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2009-0275-S

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2009-0275-S

FOIA MARKER

**This is not a textual record. This is used as an
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Library Staff.**

Record Group/Collection: George H.W. Bush Presidential Records
Collection/Office of Origin: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Desert Shield/Desert Storm Files
Subseries: Chronological Files

OA/ID Number: 91147
Folder ID Number: 91147-009

Folder Title:
Persian Gulf Chronology 1990 - 91 (Prepared May 1992) [2]

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
G	34	48	6	5

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet (George Bush Library)

Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
01a. Outline	Re: Draft of October 6, 1990 1000 (1 pp.)	10/6/90	(b)(1)	S
01b. Report	Re: The Formulation of Administration Policy Toward Iraq (3 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
01c. Report	Re: Significant Developments on Iraq 1989 - August 1, 1990 (21 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
01d. Report	Re: Engaging Iraq (3 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
01e. Report	Re: Diverging Interests (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
01f. Report	Re: Confrontation (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
02. Report	Department of Defense Re: Lessons Learned from Persian Gulf War (40 pp.)	4/11/91	(b)(1)	TS

Page 1 of 1

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Files

Series: Desert Shield/Desert Storm Files

Subseries: Chronological Files

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Persian Gulf Chronology 1990 - 91 (Prepared May 1992) [2]

Pinksheet Number: cap1231

OA/ID Number: 91147-009

Date Closed: 7/7/2009

FOIA/Sys Case #: 2009-0275-S

Re-review Case #:

P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

X 2240

J.

Mr. Lee Johnson
brought the
letters you
reg'd re Gulf
war. He believes
there are more
but he needs
more specifics.
D

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

210212
ND006

The Honorable Drew Lewis
Chairman, President and CEO
Union Pacific Corporation
Martin Tower
Eighth and Eaton Avenues
Bethlehem, Pennsylvania 18918

bcc: SUNUNU
SCOWCROFT
Montagne



Drew
I wrote the attached
in this manner
so you could pass
it to Rene Jones
if you think it OK

G.B.

President of the United States of America

COPY
from ORM

910111

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 10, 1991

Dear Drew:

First, let me thank you for your leadership and support on the Gulf crisis. These are not easy times, and the support that you have given us is very important.

I am pleased that the most recent surveys show strong support across the entire country for our policies.

This is indeed an historic challenge, one that offers a great opportunity for the New World Order I have talked about. It also presents a danger -- failure to fulfill the UN resolutions without compromise will set back the hopes for a secure and stable Gulf and the New World Order itself.

Second, thank you for sending Mr. David Jones' letter. With a son on the front lines, I can certainly understand Mr. Jones' heartfelt sentiments. I will not comment on each of the points he makes, but let me note that a debate in Congress is going on now. Congress could have debated this matter long ago. In December, I asked the leaders in Congress to support our policies, but Congress preferred not to act then. I still believe that the best chance for peace was, and is, sending a strong signal to Saddam Hussein that our country is united in our determination to see the UN resolutions fulfilled to a tee. Every world leader with whom I have talked is convinced that Saddam Hussein has not gotten the word.

I hope Mr. Jones heard the Aziz press conference yesterday -- no mention of the rape of Kuwait, the entire press conference designed to gain favor for Hussein in the Arab world by blasting Israel. I

have gone the extra mile for peace. We have put into effect sanctions that were designed to bring Saddam Hussein to his knees, but as Director Webster pointed out today, the likelihood of sanctions doing that in the foreseeable future is dim.

I hope you will tell Mr. Jones that I am not acting "impulsively" or "unilaterally." I hope you will also tell him that I have studied the Constitutional question carefully and that I feel I am on firm Constitutional grounds to do whatever must be done.

Thanks again, Drew, and I am very serious when I ask that you thank Mr. Jones for his thoughtful letter. Please tell him that I will do everything in my power to safeguard the life of his son and of all the others there.

Sincerely yours,



The Honorable Drew Lewis
Chairman, President and CEO
Union Pacific Corporation
Martin Tower
Eighth and Eaton Avenues
Bethlehem, Pennsylvania 18918

P.2

JAN 02 '91 10:37 BRT-NY
JAN 02 '91 10:37 BRT-NY
JAN 02 '91 10:37 BRT-NY
JAN 02 '91 10:37 BRT-NY
JAN 02 '91 10:37 BRT-NY

David A. Jones
Chairman of the Board
Chief Executive Officer

December 28, 1990

Human

Mr. Drew Lewis
Chairman, The Business Roundtable
Union Pacific Corporation
Martin Tower
Eighth and Eaton Avenues
Bethlehem, PA 18018

Dear Drew:

I wanted you to see in advance the letter I am sending to you and fellow Roundtable members, in response to your letter of December 20, 1990.

Please call me if you have any comments.

Sincere best wishes for a happy New Year.

Sincerely,



David A. Jones

DAJ:dws

cc: William L. Lurie

December 28, 1990

Human

Mr. Drew Lewis, Chairman
The Business Roundtable
200 Park Avenue
New York, NY 10166

All Members of The Business Roundtable

RE: PRESIDENT BUSH/PERSIAN GULF

Dear Drew and Fellow Members:

I received Drew's letter of December 20, 1990 by fax on December 21. I agree that we should all seek to help the President. However, like the former secretaries of defense and joint chiefs of staff who have testified, along with Senator Munn and, I expect, a majority of Congress, I believe that President Bush needs our help to summon the patience and steadfastness to give diplomacy and his remarkably effective embargo a chance to work.

Moreover, President Bush needs to hear from each of us, and from our employees, that adherence to Constitutional requirements for Congressional debate and prior approval is the most fundamental issue in this crisis. The clear purpose of our founding fathers in requiring Congressional approval before starting a war, is specifically and precisely to prevent a well-intended president from acting impulsively and unilaterally. Acting in the absence of such mandate is a potentially impeachable offense, and we who are his friends and supporters should counsel him that it is his duty to uphold the Constitution, and that open public and Congressional debate on an issue of this magnitude is a sign of strength, not weakness.

