

Originally Processed With FOIA(s):
2009-0275-S

FOIA Number:
2009-0275-S

FOIA MARKER

**This is not a textual record. This is used as an
administrative marker by the George Bush Presidential
Library Staff.**

Record Group/Collection: George H.W. Bush Presidential Records
Collection/Office of Origin: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files

OA/ID Number: 91131
Folder ID Number: 91131-009

Folder Title:
Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
G	34	48	4	3

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet (George Bush Library)

Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
01a. Coversheet	Secretary Nicholas Brady to General Brent Scowcroft (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
01b. Outline	Re: Help for the Soviet Union (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
02a. Memo	John Robson to Bob Gates (1 pp.)	8/27/91	(b)(1)	
02b. Summary	Re: Summary of Considerations (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
02c. Outline	Re: Implications of Recent Events (3 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
02d. Talking Points	Re: Soviet Debt (3 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	C
03. Checklist	Re: Checklist for DC Meeting on Soviet Humanitarian Options (3 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
04a. Table	Re: Selected Indicators... (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
04b. Table	Re: Republic Food Situation (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
05. Paper	Re: Guidance on Economic Assistance (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
06a. Report	Re: Sherpa Meeting (2 pp.)	8/28	(b)(1)	C
06b. Cable	Re: 231410Z (3 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	C

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Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Files
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Pinksheet Number: cap4000
OA/ID Number: 91131-009
Date Closed: 3/28/2012
FOIA/Sys Case #: 2009-0275-S
Re-review Case #:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
07. Report	Re: Analysis (9 pp.)	8/26/91	(b)(1)	C
08a. Memo	Re: Food Production (1 pp.)	8/27/91	(b)(1)	
08b. Table	Re: Republic Food Situation (1 pp.)	8/26/91	(b)(1)	
09. Cable	Re: 272317Z (3 pp.)	8/27/91	(b)(1)	S
10. Report	Re: The USSR... (21 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	C
11a. Talking Points	Re: Revolutionary events (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
11b. Memo	John Robson to Bob Gates (1 pp.)	8/27/91	(b)(1)	C
11c. Note	Nick Burns to Bob Gates Re: Note for Bob Gates (1 pp.)	8/27/91	(b)(1)	
11d. Talking Points	Re: Revolutionary events... (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	C
12. Paper	Re: Soviet Coup (11 pp.)	8/22/91	(b)(1)	S
13a. Coversheet	Re: Memorandum for President (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
13b. Memo	Dick Cheney to POTUS Re: Opportunities (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
13c. Paper	Re: Domestic Reforms (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

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Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
14a. List	Re: Guidance on Economic Assistance (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
14b. Draft Message	Re: Gorbachev (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
14c. Report	Re: Soviet Coup (11 pp.)	8/22/91	(b)(1)	S
14d. Coversheet	Re: Soviet Coup (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
14e. Report	Re: Soviet Coup (8 pp.)	8/22/91	(b)(1)	S
15a. Handwritten Notes	Re: Handwritten Meeting Notes [Contingencies] (1 pp.)	8/21/91	(b)(1)	
15b. Memo	For Deputies Re: Working Group (1 pp.)	8/20	(b)(1)	S
15c. List	Re: Activities to be Cancelled (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
15d. List	Re: Activities to be Kept under Review (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
15e. List	Re: Activities Which Should Go Forward (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
15f. List	Re: Existing Initiatives (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
15g. Paper	Re: Issues for Deputies' Discussion and Decision (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
15h. Cable	Re: 211359Z (1 pp.)	8/21/91	(b)(1)	S

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Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
15i. Memo	David C. Gompert to Brent Scowcroft Re: Statement (1 pp.)	8/20/91	(b)(1)	✓
15j. Statement	Re: Statement (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
16. Report	Re: Recommendations (12 pp.)	8/19/91	(b)(1)	S
17. Memo	Janet G. Mullins to The Acting Secretary Re: Congress (3 pp.)	8/19/91	(b)(1)	
18. Report	Re: The Events (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
19a. Cable	Re: Guidance (4 pp.)	8/19/91	(b)(1)	S
19b. Report	Re: Consulting on Developments (3 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	✓
20. Report	Re: Questions and Answer Session (7 pp.)	8/19/91	(b)(1)	
21. Handwritten Note	Re: Wall (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
22. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
23a. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

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Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
23b. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
23c. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
23d. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
23e. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
23f. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
23g. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
23h. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
23i. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
23j. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

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(George Bush Library)

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23k. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
24. Report	Re: Questions and Answer Session (7 pp.)	8/19/91	(b)(1)	
25. Report	Re: Government Report (2 pp.)	6/26/91	(b)(1)	C
26. Report	Re: Government Report (2 pp.)	4/18/91	(b)(1)	C
27. Report	Re: Government Report (2 pp.)	6/26/91	(b)(1)	S
28. Report	Re: Government Report (2 pp.)	7/18/91	(b)(1)	S
29. Report	Re: Government Report (2 pp.)	4/30/91	(b)(1)	C
30. Report	Re: Government Report (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	C
31. Report	Re: Government Report (2 pp.)	6/25/91	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

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Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

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Date Closed: 3/28/2012
FOIA/Sys Case #: 2009-0275-S
Re-review Case #:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

UNCLASSIFIED

(CLASSIFICATION)

CIRCLE ONE BELOW:

IMMEDIATE

PRIORITY

ROUTINE

MODE:

SECURE FAX #

ADMIN FAX #

149

PAGES 02

DTG 281540Z

RELEASER

FROM / LOCATION: SECRETARY BRADY

ACTION / LOCATION:

1. GENERAL SCOWCROFT

2. GATES

3.

4.

5.

6.

TIME OF RECEIPT

281542Z

R

INFORMATION / LOCATION:

1.

2.

REMARKS:

UNCLASSIFIED

(CLASSIFICATION)

GS-8

Telecopy

To: General Brent Scowcroft

Telecopy # Via Sit Room 395.5221

From: Secretary Nicholas Brady

Telecopy # (202) 786-8419

Telephone # (202) 566-5201

Number of pages to follow One

Date 8/28/91

General Scowcroft,

Please call Secretary Brady re: the attached.

HELP FOR THE SOVIET UNION

- i. Principles governing aid to the Soviet Union must be linked to a clear and practical reform plan.
- ii. Must go to those in need, including directly to the individual Republics.
- iii. Must be linked to Soviet commitment to further reduce defence spending.

POINTS FOR ACTION

- i. Implement existing food credits.
- ii. Assess need for food aid this winter.
- iii. Concert plans for improved food distribution.
- iv. Implement Know How programmes and technical assistance.
- v. Accelerate implementation of Special Association for the Soviet Union with the IMF with a view to full membership in due course.

Help with food aid/food distribution/technical assistance will require international concertation if the effort is to be targeted and to avoid duplication. This implies some mechanism involving the principle countries and groupings involved.

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02a. Memo	John Robson to Bob Gates (1 pp.)	8/27/91	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
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 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
02b. Summary	Re: Summary of Considerations (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-6375-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

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Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
02c. Outline	Re: Implications of Recent Events (3 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

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Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
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Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

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Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
02d. Talking Points	Re: Soviet Debt (3 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Files
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
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(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells

Deed of Gift Restrictions

C(1) Closed by Executive Order 13526, governing access to national security information
C(2) Closed by statute or by the agency which originated the information
C(3) Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift [formerly listed as only C]
PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
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USSR Total Debt by Country
(\$billions)

Country	Official	Commercial	Total	Share of Total
Germany	7.5	7.7	15.2	29%
France	2.2	6.9	9.1	17%
Japan	2.2	6.3	8.5	16%
Italy	2.9	3.4	6.3	12%
Austria	1.9	3.8	5.7	11%
United Kingdom	1.0	4.3	5.3	10%
United States	0.8	0.3	1.1	2%
Canada	0.5	0.0	0.5	1%
Other	1.4	0.0	1.4	2%
Total	20.4	32.7	53.1	100%

Source: Paris Club, BIS

Note: Official Debt as of May, 1991
Commercial Debt as of December, 1990

USSR Official Debt by Country
(\$billions)

Country	As of 1/1/91	As of 5/1/91	Share of May 1 Total
Germany	2.3	7.5	37%
Italy	0.7	2.9	14%
France	2.1	2.2	11%
Japan	1.5	2.2	11%
Austria	1.9	1.9	9%
United Kingdom	0.9	1.0	5%
United States	0.0	0.8	4%
Canada	0.1	0.5	3%
Other	0.9	1.4	6%
Total	10.4	20.4	100%

Source: Paris Club

Note: Includes both government loans and credit guarantees.

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USSR Commercial Debt by Country
(\$billions)

Country	As of June 1990	As of December 1990	Share of 12/90 Total
Germany	7.1	7.7	24%
France	4.0	6.9	21%
Japan	6.3	6.3	19%
United Kingdom	1.4	4.3	13%
Austria	2.8	3.8	12%
Italy	3.4	3.4	10%
United States	0.3	0.3	1%
Canada	0.1	0.0	0%
Other	2.0	0.0	0%
Total	28.2	32.7	100%

Source: BIS

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

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03. Checklist	Re: Checklist for DC Meeting on Soviet Humanitarian Options (3 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

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USSR: Selected Indicators of Agricultural Output

	<u>1986-90 Average</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>1991 Estimate</u>
Value of output (billion rubles)	135.4	134.0	130
Commodity production (million metric tons)			
Grain	212	236	190
Potatoes	72.3	63.7	77.5
Sugar beets	87.3	81.2	85.5
Sunflower seed	6.2	6.4	6.5
Cotton	8.4	8.3	7.8
Vegetables	28.6	26.4	29.5
Meat	19.3	19.9	19.4
Milk	106.0	108.7	103.0
Wool	0.47	0.47	0.47
Eggs (billion)	83.1	82.0	78.7

Value of output is net of feed, seed, and waste, in constant 1982 prices.

