

Originally Processed With FOIA(s):
2009-0275-S

FOIA Number:
2009-0275-S

FOIA MARKER

**This is not a textual record. This is used as an
administrative marker by the George Bush Presidential
Library Staff.**

Record Group/Collection: George H.W. Bush Presidential Records
Collection/Office of Origin: Scowcroft, Brent, Collection
Series: Desert Shield/Desert Storm Files
Subseries: Chronological Files

OA/ID Number: 91147
Folder ID Number: 91147-001

Folder Title:
Desert Shield/Desert Storm (February 1991) [4]

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
G	34	48	6	5

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
01. Memo	Philip Zelikow to Robert Gates Re: British Papers on Gulf Security Issues (1 pp.)	2/13/91	(b)(1)	S
02a. Letter	Antony Acland to Robert M. Gates Re: Gulf Crisis: UK/US Exchanges (1 pp.)	1/31/92	(b)(1)	S
02b. Paper	Re: Iraq/Kuwait: How to End the Fighting (6 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
02c. Paper	Re: Gulf Crisis: Policy Towards Iraq After the Conflict (7 pp.)	1/30/91	(b)(1)	C
02d. Letter	Antony Acland to Robert M. Gates Re: Gulf Crisis: UK/US Exchanges (2 pp.)	1/30/91	(b)(1)	S
03. Memo	Nancy Bearg Dyke to Brent Scowcroft Re: Tariq Aziz Letter to UNSYG [UN Secretary General] (1 pp.)	2/14/91	(b)(1)	
04a. Memo	Brent Scowcroft to POTUS Re: Telephone Call from Chancellor Kohl of Germany (1 pp.)	2/15/91	(b)(1)	S
04b. Talking Points	Re: Points To Be Made for Telephone Conversation with Chancellor Kohl (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
04c. Letter	Chanellor Kohl to President Bush Re: Annexe (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Page 1 of 2

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Files
Series: Desert Shield/Desert Storm Files
Subseries: Chronological Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Desert Shield/Desert Storm (February 1991) [4]

Pinksheet Number: cap1223
OA/ID Number: 91147-001
Date Closed: 7/2/2009
FOIA/Sys Case #: 2009-0275-S
Re-review Case #:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
04d. Memo	Robert L. Hutchings to Brent Scowcroft Re: Telephone Call from Chancellor Kohl of Germany (1 pp.)	2/15/91	(b)(1)	S
05. Memo	Adrian Basora to Brent Scowcroft Re: Impressions frm the Joxe and Lanxade/Morel Visits (2 pp.)	2/15/91	(b)(1)	S
06a. Memo	William F. Sittmann to Mr. J. Stapleton Roy Re: Transmittal of Presidential Memcon with Secretary of State for Defense, Thomas King of United Kingdom (1 pp.)	2/15/91	(b)(1)	S
06b. Memcon	Re: Meeting with Thomas King, Secretary of State for Defense, united Kingdom (3 pp.)	2/12/91	(b)(1)	S
06c. Memo	David C. Gompert to William F. Sittmann Re: Memcon with Thomas King, Secretary of State for Defense, United Kingdom on February 12, 1991 (1 pp.)	2/14/91	(b)(1)	S

Page 2 of 2

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FOIA/Sys Case #: 2009-0275-S
Re-review Case #:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

~~SECRET~~
NSC/S PROFILE

RECORD ID: 9100886
RECEIVED: 05 FEB 91 09

CHRON FILE

TO: GATES

FROM: ZELIKOW
GOMPERT
HAASS

DOC DATE: 13 FEB 91
SOURCE REF:



KEYWORDS: GREAT BRITAIN
DESERT STORM

IRAQ

PERSONS: KIMMITT, R

WOOD, ANDREW

SUBJECT: BRITISH PAPERS ON GULF SECURITY ISSUES

ACTION: NOTED BY GATES

DUE DATE: 08 FEB 91

STATUS: C

STAFF OFFICER: ZELIKOW

LOGREF:

FILES: PA

NSCP:

CODES:

D O C U M E N T D I S T R I B U T I O N

FOR ACTION

FOR CONCURRENCE

FOR INFO
NSC CHRON

DECLASSIFIED

White House Guidelines

E.O. 12958, SEC 3.4 (B) September 11, 2006

By Cop NARA, Date 7/2/09

COMMENTS: _____

DISPATCHED BY _____ DATE _____ BY HAND W/ATTCH

OPENED BY: NSLMS

CLOSED BY: NSWEA

DOC 2 OF 2

~~SECRET~~

**National Security Council
The White House**

PROOFED BY: W4
 URGENT NOT PROOFED: _____
 BYPASSED WW DESK: _____

LOG # 0886
 SYSTEM PRS NSC INT
 DOCLOG 11/1 A/O _____

	SEQUENCE TO	HAS SEEN	DISPOSITION
Ken Hill			
Bill Sittmann	<u>1</u>	<u>J</u>	<u>I</u>
Bob Gates	<u>2</u>		
Brent Scowcroft			
Bill Sittmann			
Situation Room			
West Wing Desk			
NSC Secretariat			

A = Action I = Information D = Dispatch R = Retain N = No further Action

cc: VP Sununu Other _____

Should be seen by: _____
 (Date/Time)

COMMENTS

DISPATCH INSTRUCTIONS:

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File Location: Desert Shield/Desert Storm (February 1991) [4]

Date Closed:	7/2/2009	OA/ID Number:	91147-001
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
02a. Letter	Antony Acland to Robert M. Gates Re: Gulf Crisis: UK/US Exchanges (1 pp.)	1/31/92	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Files
Series: Desert Shield/Desert Storm Files
Subseries: Chronological Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Desert Shield/Desert Storm (February 1991) [4]

Date Closed: 7/2/2009	OA/ID Number: 91147-001
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

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Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
02b. Paper	Re: Iraq/Kuwait: How to End the Fighting (6 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Files
Series: Desert Shield/Desert Storm Files
Subseries: Chronological Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Desert Shield/Desert Storm (February 1991) [4]

Date Closed:	7/2/2009	OA/ID Number:	91147-001
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

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02c. Paper	Re: Gulf Crisis: Policy Towards Iraq After the Conflict (7 pp.)	1/30/91	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Files
Series: Desert Shield/Desert Storm Files
Subseries: Chronological Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Desert Shield/Desert Storm (February 1991) [4]

Date Closed:	7/2/2009	OA/ID Number:	91147-001
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

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02d. Letter	Antony Acland to Robert M. Gates Re: Gulf Crisis: UK/US Exchanges (2 pp.)	1/30/91	(b)(1)	S

