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Record Group/Collection: George H.W. Bush Presidential Records
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Folder Title:
Thursday, April 2, 1992 [2]

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
01. Report	Re: Official Working Visit of Spanish President Gonzalez April 2, 1992 Additional Background on Selected Issues [originally closed as 02e]. (5 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
02. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 02f]. (2 pp.)	3/30/92	(b)(1)	S
03. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 02g]. (2 pp.)	3/19/92	(b)(1)	S
04. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 02h]. (1 pp.)	5/3/90	(b)(1)	S
05. Memo	James A. Baker III to The President Re: Official Working Visit of Spanish Prime Minister Felipe Gonzalez, April 2, 1992 [originally closed as 02i]. (5 pp.)	4/1/92	(b)(1)	S
06. Schedule	Schedule of the President, Re: Thursday, April 2, 1992; redactions. (1 pp.)	04/02/92	(b)(3)	

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Collection:

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News Summary

OFFICE OF THE PRESS SECRETARY

THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1992
6:00 A.M. EST EDITION

NATIONAL NEWS

SIX-MONTH EXTENSION OF FOREIGN AID APPROVED -- President Bush signed into law a bill to keep foreign aid flowing for the next six months, adding new money for U.N. peacekeeping and potential help for the former Soviet Union. (AP)

CLINTON ASSAILS BUSH FOR 'ERRATIC' POLICY -- Gov. Clinton assailed President Bush Wednesday for "reactive, rudderless and erratic" diplomacy and claimed a share of credit for pushing Bush to embrace an aid program for the former Soviet Union. (Washington Post)

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

U.S., ALLIES SET \$24 BILLION IN AID FOR EX-SOVIET STATES -- President Bush joined German Chancellor Kohl Wednesday in announcing a \$24 billion international assistance program to help stabilize the fledgling market economies. (Washington Post, Washington Times)

U.S. CAN'T PIN ISRAEL, DROPS PROBE -- A special team sent to investigate intelligence reports that Israel illegally transferred Patriot missile technology to China has turned up no further evidence to back up the charge, and the U.S. has decided to drop the matter, it was learned Wednesday night. (Washington times)

NETWORK NEWS (Wednesday evening)

C.I.S. AID -- President Bush proposed that the U.S. join other nations in channeling billions of dollars in aid to the C.I.S. states.

CLINTON SPEECH -- Gov. Clinton and President Bush battled for the foreign policy spotlight.

SEAWOLF -- President Bush is closer to Gov. Clinton than he realized on a military expenditure -- the construction of a new submarine.

NATIONAL NEWS.....A-1

INTERNATIONAL NEWS...A-7

NETWORK NEWS.....B-1

EDITORIALS.....C-1

NATIONAL NEWS

SIX-MONTH EXTENSION OF FOREIGN AID APPROVED

President Bush signed into law a bill to keep foreign aid flowing for the next six months, adding new money for U.N. peacekeeping and potential help for the former Soviet Union.

But the stopgap money bill approved Wednesday contains no authority for loan guarantees to help Israel.... "I think the Administration was disingenuous in its negotiations with the Israelis and the Congress on this issue," said Sen. Lautenberg.

"The Bush Administration refuses to accept the fact that an ally of ours is doing something that should receive our support and commendation," said Sen. Dodd.

The Senate approved the foreign aid extension, 84-16, after adding \$82 million for disaster loans through the Small Business Administration. The House endorsed the package by voice vote a short time later and sent it to the White House, where Bush signed it at mid-evening. (Jim Drinkard, AP)

SCALED-BACK FOREIGN AID MEASURE SENT TO BUSH

The Senate Wednesday joined the House in approving a scaled-back foreign aid spending bill for the rest of fiscal 1992 after finessing the controversial issue of loan guarantees for Israel.

Faced with a presidential veto if the loan guarantees were added to the measure, proponents of the guarantees agreed to settle for a separate, non-binding sense-of-the-Senate resolution endorsing "appropriate" loan guarantees, without defining exactly what that meant. The resolution, dismissed by critics as "meaningless" but hailed by supporters as an indication of Senate support for loan guarantees, was approved, 99-1 after a three-hour debate. Sen. Byrd cast the lone dissenting vote.

(Helen Dewar, Washington Post, A18)

FOREIGN POLICY NOW PART OF RACE

Russian President Yeltsin must have smiled in the Kremlin Wednesday when he heard President Bush and Gov. Clinton competing to save his country....

"There's a sense out there that foreign policy is a dangerous thing to talk about this year," said Michael Clough of the Council on Foreign Relations. "Obviously what changed (that) was Richard Nixon."...

"There's no question he (Bush) has long experience and a tremendous Rolodex," said Clinton braintruster Will Marshall of the Progressive Policy Institute. "But experience and wisdom are not the same thing."...

"There's something in here for everybody," said the Heritage Foundation's Kim Holmes. "He's (Clinton) right; Bush doesn't have a vision. But they've got the same problem: It's all political statement." (Johanna Neuman, USA Today, 5A)

CLINTON ASSAILS BUSH FOR 'ERRATIC' POLICY

NEW YORK -- Gov. Clinton assailed President Bush Wednesday for "reactive, rudderless and erratic" diplomacy and claimed a share of credit for pushing Bush to embrace an aid program for the former Soviet Union. Speaking to the Foreign Policy Association here at almost the same moment that Bush was announcing his assistance plan, Clinton charged that Bush had been "overly cautious on the issue of aid to Russia, not for policy considerations but for political calculations.

"Now, prodded by Democrats in Congress, rebuked by Richard Nixon and realizing that I have been raising the issue in the campaign since December," Clinton declared, "the President is finally, even now as we meet here, putting forward a plan of assistance to Russia and the other republics."...

Kenneth Adelman, who headed the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency under President Reagan, called Clinton's address "very mainline, middle of the road." He said his differences with Clinton were "mostly quibbles." Adelman said that he disagreed with Clinton's proposal to put Germany and Japan on the Security Council and that, while Clinton "makes a nice pitch for force in the Persian Gulf...his position at the time was wobbly at best."

Peter Rodman, who served in the Reagan and Bush Administrations, called Clinton's speech "anemic" but said he was struck most by the "coincidence of views" between Clinton and Bush on Soviet aid....

Torie Clarke, the Bush campaign spokeswoman, said that Bush was "light years" ahead of Clinton on foreign policy, adding that Bush's deliberate approach to the aid issue had been proper. "These are difficult things," she said. "You can't do them overnight."...

Clinton's main attack on Bush was that the President inadvertently had encouraged Americans to move away from internationalism "by failing to offer a compelling rationale for America's continued engagement in the world."... "My central criticism is this: George Bush has invoked a new world order without enunciating a new American purpose."

(E.J. Dionne, Washington Post, A19)

**CLINTON TRIES TO GET OFF THE DEFENSIVE
Stress On Substance Seems To Be Working**

NEW YORK -- Gov. Clinton met the raucous New York news media Wednesday, and -- surprise -- nearly all of the questions were about foreign policy....

Many local pundits -- including former mayor Edward Koch are rejecting both candidates or urging support for Brown in hopes of producing a brokered Democratic convention. Such an outcome undoubtedly would magnify the New York media's reputation as a political meat grinder. "It will mean the tabloids proved what the rest of the country already knew, that this was an unworthy state," New York Post editor Jerry Nachman said. "If they can't get through us, how are they going to get past George Bush?"

(Howard Kurtz, Washington Post, A12)

CLINTON TO 'PHIL': I'M 'NOT PERFECT'

Gov. Clinton, worried that character questions are eroding his support, went on "The Phil Donahue Show" Wednesday to try and stem the tide.... Meanwhile, a new USA Today/CNN/Gallup poll finds: Clinton's support slipping. President Bush would win an election Thursday 54%-34%. A week ago, it was 52%-43%. Ross Perot drew 24% in a three-way race. Clinton pulled in 25%, Bush 44%.

(Richard Benedetto, USA Today, A1)

HOUSE VOTES AGAINST S&L FUNDING BILL

Election-wary members of the House Wednesday night rejected further funding for RTC, hobbling the nation's S&L cleanup. Defying the wishes of both the Bush Administration and a bipartisan effort by the House leadership, a majority of both parties voted 298-125 against a measure that would have provided \$17 billion to keep the cleanup going through next fall.

The RTC was not authorized to spend any more money beyond Wednesday to close failed S&Ls and pay off depositors. Agency officials said Wednesday night that they will continue to take over insolvent institutions and run them in government conservatorship, but they will be unable to shut them down until they get more money. "We will continue our efforts to convince Congress to vote the money so the job can be complete," said an agency spokesman....

White House members clearly were worried about voter anger over the cost of the S&L cleanup, others, including Senate Democrats and officials at the CBO, were concerned that the Administration is delaying the closing of insolvent banks and thrifts until after the November elections....

CBO Director Robert Reischauer warned that a delay in bank closings this year could substantially raise the eventual cost of bank failures, perhaps by tens of billions of dollars. He and Democrats on the Senate Banking Committee said they were concerned that regulators would delay action on banks, as they did four years ago with failing S&Ls, which added an estimated \$66 billion to the amount taxpayers have to pay for the S&L cleanup....

In the House, meanwhile, a rump group of Republicans voted against more RTC funding precisely because it would have resulted in the closing of more S&Ls.... "We have poured billions of dollars down a rat hole to close S&Ls that could have been saved," said Rep. Quillen....

Assistant Treasury Secretary Desiree Tucker-Sorini said the Administration had "done everything" it could to raise support for the bill and warned that every day's delay in the cleanup would add \$2.8 million to taxpayers' costs.

(Susan Schmidt, Washington Post, A1)

S&L Bailout Gets Bounced In House Vote

...Rep. Gonzalez criticized President Bush for failing to press harder for support from Republicans. Gonzalez promised "whatever steps necessary to keep...insured depositors protected."

"It is absolutely essential that the President use his office to the fullest to explain the importance of the legislation," he said. "The effort by the Administration was minimal and today's vote reflected this."

(Dave Skidmore, Washington Times, A3)

MANUFACTURING INCREASE FUELS TALK OF TURNAROUND

U.S. manufacturing increased for the second consecutive month in March, helping the economy register its best rate of growth since September, purchasing executives said Wednesday in another bullish report pointing to recovery. But the continuing troubles for the commercial real estate industry dragged down construction spending, which fell 0.4 percent in February, the Commerce Department reported Wednesday. (Washington Times, C1)

HOUSE GOP LEADERS SAY DEMOCRATIC OVERHAUL PLAN IS INADEQUATE

Republican leaders Wednesday said that a Democratic proposal that adopts some GOP ideas for overhauling House operations does not go far enough. The Democratic plan would bring in a professional director of nonlegislative and financial affairs, curb patronage, abolish the House postmaster position and turn over the troublesome House Post Office to the U.S. Postal Service.

Rep. Michel responded with a more sweeping counterproposal that goes beyond administrative issues to take in legislative matters. His plan, which was distributed to the House Republican Conference and a bipartisan task force, would halve the size of committee staffs, eliminate four of five select committees, limit subcommittees and end the time-consuming practice of referring bills to more than one committee.

Rep. Lewis said that the Democratic plan "falls far short of what our members would support as far as reforming the House." He criticized the plan as "nonreform" and "only lip service to change."...

"We do not agree on everything the Democrats have done. I think there's a lot more that can be done with reform in the House of Representatives," Rep. Livingston said.

Rep. Rose predicted Tuesday that Republicans would say they "want more" than the Democratic plan offered.

"We're not surprised, and that's not going to deter us," said Rep. Fazio. He said Republicans "keep upping the ante."

(Kenneth Cooper, Washington Post, A15)

DEMOCRATS LAUNCH LATEST EFFORT TO EXTEND JOBLESS BENEFITS

House Democrats introduced legislation Wednesday that would provide up to 20 weeks of extra benefits to 1.5 million jobless Americans, in what would be the third extension of coverage since the fall.

The measure, which would cost \$10 billion over six years, would also allow 200,000 more people into the unemployment insurance system by making it easier to meet minimum earning levels the law requires for participation.

"Economists are now suggesting that the economy is improving," said Rep. Downey. "But this does not change the reality that it will take some time for the jobless situation to improve."...

President Bush's position on the legislation was unclear, making it uncertain how potent a political issue the bill would be this time around. (Alan Fram, AP)

EDUCATION SECRETARY LAMBASTES CONGRESS

Congress appears to be "going backwards" on education reform and it's doubtful President Bush will sign legislation on the subject this year, Secretary Alexander said Wednesday. Alexander made the comment as a deadline passed to free up \$100 million for the White House's experimental school plan....

Alexander's comments indicate that the Administration will pursue its education strategy without congressional help, relying instead on money from business groups.... "Congress just can't bring itself to make this much change," Alexander said. "Not only are they not going forwards, they're going backwards."

(James Brosnan, Scripps Howard)

SKINNER SAYS WHITE HOUSE IS 'LEAN OPERATION,' NOT PERK-LADEN

Samuel Skinner on Wednesday described the White House as a "lean operation" without excessive perks, in the face of congressional criticism of expenditures for items ranging from in-house florists to chauffeured sedans.

At the direction of President Bush, officials are on the lookout for savings opportunities, he said. But he also said the review was not prompted by comments from Congress as it tries to shift the spotlight from its own perquisites. "We've always tried to stay on top of it," Skinner said in a telephone interview....

Rep. Gingrich on Wednesday said all government, including the White House, should have perquisite spending reviewed "in a fairly tough minded way."

And former President Carter said that "a lot of perks in the executive branch should be eliminated."...

Asked about the amenities such as the 39-car fleet, the five White House florists and the five calligraphers who put out invitations to hundreds of White House events, Skinner said, "We think it's necessary to do the job here at the White House. Where we can save money we do."

(Rita Beamish, AP)

DRUG CZAR CHALLENGED ON TRAVEL EXPENSES

A Senate subcommittee asked federal drug czar Bob Martinez Wednesday to hand over records to prove taxpayers aren't footing the bill for trips he makes for political purposes....

Sen. DeConcini questioned the propriety of Martinez making political speeches on behalf of Republican candidates.

"Senator, I think we're communicating with the public whether we're there on a political speech or not," Martinez replied. "I believe that the heart of my speeches deal with drug issues."...

But DeConcini wanted to know who paid for such travel. "When you agree to make these trips, do the candidates pay for the full cost of your travel?" DeConcini asked. Martinez replied: "Absolutely. That is correct."

(Sean Holton, Orlando Sentinel)

THOUSANDS EXPECTED FOR ABORTION-RIGHTS RALLY

Thousands of abortion-rights activists are expected here Sunday for a march on the Mall that they are calling their biggest political rally of the year. A much smaller contingent of antiabortion activists is expected at about the same time Sunday near the Capitol. (Christine Spolar, Washington Post, C1)

DOODLE CUSTODY CONTEST

The White House counsel's office is investigating the possibility unauthorized use of presidential bunny butts. Somehow, this week, the office heard that for a fund-raising event Wednesday night, the National Kidney Foundation of New York and New Jersey was going to auction a doodle of eight hopping bunnies drawn by President Bush back in 1986. The office immediately placed a call, expressing doubts about the authenticity of the drawing. The foundation said it had solicited the doodle when Bush was vice president. ("Names & Faces," Washington Post, D3)

EDITOR'S NOTES: "No 'Radical Change' For Nation's Classrooms," by Mary Jordan, appears in The Washington Post, page A25.

"Bank 'Abusers' Eye Their Electoral Balance," by Kenneth Cooper, appears in The Washington Post, page A14.

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

U.S., ALLIES SET \$24 BILLION IN AID FOR EX-SOVIET STATES

President Bush joined German Chancellor Kohl Wednesday in announcing a \$24 billion international assistance program to help stabilize the fledgling market economies....

Officials said the financial details of Bush's action were less significant than the political signal it sent of the Administration's determination to work publicly and hard for the package at a time when U.S. voters are consumed with domestic economic problems and averse to increasing foreign aid....

A senior Treasury official here said that the package had been under negotiation for six months and added that getting the Group of Seven to act in unison was "more like herding cattle than a business transaction."... The Treasury official said the aid package had finally come together because of progress in Russia's talks with the IMF. He added that the Administration was eager to make a show of support for the Russian economic reform effort before a critical parliamentary session in Moscow on Monday.

(Ann Devroy, Washington Post, A1)

Bush Antes Billions To Aid Former Soviets

President Bush Wednesday announced U.S. involvement in a dramatic \$24 billion long-term international aid program for the former Soviet Union and called on Americans to quickly embrace the plan....

Sen. Dole said the aid package "could be the most important thing we do this year."

Sen. Mitchell praised Bush "for going forward on this matter" and said there was "general support" in Congress for the package "while reserving the right, of course, to redo the legislation."

Rep. Gephardt also had supportive words but warned the White House that strong lobbying will be needed to win congressional approval. "There are going to be a lot of people who understandably...will wonder why in the world it is that American taxpayers have to be part of an effort to help people we've been fighting and who have been our enemy for 45 years," he said.

Secretary Baker said he was ready to drive to Capitol Hill to personally begin the lobbying effort. "This is, in our view, a once-in-a-century opportunity that we cannot miss," he said. "...Or we might find ourselves in the position of having to spend far more, again, if things go in the wrong direction over there."

(Paul Bedard, Washington Times, A1)

AID PROPOSAL NOT A POLITICAL MOVE, PRESIDENT INSISTS

President Bush Wednesday used his long-awaited bailout plan for the former Soviet republics to jump out in front of a mob of experts clamoring for bold U.S. action -- and declare he was leading a parade.... Now, with Bush stumbling in public opinion polls while marching toward nomination for a second term, Secretary Baker is pushing Bush to trumpet his foreign-policy credentials....

As Bush's campaign still works on its election theme, some Bush supporters are looking for Baker -- a political strategist whose skills helped elect both President Reagan and Bush -- to take a more active role. "Foreign policy is a big winner for us, especially when the President is compared to anybody being discussed as a potential (Democratic) nominee. Obviously, we're going to highlight it," said James Lake, deputy Bush campaign manager.... Sen. Nunn said Bush should have acted sooner. But, he said: "It's better now than later."

(Jessica Lee, USA Today, 5A)

RUSSIA TO MAKE STEEP CUTS IN TROOPS, ADOPT DEFENSIVE STANCE

Russia has long-term plans to forge a sharply reduced independent armed force of 1.2 million to 1.3 million troops and adopt a defensive military doctrine, a senior Bush Administration official said Wednesday.... The Russians also plan to use "a defensive doctrine, as opposed to the kind of offensive capability that's been a hallmark of Soviet strategic thinking in the past," the official added. The announcement was seen as particularly significant, the official said, because it marks a turning point in military thinking for the Russians. (AP, Washington Post, A18)

POLAND TO TIGHTEN CONTROLS BUT SEEK MORE ARMS SALES

WARSAW -- Stung by a U.S. Customs operation that snared six formerly high-ranking Polish nationals for alleged illegal arms sales to Iraq, the Polish government Wednesday announced it would tighten control of its weapons trade. But, in a nod to grim economic times across the former East Bloc, a senior government official added that Poland could not afford to scale back its weapons industry. "Export of arms, and its considerable increase, is absolutely necessary from the point of view of national interest," Foreign Trade Minister Adam Glapinski told a press conference.

(Mary Battista, Washington Post, A20)

U.S. MAY PRESS TURKEY TO PULL OUT OF CYPRUS

The Bush Administration is considering a new push to unify Cyprus and get Turkey to withdraw its troops from the east Mediterranean island, says Cypriot President Vassiliou.

State Department sources confirmed that a new initiative is being studied to extend the much-vaunted "new world order" to Cyprus.... "President Bush is committed to find a solution," Vassiliou said after his talks with Bush and other U.S. officials. "He was let down by Turkey when he promised a solution. Now we are in a decisive period when Turkey will cooperate. The breakthrough will come when Turkey sees it has no other choice."

(Andrew Borowiec, Washington Times, A9)

NEW HOPE IS SEEN FOR TRADE PACT

PARIS -- After several years of tortuous negotiations, the leading trade negotiators of the EC and the U.S. are saying, for the first time, that a global agreement on liberalizing trade may be possible soon.... The stumbling block to the agreement continues to be farm subsidies. And while expressions of optimism in the past have proved empty, some compromises are now being offered that both sides say may finally nudge things to a conclusion. The key seems to be a willingness to treat differently those European farm subsidies that increase output and those that do not.