Grain figure is bunker weight. To be comparable to Western measures, an average reduction of 11 percent is required.

Republic Food Situation -- Surplus or Deficit of Selected Foods

	Meat	Milk (including butter)	Grain	Potatoes	Vegetables
RSFSR	-	-	-	-	-
Ukraine	+	+	+	+	+
Belorussia	+	+	-	+	+
Kazakhstan	+	+	+	even	-
Moldova	+	+	-	-	+
Estonia	+	+	-	+	-
Latvia	+	+	-	+	-
Lithuania	+	+	-	+	even
Armenia	-	-	-	+	+
Azerbaijan	-	-	-	-	+
Georgia	-	-	-	-	+
Kirghizia	even	-	-	-	+
Tajikistan	-	-	-	even	-
Turkmenia	-	-	-	-	-
Uzbekistan	-	-	-	-	+

Notes: Based on official Soviet statistics for production and consumption of major food products. Grain and potatoes are adjusted for feed use. Pluses indicate that area produces more than sufficient quantities based on historical consumption levels. Minuses indicate an area produces less.

DRAFT PRESIDENTIAL STATEMENT ON THE USSR

The American people and, indeed, people all over the world have watched with fascination and awe the epochal events in the Soviet Union during the past ten days. No one who values freedom, democracy and human dignity could fail to be moved by the courage of the Soviet people in foiling a cynical coup and by their determination to build a new and democratic future in that great country.

The United States supports the emergence of a truly democratic and market-oriented Soviet Union. We stand with all those who are working for reform. And we are ready to work cooperatively and in the closest possible way with the new government being formed by President Gorbachev and President Yeltsin.

The United States is also prepared to help resolve one of the last remaining international disputes from the Second World War. With the dramatic changes of the last ten days, there is now a historic opportunity to restore freedom and independence to the Baltic states--the freedom and independence that was unjustly and illegally denied them for the past fifty-one years. The United States never accepted their forcible incorporation into the USSR and supported the desire of the Baltic people for freedom during the darkest days of the Cold War.

The Baltic people and their democratically-elected governments have declared their independence and are moving now to control their own national territories and their own destinies. The United States recognizes and supports the independence of the Baltic states. Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania deserve to be truly free and independent members of the international community. I will thus indicate shortly to President Landsbergis of Lithuania, President Rutell of Estonia and President Gorbunovs of Latvia that the United States is prepared to establish immediately diplomatic relations with their governments.

I call upon the Soviet government to act decisively in the coming days to establish a process leading quickly and directly to effective and complete independence for the Baltic states. The United States is prepared to do whatever it can to assist in making Baltic independence a reality as soon as possible.

Let me also be clear that the United States government and the American people welcome enthusiastically the extraordinary changes in the USSR. And, yet, we also understand the enormous challenges ahead for the Soviet people in forming a new government, working out relationships between central and

republic authorities, meeting their food and energy needs, and beginning true economic reform.

No one should doubt that the Administration and the American people will shoulder our responsibilities to assist the Soviet people creatively and generously in meeting these challenges. While it is too early, given the fluidity of the current situation in the USSR, to make major decisions on assistance, yesterday's G-7 meeting in London was a good start in discussing what the West collectively and the U.S. individually might be able to do to help. When the new Soviet government is formed and is ready to discuss these issues, we will be ready too.

In the meantime, there are several steps the United States will take to support the Soviet people and the new government in the months ahead.

First, I have asked Secretary of Agriculture Ed Madigan to lead a delegation of private sector and government experts to the USSR in the coming weeks to study the food situation with Soviet and republic officials and to determine if U.S. assistance will be needed this winter, and, if so, where the need will be greatest. I have also asked Secretary Madigan to work with President Gorbachev, President Yeltsin and their advisors on an ambitious long-term program to help the Soviets resolve problems in food distribution.

And, second, I have also asked Secretary of State Baker to work with the American organization, Project Hope, to extend my Presidential initiative on Medical assistance to the USSR through the end of 1992. I would like to call upon the American private sector and on the American people to donate badly-needed medical supplies to Project Hope for shipment to those in need in the Soviet Union. I am confident the American people will respond to this humanitarian challenge.

We intend to work closely with Soviet and republic officials in both of these efforts. If emergency food assistance should prove necessary, we would suggest that the Soviet government direct its military to work hand-in-hand with our own military to ship future food, as well as medical supplies, to the Soviet people by sea and air and to assist in distribution to specific areas of greatest need.

DRAFT PRESIDENTIAL STATEMENT ON THE USSR

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Finally, today, I want to speak about what the United States can do to help resolve one of the last remaining international disputes from the Second World War. With the dramatic changes of the last ten days, there is now a historic opportunity to restore freedom and independence to the Baltic states--the freedom and independence that was unjustly and illegally denied them for the past fifty-one years. The United States never accepted their forcible incorporation into the USSR and supported the desire of the Baltic people for freedom during the darkest days of the Cold War.

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→ Fax to Brent
give to him

DRAFT PRESIDENTIAL STATEMENT ON THE USSR

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Guidance on
Economic Assistance for
the Soviet Union

1. The restoration of the legitimate Soviet government allows the United States to resume economic cooperation.
2. Comprehensive market-based economic reforms are the only solution for Soviet economic problems. We hope that recent events will accelerate the reform process.
3. The London Summit approach remains the appropriate framework for Western economic assistance to the Soviet Union. In particular:
 - o Significant financial assistance can be effective only if preceded by meaningful Soviet economic reforms.
 - o At this time, economic assistance should focus on humanitarian measures and technical cooperation designed to support Soviet reform efforts.
 - o The Soviets should pursue relations with the IMF/World Bank as Western nations have encouraged.
4. The London framework is a flexible arrangement. The scope and nature of future Western assistance will depend on the pace and extent of Soviet economic reform.

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
06a. Report	Re: Sherpa Meeting (2 pp.)	8/28	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
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WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM
Senior Director's
Special Message Routing

STAFF?

SCOWCROFT

GATES

Gen Scowcroft and Mr Gates have not
been provided a copy of this cable

GOMPERT

KANTER

HEWETT

BEERS

DEAL

PRYCE

HAASS

WORKING

PAAL

VICE PRESIDENT

CHIEF OF STAFF

Guidance:

☐ Please return message(s) to the Situation Room

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
06b. Cable	Re: 231410Z (3 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
07. Report	Re: Analysis (9 pp.)	8/26/91	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
08a. Memo	Re: Food Production (1 pp.)	8/27/91	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
08b. Table	Re: Republic Food Situation (1 pp.)	8/26/91	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
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RESTRICTION CODES

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
09. Cable	Re: 272317Z (3 pp.)	8/27/91	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:
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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
10. Report	Re: The USSR... (21 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed:	3/28/2012	OA/ID Number:	91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

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6 AUG 91 6:05

WASHFAX RECEIPT
DEPARTMENT OF STATE

B

S/S #

PLS
Receipt!
P7:05
ROOM

MESSAGE NO. **070964** CLASSIFICATION CONFIDENTIAL No. Pages 2
FROM: L. NAPPER EAR/SOV 647-6729 4223
(Officer name) (Office symbol) (Extension) (Room number)
MESSAGE DESCRIPTION TALKING POINTS

TO: (Agency)

NSC

NSC

NSC

DELIVER TO:

Mr. Gates (NSC)

Mr. Hewitt

Mr. Burns

Mr. Deal

Extension

Room No.

FOR: CLEARANCE ☒ INFORMATION ☐ PER REQUEST ☐ COMMENT ☐

REMARKS: Talking points (final version) for
Mr. Eagleburger's use with G-7 Ambassadors
on the upcoming Sherpa meeting on Soviet assistance.

S/S Officer: [Signature]

PLEASE CLEAR ASAP.

UNCLASSIFIED UPON
REMOVAL OF CLASSIFIED
ATTACHMENTS

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
11a. Talking Points	Re: Revolutionary events (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
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(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information



Urgent!

THE SITUATION ROOM

PRECEDENCE: ~~IMMEDIATE~~
~~PRIORITY~~
 ROUTINE

RELEASER: M. S. ledDTG: 271437ZMESSAGE NO. ~~594~~CLASSIFICATION confidentialPAGES 3

FROM

Nick Burns

(Name)

395-6849

(Phone Number)

372A

(Room No.)

MESSAGE DESCRIPTION _____

TO (Agency)

DELIVER TO:

DEPT/ROOM NO.

PHONE NUMBER

K-Port~~FL 9-44~~

for Bob Gates and
 Ed Hewett

REMARKS _____

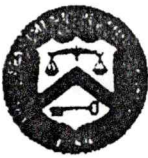
Please deliver to Robert Gates immediately
 upon his arrival in Kennebunkport, i.e. before the
 11:00 a.m. meeting with the President.

Deliver Immed!

UNCLASSIFIED UPON
 REMOVAL OF CLASSIFIED
 ATTACHMENTS

CAP

3/27/2012



CONFIDENTIAL
THE DEPUTY SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20220

August 27, 1991

NOTE FOR: BOB GATES

FROM: JOHN ROBSON *JR*

I am concerned that we have had a communications disconnect. We don't agree with the approach reflected in the State Department draft because we believe it pulls the meeting more in the direction of a "pledging session" than we are comfortable with. An alternate version of the U.S. "message" to other G-7 ambassadors regarding Thursday's sherpa meeting is enclosed. We think this more appropriately reflects the "wait until the dust settles" notion you advanced at the deputies meeting without putting the U.S. in a position of appearing too defensive. What it says is that we are prepared to participate fully in a discussion of the Soviet economic situation, but that it is simply premature to reach decisions or recommendations regarding specific actions or initiatives.

