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OA/ID Number: 13480
Folder ID Number: 13480-009

Folder Title:
Talking Points-Drug Abuse, 3/24/89

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
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MASTER I

Document No. 02019255

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 3/24/89 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: 4:00 3/24/89

SUBJECT: TALKING POINTS ON ANTI-DRUG ABUSE EFFORTS

	ACTION FYI			ACTION FYI	
VICE PRESIDENT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MCCLURE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SUNUNU	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NEWMAN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SCOWCROFT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	PORTER	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
DARMAN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	STUDDERT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BATES	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	UNTERMAYER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
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GRAY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
HAGIN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

REMARKS:

Please provide your comments/recommendations directly to Chriss Winston (Room 122, ext. 2930) by 4:00 p.m. today, with in info copy to my office. Thank you.

RESPONSE:

James W. Cicconi
Assistant to the President
and Deputy to the Chief of Staff
Ext. 2702

March 27, 1989

TALKING POINTS ON ANTI-DRUG ABUSE EFFORTS

- o The President is committed to ending drug abuse in America. He has met with students, parents, community leaders and law enforcement officials involved in the fight against drugs -- and has urged a united effort in bringing the drug epidemic to an end with finality.
- o The President is working shoulder-to-shoulder with America's first **Director of National Drug Control Policy, Bill Bennett.**
- o The policy of this Administration is **"zero tolerance."** No amount of drug use is acceptable. This means dealing with both supply and demand.
- o In his February 9 address to the joint session of Congress, **the President requested \$6 billion in FY 1990 to fight drugs,** including nearly \$1 billion in new outlays for drug education, treatment and enforcement. This is a 21 percent increase over 1989, and 47 percent over 1988.
- o The Administration has launched a **four-pronged attack** in fighting the flow of drugs: education, rehabilitation, interdiction and enforcement.
- o **Education:**
 - o We must establish "zero tolerance" as an attitude and a way of life by educating our children at home and at school on the dangers of experimenting with drugs.
 - o All schools should develop anti-drug programs for the classroom, and adopt tough "no use" disciplinary policies to show that drug use will not be tolerated.
 - o The Administration is requesting nearly \$1.1 billion to educate our young people through programs of proven effectiveness. This is a 16 percent increase over 1989, and includes funding for ongoing programs and new initiatives.
- o **Rehabilitation:**
 - o Those who fail to heed the signals and do use drugs should be encouraged to seek treatment -- the aim is to reclaim lives, not abandon them. The President's policy balances firmness with compassion.

- o Funding for drug abuse treatment will be increased 18 percent, including new grants to reducing the waiting periods for admittance into drug treatment programs.
- o The Administration is proposing over \$700 million to expand the nation's capacity to provide drug abuse treatment, particularly for the indigent, disadvantaged, youth, and expectant mothers.
- o **Interdiction and Enforcement:**
 - o Eradicating drugs at the source, interdicting them before they cross our borders, and destroying the trafficking cartels that profit so richly from drug addiction are the keys to fighting this insidious foe.
 - o The Administration is proposing over \$4.1 billion for law enforcement programs in 1990, a 10 percent increase over 1989. This constitutes about 70 percent of President Bush's proposed drug budget.
 - o Substantial funding increases are requested for the Drug Enforcement Agency, the Customs Service, the State Department's Bureau of International Narcotics Matters, and the drug interdiction budget of the Coast Guard -- to strengthen inspection, interdiction, intelligence efforts and crop eradication programs.
 - o The Justice Department will receive funding for grants to local law enforcement agencies and for additional U.S. Attorney prosecutorial staff, as well as for FBI investigations and local law enforcement training.
 - o Policies are aimed at stepping up the pressure on the suppliers of illegal drugs by providing grants to State and local law enforcement, beefing up the Federal enforcement agencies, and enhancing our drug prosecution, detention and intelligence capabilities.
 - o The President supports strict application of the tough new penalties of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, which calls for the death penalty for those who commit drug-related murders and for increased prison sentences for other drug related crimes.
 - o The President will appoint judges who will enforce, not make, the law. He encourages the judiciary to strictly apply the law to convicted drug offenders, and supports severe sentences for dealers who hire children to carry or sell their drugs.

