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FOIA MARKER

**This is not a textual record. This is used as an
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Record Group/Collection: George H.W. Bush Presidential Records
Collection/Office of Origin: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:

OA/ID Number: 90678
Folder ID Number: 90678-005

Folder Title:
Tuesday, May 12, 1992 [1]

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet (George Bush Library)

Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
01. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 01e]. (2 pp.)	5/92	(b)(1)	C
02. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 01f]. (1 pp.)	5/7/92	(b)(1)	C
03. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 01g]. (2 pp.)	3/25/92	(b)(1)	C
04. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 01h]. (2 pp.)	5/7/92	(b)(1)	C
05. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as [originally closed as 02c]. (1 pp.)	5/7/92	(b)(1)	C
06. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 02d]. (1 pp.)	5/7/92	(b)(1)	
07. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 02e]. (1 pp.)	5/7/92	(b)(1)	S
08. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 02f]. (1 pp.)	5/7/92	(b)(1)	

Page 1 of 1

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Tuesday, May 12, 1992 [1]

Pinksheet Number: cap6105

OA/ID Number: 90678-005

Date Closed: 9/4/2019

FOIA/Sys Case #: 2009-0166-S[4]

Re-review Case #:

P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

GARRETT & COMPANY

1730 M STREET, N.W.

SUITE 808

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20036

(202) 332-0200

FAX (202) 872-0444

May 8, 1992

The Honorable
Rose Zamaria
Deputy Assistant to the President
and Director of White House Operations
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Rose:

Since the President will be meeting with Boutros Ghali next week, do you think he could mention our request for the Assistant Secretary General level position? Ambassador Ed Perkins and State are behind us.

Thanks.

Sincerely yours,

Thaddeus

THADDEUS GARRETT, JR.
President

TG:mfc

5/22/92 - R3 Thad Garrett
that the Pres. personally
talked with Ed Perkins
on this. He was most
appreciative
R3

5/12/92
I talked to
Ed Perkins on this
Also to Nancy B. Dyke
Did not talk to
Boutros

BUSH LIBRARY PHOTOCOPY - GEORGE BUSH HANDWRITING

4/21 - haven't heard
anything else per
Rose.

Document Originally
Attached to
Following Page

Pending

Mr. President 3/23/92

9

RE: THADD GARRETT

Per Jan Naylor, since Secretary General Boutros Ghali is reorganizing, there are no specific slots available that we can zero in for Thadd. However, Jan said the State Department has initiated what needs to be done and they will continue to express your interest in his behalf. Hopefully, it will bear fruit.

RZ

3/24/92 RZ Talked with
Thadd told him status.
He said fine, let him
know when we have anything
to report



March 20, 1992

Rose Zamaria

Re: Thadd Garrett

Ask Nancy Berg Dyke to find out what positions are available at the UN.
I'd be glad to help Thadd if there are any vacancies that interest him and for which he is qualified.

GB

A handwritten signature, likely of George Bush, is written in the center of the page. It consists of a stylized 'G' followed by a vertical line.

BUSH LIBRARY PHOTOCOPY - George Bush Handwriting

FROM THE PRESIDENT

**THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON**

Mr. President:

I had Jan Naylor check. She said Thadd is interested in an international position at the UN, (One the Secretary General has to approve) at the Under Secretary or assistant secretary level.

If you wanted this to happen, you would have to contact the Secretary General personally and make the pitch.

Per Jan, Thadd cannot pass the security clearance for a federal position.

Rose

GARRETT & COMPANY

1730 M STREET, N.W.

SUITE 808

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20036

(202) 332-0200

FAX (202) 872-0444

March 18, 1992

Dear Mr. President,

I would very much like to be considered for one of the Assistant Secretary General positions at the United Nations.

I have been in touch with Ed Perkins and the folks at State. They say that it is your call.

What do you think?

Thad

MATERIAL FORWARDED TO THE PRESIDENT
May 12, 1992

ACTION

1. Recommended Telephone Call to President Collor re Rio Conference.
2. Mail Sample
3. Transmittal Message for the "National Youth Apprenticeship Act of 1992".
4. Acceptance of Resignation Letter for Mark Albrecht, Exec. Sec. for the National Space Council

CLASSIFIED

INFORMATION

1. Smith Memo re Live Radio Address Coverage Report
2. Boskin Memo re New York Times Article on Income Distribution
3. Letters of Support from CEO's who Travelled to Asia with the Presidential Delegation
4. Progress Report of the Presidential Task Force on Los Angeles Recovery
5. Block schedule
6. CEA numbers -- Consumer price indexes for April; April retail sales

REMARKS

1. Small Business Week - Cards
2. East Baltimore Medical Center

SCHEDULE

1. And accompanying briefing papers

From the desk of
George Bush

R2

Discuss with
me - I want
to have him up
for a drink

Document Originally
Attached to
Following Page.

file

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

MARCH 13, 1992

92 MAR 13 P5:43

MEMORANDUM FOR: THE PRESIDENT

FROM: NICHOLAS E. CALIO *NEC*

SUBJECT: LETTER FOR YOUR READING FILE

Enclosed is a letter which you recently received from a Member of Congress.

Sen. Pete Domenici (R-NM)

Encloses a letter signed by 35 Republican Senators agreeing to support your veto of any legislation designed to tear down the defense firewall. He states that he could have obtained more signatures, but wanted to provide you with the letter as soon as possible. He adds a P.S. "I'd like to talk to you after work sometime." (His request, I think would be worth accomodating.)

5/12/92
The President met with Domenici
by alone. This has been taken
care of. *PR*

PETE V. DOMENICI
NEW MEXICO



United States Senate

WASHINGTON, D. C.

March 11, 1992

Dear Mr. President:

Attached you will find a letter signed by
34 Republican Senators.

I hope you understand we are all prepared to
see to it that the Democrat proposal to remove
the defense wall for '93 never becomes law.

I could have gotten more signatures, I am
sure, but I stopped with 35 so you could have
this letter as soon as possible.

Very warmest regards.

Sincerely,

A large, stylized handwritten signature of Pete Domenici, written in dark ink.

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

P.S. I'd like
to talk to
you after work
Don't fail -
Pete

JIM SASSER, TENNESSEE, CHAIRMAN

ERNEST F. HOLLINGS, SOUTH CAROLINA
J. BENNETT JOHNSTON, LOUISIANA
DONALD W. RIEGLE, JR., MICHIGAN
J. JAMES EXON, NEBRASKA
FRANK R. LAUTENBERG, NEW JERSEY
PAUL SIMON, ILLINOIS
TERRY SANFORD, NORTH CAROLINA
TIMOTHY E. WIRTH, COLORADO
WYCHE FOWLER, JR., GEORGIA
KENT CONRAD, NORTH DAKOTA
CHRISTOPHER J. DODD, CONNECTICUT

PETE V. DOMENICI, NEW MEXICO
STEVE SYMMS, IDAHO
CHARLES E. GRASSLEY, IOWA
ROBERT W. KASTEN, JR., WISCONSIN
DON NICKLES, OKLAHOMA
PHIL GRAMM, TEXAS
CHRISTOPHER S. BOND, MISSOURI
TRENT LOTT, MISSISSIPPI
HANK BROWN, COLORADO

United States Senate

COMMITTEE ON THE BUDGET
WASHINGTON, DC 20510-6100

LARRY STEIN, STAFF DIRECTOR
G. WILLIAM HOAGLAND, MINORITY STAFF DIRECTOR

March 9, 1992

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

Debate over developing the 1993 budget blueprint for our country's economic future is well underway. As that debate proceeds, we want you to know of our deep commitment to helping formulate sound and lasting economic growth policies.

In developing this economic blueprint for the future, however, we must also remain vigilant of our country's long-term national security. In that regard, we the undersigned are strongly opposed to recent proposed legislation in the Senate (S.2250) and House (H.R.3732) that would remove the wall between defense and domestic discretionary spending.

One of the hallmarks of the 1990 Budget Enforcement Act was multi-year budgeting. The Act set multi-year spending caps for defense and domestic discretionary programs. It allowed for better long-term defense planning. We are not prepared to subject our national security needs to further uncertainties by removing the spending walls. To do so we believe would weaken fiscal discipline, threaten deep and dangerous cuts in defense spending, and destroy the Act's multi-year budget focus.

Should such legislation reach your desk, we the undersigned will support your veto of such legislation. We must maintain the discipline of the 1990 Act.

Sincerely,

Pete V. Domenici

Walter B. Ruck

Conrad Mack

Paul L. Simon

Phil Gramm

Steve Symms

Charles E. Grassley

Warren

BUSH LIBRARY PHOTOCOPY - MISCELLANEOUS HANDWRITING

Norm Thompson

John Seymour

F. J. Tracy

James J. Brown

Jack K. Brown

Paul Carter

William D. White

Bob Smith

Garre Helms

Richard

John W. Carroll

Pat Miller

James Pender

John W. Brown

John H. Charles

Frank Brown

John Seymour

Frank J. Holt

John J. Brown

John W. White

John H. Marshall
James Casselmann
Tom Dora

John Dora

Harold B. Logan
John D. Dora
Tom Dora

May 12, 1992

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

1) Are you interested in signing any photos from the LA trip? For instance, Rev Hill or other church photos, meetings with local businessmen, or photos taken w/Boys and Girls Club. Otherwise, we'll just forward all photos with your card.

Yes (as indicated) key leaders
caligraphy if possible
No thanks, just forward _____

BUSH LIBRARY PHOTOCOPY - George Bush Handwriting

Sherie X1125

5/12 11/83
Dave will send copy
of all photos to Sherie, she'll
pull "Key leaders" have
caligraphed and send me for
the Pres signature.
1145 - gave Mary Engels heads up.

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mr. Dereke Carr
1651- 1/2 South Sierra Bonita Street
Los Angeles, California 90019

Dereke Carr,
Manager of Boys
Market in LA.
Guided the President
on a tour of his
burned store.



THE PRESIDENT

May 12, 1992

Dear Dereke:

I am glad we had a chance to meet during my trip to Los Angeles. It was sad to see so many people hurt by the recent events.

Thanks for sharing your personal insights into the devastating situation. I hope your store will be back in business very soon.

With lots of luck and best wishes.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "G. Bush".



DEREKE CARR,
Manager of Boys
Market

Dereke Carr
Good Luck. Thanks For The
Tow - Sincerely, Ag Bush

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Dr. William E. Faulkner, D.D.S.
3310 West Slauson Avenue
Los Angeles, California 90043



THE

Dr. William Faulkner,
Dentist in L.A. who
guided the President
on a tour of his
burned office.

May 12, 1992

Dear Dr. Faulkner:

Just a quick note to say I am glad we had a chance to meet in Los Angeles. I really appreciate all your thoughtful insights. They were very helpful to my understanding of the situation.

I am truly saddened by the devastating circumstances and hope that you'll be back in business very soon.

Good luck and best wishes.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to be "Bill Clinton", written in a cursive style.



DR. WILLIAM FAULKNER

Dentist

To: Dr. Wm Faulkner
With Best Wishes and Thank You
For Your Tour - Cap Bunk

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mr. Scott Watt
Vice Chairman of the Board
Watt Industries
2716 Ocean Park Boulevard
Santa Monica, California 90405

Scott
Stan Watts- owner of
shopping center
burned in L.A.
Guided the President
on a tour of his
center.



May 12, 1992

Dear Scott,

I was so sorry to see the devastating circumstances in Los Angeles -- especially the damage caused to your shopping center. The time and information you shared with me was very helpful.

Good luck and best wishes.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "G. Bush".



SCOTT WATTS,
Owner of Shopping
Center

Scott Watts -
Good Luck ~ Best Wishes,
Ag Bank

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Captain Garrett Zimmon
Southwest Area Police Station
1546 West Martin Luther King
Los Angeles, California 90062

Captain Garrett
Zimmon- Guided the
President on a tour
of the SW Area
Police Station.



THE PRESIDENT

May 12, 1992

Dear Captain Zimmon:

I really enjoyed the time spent with you and your officers at the Southwest Area Police Station. You've been through a trying time, but it is important that you know how much your work is appreciated.

With best wishes.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "G. Bush", written over a horizontal line.



CAPTAIN GARRETT
ZIMMON

SW Area Police
Station

Capt. Garrett Zimmon -
Thanks For The Tow - But Wishes
Cap Buck

Done per the
request of
Elvis Mason
(Dallas)

FYI only. *M*

May 12, 1992

I am delighted to send greetings to all those who are gathered to celebrate the 25th anniversary of the Byron Nelson Golf Classic. Special congratulations to Byron Nelson on his 80th birthday.

In the words of another of golf's greatest legends, Tommy Armour: "Even when Nelson is only half-way putting, he can't be beaten. He plays golf shots like a virtuoso. . . . He is the finest golfer I have ever seen." From his early days near Fort Worth, Byron Nelson practiced his way to becoming one of the greatest golfers ever to grace a fairway. Aptly nicknamed "the master of the iron shot," Byron won a record 11 consecutive pro golf tour events among 18 official victories in 1945 -- a record that still stands today.

The tournament that bears Byron's name has not only attracted players of the highest caliber but also made a significant impact on the lives of young people who need a helping hand. On a personal note, I am pleased to take part in a tribute to a man who is so richly deserving of our admiration and respect. His life is an example to all Americans of how one can achieve excellence through hard work and perseverance.

Barbara and I send best wishes for a memorable evening and for every future success. God bless you.

GEORGE BUSH

SENT TO:

Mr. Larry Wilson
The Salesmanship Club of Dallas
350 Union Station
400 South Houston Street
Dallas, Texas 75202

AND FAX TO: (214) 748-5063
Attn: Larry Wilson

BUSH LIBRARY PHOTOCOPY - George Bush Handwriting

GB/MJG/TD/SMG/ltd
cc: M. John Grimley, Rm. 93/T. Donovan/

Beth Thompson/Rose Zamaria/CF
EVENT: May 12 92
DUE: May 12 92

THE WHITE HOUSE
MRS. BUSH'S PRESS OFFICE

DAILY PRESS CLIPPINGS

TUESDAY, MAY 12, 1992

Mrs. Bush	(in folder)
Secretary Skinner	West Wing
Marlin Fitzwater	West Wing
Constance Horner	West Wing
Carol Powers	West Wing
Patty Presock	Residence
First Lady Detail	Staircase
Karen Connell	Room 58 OEOB
Shirley Green	Room 94 OEOB
Anne Griffith	Room 98 OEOB
Diana Kellogg	Room 157 OEOB
Gregg Petersmeyer	Room 100 OEOB
Marguerite Sullivan	Room 268 OEOB
Carolyn Washington	Room 268 OEOB
Sherrie Rollins	West Wing
Benita Somerfield	hold one copy
Ann Brock	
Julie Cooke	
Joan DeCain	
Laurie Firestone	
Jane Moore	
Susan Porter Rose	
Sally Runion	
Peggy Swift	
Anna Perez	
Sondra Haley	
Jean Becker	
Jay Suchan	(plus originals)



Nancy Reagan

OH, YOU POWERFUL DOLL

A Connecticut doll company thinks that former First Lady Nancy Reagan is special enough to merit a \$235 porcelain doll in her likeness. The 19-inch figure is dressed in a replica of the James Galanos hand-beaded gown worn at the 1981 inauguration. The company also makes Jackie Kennedy, Lady Bird Johnson, Pat Nixon, Rosalynn Carter and Barbara Bush dolls. No mention of Betty Ford. Maybe her hubby wasn't in office long enough.

NEWSTAB Sat 9-May-92 17:08 EDT

WASHINGTON (AP) — Power machinery on his family's North Dakota farm ripped 18-year-old John Thompson's arms from his shoulders. Irrigation equipment in Wisconsin tore off 6-year-old Michael Conoboy's left arm and right hand.

Farming is among the most dangerous occupations in the country. But the Bush administration now wants to cut nearly all government spending on programs to prevent health and safety dangers on the farm.

An estimated 300 children and 2,500 adults die on the farm every year. Tens of thousands more are seriously injured or exposed to harmful chemicals and biological hazards.

Congress launched the government's efforts to identify, evaluate and prevent injuries and diseases among farm workers and their children in 1990, setting aside \$11 million.

