and Russia, and that we continue to support Japan's legal and historical claim to these lands.

Let me say, Mr. Prime Minister, that I believe that this new period in world affairs holds great promise for the American-Japanese relationship. Once again, it's an honor to host you here in Washington, and to welcome you as a friend.

[We'll now be happy to take some questions.]

#

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

92 JUN 29 10:10

June 29, 1992

MEMORANDUM FOR DAN MCGROARTY
SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
FOR COMMUNICATION

FROM: *MS for* GREGORY S. WALDEN
ASSOCIATE COUNSEL TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Presidential Remarks: Press Statement
With PM Miyazawa

The Counsel's office has no legal objections or comments.

cc: Phillip D. Brady

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

June 29, 1992

92 JUN 29 11:42

MEMORANDUM FOR DAN MCGROARTY

FROM: ROGER B. PORTER *RBP*

SUBJECT: Presidential Remarks: Press Statement with PM
Miyazawa

We have reviewed the attached presidential press statement and have noted a few suggested changes on the draft.

If you have any questions or we can be of further assistance, please let us know.

cc: Phillip D. Brady

JD
-wm

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 6/26/92 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: MON. 6/29 10:00am

SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: PRESS STATEMENT WITH PM MIYAZAWA
WED. 7/1/92 - ROSE GARDEN - 4:30pm

	ACTION	FYI		ACTION	FYI
VICE PRESIDENT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	HORNER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SKINNER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MCBRIDE	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SCOWCROFT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	MOORE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
DARMAN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	PETERSMEYER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BRADY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PORTER	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BROMLEY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	SMITH	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
CALIO	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	YEUTTER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DEMAREST	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>FINDLAY</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
FITZWATER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>KAUFMAN</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
GRAY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>MCGROARTY</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
HOLIDAY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>FIRESTONE</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
BOSKIN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			

REMARKS:

Please forward your comments directly to Dan McGroarty, Rm. 122, x2930, no later than MONDAY, JUNE 29 - 10:00 a.m., with a copy to this office. Thank you.

RESPONSE:

See Comments

PHILLIP D. BRADY
Assistant to the President
and Staff Secretary
Ext. 2702

Johns/Bunton
Draft four
June 26, 1992

2 JUN 26 P1:14

PRESS STATEMENT WITH PRIME MINISTER MIYAZAWA
Wednesday, July 1, 1992
Rose Garden, 4:30 pm

Mr. Prime Minister, and members of the Japanese delegation, let me welcome you once again to the White House.

The Prime Minister and I have just concluded a very successful discussion -- one that ~~once again~~^{RE} affirms the importance of a strong relationship between our two nations.

We also made ~~real~~^{real} progress in resolving some of ~~the~~^{OUR} differences ~~among us~~ -- particularly with regard to our trade relationship.

~~I'll be honest.~~ The Prime Minister and I have discussed some of these differences ~~in a~~^{LY} very candid^{LY} fashion. But we did so -- ~~as~~^{AND} we will continue to do so -- knowing that these differences are, in a sense, disagreements among friends. And, as friends, we are committed to resolving our differences in a spirit of civility.

~~I say this because,~~ when it comes to our trade relations, we know that America and Japan are ~~on the same ship known as~~^{BOTH IMPORTANT PLAYERS IN} the international economy. ~~I'm pleased to announce that~~ American exports to Japan now total \$48 billion; that makes Japan the second largest market in the world for American goods.

~~And we need to continue expanding, not closing,~~^{TO STRENGTHEN} our trade relations. ~~Whether it's~~^{AND TAKE ADVANTAGE OF OUR GLOBAL OPPORTUNITIES} protectionist measures, ~~in this country or~~^{), WHETHER} in Japan, -- ~~the result is the same: protectionism punches a hole~~

DAMAGE OUR ECONOMIES

2

~~V~~ in a healthy economy. ~~So,~~ I'm confident that the Prime Minister and I depart here today knowing that we do not help our respective nations by hurting each other.