Although Mrs. Jones and I have a son (a Marine) who has been on the front lines since mid-August, we applaud President Bush's masterful leadership in protecting Saudi Arabia and the Emirates, thus assuring our and global oil supplies. His mobilization of world opinion against Iraqi aggression and his organization of perhaps the most successful peacetime embargo ever, are entirely praiseworthy. The embargo has prevented Saddam Hussein from selling either his or Kuwaiti oil (costing him at least \$1.5 billion per month), and is estimated to have reduced Iraq's exports by 97 percent and imports by at least 90 percent. With hard currency reserves shrinking, Iraq's meager imports are sure to fall, as smugglers are unlikely to sell on credit.

Attached is a letter from the December 4, 1990 New York Times which quite succinctly summarizes the reasons for staying with the embargo.

The Chairman and All Members of The Business Roundtable
Page 2
December 28, 1990

Human

Turning to the four points emphasized by President Bush on December 19, it should be noted:

• The U.N. resolutions, our protection of Saudi Arabia and the Emirates and successful embargo constitute a clear victory for international law. However, it is grossly unfair that most of the money and fighting men come from America, although our proportion of oil imported from the Middle East is relatively modest.

• The second point, that Saddam Hussein is a brutal bully, is undoubtedly true. Sadly, brutality abounds, and if the world wishes to punish it, the world should participate proportionately.

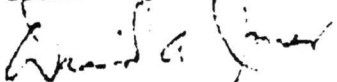
• His third point, about chemical and nuclear weapons, although an afterthought, has been an effective scare tactic with the American public. The Soviet Union has possessed such capabilities for more than 40 years, but our policy of patience and steadfastness proved successful, chiefly because those weapons are suicide weapons which can be used only once. If Saddam Hussein attacks our troops with such weapons, his nation, sadly, will be obliterated, but that is no reason to inflict massive casualties on the enslaved Iraqi people simply because such weapons might be used.

• Probably all agree that stability in the Persian Gulf is desirable, but impossible to achieve, unless the Israeli/Palestinian conflict is resolved. As Secretary Schlesinger and others have noted, the humiliation of Iraq will create its own set of problems and uncertainties.

The entire nation was relieved when President Bush offered to receive Iraq's foreign minister, and to send Secretary Baker to visit Saddam Hussein, between December 15 and January 15. Then, when Saddam Hussein chose an advantageous date within those suggested, President Bush rescinded the invitation. This act, coupled with the President's seeming reluctance to adhere to Constitutional principles, creates the unfortunate impression that a bunker mentality has overtaken The White House and its staff.

I urge you and your employees to join me in encouraging the President to call for Congressional debate and concurrence, renewed diplomatic initiatives and, if war is declared, to insist that our allies contribute their proportionate share of fighting men.

Yours very truly,



David A. Jones

rb

cc: President Bush
Members of Congress



THE PRESIDENT

1-28-91

214744
N0016

Dear Sam -

Lucl sent me your Jan 25th letter. Today I made clear that our battle is not with the people of Iraq - nor do we want a destabilized Iraq. Maybe I should expand this to cover respect for their history and culture.

I know and respect

Bob McAdams - good suggestion -

I'll keep on trying to focus vs. Saddam not Iraq's people, culture etc
All Best
CJ

Mr. Samuel S. Walker, Jr.
President
Walker and Company
720 Fifth Avenue
New York, New York 10019

COPY
from OPM

01.28.91 09:23 AM *ABHC WASH DC

P03

SENT BY: WALKER AND COMPANY : 1-25-91 12:53PM :

2123071784-

202 828 18231W 2



WALKER AND COMPANY • 720 FIFTH AVENUE • NEW YORK, NY 10019

PHONE: (212) 265-3832 • FAX: (212) 307-1784 • CABLE: REKLAWSAM

January 25, 1991

The Honorable Thomas W. Ludlow Ashley
President Association Bank Holding Companies
730 15th Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20005

Dear Lud:

A close friend of ours who is also a loyal supporter of the President is concerned that he might be unjustly perceived as indifferent to the destruction of the cultural heritage of the Middle East in the course of the bombing of Iraq. As a Curator of Ancient Middle Eastern Art at the Metropolitan Museum in New York, she has been approached by the U.S. press (as well as Museum colleagues) on this matter and urges the Administration to re-emphasize that our dispute is with Saddam Hussein, not with the Iraqi people or their archaeological heritage, of which the President is well aware. In view of the probability that some damage may occur, she feels that further clarification of the President's position and sensitivity to the issue would be timely now and might mute later criticism.

I realize that, in the press of battle, this may not be considered a high priority but wanted to bring it to your attention and offer to follow up in any way that you think helpful.

With best regards.

Sam Walker

Samuel S. Walker, Jr.
President

P.S. She suggests that a good adviser for the Administration on this issue might be the head of the Smithsonian Institution, Robert McC. Adams, an archaeologist who has spent a large part of his life working in Iraq and would be familiar with what sites should be saved from the bombs.

01. 28. 91. 09:23 AM *ABHC WASH DC

P02

Thomas Ludlow Ashley

January 28, 1991

Dear Commander-in-Chief,

I just received the attached from Sam Walker and it makes a lot of sense, especially in light of the recent ecological disaster Saddam is blaming us for.

Best.



Honorable George H. W. Bush
President of the United States
Washington, D. C. 20500



THE PRESIDENT

December 21, 1990

Dear Dick,

This will not reach you before your safari, so I hope it was a happy experience for you and Rhoda.

I appreciated your thoughts on the Middle East. The challenges are great, but we're working hard.

Happy New Year!

Sincerely,

*Actually the
Sharon visit
here went well*

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mr. Richard N. Goldman
Alcoa Building
One Maritime Plaza
San Francisco, California 94111

901221

COPY
from ORM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 20, 1990

Dear Dick:

Your letter reached me, and I really thought there might be an opportunity to visit briefly with you there in San Francisco. That was such a quick stop, though -- time, time, time; rush, rush, rush.... Thanks for understanding.

I want to know your reaction from your meetings with the Israeli leadership, and I've asked Richard Haass, our able expert on the Middle East here in the White House, to give you a call soon to discuss this with you. I welcome your good insight.

Good to hear from you. Warm regards.