The program, run by the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, now spends \$22 million on projects in some 30 states. Initiatives range from cancer screening and documenting farm workers' health to warning parents against letting too many children ride in their tractors.

Supporters say it is a modest but important effort to help the nation's farmers, who produced \$170 billion in livestock and crops in 1990.

But the Bush administration says it has higher priorities, such as breast and cervical cancer prevention, immunizations and lead screening. It wants to eliminate the entire program, which was scheduled to receive \$30 million in 1993.

Without the NIOSH program, the government's primary farm safety effort would be the \$970,000 spent each year by the Cooperative Extension Service.

Bush's wife, Barbara, however, was so touched by the work of one of the NIOSH-funded projects that she agreed to be the honorary chairperson of Farm Safety 4 Just Kids, which receives about \$50,000 a year.

The Earlham, Iowa, group promotes education and awareness of the childhood hazards on the farm. It was founded by a grieving Marilyn Adams, whose 11-year-old son, Keith, was killed on the family farm. Last May, Mrs. Bush traveled to Iowa to participate in its farm safety day.

"This sends a signal to farmers that the president is very interested (in farm safety) and it gets the press. But through the back door, he takes away all the funding," said Sen. Tom Harkin, D-Iowa, the program's chief sponsor. Recent studies have shown that farmers are more likely to die of leukemia, non-Hodgkin's lymphoma and multiple myeloma than any other occupational group. Other studies have show higher mortality rates for lip, prostate and stomach cancer.

Their children also are at risk.

"There are no kids on the floor of a steel mill or in an underground mine. But the family farm is a farmstead and a work place and children can wander from a relatively safe home to a relatively dangerous barnyard to a dangerous barn," said Dr. David Pratt, director of the New York Center for Agricultural Medicine and Health in Cooperstown.

>

COVER STORY

'Bad blood' or clarion call to do his duty

Bush's aides see a grudge; others say government has left Perot 'frustrated'

By Debbie Howlett
USA TODAY

Ross Perot insists he really doesn't want to be president.

"Anybody intelligent enough to do the job is smart enough to realize it's the worst job in the world," he says.

What, then, would push the firebrand billionaire from Texas into an independent bid for the presidency?

A long-held grudge against President Bush — dating back to Perot's dispute with the Reagan-Bush administration's policy on MIAs in Vietnam — is the best explanation top White House and Bush campaign aides can muster.

"There's obviously some bad blood," says Sen. Alan Simpson, R-Wyo. "It's there. Very obvious."

Perot finds the idea absurd: "There's no animosity as far as I'm concerned. All I've ever said is he's a fine man."

"If there's some stress in (Bush's) mind, let him come out of the Rose Garden and talk about it."

Perot — who delivered 200,000-plus signatures Monday in Austin to get his name on the Texas ballot — insists he is motivated solely by his obligation to a society that allowed him to pull himself up by his bootstraps, a definite Texas twist to the idea of *noblesse oblige*. He claims no other agenda: not ego; not his love of adventure; not boredom after selling his Electronic Data Systems to General Motors.

Answering the clarion call of citizens who are desperate to reclaim their government, says Perot, is his civic duty.

"It has nothing to do with George Bush," he says. "I wish people were thrilled to death with both candidates."

Perot also says he wouldn't be mulling a campaign if his friend, Texas Sen. Lloyd Bensten, a Democrat, were running — a remark that hits as hard at Arkansas Gov. Bill Clinton.

But clearly, Bush's politics are a burr under Perot's saddle. Though he has never attacked Bush by name — he makes it a point to use a descriptive like "incumbent president" — Perot cannot hide his disgust at the way Bush has governed:

► On Bush's 1990 abandonment of his no-new-taxes pledge: "It was a study in White House arrogance."

► On domestic issues: "I'm talking about two-day education summits... little video events set up to say: 'I am the education president. I am the environmental president. I am the drug president.' Then you do a stunt and go on to another issue."

► On federal red ink: "Do you ever hear the incumbent president talking about the debt? Do you hear him talking about this year's deficit?"

► On battles with Congress: Bush "needs to stop whining."

► On early U.S. support for Iraqi leader Saddam Hussein: "(Bush) personally intervened to get him money, billions from you the taxpayers."

Bush, for his part, remains silent about Perot.

"The president admires his business acumen," says Robert Moshbacher, the Texan who chairs the Bush campaign.

All of this, says Perot, isn't a grudge. It's business.

But White House and Bush campaign aides say Perot's deep, personal anger at Bush is an open secret, dating back to 1986.

Though Perot has visited Bush at Kennebunkport, he hasn't donated to his campaigns for 15 years. Their relationship, begun when Bush ran for Congress, was never more than cordial.

"I would not call Ross a close friend or associate of Mr. Bush, ever. He's not an enemy, but they're not close," says Mort Meyerson, one of Perot's closest associates.

"Socially, we have very good relations with the Bush family," says Ross Perot Jr.

However, the younger Perot, a friend of George W. Bush, the president's oldest son, says he hasn't seen the younger Bush since early this year, when "I assured him that my dad wasn't going to be running for president."

Their fathers have worked together, mainly because of Perot's White House connections and his '82 appointment by President Reagan to the Foreign Intelligence Advisory Council.

At that time, Perot gained wide access to Pentagon records, operating as if he had Reagan's permission — whether he did or not is in dispute — to become a one-man committee on U.S. servicemen missing in Vietnam. It was an extension of his intense concern for POWs, dating to 1970, when he tried to deliver Christmas meals to Americans held in Hanoi.

Perot's beliefs now about POWs are somewhat muddled, but as late as 1990 he said he believed servicemen were left behind after the war, abandoned by their country. "He told me, 'I had proved there was overwhelming evidence we left men behind — high probability some were still alive,'" wrote Monika Jensen-Stevenson, co-author of *Kiss The Boys Goodbye*.

Perot's interest was so strong that late in 1986 he wangled an invitation from the Vietnamese government to go to Hanoi. He went to the White House seeking its blessing, asking to be named an envoy to re-establish talks over MIAs and POWs.

The administration was apparently leery of Perot, seen as a loose cannon. Earlier in the year he had approached top officials, including Bush, with incredible charges that a trusted Pentagon official was covering up U.S. arms and drug dealing operations in Southeast Asia. The White House decided enough was enough. Bush, then vice president, was given the task of telling Perot his plan wouldn't get an official imprimatur.

Senior White House and Bush campaign aides, looking for explanations of Perot's candidacy, say the seeds of the Perot's budding populist campaign were sown by that confrontation with Bush. Perot, they say, left in a rage that is still festering.

Perot won't discuss the matter: "I'm not going to react to every little dirty trick his boys bring out," he snaps.

But it's hard to believe he wasn't at least miffed. This is a man who seldom takes "no" for an answer. "He doesn't hear it very often," says Todd Mason, who wrote Perot, an unauthorized biography published in 1990.

Despite the lack of official support, Perot flew to Hanoi on his own a few months after the meeting with Bush.

The trip was a disaster — and an embarrassment for Perot.

While he was abroad, the White House named a Pentagon overseer on MIA issues. The Vietnamese, unsure who Perot represented, shut down all attempts to re-open talks.

"He's been frustrated, whether it's with the government or because he hasn't been able to help as much as he wants," says Meyerson. "The lack of success would frustrate him more."

Says Mason, "It upset Perot that Bush wouldn't do more." Shortly after the Hanoi debacle, Perot, in apparent retaliation, withdrew a \$2 million pledge to the Reagan library.

If Perot's quest is rooted in anger — whether personal or political — the great irony may be pointed up in the polls.

Perot, according to a USA TODAY/CNN Poll by Gallup, draws voters evenly away from Bush and Clinton — which may help Bush as much as it hurts him.

Flee to D.C.: It's a capital notion

By MIKE DALE

THERE'S good news for those who suspect that Washington, D.C., is filled with two kinds of crooks — politicians (abetted by other blindly ambitious bureaucrats) and poverty-stricken thieves.

Life in the nation's capital is not that much different from the pursuit of happiness elsewhere in America.

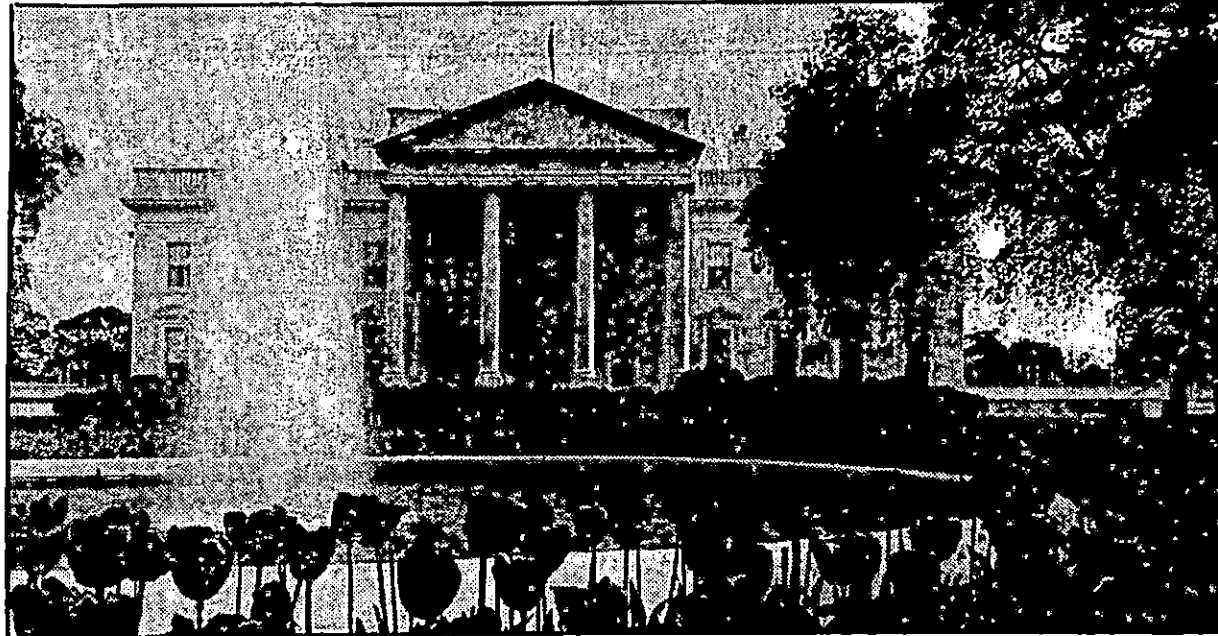
Says Deborah Papier, a writer and native Washingtonian: "Very often, they live out their lives without ever testifying before Congress, being indicted for influence peddling, or attending a state dinner at the White House."

Her introduction to "Fodor's 92: Pocket Guide to Washington, D.C." (Fodor's Travel Publications) is a welcome respite to media reports portraying Washington as the murder capital of the United States.

To be sure, notes Papier, the demarcation between black and white Washington still exists. The Georgetown, Dupont Circle and Morgan Adams districts — the Establishment — sit west of 16th Street. Blacks, the majority of the populace, live on the east side.

But longtime residents know that D.C. — as it's affectionately known — is more of a hometown than most tourists realize.

Washington has two delightful seasons, according to "Fodor's 92": spring and autumn. In spring ornamental fruit trees and many gardens are in bloom. By autumn the summer crowds have departed, leaving visitors to enjoy galleries, museums and monuments in peace.



BUSH GARDEN: The White House is visited by more than 1 million people each year.

For the uninitiated, Washington streets are arranged, to use the phrase of the man who designed them in 1791, "like a cheeseboard overlaid with a wagon wheel."

Streets run north and south and east and west in a grid pattern; avenues run diagonally. It's mandatory to have a destination's complete address, including the quadrant designation.

The Mall, the timeless monuments, the White House, Capitol Hill, Georgetown and Alexandria (Va.) are must-sees for any first-time visitor.

The Mall is the heart of everyone's initial sojourn to Washington. There are nine diverse muse-

ums. Some of the highlights: the Smithsonian Institution, the National Air and Space Museum, the National Gallery of Art, the National Museum of Natural History and the National Museum of American History.

Washington is a city of monuments. The Big Three are the Washington Monument, the Jefferson Memorial and the Lincoln Memorial. Other landmarks that encourage introspection are the Constitution Gardens and Vietnam Veterans Memorial.

According to "Fodor's 92," the White House is a tour unto itself. Tuesday through Saturday morning, from 10 a.m. until noon, se-

lected public rooms of the ground floor and first floor of the White House are open to visitors. Highlights: the East Room, the Green Room, the Blue Room and the State Dining Room. Each boasts furnishings and other accouterments steeped in American history.

Capitol Hill, with its gleaming white spire, houses the country's top legislative minds as well as charming residential blocks lined with Victorian row houses and restaurants, bars and shops.

The nearby Union Station and Washington City Post Office have stood their ground since 1908 and 1914, respectively. The Capitol grounds were landscaped in the

late 19th century. And The Library of Congress, which houses 30 million books, is an information junkie's delight.

The next stop is Georgetown, which is Washington's oldest neighborhood. In fact, long before the District of Columbia was formed, Georgetown was a separate city that boasted a harbor full of ships and warehouses filled with tobacco.

Nowadays, Georgetown is Washington's center for restaurants, bars, nightclubs and trendy boutiques. Harder to find, says "Fodor's 92," is a parking place.

Still, history beckons visitors to stroll through Georgetown's 18th- and 19th-century edifices. There's the Old Stone House (built in 1764), the Customs House (circa 1858), Georgetown University (founded in 1789) and Tudor Place (completed in 1816), which houses many items from Mount Vernon.

Those who need a break from monuments and the hustle-bustle of "D.C." can bike or take a Metro ride to Old Town Alexandria, founded in 1749 and steeped with America's Colonial heritage.

A trip to the nation's capital and surrounding environs provides plenty of activity for children, as well. History that may be dusty in school comes alive at the White House, Senate Chamber and the Supreme Court.

Children also can enjoy pint-size attractions such as the Academy of Model Aviation, the Capital Children's Museum, Discovery Theater, the Washington Dolls' House and Toy Museum and the National Zoo.

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

May 12, 1992

REMARKS BY THE PRESIDENT
IN CEREMONY HONORING WINNERS
OF THE SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION AWARDS

The Rose Garden

3:05 P.M. EDT

THE PRESIDENT: Please be seated, and welcome. On perhaps the most beautiful day we've had here in the Rose Garden, I want to welcome all of you -- single out our Secretary of the Treasury, standing up here with me; Boyden Gray, my Counsel; and, of course, Pat Saiki, the SBA Administrator, who's back from a very good mission, well-executed mission to a very troubling scene in Los Angeles. Pat runs the SBA, and she was with me out there in L.A. as we surveyed what can be done to help the city; and she's moving out on that.

Let me also welcome our new Chief Counsel for Advocacy, Tom Kerester -- right over here. (Applause.) Welcome, sir. And also single out Shirley Peterson, the Commissioner at IRS. Shirley? (Applause.) And next to her is the Deputy Secretary of the Treasury, John Robson. Welcome, sir. (Applause.)

It's hard on this Small Business Day not to think of the thousands of small businesspeople who suffered damage out there in Los Angeles. And my commitment to them is this: We are working to get whatever disaster assistance the federal government can provide into their hands in record time. And they have suffered enough. And I'm trying to make sure that frustration with red tape and bureaucratic stumbling doesn't add to their troubles. I know the SBA has been out there in the forefront of this effort working with our task force that we put together under the able leadership of David Kearns and Al DelliBovi.

As you know, today I called the congressional leaders of both parties to the White House. And I'm pleased with the early results of our efforts to forge a bipartisan basis and from which to support the opportunity agenda for America's inner cities. It's a promising start, and we will push ahead.

We're here today because it is Small Business Week. And we have with us from all 50 states and beyond the Small Business Persons of the Year. Welcome to the White House -- America's ultimate mom and pop operation. (Laughter.)

I computed this a while back, and I've spent 50 percent of my adult life in the private sector and 50 percent in government. And I started in small business out there in west Texas. And I thus know something of what you all go through in starting something from scratch, working with it night and day and then hoping that you succeed. Success goes to those who work hard, refuse to give up and learn from their mistakes.