~~For my part,~~ I have made it clear that this administration, and the American people, are absolutely committed to trade that is both free and fair. Protectionism is simply not the answer. We must ensure that our trade with Japan does justice to the American worker. And, toward this objective, we have made some substantial progress since our meeting in Tokyo this past January: we have reached bilateral agreements to improve American industries' access to Japan's computer and paper markets. These agreements ~~will be~~ ^{ARE} good news ^{FOR} ~~to~~ the American worker.

Still, we have more to do: Mr. Prime Minister, I do not want to recite a list of issues, but I do want to mention our continued interest in access to your markets for glass and semiconductors, as well as cooperation on the SuperCollider and striking down structural impediments to freer trade.

And as important as our economic interaction is, I think it also is important for us to remember that America and Japan together share three very important values -- our support for the free-market economic system; our love of political democracy; and our mutual interest in global peace and security.

I am optimistic that our two nations can work closely to advance these values -- in the Pacific Rim and elsewhere.

~~Together,~~ it also is important that our two nations unite when

these values are threatened. Our unity is vital if these three key values are to find a secure home in the new world we seek.

Toward this end, I have told the Prime Minister that I welcome the passage of Japan's Peace Cooperation Bill -- which will allow Japan to participate ^{ACTIVELY IN BUILDING} [~~on the ground to build~~] a lasting peace in Cambodia and other world trouble spots. We also agreed to cooperate on other regional threats and problems such as nuclear and missile proliferation concerns in North Korea and resolution of the POW/MIA issue with Vietnam.

And, finally, I have told the Prime Minister that the United States strongly supports settlement of the Northern Territories issue between Japan and Russia, and that we continue to support Japan's legal and historical claim to these lands.

Let me say, Mr. Prime Minister, that I believe that this new period in world affairs holds great promise for the American-Japanese relationship. Once again, it's an honor to host you here in Washington, and to welcome you as a friend.

[We'll now be happy to take some questions.]

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92 JUN 29 P12:30

Johns/Burton
Draft four
June 26, 1992

2 JUN 26 P1:14

PRESS STATEMENT WITH PRIME MINISTER MIYAZAKI
Wednesday, July 1, 1992
Rose Garden, 4130 PM

Mr. Prime Minister, and members of the Japanese delegation, let me welcome you once again to the White House.

The Prime Minister and I have just concluded a very successful discussion -- one that once again affirms the importance of a strong relationship between our two nations.

We also made real progress in resolving some of the differences ^{BETWEEN} among us -- particularly with regard to our trade relationship.

I'll be honest. The Prime Minister and I have discussed some of these differences in a very candid fashion. But we did so -- as we will continue to do so -- knowing that these differences are, in a sense, disagreements ^{BETWEEN} among friends. And, as friends, we are committed to resolving our differences in a spirit of civility.

I say this because, when it comes to our trade relations, we know that America and Japan are on the same ship known as the international economy. I'm pleased to announce that American exports to Japan now total \$48 billion; that makes Japan the second largest market in the world for American goods.

And we need to continue expanding, not closing, our trade relations. Whether it's protectionist measures in this country or in Japan -- the result is the same: protectionism punches a hole

1

in a healthy economy. So, I'm confident that the Prime Minister and I depart here today knowing that we do not bring our respective nations by hurting each other.

For my part, I have made it clear that this administration, and the American people, are absolutely committed to trade that is both free and fair. Protectionism is simply not the answer. We must ensure that our trade with Japan does justice to the American worker. And, toward this objective, we have made some substantial progress since our meeting in Tokyo this past January: we have reached bilateral agreements to improve American industries' access to Japan's computer and paper markets. These agreements ~~will~~ ^{ARE} be good news to the American worker.

Still, we have more to do: Mr. Prime Minister, I do not want to recite a list of issues, but I do want to mention our continued interest in access to your markets for glass and semiconductors, ^{INSERT (SEE NOTE)} ~~as well as cooperation on the supercollider and striking down structural impediments to free trade.~~ ^{AUTOS}

And as important as our economic interaction is, I think it also is important for us to remember that America and Japan together share three very important values -- our support for the free-market economic system; our love of political democracy; and our mutual interest in global peace and security.