Sincerely,

*P.S. At least
I'm glad to
have had a
chance to say "Hi"*

Mr. Richard N. Goldman
One Bush Street
San Francisco, California 94104

bcc: Dr. Richard Haass
(for follow-up action)

Jan B

DRAFT OF PRESIDENTIAL LETTER

DRAFT DATE: 12/14	COMPUTER DRAFT DOCUMENT TITLE:
INITIALS: GB/ Jan B.	DOC: ~~W.C. of Inc.~~ By: ~~Richard Haass~~
CLEAR WITH:	WHCC:
ENCLOSURES, SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: NOTECARD GB sig	

Dear Dick,

This will not reach you before your safari, so I hope it was a happy experience for you and Rhoda.

~~I appreciated you the first on computer. I just wanted to say thanks for your good counsel and thoughtful suggestions. I'm copying Richard Haass.~~

Happy New Year!

Sincerely,

the Middle East
We're working hard to find a just solution to the problem of the region.

Mr. Richard N. Goldman
Alcoa Building
One Maritime Plaza
San Francisco, California 94111



ONE BUSH STREET • SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94104 • TELEPHONE 415.981.1141 • FAX: 415.398.4986

To: The Honorable George Bush

Date Sent: December 5, 1990
Time Sent: 11:00 A.M.

Time Sent: 11:00 A.M.

Telecopy: 202-456-2461
From: Richard Goldman

From: Richard Goldman

Sent From Fax No. 415.398.4986

No. Of Pages After This Sheet:

Regarding: _____

If you do not receive all pages or have other transmission problems, please contact our Office Services Department at 415.981.1141.

Our Facsimile machines are a Rapidcom 205.

*3.5.90
cc J. B. B. B. B.*

December 5, 1990

The Honorable George Bush
President of the United States
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President,

The administration's Gulf policy to date has been exemplary. Not only was Saddam's aggression stopped through your creative yet firm diplomacy, but also you have succeeded in unifying world leadership through U.N. auspices which hopefully will continue after the current crisis is resolved. I have several concerns and suggestions which follow.

1) Your meeting with Assad has affected him an unjustified sense of recognition and credibility. It is similar to President Carter's recognition of the PLO that allowed Arafat to resurface on the world scene.

2) Because of your personal differences with Prime Minister Shamir there has been a thaw in our relations with Israel which must be corrected for the common good. I hope that your meeting with him this week will change the course for the better.

3) Your insistence in distributing fifteen billion dollars value of arms to Saudi Arabia assumes great risks. The change of government in Iran and the invasion of Kuwait prove how easily the equipment can get in the wrong hands.

4) Because of the tremendous movement of Soviet Jews to Israel which might reach a rate of 30,000 monthly this month, we should increase the maximum annual number to be absorbed in the U.S. from 50,000 to 100,000 a year. This will take pressure off of Israel, and will give these highly educated and motivated people a better chance.

5) I hope you will encourage Secretary Baker to make his first visit to Israel at the earliest opportunity.

6) I hope you will encourage Israel's neighbors to establish peace, as did Egypt, once the Gulf crisis has subsided, if not sooner.

In closing, Rhoda joins me in wishing Barbara, you and your family greetings of the season. We will be traveling to London and Nairobi for a two week safari with one of our sons and his family from December 17 to January 8. We hope to see you both during a visit to Washington in the spring.

Respectfully yours,

Dick

173613
H-1

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 6, 1990

His Eminence Bernard Cardinal Law
Archbishop of Boston
Cardinal's Residence
2101 Commonwealth Avenue
Brighton, Massachusetts 02135

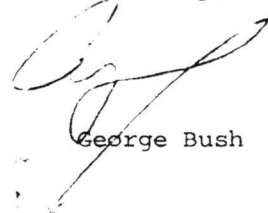
Your Eminence,

I received your September 5th letter. Yes, your comments were balanced and I appreciated your sharing them with me.

It was a joy for the Bush family to have you visit us in Kennebunkport for dinner.

We're off to Kansas today, then Florida. Back to Washington late tonight. Budget tomorrow, then off to Helsinki. In haste, but with warmest best wishes in which Barbara joins me.

Sincerely,



George Bush

COPY
from ORM



CARDINAL'S RESIDENCE

2101 COMMONWEALTH AVENUE
BRIGHTON, MASSACHUSETTS 02135

September 5, 1990

George Bush
President of the United States
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

Thank you so much for the wonderful evening at Kennebunkport last Thursday.

You were so good to invite me at this extraordinarily busy time in your life. I was delighted to see Barbara, to be with your children, and to have the opportunity to pray with your mother and your aunt.

I am enclosing a column which will appear tomorrow in the Archdiocesan paper. I think it is balanced, and I hope you will find it so.

Please be assured of my prayers as you go to Finland.

With warm personal regards to you and your wife and asking God to bless you both, I am

Sincerely yours in Christ,

Bernard Cardinal Law
Archbishop of Boston

BCL/ac

PILOT COLUMN, SEPTEMBER 7, 1990

How quickly the world situation can change. The euphoria over events in Eastern Europe has given way to profound anxiety as the world watches nervously the events in the Middle East. I know that the hearts of all in the Archdiocese are joined in prayer for a peaceful and speedy resolution of the current crisis.

While armed hostilities have not further erupted, and please God they will not, already the crisis has taken its toll. Thousands of persons have been dislocated, the status of refugees in the desert between Iraq and Jordan is most precarious, families have been separated, and the citizens of both Kuwait and Iraq are bearing the brunt of decisions beyond their control.

Obviously, a civilized international order demands respect for the integrity of nations. The United Nations' reaction to the invasion and attempted annexation of Kuwait was remarkably swift. The nations of the world condone such illegal acts only at the threat of their own security.

While the immediate fielding of a military presence on the part of the United States and other nations is understandable in order to deter any further expansionist efforts on the part of the rulers of Iraq, it is essential that no effort be spared to

-2-

effect a peaceful and swift resolution to the conflict by diplomatic means. The present situation is not unlike the proverbial tinderbox which can so easily be set off in flames by an unexpected, inadvertent act.

It is encouraging that there is near unanimity among the nations of the world in response to the actions of Iraq. It is imperative that close communication and mutual respect be maintained at the international level so that the common resolve that has sustained the effort until now not lose its force.

While the withdrawal of Iraqi troops from Kuwait is the major objective of the international community, there are other considerations which should also be addressed.

There is great deprivation among the peoples of many Arab nations. It is not unreasonable to urge that a fund be established by the oil rich nations such as Saudi Arabia and Kuwait. This, it would seem to me, would address one of the serious grievances which have afflicted the area for years.