Pat was telling me of the remarkable record of the winners that we have here with us today.

I also know what it's like to cope with regulation and paperwork from the government. And sometimes the bureaucracy makes things needlessly complicated. We're supposed to serve the taxpayers in the same way the business has to serve its customers.

MORE

So making things needlessly complex in government is not only wrong, it is bad for business. And so today, we're going to do something about that. To honor these outstanding businesspeople, we're going to do something outstanding for small businesses across the country.

Every businessman and woman sitting here can tell you how burdensome it is to comply with IRS's payroll tax rules. And if they can't tell you, it's because they're probably paying somebody else to cope with all the headaches for them.

But today the IRS is implementing faster, cheaper and simpler ways for businesses, large and small, to deal with the payroll tax system. This week, the IRS will issue a proposed rule to reduce the complicated deposit schedule.

Large companies will be able to make payroll tax deposits on a fixed day of the week. Moreover, as many as 75 percent of all businesses will make payments just once a month. Now, these simplifications will significantly reduce the cost, confusion and complexity of the payroll tax system.

We're also moving forward to eliminate all the duplicate W-2 forms and other payroll tax information that employers have been required to supply. We're working to set up a single wage reporting system so that separate forms don't have to be sent to the IRS and then the Department of Labor and Social Security, and state and local governments.

In June, an experimental program in Georgia, South Carolina and Florida will let employers make tax payments electronically, without even leaving their office. And no more paper coupons to file, or standing in line at the bank.

Small business learned long ago that computers could do more work in less time for less cost. And it's time we, therefore, bring the government out of the horse-and-buggy era, into the Information Age, and stop having business do the government's paperwork. (Applause.) I felt that would go over reasonably well here.

The IRS may not be -- with all respect, Commissioner -- the most popular agency in town. But, look, they're working hard now not to be the most infuriating agency in town. (Laughter.) And we have a new, able leader and some very able people dedicated to that end.

Last month, the IRS center in Ogden, Utah won our award, the President's Award for Quality, which goes to the government office that provides excellent public service in a cost-effective manner. It is this new kind of attitude in government service that must be brought to every federal bureaucracy -- putting people first, treating taxpayers as customers. (Applause.) Now, there's a man who knows what I'm talking about.

The Small Business winners here know, also, what I'm talking about. James Fleming -- where is he now? Right here, sir. James Fleming started his metal component business in his basement, and he turned it into a \$15-million international business. Jim's designed everything from medical equipment used in hip replacements to an assembly line for Jiffy Pop popcorn. And Richard Stewart -- Mr. Stewart, right here -- turned a part-time hobby selling natural spices into America's largest supplier of bulk herbs, spices, gourmet coffee and tea to the natural foods industry.

And then there's Amelia McCoy. Amelia? Right here, sitting here. Her business began, I'm told, as an act of love, making hair ribbons for her granddaughters. And now the hair bows that her company sells are handmade by 450 people in rural Oklahoma

who work at home and generate \$5 million in sales. And for that, Amelia is this year's Small Business Person of the Year.

Maybe you should stand up so everybody can see you.
(Applause.)

Since I announced our new moratorium on new regulations in January, our administration has worked to reduce the burden government places on the businesses of this country. And we've also looked at existing regulations, like the ones I spoke of today, to see how we could help the economy by eliminating or by simplifying regulations that impede economic growth for no good reason. And I'm sure Amelia would rather be tying a red ribbon for her granddaughter than spending all day untying red tape. So maybe this will help out.
(Laughter.)

Every business dollar that goes into complying with some government mandate is a dollar that won't be spent hiring new workers. Two-thirds or more of the new jobs in this country -- two-thirds -- are created by small business. And you are the heart and soul of what makes this economy work and what makes the American dream possible for your employees and for their families.

I will do my level best, working with the officials I've introduced here today and others, to keep government under control and out of your way so you can go out and do what you do best -- create jobs, create goods and services for the American people.

So thank you all for being here. Again, my congratulations to the winner. And may God bless our great country on this beautiful day. Thank you so much. (Applause.)

END

3:09 P.M. EDT

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

May 12, 1992

SMALL BUSINESS WEEK, 1992

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BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Small business men and women accomplish great things for our communities and country, and each year it is our privilege as Americans to join in saluting these present-day pioneers.

Through their willingness to take risks and to do the hard work that is necessary to improve existing products and services or to design, develop, and market new ones, small business people are leading America's economic productivity and innovation. Indeed, small business is the lifeblood of our Nation's free enterprise system. This resilient sector generates two of every three jobs in the United States and has been cited by forecasters as the driving force behind the more than 850,000 new jobs that were created in 1991. In addition, small businesses employ more than half of the American work force -- often providing that crucial first job to young people and other disadvantaged workers -- while generating some 44 percent of all sales and 39 percent of our GNP. Today, as we look toward the vast frontier that is the 21st century, we know that small business men and women will continue to play a vital role in moving the United States forward to even greater heights of prosperity and progress.

In the future, the success of American small business will have increasing impact around the globe. Indeed, as they strive to overcome impoverishment and stagnation imposed by years of totalitarian rule, more and more of the world's emerging democracies are looking to the United States as a model of private initiative and market principles in action. Hence, it is important that we continue to promote a climate in which small businesses can thrive. This means alleviating the high cost of capital and the heavy burden of excessive government regulation, which stifle investment and creativity. Encouraging the success of small business will also require a continuing commitment to excellence in education, which is vital to producing workers who have the knowledge and skills that are necessary to excel in the increasingly competitive global marketplace. Today, it is gratifying to note that many small businesses have joined in support of AMERICA 2000, our comprehensive strategy to achieve our National Education Goals.

From their daily contributions toward our local and national economies to their generous participation in voluntary community service programs and other worthwhile endeavors, small business men and women are helping to build a better America for all of us. Thus, these enterprising individuals richly deserve our support and thanks.

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NOW, THEREFORE, I, GEORGE BUSH, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the authority vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the United States, do hereby proclaim the week of May 10 through May 16 as Small Business Week. I urge all Americans to join me in saluting our Nation's small business men and women by observing this week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this
twelfth day of May, in the year of our
Lord nineteen hundred and ninety-two, and of the Independence of
the United States of America the two hundred and sixteenth.

GEORGE BUSH

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THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

May 12, 1992

REMARKS BY THE PRESIDENT
IN MEETING WITH U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL BOUTROS GHALI

The Oval Office

11:35 A.M. EDT

THE PRESIDENT: Let me just say first how delighted I am to see the Secretary General again. And also perhaps the world's most renowned international environmentalist, Mr. Maurice Strong, whom I've known for many, many years.

And I want to take this opportunity to say that I will be going to Rio to the important meeting there. I think that we have a big stake. I take great pride in the fact that in many ways the U.S. has been a leader for environmental matters. I'm convinced that we can have jobs and economic growth as well as sound economic environmental practice. I will be taking the U.S. message to Rio to that end. And I'm very pleased that it's been worked out.

And I called the President of Brazil a few minutes ago, Fernando Collor, who is most interested in this. But I'm grateful to both of you and we have lots to talk about, but I did want to get that message out.

Q How long will you stay? Will you go for the whole meeting?

THE PRESIDENT: Well, no, I couldn't possibly do that. We have an election on in the United States this year and plus some other pressing problems.

Q Are you involved?

THE PRESIDENT: No, it's a very complicated -- and I explained that to Brazil's President, my dear friend, and I think he understands it. But we haven't actually picked a date; we should talk. I'd be interested if there's one that seems better than others. But I won't be able to stay long; we'll have representation there -- good, high-level, strong representation -- but I'm very pleased that it's been worked out so that I can be a part of this important meeting.

Q Mr. President, will you tell us -- after your meeting with congressional leaders, are you encouraged that compromises can be found quickly?

THE PRESIDENT: Well, I understand -- I was talking to Marlin about it, and I understand that the spirit that was in that room, a spirit of let's get something done, was reflected in the statements afterward. And let's hope that we can move forward.

Now, I don't want to take any more questions in here because we've got a lot to talk about with the U.N. Secretary General.

But let me just say before we close off those machines, in my view he came into the United Nations at a very difficult time, but also perhaps the most challenging time in its history as it begins to fulfill its mission in not just the social and economic side that Maurice Strong's been so active in, but in the political

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side -- I'm talking about peace-keeping, peace-making. And he is off to a fantastic start, and I want to work with him to see where the United States can be as cooperative as possible with the United Nations. They're doing a lot of things that benefit mankind in both the economic and social counsel, all those agenda items, and now in this very important peacekeeping; beginning to fulfill the dream of the founders; and that's very, very important.

Q Does that mean you're going to give them some more money?

THE PRESIDENT: Well, I don't know, Sarah, you've got a price tag on everything. I'm going to tell him we don't have all the money we'd like.

Q Is the Accord watered down so much that they say it's so filled with ambiguities now that --

THE PRESIDENT: Oh, I don't think so. They've got a broad agenda for this conference, and people have been focusing on one part of it. But we've got lots to talk about down there.

Thank you all very much.

THE PRESS: Thank you.

END

11:38 A.M. EDT

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

May 12, 1992

TO THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES:

With a view to receiving the advice and consent of the Senate to ratification, I transmit herewith the Partial Revision of the Radio Regulations (Geneva, 1979) signed on behalf of the United States at Geneva on October 17, 1987, and the United States reservations and statement as contained in the Final Protocol. I transmit also, for the information of the Senate, the report of the Department of State with respect to the 1987 Partial Revision.

The 1987 Revision constitutes a partial revision of the Radio Regulations (Geneva 1979), to which the United States is a party. The primary purpose of the present revision is to update the existing regulations pertaining to the mobile radio services to take into account technical advances and the rapid growth of these services, and to implement the Global Maritime Distress and Safety System. The revised regulations, with the two exceptions noted below, are consistent with the positions taken by the United States at the 1987 World Administrative Radio Conference for the Mobile Services.

At the time of signature, the United States submitted two reservations and responded to a statement submitted by Cuba directed at U.S. use of radio frequencies in Guantanamo. The specific reservations and statement are addressed in the report of the Department of State.

Most of the Partial Revision of the Radio Regulations entered into force October 3, 1989, for governments that, by that date, had notified the Secretary General of the International Telecommunication Union of their approval thereof; provisions specifically related to the maritime mobile service in the high frequency bands entered into force on July 1, 1991.

I believe that the United States should, subject to the reservations mentioned above, become a party to the 1987 Partial Revision, which has the potential to improve mobile radio-communications worldwide. It is my hope that the Senate will take early action on this matter and give its advice and consent to ratification.

GEORGE BUSH

THE WHITE HOUSE,
May 12, 1992.

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THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

May 12, 1992

EXECUTIVE ORDER

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INTEGRITY AND EFFICIENCY IN FEDERAL PROGRAMS

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and in order to coordinate and enhance governmental efforts to promote integrity and efficiency and to detect and prevent fraud, waste, and abuse in Federal programs, the establishment of two Councils of Federal Inspectors General and appropriate Federal officials is hereby ordered as follows:

Section 1. Establishment of the President's Council on Integrity and Efficiency.

(a) There is established as an interagency committee the President's Council on Integrity and Efficiency (PCIE).

(b) The PCIE shall be composed of the following members:

- (1) The Deputy Director for Management of the Office of Management and Budget, who shall be Chairperson of the Council;
- (2) All civilian Presidentially appointed Inspectors General whose offices were established in the Inspector General Act of 1978 and subsequent amendments;
- (3) The Vice Chairperson of the Executive Council on Integrity and Efficiency;
- (4) The Controller of the Office of Federal Financial Management;
- (5) The Associate Deputy Director for Investigations of the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
- (6) The Director of the Office of Government Ethics;
- (7) The Special Counsel of the Office of Special Counsel; and
- (8) The Deputy Director of the Office of Personnel Management.

(c) The Chairperson may, from time to time, invite other officials to participate in meetings of the PCIE.

(d) The Chairperson shall, to the extent possible, convene meetings of the PCIE monthly.

Sec. 2. Establishment of the Executive Council on Integrity and Efficiency.

(a) There is established as an inter-entity committee the Executive Council on Integrity and Efficiency (ECIE).

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(OVER)

(b) The ECIE shall be composed of the following members:

- (1) The Deputy Director for Management of the Office of Management and Budget, who shall be Chairperson of the Council;
- (2) All civilian statutory Inspectors General not represented on the PCIE;
- (3) The Vice Chairperson of the PCIE;
- (4) The Controller of the Office of Federal Financial Management;
- (5) The Associate Deputy Director for Investigations of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, or his or her designee;
- (6) The Director of the Office of Government Ethics, or his or her designee;
- (7) The Special Counsel of the Office of Special Counsel, or his or her designee; and
- (8) The Deputy Director of the Office of Personnel Management, or his or her designee.

(c) If any individual simultaneously serves as a Presidentially appointed Inspector General and as Inspector General of an entity represented on the ECIE, that individual may send a designee to ECIE meetings.

(d) The Chairperson may, from time to time, invite other officials to participate in meetings of the ECIE.

(e) The Chairperson or, in his or her absence, the Controller of the Office of Federal Financial Management shall, to the extent possible, convene meetings of the ECIE monthly.

Sec. 3. Functions of the PCIE and the ECIE.

(a) The Councils shall continually identify, review, and discuss areas of weakness and vulnerability in Federal programs and operations to fraud, waste, and abuse, and shall develop plans for coordinated, Governmentwide activities that address these problems and promote economy and efficiency in Federal programs and operations. These activities will include interagency and inter-entity audit and investigation programs and projects to deal efficiently and effectively with those problems concerning fraud and waste that exceed the capability or jurisdiction of an individual agency or entity. The Councils shall recognize the preeminent role of the Department of Justice in law enforcement and litigation.

(b) The Councils shall develop policies that will aid in the establishment of a corps of well-trained and highly skilled Office of Inspector General staff members.

(c) The individual members of the Councils should, to the extent permitted under law, adhere to professional standards developed by the Councils and participate in the plans, programs, and projects of the Councils.

(d) The creation and operation of the Councils shall neither interfere with existing authority and responsibilities in the relevant agencies and entities nor augment or diminish the statutory authority or responsibilities of individual members of either Council.

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Sec. 4. Responsibilities of the Chairperson of the PCIE and the ECIE.

(a) The Chairperson may appoint a Vice Chairperson from the PCIE and the ECIE to assist in carrying out the functions of each Council.

(b) The Chairperson shall, in consultation with the members of each Council, establish the agenda for PCIE and ECIE activities.

(c) The Chairperson shall, on behalf of the Councils, report to the President on the activities of the Councils. The Chairperson shall, as appropriate, advise the Councils with respect to the President's consideration of the Councils' activities.

(d) The Chairperson shall provide agency and entity heads with summary reports of the activities of the Councils.

(e) The Chairperson shall establish, in consultation with members of the Councils, such committees of the PCIE and the ECIE as deemed necessary and appropriate for the efficient conduct of PCIE and ECIE functions. The Chairperson may invite members of the ECIE to serve on each PCIE Committee. Similarly, the Chairperson may invite members of the PCIE to serve on each ECIE Committee.

(f) The Chairperson shall convene joint meetings of the PCIE and the ECIE at least annually.

Sec. 5. Administrative Provisions.

(a) The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall provide the PCIE and the ECIE with such administrative support as may be necessary for the performance of the functions of the Councils.

(b) The heads of agencies and entities represented on the PCIE and the ECIE shall provide their representatives with such administrative support as may be necessary, in accordance with law, to enable the representatives to carry out their responsibilities.

Sec. 6. Revocation. Executive Order No. 12625 of January 27, 1988, entitled "Integrity and Efficiency in Federal Programs," is revoked.

GEORGE BUSH

THE WHITE HOUSE,
May 11, 1992.

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THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

May 12, 1992

The President today recognized Isabel Peters McMahon of Phoenix, Arizona, as the 770th Daily Point of Light for the Nation. Mrs. McMahon ensures that homeless individuals and families have a decent, drug-free, and safe place to live while seeking employment.