I am talking to Nick and would appreciate hearing from you at your earliest possible convenience.

Thanks.

Enclosure

DECLASSIFIED
PER NSC WAIVER, 1500 2021-02
By SS NARA, Date 2/27/24
+ Treasury waiver 8/22/06

August 27, 1991

Note for Bob Gates

From: Nick Burns NB

I have attached a memorandum for you from John Robson on the Sherpa points. As you and I agreed, I gave to Olin Wethington this morning our unvarnished view that the State-drafted points reflect the DC consensus. I told Olin that State would go ahead with the demarches to G-7 Ambassadors this afternoon and that Robson or Secretary Brady should call you if they had a problem.

Robson's memo was written after I spoke to Olin. In my view, the Treasury talking points are insufficient and do not accurately reflect what we decided yesterday. I recommend that we stick with the State points.

As we agreed, unless I hear otherwise from you, State plans to go ahead with the demarches mid-afternoon, using its talking points as revised by NSC.

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
11d. Talking Points	Re: Revolutionary events... (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

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 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
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 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
12. Paper	Re: Soviet Coup (11 pp.)	8/22/91	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
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Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
13a. Coversheet	Re: Memorandum for President (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009.0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

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P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
13b. Memo	Dick Cheney to POTUS Re: Opportunities (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
13c. Paper	Re: Domestic Reforms (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

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10⁰⁰ 8-22-91

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Yeltsin at 10? - no

Left hold - rec. to Pres.

Aid package

Grab 11⁰⁰ am

Bush Library Photocopy
Preservation

Guidance on
Economic Assistance for
the Soviet Union

1. The restoration of legitimate constitutional government in the Soviet Union will allow the United States to proceed with previously agreed bilateral and multilateral economic cooperation.
2. Comprehensive economic reform is the only lasting and effective solution to Soviet economic problems. We hope that recent events will result in a renewed commitment to an effective economic reform program based on market principles.
3. The London Summit remains the appropriate framework for the Western economic approach to the Soviet Union. In particular:
 - o Soviet concrete steps toward economic reform should proceed significant Western economic cooperation.
 - o At this time, economic assistance should continue to focus on humanitarian means and on technical cooperation designed to support Soviet economic reform.
 - o Massive new financial commitments are not in the cards. They would not be effective without underlying economic reforms in place.
 - o It is particularly important that the Soviet pursue relations with the IMF/World Bank as the Western nations have encouraged.
4. The London framework is a flexible arrangement. To the extent recent events in the Soviet Union accelerate the process of reform, we can respond within the framework to accelerate appropriate requests for economic assistance. We would be prepared to consider appropriate measures in light of a clear demonstration by the Soviets of their commitment to and ability to implement concrete reforms.



220020Z
 (CS)

THE SITUATION ROOM

PRECEDENCE: **IMMEDIATE**
PRIORITY
ROUTINE

RELEASER: NDK

DTG: 200152 AUG 91

MESSAGE NO. 434 CLASSIFICATION ~~SECRET~~ PAGES 2

FROM WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM
 (Name) (Phone Number) (Room No.)

MESSAGE DESCRIPTION _____

TO (Agency)	DELIVER TO:	DEPT/ROOM NO.	PHONE NUMBER
K-PORT	FLO GANTT FOR GENERAL SCOWCROFT		

REMARKS Deliver Immediately

UNCLASSIFIED UPON
 REMOVAL OF CLASSIFIED
 ATTACHMENTS

CAP

3/27/2012

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
14b. Draft Message	Re: Gorbachev (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
14c. Report	Re: Soviet Coup (11 pp.)	8/22/91	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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DEPARTMENT OF STATE

SITE

B

S/S #

19: 56

DX MESSAGE NO. _____ CLASSIFICATION SECRET No. Pages 8

FROM: RICHARD MILLS EUR/SOU 7X6757 4223
(Officer name) (Office symbol) (Extension) (Room number)

MESSAGE DESCRIPTION Revised "Contingencies" memo: SOVIET COUP

DX TO: (Agency) DELIVER TO: Extension Room No.

BOB GATES CIA _____

FRANK UARGO Dept. of Commerce _____

REMARKS: _____

S/S Officer: [Signature]

*Reopen reports
Econ
Sov Union*

UNCLASSIFIED UPON
REMOVAL OF CLASSIFIED
ATTACHMENTS

SS 2/26/24

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
14e. Report	Re: Soviet Coup (8 pp.)	8/22/91	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
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President Bush - President Gorbachev Phone Call.
12:19-12:31, 21 August 1991

Gorbachev talking to Peter Afanassenko, the U.S. translator:

Peter: Thank God you're alive.

Gorbachev: There is a God. ... I've been four here four days in a fortress.

Peter: The President isn't available yet.

Gorbachev: We can wait. You can't believe what it was like here. I was completely blocked.

Peter: The President tried to talk to you.

Gorbachev: I gave the order to Moiseyev to pull the troops out.

Peter: How is Raisa?

Gorbachev: It was very hard for the family.

I have complete security here, my guards didn't let any one in. The Republics took a strong position for me.

Communications: Mr. President, Mr. Gorbachev is on the line.

President: Oh my God, that's wonderful. Mikhail!

Gorbachev: My dearest George. I'm so happy to hear your voice again.

President: My God I'm glad to hear you. How are you doing?

Gorbachev: Mr. President the adventurers have not succeeded. I have been here four days. They tried to pressure me, using every method. They had me blocked by sea and land. My guards protected me, we withstood the challenge.

President: Where are you now?

Gorbachev: I'm in Crimea. It's only been one hour since I have assumed Presidential powers. I have maintained full contact with the Republic leaders and handed over the Ministry of Defense to Moiseyev. He is to follow my orders only. Troops are to move out of the city or back to where they are normally based.

President: That's good.

Gorbachev: Everything we've done together to improve cooperation with the Republics has worked beautifully. All of them have taken positions of principle. The greatest opponent of these illegal acts was Yeltsin, the Supreme Soviet, Kravchuk, Nazarbayev, and K...

President: Well I was damned worried about it.

Gorbachev: You know this was a terrible tragedy. It showed

that the adventurers won't succeed. The society is different now. Things like this won't work.

President: Where are the adventurers?

Gorbachev: Some are coming this way to me. I don't know what they are bearing in their hands. The next two days I must make all these crucial decisions.

President: Have you talked to Yeltsin yet?

Gorbachev: He was the first one.

President: I don't know what news you've been getting, but we've been supporting Yeltsin and you as President of the USSR.

Gorbachev: I have to congratulate you and the position you took from the first minute. You have been stalwart. Thanks for taking off from your vacation. You affected everyone with your strong statements, except Qadhafi.

President: Don't know what news you got in the last few days.

Gorbachev: I was cut off completely.

President: Were you filled in just now?

Gorbachev: Yes, everything started with me now.

President: When are you going back to Moscow?

Gorbachev: Either tonight or early tomorrow morning.

President: Good luck. If I can say or do anything I will be available night or day. Don't hesitate to call.

Gorbachev: Yes George, absolutely. I will have the need to talk to you. I have to go back to take some steps and then we will have some matters to discuss with you.

President: I'm happy that you are safe and back. Barbara is here and sends her love to Raisa.

Gorbachev: George, thank you and Barb both for your position of principle, but also for your humanity and friendship.

President: Just glad you're well. I want to say to the press and the world that we've had this conversation.

Gorbachev: Yes, I'd only be thankful to you for that.

President: I'll get that message out to the whole world now.

Bless you and your family.

Gorbachev: We want to keep going ahead with you. What happened say one thing that this was prevented by democracy. This is a guarantee for us. We will keep working in the country and out to keep cooperation going.

President: Sounds like the same old Mikhail Gorbachev, confident, one full of life. Once you get back we'll talk about what to work on since our talks in Moscow.

Gorbachev: OK George. Please proceed on this basis.
Good-bye.

President: Good-bye.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

1. Contacts list
Cocom case list
2. Contingencies
3. Agenda
- 4
- econ - How respond if 'radical
reform.
4. Cong. briefings

Bush Library Photocopy
Preservation

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
15a. Handwritten Notes	Re: Handwritten Meeting Notes [Contingencies] (1 pp.)	8/21/91	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

<ORIG> REUTER
<TOR> 910821103531

<TEXT>

RR YDB

211436 OVR :BC-SOVIET-COMMITTEE 1STLD URGENT

MOSCOW'S EMERGENCY COMMITTEE HAS COLLAPSED -- SENIOR OFFICIAL
MOSCOW, AUG 21, REUTER - THE HARDLINE COMMUNIST "EMERGENCY
COMMITTEE" WHICH SEIZED POWER FROM MIKHAIL GORBACHEV COLLAPSED
ON WEDNESDAY AND TWO OF ITS MEMBERS FLEW TO MEET THE PRESIDENT.
THEY TRIED TO OVERTHROW, A SENIOR SOVIET OFFICIAL SAID.

COLONEL VALERY OCHIROV, CHAIRMAN OF THE PARLIAMENTARY
DEFENCE AND SECURITY COMMITTEE, SAID DEFENCE MINISTER DMITRY
YAZOV AND KGB CHIEF VLADIMIR KRYUCHKOV WERE ON THEIR WAY TO THE
CRIMEA WHERE GORBACHEV HAD BEEN HELD SINCE MONDAY. BOTH WERE
MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE.

"THE COMMITTEE NO LONGER EXISTS. THE MEMBERS ARE ON THEIR
WAY DOWN THERE TO APOLOGISE TO GORBACHEV OR WHATEVER THEY HAVE
TO DO. I DON'T KNOW FOR SURE WHAT WILL HAPPEN," HE TOLD REUTERS
BY TELEPHONE FROM HIS KREMLIN OFFICE.