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WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Desert Shield/Desert Storm (February 1991) [4]

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UNCLASSIFIED
NSC/S PROFILE

RECORD ID: 9101044
RECEIVED: 11 FEB 91 11

CHRON FILE

TO: SCOWCROFT

FROM: DYKE
BEERS

DOC DATE: 14 FEB 91
SOURCE REF:

KEYWORDS: UN
DESERT STORM

IRAQ
HS

PERSONS: AZIZ, TARIQ

SUBJECT: AZIZ LTRS TO UNSYG

ACTION: NOTED BY SCOWCROFT

DUE DATE: 14 FEB 91

STATUS: C

STAFF OFFICER: DYKE

LOGREF:

FILES: WH

NSCP:

CODES:

DOCUMENT DISTRIBUTION

FOR ACTION

FOR CONCURRENCE

FOR INFO

DYKE

~~NSC~~ CHRON

COMMENTS: _____

DISPATCHED BY _____ DATE _____ BY HAND W/ATTCH

OPENED BY: NSLMS

CLOSED BY: NSJEB

DOC 2 OF 2

UNCLASSIFIED



UNCLASSIFIED
ACTION DATA SUMMARY REPORT

RECORD ID: 9101044

DOC ACTION OFFICER

001 DYKE
002 SCOWCROFT
002

CAO ASSIGNED ACTION REQUIRED

Z 91021111 PREPARE MEMO FOR SCOWCROFT
Z 91021418 FOR INFORMATION
X 91021520 NOTED BY SCOWCROFT

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED
NSC/S PROFILE

RECORD ID: 9101044
RECEIVED: 11 FEB 91 11

TO: SCOWCROFT

FROM: PEREZ DE CUELLAR, JAVIER

DOC DATE: 04 FEB 91
SOURCE REF:

KEYWORDS: UN
DESERT STORM

IRAQ
HS

PERSONS: AZIZ, TARIQ

SUBJECT: CY OF LTR FM AZIZ TO SEC GEN PEREZ DE CUELLAR RE CIVILIAN CASUALTIES

ACTION: PREPARE MEMO FOR SCOWCROFT

DUE DATE: 14 FEB 91

STATUS: S

STAFF OFFICER: DYKE

LOGREF:

FILES: WH

NSCP:

CODES:

D O C U M E N T D I S T R I B U T I O N

FOR ACTION
DYKE

FOR CONCURRENCE
CHARLES
HAASS

FOR INFO
HAYDEN
HILL
SALVETTI, L
WELCH

COMMENTS: _____

DISPATCHED BY _____ DATE _____ BY HAND W/ATTCH

OPENED BY: NSLMS

CLOSED BY:

DOC 1 OF 1

UNCLASSIFIED

**National Security Council
The White House**

PROOFED BY: gjb
URGENT NOT PROOFED: _____
BYPASSED WW DESK: _____

LOG # 1044
SYSTEM PRS NSC INT
DOCLOG gjb A/O _____

	SEQUENCE TO	HAS SEEN	DISPOSITION
<i>WED</i> Ken Hill	<u>1</u>	<u>W</u>	<u>I</u>
Bill Sittmann	<u>2</u>	<u>HAS CY</u>	
Bob Gates	<u>3</u>	<u>✓</u>	
Brent Scowcroft			
Bill Sittmann			
Situation Room	<u>4</u>	<u>MMHIS</u>	<u>N</u>
West Wing Desk	<u>5</u>		<u>N</u>
NSC Secretariat			

A = Action I = Information D = Dispatch R = Retain N = No further Action

cc: VP Sununu Other _____
Should be seen by: _____ (Date/Time)

RECEIVED

91 FEB 14 P 6:44

DISPATCH INSTRUCTIONS:

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

1044

February 14, 1991

INFORMATION

MEMORANDUM FOR BRENT SCOWCROFT

THROUGH: R. RAND BEERS, ^{NBD} ACTING

FROM: NANCY BEARG DYKE ^{NBD}

SUBJECT: Tariq Aziz Letters to UNSYG

UN Secretary General Perez de Cuellar has forwarded to you two letters, dated January 24 and February 1, from Iraq's Foreign Minister Tariq Aziz (Tab I).

An additional message regarding the bombing of the communications facility with attendant civilian casualties is at Tab II.

I know from Tom Pickering that these messages are not received sympathetically by most of the New York UN delegations, so they mostly receive propaganda value outside the UN in countries already sympathetic to Iraq.

The UNSYG and staff are quite worried about rising anti-UN sentiment among those Moslem populations that are increasingly pro-Saddam Hussein and anti-American, largely Pakistan and Mahgreb. This is unfortunate, but I believe that in the aftermath of the conflict, the UN can do much to regain ground through its humanitarian relief to war victims, continued assistance to the countries whose economies are suffering as a result of this war, and other possible conflict resolution roles after hostilities end.

Attachments

Tab I Tariq Aziz Letters of January 24 and February 1
Tab II Message re Civilian Casualties

cc: Richard Haass



THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

4 February 1991

Dear Brent,

As promised, I am enclosing copies of the two letters from Tariq Aziz, dated 24 January and 1 February, in which civilian casualties and damage to residential areas and cultural sites are listed.

With warm personal regards,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read 'Javier'.

Javier Pérez de Cuéllar

Gen. Brent Scowcroft
National Security Advisor
The White House
Washington

Tareq Aziz
Deputy Prime Minister
and Minister for Foreign Affairs
of the Republic of Iraq
Baghdad 1/2/1991

H.E. Javier Pérez de Cuéllar
UN Secretary-General, N.Y.



Security Council

Distr.
GENERAL

S/22154*
28 January 1991
ENGLISH
ORIGINAL: ARABIC

NOTE VERBALE DATED 25 JANUARY 1991 FROM THE PERMANENT MISSION OF
IRAQ TO THE UNITED NATIONS ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

The Permanent Mission of the Republic of Iraq presents its compliments to the Secretariat of the United Nations and has the honour to transmit to it herewith the text of a letter from Mr. Tariq Aziz, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Iraq, addressed to the Secretary-General of the United Nations concerning the imperialist United States, NATO and Zionist aggression being waged against Iraq and the heinous and premeditated crimes thereby being committed against Iraqi citizens and against the economic, cultural, scientific and religious assets of our people.

The Permanent Mission of the Republic of Iraq requests the circulation of this note and its annex as a document of the Security Council.

* Reissued for technical reasons.

