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OA/ID Number: 90716
Folder ID Number: 90716-002

Folder Title:
Wednesday, September 9, 1992 [2]

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
G	35	2	3	0

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet (George Bush Library)

Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
01. Memo	Brent Scowcroft to POTUS Letter to President Yeltsin (1 pp.)	09/09/1992	(b)(1)	S
02. Letter	POTUS to Boris Yeltsin (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
03. Notes	King Fahd (3 pp.)	9/9/92	(b)(1)	
04. List	Presidential Call to King Fahd (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

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Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

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File Location: Wednesday, September 9, 1992 [2]

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CONGRESSIONAL MONITOR



Wednesday, September 9, 1992

Volume 28, Number 137

News From the Hill

SENATE FLOOR: Product liability, Carnes nomination debated.

On its first day back after a four-week recess, the Senate yesterday engaged in occasionally pointed debate over an appeals court nominee and on legislation that would overhaul product liability laws.

Product Liability. The Senate began initial debate on legislation (S 640) that would overhaul product liability laws with the aim of reducing jury awards for plaintiffs in lawsuits involving faulty products.

Sponsors argued that the laws need to be rewritten because the current system leads to excessive jury awards that hurt businesses and result in higher product costs.

But opponents argued that the ability of victims of faulty products to seek redress from manufacturers would be diminished under the bill.

Carnes Nomination. The Senate also began debating the nomination of Alabama Assistant Attorney General Edward Carnes to be a judge on the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals, located in the southeastern part of the nation.

Opponents argued that his nomination should be rejected, saying Carnes

was racially insensitive and unfair in his prosecution of death penalty appeals over the past decade.

But supporters, led by Howell Heflin, D-Ala., and Strom Thurmond, R-S.C., said Carnes' record had been distorted by death penalty opponents in the Senate. Members will vote today on whether to limit debate and vote on the Carnes' nomination.

VA-HUD. At press time, the Senate was debating the \$87.8 billion, fiscal 1993 spending bill for the departments of Veterans Affairs (VA) and Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

The bill (HR 5679) would allocate \$34.5 billion for VA, nearly \$2 billion over current appropriations.

The measure also funds a number of independent agencies, including NASA and the Environmental Protection Agency.

QUENTIN BURDICK dies at 84; chaired Environment panel.

The death early yesterday morning of Sen. Quentin N. Burdick, North Dakota's senior senator, left the Senate without one of its longest serving Democratic members and left vacant an important committee chairmanship that may result in the shuffling of some committee assignments in days ahead.

Burdick, 84, died of a heart attack in Fargo, N.D. He had been ill for much of the past two months.

He was chairman of the Environment and Public Works Committee and of the Agriculture Appropriations Subcommittee.

The Environment panel's ranking Democrat, Daniel Patrick Moynihan of New York, is next in line to assume the chairmanship, but as of yesterday Moynihan had not indicated his intentions.

Burdick was also a member of the Indian Affairs and Aging panels.

First elected to the Senate in a spe-

Today

House Floor: The House will take up two merchant marine bills in what looks like a slow first day back to work.

One measure (HR 4394) would require that all crew members of tugs, towboats and barges working on inland vessels obtain official documents as seamen.

Currently, only captains, pilots and workers who transfer hazardous materials must be documented by the Coast Guard. Engineers, deckhands and cooks traveling on the vessels do not have to be documented and consequently do not have to submit to drug testing or make known any criminal record they might have.

The other measure, HR 4484, would authorize \$727 million for the fiscal 1993 budget of the Maritime Administration. The agency maintains a fleet of 97 cargo ships — called the Ready Reserve Force — used to transport supplies during wartime.

Senate Floor: The Senate will vote on whether to limit debate and vote on the nomination of Edward Carnes to be a judge on the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals. Carnes, an assistant Attorney General in Alabama, has been criticized, mostly by Democratic members of the Judiciary Committee, for having insufficient judicial experience and for being "racially insensitive" in death penalty cases in Alabama.

Backers of Carnes say that opponents are using his nomination as a referendum on capital punishment and not on his qualifications to serve on the court.

The Senate also plans to continue consideration of the \$87.8 billion spending bill (HR 5679) to fund the departments of Veterans Affairs and Housing and Urban Development.

Colorado Wilderness. A House Agriculture subcommittee will mark up a bill (S 1029) that would add about 700,000 acres to Colorado's wilderness area, protecting it from development. The Forests, Family Farms and Energy Subcommittee is expected to easily approve a version of the bill similar to one already approved by the House Interior Committee.

The sensitive issue of federal water rights has held up passage of the measure for more than 10 years.

In most wilderness areas, the headwaters of the streams originate on the federal lands. But of the 23 Colorado areas proposed for wilderness designation, one receives its water from a stream that begins outside the area.

The Senate-passed version of the bill explicitly denies any federal water rights in that case. The Interior Committee-approved language — which the Agriculture subcommittee is likely to approve today — is silent on the issue.

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Status of Major Legislation

102nd Congress

(as of Sept. 8, 1992)

Bill and Background	House	Senate	Final
Aid to Former Soviet Republics. (HR 4547, S 2532) The measures would provide broad authorization for President Bush's proposed aid to the former Soviet Union. The measures, which anticipate \$24 billion in multilateral aid to Russia this year, would also authorize a \$12.2 billion increase in the U.S. contribution to the International Monetary Fund.	HR 4547 passed 8/6/92	S 2532 passed 7/2/92	
Cable Television Reregulation. (HR 4850, S 12) The bills would regulate basic cable rates and services and require cable programmers to deal fairly with competitors such as satellite operators, wireless cable, telephone and other cable franchises. The Senate bill also would allow broadcasters to charge cable operators for their signals.	HR 4850 passed 7/23/92	S 12 passed 1/31/92	House conferees appointed 7/31/92 Senate conferees appointed 8/12/92
Family Leave. (HR 2, S 5) The bill, as approved by conferees, would require employers to provide up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave to employees desiring to spend time with a new child or seriously ill family member. Businesses with fewer than 50 employees would be exempt. President Bush has vowed to veto the bill.	HR 2 passed as S 5 11/13/91	S 5 passed 10/2/91	Senate adopted conference report 8/11/92 House action scheduled 9/10/92
Fiscal 1993 Defense Authorization. (HR 5006, S 3114) The House bill would authorize \$270 billion in defense spending (\$11 billion less than President Bush requested). The Senate bill would authorize \$274.5 billion. Both bills would authorize completion of 20 B-2 bombers, as Bush requested, but only if certain conditions are met. Both would authorize \$4.3 billion of the \$5.4 billion that Bush sought for the Strategic Defense Initiative, and the House bill would halt funding for the space-based missile interceptor program called Brilliant Pebbles.	HR 5006 passed 6/5/92	Floor consideration of S 3114 began 8/7/92; discontinued 8/10/92	
Freedom of Choice Act. (HR 25, S 25) The bills would bar most state abortion restrictions. Sponsors say the measures would codify <i>Roe v. Wade</i> , the 1973 Supreme Court decision legalizing abortion nationwide. Opponents insist that the bill would invalidate even restrictions <i>Roe</i> found permissible.	Judiciary approved HR 25 6/30/92	Labor and Human Resources approved S 25 7/1/92	
National Energy Policy. (HR 776, S 2166) Both bills seek to promote increased domestic energy production, wider use of alternative fuels and adherence to national conservation goals. Both bills contain provisions to expedite the licensing of nuclear power plants and natural gas pipelines and to expand coastal drilling bans. Both bills include tax relief for independent oil and gas drillers and tax incentives for development and use of renewable energy and non-gasoline fuels.	HR 776 passed 5/27/92	S 2166 passed 2/19/92 HR 776 passed 7/30/92	Senate conferees appointed 7/30/92 House conferees appointed 8/12/92
Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Reauthorization. (HR 3865, S 976) Both bills would revise the law that governs the disposal of garbage and the storage of hazardous waste. The House bill stresses recycling, the regulation of interstate waste shipments and the disposal of ash from municipal solid waste incinerators. The Senate bill would allow states to block dumping of out-of-state garbage but would not force states to recycle bottles and cans.	Energy and Commerce approved HR 3865 7/2/92	Environment approved S 976 5/20/92	
Tax Bill. (HR 11) The House and Senate versions include incentives to attract investment to enterprise zones in economically disadvantaged areas and a restoration of certain passive loss deductions for real estate investments. They would also extend expiring tax breaks; provide an expanded first-year depreciation allowance on business equipment purchased in 1992; and repeal the luxury tax on boats, planes, jewelry and furs and index it for expensive cars.	HR 11 passed 7/2/92	Floor consideration of HR 11 began 8/11/92	
Trade Expansion Act. (HR 5100) The bill would reauthorize for five years the so-called Super 301 section of U.S. trade law, which requires negotiations with and possible retaliation against countries with trade barriers to U.S. products. The bill would also require that cars made in Japanese-owned U.S. plants contain 70 percent U.S. parts by 1994, mandate a Super 301 investigation of Japan's barriers to imports of U.S. motor vehicles and auto parts, and make changes to U.S. anti-dumping law.	HR 5100 passed 7/8/92		

NEWS from p. 1

cial election in 1960, Burdick won re-election five times.

The North Dakotan ranked third in Senate seniority, behind only Republican Strom Thurmond of South Carolina and Democrat Robert C. Byrd of West Virginia.

The vacancy is the first one this year on Capitol Hill.

The death of Burdick reduces the Senate Democratic majority to 56-43.

Under the state's constitution, North Dakota's Democratic Gov. George Sinner may appoint an interim senator until a special election is held, but he is not required to do so.

The election must be within 90 days of the vacancy — that is, on or before Dec. 7. The winner of the special election will serve out the remainder of Burdick's term, which expires in January of 1995.

HURRICANE AID supplemental of \$7.6 billion sought by Bush.

President Bush, less than a week after visiting storm-torn south Florida for the second time, yesterday submitted to Capitol Hill a \$7.6 billion supplemental funding request to aid victims and begin rebuilding in the aftermath of Hurricane Andrew.

Bush yesterday met with members of the Florida and Louisiana congressional delegations for feedback on the proposal. After meeting with the president, Sen. Bob Graham, D-Fla., said the proposal "appears to be adequate."

The funds, classified as "emergency spending" — and thus exempt from spending caps under the 1990 budget act — would go toward "everything from temporary shelter to guaranteed loans for new homes," Bush said.

The bulk of the money Bush requested would go to provide assistance in south Florida and parts of Louisiana struck by Hurricane Andrew two weeks ago. Sen. J. Bennett Johnston, D-La., said that aid would be directed to farmers, infrastructure construction and business loans.

Nearly \$1 billion of the amount Bush sought would be used to rebuild military facilities, including \$480.6 million for Florida's Homestead Air Force Base.

At press time last night, no markups or floor action had been scheduled, but speedy congressional action is expected, perhaps as early as today.

One possibility is that the hurricane relief funds could be added as a Senate floor amendment to a defense supplemental appropriations bill (HR 5620) that has already passed the House.

FREE-TRADE pact spawns partisan debate at Senate Finance.

Senate Finance Committee Democrats yesterday defended presidential

nominee Bill Clinton's reluctance to support the North America Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) saying that Clinton should not be expected to sign off on something he hasn't even seen.

Committee Chairman Lloyd Bentsen, D-Texas, said he was "frankly amazed" that the Republicans would criticize Clinton when the text of the free-trade agreement was not released by the administration when President Bush on Aug. 12 announced his support of the pact.

But U.S. Trade Representative Carla A. Hills defended the administration's backing of the treaty saying that even though the document itself was not released all of its details had been worked out. Yesterday, the administration released copies of the 1,000 page free-trade agreement.

The pact must be approved by Congress (and the legislatures of Canada and

Mexico), along with implementing legislation. U.S. congressional action will not occur until next year.

The agreement would create the world's largest and richest free-trade zone. It would eliminate all duties, tariffs, and trade barriers on 9,000 products over a 15-year period. The pact would also allow goods produced in North America to move freely across all three borders, would give U.S. automakers greater access to Mexico, and would open agricultural trade and expand the financial and insurance markets.

Bush believes the pact will create U.S. jobs, while Clinton has remained skeptical about whether the treaty would really benefit U.S. workers.

Hills is also scheduled to testify today on the agreement before the House Ways and Means Committee. Labor Secretary Lynn Martin will testify on it tomorrow before the Senate Finance Committee. ■

Committee Meetings Today

Senate Committees

FISHERIES CONSERVATION

Senate Commerce Committee

The full committee (Chairman Hollings, D-S.C.) and National Ocean Policy Study (Chairman Kerry, D-Mass.) will hold a hearing on the implementation of the Fisheries Conservation Amendments of 1990 (PL 101-627).

9:30am SR-253 Russell Bldg. September 9

Witnesses scheduled: Bill Fox - assistant administrator, National Marine Fisheries Service; Dave Benton - director, State of Alaska Fisheries; Richard Ruais - executive director, East Coast Tuna Association; Jane Black - executive director, Organization of Louisiana Fisherman; John Hoey - executive director, Blue Water Fishermen's Association; H.A. Larkins - American Factory Trawler Association; Robert Hayes - American Fishing Tackle Manufacturers Association; Suzanne Iudicello - counsel, Center for Marine Conservation

STATE AUTONOMY FOR HEALTH CARE REVISION

Senate Finance Committee

The full committee (Chairman Bentsen, D-Texas) will hold a hearing on allowing states to implement their own health care revisions.

10am SD-215 Dirksen Bldg. September 9

Witnesses scheduled: Sens. Leahy, D-Vt.; Akaka, D-Hawaii; Gov. Lawton Chiles, D-Fla.; Gov. Howard Dean, D-Vt.; Gov. George Mickelson, R-S.D.; Gov. Roy Romer, D-Colo. Karen Ignagni - director, Employee Benefits Department, AFL-CIO; Tim Ryles - commissioner of insurance, state of Georgia; Robert S. Stone - senior corporation counsel, IBM Corp.; Joseph Liu Sr. - Association of Children's Defense Fund; Judy Waxman - director of government affairs, Families USA

AIDS IN AFRICA & THE U.S. RESPONSE

Senate Foreign Relations Committee

African Affairs Subcommittee (Chairman Simon, D-Ill.) will hold a hearing on AIDS in Africa and the U.S. response.

2pm SD-419 Dirksen Bldg. September 9

Witnesses scheduled: Alison P. Rosenberg - assistant administrator for Africa, Agency for International Development (AID); Helene Gayle - chief, AIDS Division, AID; Richard Marlink - executive director, The Harvard AIDS Institute; Meredith Turshen - Department of Urban Studies, Rutgers University; Alameda Harper - regional director for Central Africa, Africare; Jim Sheffield - director, African Medical and Research Foundation

House Committees

SUBCOMMITTEE MARKUP: COLORADO WILDERNESS

House Agriculture Committee

Forests, Family Farms, and Energy Subcommittee (Chairman Volkmer, D-Mo.) will mark up pending legislation.

1pm 1302 Longworth Bldg. September 9

Agenda: HR 4970 - Further clarify authorities and duties of the secretary of Agriculture in issuing ski area permits on National Forest System lands S 1029 - Designate certain lands in the state of Colorado as components of the National Wilderness Preservation System

FAILURE OF FIRST EXECUTIVE CORP. INSURANCE COMPANY

House Energy and Commerce Committee

Oversight and Investigations Subcommittee

House continued...

tee (Chairman Dingell, D-Mich.) will hold a hearing on insurance company insolvencies, focusing on the First Executive Corp.

10am 2123 Rayburn Bldg. September 9

Witnesses scheduled:

PANEL: Richard L. Fogel - assistant comptroller general, general government programs, General Accounting Office (GAO); Lawrence D. Cluff - assistant director, general government programs, GAO; Linda M. Calbom - assistant director, general government programs, GAO; Mary Lynn Sergeant - senior evaluator, general government programs, GAO

PANEL: John Garamendi - insurance commissioner, State of California; Richard Baum - deputy commissioner of insurance, State of California; Salvatore R. Curiale - superintendent of insurance, New York Insurance Department; Terence Lennon - chief, life companies bureau, New York Insurance Department; Vincent Laurenzano - chief, properties bureau, New York Insurance Department

Conduct Committee will hold a closed meeting on the House Post Office.

3pm HT-2 Capitol Bldg. closed September 9

NORTH AMERICAN FREE TRADE

House Ways and Means Committee

The full committee (Chairman Rostenkowski, D-Ill.) will hold hearings on the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) with Canada and Mexico. The agreement was completed August 12, 1992, and the president is expected to submit it to Congress in September.

9am 1100 Longworth Bldg. September 9

Witness scheduled: Carla Hills - U.S. trade representative

Conference Committees

CABLE TV

Conferees may meet on legislation (S 12) to amend title VI of the Communications Act of 1934 to ensure carriage on cable television of local news and other programming and to restore the right of local regulatory authorities to regulate cable television rates

Time and room TBA tentative September 9

News & Campaign Events Today

--from Reuters

WHITE HOUSE PERSONNEL House Post Office Committee

Human Resources Subcommittee (Chairman Kanjorski, D-Pa.) will hold a hearing on draft legislation to authorize regulations governing White House personnel and travel expenses. The hearing is a continuation of a series in which executive branch travel and employee expenditures are being examined by panel members.

10am 304 Cannon Bldg. September 9

POSTAL SERVICE RESTRUCTURING House Post Office Committee

Postal Operations and Services Subcommittee (Chairman McCloskey, D-Ind.) will hold a hearing on the impact of the recently announced Postal Services restructuring on customer service and delivery.

1pm 311 Cannon Bldg. September 9

Witnesses scheduled: Michael Coughlin - deputy postmaster general - U.S. Postal Service; Armando Olvera - president, National League of Postmasters of the United States; Vince Palladino - president, National Association of Postal Supervisors; Jim Miller - president, National Association of Postmasters of the United States; Moe Biller - president, American Postal Workers Union; Vince Sombrotto - president, National Association of Letter Carriers; Glenn Berrier - president, National Postal Mail Handlers Union; David Weaver - president, Mail Advertising Service Association; Richard L. Jurgens - president, Mail Advertising Service, Inc.

RULES FOR FLOOR DEBATE House Rules Committee

The full committee (Chairman Moakley, D-Mass.) will meet to consider rules for floor debate for pending legislation.

1:30pm H-313 Capitol Bldg. September 9

Agenda:

Conference report on HR 2, Family and Medical Leave Act

★ HOUSE POST OFFICE House Standards of Official Conduct Committee

Post Office Task Force (Chairman McHugh, D-N.Y.) of House Standards of Official

★ New listing

The *Monitor* has received notice of the following events scheduled to take place in Washington. Associations, non-profit organizations and public interest groups who wish to have events listed in the section should send pertinent information to: The Congressional Monitor, Other Events Editor, 1414 22nd St. N.W., Washington, D.C. 20037. Notices must include a telephone number. Notices may be transmitted by facsimile to 202-728-1862, attn: Robert Healy. Only events related to Congress can be listed. Deadline is noon two days before the date of issue (i.e. Monday noon for Wednesday issue). The editors reserve the right to edit or reject any submission. For further information call 202-887-8686.

ELECTION YEAR POLITICS AND U.S. TRADE POLICY

Women in Government Relations (WGR) will sponsor a breakfast meeting to hear Alan Dunn, assistant secretary for Import Administration, discuss the impact of election year politics on U.S. trade policy.

8am to 10am, Washington Court Hotel, 525 New Jersey Ave., N.W. September 9

Contact: Julie McCombs at 202-457-0790

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$20 for members, \$25 for guests and \$35 for non-members. For reservations send a check, made payable to WGR, to:

1325 Massachusetts Ave., N.W.
Suite 510
Washington, D.C. 20005

TRADE CONFERENCE

The AFL-CIO, Friends of the Earth, the National Farmers Union, Public Citizen and the Sierra Club sponsor a conference on "Trade for the 21st Century."

9am to 5pm, Sheraton Washington Hotel, 2660 Woodley Road NW, Cotillion Ballroom September 9

Contact: Burnie Bond of AFL-CIO, 202-637-5085; Jim Barnes of Friends of the Earth, 202-544-2600; Barbara Webb of National Farmers Union, 202-554-1600; Atlanta McIlwraith of Public Citizen, 202-546-4996; John Audley of Sierra Club, 202-675-6276; or the hotel, 202-

328-2000

Congressional highlight

11:15am: Remarks by House Majority Leader Richard Gephardt, D-Mo.

PRODUCT LIABILITY CONFERENCE

The National Association of Manufacturers holds a "fly-in" conference for manufacturers on product liability legislation currently before the Senate.

10am Hyatt Regency Capitol Hill, 400 New Jersey Ave. NW, Capitol Room September 9

Contact: Laura Brown, 202-637-3087, or Phyllis Eisen, 202-637-3135

Congressional highlights

11am: Remarks by Sen. Kasten, R-Wis.

11:30am: Remarks by Sen. Rockefeller, D-W.Va.

WILDERNESS PROTECTION NEWS CONFERENCE

Rep. Peter Kostmayer, D-Pa., and representatives from environmental organizations hold a news conference to introduce the Northern Rockies Ecosystem Protection Act, which would designate 10 million acres of national forest as "wilderness" in Montana, Idaho, Wyoming, Oregon and Washington, protecting it from logging, and mineral and oil exploration. Joining Kostmayer will be Peter Bahouth of Greenpeace, Mike Bader of the Alliance for the Wild Rockies, and singer Carole King.

10:30am 2218 Rayburn Bldg. September 9

Contact: Jeanne Whalen, 202-319-2492

HEALTH REFORM NEWS CONFERENCE

Health and Human Services Secretary Louis Sullivan holds a news conference to call on Congress to bring health care reform legislation to a vote during this session. He also will discuss an article that appeared in Sunday's Washington Post concerning the House majority's discussion of health care reform legislation.

10:30am The Capitol, House triangle September 9

Contact: Alixe Glen, 202-690-7850

■ Revised listing

News Events continued...

FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE

The Women's Legal Defense Fund holds a strategy meeting on the Family and Medical Leave Act. A vote on the bill's conference report is expected on Thursday. Members of Congress are expected to address the meeting.

10:30am 2175 Rayburn Bldg. **September 9**
Contact: Virginia Sassaman, 202-986-2600

OLDER AMERICANS ACT FORUM

The Leadership Council on Aging Organizations holds a forum and rally to urge passage of S. 3008, the Older Americans Act. Sen. Brock Adams, D-Wash., will address the forum.

11am SD-106 Dirksen Bldg. **September 9**
Contact: Louise Cleveland, 202-479-6975

BRAIN INJURY LUNCHEON

Sens. John Chafee, R-R.I., and Bob Dole, R-Kan., address a luncheon sponsored by the JMA Foundation/National Brain Injury Research Group. National Institute on Disability and Rehabilitation Research Director William Graves also will address the luncheon.

Noon, SR-385 Russell Bldg. **September 9**
Contact: Julien Dilks, 202-331-8445

HAITI RALLY

The NAACP and TransAfrica sponsor a rally to protest the Bush administration's policy on Haiti. Confirmed participants include former tennis star Arthur Ashe, film producer Jonathan Demme, dancer Katherine Dunham, TransAfrica Executive Director Randall Robinson, NAACP President Benjamin Hooks, Reps. Major Owens, D-N.Y., and Kwesi Mfume, D-Md., D.C. Delegate Eleanor Holmes Norton, and Hyman Bookbinder of the American Jewish Committee. A media availability will be held at 1pm.

Noon, Lafayette Park **September 9**

Contact: Leila McDowell or Gwen McKinney, 202-737-6225

TOWNS CONFERENCE

The National Association of Towns and Townships holds its annual conference bringing together more than 1,000 local elected officials to learn about the latest federal policy developments that impact local government. First of four days.

1:30pm, Hyatt Regency on Capitol Hill, 400 New Jersey Ave. NW **September 9**

Contact: Bruce Rosenthal or Ronnie Kweiler, 202-737-5200 or at the hotel, 202-737-1234 ext. 1526

Congressional highlight

2:30pm: Remarks by Rep. Al Swift, D-Wash.

GROCERY MANUFACTURERS CONFERENCE

The Grocery Manufacturers of America holds its annual legal conference. First of two days.

7pm, Four Seasons Hotel, 2800 Pennsylvania Ave. NW **September 9**

Contact: Jennifer Rowland or Erin Kenny, 202-337-9400, or the hotel, 202-342-0444

Highlight

7pm to 9pm: Dinner address by Sen. Slade Gorton, R-Wash. Dumbarton Room

★ New listing

CAMPAIGN/MEDIA DISCUSSION

The American University School of Communication sponsors a panel discussion titled, "The Girls and Boys on the Bus: Presidential Campaign Coverage in the 90s." Panelists include Franklyn Nofziger, a former assistant to President Reagan for political affairs; Tony Snow, deputy assistant to President Bush for media affairs; Rep. Mickey Edwards, R-Okla.; former Washington Post ombudsman Richard Harwood; and CNN correspondent Candy Crowley.

7:30pm to 9pm, American University, 4400 Massachusetts Ave. NW, Kay Spiritual Life Center **September 9**

Contact: Kim Gerson, 202-885-2074

ECONOMIC INDICATORS AND REPORTS

7am: The Agriculture Department releases the weekly milled rice world market price

10am: The Commerce Department releases wholesale sales for July

Noon: The Agriculture Department releases the weekly report on world and U.S. weather and crop conditions

3pm: The Agriculture Department releases the weekly broiler/egg placements report

Candidates

DEMOCRATS

Bill Clinton

Contact: David Seldin, 501-399-3840

Sept. 9

BILL CLINTON

In Atlanta, Ga., and Jacksonville, Fla.

10:45 a.m. EDT: Addresses via satellite a B'nai B'rith convention being held in Washington, D.C.

12:30pm: Gives a speech on welfare reform. Atlanta, Ga.
8pm EDT: Participates in "Florida talks to Clinton," a live television town meeting originating from WJXT in Jacksonville, Fla., with studio audiences at WPLG in Miami, WTSP in Tampa, and WFTV in Orlando. Note: C-Span covers live RON Little Rock, Ark.

AL GORE

9pm EDT: Guest on CNN's Larry King Live program.

REPUBLICANS

Bush-Quayle

Contact: Torie Clarke or Deborah Goldberg, 202-336-7080

Sept. 9

PRESIDENT BUSH

8am: Meets with the chief of staff. Oval Office.
8:30am: Meets with Republican congressional leadership. Cabinet Room.

9:45am: Boards Marine One and departs the White House en route Andrews Air Force Base, Md.

9:55am: Arrives Andrews AFB and boards Air Force One.

10:05am: Departs Andrews AFB en route Norristown, Pa.

11am: Arrives Willow Grove Naval Air Station, Norristown, Pa.

11:10am: Boards motorcade and departs Willow Grove Naval Air Station en route Norristown High School.

11:25am: Arrives Norristown High School.

11:30am to noon: Addresses Norristown High

School community. Open press.

12:05pm: Boards motorcade and departs Norristown High School en route Uniform Tubes Inc., Collegeville, Pa.

12:20pm: Arrives Uniform Tubes Inc.

Noon to 12:35pm: "Ask George Bush" event with Uniform Tubes Inc. employees and families. Open press.

1:15pm: Boards motorcade and departs Uniform Tubes Inc. en route Collegeville landing zone.

1:25pm: Arrives Collegeville landing zone and boards Marine One.

1:30pm: Departs Collegeville, Pa., en route Middletown, N.J.

2:05pm: Arrives Middletown, N.J.

2:10pm: Boards motorcade and departs Middletown, N.J., landing zone en route Middletown Township VFW Hall, Port Monmouth, N.J.

2:15pm: Arrives Middletown Township VFW Hall.

2:20pm to 2:50pm: Addresses Bush/Quayle '92 rally. Open press.

2:55pm: Boards motorcade and departs Middletown Township VFW Hall en route Middletown landing zone.

3pm: Arrives Middletown landing zone and boards Marine One.

3:05pm: Departs Middletown, N.J., en route Lakehurst NAEC.

3:20pm: Arrives Lakehurst NAEC and boards Air Force One.

3:30pm: Departs Lakehurst NAEC en route Andrews AFB.

4:10pm: Arrives Andrews AFB.

4:20pm: Boards Marine One and departs Andrews AFB en route White House.

4:30pm: Arrives the White House.

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■ Revised listing

Senate Committees Future Listings

Agriculture, Nutrition & Forestry

224-2035

SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE

Agricultural Research and General Legislation Subcommittee (Chairman Daschle, D-S.D.) of Senate Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry Committee will hold a hearing on sustainable agriculture, focusing on the Agriculture Department's implementation of the research and education initiatives of the 1990 farm bill.

9:30am SR332 Russell Bldg. September 17

Appropriations

224-3471

FULL COMMITTEE MARKUP

Senate Appropriations Committee (Chairman Byrd, D-W.Va.) will mark up fiscal 1993 appropriations bills.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Agenda:

Four bills remain to be considered by full committee: Defense, Foreign Operations, Labor-HHS and Legislative

SUBCOMMITTEE MARKUP: FY93 DEFENSE APPROPS

Defense Subcommittee (Chairman Inouye, D-Hawaii) of Senate Appropriations Committee will mark up fiscal 1993 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

Time and room TBA tentative September 15

SUBCOMMITTEE MARKUP: FY93 FOREIGN OPERATIONS APPROPS

Foreign Operations Subcommittee (Chairman Leahy, D-Vt.) of Senate Appropriations Committee will mark up fiscal 1993 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

Time and room TBA tentative week of September 14

SUBCOMMITTEE MARKUP: FY93 LABOR APPROPS

Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education Subcommittee (Chairman Harkin, D-Iowa) of Senate Appropriations Committee will mark up fiscal 1993 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am SD-192 Dirksen Bldg. September 10

SUBCOMMITTEE MARKUP: FY93 LEGISLATIVE APPROPS

Legislative Subcommittee (Chairman Reid, D-Nevada) of Senate Appropriations Committee will mark up fiscal 1993 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Note: May go directly to full committee without a subcommittee markup.

★ New listing

Energy & Natural Resources

224-4971

PUBLIC LANDS

Public Lands, National Parks and Forests Subcommittee (Chairman Bumpers, D-Ark.) of Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee will hold a hearing on pending legislation.

2:30pm SD-366 Dirksen Bldg. September 15

Agenda:

HR 3638 - making technical amendments to the law which authorizes modification of the boundaries of the Alaska Maritime National Wildlife Refuge

S 2353 - to provide for a land exchange with the city of Tacoma, Wash

S 2653/HR 3457 - to designate certain segments and tributaries of the Delaware River in Pennsylvania and New Jersey for study for potential addition to the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System

RECYCLING & ENERGY CONSERVATION

Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee (Chairman Johnston, D-La.) will hold a hearing on the energy conservation implications of beverage container recycling.

9:30am SD-366 Dirksen Bldg. September 17

Finance

224-4515

NORTH AMERICAN FREE TRADE AGREEMENT

Senate Finance Committee (Chairman Bentsen, D-Texas) will hold a hearing on the recently negotiated North American Free Trade Agreement between the U.S., Canada and Mexico.

9:30am SD-215 Dirksen Bldg. September 10 & addl dates TBA

Witnesses scheduled:

September 10: Lynn Martin - secretary of Labor; representative of General Accounting Office

Indian Affairs

224-2251

FULL COMMITTEE MARKUP

Senate Select Indian Affairs Committee (Chairman Inouye, D-Hawaii) will mark up pending legislation.

3pm SR-385 Russell Bldg. September 11

Agenda:

S 3155 - Establish the National Indian Policy Research Institute

S 2975 - Provide for the settlement of the water rights claims of the Yavapai-Prescott Indian Tribe in Yavapai County, Ariz.

S 2977 - Establish within the Bureau of Indian Affairs a program to improve the management of rangelands and farmlands and the production of agricultural resources on Indian lands

Judiciary

224-5225

DRUG CONTROL STRATEGY

Senate Judiciary Committee (Chairman Biden, D-Del.) will hold a hearing on drug control strategy.

10am SD-226 Dirksen Bldg. September 10

Witness scheduled: Robert Martinez - director, Office of National Drug Control Policy

Labor & Human Resources

224-5375

HARASSMENT ON CAMPUS

Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee (Acting Chairman Wellstone, D-Minn.) will hold a hearing on the response by universities to racial and sexual harassment on campus.

9:30am SD-430 Dirksen Bldg. September 10

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for June 16.

Rules & Administration

224-6352

FULL COMMITTEE MARKUP

Senate Rules and Administration Committee (Chairman Ford, D-Ky.) will mark up pending legislation.

9:30am SR-301 Russell Bldg. tentative September 10

Small Business

224-5175

FULL COMMITTEE MARKUP: RESEARCH INITIATIVES

Senate Small Business Committee (Chairman Bumpers, D-Ark.) will mark up legislation (HR 4400) to reauthorize the Small Business Innovation Research program (SBIR), which earmarks a portion federal research and development spending for small, high-technology businesses.

Time TBA SR-428A Russell Bldg. Date TBA

Veterans' Affairs

224-9126

LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM OF AMERICAN LEGION Joint Hearing

House Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chairman Montgomery, D-Miss.) and Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chairman Cranston, D-Calif.) will hold a joint hearing to receive the views of the American Legion on the legislative program for veterans' issues.

9am 334 Cannon Bldg. September 22

■ Revised listing

House Committees Future Listings

Aging

PUBLIC PENSIONS

Retirement, Income and Employment Subcommittee (Chairman Hughes, D-N.J.) and Social Security and Women Subcommittee (Chairman Oaker, D-Ohio) of House Select Aging Committee will hold a field hearing on the public pension offset.

10am Barton Center, Westerly Apartments, Lakewood, Ohio **September 14**

Witnesses scheduled:

PANEL 1: Representatives TBA from National Committee to Preserve Social Security and Medicare, National Association of Retired Federal Employees, National Treasury Employees Union, National Education Association and American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees

PANEL 2: Richard Schumacher - executive director, Ohio Public Employee Retirement System; Thomas Anderson - executive director, School Employees Retirement System; C. James Grothaus - executive director, State Teachers Retirement System; R.D. Huffman - executive director, Ohio State Highway Patrol Retirement System; Henry Helling - executive director, Police and Firemen's Disability and Pension Fund

DEMENTIA CARE

Human Services Subcommittee (Chairman Downey, D-N.Y.) of House Select Aging Committee will hold a hearing on special care units and new developments in dementia care.

9:30am 2253 Rayburn Bldg. **September 30**

Agriculture

225-2171

FULL COMMITTEE MARKUP: MINERAL EXPLORATION

House Agriculture Committee (Chairman De La Garza, D-Texas) will mark up legislation (HR 918) that would rewrite the 1872 General Mining Law to increase the cost of mineral rights. Under current law, companies can pay the federal government as little as \$2.50 per acre and no royalty fees to mine land rich with minerals. The bill would change this by levying an 8 percent royalty fee on gross income derived from gold, silver and other minerals, among other provisions.

11am 1300 Longworth Bldg. **September 10**

FOREST BILLS

Forests, Family Farms, and Energy Subcommittee (Chairman Volkmer, D-Mo.) of House Agriculture Committee will hold a hearing on pending legislation.

10am 1302 Longworth Bldg. **September 10**

Agenda:

HR 5605 - Authorize and direct land ownership consolidation in the Cedar River Watershed, Mt. Baker-Snoqualmie National Forest, Washington
HR 2274 - Better protect and manage certain redwood forests by adding lands to the Six Rivers National Forest and by designating the Headwaters Forest Wilderness

★ New listing

FREE TRADE & AGRICULTURE

House Agriculture Committee (Chairman De La Garza, D-Texas) will hold a hearing on the proposed North American Free Trade Agreement between Mexico, Canada and the United States and its impact on U.S. agriculture.

10am 1300 Longworth Bldg. **September 16**

CHANGES IN FOOD FOR PEACE RICE STANDARDS

Department Operations, Research, and Foreign Agriculture (Chairman Rose, D-N.C.) of House Agriculture Committee will hold a hearing to review the Agriculture Department's proposal to remove the 20 percent limit on broken kernel content of Food For Peace (PL 480) rice shipments.

9:30am 1300 Longworth Bldg. **September 17**

Armed Services

225-4151

SUBCOMMITTEE MARKUP: MILITARY RESERVE PERSONNEL

Military Personnel and Compensation Subcommittee (Chairman Byron, D-Md.) of House Armed Services Committee will markup legislation (HR 4481) that would revise and standardize the provisions of law relating to appointment, promotion and separation of commissioned officers of the armed services reserves.

3pm 2212 Rayburn Bldg. open/may close
September 10

Banking, Finance & Urban Affairs

225-4247

FAIR DEBT COLLECTION ACT

Consumer Affairs and Coinage Subcommittee (Chairman Torres, D-Calif.) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act.

10am 2128 Rayburn Bldg. **September 10**

FEDERAL REAL ESTATE APPRAISALS

General Oversight and Investigations Subcommittee (Chairman Hubbard, D-Ky.) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing to examine the federal standards for appraisals of federally insured real estate transactions, as set by the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery and Enforcement Act (FIRREA).

10am 2128 Rayburn Bldg. **September 16**

LOANS TO IRAQ

House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee (Chairman Gonzalez, D-Texas) will hold a hearing on allegations the Atlanta branch of an Italian bank may have provided loans to finance the Iraqi military buildup in the years prior to the gulf war.

10am 2128 Rayburn Bldg. **September 17**

Witness scheduled: Christopher Drogoul - former first vice president, Banca Nazionale del Lavoro

Note: Drogoul has pleaded guilty to 60 counts of bank fraud is due to be sentenced September 14, 1992.