Furthermore, the international attention which in these days finds itself united in an extraordinary manner, might well be turned to the unresolved plight of Palestinians. International collaboration on this problem and a strong resolve to find a just resolution has been sadly lacking. Perhaps one of the good things that can emerge out of the present crisis is a new will to deal with this old but destabilizing problem.

-3-

For some time now I have been concerned with Lebanon and have attempted through personal contacts to be of help to that country. As President Bush meets with President Gorbachev, I would hope that their discussion might spend some time on a comprehensive plan for peace for the Middle East. Any enduring solution must include Lebanon, the aspirations of the Palestinians, and the guarantee of sovereignty and security of every nation, including Israel.

The present crisis highlights another problem which it may be difficult to deal with at this time, but which eventually must be faced. Fundamental rights, such as the right of religious liberty, rights which are guaranteed by the United Nations Declaration on Human Rights, are not respected in some Muslim nations. Catholics and other Christians, for example, as well as Jews, are denied the free practice of their religion in some countries. These issues should be addressed in the proper international discussion.

There is something that we can do, and it is more important than all the talk and all the shuttle diplomacy which the experts will engage in. We can and we must pray to God, the one God who is worshipped by the Moslam world, by the Jewish world, and by the Christian world, and pray that he bestow peace on us all.

Bernard Cardinal Law

RD



THE PRESIDENT

218053

ND016

February 22, 1991

Dear Gordy,

Thanks for passing on the letter from Dan Bavly.
Their support means so much.

I'd appreciate your sending the enclosed on to
Mr. Bavly.

Hope all is well with you. Barbara joins in
sending our warmest regards to you and Carol Sue.

Sincerely,

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

910222

Mr. Gordon Zacks
Chairman of the Board,
Chief Executive Officer
R.G. Barry Corporation
Post Office Box 129
Columbus, Ohio 43216

COPY
from ORM

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

February 22, 1991

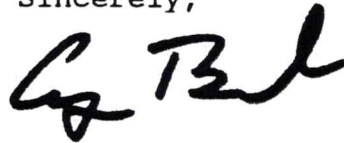
Dear Mr. Bavly:

Thanks so much for your good letter. I am grateful for your support and the support of so many citizens of Israel.

As you know, we are horrified by the attacks that have taken place on civilians. These are difficult times, but I know we have chosen the right course. We cannot and will not fail.

Be strong, and express my best wishes to your friends and neighbors. Thanks again.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "G. Bush", written in a cursive style.

Mr. Dan Bavly
97 Rehov Haeshel
Herzlin
ISRAEL

FEB 22

Dear Mr. Bavly:

Thanks so much for your good letter. I am grateful for your support and the support of so many citizens of Israel.

As you know, we are horrified by the attacks that have taken place on civilians. These are difficult times, but I know we have chosen the right course. We cannot and will not fail.

Be strong, and express my best wishes to your friends and neighbors. Thanks again.

Sincerely,

GEORGE

Mr. Dan Bavly
97 Rehov Haeshel
Herzlin
ISRAEL

GB:CP:CH:ba (2PRESB)

SENT TO:

Mr. Gordon Zacks
Chairman of the Board,
Chief Executive Officer
R.G. Barry Corporation
Post Office Box 129
Columbus, Ohio 43216

PRESIDENT TO SIGN

DRAFT OF PRESIDENTIAL LETTER

DRAFT DATE: 2/6/91	COMPUTER DRAFT DOCUMENT TITLE:
INITIALS: C. Palm GB/	CC:
CLEAR WITH:	WHCC:
ENCLOSURES, SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: GB Sig NOTECARD	

Dear Gordy,

Thanks ~~so much~~ for passing on the letter from Dan Bavly. Their support means so much.

~~If you don't mind, could you please send the enclosed on to Dan.~~ *Mr. Bavly.*

I'd appreciate you sending the

Hope all is well with you. Barbara joins in sending our warmest regards to you and Carol Sue.

Sincerely,

2 LETTERS

DRAFT OF PRESIDENTIAL LETTER

DRAFT DATE: 2/6/91	COMPUTER DRAFT DOCUMENT TITLE:
INITIALS: C. PALM GB/	CC:
CLEAR WITH:	WHCC:
ENCLOSURES, SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: GB Sig	

Dear Mr. Bavly,

Thanks so much for your good letter. I am grateful for your support and the support of so many citizens of Israel.

As you know, we are horrified about the use of these weapons of terror and the attacks that have taken place on civilian neighborhoods. These are difficult times, but I know we have chosen the right course. We cannot and will not fail.

Be strong, and express my best wishes to your friends and neighbors. Thanks again.

Sincerely,

Mr. Don Bavly
c/o Mr. Gordon Zacks
R. G. Barry Corporation
Post Office Box 129
Colombus, Ohio 43216

NOTE TO STAFF: Please send this letter with the one to Gordy Zacks.

FEB - 8 1991

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Date: 1/25

TO: *Shirley Green*

FROM: **JOHN S. GARDNER**
Special Assistant to the President
and Assistant Staff Secretary

*Please have a short note prepared
to Mr. Bowly and a cover note
to Andy Jicks.*

Thank you J.S.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TO: *PH*

FROM: **PHILLIP D. BRADY**
Assistant to the President and
Staff Secretary

*You have the
note on the
1/25*

GORDON B. ZACKS

1/24/91

Patty,

Please pass this on to the
President. Hope you are
well and I look forward
to seeing you soon.
Best
Gordon

Patty:

this looks like a copy
of what we received last
week from Gordon Zacks.

(It was sent down to
Phil to have a thank you
prepared for this group . . .)

TO PHIL

B

GORDON B. ZACKS

1/4/91

Dear Mr President,
A friend of mine in Israel
asked that I forward this letter
to you. This is a note of
appreciation signed by 300
Israelis - just the people of
Israel saying Thank you to you
and the people of America - But Godly

January 22. 1991

President George Bush,
The White House,
Washington,
USA

Dear Mr. President

We citizens of Israel, men and women, parents and grandparents, sensing the breath of war over our heads, salute you and your nation for your integrity, determination and courage in carrying the torch of sanity for the people of the world.

Our hearts are with you.

God Bless America!