- o On March 14, the President ordered a temporary ban on the import of certain semi-automatic weapons. He said, "A secure community is the right of every American. Toward that end guns can be imported under current law, only if they are adaptable for sporting purposes. We've recently taken a step and temporarily suspended the import of AKS-47 type and certain other semi-automatic weapons into this country as we continue to search for a solution to this difficult and complex problem."

- o Attorney General Thornburgh traveled in early March to South America, where he met with the top officials of Columbia, Bolivia and Peru. The topic of their discussions was curbing drug production as well as the arrest, conviction and destruction of trafficking cartels. The Attorney General reported that the leaders are interested in cooperation; we hope to work more closely with them in this vital effort.

#

TALKING POINTS**DRUGS**

The President has proposed nearly \$1 billion in new outlays for anti-drug efforts -- a 21% increase over FY 89, and a nearly 50% increase over FY 88. The President is committed to ending drug abuse in America; the policy of his Administration is "zero tolerance."

1. The President's anti-drug program is based on four strategies for which the President is requesting a total of \$6.0 billion in budget authority for 1990:
 - o Education: Fundamentally, the problem is demand, and the demand must be stopped. Education of our children about the dangers of drugs must begin early and continue through college. An increase of 16% in Federal support for anti-drug education is proposed.
 - o Treatment: The President's goal is to reclaim lives, not abandon them. The Administration proposes an increase of 18% vs. FY 1989 for treatment programs.
 - o Interdiction and Enforcement: The President is committed to stopping drugs at the source -- internationally, at U.S. borders, and among drug cartels and drug runners. Funding for interdiction and enforcement measures is increased by 10% over FY 1989. This effort includes strengthened interdiction and inspections efforts for Coast Guard, Drug Enforcement Administration, Customs, and more prison space to keep drug criminals off the streets.
 - o Stronger Drug Penalties: The President is committed to strict enforcement of tough penalties for drug users and traffickers -- the death penalty for those who commit drug-related murders, and longer prison sentences.
2. The Administration's crack-down on drugs is part of an aggressive commitment to law enforcement. The Administration is requesting an 11% increase in the budget authority for law enforcement, above and beyond the increases for combatting drug-related crime.
3. The President will work with his designated Director of the Office of National Drug Control Policy, Bill Bennett. Upon confirmation he will develop a national anti-drug strategy, and help assure that the President's programs are successfully implemented.

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 3/24/89 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: 4:00 3/24/89

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RESPONSE:

OK

James W. Cicconi
 Assistant to the President
 and Deputy to the Chief of Staff
 Ext. 2702

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 24, 1989

MEMORANDUM FOR CHRISS WINSTON
DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT FOR
COMMUNICATIONS

FROM: NELSON LUND *NL*

SUBJECT: Talking Points on Anti-Drug Abuse Efforts

At your request, Counsel's Office has reviewed the captioned talking points. We have the following comments:

(1) Page 2, first bullet, second line. The word "reducing" should be changed to "reduce."

(2) Page 2, third bullet. This bullet says that steps to reduce the supply of drugs are the "keys" to fighting the problem. We are not sure that this is obviously true, and it seems to prejudge the outcome of Director Bennett's unfinished study of the drug problem.

(3) Page 2, last bullet. (A) The reference to judges who make, rather than interpret, the law is confusing. Why not just refer to our preference for judges who will enforce the drug laws strictly? (B) Because the President supports severe sanctions for all drug dealers, the word "particularly" should perhaps be inserted before the phrase "supports severe sentences for dealers who hire children to carry or sell their drugs."

(4) Page 3, first bullet. Although we understand that the President did sign off on Treasury's decision before it was made, we gather that there was no "order" from the President. (The Secretary of the Treasury has the statutory discretion to take the step referred to in this bullet.)