I am optimistic that our two nations can work closely to advance these values -- in the Pacific Rim and elsewhere. Together, it also is important that our two nations unite when

It is also vitally important that we continue to support our private sector's in their efforts to increase U.S. exports to Japan.

1

these values are threatened. Our unity is vital if these three key values are to find a secure home in the new world we seek.

Toward this end, I have told the Prime Minister that I welcome the passage of Japan's Peace Cooperation Bill -- which will allow Japan to participate on the ground to build a lasting peace in Cambodia and other world trouble spots. We also agreed to cooperate on other regional threats and problems such as nuclear and missile proliferation concerns in North Korea and resolution of the POW/MIA issue with Vietnam.

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[We'll now be happy to take some questions.]

* * *

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 6/26/92 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: MON. 6/29 10:00am

SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: PRESS STATEMENT WITH PM MIYAZAWA
WED. 7/1/92 - ROSE GARDEN - 4:30pm

	ACTION	FYI		ACTION	FYI
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SKINNER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MCBRIDE	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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BRADY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PORTER	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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DEMAREST	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>FINDLAY</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
FITZWATER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>KAUFMAN</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
GRAY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>MCGROARTY</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
HOLIDAY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>FIRESTONE</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
BOSKIN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>			

REMARKS:

Please forward your comments directly to Dan McGroarty, Rm. 122, x2930, no later than MONDAY, JUNE 29 - 10:00 a.m., with a copy to this office. Thank you.

RESPONSE:

No comment

PHILLIP D. BRADY
 Assistant to the President
 and Staff Secretary
 Ext. 2702

Johns/Bunton
Draft four
June 26, 1992

22 JUN 26 P1:14

PRESS STATEMENT WITH PRIME MINISTER MIYAZAWA
Wednesday, July 1, 1992
Rose Garden, 4:30 pm

Mr. Prime Minister, and members of the Japanese delegation, let me welcome you once again to the White House.

The Prime Minister and I have just concluded a very successful discussion -- one that once again affirms the importance of a strong relationship between our two nations.

We also made real progress in resolving some of the differences among us -- particularly with regard to our trade relationship.

I'll be honest. The Prime Minister and I have discussed some of these differences in a very candid fashion. But we did so -- as we will continue to do so -- knowing that these differences are, in a sense, disagreements among friends. And, as friends, we are committed to resolving our differences in a spirit of civility.

I say this because, when it comes to our trade relations, we know that America and Japan are on the same ship known as the international economy. I'm pleased to announce that American exports to Japan now total \$48 billion; that makes Japan the second largest market in the world for American goods.

And we need to continue expanding, not closing, our trade relations. Whether it's protectionist measures in this country or in Japan -- the result is the same: protectionism punches a hole

in a healthy economy. So, I'm confident that the Prime Minister and I depart here today knowing that we do not help our respective nations by hurting each other.

For my part, I have made it clear that this administration, and the American people, are absolutely committed to trade that is both free and fair. Protectionism is simply not the answer. We must ensure that our trade with Japan does justice to the American worker. And, toward this objective, we have made some substantial progress since our meeting in Tokyo this past January: we have reached bilateral agreements to improve American industries' access to Japan's computer and paper markets. These agreements will be good news to the American worker.

Still, we have more to do: Mr. Prime Minister, I do not want to recite a list of issues, but I do want to mention our continued interest in access to your markets for glass and semiconductors, as well as cooperation on the SuperCollider and striking down structural impediments to freer trade.

And as important as our economic interaction is, I think it also is important for us to remember that America and Japan together share three very important values -- our support for the free-market economic system; our love of political democracy; and our mutual interest in global peace and security.

I am optimistic that our two nations can work closely to advance these values -- in the Pacific Rim and elsewhere. Together, it also is important that our two nations unite when

these values are threatened. Our unity is vital if these three key values are to find a secure home in the new world we seek.