FY93-97 BUDGET OUTLOOK

House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee (Chairman Gonzalez, D-Texas) will hold a hearing on the Congressional Budget Office projections for the condition of the Bank Insurance Fund, the Savings Association Insurance Fund and the Resolution Trust Corporation for fiscal 1993 through 1997.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Witness scheduled: Robert D. Reischauer - director, Congressional Budget Office

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for August 5

Children, Youth & Families

226-7660

RISING COSTS OF COLLEGE TUITION

House Select Children, Youth and Families Committee (Chairman Schroeder, D-Colo.) will hold a hearing on the rising costs of college tuition and the impact on American families.

10am Room TBA **September 14**

Education & Labor

225-4527

LEAD LEVEL REDUCTION

Elementary, Secondary and Vocational Education Subcommittee (Chairman Kildee, D-Mich.) of House Education and Labor Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 5730) to amend the Toxic Substances Control Act to reduce the levels of lead in the environment.

10am 2175 Rayburn Bldg. **September 10**

EDUCATION RESEARCH INSTITUTE OVERSIGHT

Select Education Subcommittee (Chairman Owens, D-N.Y.) of House Education and Labor Committee will hold an oversight hearing on the Office of Education Research Institute.

10am 2261 Rayburn Bldg. **September 10**

■ Revised listing

House continued...**Energy & Commerce**

225-2927

EPA's CRIMINAL ENFORCEMENT

Oversight and Investigations Subcommittee (Chairman Dingell, D-Mich.) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will hold a hearing on the effectiveness of the criminal enforcement program of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

9:30am 2123 Rayburn Bldg. September 10

★ **SUBCOMMITTEE MARKUP:
PHARMACEUTICAL PRICING**

Health and the Environment Subcommittee (Chairman Waxman, D-Calif.) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will mark-up legislation (HR 2890) regulating drug price rebates for Medicaid programs, and other Federal purchasers of pharmaceuticals.

11am 2218 Rayburn Bldg. September 10

AUTO LEGISLATION

Commerce, Consumer Protection, and Competitiveness Subcommittee (Chairman Collins, D-Ill.) House Energy and Commerce Committee will hold a hearing on pending legislation.

10am 2322 Rayburn Bldg. September 10

Agenda:

HR 4542 - To prevent and deter auto theft

HR — draft legislation to make available information to consumers about the domestic content of cars sold in the United States

HOSPITAL OVERHEAD MEDICAID PROGRAM

Oversight and Investigations Subcommittee (Chairman Dingell, D-Mich.) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will hold a hearing on hospital overhead charges to the Medicare program. The hearing will focus on a Department of Health and Human Services audit of Hospitals.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Foreign Affairs

225-5021

LIMITING PRESIDENTIAL AUTHORITY OVER FOREIGN EXCHANGES**Joint Hearing**

International Economic Policy and Trade Subcommittee (Chairman Gejdenson, D-Conn.) and International Operations Subcommittee (Chairman Berman, D-Calif.) of House Foreign Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 5406) to limit presidential authority to regulate travel to or from, and informational, educational and cultural exchanges with, foreign countries.

10am room TBA September 16

★ New listing

Government Operations

225-5051

EFFECTIVENESS OF FEDERAL LABOR LAWS**Field Hearing**

Employment and Housing Subcommittee (Chairman Lantos, D-Calif.) of House Government Operations Committee will hold a hearing on the effectiveness of federal labor and collective bargaining laws.

10am San Francisco, Calif. September 12

Hunger

226-5470

NEW IDEAS FOR COMBATING HUNGER

House Select Hunger Committee (Chairman Hall, D-Ohio) will hold a hearing on new ideas for combating hunger in America.

9:30am B-318 Rayburn Bldg. September 24

ACCESS TO FRESH FOOD IN THE INNER CITY

House Select Hunger Committee (Chairman Hall, D-Ohio) will hold a hearing on the lack of access to fresh food in inner city areas.

9:30am B-318 Rayburn Bldg. September 30

Interior & Insular Affairs

225-2761

PARKS SUBCOMMITTEE MARKUP

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chairman Vento, D-Minn.) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will mark up pending legislation.

10am Room TBA September 10

Agenda:

S 1696 - Protect the habitat and wilderness resources of Montana national forests

HR 5118 - Exchange lands within the State of Utah, between the United States and the state of Utah

HR 4769 - Exchange lands within the state of Utah, between the state of Utah and the Bureau of Land Management, the National Park Service, the Navajo Nation, and the Goshute Indian Tribe

HR 4770 - Exchange lands within the state of Utah and the Bureau of Land Management, and the National Forest Service

RECOGNITION OF CERTAIN INDIAN GROUPS

House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee (Chairman Miller, D-Calif.) will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3430) to establish administrative procedures to extend federal recognition to certain Indian groups.

10am 1324 Longworth Bldg. September 15

JFK CENTER AUTHORIZATION

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chairman Vento, D-Minn.) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee

will hold a hearing on pending legislation.

10am Room TBA September 15

Agenda:

HR 5755 - Authorize appropriations for administration of the John F. Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts

HR 5906 - Direct the secretary of the Interior to exchange certain lands with the District of Columbia and to regulate advertising and related commercial activities in the National Park System

SUBCOMMITTEE MARKUP

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chairman Vento, D-Minn.) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will mark up pending legislation.

concurrently with above hearing Room TBA September 15

Agenda:

HR 2548 - Authorize the secretary of the Interior to establish an Abraham Lincoln Research and Interpretive Center

HR 5548 - Direct the secretary of Agriculture to convey certain lands to the town of Taos, N.M.

FULL COMMITTEE MARKUP

House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee (Chairman Miller, D-Calif.) will mark up pending legislation.

9:45am 1324 Longworth Bldg. September 16, 23 & 30

NUCLEAR ENERGY SITE CLEANUP

Energy and Environment Subcommittee (Chairman Kostmayer, D-Pa.) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 5857) to provide for standards for the cleanup of domestic nuclear energy industry facilities and other sites contaminated by radiation.

1:40pm 1324 Longworth Bldg. September 16

NATIONAL PARK LEGISLATION

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chairman Vento, D-Minn.) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on pending legislation.

10am 1324 Longworth Bldg. September 17

Agenda:

HR 3156 - Amend the Alaska Natural Interest Lands Conservation Act to improve the management of Glacier Bay National Park

HR 3158 - Amend the Alaska Natural Interest Lands Conservation Act to improve the management of Glacier Bay National Park

HR 3418 - Regulate fishing and other maritime activities in certain waters of Alaska

H J Res 460 - Calling for the secretary of the Interior, in cooperation with the secretary of State, to enter into agreements with Canada to protect the Alsek and Tatshenshini Rivers, for the secretary of the Interior to ensure that Glacier Bay National Park and Preserve is not degraded by potential mine developments in Canada

HR 5853 - Designate segments of the Great Egg Harbor River and its tributaries in the state of New Jersey as components of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System

HR — draft legislation to amend certain general authorities related to the National Park System

SUBCOMMITTEE MARKUP

Energy and Environment Subcommittee (Chairman Kostmayer, D-Pa.) of House Interior

■ Revised listing

House continued...

rior and Insular Affairs Committee will mark up legislation (HR 5857) to provide for standards for the cleanup of domestic nuclear energy industry facilities and other sites contaminated by radiation.

3pm 1324 Longworth Bldg. September 17

**MERCURY POLLUTION
Field Hearing**

Energy and Environment Subcommittee (Chairman Kostmayer, D-Pa.) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a field hearing on mercury pollution in the Kirkwood-Cohasey aquifer in New Jersey.

9am Room 319, Statehouse Bldg., Trenton, N.J. September 21

SUBCOMMITTEE MARKUP

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chairman Vento, D-Minn.) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will mark up pending legislation.

10am 1324 Longworth Bldg. September 22

Agenda:

HR 5336 - Authorize an exchange of lands in the states of Arkansas and Idaho

HR 3693 - Adjust the boundaries of the Targhee National Forest and to authorize a land exchange involving the Kaniksu National Forest

HR 4036 - Provide for the transfer of certain public lands located in Clear Creek County, Colo., to the U.S. Forest Service, the state of Colorado, and certain local governments in the state of Colorado

HR 4590 - Establish the Spring Mountain National Recreation Area in Nevada

HR 4587 - Establish a right-of-way corridor for electric power transmission lines in the Sunrise Mountain in the state of Nevada

S 1183 - Reduce the restrictions on the lands conveyed by deed to the city of Kaysville, Utah

HR 5853 - Designate segments of the Great Egg Harbor River and its tributaries in the state of New Jersey as components of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System

HR— - draft legislation to amend certain general authorities related to the National Park System

HR— - to make technical corrections to certain provisions of law

HR 5906 - Direct the secretary of the Interior to exchange certain lands with the District of Columbia and to regulate advertising and related commercial activities in the National Park System

TIMBER SALVAGE

General Oversight and California Desert Lands Subcommittee (Chairman Lehman, D-Calif.) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on timber salvage.

1pm 1324 Longworth Bldg. September 23

WATER TRANSFERS

General Oversight and California Desert Lands Subcommittee (Chairman Lehman, D-Calif.) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on water transfers.

10am 1324 Longworth Bldg. September 24

★ New listing

Judiciary

225-3951

**REAUTHORIZE INDEPENDENT
COUNSEL LAW**

Administrative Law and Governmental Relations Subcommittee (Chairman Frank, D-Mass.) of House Judiciary Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 5840) to reauthorize the independent counsel law for an additional five years.

10am 2237 Rayburn Bldg. September 10

**SUBCOMMITTEE MARKUP:
INTERSTATE RAIL COMPACT**

Administrative Law and Governmental Relations Subcommittee (Chairman Frank, D-Mass.) of House Judiciary Committee will mark up legislation (HR 5602) granting the consent of the Congress to the Interstate Rail Passenger Network Compact.

Follows subcommittee hearing (above) 2237 Rayburn Bldg. September 10

**PUBLIC DISCLOSURE FOR
HAZARDS & CIVIL SETTLEMENTS**

Intellectual Property and Judicial Administration Subcommittee (Chairman Hughes, D-N.J.) of House Judiciary Committee will hold a hearing on pending legislation.

10am 2226 Rayburn Bldg. September 10

Agenda:

HR 2017 - Provide for the disclosure of certain information relating to public hazards.

HR 3803 - Require public disclosure of settlements of civil actions to which the United States is a party

**SUBCOMMITTEE MARKUP:
SOFTWARE COPYRIGHT**

Intellectual Property and Judicial Administration Subcommittee (Chairman Hughes, D-N.J.) of House Judiciary Committee will mark up legislation (S 893) to impose criminal sanctions for violation of software copyrights.

Following hearing (above) 2226 Rayburn Bldg. September 10

**Post Office &
Civil Service**

225-4054

**SUBCOMMITTEE MARKUP:
WHITE HOUSE PERSONNEL**

Human Resources Subcommittee (Chairman Kanjorski, D-Pa.) of House Post Office and Civil Service Committee will mark up draft legislation to reauthorize the White House Personnel Act.

10am 304 Cannon Bldg. September 10

**POST OFFICE SHOOTING
Joint Hearing**

Postal Operations and Services Subcommittee (Chairman McCloskey, D-Ind.) and

Postal Personnel and Modernization Subcommittee (Chairman Hayes, D-Ill.) of House Post Office and Civil Service Committee will hold a joint hearing on the shooting deaths of five people in the Royal Oak, Mich., Post Office in November 1991. The hearings will focus on safeguards intended to prevent repeated episodes of violence in U.S. Postal Service facilities.

10am 311 Cannon Bldg. September 15

1990 CENSUS

Census and Population Subcommittee (Chairman Sawyer, D-Ohio) of House Post Office and Civil Service Committee will hold the fourth and final hearing on the nation's demographic changes as illustrated by the 1990 census data.

1pm 311 Cannon Bldg. September 22

CENSUS DATA APPLICATIONS

Census and Population Subcommittee (Chairman Sawyer, D-Ohio) of House Post Office and Civil Service Committee will hold a hearing on the non-federal uses of census data.

10am 311 Cannon Bldg. October 1

**Science, Space &
Technology**

225-6371

SEMATECH REVIEW

Investigations and Oversight Committee (Chairman Wolpe, D-Mich.) of House Science, Space and Technology Committee will hold a hearing on the operation and benefits of the joint government-industry consortium for semiconductor manufacturing technology (SEMATECH).

11am 2318 Rayburn Bldg. September 15

10am 2318 Rayburn Bldg. September 16

AERONAUTICAL RESEARCH

Technology and Competitiveness Subcommittee (Chairman Valentine, D-N.C.) of House Science, Space and Technology Committee will hold a hearing to examine the potential for the transfer of aeronautical technology between the military and civilian sectors, the aeronautical research and development needed to ensure U.S. global competitiveness, and pending legislation.

1:30pm 2325 Rayburn Bldg. September 15

Agenda:

HR 5521 - Provide for the establishment of a joint aeronautical research and development program between the National Aeronautics and Space Administration and the Department of Defense.

ECOWATTS

Energy Subcommittee (Chairman Lloyd, D-Tenn.) of House Science, Space and Technology Committee will hold a hearing on the concept of ecowatts, the economically beneficial use of kilowatts generated by electricity to increase energy efficiency and reduce carbon dioxide emissions. The hearing will focus on the potential value of ecowatts to the coal industry through increased electrification in U.S. industry.

■ Revised listing

House continued...

9:30am 2325 Rayburn Bldg. **September 17**
Witnesses scheduled: Mark Mills - Western Fuels Association Inc.; Michael Tinkelman - Electric Power Research Institute

ENVIRONMENTAL COSTS OF TRANSPORTATION ENERGY

Environment Subcommittee (Chairman Scheuer, D-N.Y.) of House Science, Space and Technology Committee will hold a hearing on a General Accounting Office report on policy options to address the environmental costs of energy use in the transportation sector. The hearing will preview the report and assess the trade-offs in using economic incentives, regulation and other approaches to accelerate the use of vehicle technologies with reduced emission and improved fuel economy.

2pm 2325 Rayburn Bldg. **September 17**
Witnesses scheduled: Victor Rezendes - director, energy issues, General Accounting Office (GAO); Sidney Winter - GAO; Howard Geller - executive director, American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy; James J. MacKenzie - senior associate, World Resources Institute

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for May 19.

Veterans' Affairs

225-3527

VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION PROGRAMS FOR PENSIONERS

Compensation, Pension and Insurance Subcommittee (Chairman Applegate, D-Ohio) of House Veterans' Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on vocational rehabilitation programs for pensioners.

9:30am 334 Cannon Bldg. **September 10**

MEDICAL PROBLEMS OF PERSIAN GULF VETERANS

Hospitals and Health Care Subcommittee (Chairman Montgomery, D-Miss.) of House Veterans' Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on unusual medical problems experienced by veterans of the Persian Gulf War as a result of exposure to fumes from burning Kuwaiti oil wells.

9am 334 Cannon Bldg. **September 16**

LEGISLATIVE PROGRAM OF AMERICAN LEGION

Joint Hearing

House Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chairman Montgomery, D-Miss.) and Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chairman Cranston, D-Calif.) will hold a joint hearing to receive the view of the American Legion and the legislative program for veterans' issues.

9am 334 Cannon Bldg. **September 22**

Ways & Means

225-3625

NORTH AMERICAN FREE TRADE

House Ways and Means Committee (Chairman Rostenkowski, D-Ill.) will hold hearings on the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA) with Canada and Mexico. The agreement was completed August 12, 1992, and the president is expected to submit it to Congress in September.

9am 1100 Longworth Bldg. **September 9**
 9am and 2pm 1100 Longworth Bldg. **September 15**

Witnesses scheduled:

September 9:

Carla Hills - U.S. trade representative

September 15:

9am: Lynn Martin - secretary of Labor

2pm: William Reilly - administrator, Environmental Protection Agency

POVERTY RATE AND INCOME DISTRIBUTION

Human Resources Subcommittee (Acting Chairman Downey, D-N.Y.) of House Ways and Means Committee will hold a hearing on the recent changes in the poverty rate and the distribution of income.

9:30am 210 Cannon Bldg. **September 10**

MEDICARE FRAUD, WASTE AND ABUSE

Health Subcommittee (Chairman Stark, D-Calif.) of House Ways and Means Committee will hold a hearing on Medicare fraud, waste and abuse.

10am 1310A Longworth Bldg. **September 10**

Witnesses scheduled: Richard P. Kusserow (invited) - former inspector general, Department of Health and Human Services; others TBA

INTEGRATION OF TAX SYSTEMS

Select Revenue Measures Subcommittee (Chairman Rangel, D-N.Y.) of House Ways and Means Committee will hold a hearing on a report and study related to the integration of

the individual and corporate tax systems.

10am 1100 Longworth Bldg. **September 10**

TRADE SUBCOMMITTEE MARKUP

Trade Subcommittee (Chairman Gibbons, D-Fla.) of House Ways and Means Committee will mark up pending legislation.

10am B-318 Rayburn Bldg. **September 10**

Agenda:

HR 5323 - Promote a peaceful transition to democracy in Cuba through the application of appropriate pressures on the Cuban government and support for the Cuban people HR 5258 - Provide for the withdrawal of most-favored-nation status from the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia and provide for the restoration of such status if certain conditions are fulfilled

HR 4542 - Prevent and deter auto theft

HR 3204 - Implement a royalty payment system and a serial copy management system for digital audio recording and prohibit certain copyright infringement action

NORTH AMERICAN FREE TRADE

Trade Subcommittee (Chairman Gibbons, D-Fla.) of House Ways and Means Committee will continue hearings on the North American Free Trade Agreement that were begun by the full committee. The subcommittee hearings will focus on public reaction to NAFTA.

Time and room TBA dates TBA

Note

The offices of all members of Congress and all congressional committees and subcommittees may be reached by calling (202) 224-3121.

Conference Committees

REHABILITATION ACT

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 5482) to revise and extend the programs of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Kennedy, Harkin, Metzger, Simon, Adams, Hatch, Durenberger, Jeffords

House conferees: TBA

SCHOOLS IMPROVEMENT ACT

Conferees will meet on legislation (S 2) to promote the achievement of national education goals, to establish a National Council on Educational Goals and an Academic Report Card to measure progress on the goals, and to promote literacy in the United States.

Time and room TBA date TBA

House conferees: Ford, Miller, Kildee, Williams, Martinez, Owens, Hayes, Perkins, Sawyer, Lowey, Unsoeld, Washington, Mink, Jefferson, Reed, Roemer, Olver, Pastor, Goodling, Petri, Roukema, Gunderson, Henry, Molinari, Boehner, Klug, Arney, Cunningham

Senate conferees: TBA

CAPITOL POLICE JURISDICTION

Conferees will meet on legislation (S 1766) relating to the jurisdiction of the U.S. Capitol Police.

Time and room TBA date TBA

House conferees: Rose, Oakar, Panetta, Thomas, Roberts

Senate conferees: TBA

AID FOR FORMER SOVIET UNION

Conferees will meet on the "Freedom for Russia and Emerging Eurasian Democracies and Open Markets Support Act of 1992" (S 2532).

Time and room TBA date TBA

House conferees:

From the Committee on Foreign Affairs, for consideration of the Senate bill (except sections 113-114, 118, 126, 134, 136(d), and 146), and the House amendment (except title IV), and modifications committed to conference: Fancell, Hamilton, Solarz, Berman, Johnston, Engel, Broomfield, Gilman, Leach, Bereuter

As additional conferees from the Committee on

■ Revised listing

Conference continued...

Foreign Affairs, for consideration of sections 113-114, 118, 126, 134, 136(d), and 146 of the Senate bill, and title IV of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Fascell, Hamilton, Broomfield

As additional conferees from the Committee on Agriculture, for consideration of sections 107, 116, 120, 148-149, 157, 403, and 405 of the Senate bill, and section 702 of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: De La Garza, Rose, Penny, Glickman, Coleman, Roberts

As additional conferees from the Committee on Armed Services, for consideration of sections 110, 131, 137-138 of the Senate bill, and title V of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Aspin, McCurdy, Dickinson

As additional conferees from the Committee on Banking, Finance & Urban Affairs, for consideration of sections 113-114, 118, 126, 134, 136(d) and 146 of the Senate bill, and title IV of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Oaker, Neal, LaFalce, Torres, Kleczka, Kennedy, Wylie, Leach, Bereuter, McCandless

As additional conferees from the Committee on Energy & Commerce, for consideration of section 151 of the Senate bill, and modifications committed to conference: Dingell, Sharp, Cooper, Bruce, Harris, Scheuer, Lent, Moorhead, Dannemeyer, Oxley

As additional conferees from the Committee on Energy & Commerce, for consideration of sections 108 and 123 of the Senate bill, and modifications committed to conference: Dingell, Sharp, Lent

As additional conferees from the Committee on the Judiciary, for consideration of section 704 of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Brooks, Mazzoli, Fish

As additional conferees from the Committee on Public Works & Transportation, for consideration of section 156 of the Senate bill, and modifications committed to conference: Roe, Oberstar, Hammerschmidt

As additional conferees from the Committee on Science, Space & Technology, for consideration of section 135 of the Senate bill, and section 504 and title IV of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Brown, Boucher, Walker

Senate conferees: TBA

EXPORT-IMPORT BANK

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 5739) to reauthorize the Export-Import Bank of the United States

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Riegle, Cranston, Sarbanes, Garn, Mack

House conferees: TBA

WASTE ISOLATION

PILOT PLANT

Conferees will meet on the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant Withdrawal Act of 1991 (S 1671).

Time & room TBA addl dates TBA

Senate conferees: Johnston, Ford, Bingaman, Conrad, Wallop, Domenici, Coats (Subsequently Craig was substituted for Coats)

House conferees:

From the Committee on Interior & Insular Affairs: Miller, Vento, Kostmayer, Richardson, LaRocco, Young, Rhodes, Hefley

From the Committee on Energy & Commerce: Dingell, Sharp, Synar, Swift, Bruce, Lent, Moorhead, Dannemeyer, except that, solely for consideration of section 9 (a) and (c) of the Senate bill, and section 14 (a) and (b) of the House amendment, Schaefer, R-Colo., is appointed in lieu of Dannemeyer

From the Committee on Armed Services: Aspin, Spratt, Sisisky, Schroeder, Lloyd, Dickinson, Spence, Kyl

★ New listing

CFTC REAUTHORIZATION

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 707) to improve the regulation of futures trading and authorize appropriations for the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

Time and room TBA addl dates as needed

Note: Conference began November 6

Senate conferees: Leahy, Boren, Heflin, Conrad, Lugar, Dole, Cochran

House conferees:

From the Committee on Agriculture, for consideration of the House bill, and the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: de la Garza, English, Stagers, Stallings, Nagle, Sarpalius, Johnson, Huckaby, Glickman, Penny, Espy, Long, Stenholm, Tallon, Coleman, Smith of Ore., Gunderson, Combest, Allard, Barrett, Nussle, Boehner, Roberts

From the Committee on Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs, for consideration of section 263 and title III of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Gonzalez, Annunzio, Neal, Hubbard, LaFalce, Oaker, Wylie, Leach, McCollum, Roukema

From the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for consideration of section 263 and title III of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Dingell, Markey, Scheuer, Synar Eckart, Slatery, Lent, Moorhead, Rinaldo, Ritter

CABLE TV

Conferees will meet on legislation (S 12) to amend title VI of the Communications Act of 1934 to ensure carriage on cable television of local news and other programming and to restore the right of local regulatory authorities to regulate cable television rates

Time and room TBA September 9 & addl dates as needed

House conferees: Dingell, Markey, Tauzin, Eckart, Manton, Hall, Harris, Lent, Rinaldo, Bilirakis, Fields, provided that Ritter, is appointed in place of Fields for consideration of so much of section 16 of the Senate bill as would add a new section 614(g) to the Communications Act of 1934 and so much section 5 of the House amendment as would add a new section 614(f) to the Communications Act of 1934

Senate conferees: Hollings, Inouye, Ford, Danforth, Packwood

ENERGY BILL

Conferees will meet on the Comprehensive National Energy Policy Act (HR 776).

2:30pm 345 Cannon Bldg. September 10 and addl dates as needed

Senate conferees:

From the Committee on Energy & Natural Resources for the consideration of all titles except title XIX of the bill and title XX of the Senate amendment (revenue provisions): Johnston, Bumpers, Ford, Bingaman, Wirth, Conrad, Shelby, Wallop, Hatfield, Domenici, Murkowski, Nickles, Burns

From the Committee on Governmental Affairs for consideration of subtitle B of title VI of the Senate amendment (Federal Energy Management): Glenn, Stevens

From the Committee on Commerce, Science & Transportation for the consideration of subtitles A, B and C of title XII of the Senate amendment (Outer Continental Shelf revenue sharing and pipeline safety issues (as contained in Senate amendment 2785): Hollings, Danforth

From the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs for the consideration of title XV of the Senate amendment (Public Utility Holding Company Act Reform): Riegle, Garn

From the Committee on Environment & Public Works for the consideration of Sec. 2481 (Transshipment of plutonium), title XXVIII (Nuclear

Plant Licensing), subtitle A of title XXIX (Below Regulatory Concern), and Sec. 3009 (Exemption from annual charges): Chafee

From the Committee on Veterans' Affairs for the consideration of sections 6101 and 6102 of title VI of the Senate amendment (Building energy efficiency): Cranston, Specter

From the Committee on Finance for the consideration of title XIX of the bill and title XX of the Senate amendment (Revenue provisions): Bentsen, Moynihan, Baucus, Boren, Daschle, Breaux, Packwood, Dole, Roth, Danforth, Chafee

House conferees:

From the Energy and Commerce Committee for consideration of the House bill (except title XIX), and the Senate amendment (except title XX), and modifications committed to conference: Dingell, Sharp, Markey, Tauzin, Towns, Swift, Synar, Lent, Moorhead, Dannemeyer Provided that Bliley is appointed only for consideration of titles I, VII, XII, XVII and XXI of the House bill, and titles V, VI, and XV of the Senate amendment; Fields is appointed only for consideration of titles III, IV, V, XIV, XVIII, and XX of the House bill, and titles IV and XVI of the Senate amendment. Oxley is appointed only for consideration of titles II, VI, VIII, IX, X, XI, XIII, XV, XVI, XXI, XXII, XXIII, XXIV, XXV, XXVI, XXVII, XXVIII, XXIX, and XXX of the House bill, and titles I, II, VIII, IX, X, XI, XII, XIII, XIV, XVII, XVIII, XIX, and XXXI of the Senate amendment; and in lieu of Lent for title VII of the House bill and title XV of the Senate amendment

From the Ways and Means Committee, for consideration of title XIX of the House bill, and section 19108 and title XX of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Rostenkowski, Gibbons, Pickle, Rangel, Stark, Archer, Vander Jagt, Crane

As additional conferees from the Ways and Means Committee, for that portion of section 1101 of the House bill which adds new sections 1701 and 1702 to the Atomic Energy Act of 1974 and that portion of section 10103 of the Senate amendment which adds new sections 1701 and 1702 to the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, and modifications committed to conference: Rostenkowski, Gibbons, Pickle, Stark, Jacobs, Ford, Archer, Vander Jagt, Crane, Schulze

As additional conferees from the Education and Labor Committee, for consideration of sections 20141, 20142, 20143 (except those portions which add new sections 9702(a)(4), 9704, 9705(a)(4), 9706, 9712(d)(5) to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986) of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Ford, Clay, Miller, Kildee, Williams, Roukema, Fawell, Ballenger

As addition conferees from the Education and Labor Committee, for consideration of those portions of section 901 which add new sections 1305 and 1312 to the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, that portion of section 1101 which adds a new section 1704 to the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, and sections 4402, 6601-6604, 10104, 13119 and 19113 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Ford, Williams, Goodling

As additional conferees from the Foreign Affairs Committee, for consideration of section 1205, 1208, 1213-1214, 1302-1305, 1606, and 2481 of the House bill, and section 5101-5104, that portion of section 5201 which adds a new section 6 to the Renewable Energy and Energy Efficiency Technology Competitiveness Act of 1989, 14108, 14109, 14301, and 14302, of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Fascell, Gejdenson, Wolpe, Levine, Feighan, Johnston, Engel, Broomfield, Roth, Miller, Houghton

As additional conferees from the Foreign Affairs Committee for consideration of section 903, 1205, 1208, 1211, 1213, 1214, 1302-1305, 1607, 2481, and 2704 of the House bill, and section 1201, 6701, 6702, 10223(b), 13101, 17101, 17102, 19101, and 19109 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Fascell, Gejdenson, Broomfield

As additional conferees from the Government Op-

■ Revised listing

Conference continued...

erations Committee, for consideration of sections 121(e) and (f), 122, 127, and 128 of the House bill, and sections 6201, 6216, 6218, 6220, and 6221 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Conyers, Bustamante, Clinger

As additional conferees from the Government Operations Committee, for sections 302 and 304-306 of the House bill, and sections 4102, 4105-4106, 4112-4113, 4116, and 4119 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Conyers, Wise, McCandless

As additional conferees from the Interior and Insular Affairs Committee, for consideration of sections 133, 1314, 1403, 1607, 3002, 3004, 3009, 3101, 3102, and 3104, and titles VIII-XI and XXIV-XXIX of the House bill, and sections 5302-5304, 5308, 6303, 6501, 6506, 13115, 13118, 13120, 13121, 14114, 19104, 19110, and 19112 and titles VIII, IX, X, XII, and XVIII of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Miller, Rahall, Vento, Kostmayer, de Lugo, Gejdenson, DeFazio, Young, Marlenee, Vucanovich, Rhodes; *Provided*, that Murphy is appointed in lieu of DeFazio for consideration of title XXV of the House bill and section 14114 of the Senate amendment only. Abercrombie is appointed in lieu of DeFazio for consideration of section 2481 of the House bill only

As additional conferees from the Interior and Insular Affairs Committee, for consideration of that portion of section 723(h), which adds a new section 212(h) to the Federal Power Act, 1312, 1313, 1403, 1607, 2012, 2113, 2307, and 3008 of the House bill, and sections 6501, 6506, 19104, 19110, and 20143(b) and titles VIII and XXI of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Miller, Rahall, Young

As additional conferees from the Judiciary Committee, for consideration of section 3010 of the House bill, and section 19102 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Brooks, Edwards, Glickman, Feighan, Staggers, Berman, Washington, Fish, Hyde, Campbell, Smith

As additional conferees from the Judiciary Committee for consideration of section 11107 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Brooks, Edwards, Fish

As additional conferees from the Judiciary Committee for consideration of section 19106 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Brooks, Frank, Gekas

As additional conferees from the Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee, for consideration of section 1607 and title XXIV of the House bill, and title XII of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Jones, Studds, Hughes, Hutto, Hertel, Tallon, Lancaster, Davis, Fields, Bateman, Inhofe

As additional conferees from the Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee for consideration of sections 205 and 1602 of the House bill, and sections 5204, 5302, 5304 and 11103 and title XXI of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Jones, Studds, Davis

As additional conferees from the Public Works and Transportation Committee for consideration of sections 121-128, 132, 411, 2453, 2461-2464, 2705, 3102 and 3104 and title XVIII of the House bill, and sections 4120, 4401, 5303, 5308, 6101, 6201-6224, 6304, and 10224 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Roe, Minetta, Nowak, Applegate, de Lugo, Savage, Borski, Hammerschmidt, Shuster, Petri, Inhofe

As additional conferees from the Public Works and Transportation Committee for consideration of sections 164(h), that portion of section 723 which adds a new section 212(i) to the Federal Power Act, 410, and 1316 of the House bill, and sections 12103, 12204, and 14113 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Roe, Minetta, Hammerschmidt

As additional conferees from the Science, Space and Technology Committee for consideration of sections 901, 902, 1203, 1207, 1301, 1306-1309, 1318, 1319, 2471, 2502, 2503, 2513, 3005, 3007, and 3009 and titles VI and XX-XXIII of the House bill, and sections 4201-4218, 4305, 4401, 5201, 5202, 5204-5206, 6104, and 6501 and titles II, VIII, X, XIII, and XIV of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Brown, Lloyd, Scheuer, Wolpe, Stallings, Roemer, Swett, Walker, Ritter, Morrison, Fawell

CAPITOL POLICE JURISDICTION

Conferees will meet on legislation (S 1766) to expand the area around the U.S. Capitol Building in which the Capitol Police have jurisdiction.

Time & room TBA date TBA

House conferees: Rose, Oaker, Panetta, Thomas, Roberts

CALIF. WATER PROJECT

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 429) dealing with changes in the Central Valley water project in California.

Time and room TBA date TBA

House conferees:

From the Committee on Interior & Insular Affairs, for consideration of title I and VII-XL of the Senate amendment and titles I and VII-XXXIV of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Miller, Rahall, Gejdenson, Vento, Kostmayer, De Lugo, Lehman, Markey, Hansen, Rhodes, Thomas, Young, Marlenee

From the Committee on Interior & Insular Affairs, for consideration of titles II-VI of the Senate amendment, and titles II-VI of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Miller, Rahall, Gejdenson, Vento, Kostmayer, De Lugo, Lehman, Owens, Hansen, Rhodes, Thomas, Young, Marlenee

As additional conferees from the Committee on Merchant Marine & Fisheries, for consideration of titles II-VI, IX, XXXIII, XXXIV, XXXVI and XXXVIII of the Senate amendment, and titles II-VI, IX, XXX, XXXIV, of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Jones, Studds, Hughes, Hertel, Carper, Manton, Lowey, Unsold, Davis, Fields, Herger, Doolittle, and Cunningham

As additional conferees from the Committee on Merchant Marine & Fisheries, for consideration of titles I, VII, XI, XII, XIV, XV, XIX, and XX of the Senate amendment, and titles I, VII, XI, and XVIII-XX of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Jones, Studds, Davis,

As additional conferees from the Committee on Public Works & Transportation, for consideration of titles XXI, XXXI, and XXXVIII and sections 3001-3004, 3007, 3508, and 3509 of the Senate amendment, and section 3411 of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Roe, Anderson, Mineta, Nowak, Borski, Kolter, Valentine, Hayes, Hammerschmidt, Shuster, Clinger, Petri, Packard

As additional conferees from the Committee on Public Works & Transportation, for consideration of title VII and section 3404(c)(7) of the Senate amendment, and title VII of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Roe, Nowak, Hammerschmidt

As additional conferees from the Committee on Agriculture, for consideration of section 212 of the Senate amendment, and title XXV and section 212 of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: De La Garza, English, Dooley, Condit, Huckaby, Stenholm, Stallings, Campbell, Coleman, Morrison, Herger, Smith, Marlenee

As additional conferees from the Committee on Agriculture, for consideration of titles XIII, XIV, XVIII, and XXXVI and section 202 of the Senate amendment, and titles XIX and XX and sections 301, 305, 308 and 2302 of the House amendment,

and modifications committed to conference: De La Garza, Volkmer, and Coleman
Senate conferees: Johnston, Bumpers, Ford, Bradley, Bingaman, Wirth, Fowler, Hatfield, Domenici, Burns, Craig, Seymour

VETERANS HEALTH CARE

Conferees will meet on legislation (S 2344) to improve the provision of health care and other services to veterans by the Department of Veterans Affairs.

Time and room TBA date TBA

House conferees: Montgomery, Edwards, Rowland, Stump, Hammerschmidt

Senate conferees: Cranston, Rockefeller, Specter

DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT

Conferees will meet on legislation (S 347) to amend the Defense Production Act of 1950 to revitalize the defense industrial base of the United States

Time and room TBA date TBA

House conferees:

From the House Banking Committee: Carper, LaFalce, Oaker, Vento, Kanjorski, Ridge, Paxon, Hancock

From the House Armed Services Committee: Aspin, Mavroules, Sisisky, Dickinson, Bateman

Additional conferees from House Energy Committee: Dingell, Markey, Collins of Ill., Lent, Rinaldo

Additional conferees from House Government Operations Committee: Conyers, English, Wise, Horton, Kyl

Additional conferees from House Judiciary Committee: Brooks, Edwards of Calif., Fish, Moorhead

Additional conferees from House Ways and Means Committee: Rostenkowski, Gibbons, Jenkins, Archer, Crane

Senate conferees: Riegle, Sarbanes, Dixon, Garn, Gramm

Note: At the end of the first session of the 102nd Congress the House passed a bill (HR 3919) to temporarily extend the Defense Production Act through March 1, 1992.

FAMILY & CHILD SERVICES

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 2720) to extend for one year the authorizations of appropriations for the programs under the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act and the Family Violence Prevention and Services Act, and for certain programs relating to adoption opportunities.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Dodd, Kennedy, Adams, Hatch, Coats

House conferees:

EXPORT ADMINISTRATION

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 3489) to reauthorize the Export Administration Act of 1979.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Riegle, Cranston, Sarbanes, Garn, Mack

House conferees:

From the Committee on Foreign Affairs for the consideration of the House bill and Senate amendment: Fasel, Gejdenson, Wolpe, Johnston, Engel, Murphy, Orton, Broomfield, Roth, Bereuter, Miller, R-Wash.