CW
(5) Page 3, first bullet. We believe that this bullet needs to be balanced with a bullet stressing the President's interest in getting the criminals who use these guns off the streets. The President has specifically called for more funds for new prisons (e.g., in the Hackensack, N.J. speech on May 26, 1988; see also Leadership on the Issues, p. 198). He has also stressed the importance of "[e]nacting tough, new laws to provide mandatory sentences without parole for armed, violent repeat offenders -- and vigorously enforcing these laws to take on dangerous gangs like the Jamaican Posses." Leadership on the Issues, p. 198.

(6) We believe that there should be a bullet making the point, which the President emphasized during the campaign, that certain Latin American countries have become "economically addicted" to

drugs. In the speech at Hackensack, N.J. on May 26, 1988, he said: "If we deny these countries the opportunity to profit from legitimate agriculture and industry, we can hardly be surprised that their people turn to the lucrative market for coca."

Domino

D2

Bates

Gray

McClure

Porter

Bennett

The President ⁽¹⁵⁾ ~~has~~ committed ~~himself~~
to removing obstacles that inhibit
certain Latin American nations from
substituting profitable legitimate crops
for coca.

March 27, 1989

TALKING POINTS ON ANTI-DRUG ABUSE EFFORTS

- The President is committed to ending ^{illegal} drug abuse in America. He has met with students, parents, community leaders and law enforcement officials involved in the fight against drugs -- and has urged a united effort ^{in countering drug use & its related devastation} [in bringing the drug epidemic to an end with finality.]
- The President is working shoulder-to-shoulder with America's first **Director of National Drug Control Policy**, Bill Bennett.
- ^{illegal} The policy of this Administration is **"zero tolerance."** No amount of drug use is acceptable. This means dealing with both supply and demand.
- In his February 9 address to the joint session of Congress, **the President requested \$6 billion in FY 1990 to fight drugs**, including nearly \$1 billion in new outlays for drug education, treatment and enforcement. This is a 21 percent increase over 1989, and 47 percent over 1988.
- The Administration has launched a **four-pronged attack** in fighting the flow of drugs: education, rehabilitation, interdiction and enforcement.
- **Education:**
 - We must establish "zero tolerance" as an attitude and a way of life by educating our children at home and at school on the dangers of experimenting with drugs.
 - All schools should develop anti-drug programs for the classroom, and adopt tough "no use" disciplinary policies to show that drug use will not be tolerated.
 - ^{support anti-drug education} The Administration is requesting nearly \$1.1 billion to ~~educate our young people~~ through programs of proven effectiveness. This is a 16 percent increase over 1989, and includes funding for ongoing programs and new initiatives.
- **Rehabilitation:**
 - Those who fail to heed the signals and do use drugs should be encouraged to seek treatment -- the aim is to reclaim lives, not abandon them. The President's policy balances firmness with compassion.

- o Funding for drug abuse treatment will be increased 18 percent, including new grants to ~~reducing~~ ^{abuse} the waiting periods for admittance into drug treatment programs.
- o The Administration is proposing over \$700 million to expand the nation's capacity to provide drug abuse treatment, particularly for the indigent, disadvantaged, youth, and expectant mothers.
- o **Interdiction and Enforcement:**
 - o Eradicating drugs at the source, interdicting them before they cross our borders, and destroying the trafficking cartels that profit so richly from drug addiction are ~~the keys to~~ ^{important steps in} fighting this insidious foe.
 - o The Administration is proposing over \$4.1 billion for law enforcement programs in 1990, a 10 percent increase over 1989. This constitutes about 70 percent of President Bush's proposed drug budget.
 - o Substantial funding increases are requested for the Drug Enforcement ~~Agency~~ ^{Administration}, the Customs Service, the State Department's Bureau of International Narcotics Matters, and the ~~drug interdiction budget of the Coast Guard~~ ^{USCG} -- to strengthen inspection, interdiction, intelligence efforts and crop eradication programs.
 - o The Justice Department will receive funding for grants to local law enforcement agencies and for additional U.S. Attorney prosecutorial staff, as well as for FBI investigations and local law enforcement training. ^{The DOJ anticipates distribution of \$175 million to state & local law enforcement agencies out of the asset forfeiture funds}
 - o Policies are aimed at stepping up the pressure on the suppliers of illegal drugs by providing grants to State and local law enforcement, beefing up the Federal enforcement agencies, and enhancing our drug prosecution, detention and intelligence capabilities.
 - o The President supports strict application of the tough new penalties of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, which calls for the death penalty for those who commit drug-related murders and for increased prison sentences for other drug-related crimes. ✓
 - o The President will appoint judges who will ^{strenuously} ~~enforce, not make,~~ ^{drug penalties, strictly} the law. He encourages the judiciary to apply the law to convicted drug offenders, and supports severe sentences for dealers who hire children to carry or sell their drugs, ^{or who sell near schools}