Toward this end, I have told the Prime Minister that I welcome the passage of Japan's Peace Cooperation Bill -- which will allow Japan to participate on the ground to build a lasting peace in Cambodia and other world trouble spots. We also agreed to cooperate on other regional threats and problems such as nuclear and missile proliferation concerns in North Korea and resolution of the POW/MIA issue with Vietnam.

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[We'll now be happy to take some questions.]

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Johns/Buntc
Draft four
June 26, 1992

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Toward this end, I have told the Prime Minister that I welcome the passage of Japan's Peace Cooperation Bill -- which will allow Japan to participate on the ground to build a lasting peace in Cambodia and other world trouble spots. We also agreed to cooperate on other regional threats and problems such as nuclear and missile proliferation concerns in North Korea and resolution of the POW/MIA issue with Vietnam.

And, finally, I have told the Prime Minister that the United States strongly supports settlement of the Northern Territories issue between Japan and Russia, and that we continue to support Japan's legal and historical claim to these lands.

Let me say, Mr. Prime Minister, that I believe that this new period in world affairs holds great promise for the American-Japanese relationship. Once again, it's an honor to host you here in Washington, and to welcome you as a friend.

[We'll now be happy to take some questions.]

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Johns/Buntc
Draft four
June 26, 1992

PRESS STATEMENT WITH PRIME MINISTER MIYAZAWA
Wednesday, July 1, 1992
Rose Garden, 4:30 pm

Mr. Prime Minister, and members of the Japanese delegation, let me welcome you once again to the White House.

The Prime Minister and I have just concluded a very successful discussion -- one that once again affirms the importance of a strong relationship between our two nations.

We also made real progress in resolving some of the differences among us -- particularly with regard to our trade relationship.

I'll be honest. The Prime Minister and I have discussed some of these differences in a very candid fashion. But we did so -- as we will continue to do so -- knowing that these differences are, in a sense, disagreements among friends. And, as friends, we are committed to resolving our differences in a spirit of civility.

I say this because, when it comes to our trade relations, we know that America and Japan are on the same ship known as the international economy. I'm pleased to announce that American exports to Japan now total \$48 billion; that makes Japan the second largest market in the world for American goods.

And we need to continue expanding, not closing, our trade relations. Whether it's protectionist measures in this country or in Japan -- the result is the same: protectionism punches a hole

in a healthy economy. So, I'm confident that the Prime Minister and I depart here today knowing that we do not help our respective nations by hurting each other.

For my part, I have made it clear that this administration, and the American people, are absolutely committed to trade that is both free and fair. Protectionism is simply not the answer. We must ensure that our trade with Japan does justice to the American worker. And, toward this objective, we have made some substantial progress since our meeting in Tokyo this past January: we have reached bilateral agreements to improve American industries' access to Japan's computer and paper markets. These agreements will be good news to the American worker.

Still, we have more to do: Mr. Prime Minister, I do not want to recite a list of issues, but I do want to mention our continued interest in access to your markets for glass and semiconductors, as well as cooperation on the SuperCollider and striking down structural impediments to freer trade.

And as important as our economic interaction is, I think it also is important for us to remember that America and Japan together share three very important values -- our support for the free-market economic system; our love of political democracy; and our mutual interest in global peace and security.

I am optimistic that our two nations can work closely to advance these values -- in the Pacific Rim and elsewhere. Together, it also is important that our two nations unite when

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Cal. Aff.

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And as important as our economic interaction is, I think it also is important for us to remember that America and Japan ^{items identified in the action plan.} together share three very important values -- our support for the free-market economic system; our love of political democracy; and our mutual interest in global peace and security.

I am optimistic that our two nations can work closely to advance these values -- in the Pacific Rim and elsewhere. Together, it also is important that our two nations unite when

Finally, I assumed the P.M.
of the importance of ASRA to
the U.S. - ~~and~~ our resolve
to maintain our forward military
presence ^{in the Pacific} and our appreciation for
Japan's host nation support.

Johns/Bunton
Draft ~~6/30~~ *[Signature]*
~~June 30~~ 1992

July 1, 1992

PRESS STATEMENT WITH PRIME MINISTER MIYAZAWA

Wednesday, July 1, 1992
Rose Garden, 4:30 pm

*ADD AFTER NORTHERN
TERRITORY SENTENCE*

Mr. Prime Minister, and members of the Japanese delegation,
it's been a pleasure to have you at the White House.