In 1984, Mrs. McMahon and her husband became concerned about the circumstances at the Capitol Square Apartments, where the 16 remaining residents, all of whom had serious mental or physical disabilities, were facing eviction. She initiated a project to renovate and convert the complex into housing for individuals and couples with disabilities. Forty-two bungalows were turned into a homeless shelter, now called the Whole Life Foundation. This site presently serves as transitional housing for 108 homeless individuals and permanent housing for 12 mentally and physically disabled residents.

Mrs. McMahon provides a variety of services to the homeless that enable them to find meaningful employment opportunities and hope for the future. She helps the residents with resumes, drives them to job interviews, and offers advice and emotional support. In addition, she leads them in Bible study on Tuesday evenings and has organized an Alcoholics Anonymous group that meets three times a week. At the Whole Life Foundation, residents cook meals, wash dishes, make repairs, maintain the grounds, tutor the children, and provide child care for parents who go to job interviews or other appointments. These and other responsibilities foster a feeling of teamwork and family among the residents. Mrs. McMahon has dedicated her "golden years" to ensuring the success of the Whole Life Foundation and each of its residents.

The President salutes Isabel McMahon for exemplifying his belief that, "From now on in America, any definition of a successful life must include serving others."

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FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tracey Taylor or Miah Homstad
(202) 456-6266

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

May 12, 1992

STATEMENT BY THE PRESS SECRETARY

The President and the Congressional Republican Leadership jointly announced a proposal to extend the Emergency Unemployment Compensation Program from the current expiration date of July 4, 1992 to March 6, 1993. Senate Republican Leader Bob Dole, Senator Bob Packwood and House Republican Leader Bob Michel joined the President in announcing the extension.

The proposal would continue the payment of a total of 46 weeks of benefits (which includes 20 weeks of extended benefits in high unemployment states) and 39 weeks of benefits (which includes 13 weeks of extended benefits in all other states) until January 2, 1993. Thereafter, these extended benefits would be paid for 10 weeks and 7 weeks until March 1, 1993. Total costs of the new benefits are estimated to be \$2.5 billion. These costs would be fully paid for by offsets contained in the President's 1993 budget.

Further, the proposal directs the Advisory Council on Unemployment Compensation to study and make recommendations on permanent unemployment compensation reforms by February 1, 1993.

As previously announced, workers who are unemployed as a result of the disturbances in Los Angeles, and who may not qualify for standard unemployment benefits, will be receiving unemployment benefits through the Disaster Unemployment Assistance Program.

The President stated, "I urge the Congress to join us in setting aside partisan politics and moving expeditiously to pass this extension so that unemployed workers will know they can count on these benefits as the economy begins to recover."

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THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

May 12, 1992

The President today announced his intention to nominate Marilyn McAfee, of Florida, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Minister-Counselor, to be Ambassador to the Republic of Guatemala. She would succeed Thomas F. Stroock.

Since 1989, Ms. McAfee has served as Deputy Chief of Mission at the United States Embassy in La Paz, Bolivia. Prior to this, she served as Counselor of Public Affairs at the United States Embassy in Santiago, Chile, 1986-1989; and in Caracas, Venezuela, 1983-1986.

Ms. McAfee was graduated from the University of Pennsylvania (B.A., 1961) and Johns Hopkins University (M.A.T., 1962). She was born January 23, 1940 in Portsmouth, New Hampshire. Ms. McAfee resides in Jacksonville, Florida.

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THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

May 12, 1992

President Bush's Initiatives for Strengthening Urban Areas

FACT SHEET

In a bipartisan meeting with Congressional leaders this morning, President Bush reiterated his call for action on initiatives for aiding and strengthening inner cities.

The President believes we must achieve three principal objectives in strengthening our Nation's inner cities. First, we must establish law and order; second, we must create jobs; and, third, we must expand opportunity and help people achieve greater independence.

I. Weed and Seed

In order to establish law and order on the streets of America's cities, the President has requested \$500 million in his FY 1993 budget to fund the "Weed and Seed" program. This program will combine Federal, state, local and private resources to "weed out" criminals and drug dealers from the streets, and will "seed" social programs and assistance necessary to alter the conditions that create a breeding ground for drugs and crime.

In his recent trip to Los Angeles, the President announced a \$19 million award to the City and County of Los Angeles for the "weed and seed" program.

II. Home Ownership for People Everywhere (H.O.P.E.)

The Administration has requested \$1 billion for H.O.P.E. in FY 1993. This money will help 36,000 families become homeowners in 1993 and start another 65,000 families on the road to homeownership.

H.O.P.E. helps families in public housing, in projects that HUD owns, and in housing owned by other Federal, state, and local government agencies. Any of these properties can be eligible for H.O.P.E.

III. Enterprise Zones

In order to provide capital investment and jobs to inner-city areas the Administration is pursuing enterprise zone legislation. This legislation would encourage the development of inner city areas by:

- Implementing a zero capital gains tax rate on tangible investments located in enterprise zones for at least two years;
- Deferral of personal income taxes for small investors who purchase stock in businesses located in enterprise zones. With this incentive, investors would be able to deduct on their personal income taxes amounts up to \$50,000 in equity investment in enterprise zone businesses in the year the investment is made, with a \$250,000 lifetime limitation; and
- Providing a five percent refundable tax credit on personal income taxes for the first \$10,500 of wages earned in an enterprise zone by workers with total annual wages below \$20,000.

IV. AMERICA 2000

AMERICA 2000 is the President's strategy to help every community achieve the six National Education Goals established by the President and the nation's Governors in the 1989 Charlottesville Summit. AMERICA 2000 will revolutionize education in America by:

- Building AMERICA 2000 communities to improve education neighborhood-by-neighborhood, school-by-school.
- Creating "break the mold" schools to lead the way to a new generation of American schools.
- Establishing world class standards to create a consensus on what students need to know and be able to do in five core subject areas.
- Giving flexibility to teachers and principles to use Federal and state dollars to meet local strategies to help children learn.
- Providing all parents with the freedom to choose their children's schools whether they be public, private or parochial.

V. Welfare Reform

The President has asked the Congress to grant significant flexibility to the states and localities to implement new approaches to welfare reform. The Community Opportunity Act, which was sent to the Congress in May, 1991, would allow

states, cities, and communities to escape the rules and limitations of narrow categorical programs to use resources to meet local needs.

In addition, the President called in his State of the Union address for innovation by the states through waivers of welfare program rules that can be accomplished under current law. The first of these since the State of the Union, from the State of Wisconsin, was approved within 30 days of being received.

In January the President also has asked the Congress to:

- Give states the option to raise the AFDC assets limits to \$10,000 for families already receiving AFDC;
- Establish, through a demonstration "escrow" savings accounts for long-term AFDC recipients working their way off the rolls; and
- Extend application of the Plan for Achieving Self-Support (PASS) to allow individuals to disregard income or resources when used in achieving self-sufficiency.

VI. Youth Jobs

The President called on Congress to pass the Youth Apprenticeship Act of 1992 and his comprehensive Job Training 2000 proposal to help provide better job opportunities and training for youth and to assist in developing a skilled workforce.

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

May 12, 1992

The President today announced his intention to nominate David J. Dunford, of Arizona, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States America to the Sultanate of Oman. He would succeed Richard Wood Boehm.

Since 1988, Mr. Dunford has served as Deputy Chief of Mission at the United States Embassy in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia. Prior to this, he served as Office Director of the Office of Egyptian Affairs at the Bureau of Near East and South Asian Affairs at the Department of State 1984-1987.

Mr. Dunford was graduated from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (B.S., 1964) and Stanford University (M.A., 1965; M.A., 1976). He was born February 24, 1943 in Glen Ridge, New Jersey. Mr. Dunford is married, has two children and resides in Tucson, Arizona.

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FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mr. William C. Liedtke III
2700 Liberty Tower
100 North Broadway
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73102



THE PRESIDENT

5-12-92

Dear Bill,

Glad to do it!

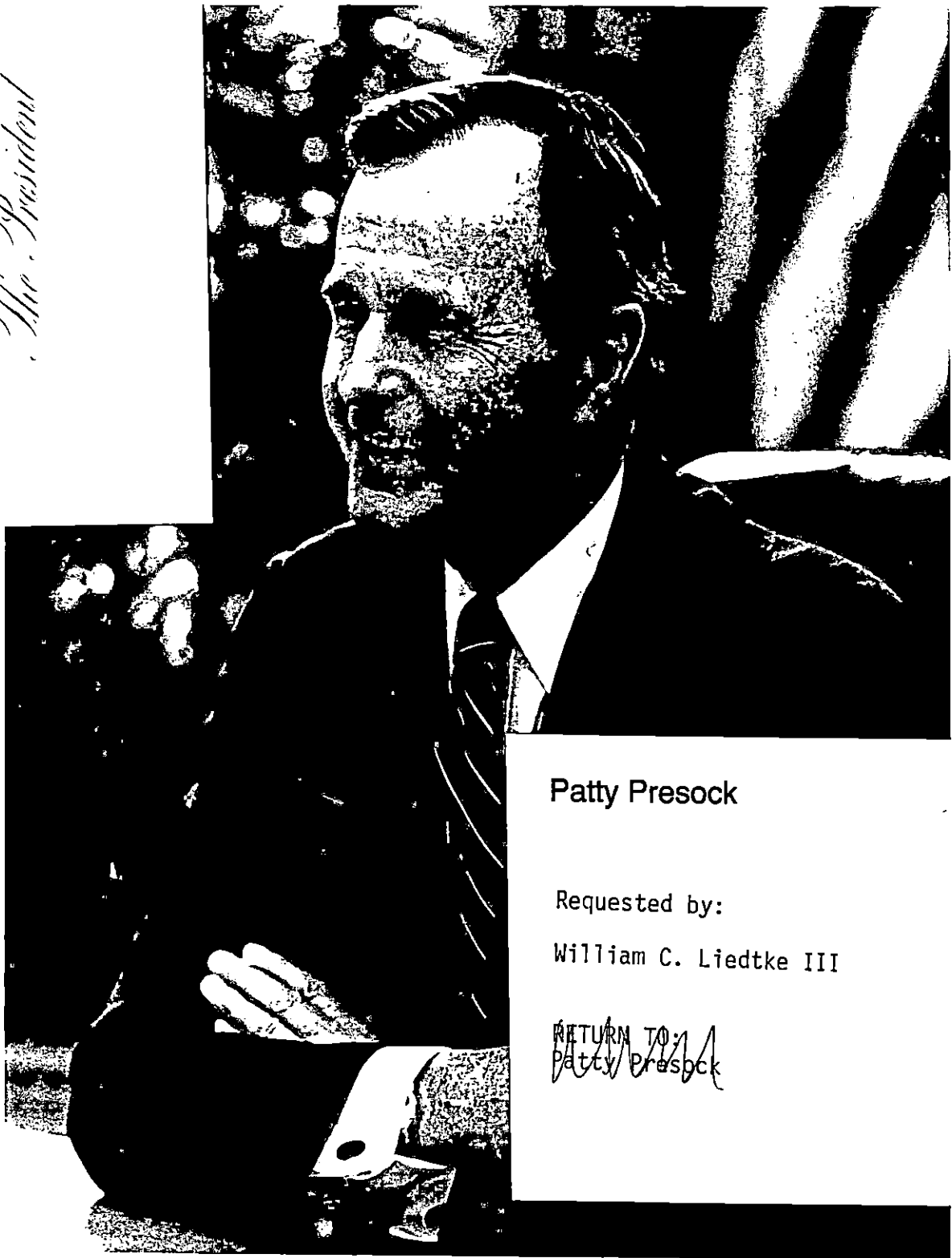
Come back any
time — Love to all L's

Ag B /

CC: (in & out)
✓ Rose Zamaria
(1 cc)

Patty Presock

The President



Patty Presock

Requested by:

William C. Liedtke III

RETURN TO:
Patty Presock

*To Brandon Hogard
With best wishes,*

May 12 '92

Cory Bunch



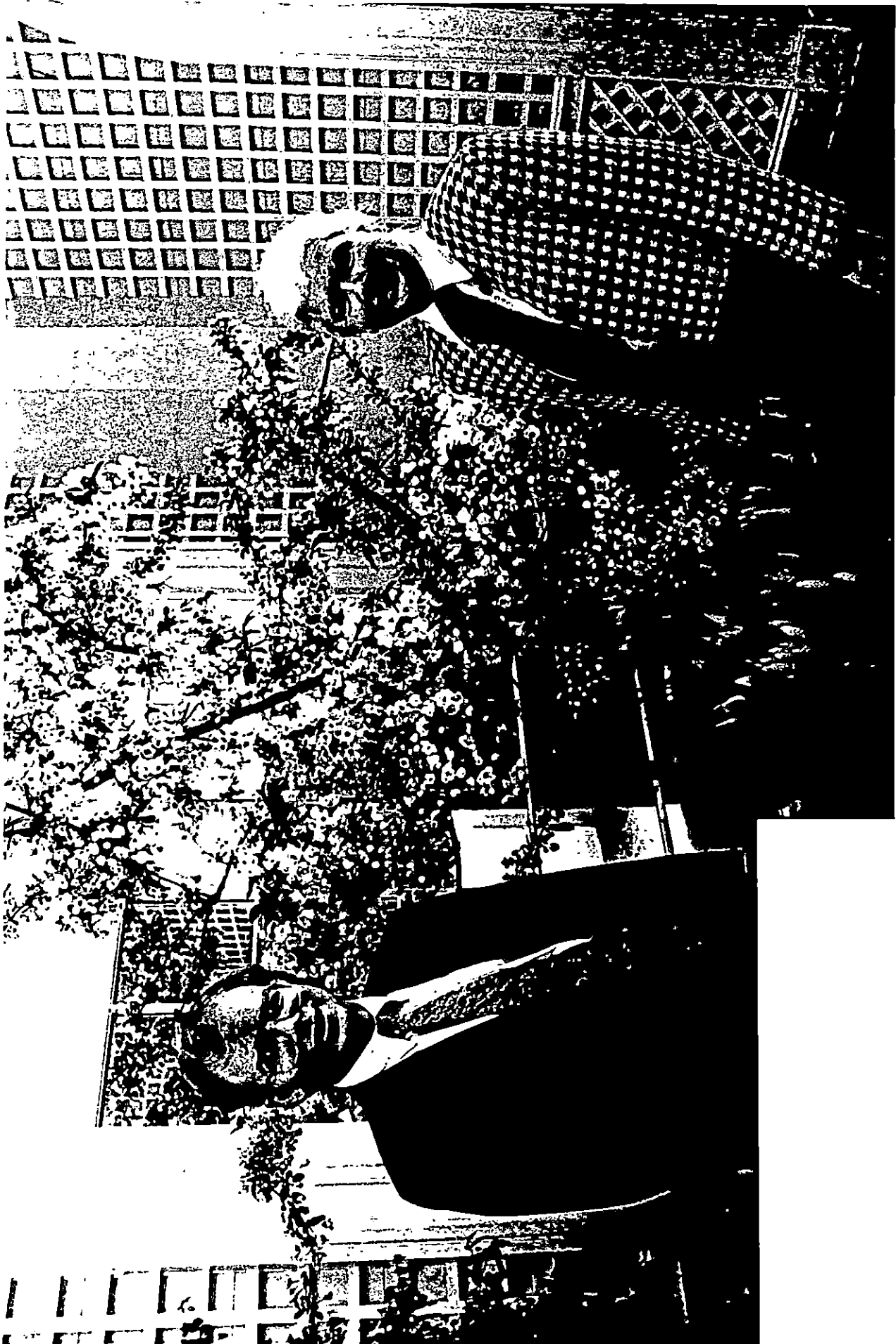
The President

*To Mike Harris
With best wishes,
Cory Bunt*

May 12 '92

25 APR 92 P 31079-00A DV

Mr. President



WILLIAM C. LIEDTKE, III

2700 LIBERTY TOWER
100 NORTH BROADWAY
OKLAHOMA CITY, OK 73102
(405) 239-7333
FAX (405) 239-7337

May 8, 1992

Ms. Patty Presock
Office of the President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Patty:

If it is not too big of an imposition, I would greatly appreciate two autographs or small autographed pictures of President Bush. I did not know if he has penned a few autographed strips or pictures as Mrs. Bush has done, for her staff to distribute on occasion. I was going to give these to Mike Harris who mows lawns for a living here in Oklahoma City, and to Brandon Hogard who works, coincidentally enough, at White House Cleaners in Oklahoma City. I think both Brandon and Mike are autograph collectors. If it is not any trouble I would greatly appreciate your help.