RECENT ACTIONS :

- On March 14, the ^{Administration} President ordered a temporary ban on the import of certain semi-automatic weapons. ^{The POTUS} He said, "A secure community is the right of every American. Toward that end guns can be imported under current law, only if they are adaptable for sporting purposes. We've recently taken a step and temporarily suspended the import of AKS-47 type and certain other semi-automatic weapons into this country as we continue to search for a solution to this difficult and complex problem."
- Attorney General Thornburgh traveled in early March to South America, where he met with the top officials of Columbia, Bolivia and Peru. The topic of their discussions was curbing drug production as well as the ~~arrest, conviction and destruction of~~ ^{the} trafficking cartels. The Attorney General reported that the leaders ~~are interested in cooperation; we hope to work more closely with them in this vital effort.~~ *shall our commitment to enhance cooperative efforts at all levels. insert from Counsel here.*
#

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

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RESPONSE:

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PLEASE ADD!

Hals
5120

Research:

- o In light of the long-term impact the drug problem has on the future of our society, the Director of National Drug Control Policy has been provided \$5 million in 1990 funds for research to address potential solutions to dealing with the drug epidemic, and to help us to make decisions as to the best use of our drug control resources.

As per Card - drop it -

March 27, 1989

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increasing outlays by

Wecker X 5873

o **Education:**

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note: not true

for education and prevention efforts. Notes: 1. The \$1.1 billion is not for education. Only 1/3 is Education Department money. 2. "Proven" was deleted because no education programs

o **Rehabilitation:**

- o Those who fail to heed the signals and do use drugs should be encouraged to seek treatment -- the aim is to reclaim lives, not abandon them. The President's policy balances firmness with compassion.

(1)

can be considered at this time, "proven to be effective;"

this is their first year of operation. The

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○ **Interdiction and Enforcement:**

- Fish
3774*
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- o Attorney General Thornburgh traveled in early March to South America, where he met with the top officials of Columbia, Bolivia and Peru. The topic of their discussions was curbing drug production as well as the arrest, conviction and destruction of trafficking cartels. The Attorney General reported that the leaders are interested in cooperation; we hope to work more closely with them in this vital effort.

#

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 24, 1989

MEMORANDUM FOR CHRISS WINSTON

FROM: BILL ROPER 

SUBJECT: Talking Points on Anti-Drug Abuse Efforts

We have reviewed this draft and have several suggestions. These are described in the attached memorandum and text.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment. We would be happy to discuss this with you.

cc: James W. Cicconi

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

March 24, 1989

MEMORANDUM FOR ROGER PORTER

FROM: RAE NELSON *Rae*

ext 7777

SUBJECT: Talking Points on Anti-Drug Abuse Efforts

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on "Talking Points On Anti-Drug Abuse Efforts." Perhaps some additional statements regarding the President's commitment to eliminating illegal drug use and Administration accomplishments towards this goal may result in a more focused document. I have made some suggestions on the attached copy. In addition, the following comments:

- o Is it confusing to talk about the "Administration's four-pronged attack" when Director Bennett has been speaking of his mandate to spend the next six months developing an "attack" strategy?
- o Strongly suggest separate sections for "Interdiction" and "Enforcement" (page 2) -- this is like mixing apples and oranges.
- o It may be advantageous to add a bullet about the Supreme Court decision on drug testing.
- o Is there any relevant addition concerning IV drug use/AIDS or crack/cocaine (simply as they are current major drug-related health problems)?
- o I am not sure of the budget percentages and, although I assume others will check them, I will confirm over the weekend.