From the Committee on Armed Services, for consideration of sections 120 and 303 of the Senate amendment: Mavroules, Hertel, Pickett, Hunter, Kyl

From the Committee on Banking, Finance & Urban Affairs for consideration of sections 201(c), 205,

Conference continued...

and 207-210 of the Senate amendment: Oakar, Neal, LaFalce, Leach, McCandless

From the Committee on Judiciary for consideration of sections 120, 123, 502, of the House bill, and sections 121, 124, 302, 305, and 306 of the Senate amendment: Brooks, Schumer, Hughes, Sensenbrenner, Gekas,

HEALTH PROFESSIONALS

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 3508) to revise and extend certain programs relating to the education of individuals as health professionals.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Kennedy, Metzenbaum, Simon, Hatch, Kassebaum

House conferees: Dingell, Waxman, Richardson, Lent, Bliley

PREVENTIVE HEALTH

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 3635) to revise and extend the program of block grants for preventive health and health services

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Kennedy, Metzenbaum, Harkin, Hatch, Kassebaum

House conferees: Dingell, Waxman, Rowland, Lent, Bliley

OLDER AMERICANS ACT

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 2967) to reauthorize the Older Americans Act.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees:
From the Committee on Labor and Human Resources: Kennedy, Metzenbaum, Adams, Hatch, and Cochran

From the Committee on Finance (solely for the Social Security retirement earnings provisions): Bentsen, Moynihan and Packwood

House conferees: TBA

FEDERAL FACILITIES COMPLIANCE

Conferees will meet on HR 2194, Federal Facilities Compliance Act of 1991.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Baucus, Moynihan, Mitchell, Lautenberg, Chafee, Simpson, Durenberger, Warner

House conferees:

From the Energy and Commerce Committee for consideration of the House bill, and the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Dingell, Swift, Eckart, Slattery, Sikorski, Lent, Ritter, Schaefer

Bilirakis appointed in lieu of Schaefer for consideration of that portion of section 2(b) of the House bill which adds section 6001(c) to the bill

As additional conferees from the Armed Services Committee, for consideration of section 113 of the Senate amendments, and modifications committed to conference: Ray, Hochbrueckner, Saxton

As additional conferees from the Judiciary Committee, for consideration of section 2(a) of the House bill, and section 103(a) of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Brooks, Frank of Mass., Gekas

As additional conferees from the Merchant Marine Committee, for consideration of section 304(a) of the Senate amendments, and modifications committed to conference: Jones of N.C., Studds, Davis

As additional conferees from the Public Works Committee, for consideration of sections 102, 109, and 115-119 of the Senate amendments, and modifications committed to conference: Roe, Nowak, Hammerschmidt

As additional conferees from the Public Works Committee, for consideration of title IV of the Senate amendments, and modifications committed to conference: Roe, Savage, Norton, Nowak, Borski, Hammerschmidt, Shuster, Inhofe

FOLLOW-THROUGH ACT

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 2312) to make certain technical and conforming amendments to the Follow Through Act and the Head Start Transition Project Act.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Kennedy, Pell, Metzenbaum, Hatch and Kassebaum

House conferees: TBA

Appropriations Conferences

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, STATE APPROPs

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 5678) making appropriations for the Departments of Commerce, Justice and State, the judiciary and related agencies.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Hollings, Inouye, Bumpers, Lautenberg, Sasser, Adams, Byrd, Rudman, Stevens, Hatfield, Kasten, Gramm

House conferees: TBA

D.C. APPROPRIATIONS

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 5517) making appropriations for the government of the District of Columbia and other activities chargeable in whole or in part against the revenues of said District for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1993.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Adams, Fowler, Kerrey, Byrd, Bond, Gorton, Hatfield

ENERGY & WATER APPROPs

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 5373) making appropriations for energy and water development for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1992

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Johnston, Byrd, Hollings, Burdick, Sasser, DeConcini, Reid, Hatfield, Garn, Cochran, Domenici, Specter, Nickles

House conferees: TBA

INTERIOR APPROPRIATIONS

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 5503) making appropriations for the Department of the Interior and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1993.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Byrd, Johnston, Leahy, DeConcini, Stevens, Garn, Cochran, Rudman, Domenici, Gorton, Hatfield

House conferees: TBA

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION APPROPs

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 5428) making appropriations for military construction for the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1993

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Sasser, Inouye, Reid, Fowler, Byrd, Gramm, Garn, Stevens, Hatfield

House conferees: TBA

TRANSPORTATION APPROPs

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 5518) making appropriations for the Department of Transportation and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 1993

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Lautenberg, Byrd, Harkin, Sasser, Mikulski, D'Amato, Kasten, Domenici, Hatfield

House conferees: TBA

Other Events

The *Monitor* has received notice of the following events scheduled to take place in Washington. Associations, non-profit organizations and public interest groups who wish to have events listed in the section should send pertinent information to: The Congressional Monitor, Other Events Editor, 1414 22nd St. N.W., Washington, D.C. 20037. Notices must include a telephone number. Notices may be transmitted by facsimile to 202-728-1862, attn: Robert Healy. Only events related to Congress can be listed. Deadline is noon two days before the date of issue (i.e. Monday noon for Wednesday issue). The editors reserve the right to edit or reject any submission. For further information call 202-887-8866.

PUBLIC HOUSING POLICY

Public Housing Authorities Directors Association will hold its annual legislative conference.

9am, Holiday Inn Capitol, 550 C St. S.W.

September 10 and 11

Contact: Judy Browne at 202-546-5445

Congressional highlights:

September 10:

9am: Rep. Kennedy, D-Mass.

9:45am: Rep. Green, R-N.Y.

Noon: Sen. Mikulski, D-Md.

September 11:

1pm: Visits to Capitol Hill

Note: There is a charge for this event and reservations are required. For more information call the number listed above.

WOMEN IN THE AMERICAN ECONOMY

Congressional Economic Leadership Institute will sponsor a briefing for members of the Congressional Competitiveness Caucus on women and the American economy. The session is the first in a series of briefings on the way and extent to which economic policies affect women in the United States.

Noon, B-369 Rayburn Bldg. September 10

■ Revised listing

Other continued...

Contact: Julia Teuscher at 202-546-5007

Note: This event is by invitation only. For information on how to obtain an invitation call the number listed above.

JAPANESE RESEARCH

Japan Information Access Project will sponsor a brown bag lunch on Japanese research consortia.

Noon, 1730 Massachusetts Ave. N.W. **September 10**

Contact: 202-833-4545

Note: Reservations required, call number above for more information.

CREDIT CARD ISSUES

National Economists Club will sponsor a luncheon meeting to hear Mastercard International CEO Alex Hart discuss key developments in the credit card industry, including whether consumers have borrowed too much using credit cards and possible regulation of credit card interest rates.

Noon to 1:30pm, Montpelier dining room, Library of Congress Madison Bldg., 101 Independence Ave. S.E. **September 10**

Contact: 703-532-9048

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$10 for members and \$15 for non-members. For reservations call the number listed above. Deadline for reservations is noon the day before the luncheon is scheduled.

★ MEDICAL SAVINGS ACCOUNTS

A group of Senators and Representatives who have sponsored legislation that would allow individuals to establish medical savings accounts will sponsor a briefing on the subject.

9:30am to 10:30am SD-124 Dirksen Bldg. **September 11**

Contact: Mark Hurt at 202-224-5623 or Laird Burnett at 202-224-4623

11:30am to 12:30pm 340 Cannon Bldg. **September 11**

Contact: Barbara Else at 202-225-2135 or Debbie McGuinn at 202-225-4011

Participant: John Goodman - president, National Center for Policy Analysis

HEALTH CARE & IMPLICATIONS OF STROKE

National Stroke Association will sponsor a briefing on the health-care implications of stroke for members of Congress, staff and other interested persons.

9:30am to 11:30am, SR-189 Russell Bldg. **September 11**

Contact: LaVern Turner at 202-637-5887

Note: Those interested in the briefing should make reservations by calling the number listed above.

SETTING DOMESTIC PRIORITIES

The Brookings Institution's Center for Public Policy Education will sponsor a national issues forum to explore and evaluate the role government should play in finding solutions to domestic problems and the policy choices political leaders will face in this election year. Topics to be discussed include health care, homelessness, crime and education.

9am, The Brookings Institution, 1775 Massachusetts Ave. N.W. **September 14**

★ New listing

Contact: Alka Desai at 202-797-6172

Participants:

Reps. Gadison, R-Ohio, and Brown, D-Calif. (invited)

Henry J. Aaron - director, Economic Studies Program, The Brookings Institution; Marian Wright Edelman - president, Children's Defense Fund (invited); Isabelle Sawhill - senior fellow, Urban Institute; Bill Frenzel - guest scholar, Governmental Studies Program, The Brookings Institution; Bruce L. R. Smith - senior staff member, Center for Public Policy Education, The Brookings Institution

Note: There is a \$95 charge for this event. For reservations and information call the number listed above.

EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

National Employee Benefits Institute will hold a legislative conference.

Madison Hotel **September 15 & 16**

Contact: 800-558-7258

Participants:

Sens. Durenberger, R-Minn., Jeffords, R-Vt. Reps. Gibbons, D-Fla.; Johnson, R-Conn., Pease, D-Ohio, Petri, R-Wis., others TBA

NATIONAL ENERGY POLICY

National Energy Resources Organization will sponsor a luncheon meeting to hear Deputy Secretary of Energy Linda Stuntz discuss "National Energy Strategy: Status and Prognosis."

11:45am B-339 Rayburn Bldg. **September 15**

Contact: Dana Both at 202-466-6539

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$23 for members, \$25 for non-members, \$20 for media (if having lunch). For reservations call the number listed above or send a check, made payable to NERO, to:

NERO
C/O Franklin, Blee & Burling
919 Eighteenth St. N.W.
Suite 450
Washington, D.C. 20006

ENVIRONMENTAL STANDARDS AND TRADE BARRIERS

The Association of Women in International Trade (WITT) will sponsor a luncheon to discuss barriers in this country and abroad to products due to environmental standards.

Noon to 2pm, National Press Club, the Murrow/White Rooms, 529 14th St., N.W. **September 17**

Contact: Keri Connors at 202-463-8880 or Michele Sherman at 202-293-4690

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$28.50 for WITT members and \$38.50 for non-members. For additional information call the number listed above.

JAPANESE INFORMATION

Japan Information Access Project will sponsor a workshop on finding and using Japanese information in computers, electronics and semiconductors.

11 Dupont Circle, 8th Floor, **September 17**

Contact: 202-833-4545

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$350 for members and \$500 for non-members. For reservations and information call the number listed above.

WOMEN & HEALTH

American College of Epidemiology will hold it's annual meeting, focusing on women's

health issues.

Hyatt Regency Hotel, Bethesda, Md. **September 17 & 18**

Contact: Carol Ann Kiner at 703-556-9222

PUBLIC OPINION ON HEALTH CARE ISSUES

Women in Government Relations will sponsor a seminar on "Making Sense of Public Opinion on Health Care."

8:30am, Hyatt Regency Hotel, 400 New Jersey Ave. N.W. **September 22**

Contact: Melina Mercer at 202-554-4444 (ext. 454) or Bente Cooney at 202-467-9043

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$35 for members, \$40 for guests and \$45 for non-members. For reservations call 202-347-5432 or send a check, made payable to WGR, to:

WGR
1325 Massachusetts Ave. N.W.
Suite 510
Washington, D.C. 20005-4171

CLEAN AIR ACT & EMISSION BANK PROPOSAL

New England Council and the New England Coalition for Clean Air (NECCA), a consortium of statewide business organizations and industries formed to promote the cost-effective implementation of the Clean Air Act, will hold a briefing on the emissions bank proposal for New England.

10am to 11:30am, SD-G11 Dirksen Bldg. **September 22**

Contact: Maria Pfarr at 202-639-8955

TRANSPORTATION ACT IMPLEMENTATION

Women's Transportation Seminar will sponsor a panel discussion on the implementation of the Intermodal Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991.

11:30am, Bellevue Hotel, 15 E St. N.W. **September 22**

Contact: Martha Lawrence 703-875-8790

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$17 for members and \$22 for non-members. For reservations send a check, made payable to Women's Transportation Seminar, to:

Martha Lawrence
Transportation and Management Consultants
2111 Wilson Blvd.
Suite 700
Arlington, Va. 22201

TRADE REGULATION ISSUES

National Economists Club will sponsor a luncheon meeting to hear U.S. International Trade Commission Chairman Don Newquist discuss perspectives on the development of trade policy by the administration.

Noon to 1:30pm, GW University Club, Marvin Center, 800 21st St. N.W. **September 22**

Contact: 703-532-9048

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$14 for members and \$20 for non-members. For reservations call the number listed above. Deadline for reservations is noon the day before the luncheon is scheduled.

GOVERNING IN THE '90s

The Washington Area State Relations Group will sponsor a symposium on "Governing in the '90s."

8am, Park Hyatt Hotel, 24th & M Sts. N.W.

■ Revised listing

Other continued...

September 25

Contact: Courtney Morton at 202-887-1321

Agenda:

8am: Registration

9am: Welcome

9:15am: State Fiscal Challenges: Who Pays and How?

Legislative Perspective

Lobbyist Perspective

11am: Taking the Pulse of the People

11:45am: Forecasting Politics for the New Millennium (luncheon)

1:30pm: Influencing State Legislators: Innovative New Approaches

3:15pm: Lobbying in the '90s: Learn from the Pros

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$75 for WASRG members (\$50 for public members) and \$95 for non-members. For reservations send a check to:

Courtney Morton

State Government Relations

Chemical Manufacturers Association

2501 M St. N.W.

Washington, D.C. 20037

CLEAN AIR ACT

PERMIT REGULATIONS

Environment Task Force of Women in

Government Relations will sponsor a seminar on the permit regulations required by the Clean Air Act amendments.

8:30am National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 1800 Massachusetts Ave. N.W.
October 6

Contact: 202-347-5432

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$35 for members and \$50 for non-members. For reservations send a check, made payable to WGR, to:

WGR

1325 Massachusetts Ave. N.W.

Suite 510

Washington, D.C. 20005-4171

HEALTH INDUSTRY PAYMENT POLICIES

Health Industry Manufacturers Association will sponsor a conference on "Payment Policies in Transition: Making Changes Work for You."

Ramada Renaissance Techworld **October 28**

Contact: Catherine Cahill at 202-434-7249 or

Steve Speil at 202-434-7248

Congressional highlight:

12:45pm: Luncheon - The Politics of Health Care Reform

David Abernethy (professional staff) and Charles Kahn III (minority counsel) - House Ways and Means Health Subcommittee

Campaign Events Future Listings

--from Reuters

The *Monitor* has received notice of the following congressional and presidential campaign events scheduled to take place in Washington. Organizations that wish to have events listed in the section should send pertinent information to: The Congressional Monitor, Other Events Editor, 1414 22nd St. N.W., Washington, D.C. 20037. Notices must include a telephone number. Notices may be transmitted by facsimile to 202-728-1862, attn: Robert Healy. Fundraisers will not be listed. Deadline is noon two days before the date of issue (i.e. Monday noon for Wednesday issue). The editors reserve the right to edit or reject any submission. For further information call 202-887-8686.

Candidates

DEMOCRATS

Bill Clinton

Contact: David Seldin, 501-399-3840

Sept. 9

BILL CLINTON

In Atlanta, Ga., and Jacksonville, Fla.

10:45 a.m. EDT: Addresses via satellite a B'nai B'rith convention being held in Washington, D.C.

12:30pm: Gives a speech on welfare reform. Atlanta, Ga.

8pm EDT: Participates in "Florida talks to Clinton," a live television town meeting originating from WJXT in Jacksonville, Fla., with studio audiences at WPLG in Miami, WTSP in Tampa, and WFTV in Orlando. Note: C-Span covers live RON Little Rock, Ark.

AL GORE

9pm EDT: Guest on CNN's Larry King Live program.

Sept. 10

BILL CLINTON

In Little Rock, Ark.

Sept. 11

In Little Rock, Ark.

REPUBLICANS

Bush-Quayle

Contact: Torie Clarke or Devorah Goldberg, 202-336-7080

Sept. 9

PRESIDENT BUSH

8am: Meets with the chief of staff. Oval Office.

8:30am: Meets with Republican congressional leadership. Cabinet Room.

9:45am: Boards Marine One and departs the White House en route Andrews Air Force Base, Md.

9:55am: Arrives Andrews AFB and boards Air Force One.

10:05am: Departs Andrews AFB en route Norristown, Pa.

11am: Arrives Willow Grove Naval Air Station, Norristown, Pa.

11:10am: Boards motorcade and departs Willow Grove Naval Air Station en route Norristown High School.

11:25am: Arrives Norristown High School.

11:30am to noon: Addresses Norristown High School community. Open press.

12:05pm: Boards motorcade and departs Norristown High School en route Uniform Tubes Inc., Collegeville, Pa.

12:20pm: Arrives Uniform Tubes Inc.

Noon to 12:35pm: "Ask George Bush" event with

Uniform Tubes Inc. employees and families. Open press.

1:15pm: Boards motorcade and departs Uniform Tubes Inc. en route Collegeville landing zone.

1:25pm: Arrives Collegeville landing zone and boards Marine One.

1:30pm: Departs Collegeville, Pa., en route Middletown, N.J.

2:05pm: Arrives Middletown, N.J.

2:10pm: Boards motorcade and departs Middletown, N.J., landing zone en route Middletown Township VFW Hall, Port Monmouth, N.J.

2:15pm: Arrives Middletown Township VFW Hall.

2:20pm to 2:50pm: Addresses Bush/Quayle '92 rally. Open press.

2:55pm: Boards motorcade and departs Middletown Township VFW Hall en route Middletown landing zone.

3pm: Arrives Middletown landing zone and boards Marine One.

3:05pm: Departs Middletown, N.J., en route Lakehurst NAEC.

3:20pm: Arrives Lakehurst NAEC and boards Air Force One.

3:30pm: Departs Lakehurst NAEC en route Andrews AFB.

4:10pm: Arrives Andrews AFB.

4:20pm: Boards Marine One and departs Andrews AFB en route White House.

4:30pm: Arrives the White House.

VICE PRESIDENT QUAYLE

In San Diego to attend a San Diego County campaign kick-off and address a Rotary Club of San Diego luncheon. The vice president returns to Washington later this evening.

Sept. 10

PRESIDENT BUSH

9:45am, approx.: Departs White House

Noon: Addresses the Detroit Economic Club. Detroit, Mich.

3pm, approx.: Arrives White House.

Status of Appropriations

FULL COMMITTEE

House: 225-2771; Senate: 224-3471

AGRICULTURE

House: 225-2638; Senate: 224-7240

Bill No: HR 5487
 House subcmte hearings completed: April 29
 House subcmte markup completed: June 10
 House full cmte markup completed: June 25
 H Rpt 102-617
 Passed House: June 30
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: April 7
 Senate subcmte markup completed: July 21
 Senate full cmte markup completed: July 23
 S Rpt 102-334
 Passed Senate: July 28
 Senate conferees named: July 28
 Conference completed: August 6
 H Rpt 102-815
 Conference report adopted by House: August 11
 Conference report adopted by Senate: August 11
 Signed by the president: August 14
 PL 102-341

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, STATE, & THE JUDICIARY

House: 225-3351; Senate: 224-7277

Bill No: S 3026/HR 5678
 House subcmte hearings completed: April 7
 House subcmte markup completed: June 30
 House full cmte markup completed: July 23
 H Rpt 102-709
 Passed House: July 30
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: May 9
 Senate subcmte markup completed: July 22
 Senate full cmte markup completed: July 23
 S Rpt 102-331
 Passed Senate: August 3
 Senate conferees named: August 3

DEFENSE

House: 225-2847; Senate: 224-7255

Bill No: HR 5504
 House subcmte hearings completed: May 7
 House subcmte markup completed: June 18
 House full cmte markup completed: June 29
 H Rpt 102-627
 Passed House: July 2
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: June 25

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

House: 225-5338; Senate: 224-7236

Bill No: HR 5517
 House subcmte hearings completed: June 17
 House subcmte markup completed: June 23
 House full cmte markup completed: July 1
 H Rpt 102-638
 Passed House: July 8
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: June 24
 Senate subcmte markup completed: July 22
 Senate full cmte markup completed: July 23
 S Rpt 102-333
 Passed Senate: July 30
 Senate conferees named: July 31

ENERGY & WATER DEVELOPMENT

House: 225-3421; Senate: 224-7260

Bill No: HR 5373
 House subcmte hearings completed: March 31
 House subcmte markup completed: June 4
 House full cmte markup completed: June 11
 H Rpt 102-555
 Passed House: June 17
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: May 14

Senate subcmte markup completed: July 21
 Senate full cmte markup completed: July 23
 S Rpt 102-344
 Passed Senate: August 3
 Senate conferees named: August 3

FOREIGN OPERATIONS

House: 225-2041; Senate: 224-7209

Bill No: HR 5368
 House subcmte hearings completed: May 1
 House subcmte markup completed: June 12
 House full cmte markup completed: June 18
 H Rpt 102-585
 Passed House: June 25

INTERIOR

House: 225-3081; Senate: 224-7233

Bill No: HR 5503
 House subcmte hearings completed: May 27
 House subcmte markup completed: June 16
 House full cmte markup completed: June 29
 H Rpt 102-626
 Passed House: July 23
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: June 9
 Senate subcmte markup completed: July 28
 Senate full cmte markup completed: July 29
 S Rpt 102-345
 Passed Senate: August 6
 Senate conferees named: August 6

LABOR/HHS/EDUC

House: 225-3508; Senate: 224-7283

Bill No: HR 5677
 House subcmte hearings completed: May 19
 House subcmte markup completed: July 2
 House full cmte markup completed: July 23
 H Rpt 102-708
 Passed House: July 28
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: July 30
 Senate subcmte markup scheduled: September 10

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

House: 225-5338; Senate: 224-7338

Bill No: HR 5427
 House subcmte hearings completed: January 29
 House subcmte markup completed: June 10
 House full cmte markup completed: June 18
 H Rpt 102-579
 Passed House: June 24
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: February 7

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

House: 225-3047; Senate: 224-7255

Bill No: HR 5428
 House subcmte hearings completed: March 25
 House subcmte markup completed: June 11
 House full cmte markup completed: June 18
 H Rpt 102-580
 Passed House: June 23
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: May 18
 Senate full cmte markup completed: July 31
 S Rpt 102-355
 Passed Senate: August 5
 Senate conferees named: August 5

TRANSPORTATION

House: 225-2141; Senate: 224-7245

Bill No: HR 5518
 House subcmte hearings completed: April 30
 House subcmte markup completed: June 11
 House full cmte markup completed: July 1
 H Rpt 101-639
 Passed House: July 9
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: May 14

Senate Floor Action

Week of September 7

Monday September 7:

Not in session

Tuesday, September 8:

S 640 **Product liability bill** began consideration

Wednesday, September 9:

S 640 **Product liability bill** continue consideration
HR 5679 **VA, HUD Appropriations** may begin consideration

Just Published!

*In the 1990 congressional campaigns,
less than half the money was spent on actual campaign expenses...*
Find out how campaign funds are really spent...

Political candidates spend most of their campaign contributions on expensive television advertising. Right? Wrong.

By charting how every campaign dollar was spent in the 1990 congressional elections, *Handbook of Campaign Spending*—a new book from CQ—shatters many popular myths concerning campaign spending by providing new information and analysis that is simply unavailable elsewhere. Its findings are of interest to every political profes-

sional and anyone with an interest in our controversial system of election financing.

Research gathered for this book by *Los Angeles Times* reporters Sara Fritz and Dwight Morris reveal that House incumbents spent a surprising 65% of their 1990 election funds on items that have little to do with direct appeals to voters—and not just overhead costs, but new

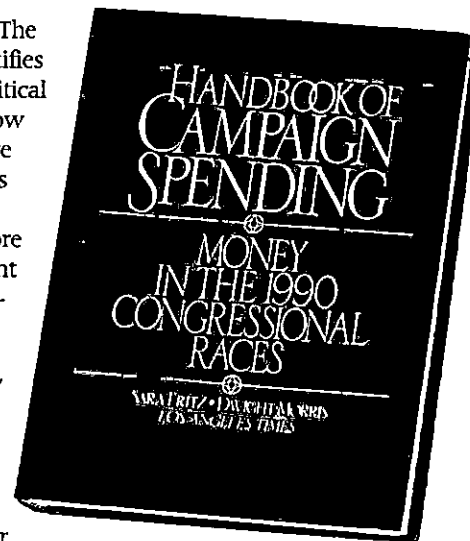
cars, tuxedos, club memberships and personal travel.

In chapters such as "A Personal Slush Fund," "Television: At What Cost?," and "Individual Donors: Money by the Bundle," the *Handbook* looks at the various ways individual contributors circumvent contribution limits and puts dollar figures on the funding problems of congression-

al challengers. The book also identifies the top 100 political consultants, how much they were paid and details top candidate spenders in more than 20 different categories ranging from "who spent the most on fundraising" to "who spent the most on Christmas cards."

Of particular interest to political professionals (and not only in an election year) is the race-by-race analysis provided of the 1990 elections, showing exactly where the money was spent.

Sara Fritz and Dwight Morris, both reporters for the *Los Angeles Times*, developed a unique computer database consisting of every expenditure made by House and Senate candidates during the 1990 elections as background for a series of articles that appeared in the *Times* that year. This database, together with an analysis of the numbers and narrative accounts of each race, form the heart of *Handbook of Campaign Spending: Money in the 1990 Congressional Races*.



"By combining the political instincts of Sara Fritz and the computer-assisted reporting of Dwight Morris, this book helps define a new standard of investigative journalism. Its publication is cause for renewed hope for enlightened self-government through knowledge."

—Bill Kovach

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Washington, D.C. 20037

10:00 A.M. WIRES

Iraq Denies Pentagon Claim Its Forces Attacking Shiite Villages

By VICTORIA GRAHAM

Associated Press Writer

BAGHDAD, Iraq (AP) — Iraq today denied Pentagon assertions that its forces were attacking Shiite Muslim villages in the country's south, accusing U.S. officials of fabricating stories to relieve the boredom of American pilots.

Meanwhile, the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council for the first time declared its support for the "no-fly" zone being enforced over southern Iraq by a U.S.-led alliance. It also accused Iraqi President Saddam Hussein of pursuing "genocidal" measures against the Iraqi people.

Iraq's denial came in a government statement issued as the nation celebrated the anniversary of Propt Mohammed's birth with a national holiday, fireworks and newspaper articles denouncing the West.

It said that allegations of attacks on Shiite villages, first made by Iran and Iranian-backed Shiite dissidents, were false.

"The American announcement is aimed at remedying the boredom of American pilots and crew of the carrier Independence who feel they are unproductive and their mission in the north of the (Persian) gulf futile," the statement said.

On Tuesday, Pentagon spokesman Pete Williams told reporters in Washington: "The Iraqi military continues the counterinsurgency campaign in southern Iraq. They continue to make efforts to build a causeway through the marshes. They're burning some villages and there continues to be sporadic shelling."

U.S., British and French pilots — some off the carrier USS Independence and others flying from bases in Saudi Arabia — have been patrolling the "no-fly" zone since Aug. 27 to protect the Shiites. Thousands of Shiites fled to the marss after their failed uprising following the Gulf War.

Pilots say Iraq has not challenged the "no-fly" warning. The Gulf Cooperation Council is a security and economic development alliance grouping Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Qatar, Bahrain, Oman and the United Arab Emirates.

It said the no-fly zone was justified by U.N. resolutions on the Gulf War cease-fire, and that the allied action was undertaken "within the framework of the world community's eagerness to stop the genocidal measures the Iraqi regime is exercising against the Iraq people."

Previously, only Kuwait had publicly endorsed the allied operation. The reluctance of the group's other members to come out openly in support had been attributed to fears that Iraq might be broken apart, leading to instability in the region and possibly encouraging Iranian expansionism.

Iraq has repeatedly argued that the allies intend to partition Iraq by imposing the air exclusion zone in the south as well as the "safe haven" established last year for Kurds in the north. In a communique issued after a two-day meeting in Jidda, Saudi Arabia, the Gulf Cooperation Council expressed support for "Iraq's unity and territorial integrity."

Williams told reporters that Iraq appears to have positioned its forces "largely defensively" in southern Iraq and has spread some armored units along the Iranian border "because of concern the

Iranians might try to take advantage of the 'no-fly' zone." But he said there was "absolutely no indication that the Iranians either intend or are acting to do so."

Iran and Iraq fought a war in 1980-88, and Iraq in recent days has been arming southern tribesmen to counter what it alleges are new incursions by Iraqi dissidents based in Iran.

Iran countered today by claiming it had broken up several "espionage networks" linked to Iraq. Iran's intelligence minister, Ali Fallahiyan, also said several people had died in recent bombings by terrorists sent by Iraq, the Islamic Republic News Agency said in a report monitored in Cyprus.

AP-DS-09-09-92 0946EDT

Webster Meets With Residents of Riot-Torn South Central Los Angeles

By JAMES ANDERSON

Associated Press Writer

LOS ANGELES (AP) — Former CIA chief William Webster fielded complaints about racism and met with general skepticism from residents of riot-torn South Central Los Angeles during a public hearing on police response to the unrest.

"I think you're arrogant," Esther Lofton told the panel Tuesday night. "You come from a society where things work. I live in a society where nothing works."

"I think the people responded appropriately on April 29," said Ms. Lofton.

Webster, former police chief in Newark, N.J., heads the panel investigating police response to the rioting that erupted following the April 29 acquittal of four white police officers in the videotaped beating of black motorist Rodney King.

Tuesday night's hearing was the first of seven planned this month.

Some residents told the panel the police response to the unrest was typical.

"What we get in South Central is either no response or an overreaction," one man said.

Some residents criticized the panel for trying to restrict the focus of the meeting to the police. They cited racism in the justice system and news media and neglect by City Hall to explain the frustration residents feel.

"Quit blaming the Police Department. It's a societal problem," one man said.

Still others complained that white officers insult blacks, harass them unnecessarily and fear getting to know people in South Central.

"Stop presenting us with so many white males," a woman said, urging the department to hire more minorities and women to patrol the area.

After the meeting, Webster acknowledged the depth of frustration in the community hardest hit by the riots.

"Perceptions and feelings run deep," he said. "You can't stop a riot unless you really understand what's behind it."

AP-DS-09-09-92 0913EDT

THE WHITE HOUSE
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GOP CONGRESSIONAL LEADERSHIP

(Before the Press)

- I have asked our Republican leadership to meet with me this morning to discuss our priorities for the remainder of the Congressional session. Time is short, but there are things that need to be done.

- Among other things, I want Congress to pass 12 signable appropriations bills. With roughly 4 weeks available, there's no reason why Congress cannot produce these spending bills individually without resorting to a pork-laden continuing resolution. I will sign those bills only if they comply with my budget request.

- I would also like to see some action on two issues I spoke to the American people about over the weekend. We should take a first, bold step on legal reform. My civil justice reform legislation - designed to change our current, costly and inefficient legal system - has been pending in Congress for over seven months without so much as a hearing. Before adjourning, the Congress should at least seize the immediate opportunity, starting in the Senate this week, and pass the product liability reform bill.

- Congress can and should take the first step toward enacting comprehensive health care reform by passing portions of my plan, including small business reform and medical malpractice reform.

- By acting in these areas we will help to provide affordable, quality healthcare for millions who do not have it now. It would be a downpayment to the American people who deserve comprehensive health care reform without higher taxes and without a lesser quality of care.

- There are several other significant pieces of legislation that are near the finish line that should be completed this year... economic growth and urban aid, and the National Energy Strategy, among the most prominent.

-- And now, after our good friends from the press have a chance to leave the room, we'll talk about how we're going to get these things done.

(AFTER THE PRESS LEAVES)

- Thank you all for coming down this morning. We are in the stretch run now. We've got a long way to go, but I feel good about it.
- In terms of Congress, I believe there are some things we can get done. By the same token, I recognize that the Democrats will be trying to send me bills to veto. Abortion, of course, is one area. Cable is likely another. And certainly, Family Leave.
- It would be better if none of these issues even came up, but I assume they are unavoidable.

Card 2

- We are going to need your help and we will need to coordinate closely with you. You can help us reinforce key Republican messages, put our opponents on the defensive, and keep all Republicans united. The last thing we need to do is fight among ourselves.

- Now, what I'd like to do is open it up to you and get your thoughts about what's coming up, what we need to do, and what you heard back home. Bob (Dole).

Blind cc:
Emile Roy

daily 9/9

9-1-92



THE PRESIDENT

Dear Mr. Holdsworth,

A friend of mine Emile Roy of Sanford sent me a great Sept 4th article on you. I just want to thank you for the kind words.

Someday I hope I'll get to shake your hand.

Respectfully

Cy B

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mr. Clifford Holdsworth
c/o Key Bank of Maine
178 Main Street
Springvale, Maine 04083

From the desk of

George Bush

bcc
to Roy

Document Originally
Attached to
Following Page



Dear Friend!

Sept 4th 92

It was great to be in
Houston for the Convention & hope

I was of some help to you.

The people of Houston when
wonderful. To all our delegates,
their hospitality & will never forget.
Enclosed please find two
clippings & thought you might
like to see.

Thank you for taking time
to drop me a note.

Betty and the family join
me in wishing you and Barbara
God's Blessing. Sincerely Betty

Active citizen

Clifford Holdsworth is leaving his mark

By LEE BURNETT
Journal Tribune Staff Writer

Neighbors

Three decades past retirement age, Clifford Holdsworth still conducts himself as if the next telephone call depended on his up-to-the-minute investment advice.

Every morning he drives down from Acton to pick up his "very important" mail at the Springvale Post Office. He maneuvers his big boat of a car — nowadays a Mercury Grand Marquis — into the curbside parking slot over by the bank building on the corner. As usual, he's dressed for business in a coat and tie and shiny black shoes. He walks past his portrait on the wall and climbs the stairs to his desk on the second floor. Here he reads four daily newspapers, Forbes magazine and a few earnings reports.

By 10 a.m., he's ready for appointments.

"I've got to keep up," says Holdsworth. "It's part of the business of banking."

Ninety-six years old and still analyzing the news, weighing risks, playing percentages, giving advice.

Holdsworth is one of the central figures in the development of Sanford during the past half-century. Born in England, he began working in the textile mills at 15. He worked his way into financial management, banking, and industrial development. He was president and chairman of the board of Springvale National Bank from the mid-1940s until it was bought by Depositors Trust in 1970, which itself was bought by Key Bank. Today, Holdsworth is an honorary member of the Key Bank board. He keeps the same office.

VIGOROUS

Holdsworth looks just as vigorous today as he did three decades ago when he and other bank directors posed for a photograph that hangs across the room from his desk. His silver shock of hair is still thick. His face is ruddy. His eyes alert. The only apparent concessions to age are his stooped posture and hearing

loss. When he talks, his speech still bears a trace of an English accent as when he says "I'd be willin' to 'elp."

Holdsworth is a Republican and today he's worried that President Bush doesn't get enough credit for keeping the U.S. economy in better shape than western allies, and he picks off the unemployment rates in a half-dozen countries.

"We're fortunately better off than anyone," he says. "We've got a good sound, conservative president who understands business. We'd be in a bad situation if we changed horses in mid-stream."

Holdsworth has grown generous with his money. Which is not to say he's extravagant. "I'd rather give away a dollar than waste a dime," he said. Holdsworth projects include a public tennis court and park in Acton, additions to the Acton Congregational Church and the Shapleigh Corner Baptist Church, road paving at Riverside Cemetery in Springvale, land and improvements at a park overlooking the Mousam River in Springvale Recreation area, and improvements to the town library and school library in Acton.

ACTON HIGH SCHOOL

Holdsworth is now talking about putting up money for a high school in Acton. The town never joined a regional school district when they were forming in the 1960s and 1970s and now buses students to Wells 25 miles away. A joint venture with New Hampshire border towns has fallen through and many doubt that Acton could go it alone.

Holdsworth envisions a private school, tuition to which would be taxpayer-subsidized for Acton students. "Residents would go free," he said. Holdsworth himself is a product of the English private school system and he speaks favorably of Gov. Dummer Academy in Massachusetts, to which he sent his only son, Bernard. "I'd be willing to help make a



GAIL D. WALSH/Journal Tribune Staff Photographer

Clifford Holdsworth, former chairman of the board and president of Key Bank in Springvale, stands in the bank's boardroom where at 96 he still serves as an honorary member.

good foundation for that," Holdsworth said. "The Acton Elementary School is one of the finest in the state. Now it needs to be carried forward to the high school level. That would draw good families to town and they would build expensive houses."

Some days Holdsworth goes home by noon. But he can still get a governor to lunch. Gov. John McKernan came down one day this summer, the sixth Maine governor hosted by Holdsworth. McKernan

says it was a pleasure.

"The thing that's so wonderful about him is he's one of those committed citizens, that frankly we don't have enough of anymore, who believe in being involved in their community," said McKernan in a telephone interview. "It's the sense of perspective he can bring to bear because of his experience. And he comes from the old school when active citizens actually read ... and don't just rely on TV sound bites for their information."

Holdsworth possesses a prodigious memory that local historians want to tap before it's too late. Nineteen twelve was an eventful year for him, he says. That was the year the Titanic sunk, Fenway Park was built, Nasson College was founded, and Lawrence millworkers started a general strike.

"Four of them want me to sit down and make a tape recording so they can write a book," he says.

"I don't know if I have the time," he says.

CONGRATULATIONS...



1167 Emily Key
7 Ridgeway Ave.
Danbury, Conn.
04073



1167 Emily Key
7 Ridgeway Ave.
Danbury, Conn.
04073

Dear Emily,
We really enjoyed your
appearance on C. SPAN
during the Republican Convention.
You were a great credit
to Maine and President Bush.
Your relating about President
Bush's letter to your grand-
daughter moved all of us
and showed us what a fine,
caring President we have!
Keep up the good work!

You're on a roll!

Bill & Barbara Littlejohn

GOP CONGRESSIONAL LEADERSHIP

(Before the Press)

- I have asked our Republican leadership to meet with me this morning to discuss our priorities for the remainder of the Congressional session. Time is short, but there are things that need to be done.
- Among other things, I want Congress to pass 12 signable appropriations bills. With roughly 4 weeks available, there's no reason why Congress cannot produce these spending bills individually without resorting to a pork-laden continuing resolution. I will sign those bills only if they comply with my budget request.

Card 2

- I would also like to see some action on two issues I spoke to the American people about over the weekend. We should take a first, bold step on legal reform. My civil justice reform legislation - designed to change our current, costly and inefficient legal system - has been pending in Congress for over seven months without so much as a hearing. Before adjourning, the Congress should at least seize the immediate opportunity, starting in the Senate this week, and pass the product liability reform bill.
- Congress can and should take the first step toward enacting comprehensive health care reform by passing portions of my plan, including small business reform and medical malpractice reform.