Annex

Letter dated 24 January 1991 from Mr. Tariq Aziz, Deputy
Prime Minister and Minister for Foreign Affairs of Iraq,
addressed to the Secretary-General

Since the imperialist United States, NATO and Zionist aggression against our country began at 0230 hours on 17 January 1991, the attacking forces have been committing heinous premeditated crimes against Iraqi citizens and against the economic, cultural, scientific and religious assets of our great people, which is one that has made a centuries-old contribution to human civilization.

On all occasions - in the course of our meeting at Amman on 31 August 1990 and during your visit to Baghdad on 11 and 12 January 1991 - we have constantly indicated and have explained to you in a clear and detailed manner that the basic fact with regard to the events which preceded and followed 2 August 1990 is that the imperialist United States, NATO and Zionist alliance and its treacherous adherents among the régimes of the region have had the objective, as they continue to do, of destroying resurgent Iraq, which is pursuing a free and independent policy and which proudly rejects imperialist and Zionist hegemony over the region and over its resources. Everything that has happened has taken place within the framework of a conspiracy hostile to the hopes of peoples for freedom, sovereignty, independence and relations of equality, which are the very principles and objectives for the achievement and defence of which the United Nations is supposed to have been established.

The deliberate and brutal attacks launched on behalf of the United Nations by the forces of the criminal Zionist-imperialist alliance on civilian economic, humanitarian, medical, cultural and religious targets and on citizens and their families in all parts of Iraq - documented examples of which are provided to you in the present letter - give cogent proof of the fact that the Governments participating in this alliance have the sole objective of taking vengeance on the proud people of Iraq and its militant leadership because of their opposition to the imperialist goals of those Governments.

It is indeed shameful for the United Nations that these premeditated crimes should be committed under the cover provided by resolutions adopted by the Security Council. The most recent of these is Security Council resolution 678 (1990), which the United States of America succeeded in having adopted by means of pressure, blackmail and bribery. The facts with respect to the receipt of bribes by States members of the Council and by leaders in those States are common knowledge.

Hundreds of millions of people in the world, in Asia, Africa and Latin America, who have suffered from the oppression and the crimes of the former colonialists and the new imperialists, are today finding the so-called new international order of which the arrogant former colonialists and new imperialists are speaking to be a dark age of intimidation and threats against those peoples aspiring to freedom and independence and fighting for relations of equality. The removal of the balancing role formerly played by the Soviet Union opens wide the

way for the arrogant former colonialists and new imperialists once again to impose hegemony and intimidation, not only by the use of new and innovative methods, as is well known, but also by the old methods, namely aggression and open military occupation. What is new is that the colonialist technique as witnessed in past centuries has this time been used under the cover provided by iniquitous resolutions fabricated in the name of the United Nations which the Governments of the imperialist colonialist alliance succeeded in having adopted by means of pressure, intimidation, blackmail and bribery.

The States that endorsed those resolutions for the motives indicated and you, personally, bear responsibility to history and to mankind for the heinous crimes being committed against the noble people of Iraq who are fighting for their freedom. Examples are given hereunder of the savage and premeditated acts of aggression committed by the aggressor forces between 17 and 21 January 1991.

Baghdad Governorate

I. 17 January 1991

1. A pasteboard factory and a plastic foam factory in Za'faraniyah bombed.
2. Homes in the Urdunn, Bunuk and Wahdah quarters set on fire.
3. The Postal Department at Bab al-Mu'azzam set on fire and two citizens wounded.
4. A civilian vehicle set on fire near Al-Sha'b bridge.
5. The civil defence centre for the Abu Ghurayb area bombed.
6. Abu Nawwas Street bombed.

II. 18 January 1991

1. A clinic bombed; one killed and 10 wounded and four ambulances damaged.
2. The 7 Nisan residential area bombed; seven killed.
3. The residential Kasrah area bombed.
4. The vegetable-oil factory bombed.
5. Al-Sha'b sports stadium bombed.

III. 19 January 1991

1. The Iwadiyah area bombed, resulting in the wounding of one citizen, the collapse of a restaurant and damage to neighbouring shops.
2. The Ma'rifah residential district bombed; three wounded.

/...

3. A building in the Kasrah area bombed; four civilians killed.
4. The Madinat Saddam residential area bombed; two homes damaged.
5. The Jazirat Baghdad tourist centre bombed; two killed and seven wounded; one home destroyed.
6. A building under construction for the Council of Ministers bombed.
7. The Al-Rashid Hotel area bombed; four homes damaged.
8. The Iraqi Museum bombed; six killed and 10 wounded; large-scale damage to the museum building.

IV. 21 January 1991

1. Five killed and homes damaged in a residential neighbourhood in Baghdad.
2. The Civil Defence Directorate building in the Al-Sha'b area bombed; two of the staff killed and five wounded; five vehicles damaged.

V. 22 January 1991

1. Homes in the 52 Street area bombed; two killed and three wounded.
2. Residential neighbourhoods bombed in Nuayrah, Kiyarah, the Qadisiyah quarter and the Dur al-Shuhada' quarter.
3. Madinat Saddam bombed and homes set on fire.
4. The Karradat Maryam area bombed; two killed and four wounded; four homes destroyed; a number of neighbouring homes damaged.

VI. 23 January 1991

Residential neighbourhoods in the Waziriyah area and the Amin II area bombed.

Salah al-Din Governorate

I. 17 January 1991

One killed and nine wounded in the Khudayrah area of the Balad district as a result of the explosion of time-delay bombs dropped from aircraft.

II. 21 January 1991

1. Air attack on the Biji - Qaryat al-Bujwari district, wounding six.

2. Attack on the Dur district, in the heavily populated southern region, killing 22 and wounding 33 and causing large-scale damage to 112 homes and 30 vehicles and damage to the Al-Abbasi Mosque.
3. Missile falling in a field in the Faris district, killing one woman and wounding two other citizens, one of them a woman.
4. The Tikrit district bombed with cluster-bombs dropped by two BRM-3A/As.

III. 22 January 1991

Residential centres bombed in the town of Tikrit and the Samarra' and Biji districts.

Ninawa Governorate

19 January 1991

The historic St. Thomas's Church bombed and damaged.

Wasit Governorate

I. 17 January 1991

Air attack on the provincial capital, killing nine and wounding nine others and damaging eight homes.

II. 18 January 1991

Attack on residential neighbourhoods in the city of Kut, killing a woman and wounding 29 other citizens and damaging six homes and six civilian government offices.

Babil Governorate

I. 18 January 1991

1. Residential areas bombed in the Latifiyah subdistrict; one woman wounded; a home damaged.
2. Attacks on the Musayyib district, damaging homes there.