MORE BLT ABD PS

NNNN

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
15b. Memo	For Deputies Re: Working Group (1 pp.)	8/20	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
15c. List	Re: Activities to be Cancelled (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
15d. List	Re: Activities to be Kept under Review (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
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(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
15e. List	Re: Activities Which Should Go Forward (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
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 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
15f. List	Re: Existing Initiatives (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
15g. Paper	Re: Issues for Deputies' Discussion and Decision (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009 0275.5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
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P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
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(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
15h. Cable	Re: 211359Z (1 pp.)	8/21/91	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

August 20, 1991

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR BRENT SCOWCROFT

FROM: DAVID C. GOMPERT 
SUBJECT: Contingency Statement

At Bob's request, I have prepared a statement to be used in the event of a large-scale use of force in Moscow and/or the Baltics. Bob, Larry, and Ed Hewett have all heard it and agree with it. Let me know if you want it changed. Our assumption is that it would be issued in Kennebunkport promptly after the use of force.

DECLASSIFIED
PER NSC WAIVER, 1500 2021-02
By SS NARA, Date 2/26/24

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Declassify on: OADR

The brutal acts by the Moscow coup group against Soviet citizens and against the Baltic states place these people outside the laws of their own country and of the civilized world. We call upon them to end these actions without delay and to return authority to the rightful leaders of the Soviet Union. These developments have only strengthened our support for the Soviet people in their quest for democracy.

The attacks suggest that the group is capable of further reckless and criminal acts. We have underway intensive consultations with the community of democracies who agree with the United States that this behavior is not acceptable. We will use every channel and forum to condemn these actions and call those responsible to account. NATO Ministers will be discussing the use of CSCE's emergency mechanism to call for the end of the coup.

We urge officials and representatives of the Soviet Government not to comply with the directives of this group, whose claim to power has been stripped away by their own actions. We urge the Army to refrain from conducting warfare against the Soviet people.

U.S. economic assistance has already been put on hold. Beyond this, we have begun a review of all economic activity conducted through the organs of the central government of the Soviet Union. We are also considering the provision of emergency medical support for the victims of the coup group's violence.

We want the people of the Soviet Union to know that we are with them. We will therefore intensify media broadcasts in order to ensure that the truth about what is happening will be accessible throughout the Soviet Union. We expect the coup to fail and will lend our support to hasten this outcome.

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
16. Report	Re: Recommendations (12 pp.)	8/19/91	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
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(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
17. Memo	Janet G. Mullins to The Acting Secretary Re: Congress (3 pp.)	8/19/91	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Files
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed:	3/28/2012	OA/ID Number:	91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency
 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute
 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information
 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells

Deed of Gift Restrictions

C(1) Closed by Executive Order 13526, governing access to national security information
 C(2) Closed by statute or by the agency which originated the information
 C(3) Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift [formerly listed as only C]
 PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]

STATUS OF CODELS

<u>CODEL LEADER</u>	<u>DATES</u>	<u>STATUS</u>
STAFFDEL LA TORRE	8/21-8/30	Refusing to cancel
PRESSLER*	8/22-9/30	D/S Eagleburger has called; Pressler will tell us in 2-3 days
BROWN/GORTON	8/25-8/31	Cancelled
GIBBONS*	8/27-9/7	Undecided
PELL*	9/2-9/9	Undecided
HOYER*	9/5-9/9	Resisting cancellation
MCCURDY*	9/13-9/22	Undecided
MOAKLEY*	Undetermined	Undecided

* Travelling by military aircraft

The events in the Soviet Union continue to deeply concern the whole world. The unconstitutional seizure of power is an affront to the goals and aspirations that the Soviet peoples have been nurturing over the past years. This action also puts the Soviet Union at odds with the world community and undermines the positive steps that have been undertaken to make the Soviet Union an integral and positive force in world affairs.

I have this morning spoken with Boris Yeltsin, the freely elected leader of the Russian Republic. I assured Mr. Yeltsin of continued U.S. support for his goal of the restoration of Mr. Gorbachev as the constitutionally chosen leader. I also shared with Mr. Yeltsin the support that other world leaders voiced in my conversations with them.

Mr. Yeltsin is encouraged by the support of the Soviet people and their determination in the face of these trying circumstances. He expressed his gratitude for our support of him and President Gorbachev. The situation concerning President Gorbachev's status is still unclear. I have tried to reach him by phone, including within the last hour, but have so far been unsuccessful.

We continue to monitor the situation. Our new Ambassador to the Soviet Union, Robert Strauss, will be departing immediately for Moscow to take charge of our embassy, and to report to me on the situation he finds in the Soviet Union. I am asking him to return to Maine within the next several days to give me a full report. He will not be presenting his credentials ^{on this trip} to the current leaders. I have said that this group assumed power extra-

constitutionally. ~~[It therefore is premature for us to consider recognition.]~~

In conclusion, I want to emphasize that we will continue to monitor the situation closely and consider its ramifications throughout the world. I have emphasized in my conversations with Eastern European leaders that the democratic processes in their countries cannot be reversed. The United States will continue to support the economic and political reforms in their countries. I will continue to seek the advice and counsel of Eastern European leaders in the days ahead.

Because this is an ongoing process of consultations, we intend to maintain a more formal work schedule during the remainder of my stay in Maine. There will be a number of meetings with government officials and private sector experts related to the events in the Soviet Union. There will be daily briefings by my national security advisers, and I will keep in touch with Secretary Baker, who leaves today for the NATO meeting in Brussels.

These difficult events in the Soviet Union, I believe, demonstrate the wisdom of our strong and continuous support ~~[over the past several months]~~ ^{this} for President Gorbachev and President Yeltsin. We will continue ~~to~~ support them and the democratic processes that ^{have been} they set in motion in ^{the Sov Union} their country. Most importantly, I know that the American people stand behind the people of the Soviet Union who are seeking more freedom and more opportunity in their society.

POSSIBLE QUESTIONS FOR PRESS CONFERENCE

AUGUST 20, 1991

1. Will Ambassador Strauss present his credentials as long as Yanayev is in charge of the country?
2. What did Mr. Yeltsin tell you about the status of Gorbachev or the prospects for the future of the coup?
3. What economic programs are you ending as a protest of this action?
4. Do you still consider Gorbachev the President of the U.S.S.R.?
5. Were you surprised by this move? And, is it a failure of your policy? Were you tied too close to Gorbachev?
6. Gephardt and others suggest your support for Gorbachev should have been stronger, and should have included more direct financial assistance. How do you react?
7. Who do you intend to talk to in the next few days? Will you continue to call Yeltsin and Gorbachev?

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

August 19, 1991

STATEMENT BY THE PRESIDENT

We are deeply disturbed by the events of the last hours in the Soviet Union and condemn the unconstitutional resort to force. While the situation continues to evolve and information remains incomplete, the apparent unconstitutional removal of President Gorbachev, the declaration of a state of emergency, and the deployment of Soviet military forces in Moscow and other cities raise the most serious questions about the future course of the Soviet Union. This misguided and illegitimate effort by-passes both Soviet law and the will of the Soviet peoples.

Accordingly, we support President Yeltsin's call for "restoration of the legally elected organs of power and the reaffirmation of the post of USSR President M.S. Gorbachev."

Greater democracy and openness in Soviet society, including steps toward implementation of Soviet obligations under the Helsinki Final Act and the Charter of Paris have made a crucial contribution to the welcome improvement in East-West relations during the past few years.

In these circumstances, U.S. policy will be based on the following guidelines:

- We believe the policies of reform in the Soviet Union must continue, including democratization, the process of peaceful reconciliation between the center and the republics and economic transformation;
- We support all constitutionally elected leaders and oppose the use of force or intimidation to suppress them or restrict their right to free speech;
- We oppose the use of force in the Baltic States or against any republics to suppress or replace democratically elected governments;
- We call upon the USSR to abide by its international treaties and commitments, including its commitments to respect basic human rights and democratic practices under the Helsinki Accords, and the Charter of Paris;
- We will avoid in every possible way actions that would lend legitimacy or support to this coup effort;

-- We have no interest in a new cold war or in the exacerbation of East-West tensions;

-- At the same time, we will not support economic aid programs if adherence to extra-constitutional means continues.

#

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
19a. Cable	Re: Guidance (4 pp.)	8/19/91	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0375-5	Appeal Case #:
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RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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DECL: OADR

CONSULTING ON DEVELOPMENTS IN THE SOVIET UNION

- o Responses to events in the Soviet Union have already been discussed within NATO and the EC.
- o The following summarizes where things stand and outlines further steps under consideration in NATO, CSCE, and other fora:

NATO

- o NATO addressed this issue in two Political Committee meetings and one NAC on August 19.
- o SecGen Woerner issued a statement on behalf of the NAC urging the Soviets to adhere to their international obligations, including the 1990 Paris Charter commitments on human rights, democracy, and European peace and security. It warned of the damage both to domestic reform and international stability if the Soviets derail the democratization process.
- o Secretary Baker has agreed to attend a NAC Ministerial on Wednesday August 21 or Thursday August 22. All other Allies strongly support the idea of special Ministerial.
 - Prime Minister Major has specifically highlighted the concerns of the Central and East European countries -- particularly Poland, from which Soviet troops have not fully withdrawn.
- o A NAC ministerial would provide a vital forum to underscore Allied concerns, build consensus on future actions, and attempt to influence events in the Soviet Union.
- o It would also reaffirm the Alliance's leadership in responding to a threat to peace and stability, building on the theme set out at the Copenhagen NAC Ministerial on the indivisibility of European security.
- o Key issues for the Ministerial could include: how NATO can reassure the East Europeans; how to employ the liaison function most effectively; and what role CSCE should play in the crisis.
 - These issues will be discussed at a NAC and political consultations August 20.