Card 3

- By acting in these areas we will help to provide affordable, quality healthcare for millions who do not have it now. It would be a downpayment to the American people who deserve comprehensive health care reform without higher taxes and without a lesser quality of care.
- There are several other significant pieces of legislation that are near the finish line that should be completed this year... economic growth and urban aid, and the National Energy Strategy, among the most prominent.

Card 4

- And now, after our good friends from the press have a chance to leave the room, we'll talk about how we're going to get these things done.

(AFTER THE PRESS LEAVES)

- Thank you all for coming down this morning. We are in the stretch run now. We've got a long way to go, but I feel good about it.
- In terms of Congress, I believe there are some things we can get done. By the same token, I recognize that the Democrats will be trying to send me bills to veto. Abortion, of course, is one area. Cable is likely another. And certainly, Family Leave.
- It would be better if none of these issues even came up, but I assume they are unavoidable.

Card 2

- We are going to need your help and we will need to coordinate closely with you. You can help us reinforce key Republican messages, put our opponents on the defensive, and keep all Republicans united. The last thing we need to do is fight among ourselves.
- Now, what I'd like to do is open it up to you and get your thoughts about what's coming up, what we need to do, and what you heard back home. Bob (Dole).

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

RR

DATE: 09/09/92 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: ----

SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: NORRISTOWN HIGH SCHOOL COMMUNITY, PA - 09/09

	ACTION	FYI		ACTION	FYI
VICE PRESIDENT	☐	☒	MCBRIDE	☐	☒
BAKER	☐	☒	MOORE	☐	☒
SCOWCROFT	☐	☒	MULLINS	☐	☒
DARMAN	☐	☒	PETERSMEYER	☐	☒
BATES	☐	☒	PORTER	☐	☒
BRADY	☐	☒	PROVOST	☐	☒
BROMLEY	☐	☐	ROSS	☐	☒
CALIO	☐	☒	SMITH	☐	☒
DEMAREST	☐	☒	TUTWILER	☐	☒
FITZWATER	☐	☒	ZOELICK	☐	☒
GRAY	☐	☒	KAUFMAN	☐	☒
HOLIDAY	☐	☒	MCGROARTY	☐	☒
HORNER	☐	☐		☐	☐

REMARKS:

The attached has been forwarded to the President.

RESPONSE:

PHILLIP D. BRADY
 Assistant to the President
 and Staff Secretary
 Ext. 2702

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

2 SEP 8 PM: 35

September 8, 1992

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

STEVEN PROVOST *SP*

SUBJECT:

REMARKS AT NORRISTOWN HIGH SCHOOL

On Wednesday morning, September 9, you will address approximately 2000 attendees, most of whom are high school students, in the gymnasium of Norristown High School. Your remarks (16 minutes, teleprompter) discuss your vision of education for the future and commend Norristown for adopting the ideals of America 2000.

NOTE: The mention of Luke Perry on the top of page eight refers to the teenage heart-throb of the popular prime-time television show, "Beverly Hills 90210". Luke Perry plays tough-guy Dylan McKay.

Provost/Aarhus
Presidential Remarks
Norristown, PA
September 9, 1992
Draft: 10:00 p.m.

Thank you Dr, Holton, and good morning everyone; it's great to be back in Pennsylvania. And I should add -- welcome back to school. I hope you had a great summer.

I'm told that many of you were nervous this week. Tension's rising about the big event. Wondering how you'll handle all the attention. Well, I'm here to put your fears to rest. I know you'll do great against North Penn Friday night.//

You know, our world has been through a lot of change the past few years. When my kids were your age, they used to practice nuclear disaster drills. The alarms would go off, and they would all crawl under their desks and wait.

That doesn't happen anymore. As a parent and a grandparent, I'm glad that American kids can grow up in the sunshine of peace.\\

Now that the Cold War is over, the challenge before our nation -- is to win the peace. To guarantee that America in the 21st Century will be not just a military superpower, but also an export superpower, and an economic superpower.//

That's just a fancy way of saying that when you grow up, you deserve the chance to have a good job, and live a better life than your parents and grandparents. You can live the American Dream.

That's why I'm here this morning, to talk about how we can build what you need and deserve -- the very best schools in the entire world.

Now I admit, education is not usually found on the front page of the newspaper, or at the top of the evening news -- but it is the solution for most of what you do see there. As President and as a grandparent, my loyalty lies with young people. Kids like these fifth graders -- who did such a fantastic job laying out our national education goals this morning.

In the year 2000, these fifth graders will graduate from high school. They will have changed so much, we will barely recognize them. I want the schools from which they graduate to have changed so much, that we won't be able to recognize them either.

Four years ago, I said I wanted to lead a revolution in American education. Today, I come before you to report -- the revolution is underway.

As President, my job is to set the agenda, and mobilize the nation. And I'm proud that the goals the students read this morning are the very first education goals in our nation's history. They were created by all the governors -- Republicans and Democrats alike -- and are being embraced by parents, by teachers, by business and community leaders, -- in town after town, city after city, all across America.

I have come to Norristown -- because you accepted my challenge to reinvent American schools. Norristown is in the lead -- but you are not alone. Today, seventeen hundred communities -- in every state -- have adopted the vision of what we call "America 2000." Seventeen hundred communities have drawn lines in the sand of the future that read -- "our children must be number one."

The federal government should do more than offer congratulations, and we are matching our words with action -- as we promised.

You heard about our first goal -- making sure every student arrives at school ready to learn. Today -- for the first time -- every eligible four-year-old who wants a Head Start on kindergarten -- can get one.// We have asked for record increases in investment for math and science education -- to help train teachers. That is consistent with goal number four -- math and science excellence. I bet you were proud to watch the Olympics, and see Jordan and Ewing and Malone slam dunk the opposition. By the year 2000, I want you -- our young people -- to be slam dunking the rest of the world in math and science.//

Goal number five is to guarantee a skilled, literate work force. My opponent accuses me of cutting education spending. But that's just flat wrong. I have proposed record increases in education funding -- and during my four years, federal investments in education have increased at a more rapid rate than state and local funding.

But if you think that money alone will reinvent our schools -- think again. As a nation, only Switzerland spends more per student on elementary and secondary education. This doesn't mean we should not make new investments, it means we cannot spend our money on the old way of doing things.

Our schools were basically designed for another age -- a hundred years ago. A world of Model T cars, in which toasters and flashlights were a big deal. A world in which most clothes were made at home -- imagine -- a world without the King of Prussia Mall!//

Today, if you apply for a summer job in a car factory, they'll ask you if you can handle mathematics, estimation and spatial relations, things your mom and dad just didn't have to know. And other things have changed. It's tougher being a parent, tougher being a teacher, and my grandkids tell me it's pretty tough being a kid these days.

The world has changed, so must our schools.

You don't have to look far for new ideas. Teachers, school board members, parents, business leaders -- all are fountains of innovation. They represent the true genius of America -- and we must encourage them. Right now, as we gather today, America is responding to this charge. Really, four revolutions are underway.

First, we are in the process of creating hundreds of what we call "Break-The-Mold" schools -- schools that reject the status quo. For example, a school where students attend all year round.

I challenged America to come up with ideas for these schools, and Norristown was one of 700 communities that responded. I applaud you for your energy and your creativity. //

Revolution number two has to do with what we teach in our schools. We must demand more of you, so that you can compete in the world economy. Your math teachers are already relying on new, world-class standards. Because of them, you are learning more than your older brothers and sisters. And by the time today's fifth graders enter high school, we will have new standards in science, history, English, geography, civics and the arts.

And to support these standards, we will have a national examination system -- I call it them American achievement tests, so that parents can know what our kids and our schools are doing.

The third revolution involves a very important person -- your teacher.

(If I can ask a favor, since this is the first week of school, I assume none of you have received any tests back yet. So let's take advantage of the good feeling, and say thanks to all the teachers in the room. They are making a difference in your life -- and we should applaud them.)

When your teachers chose their career, they did it because they love learning, and they love helping you live up to your potential.

Not long ago, I met with some teachers up in Lehigh Valley 2000, I asked them what was their biggest problem. I thought they might talk about a lack of money, or discipline, or the drug

problem. But instead, they talked about all the paperwork and regulations -- about getting state government off their back.

Well, I can't do much about Harrisburg, but this week Congress will consider my legislation to give teachers more flexibility in using federal funds, as long as they achieve results. Congress wants to give flexibility to just 300 schools, I want to give it to all 110,000. I trust teachers, not the government, to do what's right for our kids.//

There's one final revolution underway -- I think every parent should have the right to choose the school they want for their children.

Not long ago, I was talking with a Milwaukee parent -- her name was Janette Williams. She told me her son Javon went to a crowded school, teachers couldn't pay attention, he was so bored, he'd just go home halfway through the day. Then Milwaukee gave some parents the right to choose new schools for their kids. Today, Javon is doing his homework, attending all his classes, even helping clean up around the classroom.

I want to hear more stories like that. My G.I. Bill For Kids would give thousand dollar scholarships to children of middle-and low-income families that they can use to spend on any school of their choice. Most parents would choose public school, but all parents should be able to choose any school -- public, private, or religious.

Here in Norristown, almost 6,000 kids -- about two-thirds of the school population -- would be eligible for this thousand-

dollar scholarship. Norristown would receive another \$6 million in new federal funds -- not controlled by bureaucrats, but parents and teachers. When it comes to choosing schools -- I trust parents -- not the government -- to do the right thing.

So these are the four revolutions in American education. "Break-The Mold" Schools. New standards. Getting government off teacher's backs. And giving parents real choice.

Together, these revolutions will change our schools. When these fifth graders come back to visit Miss Ritter and Mrs. Bieler ((BEEL-uhr)) in eight years, they will marvel at how small the desks are, at how they have to stoop to use the water fountain. But as they look and listen to the school around them, they will say -- everything else has changed. //

Now, as some of you may have heard, there is an election in about 55 days. So, before I leave you this morning, I would like to take just a moment, and contrast my education vision -- with my opponents. I want to be fair, when I convened the national education summit, all the governor's were there. Governor Clinton helped set the national education goals.

However, the facts tell the story about his record. In 1980, Arkansas ranked 47th in the percentage of adults with high school diplomas, now they are 48th. Today, they are dead last - - in the percentage of adults with college degrees.

But that's not the real issue -- the real issue is what kind of education President Mr. Clinton would be.

Well -- in this campaign -- Governor Clinton has spent a lot of time courting the education establishment, teachers unions leaders, and the liberal Congress. These people fear change. ((They fear change the way Luke Perry would fear someone crashing his Porsche.)) They want to spend more money on education, but on the same old system. I wish fixing our schools was that easy, but it's not.

A President's job is to set a new path -- and insist that the nation sticks to it. But Governor Clinton is in with the crowd who say "no" to break-the-mold schools, "no" to higher standards, "no" to less regulation, and "no" to my GI Bill for Kids. Governor Clinton has told the education establishment what they want to hear -- I will continue to tell them -- what America needs to hear.

You hear a lot of talk about change in this election. But ultimately, change isn't what you say, it's what you do. With your help and the help of millions of other Americans, we have set the forces in motion, to revolutionize the way we prepare our young people. And I hope you will give me the opportunity, to finish the revolution.

To the parents, teachers, community leaders, and students participating in Norristown 2000, I say -- "thank you." You are writing a better chapter, in the history of America's next generation.

Thanks for listening. God Bless Pennsylvania and may God bless The United States of America.

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

R2

DATE: 09/09/92 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: -----

SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: BQ RALLY, MIDDLETOWN, NJ - 09/09

	ACTION	FYI		ACTION	FYI
VICE PRESIDENT	☐	☒	MCBRIDE	☐	☒
BAKER	☐	☒	MOORE	☐	☒
SCOWCROFT	☐	☒	MULLINS	☐	☒
DARMAN	☐	☒	PETERSMEYER	☐	☒
BATES	☐	☒	PORTER	☐	☒
BRADY	☐	☒	PROVOST	☐	☒
BROMLEY	☐	☐	ROSS	☐	☒
CALIO	☐	☒	SMITH	☐	☒
DEMAREST	☐	☒	TUTWILER	☐	☒
FITZWATER	☐	☒	ZOELICK	☐	☒
GRAY	☐	☒	KAUFMAN	☐	☒
HOLIDAY	☐	☒	MCGROARTY	☐	☒
HORNER	☐	☐	BOSKIN	☐	☒

REMARKS:

The attached has been forwarded to the President.

RESPONSE:

PHILLIP D. BRADY
 Assistant to the President
 and Staff Secretary
 Ext. 2702

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

2 SEP 8 10:16

September 8, 1992

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

THROUGH: STEVE PROVOST 

FROM: KEN ASKEW 

SUBJECT: BQ RALLY IN MIDDLETOWN, NEW JERSEY

I. Summary

On Wednesday, September 9, at 2:35 p.m., you will deliver remarks to approximately 5000 people gathered at the VFW Hall in Middletown, NJ. You will be introduced by Governor Tom Kean.

II. Discussion

In your remarks (12 minutes, on prompter), you differentiate yourself from Clinton -- particularly on issues such as the economy and the environment.

(Askew/Nix)
September 8, 1992
10:00 P.M.
JERSEY

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: VFW HALL EVENT
MIDDLETOWN, NEW JERSEY
SEPTEMBER 9, 1992
2:35 P.M.

Thank you, Tom ((Kean)), and hello, everyone. I'm delighted to be back in the Garden State.

I was not far from here almost exactly four years ago to the day. I was campaigning for the Presidency, and our world was a very different place... largely because of one undeniable fact:

A nuclear Sword of Damocles hung over our children's heads.

Well, today, I return to this beautiful Garden State to say something no President could ever say before: The Cold War is over. And freedom finished first.//

Thanks to the sustained effort of brave men and women like the veterans here today... now our kids can go to sleep without nuclear holocaust haunting their dreams.

Thanks to folks like veteran Bill Dennisson, who's 82 and came here tonight just to hear a young whippersnapper like me.

Does our children's peace of mind mean anything?

You bet it does. We should be proud to have made it happen.

Now, America's challenge is straightforward.

In the 21st Century, America must be a military superpower, an export superpower and an economic superpower.//

In this election, you'll hear two versions of how to do that. Theirs is to look inward, and try to protect what we

already have. Ours is to look outward -- to open new markets, to prepare our people to compete, to strengthen our social fabric - - to save and invest -- so we can win.

My agenda starts with a commitment to trade, by opening world markets to the fruits of American labor. No matter what my opponent says, American workers can still outwork and out-think and out-create anybody in the world.//

And New Jersey knows what that's worth -- better than just about anyone. In this state alone, more than a quarter-million jobs are tied to foreign investment and millions more to exports.

Understanding the reality of the global economy led me to negotiate the North American Free Trade Agreement.

NAFTA will create the world's largest free-trade zone -- a \$6 trillion market, from the Yukon to the Yucatan -- and will create 300,000 American jobs -- that's just in the short term.//

My opponent used to support it. Now he says, "I'm reviewing it carefully; when I have a definitive opinion I will say so."

Well, Walter Lippmann said leadership means guarding, and I quote, "a nation's ideals." And Peter Drucker said, quote, "Leadership is action."

But you know... nowhere have I seen leadership defined as - - "Hey -- I'll get back to you later."//

There's a clear choice when it comes to getting the economy going again, too.

I spent half my career in the public sector, and half in the private sector... running a small business -- and I had the

ulcers to prove it. Well, I think meeting a payroll is a pretty good qualification for being President.//

And what I learned as a businessman is that it's as plain as day that higher taxes don't create jobs. They destroy jobs.

I believe that government is already too big -- and spends too much of your money.//

That's why I've proposed freezing discretionary spending, and a plan to cap the growth of mandatory spending without touching Social Security. That cap would save almost \$300 billion over five years.

So far, Congress has balked at making these tough choices. I want to give you -- the taxpayer -- the option of taking ten percent of your income tax -- and using it for one purpose alone... to reduce the budget deficit.// Let's get the crushing weight of debt off our kids' backs.//

And then I'll take the savings and cut taxes -- across the board. I've already vetoed one Democratic tax increase, and I'll veto another if I have to. (I've got my pen right here.)//

Now... what about my opponent?

Well, he's been in the public sector practically all his professional life. He caught the bug during his work on the McGovern campaign, and he's been at it ever since.

In fact, he's either been in public office -- or trying to get into public office -- ever since he was 27 years old.

And just yesterday, Governor Clinton said, "No government can ever replace the marketplace." He sounds like he respects

and understands the small businessperson. Well... that's like a guy saying he loves to sail, but he's never seen the water.//

And it's reflected in his policies.

Last week when Tom Brokaw interviewed him, the first words out of my opponent's mouth were "I advocate a tax increase."

Specifically, he means \$150 billion -- just for starters. And he proposes \$220 billion in new government spending -- although Newsweek magazine says it might cost three times as much as he claims. They called Clinton's plan an "economic fantasy."

Of course, he says he only wants to tax the rich. But you know, there aren't enough rich folks to pay for his programs.

And he endorsed the \$100 billion tax increase passed by the Congressional Democrats this year. He's for it. I'm against it. Who do you think is right?//

I ask New Jersey -- does this saxophone song sound familiar?

I wish I could bring every American voter to New Jersey to see first-hand what a liberal governor and a liberal legislature can do to wreck an economy. When Governor Florio was in cahoots with the Democratic legislature last session, they acted like every day was April 15.//

Remember Governor Kean's motto for this state? Well, today, every New Jerseyan knows all too well: a rubber-check legislature and a rubber-stamp executive are -- "NOT... perfect together."//

(Tom -- sorry I can't say it like you do. Must be all that time I spent in Texas.)//

We need tax incentives to get this economy moving. And by the way, if you'd send me Joe Kyrillos (kuh-RULL-us) and a few more like him, I'd be using my pen not to veto tax hikes, but to sign tax cuts into law.

The solution to our economic challenge isn't raising taxes. It's creating more jobs.

I know that tourism is a big part of New Jersey's economy. And I know it creates thousands of jobs.

So I came to Belmar in '88 and promised to help clean up your beautiful beaches. And I meant it.

First, I promised to end ocean dumping of sewage sludge. Well, the last barge to ever dump sludge in your ocean sailed from New York Harbor last June.//

Ocean dumping is no more. When tourists look out over the shore, they won't see sludge barges. They'll see sailboats.//

Second, I wanted to clean up the sewage coming from New York City and points beyond. We're going to force New York to build those sewage plants, so you don't have to put up with their sewage washing up on your shores and ruining your vacations.//

And we're finally getting the garbage out of the water.

That's what government can do when it confronts real problems... with real policies... based on real ideas -- not old formulas from the past.

Now, while my administration's helping deliver results on the Jersey shore, my opponent's talking a good game. But look at his record on the environment back in his home state.

According to the Institute of Southern Studies, Arkansas ranked dead last for environmental initiatives.

In the amount of toxics they dump into surface water, per capita, they were 47th.

But they did better in the amount they dump into the air -- they jumped all the way up to 42nd //

And they were way up there at 42 in the percentage of rivers and streams that are polluted, too.

(And there's the rumor that night-fishing's getting more and more popular in Arkansas these days... because it's so easy to spot the fish -- they glow in the dark.) //

What if he does to America what he did to Arkansas? Why would you want to let him? //

You know... my opponent reminds me of a tired old fellow who's looking in his medicine cabinet, trying to choose among a bunch of dusty old prescriptions that expired years ago.

Well, folks... old medicine won't cure our ills. Tax-and-spend won't solve our problems. But it might kill the patient. //

Let's not retreat into the past, with tired, expired remedies. Let's press forward... into a new century of global economics... where America can compete with the best... and win a secure and good life at home.

Thank you... God bless New Jersey... and God bless the United States of America.

September 7, 1992

Michael Reeves Deland
4901 Loughboro Road, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20016

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

9/9

Dear Barbara,

How wonderfully warm, gracious -
and typical - of you and the President
to host a gathering of your White House
Team - particularly when most mortals
would have seized those moments to
recomp for your Labor Day weekend of
non-stop "labor." Thank you both!

Your tour (particularly my third
floor viewing) was special indeed.
While I am sure I would have more deeply
understood and appreciated the nuances of
art, from buson, building sisters to the
ornate decor of Mrs. Lincoln's bed,
what was resoundingly re-emphasized
to this artistic ignoramus is that
you bring a personal warmth to the
White House that it has never before
felt.

That caring ~~warmth~~ warmth and
the values - yes family values - (over)

by which you and the President
daily live are at the heart of
America. In optimistic that
the American people deep-down
know that you and the President
personify what is truly important to
our country and thus will ask you
to continue to grace and enliven the
people's house and to shape our
nation's policies...

Again, many thanks and God
bless you both.

Sincerely,

MA

News Summary

OFFICE OF THE PRESS SECRETARY



WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1992
6:00 A.M. EDT EDITION

NATIONAL NEWS

BUSH PLEADS HIS CASE WITH JEWISH VOTERS -- President Bush reached out to Jewish voters Tuesday, apologizing anew for stirring Washington's Jewish lobby and promising that Israel can count on him in crises where Bill Clinton would waver.

(Reuters, Copley, Washington Times, Boston Globe)

BUSH SEEKS \$7.6 BILLION IN HURRICANE AID; GOV. CHILES URGES MORE -- President Bush asked Congress Tuesday to appropriate \$7.6 billion in emergency funds to cover the costs of rebuilding Florida and Louisiana after Hurricane Andrew, but Gov. Chiles questioned whether that would be enough.

(Washington Post, UPI, Fort Lauderdale Sun-Sentinel, New York Times, USA Today, Washington Times)

BUSH PLANS MAJOR ECONOMIC ADDRESS THURSDAY -- President Bush plans to deliver a major economic address in Detroit Thursday.

(Washington Post)

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

DEMOCRATS SAY BUSH ENDANGERS TRADE PACT -- As the Administration made its first presentation of the new North American trade accord Tuesday, two influential Senate Democrats accused President Bush of playing politics with the free-trade agreement in a way that jeopardizes congressional ratification.

(Washington Post, Reuters, Washington Times, Copley)

NETWORK NEWS (Tuesday evening)

HURRICANE RELIEF -- President Bush asked Congress for more than \$7 billion Tuesday.

CAMPAIGN/PRESIDENT -- President Bush accused Bill Clinton of waffling on important issues.

CAMPAIGN/VICE PRESIDENT -- Vice President Quayle went after the Democrats on the subject of taxes.

NATIONAL NEWS.....A-1
INTERNATIONAL NEWS..A-12
NETWORK NEWS.....B-1
EDITORIALS.....C-1
FOREIGN MEDIA.....C-2

NATIONAL NEWS

BUSH COURTS JEWS, CLINTON VOWS TO REBUILD ECONOMY

President Bush courted Jewish voters and sought \$7.6 billion in hurricane relief Tuesday while Bill Clinton promised factory workers he would revitalize withering U.S. manufacturing.

At the B'nai B'rith, a Jewish service organization that Bush called "part of America's conscience," he said the U.S.-Israeli partnership would be shown this week when he sends Congress a \$10 billion loan guarantee package he recently approved to help resettle Soviet emigres in Israel.

"Don't let any member of Congress tell you we can't afford to do this. We can, and we must," the President said.

In Connecticut, Clinton promised workers that his economic plan, which includes tax incentives for businesses, would revive the dwindling U.S. manufacturing base.

At a plant in Portland, Conn., Clinton played a familiar role in trying to keep the campaign debate centered on the struggling U.S. economy, which he blames on Republican policies for 12 years under Bush and Ronald Reagan.

"Unlike our competitors, this nation has no national strategy, no comprehensive partnership between business and workers and education and government to create the kinds of high-wage, high-growth jobs in manufacturing that I think are critical to our future," he said....

Sen. Mitchell on "Today" raised questions "about the completeness and the accuracy of the President's prior response on this subject" of the secret 1985-1986 sales of arms to Iran. Mitchell said that apparent contradictions over Bush's knowledge of the secret arms sales that were used to fund Contra rebels should be investigated.

(Michael Posner, Reuter)

Bush Works To Rehabilitate His Relationship With Jewish Voters, Promises to Fight For Israeli Loan Guarantees

President Bush, hoping to smooth his rocky relationship with Jewish voters, chose a meeting of B'nai B'rith Tuesday to promote legislation that would give \$10 billion in loan guarantees to Israel. That announcement won Bush warm applause from the somewhat skeptical audience, where Democrats outnumbered Republicans by an estimated five to one. But the President hit a pothole minutes later, when he was questioned about a reported plan to sell \$5 billion dollars worth of F-15 fighter jets to Saudi Arabia.

Bush said no decision has been made on the F-15 fighter sale.... But he acknowledged negotiations were underway, and that the concerns of Israel had to be weighed against larger diplomatic and economic worries.... Jewish activists said Tuesday that the loan guarantees will help Bush with Jewish voters, but argued that the Republican Party has done new damage with hard-edged attacks on the "cultural elite" and some Republican's calls of cultural "warfare."

"As far as we're concerned, the Republicans closed up the big tent when the Christian Coalition ended up running the program," said Abraham Foxman, national director of the Anti-Defamation League, who criticized the prominent role given Jerry Falwell and Pat Robertson at the GOP convention.

(Amy Bayer, Copley)

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Bush Pleads His Case With Jewish Voters

President Bush reached out to Jewish voters Tuesday, apologizing anew for slurring Washington's Jewish lobby and promising that Israel can count on him in crises where Bill Clinton would waver.

"We'd be facing a nuclear-armed Iraq, dominant in the Middle East, with a choke hold on the world's oil supplies" if Clinton had been president when Saddam invaded Kuwait, Bush told B'nai B'rith's convention.

Although he didn't back down on considering the sale of 72 F-15 jets to Saudi Arabia,...he said he will preserve Israel's "qualitative edge" on weaponry.

(Frank Murray, Washington Times, A1)

Bush Says He'll Seek \$10 Billion In Housing Loan Guarantees For Israel

President Bush said Tuesday he will formally ask Congress this week to approve \$10 billion in housing loan guarantees for Israel and defended his record on the Middle East before a skeptical audience of American Jews.

Bush told the international convention of the B'nai B'rith that there "will be no surprises" in U.S.-Israeli relations if he is reelected.

Despite a rousing introduction by former Sen. Boschwitz, who hailed Bush as doing more than any other U.S. president for Israel, Bush received a largely tepid response to his 40-minute speech and question-and-answer session.

(John Mashek, Boston Globe)

**PUBLIC IS TURNING AGAINST DIVIDED GOVERNMENT,
AND BUSH'S 'GRIDLOCK' SPEECH MAY TURN ON HIM**

The public is changing its mind on a fundamental tenet of politics, and that change is shaping and explaining the course of the 1992 presidential election.

For years voters overwhelmingly viewed divided government...as a good thing.

Now, however, voters are taking another look at the question. The latest Wall Street Journal/NBC News poll shows voters split virtually equally over whether the two branches of government should be divided.

The reason is the talk...that Washington is in political gridlock. Voters are concluding that the branches of government now act more like attack dogs than like watchdogs.

And though Bush continues to nudge the public toward that conviction,...the risk may be greater for him. With the public favoring Democrats in congressional races and no longer seeing virtue in divided government, the conditions are there for sending both a Democratic Congress and a Democratic president to Washington in November.

(David Sherman, Wall Street Journal, A16)

AS ECONOMIC WOES PERSIST, BUSH'S BASE ERODES
Suburban Defectors From GOP Speak Out In Personal Terms

LIVINGSTON, N.J. -- Here in a state crucial to Republican hopes of holding onto the White House, President Bush's suburban base is crumbling, and his onetime supporters talk about their defection in the most personal of terms. "I was smart enough to recognize a bad marriage and got out of it," said Cindy Riouz-Matta, a recently divorced mother of two daughters. "I'm smart enough to recognize a bad president and get out of it." Matta was one of 10 registered Republicans who backed Bush four years ago but who now plan to vote for Clinton or are strongly considering doing so, who met last week at the invitation of the Washington Post to discuss the presidential campaign and specifically why they had turned against the President. The latest Washington Post/ABC News poll finds Clinton leading Bush by 53% to 41% among those persons most likely to vote. Among all 752 registered voters interviewed, Clinton enjoyed a slightly larger 53% to 38% advantage over Bush.... Clinton is a secondary issue to these Republicans. Their sense of betrayal by Bush makes Clinton acceptable, even with reservations. The group sees Bush as "weak," "wishy-washy," "stuffy," "out of touch," uninterested in their problems, and a grandfatherly figure who in the words of one member of the group was "not taking care of business" because he was "off fishing or golfing." (Dan Balz and Richard Morin, Washington Post, A1)

CROSSOVER DEMOCRATS ARE TORN BUT LEAN HEAVILY TO CLINTON

CHICAGO -- For many of the blue-collar voters who left their Democratic Party roots to support Ronald Reagan and George Bush, the presidential election has become a troubling choice between their values and their jobs. Jobs are winning, so President Bush is losing. Interviews here and in three other states with socially conservative, working and lower middle-class voters, many of them Catholics or Baptists, suggested that they are torn by conflicting emotions: a desire to reaffirm the primacy of family values; deep anger at a Republican Administration that failed to produce jobs; and lingering suspicion of Bill Clinton. The bottom line, however, was a substantial defection from Republican ranks. The trends found in interviews were strongly supported by the findings of a recent Washington Post/ABC News poll that found among Democrats who voted for Bush in 1988, 58% now plan to vote for Clinton, 32% say they will vote for Bush and the remainder was undecided.

(Thomas Edsall and David Broder, Washington Post, A1)

STATE-BY-STATE NUMBERS GAME

Most statewide polls conducted since the Republican convention last month show Bill Clinton leading, but analysts suggest the presidential race may be getting much closer. "Voters are giving Clinton a tentative 'yes,' but it's not a hard 'yes,'" says California pollster Mervin Field. The latest national polls show Clinton leading President Bush by anywhere from 5 to 20 points, but it is in each state that the presidential race is won or lost.

And a look at the latest polls in 16 states -- excluding such large states as California, Florida and Michigan, which lack recent polls -- shows Clinton leading or tied in all but New Hampshire.

(Richard Benedetto, USA Today, 10A)

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**CLINTON CAPITALIZES ON TSONGAS THEME
Nominee Calls Factory Jobs 'Critical'**

PORTLAND, Conn. -- Bill Clinton's message Tuesday sounded a lot like the pro-business message of Paul Tsongas when he came to the factory floor of an employee-owned packaging machinery firm here to unveil details of his plans to revive the economy's manufacturing base.

The \$2-billion-a-year package of tax incentives and additional federal spending Clinton outlined in Connecticut...is part of the overall "investment strategy" he previously outlined, and would be financed, aides say, by further reductions in the Pentagon budget.

In addition to the investment tax credits, job-training and export promotion plans he had previously described, Clinton unveiled a proposal for a national network of 170 "manufacturing extension centers," where workers and managers could learn to apply the latest technologies and manufacturing techniques....

A Dallas Morning News poll published Saturday showed the Democratic ticket virtually in a dead heat with President Bush and Vice President Quayle, 42% to 40%.

(David Broder, Washington Post, A12)

CLINTON TRYING TO FOCUS ON ECONOMY, AVOID DISCUSSING DRAFT RECORD

PORTLAND, Conn. -- The key goal for Bill Clinton in the fall campaign appears to be focusing his message on the economy, which he did Tuesday when he blamed President Bush for the loss of 1.3 million manufacturing jobs. Visiting a factory that struggled for survival during the 1980s, Clinton offered himself Tuesday as the man who will restore the nation's declining manufacturing base.

The Administration offers, he said, "a series of unconnected, piecemeal efforts and trickle-down economics." Instead, he said, the country needs to transfer \$2 billion from defense funds to help small firms develop modern business and manufacturing processes, train managers and workers and increase exports.

(Mitchell Locin, Chicago Tribune)

DEMOCRATS CHARGE 'DIRTY TRICKS' OVER DRAFT ISSUE

As President Bush's re-election campaign intensified its public assault on Gov. Bill Clinton's draft record Tuesday, Democrats accused their opponents of resorting to "dirty tricks" to press the issue behind the scenes. Democratic and Clinton campaign officials...accused Republicans of seeking to disrupt several Clinton appearances over the past few days with a single-engine plane overhead towing a banner with the message, "No Draft Dodger for President."

(Richard Berke, New York Times, A14)

A VET SPEAKS OUT

Sen. Dole, saying the presidential campaign "boils down to a few critical words: trust, confidence, and credibility," accused Bill Clinton Tuesday of deceiving voters with contradictory answers about his maneuvers to avoid the draft.... If you will not come clean about your draft status, the American people will have no choice but to judge for themselves. And based on the information we have, Governor, you won't like what they decide."

("Inside the Beltway," Washington Times, A6)

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DEMS: BUSH WEAKNESS IS THE ECONOMY

Bill Clinton says charges that he's misled voters about his efforts to avoid the draft during the Vietnam War don't "amount to a hill of beans." But analysts aren't so sure. And Republicans Tuesday were launching a major offensive on the issue, which they see as their best chance to move the debate away from the sluggish economy and onto "character" issues they think can sink Clinton.

Said Sen. Dole: "The harder he tries to put his issue behind him...the deeper and deeper he sinks into a campaign tar pit."

There's little evidence, in polls or otherwise, to suggest voters care more about what Clinton did 23 years ago than about jobs, health-care reform or educating their children. But there's a growing feeling that resurrection of the issue could give President Bush 's much-maligned campaign an opening -- if he can convince voters it matters. Clinton communications director George Stephanopoulos, reacting to Dole's comments Tuesday, said Republicans "are going to do whatever they can to run away from and divert attention from George Bush's terrible economic record."

(Bill Nichols and Judy Keen, USA Today, 1A)

BOOK NOTES

Bill Clinton has issued a book, written by him and Al Gore, called Putting People First: How We Can All Change America. It is filled with various proposals about what he would do as president. But Clinton might be about to find out the problems with putting things down in writing. With the election now appearing to be focusing on states like Michigan, Clinton has in recent days suggested he was "flexible" on imposing new fuel standards on the auto industry, after President Bush warned auto workers that tougher standards would threatened their jobs.

Clinton suggested there could be "separate goals for separate cars," adding: "There are all sorts of ways to do it that won't cost jobs." But that approach is nowhere to be found in his book. In not one, but two places, Clinton lays out his position: "Increase corporate average fuel economy standards from the current 27.5 miles per gallons to 40 miles per gallon by the year 2000, and 45 miles per gallon by 2015." ("Election '92," USA Today, 4A)

QUAYLE TEMPERS CAMPAIGN'S 'FAMILY VALUES' STANCE

LOS ANGELES -- Reflecting the Bush campaign's effort to salvage suburban votes by moderating its stance on "family values," Vice President Quayle Tuesday attempted to distance himself and the President from the Republican Party platform and from the views of Pat Buchanan and Pat Robertson. During a broadcast at KTLA, Quayle said: "Listen to what the President says, and what I say and more importantly, watch what we do. We are the ones that have implemented a nondiscrimination policy when it comes to gays and lesbians. That is our Administration's record, and we are proud of that record." Stanley Greenberg, Bill Clinton's pollster, accused the Bush campaign of "cynicism," saying the Republican ticket took conservative stands on social issues to gain support from Christian traditionalist voters in the South and is now backpedaling furiously to reassure suburbanites.

(E.J. Dionne, Washington Post, A1)

Quayle Seeks Compromise On Abortion

LOS ANGELES -- Vice President Quayle, urging both sides to move toward a middle ground on abortion, Tuesday called for the modest pro-life restrictions favored by vast numbers of voters.

During a two-day, vote-seeking swing through conservative southern California, Quayle said that while "abortion is wrong," it's time for application of less dramatic curbs approved by the Supreme Court. During a one-hour call-in show and his news conference at Quickway Trucking, Quayle said he wasn't backing away from his pro-life position but is imply trying to find a middle ground that favors life over abortion. "If there is more reflection and you have a more serious debate about the issue rather than trying to polarize the issue, I'm convinced we'll save lives. And by saving lives, I believe my objectives will be achieved," he said. Senior Administration officials said the White House isn't pushing for a constitutional ban...because it has little national support. (Paul Bedard, Washington Times, A4)

QUAYLE VOWS TO KEEP UP ATTACK ON HOLLYWOOD

LOS ANGELES -- Vice President Quayle renewed his attack on Hollywood Monday, vowing not to give in on his "family values" issue until the entertainment industry changed its ways.

In a TV interview, and later in a meeting with journalists, Quayle sought to clarify his criticism of the popular TV show "Murphy Brown," saying he was not attacking single mothers but was trying to issue a "wake-up call" to America's absentee fathers.

Quayle also called on Bill Clinton to "come clean" on charges that he dodged the draft during the Vietnam War, and said President Bush's approval of a 1990 Democratic bill raising taxes was responsible for the current recession. During a telecast on Monday, Quayle said President Bush had made a mistake in passing the 1990 federal budget, which called for a tax increase, and which the Vice President said caused the current recession. "The President reluctantly...went along with the Democratic Congress' demand for a tax increase. He looks back on that and says that not only does he regret it but it was a mistake. We raised taxes on the American people and we put this country right into a recession." (Michael Miller, Reuter)

**BUSH SEEKS \$7.6 BILLION IN HURRICANE
AID; GOV. CHILES URGES MORE**

President Bush asked Congress Tuesday to appropriate \$7.6 billion in emergency funds to cover the costs of rebuilding Florida and Louisiana after Hurricane Andrew, but Gov. Chiles questioned whether that would be enough. In Washington Tuesday to lobby Congress for disaster aid, Chiles welcomed the President's proposal, but said soaring damage estimates from his state alone cast doubt on the adequacy of the request. "Our numbers are changing.... We do not think that's enough," Chiles said as he met with Sen. Mitchell. "The President's generous and appropriate commitment of federal help to the people of southern Florida and Louisiana will have the support of the Senate," Mitchell said in laying out the agenda for legislative action before Congress adjourns in early October.