II. 19 January 1991

The provincial capital and the Musayyib, Mahmudiyah and Iskandariyah areas were subjected to air attacks in which the textile plant at Hillah was damaged and two of the workers were killed and 14 wounded and homes in Mahmudiyah were damaged.

III. 21 January 1991

1. The health centre in the provincial capital bombed from the air; 24 wounded; extensive damage to the centre building, the Civil Defence Directorate building and neighbouring homes.
2. The Tall al-Dhahab area bombed; one wounded; homes damaged.

IV. 22 January 1991

Residential areas bombed in the Mahmudiyah and Musayyib districts and the Iskandariyah subdistrict; four civilians wounded.

Anbar Governorate

19 January 1991

1. A food storage warehouse containing vegetable-oil and rice for the civilian inhabitants bombed in the Abu Ghurayb area.
2. Residential centres bombed in the Bubali area of the provincial capital; four children and two women killed; 16 other citizens wounded, including six women and five children; two homes destroyed; and a fire started.
3. The Nukhaym subdistrict bombed; 25 killed; nine wounded.

20 January 1991

1. Attack on the phosphate plant at Qa'im, killing three and wounding others.
2. A warehouse containing foodstuffs, meat and vegetable-oil bombed at Ramadi; two killed and seven wounded.

21 January 1991

1. The Hit district bombed; one killed and three wounded; homes damaged and destroyed; two civilian vehicles destroyed.
2. The Azrakiyah area in the Saqlawiyah subdistrict bombed; a woman killed and four other citizens wounded.
3. A home hit by a missile fired by an aircraft, killing three and wounding nine, all of them women and children.
4. A home hit by a missile fired by an aircraft, destroying the house and a civilian vehicle.
5. An infant formula factory bombed in the Abu Ghurayb area.
6. A poultry farm bombed in the provincial capital.

/...

Qadisiyah Governorate

17 January 1991

1. Residential centres in the provincial capital bombed; four killed and 23 wounded.
2. A residential building bombed, the governorate office building, the civil defence building, a number of shops and houses and four civilian vehicles damaged and an ambulance set on fire.

Muthanna Governorate

18 January 1991

Air attack on a train travelling from Baghdad to Basra; three killed and 21 wounded.

Maysan Governorate

18 January 1991

1. Air attack on civilian areas in the Qal'at Salih and Kahla' districts, killing four in the Ka'bi area and wounding five others.
2. The sugar factory bombed.

Najaf Governorate

I. 18 January 1991

Agglomerations of nomadic Bedouin bombed in the Huwaymal area near Umm Tayyarah; 20 killed, including 12 children and 5 women.

II. 21 January 1991

1. The Kufa cement factory bombed.
2. The water purification plant for the civilian inhabitants bombed; five killed, including a woman, and 22 wounded.
3. Residential neighbourhoods in the cities of Najaf and Kufa bombed; 14 killed, including four children and three women; 24 wounded, including three children and 16 women; a number of homes destroyed and damaged in the Amir quarter of Najaf, where 130 citizens were killed, and in the Al-Mutanabbi quarter of Kufa.

Dhi Qar Governorate

I. 17 January 1991

Air attacks, killing two and wounding five in the Batha' - Qaryat Al Budayr area and wounding two and damaging two homes and a vehicle in the provincial capital.

II. 18 January 1991

Spherical bombs dropped on the Suq al-Shuyukh and Batha' areas, killing two and wounding two.

III. 19 January 1991

One child killed in the Budur area in the course of an air attack.

Qadisiyah Governorate

19 January 1991

1. The State Vehicle Company complex bombed.
2. The food storage warehouse and flour factory bombed; damage caused; 10 killed and 22 wounded; two homes in the Mu'allimin quarter destroyed.

Karbala' Governorate

19 January 1991

1. Residential neighbourhoods bombed in the provincial capital.
2. The Karbala' cement factory bombed, causing large-scale damage.

22 January 1991

A residential neighbourhood bombed in the provincial capital.

Basra Governorate

17-19 January 1991

1. The provincial capital bombed, including areas of the city of Basra, Barjasiyah and Al-Asma'i and neighbouring residential apartments, and Atabat Bin Ghazwan; 28 wounded; 40 shops and some homes and civilian vehicles damaged.
2. The Harithah and Assafiyah areas bombed; six killed and 11 wounded, including a child aged three; six homes, an apartment and four shops destroyed; six shops and 15 vehicles damaged.

3. The Faw district bombed; one wounded; 40 homes damaged.
4. The Qurnah district bombed; two killed and six wounded; a number of homes damaged.
5. The Zubayr district bombed; 17 killed and another 17 wounded; 12 homes destroyed; six civilian vehicles damaged.

(Signed) Tariq AZIZ
Deputy Prime Minister and
Minister for Foreign Affairs
of the Republic of Iraq

Your Excellency,

On January 24, 1991, I wrote you a letter to inform you that the troops of the US, NATO and Zionist Alliance have been committing heinous and premeditated crimes against Iraqi citizens and against the economic, cultural, scientific and religious assets of the Iraqi people, since they began their aggression at 2.30 p.m. on January 17, 1991.

In that letter I presented a long list of tangible facts about such crimes that were committed in the period from 17-21 January. Those facts were subsequently confirmed and mentioned by neutral press circles, and became widely the subject of discussion in political and media circles worldwide.

We find it strange that the UN Secretary-General has not expressed his view (in this regard) as anticipated not only by the Iraqi people but by all just and free people of the world who look at the United Nations as an Institution whose purpose is to defend human values. Instead, you are keeping silent regarding these crimes which, for the first time in history, are being committed in the name of the United Nations and under a cloak of groundless and unjust Security Council's resolutions, the most recent of which is the resolution 678 (1990). For the whole world it is common knowledge that those resolutions have been adopted by means of pressure, blackmail and bribery exercised by the USA and its allies, thus disgracing the Security Council, the UN and the very countries which received bribes and yielded to US pressure and blackmail. And for Your Excellency, to remain silent regarding such crimes is a matter that will augment the disgrace of the United Nations which is now being used by the imperialist powers to subjugate peoples and suppress their freedom and independence, impose full control over oil as well as secure the perpetuation of Israeli hegemony over the region. Indeed, the very goals that the UN presumably embodies are being

violated before the eyes of the UN Secretary-General who utters not a word. There have been numerous free voices denouncing the crimes being committed against the people of Iraq, and officials of certain countries which are taking part in the aggression, have protested against that and declared that what is happening has far exceeded the mandate of the resolutions adopted in the name of the UN, notwithstanding the fact that those resolutions are groundless and unjust, yet you still remain silent.

