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Record Group/Collection: George H.W. Bush Presidential Records
Collection/Office of Origin: Speechwriting, White House Office of
Series: Speech File Backup Files
Subseries: Chron File, 1989-1993

OA/ID Number: 13655
Folder ID Number: 13655-010

Folder Title:
Departure of Prime Minister Takeshita of Japan 2/2/89 [OA 6853]

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
G	26	18	6	3

(Judge edit)
February 1, 1989

~~3:00~~ p.m.

8:20 Pres. has seen

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: DEPARTURE OF PRIME MINISTER TAKESHITA
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1989

Mr. Prime Minister, ladies and gentlemen: Let me begin by expressing once again, on behalf of the American people, condolences on the passing of Emperor Showa, a most gentle man of great learning. I look forward to calling on the new Emperor when I visit Japan later this month.

It has been a pleasure and honor for Barbara and me to welcome you, Prime Minister, and Mrs. Takeshita to the White House. You are our first official visitors, and this reflects the importance I place on the relations between our two countries, the strength of our nations' ties, and the promise our relationship holds for the future of the world.

Two weeks ago, here in Washington, the United States conducted a ritual that spoke of both continuity and change. For the 41st time in 200 years, the United States swore in a new president. In the transition from one President to the next, we Americans reaffirmed the strength of our democracy and our commitment to values on which it was built. Japan and the world can count on the United States to continue to work for peace, democracy, freedom, and justice around the world. The scope of America's vision is global and we will continue to shoulder the obligations that belong to a global power.

Continuity will also be the mark of relations between the United States and Japan. On occasion we may have differences, but these are the differences of friends. And in the last 40

years, our two nations have truly been close friends. The peace and prosperity we both enjoy today are among the fruits of that friendship. Simply put, we respect one another. We need one another. And we will continue to work together for the good of our peoples and of all humanity.

During this visit, the Prime Minister and I worked on the continuing business of the friendship between our countries. We confirmed that the Treaty of Mutual Security and Cooperation is the foundation of our relationship. I noted the importance of allies assuming greater responsibilities in the cause of peace. The Prime Minister and I agreed that these responsibilities take many forms. In the defense area, I welcome the steady improvement in Japan's capabilities.

I applaud, as well, Japan's pledge to make further significant increases in overseas development assistance programs. At the same time Japan agrees with us that the most powerful engine for economic development and growth -- in fact the only engine that works -- is the entrepreneur, large and small. And entrepreneurship is the product not of massive aid packages but of free and open economies that do not carry crushing burdens of taxation and regulation and that maintain the rule of law, including contract and property law.

Along these lines, we agreed on the importance of supporting democracy and sustained growth and reform in the Philippines. Toward this end, we pledged to make every effort to launch the Multilateral Assistance Initiative for the Philippines this year.

The Prime Minister and I reviewed the progress our nations have achieved in bringing our economies into better balance, and in further opening our markets to each other's goods and services. We also recognized the need for additional policy efforts in these areas.

The Prime Minister reaffirmed Japan's determination to promote strong domestic growth and structural adjustments. I told him that I am determined to reduce our budget deficit.

In the area of multilateral cooperation, we agreed that we would continue to coordinate policies through established settings, especially the Economic Summit. We look forward to the next Summit meeting, which will be held in Paris. We also agreed on the importance for continued global prosperity of a successful Uruguay Round. And we agreed on the importance of frequent consultation at all levels on economic issues.

All in all, our talks were positive and forthright, befitting close allies. The Prime Minister and I first met some time ago. This week's meetings have helped us become better acquainted. We have laid the groundwork for close cooperation as we deal with the issues and opportunities of the last decade of the 20th century.

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As we part, I would ask, when the next decade is over and the world passes into the new millennium, what kind of world do we want it to be? I know the answer I would give -- a world at peace in which all humanity lives in freedom; in which trade among the free nations is entirely free, fair, and open, in which we have, you might say, moved towards a free trade area of the entire free world; a world in which governments work to keep the

door of opportunity open for all their peoples, and so keep taxes low and have no needless regulations to stifle enterprise; a world in which the nations work together for a growing world economy.