Ilon Baily



R. G. BARRY CORPORATION

13405 Yarmouth Rd. N.W.
Pickerington, Ohio 43147
614/864-6400

Mailing Address:
P.O. Box 128
Columbus, Ohio 43216

Gordon Zacks
Chairman of the Board,
Chief Executive Officer

Patty Presock
The White House
Washington, DC

Dear Patty:

I neglected to forward this address to you yesterday:

Dan Bavly
97 Rehov Haeshel
Herzlia

PH: 011-972-52-572122

Gordon

FROM
GORDON ZACKS

*P. PHIL
Have + hand you
purpose for
Gordy to relay
to Barry
et al*

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

ORM OPTICAL DISK NETWORK

ID# 218053

☒ Hardcopy pages are in poor condition (too light or too dark).

☐ Remainder of case not scanned.

☐ Oversize attachment not scanned.

☐ Report not scanned.

☐ Enclosure(s) not scanned.

☐ Proclamation not scanned.

☐ Incoming letters(s) not scanned.

☐ Proposal not scanned.

☐ Statement not scanned.

☐ Duplicate letters attached - not scanned.

☐ Only table of contents scanned.

☐ No incoming letter attached.

☐ Only tracking sheet scanned.

☐ Photo(s) not scanned.

☐ Bill not scanned.

Comments:

PD

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

220202
NID016

Reverend John C. Harper
Saint John's Church
Lafayette Square
Washington, D.C. 20005

THE PRESIDENT

Personal
2-14-91

Dear John -

Jan Naylor told me of your
concerns. Have no worries - it never
occurred to me you were against
me. We all are against war, of
course. I do appreciate your
support - your friend

[Signature]

bcc: Jan Naylor

Bridget Montagne

COPY
from ORM

910214

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Patty Presock
(personal)

~~Patty -~~ **SIR:** THE WHITE HOUSE

During this evening's Vestry meeting at St. John's Church, the Rector, John Harper, pulled me aside to express his concern regarding an erroneous report made by Leslie Stahl citing him as one of the anti-war protesters in Lafayette Park. John was extremely concerned that the President would learn of and believe the report. I can assure you that John is praying for the President and for peace — as we all are. I assured John I would convey his steadfast support to the President.

Patty, I would be deeply appreciative if you would pass on John's support and his prayers to the President.

Many thanks -

Jan Seyler.

12 Feb 91.

Dh
ck

Dear Joe:

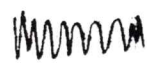
Many thanks for your letter regarding our Persian Gulf policy.

I believe that we are on the right course as we continue our efforts to enforce United Nations sanctions aimed at bringing about a withdrawal of Iraqi troops from Kuwait and restoration of Kuwait's independence. I understand your concerns, and I assure you that every consideration is being given to the proper role of Congress with regard to our policy in the Gulf.

I appreciate your offer of assistance. I've passed your letter on to Chase Untermeyer, my Personnel Chief, for his review.

Barbara joins me in sending best wishes to you and Jinny.

Sincerely,



DEC A

Brigadier General Joe Bartlett, USMC, Ret.
6128 Long Meadow Road
McLean, Virginia 22101

GB/DT/BT/CH/jt (11PRESF)

cc: ✓ D. Tiffany, Rm 93
Chase Untermeyer w/copy of incoming

PRESIDENT TO SIGN

BARTLETT, Joe

COPY
from ORM

Goodness knows, we tried our best to...

Elect
Joe Bartlett
to Congress

6128 Long Meadow Road
McLean, Virginia 22101
(703) 356-3771

13 November 1990

President George Bush
The White House

Dear Mister President,

If you have respect for my judgment, born of rather extensive experience with the Congress, (and you have given me reason to believe that you do), then permit me to presume to urge you to call the Congress back into session without delay, and require them to debate and act upon a resolution authorizing the President to take such action as may be necessary to defend the vital interests of the United States in the Middle East crisis.

The Democrat leaders of the Congress, as demonstrated by public statements of Senators Mitchell and Nunn today, have taken the extraordinarily unconscionable measures of exploiting perilous United States foreign policy for partisan political advantage.

This challenge having been flung before you, it would now be most imprudent for the President to evade or delay, or appear to be evading or delaying, this confrontation with these political adversaries.

The confidence of the American people, so essential to the conduct of your office, is in the balance.

As you well know, Mister President, a congressional committee, under a willful chairman, is not a desirable or an effective forum for the exchange of views on such important matters.

A full session of the Congress, with all its disagreeable aspects, is still far preferable. By submitting specific legislative recommendations, you can have some influence on the agenda.



Page Two

At a televised plenary session of the Congress your advocates will have a much better chance of getting your message to the world. And your tormentors will have a much better chance of being revealed.

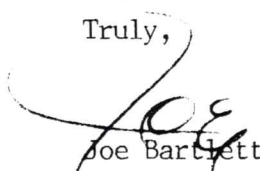
Historically, I would recall President Truman's infamous "Turnip Day" Special Session of August, 1948. Truman had no expectation or intention of repealing Taft-Hartley (He would have been aghast, and probably defeated, if he had!). But he succeeded in focusing the public debate on his agenda in a way that nothing else would have done.

There has been suggestion that your office could use some help with congressional matters. As a long-time practitioner of that art, we both know it acknowledges no "experts"--only a variety of ignorance. Nonetheless, I believe I could be helpful. I would be pleased and honored to assist in any way that I might.

Jinny joins me in assuring that our prayers and very best wishes are with you in your awesome responsibilities.

We send our fondest affection to Barbara. As we come to the time for counting our blessings, we are so thankful for both of you!

Truly,


Joe Bartlett

General Joe Bartlett To Come Home To Marshal Parade

Attached just in case
someone is curious.

jb

The son of a former Lost Creek B&O station agent, and a young man who left his Lost Creek farm home to carve out a distinguished career in government and military service, retired Marine Brigadier General D. Joe Bartlett, has accepted an invitation to serve as Parade Marshal of the 1989 County Fall Festival, in Lost Creek, this September 16.

Born in Clarksburg, Bartlett spent his boyhood years on the family farm on Lost Creek RFD 2 (Romines Mill), from which he was summoned to become a Page in the U.S. House of Representatives in 1941.