The Prime Minister and I have just concluded a very
successful discussion -- one that reaffirms the importance of the
strong relationship between our two nations. We discussed our
global partnership and we reviewed the prospects for next week's
G-7 Summit in Munich.

First on our agenda was our mutual commitment to global
peace and prosperity. I am encouraged by what the Prime Minister
told me about Japan's plans to stimulate economic growth. Both of
us confirmed our desire for a strong, lasting recovery. We also
discussed the Uruguay Round and the necessity to redouble our
efforts to increase global prosperity. This will directly benefit
both the people of the United States and Japan.

I also told the Prime Minister that I welcome the passage of
Japan's Peace Cooperation Bill -- which will allow Japan to
participate actively in building a lasting peace in Cambodia and
other world trouble spots. And we agreed to cooperate on other
regional threats and problems from nuclear and missile
proliferation concerns in North Korea to the resolution of the
POW/MIA issue with Vietnam. We talked about how, at Munich, we
can assist in assuring the safety of nuclear power in the former

10:21 700 26
[Signature]

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I also am pleased to announce that we have made progress in resolving some of the differences between us -- particularly with regard to our trade relationship. Over the past six months, we have reached significant agreements to improve American industries' access to Japan's \$9 billion computer and \$27 billion paper markets. These agreements are very good news to the American worker.

Still, we have more to do: Mr. Prime Minister, I want to mention our continued interest in access to your markets for automobiles, auto parts, and semiconductors, as well as cooperation on the SuperCollider and striking down structural impediments to freer trade. We will track our progress on every item identified in our action plan. (S)

I have made it clear -- and I will continue to make it clear -- that this administration, and the American people, are absolutely committed to trade that is both free and fair. Protectionism simply is not the answer.

The record is clear: our efforts the past three years have substantially increased American exports to Japan. And I want to applaud the efforts of America's private sector -- their export vision, if you will -- to open the markets that mean more American jobs. We need to continue expanding, not closing, our trade relations. Whether it's protectionist measures in this country or in Japan -- the result is the same: protectionism

*And Mr. Prime Minister,
You can be assured the U.S. will
do its part to improve American
competition. (S)*

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 6/30/92 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: ---

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: DEPARTURE OF PM MIYAZAWA
 SUBJECT: WEDNESDAY, 7/1/92 - 4:30pm - ROSE GARDEN

	ACTION	FYI		ACTION	FYI
VICE PRESIDENT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	HORNER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SKINNER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MCBRIDE	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SCOWCROFT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MOORE	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DARMAN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PETERSMEYER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BRADY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	PORTER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
BROMLEY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	SMITH	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CALIO	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	YEUTTER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
DEMAREST	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>FINDLAY</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
FITZWATER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>KAUFMAN</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
GRAY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>MCGROARTY</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
HOLIDAY	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>FIRESTONE</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

REMARKS:

The attached has been forwarded to the President.

Comments taken over the phone by DD from Torkel Patterson 6/30 6:29pm

RESPONSE:

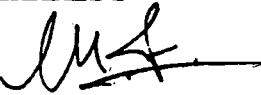
PHILLIP D. BRADY
 Assistant to the President
 and Staff Secretary
 Ext. 2702

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

2 JUN 29 P6:31

June 29, 1992

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

THROUGH: DAVID F. DEMAREST ^{DD}
FROM: MIKE JOHNS 
SUBJECT: PROPOSED REMARKS TO THE PRESS AT THE DEPARTURE OF
PRIME MINISTER MIYAZAWA

I. SUMMARY

On Wednesday, July 1 at 4:30 p.m. in the Rose Garden, you will deliver a brief press statement prior to departing for Camp David with Japanese Prime Minister Miyazawa.

II. DISCUSSION

Your remarks, (approximately 5 minutes / cards), focus on the importance of strong U.S.-Japanese relations, including comments on recent trade agreements, the potential for an enhanced Japanese role in world affairs, and the common values between our two nations.