In short, I pray for a world of hope, and, Mr. Prime Minister, I believe that no two nations are more significant in the building of that world than the United States and Japan. Let us dedicate the friendship between our countries and between ourselves to that end.

2/2 11:40

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THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1989**

MR. PRIME MINISTER, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN: LET ME BEGIN BY EXPRESSING ONCE AGAIN, ON BEHALF OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE, CONDOLENCES ON THE PASSING OF EMPEROR SHOWA, A MOST GENTLE MAN OF GREAT LEARNING. I LOOK FORWARD TO CALLING ON THE NEW EMPEROR WHEN I VISIT JAPAN LATER THIS MONTH.

IT HAS BEEN A PLEASURE AND HONOR FOR BARBARA AND ME TO WELCOME YOU, PRIME MINISTER, AND MRS. TAKESHITA TO THE

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STRENGTH OF OUR DEMOCRACY AND OUR COMMITMENT TO VALUES ON WHICH IT WAS BUILT. JAPAN AND THE WORLD CAN COUNT ON THE UNITED STATES TO CONTINUE TO WORK FOR PEACE, DEMOCRACY, FREEDOM, AND JUSTICE AROUND THE WORLD. THE SCOPE OF AMERICA'S VISION IS GLOBAL AND WE WILL CONTINUE TO SHOULDER THE OBLIGATIONS THAT BELONG TO A GLOBAL POWER.

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DURING THIS VISIT, THE PRIME MINISTER AND I WORKED ON THE CONTINUING BUSINESS OF THE FRIENDSHIP BETWEEN OUR COUNTRIES. WE CONFIRMED THAT THE TREATY OF MUTUAL SECURITY AND COOPERATION IS THE FOUNDATION OF OUR RELATIONSHIP. I NOTED THE IMPORTANCE OF ALLIES ASSUMING

GREATER RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE CAUSE OF PEACE. THE PRIME MINISTER AND I AGREED THAT THESE RESPONSIBILITIES TAKE MANY FORMS.

IN THIS REGARD, I APPLAUD JAPAN'S PLEDGE TO MAKE FURTHER SIGNIFICANT INCREASES IN OVERSEAS DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS.

AT THE SAME TIME WE BELIEVE THAT THE MOST POWERFUL ENGINE FOR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND GROWTH -- IN FACT THE ONLY ENGINE THAT WORKS -- IS THE ENTREPRENEUR, LARGE AND

SMALL. AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP IS THE PRODUCT NOT OF MASSIVE AID PACKAGES BUT OF FREE AND OPEN ECONOMIES THAT DO NOT CARRY CRUSHING BURDENS OF TAXATION AND REGULATION AND THAT MAINTAIN THE RULE OF LAW, INCLUDING CONTRACT AND PROPERTY LAW.

ALONG THESE LINES, WE AGREED ON THE IMPORTANCE OF SUPPORTING DEMOCRACY AND SUSTAINED GROWTH AND REFORM IN THE PHILIPPINES. TOWARD THIS END, WE PLEDGED TO MAKE EVERY EFFORT TO LAUNCH THE MULTILATERAL ASSISTANCE INITIATIVE FOR THE PHILIPPINES THIS YEAR.

THE PRIME MINISTER AND I REVIEWED THE PROGRESS OUR NATIONS HAVE ACHIEVED IN BRINGING OUR ECONOMIES INTO BETTER BALANCE, AND IN FURTHER OPENING OUR MARKETS TO EACH OTHER'S GOODS AND SERVICES. WE ALSO RECOGNIZED THE NEED FOR CONTINUED POLICY EFFORTS IN THESE AREAS.

THE PRIME MINISTER REAFFIRMED JAPAN'S DETERMINATION TO PROMOTE STRONG DOMESTIC GROWTH AND STRUCTURAL ADJUSTMENTS. I TOLD HIM THAT I AM DETERMINED TO REDUCE OUR BUDGET DEFICIT.