In this letter I am presenting further facts about the crimes being committed against the Iraqi people and which took place following the date of my first letter .. it is a record for history, and history's judgement is hard and merciless ..

Baghdad Governrate

i- 26/1/1991

air bombardment resulting in wounding 5 citizens, one of them died later

ii- 28/1/1991

Salah al-Din Governrate

i- 23/1/1991

plantation areas in the district of Bala were bombed with time-bombs resulting in the death of an Iraqi citizen and wounding two others

Al-Anbar Governrate

Dhi Qar Governrate

Al-Najaf Governrate

Al-Basra Governrate

Al-Tamim Governrate

Babil Governrate

Karbala Governrate

Arbil Governrate

Wasit Governrate

Baghdad Governrate

i- 26.1.1991

Air bombardement resulting in wounding(5) citizens , one of them died later.

ii- 28.1.1991

1- An air raid on residential areas wounding (10) citizenena.

2- bombardememt of the Broadcasting and TV building wounding (2) citizens.

iii- 29.1.199.

-Bombardement of Al-Jumhoriah Bridge in Baghdad.

iv- 30.1.1991

1- An air raid targeting the Central Bank causing damage to it and wounding two citizens

Salah al - Din Governrate

i- 23.1.1991

1- Time bombs were dropped on plantation areas in the neighbourhood of a town resulting in the death of one citizen and wounding two others.

ii- 25.1.1991

-Air raid targeting residential areas on the Baghdad - Nineve road and the District of Qadisya and Arbida in the neighbourhood

of Al-Alam , resulting in the death of (5) citizens and wounding (9) others.

Al-Anbar Governrate

i- 21.1.1991

- Bombardement of a desert area in Kebisa region resulting in the death of (3) citizens and wounding one citizen of the rifle shooters .

ii- 23.1.1991

1- One rocket fell on a house in the Disrtrict of Abi Gharib.
2- One rocket fell in Al-Furat village in the District of Hait and another fell in Al-Boukamal area in the neighbourhood of Al-Karmah , and (7) cluster bomb canisters were dropped in the District of Al-Rutba.

iii- 26.1.1991

An air raid on Al-Ramadi city and the Districts of Al-Qaim, Al-Rutba, Haditha and Hait resulting in the death of (8) citizens and wounding (7) others.

iv-

22.1.1991

-An air raid on Al-Nakhib neighbourhood resulting in the death of (4) citizens and wounding of one woman.

v- 26.1.1991

- Bombardement of Al-Qadisya Irrigation Dam causing damage to it.

vi- 27.1.1991

- Air raids on Al-Ramadi City including Al-Ramady city center and the Districts of Al-Rutaba , Al-Qaim , Haditha, Hait and the neighbourhood of Al-Amerya resulting in the the death of (2) citizens and wounding another.

vii- 28-29.1.1991

- 1- Air raids on Al-Ramadi city including Al-Ramadi center and the Districts of Al-Rutaba, Al-Qaim, Haditha, Hait and the neighbourhoods of Al-Ameriya and Kebisa.

- 2- Air raids on 28.1.1991, on the highway between Al-Qaim and Akashat resulting in the death of (4) Jordanians and wounding (7) others including two Jordanians and one person from Thailand

viii- 30.1.1991

- 1- Bombardement of Al-Kindy Company for Medical Vaccines, and the neighbourhoods of Al-Naser and Al-Salam in Abi Gharib District, and a Customs Office wounding one citizen.

Dhi Qar Governrate

22 .1.1991

- (2) citizens wounded from the impact of a rocket launched from an enemy airplane.

Al-Najaf Governrate

23.1.1991

- Bombardement of residential neighbourhoods in Al-Najaf, Al-kufa and Al-Manadhera.

Al-Basra Governrate

20.1.1991

- Bombardement of Al-Najibia residential area resulting in the death of (15) citizens, wounding (19) others and destroying (19) residential buildings and wounding (4) citizens who were in those buildings, as well as damaging two shops and a civilian vehicle.

Al-Taameem Governrate

20-25 1. 1991

- An air raid covering residential areas in Imam Qasim , Al-Andalus District, Azadi , Arafa, By Hasan and Al-Debs neighbourhood resulting in the death of (15) citizens including (12) children and two women, and wounding (6) citizens including (4) children and a woman.

Babil Governrate

i- 23 .1.1.1991

1- Dropping four rockets on the residential areas of the modern village in the neighbourhood of Alexandria resulting in the death of (20) citizens and wounding (25) others.

2- Bombardement of residential areas in the District of Al-Mahmoudia, resulting in the death of (3) citizens and wounding (4) others.

ii- 24.1.1991

Two air raids on Al-Mesib District targeting residential areas at Jarf Al-Sakhar, resulting in the death of (2) civilian citizens.

iii- 26-27 1.1.1991

An air raid on the Governrtate's center and the Districts of Al-Mesib and Al-Hashimia as well as the neighbourhood of Alexandria resulting in the death of (8) citizens and wounding (36) others in the Governrate's center.

Karbalaa Governrate

25.1.1991

Bombardement of Karbalaa Cement Plant

Arbil Governrate

i- 24.1.1991

Bombardement of residential houses in the center of Arbil Governrate and Wadi Al-Hadith resulting in the death of two citizens and wounding (20) others including (7) women and (4) children.

ii- 26.1.1991

Bombardement of residential areas in Basterma area of Harir neighbourhood resulting in the death of (13) citizens including (8) women , (4) children and wounding (85) citizens.

Wasit Governrate

An air raid on Wasit Governrate , Al-Badria area, resulting in the death of (2) citizens and wounding another.

<TEXT>

FBIS 168

UNCLAS 5K

IRAQ: 'AZIZ SENDS MESSAGE TO DE CUELLAR ON BOMB SHELTER STRIKE
NC1302194991 BAGHDAD DOMESTIC SERVICE IN ARABIC 1915 GMT 13 FEB
91

["TEXT" OF A MESSAGE TO UN SECRETARY GENERAL JAVIER PEREZ DE
CUELLAR FROM IRAQI FOREIGN MINISTER TARIQ 'AZIZ ON BOMB SHELTER
STRIKE--READ BY ANNOUNCER]

[TEXT] YOUR EXCELLENCY: I HAVE THE HONOR TO INFORM YOU AND
ALL THE UN MEMBERS THAT THE FORCES OF THE AMERICAN-ATLANTIC-ZIONIST
AGGRESSION, WHO HAVE BEEN LAUNCHING THEIR DIRTY WAR AGAINST IRAQ FOR
FOUR SUCCESSIVE WEEKS, COMMITTED AT DAWN TODAY, 13 FEBRUARY, [WORDS
INDISTINCT] A DIRTY AND HORRIBLE CRIME BY DELIBERATELY BOMBARDING A
BOMB SHELTER USED BY CIVILIANS IN THE AL-'AMIRIYAH AREA IN BAGHDAD.
AT THE TIME OF THE BOMBARDMENT, THE SHELTER HOUSED APPROXIMATELY 400
CIVILIANS, MOSTLY WOMEN, CHILDREN, AND OLD PEOPLE.