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PER DOS WAIVER, November 6, 2015

By SS NARA, Date 2/27/24

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- 2 -

- o Particularly in view of the EC Ministerial on August 20, it is especially important that NATO be seen as leading in the crisis, following through on issues raised at the recent Copenhagen Ministerial:
 - demonstrating that European and North American security are indivisible;
 - displaying the material concern NATO has for the security of Central and Eastern Europe;
 - and taking the lead, along with the EC and CSCE, in assuring peace and stability on the Continent.

EC

- o The EC issued a brief statement, expressing its concern over the crisis, and calling for an EC Ministerial on August 20.
- o The Ministerial will examine responses in three areas:
 - Moscow CSCE Human Rights meeting (Sep. 10 - Oct. 4): The EC is considering what steps -- e.g., changing venue or postponement -- would best influence the Soviets;
 - Economic assistance: The EC-12 will likely adopt a differentiated approach of assistance to the Soviets, maintaining food aid and cutting technical assistance. Their decision on food credits remains unclear; and
 - Implications for other issues such as arms control.
- o UK Prime Minister Major told the President he is calling for immediate associate membership in the EC for Poland.

CSCE

- o CSCE offers the opportunity to widen Allied consultations beyond the traditional East-West focus to include smaller states, especially the East Europeans.
 - With the signing of the Paris Charter last November, all CSCE states recognized CSCE as the single pan-European forum for the cooperative management of common problems. Thus, CSCE must have a voice in the Soviet crisis.

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- 3 -

Emergency Mechanism

- o The most immediate avenue for CSCE involvement is through invoking the mechanism for calling an emergency meeting of the CSCE Committee of Senior Officials (COSO).
 - The mechanism entails one state requesting from another CSCE state clarification of an emergency situation. An emergency meeting may then be sought 48 hours later.
 - If at least twelve other CSCE states second the meeting request, the meeting must be held within 48-72 hours, in Prague.
 - Although all Helsinki Principles, including that of non-intervention in internal affairs, must be kept in mind in calling the meeting, the mechanism provides that the meeting cannot be blocked because of possible disputes as to the reasons for holding the meeting.

Unusual Military Activities

- o In addition to the Emergency Mechanism, it is also possible to invoke the Unusual Military Activities mechanism.
 - UMA relates to military activities that have the potential to affect the security of another CSCE member. It is narrower in focus than the emergency mechanism, offers a limited range of tools for addressing a problem, and carries a lower political profile.
 - Both mechanisms were invoked in responding to the crisis in Yugoslavia. However, the Emergency Meeting Mechanism has a broader scope and sends a greater political message.

Moscow Human Rights Meeting (Sept. 10 - Oct. 4)

- o Our two conditions for attending the meeting have now clearly not been fulfilled -- continued Soviet human rights progress, and full openness/access for the meeting.
 - Rather than boycott unilaterally, we can use the COSO to press for cancellation, postponement, or a change in venue.
 - Formally altering the planned timing/venue would require consensus, but in fact it may become politically impossible to hold the meeting as planned whether or not the Soviets agree.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

- Monday, August 19, 1991

Question and Answer Session: Gennady Yanayev, Oleg Baklanov, Boris Pugo, Vasili Starodubtsev, and Alexander Tizyakov
Transcript ID: 740824 (362 lines)

QUESTIONS AND ANSWER SESSION
FOLLOWING STATEMENTS BY:

GENNADY YANAYEV, ACTING PRESIDENT OF THE USSR

OLEG BAKLANOV, DEPUTY CHAIRMAN OF THE DEFENSE COUNCIL

BORIS PUGO, MINISTER OF THE INTERIOR

VASILI STARODUBTSEV, CHAIRMAN OF THE PEASANTS' UNION

ALEKSANDR TIZYAKOV, PRESIDENT,
ASSOCIATION OF TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS ENTERPRISES

MOSCOW, USSR

MONDAY, AUGUST 19, 1991

(Translation provided by Soviet authorities.)

Q (In progress) -- were closed. For how long, is my question, and when will they be reopened? Thank you.

MR. YANAYEV: I think that if we introduce a state of emergency we'll have to make a provision for reregistering the mass media; that we're not closing down newspapers, we're just thinking in terms of having them reregistered, reincorporated because the country is facing a crisis and many mass media have played a certain role in this.

So far as the Secretary General is concerned, I would not like to comment on that. We have the Deputy Secretary General. I think that the plenum of the Central Committee or the Congress will decide on that. I am acting President, therefore I would not like to use my authority, whatever authority I may have to prejudge the decisions that may be taken by the party.

Q A question to Mr. Yanayev. What is the reaction that you have received to your address to the United Nations Secretary General and the world leaders?

MR. YANAYEV: We have studied very carefully reactions from the world leaders, and I must say that their reaction has been rather low key because the situation is still unfolding and it is too early to take a stand.

I am familiar with President Bush's latest statement in which

he expresses the hope that the foreign policy commitments the Soviet Union has assumed will be fulfilled. I believe I mentioned that earlier in my statement, and this was confirmed just after the state of emergency committee was set up.

Q A question from Novosti News Agency. I have two questions to ask, one question to Mr. Pugo and the other to Mr. Starodubtsev.

Mr. Pugo, they've mentioned a lot of things about the war on crime and corruption -- and a question to Starodubtsev -- do you believe the peasants will support the state of emergency committee?

MR. PUGO: To answer your question about the state of crime control in the country, let me say that we shouldn't believe that we have ready-made or brand new solutions. I think we should base ourselves on the fact that all the law enforcement bodies must improve their daily work. We must upgrade our discipline. Well, I represent the Ministry of the Interior. We must upgrade discipline in our ministry and we should create conditions for professionals and experts to bring out their potential. This is my article of faith. If we succeed in that then we can accomplish a lot of things.

To be more specific, I think over 500 cities joined street patrolling. That proved rather successful indeed. You may remember that initially that measure met with mistrust, but it proved itself very effective, indeed. Not long ago Mayor Sobchak of Leningrad had to resort to that measure. We must revive relations with the public, but most importantly, I think we should have the law enforcement officials bring out their full potential.

Peasants are particularly hard hit by perestroika. This year has been most difficult for the peasants on state and collective farms, and many of them are on the brink of catastrophe. The price parity between the cities and the villages has been disrupted. Agricultural equipment and fuel are not being supplied. And I think that the peasants who have been brought to despair will come out in support of our committee and will do our utmost to revive the peasantry.

Thank you.

A question from Nezavisimaya Gazeta.

Q Are you aware that you committed a military coup this past night, and which is a more fair comparison, with 1917 or '64? And the second question about newspaper registration. How long will it take, and what will be the criteria? Who will be in charge, and will a political censorship be reintroduced in the newspapers?

MR. YANAYEV: We will try to expedite the newspaper reregistration process. I do not want to comment on the criteria of

registration. As for your statement that tonight there was a military coup, I beg to disagree because we are basing ourselves on the constitutional provisions, and the endorsement of our decision by the USSR Supreme Soviet will enable us to say that all the constitutional norms have been observed. I think any analogy, including comparison with 1917 or '64, are simply dangerous.

Q It's again on Mikhail Sergeyevich Gorbachev. Did you discuss with the President your takeover before doing it? Did he agree? Why there is no medical bulletin on his health? And a second question is, given the wording of your communique, did you ask for any suggestion or any advice through General Pinochet?

Thank you. (Applause.)

MR. YANAYEV: I believe that in due course the medical bulletin on the President's state of health will be issued. As for your statement that we have snatched the power, ousted from office President Gorbachev, because President Gorbachev is temporarily incapacitated and is unable to continue in office, and, given that, the Vice President of the Supreme Soviet takes over.

Q ADN News Agency. Will the state of emergency affect the observance of the Soviet-German treaties on the Soviet troop withdrawals? And is there any reaction from Chancellor Kohl?

MR. YANAYEV: I believe I already mentioned that. And it says in the State of Emergency Committee communique that we assume the obligations of the USSR. There is a continuity of obligations, including those obligations vis-a-vis the Federal Republic of Germany or the united Germany, if you like.

Q Microphone, please. Two questions to Mr. Yanayev. Question one, you said you consulted the presidents of the constituent republics. How do you visualize the reaction of those republics who do not belong to the nine-plus-one? And do you have a contingency plan toward putting an end to inter-ethnic rivalry? And what is it?

MR. YANAYEV: Yes, we do have a plan to bring down the tension in inter-ethnic relations. We have specific provisions to settle the differences between Azerbaijan and Armenia. And we have specific proposals on settling other regional issues. But those are the most important challenges facing the country. And the country's leadership and the leaders of the State of Emergency Committee must get down to business without any further delay.

As for your first question, I'm afraid I have forgot that.

Q You said you consulted the constituent republics. And how do you visualize the further development of the situation there?

MR. YANAYEV: Yes, we spoke with most of the republican leaders. I met with leaders from the 15 Russian autonomies. And I

must say that we have the support from the autonomies and from the overwhelming majority of the constituent republics. They support the intention to save the country and to put our house in order.

Q Novosti Television. Mr. Yanayev, could you spell it out for us when you say in "some," in "certain territories," what do you mean? And what is their geographic location? And when can we meet President Gorbachev?

MR. YANAYEV: As soon as he feels well enough, President Gorbachev is sure to meet journalists.

As for the state of emergency, I assume that there is no need to introduce the state of emergency throughout the country, just everywhere in the country. There are regions where the state of emergency must be imposed to resolve the problems, like in the -- but the countries like -- republics like Izbekistan, or Kazakhstan, there's no need to impose a state of emergency there.

I'm afraid I cannot give you the specifics, but Moscow is definitely a state of emergency territory. And as of today, the state of emergency will be introduced in Moscow.