I enjoyed meeting you while I was in Washington; I had talked on the phone with you at the time that Dad died but I never had a face to put with the voice and name.

Yours very truly,

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Bill Liedtke". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned above the printed name.

William C. Liedtke, III

WCL/ma

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Rose
3552

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 11, 1992

MEETING WITH
PRIME MINISTER MANNING

DATE: May 12, 1992
LOCATION: Oval Office
TIME: 5:00 - 5:15pm

FROM: BRENT SCOWCROFT 

I. PURPOSE

To establish a positive relationship with Prime Minister Manning, to encourage him to move ahead with economic reforms, and to urge him to work closely with us on counternarcotics efforts.

II. BACKGROUND

Key points to be made during the meeting include:

- Encourage Manning to build on his initial efforts to liberalize Trinidad and Tobago's economy by removing his country's restrictions on imports and by privatizing state-owned industries.
- Applaud his efforts to develop a coordinated counter-narcotics strategy, and tell him we will support joint efforts (with approximately \$700,000) when he identifies his priorities and implements his plan.
- Urge Manning to use his time as CARICOM chairman (one year beginning July 1, 1992) to promote democracy in the region, and to work for regional economic integration and multilateral counternarcotics efforts.

You have not previously met with Prime Minister Manning. He was elected last December and this is his first visit to a major capital since he became Prime Minister. His arrival comes just as his government is beginning to implement new economic policies, and a counternarcotics strategy. He will be meeting with bankers in New York and the international financial institutions in Washington, and will have meetings at State Department.

Manning is a low-key, restrained politician who has shrewdly moved his party away from its populist, anti-colonialism (with an element of anti-Americanism) positions of the past. He intends to continue the preceding government's market-oriented economic stabilization program, and his first

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PER NSC WAIVER, #2024-02
By MC NARA, Date 7/16/21

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2

budget passed by the legislature in January reflects his intent to stick to an austerity program.

Our primary objective is to encourage Manning to push ahead with economic reforms. His Government is considering 13 companies for privatization and has said it will eliminate its "Negative List" of prohibited imports, but no action has been taken so far. He has not decided how to deal with substantial debt, and he is only reluctantly considering seeking an agreement with the IMF. The IDB and World Bank are prepared to help, but loans will be conditioned on sound economic policies.

We want to cement narcotics cooperation with the new Manning Government. We have set up a Joint Information Coordination Center, and we are encouraged by the announcement in April of the outlines of a coordinated counternarcotics strategy. The plan would create a new unit to coordinate the work of all agencies involved in fighting the drug trade. We have approximately \$700,000 programmed to support counter-narcotics programs when Manning identifies his priorities.

We also want Manning to conclude a bilateral shiprider agreement, to have his security forces undertake joint counternarcotics operations with our Coast Guard and Customs service, and to gain ratification of the UN Convention Against Trafficking in Illicit Narcotics and Psychotropic Substances (which his country signed in 1988).

You should encourage Manning to move CARICOM toward regional economic integration, multilateral anti-narcotics efforts, and increased cooperation on regional security issues. He will be well-positioned to take a leadership role in CARICOM as Trinidad and Tobago will serve as chairman of CARICOM for one year beginning July 1, 1992, when the next CARICOM summit is held.

We recommend that you ask Manning for his views on the next steps to take regarding Haiti. You may also want to inquire about domestic stability in his own country. In July 1990, a radical black Muslim group took the former Prime Minister hostage in an attempt to overthrow the government. Over 100 members of the group were promptly imprisoned and are now standing trial. The group's followers continue to threaten violent action unless their fellow members are released.

Manning's primary objective is to establish a personal relationship and to make the point that his Government will be a friend and ally of the United States. He may ask for assistance to help professionalize his counternarcotics units, particularly his Customs Service, and for backing for his country in probable debt and loan negotiations with private banks and the IFIs. He is concerned with the impact of NAFTA on his country's economy and may raise the issue.

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III. PARTICIPANTS

See attached list

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open photo, writing pool

V. SEQUENCE

Photo-op, followed by discussion in Oval Office.

Attachments

Tab A	Points to be Made
Tab B	Participants List
Tab C	Biographies

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CARD 1 OF 2

POINTS TO BE MADE FOR MEETING WITH
PRIME MINISTER MANNING

SUMMARY POINTS

- ENCOURAGE MANNING TO BUILD ON HIS INITIAL EFFORTS TO LIBERALIZE TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO'S ECONOMY BY REMOVING HIS COUNTRY'S RESTRICTIONS ON IMPORTS AND BY PRIVATIZING STATE-OWNED INDUSTRIES.
- APPLAUD HIS EFFORTS TO DEVELOP A COORDINATED COUNTER-NARCOTICS STRATEGY, AND TELL HIM WE WILL SUPPORT JOINT EFFORTS (WITH APPROXIMATELY \$700,000) WHEN HE IDENTIFIES HIS PRIORITIES AND IMPLEMENTS HIS PLAN.
- URGE MANNING TO USE HIS TIME AS CARICOM CHAIRMAN (ONE YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1, 1992) TO

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CARD 2 OF 2

PROMOTE DEMOCRACY IN THE REGION, AND TO WORK FOR REGIONAL ECONOMIC INTEGRATION AND MULTILATERAL COUNTERNARCOTICS EFFORTS.

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By MC NARA, Date 7/16/21

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CARD 1 OF 4

POINTS TO BE MADE FOR MEETING WITH
PRIME MINISTER MANNING

COURTESY

-- CONGRATULATIONS ON YOUR IMPRESSIVE ELECTORAL VICTORY. WE ARE PROUD TO HAVE TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO AS A CLOSE FRIEND AND NEIGHBOR. I LOOK FORWARD TO WORKING CLOSELY WITH YOU ON MANY ISSUES OF MUTUAL CONCERN.

THE ECONOMY

-- I HOPE YOU WILL CONTINUE TO LIBERALIZE TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO'S ECONOMY, PARTICULARLY IN AREAS THAT WILL INCREASE TRADE AND INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITIES AND ALLOW YOU TO BENEFIT FROM THE ENTERPRISE FOR THE AMERICAS INITIATIVE.

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CARD 2 OF 4

-- I APPLAUD YOUR PLAN TO ELIMINATE YOUR COUNTRY'S "NEGATIVE LIST" OF PROHIBITED IMPORTS THIS YEAR. I KNOW THIS WILL BE PAINFUL, BUT REMOVING RESTRICTIVE IMPORT LICENSING IS A NECESSARY STEP FOR INCREASING TRADE, MAKING INDUSTRIES MORE COMPETITIVE, AND FOR ENSURING SUSTAINED GROWTH.

-- I WELCOME TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO'S EFFORTS TO ATTRACT FOREIGN INVESTMENT. I ANTICIPATE THAT U.S. FIRMS WILL BE VERY INTERESTED IN INVESTING IN PRIVATIZED STATE-OWNED COMPANIES.

NARCOTICS

-- I UNDERSTAND YOU HAVE ANNOUNCED A NEW COORDINATED COUNTER-NARCOTICS STRATEGY AND A MAJOR REFORM OF YOUR CUSTOMS SERVICE. I'M GLAD YOU'RE ACTING QUICKLY ON THE DRUG PROBLEM.

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PER NSC WAIVER, #2021-02

By MC NARA, Date 7/16/21

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CARD 3 OF 4

- 
- WE WANT TO WORK CLOSELY WITH YOU AND WE ARE READY TO PROVIDE ASSISTANCE (\$700,000 IS AVAILABLE) ONCE YOU SET YOUR PRIORITIES.
 - THERE ARE A NUMBER OF STEPS WE COULD TAKE QUICKLY TO STRENGTHEN OUR COOPERATION. I AM THINKING IN PARTICULAR OF CONCLUDING A SHIPRIDER AGREEMENT AND UNDERTAKING JOINT OPERATIONS BETWEEN YOUR SECURITY FORCES AND OUR COAST GUARD AND CUSTOMS SERVICE.
 - I ALSO HOPE YOUR GOVERNMENT WILL MOVE QUICKLY TO RATIFY THE UN CONVENTION AGAINST NARCOTICS TRAFFICKING, WHICH I UNDERSTAND YOUR COUNTRY SIGNED IN 1988.

REGIONAL INTEGRATION

- I KNOW YOU WILL SOON BE TAKING OVER THE CHAIRMANSHIP OF CARICOM. I HOPE YOU WILL PRESS FOR INCREASING ECONOMIC INTEGRATION AND

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CARD 4 OF 4

COUNTERNARCOTICS COOPERATION IN THE REGION DURING YOUR TENURE.

SECURITY ISSUES

- HOW IS THE STABILITY SITUATION IN YOUR COUNTRY? DO THE RADICAL MUSLIMS STILL REPRESENT A SERIOUS SECURITY THREAT TO YOUR GOVERNMENT?

HAITI AND VENEZUELA

- HOW DO YOU ASSESS THE SITUATION IN HAITI? DO YOU HAVE ANY SUGGESTIONS FOR PURSUING THE RETURN OF DEMOCRACY THERE?
- OF COURSE, MY VERY GOOD FRIEND, CAP, IS YOUR CLOSEST NEIGHBOR. HOW DO YOU SEE THE SITUATION IN VENEZUELA?



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POINTS TO BE MADE FOR MEETING WITH
PRIME MINISTER MANNING

Courtesy

- Congratulations on your impressive electoral victory. We are proud to have Trinidad and Tobago as a close friend and neighbor. I look forward to working closely with you on many issues of mutual concern.

The Economy

- I hope you will continue to liberalize Trinidad and Tobago's economy, particularly in areas that will increase trade and investment opportunities and allow you to benefit from the Enterprise for the Americas Initiative.
- I applaud your plan to eliminate your country's "Negative List" of prohibited imports this year. I know this will be painful, but removing restrictive import licensing is a necessary step for increasing trade, making industries more competitive, and for ensuring sustained growth.
- I welcome Trinidad and Tobago's efforts to attract foreign investment. I anticipate that U.S. firms will be very interested in investing in privatized state-owned companies.

Narcotics

- I understand you have announced a new coordinated counter-narcotics strategy and a major reform of your Customs Service. I'm glad you're acting quickly on the drug problem.

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PER NSC WAIVER #2021-02
By Mc NARA, Date 7/1/62

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2

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- We want to work closely with you and we are ready to provide assistance (\$700,000 is available) once you set your priorities.
- There are a number of steps we could take quickly to strengthen our cooperation. I am thinking in particular of concluding a shiprider agreement and undertaking joint operations between your security forces and our Coast Guard and Customs Service.
- I also hope your government will move quickly to ratify the UN Convention Against Narcotics Trafficking, which I understand your country signed in 1988.

Regional Integration

- I know you will soon be taking over the chairmanship of CARICOM. I hope you will press for increasing economic integration and counternarcotics cooperation in the region during your tenure.

Security Issues

- How is the stability situation in your country? Do the radical Muslims still represent a serious security threat to your Government?

Haiti and Venezuela

- How do you assess the situation in Haiti? Do you have any suggestions for pursuing the return of democracy there?
- Of course, my very good friend, CAP, is your closest neighbor. How do you see the situation in Venezuela?

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PARTICIPANTS

U.S.

The President

The Vice President

James A Baker III, Secretary of State

Samuel Skinner, Chief of Staff

Brent Scowcroft, Assistant to the President for National
Security Affairs

Sally Cowal, U.S. Ambassador to Trinidad and Tobago

William T. Pryce, Senior Director, Latin American Affairs,
NSC Staff

Trinidad and Tobago

Patrick Manning, Prime Minister

Ralph Maraj, Minister of External Affairs

Wendell Mottley, Minister of Finance

Shastri Ali, Deputy Chief of Mission, Embassy of Trinidad
and Tobago

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
01. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 01e]. (2 pp.)	5/92	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Tuesday, May 12, 1992 [1]

Date Closed: 9/4/2019	OA/ID Number: 90678-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S[4]	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- (b)(1) National security classified information
- (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency
- (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute
- (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information
- (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy
- (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes
- (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions
- (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells

Deed of Gift Restrictions

- C(1) Closed by Executive Order 13526, governing access to national security information
- C(2) Closed by statute or by the agency which originated the information
- C(3) Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift [formerly listed as only C]
- PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
02. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 01f]. (1 pp.)	5/7/92	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, May 12, 1992 [1]

Date Closed: 9/4/2019	OA/ID Number: 90678-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S[4]	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
03. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 01g]. (2 pp.)	3/25/92	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, May 12, 1992 [1]

Date Closed: 9/4/2019 **OA/ID Number:** 90678-005

FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S[4]

Appeal Case #:

Re-review Case #:

Appeal Disposition:

P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

Disposition Date:

AR Case #:

MR Case #:

AR Disposition:

MR Disposition:

AR Disposition Date:

MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
04. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 01h]. (2 pp.)	5/7/92	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, May 12, 1992 [1]

Date Closed: 9/4/2019	OA/ID Number: 90678-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S[4]	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
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- P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]



R2

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT Tuesday, May 12, 1992

7:30 am (15 min)	<u>Coffee with John Walker</u> (Presock)	Oval Office
8:00 am (30 min)	<u>Meeting with Senator Pete</u> <u>Domenici</u> (Zamaria)	Oval Office
8:30 am (15 min)	<u>Intelligence Briefing</u> (Scowcroft)	Oval Office
8:45 am (30 min)	<u>National Security Briefing</u> (Scowcroft)	Oval Office
9:15 am (30 min)	<u>Meeting with Chief of Staff</u>	Oval Office
9:45 am (60 min)	<u>h Bipartisan</u> <u>al Leadership</u>	Cabinet Room
	<u>ff Time</u>	(TAB A)
		Oval Office
		Oval Office
	<u>Secretary</u> <u>Ghali</u> (tributed Separately)	Oval Office
	<u>ecretary</u> (buted Separately & TAB B)	Old Family Dining Room
	e	Oval Office
	arkins, <u>the UN</u>	Oval Office
		(TAB C)
		Oval Office

FOR: ROSE ZAMARIA
FROM: PHILLIP D. BRADY

The President's unpublished schedule for
5/12

UNP 05/11/92
6:00 pm



2:00 pm (30 min)	<u>Meeting with Bipartisan Group of Senators on the Balanced Budget Amendment</u> (Calio)	Cabinet Room
2:30 pm (30 min)	<u>Staff Time</u> (Zamaria)	(TAB D) Oval Office
3:00 pm (15 min)	<u>Ceremony honoring Winners of SBA Awards</u> (Holiday)	Rose Garden
3:15 pm (75 min)	<u>Administrative Time</u>	(TAB E) Oval Office
4:30 pm (30 min)	<u>Meeting with Chief of Staff</u>	Oval Office
5:00 pm (15 min)	<u>Meeting with Prime Minister Manning of Trinidad and Tobago</u> (Scowcroft) (Distributed Separately)	Oval Office
7:00 pm	B <u>Private Dinner with Singapore Senior Minister Lee Kuan Yew</u> (Scowcroft) (Distributed Separately)	Residence

UNP 05/11/92
6:00 pm

R2

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 11, 1992

MEETING WITH BIPARTISAN CONGRESSIONAL LEADERSHIP

DATE: May 12, 1992
LOCATION: Cabinet Room
TIME: 9:45 a.m. (1 hour)

FROM: Nicholas E. Calio *NEC*

I. PURPOSE

To meet with the bipartisan Congressional Leadership to discuss your trip to Los Angeles last week and initiatives to focus aid to the affected areas.

II. BACKGROUND

During your tour of the riot area in Los Angeles last week and in your radio address on Saturday, you indicated that one of your first actions upon returning to the White House would be to meet with the Congressional Leadership to discuss ways to direct aid to the affected urban areas. This meeting will give you an opportunity to discuss with the Members your proposals for urban aid, including enterprise zones, the HOPE initiative, the "weed and seed" program and other initiatives to assist urban areas.

III. PARTICIPANTS

See Attachment A.

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Press Pool.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

Members will be met in the West Lobby and escorted to the Cabinet Room for the meeting with you.