(Bill McAllister and Helen Dewar, Washington Post, A5)

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Bush Seeks \$7.6 Billion In Hurricane Relief

President Bush has asked Congress for an emergency appropriation of \$7.6 billion to answer "the cries for help" from the victims of Hurricane Andrew in Florida and Louisiana.

Bush announced the request, which also included assistance for those affected by Typhoon Omar that ravaged Guam last week, at a meeting Tuesday with bipartisan members of Congress. He said the \$7.6 billion would "cover everything from temporary shelters to guaranteed loans to new homes."

"It's a large financial burden but personal and human need is even more staggering. And our country must be able to answer the cries for help for those people who have lost so much and yet, I feel, remain so strong." (UPI)

Bush Proposes \$7.6 Billion In Hurricane Aid For Florida, Louisiana

To the satisfaction and relief of Florida officials, President Bush unveiled a \$7.6 billion aid proposal on Tuesday to help south Florida and central Louisiana recover from Hurricane Andrew.

"It's a large financial burden, but the personal and human need is even more staggering," Bush said before meeting with members of Congress.

Florida members emerged from that meeting to say they might rally around the White House proposal rather than push money bills of their own in the hope of getting quick results from hurricane victims.

"Whatever it takes to expedite the matter," said Rep. Lehman.
(William Gibson and Linda Kleindienst,
Fort Lauderdale Sun-Sentinel)

Bush Seeks \$7.6 Billion In Storm Aid

President Bush, setting aside concerns about the budget deficit, asked Congress for \$7.6 billion Tuesday to help Hurricane Andrew's victims.

"Our country must be able to answer the cries for help from those people who have lost so much," Bush said in a White House meeting to brief congressional leaders.

"We're going to move it as fast as possible," pledged Sen. Mitchell.

Bush conceded some of his plan "unquestionably will be over the budget, not all of it." (Jessica Lee, USA Today, 1A)

President Seeking \$7.6 Billion To Aid Hurricane Victims

President Bush asked Congress today for \$7.6 billion to help the victims of Hurricane Andrew, acknowledging that the measure will raise the federal deficit but declaring that the suffering in Florida and Louisiana outweighed the financial burden.

Bush's proposal won swift promises of cooperation from Democratic leaders in Congress.... But there was also some questions about the wisdom of his offer for the federal government to pay for all cleanup costs in the two states, rather than the usual 75%....

"There are some real policy questions, though our first impulse is to be generous," Rep. Fazio said.

(Andrew Rosenthal, New York Times, A1)

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Disaster Aid Looms Larger In Congress

Congress appears ready to approve more than the \$7.6 billion requested by President Bush in federal disaster aid to Florida, Louisiana and Guam, areas ravaged by horrendous summer storms.

"We're delighted the President has moved so quickly," Chiles said in a meeting with Rep. Foley. "We think the President's request is lower than the extent of the real damages are."

(Major Garrett and Frank Murray, Washington Times, A3)

FLORIDA'S GOVERNOR ASKS CONGRESS FOR \$9 BILLION IN FEDERAL AID

MIAMI -- Gov. Chiles, arriving in Washington with the most comprehensive survey yet of damage in south Dade County, petitioned Tuesday for an extraordinary springboard of federal aid for a county half-flattened by Hurricane Andrew -- about \$9 billion....

The President's initial request of \$7.6 billion in hurricane relief included some funds for Louisiana, also hit by Andrew. He also requested \$355 million for Guam, recently struck by Typhoon Omar. But more than 90 percent of the \$7.6 billion total will go to Dade County, official said, pleasing local politicians from both parties. Sen. Bob Graham described the package as "very positive." Sen. Mack, a frequent opponent of the national deficit, said he would not -- could not -- raise any objection to the President's request. Sen. Mack: "There are situations that arise that supersede deficit spending, and I think that this is one of those cases."

(Paul Anderson, Grace Lim and Martin Merzer, Knight-Ridder)

'REAL MONEY' TO HELP STORM'S MANY VICTIMS

President Bush's request for \$7.6 billion in federal funds to help the victims of Hurricane Andrew works out to be about half cash and half loan guarantees. While the total may sound like a lot of money, said Robert Reischauer, director of the CBO, only \$2.7 billion of it will drive up the deficit -- the rest comes from existing funds. "It's a substantial effort. It's real money. But looked at in the context of a \$1.4 trillion budget, it's not even spare change," he said.

(Jessica Lee, USA Today, 6A)

SENATOR URGES GREATER SPEED IN SENDING TROOPS TO DISASTER AREAS

The President should be able to send the military immediately to natural catastrophes without waiting for an invitation from a state governor, Sen. Bob Graham said Tuesday. Sen. Graham said he would introduce a bill to give the President greater authority and responsibility so troops can arrive at a disaster during "Hour 1 rather than Hour 101."

(Paul Tash, St. Petersburg Times)

BUSH HANDLING OF ANDREW RELIEF MAY BE ISSUE

MIAMI -- Hurricane Andrew looms as a major political issue in Florida, a crucial state for President Bush that was uncertain even before the storm. "There's a whole series of other issues, but the federal government's response will be an issue," Jeb Bush said Tuesday. He said he doesn't expect it to hurt the Republican ticket "as long as it's fairly covered."

(Dan Sewell, AP)

REBUILDING HURRICANE-HIT BASE IS CAPITAL CONTROVERSY

President Bush's call to rebuild Homestead Air Force Base quickly became the most controversial aspect of the aid request he sent to Capitol Hill Tuesday. "I'd like to invest in something Homestead needs, and not have it spend on a redundant base," said Rep. Schroeder. Sen. Mark Hatfield and Rep. Hefner expressed similar worries. The base narrowly escaped the knife last year when the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Commission considered cutbacks at bases around the country. It could easily show up on the next list compiled by the commission next year.

Some Democrats are fuming that Bush's pledge to keep open the base is an empty gesture to win votes in Florida.

"I just have a feeling he is going to let the commission put in the knife," Schroeder said. (David Dahl, St. Petersburg Times)

ANDREW'S SILVER LINING**Marilyn Quayle Praises Residents' Cooperative Spirit**

PATTERSON -- On a tour of hurricane-ravaged cites Tuesday, Marilyn Quayle found the storm's silver lining. "A good thing that came out of the hurricane in Louisiana is that everyone is working closely together," Quayle said on arriving here.

(Michael Tisserand and Ron Prichard, USA Today, 3A)

BUSH PLANS MAJOR ECONOMIC ADDRESS THURSDAY**\$10 Billion Request For Israeli Loan
Guarantees Sent To Congress, Jewish Group Told**

President Bush, in his fourth major attempt this year to convince voters he has a framework for remedying what he Tuesday lamented is an "anemic economy," plans to deliver a major economic address in Detroit Thursday.

The speech is being billed as the first substantive effort of the new White House team of aides led by James Baker. Two senior officials Tuesday described the speech as less a listing of new programs than an effort to describe an economic philosophy and game plan that would persuade voters the nation's economy would fare better in a second Bush term than it has in the first.

Bush, speaking to a convention of Jewish leaders, said Tuesday he has been "concerned" about the low "confidence factor" in the economy. "You have so much gloom and doom about the economy that people are scared," the President said to the B'nai B'rith International Convention here.... A new Washington Post/ABC News poll gave Bill Clinton a 20-point margin -- 54% to 34% -- when voters asked which candidate would be better able to deal with the economy.

(Ann Devroy, Washington Post, A16)

VOTE SLATED TODAY ON CONTROVERSIAL JUDICIAL NOMINEE

The Senate is scheduled to vote on the nomination of Edward Carnes to the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals Wednesday, ending an eight-month battle between opponents, who say confirmation would signal an endorsement of judicial bias against blacks, and Carnes's supporters, who say he is being unfairly smeared by foes who see the vote as a referendum on the death penalty.

(Lynne Duke, Washington Post, A19)

Bush's Choice For Atlanta Federal Appeals Court Faces Senate Battle

Until Edward Carnes, President Bush's court nominees have had an easy time. Senate confirmations have been remarkable for their lack of controversy....

"The most disturbing thing about Ed Carnes," said Sen. Bradley, "is that he does not seem to appreciate the importance of ensuring that racial discrimination not undermine our system of justice."

Sen. Hatch said that "the campaign against Carnes is simply an extension of the campaign against the death penalty."

In Tuesday's debate, Sen. Grassley mentioned Carnes' leadership in removing two state judges who engaged in racist conduct and other examples of his "unblemished" civil rights record.
(Glen Elsasser, Chicago Tribune)

MCAULIFFE NOMINATED

President Bush nominated the husband of Challenger explosion victim Christa McAuliffe, Steven McAuliffe, to be a U.S. district judge for New Hampshire.
("Nationline," USA Today, 3A)

BUSH GIVES VIRGINIA PRO-SCHOOL WELFARE WAIVER

President Bush announced Tuesday that he was waiving certain federal welfare rules to allow Virginia to test a new program that would link some welfare benefits to school attendance.

The program strives to break welfare dependency by making education a higher priority to families receiving government assistance.

"Education and job skills are necessary for any person to become a productive member of society," said Bush, who is partly basing his bid for re-election on a hard-nose attitude toward welfare reform.
(Reuter)

IMITATES ART

Jay Leno told his "Tonight Show" audience that George Bush "keeps comparing himself to Christopher Columbus, the explorer. Actually he should be comparing himself to 'Christopher Columbus,' the movie: It's a financial disaster, people laugh in the wrong places and nobody wants to see it run a second time."

("Inside the Beltway," Washington Times, A6)

WISCONSIN DEMOCRATS PICK FEINGOLD IN UPSET

Gregg Nominated in New Hampshire; Black Woman Assured Fla. House Seat

State Sen. Russell Feingold won Wisconsin's Democratic primary Tuesday. New Hampshire Gov. Gregg cruised to victory in a four-way Republican primary to replace retiring Sen. Rudman.

In a Florida race...state Sen. Carrie Meek won the Democratic nomination to the U.S. House. She faces no GOP opponent Nov. 3.

(AP, Washington Post, A14)

HOUSE POSTAL SHORTAGE QUIETLY PAID

Secret testimony before a task force that probed the House post office scandal reveals that in January 1991 senior House Democratic leaders paid \$1,580 to cover a shortage at the facility that was never disclosed.

The payment from a special Democratic "contingency fund" came three months before police were called in to probe widespread criminal allegations, including embezzlement and drug charges.

The \$1,580 shortage was among many in recent years paid from the contingency fund to prevent scandal within the House hierarchy, according to testimony and interviews with current and former federal officials.

The witnesses also said House post office problems such as embezzlement and rumors of drug use had gone on for years but went uncorrected because of patronage and politics, according to the testimony reviewed by the Washington Times.

"It was war," Robert Rota, the postmaster who was forced to resign, in recounting how he tried, but failed, to fire people, including two who admitted last year to embezzling thousands of dollars and selling cocaine

"I went to speaker after speaker about this, about there might have been some drugs or something," Rota testified. "Whatever I did, I felt I had no control. I couldn't do nothing anyways," Rota said.

(Paul Rodriguez, Washington Times, A1)

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INTERNATIONAL NEWS

DEMOCRATS SAY BUSH ENDANGERS TRADE PACT Politicking Alleged; Full Text Released

As the Administration made its first presentation of the new North American trade accord Tuesday, two influential Senate Democrats accused President Bush of playing politics with the free-trade agreement in a way that jeopardizes congressional ratification.

The attacks on Bush by Sens. Bentsen and Baucus underscored the political nature of the fight to get the trade pact ratified and the role of the trade issue in the presidential campaign.

In their opening statements, Bentsen and Baucus accused Bush of timing the conclusion of the NAFTA agreement to coincide with the Republican National Convention, even though important details remained to be negotiated, and then of trying to paint Bill Clinton as a protectionist for refusing to immediately endorse the deal.

(Stuart Auerbach, Washington Post, F1)

Bush Administration Opens Defense Of Free Trade Pact

Carla Hills Tuesday opened the Bush Administration's defense of its proposed NAFTA, saying the pact would benefit Americans in all states and in all jobs.

She told the Senate Finance Committee that when the talks with Mexico and Canada opened last year, President Bush promised an accord to benefit workers, farmers, consumers and exporters, and "he has delivered on that promise, and more."

Sen. Bentsen and others questioned the pact's job and environmental protections and accused the Administration of playing politics with the agreement....

Hills said that basic agreement was reached but lawyers needed until this weekend to "scrub" the 2,000-page text into proper legal language before they could send it to Congress....

Bentsen attacked Bush's announcement of a worker adjustment program without announcing how it would be paid for, saying "it's a cruel joke on those workers who will be hurt by the NAFTA who deserve a serious response from their government."

(Robert Trautman, Reuter)

White House Defends Trade Pact On Hill

The Administration Tuesday began its first formal defense on Capitol Hill of the proposed NAFTA, confronting a round of combative questioning from key Democrats opposed to the pact.

Sen. Baucus told Carla Hills he thinks the agreement was rushed to completion to give President Bush a trophy to take to the Republican convention.

Hills vigorously denied that politics played a role in the timing of the trade talks, explaining that the final push to complete them during the first two weeks in August was necessary to continue the momentum of agreements previously worked out.

(Anne Veigle, Washington Times, C1)

Bush Accused Of Politicizing Free Trade Agreement

President Bush was severely chastised Tuesday by the powerful chairman of the Senate Finance Committee for criticizing Bill Clinton's refusal to totally embrace the just-negotiated North American Free Trade Agreement.

"The President is deliberately trying to politicize this agreement," said Sen. Bentsen.

"It took the Administration 15 months to negotiate this agreement, and they now apparently expect Gov. Clinton to decide how he feels in 15 days," Bentsen said....

Neither Carla Hills...nor any Republican member of the panel defended Bush's criticism of Clinton's stance.

(Benjamin Shore, Copley)

BUSH DROPS SETTLEMENTS ISSUE FOR LOAN GUARANTEES TO ISRAEL

The Israeli loan-guarantees proposal that President Bush will send to Congress this week is a streamlined package free of demands concerning Jewish settlement in the occupied territories or other issues, Administration officials and other sources said Tuesday.

They said Bush will ask Congress for broad authority to dispense the guarantees and to determine himself whether Israel is living up to its promises to curb settlements.

A top White House official said Bush will ask Congress to approve Israel's full request for \$10 billion in guarantees over five years rather than a year-by-year allotment.

(Warren Strobel, Washington Times, A9)

U.S. SAYS IRAQ BURNING SHIITE VILLAGES IN SOUTH

Government troops are burning villages in southern Iraq as part of their campaign against Shiite dissidents hiding in the marshes, the U.S. charged Tuesday.

"They're burning some villages, and there...continues to be sporadic shelling," Pete Williams told reporters. (Reuter)

U.S. COOL TO REPORTS OF FRENCH PLANE SALE TO TAIWAN

The U.S., which last week decided to sell F-16 jet airplanes to Taiwan, Tuesday reacted coolly to Taiwan's reported plans to buy in addition Mirage fighters from France.

Asked about the report, Richard Boucher noted that President Bush "made it clear when he authorized the sale of F-16ABs that the U.S. was committed to providing solely defensive aircraft to Taiwan consistent with the Taiwan Relations Act."

"We believe that defensively configured F-16AB combat aircraft will meet Taiwan's defensive needs, and that in addition that they don't pose any threat to the stability of the area," he said.

Asked if that meant the U.S. thinks the provision of additional aircraft by other countries would be in excess of Taiwan's needs, Boucher said:

"That means that we think that the provisioning of these defensively configured (U.S.) aircraft does meet their needs. I'll stop at that." (Reuter)

ABANDON SHIP

Immigration officials took into custody 151 Chinese refugees who apparently paid about \$30,000 each to be smuggled into the U.S. The Coast Guard rescued the men after their fishing boat, which officials say was being used to smuggle them into the country, had engine trouble off the North Carolina coast.

("Nationline," USA Today, 3A)

ESCOBAR SUGGESTS HE MAY SURRENDER
Colombian Cocaine Trafficker Warns
The U.S. Against An Effort To Kidnap Him

BOGOTA -- Pablo Escobar...has said he will consider surrendering again after his July escape from his prison near Medellin, but warned that an attempt by the U.S. to abduct him would bring grave consequences.

In remarks published today in the newspaper El Nuevo Siglo, Escobar said he might turn himself in if the government insured his safety and provided a jail in his home state of Antioquia....

Asked about the possibility of being captured by the U.S., Escobar said, "The U.S. could expose itself to the kidnapping of its own citizens who could be exchanged for those abducted" by American agents.

(New York Times, A9)

U.S. APPLAUDS NICARAGUA APPOINTMENT

The U.S. Tuesday said the appointment of a new vice minister in Nicaragua to oversee the national police was a step in the right direction. Ronald Aviles, a civilian formerly associated with the U.S.-backed Contras, was named by President Chamorro as vice-minister of the interior with special responsibility for police matters. "We believe the naming of the new vice minister, whose full-time job is to direct the police, is a positive step towards improving police performance," Richard Boucher said. (Reuter)

SON-IN-LAW'S ADVICE TO CHAMORRO IS FOCUS OF MANAGUA AID CRISIS

MANAGUA -- ...Antonio Lacayo is the architect of the Chamorro government's most controversial policy -- working with the defeated Sandinistas, who are still the nation's single largest and best organized political force. That policy has led to a recent sharp cooling in the normally warm U.S. relations with Chamorro. She said Monday night that the U.S. has tried to impose "unacceptable" conditions for unfreezing \$104 million in U.S. aid. Tuesday, speaking to businessmen, she reiterated her unwillingness to bow to U.S. pressure to obtain the severely needed aid.

(Douglas Farah, Washington Post, A26)

TWO FRENCH SOLDIERS SLAIN IN BOSNIA
U.N. Chief Says He Will Support Air Cover For Relief Flights

SARAJEVO -- Heavy machine-gun fire raked a U.N. troop convoy near Sarajevo airport late Tuesday, killing two French soldiers and wounding at least two others, U.N. officials said. U.N. spokesman Yusuf Khalef said it was not immediately clear which of Bosnia's warring factions was responsible for the ambush.

(John Pomfret, Washington Post, A24)

-more-

BUSH POLICY ON HAITI

Arthur Ashe, Jonathan Demme and Katherine Dunham are among those set to appear today in front of the White House for an NAACP-sponsored protest against the Bush Administration's policy toward Haiti.
("We've Heard That," Washington Post, C3)

RUSSIA WANTS WORK ON CUBAN NUKE PLANT TO GO ON

MIAMI -- Russia would like construction of a Cuban nuclear plant to continue despite President Castro's announcement that work on the joint project would be halted for financial reasons, Russian Foreign Ministry spokesman Sergei Yastrzhembsky said Tuesday. The Juragua nuclear plant is on the agenda of a Russia diplomatic and military delegation that left Moscow for Havana on Tuesday to discuss the withdrawal of the Russian troops that remain on the island.
(Mimi Whitefield, Knight-Ridder)

**RUSSIA TO SPEED TROOP PULLOUT FROM LITHUANIA
Ex-Soviet Forces' Withdrawal Planned By Aug. 31, 1993**

MOSCOW -- Russia agreed Tuesday to withdraw its troops from Lithuania within one year, bowing to demands from the small Baltic state and the international community that it accelerate its previously announced schedule.

The defense ministers of the two nations agreed to a new deadline of Aug. 31, 1993. Presidents Yeltsin and Landsbergis failed, however, to sign a general agreement on troop withdrawal, causing Lithuania to view the defense ministers' pact with some caution.
(Fred Hiatt, Washington Post, A25)

MANDELA CALLS DE KLERK DECEITFUL

BISHO -- On a day of mourning and recrimination, Nelson Mandela Tuesday bitterly accused President de Klerk of deceiving him during an exchange of letters prior to a march here Monday in which 24 demonstrators were killed.

"While he was soliciting me to give my cooperation, he was preparing for war against the people," Mandela told a rally of 15,000 ANC supporters who gathered near the site of the massacre.

In Washington, Richard Boucher said the U.S. deplored "the excessive and unjustified use of lethal force against peaceful demonstrators." But while noting that Washington long has held the South African government "ultimately responsible for the actions of the homelands," Boucher said "it's also clear that those who prompted the demonstration should carefully reconsider further actions that distract from...negotiations, and actions that expose innocent supporters to violence."

(Paul Taylor, Washington Post, A23)

-End of A-Section-

NETWORK NEWS

(Tuesday evening, September 8)

HURRICANE/RELIEF

ABC's Peter Jennings: We begin tonight with what certainly looks like a simple agreement between President Bush and the Congress on how much the federal government should pay to put back together what Hurricane Andrew tore apart. Mr. Bush asked the Congress for more than \$7 billion today. And on Capitol Hill, there was no apparent opposition, except from the visiting governor of Florida. He says that's a billion short.

ABC's Brit Hume: The President and members of what he sometimes calls the gridlocked Congress were getting along just fine this morning, brought together by a burst of spending on Hurricane Andrew recovery.

(TV coverage: President Bush with congressional leaders.)

(President Bush: "We're asking for over \$7.6 billion in budgetary resources to pay for everything from temporary shelters to guaranteed loans for new homes.")

The Pentagon says it will also need another billion to cover its hurricane work. That adds up to a lot of money, much of which will simply be added to the deficit everybody says they want to reduce. But as one Democratic senator explained, the money will cover a lot of things.

(Sen. Johnston: "There'll be some aid to farmers, there's aid for the infrastructure, there'll be loans for people in business.") Florida's governor, meanwhile, was making the rounds on Capitol Hill to say that the money wouldn't cover enough things -- short, he said, by as much as half. For example --

(Gov. Chiles: "We think probably the funds are too low in the small-business loan guarantee. We have virtually wiped out all of the economic base and the jobs for there, so it doesn't help a lot to build a house for someone if they don't have a job.")

People in south Florida might disagree with that, preferring to get their houses rebuilt, job or no job. But Chiles is just trying to get the most he can for his state. And it's not his job, after all, to worry about the federal deficit. That's the job of the President and Congress, and today they didn't seem worried about it at all.

(ABC-Lead)

CBS's Dan Rather: President Bush made it official today. He has asked the Congress for \$7.5 billion in hurricane and typhoon relief for Florida, Louisiana and Guam. Gov. Chiles says that's not nearly enough. Chiles said Florida alone needs up to \$9 billion in help from its fellow Americans.

(CBS-4)

CAMPAIGN/POLL/BUSH

Jennings reports that according to the latest **ABC News-Washington Post Poll**, President Bush has cut into Gov. Clinton's lead. Among people who say they are likely to vote, 53 percent say they are for Clinton, 41 percent for Bush. A week ago, Clinton had a 20-point lead.

(ABC-5)

-more-

NBC's Tom Brokaw: President Bush today opened the federal wallet again, and he came up with a new pitch for an important group of American voters.

NBC's John Cochran: The President was not officially on the campaign trail today, but a president can do a lot for himself just by staying here. A Bush campaign aide has said the best politics is helping others, and today Bush asked Congress for \$7.6 billion dollars to aid the victims of Hurricane Andrew.

(TV coverage: President Bush meeting with congressional leaders.)

(**President Bush:** "It's a large financial burden, but the personal and human need is even more staggering.")

The President said the aid will exceed the federal budget, but no one who has seen the devastation of Andrew will criticize Bush for easing the burden of the homeless and hungry. Bush has been in a generous mood lately, dispensing \$1 billion in export subsidies to wheat farmers. Only much later did his aides admit that what Bush was giving would be more than offset by reductions in other farm programs. Appearing before aircraft workers, Bush won cheers when he announced he was reversing a 10-year policy by permitting sales of F-16 fighter jets to Taiwan.

(TV coverage: President Bush speaking to farmers, shaking hands in North Dakota; speaking to General Dynamics workers, with cheers and waving flags.)

Bush is also on the verge of approving the sale of 72 F-15 jets to Saudi Arabia. That's popular with aircraft workers in St. Louis, not popular at all with supporters of Israel. Today, Bush told the B'nai B'rith convention he hasn't made a final decision, but Bill Clinton has.

(TV coverage: President Bush greeting B'nai B'rith leaders.)

(**President Bush:** "My opponent the other day in St. Louis, the big headline said that he supported the sale.")

The Jewish audience felt Bush supports the sale to the Saudis, too.

(**Michael Neidich, B'nai B'rith:** "But I think he's further along in the decision-making process than he was able to speak about today.")

Bush tried his best to mend fences with pro-Israel supporters by saying he will fight for the \$10 billion in loan guarantees that he delayed last year.

(**Susan Portnoff, B'nai B'rith:** "I think he definitely was trying to get the Jewish vote this morning.")

(**Ken Friedman, B'nai B'rith:** "I didn't think the speech went as far as I thought it could have.")

Another B'nai B'rith supporter said he accepts President Bush's apologies for his past difficulties with Jewish voters. That B'nai B'rith member said he understands it's been a bad year for George Bush. No one has to explain that to the President. That's why he, like other presidents who have run into trouble, has been forced to offer goodies, or at the very least, apologies. (NBC-2)

CAMPAIGN/CLINTON

Jennings reports President Bush today accused Gov. Clinton of waffling on important issues. Speaking to a Jewish organization, the President said if Clinton had been president, Saddam Hussein might still be in Kuwait and Israel would be trapped.

(TV coverage: President Bush shaking hands with Jewish leaders; crowd applauding.)

(ABC-6)

Jennings reports Clinton today said government must take a more active role in the economy. That would include, he said, an end to tax incentives that encourage companies to shut down plants and move jobs abroad. (ABC-7)

Brokaw: To hear Bill Clinton and George Bush today, you'd never know that this country is more than \$300 billion dollars in the red. Today, they were promising big money for key groups of voters.

NBC's Andrea Mitchell reports Clinton tried to screen out everything but the economy today, the issue that he believes can carry him to the White House. At a packaging plant in Connecticut, Clinton detailed a five-year plan to restore the nation's lost manufacturing jobs.

(TV coverage: Clinton greeting applauding workers.)

(Clinton: "When our people moved out of automobiles, they moved into the unemployment line, and then by and large, out of manufacturing because we did not have a strategy to maintain a constant effort to turn new ideas into new manufacturing jobs in the United States.")

Clinton's plan: 150 manufacturing-extension centers, permanent tax incentives for long-term investment, a national program to boost exports.

(Clinton: "I'm sick and tired of seeing the American people work harder than people in other countries and get less for it because they've got a dumb government policy. And we're going to change it if you give me a chance to do it." [Applause].)

His ideas went over well with blue-collar workers in hard-pressed Connecticut. But how would he pay for all this? Clinton said his proposals would cost \$2.5 billion a year.

(Clinton, to reporters: "Out of defense, out of the past raising of taxes on the top 3 percent of the American people and out of the other budget cuts we would recommend.")

Aside from saying he saved money from defense and government overhead, Clinton has been vague about specific budget cuts. Republicans charge he cannot be trusted to deliver on all his promises. Clinton's strategy is to turn that charge back on Bush.

(TV coverage: Clinton shaking hands with voters.)

(Paul Begala, Clinton adviser: "You bet this election is about trust. It's about who we can trust to run the economy for the middle class again. We'll win that debate.")

Since Clinton's strength in the polls is the economy, Republicans keep trying to change the subject, bringing up his draft record.

(Vice President Quayle: "Every day, there's a new question raised, there's a new story, a new angle. And Bill Clinton simply has not told all the facts.")

Clinton has been noticeably annoyed by questions about the draft issue. His advisers call it a diversion. It's certainly not part of their game plan, which is to keep talking about jobs.

(NBC-Lead)

Rather: Eight weeks to go now until the presidential election. Gov. Bill Clinton has begun personally hitting back against Bush-Quayle personal attacks on the trust issue.

CBS's Eric Engberg reports Clinton, who hit this week with embarrassing new questions about avoiding the military draft, tried to play journalism professor. The press had missed the big story, he asserted: new evidence that Bush had lied about Iran-Contra. (Clinton, Monday: "Which, if true, would call into question not only the President's veracity, but his support for illegal conduct, which you all don't even ask him about.")

Long-simmering questions about whether Bush told the truth have faded, but the Democrats hope to fan them into an election-year bonfire.

(TV coverage: President Bush in Cabinet Room meeting; picture of Washington Post headline, story and photo of Bush.)

Contrary to Clinton's assertion, reporters did question Bush on the Shultz memo.

(President Bush: "And I've told very openly everything I have to say about it. I don't know about that memo. And I find nothing -- I see no reason to contradict myself at all. I think what I've done is give the facts as I've seen them.")

David Broder clearly remembers asking Bush on three occasions whether he was aware of the strong objections from George Shultz and Weinberger, and three times Bush said he was not. (CBS-5)

CAMPAIGN/QUAYLE/TAX CLAIMS

Jennings reports Vice President Quayle went after the Democrats today on the subject of taxes. President Bush, Quayle said, has admitted he made a mistake in raising taxes two years ago. Why don't the Democrats like Sen. Gore, he said, say it as well. The Republicans are doing everything they can to portray the Democrats as the party that would raise taxes.

ABC's Jeff Greenfield reports campaigns are not supposed to be exercises in objectivity. But even in politics, some facts are more suspect than others.

(President Bush: "Who do you trust in this election -- the candidate who's raised taxes one time and regrets it, or the other candidate who raised taxes and fees 128 times and enjoyed it every time?" [Loud applause])

Every independent examination of that statistic has called the Bush numbers misleading, distorted or false. But the real issue isn't the laundry list of tax and fee hikes. The Clinton campaign's very different analysis counts 127 increases during Clinton's governorship.

(TV coverage: Clinton greeting legislators in Arkansas.)

The question is how that list was used, because if you apply the Bush campaign's method of counting to the President's own record on taxes and fees, then Bush didn't raise taxes one time, as he claims, but more than 70 times. Indeed, by some counts, hundreds of times.

(TV coverage: President Bush at campaign appearance, signing bill, greeting voters at campaign stop.)

Bush campaign officials admitted they couldn't defend the substance of their numbers. But what raised eyebrows was when they said they were using it because "it works."

(Quayle: "I don't care whether it's a 128 times or 127 times or a 110 times or 150 times. He's already told the American people that the first thing that he's going to do as president is to raise your taxes.")

Greenfield continues:

All of which raises this basic question: Should a campaign continue to use information it knows to be misleading simply because it also believes it is politically effective? (ABC-9)

CAMPAIGN/TRUMAN COMPARISONS

CBS's Mark Phillips reports the casual voter might be forgiven for being a little confused this year. It's not as if the candidates couldn't find enough of substance to argue about. But the candidates are arguing about a half-forgotten president from a half-forgotten time.

(President Bush: "Harry Truman never flinched.")

(Clinton: "Harry Truman had a sign on his desk.")

(TV coverage: President Bush speaking, Clinton greeting voters.)

(Clinton: "I will do what Harry Truman did.")

(President Bush: "I am going to do what Harry Truman did.")

And what would Harry Truman do today about his reborn popularity?

(David McCullough, biographer: "Never try to be anything but Harry Truman. And anyone who tries to imitate him is therefore missing the point.")

(TV coverage: President Bush with baby, with family, on boat, greeting voters; Clinton at campaign stops.)

The point for George Bush seems to be that Harry Truman won in 1948 against all odds and despite the fact that Bush voted against him. As Truman did, Bush is campaigning against a do-nothing Congress. But that's where the comparisons end.

(Stephen Hess, historian: "The Greenwich, Yale, patrician, eastern George Bush is simply in no way the Missouri, machine politics, self-educated Harry Truman. The personalities were different, the politics were different, times were different.")

And the comparison doesn't work very well for Clinton, either. In fact, earlier he preferred the Kennedy image.

(Frank Mankiewicz, former Kennedy aide: "New figure, new generation, emerging people in politics -- that's all there.")

(Reporter: "Clinton-Kennedy, is it there?"

Hess: "No, I don't see any parallels there. There's one, but not for a family show.")

Just for the record, this reaching back for the aura of presidents past is nothing new. If today's candidates are going to look to the future by claiming the legacy of the past, they're being offered some advice.

(McCullough: "If they emulate Truman by speaking the truth, then I think it's wonderful that they're taking inspiration from Harry Truman. If they go out and try to say, 'Look at me, I'm Harry Truman,' well, that's absurd.")

(TV coverage: President and Mrs. Bush with Quayles on caboose at Houston rally.)

Politics of the absurd may not come as much of a shock to an increasingly cynical electorate. Here are two candidates reaching for stature out of the past, perhaps because they feel the lack of it in the present.

(CBS-6)

SOUTH AFRICA/MASSACRE

ABC's John Laurence reports the ruling national party called ANC leaders hardliners hooked on the communist shortcut of trying to seize power by force. The ANC was no kinder, with Nelson Mandela answering charges by the government that the ANC provoked the Ciskei massacre by threatening to occupy the territory.

(CBS-9, NBC-10, ABC-13)

BOSNIA-HERCEGOVINA

Jennings reports two French soldiers serving with the U.N. force were killed and two others were wounded when their convoy came under a steady attack from machine guns. It is not clear who did the shooting.

(CBS-8, ABC-14)

HEART ATTACKS/IRON

Rather: A new medical study has a lot of people wondering about their health and what they eat. This study links high levels of iron to heart attacks.

(CBS-Lead)

-end of B-Section-

EDITORIALS/COLUMNISTS

HURRICANE ANDREW

In Florida, The Cavalry Was Late -- "It appears the federal government -- and perhaps state and local officials -- were caught flat-footed.... The Pentagon, which has skillfully provided disaster relief abroad, looked rudderless last week in the absence of Secretary Cheney.... FEMA seemed completely out of its depth. The White House seemed distracted, and will have to suffer the obvious comparisons between Operation Desert Storm and its response to the Florida storm. There was little excuse for the confusion. Emergency officials knew for days that Andrew might be a monster storm. They had time to prepare. There are no excuses for the delays in relief efforts after the storm hit."

(Hartford Courant, 9/1)

Hurricane George Visits South Florida -- "Federal loans, food, temporary shelter are all legitimate -- never mind that this is an election year with an incumbent in the White House. Does that fact justify the clearly political decision by Mr. Bush to override the professional advice of Pentagon analysts and to promise to rebuild Homestead Air Force Base? Not at all -- unless Mr. Bush is willing to say publicly that reconstructing Homestead is a little like paying people to dig holes and then to fill them up.... The people of south-central Los Angeles must be wondering why Mr. Bush couldn't find it in his political horoscope to make similar efforts on their behalf."

(St. Louis Post-Dispatch, 9/4)

Bush To Rescue After The Blow -- "We should be able to do a better job helping victims of disasters in this country than we can those a half a world away. So Bush stepped in. He dispatched troops, equipment, supplies, food and water to the hurricane-ravaged region. As important, he sent Secretary Card to oversee the operation and report back to the White House. The agonies of Hurricane Andrew would seem to offer more evidence of serious problems within FEMA.... Bush is to be commended for taking this disaster situation in hand. Now we'd like to see him turn that same decisiveness on FEMA, where it appears a massive cleanup operation may also be called for."

(Seattle Post-Intelligencer, 8/29)

Be Generous, Mr. Bush -- "Amidst the partisan bickering over whether the Republican president of Florida's Democratic governor failed to use their separate powers quickly and adequately enough, one crucial item begs for consensus. It's this: President Bush must grant Gov. Chiles' request for full federal payment of emergency expenditures.... The need in Dade County is too great to do otherwise, period.... We're trying to cope with the nation's worst natural disaster. Dade County's extraordinary depth of need requires an extraordinary response. President Bush immediately should grant Gov. Chiles' request for full federal reimbursement of costs."

(Miami Herald, 8/31)

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FOREIGN MEDIA REACTION

TAIWAN/F-16 SALE

"Bush Decision Seriously Harms Sino-U.S. Relations" -- This perverse decision completely violates the spirit of Sino-U.S. joint communique of 1982 and seriously jeopardizes Sino-U.S. relations.... The U.S. has no right to make irresponsible remarks on China's totally appropriate measures for strengthening its national defense.
(People's Daily, China)

"Detente In Europe, Tension In Asia" -- Washington's decision clearly violates the U.S.-China Declaration, suggesting that relations between the two countries will very likely deteriorate. More importantly, China's angry reaction could touch off an arms expansion spiral that could envelop the whole of East Asia.
(Mainichi, Japan)

"Licking One's Chops" -- The arms sale represents the politics of "licking one's chops," as it goes against the communique when Bush was vice president.... There must be a broader strategic reason behind the U.S. action; with the U.S.S.R.'s downfall, China is now the strongest hardline left-wing country.... Sooner or later, an arms race involving China and Taiwan will lead to problems in regional security.
(Media Indonesia, Indonesia)

"Bush Overissues Goodwill Pledges" -- President Bush is now adopting a series of voter-pleasing measures.... Bush's reversed stands, in defiance of international criticism, may be designed to stave off the criticism that he ignores domestic problems. We get the impression that Baker's campaign strategy for Mr. Bush has been put in gear.
(Hankyoreh Shinmun, South Korea)

"An End To Constructive Engagement" -- This job-saving order for GD threatens to undermine Mr. Bush's bold and sensible approach of constructive engagement towards China.... It would be better to enlist the cooperation of the widest range of regional powers including China, rather than sow the seeds of possible confrontation. It is difficult to see how selling fighters to Taiwan fits in with this approach.
(Financial Times, Great Britain)

"Sound Reasons For Sale" -- It is difficult not to see the President's decision as a desperate bid to win votes. Nevertheless, there are sound strategic reasons for selling advanced fighters to Taiwan.... As the Chinese seek to fill a power vacuum left by the ending of the Cold War, there is a good case for creating regional counterbalances. Whatever Mr. Bush's immediate electoral needs, the sale is a step in that direction.
(Daily Telegraph, Great Britain)

"Weapons For Taiwan" -- So what's the use of the fighter aircraft? Is Bush willing to risk new tensions in the Far East for a cheap election campaign promise?... Beijing knows now that Washington's policy is determined by narrow interests.
(Frankfurter Rundschau, Germany)

-end of News Summary-

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

REVISED

September 8, 1992

RADIO INTERVIEW WITH WWDB-FM RADIO IN PHILADELPHIA, PA.