Q A question to Mr. Starodubtsev. Could you be specific, who have you been elected by to this committee; how have you found yourself in this committee?

MR. STARODUTSEV: Well, I can give you the details if you really want to know. The Vice President, when he was setting up the committee, had me invited as chairman of the Peasants' Union, and I couldn't afford to decline that offer in this crucial time for the Soviet peasants.

Q A question to Mr. Baklanov. Mr. Baklanov, what are the measures you're about to adopt to solve the food and housing problem for the military men, whose situation is really pathetic and close to despair?

And a question to Mr. Yanayev. Mr. Yanayev, you used to be a trade union leader and a very successful one at that. My question is, are you prepared to adopt some constitutional legitimate steps against Yeltsin's decree, not only -- which is directed not only against the party's cells but against the trade union organization?

And a question to Mr. Pugo. Your ministry is in pretty bad shape, including financially. And all the links with the republics, the Baltic republics, have been disrupted, and the ministry of the interior branches have fallen into the hands of separatists. What are the steps you are going to adopt in order to centralize the law enforcement system?

MR. BAKLANOV: Let's take these points up in their order. The purpose of what we're going is to concentrate whatever scarce resources we have to provide for housing for our military officers.

I think we have about 200,000 families of military officers who need housing, and this is an abnormal situation, we have to use our resources and the resources under the treaty that was signed -- that we will get from other countries.

MR. YANAYEV: Now, let me take up your second point concerning the decree by President Yeltsin. I think that all the decrees and all the decisions that will be taken will be considered from the viewpoint of the state of emergency that we are introducing in this country. However, let me avail myself of this opportunity to emphasize that what the leaders of the Russian Federation are doing now, setting up barricades, calling for civil disobedience, is very irresponsible and dangerous policy. I think this policy is fraught with the potential of an armed provocation in order to lay the blame for whatever catastrophe may happen on the leaders of the emergency committee. We want to issue a stern warning against that. We want to tell all the Soviet people, particularly the Muscovites, so that they know that there is a state of emergency in Moscow, and we hope that order, law and order will be ensured.

MR. PUGO: There was also a question regarding the centralization -- or better centralization in the Ministry of the Interior. I represent one of the union-controlled ministries. I must say that on the one hand I am dissatisfied with the state of affairs in this area. But on the other hand, I think that sometimes this picture is painted in too somber colors. Let me simply say that we have regular meetings with the ministers for the interior of the federal republics, and at all the meetings that we have had we met with all the ministers, including the Baltics, and the trans-Caucasian republics and central Asia. I mean, all 15 republics were represented.

But at the same time, we would like to maintain closer cooperation. When it was said that we are poor, well, I can agree and I can also disagree with that statement. Everything is relative. This year we have received greater allocations than last year, much greater allocations, and we have raised the pay for our policemen. However, this whole thing was accompanied by a very rapid increase in prices; therefore, at this press conference as Deputy President, you have large prerogatives. Can you provide a guarantee, or can you give us your word of honor in front of members of the mass media that Mikhail Gorbachev will continue feeling better?

MR. YANAYEV: Let me tell you that nothing threatens Mr. Gorbachev. He is in a safe place, except that he needs some time to feel better. Ladies and gentlemen, you can imagine the stress that he has to endure over the past six years. I hope that my friend, President Gorbachev, will return to his office and we will work together.

MODERATOR: Would you take up the microphone, please?

Q This view, regarding the treaty of the Union, does this mean that there will be a referendum on the treaty of the Union, and secondly, what does the committee think about the Baltic republics, Georgia and Armenia and Moldavia who do not intend to sign the Union treaty? And did Mikhail Gorbachev note that the state of emergency was being introduced and that the committee was being established? Thank you.

MR. YANAYEV: Now, with regard to the establishment of the committee, the committee, as some of you have already said, was established last night, and I think that President Gorbachev understands and well understands. He will appreciate that at a time when the country is undergoing a crisis. We will have to find effective ways and means of leading the country out of the crisis.

So far as our attitude to the Baltics, Moldavia, Georgia, and Armenia is concerned, mainly the republics that have made known their intention not to sign the treaty of the Union, our attitude remains unchanged. President Gorbachev made it known on a number of occasions we will respect the will of the people of those republics.

I think we will find a way to gauge the feelings of our people with regard to the union treaty. I do not know whether this will be a referendum or whatever, but we will try to make sure that the treaty of the Union on which the future development of this country will depend be discussed and adopted by the public at large.

MODERATOR: Would you identify yourself, please?

Q -- (inaudible) -- with an army. Thank you.

Mr. YANAYEV: First, let me say that I'm not a member of the Politburo, and I think that a highly appreciated and respected magazine should know the composition of the Politburo. I am a member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party and I'm proud of it.

Now, with regard to the attitude of the Secretariat (on the ?) Politburo of the Communist Party, we have not yet discussed this question with the leaders of -- (audio break)-- have consultations with them but based on the feelings that we know exist throughout the country and based on the feeling we know exists in the society, we are hopeful that we will not become generals without an army, because the people want us to bring order to this country. And therefore, based on those feelings, we have to do our utmost to -- (audio break) --

Q Mexican Television. How interim is your government? Just how interim is it? And will there be a presidential election?

MR. YANAYEV: I have assumed the office on an interim basis, on a provisional basis as I have already said, and I believe that as the situation improves we will hold direct elections of the President of the USSR based on the democratic principles that we

have always announced.

Q Novosti Press Agency. I have a question for Mr. Pugo. Today, as of 3:00 P. M. the citizens of Moscow have been watching all those tanks around the press center. Technically, what is your idea of the regime of the state of emergency in Moscow? How will you ensure that regime? Hundreds, maybe thousands of people will start moving to the airports, then other parts of the city. How will traffic be controlled?

MR. PUGO: The introduction of military equipment as well as troops in Moscow is a measure that we'll have to take. It was a forced measure that was taken to prevent breakdown in law and order in this city or prevent any victim from occurring.

Now, my reading of the situation is this. Unless someone forces us to extend the term of the state of emergency, we would like to remove all the equipment and all the troops from Moscow. The equipment will remain here around the clock, and there is no curfew, there is no curfew. That will have to be decided by the commandant of Moscow. If we have to do that, he will have to take the appropriate decision, but we did not think that will be necessary. We did not think we had to do this today.

Q The committee it is hard to take a vote. How will you do that? Will you co-opt someone? What is this, do you think there'll be an investigation into some measure that had been taken by President Gorbachev, including the Tengiz Oil field transactions with Chevron Oil and others?

MR. YANAYEV: Could you kindly repeat your question please? That was very quick.

Q My first question is with regard to the number of eight persons on the committee. It's hard to take a vote.

MR. YANAYEV: I think we'll take decisions by consensus.

Q Your recommendation regarding Anatoly -- (end of available audio.)

END

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Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
21. Handwritten Note	Re: Wall (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
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22. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

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Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
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PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
23a. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
23b. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
23c. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
23d. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
23e. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
23f. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
23g. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-3	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
23h. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
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 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
23i. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
23j. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
23k. Letter	Yanayev to POTUS Re: [Unofficial Translation] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

August 19, 1991

Statement by the Deputy Press Secretary

The President met with his national security advisers this afternoon in the Roosevelt Room for an update on the situation in the Soviet Union. Attending were Governor Sununu, General Scowcroft, Deputy National Security Adviser Robert Gates, Acting Secretary of State Eagleburger, Acting Secretary of Defense Atwood, Deputy Secretary of the Treasury Robson, Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Colin Powell, Deputy Director of Central Intelligence Kerr and Arms Control and Disarmament Agency Director Lehman. In addition, representatives from the National Security Council, Treasury and Department of Defense attended. The President stated the seriousness of the situation and discussed the phone calls he has had with various world leaders. The President has called the President of the EC Prime Minister Lubbers, Presidents Ozal, Havel and Walesa and Prime Minister Antall. Earlier the President had spoken with Chancellor Kohl, President Mitterrand and Prime Ministers Mulroney, Major, Andreotti, Kaifu and Gonzalez.

In the conversations with East European leaders, the irreversibility of the democratic process in Eastern Europe was emphasized. The President agreed to stay in close touch with the East European leaders and pledged continuing U.S. support for the economic and political reform process in the region.

Soviet Ambassador Komplektov, at his request, met with Acting Secretary Eagleburger at noon at the State Department and this afternoon with Robert Gates at the White House. In his meeting with Mr. Gates, Ambassador Komplektov also presented a letter for the President from Soviet Vice President Yanayev.

#

USSR--SOVIET EMPLOYERS' ASSOCIATION CELEBRATES FIRST BIRTHDAY
Munich, June 20, 1991 (RI/Elizabeth Teague)

Summary: The League of Scientific and Industrial Associations of the USSR groups the heads of a large number of major Soviet industrial and commercial enterprises in both the state and the private sector. Its declared aim is the creation in the USSR of a strong, mixed market economy favorable to the conduct of efficient business activity. The self-proclaimed lobbying group has powerful patrons and has already, in during its first year in existence, acquired considerable influence over the drafting and scrutiny of legislation.

See last page
on
Tizyakov

The Soviet employers' association celebrated its first birthday on June 16. A lobby representing the interests of Soviet business in both the state and the fledgling private sector, the League of Scientific and Industrial Associations of the USSR (Nauchno-promyshlennyyi Soyuz SSSR, hereafter NPS) has powerful patrons and corporate members and has already, in the space of one year, acquired considerable influence. Indeed, the very existence of the new organization gives the lie to the predictions of pessimists that Soviet society is incapable of generating autonomous organizations, i.e., the institutions of "civil society."