Attachment A: Participants List
Attachment B: Talking Points to be forwarded in the morning

PARTICIPANTS LIST

The President

Nicholas Brady, Secretary of the Treasury
William Barr, Attorney General
Lynn Martin, Secretary of Labor
Louis Sullivan, Secretary of Health and Human Services
Jack Kemp, Secretary of Housing and Urban Development
Lamar Alexander, Secretary of Education
Richard Darman, Director, Office of Management and Budget
Patricia Saiki, Administrator, Small Business Administration

Congressional Participation - Senate

Senator George Mitchell (D-ME), Majority Leader
Senator Bob Dole (R-KS), Republican Leader
Senator Wendell Ford (D-KY), Majority Whip
Senator Alan Simpson (R-WY), Republican Whip
Senator Bob Byrd (D-WV), Chairman, Appropriations Committee
Senator Mark Hatfield (R-OR), Ranking Republican, Appropriations Committee
Senator Lloyd Bentsen (D-TX), Chairman, Finance Committee
Senator Bob Packwood (R-OR), Ranking Republican, Finance Committee

Congressional Participation - House

Congressman Tom Foley (D-WA), Speaker of the House
Congressman Richard Gephardt (D-MO), Majority Leader
Congressman Bob Michel (R-IL), Republican Leader
Congressman David Bonior (D-MI), Majority Whip
Congressman Newt Gingrich (R-GA), Republican Whip
Congressman Jerry Lewis (R-CA), Chairman, Republican Conference
Congressman Jamie Whitten (D-MS), Chairman, Appropriations Committee
Congressman Joe McDade (R-PA), Ranking Republican, Appropriations Committee
Congressman Dan Rostenkowski (D-IL), Chairman, Ways & Means Committee

White House Staff

Sam Skinner, Chief of Staff
Henson Moore, Deputy Chief of Staff
Brent Scowcroft, Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs
Marlin Fitzwater, Counselor to the President and Press Secretary
Clayton Yeutter, Counselor to the President
Nicholas E. Calio, Assistant to the President for Legislative Affairs

David Demarest, Assistant to the President for Communications
Boyden Gray, Counsel to the President
Ede Holiday, Assistant to the President and Secretary of the
Cabinet
Roger Porter, Assistant to the President for Economic and
Domestic Policy
Gary Andres, Deputy Assistant to the President for Legislative
Affairs (House)
Joshua Bolten, Deputy Assistant to the President and Director,
Office of Legislative Affairs
James W. Dyer, Deputy Assistant to the President for Legislative
Affairs (Senate)
Virginia Lampley, Special Assistant to the President for National
Security Affairs

R2

THE SEATING CHART FOR THIS CONGRESSIONAL
MEETING WILL BE FORWARDED IN THE MORNING.

SEQUENCE OF EVENTS:

WORKING LUNCHEON

The Honorable Boutros Boutros-Ghali,
Secretary General of the United Nations
Tuesday, May 12, 1992

TIME:

12:00 noon - 1:00 p.m.

LOCATIONS:

Red Room/Old Family Dining Room

NUMBER OF GUESTS:

14

FROM:

Laurie Firestone



12:00 noon

THE PRESIDENT and Secretary General Boutros-Ghali
arrive State Floor via elevator and proceed to Red
Room for refreshments.

(All other guests proceed to
State Floor via back staircase.)

12:05 a.m. Luncheon is served in Old Family
Dining Room.

1:00 p.m.

At conclusion of luncheon, **THE PRESIDENT** escorts
Secretary General Boutros-Ghali to North Portico
for departure.

THE PRESIDENT returns to Oval Office.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

3583

May 8, 1992

MEETING WITH U.S. AMBASSADOR

DATE: May 12, 1992

LOCATION: Oval Office

TIME: 1:15 - 1:20 p.m.

FROM: BRENT SCOWCROFT 

I. Purpose

To provide a photo opportunity for Ambassador Perkins who is the newly appointed Permanent Representative to the United Nations. Ambassador Perkins has already been to post, and will be in the area for the visit of Secretary General Boutros Ghali.

II. Background

Ambassador Perkins is the newly appointed U.S. Permanent Representative to the United Nations. A career Foreign Service Officer since 1967, Ambassador Perkins has served in overseas positions in Thailand, Ghana, Liberia, and South Africa. Ambassador Perkins has previously served as Ambassador to South Africa and Liberia. Prior to his current appointment as Ambassador to the USUN, Ambassador Perkins held the position of Director General of the Foreign Service.

III. Participants

See attached cards.

IV. Press Plan

White House Photographer only.

V. Sequence

Ambassador Perkins and his family will enter the Oval Office for a photo and brief discussion.

Attachment

Tab A Card with Points

POINTS TO BE MADE AT PHOTO OPPORTUNITY

AMBASSADOR EDWARD J. PERKINS

UNITED STATES

FAMILY:

WIFE - LUCY CHIEN-MEI LIU

DAUGHTER - KATHERINE KARLA (25)

DAUGHTER - SARAH ELIZABETH (21)

WHITE HOUSE:

BRENT SCOWCROFT

NSC:

NANCY BEARG DYKE

-- YOU HAVE A BIG CHALLENGE IN A PLACE OF ENORMOUSLY MORE IMPORTANCE THAN JUST A FEW YEARS AGO. I HAVE CONFIDENCE IN YOU, AND I UNDERSTAND THE HUGE CROWD AT YOUR SWEARING-IN WAS EXTREMELY ENTHUSIASTIC AND SUPPORTIVE.

-- WE WANT THE UN TO BE EFFECTIVE IN EVERY WAY POSSIBLE. IT IS IN AMERICA'S INTEREST THAT WE WORK WITH ALL AREAS OF THE UN.

CARD 2 OF 2

-- WE WANT TO BE SUPPORTIVE OF UN PEACEKEEPING. LET BRENT KNOW IF WE ARE NOT COMING ACROSS THAT WAY.

-- I KNOW YOUR MAIN FOCUS WILL BE THE SECURITY COUNCIL, BUT I UNDERSTAND YOU ARE INTERESTED IN THE SOCIAL, ECONOMIC, AND HUMANITARIAN ASPECTS OF THE UN TOO. I ENCOURAGE THAT.

-- I UNDERSTAND YOU HAVE SPECIAL REFUGEE INTEREST IN YOUR FAMILY - THAT YOUR DAUGHTER KATHERINE WORKS AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT REFUGEE BUREAU.

RZ

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 11, 1992

MEETING WITH BIPARTISAN SENATORS

DATE: May 12, 1992
LOCATION: The Cabinet Room
TIME: 2:00 p.m.

FROM: Nicholas E. Calio *NEC*

I. PURPOSE

To promote the passage of a Balanced Budget Amendment.

II. BACKGROUND

There is a growing movement in Congress to pass a Constitutional amendment to require a balanced federal budget. Many members of Congress have introduced resolutions calling for such an amendment. The Senate last voted on this issue in 1986, failing by one vote, 66-34, to get the 2/3 vote necessary. In 1990, the House fell seven votes short, 279-150, to pass the resolution.

The Senators here today have taken leadership roles on this issue. One issue that divides many of these Senators is whether to require a 3/5 majority in each House to raise taxes. Many Democratic supporters of a Balanced Budget Amendment, including Senator Paul Simon (D-IL), would oppose a Balanced Budget Resolution if this provision were added. Although you support a 3/5 majority for a tax increase, you would not oppose a Balanced Budget Resolution if the 3/5 amendment were not included. Neither would any of the Republican Senators present.

The Senate is expected to take up Senate Joint Resolution 18, sponsored by Senators Simon, Strom Thurmond (R-SC), Orrin Hatch (R-UT), Dennis DeConcini (D-AZ) and others, in early June. The House will take up a similar bill shortly after.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President

Nicholas Brady, Secretary of the Treasury
William Barr, Attorney General
Richard Darman, Director, Office of Management and Budget

Senator Larry Craig (R-ID)
Senator Dennis DeConcini (D-AZ)
Senator Phil Gramm (R-TX)
Senator Orrin Hatch (R-UT)
Senator Bob Kasten (R-WI)
Senator Paul Simon (D-IL)
Senator Strom Thurmond (R-SC)

Nicholas E. Calio, Assistant to the President for
Legislative Affairs
Joshua Bolten, Deputy Assistant to the President and
Director of Legislative Affairs
James W. Dyer, Deputy Assistant to the President for
Legislative Affairs (Senate)
Shawn Smeallie, Special Assistant to the President for
Legislative Affairs (Senate)

Lee Rawls, Assistant Secretary of Legislative Affairs,
Department of Justice
Mary Sophos, Assistant Secretary of Legislative Affairs,
Department of Treasury
David Taylor, Associate Director for Legislative Affairs,
Office of Management and Budget

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House press pool.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

The Senators will be met in the West Lobby and escorted to
the Cabinet Room for a meeting with you.

VI. REMARKS REQUIRED

See Attachment.

Attachment: Talking Points

MEETING WITH BIPARTISAN SENATORS

- I appreciate you all coming down here today. Addressing the problems of the Los Angeles riots are consuming most of my time right now, but I really wanted to take time out to meet with this bipartisan group, which has taken a leadership role in the Senate on the Balanced Budget Amendment.
- The two problems, riots in Los Angeles and persistent budget deficits, are, unfortunately, not unconnected. The inability to control spending and cut deficits hamper our ability to address urgent needs. By bringing the budget deficit under control, we can be better able to move forward on policies that will provide growth and jobs, while providing the flexibility necessary to handle emergencies.

Card 2

- I commend the bipartisan approach to this legislation. Although I may have crafted the bill differently, I am eager to lend my support in Congress, and in state capitals, to pass this Constitutional amendment.
- I do think it is important to have some safeguard against raising taxes as the primary solution to balancing the budget. I understand that there is some disagreement in this room on that matter. What is most important, however, is that we pass this resolution this year.
- I just wanted to get your thoughts on where we are going and how quickly you think we can move.

THE SEATING CHART FOR THIS CONGRESSIONAL
MEETING WILL BE FORWARDED IN THE MORNING.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

May 11, 1992

SBA ANNUAL AWARDS AND IRS SMALL BUSINESS RELIEF

DATE: May 12, 1992
LOCATION: The Rose Garden
TIME: 3:00 P.M.

FROM: EDE HOLIDAY 

I. PURPOSE

To take part in an event honoring the winners of the annual SBA awards. In your remarks, you will also announce several actions being taken by the IRS to eliminate tax filing rules that are burdensome to small businesses.

II. BACKGROUND

This is Small Business Week. Also, as part of your continuing regulatory reform agenda, the IRS has been working to eliminate rules and regulations that place heavy burdens on individuals and small businesses. This week, the IRS will eliminate dozens of filing and reporting requirements that place a heavy burden on employers.

The audience will be comprised of members of the small business community including 109 state winners of the 1992 SBA awards, who have already received their awards at a separate SBA ceremony.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The President
SBA Administrator Pat Saiki Secretary Brady
Deputy Treasury Secretary John Robson
IRS Commissioner Shirley Peterson
Boyden Gray

50 members of the small business community
109 state winners of the 1992 SBA awards

IV. PRESS PLAN

Open Press

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

- You enter the Rose Garden from the Oval Office and step up on the podium.
- You deliver remarks.
- You depart the Rose Garden.

VI. REMARKS

To be provided by Speechwriters.

Presidential Phone Calls



DATE: 5-12 TIME: 5⁴⁰
Incoming/outgoing

WITH: Bob Fester

SUBJECT: "Perot called Howard
Baker said Bush
people dumped on
him on POW -
Perot was claming
with dumping on him - "
Bitling "I did go to
Viet Nam" -

FOLLOW UP: _____

THE WHITE HOUSE

5/12

Handed to PM Manning
during meeting with
the President.

Daily

Brian Manning

courtesy
Yan Dad



THE PRESIDENT

May 12 '92

Dear Brian -

Yan Dad passed along
your message. Good luck
in sports and in life!

Sincerely
G. Bush

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 11, 1992

daily 5/10
[Signature]
12 MAY 12 09:57

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: DORRANCE SMITH [Signature]

RE: LIVE RADIO ADDRESS COVERAGE REPORT

The following is a report on how your Saturday, May 9, 1992 live radio address was used by the news media over the weekend:

White House Actuality Line

1,192 Calls were received on the White House Actuality Line over the weekend.

Radio Network Coverage

National Affiliates That Received Radio Address

	<u># of Stations</u>	<u>Comment</u>
ABC Radio	2,100	ABC carried your radio address live.
Associated Press Radio (AP)	1,000	AP replayed portions of your address throughout the day.
CBS Radio	900	CBS carried your address live and replayed portions of it throughout the day.

(Radio Coverage - Continued)

Unistar/CNN Radio

450

Unistar/CNN Radio carried your address live and replayed portions of it throughout the day.

NBC/Westwood One/
Mutual Radio Network

1,000

Carried your address live and replayed portions of it throughout the day.

National Public Radio

430

NPR replayed portions of your address throughout the day.

Total Number of Radio Network
Affiliates That Received
Your Radio Address:

5,450

Television Coverage:

CNN

Played portions of your radio address throughout the day.

CBS News

Your radio address was used as a lead-in to a news story by saying the President said in a radio address today that we need to "transform America into a nation we have dreamed of for generations."

NBC News

Garrick Utley alluded to the radio address while introducing an interview segment with Mr. Mack.

Newspaper Coverage:

Title of Article

The Washington Post

"Bush, Senator Draw Different Messages From L.A.: In Radio Speeches, President Focuses on Hope as Bradley Cites Urban Racial Problems"

The Washington Times

"Questions Rise From the Rubble: President Skipped the Terror"

The New York Times

"Bush Tries to Shift to Active Style on Demand Policy"

USA Today

"Bush Takes Urban Push on Road"

Please Note: Newspaper articles are attached for your review.

The Washington Post
Sunday, May 10, 1992

Bush, Senator Draw Different Messages From L.A.

In Radio Speeches, President Focuses on Hope as Bradley Cites Urban and Racial Problems

By Barbara Vobejda
Washington Post Staff Writer

In radio addresses yesterday, President Bush and Sen. Bill Bradley (D-N.J.) delivered different messages about the recent violence in Los Angeles, with the president focusing on what he said were causes for hope and Bradley citing the desperate conditions in the nation's cities and the unresolved problem of race.

A day after he toured the riot-torn city, Bush used his radio talk from the White House to offer what he acknowledges are urban solutions he has proposed in the past, including enterprise zones, parental choice in education and resident ownership of public housing.

He referred to racial issues only once, when he praised the "extraordinary courage of ordinary people" who braved looter, formed bucket brigades to put out fires and "reached across the barrier of color to save lives."

But Bradley returned repeatedly to the importance of race and the need to face the issue squarely as the nation attempts to rebuild cities.

"Just as slavery was our original sin, race re-

mains our unresolved dilemma," he said. The future of America is inextricably tied to the issue of race, he said, arguing that nearly half of new entries to the work force will be foreign-born or minorities by the end of the decade.

In what is bound to become a familiar election-year debate, Bush and Bradley used the riots as a backdrop to put forth competing political visions. For Bush, it was the notion of "empowerment" and reforming welfare "to help people with individual initiative work and save."

"At every turn during my time in Los Angeles, I heard people talking about the principles that guide these initiatives: personal responsibility, opportunity, ownership, independence, dignity."

He pledged federal funds to help shop owners reopen businesses and for those who lost jobs because of the destruction.

"This I know: we have the strength and spirit in our government, in our communities and in ourselves to transform America into the nation we have dreamed of for generations," he said.

Bradley said he found "particularly depressing" the president's decision to blame the Great Society programs for the problems in Los Angeles.

"The Head Start program did not cause the Los Angeles riots. At a moment in history when we must talk about the problem, the president chooses to talk about the politics of the problems."

Bradley referred in stark terms to the conditions of American cities, which he said "are poorer, sicker, less educated and more violent than at any point in my lifetime."

Equally destructive, he said, was the "absence of meaning" in the lives of many city residents.

"Fear covers the streets like a sheet of ice," he said. "We are too good and great a country to live like this. But if we as a nation continue to ignore the racial reality of our times, tiptoe around it, demagogue it or flee from it, we're going to pay an enormous price."