(Roger Cohen, New York Times, D1)

**U.S. AND EUROPE AGREE ON LIMITS TO
SUBSIDIES FOR AIRCRAFT MAKERS**

PARIS -- Settling one of the most bitter trade disputes between the U.S. and Europe, American officials announced a tentative agreement Wednesday limiting government support for the commercial aircraft industry.... Officials close to the negotiations said it would cap government support to Airbus for developing new aircraft at 30-35 percent of production costs. Between 60 and 70 percent of the financing for recent Airbus projects has come in the form of favorable government loans.

(Roger Cohen, New York Times, A1)

CHENEY CALLS FOR MILITARY LINKS

BRUSSELS -- Secretary Cheney suggested Wednesday that armies of East and West who once faced each other across Europe could now take part in joint training, maneuvers and even peace-keeping missions.. "We should encourage an imaginative approach to our work together" after the Cold War, he told the first meeting of defense ministers from NATO, former Soviet republics and the collapsed Warsaw Pact. "We should not rule out that at some point we will want to consider the possibility of joint planning and joint training, and exercises for potential peace-keeping missions."

(Reuter, Washington Post, A20)

U.S. CAN'T PIN ISRAEL, DROPS PROBE

A special team sent to investigate intelligence reports that Israel illegally transferred Patriot missile technology to China has turned up no further evidence to back up the charge, and the U.S. has decided to drop the matter, it was learned Wednesday night. That announcement, which is bound to please Israel and its supporters, is to be made at the State Department Thursday.

But the 17-man team, which visited Israel last week, did not disprove the allegation, which has caused a blow-up in already strained relations.... Officials said the team simply found no concrete evidence to support the charge, which was contained in highly sensitive intelligence reports.... They (Israel) have demanded that Washington apologize if the allegations prove untrue. There was no sign Wednesday night that the State Department plans to do that, which may be a sign that the Bush Administration does not consider the allegations disproven.

(Warren Strobel & Bill Gertz, Washington Times, A1)

U.S. SAYS ISRAEL RESELLS TECHNOLOGY

The State Department's inspector general, Sherman Funk, charged in a report issued Wednesday that Israel engaged in a "systematic and growing pattern" of reselling sensitive U.S. technology to other countries in violation of U.S. law and attempted to conceal the exports.

Funk also reported that the State Department's Bureau of Politico-Military Affairs failed to notify Congress or senior department officials although there was "significant" evidence of violations.... Funk said the U.S. government had received at least seven "summary reports" on Israel's global arms trade that should have triggered notices to Congress of possible violation of U.S. law. Funk said the reports were based on "reliable" intelligence.

Funk said he recommended disciplinary action against "the responsible official," Assistant Secretary for Politico-Military Affairs Richard Clarke. Deputy Secretary of State Lawrence Eagleburger rejected the recommendation, however....

Clarke claimed that the Bush Administration "inherited a situation of gross nonfeasance" and that he tried to clean it up but was thwarted by budget limitations....

Senior U.S. officials familiar with Israeli-U.S. cooperation say that the intelligence agencies have for many years been reporting on reexport of U.S. technology but were frustrated by a lack of attention from policymakers, who were anxious not to disrupt relations with a key ally, particularly during the Reagan years....

But Funk said, without providing details, that Israel attempted to conceal the resale of sensitive U.S. technology. He called for efforts to try to recoup money from Israel, but Eagleburger rejected this as impossible.

(David Hoffman, Washington Post, A22)

**CHARGE OF ANTISEMITISM 'ABHORRENT,' BAKER SAYS
Secretary Of State Responds To Clinton**

Secretary Baker responded angrily Wednesday to charges of antisemitism by saying that "nothing is more abhorrent to me."...

"I understand that [Clinton] is in a very tough race there in New York," Baker said in apparent reference to the state's large and frequently decisive bloc of Jewish voters. Then, in contrast to his refusal to respond personally to the charges by Koch, he added: "Nothing is more abhorrent to me and, I know, to President Bush, as well, than intolerance or racism or antisemitism or any other form of bigotry."...

In addition to Baker's reply, the Clinton speech drew a heated retort Wednesday from the Bush-Quayle campaign. Campaign spokeswoman Torie Clarke called Clinton's remarks "a desperate attempt to get votes in New York. "His idea of commitment to Israel and the Jewish community in the United States is to open a kosher kitchen at the White House," Clarke said. "There shouldn't be that kind of seaminess in our elections."

(John Goshko, Washington Post, A22)

U.N. ENVOY TO EXPLAIN EMBARGO TERMS TO LIBYA

U.N. -- A senior U.N. envoy prepared to go to Libya Friday to give Moammar Gadhafi the Security Council resolution clamping an air and arms embargo on Libya as the country and Arabs elsewhere reacted angrily to the sanctions approved Tuesday.

In a parallel move, diplomats said, India has been asked to convey to Libya exactly what the U.S., Britain and France expect it to do in meeting the resolution's demands that it take "concrete" actions against terrorism.

(Reuter, Washington Post, A22)

LIBYA SAYS SANCTIONS MAY LEAD TO OIL CUTOFF

CAIRO -- Libya reacted furiously Wednesday to the U.N. decision to impose sanctions over the Lockerbie bombing, accusing the West of launching a "crusader war" and threatening to halt oil supplies to unfriendly states.

Other Arabs, even those with little love for Libya's maverick leadership, smoldered with resentment over what they viewed as Western double standards in using sanctions against an Arab country but not against Israel....

"Whoever does not support the cause of my people will have nothing: No oil and no business," Col. Gadhafi told an Italian magazine published Wednesday. "From now on, Libya's economy and politics will march hand in hand." (Paul Eedle, Reuter)

**U.N. AMBASSADOR: LIBYAN SANCTIONS
MARK CHANGE IN VIEW OF TERRORISM**

The U.S. ambassador to the U.N., Thomas Pickering, said Wednesday the limited sanctions imposed on Libya over the 1988 bombing of Pan Am Flight 103 mark a change in the international community's view of terrorism.

"The Security Council has taken jurisdiction in this case because it believes that these acts constituted threats to international peace and security," Pickering told a House Foreign Affairs subcommittee....

Rep. Hamilton expressed concern over the U.N. intruding into a sovereign state because of its behavior and not because it had invaded another country. "What kind of precedent are we setting?" Hamilton said....

Pickering said the international community now considers terrorism a threat to peace. "Snuffing out in an instance the lives of 441 innocent people in two civil airlines is now seen to be that kind of threat," said Pickering. (Donna Cassata, AP)

U.S., BOLIVIA MOUNT MASSIVE DRUG BUST
500 Arrests Launch Clampdown On 2nd Largest Source Of Cocaine

ENTRE RIOS -- Bolivian anti-narcotics police backed by U.S. advisers in this major coca-growing area have launched one of South America's largest anti-drug drives, detaining about 500 suspects in the first five days. Bolivian and U.S. officials said the goal is to shut off the illegal flow of weapons and coca-refining chemicals into the Chapare region, which produces about one-third of the world's coca leaf, and to halt the flow of cocaine and cocaine base out of the area....

The effort, labeled "Ghost Zone," involves 750 Bolivian anti-narcotics personnel and about 35 Americans from the Drug Enforcement Administration, Customs, Army Special Forces and the Coast Guard.... "This is one of the biggest operations ever in South America and our largest operation here," said Donald Ferrarone, the DEA's ranking agent in Bolivia. "It is large for us, and for a country this size, it is phenomenal."

(Douglas Farah, Washin gton Post, A16)

ADMIRAL OPPOSES BUSH PLAN TO CUT SUBMARINE

The head of the Navy's nuclear propulsion division, Adm. Bruce DeMars, urged the Senate Armed Services Committee Wednesday to reject President Bush's proposed elimination of the Seawolf submarine program.... DeMars said he would vote no on the Bush proposal.

(AP, New York Times, A16)

GATES REJECTS OVERHAUL OF SPY AGENCIES
CIA Head To Install 'Evolutionary' Plan

CIA Director Gates Wednesday rebuffed proposals for a sweeping legislative overhaul of the U.S. intelligence community and said he was initiating "evolutionary" changes to improve American espionage in the post-Cold War era. Gates told the Senate and House intelligence committees at their first-ever joint public session that legislation is "unnecessary" and would even be "unwise" in such a fast-changing world.

He insisted that the steps he is taking with President Bush's approval would preserve needed "flexibility" and at the same time sharpen intelligence analysis, improve collection, strengthen central management of the nation's spy apparatus and strengthen support to the military. "In a world of such turbulence, I believe that our approach to restructuring must be guided fundamentally by the need to preserve flexibility," Gates testified. If, in a year or two, more changes are needed, "we can do so quickly and efficiently without the need to seek new statutory authority."...

Sen. Boren and Rep. McCurdy praised Gates for the administrative measures he announced but expressed sharp disappointment over his decision not to recommend creation of a new agency to take over the satellite reconnaissance program.... They also warned Gates that the Administration's proposed intelligence budget for fiscal 1993 would have to be cut....

Rep. Shuster praised Gates for the steps he announced and said they dramatically reduce the need for legislation. "One of the beauties of your approach is that it is not etched in legislative stone," Shuster told Gates. (George Lardner, Washington Post, A4)

U.S. SLAMS OTTAWA'S BEER PLAN

OTTAWA -- Another trade war between the U.S. and Canada could be brewing after the U.S. government slammed Ottawa's plan to open the domestic beer market to U.S. brands.

"Unacceptable" is the way the U.S. Trade Representative's office officially responded to a proposal by Trade Minister Michael Wilson to end discriminatory practices against U.S. beer by March 31, 1995.

Privately, however, U.S. officials were more scathing of the plan, which is a response to a ruling against Canada by GATT.

"To think that another three years is needed for the Canadian industry to adjust (to foreign competition) is ridiculous. This announcement is very disappointing and silly," said a U.S. trade official. "We have been looking for action by this summer."

U.S. Trade Representative Hills is expected to decide within days whether to push her Cabinet colleagues to approve the imposition of border duties against beer shipments from Canada.

(Drew Fagan, Toronto Globe and Mail)

EDITOR'S NOTES: "Space-Based Weapons Seen As Defense System Of '90s," by Bill Gertz, appears in The Washington Times, page H4.

"Reaching Mars By 2015 Is Next Big Goal For U.S.," by Matt Neufeld, appears in The Washington Times, page H3.

"Assistance Package Signals Political Will To Stay Engaged In World," by Don Oberdorfer, appears in The Washington Post, page A18.

"Anti-Western Feeling Grows Across Russia," by Daniel Snider, appears in The Christian Science Monitor, page 1.

"Thankful Russia Still Wary Of Daunting Tasks Ahead," by Steven Erlanger, appears in The New York Times, page A10.

NETWORK NEWS

(Wednesday evening, April 1)

PRESS CONFERENCE

ABC's Peter Jennings: We begin tonight with presidential politics and aid to the former Soviet Union. They were tied together at the White House today. President Bush proposed that the U.S. join the other industrial nations in channeling billions of dollars in aid to Russia and the other former republics, though he agreed there was not a lot of new American money involved. Mr. Bush did say the U.S. must help democracy take root. The Democratic presidential candidate, Bill Clinton, delivered a major foreign policy speech today. He wanted to know why it had taken Mr. Bush so long to do something.

ABC's Brit Hume: The President first briefed congressional leaders on his plan to help the former Soviet states at what he called a defining moment in history.

(TV coverage of President and congressional leaders in Cabinet room.)

But when he came out to explain it later, he and his advisers seemed torn between playing it up and playing it down. First he played it up.

(TV coverage of President Bush at press conference.)

(President Bush: "The stakes are as high for us now as any that we have faced in this century. If this democratic revolution is defeated it could plunge us into a world more dangerous in some respects than the dark years of the Cold War.)

Mr. Bush said the U.S. would participate in a \$24 billion effort by the West -- six billion dollars to stabilize the Russian currency and \$18 billion more mostly to secure bank loans to the Russian republic. The U.S. share would be about \$6.5 billion. The President insisted he had waited until now to announce this because it had only now been agreed to between the U.S. and its allies. He insisted he had not, as former President Nixon suggested, been ducking the issue to appease a voting public in no mood to see U.S. money flowing overseas.

(President Bush: "So this isn't any 'johnny-come-lately' thing. And this isn't driven by election-year pressures. It's what's right for the United States.")

At the same time though, the President stressed that most of the \$24 billion will come from international lending agencies with the U.S. only putting up a fraction.

(President Bush: "About a fifth of it -- 20% of it is our share -- and there is not a lot of new money.")

But after Mr. Bush left, his Secretary of State seemed to say just the opposite.

(Secretary Baker: "We'll have to work out the exact amount for you, but there is substantial new money involved.")

In fact, there's about \$3 billion in new money yet to be approved by Congress. That's a lot or a little depending upon how you look at it. The best news for the Administration may be that despite its seeming uncertainty about how to look at it, those congressional leaders who were here this morning said it looked reasonable to them.

-more-

ABC's John Donovan reports that Russian officials are deeply satisfied with the [new aid package].

(TV coverage of Presidents Bush and Yeltsin talking to reporters in Washington on Feb. 1.)

(Sergei Yastrzhembskii, Russian Foreign Ministry: "Any aid, especially large-scale aid, is highly valued because it helps us stabilize this young Russian democracy.") (ABC-Lead)

NBC's Tom Brokaw: It is a tricky and important political decision -- this decision to offer billions of dollars in aid to the former Soviet Union at a time when American voters, after all, are looking for economic relief at home. Today the President made the call. The U.S. will join a \$24 billion international care package for Moscow and the republics. As NBC's John Cochran tells us from the White House now however, the politics of this situation won't go away soon.

Cochran: Politicians from both parties met here today and found something they finally can agree on. But they think voters may not like it.

(TV coverage President Bush and congressional leaders in Cabinet room.)

President Bush and congressional leaders agreed this was a historic meeting that could set the course of a world no longer plagued by the Cold War.

(President Bush: "The stakes are as high for us now as any that we have faced in this century.")

Dramatic words but Bush's package for the former Soviet republics is carefully designed to attract as little controversy as little as possible. Even the price tag is fuzzy.

(Secretary Baker: "You're asking me for a number this morning that I really can't give you this morning. But we give you....[crosstalk with Cochran].")

Faced with the possibility that the White House was about to look pretty dumb, officials later came up with revised figures. Out of an international aid package of \$24 billion, the U.S. share is \$1.5 billion to support Russia's shaky currency -- the ruble -- and another \$3.5 billion in loans and other aid for Russia and other republics. The total cost to Uncle Sam: \$5 billion. Some congressional approval will be needed, and some don't want to give it.

(Rep. Bonior, D-MI: "He has no trouble seeing the need to stabilize the ruble in Russia. Where is his plan to help Americans trying to make a buck here at home?")

But Democratic leaders said that if the Bush aid package could prevent another Cold War or a hot one, then it is a good deal for taxpayers. But Democrats said Bush will have to sell his package to the public and show more moxy than he did in New Hampshire when he was silent about foreign aid because Pat Buchanan was bashing him, as he did again today.

(Buchanan: "I think Mr. Bush clearly is moving in the direction of sending foreign aid because he believes the Buchanan challenge has been dealt with, and because he's now under pressure from the establishment again to move in that direction.")

Richard Nixon was part of that pressure. Today he was pleased with Bush.

(Nixon: "This is a recession year and aid is not popular. But in aiding them we're helping ourselves.")
And that is how Bush will sell his aid package -- by appealing not to our idealism but to our self interests.

Brokaw: A key player in all of this is Secretary Baker, who is with us tonight from Washington, D.C. Mr. Secretary, it is hard to believe that the timing of this was not forced by the politics of the day, especially with Bill Clinton giving a big foreign policy speech today.

Baker: The timing wasn't forced by the politics of the day Tom. We've been working on this for quite some time. Indeed, I would argue even months we've been talking about how we would respond..., particularly since last December when I gave a major speech on this subject at Princeton University. I basically said this is a once-in-a-century opportunity, and that we better be there when the reformers and democrats finally acquire power in the former Soviet Union, or we may find ourselves back in a Cold War type of situation. So we've been looking toward this for quite some time. We had a window of opportunity here that was presented by the fact that we finished our foreign-ops legislation today. And we wanted to move before President Yeltsin faces his congress on the sixth of April. So we had a rather narrow window.

Brokaw: Isn't there a political risk for this in the land, especially when Americans are saying that this Administration has been spending far too much time on foreign affairs and not enough on domestic issues?

Baker: I may be biased but I think the political risk is doing nothing. And I think that anybody in the government of the United States today -- be it in the executive branch or the legislative branch -- who says we shouldn't do anything will be accountable in history if the efforts of democrats and reformers fail in the former Soviet Union. So we really, in my view, are almost obligated to act if we have the best interests of our children and grandchildren at heart.

Brokaw: The Israelis are asking for a \$10 billion loan guarantee. You're asking for assurances that the settlements will stop in the West Bank. What kind of a quid-pro-quo are you getting from Moscow and the other republics for this kind of aid package?

Baker: We're getting quite a few conditions attached to this. The first is that the Russians and the other CIS states, to the extent that they may subsequently qualify, will have to adopt credible economic reform programs. They will have to continue to support democracy and to support freedom. They will have to continue to permit free immigration. There are many other conditions attached to this.

Brokaw: Can you assure the American people and your constituency overseas that you're going to stay in this job and not resign to take command of President Bush's reelection campaign?

Baker: Yes.

(NBC-Lead)

CBS's Connie Chung: It was no coincidence that President Bush scheduled a news conference for the same time as the Clinton speech. Mr. Bush announced the long-awaited, multinational aid program for Russia and the other former Soviet republics.

CBS's Susan Spencer: For President Bush, the multi-billion dollar aid package is a way to help the republics, for candidate Bush -- a way to play his foreign policy cards again.

(President Bush: "We have a major stake in the success of democracy in Russia and in these other states. The cost of doing nothing could be exorbitant.")

Critics, especially ex-President Nixon, have been yelling that for weeks.

(TV coverage of President Bush and Nixon at dinner on March 11.) But as long as Pat Buchanan was blasting him on foreign aid, you did not hear George Bush pleading for more help for the republics. Now with Buchanan dormant and Bill Clinton delivering a big foreign policy speech, what better day than this.

(President Bush: "So this isn't any 'johnny-come-lately' thing. And this isn't driven by election-year pressures. It's what's right for the United States.")

The plan includes U.S. contributions to a \$24 billion multinational fund (part to stabilize the ruble, part to restructure the republics' economies), a \$12 billion increase in U.S. commitments for loans and just over a billion dollars in indirect farm aid. Total tab this year to help the republics is expected to be about \$4.5 billion. But given Americans' dislike of foreign aid, officials were obscure about specifics.

(Secretary Baker: "Obviously there is a cost. And it is real money; it is not 'funny' money. But I don't think the Secretary of the Treasury can put a number on it.")

Even with the price tag smudged this will be a hard sell in an election year.

(Rep. Gephardt: "We do have to stop the politics on this one. We have to talk about doing this together.")

(Sen. Dole: "This is an investment, an opportunity that we can't afford to pass up; otherwise, the cry would be who lost Russia.") The White House strategy will be to sell the help to the republics not as foreign aid but as a lofty guarantee of world peace, leaving voters with the impression that it will cost practically nothing.

(CBS-2)

CLINTON SPEECH

Chung: George Bush and Bill Clinton battled for the foreign policy spotlight today. The Democratic presidential candidate gave his first major foreign policy speech. The President tried to steal some of Clinton's thunder by announcing an aid package for the former Soviet republics.

CBS's Richard Threlkeld reports that Bill Clinton said in a speech on foreign affairs that the President's foreign policy lacks direction.

(Clinton: "George Bush has invoked a new world order without enunciating a new American purpose.")

Clinton supported the President's Soviet aid initiative but said it was too slow in coming. And he criticized the Administration's Middle East policy.

(Clinton: "They have chosen to browbeat Israel, the region's sole democracy, while nurturing ties to serious despotic regimes.") Jerry Brown toured Manhattan today with Jesse Jackson. He's sticking to bread-and-butter issues and says Clinton should too. While visiting the White House today, Jimmy Carter criticized Brown for being too negative, endorsed Clinton and mused about the Democrats habit of climbing off bandwagons instead of onto them. (TV coverage of President Bush and Jimmy Carter in the Oval office.) (CBS-Lead)

Jennings reports Governor Clinton did something unusual in anybody's political campaign this year. He made a speech about foreign policy. Speaking to the foreign policy association in New York, Governor Clinton said President Bush had borrowed some of his ideas about aid to Russia and the other republics. Clinton joked: I wish I had that kind of influence on his domestic policies.

ABC's Chris Bury reports that Governor Clinton accused President Bush of moving too slowly on aid to the former Soviet republics. Clinton blamed pressure from Pat Buchanan.