DATE: Wednesday, September 9, 1992
TIME: 7:33 - 7:38 a.m.
LOCATION: Oval Office
FROM: MARLIN FITZWATER *Matalin*

I. PURPOSE/BACKGROUND

Your interview with Paul W. Smith of WWDB Radio in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania will provide a forum for you to address issues of concern to voters in the electorally important tri-state area.

WWDB-FM, a CBS affiliate, is the leading talk radio station in Philadelphia and reaches into markets in both New Jersey and Delaware.

The questions for the interview will focus primarily on education, the economy, media coverage of the election, health care, and your vision for the next four years.

This interview was recommended by Senator Specter's office, the Republican state office and the local Bush-Quayle office. Paul W. Smith (who goes by Paul W.) is a conservative talk show host who has conducted recent interviews with Mrs. Bush, Mary Matalin and Torie Clark. The last time you visited Philadelphia you met Paul W. Smith at a Weed and Seed event and told Mr. Smith that you would "make an effort" for an interview with him the next time you visited Philadelphia. Mr. Clinton recently appeared on the Paul W. Smith Show. In addition, Mrs. Bush's "Storytime" airs on the station.

II. PARTICIPANTS

The President
Marlin Fitzwater
Paul W. Smith (in studio host)

III. PRESS PLAN

White House Photographer

IV. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

The call will be placed by Signal into the studio. You will pick up the phone at 7:33 a.m. and speak to Host, Paul W. Smith. The interview will last approximately five minutes.

V. REMARKS

Questions and answers will be provided by Torie Clarke's office at the Campaign.

POSSIBLE Q&A FOR THE INTERVIEW

EDUCATION

Question: I know you will be in Philadelphia today to highlight the importance of education. What do your education proposals include?

Answer:

- o As you know, I launched "America 2000" in Pennsylvania, and now governors in more than 40 states have embraced its goals to revolutionize the way we educate our kids:
 - create "break-the-mold" schools
 - help teachers create higher standards in math, science, English, history, and geography
 - give teachers in different communities more flexibility; get the government off their backs.
- o My GI Bill for Kids would give parents the means to send their children to whatever kind of school they want -- public, private or religious. That will help parents, kids, and it will make all schools better.

ECONOMY

Question: What proposals do you have to help stimulate the national economy and how do your initiatives differ from Governor Clinton's?

Answer:

- o I have a number of proposals to help reduce the deficit and stimulate the economy. What's important is the fundamental difference between my approach and Governor Clinton's: I want to cut taxes and reduce federal spending while Clinton has promised to raise taxes and raise spending. My specific proposals include:
 - an across-the-board tax cut so people can keep more of what they make;
 - a veto of any spending bill that exceeds my budget requests;
 - a cap on non-social security entitlement spending;
 - a check-off so taxpayers can deduct 10 percent of their payments to reduction on the national debt;
 - a line-item veto and balanced budget amendment.
- o The Clinton plan will hurt every region of the country, including there in Pennsylvania, by raising taxes, creating mandates on businesses and slashing defense. His specific proposals include:
 - \$150 billion in new taxes;
 - \$220 billion in new federal spending;
 - 2.6 million jobs lost --

1,000,000	Additional tax cuts
700,000	Pay or play health care
300,000	Business tax increases
300,000	1.5% payroll tax
300,000	Tougher CAFE standards

CONGRESS

Question: There is frustration about the gridlock that exists in Washington today -- do you feel the Democrats in Congress have been fair in the proposals you've proposed to speed our economic recovery?

Answer:

- o The problem has been, and I think most people recognize this, that the Congress has not been willing to think new thoughts. One institution has not changed in 38 years, the Democrat control of Congress. And so it's got to change, and I think it will.
- Now I know Americans are tired of the blame game and the gridlock that exists in Washington today. I don't like it either. But the truth is the truth. Our policies have not failed, they haven't even been tried.
- I have had legislation before Congress that the liberal, Democrat majority has failed to act on, and that has stymied our national growth. This includes:
 - o Enterprise Zone/Job Creation initiative submitted to Congress 561 days ago;
 - o National Energy Strategy -- 554 days;
 - o Line Item Veto -- 502 days;
 - o America 2000 -- 475 days;
 - o Economic Growth Package -- 223 days.

MEDIA

Question: Do you feel the media has been fair in their coverage this campaign season?

Answer:

- o I'll leave it to others to judge the media, but I often feel that there is good news out there and it is not covered by the national media.
- o I would let the American people be the judge as to whether the press coverage has been fair or not. What I am going to try to do is get my message out to the people unfiltered -- then you don't have to worry about someone that comes on the television telling the American people what they just heard. They're smart enough to know what they heard.

HEALTH CARE

Question: Health care is a very important issue to all Americans today. What is your health care plan and in what areas do you disagree with Governor Clinton's proposals?

Answer:

- o I have a comprehensive health care plan that expands health care coverage, controls costs, and improves quality -- without raising taxes. My plan for health care reform will make quality care accessible by making it affordable. My health care plan will:
 - provide secure coverage to all Americans, including workers between jobs and those Americans who can least afford it;
 - make insurance more affordable -- over 95 million Americans will benefit from tax credits and deductions to offset health insurance costs;
 - cut rising health care costs by reducing red tape and limiting out-of-control malpractice suits;
 - allow doctors -- not federal bureaucrats -- to choose their own doctor.
- o My opponent's health care plan, however, will cost the American people not only money and jobs, but also quality care and personal choice which they would forfeit to government bureaucrats. Governor Clinton's pay-or-play health care plan will:
 - limit Americans' ability to choose their own doctors and involve faceless bureaucrats in this very personal decision;
 - raise taxes by \$80 billion, increase spending by almost \$200 billion over four years;
 - increase each American worker's taxes an average of \$1,700 a year. For many workers, it will be even more expensive;
 - throw 700,000 Americans out of work, and put 9 million more jobs at risk;

AGENDA FOR THE FUTURE

Question: Please tell the people here in Philadelphia, Mr. President, why they should vote for you -- what is your vision over the next four years?

Answer:

- o The challenge before the country today is to win the economic competition and to win the peace. To do this we must:

- be a military superpower, an economic superpower, and an export superpower;
 - in this election, you'll hear two versions of how to do this. Theirs is to look inward, and protect what we already have. Ours is to look forward -- to open new markets, prepare our people to compete, to restore our social fabric, to save and invest -- so we can win.
- o I have an aggressive agenda for economic growth and reforms that will build a better America. My vision for the 1990's, if enacted by Congress, will:
- increase the economic and personal security of individuals and families;
 - increase our nation's competitiveness;
 - reform our education, health care, legal and banking systems, as well as reform government itself;
- o My proposals in all of these areas are animated by the principle of empowering people, not bureaucrats -- fostering individual freedom over government control.

Drafted by: Matthew DeCamara (x7099)

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

DATE: 9/9

TO: The President

FROM: ROSE ZAMARIA
Deputy Assistant to the President

Per Kathy Super, they have DeAngelis
in the holding room at the High School,
Norristown.

RZ

9:00 A.M. WIRES

American CIA Chief to Visit Moscow

MOSCOW (AP) Robert Gates, the U.S. CIA director, will visit Moscow soon to discuss cooperation with Russia's Foreign Intelligence Service, a Russian lawmaker said today.

In the past, the only cooperation between the CIA and the corresponding department in the former Soviet KGB was the exchange of information about international terrorism and drug smuggling.

Sergei Stepashin, chairman of the legislative committee for defense and security, said Gates would arrive "in the near future and will bring along a number of specific proposals related to possible cooperation between our foreign intelligence service and the Central Intelligence Agency."

Stepashin did not say when Gates would arrive or provide details about possible joint projects.

Following the demise of the Soviet Union in December, the KGB was divided into several separate entities, one of which carries out foreign intelligence operations and is directed by Yevgeny Primakov, a former adviser to Soviet president Mikhail Gorbachev.

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WHITE HOUSE GIFT UNIT

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LOGGED 920728 ARRIVAL 920727 PRESENT 920727
ARRIVAL FORM O OTHERDONOR V VIP
PREF SR. DON
NAME VICENTE CEBRIAN, CONDE DE CREIXELLTITLE (OWNER)
ORG BODEGA MARQUES DE MURRIETA, S.A.ADDR CARRETERA LOGRONO/ZARAGOZA KM 5
APARTADO 109
26080 LOGRONOCITY LA RIOJA
CNTRY SPA SPAIN

SALUT DEAR MR. CEBRIAN

ACKNOWLEDGE BY GB FORM DFT DATE 920807

INTEND P PRESIDENT

CATEGORY 0701
CONSUMABLES - BEVERAGEDESCRIP WINE IN LEATHER CARRIER. ON BOTTLE: "MARQUES DE MURRIETA
YGAY, RIOJA, DENOMINACION DE ORIGEN CALIFICADA, 13% VOL.,
75CL. E... EMBOTELLADO EN ORIGEN... RESERVA 1988". THE WINE
WAS "PREPARED IN HONOR OF... ELECTION AS PRESIDENT IN 1988"
FOR MR. BUSH AND PRESENTED TO AMBASSADOR CAPEN, WHO STATES THAT
IT COMES FROM "ONE OF EUROPE'S MOST FAMOUS VINEYARDS."

VALUE 000080

APPR WINE:\$15. PER PEARSON'S, D.C.; CASE:\$65. PER CAMALIER & BUCKLEY,D.C.

DISP PR PRESIDENT TO KEEP PERSONALLY
REMARK GIFT SENT TO ROBIN MCLEAN FOR POTUS; OK'S PER USSS, 8/26/92.COMMENT GIFT REC'D THRU R. G. CAPEN, JR., AMER. AMBASSDOR TO SPAIN, AND
FORWARDED BY STATE PROTOCOL VIA MAIL. PHOTO OF DONOR'S PREVIOUS
GIFT OF WINES TO PRES. ENCLOSED.

TOTVALU 0000080 GIFTS A

*gone
To Gen**Scowcroft
9/8/92*

NOTICE

All consumables addressed to the President, Vice President, or other Secret Service protectees which are received in the White House Mail Reception Unit are routinely destroyed upon the advice of the Secret Service. This is true of both food and cosmetics.

Regardless of the integrity or reputation of the donors of the consumables, it is the Secret Service position that any item addressed to a protectee is subject to the possibility of contamination between the point of origin and destination. The manner of contamination could be obvious or quite subtle. The subtle methods include chemical, biological, or radiological methods which can only be detected by a lengthy laboratory analysis which destroys the consumable.

Accordingly, the position of the Secret Service remains as previously stated: all consumables addressed to protectees of this Service should be destroyed. They should not be used or consumed by any other person.

Any person who insists upon accepting, consuming, or using any item addressed to a protectee is hereby notified that he does so at his own risk and against the advice of the Secret Service. Under no circumstances should these regulations be circumvented to permit any of these items to reach a protectee.

Special Agent in Charge
Technical Security Division

This is to certify that I have read the above.

one bottle Spanish wine
Item: in leather holder

Signed: Charles M. Free, Jr.
Date: 8-26-92 Time: 3:50

VFW HALL EVENT
MIDDLETOWN, NEW JERSEY
SEPTEMBER 9, 1992
2:35 P.M.

02 SEP 9 08:59

THANK YOU, TOM ((KEAN)), AND HELLO, EVERYONE. I'M
DELIGHTED TO BE BACK IN NEW JERSEY.

I WAS NOT FAR FROM HERE ALMOST EXACTLY FOUR YEARS
AGO TO THE DAY. I WAS CAMPAIGNING FOR THE PRESIDENCY,
AND OUR WORLD WAS A VERY DIFFERENT PLACE... LARGELY
BECAUSE OF ONE UNDENIABLE FACT:

A NUCLEAR SWORD OF DAMOCLES HUNG OVER OUR
CHILDREN'S HEADS.

WELL, TODAY, I RETURN TO THIS BEAUTIFUL GARDEN
STATE TO SAY SOMETHING NO PRESIDENT COULD EVER SAY
BEFORE: THE COLD WAR IS OVER. AND FREEDOM FINISHED
FIRST.//

THANKS TO THE SUSTAINED EFFORT OF BRAVE MEN AND
WOMEN LIKE THE VETERANS HERE TODAY... NOW OUR KIDS CAN
GO TO SLEEP WITHOUT NUCLEAR HOLOCAUST HAUNTING THEIR
DREAMS.

THANKS TO FOLKS LIKE VETERAN BILL DENNISSON, WHO'S 82 AND CAME HERE TODAY JUST TO HEAR A YOUNG WHIPPERSNAPPER LIKE ME.

DOES OUR CHILDREN'S PEACE OF MIND MEAN ANYTHING?

YOU BET IT DOES. WE SHOULD BE PROUD TO HAVE MADE IT HAPPEN.

NOW, AMERICA'S CHALLENGE IS STRAIGHTFORWARD.

IN THE 21ST CENTURY, AMERICA MUST BE A MILITARY SUPERPOWER, AN EXPORT SUPERPOWER AND AN ECONOMIC SUPERPOWER //

IN THIS ELECTION, YOU'LL HEAR TWO VERSIONS OF HOW TO DO THAT. THEIRS IS TO LOOK INWARD, AND TRY TO PROTECT WHAT WE ALREADY HAVE. OURS IS TO LOOK OUTWARD -- TO OPEN NEW MARKETS, TO PREPARE OUR PEOPLE TO COMPETE, TO STRENGTHEN OUR SOCIAL FABRIC -- TO SAVE AND INVEST -- SO WE CAN WIN.

MY AGENDA STARTS WITH A COMMITMENT TO TRADE, BY OPENING WORLD MARKETS TO THE FRUITS OF AMERICAN LABOR. NO MATTER WHAT MY OPPONENT SAYS, AMERICAN WORKERS CAN STILL OUTWORK AND OUT-THINK AND OUT-CREATE ANYBODY IN THE WORLD.//

AND NEW JERSEY KNOWS WHAT THAT'S WORTH -- BETTER THAN JUST ABOUT ANYONE. IN THIS STATE ALONE, MORE THAN A QUARTER-MILLION JOBS ARE TIED TO FOREIGN INVESTMENT AND MILLIONS MORE TO EXPORTS.

UNDERSTANDING THE REALITY OF THE GLOBAL ECONOMY LED ME TO NEGOTIATE THE NORTH AMERICAN FREE TRADE AGREEMENT.

NAFTA WILL CREATE THE WORLD'S LARGEST FREE-TRADE ZONE -- A \$6 TRILLION MARKET, FROM THE YUKON TO THE YUCATAN -- AND WILL CREATE 300,000 AMERICAN JOBS -- THAT'S JUST IN THE SHORT TERM.// MY OPPONENT USED TO SUPPORT IT. NOW HE SAYS, "I'M REVIEWING IT CAREFULLY; WHEN I HAVE A DEFINITIVE OPINION I WILL SAY SO."

WELL, WALTER LIPPMANN SAID LEADERSHIP MEANS
GUARDING, AND I QUOTE, "A NATION'S IDEALS." AND PETER
DRUCKER SAID, QUOTE, "LEADERSHIP IS ACTION."

BUT YOU KNOW... NOWHERE HAVE I SEEN LEADERSHIP
DEFINED AS -- "HEY -- I'LL GET BACK TO YOU LATER."//

THERE'S A CLEAR CHOICE WHEN IT COMES TO GETTING
THE ECONOMY GOING AGAIN, TOO.

I SPENT HALF MY CAREER IN THE PUBLIC SECTOR, AND
HALF IN THE PRIVATE SECTOR... RUNNING A SMALL BUSINESS
-- AND I HAD THE ULCERS TO PROVE IT. I THINK MEETING A
PAYROLL IS A PRETTY GOOD QUALIFICATION FOR BEING
PRESIDENT.//

AND WHAT I LEARNED AS A BUSINESSMAN IS THAT IT'S
AS PLAIN AS DAY THAT HIGHER TAXES DON'T CREATE JOBS.
THEY DESTROY JOBS.

I BELIEVE THAT GOVERNMENT IS ALREADY TOO BIG --
AND SPENDS TOO MUCH OF YOUR MONEY.//

THAT'S WHY I'VE PROPOSED FREEZING DISCRETIONARY
SPENDING, AND A PLAN TO CAP THE GROWTH OF MANDATORY
SPENDING WITHOUT TOUCHING SOCIAL SECURITY. THAT CAP
WOULD SAVE ALMOST \$300 BILLION OVER FIVE YEARS.

SO FAR, CONGRESS HAS BALKED AT MAKING THESE TOUGH
CHOICES. I WANT TO GIVE YOU -- THE TAXPAYER -- THE
OPTION OF TAKING TEN PERCENT OF YOUR INCOME TAX -- AND
USING IT FOR ONE PURPOSE ALONE... TO REDUCE THE BUDGET
DEFICIT.// LET'S GET THE CRUSHING WEIGHT OF DEBT OFF
OUR KIDS' BACKS.//

AND THEN I'LL TAKE THE SAVINGS AND CUT TAXES --
ACROSS THE BOARD. I'VE ALREADY VETOED ONE DEMOCRATIC
TAX INCREASE, AND I'LL VETO ANOTHER IF I HAVE TO.
(I'VE GOT MY PEN RIGHT HERE.)//

NOW... WHAT ABOUT MY OPPONENT?

WELL, HE'S BEEN IN THE PUBLIC SECTOR PRACTICALLY ALL HIS PROFESSIONAL LIFE. HE CAUGHT THE BUG DURING HIS WORK ON THE MCGOVERN CAMPAIGN, AND HE'S BEEN AT IT EVER SINCE.

IN FACT, HE'S EITHER BEEN IN PUBLIC OFFICE -- OR TRYING TO GET INTO PUBLIC OFFICE -- EVER SINCE HE WAS 27 YEARS OLD.

AND JUST YESTERDAY, GOVERNOR CLINTON SAID, "NO GOVERNMENT CAN EVER REPLACE THE MARKETPLACE." HE SOUNDS LIKE HE RESPECTS AND UNDERSTANDS THE SMALL BUSINESSPERSON. WELL... THAT'S LIKE A GUY SAYING HE LOVES TO SAIL, BUT HE'S NEVER SEEN THE WATER.//

AND IT'S REFLECTED IN HIS POLICIES.

LAST WEEK WHEN TOM BROKAW INTERVIEWED HIM, THE FIRST WORDS OUT OF MY OPPONENT'S MOUTH WERE "I ADVOCATE A TAX INCREASE."

SPECIFICALLY, HE MEANS \$150 BILLION -- JUST FOR STARTERS. AND HE PROPOSES \$220 BILLION IN NEW GOVERNMENT SPENDING -- ALTHOUGH NEWSWEEK MAGAZINE SAYS IT MIGHT COST THREE TIMES AS MUCH AS HE CLAIMS. THEY CALLED CLINTON'S PLAN AN "ECONOMIC FANTASY."

OF COURSE, HE SAYS HE ONLY WANTS TO TAX THE RICH. BUT YOU KNOW, THERE AREN'T ENOUGH RICH FOLKS TO PAY FOR HIS PROGRAMS.

AND HE ENDORSED THE \$100 BILLION TAX INCREASE PASSED BY THE CONGRESSIONAL DEMOCRATS THIS YEAR. HE'S FOR IT. I'M AGAINST IT. WHO DO YOU THINK IS RIGHT?//

I ASK NEW JERSEY -- DOES THIS SAXOPHONE SONG SOUND FAMILIAR?

I WISH I COULD BRING EVERY AMERICAN VOTER TO NEW JERSEY TO SEE FIRST-HAND WHAT A LIBERAL GOVERNOR AND A LIBERAL LEGISLATURE CAN DO TO WRECK AN ECONOMY. WHEN GOVERNOR FLORIO WAS IN CAHOOTS WITH THE DEMOCRATIC LEGISLATURE LAST SESSION, THEY ACTED LIKE EVERY DAY WAS APRIL 15TH.//

REMEMBER GOVERNOR KEAN'S MOTTO FOR THIS STATE? WELL, TODAY, EVERY NEW JERSEYAN KNOWS ALL TOO WELL: A RUBBER-CHECK LEGISLATURE AND A RUBBER-STAMP EXECUTIVE ARE -- "NOT... PERFECT TOGETHER."//

(TOM -- SORRY I CAN'T SAY IT LIKE YOU DO. MUST BE ALL THAT TIME I SPENT IN TEXAS.)//

WE NEED TAX INCENTIVES TO GET THIS ECONOMY MOVING. AND BY THE WAY, IF YOU'D SEND ME JOE KYRILLOS (KUH-RULL-US) AND A FEW MORE LIKE HIM, I'D BE USING MY PEN NOT TO VETO TAX HIKES, BUT TO SIGN TAX CUTS INTO LAW.

THE SOLUTION TO OUR ECONOMIC CHALLENGE ISN'T
RAISING TAXES. IT'S CREATING MORE JOBS.

I KNOW THAT TOURISM IS A BIG PART OF NEW JERSEY'S
ECONOMY. AND I KNOW IT CREATES THOUSANDS OF JOBS.

SO I CAME TO BELMAR IN '88 AND PROMISED TO HELP
CLEAN UP YOUR BEAUTIFUL BEACHES. AND I MEANT IT.

FIRST, I PROMISED TO END OCEAN DUMPING OF SEWAGE
SLUDGE. WELL, THE LAST BARGE TO EVER DUMP SLUDGE IN
YOUR OCEAN SAILED FROM NEW YORK HARBOR LAST JUNE.//

OCEAN DUMPING IS NO MORE. WHEN TOURISTS LOOK OUT
OVER THE SHORE, THEY WON'T SEE SLUDGE BARGES. THEY'LL
SEE SAILBOATS.//

SECOND, I WANTED TO CLEAN UP THE SEWAGE COMING FROM NEW YORK CITY AND POINTS BEYOND. WE'RE GOING TO FORCE NEW YORK TO BUILD THOSE SEWAGE PLANTS, SO YOU DON'T HAVE TO PUT UP WITH THEIR SEWAGE WASHING UP ON YOUR SHORES AND RUINING YOUR VACATIONS.//

AND WE'RE FINALLY GETTING THE GARBAGE OUT OF THE WATER. THAT'S WHAT GOVERNMENT CAN DO WHEN IT CONFRONTS REAL PROBLEMS... WITH REAL POLICIES... BASED ON REAL IDEAS -- NOT OLD FORMULAS FROM THE PAST.

NOW, WHILE MY ADMINISTRATION'S HELPING DELIVER RESULTS ON THE JERSEY SHORE, MY OPPONENT'S TALKING A GOOD GAME. BUT LOOK AT HIS RECORD ON THE ENVIRONMENT BACK IN HIS HOME STATE.

ACCORDING TO THE INSTITUTE OF SOUTHERN STUDIES, ARKANSAS RANKED DEAD LAST FOR ENVIRONMENTAL INITIATIVES.

IN THE AMOUNT OF TOXICS THEY DUMP INTO SURFACE WATER, PER CAPITA, THEY WERE 47TH.

BUT THEY DID BETTER IN THE AMOUNT THEY PUMP INTO THE AIR -- THEY JUMPED ALL THE WAY UP TO 42ND //

AND THEY WERE WAY UP THERE AT 42 IN THE PERCENTAGE OF RIVERS AND STREAMS THAT ARE POLLUTED, TOO.

(AND THERE'S THE RUMOR THAT NIGHT-FISHING'S GETTING MORE AND MORE POPULAR IN ARKANSAS THESE DAYS... BECAUSE IT'S SO EASY TO SPOT THE FISH -- THEY GLOW IN THE DARK.) //

GOVERNOR CLINTON WANTS TO DO FOR AMERICA WHAT HE DID TO ARKANSAS? WHY WOULD YOU WANT TO LET HIM? //

YOU KNOW... MY OPPONENT REMINDS ME OF A TIRED OLD FELLOW WHO'S LOOKING IN HIS MEDICINE CABINET, TRYING TO CHOOSE AMONG A BUNCH OF DUSTY OLD PRESCRIPTIONS THAT EXPIRED YEARS AGO.

WELL, FOLKS... OLD MEDICINE WON'T CURE OUR ILLS.
TAX-AND-SPEND WON'T SOLVE OUR PROBLEMS. BUT IT MIGHT
KILL THE PATIENT.//

LET'S NOT RETREAT INTO THE PAST, WITH TIRED,
EXPIRED REMEDIES. LET'S PRESS FORWARD... INTO A NEW
CENTURY OF GLOBAL ECONOMICS... WHERE AMERICA CAN
COMPETE WITH THE BEST... AND WIN A SECURE AND GOOD LIFE
AT HOME.

THANK YOU... GOD BLESS NEW JERSEY... AND GOD BLESS
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

#

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
01. Memo	Brent Scowcroft to POTUS Letter to President Yeltsin (1 pp.)	09/09/1992	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Wednesday, September 9, 1992 [2]

Date Closed: 10/8/2019

OA/ID Number: 90716-002

FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S[4]

Appeal Case #:

Re-review Case #:

Appeal Disposition:

P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

Disposition Date:

AR Case #:

MR Case #:

AR Disposition:

MR Disposition:

AR Disposition Date:

MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- (b)(1) National security classified information
- (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency
- (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute
- (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information
- (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy
- (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes
- (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions
- (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells

Deed of Gift Restrictions

- C(1) Closed by Executive Order 13526, governing access to national security information
- C(2) Closed by statute or by the agency which originated the information
- C(3) Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift [formerly listed as only C]
- PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
02. Letter	POTUS to Boris Yeltsin (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

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daily 9/9

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 9, 1992

MR. PRESIDENT:

The attached letters to Senators Dole and Mitchell on S. 640, the Products Liability bill, have been cleared by OMB, Counsel, Cabinet Affairs, Intergovernmental Affairs, Domestic Policy, Policy Planning, CEA and the Chief of Staff's office.

Identical letters will be auto-penned and sent to the other 98 members of the Senate.

Phil
Phillip D. Brady

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 9, 1992

Dear Bob:

I want to encourage you to vote this week for cloture on S. 640, the Product Liability Fairness Act, and for the bill itself. Our product liability laws need reform that can only be accomplished through clear and coherent national legislation. The current system of 51 separate product liability laws is plagued by uncertainties that hurt both consumers and product sellers. Meritless suits clog the system, preventing swift compensation to those with meritorious claims.

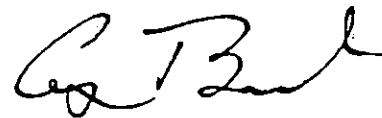
Under the current patchwork of laws, and varying rules, it takes an average of over two and one-half years to resolve product liability cases, and almost half of all money paid out in court cases goes into the pockets of lawyers. The fear of unfounded lawsuits prevents many companies from marketing innovative and useful products. Insurance costs are unnecessarily high. The result: consumers pay more for less choice; American companies are at a competitive disadvantage with foreign companies; and jobs are either lost or never created.

Clearly, the time has come for Congress to recognize the problem and act to fix it. Federal product liability reform has a long history of careful consideration and bipartisan support. The National Governors' Association has twice urged adoption of a single, predictable set of product liability rules.

We cannot continue to talk about making American companies competitive and not recognize how government action or, in this case, inaction undermines the efforts of American workers and business to compete.

Again, I urge you to vote to bring the Product Liability Fairness Act to a vote and then to vote in favor of it.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "C. T. Bush". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first letters of the first and last names being capitalized and prominent.

The Honorable Robert Dole
Republican Leader
United States Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 9, 1992

Dear George:

I want to encourage you to vote this week for cloture on S. 640, the Product Liability Fairness Act, and for the bill itself. Our product liability laws need reform that can only be accomplished through clear and coherent national legislation. The current system of 51 separate product liability laws is plagued by uncertainties that hurt both consumers and product sellers. Meritless suits clog the system, preventing swift compensation to those with meritorious claims.

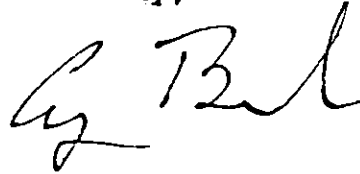
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We cannot continue to talk about making American companies competitive and not recognize how government action or, in this case, inaction undermines the efforts of American workers and business to compete.

Again, I urge you to vote to bring the Product Liability Fairness Act to a vote and then to vote in favor of it.

Sincerely,



The Honorable George J. Mitchell
Majority Leader
United States Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

Baker has seen
9/9



THE PRESIDENT

To: JAB III

Re: Goodwin to N>Z>

Yes, I agreed that Della could stay through December. Connie knew of this arrangement. So did Goodwin

She wanted to participate in "all the anniversary events" (letter to Connie)
We acquiesced.

End!!!

gb

9-9

September 8, 1992

TO: JIM BAKER
FROM: BOB GOODWIN B.G.
SUBJECT: MY SITUATION AS THE NEXT UNITED STATES AMBASSADOR
TO NEW ZEALAND

- I was confirmed by the Senate on August 7, 1992.
- Ambassador Newman arrived in Wellington on October 16, 1989.
- In June, Connie Horner called to tell me that Ambassador Newman had personally called the President and asked if her tour in New Zealand could be extended until the end of December. According to Mrs. Horner the President agreed.
- Since I have been confirmed, am ready to be sworn in and feel prepared to assume full responsibilities as the U.S. Ambassador to New Zealand, I wonder if there is any way that Ambassador Newman's situation could be reviewed that would allow me to assume the duties as the U.S. Ambassador to New Zealand by the latter part of October.

Given the situation outlined in this memorandum, I would appreciate any advice you could give me on a personal basis.

*Goodwin to
arrive Nov 1-3*

September 11, 1951

TO: JIM BAKER
FROM: BOB JOHNSON
SUBJECT: MY SITUATION IN THE NEXT TWO MONTHS
PLEASE ADVISE

I am sorry to hear of the death of President Truman.
Ambassador Newman has been in Washington on September 10, 1951.

In June, 1951, I was called to tell me that Ambassador Newman had been called to the President and asked if he would go to New Zealand. Newman said that he would go. According to him, he was the President's representative.

Since I have been confirmed, am ready to be sworn in and am prepared to assume full responsibilities as the U.S. Ambassador to New Zealand, I wonder if there is any way that Ambassador Newman's situation could be reversed that would allow me to assume the duties of the U.S. Ambassador to New Zealand by the latter part of October.

Given the situation outlined in this memorandum, I would appreciate any advice you would give me on a personal basis.

Very truly yours,
Bob Johnson



9/9/92
Date

Chung Box
V to Roy Harris
- DiAntona

Police chief Isaac
Fulwood Jr
return - note

W. Times A-4
D-2 on abortion
(moderate)

3:00 P.M. WIRES

Bush Focusing on Post-Election Economic Revival

By TOM RAUM

Associated Press Writer

WASHINGTON (AP) — President Bush's speech to Detroit business leaders Thursday is expected to focus on a strategy for stimulating the economy after Election Day, including possible new tax breaks for small business.

The speech will reflect a conclusion by his advisers that economic statistics are unlikely to show a rebound in time to be of much help politically, said administration and campaign aides.

Instead, Bush's speech — being billed as a "major" economic-policy address by the White House — will seek to portray Bush as better qualified than Clinton to lead the nation into a recovery.

"It will be very substantive on jobs and the economy, on what direction this country needs to go," said Bush campaign spokeswoman Torie Clarke. It will spell out Bush's economic philosophy, added a senior administration official.

The address is being closely watched because it will represent the first major weighing in of James A. Baker III — the former secretary of state turned chief of staff and political Mr. Fix-it — on a critical policy issue.

Still, the speech represents just the latest in a string of Bush addresses that have been billed in advance as presenting prescriptions to cure an ailing economy.

Bush was supposed to use his acceptance speech at the Republican National Convention last month to do just that.

Instead, he delivered vague convention promises of an across-the-board tax cut in a second term and proposed a tax checkoff plan to help fight the deficit — ideas that many analysts say have failed to generate much enthusiasm or voter confidence.

In fact, a new Washington Post-ABC poll gave Democrat Bill Clinton a 20-point margin — 54 percent to 34 percent — when voters were asked which candidate would be better able to deal with the economy.

"It's far too late" for Bush to propose anything that would help him by Election Day, said economist Michael K. Evans. "Even if the guy were a genius, it usually takes a couple of quarters before the economy responds."

"But more than that, we're going into the tank again," Evans added. "The facts are the facts, even though Baker will try to (have Bush) say they are not the facts."

Although Baker and his top aide on the economic address, deputy chief of staff Robert B. Zoellick, were closely guarding details of Bush's address to the Detroit Economic Club, a senior administration official said Bush was expected to propose modest new tax breaks for small businesses.

The changes are expected to focus on the ways in which small companies can write off investment costs, the sources said. Bush has been emphasizing small business in his economic proposals.

His advisers concede there is little that Bush can do now that will spur the economy enough for it to make much of a difference by Election Day.

"In terms of how much you can get done in 60 days or whatever, everyone understands that that's relatively limited," says Bush.

campaign chairman Robert Teeter. "You're not going to see some dramatic turn in a lot of the economic numbers."

On Wednesday, Bush said anew that the Democratic-controlled Congress has blocked his efforts to revive the economy.

"I've tried to stimulate this economy and have been rebuffed," Bush said at a White House meeting with Republican congressional leaders. "I think the American people will see that clearly. I don't think they see it yet, but they will when we get through with this."

Democratic lawmakers remained skeptical.

Rep. Leon Panetta, D-Calif., chairman of the House Budget Committee, said, "It's hard to distinguish the president's campaign from a Jerry Lewis telethon. ... He's been making promises so fast we need a tote board to keep track."

AP-DS-09-09-92 1437EDT

02 02 00 -
One Farragut Square South • 1634 Eye Street, N.W., Suite 901
Washington, D.C. 20006

HISPANIC NATIONAL BAR ASSOCIATION
Writer's Direct Address

daily 9/9

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L. FELIPE SANCHEZ
Chicago, IL

*Kathy said
request to
VP*
*request sent to
VP*
Rose Zamaria
Deputy Assistant to the President
The White House
Washington, D.C.

Re: Outstanding Invitation to
The Honorable George H. Bush / Federal
Judicial Nominations / NAFTA.

September 2, 1992

Dear Ms. Zamaria:

I am writing to update you on the matter about which we spoke a couple of weeks ago. Before I do however, I want to include the statistical report I inadvertently omitted from my fax to you of a copy of our May 22, 1992 letter to President Bush.

As you probably already know, three of the five remaining Hispanic American Bush nominees, which the Hispanic National Bar Association endorsed, have now been confirmed by the full Senate. That of course is great news especially for both the national Hispanic community, and President Bush as well. President Bush has now had four Hispanic-American nominees confirmed during this difficult election year. We believe this number represents the greatest number of Hispanic-American federal judges ever confirmed during any President's Administration.

Also as you know, NAFTA has been successfully negotiated. That is also great news and something else that President Bush will stand to benefit greatly from, especially with respect to the nation's Hispanic community.

Since we have been leading proponents of both NAFTA and Hispanic American federal nominees, we strongly believe that President Bush would want to make every effort to accept our outstanding invitation to be the Keynote Speaker at our 17th Annual Convention Banquet on Saturday, September 26, 1992 in New Jersey, and take advantage of that opportunity to address the national Hispanic Community on both points. Although we would very much like to afford that opportunity to President Bush, we are very close to our Convention and are still awaiting his response.

Nancy-
Please log this
on index. Kathy
Super had action
for GB and has closed
out. R

9/9 Lee Leikerman
has taken care of
personally. She
went to convention.

9/9 Kathy Super still
working invite issue.

Document Originally
Attached to
Following Page

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

8/14/92

DATE: _____

TO: *Phil Brady*
ROSE LAMARIA

FROM: SHIREE SANCHEZ
Special Assistant to the President for
Public Liaison
Room 193, OEOB, x7845

Hickler P.2
INDIA
HISPANIC NATIONAL BAR ASSOCIATION
Writer's Direct Address

100 Seaview Drive
Secaucus, New Jersey 0709

May 22, 1992

merica

The current status of Hispanic judicial nominees: of the 6 nominated, to date 4 have been confirmed.

I spoke to Mr. Ortiz yesterday and he seemed pleased with the progress.

He is really following up to strongly advocate that the President attend his organization's national convention. The attached invite is on file with scheduling.

Thanks / SS

16, 1992. It was great to talk about what we have to say about the Judiciary, to take the time to personally respond

from Lamar Alexander and your suggestions on how to

h you and Clayton Yeutter. Confirmation hearings for your courts, we are pleased to see your report on Hispanics included it to each member the request that hearings be held. Our report clearly states the position of Hispanics on the nationwide. For your information, and a copy of our report to the Judiciary as well.

Hispanic support for these efforts. With the help of Congressman Jose Serrano, all other members of the Hispanic bar association and the Judiciary, on Monday, May 18, 1992, we

will hold a press conference in New York City to launch our concerted efforts. The public awareness generated therefrom appears to have been significant and will undoubtedly broaden. As you know, there are currently six (6) Hispanic nominees, which the Hispanic National Bar Association has endorsed, awaiting confirmation hearings. Any additional assistance you can provide to ensure that they receive confirmation hearings prior to the recess would be greatly appreciated.