Bradley said revival of cities would rely on more jobs, less violence and stronger families, as well as a growing economy.

"The federal government must commit significant resources to meet the problems of urban America," he said. "It is ludicrous for anyone to pretend otherwise."

The Washington Times
Sunday, May 10, 1992

Questions rise from the rubble

President skipped the terror

Gangs — the major force in the rioting and a daily source of terror in L.A. — escaped mention in Bush's speeches

By Frank J. Murray
THE WASHINGTON TIMES

LOS ANGELES — President Bush avoided making his riot-zone tour a drive-by camera shoot through ethnic ghettos tyrannized by gang shootings.

But his rhetoric here and in a nationwide radio address yesterday glossed over the 24-hour-a-day terror.

By seeming to focus on cooling embers and cooling tempers — "what went wrong in L.A." — Mr. Bush may be sending a dangerous signal to underclasses elsewhere who are, so far, unwilling to burn cities to get his attention.

His shoes got soiled in the ashes and he listened for hours to ordinary people in an ironic search for racial

NEWS ANALYSIS

BUSH

From page A1

and wanna-be homeowners

But he never mentioned in eight speeches here or on the radio hookup the unbridled savagery by gangsters wearing the "colors" of the Crips and Bloods, from whom black ministers pray for deliverance. These heavily armed warriors hold life-and-death sway where police and politicians fear to tread.

No flower can flourish in the scorched earth of L.A.'s south-central district until these killer weeds are gone. They number in the thousands and pose federal concerns as they spread to other cities.

The president did say it will take more than just putting out fires and locking up looters to set things right. "Things weren't right before a week ago Wednesday. Things aren't right in too many cities across our country," he said.

Although the uprising here was portrayed as racial rioting triggered by the Rodney King verdict — blacks against whites, blacks against Koreans, blacks against police — the majority of arrested rioters were Hispanic. Many are illegal immigrants.

Mr. Bush said nothing about deporting them, nor did he suggest how communities with meager resources should cope with the illegal hordes that federal forces cannot keep out of the United States.

Voice after voice spoke of fear: "After the National Guard is going away from Los Angeles, we don't know how we're going to protect in our community or wherever," said Korean housewife Mrs. Richard Choi.

"We talk about the Crips and the Bloods... but we don't know how to deal with them," Leon Watkins, who counsels inner-city families, told Mr. Bush.

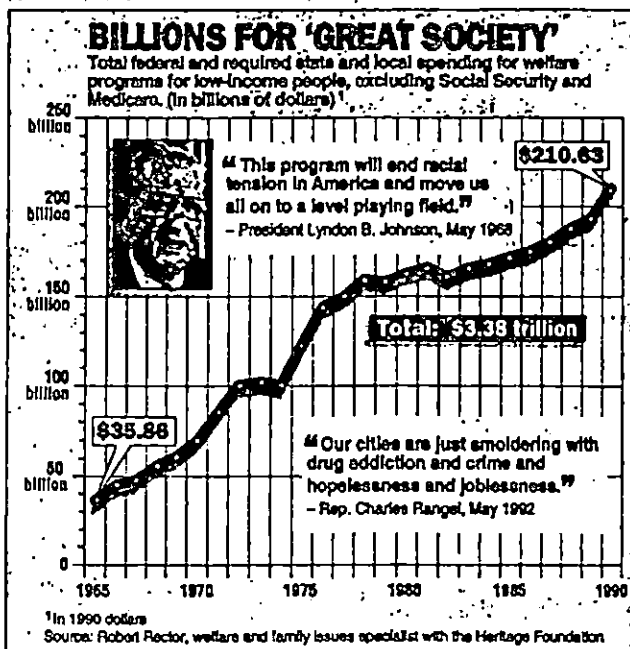
Lois Hill, a black school worker,

harmony at meetings segregated by ethnic groups — black, Hispanic and Korean.

Mr. Bush's farewell speech Friday in Los Angeles and his radio address yesterday from the White House

probed the riot's roots in terms of business outlook, illegitimate babies, the welfare trap, lagging education, multilingual disaster offices

see BUSH, page A6



said neighborhood children are safe only in after-school programs whose financial support is being cut. "I cannot go to the park because it's too dangerous."

Helen Lim challenged a parade of fellow Koreans looking for a federal refill of uninsured cash registers. "There's people and their life is on the line. It's not a matter of a loan we receive. It's a life. A human being is suffering."

Mr. Bush said he will send \$19 million from contingency funds "to weed out the drug dealers and career criminals" but did not say how gang hoodlums can be tamed under the present rules of evidence in the courts and rules of engagement in the streets that let bad guys shoot first.

The president seemed not to grasp the plea from supermarket manager Dereke Carr that he return when the wreckage is gone. Mr. Bush asked that he mail a reminder

note when that happens.

"We don't want to be forgotten," said the 30-year-old black man, who guided Mr. Bush along the ash-covered sidewalk of the burned-out Crenshaw Town Center.

In any event, Mr. Carr's message might apply as well to cities from Atlanta to Ames, Iowa, and from Washington state to Washington, D.C., where cruel conditions of survival, self-inflicted by some, affect good and bad alike.

Housing and Urban Development Secretary Jack Kemp has been walking these slums since joining the Cabinet and was ready when the White House turned to him for advice during the L.A. riots.

His confidential May 1 memorandum doesn't have all the answers but does seem to set out most of the questions. Mr. Bush drew on it heavily for Friday's speech. The remainder could provide a blueprint to cool the summer.

The New York Times

Sunday, May 10, 1992

Bush Tries to Shift to Active Style on Domestic Policy

By ANDREW ROSENTHAL
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, May 9 — In the aftermath of the Los Angeles riots, influential Republicans are arguing that President Bush has reached the limit of the detached style of governing he has favored and must for the first time personally seize control of a broad range of domestic issues, Administration officials said today.

The President recognizes that he has committed himself to such a course in his response to the violence, the officials said.

In a radio address today, Mr. Bush said, "My first order of business now that I'm back in Washington is to build a bipartisan effort in support of immediate action on this agenda."

To keep up the impression that the President is staying engaged, he will make an appearance in Philadelphia on Monday to talk about ways to get drugs off the street and residents into jobs.

A New Challenge

But what lies ahead is not only a major test of whether Mr. Bush and his White House team can meet the new challenge after squandering a series of political opportunities this year. It also is a test of whether the new prominence of advisers like Housing Secretary Jack F. Kemp, who have been highly visible in the last 10 days, will continue or whether they will be pushed back to the fringes of the Administration, where for years they have been arguing for more aggressive urban policies.

Administration officials said there was still debate over specific approaches and that Mr. Bush had rejected

ed suggestions that he strike a radical new course as both unnecessary on policy grounds and politically unwise. Instead, the President will meet with leaders of Congress on Tuesday to discuss reconsidering some of his earlier proposals, like the creation of "enterprise zones" in blighted neighborhoods.

But there appears to be a consensus within the Administration and the Bush campaign that the appearance of passivity is a major political threat at a time when the country has been shocked by the violence in Los Angeles into focusing even more intensely on domestic problems.

Officials said Mr. Bush received that

A passive White House is seen as a political danger.

message clearly from the rioting and from meetings afterward with civil rights leaders, members of Congress and his own advisers. But it remains to be seen whether he thinks that shifting from a reactive Presidency to an active one is simply a matter of appearances or whether he now feels he has to get the policy engines turning.

"Everyone agrees now," a senior Administration official said, "that the President has to commit, for political reasons if nothing else, has to remain engaged."

In the past, a range of White House advisers said, Mr. Bush has delegated

the responsibility for domestic policy — notably the 1990 budget agreement — to powerful aides, like the former White House chief of staff, John H. Sununu; the budget director, Richard G. Darman; and Treasury Secretary Nicholas F. Brady.

And apart from his educational reform plan, the President has not pushed hard for the programs he is now re-offering, including the enterprise zones and a plan to help residents of public housing buy their homes.

"The President is now going to be judged not just on whether something passes into law, a senior official said, but whether he's really perceived to have fought seriously and articulately and in an engaged way for policies that reflect his principles."

Shifting Advisers

The rioting forced Mr. Bush to bypass his normal domestic policy advisers, who have kept the Administration focused primarily on the problems of business, and turn to outside help from civil rights leaders and inside help from people like Mr. Kemp, always considered an outsider, and Housing Secretary Louis Sullivan, who has been tagged as largely ineffective.

Mr. Kemp, Mr. Sullivan, Administration aides like William Kristol, Vice President Dan Quayle's conservative chief of staff, and campaign advisers like James Pinkerton and James Cicconi, both proponents of so-called "empowerment" programs to revitalize the nation's cities, had influence over the drafting of Mr. Bush's speeches in Los Angeles, officials said.

In the hours following the outbreak of violence in Los Angeles, officials

said, advisers like Mr. Darman prevailed with the argument that Mr. Bush must take a hard law-and-order stance. The officials said Mr. Bush shifted direction after a meeting on May 1 with civil rights leaders.

'Shaken' by Meeting

"The President rejected some of the things they argued, like that police brutality is the core issue," an official said. "But he was shaken by that meeting and subsequent discussions with aides who told him how much trouble he was in over a perception that he was uncaring."

As the White House prepared for that night's address from the Oval Office, "the issue was how much Bush should criticize the Rodney King verdict against how much he should call for law and order," an official said.

White House officials rejected a draft by Anthony Snow, a speech writer, that one called "a deep-think piece on racial problems in the United States," and worked off a speech by another aide, David Demarest, that sought a more balanced approach.

Samuel K. Skinner, the White House chief of staff, along with Mr. Demarest, Mr. Darman and Mr. Kristol, argued "that this was a time above all when you have people being killed and a city burning, and you have to talk about the absolute inadmissibility of that," an official said.

Marlin Fitzwater, the White House spokesman, argued that the Oval Office address and Mr. Bush's subsequent actions must contain a strong element of compassion, a recognition that things had gone wrong and a vision for change, officials said.

Bush takes urban push on road

By Judy Keen
USA TODAY

President Bush today takes his newly displayed passion for curing urban woes to Philadelphia, the next test of the depth of a commitment some suspect is transitory and political.

Bush ended a two-day visit to Los Angeles' riot zone promising new efforts to enact tax breaks to draw businesses to cities and home-ownership incentives for the poor.

His top priority, he said in a Saturday radio address: "Build a bipartisan effort in support of immediate action."

Bush was moved by "the scenes of the wanton destruction. ... We will find many

"
We ought to be preaching and talking about giving a person a hand-up rather than a handout.
"

— Vice President Quayle

ways to help," he said at Saturday's White House Correspondents Association dinner.

But John Mack, president of Los Angeles' Urban League, said, "His actions are going to speak louder than his visit."

On NBC's *Meet the Press*, Sen. Bill Bradley, D-N.J., said that Bush's plans will help, but that up to \$15 billion a year in

added federal spending over the next decade is needed.

Today's trip, originally for a campaign fund-raising speech, was rearranged so Bush could tour a federal project designed to keep out drug dealers. Los Angeles' new police chief, outgoing Philadelphia police commissioner Willie Williams, will be at his side.

The political complexity of Bush's new agenda was underscored Sunday by Vice President Quayle. "We ought to be preaching and talking about giving a person a hand-up rather than a handout," he said on CBS's *Face the Nation* — a reassuring signal to conservatives who might fear Bush is co-opting liberal social policies.

Quayle also praised the Los Angeles Police Department.

Some who met with Bush in Los Angeles last week doubt his interest will endure:

"If the past is any indication, I don't expect to see the vigor sustained," said Clyde Oden, president of the Watts Health Foundation, who's waiting for Bush to prove commit-

ment by decrying the urban decay that exacerbated the riots.

"If the president had been really sincere, he'd have come much earlier and tried to help us prevent this problem," said the Rev. Larry Kirkland, Brookins A.M.E. Church. "He didn't offer any ... solutions."

"I think he understood what the people were saying, but if he's in Washington and things have calmed down, he might forget," said Jing Ho Lee of Los Angeles' Radio Korea.

Even if Bush doesn't forget, government can't end inner-city residents' anger and deprivation, Lee said. "The best he can do is not enough."

► Los Angeles Index, 3A

H. Ross Perot Daybook

Monday, May 11, 1992

01

Schedule

Today: Will join supporters in Austin to present more than 200,000 signatures to the Texas secretary of state's office. He will also attend a rally and parade.

Tomorrow: No schedule available from published or electronic sources.

News

- * "Number one, this number is nonsense. If he claims he got it from me, he is horribly confused about anything I ever told him the one time we ever met in the mid 1980's," said Michael J. Boskin, chairman of President Bush's Council of Economic Advisors. Perot had claimed that \$100 billion could be saved by eliminating Social Security and Medicare benefits to the wealthy, and reportedly identified Boskin as his source. (*The Washington Post*, 5/10)
- * "Mr. Perot, in other words, is no longer the can-do entrepreneur chatting up talk-show hosts and standing disdainfully outside the fray. The fray is overtaking him. The challenge for the Perot campaign these days is coping with its success: his new status as a not-yet-declared but absolutely serious Presidential candidate." (*New York Times* story, 5/10)
- * "But Perot is no 'policy wonk,' and to define him in terms of his programs is a mistake. His appeal is based on homely formulations which come straight out of his head." (*Evans & Novak column, The Washington Post*, 5/11)
- * "My recollections are minimal and all very good," said Pat Buchanan when asked about Perot and the Nixon White House. (*Fox Morning News*, 5/11/92)
- * Appearing on NBC's "Meet The Press," Senator Bill Bradley had the following comments on Perot: "Well, frankly it's beyond me that the American people are going to vote for someone who's saying very directly that he's prepared to buy the presidency. I find that to be an unlikely prospect. I also think maybe, as his appearance here last week indicated, that when you get down to real specifics you're going to find that he's been in business and not in government and hasn't thought about these things in as great a detail. And yet at the same time, you know, \$100 million is not peanuts, and it will have an impact in some places and over some parts of the electorate." (NBC, *Meet The Press*, 5/10)
- * Supporters in Maryland say they have more than the 63,169 signatures needed to secure Perot's name on the November ballot....More than 4,090 Idaho supporters have signed petitions to get Perot on the ballot there. A spokesman said that they plan to present

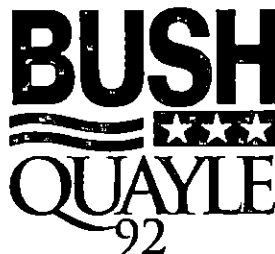
20,000 signatures to the attorney general's office on May 29....Denver, Colorado supporters say they have collected enough signatures on the first day of a statewide petition drive to place Perot on the ballot there. Volunteers say they got at least the 5,000 signatures needed on Saturday. Organizers say they will keep the drive going into June....Perot supporters in New Hampshire got a congratulatory call from their candidate after collecting enough signatures to place him on the state ballot in November. (AP, 5/11)

- * Perot Systems has signed two contracts totaling \$1 billion. Perot Systems will provide computers and communication service to East Midlands Electricity PLC, a leading utility company in Britain, and Europcar [*sic*], the largest vehicle rental firm in Europe. The 12- year contract with East Midlands was signed April 8. The 10-year contract with Europcar was signed February 11. (*The Washington Post*, 5/9)
- * **West Virginia:** Ryan- McGinn-Samples Research, Inc. of Charleston conducted a telephone poll of 502 registered voters:

Bush	33%
Clinton	30%
Perot	21%
Undec./N/A	16%

The poll was conducted April 27-30 and has a margin of error of +/-4.4% (AP, 5/11)

daily 5/12



To: Bob Teeter
Fred Malek

From: Stan Huckaby

Date: May 5, 1992

Subject: Update on Buchanan Attached Memo

67

Per my memo attached, we had projected May 2 Matching Fund requests for Buchanan of \$750,000. The actual request was \$267,000. He appears to be in trouble, but don't forget Bay is ruthless. She will stiff their staff and vendors to provide California cash.



Memorandum for Fred Malek
Bob Teeter

From: Stan Huckaby

Date: April 24, 1992

Subj: Buchanan for President

* * * * *

Based on my meeting with Paige Tarver, we have concluded that Buchanan for President's debts and obligations exceeded expected income by \$206,375.79 through March 31, 1992.