TELEVISION NETWORKS AND FOREIGN NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENTS IN
BAGHDAD HAVE SEEN THE CRIME. THIS HIDEOUS CRIME IS ADDED TO THE
BLACK CRIMINAL RECORD OF THE AMERICAN-ATLANTIC-ZIONIST AGGRESSION
AGAINST OUR PATIENT AND STRUGGLING PEOPLE, WHO ARE NOW KNOWN TO ALL
THE FAIR AND HONEST PEOPLE OF THE WORLD DESPITE THE FEVERISH EFFORTS
BEING MADE BY THE GOVERNMENTS OF THE COUNTRIES INVOLVED IN THE
AGGRESSION TO HIDE THE FACTS, TO LIE, AND TO MISLEAD.

WE REQUEST THE UNITED NATIONS, AND REQUEST YOU PERSONALLY, TO
CONDEMN THIS HIDEOUS CRIME AND TO WORK FOR EXPOSING THE TRUTH OF THE
AGGRESSION THAT IS BEING MOUNTED AGAINST IRAQ BY THE TRADITIONAL
POLES OF [WORD INDISTINCT] AND IMPERIALISM, UNDER THE LEADERSHIP OF
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

COVERING UP SUCH CRIMES WILL BE A MARK OF DISGRACE FOR THE UNITED
NATIONS. HERE WE HAVE TO REMIND YOU THAT THE STATES WHO VOTED FOR
THE UN SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTION NO. (7678) ARE LEGALLY,
POLITICALLY, AND ETHICALLY RESPONSIBLE FOR THESE CRIMES. IN THEIR
SUBMISSION TO THE AMERICAN WILL AND THEIR ACCEPTANCE OF THE
AFOREMENTIONED SHAMEFUL RESOLUTION, THEY OPENED THE DOOR TO THE
GREATEST CRIMINAL EVER, THE UNITED STATES, TO COMMIT THESE CRIMES.
THEY WILL CONTINUE TO SHARE THIS RESPONSIBILITY UNLESS THEY TAKE A
FIRM AND COURAGEOUS STAND TO STOP THE AGGRESSION AND THE CRIMES
BEING COMMITTED AGAINST HUMANITY BY THE UNITED STATES.

THE IRAQI PEOPLE HOLD ALL THE PARTIES INVOLVED IN THESE CRIMES--
THOSE WHO ALLOWED AND THOSE WHO COMMITTED THEM--FULLY RESPONSIBLE
FOR THESE CRIMES BEFORE HISTORY AND HUMANITY.

PLEASE ACCEPT MY RESPECTS.

[SIGNED] TARIQ 'AZIZ, DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER AND FOREIGN MINISTER
13 FEB 1957Z MP

NNNN

~~SECRET~~
NSC/S PROFILE

RECORD ID: 9101155
RECEIVED: 14 FEB 91 13

CHRON FILE

TO: PRESIDENT

FROM: SCOWCROFT

DOC DATE: 15 FEB 91
SOURCE REF:

KEYWORDS: GERMANY

TELCALL

PERSONS:

SUBJECT: TELCALL FM CHANCELLOR KOHL OF GERMANY

ACTION: NOTED BY PRES

DUE DATE: 18 FEB 91

STATUS: C

STAFF OFFICER: HUTCHINGS

LOGREF:

FILES: PA

NSCP:

CODES:

D O C U M E N T D I S T R I B U T I O N

FOR ACTION

FOR CONCURRENCE

FOR INFO
GOMPERT
HUTCHINGS
NEIL
NSC CHRON

DECLASSIFIED

White House Guidelines

E.O. 12958, SEC 3.4 (B) September 11, 2006

By Col NARA, Date 7/2/09

COMMENTS: _____

DISPATCHED BY _____ DATE _____ BY HAND W/ATTCH

OPENED BY: NSGLM

CLOSED BY: NSLMS

DOC 2 OF 2

~~SECRET~~

2

P/ Call From Kabe

National Security Council
The White House

2/18 Monday

PROOFED BY: AM

LOG # 1155

URGENT NOT PROOFED: _____

SYSTEM PRS NSC INT

BYPASSED WW DESK: _____

DOC LOG AM A/O _____

	SEQUENCE TO	HAS SEEN	DISPOSITION
Ken Hill	<u>1</u>	<u>copy</u>	<u>A</u>
Bill Sittmann	<u>2</u>	<u>copy</u>	
Bob Gates	<u>3</u>		
Brent Scowcroft		<u>✓</u>	
Bill Sittmann			
Situation Room			
West Wing Desk	<u>4</u>	<u>AM</u>	<u>D</u>
NSC Secretariat	<u>BS</u>		<u>2</u>

A = Action I = Information D = Dispatch R = Retain N = No further Action

cc: VP Sununu Other _____

Should be seen by: _____
(Date/Time)

COMMENTS

Pres Made Call on 2/18

DISPATCH INSTRUCTIONS:

EW Sec's office diskette

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
04a. Memo	Brent Scowcroft to POTUS Re: Telephone Call from Chancellor Kohl of Germany (1 pp.)	2/15/91	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Files
Series: Desert Shield/Desert Storm Files
Subseries: Chronological Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Desert Shield/Desert Storm (February 1991) [4]

Date Closed:	7/2/2009	OA/ID Number:	91147-001
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
04b. Talking Points	Re: Points To Be Made for Telephone Conversation with Chancellor Kohl (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Files
Series: Desert Shield/Desert Storm Files
Subseries: Chronological Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Desert Shield/Desert Storm (February 1991) [4]

Date Closed:	7/2/2009	OA/ID Number:	91147-001
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
04c. Letter	Chanellor Kohl to President Bush Re: Annexe (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Files
Series: Desert Shield/Desert Storm Files
Subseries: Chronological Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Desert Shield/Desert Storm (February 1991) [4]