ENTREPRENEURS JOIN FORCES

Describing itself as "the largest Soviet organization of domestic commodity producers," the NPS claims its members account for over 60 percent of the USSR's gross industrial sales.¹ Ranging from state-owned enterprises to private cooperatives, leasehold businesses, scientific laboratories and design bureaux, financial institutions and other commercial enterprises, the NPS counts among its members the world's largest truck-producer, the "KamAZ" plant in Tatarstan which last year became the first Soviet company of its kind to go public and offer shares of stock on the open market. Another founder-member is the Soviet Union's biggest car-producer, the FIAT-built "AvtoVAZ" plant in Togliatti on the Volga river in which the Italian car giant recently reached preliminary agreement to take a 30 percent stake. Defense plants are strongly represented, grouped under the umbrella of the USSR Association of State-Owned Industrial, Construction, Transport and Communications Enterprises which, under the leadership of Aleksandr Tizyakov, is a founder-member of the NPS. The USSR

Ministries of the Radio Industry and of Communications are also founder-members. So too are the Institute of Economics of the USSR Academy of Sciences; the USSR Union of Leaseholders and Entrepreneurs; the All-Union Association of Joint Enterprises; and the USSR Union of United Cooperatives.

The NPS, which held its founding congress in Moscow on June 16, 1990, was set up to act as a pressure group to ensure an economic environment favorable to business. It models itself on the employers' organizations of the developed industrialized countries, whose function is to voice the views and promote the interests of their members. Moreover, the NPS considers itself the heir to Russia's prerevolutionary employers' association, the Union of Industrial and Commercial Enterprises of Russia (Soyuz Promyshlennyykh i Torgovykh Predpriyatii Rossii). The President of the NPS, Arkadii Vol'sky, told the organization's founding congress that "Such a tradition was characteristic of Old Russia and, had it not been violently interrupted, \it+ would still protect the rights and interests of business in the Soviet Union."2

The NPS aims to act as intermediary between Soviet firms and potential foreign partners, and welcomes foreign firms as members.3 Management training is another important part of its brief; this year, the NPS plans to send 600 Soviet managers abroad for instruction.4 Even more important is the role the NPS seeks to play, through its members who are deputies to the Soviet parliament, in the drafting of legislation affecting business. For example, the NPS played an active part in the drafting and approval of the new USSR Law on Business Activity.5

Above all, Vol'sky told the founding congress of the NPS, the organization intends to act as a counterweight to the power of the official Soviet trade unions (whose activity, Vol'sky noted, is on the increase) and the growing influence of the USSR's fledgling unofficial worker organizations. Asserting that, in most advanced industrial countries, economic policy is hammered out within a triangle made up of the government, the unions and the employers, Vol'sky said the NPS seeks to assume its rightful role as the third side of the triangle. Finally, Vol'sky said, the NPS sees itself playing a key role in the formation of a market economy in the USSR. The "vertical" links of the command economy must be replaced by "horizontal" ones between suppliers, producers and consumers, Vol'sky said, arguing that the NPS is well equipped to foster the kind of inter-enterprise communications that would enable Soviet industry to become responsive to market forces.6

Like Britain's Confederation of British Industry or Italy's Confindustria, the NPS offers its members research services and promises to help them establish the contacts they need to conduct business efficiently. It maintains ten permanent committees equipped to supply its members with information and expertise on a range of topics including finance, taxation,

cannot fail to have an impact on the NPS, was strikingly demonstrated at a meeting of 3,500 Soviet enterprise directors in the Kremlin on December 6-7, 1990. The meeting was held under the auspices of the USSR Association of State-Owned Industrial, Construction, Transport and Communications Enterprises--a founder-organization of the NPS which groups a large number of defense plants. Gorbachev, who attended the meeting, found himself facing what TASS called "a near mutiny." The President of the Association of State-owned Enterprises, Aleksandr Tizyakov, demanded a slowing down of economic reform; the reestablishment of the powers of the central ministries; a three-year ban on strikes in all sectors of the Soviet economy; a moratorium on the economic sovereignty of the republics and regions, and the elimination of all customs barriers between them. Last but not least, Tizyakov called for the declaration of a countrywide state of emergency and for power to be passed to a Committee of National Salvation made up of plant managers. When he attempted to reply, Gorbachev was shouted down.¹⁸

Even at that gathering, however, according to *Ekonomika i zhizn'*, "diverse, sometimes diametrically opposed proposals were heard. Some favored unlimited freedom of the economy, while others took just the opposite view, defending the command-and-administrative system and even demanding its temporary restoration."¹⁹ The NPS and its member-organizations, in other words, are far from monolithic.

THE PROGRAM OF THE NPS

It seems to be for this reason that Vol'sky tries in his public statements to steer a middle course and to retain the loyalty of both his state-sector and private-sector constituents. While expressing himself unambiguously in favor of enterprise independence, private property, and the transfer of the Soviet economy to market principles, Vol'sky argues in favor of a "phased" and gradual transition. He advocates particular caution where the defense industry is concerned and, echoing the views of NPS members, insists that it is essential that the USSR remain a single, all-Union market, that is, that no customs barriers be permitted to exist between Soviet regions and republics.²⁰

At the same time, Vol'sky speaks out clearly in favor of the introduction of greater diversity of property relations and for the encouragement of small leasehold or privately-owned businesses. Vol'sky says he favors strong central government but insists that the USSR's present structure of executive power is already strong enough. Despite his friendship with Gorbachev, he and Pavel Bunich (who heads the USSR Union of Lessees and Businessmen, a founder-member of the NPS) protested vociferously against the presidential edict on economic sabotage that Gorbachev issued on January 6, 1991, warning that it put too much power in the hands of the KGB and placed the Soviet private sector at risk.²¹

- Monday, August 19, 1991

Question and Answer Session: Gennady Yanayev, Oleg Baklanov, Boris
Pugo, Vasili Starodubtsev, and Alexander Tizyakov
Transcript ID: 740824 (362 lines)

QUESTIONS AND ANSWER SESSION
FOLLOWING STATEMENTS BY:

GENNADY YANAYEV, ACTING PRESIDENT OF THE USSR

OLEG BAKLANOV, DEPUTY CHAIRMAN OF THE DEFENSE COUNCIL

BORIS PUGO, MINISTER OF THE INTERIOR

VASILI STARODUBTSEV, CHAIRMAN OF THE PEASANTS' UNION

ALEKSANDR TIZYAKOV, PRESIDENT,
ASSOCIATION OF TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATIONS ENTERPRISES

MOSCOW, USSR

MONDAY, AUGUST 19, 1991

(Translation provided by Soviet authorities.)

Q (In progress) -- were closed. For how long, is my
question, and when will they be reopened? Thank you.

MR. YANAYEV: I think that if we introduce a state of emergency
we'll have to make a provision for reregistering the mass media;
that we're not closing down newspapers, we're just thinking in terms
of having them reregistered, reincorporated because the country is
facing a crisis and many mass media have played a certain role in
this.

So far as the Secretary General is concerned, I would not like
to comment on that. We have the Deputy Secretary General. I think
that the plenum of the Central Committee or the Congress will decide
on that. I am acting President, therefore I would not like to use
my authority, whatever authority I may have to prejudge the
decisions that may be taken by the party.

Q A question to Mr. Yanayev. What is the reaction that you
have received to your address to the United Nations Secretary
General and the world leaders?

MR. YANAYEV: We have studied very carefully reactions from the
world leaders, and I must say that their reaction has been rather
low key because the situation is still unfolding and it is too early
to take a stand.

I am familiar with President Bush's latest statement in which

he expresses the hope that the foreign policy commitments the Soviet Union has assumed will be fulfilled. I believe I mentioned that earlier in my statement, and this was confirmed just after the state of emergency committee was set up.

Q A question from Novosti News Agency. I have two questions to ask, one question to Mr. Pugo and the other to Mr. Starodubtsev.

Mr. Pugo, they've mentioned a lot of things about the war on crime and corruption -- and a question to Starodubtsev -- do you believe the peasants will support the state of emergency committee?

MR. PUGO: To answer your question about the state of crime control in the country, let me say that we shouldn't believe that we have ready-made or brand new solutions. I think we should base ourselves on the fact that all the law enforcement bodies must improve their daily work. We must upgrade our discipline. Well, I represent the Ministry of the Interior. We must upgrade discipline in our ministry and we should create conditions for professionals and experts to bring out their potential. This is my article of faith. If we succeed in that then we can accomplish a lot of things.

To be more specific, I think over 500 cities joined street patrolling. That proved rather successful indeed. You may remember that initially that measure met with mistrust, but it proved itself very effective, indeed. Not long ago Mayor Sobchak of Leningrad had to resort to that measure. We must revive relations with the public, but most importantly, I think we should have the law enforcement officials bring out their full potential.

Peasants are particularly hard hit by perestroika. This year has been most difficult for the peasants on state and collective farms, and many of them are on the brink of catastrophe. The price parity between the cities and the villages has been disrupted. Agricultural equipment and fuel are not being supplied. And I think that the peasants who have been brought to despair will come out in support of our committee and will do our utmost to revive the peasantry.

Thank you.

A question from Nezavisimaya Gazeta.

Q Are you aware that you committed a military coup this past night, and which is a more fair comparison, with 1917 or '64? And the second question about newspaper registration. How long will it take, and what will be the criteria? Who will be in charge, and will a political censorship be reintroduced in the newspapers?

MR. YANAYEV: We will try to expedite the newspaper reregistration process. I do not want to comment on the criteria of

registration. As for your statement that tonight there was a military coup, I beg to disagree because we are basing ourselves on the constitutional provisions, and the endorsement of our decision by the USSR Supreme Soviet will enable us to say that all the constitutional norms have been observed. I think any analogy, including comparison with 1917 or '64, are simply dangerous.

Q It's again on Mikhail Sergeyevich Gorbachev. Did you discuss with the President your takeover before doing it? Did he agree? Why there is no medical bulletin on his health? And a second question is, given the wording of your communique, did you ask for any suggestion or any advice through General Pinochet?