Attachment

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 3/24/89 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: 4:00 3/24/89

SUBJECT: TALKING POINTS ON ANTI-DRUG ABUSE EFFORTS

	ACTION FYI			ACTION FYI	
VICE PRESIDENT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MCCLURE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SUNUNU	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NEWMAN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SCOWCROFT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	PORTER	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
DARMAN	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	STUDDERT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BATES	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	UNTERMAYER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BREEDEN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<u>Barnett</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
CARD	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<u>Winston</u>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CICCONI	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
DEMAREST	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
FITZWATER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
GRAY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
HAGIN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	_____	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

REMARKS:

Please provide your comments/recommendations directly to Chriss Winston (Room 122, ext. 2930) by 4:00 p.m. today, with in info copy to my office. Thank you.

RESPONSE:

James W. Cicconi
 Assistant to the President
 and Deputy to the Chief of Staff
 Ext. 2702

March 27, 1989

health professionals, if accurate

TALKING POINTS ON ANTI-DRUG ABUSE EFFORTS

- o The President is committed to ending ^{illegal} drug abuse in America. He has met with students, parents, community leaders, and law enforcement officials ~~involved in the fight against drugs -- and has urged a united effort in bringing the drug epidemic to an end with finality.~~ *countering drug use and its related devastation.*
- o The President is working shoulder-to-shoulder with America's first **Director of National Drug Control Policy**, Bill Bennett. *and has called on each member of his Administration to work towards his goal of a drug-free America.*
- o The policy of this Administration is **"zero tolerance."** No amount of ^{illegal} drug use is acceptable. ~~This means dealing with both supply and demand.~~
- o In his February 9 address to the joint session of Congress, **the President requested \$6 billion in FY 1990 to fight drugs**, including nearly \$1 billion in new outlays for drug education, treatment and enforcement. This is a 21 percent increase over 1989, and 47 percent over 1988.
- o The Administration has launched a **four-pronged attack** in fighting ~~the flow of~~ drugs: education, rehabilitation, interdiction and enforcement.

illegal

BABA

Education:

- o We must establish "zero tolerance" as an attitude and a way of life. ~~by educating our children at home and at school on the dangers of experimenting with drugs.~~
- o All schools should develop ^{drug prevention/education} ~~anti-drug~~ programs for the ~~classroom~~, and adopt tough "no use" ~~disciplinary~~ policies to show that drug use will not be tolerated.
- o The Administration is requesting nearly \$1.1 billion to educate our young people through ~~programs of proven effectiveness.~~ *effective* This is a 16 percent increase over 1989, and includes funding for ongoing programs and new initiatives. *as well as*

BABA

BABA

BABA

Rehabilitation:

- o Those who fail to heed the signals and do use drugs should be encouraged to seek treatment -- the aim is to reclaim lives, not abandon them. The President's policy balances firmness with compassion.

Parents, teachers and community leaders must work together to educate our children about the dangers of drugs and teach them that drugs are legally and morally wrong.