IN THE AREA OF MULTILATERAL COOPERATION, WE AGREED THAT WE WOULD CONTINUE TO COORDINATE POLICIES THROUGH ESTABLISHED SETTINGS, ESPECIALLY THE ECONOMIC SUMMIT. WE LOOK FORWARD TO THE NEXT SUMMIT MEETING, WHICH WILL BE HELD IN PARIS. WE ALSO AGREED ON THE IMPORTANCE FOR CONTINUED GLOBAL PROSPERITY OF A SUCCESSFUL URUGUAY ROUND. AND WE AGREED ON THE IMPORTANCE OF FREQUENT CONSULTATION AT ALL LEVELS ON ECONOMIC ISSUES.

ALL IN ALL, OUR TALKS WERE POSITIVE AND FORTHRIGHT, BEFITTING CLOSE ALLIES. THE PRIME MINISTER AND I FIRST



9

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CLOSE COOPERATION AS WE DEAL WITH THE ISSUES AND
OPPORTUNITIES OF THE LAST DECADE OF THE 20TH CENTURY.**

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WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

DATE: 1/31/89 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: 1/31/89 4:00 PM

SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: DEPARTURE OF PRIME MINISTER TAKESHITA

	ACTION FYI			ACTION FYI	
VICE PRESIDENT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MCCLURE	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SUNUNU	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	NEWMAN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
SCOWCROFT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	PORTER	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
DARMAN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	STUDDERT	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
BATES	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	UNTERMAYER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
BREEDEN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	WINSTON	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CARD	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ROGERS	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
CICCONI	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
DEMAREST	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
FITZWATER	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
GRAY	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
HAGIN	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

REMARKS: Please forward your comments to Chriss Winston, Rm. 122, x2930, by 4:00 PM TODAY, January 31, 1989, with an info copy to my office. Sorry for the short turnaround. Thank you.

RESPONSE: *McClure concurs*

James W. Cicconi
Assistant to the President
and Deputy to the Chief of Staff
Ext. 2702

Jim Kelly # 6173

1989 JAN 31 PM 1:07

(Judge edit)
January 31, 1989
noon

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THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1989

Mr. Prime Minister, ladies and gentlemen: Let me begin by expressing once again, on behalf of the American people, condolences on the passing of Emperor Showa, a most gentle man of great learning. I look forward to calling on the new Emperor when I visit Japan later this month.

Wash. Post
Jim Kelly
1-8-89

Jim Kelly

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Two weeks ago, here in Washington, the United States conducted a ritual that spoke of both continuity and change. For the first time in 200 years, the United States swore in a new president. In the transition from one President to the next, we Americans reaffirmed the strength of our democracy and our commitment to values on which it was built. Japan and the world can count on America to continue to work for peace, democracy, freedom, and justice around the world. The scope of America's vision is global and we will continue to shoulder the obligations that belong to a global power.

Continuity will also be the mark of relations between the United States and Japan. Yes, we may have differences, but these are the differences of friends. And in the last 40 years, our two nations have truly been close friends. The peace and prosperity we both enjoy today are among the fruits of that friendship. Simply put, we like one another. We respect one another. We need one another. And we will continue to work together for the good of our peoples and of all humanity.

During this visit, the Prime Minister and I worked on the continuing business of the friendship between our countries. We reaffirmed the importance of a more equitable distribution of the burdens of defense and the need to help the less developed regions of the world find ways to grow more rapidly. I am pleased to note the excellent cooperation existing between our armed forces and the steady budget increases Japan has continued to make as it improves its own defense effort.

Equally important, Japan has pledged to make further significant increases in overseas development assistance programs and to consider other ways of promoting economic development. Japan agrees with us that the most powerful engine for economic development and growth -- in fact the only engine that works -- is the entrepreneur, large and small. And entrepreneurship is the product not of massive aid packages but of free and open economies that do not carry crushing burdens of taxation and regulation and that maintain the rule of law, including contract and property law.