(Bill Clinton: "The present Administration has been overly cautious on the issue of aid to Russia -- not for policy considerations -- but out of political calculation.") The Bush foreign policy, Clinton said, is reactive, rudderless and erratic. (ABC-2)

NBC's Andrea Mitchell reports that Bill Clinton said far from being George Bush's strength, foreign policy is one of the President's weaknesses. Clinton charged Bush with being soft on China's leaders, of abandoning the Kurds after the war with Iraq, and all but destroying the United States' relationship with Israel.

(Clinton: "By repeated public attacks only on Israel, this Administration has damaged its ability to act as an honest broker. It has encouraged the Arabs to harden their positions in the mistaken belief that Washington can or should deliver Israeli concessions without Arab concessions in return.") (NBC-2)

SEAWOLF

Brokaw: It turns out the President Bush is closer to Bill Clinton than he realized on a major military expenditure -- the construction of the new Seawolf submarine in Connecticut. NBC's Fred Francis shows us tonight how the President was saying one thing while the Pentagon was doing another.

Francis says that firing 20,000 Connecticut workers after building only one Seawolf submarine was nasty business. But someone had to do it even if it was politically painful.

(President Bush, 3/23 White House speech: "I'm going to stay with the recommendations that I've sent to the Congress on this, and it's tough.")

Apparently it was too tough to kill the whole program. While President Bush was saying that on March 23, the Navy was quietly ordering 13 Seawolf contractors to continue work on parts of the very submarine the President had cut. According to anonymous Navy officials, Bill Clinton was correct when he said it's wasteful to cancel Seawolf contracts.

(TV coverage of President walking to Marine One behind White House.)

But no one told the President that parts of Seawolf were being revived when he mimicked and criticized Clinton for pandering to Seawolf plant workers.

(President Bush, 3/23 White House speech: "When I go to some different area or different plant I'll tell 'em I'll keep theirs open. That's the oldest, most crass political game in the world.") Two can play the same game. Pentagon officials swear the decision was not political, that it will save the taxpayers money to let some of the Seawolf contracts continue. But when asked why they didn't figure that out in February when they ordered the work stopped and when asked how much money it will save the taxpayers, the officials were at a loss for detailed answers. (NBC-3)

STATE DEPARTMENT COVER-UP/ISRAEL

Jennings reports State Department auditors have found that some State Department officials received reports as far back as 1983 that Israel was illegally selling American military technology to other countries -- reports those officials apparently never followed up on and never informed the Congress about. (ABC-4)

Chung reports that the State Department inspector general is recommending disciplinary measures against officials responsible for keeping track of U.S. weapons exports. (CBS-4)

NATO

Brokaw reports a moment in history at NATO headquarters in Brussels: the first meeting ever of Western defense ministers and their counterparts from 19 former Soviet republics and satellites. In this new era of partnership, they agreed to put civilians in charge of the old Communist units. Still uncertain is the fate of Soviet tactical nuclear weapons. (NBC-10)

AIRBUS

Jennings reports there has been major news made today in the aviation industry. After enormous pressure by the U.S., the E.C. has agreed to limit the support it gives to the European commercial jet -- the airbus. (ABC-7)

NORIEGA

Chung reports that final arguments were heard today in the trial of Manuel Noriega.

CBS's Juan Vasquez reports that the trial never turned into the political drama the defense had advertised: no testimony from Fidel Castro or from George Bush.

(TV coverage of a photo of then-Vice President Bush meeting with Noriega.) (CBS-11)

EDITORIALS/COLUMNISTS

ENVIRONMENT

Carnival Time In Rio -- "So far President Bush is the only head of state among the industrialized countries who hasn't committed himself to attending the conference.... The President is right to tread warily, however. Nearly 30,000 people are expected to attend, including the usual assortment of environmental crazies, U.N. bureaucrats looking for a role to play and politicians eager to score points at the expense of the U.S. taxpayer.... President Bush has rightly said that he won't agree to proposals that cost American jobs. But he should avoid the Rio conference altogether. It would turn out to be an even worse fiasco than the Tokyo trade trip. No matter how much he offers, the Greens would angrily demand more. His mere presence will validate a process that is guaranteed to create mischief down the road." (Detroit News, 3/31)

Pollution's Price -- "We have been reading that the last election's 'environment President' is torn this time around. Should he live up to The Promise? Or, with jobs on people's minds should he skip the green business and re-run the old anti-regulatory, EPA-sabotaging shtick that served Ronald Reagan so well. The signs are that he is tilting wrong-headedly toward the latter. But before a course is etched in stone, we'd like to bring up a subject that's been getting short shrift -- the wages of environmental neglect.... If he (or his eager Vice President) insists on talking about the cost of environmental rules, let him level with the American public about the price of not enforcing health and safety practices. His Exhibit A could be the money pit that was created by decades of let-'er-rip, hands-off management at the nation's old atomic weapons plants. At a projected cost of tens of billions, it's beginning to rival the savings-and-loan mess."

(The Philadelphia Inquirer, 4/1)

CAMPAIGN

Anger Hangs Over The Campaign -- "Who is H. Ross Perot? A Times poll of 1,233 registered voters taken over the weekend found that around one-third knew enough about the Texas billionaire to have an opinion of him. And an astonishing 21% of those polled said that as of now they would vote for him in preference to George Bush or Bill Clinton.... There's no doubt...that much of his appeal -- maybe most of it -- is that unlike a Bush or a Clinton he is as divorced from the profession of politics as any potentially serious candidate can be.... What accounts for the uneasiness and anger so many Americans seem to feel toward the conditions of contemporary life? Most of all, we think, there's a deepening and even despairing impression that many things just don't work right anymore.... Our guess is that what voters most of all want this year is for candidates to take their grievances and concerns seriously. The rumblings continue to suggest that a lot of them don't think that is yet happening." (Los Angeles Times, 4/1)

AIDS

Just Say No? -- "The Bush Administration has kicked off an AIDS education program that warns that anyone can get AIDS -- but doesn't say one word about how. Some education. The Bush Administration is being irresponsible...in its unwillingness to face the AIDS pandemic squarely. This lame new initiative is virtually useless. By not frankly discussing safer sex practices or the dangers of shared needles, Bush squanders not only thousands of dollars but also a golden opportunity to put governmental muscle into the fight against AIDS. Ignoring this disease won't make it disappear. And it certainly won't go away because President Bush is uncomfortable discussing how it is most commonly transmitted. It's long past time that the Administration recognized that and acted accordingly." (New York Daily News, 3/28)

REGULATION

Bush's Anti-Regulators Run Amok -- "WARNING: The U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) has determined that federal occupational safety regulations can be hazardous to your health.... The admonition captures the sense, if you can call it that, of a Bush Administration policy directive blocking the implementation of new federal rules that would affect 6 million agricultural, construction and maritime workers, limiting their exposure to 1,000 or so potentially harmful substances.... Next thing you know the OMB will be saying the sweatshops of yore were really spas." (Atlanta Constitution, 3/24)

TRADE

A Slow Track, For Now -- "It's unfortunate that two major trade negotiations involving the U.S. are nearing completion in an election year. Because open trade is such an inviting target for some politicians, it might be prudent for the White House to wait until after the November elections to submit any new trade treaties to Congress for approval.... Although there is, in waiting, some potential risk that U.S. support for the treaties will erode, that risk is probably outweighed by the danger of allowing congressional debate on the treaties to become mixed up in election politics." (Christian Science Monitor, 3/30)

FOREIGN AID

Tibet: The Lost Country Of U.S. Foreign Policy -- "It's understandable that the plight of a country known to most Americans mostly for the Himalayas mountain range, yaks and the Dalai Lama fails to stir the White House to words of support and recognition, let alone action of any sort. But the Bush Administration should be taking a broader view. Beijing's routine repression of Tibet -- including torture of political dissidents, displacement of the native population through the forced immigration of Chinese workers, and the slaughter of at least a million Tibetans in the 40 years of Chinese occupation -- deserves more attention from Washington.... Killing fields are just as repulsive in the snows of the Himalayas as they are in the rice paddies of Southeast Asia." (Newsday, 3/30)

**GONZALEZ DEPARTURE STATEMENT \ SOUTH LAWN
THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1992 \ 1:15 P.M.**

**PRIME MINISTER GONZALEZ, IT HAS BEEN AN HONOR TO
MEET WITH YOU AGAIN. AND IT IS A SPECIAL PLEASURE TO
CELEBRATE THIS ANNIVERSARY YEAR OF THE GREATEST MISSION
EVER UNDERTAKEN BENEATH THE ROYAL BANNER OF SPAIN --
CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS' VOYAGE OF DISCOVERY. FOR HALF A
MILLENNIUM NOW, THE PEOPLE OF EUROPE HAVE SHARED THEIR
LEGACY -- THEIR CIVILIZATION -- WITH THIS NEW WORLD
CALLED AMERICA.**

32 APR 1 P5:1

- 2 -

**IT IS FITTING THAT THIS ANNIVERSARY SHOULD COINCIDE
WITH A EUROPEAN RENAISSANCE. A NEW DAWN OF FREEDOM
CASTS FRESH HOPE FROM SEVILLE TO SIBERIA. TYRANNICAL
REGIMES AND IDEOLOGIES HAVE COLLAPSED. THE CRUEL
DIVISION OF EUROPE HAS ENDED. RESPECT FOR HUMAN RIGHTS
IS ON THE RISE. RENEWED ECONOMIC FREEDOM POINTS THE
WAY TO NEW PROSPERITY. AND THE THREAT OF GLOBAL WAR
HAS GIVEN WAY TO THE PROSPECT OF LASTING PEACE.**

EACH OF THESE DEVELOPMENTS OWES ITS ORIGIN TO THE WORK AND SACRIFICE OF FREE NATIONS. OUR TALKS TODAY REAFFIRMED THAT AMERICA AND EUROPE ARE LINKED INSEPARABLY. THE PRIME MINISTER AND I AGREED THAT NATO REMAINS THE FOUNDATION OF EUROPEAN PEACE AND THAT A CONTINUING AMERICAN MILITARY PRESENCE IN EUROPE IS THE ANCHOR FOR GUARANTEEING PEACE AND A STRONG TRANSATLANTIC RELATIONSHIP.

THE CHANGES WE'VE WORKED TO ACHIEVE WILL BRING ABOUT AN EVOLUTION IN OUR ATLANTIC PARTNERSHIP. COOPERATION BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITY IS INCREASINGLY VITAL. THE PRIME MINISTER AND I AGREED THAT NOWHERE IS THIS PARTNERSHIP MORE IMPORTANT THAN IN ASSURING ENERGETIC SUPPORT FOR RUSSIA AND THE OTHER NEW NATIONS NOW EMERGING FROM THE DARK DAYS OF COMMUNISM.

SPAIN IS AMONG WESTERN ALLIES WHO ARE VITAL PARTNERS ON THE FIRST PART OF THE INITIATIVE I ANNOUNCED YESTERDAY TO SUPPORT FREEDOM IN THE LANDS OF THE FORMER SOVIET UNION. THAT FIRST ELEMENT CALLS FOR A \$24 BILLION PACKAGE TO HELP STABILIZE THE ECONOMIES OF RUSSIA AND OTHER NEW STATES. THE SECOND PART CALLS FOR COMPREHENSIVE NEW AMERICAN LEGISLATION FOR FINANCIAL, SECURITY AND CULTURAL COOPERATION WITH THE NEW REPUBLICS.

FINALLY, I ANNOUNCED NEW CREDIT GUARANTEES TO ENABLE PEOPLE IN THE NEW STATES TO PURCHASE MUCH-NEEDED FOOD AND AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS. / THIS PACKAGE WILL PROVIDE SUPPORT AND ASSISTANCE AT A CRITICAL TIME. ALL OF US SHARE AN INTEREST IN WELCOMING RUSSIA AND ALL THE FORMER SOVIET REPUBLICS INTO THE COMMUNITY OF FREE NATIONS. //

PRIME MINISTER GONZALEZ AND I ALSO AGREED THAT WE MUST NOT SQUANDER THE OPPORTUNITY AT HAND RIGHT NOW FOR AN HISTORIC NEW WORLD TRADE AGREEMENT.

WITH THE COLD WAR NOW ENDED, A TRADE WAR AMONG THE WESTERN DEMOCRACIES WOULD THREATEN TO BLOT OUT THE GREAT VISION OF MONNET, TRUMAN AND ADENAUER AT THE VERY MOMENT OF ITS REALIZATION. A BATTLE OF TRADE BARRIERS AND SUBSIDIES WOULD UNDERMINE THE FREEDOM AND PROSPERITY THAT HAVE BEEN THE LEGACY OF THE WEST AND THE ENVY OF THE EAST FOR ALL THESE YEARS.

THAT IS WHY WE MUST RISE ABOVE SHORT-TERM AND PAROCHIAL INTERESTS TO REFORM THE WORLD TRADING SYSTEM.

TODAY MORE THAN EVER, IT IS IMPERATIVE THAT WE ACHIEVE A BREAKTHROUGH IN THE GATT TALKS. WE MUST ACHIEVE SUCCESS IN THE URUGUAY ROUND.

THE PRIME MINISTER AND I HAVE RENEWED THE COMMON COMMITMENTS OF SPAIN AND THE UNITED STATES TO SUPPORT WORLD FREEDOM, PEACE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT. SPAIN PROUDLY PARTICIPATED IN THE COALITION THAT LIBERATED KUWAIT JUST ONE YEAR AGO.

LAST AUTUMN, SPAIN PLAYED AN EXTRAORDINARY INTERNATIONAL ROLE IN HOSTING THE MIDDLE EAST PEACE CONFERENCE -- BRINGING ANCIENT ENEMIES FOR THE FIRST TIME TO THE NEGOTIATING TABLE. AND TODAY, SPAIN AND THE UNITED STATES WANT TO RE-EMPHASIZE OUR COMMITMENT TO THE SPREAD OF FREEDOM, DEMOCRACY AND PEACE IN THE WESTERN HEMISPHERE. BOTH OF OUR PEOPLES LOOK FORWARD TO THE DAY WHEN THE LAST DICTATORSHIP IN THE AMERICAS WILL HAVE GIVEN WAY TO A FREE AND OPEN SOCIETY.

AGAIN, MR. PRIME MINISTER, WITH THE FIVE HUNDREDTH ANNIVERSARY OF COLUMBUS'S VOYAGE, WE CELEBRATE THE LONG AND ABIDING TIES BETWEEN SPAIN AND THE AMERICAS. INDEED, MANY AMERICANS WILL CELEBRATE IN A SPECIAL WAY BY ATTENDING THE SUMMER OLYMPICS IN BARCELONA AND THE WORLD'S FAIR IN SEVILLE.

**MR. PRIME MINISTER, IT IS ALWAYS A PLEASURE TO
WELCOME YOU HERE -- TO CARRY ON THE FRIENDSHIP AND THE
COMMON WORK OF THE PEOPLE OF SPAIN AND THE UNITED
STATES. MAY GOD BLESS BOTH OF OUR GREAT LANDS AND
PEOPLES.**

#

LETTER FROM GEORGE H. WALKER III

POSTMARKED 3/30/92

daily
1. POTUS
2. Family File

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN 9/2

Dear George,

A thousand thanks for those wonderful photos of Chip and me in the Oval Office with you several weeks ago. We will both cherish these!

Thanks too for letting Manual Lujan come to St. Louis to give me a hand. He arrives at 8:30 tomorrow a.m. and we are excited and pleased.

I can't tell you how proud I am to be associated with what you stand for and to be identified as your Cousin. There are high points and low points in this game, but the identification with you is always a high point for me.

All the best - Bert

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

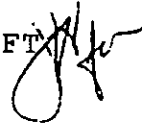
April 1, 1992

PRESENTATION OF DIPLOMATIC CREDENTIALS

DATE: April 2, 1992

LOCATION: Oval Office

TIME: 4:15 - 5:00 p.m.

FROM: BRENT SCOWCROFT I. PURPOSE

To receive diplomatic credentials of four new Ambassadors who have arrived in Washington recently.

II. BACKGROUND

The following individuals will present credentials:

Mohamed Fall Ainina, Ambassador of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania

Berhane Gebre-Christos, Ambassador of Ethiopia

Takakazu Kuriyama, Ambassador of Japan

Acheikh Ibn Oumar Said, Ambassador of the Republic of Chad

Ambassador Ainina of Mauritania came to the U.S. in 1978 following a military coup which toppled his country's only civilian president. In 1980 he received his M.B.A. from Ball State University and a Ph.D. in Management from Arizona State University in 1986. That year he joined the College of Business Administration, Wright State University, where he was responsible for the finance curriculum and taught senior level courses in related subjects. In 1991, at the request of President Taya, he returned to Mauritania to serve as the President's adviser, a position he held until being nominated as his country's Ambassador to the U.S.

Ambassador Berhane of Ethiopia has spent the past decade in Washington as the North American representative of the Tigrean People's Liberation Front (TPLF), but he has stayed in close touch with TPLF head and now president, Meles Zenawi, accompanying him on several diplomatic missions. In May 1991, he became an adviser to the Foreign Minister and served as roving ambassador. This position included leading the Ethiopian delegations to the OAU summit in Nigeria, coordinating Ethiopian representatives at the UNGA, and serving as a member of a high-level economic delegation to Washington.

Japanese Ambassador Kuriyama, a 38-year career Foreign Service officer, has spent most of his overseas tours in the U.S., including assignments at the United Nations (1964-68) and as a Counselor at the Embassy here in Washington (1974-77). At the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, he has served in the Treaties Bureau and the North American Affairs Bureau. Prior to being nominated as the U.S. Ambassador, he was Vice Foreign Minister, the senior career position in Japan's Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

Ambassador of Chad, Acheikh Ibn Oumar, has held a number of government positions, including Minister of Foreign Affairs (1989-90) and most recently as Special Counselor to the President (1991-92). Earlier in his career he served as Minister of National Education and Minister of National Defense.

III. PARTICIPANTS

The Ambassadors and their respective families.

IV. PRESS PLAN

White House photographer only.

V. SEQUENCE OF EVENTS

The scenario is attached at Tab A.

Attachments

Tab A Sequence of Events

Tab B Points to be Made

DIPLOMATIC CREDENTIAL CEREMONY
THE WHITE HOUSE
April 2, 1992

3:45 p.m. The Ambassadors and families arrive at the South Portico of the White House. The Chief of Protocol greets each Ambassador and family and escorts them into the Diplomatic Reception Room where they are introduced to Jennifer Fitzgerald, Deputy Chief of Protocol, the State Department Deputy Assistant Secretary and responsible NSC staff member.

Refreshments will be served.

4:10 p.m. The first Ambassador and family, accompanied by the Chief of Protocol, State Department Deputy Assistant Secretary and the NSC staff member, will be escorted from the Diplomatic Reception Room to the Cabinet Room, where the Ambassador will sign the Guest Book.

4:15 p.m. The Chief of Protocol escorts the Ambassador and family, accompanied by the State Department and NSC representatives, from the Cabinet Room to the Oval Office and introduces the first Ambassador and family to the President.

Photos are taken in the Oval Office.

The President bids farewell to the family and escorts the Ambassador to an area in the Oval Office for the exchange of documents and conversation. The President and Ambassador will be joined by Brent Scowcroft, the appropriate State Representative, and the appropriate NSC representative.

Chief of Protocol escorts the Ambassador's family from the Oval Office to the Roosevelt Room, where they will be received by the Deputy Chief of Protocol.

At the conclusion of the meeting with The President, the State Department and NSC representatives accompany the Ambassador to the Roosevelt Room, where they will be escorted by the Deputy Chief of Protocol and the Protocol escort officer to the West Lobby. The Ambassador and family will depart from the West Lobby via the Northwest Gate.

At this point, if the State representative and the NSC representative are scheduled to join another Ambassador and family, they should return to the Cabinet Room.

POINTS TO BE MADE FOR PRESENTATION OF CREDENTIALS
 AMBASSADOR MOHAMED FALL AININA (eh KNEE nah)
 MAURITANIA

FAMILY: UNACCOMPANIED
 WHITE HOUSE: BRENT SCOWCROFT
 NSC: TED MCNAMARA
 STATE: LEONARD H. ROBINSON, JR.

- WELCOME TO WASHINGTON. I UNDERSTAND YOU HAVE SPENT SOME TIME IN THE U.S.
- AS YOU KNOW, WE ARE QUITE TROUBLED BY YOUR COUNTRY'S HUMAN RIGHTS RECORD.
- WE HOPE THAT YOUR INVITATIONS TO AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL AND OTHER HUMAN RIGHTS GROUPS STILL STAND.