Date Closed:	7/2/2009	OA/ID Number:	91147-001
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
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P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
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(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
04d. Memo	Robert L. Hutchings to Brent Scowcroft Re: Telephone Call from Chancellor Kohl of Germany (1 pp.)	2/15/91	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Scowcroft, Brent, Files
Series: Desert Shield/Desert Storm Files
Subseries: Chronological Files
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Desert Shield/Desert Storm (February 1991) [4]

Date Closed:	7/2/2009	OA/ID Number:	91147-001
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0275-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

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P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

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NSC/S PROFILE

RECORD ID: 9101161
RECEIVED: 14 FEB 91 17

TO: SCOWCROFT

CHRON FILE

FROM: BASORA
GOMPERT

DOC DATE: 15 FEB 91
SOURCE REF:

KEYWORDS: FRANCE

PERSONS: JOXE
MOREL

LANXADE

SUBJECT: IMPRESSIONS FM JOXE & LANXADE / MOREL VISIT

ACTION: NOTED BY SCOWCROFT

DUE DATE: 18 FEB 91

STATUS: C

STAFF OFFICER: NONE

LOGREF:

FILES: WH

NSCP:

CODES:

D O C U M E N T D I S T R I B U T I O N

FOR ACTION

FOR CONCURRENCE

FOR INFO

BASORA

GOMPERT

~~NSC CHRON~~

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White House Guidelines

E.O. 12958, SEC 3.4 (B) September 11, 2006

By Cap NARA, Date 7/2/09

COMMENTS: _____

DISPATCHED BY _____ DATE _____ BY HAND W/ATTCH

OPENED BY: NSMEM

CLOSED BY: NSJEB

DOC 1 OF 1

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RECORD ID: 9101161

ACTION DATA SUMMARY REPORT

DOC ACTION OFFICER

001 SCOWCROFT
001

CAO ASSIGNED ACTION REQUIRED

Z 91021519 FOR INFORMATION
X 91042913 NOTED BY SCOWCROFT

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E.O. 12958, SEC 3.4 (B) September 11, 2006

By Cop NARA, Date 7/2/09

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Impressions from Joke & hanxade/Morik Visit

**National Security Council
The White House**

PROOFED BY: JEB LOG # 1161
URGENT NOT PROOFED: _____ SYSTEM PRS NSC INT
BYPASSED WW DESK: _____ DOCLOG AA A/O _____

	SEQUENCE TO	HAS SEEN	DISPOSITION
Ken Hill	<u>X</u>	<u>J</u>	<u>I</u>
Bill Sittmann	<u>1</u>	<u>W</u>	
Bob Gates	<u>2</u>	<u>8</u>	
Brent Scowcroft	<u>3</u>	APNSA Has Seen	
Bill Sittmann			
Situation Room			
West Wing Desk	<u>4</u>	<u>24/129</u>	<u>N</u>
NSC Secretariat	<u>5</u>		<u>N/R</u>

A = Action I = Information D = Dispatch R = Retain N = No further Action

cc: VP Sununu Other _____

Should be seen by: _____
(Date/Time)

COMMENTS

DISPATCH INSTRUCTIONS:

91 FEB 15 1983

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506
February 15, 1991DECLASSIFIED
PER E.O. 13526
2010-0893-MR
31 5/17/11INFORMATION

MEMORANDUM FOR BRENT SCOWCROFT

THROUGH: DAVID C. GOMPERT

FROM: ADRIAN BASORA

SUBJECT: Impressions from the Joxe and Lanxade/Morel Visits

Although there is always a certain element of unpredictability with the French, based on this week's visits a number of points seem clear:

-- The French should not pose problems regarding the war effort itself from here on in. They are unlikely to support a premature call for a cease fire.

-- It will obviously be very important to notify Mitterrand in advance of the launching of the ground offensive, and further consultation about scenarios for termination of hostilities may also prove necessary, either between you and Lanxade or between Presidents.

-- As we already knew, the French want to be a major player in shaping the post-war order in the Middle East, and Morel has been given a special mandate by Mitterrand to recommend exactly what that role should be. Judging from Morel's comments, the French will continue to talk in terms of an eventual Middle East peace conference, but they may be willing to be flexible as to the shorter term approaches to Mid-East security. Morel went to great lengths to underline French flexibility on this score.

-- The French clearly want to build as much as possible on the body of "doctrine" contained in the 12 UN resolutions already passed regarding the Gulf crisis. They see this doctrine, and the UN Security Council itself (where they greatly prize their Perm Five status), as building blocks for a new security order in the Middle East.

-- The French clearly see us as being too tied to Israeli policy and thus too negative, not only about an international

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Declassify on: OADR

conference, but also more generally about dealing with the Palestinian issue.

-- If we want to influence French thinking while it still retains some elements of flexibility -- and some willingness to cooperate with the U.S. -- now is the time. Although it may not be realistic to free up the appropriate people for a visit to Paris over the next week or two, as a minimum, further discussions with Morel would be very useful. If we cannot go there, perhaps as part of a combined consultation which would include the British, then Morel and one or two other French officials could return to Washington.

Concurrence by: Philip Zelikow 

cc: R. Haass

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NSC/S PROFILE

RECORD ID: 9101170
RECEIVED: 15 FEB 91 08

TO: ROY, J

CHRON FILE

FROM: SITTMANN

DOC DATE: 15 FEB 91
SOURCE REF:

KEYWORDS: GREAT BRITAIN
KUWAIT
SAUDI ARABIA

MEMCON
IRAQ
DESERT STORM

PERSONS: KING, THOMAS

SUBJECT: PRES MEMCON W/ SEC OF STATE FOR DEFENSE KING OF UK

ACTION: SITTMANN SGD MEMO

DUE DATE: 19 FEB 91

STATUS: C

STAFF OFFICER: GOMPERT

LOGREF:

FILES: PA

NSCP:

CODES:

D O C U M E N T D I S T R I B U T I O N

FOR ACTION

FOR CONCURRENCE

FOR INFO

GOMPERT

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NSC CHRON

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By Cap NARA, Date 7/2/09

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DOC 2 OF 2

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**National Security Council
The White House**

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LOG # 1170

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BYPASSED WW DESK: _____

DOCLOG AM A/O _____

Ken Hill

Bill Sittmann

Bob Gates

Brent Scowcroft

Bill Sittmann

Situation Room

West Wing Desk

NSC Secretariat

SEQUENCE TO

HAS SEEN

DISPOSITION

1

✓

A

2

✓

3

AM 7/15

R

4

N

A = Action I = Information D = Dispatch R = Retain N = No further Action

cc: VP _____ Sununu _____ Other _____

Should be seen by: _____ (Date/Time)