Along these lines, we agreed on the importance of supporting democracy and sustained growth and reform in the Philippines.

Toward this end, we pledged to make every effort to launch the ^{Multilateral} Mutual Assistance Initiative for the Philippines this year.

The Prime Minister and I reviewed the progress our nation's have achieved in bringing our economies into better balance, and in further opening our markets to the each other's goods and services. We also recognized the need for additional policy efforts in these areas.

The Prime Minister reaffirmed Japan's commitment to promote strong domestic growth and remove structural barriers to imports. I told him that I am determined to reduce the budget deficit not by raising taxes, which would dampen our growth, but by limiting U.S. government spending.

In the area of multilateral cooperation, we agreed that we would continue to coordinate policies through established fora, especially the Economic Summit. We look forward to the next Summit meeting, which will be held in Paris. We also agreed on

the importance for continued global prosperity of a successful Uruguay Round and progress at the ^{trade} ministers' meeting in April. And we agreed on the importance of frequent consultation at all levels on economic issues.

We noted with satisfaction the agreement on the co-development of a new fighter aircraft for the Japanese Air Self-Defense Force. Development of the fighter will strengthen Japan's ability to defend itself. It will include significant participation by U.S. industry.

Jim Kelly

The Prime Minister and I had a meeting of the minds on the danger that unauthorized exports of sensitive technology posed to our mutual security and I expressed appreciation for the measures Japan has taken to strengthen its control system in the past year.

State Dept.
Japan Desk
647-2912

All in all, our talks were positive and forthright, befitting close allies. The Prime Minister and I first met some time ago. This week's meetings have helped us become better acquainted. We have laid the groundwork for close cooperation as we deal with the issues and opportunities of the last decade of the 20th century.

As we part, I would ask, when the next decade is over and the world passes into the new millenium, what kind of world do we want it to be? I know the answer I would give -- a world at peace in which all humanity lives in freedom; in which trade among the free nations is entirely free, fair, and open, in which we have, you might say, moved towards a free trade area of the entire free world; a world in which governments work to keep the door of opportunity open for all their peoples, and so keep taxes low and have no needless regulations to stifle enterprise; a world in which the nations work together for a growing world economy.

In short, I pray for a world of hope, and, Mr. Prime Minister, I believe that no two nations are more significant in the building of that world than the United States and Japan. Let us dedicate the friendship between our countries and between ourselves to that end.

2/2 10:30 am

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#

Takahita

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Card # 5.

1st ¶ - take out last sentence which reads

"In the defense area I welcome the steady improvement in Japan's capabilities." (Delete it all)

1st sentence of 2nd ¶ (next one)

Insert → "In this regard," then it reads "I applaud," ~~as well,~~ delete "as well."

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

2/1/89

Tim Foster
Dep. Director of
Japan Desk

verified

"Treaty of Mutual
Security + Cooperation"

(Judge edit)
February 1, 1989
3:00 p.m.

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As we part, I would ask, when the next decade is over and the world passes into the new millennium, what kind of world do we want it to be? I know the answer I would give -- a world at peace in which all humanity lives in freedom; in which trade among the free nations is entirely free, fair, and open, in which we have, you might say, moved towards a free trade area of the entire free world; a world in which governments work to keep the

door of opportunity open for all their peoples, and so keep taxes low and have no needless regulations to stifle enterprise; a world in which the nations work together for a growing world economy.

In short, I pray for a world of hope, and, Mr. Prime Minister, I believe that no two nations are more significant in the building of that world than the United States and Japan. Let us dedicate the friendship between our countries and between ourselves to that end.

T claims he played golf w/ GSB

w/ Eisenhower & late P.M. Kishi. Longley ~~gave~~
supplied info - ~~from~~ publication on

visit. ~~of~~ PM visit to U.S. EPA M 89 - 20001]

So. 89

Bob -

1st time T met GSB

was Feb. 1941 in Japan

Attending Dir. Gen. of Econ. Affairs

met T & GSB sat next to

Princy Jim Foster 6/27/89

ask others Jim Foster 6/27/89