- o Funding for drug abuse treatment will be increased 18 percent, including ~~new~~ grants to reducing the waiting periods for admittance into drug treatment programs. BABA
- o The Administration is proposing over \$700 million to expand the nation's capacity to provide drug abuse treatment, particularly for ~~the indigent, disadvantaged,~~ *high-risk* youth, and expectant mothers. BABA

o **Interdiction and Enforcement:**

- o Eradicating drugs at the source, interdicting them before they cross our borders, and destroying the trafficking cartels that profit so richly from drug addiction are ~~the keys to fighting this insidious foe.~~ *essential measures towards eliminating drugs* OK
- o The Administration is proposing over \$4.1 billion for law enforcement programs in 1990, a 10 percent increase over 1989. This constitutes about 70 percent of President Bush's proposed drug budget.

o Substantial *(funding)* increases *have been* ~~are~~ requested for the Drug Enforcement Agency, the Customs Service, the State Department's Bureau of International Narcotics Matters, and the drug interdiction budget of the Coast Guard -- to strengthen inspection, interdiction, intelligence efforts and crop eradication programs. BABA

o The Justice Department will receive *(funding)* for grants to local law enforcement agencies and for additional U.S. Attorney prosecutorial staff, as well as for FBI investigations and local law enforcement training. DOJ corrections

o *(Policies are aimed)* at stepping up the pressure on the suppliers of illegal drugs by providing grants to State and local law enforcement, beefing up the Federal enforcement agencies, and enhancing our drug prosecution, detention and intelligence capabilities. duplicates intent of previous two bullets

o The President supports strict application of the tough new penalties of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, which calls for the death penalty for those who commit drug-related murders and for increased prison sentences for other drug-related crimes.

o The President will appoint judges who will enforce, ~~not make, the law.~~ *existing* He encourages the judiciary to strictly apply the law to convicted drug offenders, and supports severe sentences for dealers who hire children to carry or sell their drugs, ~~or who~~ *sell* near schools.

possibly delete -- more agencies are involved and budget lines are muddy.

does this contribute to "intelligence efforts" in previous bullet?

RECENT ACTION (?)

These are not really consistent w/ previous budgetary/policy bullets. ?

- o On March 14, the President ordered a temporary ban on the import of certain semi-automatic weapons. He said, "A secure community is the right of every American. Toward that end guns can be imported under current law, only if they are adaptable for sporting purposes. We've recently taken a step and temporarily suspended the import of AKS-47 type and certain other semi-automatic weapons into this country as we continue to search for a solution to this difficult and complex problem."

- o Attorney General Thornburgh traveled in early March to South America, where he met with the top officials of Columbia, Bolivia and Peru. The topic of their discussions was curbing drug production as well as the arrest, conviction, and destruction of trafficking cartels. The Attorney General reported that the leaders are interested in cooperation; we hope to work more closely with them in this vital effort.

DoJ correction
arrest cartels?

#

→ committed to cooperate with other countries to address the threat of drugs to the future of our hemisphere

RECENT STATEMENTS (?)

[The President has made several strong and valuable statements recently regarding recreational users, reducing demand + cracking down on dealers.]

?

(Revised #2) 5:38 P.M.
3/24/89
March 24, 1989

MEMORANDUM FOR JIM CICCONI

FROM;

DENISE SCHWARZ *DS*
OFFICE OF CABINET AFFAIRS

SUBJECT;

TALKING POINTS ON ANTI-DRUG ABUSE EFFORTS

LOG #020192SS

We have reviewed the attached and have incorporated our comments.