Johns/Bunton
Draft six
June 30, 1992

2 JUN 30 P4:32

PRESS STATEMENT WITH PRIME MINISTER MIYAZAWA
Wednesday, July 1, 1992
Rose Garden, 4:30 pm

Mr. Prime Minister, and members of the Japanese delegation, it's been a pleasure to have you at the White House.

The Prime Minister and I have just concluded a very successful discussion -- one that reaffirms the importance of the strong relationship between our two nations. We discussed our global partnership and we reviewed the prospects for next week's G-7 Summit in Munich.

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I also told the Prime Minister that I welcome the passage of Japan's ^{Peace} Cooperation Bill -- which will allow Japan to participate actively in building a lasting peace in Cambodia and other world trouble spots. And we agreed to cooperate on other regional threats and problems from nuclear and missile proliferation concerns in North Korea to the resolution of the POW/MIA issue with Vietnam. We talked about how, at Munich, we can assist in assuring the safety of nuclear power in the former Soviet Union.

I also reaffirmed full U.S. support for Japan's position on the Northern Territories.

I also am pleased to announce that we have made progress in resolving some of the differences between us -- particularly with regard to our trade relationship. Over the past six months, we have reached significant agreements to improve American industries' access to Japan's \$9 billion computer and \$27 billion paper markets. These agreements are very good news to the American worker.

Still, we have more to do: Mr. Prime Minister, I want to mention our continued interest in access to your markets for automobiles, auto parts, and semiconductors, as well as cooperation on the SuperCollider and striking down structural impediments to freer trade. We will track our progress on every item identified in our action plan.

I have made it clear -- and I will continue to make it clear -- that this administration, and the American people, are absolutely committed to trade that is both free and fair. Protectionism simply is not the answer.

The record is clear: our efforts the past three years have substantially increased American exports to Japan. And I want to applaud the efforts of America's private sector -- their export vision, if you will -- to open the markets that mean more American jobs. We need to continue expanding, not closing, our trade relations. Whether it's protectionist measures in this country or in Japan -- the result is the same: protectionism punches a hole in a healthy economy. So, I'm confident that the

Prime Minister and I depart here today knowing that we do not help our respective nations by hurting each other.

And as important as our economic interaction is, I think it also is important for us to remember that America and Japan share three very important values -- our support for the free-market economic system; our love of political democracy; and our mutual interest in global peace and security.

I am optimistic that our two nations can work closely to advance and protect these values -- in the Pacific Rim and elsewhere. When these values are threatened, it is critical that our two nations unite. Our unity will be vital if these three key values are to survive and prosper in the new world we seek.

Let me say, Mr. Prime Minister, that I believe that this new period in world affairs holds great promise for the American-Japanese relationship. Once again, it's an honor to host you here in Washington, to reaffirm our partnership -- the respect and trust between our people -- and to welcome you as a friend.

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United States Department of State

Washington, D.C. 20520

OFFICE OF JAPANESE AFFAIRS

FAX COVER SHEET

DATE: 7/1/92

TO: T. Patterson

FAX NUMBER: 385-1184

ADDRESSEE'S PHONE: _____

FROM: EAP/ J - ROBERT LUDAN

FAX NUMBER: 202-647-4402

SENDER'S PHONE NUMBER: 202-647-3152

NUMBER OF PAGES INCLUDING COVER SHEET: - 4 -

REMARKS:

Please see our changes to your insert (B) + (C).

*Reprints
Bob.*

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07/01/82 09:58

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(A) I assured the Prime Minister of the importance of Asia to the United States, ~~and~~ of our resolve to maintain our forward military presence in the Asia Pacific, and ~~of the importance of our~~ appreciation ~~to~~ for and importance of Japan's host nation support ~~and~~ our forward presence in Japan.

7 (B) I also reaffirmed full U.S. support for Japan's position on the Northern Territories.

✓ (C) You can be assured we will do our part by continuing to improve U.S. competitiveness (and ~~address~~ ^{address} our budget deficit).