POINTS TO BE MADE FOR PRESENTATION OF CREDENTIALS
 AMBASSADOR BERHANE GEBRE-CHRISTOS (bearHAHNnay)
 ETHIOPIA

FAMILY: WIFE: KETEMA REDDA
 DAUGHTER: SALEM (3)
 WHITE HOUSE: BRENT SCOWCROFT
 NSC: TED MCNAMARA
 STATE: ROBERT G. HOUEK

- CONGRATULATIONS ON BEING ETHIOPIA'S FIRST AMBASSADOR TO THE U.S. SINCE 1978.
- SO MUCH HAS HAPPENED IN YOUR COUNTRY IN THE PAST FEW MONTHS.
- THE TRANSITIONAL GOVERNMENT HAS OUR SUPPORT, AND WE WANT TO HELP YOU IN ESTABLISHING DEMOCRATIC INSTITUTIONS.

POINTS TO BE MADE FOR PRESENTATION OF CREDENTIALS
AMBASSADOR TAKAKAZU KURIYAMA (KOO-REE-YAH-MA)
JAPAN

FAMILY: WIFE: MASAKO
DAUGHTERS: YUKO (27)
AKIKO (25)
WHITE HOUSE: BRENT SCOWCROFT
NSC: DOUGLAS H. PAAL
STATE: RUST M. DEMING

- LET ME WARMLY AND OFFICIALLY WELCOME YOU AND YOUR FAMILY TO WASHINGTON. I AM CONFIDENT THAT YOU WILL DO WELL HERE.
- I PERSONALLY BELIEVE THAT THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND JAPAN IS IMPORTANT.
- YOU COME TO WASHINGTON AT A MOST CHALLENGING AND INTERESTING TIME. AS GLOBAL PARTNERS, THE

UNITED STATES AND JAPAN HAVE MUCH TO
CONTRIBUTE TO THE WORLD:

- SUCCESSFUL CONCLUSION OF THE URUGUAY ROUND AND EFFECTIVE ASSISTANCE TO THE STATES OF THE FORMER SOVIET UNION AND EASTERN EUROPE WILL BE CRITICAL IN THE NEXT FEW MONTHS.
- AT THE SAME TIME, OUR BILATERAL RELATIONSHIP IS ADJUSTING TO THE CHALLENGES OF THE POST-COLD WAR ERA, INCLUDING EXPANDING FREE AND OPEN TRADE AND MAINTAINING SUSTAINABLE GROWTH.
- I KNOW I CAN COUNT ON YOUR STRONG EFFORTS TO STRENGTHEN THE U.S.-JAPAN RELATIONSHIP.

POINTS TO BE MADE FOR PRESENTATION OF CREDENTIALS
AMBASSADOR ACHEIKH IBN OUMAR SAID
(ahSHAYK iBin OOmar)

CHAD

FAMILY: WIFE: THERESE ACHEIKH
WHITE HOUSE: BRENT SCOWCROFT
NSC: TED MCNAMARA
STATE: ROBERT G. HOUDEK

- WELCOME TO WASHINGTON AND TO THE WHITE HOUSE.
- I BELIEVE YOUR COUNTRY IS MAKING SOME PROGRESS
TOWARD MULTIPARTY DEMOCRACY.
- HOW ARE YOUR EFFORTS GOING TOWARDS ECONOMIC
REFORM?
- AS A NEIGHBOR OF LIBYA, YOU WELL KNOW THE
CAUTION ONE MUST USE IN DEALING WITH QADHAFI.
WE WERE PLEASED WITH THE RECENT SECURITY
COUNCIL VOTE AT THE UN.

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 1, 1992

MEETING WITH
PRESIDENT FELIPE GONZALEZ

DATE: April 2, 1992

LOCATION: Oval Office, Cabinet Room
and Old Family Dining Room

TIME: 11:00 am - 1:30 pm

FROM: BRENT SCOWCROFT *BS*

I. PURPOSE

To solidify U.S.-Spanish cooperation on key international issues: NATO and America's role in Europe, GATT, CIS, Latin America, the Middle East and the Maghreb. To add positive momentum to bilateral relations.

II. BACKGROUND

Your key objectives are to:

- Reassure Gonzalez that we are not withdrawing from Europe and win his commitment to support a dynamic NATO;
- Convince Gonzalez of your determination to conclude successfully the Uruguay Round, but that the time has come for EC concessions;
- Brief on U.S. aid for Russia and other CIS states;
- Encourage support for democracy and peace in El Salvador and Nicaragua; urge a tough approach to Castro;
- Invigorate Spanish and EC counter-narcotics efforts;
- Brief on the Middle East Peace; stiffen Spain's attitude on Libya; encourage an EC lead on the Maghreb;

This should be a constructive and harmonious meeting. U.S.-Spanish cooperation on most international issues is excellent and improving. With regular prodding from Gonzalez, Spanish public opinion is gradually shedding its isolationism and is increasingly positive toward the U.S.

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PER NSC WAIVER, #2021-02
By MC NARA, Date 7/16/21

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Gonzalez sought this meeting to boost his standing at home and, we believe, to continue to eliminate the post-Franco neuralgia about relations with Washington.

This year's Columbus Quincentennial offers many opportunities to bolster ties. Replicas of Columbus' ships are now visiting the U.S. A tall ships regatta will visit U.S. ports, with the U.S. tall ship EAGLE participating. We will send senior delegations to the Seville World's Fair (May 17 is USA day) and to the Barcelona Olympics. Fred Bush, U.S. Commissioner for the Seville Expo, will join you in the Oval office for a photo-op before the press photos.

Domestic Scene. Gonzalez remains Spain's most popular politician, despite ten years in power. The Socialist party is progressively dropping in support, however. The main opposition Popular Party has scored notable gains in city and regional elections, and currently hammers at Gonzalez on official corruption and the economy. While an opposition victory is not currently predicted, the Socialists could be forced to govern in a coalition with regional parties after the next parliamentary elections. That vote must be held by October 1993, but Gonzalez might call it as early as this fall. Much speculation in Spain centers on Gonzalez' personal plans. Some believe he may seek to replace Jacques Delors at the EC, for example.

U.S. Role in Europe and Transatlantic Ties. Gonzalez is a firm believer in a future EC military component which can serve as the European pillar in NATO and for meeting out-of-NATO threats. But he is careful to stress the compatibility of this long-term vision with a U.S. military presence. He has led Spain to an increasingly active role in NATO. Indeed, Gonzalez is reportedly very concerned about a possible large-scale U.S. military withdrawal from Europe for budgetary reasons, which he fears would leave Europe leaderless and without adequate defenses. He may also raise concerns about too much German influence in the EC and drift in France.

The Spanish are torn over the Franco-German corps idea. They are positively inclined toward the symbol of a European force and to cooperating with Bonn and Paris, but they have serious doubts about the effectiveness of such a force. Given that Spain is sitting on the fence, you can deliver a strong message that this is not the time to experiment with alternative security arrangements which will undermine our own efforts to retain a military presence in Europe.

U.S.-EC Relations and GATT. Gonzalez remains a champion of European political integration, with the particular twist of seeking more financial assistance from the wealthier members for the poorer southern states. (Because of this desire for EC income redistribution, Gonzalez is worried about too

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quickly bringing East European states into the EC). You will want to confirm our support for European integration and our desire to enhance U.S.-EC cooperation on international issues.

You will want to give Gonzalez a strong pitch on the Uruguay Round. While Spain is not a central EC player on the Round, Gonzalez can be effective in supporting the Commission if we find agreement in current negotiations.

CIS and Yugoslavia. Gonzalez will be eager to hear your perspectives on CIS developments and details of the new U.S. assistance package as well as arms limitations prospects. He has been concerned about re-emergent nationalism and instability in the East both from a security perspective and because he fears this could energize radicals in the Basque country and Catalonia. Gonzalez agrees with our approach to Yugoslavia and favors recognition of Bosnia and Macedonia.

Latin America. Spain is trying to increase its influence and economic presence in this region. Gonzalez hopes Spain can act as a privileged intermediary between Latin America and the EC. He also favors increased cooperation with us. In El Salvador, Spain helped broker the UN peace settlement (along with Venezuela, Mexico and Colombia) and has been collaborating on further steps including establishment of a new police academy. While generally pleased with the trends in El Salvador, Gonzalez remains concerned about land reform. In Nicaragua, Spain remains equivocal about working with us on police reform. You should encourage Gonzalez to join us in this effort and to provide financial assistance for mustering out pay to reduce the size of the army. Gonzalez is concerned about Carlos Andres Perez and the outlook for democracy in Venezuela in the wake of the February 4 coup attempt and will want to compare notes.

Our views diverge on Cuba. Despite Castro's repeated rebuffs, Gonzalez still believes that he can best encourage change by keeping Castro engaged. He is expected to invite the Cuban leader to the July Ibero-American summit in Spain.

Counter-Narcotics. Spain is the transshipment point for much of the cocaine entering Europe. This has contributed to a growing domestic drug problem. As a result, Gonzalez has stepped up interdiction efforts and begun anti-drug cooperation with Colombia, Peru and Bolivia. Bilateral cooperation has also increased, with one major interdiction effort currently underway at Madrid's request. You and Gonzalez compared notes on the prospects for anti-drug efforts in the Andean countries when you last met. He will be interested in hearing about the San Antonio summit.

Middle East and the Maghreb. As host of the Middle East peace conference in October, Gonzalez will want to hear your views on the peace talks. In December, he visited Israel

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but was rebuffed by Shamir when he sought greater flexibility on settlements and other issues. Gonzalez believes the greatest threat to Spanish security comes from the Maghreb. He fears the effects of faltering economies, Islamic fundamentalism, burgeoning populations and weapons proliferation. Spain promotes regional dialogue in the form of a Western Mediterranean Forum and perhaps eventually via a CSCE-style Conference for Security and Cooperation in the Mediterranean. At present, Spain is encouraging the EC to consider free-trade relations with the Algeria, Morocco and Tunisia and increased aid. We should encourage Spanish desires to have the EC take the lead in addressing the Maghreb's problems, with the exception of Libya. Spain is going along with our UN efforts on Libya but still tends to see Qadhafi through rose-tinted glasses.

Security Council Seat. Gonzalez may ask you to support Spain's bid to take one of the Council seats currently held by Belgium and Austria which come open next year. Sweden and New Zealand are the other announced candidates, though Madrid is an odds-on favorite to win a seat. We traditionally remain neutral in these contests.

Bilateral Relations. The U.S. force withdrawal continues smoothly. U.S. personnel will be half of the 1989 level (4500) by the end of 1993 with most at Rota Naval Base. The Spanish intend to keep running Torrejon and Zaragoza air bases but are feeling the cost. The Air Force made needed equipment available to them at favorable prices. We want to begin to negotiate an agreement for Wartime Host Nation Support, as foreseen under our 1989 base agreement, to assure access to Spanish bases during crises. We suggest that you signal our desire to Gonzalez.

Counter-terrorism cooperation has been excellent with the US providing substantial support, training and equipment to for the Olympics and the Seville World's Fair. Franco-Spanish CT cooperation netted several key Basque terrorist leaders last weekend in France.

Gonzalez may raise concerns about Spain's growing trade deficit with the U.S, especially in the defense area. Spain feels that its purchases of US equipment have not been reflected in DOD purchases and is upset because one of its firms recently lost a long-standing F-15 maintenance contract to Israel. Gonzalez might also mention Spain's request for compensation for the family of a Spanish photojournalist who was killed during the 1989 Panama intervention. You can refer to Secretary Baker, if raised.

III. PARTICIPANTS

A list of participants in at Tab B.

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IV. PRESS PLAN

Photo Opportunity in the Oval Office and then statements to the press after lunch on the South Lawn

V. SEQUENCE

11:00 am Brief meeting in the Oval Office, with U.S.
Commissioner for the Seville Expo Fred Bush
11:10 am Expanded Meeting in the Cabinet Room
12:15 pm Luncheon in the Old Family Dining Room
1:15 pm Departure Statements on the South Lawn

Attachments

Tab A Talking Points
Tab B Participants
Tab C Further Background on Issues
Tab D Biographies
Tab E State Memorandum

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CARD 1 OF 2

KEY POINTS

- REASSURE GONZALEZ THAT WE ARE NOT WITHDRAWING FROM EUROPE AND WIN HIS COMMITMENT TO SUPPORT A DYNAMIC NATO;
- CONVINCE GONZALEZ OF YOUR DETERMINATION TO CONCLUDE SUCCESSFULLY THE URUGUAY ROUND, BUT THAT THE TIME HAS COME FOR EC CONCESSIONS;
- BRIEF ON U.S. AID FOR RUSSIA AND OTHER CIS STATES;
- ENCOURAGE SUPPORT FOR DEMOCRACY AND PEACE IN EL SALVADOR AND NICARAGUA; URGE A TOUGH APPROACH TO CASTRO;
- INVIGORATE SPANISH AND EC COUNTER-NARCOTICS EFFORTS;

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CARD 2 OF 2

- BRIEF ON THE MIDDLE EAST PEACE; STIFFEN SPAIN'S ATTITUDE ON LIBYA; ENCOURAGE AN EC LEAD ON THE MAGHREB;

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PER NSC WAIVER, #2021-01

By MC NARA, Date 1/16/21

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CARD 1 OF 23

POINTS TO BE MADE FOR MEETING WITH
SPANISH PRESIDENT GONZALEZ

INTRODUCTION -- OVAL OFFICE -- FRED BUSH U.S.
COMMISSIONER FOR THE SEVILLE EXPO (WORLD'S FAIR)
WILL BE PRESENT.

-- FRED BUSH HAS DONE AN OUTSTANDING JOB OF ORGANIZING OUR PARTICIPATION IN THE SEVILLE FAIR. WE APPRECIATE THE SIGNIFICANCE OF THE EXPO TO SPAIN. IT IS ALSO IMPORTANT TO US, AND I WILL MAKE EVERY EFFORT TO HAVE APPROPRIATE REPRESENTATION FOR OUR NATIONAL DAY IN MAY.

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CARD 2 OF 23

WORLD SITUATION -- CABINET ROOM

-- THE WORLD HAS CHANGED SO MUCH SINCE WE MET LAST OCTOBER. WE SHOULD TAKE STOCK OF DEVELOPMENTS.

-- I AM GRATIFIED THAT OUR RELATIONSHIP IS IN EXCELLENT SHAPE.

-- WE ARE LOOKING FORWARD TO THE QUINCENTENARY CELEBRATIONS. IT IS A TIME TO REDISCOVER OUR COMMON HERITAGE AND THE CONTRIBUTION SPAIN HAS MADE TO AMERICA.

-- WE WELCOME THE VISIT OF COLUMBUS' SHIPS, THE NINA, PINTA AND SANTA MARIA, AND THE SPANISH REGATTA OF TALL SHIPS IN WHICH AMERICA WILL BE PROUD TO PARTICIPATE WITH THE EAGLE.

-- LET ME START WITH OUR DOMESTIC SITUATION. WE ARE IN THE MIDST OF A MAJOR DEBATE ABOUT

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By MC NARA, Date 7/16/21

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CARD 3 OF 23

AMERICA'S ROLE IN THE WORLD NOW THAT THE COLD WAR IS OVER.

- YOU HAVE SEEN THE PROTECTIONIST AND ISOLATIONIST PRESSURES HERE. I AM LESS WORRIED ABOUT ISOLATIONISM. THE AMERICAN PEOPLE KNOW WE CANNOT RETREAT INTO A COCOON. I'LL CAMPAIGN ON THE PRINCIPLE THAT THE U.S. MUST CONTINUE TO PLAY A LEADERSHIP ROLE TOGETHER WITH ITS ALLIES AND PARTNERS.
- PROTECTIONISM IS MORE SERIOUS BECAUSE OF OUR ECONOMY. IT'S NOT JUST JAPAN-BASHING. THERE IS A PERCEPTION HERE THAT OUR ECONOMIC PROBLEMS HAVE BEEN MADE WORSE BY OTHERS TAKING ADVANTAGE OF OUR OPEN MARKETS WHILE KEEPING THEIRS CLOSED AND SUBSIDIZING THEIR INDUSTRIES.

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CARD 4 OF 23

- I'M DETERMINED TO FIGHT PROTECTIONISM, BUT I MAY NOT BE ABLE TO SUCCEED IF THE URUGUAY ROUND FAILS.
- OUR SITUATION HERE ALSO BEARS ON THE CHALLENGE OF HELPING DEMOCRACY SUCCEED IN THE EAST, ESPECIALLY IN RUSSIA.
- WE HAVE TO HELP YELTSIN. HE STANDS FOR DEMOCRACY. THE ALTERNATIVES ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE..

U.S. ROLE IN EUROPE AND TRANSATLANTIC PARTNERSHIP

- I APPRECIATE SPAIN'S COMMITMENT TO THE ATLANTIC ALLIANCE -- A TRIBUTE TO YOUR PERSONAL LEADERSHIP.
- I AM DETERMINED THAT THE U.S. WILL NOT DISENGAGE. I WILL MAKE THE CASE TO OUR PUBLIC AND THE CONGRESS THAT A STRONG CONTINUING U.S. PRESENCE IN EUROPE IS ESSENTIAL.

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CARD 5 OF 23

- WE HOPE TO LEVEL OFF U.S. FORCES AT AN ENHANCED CORPS, PERHAPS AROUND 150 THOUSAND MEN.
- NOT EVERYONE IN MY COUNTRY OR EUROPE WILL UNDERSTAND WHY A LARGE U.S. PRESENCE IS NEEDED WHEN THERE IS NO IMMEDIATE THREAT. I NEED TO BE ABLE TO SHOW THAT EVEN A UNITED EUROPE WANTS US TO STAY.
- I, LIKE YOU, AM STRONGLY COMMITTED TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF A EUROPEAN SECURITY IDENTITY THAT HAS CLOSE LINKS TO NATO -- AS AGREED AT ROME AND MAASTRICHT. I HAVE ALWAYS SUPPORTED EUROPEAN UNITY.
- BUT WE MUST BE ALERT THAT IN IMPLEMENTING THE ROME AND MAASTRICHT AGREEMENTS, WE NOT SUPPORT PROPOSALS THAT COULD UNDERMINE NATO AND THE U.S. PRESENCE.

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CARD 6 OF 23

- AS YOU KNOW, THE FRENCH ARE POSING PROBLEMS. SOMETIMES THEY SAY WE ARE LEAVING AND EUROPE HAS TO PREPARE TO DEFEND ITSELF. OTHER TIMES THEY SAY WE WANT TO DOMINATE THROUGH NATO. WE HAVE TRIED TO ASSURE THEM THAT NEITHER IS TRUE.
- ON THE FRANCO-GERMAN CORPS, FOR EXAMPLE: IF IT'S TO BE A EUROPEAN CONTRIBUTION WITHIN NATO, WE WELCOME IT. IF IT IS MEANT AS THE BASIS OF A SEPARATE EUROPEAN CORPS TO DUPLICATE OR SOMEDAY REPLACE NATO, WE HAVE PROBLEMS.
- I HOPE I CAN COUNT ON YOUR SUPPORT. UNDER SECRETARY BARTHOLOMEW, WHOM YOU KNOW WELL FROM HIS TENURE IN SPAIN, WILL BE IN MADRID SOON FOR MORE DETAILED SECURITY TALKS.

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CARD 7 OF 23

EC AND THE GATT ROUND

- IN THIS NEW ERA, WHAT MATTERS MORE THAN POWER IS PARTNERSHIP. WE ARE TRYING TO BUILD THE TRANSATLANTIC PARTNERSHIP ON SEVERAL FRONTS. I WILL BE SEEING ANIBAL CAVACO SILVA AND JACQUES DELORS HERE IN THREE WEEKS TO FURTHER U.S.-EC COOPERATION ON KEY INTERNATIONAL ISSUES.
- BUT AT THE TOP OF THE U.S.-EC AGENDA IS SETTling OUR DIFFERENCES ON THE URUGUAY ROUND. CONTRARY TO WHAT SOME IN EUROPE HAVE SAID, I AM COMMITTED TO REACHING AGREEMENT AND CONCLUDING THE ROUND AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.
- LET ME EXPLAIN WHERE THINGS STAND FROM OUR PERSPECTIVE.
- THE DUNKEL TEXT ON AGRICULTURE WAS A FAR CRY FROM WHAT OUR FARMERS EXPECTED. BUT WE SAID

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CARD 8 OF 23

- WE COULD LIVE WITH IT. ANY FURTHER RETREAT WILL JEOPARDIZE CONGRESSIONAL SUPPORT.
- NEVERTHELESS, WE HEARD THE EC COMPLAINT THAT YOU COULDN'T PROCEED WITH CAP REFORM UNDER THE DUNKEL DRAFT, AND WE HAVE WORKED TO MEET THE EC'S HIGHEST PRIORITY -- INTERNAL SUPPORTS.
 - WE DEVELOPED AND PROPOSED SEVERAL SOLUTIONS TO THE COMMISSION WHICH WOULD ALLOW THE EC TO INTRODUCE NEW PAYMENTS TO ITS FARMERS. WE THINK THESE ARE MAJOR CONCESSIONS ON OUR PART AND HOPE THE EC CAN ACCEPT THEM.
 - BUT THE BOTTOM LINE IS THAT I HAVE TO ASK OUR AGRICULTURAL SECTOR TO ACCEPT A DEAL THAT DOESN'T OFFER THEM MUCH.