Joe is the sixth of ten children of the late F. Dorsey Bartlett and Blanche Hacker Bartlett. Their first child was born while Dorsey Bartlett was the agent at the then-bustling Lost Creek railroad station. Later he switched occupations to the Hazel-Atlas Glass Company where he was employed for over 40 years. Born at Lost Creek in the year 1890, the senior Bartlett died in 1965. Blanche Bartlett, also from a West Virginia pioneer family, survived until 1985.

Joe Bartlett was enlisted in the Marine Corps at Charleston in July of 1944, as a 17-year-old graduate of the Capitol Page School. Later commissioned from the ranks as a "meritorious NCO", he was recalled to active duty during the Korean War, and served with the Second Marine Division at Camp Lejeune. In the years that followed Bartlett had extensive world-wide reserve experience, and he was commanding a training unit in Washington, D.C., when he was selected for flag rank in 1975. At retirement ceremonies in 1978 he was awarded the Legion of Merit medal "for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services."

In his congressional career, Bartlett served 17 years as Reading Clerk of the House. In 1970 he won election to the senior post of Clerk to the Minority. Six times elected to that position by secret ballot, he had just been unanimously re-elected when he announced his retirement in 1979. The following year he was persuaded to run for a seat in Congress. In the home precincts, 103 and 104, Elk District, his neighbors gave him a gratifying 30-to-1 vote of confidence in the primary, but in the general election he could not prevail over the odds. Bartlett is presently engaged in Washington as a counselor in government relations.

An official of each Republican National Convention from 1948 to 1980, Bartlett served six conventions as Chief Reading Clerk. He became a familiar personality to television audiences across the country as he called the roll for the nomination of candidates for president of the United States.

As a lieutenant stationed at Quantico, Bartlett was ordered to a week's "hazardous duty" as an official escort in the 1951 National Cherry Blossom Festival in Washington. He escorted the Ohio Princess, Virginia ("Jinny") Bender of Chagrin Falls, Ohio, daughter of the late Senator and Mrs. George H. Bender. A year later the Marine married his princess.

Jinny and Joe are the parents of two daughters, Linda and Laura, both of whom have followed their mother as Cherry Blossom Festival "royalty". Linda is married to former University of Virginia basketball star, Jim Hobgood. They have a young son and daughter and live in Fredericksburg, VA. Laura, and her husband, R. Wade Perkins, make their home in Salisbury, MD, and they have two daughters.

Bartlett was the first congressional nominee to the Federal Executive Institute in Charlottesville, VA. He was subsequently elected to the Alumni Board of Directors, and was invited to serve as the 1982 Distinguished Scholar in Residence at the institute. He attended the Defense Strategy Seminar '75 of the National War College.

In 1971 Salem College bestowed on Bartlett the degree of Doctor of Laws. A year earlier he was awarded a similar honor by the Atlanta Law School. He was the 1977 class president-valedictorian of Jim Comstock's famed University of Hard Knocks, matriculating at the Greenbrier Hotel.

Among his many public appearances, Bartlett was particularly honored to have been asked to make the address at the 102nd Memorial Day services at Gettysburg National Cemetery. He has received the Distinguished Service Award of U.S. Jaycees, the George Washington Honor Medal of the Freedoms Foundation of Valley Forge, and the Non Sibi Sed Patriae citation of the Marine Corps Reserve Officers Association.

Bartlett was a founding member, and an officer, of the Capitol Hill Club. He won national recognition as the first president of the Civitan Club of Tysons (Virginia). He is the immediate past president of United Methodist Men of Arlington District.

Bartlett first went to Washington in 1938 as the pioneer lone representative of the school safety patrols of Central West Virginia. Invariably referred to as "Dorsey Joseph ('Call me Joe') Bartlett", the Morgan Grade School student marched down Constitution Avenue carrying a big sign identifying him as an "Official Observer", and promising to "come back next year with 819 more". The picture caught the fancy of the assembled press, and CLARKSBURG TELEGRAM reporter, the late W. Herb Welch, parlayed the attention into a title of "America's Typical Schoolboy Patrolman". The resulting publicity put Clarksburg in the news around the world.

In his reply to Lost Creek Mayor Gayle Ashbaker, General Bartlett declared it would be a great honor to serve as 1989 Country Fall Festival parade marshal. He said he would be looking forward to the event.

The Festival Committee, noting that rain the past three years had failed to dampen the spirit of the festivities, promised fair skies and gentle breezes for the general's parade this September.



182643

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

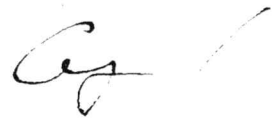
September 5, 1990

Dear Drew:

Many thanks for your note. Support for our brave men and women in the Persian Gulf and for their families is tremendously important during this trying time. I deeply appreciate your letting me know that you're behind us and have taken steps to help your Reservists.

Best wishes.

Sincerely,



The Honorable Drew Lewis
Chairman
Union Pacific Corporation
Martin Tower
Eighth and Eaton Avenues
Bethlehem, Pennsylvania 18018

900906

COPY
from CRM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

8/30/90

*File
ple do
draft - links
for BB sig*

TO:

NSC

FROM:

JAMES W. CICONI
Assistant to the President and
Deputy to the Chief of Staff

Please prepare a response for
the President's signature.

Thank you.

UNION PACIFIC CORPORATION



DREW LEWIS
CHAIRMAN

August 24, 1990

Dear Fellow Employee:

In support of the Reserves and the National Guard call-up, Union Pacific Corporation and its operating companies have adopted a policy under which the Company will make up the difference in pay and benefits between what our employees receive while serving in the military and what they would have received while working their normal jobs at Union Pacific Corporation or at its operating companies.

We have adopted this standard for our non-agreement employees and will initiate discussions with union-represented employees to try to implement the same policy.

We appreciate the efforts of our Reservists, including those volunteering for active duty, and know that this protection of income and benefits will provide them and their families with an added sense of security while they are serving us.

Sincerely,



/ss

UNION PACIFIC CORPORATION



DREW LEWIS
CHAIRMAN

August 24, 1990

The Honorable George Bush
President of the United States
The White House
Washington, D. C. 20013

Dear Mr. President:

I want you to know that Union Pacific is totally supportive of your efforts in the Middle East. Anyone in our corporation who is called to duty will be fully covered by Union Pacific for any differential in pay or benefits that will be affected by their call to service.

My personal congratulations on the outstanding leadership you are providing this country. I respect your position and wish you well at this most difficult time.