Santa Fe, NM

JENNIFER RIVERA
Denver, CO

L. FELIPE SANCHEZ
Chicago, IL

8/17/92 Phil Brady
Mr. Ortiz called and talked with me. He was concerned that he had never had a response to his letter of May 22 -- he particularly mentioned his last para asking what more he can do. by

One Farragut Square South • 1634 Eye Street, N.W., Suite 901
Washington, D.C. 20006

HINDA

HISPANIC NATIONAL BAR ASSOCIATION

Writer's Direct Address

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Chicago, IL

100 Seaview Drive
Secaucus, New Jersey 07096

May 22, 1992

The Honorable George H. Bush
President Of The United States Of America
The White House
Washington, D.C.

Dear President Bush:

Thank you for your letter dated May 16, 1992. It was great to learn firsthand that you care enough about what we have to say concerning such issues as Education and the Judiciary, to take time from your incredibly busy schedule to personally respond.

We are looking forward to hearing from Lamar Alexander and other White House personnel about our suggestions on how to achieve national education goals.

As a follow-up to our discussion with you and Clayton Yeutter concerning how we could expedite confirmation hearings for your nominations of Hispanics to federal courts, we are pleased to advise that we have just completed our report on Hispanics in the Federal Judiciary, and have forwarded it to each member the Senate Judiciary Committee with our request that hearings be scheduled immediately for said nominees. Our report clearly documents the gross under-representation of Hispanics on the Federal Judiciary that exists nationwide. For your information, we are enclosing a copy thereof, and a copy of our report of Hispanics on the State Judiciary as well.

In our efforts to generate bipartisan support for these nominees, we have enlisted the help of Congressman Jose Serrano, the Congressional Hispanic Caucus, all other members of Congress, and our state and local Hispanic bar association affiliates from around the nation. On Monday, May 18, 1992, we held a press conference in New York City to launch our concerted efforts. The public awareness generated therefrom appears to have been significant and will undoubtedly broaden. As you know, there are currently six (6) Hispanic nominees, which the Hispanic National Bar Association has endorsed, awaiting confirmation hearings. Any additional assistance you can provide to ensure that they receive confirmation hearings prior to the recess would be greatly appreciated.

The Honorable George H. Bush
Page 2 of 2

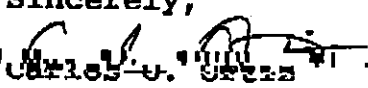
May 22, 1992

As before, we are hopeful that you will continue your efforts to nominate qualified Hispanic judges to sit on our nation's federal courts, especially including nominating a qualified Hispanic to serve on the United States Supreme Court.

Please advise as to what more we can do to assist you in your efforts to make the Federal Judiciary more representative of those who are governed by their decisions.

We look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely,


Carlos U. Ortiz
President-Elect

cc: Dolores S. Atencio, HNBA President
Christopher A. Miranda, HNBA Judiciary Committee Chair
HNBA Board of Governors
Hon. Jose E. Serrano
Congressional Hispanic Caucus
Hon. Shiree Sanchez

One Farragut Square South • 1634 Eye Street, N.W., Suite 901
Washington, D.C. 20006

HNBA

HISPANIC NATIONAL BAR ASSOCIATION

Writer's Direct Address

Daniel R. Guadalupe, Esq.
Norris, McLaughlin & Marcus
721 Route 202-206
Somerville, New Jersey 08876

March 12, 1992

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L. FELIPE SANCHEZ
Chicago, IL

The Honorable George H. Bush
President of the United States of America
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D.C. 20530

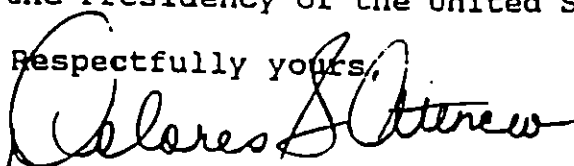
Dear President Bush:

The Hispanic National Bar Association (HNBA), the national association of 30,000 Hispanic attorneys, judges, law professors and law students will be celebrating its 20th anniversary at its 17th annual Convention from September 24, 1992 to September 27, 1992 at the Trump Castle Hotel in Atlantic City, New Jersey. The theme of the Convention is: "Envisioning New Horizons: Leadership for the Twenty-First Century". This Convention is one of the most important events on the national Hispanic agenda for 1992 as Hispanic members of the legal profession gather to assess their leadership role for the twenty-first century.

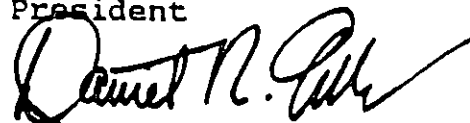
We would like to extend you an invitation to deliver a keynote address at our Convention. We would be most honored with your presence at this significant affair and look forward to sharing the Convention with you and the First Lady.

We sincerely hope that your busy campaign schedule will allow you to visit with the HNBA during its Convention. Whether or not your attendance at our Convention is feasible, we wish you the very best in your re-election bid for the Presidency of the United States.

Respectfully yours,



Dolores S. Atencio
President



Daniel R. Guadalupe
Convention Chairperson

cc: Ms. Shiree Sanchez, Office of Public Liaison
Carlos Ortiz, Esq., HNBA President-Elect

5:00 P.M. WIRES

Bush Takes Fresh Campaign Pledge: He'll Never Raise Taxes _ Ever

By TERENCE HUNT

AP White House Correspondent

MIDDLETOWN, N.J. (AP) — President Bush, who broke the no-new-tax pledge from his last campaign, told a rally Wednesday that "I went along with one Democratic tax increase and I'm not going to do it again. Ever. Ever."

Bush uncorked his new promise on a campaign swing through Pennsylvania and New Jersey, two industrial states plagued by high unemployment. "We've been through economic hell in this country," Bush acknowledged. He said, however, the country now is poised for "a decent and strong recovery."

Bush mocked Bill Clinton's record on the environment and education in Arkansas. Bush said his Democratic rival was "in with the crowd who says no" to innovations for America's classrooms.

The president campaigned in a packed high school gymnasium on the first day of classes at Norriswn Area High School in eastern Pennsylvania. He also fielded questions from a friendly audience at a tube-manufacturing plant in nearby Frappe. Then he flew to New Jersey for an outdoor rally where several thousand people had waited in sweltering temperatures to see him.

With 38 electoral votes combined, Pennsylvania and New Jersey are key presidential battlegrounds. Both are suffering high unemployment: 8.2 percent in Pennsylvania and 9.4 percent in New Jersey.

Despite the 1990 tax increase which he now describes as a mistake, Bush has portrayed himself as an opponent of higher taxes. Until now, however, he had not flatly promised not to raise taxes again.

"We do not need to raise taxes in this country," Bush told the rally here. "I found out the hard way: I went along with one Democratic tax increase and I'm not going to do it again. Ever. Ever." The crowd cheered.

The president, fielding questions at an "Ask George Bush" session in Frappe, said America has "sick and anemic economy" which nonetheless had experienced five months of growth.

"We're in this transition period," he said. "We've been through economic hell in this country. We're poised for a decent and strong recovery."

"We've been caught in a very tough economic time," Bush said.

"A global recession ... Let me say this on the economy, it is lousy, we know that. We've been trying to stimulate it ... We're an economic superpower in spite of the lousiness of our economy."

"Clinton says I'm trying to blame the Congress," Bush said.

"Well, matter of fact, I am because they're not getting the job done."

He said things would be different if Congress had approved his economic revival program, including an investment tax allowance and a \$5,000 tax credit for first-time homebuyers.

"If we had had this investment tax allowance," Bush told one questioner, "I believe a lot of companies that aren't in business would be in business. I believe it would have stimulated investment."

Bush sought to take the steam out of Clinton's claims that he's made big improvements in education in his 12 years as governor of Arkansas.

He credited Clinton with taking a constructive role in shaping the national education goals that are the center of Bush's education proposals. However, Bush said, "The facts tell the story about his own record."

Arkansas ranked 47th in 1980, Bush said. "Today they're dead last in the percentage of adults with college degrees," Bush added.

Clinton supporters fired back, defending Clinton's record and saying Bush has not lived up to his promise to be the "education president."

"Listening to George Bush say he is the education president ... just doesn't fit," said campaign aide Bob Boorstin. "Bill Clinton has fought for education reform for 12 years. He is recognized as a national leader in education."

Clinton pushed for a one-cent sales tax increase in 1983 to implement landmark education standards. All Arkansas school districts now offer advanced math and science and foreign language courses. Slightly more than half had done so before the reforms.

Students scores on basic skills tests are slightly higher this year than in 1983, the dropout rate is down, and more than 50 percent of high school students are going to college, a percentage among the highest in the region.

But Arkansas still lags nationally in test scores, teachers' salaries and per-pupil spending.

AP-DS-09-09-92 1645EDT

Bush says economy "lousy" but ready to recover

By Susan Cornwell

COLLEGEVILLE, Pa., Reuter - President Bush, on a mission to win back the support of "Reagan Democrats," acknowledged Wednesday that the U.S. economy is "lousy" but said America remains an economic superpower and is poised for recovery.

Bush, visiting the key states of Pennsylvania and New Jersey, also took off after Bill Clinton, accusing his Democratic rival of being a captive of teachers' unions.

The president returned to the campaign trail as a new poll owed him behind by a solid though narrowing margin -- a gap for which the struggling U.S. economy is largely responsible. Speaking to workers in Collegeville near Philadelphia, Bush said he realized the American economy is in "lousy" shape and that the country has "been through economic hell."

But he told employees of Uniform Tube Inc. that with his economic stimulus proposals and education reform initiatives, "we should be able to recover and recover well."

Bush said the United States was not alone in suffering economic hardship, saying Britain, Canada and other countries were feeling even more pain than this country.

"We're an economic superpower despite the lousiness of our economy," said Bush, who told his audience he would outline his plans for his second-term economic agenda in a speech to the Detroit Economic Club Thursday.

"We're poised ... for a decent and strong recovery."

But the Chamber of Commerce said Wednesday that business confidence fell sharply this summer after rising through the first half of the year.

The chamber's latest Business Confidence Index, measuring the attitudes of 5,515 businessmen and women, shows they turned markedly more pessimistic by last month after six months of buoyant hope.

Addressing Norristown Area High School in a blue-collar suburb of Philadelphia earlier Wednesday, Bush assailed Clinton's educational record in Arkansas.

Carrying through with the promise of his aides to paint Clinton as "the failed governor of a small state," Bush said Arkansas was last in the nation in the percentage of adults with college degrees.

"In his campaign, Gov. Clinton has spent a lot of time courting the educational establishment, teachers unions ... and the liberal Congress," Bush charged.

He said the difference between himself and Clinton was "he has told the educational establishment what they want to hear and I will continue to tell them what America needs to hear." The president provided no tails to back up his charges about Clinton, which he made at the end of a speech detailing his own record on education, particularly his attempt to set learning goals for American elementary and high-school students. His approach, Bush asserted, was revolutionary.

But his choice of Norristown to deliver the message was no accident. Campaign aides said it was populated by "Reagan Democrats," working-class people who traditionally identified with the Democratic Party but supported former President Ronald Reagan and Bush in the 1980s.

Recent Washington Post-ABC polls found that 58 percent of Democrats who voted for Bush in 1988 now support Clinton.

Pennsylvania, with its 23 electoral votes, is part of a swathe of industrial Northern and Midwestern states that are emerging as key political battlegrounds in this election. Bush won the state with just 51 percent of the vote in 1988.

He was to speak to a veterans group in Middletown, N.J., later Wednesday before returning to Washington.

As Bush traveled to Norristown, a new poll said he was still trailing Clinton by a large -- but dwindling -- margin just eight weeks before election day.

The Washington Post-ABC News poll showed Clinton leading Bush among registered voters by 53 percent to 38 percent, and by 53-41 among those who appear most likely to vote. In a similar poll last week, Bush trailed 55 percent to 36 percent among registered voters and 56-36 among likely voters.

Before leaving Washington, he warned Congress he would veto spending bills for 1993 unless they complied with his budget request. He called on members of Congress to avoid "pork-laden" additions to the budget, meaning spending on pet projects for political gain.

Bush is basing much of his re-election campaign on running against "the Gridlock Congress" the way Harry Truman ran against Congress in 1948, charging that Congress has blocked his economic growth initiatives for political reasons.

But the warning against "pork-barrel" spending may not sit well with some of his critics, who note that Bush last week announced lucrative benefits for farmers and aircraft workers. They argue he is as guilty as anyone of throwing money at constituents in hopes of winning their support.

REUTER

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Bank Profits Soar to New Record

By DAVE SKIDMORE
Associated Press Writer

WASHINGTON (AP) — Profits at commercial banks soared to a new record this spring, pushed up by the lowest deposit rates in generations, the government said Wednesday.

The nation's 11,685 banks earned \$7.9 billion in the April-June quarter, breaking the previous record of \$7.6 billion set in the first quarter, the Federal Deposit Insurance Corp. said.

The industry appears on track to easily break the annual earnings record of \$24.9 billion, set in 1988, the agency said.

"It's the best report we've seen for three years from the banking industry," said economist Paul Getman of Regional Financial Associates in West Chester, Pa.

"Banks are getting themselves back in shape. ... But what I'm nervous about is that the slow economic growth we're seeing in the last half of 1992 may translate into a poor performance for banks next year," he said.

The FDIC attributed the improvement in the second quarter to a modest shrinkage of bad loans and to the fifth consecutive quarterly increase in the difference between what banks pay on deposits and what they earn from loans and other investments.

"You've got to go back to the Great Depression to find deposit rates as low," said Robert K. Heady, publisher of Bank Rate Monitor in North Palm Beach, Fla.

Passbook savings accounts, now averaging around 3 percent, are the lowest since 1936, he said. Rates on one-year certificates of deposit have declined by more than six percentage points since April 1989 while auto loans have fallen by three percentage points and unsecured personal loans by about three-quarters of a point.

"The score is banks 1, consumers 0," Heady said. "They said the consumer was going to wind up picking up the tab for the banking mess. Well, the bailout's already begun."

Meanwhile, the FDIC said the condition of its insurance fund for bank deposits improved, but remained in the red. At the end of June, it stood at negative \$5.5 billion, compared with negative \$7 billion six months earlier.

Most of the improvement came because lower interest rates increased the agency's estimate of what it was likely to gain from selling the assets of failed banks.

Acting FDIC Chairman Andrew C. Hove Jr. cautioned that on a cash basis, the fund was still paying more for failures than it was collecting in insurance premiums from banks.

"There still remains a large volume of (bad loans) in banks whose future is in doubt. If these banks are unable to avoid failure, the (insurance) fund's financial position could deteriorate," he said.

The industry's portfolio of troubled assets — delinquent loans plus repossessed real estate — edged under \$100 billion for the first time in 18 months, falling \$3.3 billion to \$99.7 billion.

The agency's problem bank list also declined to 1,044 institutions with \$567.5 billion in assets, from 1,051 with \$607.4 billion at the end of March.

A raft of other financial measurements also improved. The average return on assets — 0.94 percent — was the highest since the FDIC began collecting quarterly income data in 1983. Banks' cushion of capital, at 7.23 percent of assets, was the highest since 1966.

However, the FDIC cautioned that banks, in taking advantage of lower interest rates, may be setting themselves up for problems

later if interest rates rise. Instead of making new loans, many banks have been buying long-term government securities, whose value would fall when rates increase.

Loans outstanding fell by \$3.8 billion while banks' securities holdings rose by \$18.6 billion during the quarter.

"Six consecutive quarters of shrinking loan portfolios do not bode well ... if interest rates rise," the agency said. "By purchasing longer-maturity investment securities rather than making new loans, banks may be increasing their interest-rate risk exposure rather than taking on new credit risk."

In an accompanying report, the FDIC said the country's 430 savings banks earned \$217 million during the second quarter on top of a \$218 million profit in the first three months of the year. They were the first two profitable quarters after 11 consecutive quarters of losses.

Savings banks are hybrid institutions _ part commercial bank, part savings and loan _ located primarily in the Northeast. AP-DS-09-09-92 1628EDT

Clinton Seeks Black, Suburban White Support in South

By JOHN KING

AP Political Writer

JONESBORO, Ga. (AP) — Bill Clinton on Wednesday courted the suburban whites and urban blacks whose support he needs to beat President Bush in the South, promising a new welfare approach that offers a helping hand but no endless handouts.

The Arkansas governor spent a day in Georgia looking to break the Republicans' Southern presidential coalition by building one of his own. He presented himself as a Democrat deserving of enthusiastic support from both the party's traditional base and from suburban voters who shifted to the GOP in the 1980s.

As evidence, he highlighted his proposal to "end welfare as we know it" and began airing a new campaign ad to echo that message. It is an issue Clinton hopes to use to convince voters his approach to government is different from liberal Democratic nominees past.

Clinton also preached a message of racial harmony in an afternoon speech to Baptist ministers. "Your numbers must be heard," Clinton said to the group, mostly black. "We've got to have a passion for progress. ... We have to have a passion for our national community — the notion that we are going up or down together."

The Democrat has been criticized by some black leaders, including Jesse Jackson, for spending little time on black voters since winning the nomination. Clinton saluted Jackson in his remarks, and they talked animatedly on stage afterward.

Both the poor in inner cities and the more affluent in the suburbs stood to gain from his welfare reform proposal, Clinton said. He promised expanded education, training and child care for recipients but an accompanying two-year limit on federal benefits.

"Welfare ought to be a second chance, not a way of life," Clinton said at a suburban community center. "Every person who is on welfare and every kid who doesn't make it in school is another person who is not out there in a job making America the strongest power in the world. ... When poverty and jobless rolls rise, we all pay."

Under Clinton's plan, welfare recipients would be required to work after completing training — and given community service work if no private job was immediately available. The package also includes a pledge to develop a national system to track fathers delinquent in child support payments, a refundable tax credit to guarantee that no family with a working parent lived in poverty, and provision to adjust the minimum wage to keep pace with inflation.

All told, Clinton said his program would cost some \$6 billion a year for four years, money he said would come from defense and other spending cuts and would ultimately be recovered through taxes paid by welfare recipients turned wage earners. The costs then should fall with the size of welfare rolls, aides said.

Clinton said 17,000 people had gone from welfare rolls to payrolls under his state reform program since mid-1989. The caseload for the Aid to Families with Dependent Children welfare program has risen during that period, but the Clinton campaign blames that on what they say has been the Bush administration's mishandling of the economy.

"It's time to make welfare what it should be — a second chance, not a way of life," Clinton says in his 30-second ad, being shown in 10 states, predominantly in the Midwest and industrial belt.

The focus on welfare was part of a Clinton strategy to reinforce and in some cases reintroduce voters to his staple policy proposals, particularly those that set him apart from his party's more liberal traditional approaches.

From Jonesboro, Clinton headed to nearby Atlanta for a speech to the National Baptist Convention, a gathering of thousands of ministers, mostly black, from around the country.

There, Clinton promoted his "people first" economic plan as the prescription for gh unemployment, poverty and housing problems, particularly in inner cities. He said Bush had had no plan at all until realizing his desperate political straits two months before the election.

Clinton blended politics with a message of racial harmony, asking Americans of all races to support him as a symbol of their displeasure with hatred, and asking anyone who doubted his commitment to equal opportunity to ask blacks who live in his state.

"This election needs to prove that we can have a partnership," Clinton said in a speech repeatedly interrupted by applause. "The partnership I seek with you is not one for elections and votes. It is one that will go way beyond that. Ask the folks from my state about that."

In his speech, Clinton praised Jackson for agreeing to head a party voter registration and mobilization drive targeting minority voters. "But he must find a willing ear," Clinton said in urging the ministers to help Jackson's effort.

AP-DS-09-09-92 1629EDT

Labor, Environmental Groups Urge Renegotiation of Pact

By MICHELLE MITTELSTADT
Associated Press Writer

WASHINGTON (AP) — Labor, environmental, farm and consumer groups joined forces Wednesday to urge the Bush administration to renegotiate its free trade treaty with Mexico and Canada.

The organizations, which have opposed the proposed agreement since talks began 14 months ago, contend it won't help workers displaced by trade shifts and ignores environmental conditions along the U.S.-Mexican border.

"We want it renegotiated and we want a free trade agreement that guarantees clean, green, high-wage jobs for American, Mexican and Canadian workers," Jane Perkins, president of Friends of the Earth, said in a day-long trade conference organized by the AFL-CIO and other groups.

"I don't happen to believe that we have to choose between jobs and the environment," she said.

House Majority Leader Richard Gephardt echoed the organizations' demand.

"I call upon the Bush administration to cease further efforts to win congressional approval of the current North American Free Trade Agreement, and to renegotiate it, or leave it for the next administration to be written right," the Missouri Democrat said in a speech to the groups.

"Without changes, Congress could not responsibly approve the NAFTA agreement," Gephardt said. "We can do better."

The call for renegotiation met with little favor from the U.S. Trade Representative's Office.

"Why in heaven's name would we want to renegotiate an agreement we believe is great for the American worker and American competitiveness?" asked Assistant U.S. Trade Representative Kathy Lydon.

She said the groups' concerns over worker retraining and the environment will be dealt with as Congress writes the legislation necessary to implement the treaty.

Ms. Lydon noted that President Bush has proposed a \$2 billion-a-year package of new and retooled job-training programs and that the \$241 million he requested for border environmental projects has been slashed by Congress.

"If these people had bothered to look at the trade agreement, they would realize worker adjustment is a question of funding and is incorporated into the implementing legislation," she said. Gephardt hammered Bush's economic policies and said the president's job retraining proposal lacks "the funding to make it creble."

Bush has said the \$10 billion cost over five years would be paid for by cutting spending for other, unspecified programs.

Organizers of Tuesday's conference, including Friends of the Earth and the National Farmers Union, linked achievement of their goals to turning Bush out of the White House. The AFL-CIO last week endorsed Democrat Bill Clinton.

AP-DS-09-09-92 1618EDT

Eagleburger Says Bosnian Muslims Probably To Blame For Attack On

By BARRY SCHWEID
AP Diplomatic Writer

WASHINGTON (AP) — Bosnian Muslim forces probably were responsible for an attack on a United Nations convoy and renewed fighting in Gorazde, Acting Secretary of State Lawrence S. Eagleburger said Wednesday.

But he still blamed Serbs for the overall "mess there is now in Bosnia-Herzegovina."

Two French peacekeepers were killed and five French soldiers wounded in the machine-gun attack Tuesday on the U.N. relief convoy near Sarajevo airport.

"On the basis of what little we know about the thing yesterday it looks like it may, in fact, have come from the Bosnian Muslims," Eagleburger said in an interview.

But he prefaced that appraisal with cautionary words: "There is no way to decide at this stage, at least, who did it. ... There is no way to be sure."

The French government demanded that the killers be punished, and French Foreign Minister Roland Dumas said in Paris: "This act, a veritable act of war against members of a humanitarian operation, was unacceptable and intolerable."

In Gorazde, Serbian forces fulfilled a commitment to an international peace conference in London last month and lifted their siege of the Muslim-controlled town, Eagleburger said.

"On the basis of what I know, or can judge, the Bosnian Serbs did pull back" and "there was an attempt to take advantage of that" by the opposition, mostly Bosnian Muslims, he added. But Eagleburger said, "The fundamental responsibility still lies with the Serbian side for the mess there is now in Bosnia-Herzegovina."

In various areas when Serbs retreat, he said, Bosnian Muslims tend to take advantage and "move into the areas and keep the shooting going."

"That's not unexpected," Eagleburger said. "But what it does indicate is that getting a disengagement of the forces in this bad case of measles where you've got units sort of breaking out all over the place is very, very difficult."

A career foreign service officer and former U.S. ambassador to Yugoslavia, Eagleburger also was cautious about using force under a U.N. Security Council resolution to protect relief convoys from attack.

He said the option was not being seriously considered in the Bush administration or at the United Nations, although "it is obviously something on occasion we talk about."

Only, Eagleburger said, if other means fail to get Sarajevo airport reopened to shipments of food and medicine and land convoys moving again was "there a real likelihood we will — all of us in the U.N. — have to look at what application of the use of force might assist in opening these things again."

But, Eagleburger said, the situation is very complicated. "Anybody who is going to talk about the use of force has to decide is it going to be effective," he said. "If you've got a couple of guys with shoulder-held antiaircraft missiles off in the woods somewhere, ask yourself really how force helps you there." Meanwhile, Richard A. Boucher, the State Department spokesman, deplored the attack on the French peacekeepers. "Such attacks

serve no other end than to aggravate the situation and to increase the suffering of the civilian population," he said.

"Our sympathy goes out to the colleagues and families of the people who were killed."

Last Thursday, an Italian aid plane was shot down. Four peacekeepers perished.

Eagleburger said it was probably downed with a surface-to-air missile.

Referring to the two attacks, he asked rhetorically: "How do you prevent that?"

"Some of that is going to happen under any circumstances, whether you have the 82nd Airborne Division," Eagleburger said, referring to a renowned U.S. paratroop unit used to respond to foreign crises.

In assessing the wisdom of using force, Eagleburger said the strong sentiment within Washington "to do more" may not be shared by the average American. "But don't ask me to prove it one way or the other," he said.

AP-DS-09-09-92 1541EDT

6:00 P.M. WIRES

Debates up in air but, if held, could sway election

By Michael Posner

WASHINGTON, Reuter - They call them presidential "debates" even though these celebrated campaign events are really just joint news conferences -- but this year's debates, if they occur, could be decisive in determining the next president.

As of now, three presidential matches and one between the two vice presidential candidates have been scheduled by a bipartisan commission, starting with one set for Sept. 22 at Michigan State University at East Lansing.

But there is a big hitch. Only Democratic presidential nominee Bill Clinton and his running mate, Sen. Al Gore, D-Tenn., have accepted.

The Republican team of President Bush and Vice President Dan Quayle say they will debate, but have turned down the format and rules prescribed by the bipartisan group.

"I expect there will be debates," Bush said Sunday.

"I'm in no great rush to let one commission or another set the ground rules. But our campaign will be in touch ... I've debated every time we've been in this level of politics."

So far, said Janet Brown, spokeswoman for the bipartisan Commission on Presidential Debates, there have been no negotiations with the Bush camp over debates.

But if the president refuses, Clinton would be able to charge that Bush is afraid to stand up and debate his record. So most observers believe a debate or debates will be held.

The most famous debates in U.S. history were the historic encounters between Republican Abraham Lincoln and Democratic Sen. Stephen Douglas who sparred seven times in 1858 on the issue of slavery. Lincoln lost that Illinois Senate election but won fame - and the presidency two years later.

Modern presidential debates date from 1960 when Sen. John Kennedy made a dynamic showing against Republican Vice President Richard Nixon, who looked pasty-faced and nervous in the first of four televised encounters -- and the one that counted most. Kennedy attributed his close election win to those TV clashes and the stakes have been no less in later debates.

Memorable gaffes and laugh lines were highlights and vote winners in the campaign.

For example, in 1976, Republican President Gerald Ford declared wngly there was "no Soviet domination of Eastern Europe," leaving challenger Jimmy Carter to score points by suggesting Ford tell that to Polish and Hungarian-Americans. In 1984, Republican President Ronald Reagan squelched Walter Mondale with a line that even had the Democrat laughing. When a questioner noted Reagan was already the oldest president in history at 73, Reagan replied he would not make age an issue in the campaign: "I am not going to exploit for political purposes my opponent's youth and inexperience."

And against Carter in 1980, Reagan, then a challenger whose qualifications were in question, made himself look Carter's master by mocking one of his comments with the quip: "There you go again."

And he polished Carter off with a simple summary question to economically hard-pressed voters: "Are you and your family better off than you were four years ago?"

By 1988, the debates had become a presidential campaign fixture. About 60 million people watched the two televised clashes between Bush and Democratic nominee Michael Dukakis --far the biggest audiences either had all year.

Voting day polls then said more people made up their minds based on the debates than on any other single factor.

This time for Bush, an impressive showing could give him a big opportunity to recapture the lead in polls that now have him lagging between 9 and 15 percentage points behind.

For Clinton, the debates could provide a forum to make the Arkansas governor -- accused by Republicans of being a "failed governor of a small state" -- appear presidential.

The Bush camp, led by Chief of Staff James Baker, is reported to be objecting to the debate commission's proposed format of only one moderator instead of the traditional panel of journalists who take turns asking questions.

Why?

One official said a single moderator gives the candidates more air time to battle over issues, back and forth. By contrast, a panel would give the candidates less time. Why would the Bush camp prefer a panel of news people? "If you want more protection, you want a panel of

questioners," a person close to the debate preparation said.

Larry Hugick of the Gallup Poll said the first debate usually is the most important since audiences decline later.

"Overall, debates usually help the challenger, because normally you would look at it as the challenger's opportunity to catch up," Hugick said.

"In this case, the challenger is ahead. I guess you have to look at it as Clinton's opportunity to put Bush away or for Bush to come back."

REUTER

Reut15:23 09-09

Clinton vows Jewish leaders, Bush woos Reagan Democrats

By Deborah Zabarenko

WASHINGTON, Reuter - Bill Clinton, riding a 12-point lead in a new opinion poll, won a standing ovation from Jewish leaders Wednesday, while President Bush faced hecklers as he wooed Reagan Democrats in Pennsylvania.

Clinton took a swipe at Bush in a satellite address to a convention of the B'nai B'rith Jewish fraternal group, calling the president's 1991 criticism of pro-Israel lobbyists "callous" and "an affront to the basic right of all Americans to speak freely."

In remarks calculated to appeal to the American Jewish community, a powerful voting bloc, Clinton called for continued close U.S.-Israel ties and an end to the Arab League boycott of Israel.

The Democratic esidential candidate said he favored a plan by his vice-presidential running mate, Sen. Al Gore of Tennessee, that would ban U.S. Defense Department contracts with any foreign companies that participate in the Arab League boycott.

As he spoke, Clinton was interrupted repeatedly by applause, even though he was addressing B'nai B'rith by satellite from Jonesboro, Ga., during a campaign swing through the South. He got a standing ovation at the end.

This was more enthusiastic than the polite applause Bush got when he addressed the group in person on Tuesday. He had apologized for the 1991 remark about pro-Israel lobbyists, and said it had been misinterpreted.

Bush is running his re-election campaign as an underdog. The latest ABC News/Washington Post poll, released Tuesday, showed the gap narrowing, but also indicated that among those likely to vote in the Nov. 3 general election, 53 percent favor Clinton, compared with 41 percent who favor Bush. Last week, the same poll gave Clinton an lpoint lead.

In Pennsylvania, Bush had an avuncular chat with students in Norristown as he pushed his "America 2000" education improvement program as part of a campaign swing that also included New Jersey. Both states are likely to be pivotal in this presidential election.

"In his campaign, Gov. Clinton has spent a lot of time courting the educational establishment, teachers unions ... and the liberal Congress. These people fear change," Bush told the audience in Norristown, a blue-collar suburb of Philadelphia. Bush said the real difference between himself and Clinton was that Clinton "has told the educational establishment what they want to hear and I will continue to tell them what America needs to hear."

Norristown's working-class voters are typical of those so-called Reagan Democrats who traditionally vote Democratic but who helped keep Ronald Reagan in the White House for eight years.

About 100 pro-Clinton demonstrators waved signs and chanted "Bye Bye Bush," oside the Norristown high school where Bush spoke.

One protester held up a sign reading, "Dick Thornburgh was just practice," a reference to a 1991 Senate race in which Thornburgh, Bush's attorney general, was defeated by Harris Wofford, a Democrat and political neophyte.

Both Clinton and Bush have claimed to get political inspiration from Democrat Harry Truman, who narrowly won

re-election to the presidency in 1948. But Bush's claim to the Truman mantle slipped a bit Wednesday after Truman's daughter said Bush was nothing like her father.

"There are no similarities whatsoever," Margaret Truman Daniel said on NBC's "Today" show. "I mean my father is a Missouri farmer politician. George Bush is a Connecticut elitist."

REUTER

Reut15:16 09-09

Bush Speeds Timber Sales To Ease Forest Fire Threat

By TERENCE HUNT

AP White House Correspondent

MIDDLETOWN, N.J. (AP) — President Bush ordered federal agencies on Wednesday to speed the sale of dead or dying timber from federal land in the Northwest and Northern California in order to ease the threat of forest fires.

Bush's order, issued after a campaign rally here, comes four days before Bush flies West to California, Oregon and Washington in search of votes. Polls show he is trailing Democrat Bill Clinton in California, which carries 54 electoral votes, the most of any state.

A Republican congressman said the move would save logging jobs. A White House statement said it would reduce the forest fire threat, but an environmental group said Bush's move might actually increase the risk of fires.

New Agriculture Department regulations will eliminate the requirement that loggers prepare an environmental impact statement before salvaging up to one million board feet of dead or dying trees in a single project, the announcement said.

The department decided sales of this size "will have no significant environmental impact," a White House statement said.

The department's Forest Service estimated the order would increase the timber harvest from affected lands by 250 million to 450 million board feet for the fiscal year 1993.

The White House statement said there have been more than 70,000 wildfires in western states this summer, destroying 1.7 million acres of forest and range land and burning more than 1,200 homes and other buildings.

"Fire danger has been particularly acute due to the unusually large volume of timber that is dead or dying because of a seven-year drought that also has exacerbated damage from insects and disease," the statement said.

But Greg Aplet, an ecologist for The Wilderness Society, said salvage logging introduces "ignition risks into the forest. Logging itself is a notorious ignition source with all that equipment moving around and throwing gas around."

"This is likely an election year effort to appeal to timber interests by offering up dead timber to some of those towns that make a living off cutting trees," he said.

Aplet said the large logs that would be salvaged are not the ones most likely to burn. More likely to burn are the fine timber material in the tops of trees that would fall to the ground when the big trees are cut, increasing the fire risk, he said.

Bush ordered the Agriculture and Interior departments and other agencies to expedite existing timber salvage sales outside the living areas of the spotted owl, where timber harvesting is prohibited by federal court order.

In Washington, Rep. Bob Smith, R-Ore., said he had been urging Bush for a month to speed the salvage logging. He said the move would save 5,000 timber jobs in the Pacific Northwest.

"The Forest Service so far this year has awarded less than 191 million board feet. This will double with one stroke of the pen the timber harvest for the Pacific Northwest," he said.

AP-DS-09-09-92 1720EDT

Quayle Reaches Out To Californians

By CHRISTOPHER CONNELL
Associated Press Writer

SAN DIEGO (AP) — Vice President Dan Quayle on Wednesday told Californians thrown out of work by defense cutbacks that the Bush administration "will not abandon you."

He warned that things would get even worse under a Clinton administration with deeper military cuts that could cost California an additional 294,000 jobs over the next five years.

California has lost 750,000 jobs in the past two years, and the morning newspaper brought news that 2,000 more local jobs were moving out of state with the shutdown of a Tomahawk missile factory.

Barely 500 people, including a high school band and the San Diego Chargers cheerleaders, turned out to hear Quayle pillory Clinton at the opening of a Republican headquarters in a drab strip shopping center. Organizers had anticipated a much bigger crowd.

Quayle aides apologized for the turnout, with one senior official saying, "The situation in the Republican Party here is not what it once was."

"This is probably the worse state out there" among the battleground states, said the aide, who spoke on condition of anonymity.

Quayle's speech to a sellout crowd of 550 at the Rotary Club of San Diego, billed in advance as the highlight of the trip, came as an anticlimax.

With President Bush scheduled to deliver a major economic speech of his own in Detroit on Thursday, Quayle offered a low-key rehash of the administration's economic credo, from lower taxes and deregulation to free trade and legal reform.

Quayle arrived in California Monday denying that Bush-Quayle strategists are all but ready to throw in the towel on the Golden State and its 54 electoral votes, the Electoral College's biggest prize.

California was solidly Ross Perot country before the Texas billionaire dropped out of the race in mid-July, and statewide polls have put Clinton as much as 34 points ahead of Bush.

Bush has regained much of that ground in Orange County. He trails Clinton by six points, 45-39, in San Diego County, according to a poll taken last week by the San Diego Union-Tribune and KNSD-TV. In mid-July, after Perot's pullout, Clinton led 49-28.

Jack Flanigan, the state Bush-Quayle chairman, said, "It's obviously going to be a very close race, but we can win this one. I'm not sure the liberal governor of Arkansas is ultimately going to be very appealing to the California electorate."

Still, GOP strategists, including Jim Pitts, Quayle's liaison with campaign headquarters, are drawing electoral maps that point to ways Bush can win re-election without carrying California. Quayle, in his Rotary Club address, said, "I don't need to tell you that California is going through a hard, costly transition, especially in the defense industry."

He said the United States "is now spending \$66 billion less on defense than we would have if the Soviet Union were still a threat." He said the Bush administration was spending \$9.7 billion to convert defense plants to civilian use and has proposed a \$10 billion worker retraining initiative.

"I amere ttell you this administration will not abandon you," promised Quayle.

Bush has proposed to cut \$50 billion from the Pentagon budget over five year. Clinton would cut about twice that much, which Quayle said would throw "another 294,000 Californians out of work."

Clinton communications director George Stephanopoulos rejected Quayle's claims, saying "Dan Quayle doesn't know what he's talking about."

"George Bush has a record of negative job creation and now he proposes to reduce the defense budget without a conversion plan to make sure those affected by defense cutbacks are trained for good jobs," he said.

AP-DS-09-09-92 1650EDT

Comic Book Chronicles President's Life

WASHINGTON (AP) — President Bush may prefer the Waltons to the Simpsons, but that won't spare him from a cartoon life of his own.

Malibu Comics says it is about to hit the stands with "Read My Lips! The Unofficial Cartoon Biography of George Bush," by writer Matt Tolbert and cartoonists Mark Braun and Neil Grahame.

The comic book, described by its publisher as a "funny way to get to know George Bush," chronicles Bush's life from childhood to the White House. Readers can see the cartoon Bush in action as Yale student, Navy pilot, Texas oilman, ambassador and president.

"People who don't like Bush will read into this all the terrible funny things and those who like him will see a comedic history about some things they may not know about him," said Malibu Comics President Scott Rosenberg.