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CARD 9 OF 23

- SUBSIDIZED EC EXPORTS BARELY LOWER THAN THEY WERE WHEN THE NEGOTIATIONS BEGAN SIX YEARS AGO.
- ACCESS TO THE EC MARKET STILL LIMITED.
- ALLOWING THE EC SPECIAL SUBSIDIES WHILE WE REDUCE OURS.
- IF I OFFER ANY MORE CONCESSIONS I WILL LOSE THE SUPPORT OF THE AGRICULTURAL SECTOR AND THE CONGRESS.
- THE ELEMENTS OF AN AGREEMENT ARE THERE. WE ARE WORKING WITH THE COMMISSION. IF WE CAN REACH AN AGREEMENT, I URGE YOU TO GIVE IT YOUR WHOLE HEARTED SUPPORT.
- (IF ASKED: FRANCE AND GATT): AS TO DEALING WITH THE FRENCH, I CAN'T TELL YOU HOW THE EC SHOULD MAKE ITS DECISION.

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CARD 10 OF 23

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- (IF ASKED: BANANAS): I KNOW THAT BANANAS ARE A POLITICALLY SENSITIVE ISSUE FOR SPAIN. BUT, ALLOWING ANY EXCEPTIONS TO COMPREHENSIVE TARIFFICATION RISKS HAVING THE AGREEMENT UNRAVEL AND WITH BANANAS WOULD HURT MANY IN LATIN AMERICA.

RUSSIA AND THE CIS

- THE NEW AID PACKAGE I ANNOUNCED YESTERDAY FOR RUSSIA AND THE OTHER CIS STATES REFLECTS MY CONCLUSION THAT THE WEST MUST DEMONSTRATE ITS SUPPORT FOR THE TRANSFORMATIONS UNDERWAY AND PARTICULARLY FOR YELTSIN.
- INDEED, YELTSIN AND HIS ADVISORS ASKED FOR A STRONG SIGNAL OF SUPPORT BEFORE THE APRIL 6 CONGRESS OF PEOPLE'S DEPUTIES. I HOPE OUR ANNOUNCEMENT WILL HELP.

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CARD 11 OF 23

- OF COURSE, THIS EFFORT MUST BE GLOBAL AND SHARED IF IT IS GOING TO SUCCEED. WE MUST RELY HEAVILY ON THE INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.
- THE INTENTIONAL AID PROCESS TO BE CONTINUED NEXT MONTH IN LISBON UNDER THE EC'S CHAIRMANSHIP IS ESSENTIAL IN GETTING THE CIS STATES THE SHORT-AND-MEDIUM TERM ASSISTANCE NEEDED TO TAKE CARE OF THEMSELVES.
- I WILL WORK HARD TO WIN CONGRESSIONAL SUPPORT FOR OUR CONTRIBUTIONS TO THESE EFFORTS, BOTH VIA NEW IMF FUNDS AND WITH \$645 MILLION FOR TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE. I AM ALSO SEEKING APPROVAL FOR CLEARING AWAY THE OBSTACLES TO TRADE AND INVESTMENT. AND I ANNOUNCED AN ADDITIONAL \$1.1 BILLION IN FOOD GUARANTEES FOR

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CARD 12 OF 23

- RUSSIA AND OTHERS, WHICH SATISFIES REQUESTS FROM YELTSIN AND OTHERS.
- WE ARE ALSO SEEKING TO ENHANCE THE SECURITY OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN THE FORMER SOVIET UNION PARTICULARLY THOSE TACTICAL NUCLEAR WEAPONS SLATED FOR ELIMINATION UNDER PREVIOUS COMMITMENTS. WE ALL NEED TO KEEP SENDING CLEAR MESSAGES TO THE CIS STATES THAT THEY MUST FULFILL THEIR COMMITMENTS TO NUCLEAR WEAPONS WITHDRAWALS.
 - (IF ASKED: UKRAINIAN-RUSSIAN PROBLEMS): IT APPEARS THAT THE TACTICAL NUCLEAR WEAPONS WITHDRAWAL ISSUE HAS NOT YET BEEN RESOLVED. WE ARE ENCOURAGING THE REPUBLICS TO RESOLVE THEIR DIFFERENCES.
 - WE CONTINUE TO ADVOCATE THAT ALL STATES FULLY ABIDE BY THE DECISIONS REACHED AT MINSK AND

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CARD 13 OF 23

ALMA ATA AND THAT PROGRESS RESUME ON MEETING
THE JULY 1 DEADLINE FOR CONSOLIDATION OF
TACTICAL NUCLEAR WEAPONS WITHIN RUSSIA.

YUGOSLAVIA

- AS YOU KNOW, WE ARE PREPARED IN PRINCIPLE TO
RECOGNIZE FOUR NEW STATES: BOSNIA, MACEDONIA,
SLOVENIA, AND CROATIA.
- WE WANT TO ALIGN U.S. AND EC POLICIES AGAIN.
BUT THIS WILL REQUIRE NOT ONLY OUR RECOGNITION
OF SLOVENIA AND CROATIA BUT JOINT RECOGNITION
OF BOSNIA AND AT LEAST A COMMON APPROACH ON
MACEDONIA.
- WE UNDERSTAND GREEK CONCERNS ABOUT MACEDONIA,
EVEN IF WE DON'T ENTIRELY ACCEPT THEM. WE
NEED TO WORK ON BOTH GREECE AND MACEDONIA TO
TRY TO CRAFT A SOLUTION SOON. BUT WE SHOULD
NOT LET THIS DELAY A JOINT U.S.-EC MOVE ON

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CARD 14 OF 23

BOSNIA, WHICH IS URGENT IN VIEW OF THE
VOLATILITY THERE.

LATIN AMERICA AND COUNTER-NARCOTICS

- NICARAGUA: POLICE REFORM IS ONE OF
NICARAGUA'S MOST PRESSING NEEDS, AND WE LOOK
FORWARD TO HELPING THE GOVERNMENT WITH
TRAINING AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.
- I UNDERSTAND THAT NICARAGUA MAY SOON BE ASKING
YOU FORMALLY FOR ASSISTANCE. I HOPE YOU WILL
RESPOND FAVORABLY AND WELCOME SPAIN WORKING
WITH US ON THIS.
- I ALSO HOPE YOU CAN PROVIDE ASSISTANCE FOR
MUSTERING OUT BENEFITS FOR NICARAGUA'S ARMY.
THE GOVERNMENT TOLD US IT IS PREPARED TO
REDUCE IT FROM 20,000 TO 14,000 IF IT CAN GET
THE RESOURCES TO PROVIDE BENEFITS FOR
DEPARTING SOLDIERS.

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CARD 15 OF 23

- I KNOW YOU HAVE PROVIDED SUCH ASSISTANCE IN THE PAST -- WE CAN NOT BECAUSE OF CONGRESSIONAL RESTRICTIONS.
- EL SALVADOR: THE PEACE PROCESS SEEMS TO BE GOING WELL, BUT WE ARE CONCERNED ABOUT THE FMLN'S FAILURE TO PROVIDE AN ACCURATE ARMS INVENTORY, TO MOVE FULLY INTO CONCENTRATION ZONES, AND ITS SUPPORT OF ILLEGAL LAND SEIZURES.
- WE HOPE THE "FOUR FRIENDS" WILL CONTINUE TO BE ACTIVE IN MONITORING COMPLIANCE AND IN MARSHALLING SUPPORT FOR PEACE.
- VENEZUELA: WE ARE VERY CONCERNED. WIDESPREAD MILITARY AND CIVILIAN DISCONTENT WITH PRESIDENT PEREZ AND POLITICIANS IN GENERAL MAKE A SUCCESSFUL COUP A REAL POSSIBILITY. COUP PLOTTING CONTINUES. A SUCCESSFUL COUP IN

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CARD 16 OF 23

- VENEZUELA WOULD HAVE SERIOUS IMPLICATIONS FOR OTHER DEMOCRACIES.
- WE ARE FIRMLY TELLING THE MILITARY AND KEY CIVILIAN SECTORS THAT A COUP WOULD HAVE A SEVERE NEGATIVE IMPACT ON VENEZUELA'S RELATIONS WITH THE WORLD. WE HOPE SPAIN IS GETTING ACROSS THE SAME STRONG MESSAGE.
- CUBA: I COMMEND YOUR EFFORTS TO TRY TO TALK SENSE TO CASTRO ABOUT STARTING THE PROCESS OF DEMOCRATIC REFORM. BY HIS DEEDS AND WORDS, HOWEVER, CASTRO REMAINS INTRANSIGENT.
- CASTRO IS OUT OF PLACE IN THE COMPANY OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONS, BUT, IF HE IS INVITED TO THE IBERO-AMERICAN SUMMIT IN MADRID, WE STRONGLY HOPE SPAIN AND OTHER GOVERNMENTS WILL PRESS HIM MOST SERIOUSLY TO BEGIN REFORMS.

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CARD 17 OF 23

- SAN ANTONIO DRUG SUMMIT: AT SAN ANTONIO, THE SUMMIT PARTNERS RECOGNIZED THE NEED FOR MORE REGIONAL AND GLOBAL ANTI-DRUG COOPERATION, ESPECIALLY IN THE AREAS OF ALTERNATIVE DEVELOPMENT FOR DRUG PRODUCING COUNTRIES AND EFFECTIVE LAW ENFORCEMENT. WE AGREED TO MOVE BEYOND THE VIEW OF JUST A SUPPLY AND DEMAND PROBLEM.
- THE SIX LATIN PRESIDENTS AND I AGREED TO BRIEF THE EUROPEAN AND ASIAN NATIONS ON THE SUMMIT DECLARATION WHICH OUTLINED A STRATEGY FOR IMPROVING ENFORCEMENT, ECONOMIC AND PUBLIC AWARENESS EFFORTS. WE WILL BE ORGANIZING SEVERAL INTERNATIONAL MEETINGS AND POSSIBLY TRIPS TO EUROPEAN CAPITALS IN JUNE.
- BILATERAL NARCOTICS: SPAIN'S INTENSIFIED ANTI-DRUG EFFORTS ARE NOTEWORTHY. I WELCOME

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CARD 18 OF 23

OUR CURRENTLY ONGOING JOINT EFFORT TO TRACK AND SEIZE A COCAINE-CARRYING SHIP.

THE MAGHREB

- YOU HAVE A SPECIAL INSIGHT INTO THE REGION, AND I WOULD VALUE YOUR ASSESSMENT OF THE SITUATION.
- I ALSO WANT TO ENCOURAGE INCREASED EC EFFORTS TO ADDRESS THE TREMENDOUS PROBLEMS FACED IN THE MAGHREB. I AM GOING TO SUGGEST TO CAVACO SILVA WHEN HE VISITS THAT WE ADD THE MAGHREB TO THE U.S.-EC AGENDA FOR INCREASED COOPERATION.
- (IF ASKED: CONFERENCE ON SECURITY AND COOPERATION IN THE MEDITERRANEAN (CSCM)): WE ARE CONSCIOUS OF THE CONCERNS THAT A CSCM IS SUPPOSED TO ADDRESS, BUT, TO BE FRANK, WE HAVE DOUBTS ABOUT THE PROPOSAL AS PRESENTED. THE

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CARD 19 OF 23

INCLUSION OF SECURITY ISSUES AND TROUBLESOME STATES LIKE LIBYA IN CSCM WOULD OBSCURE THE CENTRAL SOCIO-ECONOMIC AIMS.

- (IF ASKED: WESTERN SAHARA): THE U.S. SUPPORTS THE UNSYG'S EFFORTS TO CARRY OUT THE REFERENDUM. WE LOOK TO HIM TO TAKE THE LEAD IN FORGING A DURABLE PEACE.

LIBYA

- WE NEED TOUGH ENFORCEMENT OF UNSC SANCTIONS. WE OWE IT TO THE AMERICAN AND SPANISH VICTIMS OF THE PAN AM 103 TRAGEDY.

MIDDLE EAST PEACE PROCESS

- I WANT TO THANK YOU FOR SPAIN'S IMPORTANT ROLE IN HELPING TO BRING TOGETHER ISRAEL AND ITS ARAB NEIGHBORS IN MADRID.
- SINCE MADRID, WE HAVE BEEN THROUGH THREE MORE ROUNDS OF BILATERAL MEETINGS AND AN ORGANIZING

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CARD 20 OF 23

SESSION ON MULTILATERAL NEGOTIATIONS THAT CREATED SEVERAL WORKING GROUPS.

- ALL OF THE BILATERAL TALKS ARE NOW FOCUSED ON SUBSTANCE, ALTHOUGH THE PARTIES ARE STILL FAR APART ON POSITIONS.
- THE KEY NOW IS TO KEEP THE PARTIES ENGAGED AND FOCUSED ON THE SUBSTANTIVE ISSUES ON THE TABLE.
- THE U.S. INTENDS TO REMAIN ACTIVE IN THE PROCESS.
- (IF ASKED: EC PARTICIPATION IN THE ARMS CONTROL SUB-GROUP): I UNDERSTAND EC DESIRES TO PARTICIPATE IN THIS PART OF THE MULTILATERAL TALKS. WE ARE WORKING TO FIND AN ACCEPTABLE FORMULA, BUT THE EC AND ISRAEL MUST ALSO WORK TO ADDRESS EACH OTHER'S CONCERNS.

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CARD 21 OF 23

-- LET ME UNDERScore THAT WE CONSIDER THE EC CONTRIBUTION TO THE MULTILATERAL TALKS VERY IMPORTANT.

UN SECURITY COUNCIL SEAT: (IF ASKED)

-- SPAIN WOULD MAKE AN EXCELLENT MEMBER OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL. WE ARE SYMPATHETIC TO YOUR CANDIDACY BUT CAN MAKE NO COMMITMENTS AT THIS TIME.

-- I ENCOURAGE YOU TO WORK TOWARD WEOG CONSENSUS.

BILATERAL ISSUES

-- DEFENSE RELATIONS: WE ARE PLEASED WITH THE IMPLEMENTATION OF OUR DEFENSE COOPERATION AGREEMENT.

-- THE 401ST TACTICAL FIGHTER WING HAS DEPARTED TORREJON AS PLANNED. WE ARE COMMITTED TO WORKING COOPERATIVELY WITH YOU TO MINIMIZE DISRUPTION AS U.S. FORCES DRAW DOWN FROM

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CARD 22 OF 23

SPAIN. WITHIN THE LIMITS OF OUR LAW, WE WILL BE FLEXIBLE IN MEETING YOUR NEEDS TO KEEP MILITARY FACILITIES OPERATIONAL.

-- A HOST NATION SUPPORT AGREEMENT, AS CALLED FOR IN OUR DEFENSE COOPERATION AGREEMENT, WOULD PROVIDE A USEFUL FRAMEWORK FOR THE FUTURE. IT WOULD BE HELPFUL TO KNOW WHEN YOU WOULD BE ABLE TO INITIATE DISCUSSIONS.

-- COUNTER-TERRORISM: WE ARE COMMITTED TO WORKING CLOSELY WITH YOU AGAINST TERRORIST THREATS TO THE OLYMPICS AND THE WORLD'S FAIR.

-- LET ME ALSO OFFER CONGRATULATIONS ON THE BASQUE TERRORISTS PICKED UP IN FRANCE LAST WEEKEND.

-- (IF ASKED: BILATERAL TRADE): WE ARE COMMITTED TO AN OPEN TRADING RELATIONSHIP BASED ON EQUAL OPPORTUNITY TO COMPETE.

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CARD 23 OF 23

- I KNOW THERE ARE CERTAIN CONSTRAINTS CONGRESS HAS PUT IN PLACE. SPANISH COMPANIES SHOULD TO TAKE AN ACTIVE INTEREST IN THE BIDDING PROCESS TO ENSURE FULL COMPETITION.
- (IF ASKED: DEATH OF SPANISH JOURNALIST IN PANAMA): I ~~KNOW~~ KNOW THE STATE DEPARTMENT IS CONSIDERING YOUR RECENT NOTE.

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2373

POINTS TO BE MADE FOR MEETING WITH
SPANISH PRESIDENT GONZALEZ

INTRODUCTION -- OVAL OFFICE -- Fred Bush U.S. Commissioner for
the Seville Expo (World's Fair) will be present.

- Fred Bush has done an outstanding job of organizing our participation in the Seville Fair. We appreciate the significance of the Expo to Spain. It is also important to us, and I will make every effort to have appropriate representation for our national day in May.

WORLD SITUATION -- CABINET ROOM

- The world has changed so much since we met last October. We should take stock of developments.
- I am gratified that our relationship is in excellent shape.
- We are looking forward to the Quincentenary celebrations. It is a time to rediscover our common heritage and the contribution Spain has made to America.
- We welcome the visit of Columbus' ships, the Nina, Pinta and Santa Maria, and the Spanish regatta of tall ships in which America will be proud to participate with the EAGLE.
- Let me start with our domestic situation. We are in the midst of a major debate about America's role in the world now that the Cold War is over.
- You have seen the protectionist and isolationist pressures here. I am less worried about isolationism. The American people know we cannot retreat into a cocoon. I'll campaign on the principle that the U.S. must continue to play a leadership role together with its Allies and partners.

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PER NSC WAIVER, #202105
By MC NARA, Date 11/16/21

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2

- Protectionism is more serious because of our economy. It's not just Japan-bashing. There is a perception here that our economic problems have been made worse by others taking advantage of our open markets while keeping theirs closed and subsidizing their industries.
- I'm determined to fight protectionism, but I may not be able to succeed if the Uruguay Round fails.
- Our situation here also bears on the challenge of helping democracy succeed in the east, especially in Russia.
- We have to help Yeltsin. He stands for democracy. The alternatives are not acceptable.

U.S. ROLE IN EUROPE AND TRANSATLANTIC PARTNERSHIP

- I appreciate Spain's commitment to the Atlantic Alliance -- a tribute to your personal leadership.
- I am determined that the U.S. will not disengage. I will make the case to our public and the Congress that a strong continuing U.S. presence in Europe is essential.
- We hope to level off U.S. forces at an enhanced corps, perhaps around 150 thousand men.
- Not everyone in my country or Europe will understand why a large U.S. presence is needed when there is no immediate threat. I need to be able to show that even a united Europe wants us to stay.
- I, like you, am strongly committed to the development of a European security identity that has close links to NATO -- as agreed at Rome and Maastricht. I have always supported European unity.

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- But we must be alert that in implementing the Rome and Maastricht agreements, we not support proposals that could undermine NATO and the U.S. presence.
- As you know, the French are posing problems. Sometimes they say we are leaving and Europe has to prepare to defend itself. Other times they say we want to dominate through NATO. We have tried to assure them that neither is true.
- On the Franco-German corps, for example: if it's to be a European contribution within NATO, we welcome it. If it is meant as the basis of a separate European corps to duplicate or someday replace NATO, we have problems.
- I hope I can count on your support. Under Secretary Bartholomew, whom you know well from his tenure in Spain, will be in Madrid soon for more detailed security talks.

EC AND THE GATT ROUND

- In this new era, what matters more than power is partnership. We are trying to build the transatlantic partnership on several fronts. I will be seeing Anibal Cavaco Silva and Jacques Delors here in three weeks to further U.S.-EC cooperation on key international issues.
- But at the top of the U.S.-EC agenda is settling our differences on the Uruguay Round. Contrary to what some in Europe have said, I am committed to reaching agreement and concluding the Round as soon as possible.
- Let me explain where things stand from our perspective.
- The Dunkel text on agriculture was a far cry from what our farmers expected. But we said we could live with it. Any further retreat will jeopardize Congressional support.