COMMENTS

Memorandum - King (UK)

DISPATCH INSTRUCTIONS:

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
DISTRIBUTION RECEIPT

LOG 9101170
DATE 15 FEB 91

SUBJECT: PRES MEMCON W/ SEC OF STATE FOR DEFENSE KING OF UK
DOCUMENT CLASSIFICATION: ~~SECRET~~

EXTERNAL DISTRIBUTION:

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E.O. 12958, SEC 3.4 (B) September 11, 2006

By Col NARA, Date 7/2/09

DATE, TIME, SIGN THE RECEIPT AND RETURN TO: NSC SECRETARIAT, ROOM 379 OEOB

PAGE 01 OF 01 PAGES

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~~SECRET~~

1170

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

February 15, 1991

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. J. STAPLETON ROY
Executive Secretary
Department of State

SUBJECT: Transmittal of Presidential Memcon with Secretary
of State for Defense, Thomas King of United
Kingdom (U)

Distribution of the attached Memorandum of Conversation must be
handled on an "Eyes Only" basis for Under Secretary Robert
Kimmitt. (S)



William F. Sittmann
Executive Secretary

Attachment
Tab A Memorandum of Conversation

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White House Guidelines

E.O. 12958, SEC 3.4 (B) September 11, 2006

By CH NARA, Date 7/29/10

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1170

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

DECLASSIFIED
PER E.O. 13526
2010-0893-MR
JL 5/17/11

MEMORANDUM OF CONVERSATION

SUBJECT: Meeting with Thomas King, Secretary of State
for Defense, United Kingdom

PARTICIPANTS: The President
The Vice President
Richard B. Cheney, Secretary of Defense
John H. Sununu, Chief of Staff
Brent Scowcroft, Assistant to the President
for National Security Affairs
Robert M. Gates, Assistant to the President
and Deputy for National Security Affairs
David Gompert (Notetaker), NSC Staff

Thomas King, Secretary of State for Defense
Sir David Craig, Chief of Defense Staff
Sir Antony Acland, UK Ambassador to the U.S.

DATE, TIME February 12, 1991, 2p.m. - 2:30p.m.
AND PLACE: The Oval Office

The President: Please tell John Major I appreciate the cooperation of the United Kingdom and his personal role. He took hold at a very difficult time and has earned all of our confidence. The British military is doing extremely well. The British briefers help show that the United States is not going it alone. The American people find it reassuring when they see we are not in this by ourselves. This is terribly important. I know that the UK is doing a disproportionate share. I gather that the command structure is working well. It is also working with the French. They have an assignment, and I firmly believe that they will fulfill their role. (S)

I am increasingly concerned about the propaganda campaign, especially these one-sided CNN reports. I think that some of the British journalists I've seen do a more balanced job. (S)

Tom King: We need to establish that the reports are not merely censored as CNN says. In fact, the reports are what the Iraqis want us to see. (S)

The President: I made a number of phone calls over the weekend. Perez de Cuellar says that the Iraqis have circulated a paper in the United Nations about civilian casualties. I also talked to the Indian Prime Minister who is very concerned. And now we have

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this statement by Gorbachev. Also the NAM is active. Who knows what Primakov will come away from Baghdad with. But despite all of this, I think the coalition will hold. (S)

Tom King: The SCUD attacks have actually been helpful in a perverse way. (S)

The President: Yes, but our television seems to focus more on the damage that we do than the damage Saddam Hussein does. (S)

What are you thoughts on the timing of the ground campaign? (S)

Tom King: The purely military analysis would argue for waiting. The purely political analysis would argue for moving quickly. A political-military analysis would indicate the following. It is important to hold the coalition and timing could be important in that regard. The longer this goes on, the more pressure obviously can build on the coalition. Also we don't want the Iraqis to conclude that they can endure the air campaign. But on balance, we put political considerations lower and place the higher priority on military factors. This would argue for waiting say, 15-20 days. It would be best to act before Ramadam and before the temperature starts rising. (S)

The President: (To Secretary Cheney) How long will the ground war last? I should point out that our Congress is concerned about a ground war because they think it will be lengthy and involve high casualties. (S)

Secretary Cheney: We briefed Congress today. Our belief is that once the ground war starts, it could be over in a few days or at most a few weeks. (S)

General Craig: It could take a while for us to dig them out of the buildings they are in in Iraq, if we have to go from street to street, building to building. Otherwise, as far as the forces that are out in the open, we don't think they will hold very long. (S)

The President: We think they are short on rations. (To Secretary Cheney) How long will their rations last? (S)

Secretary Cheney: They are in difficult straits already especially along the Kuwaiti and Saudi border. We think that the Revolutionary Guard takes the best provisions before they make it down to the troops along the border. So they are not being resupplied very much as it is. (S)

The President: We should all be very pleased with the way our weapon systems are working under these conditions. (S)

General Craig: It is very impressive. Not only the technology but also the air crews and the ground crews and all of the support systems. It is very difficult to maintain such a high

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sortie rate. I must say that the U.S. side is performing in a splendid fashion. (S)

Tom King: In the end, Her Majesty's government will back the military judgment on when to move. I told Dick Cheney that once you have concluded that it is time for a ground campaign, you should ring up the Prime Minister. Then we'll have to be sure that we are all singing the same song. (S)

The President: You are absolutely right. It is important that our governments and also our briefers be on the same line. I am delighted to see you and again want to express my admiration and gratitude for the British role. (S)

Tom King: I'll be doing some interviews now with ABC and CNN, and then I will have a press conference. (U)

The President: We will miss Ambassador Acland. We are looking forward very much to the Queen's visit. (S)

-- End of Conversation --

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1170

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20506

February 14, 1991

SIGNED

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR WILLIAM F. SITTMANN

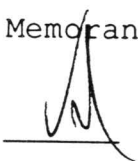
FROM: DAVID C. GOMPERT 

SUBJECT: Memcon with Thomas King, Secretary of State for
Defense, United Kingdom on February 12, 1991

Attached at Tab A is a Memorandum of Conversation between the
President and Tom King on February 12, 1991.

RECOMMENDATIONS

That the attached Memorandum of Conversation be filed for the
record.

Approve 

Disapprove _____

That you sign the memo at Tab I transmitting the Memorandum of
Conversation at Tab A.

Attachments

Tab I Memorandum to State

Tab A Memorandum of Conversation

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White House Guidelines
E.O. 12958, SEC 3.4 (B) September 11, 2006
By  NARA, Date 7/29/00