Sincerely,

DL:mc

Enclosure

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

August 29, 1990

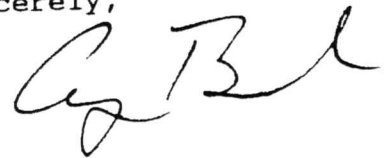
Dear Mr. Sams:

Thank you for your warm and thoughtful message regarding the situation in the Persian Gulf.

I am heartened by the widespread support of the American people for the efforts to enforce United Nations sanctions aimed at bringing about a withdrawal of Iraqi troops from Kuwait and restoration of Kuwait's independence. I am also encouraged by the number of other countries -- including Arab nations -- that have joined the international effort to defend Saudi Arabia against aggression.

Your kind words mean a great deal to me, and I appreciate your support.

Sincerely,



Mr. James F. Sams
American Development Services Corporation
Suite 1260
5454 Wisconsin Avenue
Washington, D.C. 20815

COPY
from GBM

900831

AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT SERVICES CORPORATION

5454 WISCONSIN AVENUE, SUITE 1260

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20815

(301) 657-8384

TELECOPIER (301) 657-3329

TELEX 248948 SAM UR

August 22, 1990

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

As a former President and Chairman of the National Association of Arab Americans, I was very pleased to learn of your meeting with a group of representative Arab-Americans last week to discuss the situation in the Middle East. I do not think one can overstate the value of such meetings, and I assure you that your thoughtfulness in the midst of the present crisis was deeply appreciated.

I also wish to express my firm support for the actions you have taken to counter the Iraqi invasion and occupation of Kuwait. It is hard to imagine a time in recent history when such firm action was more necessary and justified.

We all hope that Saddam Hussein will be deterred from further aggression and will recognize that immediate withdrawal from Kuwait is necessary before there can or should be any negotiations concerning any of the issues Iraq has raised.

Having said that, I would encourage the United States to support negotiations concerning the manner and conditions for completing a withdrawal by Iraq. Such negotiations could be held under U.N. auspices with participation of other nations directly involved. One could argue in favor of such limited negotiations to help reduce the tensions that may possibly lead to acts of desperation by Iraq which in turn might set off a major conflict. Negotiations over withdrawal need not compromise the principles you have enunciated which correctly oppose any "gain" or "reward" to Iraq derived from its aggression, or from the unconscionable threats to U.S. and other hostages. For example, the negotiations could focus on security arrangements to prevent attacks by or against Iraqi forces during the withdrawal process, as well as a timetable for implementation.

The President
August 22, 1990
Page Two

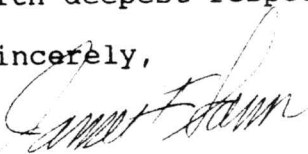
I share the view that the unequivocal and firm position that you and our allies have taken provides the best means of avoiding a major military conflict. If Iraq fails to be deterred in the face of such opposition and strength, those policies will still be proven to have been correct. Obviously, we hope and pray that reason will prevail in Iraq.

We also hope that this will be the last "Middle East Crisis". If armed conflict can be avoided, there will be an unprecedented opportunity to explore new and more diplomatically aggressive initiatives to achieve peace and stability in the area. Upon peaceful restoration of the status quo, the U.S. will be in a very strong position to mobilize the support of members of the U.N. Security Council for a comprehensive peace plan which would address not only issues of security for the Gulf, but also other issues, particularly those related to the Arab-Israeli conflict, which are the underlying causes of recurrent violence and political instability in the region. Lasting peace cannot be achieved until the legitimate grievances and interests of all states and people in the Middle East are substantively addressed by the U.S. and the Security Council. The "parties themselves" are incapable of directly achieving peace without strong external influences. Military deterrence and strength may suppress popular sentiments, but reliance on force as a long term solution to security requirements is morally, politically and economically self-defeating.

I am confident that you will initiate efforts and provide the leadership required to achieve a comprehensive and just solution to those issues with the same determination and courage as you have demonstrated in the present crisis.

With deepest respect and admiration, I am

Sincerely,



James F. Sams

JFS:jk

CS

169351

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 17, 1990

Dear Jim:

Many thanks for your letter and for enclosing a copy of the results of the public opinion survey conducted on the present situation in the Persian Gulf and the need for a comprehensive energy plan for the United States. You may be sure that we'll give your thoughts and the findings a careful review. These are complicated times, and your good wishes and support are greatly appreciated.

Barbara joins in sending best wishes.

Sincerely,

*Good catching a glimpse
of you at Helsinki. I hope
your trip proves
productive*

Mr. James W. Kinnear
President and Chief
Executive Officer
Texaco, Inc.
2000 Westchester Avenue
White Plains, New York 10650

900918

COPY
from QRM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

12
BB
pls do
draft for
BB sig

Date: 8/30/90

TO: NSC

FROM: JAMES W. CICONI
Assistant to the President and
Deputy to the Chief of Staff

☐ Information

☒ Action

☐ Let's Discuss

Please prepare a response for the
President's signature. Thank you.

TEXACO
INC.

JAMES W. KINNEAR
PRESIDENT
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

10925
JAMES W. KINNEAR
VOLUME 1, PAGE 1

August 23, 1990

9. Cicconi
The President
The White House
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. President:

Clearly, your time and attention are quite properly consumed at this time by a crisis of the greatest urgency and the most profound consequences for America and the world.

However, because of these far-reaching consequences, I wanted to share some interesting information with you.

Last week, I commissioned a highly respected firm to conduct the attached public survey on how Americans feel about the impact of Middle East oil disruption on national energy policy. I was heartened by the results.

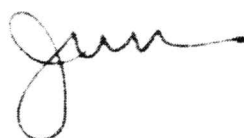
The survey clearly demonstrates that there now exists an unprecedented opportunity to adopt a strong new national energy policy. The people understand the realities of our situation and have a firm grasp of policies which can help the U.S. better manage its dependence on imported oil and better diversify its sources of foreign supplies. These initiatives include programs for expanded production of U.S. energy resources and putting U.S. oil companies on a more competitive basis in foreign exploration.

This survey indicates there is now broad public support for a major energy policy initiative. We hope to meet with key members of Congress and Administration officials in coming weeks to familiarize them with the survey results and conclusions.

I hope you will agree that we have an opportunity which must not be lost and that you will endorse legislative initiatives.