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- Nevertheless, we heard the EC complaint that you couldn't proceed with CAP reform under the Dunkel draft, and we have worked to meet the EC's highest priority -- internal supports.
- We developed and proposed several solutions to the Commission which would allow the EC to introduce new payments to its farmers. We think these are major concessions on our part and hope the EC can accept them.
- But the bottom line is that I have to ask our agricultural sector to accept a deal that doesn't offer them much.
 - Subsidized EC exports barely lower than they were when the negotiations began six years ago.
 - Access to the EC market still limited.
 - Allowing the EC special subsidies while we reduce ours.
- If I offer any more concessions I will lose the support of the agricultural sector and the Congress.
- The elements of an agreement are there. We are working with the Commission. If we can reach an agreement, I urge you to give it your whole hearted support.
- (If Asked: France and GATT): As to dealing with the French, I can't tell you how the EC should make its decision.
- (If Asked: Bananas): I know that bananas are a politically sensitive issue for Spain. But, allowing any exceptions to comprehensive tariffication risks having the agreement unravel and with bananas would hurt many in Latin America.

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RUSSIA AND THE CIS

- The new aid package I announced yesterday for Russia and the other CIS states reflects my conclusion that the West must demonstrate its support for the transformations underway and particularly for Yeltsin.
- Indeed, Yeltsin and his advisors asked for a strong signal of support before the April 6 Congress of People's Deputies. I hope our announcement will help.
- Of course, this effort must be global and shared if it is going to succeed. We must rely heavily on the international financial institutions.
- The intentional aid process to be continued next month in Lisbon under the EC's chairmanship is essential in getting the CIS states the short-and-medium term assistance needed to take care of themselves.
- I will work hard to win congressional support for our contributions to these efforts, both via new IMF funds and with \$645 million for technical assistance. I am also seeking approval for clearing away the obstacles to trade and investment. And I announced an additional \$1.1 billion in food guarantees for Russia and others, which satisfies requests from Yeltsin and others.
- We are also seeking to enhance the security of nuclear weapons in the former Soviet Union particularly those tactical nuclear weapons slated for elimination under previous commitments. We all need to keep sending clear messages to the CIS states that they must fulfill their commitments to nuclear weapons withdrawals.

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- (If Asked: Ukrainian-Russian Problems): It appears that the tactical nuclear weapons withdrawal issue has not yet been resolved. We are encouraging the republics to resolve their differences.
- We continue to advocate that all states fully abide by the decisions reached at Minsk and Alma Ata and that progress resume on meeting the July 1 deadline for consolidation of tactical nuclear weapons within Russia.

YUGOSLAVIA

- As you know, we are prepared in principle to recognize four new states: Bosnia, Macedonia, Slovenia, and Croatia.
- We want to align U.S. and EC policies again. But this will require not only our recognition of Slovenia and Croatia but joint recognition of Bosnia and at least a common approach on Macedonia.
- We understand Greek concerns about Macedonia, even if we don't entirely accept them. We need to work on both Greece and Macedonia to try to craft a solution soon. But we should not let this delay a joint U.S.-EC move on Bosnia, which is urgent in view of the volatility there.

LATIN AMERICA AND COUNTER-NARCOTICS

- NICARAGUA: Police reform is one of Nicaragua's most pressing needs, and we look forward to helping the government with training and technical assistance.
- I understand that Nicaragua may soon be asking you formally for assistance. I hope you will respond favorably and welcome Spain working with us on this.

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- I also hope you can provide assistance for mustering out benefits for Nicaragua's army. The government told us it is prepared to reduce it from 20,000 to 14,000 if it can get the resources to provide benefits for departing soldiers.
- I know you have provided such assistance in the past -- we can not because of congressional restrictions.
- EL SALVADOR: The peace process seems to be going well, but we are concerned about the FMLN's failure to provide an accurate arms inventory, to move fully into concentration zones, and its support of illegal land seizures.
- We hope the "Four Friends" will continue to be active in monitoring compliance and in marshalling support for peace.
- VENEZUELA: We are very concerned. Widespread military and civilian discontent with President Perez and politicians in general make a successful coup a real possibility. Coup plotting continues. A successful coup in Venezuela would have serious implications for other democracies.
- We are firmly telling the military and key civilian sectors that a coup would have a severe negative impact on Venezuela's relations with the world. We hope Spain is getting across the same strong message.
- CUBA: I commend your efforts to try to talk sense to Castro about starting the process of democratic reform. By his deeds and words, however, Castro remains intransigent.
- Castro is out of place in the company of democratic nations, but, if he is invited to the Ibero-American Summit in Madrid, we strongly hope Spain and other governments will press him most seriously to begin reforms.

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- SAN ANTONIO DRUG SUMMIT: At San Antonio, the summit partners recognized the need for more regional and global anti-drug cooperation, especially in the areas of alternative development for drug producing countries and effective law enforcement. We agreed to move beyond the view of just a supply and demand problem.
- The six Latin Presidents and I agreed to brief the European and Asian nations on the Summit Declaration which outlined a strategy for improving enforcement, economic and public awareness efforts. We will be organizing several international meetings and possibly trips to European capitals in June.
- BILATERAL NARCOTICS: Spain's intensified anti-drug efforts are noteworthy. I welcome our currently ongoing joint effort to track and seize a cocaine-carrying ship.

THE MAGHREB

- You have a special insight into the region, and I would value your assessment of the situation.
- I also want to encourage increased EC efforts to address the tremendous problems faced in the Maghreb. I am going to suggest to Cavaco Silva when he visits that we add the Maghreb to the U.S.-EC agenda for increased cooperation.
- (If Asked: Conference on Security and Cooperation in the Mediterranean (CSCM)): We are conscious of the concerns that a CSCM is supposed to address, but, to be frank, we have doubts about the proposal as presented. The inclusion of security issues and troublesome states like Libya in CSCM would obscure the central socio-economic aims.

- (If Asked: Western Sahara): The U.S. supports the UNSYG's efforts to carry out the referendum. We look to him to take the lead in forging a durable peace.

LIBYA

- We need tough enforcement of UNSC sanctions. We owe it to the American and Spanish victims of the Pan Am 103 tragedy.

MIDDLE EAST PEACE PROCESS

- I want to thank you for Spain's important role in helping to bring together Israel and its Arab neighbors in Madrid.
- Since Madrid, we have been through three more rounds of bilateral meetings and an organizing session on multilateral negotiations that created several working groups.
- All of the bilateral talks are now focused on substance, although the parties are still far apart on positions.
- The key now is to keep the parties engaged and focused on the substantive issues on the table.
- The U.S. intends to remain active in the process.
- (If Asked: EC Participation in the Arms Control Sub-Group): I understand EC desires to participate in this part of the multilateral talks. We are working to find an acceptable formula, but the EC and Israel must also work to address each other's concerns.
- Let me underscore that we consider the EC contribution to the multilateral talks very important.

UN SECURITY COUNCIL SEAT: (If Asked)

- Spain would make an excellent member of the Security Council. We are sympathetic to your candidacy but can make no commitments at this time.

-- I encourage you to work toward WEOG consensus.

BILATERAL ISSUES

-- DEFENSE RELATIONS: We are pleased with the implementation of our Defense Cooperation Agreement.

-- The 401st Tactical Fighter Wing has departed Torrejon as planned. We are committed to working cooperatively with you to minimize disruption as U.S. forces draw down from Spain. Within the limits of our law, we will be flexible in meeting your needs to keep military facilities operational.

-- A Host Nation Support Agreement, as called for in our Defense Cooperation Agreement, would provide a useful framework for the future. It would be helpful to know when you would be able to initiate discussions.

-- COUNTER-TERRORISM: We are committed to working closely with you against terrorist threats to the Olympics and the World's Fair.

-- Let me also offer congratulations on the Basque terrorists picked up in France last weekend.

-- (If Asked: Bilateral Trade): We are committed to an open trading relationship based on equal opportunity to compete.

-- I know there are certain constraints Congress has put in place. Spanish companies should to take an active interest in the bidding process to ensure full competition.

-- (If Asked: Death of Spanish journalist in Panama): I ~~do~~ know the State Department is considering your recent note.

PARTICIPANTS

(Meeting in Oval Office)

U.S.

The President

Brent Scowcroft, Assistant to the President for National
Security Affairs

Fred Bush, U.S. Commissioner for the Seville Expo

Spain

Felipe Gonzalez, President

"To Be Determined"

PARTICIPANTS

(Cabinet Meeting and Luncheon)

U.S.

The President

James A. Baker III, Secretary of State

Samuel K. Skinner, Chief of Staff

Brent Scowcroft, Assistant to the President for National
Security Affairs

David C. Gompert, Senior Director, European and Euroasian
Affairs, NSC Staff

Thomas Niles, Assistant Secretary of State, European and
Canadian Affairs

Joseph Zappala, Ambassador to Spain
Interpreter

Spain

Felipe Gonzalez, President

Francisco Ordonez, Minister of Foreign Affairs

Jaime de Ojeda, Ambassador of Spain in Washington

Miguel Gil, Under Secretary, Minister of the Spokesperson

Jose Pons, Director, International Affairs Department,
PM's Office

Jose Rodriguez-Spiteri, Director General for North America &
Asia, Ministry of Foreign Affairs

Rafael Spotorno, Chief of Staff of the Minister of Foreign
Affairs

Jorge Fuentes, Minister Counselor, Embassy of Spain in Washington
Interpreter

Amb Zappala
US Amb to Spain

Mr Gompert
NSC

General Scowcroft

The President

Secretary Baker

Mr Skinner

Mr Niles
State

Mr Fuentes
Min Counselor

Mr Rodriguez-Spiteri
Dir General
for North America
& Asia

Minister Gil
Min of the
Spokesperson

Minister Ordenez
of Foreign
Affairs

Prime Minister Gonzales

Amb de Ojeda
Amb of Spain

Mr Pons
Dir, Int'l Affairs
Department, PM's ofc

Mr Spotorno
Chief of Staff of the
Minister of Foreign Affai:

The
Cabinet
Room

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
01. Report	Re: Official Working Visit of Spanish President Gonzalez April 2, 1992 Additional Background on Selected Issues [originally closed as 02e]. (5 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Thursday, April 2, 1992 [2]

Date Closed:	8/27/2019	OA/ID Number:	90666-005
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0166-S[4]	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency
 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute
 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information
 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells

Deed of Gift Restrictions

C(1) Closed by Executive Order 13526, governing access to national security information
 C(2) Closed by statute or by the agency which originated the information
 C(3) Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift [formerly listed as only C]
 PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
02. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 02f]. (2 pp.)	3/30/92	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Thursday, April 2, 1992 [2]

Date Closed: 8/27/2019	OA/ID Number: 90666-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S[4]	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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- P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
03. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 02g]. (2 pp.)	3/19/92	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Thursday, April 2, 1992 [2]

Date Closed: 8/27/2019	OA/ID Number: 90666-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S[4]	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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- P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
04. Report	Re: [Government Report] [originally closed as 02h]. (1 pp.)	5/3/90	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Thursday, April 2, 1992 [2]

Date Closed:	8/27/2019	OA/ID Number:	90666-005
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0166-S[4]	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

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- P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
05. Memo	James A. Baker III to The President Re: Official Working Visit of Spanish Prime Minister Felipe Gonzalez, April 2, 1992 [originally closed as 02i]. (5 pp.)	4/1/92	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Thursday, April 2, 1992 [2]

Date Closed: 8/27/2019

OA/ID Number: 90666-005

FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S[4]

Appeal Case #:

Re-review Case #:

Appeal Disposition:

P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

Disposition Date:

AR Case #:

MR Case #:

AR Disposition:

MR Disposition:

AR Disposition Date:

MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- (b)(1) National security classified information
- (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency
- (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute
- (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information
- (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy
- (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes
- (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions
- (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells

Deed of Gift Restrictions

- C(1) Closed by Executive Order 13526, governing access to national security information
- C(2) Closed by statute or by the agency which originated the information
- C(3) Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift [formerly listed as only C]
- PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]

4/2/92

Mr. President:

- 1) President Havel of Czechoslovakia wants to talk with you.
Must be early tomorrow morning.

The General would like to do it at 7:15 A. M.

YES ☒ NO ☐

- 2) You have Bernard Shaw coming in at 7:30 A. M. tomorrow morning. And a radio taping at 7:50.

- 3) You leave for Phila. at 8:35 A. M.

RZ

BUSH LIBRARY PHOTOCOPY - GEORGE BUSH HANDWRITING

TALKING POINTS FOR MEETING WITH
HISPANIC LEADERS
THURSDAY / APRIL 2, 1992 / 2:00 P.M.
ROOSEVELT ROOM

**NOT
USED**

- o Welcome to the White House. I'm glad to have the opportunity to meet with you to discuss the initiatives we've been working on to help the economy.

Daily
4/2/92

Document Originally
Attached to
Following Page

a0677-----

r w AM-Bush-Perks 04-02 0226

^AM-Bush-Perks,250<

^Bush Shrugs Off Congressional Talk Of Inquiry Into White House Perks<

WASHINGTON (AP) - President Bush on Thursday dismissed a congressional inquiry into White House privileges as an old "dance" and said the administration has made all its information available.

"They can review anything they want," he said.

The subject of White House "perks" - particularly the cost of presidential travel - has dominated acrimonious news briefings for days without substantive response from Bush's press office.

As the president began a meeting with Hispanic businessmen, he was asked about disclosing the costs.

"Our budget goes up to Congress every single year," said the president. "Every once in a while they go through this dance here. They're entitled to everything. We'll give them full cooperation."

White House spokeswoman Judy Smith suggested earlier in the week that Congress was putting the White House under scrutiny to divert attention from its own scandals. Administration officials, invited to testify Wednesday before a House committee, were conspicuously absent.

"I think Congress has all the information," Bush said.

"They're entitled to all kinds of information and I will comply with whatever their requirements are. I have been doing that for years..."

Asked about the inquiry, he replied: "What inquiry? Seems a little defensive to me, but they can review anything they want. Everything we have is available to them and will continue to be."

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r w AP-Bush-Spain 04-02 0218

^AP-Bush-Spain, UPDATE

^Bush Meets Spanish Prime Minister<

^UPDATES with departure statements.<

^By HARRY F. ROSENTHAL=

^Associated Press Writer=

WASHINGTON (AP) - President Bush met today with Prime Minister Felipe Gonzalez of Spain and said afterward that "in my view, relations between Spain and the United States have never been better."

In turn, Gonzalez thanked Bush "for the fact that during his administration we have reached the best level in history of our two countries in terms of relationships between the United States and Spain."

Gonzalez said the two leaders will meet again in July, at the Helsinki meeting of the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe.

The prime minister said he and Bush reached broad agreement on international issues, but he did not spell them out in the departure statements the two leaders made on the White House driveway.

"We have reviewed the peace process in the Middle East, the situation in Eastern Europe, the construction of Europe, the situation throughout Latin America and the issue of the GATT round," he said.

GATT stands for General Agreement on Tariff and Trade, a 108-nation pact now at a crucial state of negotiations to lower world trade barriers.

The president and Gonzalez had a working lunch and were together for about 2 1/2 hours. They were joined by Secretary of State James A. Baker III and National Security Adviser Brent Scowcroft.

AP-TV-04-02-92 1400EST<+

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r w bc-us-spain:210pes 4-2 0322

Relations never better between U.S. and Spain

WASHINGTON (UPI) _ President Bush and Spanish President Felipe Gonzales agreed Thursday that relations between their two countries were never better and Gonzales said the role of the United States is "necessary in the peaceful development of Europe."

In parting remarks after a two-hour visit with Gonzales, including a luncheon, Bush said, "We had a very good conversation today," and thanked the Spanish leader for hosting the start of the Middle East peace talks in Madrid last fall.

"History will remember that," he said.

"It's been a good visit," Bush said. "In my view, relations with Spain have never been better. We turn to him for advice ... leadership. So it's been a very friendly visit, a very upbeat visit. Spain and the United States see eye to eye on almost every single questions. I hope our paths cross soon again."

Gonzales said that he thanks Bush for the fact that "during his administration we have reached the best level in history of our two countries in terms of our relationship between the United States and Spain."

He said that last year the two allies "lived through two milestones of cooperation," and referred to the Persian Gulf War and the Madrid peace conference.

Gonzales said that he and Bush reviewed the Middle East peace process, the situation in Europe in the aftermath of the Cold War, Latin American affairs and the continuing General Tariff and Trade negotiations (GATT).

"I would like to express one final opinion on behalf of Spain," he said: "The role of the United States is a role that is necessary and essential to the peaceful development of the continent."

"I know I will see you next in July," Gonzales said, referring to Conference on European Cooperation and Security in Helsinki, Finland. The White House has not yet formally announced Bush's intention to attend the Helsinki meeting.

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action.

The inspector general's office operates independently of State Department supervision.

Ms. Tutwiler said the report was part of an ongoing process and was not designed to draw conclusions. She declined to confirm the reports that the "major recipient" was Israel and said there were "many differences of opinion" in the department about the report's findings.

The Wall Street Journal said in a recent article that Israel was the offending country and had been selling weapons and technology without authorization to China and South Africa, among other countries.

The article said the weapons include air-to-air missiles sold to China, anti-tank missiles sold to South Africa and cluster bombs sold to Ethiopia and Chile. Israel has received about \$1.8 billion in U.S. military aid for years, leading all other countries.

An annex to the inspector general's report identifies the recipient country and provides other details. The annex was not made public.

Israel today again insisted it hasn't broken any agreements with Washington. "Our policy is to adhere strictly to the procurement and technology transfer regulations," Defense Ministry spokesman Danny Naveh said in a statement.

But, an Israel radio report hinted at past transgressions, saying Israeli Defense Minister Moshe Arens ordered tighter supervision over exports of weapons systems with American components after he took office two years ago.

The inspector general's study said the reports received by the State Department's political-military affairs office "describe a systematic and growing pattern of unauthorized transfers of sensitive U.S. items and technology by the recipient dating back to 1983."

"Despite receiving this information over the past few years, (political-military affairs) did not initiate steps to report the violations to Congress and did not inform senior department officials of the reported violations," it said.

Secretary of State James A. Baker III said Wednesday night he had only skimmed the report briefly.

The Journal article left the impression that the alleged unauthorized sales by Israel would produce yet another source of strain in U.S.-Israeli relations.

But Baker dismissed any suggestion that the relationship was in serious trouble. He told PBS's McNeil-Lehrer NewsHour, "The fundamentals of our relationship with Israel are as rock solid as they have always been."

The inspector general's report recommended disciplinary action against unnamed department officials. The Journal identified one such official as the assistant secretary for political-military affairs, Richard Clarke.

When asked recently about Clarke's status, the State Department said recently that Baker had full confidence in him.

The report said Deputy Secretary of State Lawrence Eagleburger disagreed with the recommendation for disciplinary action.

The study also noted that U.S. law requires that the Treasury Department be reimbursed for any unauthorized sale of American technology.

But, it said, "because the seller has allegedly attempted to conceal the reported transfers, it will be difficult to quantify amounts which might be due the United States."

a0636-----

u w PM>IllegalArmsTransfers 3rdLd-Writethru a 04-02 0635

^PM-Illegal Arms Transfers, 3rd Ld-Writethru, a0614-628,720<

^U.S. Says There Is No Evidence Israel Sold Military Items To China<

^EDs: Combines pvs; new material and editing thruout; no pickup<

^By GEORGE GEDDA=

^Associated Press Writer=

WASHINGTON (AP) - A team of U.S. officials found no evidence during a fact-finding trip to Israel that Israel had secretly supplied a U.S. Patriot missile or its technology to China, the State department said today.

"We consider the matter closed," spokeswoman Margaret Tutwiler said. Published reports last month said U.S. officials had picked up strong indications that the transfers had occurred.

Ms. Tutwiler said the department plans no further action on the matter.

Under questioning by reporters, she was unable absolve Israel completely of any wrongdoing. She refused to go beyond saying that the 17-member team had uncovered no evidence of such transfers.

On a related issue, Ms. Tutwiler brushed aside questions on about an official study which said that a "major recipient" of U.S. weapons - identified in published reports as Israel - may have been transferring some equipment to third countries without authorization.

The report released Wednesday by the State Department's inspector general's office said department officials assigned to monitor arms transfers had failed to act on many reports of "significant alleged violations" by the recipient country. It recommended that these officials be subjected to disciplinary

v58173exec

r w AP-Budget 04-02 0353

^AP-Budget

^Senate Democrats Unveil 1993 Budget With \$10 Billion Defense Cut<

^By ALAN FRAM=

^Associated Press Writer=

WASHINGTON (AP) - The chairman of the Senate Budget Committee today proposed a \$1.5 trillion budget that would reduce next year's defense spending by \$10 billion, more than double the cut President Bush wants.

The proposal by Chairman James Sasser, D-Tenn., to limit military spending to \$286.8 billion next year was immediately attacked by Republicans and some Democrats as going too deep. Some other Democrats said it was not deep enough.