Cash on Hand	\$ 76,598.66
Matching Funds Payment (4/2/92)	1,043,306.00
Debts owed to the Committee	48,025.00
Less:	
Loans Outstanding	750,000.00
Debts owed by the Committee	<u>624,305.45</u>
Deficit	<u>\$ (206,375.79)</u>

There is no way to know the activity for April, however, by reducing costs to a bare minimum, he could conceivably accumulate \$250,000 to \$750,000 during May for the California primary.

daily 5/12

ASHTON PHELPS, JR.

62

Mr. President and Mrs. Bush,

Sure appreciated the kind hospitality which you all extended last Saturday — the fun tennis, the relaxed conversation by the pool, and the warm greeting for my wife Mary Ella at the evening reception. Thanks.

Please let me know whenever I can reciprocate for you or your family in New Orleans. Warm regards.

Ashton

May eleventh.

WHITE HOUSE STAFFING MEMORANDUM

RL

DATE: 05/11/92 ACTION/CONCURRENCE/COMMENT DUE BY: ----

SUBJECT: PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: SMALL BUSINESS WEEK, 05/12

	ACTION	FYI		ACTION	FYI
VICE PRESIDENT	☐	☒	HORNER	☐	☐
SKINNER	☐	☒	MCBRIDE	☐	☐
SCOWCROFT	☐	☐	MOORE	☐	☒
DARMAN	☐	☒	PETERSMEYER	☐	☐
BRADY	☐	☒	PORTER	☐	☒
BROMLEY	☐	☐	ROGICH	☐	☐
CALIO	☐	☒	ROLLINS	☐	☒
DEMAREST	☐	☒	SMITH	☐	☒
FITZWATER	☐	☒	YEUTTER	☐	☒
GRAY	☐	☒	FINDLAY	☐	☒
HOLIDAY	☐	☒	KAUFMAN	☐	☒
BOSKIN			MCGROARTY		☒
			FIRESTONE		☒

REMARKS:

The attached has been forwarded to the President.

RESPONSE:

PHILLIP D. BRADY
 Assistant to the President
 and Staff Secretary
 Ext. 2702

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 11, 1992

12 MAY 11 P7:02

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

THROUGH: DAVID DEMAREST
FROM: ROBERT SIMON *RS*
SUBJECT: SMALL BUSINESS WEEK

On Tuesday, May 12, at 3:00 p.m. in the Rose Garden, you will give brief remarks (8 minutes, on cards) announcing IRS simplification of payroll tax payments. In the audience will be the state and national winners of the Small Business Administration's Business Person of the Year.

Simon
May 11, 1992
Draft 3
SBA

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: SMALL BUSINESS WEEK
ROSE GARDEN
TUESDAY, MAY 12, 1992
3:00 P.M.

I want to recognize Deputy Treasury Secretary John Robson, IRS Commissioner Shirley Peterson, and my Counsel Boyden Gray -- all doing an outstanding job. I also want to salute SBA Administrator Pat Saiki, who was at my side last week in L.A. as we surveyed what can be done to help that city. [[possible SBA L.A. update/ L.A. Task Force "red tape" report]]

We're here today because it's Small Business Week, and we have with us from all 50 states and beyond the Small Business Persons of the Year. Welcome to the White House -- America's ultimate Mom-and-Pop operation. \\\

I got my start in life as a small businessman in Texas. I know how it feels to start something from scratch. Work with it day and night, and hope you succeed. Success goes to those who work hard, refuse to give up, and learn from their mistakes.

I also know what's it's like to cope with federal regulations and paperwork. Sometimes bureaucrats make things needlessly complicated. They forget they're supposed to serve the taxpayers the same way a business has to serve its customers.

That attitude in government is not only wrong, it's bad for business. So today, we're doing something about it. To honor these outstanding business people, we're going to do something outstanding for small businesses across America.

Every businessman and woman sitting here can tell you how burdensome it is to comply with the I.R.S.'s payroll tax rules. If they can't tell you, it's because they're paying another company to cope with all the headaches for them.

Today, the I.R.S. is implementing faster, cheaper, and simpler ways for businesses large and small to deal with the payroll tax system. This week, the I.R.S. will issue a proposed rule to reduce the complicated deposit schedule. Large companies will be able to make payroll tax deposits twice a week. Moreover, as many as 75% of all businesses will make payments just once a month. These simplifications will significantly reduce the cost, confusion and complexity of the payroll tax system.

We're also moving forward to eliminate all the duplicate W-2 forms and other payroll tax information that employers have been required to supply. We are working to set up a Single Wage Reporting System so that separate forms don't have to be sent to the I.R.S., Department of Labor, Social Security, and state and local governments.

In June, an experimental program in Georgia, South Carolina and Florida will let employers make tax payments electronically -- without even leaving their office. No more paper coupons to file, or standing in line at the bank.

Small business learned long ago that computers could do more work in less time for less cost. It's time we bring government out of the horse-and-buggy era and into the Information Age -- and stop having business do the government's paperwork. \\\

((Now I'll admit, the only one in our family who understands the tax system is my dog Millie. \\\ You think it's great being president? Try having your dog declare you as a dependent. \\\))

The I.R.S. may not be the most popular agency in town, but they're working hard not to be the most infuriating. Last month, the I.R.S. center in Ogden, Utah won the President's Award for Quality, which goes to the government office that provides excellent public service in a cost-effective manner. It's this new kind of attitude in government service that must be brought to every federal bureaucracy -- putting people first, treating taxpayers as customers.

The small business winners here know what I'm talking about. James Fleming started his metal component business in his basement, and turned it into a \$15 million international business. Jim has designed everything from medical equipment used in hip replacements to an assembly line for Jiffy Pop popcorn. Richard Stewart turned a part-time hobby selling natural spices into America's largest supplier of bulk herbs, spices, gourmet coffee and tea to the natural foods industry.

And then there's Amelia McCoy. Her business began as an act of love: making hair ribbons for her granddaughters. Now the hair bows her company sells are handmade by 450 people in rural Oklahoma who work at home and generate \$5 million in sales. For that, Amelia is this year's Small Business Person of the Year.

\\

Since I announced a moratorium on new regulations in January, my Administration has worked to reduce the burden government places on the businesses of this country. We've also looked at existing regulations, like the ones I spoke of today, to see how we could help the economy by eliminating or simplifying regulations that impede economic growth for no good reason. I'm sure Amelia would rather be tying a red ribbon for her granddaughter than spending all day tied up in red tape. \\\

Every business dollar that goes into complying with some government mandate is a dollar that won't be spent hiring new workers. Two thirds or more of the new jobs in this country are created by small business. You are the heart and soul of what makes this economy work -- what makes the American Dream possible for your employees and their families.

As long as I am president, I will work to keep government out of your way so you can go out and do what you do best. Thank you, and may God bless the United States of America.

#

The President
is scheduled to
meet w/President
Aylwin on Wed,
13 May.

English Translation:

Upon arriving at this great country, Leonor and I want to
transmit our cordial, personal best wishes to the President and
his wife, Barbara.

We are very happy to be here and I am sure that our next
conversation will serve to strengthen even more relations between
our two countries.



Mayo 10, 1992

Sr. George W. Bush
Presidente de Los Estados Unidos
La Casa Blanca
Washington, D.C.

Al llegar a esta gran nación, Leonor y yo queremos transmitir nuestro cordial saludo personal al señor Presidente y su señora Barbara.

Estamos muy contentos de estar acá y confío en que nuestra próxima conversación sirva para fortalecer aún mas los vínculos entre nuestros países.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Patricio Aylwin", is written above the printed name. The signature is fluid and cursive.

PATRICIO AYLWIN AZOCAR

EMBAJADA DE CHILE

Los Angeles, California
May 10, 1992

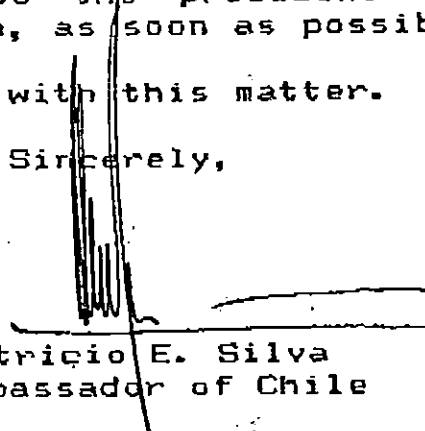
Embassador John Weinmann
Chief of Protocol
US Department of State
FAX 202/647-1560

Dear Embassador Weinmann:

Please find enclosed a letter sent by the president of Chile, Mr. Patricio Aylwin. He has requested that this letter be forwarded to the president of the United States, Mr. George Bush, as soon as possible.

I appreciate your help with this matter.

Sincerely,


Patricio E. Silva
Embassador of Chile

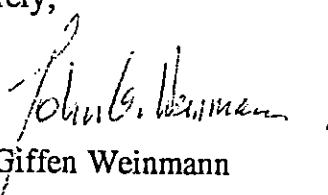
United States Department of State
The Chief of Protocol
Washington, D.C. 20520-2317

May 11, 1992

Dear Colleague,

I have received the letter you faxed to my office on Sunday, May 10, asking me to forward to President Bush the letter from President Aylwin. With pleasure, I have forwarded the letter to his office this morning.

Sincerely,


John Giffen Weinmann

His Excellency
Patricio E. Silva
Ambassador of Chile to
The United States of America

May 11, 1992

Hello Rose!

Attached is the "original" faxed copy of the transmission from Chile along with a photocopy of same traffic plus JGW's response to the Chilean Ambassador.

Thought you might want to see it first inasmuch as the visit starts tomorrow!

Cheers!

Synn Sandford

Document Originally
Attached to
Following Page

DATE: May 10, 1992

TO: Ambassador John Weinmann
Chief of Protocol
US State Department
FAX 202/647-1560

FROM: Patricio E. Silva
Ambassador of Chile

P.S. Please note that we tried to fax this directly
to FAX #202/395-5221 -- No response.
Appreciate your help.

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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

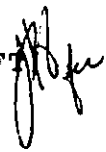
May 12, 1992

MEETING WITH
SENIOR MINISTER LEE KUAN YEW

DATE: May 12, 1992

LOCATION: The Residence

TIME: 7:00 p.m.

FROM: BRENT SCOWCROFT 

I. PURPOSE

To review regional and global issues of mutual concern with Lee.

II. BACKGROUND

Lee is a strong advocate of continuing U.S. engagement in Europe and Asia. He views the U.S. military presence in the Asia Pacific as a vital stabilizing factor, given the deep animosities that exist between Asian countries.

Key Points

- Bilateral relations good. We seek commercial liberalization in Singapore service sectors.
- Your January visit and SecDef Cheney's recent visit reassured Singapore of our commitment to regional security.
- Lee's recent visit to Vietnam led him to conclude Hanoi cannot be trusted. He advised Cheney that we should set our own pace for normalization.
- Lee worried about U.S.-Japan relations; instability in CIS; and prospect of failure in Uruguay Round.

Our 1990 bilateral Memorandum of Understanding on enhanced U.S. military access to Singapore's facilities is working well. US Air Force F-16s have deployed to Singapore several times over the past year, and a U.S. Seventh Fleet logistics unit will complete relocation from Subic Bay to Singapore by the end of this year.

Singapore is anxious to expand military training opportunities with the U.S. Although the Singapore leadership wants a special relationship with us, Lee and

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PER NSC WAIVER, #2021-02
By Mc NARA, Date 7/16/21

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other senior leaders have urged that we also expand our security ties to Malaysia and Indonesia to diffuse any concerns that Singapore's neighbors might have about its military modernization.

Lee visited Vietnam in late April, just before meeting Secretary Cheney, and has urged Singapore's businessmen to increase activity in and with Vietnam. Lee related his view to Secretary Cheney that the Vietnamese were ruthless and would use anybody, and that the U.S. should proceed with normalization at its own pace. Lee said that he shared Deng Xiaoping's view that the Vietnamese were ingrates.

Lee will be interested in your views on nuclear proliferation in the CIS context and on the prospects for successful conclusion of the Uruguay Round.

III. PARTICIPANTS

See Tab B.

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House Photographer

Attachments

Tab A	Points to be Made
Tab B	Participants
Tab C	Biographies

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POINTS TO BE MADE FOR DINNER WITH
SENIOR MINISTER LEE KUAN YEW

U.S. Commitment to the Region

- Our bilateral ties are proceeding smoothly. Our 1990 Memorandum of Understanding is working well. We remain deeply committed to our relations with the ASEAN countries.
- Our withdrawal from the Philippines will in no way diminish the strong commitment we have to security and stability in the Asia Pacific region. Our investment in upgrading the flexibility and mobility of American armed forces will more than compensate for the loss of our bases in the Philippines, even though some key training and storage capabilities in the Philippines will be difficult to replace.

Regional Security Issues

- Vice President Quayle is in Japan this week. His visit will highlight the fact that our relationship with Japan remains strong.
- Indonesia's decision conveyed to us during Secretary Cheney's visit that it will allow U.S. Navy ships access to commercial facilities in Surabaya bodes well for regional security cooperation. We would like to advance our security dialogue with Singapore's neighbors at a pace that Indonesia and Malaysia find comfortable. Australia, too, has an important role to play.

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- I am interested in your views on Indonesia's chairmanship of the Non-Aligned Movement and the effect that role might have on Jakarta's approach to regional security issues.
- We remain concerned about North Korea. Pyongyang has an opportunity with the IAEA and in bilateral discussions with Seoul to reduce tension on the Peninsula and internationally; we will monitor closely the North's behavior in the weeks ahead.
- In Indochina, we are hopeful that the UN will accomplish the interim tasks necessary to meet the deadline for elections next year in Cambodia. After the UN withdraws, however, the prospects are great for instability in Cambodia. Hanoi's attitude will be important; we hope that Vietnam will focus its energies on instituting market-oriented economic reform and taking the necessary steps to upgrade relations with the West.
- We want to advance our bilateral dialogue with Hanoi, but much depends on its willingness to do what is required to put the POW/MIA issue behind us.

CIS and Nuclear Proliferation

- I know that you are interested in developments in the CIS, particularly the prospects for controlling dangerous proliferation.
- We have supported the creation of International Centers for Science and Technology in Moscow and Kiev to provide peaceful, constructive employment for nuclear weapons scientists and engineers.

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- Yeltsin supports these centers and has taken his own steps to deal with the problem. For example, he has raised significantly the salaries of these technical personnel.
- There is still cause for concern. Singapore's support in the international effort to combat the problem is welcome.

Uruguay Round

- I am committed to completing a good Uruguay Round agreement as soon as possible. We are working hard to resolve differences with the EC on agriculture, but all countries need to make a great deal more progress on market access and services.

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PARTICIPANTS LIST

U.S.

The President and Mrs. Bush

Brent Scowcroft, Assistant to the President for National Security
Affairs

James A. Baker, III, Secretary of State, and Mrs. Baker

Singapore

Lee Kuan Yew, Senior Minister, and Mrs. Lee

S. R. Nathan, Ambassador to the United States, and Mrs. Nathan

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
05. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as [originally closed as 02c]. (1 pp.)	5/7/92	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, May 12, 1992 [1]

Date Closed: 9/4/2019	OA/ID Number: 90678-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S[4]	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- (b)(1) National security classified information
- (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency
- (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute
- (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information
- (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy
- (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes
- (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions
- (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells

Deed of Gift Restrictions

- C(1) Closed by Executive Order 13526, governing access to national security information
- C(2) Closed by statute or by the agency which originated the information
- C(3) Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift [formerly listed as only C]
- PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

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06. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 02d]. (1 pp.)	5/7/92	(b)(1)	

Collection:

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Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, May 12, 1992 [1]

Date Closed: 9/4/2019	OA/ID Number: 90678-005
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07. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 02e]. (1 pp.)	5/7/92	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, May 12, 1992 [1]

Date Closed: 9/4/2019	OA/ID Number: 90678-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S[4]	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
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(George Bush Library)

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08. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 02f]. (1 pp.)	5/7/92	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, May 12, 1992 [1]

Date Closed: 9/4/2019	OA/ID Number: 90678-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S[4]	Appeal Case #:
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