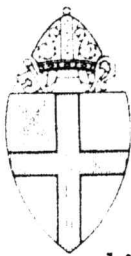
Needless to say, you have my complete support and heartfelt prayers for the success of your plans and policies in the difficult days ahead.

Sincerely yours,



JWK:jc

208577



THE MOST REVEREND EDMOND L. BROWNING
PRESIDENT, BISHOP, THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH
THE EPISCOPAL CHURCH CENTER
815 SECOND AVENUE • NEW YORK, NY 10017
212 879-5400

January 7, 1991

The President
The White House
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. President:

When I visited you on December 20, you handed me a copy of the Amnesty International report on Iraq/Occupied Kuwait and asked me to read it. I have done so, and now respectfully ask that you consider my response.

Like Mrs. Bush, I was unable to finish the report. The brutal Iraqi invasion of the sovereign nation of Kuwait and the human rights violations reported so graphically demand condemnation. You asked, when you handed me the report, "morally, are we to do nothing?"

Morally, we must respond to such an outrage, both as a member nation of the community of nations and as individuals who seek to respect and uphold the human rights of others. Furthermore, you and I, as Christians, have an obligation to respond on the basis of our baptismal vows, in which we promised to "strive for justice and peace among all people, and respect the dignity of every human being."

Morally, we must respond. The question, of course, is how. Do we continue to apply the sanctions adopted by the United Nations or do we go to war to force the issue?

You have said that you are prepared to go to war. You do more: you threaten to invade Iraq and destroy Saddam Hussein, his regime and his army. Your military leaders have described some of the likely consequences of the war you envision, which minimally would issue in thousands of innocent civilian deaths beyond the carnage among the armies. The damage could easily be many times greater, including lasting enmity between Arab peoples and our own country.

Mr. President, I do not believe war is the answer. I do not believe it is God's will that such devastation be unleashed as a just response to Iraq's invasion and violation of Kuwait. War for

COPY
from CRM

The President
January 7, 1991
Page Two

me can never be a moral option unless all attempts at a solution short of war are exhausted.

Mr. President, I do not know a single person who believes you have exhausted options short of war. If the Soviet Union could be contained for forty years without a shooting war, surely a united international community could find ways to contain and punish Saddam Hussein without the additional tragedy of war. In a word, to resort to full scale war now would be immoral, in the judgement of the majority Christian tradition which we both share.

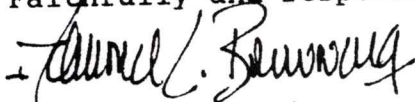
Furthermore, even if all options short of war should be attempted and prove ineffective, the likely consequences of war must not be out of proportion to the injustice it seeks to prevent, or correct. As justifiable as international action against Saddam Hussein may be - and I believe condemnation and sanctions are justified - would not the inevitable deaths in war of women, children and other innocents make the tragedy immeasurably worse?

One further observation about the Amnesty report. While I share your outrage over the atrocities reported from Kuwait, such atrocities should not be used as the necessary or sufficient basis for our actions against Iraq when we have not acted in similar fashion towards other nations committing abuses of human rights. How, for example, have you responded to repeated Amnesty International reports of atrocities committed by the El Salvador armed forces? Have you sanctioned the government of El Salvador for its repeated unwillingness or inability to bring to justice those in its own ranks accused of outrageous human rights abuses?

I have been told that Amnesty International has also issued highly critical reports of our current allies Saudi Arabia and Syria. Where do we draw the line?

I appreciate more deeply than I can say, Mr. President, your willingness to have me meet with you and Secretary Baker in the Oval Office and your gracious and attentive listening. As I said then, I believe you have the power, the ability and the opportunity to lead the international community into a new world order (of which you yourself have spoken), a new order that can address and adjudicate conflicts, including human rights violations, without immediate recourse to violence. I pray that God grants you the wisdom and courage to seize the moment.

Faithfully and respectfully yours,



Edmond L. Browning
Presiding Bishop

cc: Secretary James Baker

Bridget-

It is my understanding
that the President has
corresponded with Bishop
Browning since this
letter was written.

If so, please send back
and I will close the
file out.

THANKS

Courtesy

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
01a. Outline	Re: Draft of October 6, 1990 1000 (1 pp.)	10/6/90	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Desert Shield/Desert Storm Files
Subseries: Chronological Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Persian Gulf Chronology 1990 - 91 (Prepared May 1992) [2]

Date Closed:	7/7/2009	OA/ID Number:	91147-009
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- (b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
01b. Report	Re: The Formulation of Administration Policy Toward Iraq (3 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Desert Shield/Desert Storm Files
Subseries: Chronological Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Persian Gulf Chronology 1990 - 91 (Prepared May 1992) [2]

Date Closed:	7/7/2009	OA/ID Number:	91147-009
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
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 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
01c. Report	Re: Significant Developments on Iraq 1989 - August 1, 1990 (21 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Files
Series: Desert Shield/Desert Storm Files
Subseries: Chronological Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Persian Gulf Chronology 1990 - 91 (Prepared May 1992) [2]

Date Closed:	7/7/2009	OA/ID Number:	91147-009
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
01d. Report	Re: Engaging Iraq (3 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Desert Shield/Desert Storm Files
Subseries: Chronological Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Persian Gulf Chronology 1990 - 91 (Prepared May 1992) [2]

Date Closed:	7/7/2009	OA/ID Number:	91147-009
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
01e. Report	Re: Diverging Interests (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Desert Shield/Desert Storm Files
Subseries: Chronological Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Persian Gulf Chronology 1990 - 91 (Prepared May 1992) [2]

Date Closed:	7/7/2009	OA/ID Number:	91147-009
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

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 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
01f. Report	Re: Confrontation (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Desert Shield/Desert Storm Files
Subseries: Chronological Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Persian Gulf Chronology 1990 - 91 (Prepared May 1992) [2]

Date Closed:	7/7/2009	OA/ID Number:	91147-009
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
02. Report	Department of Defense Re: Lessons Learned from Persian Gulf War (40 pp.)	4/11/91	(b)(1)	TS

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Files
Series: Desert Shield/Desert Storm Files
Subseries: Chronological Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Persian Gulf Chronology 1990 - 91 (Prepared May 1992) [2]

Date Closed:	7/7/2009	OA/ID Number:	91147-009
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

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