But Sasser, who has long advocated deep defense slashes because of the Soviet Union's breakup, said, "I hope we can settle on a responsible number that's consonant with the security realities of the world we live in."

Sasser's plan would hold defense spending \$10 billion below the amount permitted under the 1990 budget agreement.

Bush has proposed spending \$292.2 billion for defense in fiscal 1993, which starts Oct. 1. That would be \$4.7 billion less than the 1990 budget agreement would allow, and Bush has vowed to fight cuts that are any deeper.

Senate Armed Services Committee Chairman Sam Nunn, D-Ga., has supported Bush's 1993 proposal, although he would make deeper cuts than Bush over the next five years.

The committee's ranking Republican, Sen. Pete Domenici of New Mexico, warned that even under Bush's proposal, the country would face the loss of 1.2 million defense-related civilian jobs and 600,000 troops.

He said during a break in the panel's meeting, "The world isn't settled in yet. The ice is cracking, and we don't know how things will end up in the Soviet Union. ... What's so bad about waiting three or four years before we drastically reduce the defense?"

The House has already approved a Democratic-written budget that would hold military expenditures to \$287.8 billion.

Sasser's budget would also:

-Have a deficit of \$322.7 billion, which would be a record. Bush's budget contains a \$331.8 billion shortfall.

-Freeze new spending for domestic programs at last year's levels, excluding benefit programs like Social Security.

-Save an additional \$1.5 billion with a partial government hiring freeze, reducing federal expenditures on consultants, and other administrative cutbacks.

-Save \$2.6 billion by extending the Medicare tax to uncovered state and local government employees, attacking Medicare fraud, and limiting spending for immigration programs.

AP-TV-04-02-92 1318EST(+)

a0622-----

u w PM-MideastTalks 04-02 0307

^PM-Mideast Talks, 360<

^Parties Agree To Meet In Washington April 27<

^By JIM ABRAMS=

^Associated Press Writer=

WASHINGTON (AP) - Israel and its Arab neighbors have agreed to meet in Washington April 27 for a fifth round of talks aimed at achieving peace in the Middle East, the State Department said today.

State Department spokeswoman Margaret Tutwiler also said the parties had all responded to a U.S. request to present a list of potential sites for a sixth round outside Washington.

She said there was "some commonality" in the lists and the State Department would announce before April 27 where the subsequent meeting would take place.

The Mideast peace talks began in Madrid last October, followed by three sessions in Washington.

Israel and its negotiating partners - Jordan, Lebanon, Syria and Palestinian Arabs - have made little headway on the key issues of self-government for Palestinians in territories occupied by Israel, Arab recognition of the Jewish state and the future of lands seized by Israel in the 1967 Six-Day War.

However, all sides have expressed their commitment to continuing the talks sponsored by the United States and Russia.

Israel has campaigned for moving the site from Washington, where it feels the United States can exert greater pressure to impose settlements. Israel's first choice has been to move the talks to the Middle East, with the goal of staging negotiations in Israel, thus gaining de facto recognition of the Jewish state.

The Arab negotiators have said they want to see progress in the talks before they are moved from Washington, but have said they are willing to consider a European site.

Tutwiler said the sixth round will be held "closer to the region," but would not specify what sites are being considered.

The State Department this week also proposed mid-May dates for a second round of multilateral talks on such Mideast issues as arms reduction, refugees, protection of the environment and water rights. The talks, to be held in Ottawa, Brussels, Vienna, Tokyo and Washington, follow the first round in Moscow last January attended by more than 20 nations.

AP-TV-04-02-92 1330EST(+

4/2/92 2:00PM
Roosevelt Rm
Hispanic Leaders

DOOR

Fred Goldberg
Asst. Sec. of Treasury for Tax Policy

Victor Arias
Nat'l Hispanic MBAs

Eduardo Aguirre
NCNB

Gaddi Vasquez
Orange Co. Board
of Supervisors

Anna Barbosa
Latin Business
Assoc.

Joseph Unanue
Goya Foods, Inc.

Maria Contreas-
Sweet
Mexican American
Opportunity Found.

Mary Ann Chalker
Hispanic Alliance
for Free Trade

Bob Estrada
Estrada-Hinojosa
Investment Bankers

Jorge Garza
Dean Witter Co.

Joseph Samora
Int'l Mass Retail Assoc.

Carlos Ponce
Hispanic American Const.
Industry Assoc.

Steve Soto
Mexican American Grocers
Assoc.

The President

Delia Reyes
US Hispanic Chamber of
Commerce

George Hererra
Burgos & Associates

Carlos Ortiz
Nat'l Hispanic Bar Assoc.

Clayton Yeutter

*The
Roosevelt Room*

DOOR

DOOR

President of the United States of America

4-2-92

Ed Bank

with But Wishing,

Rand Levy

To



THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

DATE: 4/2/92

TO: Rose Zamaria

This looks to me
like one that the
President might want
to sign personally. If
you concur, attached is
a bookplate for him
to inscribe and sign, and
then back to me to do
transmittal ltr.

pg/
SHIRLEY M. GREEN
Special Assistant to the President
for Presidential Messages
and Correspondence
Room 94-OEOB, 458-7610

WILSHIRE

Productions, Inc.

2-0

244 1/2 S. SPALDING DRIVE, BEVERLY HILLS, CALIFORNIA 90212 TELEPHONE (213) 552-3191

DAVID LEVY
PRESIDENT

March 28, 1992

Ms. Shirely Green,
Assistant to the President,
The White House,
Washington D.C. 20500.

Dear Ms. Green:

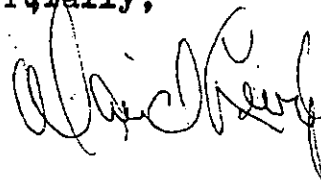
I am, by tradition, an Eisenhower Republican; I worked on behalf of President Eisenhower in the campaigns of 1952 and 1956 and, in fact, wrote and produced the Election Eve program for Mr. Eisenhower and Mr. Nixon in 1956 (I might add, parenthetically, that I did the same for Mr. Willkie in 1944).

I am, also, a collector of signed copies of books written by the Presidents and am anxious to have President Bush inscribe a copy of his book, LOOKING FORWARD, which I would forward to you if you find this request warranted.

I have signed copies--to me--from Presidents Hoover, Truman, Eisenhower, Johnson, Nixon, Ford, Carter and Reagan. I also own a copy of an autographed copy of a book by President Coolidge. Eventually, I hope to acquire copies of books signed by Presidents Roosevelt and Kennedy.

For your own information I have an amusing letter signed by the President when he was Vice President; I had written to him after viewing him on television to remind him to use the symbols of his office when he made a television speech, i.e., the official seal of the Office of the Vice President. Mr. Bush wrote back that he appreciated my suggestion, but that he hoped to trade in those symbols for others of more substance.

Cordially,



DL/v

Barry

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Larry

Dear Mr. Whittemore:

Thank you for your thoughtful note and for the copy of the wonderful photograph of my parents. It brought back many fond memories. You are right: I am descended from a line of supermarket habitues, and as in all things, my parents were good teachers.

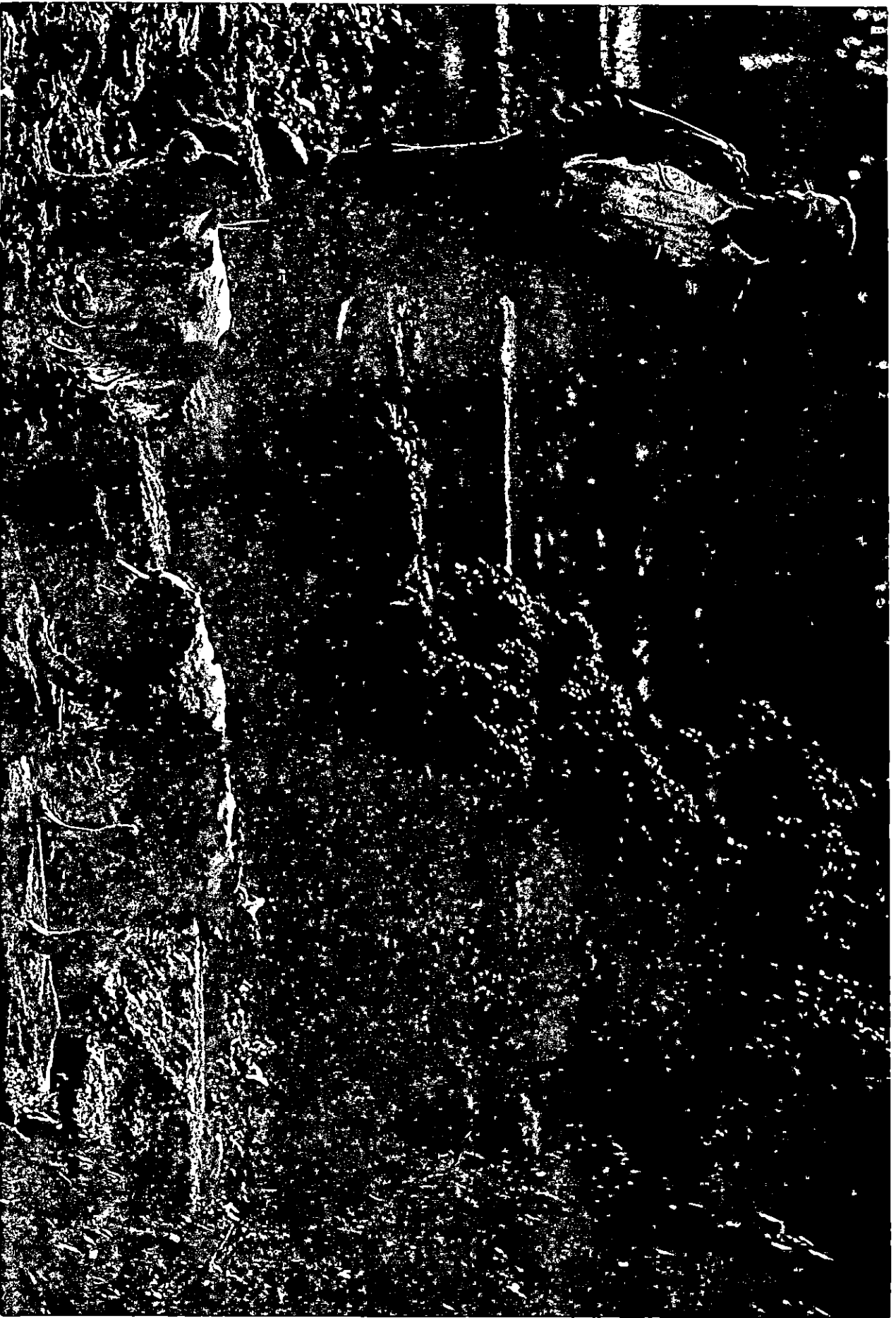
Best wishes to you and Mr. Gerry.

Sincerely,

Cy Buck

Mr. Laurence F. Whittemore
Brown Brothers Harriman & Co.
59 Wall Street
New York, New York 10005

*BBH. Co really meant a
lot to Dad. I sure wish he
was here now -*



To Larry Whittemore
I never made it to B&H Co with wishes,
though I wish I had. Cap Buck



BASEBALL GAMES ATTENDED BY PRESIDENT BUSH

APRIL 3, 1989
BALTIMORE, MD. (HOSNI MUBAREK)
BALTIMORE ORIOLES vs BOSTON RED SOX

APRIL 25, 1989
ANAHEIM, CA.
CALIFORNIA ANGLES vs BALTIMORE ORIOLES

JUNE, 28, 1989
BALTIMORE, MD.
BALTIMORE ORIOLES vs TORONTO BLUE JAYS

AUGUST 4, 1989
BALTIMORE, MD.
BALTIMORE ORIOLES vs TEXAS RANGERS

APRIL 10, 1990
TORONTO, CANADA (BRIAN MULRONEY)
TORONTO BLUE JAYS vs TEXAS RANGERS

JUNE 22, 1990
FREDERICK, MD.
HAGERSTOWN SUNS vs HARRISBURG SENATORS

JULY, 16, 1990
BALTIMORE, MD.
BALTIMORE ORIOLES vs TEXAS RANGERS

APRIL 8, 1991
DALLAS, TX.
TEXAS RANGERS vs MILWAUKEE BREWERS

MAY 15, 1991
BALTIMORE, MD. (QUEEN ELIZABETH)
BALTIMORE ORIOLES vs OAKLAND ATHLETICS

JUNE 8, 1991
FREDERICK, MD.
FREDERICK KEYS vs DURHAM BULLS

JUNE 14, 1991
LOS ANGELES, CA.
LOS ANGELES DODGERS vs ST. LOUIS CARDINALS

JULY 9, 1991
TORONTO CANADA (TED WILLIAMS AND JOE DIMAGGIO)
ALL-STAR GAME

APRIL 6, 1992
BALTIMORE, MD.
BALTIMORE ORIOLES vs

#

Thursday, April 2, 1992

- 1) PHONE CALL FOR THE PRESIDENT
FROM: Senator Arlen Specter (0947)

Did not wish to interrupt your meeting, however, asked if you could return his call this afternoon at your convenience.

4/2/92
Pres. said
Skinner
returned
the call -

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mr. Walter Kohl
Apartment 3
799 Lexington Avenue
New York, New York 10021



THE PRESIDENT

April 2, 1992

Dear Walter,

Enjoying family and friends in a peaceful setting renews our strength for the days ahead. Now you know why Camp David is so special to Barbara and me. We're glad that you and your parents could be there with us.

We loved having you, and loved your wonderful letter.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "G. H. W. Bush".

cc: Mrs. Bush

cc: (En & out)
Rose Zamaria
(1 copy)

=====

DRAFT-Pers. Corres.

=====

INITIALS: GB / gloriac / *pg*

DOC. TITLE: /pc/draft/kohl

DRAFT DATE/LETTER DATE: Mar 31 1992/

CORRESPONDENCE #: 677468

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESSED TO:

Mr. Walter Kohl
Apartment 3
799 Lexington Avenue
New York, New York 10021



ENCLOSURES AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:

cc: Mrs. Bush
Desiree M. Thompson
Appreciation for Camp David visit.
Father is Chancellor of Germany,
Helmut Kohl.
GBSig, Notecard.

Dear Walter,

Enjoying family and friends in a peaceful setting renews our strength for the
days ahead. Now you know why Camp David is so special ^{TO Barbara & me, that} to us, and we're glad you

~~could be there along with your parents.~~ ^{and your parents could be}
^{there with us}

We *love*

~~Barbara and I~~ loved having you, and loved your wonderful letter.

Sincerely,

Walter Kohl is the son of Chancellor Kohl of Germany.

3/23/92 677468
New York City

92 MAR 30 11 9:57

Dear President and Mrs. Bush,

Thank you so much for a wonderful, relaxing weekend. I had a lot of fun at Camp David. The hospitality and warmth with which you received my family made me feel at home right away.

Being with my parents was a much welcome break from a rather grueling routine in New York. Camp David is such a beautiful, sheltered spot and I am very grateful that you allowed me to visit there and enjoy a weekend with my parents. Staying in Storch has become so much more important now that I live far from home, especially after Peter's accident.

I would like to wish you good luck, health, strength, endurance and the third, which it takes to get through to Moscow. I am sure that you'll win! I just wanted you to know that I keep my fingers crossed and that I feel very badly to tell you.

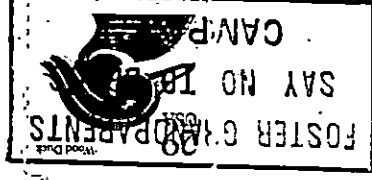
Again, Thank you and ALICE GITE
Respectfully yours

Walter Kohl

J. Burmeister

PRESIDENT and Mrs. Bush
THE WHITE HOUSE
1600 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20006

PERSONAL



Walter Kahn
799 Lexington Av. #3
NY, NY 10021

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FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

The Honorable George V. Voinovich
Governor, State of Ohio
Vern Riffe Center For Government and
the Arts
30th Floor
77 South High Street
Columbus, Ohio 43266



THE PRESIDENT

April 2, 1992

Dear George,

Thanks for yours of March 24. You're right. There's been some ugliness to this campaign -- generated by the sluggish economy -- that makes everything less than fun, but I am confident that things are looking up.

Dodge the cheap shots, keep chipping away at the deficits, and give our best to Janet.

Sincerely,

A large, stylized handwritten signature, likely of Bill Clinton, written in dark ink.

dy

cc: L. I. out
Rose Zamaria
(copy)

318 214



GEORGE V. VOINOVICH
GOVERNOR

STATE OF OHIO

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

COLUMBUS 43266-0601

92 MAR 30 AM 9:55

March 24, 1992

The Honorable George Bush
President of the United States
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

Recently I received photos which were taken on Air Force One when I traveled with you from Washington to Cleveland. I can't remember if I thanked you for the opportunity to visit with you. If I didn't, thank you.

Whenever I get down in the dumps, and I get down in the dumps quite often lately because of the almost \$600 million budget deficit I need to handle, I think of you and the problems you have, then I don't feel so bad. Just stay in there and don't let the ! grind you down. I'm sure you and Barbara have said on many occasions, "Thank God this is the last time we have to do this."

You are in our thoughts and prayers.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "George V. Voinovich".

George V. Voinovich
Governor

GVV/jec

=====

DRAFT-Pers. Corres.

=====

INITIALS: GB / dmt / *W*

DOC. TITLE: /pc/draft/voinovich

DRAFT DATE/LETTER DATE: Mar 31 1992/

CORRESPONDENCE #: 681040

CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESSED TO:

The Honorable George V. Voinovich
Governor, State of Ohio

Vern Riffe Center For Government and
the Arts

30th Floor

77 South High Street

Columbus, Ohio 43266

=====

ENCLOSURES AND SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS:

cc: Desiree M. Thompson

GBSig and Notecard.

Dear George,

Thanks for yours of March 24. You're right. There's ^{been some} ~~an~~ ugliness generated ^{to this campaign} --

^{by the} ~~from~~ a sluggish economy that makes everything less than fun, but I remain ^{am} confident ^{that things are looking up.}

Dodge the cheap shots, keep chipping away at the deficits, and give our best to Janet.

Sincerely,

ID# 318216

**THE WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET**

INCOMING

DATE RECEIVED: MARCH 27, 1992

NAME OF CORRESPONDENT: THE HONORABLE GEORGE V. VOINOVICH

SUBJECT: APPRECIATION FOR THE PHOTOS AND OPPORTUNITY
TO ACCOMPANY THE PRESIDENT ON AIR FORCE ONE
FROM WASHINGTON TO CLEVELAND; ALSO EXPRESSES
SUPPORT

Reading file or
2 liner thanking
for supportive
words?

		ACTION		DISPOSITION	
ROUTE TO: OFFICE/AGENCY	(STAFF NAME)	ACT CODE	DATE YY/MM/DD	TYPE RESP	C COMPLETED D YY/MM/DD
JAN BURMEISTER		ORG	92/03/27		
	REFERRAL NOTE:				
DAVID BEIGHTOL		RSI	92/03/27		C 92/03/27
	REFERRAL NOTE:				
	REFERRAL NOTE:				
	REFERRAL NOTE:				
	REFERRAL NOTE:				

COMMENTS:

ADDITIONAL CORRESPONDENTS: MEDIA:L INDIVIDUAL CODES: 2110 _____
IG MAIL USER CODES: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

 *ACTION CODES: *DISPOSITION *OUTGOING *
 * * *CORRESPONDENCE: *
 *A-APPROPRIATE ACTION *A-ANSWERED *TYPE RESP=INITIALS *
 *C-COMMENT/RECOM *B-NON-SPEC-REFERRAL * OF SIGNER *
 *D-DRAFT RESPONSE *C-COMPLETED * CODE = A *
 *F-FURNISH FACT SHEET *S-SUSPENDED *COMPLETED = DATE OF *
 I-INFO COPY/NO ACT NEC * OUTGOING *
 *R-DIRECT REPLY W/COPY * * *
 *S-FOR-SIGNATURE * * *
 *X-INTERIM REPLY * * *

REFER QUESTIONS AND ROUTING UPDATES TO CENTRAL REFERENCE
(ROOM 75, OEOB) EXT-2590
KEEP THIS WORKSHEET ATTACHED TO THE ORIGINAL INCOMING
LETTER AT ALL TIMES AND SEND COMPLETED RECORD TO RECORDS
MANAGEMENT.