Rosenberg said the 60-page comic book has been in the works for about a year. The company plans to print 200,000 copies for sale on newsstands and in bookstores next week.

Bush said recently American families should be "a lot more like the Waltons and a lot less like the Simpsons."

AP-DS-09-09-92 1713EDT

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
03. Notes	King Fahd (3 pp.)	9/9/92	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Wednesday, September 9, 1992 [2]

Date Closed: 10/8/2019	OA/ID Number: 90716-002
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S[4]	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- (b)(1) National security classified information
- (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency
- (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute
- (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information
- (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy
- (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes
- (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions
- (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells

Deed of Gift Restrictions

- C(1) Closed by Executive Order 13526, governing access to national security information
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Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

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Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
04. List	Presidential Call to King Fahd (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

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Disposition Date:

AR Case #:

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MR Case #:

MR Disposition:

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Wednesday, September 9, 1992



MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

1) You are scheduled to take a call from President Yeltsin tomorrow morning at 7:15 a.m. General Scowcroft will come down to the study for the call. President Yeltsin would like to talk to you about Japan and South Korea. General Scowcroft will provide you with talking points.



ABOARD AIR FORCE ONE

sevel

daily



Ken Lay — letter
to Sumner.

~~R. Z. Rose~~

~~Send FAX
to Nunn today~~

x Ken Lay's
letter on
Ethanol —
sanitize it as to
last letter sent to me

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Phon File
Sumner - I called

DATE: *9/4/92* *9-9-92*

430
SEP 8 AM 11:28

TO: ~~THE PRESIDENT~~

FROM: ~~RONALD C. KAUFMAN~~ 

Thought you may be interested in the attached clips
from Ansonia, CT visit.

Much better in W.H. now

Told

Talk to Z in friendly way

Return calls -

Much better

*Ethnic is vital -
language creates confusion*

Heard soul you show

OK



OFFICE OF THE
PRESIDENT
COVER PAGE

TO: John Sununu

FROM: Rose Zamaria

TOTAL NUMBER OF PAGES: 3
(including cover page)

DATE: 9/9/92

TIME: 6:18 PM

MESSAGE:

Per our telephone conversation.

If you have any questions or problems with the transmission, please call:

(202) 456-2328

One of the clear victories was enactment of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990. Environmental benefits derived from the reformulated fuels section alone will contribute heavily towards a future of clean air for our children and our grandchildren. In addition, this legislation firmly established the principle that environmental goals can be achieved most efficiently when reliance is placed on competitive market forces.

With this in mind, I was alarmed to learn recently that some parties are recommending that the President override the Reg-Neg market forces by imposing a government intruding tax subsidy for ethanol blenders.

During the two years of Congressional debate on the Clean Air Act and the following two years of the Reg-Neg process, all parties (including those representing the ethanol interests) openly came together to design a positive, market-driven agenda to save our environment. The "Environmental President" can stand proud over the pending EPA implementation of the oxygenated fuels program to start in 39 CO nonattainment areas this November.

Enron, among many others, has moved strongly towards meeting the oxygenated fuels demand by entering the methanol and methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE) business. We acquired half a billion dollars of existing domestic facilities and are currently completing a new 15,000 barrels per day MTBE unit in Pasadena, Texas, which begins operation in 8-10 weeks.

Other U.S. companies have moved towards developing the widest possible market of oxygenated fuels with oxygenates such as MTBE, methanol, tertiary amyl methyl ether (TAME), ethanol, ethyl tertiary butyl ether (ETBE), tertiary amyl ethyl ether (TAEE) and diethyl isopropyl ether (DIPE), to name a few. Enron supports these developments as clearly mandated by the Act and the Reg-Neg Agreement principles and as a clear indication competitive market forces are working.

Although Saudi Arabia and other countries are getting geared up to produce MTBE, the United States clearly has the lead at this time. Inasmuch as derivatives of natural gas provide all the feedstock for MTBE, this is also creating large new markets for domestically produced natural gas.

I believe that the EPA has, through the Reg-Neg process, met the requirements of the Clean Air Act Amendments and the reformulated fuels requirements which were enacted as a key part of the President's environmental policy. Ethanol will be part of the reformulated gasoline (RFG) supply in the United States because of an already existing healthy tax credit which makes it competitive with all other oxygenated fuels. It needs no further incentive or advantage.

I believe the EPA Reg-Neg proposal presents sound environmental and economic benefits to the United States without mandating a market which would be contrary to the rules of sound market place principles. Continued support of the Reg-Neg process is requested and vital if the goals of the Clean Air Act Amendments are to be achieved.

ENRON CORP

Kenneth L. Lay
Chairman and
Chief Executive Officer

P. O. Box 1188
Houston, Texas 77251-1188
(713) 853-6773

August 20, 1992

The Honorable George W. Bush
President of the United States
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. President:

One of the clear victories ~~of your past four years~~ was enactment of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990. Environmental benefits derived from the reformulated fuels section alone will contribute heavily towards a future of clean air for our children and our grandchildren. In addition, this legislation firmly established the principle that environmental goals can be achieved most efficiently when reliance is placed on competitive market forces.

The President With this in mind, I was alarmed to learn recently that some parties are recommending that ~~you~~ override the Reg-Neg market forces by imposing a government intruding tax subsidy for ethanol blenders.

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The Honorable George W. Bush
Page 2
August 20, 1992

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Sincerely,

Ken

Mr. President-

cc: Jim Baker
Sam Skinner
Boyden Gray
Clayton Yeutter
Henson Moore

I cannot emphasize strongly enough, if The Reg-Neg's are altered to give ethanol a preference or new tax credits, it could seriously damage your chances of cutting taxes and other producing states

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN 9/9/92
G daily

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 9, 1992

SEP 9 09:34

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: RONALD C. KAUFMAN (RC)
DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT FOR
POLITICAL AFFAIRS

SUBJECT: PRIMARY ACTIVITY REPORT

Primaries were conducted in Alaska, Arizona, Florida, New Hampshire, Utah, Vermont, and Wisconsin yesterday. Following are highlights in each state.

ALASKA

U.S. Senate

Republican Senator **Frank Murkowski** who faced token opposition in the Republican primary will face former Commissioner of Commerce and Economic Development **Tony Smith** who defeated businessman and former state Representative **Willie Hensley**. A member of the Green Party received 8% of the vote (Jordan - listed under the Democrats column).

Republicans
85% reporting

Murkowski	81%
Whittaker	19%

Democrats
95% reporting

Smith	46%
Hensley	39%
Jordan	8%
Beasley	3%
Sonneman	2%
Vondersaar	1%

In CD 01, Republican incumbent **Don Young** faced a serious challenge by first term state Senator **Virginia Collins** and two other relatively unknown challengers. He will face former Mayor of Valdez **John Devens** who defeated state Senator **Patrick Rodey**.

Republicans
90% reporting

Young	52%
Collins	43%
2 others	5%

Democrats
90% reporting

Devens	52%
Rodey	35%

OK 9/9/92

ARIZONA

U.S. Senate

Incumbent Senator **John McCain** is running for a second term. On the Democrat side, Phoenix political activist **Claire Sargent** defeated Air Force Lt. General **Truman Spangrud**.

Republicans
98% reporting

John McCain (I)

Democrats
98% reporting

Claire Sargent 56%
Truman Spangrud 43%

CD 1

Incumbent Republican **Jay Rhodes**, vying for a fourth term, will face a run-off with state Representative **Stan Barnes**.

Republicans
99% reporting

John Rhodes III (I) 32%
Stan Barnes 29%
Bill Mundell 24%
Trace Bartlett 8%

Democrats
99% reporting

Sam Coopersmith 73%
David Sanson 26%

CD2

Incumbent Democrat **Ed Pastor** was unopposed and will face Republican challenger **Dan Shooter**.

CD 3

Incumbent Republican **Bob Stump** had little trouble with his primary opposition from **Barbara Keough**.

Republicans
98% reporting

Bob Stump (I) 67%
Barbara Keough 32%

Democrats
98% reporting

Roger Hartstone

CD 4

Incumbent Republican **John Kyl** had no primary opposition in his bid for a 4th term. Kyl will face Democrat challenger **Walter Mybeck**.

CD 21

Two Republicans squared off in this seat created due to redistricting. The Democrats failed to file a candidate in this new district. State Senator Lincoln Diaz-Balart will become the state's first Cuban-born member elected to Congress. Democrats failed to file a candidate in this seat.

Republicans 91% reporting

Lincoln Diaz-Balart	69%
Javier Souto	31%

CD 23

This seat was created as a result of redistricting. Former U.S. District Judge Alcee Hastings, impeached by Congress in 1989 on allegations he took bribes, qualified for a run-off by 356 votes and will face state legislator Lois Frankel.

NEW HAMPSHIRE

U. S. Senate

Judd Gregg and John Rauh will vie for the Senate seat vacated by Warren Rudman. Governor Gregg defeated Bedford businessman Harold Eckman and State Senator Jean White for the Republican nomination. Rauh beat out Franklin Mayor Brenda Elias and physician Terry Bennett for the Democrat nomination.

Republican 60% reporting

Gregg	51%
Eckman	37%
White	9%

Democrat 62% reporting

Rauh	52%
Elias	20%
Bennett	14%

1st District

Freshman incumbent **Bill Zeliff** narrowly defeated by **Ovide Lamontagne**. He will face former State Senator **Robert Preston**, who defeated **William Verge** for the Democrat nomination.

Republican
66% reporting

Zeliff 49%
Lamontagne 39%

Democrat
64% reporting

Preston 64%
Verge 36%

2nd District

In an extremely close race, former State Representative **Bill Hatch** of Nashua appears to have defeated **Steve Duprey**, **Peter Spaulding**, **Ted DeWinter**, and **Arthur Gudjikian** for the Republican nomination. Duprey will challenge incumbent **Dick Swett** who easily defeated **Emily Northrop**.

Republican
68% reporting

Hatch 35%
Duprey 31%
Spaulding 24%
DeWinter 6%
Gudjikian 4%

Democrat
57% reporting

Swett 64%
Northrop 36%

Governor

Former Attorney General **Steven Merrill** won the Republican nomination for Governor by defeating former Concord Mayor **Elizabeth Hager** and **Edward Dupont** by a landslide. Dupont has already endorsed and pledged his support for Merrill. However, it is uncertain if Hager will endorse Merrill due to her strong pro-choice position.

State Representative **Deborah Arnesen** defeated **Norman D'Amours**, the only Democrat to adhere to the New Hampshire tax "pledge", and **Ned Helms**.

Republican
61% reporting

Merrill 55%
Hager 22%
Dupont 20%

Democrat
60% reporting

Arnesen 50%
D'Amours 28%
Helms 22%

UTAH

Governor

Governor **Norman Bangerter**, the first Republican Governor in 20 years is retiring. Insurance executive **Mike Leavitt** beat author and lecturer **Richard Eyre** for the Republican nomination.

Attorney **Stuart Hanson, Jr.** defeated fellow attorney **Pat Shea** for the Democrat nomination.

Republicans 99% reporting

Leavitt	56%
Eyre	44%

Democrats 99% reporting

Hanson	57%
Shea	43%

U.S. Senate

The two Republican candidates running to fill retiring Senator **Jake Garn's** seat were CEO of Geneva Steel Corporation **Joe Cannon** and businessman **Bob Bennett**. **Bennett** narrowly defeated **Cannon** in an expensive primary campaign. Both candidates spent millions of dollars on this race.

On the Democrat's side, Congressman **Wayne Owens** (CD 02) was unable to garner 70% of the delegates to their state convention, (87 checks bounced) and was forced to run against business consultant **Doug Anderson**. **Owens** easily defeated **Anderson**.

Republicans 99% reporting

Bennett	51%
Cannon	49%

Democrats 100% reporting

Owens	61%
Anderson	39%

In CD 01, incumbent Republican **Jim Hansen** received well over the requisite 70% support at the Republican state convention in order to fore go a primary. Hansen will face little known **Ron Holt**, a professor at Weber State University.

In CD 02, Attorney and National Chairman of the Young Republicans **Enid Greene** defeated conservative businessman **Jim Bartleson** for the Republican nomination to face liberal State Senator **Karen Shepard** in November. **Shepard** was chosen at the Democratic state convention to fill Congressman **Wayne Owen's** seat who is running for the Senate.

Republicans 99% reporting

Greene	66%
Bartleson	34%

In CD 03, Republican attorney **Richard Harrington** will face incumbent Democrat **Bill Orton** in November.

VERMONT

U.S. Senate

Secretary of State **Jim Douglas** defeated former M.I.T. professor **John Gropper** for the Republican nomination. He will face uncontested incumbent **Patrick Leahy** in November.

Republican
79% reporting

Douglas	79%
Gropper	21%

1st District

Tim Philbin defeated **Ralph Sinclair** and **Jeffery Wennberg** to win the Republican nomination. **Sinclair** has dropped out of the race and backed **Philbin** but his name still appeared on the ballot. Democrat **Lewis Young** was unopposed in the Democrat primary. **Philbin** and **Young** will face incumbent **Bernie Sanders** in November.

Republican
79% reporting

Philbin	50%
Wennberg	41%
Sinclair	9%

Governor

Incumbent Governor **Howard Dean** will face Republican State Senator **John McClaughry** in November. Each ran unopposed in their primaries.

Lt. Governor

Barbara Snelling, widow of former Governor **Dick Snelling**, was unopposed on the Republican primary. She will face Democrat **David Wolk** who defeated **John Trato** for the Democrat nomination.

WISCONSIN

U.S. Senate

Incumbent Republican **Bob Kasten** faced token primary opposition from challenger **Roger Faulkner**. On the Democrat side, five challengers lined up to face Kasten, who is viewed by many to be vulnerable.

Democrat challengers included businessman and former State GOP Chairman **Joe Checota**, state Senator **Russ Feingold**, former 5th District Congressman **Jim Moody**, **Thomas Keller** and **Ed Hou-Seye**.

Most of the race centered around challengers Checota and Feingold. Both waged heavy media campaigns against each other that at one point looked to be the Democrat's "self-destruction." Feingold won by a surprisingly large margin.

Republicans
43% reporting

Kasten 80%
Faulkner 20%

Democrats
97% reporting

Checota 13%
Feingold 69%
Moody 14%

CD 1

Incumbent Democrat **Les Aspin** is the heavy favorite to retain his seat for a 12th term.

Republicans
97% reporting

Mark Nueman 81%
Kenneth Elmer 19%

Democrats

Les Aspin (I)

CD 2

Incumbent Republican **Scott Klug** had no primary opposition as he vies for a 2nd term.

Republicans

Scott Klug (I)

Democrats
98% reporting

St. Rep. David Clarenbac 60%
Ada Deer 40%

CD 8

Incumbent Republican **Toby Roth** is favored to retain his bid for an 8th term. Roth will face Democrat challenger **Catherine Helms**.

CD 9

Incumbent **Jim Sensenbrenner** is the favorite to win an 8th term. Sensenbrenner will face Democrat challenger **Ingrid Buxton**.

CD 3

Incumbent Republican **Steve Gunderson** is the heavy favorite to retain his seat. On the ~~Republican~~ side, challengers **Paul Sacia** and **Jim Ziegeweid** will face a run-off.

Republicans

Steve Gunderson (I)

Democrats

97% reporting

Jim Ziegeweid	35%
Paul Sacia	47%
Don Schultz	16%

CD 4

Incumbent Democrat **Gerald Kleczka** will face Republican challenger **Joe Cook**.

CD 5

This was an open seat due to the retirement of **Jim Moody**, who resigned to run for U.S. Senate. On the Republican side, six candidates vied for the nomination while seven Democrats ran.

On the Republican side, **Donald Hammersmith** and **Rob Ray** will face a run-off. On the Democratic side, **Tom Barrett** and **Terrance Pitts** will face a run-off.

Republicans

97% reporting

Sidney Shindell	20%
Rob Day	27%
Fred Barbian	13%
Donald Hammersmith	38%
Willie Lovelace	2%

Democrats

97% reporting

Tom Barrett	41%
Marc Marotta	16%
Fred Kessler	18%
Terrance Pitts	23%
Roman Benski	1%
Gerald Wilson	1%

CD 6

Incumbent Republican **Tom Petri** looks safe to retain his seat for an 8th term. Petri will face Democrat challenger **Peg Lautenschlager**.

CD 7

Incumbent Democrat **David Obey** faced no opposition in his bid to run for a 13th term. The Republican nominee will be **Dale Vannes**.

MARY FISHER

daily
9/9

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FOR PEOPLE TALK CALL ME AT 407-994-6534

PAGE COUNT IS 4 INCLUDING THIS SHEET

TODAY IS September 8, 1992

To: Patty Presock
Please deliver ASAP

From: Mary Fisher



THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN *9/9/92*

To: Patty - Presock,

Patty, why do people do this?
Is this politics? How do you
all stand it? I told Sec.
Baker's office that I had
not said anything re: WH - It seems
a shame when there are so
few of us? (These are Jim's notes to me)
re: messages he got FYI

Julie Kosterlitz, NATIONAL JOURNAL - TEL 202.857.1415. Called to ask about "Republican" and "Administration" reactions to Mary's speech in Houston. We chatted; I indicated responses had been consistently positive ("Cal Thomas might not be a fan yet"). Then she said she'd been told that "Mary was asked by the Administration to 'tone down' her criticism and told not to attend next week's news conference." I said that wasn't true on several counts: The administration people we've heard from have all been supportive, and no one has asked Mary to change anything. Also, I was the person who talked to AIDS ACTION and that Mary wasn't available to accommodate their schedule because she needs time with the kids, is leaving to attend a week of meetings in Michigan, etc. But Mary's supportive, may be contacting some the legislators on her own, continues her conversations with Administration people she knows, and so forth. Julie said "someone at AIDS ACTION" had also suggested that "the speech itself had been laundered at White House request." I explained that this was not true, saying I'd been there "from the first word to the last punctuation mark, including rehearsals at the Convention itself" and no one had changed so much as a comma of that speech.

Joanne Silberner, US NEWS & WORLD REPORT - TEL 202.955.2615. She "heard an informal report" that Mary Fisher had been invited to attend a news conference in Washington and "had summarily dismissed the idea and turned them down cold." When pressed, she wasn't sure the source of her rumor but thought it was "AIDS ACTION," perhaps

Mr. Bross. I told her that we had discussions with AIDS ACTION, that it hadn't been a matter of "accepting or declining an invitation" so much as a conversation between AIDS ACTION personnel and us, looking for ways to best achieve the goals we share for good legislation. Mary wasn't able to attend the news conference, but was supportive of legislation and is working from her home to show her support. But it wasn't possible for her to leave Florida to attend the news conference this time.

I called Mary, briefly discussed this (mid-afternoon).

I called Silberner again and left a message on her machine assuring her that I'd just checked with Mary, no one had discussions other than I so reports were definitely inaccurate, and that what I'd said earlier was true. Mary is very supportive of those holding the conference, is working from her home to provide her support for legislation, and would continue to be supportive of sound legislation -- whether or not her schedule allows her to attend news conferences assembled by others. Also left cottage number for Silberner to call me back if she wished.

Mary Alma Welch, "The Reliable Source" for THE WASHINGTON POST - TEL 202.334.6823. Returned her Friday noon call (Friday afternoon) and left message for her to call me at the cottage this weekend or office next week.

She called me and said she'd been told by Dan Bross that I told him "the White House asked Mary not to participate." I said that was "a regrettable and inaccurate recollection" on Dan's part. I cited my notes from "4:35 p.m. last Friday as a return call to confirm with Dan the fact that Mary's schedule was too full to be absent from the children another day, to indicate that Mary would look for other ways to be supportive, and to say again that Mary's focus was going to remain the White House during the coming weeks because that was where she seemed to have the greatest access." Dan had not returned that call. I told Mary Alma several times that the White House has never asked that Mary refuse any action, change any language, or in any other way alter her positions or her plans. We chatted for a while near the close of the conversation.... Amiable call, tough message.

... TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1992 B3

Silencing of the Angels?

When the AIDS Action Council, the nation's largest AIDS lobbying group, holds a press conference on the Hill this morning agitating for money, there's one HIV-positive activist who won't be there: Mary Fisher.

The council claims it was informed that the White House had discouraged Fisher—a Republican who spoke at the party's convention last month—from participating.

"We were told that 'the president's people' had counseled her not to attend the press conference," says Dan Bross, the council's executive director.

Bross has been advising Fisher since she went public with her disease in February, and had hoped to make the press conference a bipartisan event. Bob Hattay, the HIV-positive Clinton aide, is expected, and Elizabeth Glaser, who spoke at the Democratic convention, has agreed to send a statement. Bross, who said he took notes of his intense conversation with Fisher's associate Jim Heynen, added that his request for a video of support from Fisher was denied.

Heynen disputes Bross's account, blaming Fisher's absence on her personal schedule. "What he may have heard is this: The focus of Mary's energy may well be with the White House with



Mary Fisher: Absent by choice or by invitation?

regard to legislation," Heynen said. "But the White House has not whispered a word to us." The White House also denied pressuring Fisher.

After hearing from The Post, Heynen suggested he might call Bross to offer a letter of support from Fisher. But as of late last night, Bross had received not a word.

daily
9/9

9/9/92
THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN
PRESIDENT S. BUSH, JR.
441 LEXINGTON AVENUE, SUITE 1109
NEW YORK, NY 10017

Boydin - FYI
see other
Sept 1 side

Dear Ross -

Why hasn't an old capitalist
like Brady indexed capital
gains to inflation. Even if you
can't get a cut in the Cap.
gains tax, this would be a
big help.
(over) Hang tough, have her

Good news in our court battle
with the Tops. It seems they
won't get a summary judgment
against me. I can still move
the end of their suit on, if it goes
to trial that we can win our
framed suit against them.

BJ

Capital Gains Tax and Presidential Power

By CHARLES J. COOPER

President Bush may not be able to get Congress to go along with his proposal to cut the capital gains tax, but there is a simple action he could take on his own authority to make the tax treatment of capital gains more equitable. He could instruct the Treasury to index capital gains to inflation.

Until quite recently Congress has implicitly recognized and compensated for the effects of inflation by giving preferential tax treatment to capital gains, either by taxing them at a lower rate or by partially excluding them from taxable income. It recognized that otherwise investors would often be taxed unfairly on income that was attributable in some significant part to inflation, rather than real income, as the example in the nearby box demonstrates.

Preferential Treatment

While this kind of preferential tax status was at best a blunt tool to counter the effects of inflation, it was nonetheless recognized as such a tool. It thus largely obviated, until 1986, the need to establish a more accurate counter for inflation, such as indexation, and the president had no pressing need to take up this issue.

In 1986, however, the Tax Reform Act ended preferential treatment for capital gains, taxing them at the same rate as ordinary income. Although bills providing for indexing have passed at different times over the past decade in both houses of Congress, none has been enacted.

It is not surprising, then, that the question of the president's regulatory authority to index capital gains has only recently come into sharp focus. Earlier this summer I was asked by the National Chamber Foundation and the National Taxpayers Union Foundation to examine the issue. Despite initial skepticism, I have concluded that the president has the legal authority to adopt a regulation indexing capital gains.

The inquiry begins with the Sixteenth Amendment, which in 1913 authorized Congress to "lay and collect taxes on incomes." In 1919, the Supreme Court defined income as including "profit gained through a sale or conversion of capital assets."

The "profit" or "gain" as defined by the Tax Code is the "excess of the amount realized [from the sale or other disposition of property] over the adjusted basis." The "basis" of the property is defined simply as its "cost." The meaning of the word cost is the heart of the matter.

Congress has never defined cost, and

How Indexing Would Work

Consider the example of a taxpayer who bought a house for \$100,000 in 1982 and sells it for \$200,000 in 1992. Under the current tax regime, he is taxed on a "gain" of \$100,000. If, however, inflation has caused the general price level to double between 1982 and 1992, the taxpayer has not realized any increase in wealth at all; that is, there has been no increase in the value of his house. The \$200,000 he has in 1992 represents the same purchasing power as the \$100,000 he had in 1982. The value of his asset has not increased; it has merely kept pace with inflation. In fact, the taxpayer is worse off than if he had not bought the house, since the tax on its sale will eat into his nominal gain.

If the capital gains tax were indexed to inflation, the taxpayer would be taxed just on that portion of the gain above inflation. To use the same example, if he sold his home for \$220,000, he would pay tax on only \$20,000, the portion of the sale price above inflation.

until 1957 neither did Treasury regulations. In practice, however, Treasury has always interpreted cost to mean the amount, in nominal dollars, paid at the time of purchase. Regulations issued in 1957 formalized this interpretation. Treasury's interpretation of cost as purchase price is no doubt a reasonable one. The critical question, however, is whether it is the only reasonable interpretation.

Under our system of separated powers, the executive branch has the initial responsibility of interpreting the laws that Congress makes. Unless clearly forbidden by Congress, Treasury can interpret the Tax Code to define cost as adjusted for inflation; that is, it can index capital gains.

It is important to stress that the question at hand is not whether a court would conclude that indexation is required under the Tax Code. Rather, the question is whether a court would conclude that a Treasury regulation indexing capital gains was based on a permissible reading of that statute. While Treasury has consistently interpreted the cost of a capital asset to mean the asset's original purchase price, this definition is not required by law. Nothing in the legislative history of the past 75 years suggests that Congress intended to deny Treasury this sort of interpretive discretion.

The right of executive branch agencies to "fill any gap left, implicitly or explicitly, by Congress" in a statute was articulated in 1984 in *Chevron U.S.A. v. National Re-*

sources Defense Council. Under *Chevron*, in order to reject an executive-branch interpretation the courts must decide "whether Congress has directly spoken to the precise question at issue." There is no doubt that, in the matter of the cost of a capital asset, Congress has never spoken.

Next, says the *Chevron* decision, "if the statute is silent or ambiguous with respect to the specific issue, the question for the court is whether the agency's answer is based on a permissible construction of the statute." It is permissible, the court said last year in *Rust v. Sullivan*, as long as "it reflects a plausible construction of the plain language of the statute and

does not otherwise conflict with Congress' expressed intent."

Constructing cost to include the effect of inflation is at least as plausible as Treasury's purchase-price interpretation. The only difference between the two interpretations is that

the former measures cost at the time the capital asset is sold, while the latter measures cost at the time the asset was purchased. Ask any homeowner how much his house cost, and he will tell you what he paid for it—and when he bought it.

Even so, a new Treasury regulation changing the definition of cost from nominal dollars to inflation-adjusted dollars would certainly be a sharp departure from past practice, and some have argued that Congress's failure to enact indexing legislation amounts to a de facto ban. Quite apart from the general point—reiterated

by the Supreme Court in *Patterson v. McClean Credit Union* (1989)—that "congressional inaction cannot amend a duly enacted statute," the argument is particularly weak here.

Nowhere in the legislative history of these proposals did Congress address the precise issue of the meaning of cost, let alone endorse Treasury's purchase-price interpretation. To be sure, by failing to enact the proposed amendments, Congress elected not to require Treasury to index capital gains. But Congress in no way indicated that Treasury was not permitted to do so.

In other words, if Congress left any gaps in the statutory meaning of cost prior to its consideration of indexation amendments, those gaps were not closed when it failed to exercise its own discretion to amend the statute. By failing to fill in the gap in the meaning of cost, Congress did not extinguish Treasury's discretion to do so. Again, the Supreme Court has made it abundantly clear that executive-branch agencies are entitled to considerable deference in interpreting statutes they administer.

In *Rust v. Sullivan* the Supreme Court upheld the new Health and Human Services regulations forbidding clinics that received federal money from offering abortion counseling. That such regulations "reverse a longstanding agency policy . . . and thus represent a sharp break from the secretary's prior construction of the statute" was deemed insufficient grounds for forbidding them. Under *Chevron*, it said, HHS was entitled to modify regulations so long as the change was supported by a "reasonable basis."

A Reasonable Interpretation

In short, Congress has for more than seven decades left undefined the term "cost" in the capital gains section of the Tax Code. The traditional definition of cost as the nominal dollars spent at the time of purchase can be changed by the Treasury to reflect a more realistic method of computing the "gain" that an investor reaps from the sale of his property. This is at least as reasonable an interpretation of cost as the one traditionally used, and thus entitled to deference by the courts.

The president can correct this serious deficiency in the way our tax laws are applied today, if he wishes. And if Congress objects, it can pass a law ending indexing.

Mr. Cooper, a Washington assistant attorney general, was an assistant attorney general in the Reagan administration.

Unless clearly forbidden by Congress, Treasury can interpret the Tax Code to define cost as adjusted for inflation; that is, it can index capital gains.

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More on the Roll up
Issue - What's with
this Gramm. guy? -

Anne sends love!

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TALKING DEALS

*Examined
8/30/92*



Rip-off roll-ups have a friend in the Senate

ROLL-UPS ARE rip-offs. Gee, I think I've said that already. In fact, I've written three columns on the subject. But, there is actually something sufficiently disgusting happening these days to warrant a reprise.

Roll-ups, you may recall, occur when the sponsor of a series of limited partnerships invites investors to trade in their interests in individual partnerships for a share in one giant fund that rolls up or includes many single partnerships. Sponsors like roll-ups because they get fees — both more of them and a lot sooner than they would if they simply sold the underlying assets and liquidated the partnerships. Sponsors also get permanent control of the assets and keep the management fees forever.

Investors are cheated in this process because they are never given enough information, like the fact that their new shares will immediately and irreversibly fall in value. They are also not given the option of staying where they are or being paid in cash instead of being stuck with soon-to-be worthless new shares.

A few months ago, the House of Representatives passed a bill that would end these roll-up abuses. A similar bill passed by a vote of 87 to 10 in the Senate. Unfortunately, the bill has not been submitted to President Bush for his signature.

clearly in the best interest of investors all over the country. In fact, Sen. Gramm not only opposes the bill, he has been railing against the people who have been pushing for this partnership reform.

Sen. Gramm has as much as singled out Dick Wollack — one of the principal proponents of the anti-roll-up bill and president of Liquidity Fund in Emeryville — as being a self-interested lobbyist who has pushed this bill for his own personal gain. Believing that it takes one to know one, I think such self-righteous finger pointing is worthy of examination.

Indeed, Mr. Wollack does have a personal interest in the outcome of this bill. That's because his company has invested heavily in many limited partnerships. Every time some greedy sponsor rolls up some of his partnerships and the share values plummet, his company is hurt. In fact, Mr. Wollack not only admits his personal interest in this bill, he trumpets it. Who more than he and his company has such intimate knowledge of the shenanigans of the business and the resources to combat them?



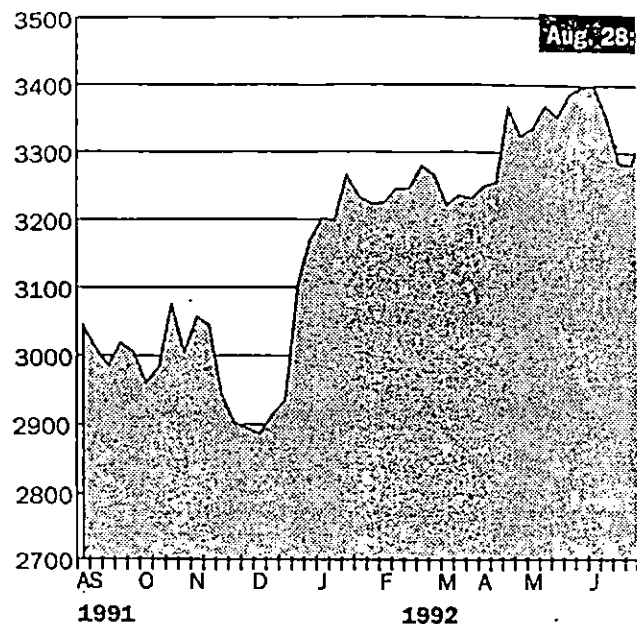
Phil Gramm

But, what is Sen. Gramm's interest in perpetuating various sponsors' right to skin the American public alive? Could it have anything to do with the fact that a host of syndicators and their Wall Street henchmen have contributed over \$230,000 to both Sen. Gramm's personal campaign and to a special Republican senatorial war chest he controls?

Foremost among these contributors is the Wall Street firm of Dean Witter — a company that has even hired a lobbyist to defeat the roll-up bill. That's understandable, Dean Witter has earned millions from roll-up sponsors who hired them to do vote solicitation and often paid them only for the votes that came back "yes."

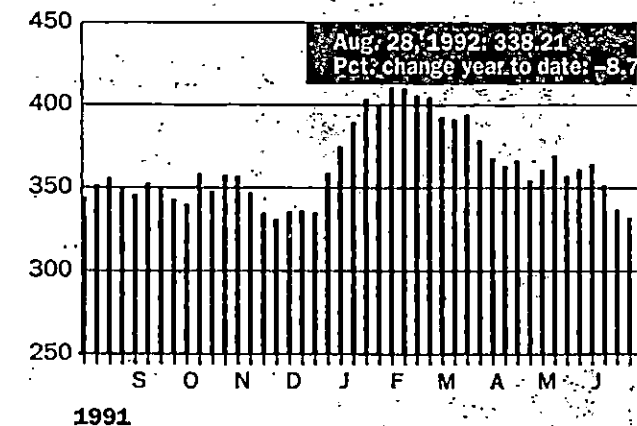
DOW JONES INDUSTRIAL AVERAGE

After starting the week with a hard downturn, driven by the decline to all-time lows against the German mark, the Dow Jones industrial average recovered to 3,267.61, a gain of 13.57 pc



FRANKLIN CALIFORNIA 250 GROWTH INDEX

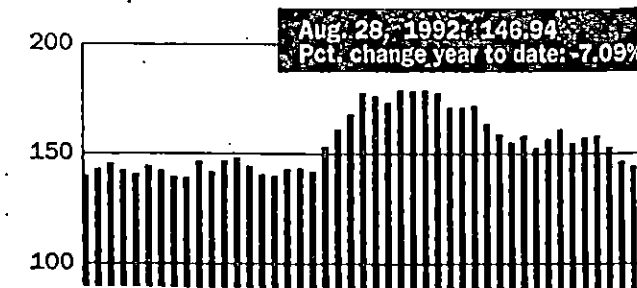
The 250 largest publicly traded companies with headquarters operations in California. The index is equally weighted, meaning each company represents 0.4 percent of the total index. The index at 250 on Dec. 31, 1990



SOURCE: Franklin Advisors, a subsidiary of Franklin Resources Inc., San Mateo

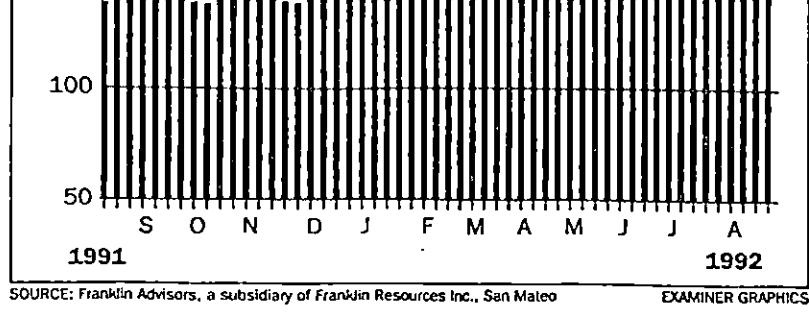
FRANKLIN BAY AREA 100 INDEX

The 100 largest publicly traded companies in the 415, 408, 707 area codes. The index is equally weighted, meaning each company represents 1 percent of the total index. The report upon an index value of 100 as of Dec. 31, 1990.



the Senate. Unfortunately, has not been submitted to President Bush for his signature. The manipulation of archaic procedures by one senator has made it his personal vendetta to kill it. This senator is Rep. Phil Gramm of Texas. Almost every bill before Congress has some sort of opponent. It is rare to see an opponent so named as Sen. Gramm, especially when the bill he opposes is so

hired them to do vote solicitation and often paid them only for the votes that came back "yes." In fact, Dean Witter has been king of the solicitation business, having been hired by sponsors such as Equitec Financial Group in Oakland and Hallwood Realty Partnerships in Dallas. Investors in these roll-ups have lost big — some as much as 95 percent. Meanwhile, the sponsors and Dean Witter profited.



Somehow, all this doesn't bother Sen. Gramm as much as Mr.

Wollack's obvious personal interest in getting an investor protection bill passed. What gall!

Behind all this lies the fact that Dean Witter is owned by Sears — the very same corporate giant that recently got caught ripping off consumers in its automobile repair centers. Am I overly sensitive, or is it possible that the same morality that leads a company to over-fix and over-charge its auto customers might lead it to attempt to influence a U.S. senator in order to continue profiting from a lucrative niche in the securities market?

So it is that one man, one senator from Texas, is holding the investors of America hostage while he accepts campaign contributions from the perpetrators of the very abuses Congress is trying to prevent. Then, this senator has the nerve to point fingers at a man who is trying to prevent his own company and every other limited partnership investor in the country from being ripped off.

Chances are your own congressional representative voted for the investor protection bill. Write him or her — particularly your senator — and tell them not to let roll-up reform die at the hands of Sen. Gramm and his friends at the company where America shops.

You might even want to write Sears or its Chairman Edward Brennan at The Sears Tower in Chicago, Ill., 60684. They might appreciate it. They've been so busy defending themselves for having one hand in our pockets at their auto centers that they might not have noticed what their other hand has been doing. Yeah sure!

Jay Kaplan is a real estate and negotiations consultant. His column appears bi-weekly.

the UC Berkeley Extension Certificate Program in Hazardous Materials Management has been invaluable; it has enabled me to direct my career and has heightened my understanding of the regulatory tools available to communities to address environmental and safety issues."

Carol Hill, M.S., is Safety and Environmental Coordinator at Veriflex Biosciences in South San Francisco.



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