Thank you. (Applause.)

MR. YANAYEV: I believe that in due course the medical bulletin on the President's state of health will be issued. As for your statement that we have snatched the power, ousted from office President Gorbachev, because President Gorbachev is temporarily incapacitated and is unable to continue in office, and, given that, the Vice President of the Supreme Soviet takes over.

Q ADN News Agency. Will the state of emergency affect the observance of the Soviet-German treaties on the Soviet troop withdrawals? And is there any reaction from Chancellor Kohl?

MR. YANAYEV: I believe I already mentioned that. And it says in the State of Emergency Committee communique that we assume the obligations of the USSR. There is a continuity of obligations, including those obligations vis-a-vis the Federal Republic of Germany or the united Germany, if you like.

Q Microphone, please. Two questions to Mr. Yanayev. Question one, you said you consulted the presidents of the constituent republics. How do you visualize the reaction of those republics who do not belong to the nine-plus-one? And do you have a contingency plan toward putting an end to inter-ethnic rivalry? And what is it?

MR. YANAYEV: Yes, we do have a plan to bring down the tension in inter-ethnic relations. We have specific provisions to settle the differences between Azerbaijan and Armenia. And we have specific proposals on settling other regional issues. But those are the most important challenges facing the country. And the country's leadership and the leaders of the State of Emergency Committee must get down to business without any further delay.

As for your first question, I'm afraid I have forgot that.

Q You said you consulted the constituent republics. And how do you visualize the further development of the situation there?

MR. YANAYEV: Yes, we spoke with most of the republican leaders. I met with leaders from the 15 Russian autonomies. And I

must say that we have the support from the autonomies and from the overwhelming majority of the constituent republics. They support the intention to save the country and to put our house in order.

Q Novosti Television. Mr. Yanayev, could you spell it out for us when you say in "some," in "certain territories," what do you mean? And what is their geographic location? And when can we meet President Gorbachev?

MR. YANAYEV: As soon as he feels well enough, President Gorbachev is sure to meet journalists.

As for the state of emergency, I assume that there is no need to introduce the state of emergency throughout the country, just everywhere in the country. There are regions where the state of emergency must be imposed to resolve the problems, like in the -- but the countries like -- republics like Izbekistan, or Kazakhstan, there's no need to impose a state of emergency there.

I'm afraid I cannot give you the specifics, but Moscow is definitely a state of emergency territory. And as of today, the state of emergency will be introduced in Moscow.

Q A question to Mr. Starodubtsev. Could you be specific, who have you been elected by to this committee; how have you found yourself in this committee?

MR. STARODUTSEV: Well, I can give you the details if you really want to know. The Vice President, when he was setting up the committee, had me invited as chairman of the Peasants' Union, and I couldn't afford to decline that offer in this crucial time for the Soviet peasants.

Q A question to Mr. Baklanov. Mr. Baklanov, what are the measures you're about to adopt to solve the food and housing problem for the military men, whose situation is really pathetic and close to despair?

And a question to Mr. Yanayev. Mr. Yanayev, you used to be a trade union leader and a very successful one at that. My question is, are you prepared to adopt some constitutional legitimate steps against Yeltsin's decree, not only -- which is directed not only against the party's cells but against the trade union organization?

And a question to Mr. Pugo. Your ministry is in pretty bad shape, including financially. And all the links with the republics, the Baltic republics, have been disrupted, and the ministry of the interior branches have fallen into the hands of separatists. What are the steps you are going to adopt in order to centralize the law enforcement system?

MR. BAKLANOV: Let's take these points up in their order. The purpose of what we're going is to concentrate whatever scarce resources we have to provide for housing for our military officers.

I think we have about 200,000 families of military officers who need housing, and this is an abnormal situation, we have to use our resources and the resources under the treaty that was signed -- that we will get from other countries.

MR. YANAYEV: Now, let me take up your second point concerning the decree by President Yeltsin. I think that all the decrees and all the decisions that will be taken will be considered from the viewpoint of the state of emergency that we are introducing in this country. However, let me avail myself of this opportunity to emphasize that what the leaders of the Russian Federation are doing now, setting up barricades, calling for civil disobedience, is very irresponsible and dangerous policy. I think this policy is fraught with the potential of an armed provocation in order to lay the blame for whatever catastrophe may happen on the leaders of the emergency committee. We want to issue a stern warning against that. We want to tell all the Soviet people, particularly the Muscovites, so that they know that there is a state of emergency in Moscow, and we hope that order, law and order will be ensured.

MR. PUGO: There was also a question regarding the centralization -- or better centralization in the Ministry of the Interior. I represent one of the union-controlled ministries. I must say that on the one hand I am dissatisfied with the state of affairs in this area. But on the other hand, I think that sometimes this picture is painted in too somber colors. Let me simply say that we have regular meetings with the ministers for the interior of the federal republics, and at all the meetings that we have had we met with all the ministers, including the Baltics, and the trans-Caucasian republics and central Asia. I mean, all 15 republics were represented.

But at the same time, we would like to maintain closer cooperation. When it was said that we are poor, well, I can agree and I can also disagree with that statement. Everything is relative. This year we have received greater allocations than last year, much greater allocations, and we have raised the pay for our policemen. However, this whole thing was accompanied by a very rapid increase in prices; therefore, at this press conference as Deputy President, you have large prerogatives. Can you provide a guarantee, or can you give us your word of honor in front of members of the mass media that Mikhail Gorbachev will continue feeling better?

MR. YANAYEV: Let me tell you that nothing threatens Mr. Gorbachev. He is in a safe place, except that he needs some time to feel better. Ladies and gentlemen, you can imagine the stress that he has to endure over the past six years. I hope that my friend, President Gorbachev, will return to his office and we will work together.

MODERATOR: Would you take up the microphone, please?

Q This view, regarding the treaty of the Union, does this mean that there will be a referendum on the treaty of the Union, and secondly, what does the committee think about the Baltic republics, Georgia and Armenia and Moldavia who do not intend to sign the Union treaty? And did Mikhail Gorbachev note that the state of emergency was being introduced and that the committee was being established? Thank you.

MR. YANAYEV: Now, with regard to the establishment of the committee, the committee, as some of you have already said, was established last night, and I think that President Gorbachev understands and well understands. He will appreciate that at a time when the country is undergoing a crisis. We will have to find effective ways and means of leading the country out of the crisis.

So far as our attitude to the Baltics, Moldavia, Georgia, and Armenia is concerned, mainly the republics that have made known their intention not to sign the treaty of the Union, our attitude remains unchanged. President Gorbachev made it known on a number of occasions we will respect the will of the people of those republics.

I think we will find a way to gauge the feelings of our people with regard to the union treaty. I do not know whether this will be a referendum or whatever, but we will try to make sure that the treaty of the Union on which the future development of this country will depend be discussed and adopted by the public at large.

MODERATOR: Would you identify yourself, please?

Q -- (inaudible) -- with an army. Thank you.

Mr. YANAYEV: First, let me say that I'm not a member of the Politburo, and I think that a highly appreciated and respected magazine should know the composition of the Politburo. I am a member of the Central Committee of the Communist Party and I'm proud of it.

Now, with regard to the attitude of the Secretariat (on the ?) Politburo of the Communist Party, we have not yet discussed this question with the leaders of -- (audio break)-- have consultations with them but based on the feelings that we know exist throughout the country and based on the feeling we know exists in the society, we are hopeful that we will not become generals without an army, because the people want us to bring order to this country. And therefore, based on those feelings, we have to do our utmost to -- (audio break) --

Q Mexican Television. How interim is your government? Just how interim is it? And will there be a presidential election?

MR. YANAYEV: I have assumed the office on an interim basis, on a provisional basis as I have already said, and I believe that as the situation improves we will hold direct elections of the President of the USSR based on the democratic principles that we

have always announced.

Q Novosti Press Agency. I have a question for Mr. Pugo. Today, as of 3:00 P. M. the citizens of Moscow have been watching all those tanks around the press center. Technically, what is your idea of the regime of the state of emergency in Moscow? How will you ensure that regime? Hundreds, maybe thousands of people will start moving to the airports, then other parts of the city. How will traffic be controlled?

MR. PUGO: The introduction of military equipment as well as troops in Moscow is a measure that we'll have to take. It was a forced measure that was taken to prevent breakdown in law and order in this city or prevent any victim from occurring.

Now, my reading of the situation is this. Unless someone forces us to extend the term of the state of emergency, we would like to remove all the equipment and all the troops from Moscow. The equipment will remain here around the clock, and there is no curfew, there is no curfew. That will have to be decided by the commandant of Moscow. If we have to do that, he will have to take the appropriate decision, but we did not think that will be necessary. We did not think we had to do this today.

Q The committee it is hard to take a vote. How will you do that? Will you co-opt someone? What is this, do you think there'll be an investigation into some measure that had been taken by President Gorbachev, including the Tengiz Oil field transactions with Chevron Oil and others?

MR. YANAYEV: Could you kindly repeat your question please? That was very quick.

Q My first question is with regard to the number of eight persons on the committee. It's hard to take a vote.

MR. YANAYEV: I think we'll take decisions by consensus.

Q Your recommendation regarding Anatoly -- (end of available audio.)

END

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Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
25. Report	Re: Government Report (2 pp.)	6/26/91	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
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RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
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Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

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Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:
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Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
29. Report	Re: Government Report (2 pp.)	4/30/91	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
30. Report	Re: Government Report (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
31. Report	Re: Government Report (2 pp.)	6/25/91	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Special Separate USSR Notes Files
Subseries: Yeltsin Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Soviet Coup/Aftermath

Date Closed: 3/28/2012	OA/ID Number: 91131-009
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-5	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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