Attachment

cc: Chriss Winston

March 27, 1989

TALKING POINTS ON ANTI-DRUG ABUSE EFFORTS

- o The President is committed to ending drug abuse in America. He has met with students, parents, community leaders and law enforcement officials involved in the fight against drugs -- and has urged a united effort in bringing the drug epidemic to an end with finality.
- o The President is working shoulder-to-shoulder with America's first Director of National Drug Control Policy, Bill Bennett.
- o The policy of this Administration is "zero tolerance." No amount of drug use is acceptable. This means dealing with both supply and demand.
- o In his February 9 address to the joint session of Congress, the President requested \$6 billion in FY 1990 to fight drugs, including nearly \$1 billion in new outlays for drug education, treatment and enforcement. This is a 21 percent increase over 1989, and 47 percent over 1988.
- o The Administration has launched a four-pronged attack in fighting the flow of drugs: education, rehabilitation, interdiction and enforcement.
- o **Education:**
 - o We must establish "zero tolerance" as an attitude and a way of life by educating our children at home and at school on the dangers of experimenting with drugs.
 - o All schools should develop anti-drug programs for the classroom, and adopt tough "no use" disciplinary policies to show that drug use will not be tolerated.
 - o The Administration is requesting ^{anti-drug education} nearly \$1.1 billion to ^{support} ~~educate the young people through~~ programs of proven effectiveness. This is a 16 percent increase over 1989, and includes funding for ongoing programs and new initiatives.
- o **Rehabilitation:**
 - o Those who fail to heed the signals and do use drugs should be encouraged to seek treatment -- the aim is to reclaim lives, not abandon them. The President's policy balances firmness with compassion.

- o Funding for drug abuse treatment will be increased 18 percent, including new grants to reducing the waiting periods for admittance into drug treatment programs.
- o The Administration is proposing over \$700 million to expand the nation's capacity to provide drug abuse treatment, particularly for the indigent, disadvantaged, youth, and expectant mothers.

o **Interdiction and Enforcement:**

- o Eradicating drugs ~~at the source, interdicting them~~ before they cross our borders, and destroying the trafficking cartels that profit so richly from drug addiction are the keys to fighting this insidious foe.
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o Substantial funding increases are requested for the Drug Enforcement Agency, the Customs Service, the State Department's Bureau of International Narcotics Matters, and the ~~drug interdiction budget of the Coast Guard~~ -- to strengthen, inspection, interdiction, intelligence efforts and crop eradication programs.

o The Justice Department will receive funding for grants to local law enforcement agencies and for additional U.S. Attorney prosecutorial staff, as well as for FBI ~~investigative~~ investigations and local law enforcement training.

o Policies are aimed at stepping up the pressure on the suppliers of illegal drugs by providing grants to State and local law enforcement, beefing up the Federal enforcement agencies, and enhancing our drug prosecution, detention and intelligence capabilities.

o The President supports strict application of the tough new penalties of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988, which calls for the death penalty for those who commit drug-related murders and for increased prison sentences for other drug related crimes.

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U.S. Coast Guard drug interdiction program

reduced

The Justice Dept. participate \$200 Mill. distribution #200 Mill. dollars to State + Local Law Enf. agencies out of the asset for future fund.

Particularly suited to, or

The President has

2 (S)

o ~~On March 14, the President ordered a temporary ban on the import of certain semi-automatic weapons. He said, "A secure community is the right of every American. Toward that end guns can be imported under current law, only if they are adaptable for sporting purposes. We've recently taken a step and temporarily suspended the import of AKS-47 type and certain other semi-automatic weapons into this country as we continue to search for a solution to this difficult and complex problem."~~

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###

Handwritten scribbles and lines connecting the text to the notes below.

Shall our commitment ~~to~~ to enhance cooperative efforts at all levels.

Revised; 4:10 P.M.
March 24, 1989

MEMORANDUM FOR JIM CICCONI

FROM;

DENISE SCHWARZ *DS*
OFFICE OF CABINET AFFAIRS

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reduced

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*U.S. Coast Guard
drug interdiction
program*

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Particularly suited to, or

2
CW

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###

the

cooperation

Shall we committed ~~to~~
to enhance
cooperatue efforts
at all levels.

**MEMORANDUM
OF CALL**

Previous editions usable

TO:

M. K.

YOU WERE CALLED BY-

YOU WERE VISITED BY-

David Zell

OF (Organization)

PLEASE PHONE ►

FTS

AUTOVON

WILL CALL AGAIN

IS WAITING TO SEE YOU

RETURNED YOUR CALL

WISHES AN APPOINTMENT

MESSAGE

Talking Pts. are free

RECEIVED BY

DATE

TIME

63-110 NSN 7540-00-634-4018

STANDARD FORM 63 (Rev. 8-81)
Prescribed by GSA
FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

* U.S. GPO: 1988 - 201-759