MATERIALS FORWARDED TO THE PRESIDENT
April 2, 1992

ACTION

1. Recommended telephone call to Reed Norman for 04/02 (10-year^{old} undergoing brain surgery)
2. 1985 Partial Revision of the Radio Regulations and U.S. Reservation and Statements contined in the Final Protocol
3. 1988 Partial Revision of the Radio Regulations and U.S. Statement Contained in the Final Protocol
4. Mail Sample
5. H.J. Res. 272 - National Agriculture Day
6. Statement to be Released on Antitrust Enforcement Policy
7. Response to Ben Cooper, Senior VP of Printing Industries of America, to thank him for PIA's Endorsement for Bush '92
8. Gray memo re Congressional Coverage Legislation
9. Response to William Hyland re his son James who is Running for Congress in Virginia; Letter of Recognition to Sherry Johnson, who is ending her serivce as Chairman of the Harris County GOP; Response to Supportive Letter from Mayor Julio Martinez of Hialeah, FL
10. Delegation to the 50th Anniversary Commemorations in the Philippines - Selection of Person to Head Delegation
11. The 1992 President's Annual Points of Light Awards
12. Mail Sample
13. Personnel Selection: Interstate Comm. on the Potomac River Basin - James Beall; Edward Kubasiewicz to be Asst. Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Dep. of Commerce; Hugo Pomrehn, to be Under Sec. of Energy; Susan Coughlin, to be Vice Chairman of the Nat'l Transportation Safety Board; Advisory Council on Historic Preservation - Margaret Robson; Federal Council on Aging - Max Friedersdorf and Charles Kane; Commission on National and Community Service - Edward Hill
14. Transmittal Letters to Congress for the FREEDOM Support Act of 1992
15. Disaster Denial for the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands

16. Presidential Letter to President Fujimori
17. Responses to Republican Leaders of Ocean County re Congressman Chris Smith's Seat
18. Personnel Selection: Gregory Francis Chapados, to be Asst. Sec. for Communications and Information, Department of Commerce
19. Waiver of the Jackson-Vanik Amendment for Armenia, Belarus, Kyrgyzstan and Russia
20. Recommended telephone call to John Cardinal Krol for 04/03 while in Philadelphia (to the residence w/trip notebook)

CLASSIFIED

1. Congressional Notification of Presidential Determination to Draw Down Department of Defense Stocks for Use as Anti-Drug Assistance
2. Telephone call from President Havel of Czechoslovakia for 7:00a.m. on 04/03 (to the residence)

INFORMATION

1. Rollins memo attaching Articles written by Pam Bailey, President of HEAL
2. Copy of incoming letter from Nicholas J. Helmer re the economy to Samuel Skinner and Mr. Skinner's response
3. Andy Ferguson memo re Bill Moyers
4. Horner Memo re Digger Phelps
5. CEA numbers -- Employment and unemployment in March

REMARKS

1. Gonzalez Departure Statement - Cards
2. Old House Chamber, Philadelphia (draft 4)
3. Radio Address for 4/3/92
4. Old House Chamber, Philadelphia (xerox of reading copy in trip notebook)

SCHEDULE

1. Goldline and accompanying briefing papers for a.m., 04/03 at the White House
2. Trip notebook for 04/03, Philadelphia

Mr. President

Bridget, BB had briefing with Governor Carlos^{son} in MN on Monday, 3/30/92. He asked Anna Perez to take notes during briefing b/c he was planning to call GB to give him the same info. For what it is worth, and I am not sure it is much, attached are Anna's notes that the Governor really pressed her to take....

Ped.

Document Originally
Attached to
Following Page

Presidential Phone Calls



DATE:

4-2-82

TIME:

7:20

incoming/outgoing

WITH:

Anne
Gov. Carlson

Mim

SUBJECT:

Thank vis BPB visit
Nice Chat

FOLLOW UP:

None

BB - will find way for Gov.'s Care

From Gov. Carlson:

1. Newsweek mag. article
 - where America has been
 - Gov. on front line
2. More concepts like America 2000
 - partnerships - jobs, infrastructure
 - anxiety is not reality based
 - but perception
 - Big business, n.g.w. can't do it.
3. Emphasis on children
 - Cheaper to fund HeadStart than
 - to build prisons
4. Focus on prevention agenda
 - prevent ill health
5. Fed. govt is dominating bully.
 - more partnerships like health care
 - waivers -
 - more cooperative relationships
6. Environment vs. Economy - must not compete
 - much progress but fear the ozone thing
7. Prevention / Vision
8. Keep Pres. on high road.
9. Second term: GB should deal w/
middle class entitlement.

occasion

10:19 am MRS. BUSH proceeds to Dais and takes her seat (& Governor Carlson & Mr. Weinholzer).

10:20 am Mr. Weinholzer remarks and introduces Governor Carlson.

10:22 am Governor Carlson remarks and introduces MRS. BUSH.

10:25 am MRS. BUSH remarks.

10:38 am MRS. BUSH concludes remarks and remains standing at Podium.

10:39 am Mr. Weinholzer makes concluding remarks.

10:40 am MRS. BUSH concludes Rally and proceeds to Grotto (& Governor Carlson & Mr. Weinholzer).

EVENT: GREET VIP GUESTS

CLOSED PRESS

6 PARTICIPANTS

OFFICIAL PHOTOGRAPHER

10:41 am MRS. BUSH arrives Grotto for Greeting (& Governor Carlson & Mr. Weinholzer).

Met by:

MRS. ARNE CARLSON (SUSAN)
Wife of Governor of Minnesota (R), and
Co-Chairman
Minnesota Bush/Quayle '92

MRS. BOB WEINHOLZER (LINDA)
Wife of State Party Chairman, and
Co-Chairman
Minnesota Bush/Quayle '92

THE HONORABLE AND MRS. FRED. RICHARDS (NANCY)
Mayor of Edina (R)

MS. EVIE AXDAHL
Minnesota Republican National Committeewoman

E X E C U T I V E O F F I C E O F T H E P R E S I D E N T

02-Apr-1992 09:23am

TO: Sharon M. Botwin
FROM: Debra Rae Anderson
Intergovernmental Affairs
SUBJECT: Johnny Carson

Since DD doesn't read his E-mail, you have to relay the message:

Last nite's Johnny Carson monologue:

Did you hear what the President did on Saturday nite at the Gridiron Dinner? He used my act! He did my Karnac routine....yes and it went over so well that I heard tonite he's doing Art Fern...with Margaret Tutwiler as the Matinee Lady!!

I laughed so hard I thought I'd fall'out of bed. Hasta.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

4/2/92 *daily* 4/2/92
02 APR 2 AIO: 43

March 24, 1992

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

THROUGH: RONALD C. KAUFMAN *RCY*
DEPUTY ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
FOR POLITICAL AFFAIRS
FROM: ANDREW B. FOSTER *Andy*
ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR
OFFICE OF POLITICAL AFFAIRS
SUBJECT: RECOMMENDED LETTER OF RECOGNITION

I. ISSUE

Recommended letter of recognition to Sherry Johnson, who is ending her service as Chairman of the Harris County Republican Party.

II. RECOMMENDATION

You are requested to sign the attached letter for Sherry Johnson.

GEORGE BUSH

WASHINGTON

April 2, 1992

Dear Sherry:

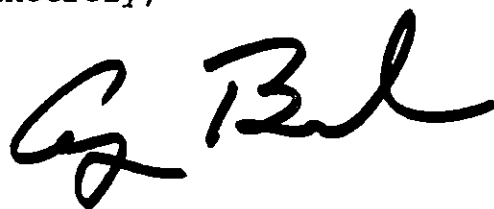
I take great pleasure in joining with your fellow Republicans in honoring you on your departure as Chairman of the Harris County Republican Party.

Sherry, you have inspired Republicans across the State of Texas through your strong and virtually lifelong commitment to the GOP. That commitment has been evident in your leadership of the Harris County Republican Party, as well as your tireless work in behalf of Republican candidates.

Because of the strong support of Republican leaders such as you, I am convinced that we can fulfill our greatest hopes for the United States. You have set a wonderful example, and our Nation and our Party are in your debt.

Barbara joins me in sending congratulations to you, along with best wishes for the future.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "G. Bush", written in a cursive style.

Ms. Sherry Johnson
Chairman
Republican Party of Harris County
Suite 280
2400 Augusta
Houston, Texas 77057

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

April 2, 1992

FACT SHEET ON FINANCIAL SERVICES REFORMS

The Administration continues to eliminate needless regulatory burdens and red tape that impede economic growth and job creation. Working with the Council on Competitiveness and the Treasury Department, the regulatory agencies that oversee financial services today announced several concrete steps to reduce regulatory barriers to lending and to eliminate unnecessary regulatory compliance costs.

1. Reduce Unnecessary Regulatory Barriers to Lending. The Administration's comprehensive banking reform legislation remains the most effective long-term strategy for alleviating the credit crunch that has slowed the economy's climb out of the recession. The Nation, however, can no longer afford to wait for Congress to act. Building on its past efforts to ease access to capital and promote job creation and economic growth, the Administration is taking the following concrete steps -- on its own -- to reduce regulatory barriers to new lending.

- o Stimulate Real Estate Lending. Today, the Office of Thrift Supervision (OTS) and the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC) took two steps to enhance lending for real estate:
 - Home Construction Loans. The OTS and the OCC are taking action to reduce the amount of capital that banks and thrifts must hold against conservatively underwritten loans for construction of pre-sold homes. The Administration believes this modification alone could free up enough capital to support several billion dollars in additional residential lending.
 - Real Estate Appraisal Requirements. The OCC and OTS are increasing from \$50,000 to \$100,000 the threshold for requiring appraisals from licensed appraisers on loans secured by real estate. This should stimulate additional real estate loans in the \$50,000 to \$100,000 range.
- o Permit Interstate Branching by Federal Thrifts. A key component of the Administration's comprehensive banking legislation is to allow depository institutions to branch across state lines. Interstate branching allows greater efficiency, fosters healthy competition, and ultimately improves the quantity of credit available to consumers.

Fortunately, the Administration already has authority to permit interstate branching by federal thrifts. Today the OTS exercised that authority by issuing final regulations setting out procedures by which well-capitalized thrifts may open new branches in any U.S. state or territory.

- o Increase Bank Capital. The OCC, the OTS, and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) are taking action today to modify the definition of capital so that purchased mortgage servicing rights and credit card servicing relationships can be counted as capital. These adjustments will significantly enhance the ability of banks and thrifts to make loans.

2. Reduce Regulatory Compliance Costs. The regulatory agencies are also taking numerous steps to reduce or eliminate unnecessary compliance costs. Excessive compliance costs are ultimately paid by consumers in the form of higher interest charges or other fees. The specific actions are as follows:

- o Reduce Reports by Futures Exchanges. The Commodities Futures Trading Commission (CFTC) has reduced by 77 percent the amount of market surveillance data that the nation's futures exchanges are required to file with the CFTC in the form of paper reports. Savings of more than one million pages annually will be achieved through greater reliance on electronic reporting.
- o Streamline New Contract Approval Procedures. The CFTC has implemented expedited procedures for approving new contracts that are submitted by the various U.S. futures exchanges. This action will reduce costs and enable U.S. futures and options exchanges to better meet global competition in these products.
- o Simplify Disclosure Rules. The OCC is amending its disclosure requirements for publicly held national banks by incorporating, through cross reference, disclosure regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission. This change will simplify compliance, promote more consistent disclosure in the capital markets, and eliminate delays associated with the adoption of separate OCC regulations.
- o Streamline Thrift Application Processes. The OTS is significantly simplifying filing requirements for various business activities by federal thrifts. It is also establishing standard and expedited filing procedures for healthy thrifts that wish to engage in certain new activities.

- o Streamline Financial Reporting for Thrifts. The OTS is reducing from twelve to four the number of standard financial reports that thrifts must file with the agency each year. This change will not only reduce compliance costs, but will also bring thrift reporting requirements into conformity with those for commercial banks.
- o Clarify Rules Governing Transactions with Insiders. The OTS is taking action to simplify rules governing transactions by insiders. It is doing so by applying to thrifts the same rules that currently apply to banks.
- o Eliminate Disparity Between Fidelity Bond Requirements. The OTS has eliminated the burdensome disparity between the fidelity bond insurance requirements of thrifts and commercial banks.
- o Increase Flexibility for Thrift Operating Subsidiaries. The OTS is taking action to permit thrifts to invest without limit in subsidiaries that engage only in activities permissible for a federal savings association -- e.g., data processing. This rule will give thrifts more flexibility in the way they organize their operations.

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

April 2, 1992

The President today announced his intention to nominate Maureen E. Mahoney, of Virginia, to be United States District Judge for the Eastern District of Virginia. She would succeed Albert V. Bryan, Jr.

Currently, Ms. Mahoney serves as Deputy Solicitor General in the Office of the Solicitor General at the United States Department of Justice. Prior to this, she served with the law firm of Latham & Watkins as a Partner, 1986-1991; and as an Associate, 1980-1986. From 1979-1980, Ms. Mahoney served as a Law Clerk to the Honorable William Rehnquist, Supreme Court of the United States.

Ms. Mahoney was graduated from Indiana University (A.B., 1974) and the University of Chicago Law School (J.D., 1978). She was born August 28, 1954 in South Bend, Indiana. Ms. Mahoney is married, has two children and resides in Alexandria, Virginia.

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THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

April 2, 1992

The President today announced his intention to nominate Lourdes G. Baird, of California, to be United States District Judge for the Central District of California. This is a new position.

Currently, Ms. Baird serves as a United States Attorney for the Central District of California. Prior to this, she served as a Judge for: the Los Angeles Superior Court, 1988-1990; Los Angeles Municipal Court, 1987-1988; and the East Los Angeles Municipal Court, 1986-1987. Ms. Baird has also served as a Partner with the law firm of Baird, Munger and Myers, 1984-1986; a Partner with the law firm of Baird & Quadros, 1983-1984; and an Assistant United States Attorney for the Central District of California, 1977-1983.

Ms. Baird was graduated from Los Angeles City College (A.A., 1971); the University of California at Los Angeles (B.A., 1973); and the University of California at Los Angeles School of Law (J.D., 1976). She was born May 12, 1935 in Quito, Ecuador. Ms. Baird has three children and resides in Los Angeles, California.

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THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

April 2, 1992

The President today announced his intention to nominate Lauralee M. Peters, of Virginia, to be Ambassador to the Republic of Sierra Leone. She would succeed Johnny Young.

Currently, Ms. Peters serves as a Member of the Senior Seminar of the Foreign Service Institute in Washington, D.C. Prior to this, she served at the United States Department of State as: Deputy Assistant Secretary of State for Personnel at the Bureau of Personnel, 1989-1991; Personnel Counselor in the Office of Foreign Service Career Development and Assignments Bureau of Personnel, 1988-1898; and Director of the Office of Monetary Affairs in the Bureau of Economic and Business Affairs, 1984-1986. From 1986-1988, Ms. Peters served as Economic Counselor for the United States Embassy in Islamabad, Pakistan.

Ms. Peters was graduated from the University of Kansas (B.A., 1964). She was born January 28, 1943 in Monroe, North Carolina. Ms. Peters is married, has four children and resides in McLean, Virginia.

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THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

April 2, 1992

The President today announced his intention to nominate the following individuals:

BRIGADIER GENERAL PAT M. STEVENS, IV, United States Army, to be a Member and President of the Mississippi River Commission. He would succeed Arthur E. Williams. Currently, Brigadier General Stevens serves as Commanding General of the Army Engineer Division of the Lower Mississippi Valley in Vicksburg, Mississippi.

BRIGADIER GENERAL ALBERT J. GENETTI, JR., United States Army, to be a Member of the Mississippi River Commission. He would succeed Paul Y. Chinen. Currently, Brigadier General Genetti serves as Commanding General for the United States Army Engineer Division for the Ohio River in Cincinnati, Ohio.

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THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

April 2, 1992

The President today announced his intention to nominate Marvin H. Kusters, of Virginia, to be Commissioner of Labor Statistics at the United States Department of Labor, for a term of four years. He would succeed Janet L. Norwood.

Dr. Kusters has served at the American Enterprise Institute as: a Resident Scholar and Director for Economic Policy Studies, 1987-present; Director of the Center for the Study of Government Regulation, 1976-1986; and a Resident Scholar, 1974. Prior to this, he served in the Office of the Assistant to the President for Economic Affairs at the White House, 1974-1975; and an Associate Director for Economic Policy at the United States Council on Living, 1971-1974.

Dr. Kusters was graduated from Calvin College (B.A., 1960) and the University of Chicago (Ph.D., 1966). He was born August 4, 1933 in Corsica, South Dakota. Dr. Kusters served in the United States Army, 1953-1955. He is married, has three children and resides in Arlington, Virginia.

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THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

April 2, 1992

The President today recognized the volunteers of Any Baby Can (ABC), Inc., of San Antonio, Texas, as the 735th Daily Point of Light for the Nation. ABC volunteers strengthen families by helping parents and siblings learn to accept and appreciate the special needs of their children.

Thousands of children in San Antonio have special needs resulting from autism, chronic or terminal illnesses, hearing impairments, or other problems. Because many parents do not realize or fully understand the nature of these problems, children may be left without proper medical or therapeutic care.

Since 1982, ABC volunteers have been helping families, 80 percent of which are low-income, and their children, from birth to age eight. The volunteer-operated "Parent Helpline" offers support and advice and refers families to ABC case managers or to other agencies. At monthly support groups, parents receive training and information. At these meetings, which are led by parent volunteers and either a counselor, psychologist, or other professional, parents learn about subjects such as "Sudden Infant Death Syndrome." Parents who are crisis survivors run a resource library, Michael's Place, and visit homes with staff case managers to instruct other parents about their children's special physical and emotional needs.

More than 450 volunteers devoted over 30,800 hours and served 1,056 families last year. Over 40 volunteering seniors, ages 55-80, provide in-home respite care, escort children to visit incarcerated parents, provide day care for homeless children, teach parenting skills, and help parents understand medical terminology. "Intensive Care Grannies" are specially trained volunteers who work one-to-one with families in crisis at their homes, visiting daily, often for several weeks. More than 12 graduate students from Our Lady of the Lake University give of their time to counsel and listen to the needs of families three days per week. Many volunteers are bilingual, enabling them to better serve San Antonio's large Spanish-speaking population.

The President salutes the volunteers of Any Baby Can, Inc. for exemplifying his belief that, "From now on in America, any definition of a successful life must include serving others."

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FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tracey Taylor or Miah Homstad
(202) 456-6266

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

April 2, 1992

STATEMENT BY THE PRESIDENT

I am pleased to announce today a unified antitrust enforcement policy for mergers and acquisitions by the Department of Justice and the Federal Trade Commission.

This new enforcement policy is an important part of the Administration's ongoing efforts to improve the competitiveness of American business and to provide jobs for our people. A common policy will provide the business community with greater certainty about the standards to be applied in enforcing the antitrust laws. And, where stiff international competition already exists, the new guidelines will make it easier for American companies to achieve the economic clout to compete effectively in the global marketplace.

I commend Attorney General Bill Barr and FTC Chairman Janet Steiger for this important contribution to American competitiveness.

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THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

April 2, 1992

The President today announced his intention to nominate Robert D. Hunter, of Alabama, to be United States District Judge for the Northern District of Alabama. He would succeed E. B. Haltom, Jr.

Mr. Hunter has served with the law firm of Lange, Simpson, Robinson and Somerville in Birmingham, Alabama as: a Partner, 1982-present; and as an Associate, 1976-1981.

Mr. Hunter was graduated from Mississippi State University (B.S., 1973) and Cornell University Law School (J.D., 1976). He was born November 20, 1951 in Columbia, South Carolina. Mr. Hunter is married, has three children and resides in Birmingham, Alabama.

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THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

April 2, 1992

The President today announced his intention to nominate Joan M. McEntee, of New York, to be Under Secretary of Commerce for Export Administration. She would succeed Dennis Edward Kloske.

Currently, Ms. McEntee serves as Acting Under Secretary of the Bureau of Export Administration at the United States Commerce Department. Prior to this, she served as Deputy Under Secretary for Export Administration, 1989-1991; and the Deputy Under Secretary for Trade Development at the International Trade Association at the United States Department of Commerce, 1988-1989.

Ms. McEntee was graduated from Marymount College (B.A., 1969) and American University (M.A., 1972; J.D., 1981). She was born June 3, 1948 in New York, New York. Ms. McEntee is married, has one child and resides in Washington, D.C.

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THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

April 2, 1992

PRESS BRIEFING BY
ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE FOR
EUROPEAN AND CANADIAN AFFAIRS THOMAS NILES

The Briefing Room

3:34 P.M. EST

MR. HARLOW: Good afternoon. Welcome to the readout on today's official working visit. This briefing is on the record. Our briefer today is the Assistant Secretary of State for European and Canadian Affairs Thomas Niles.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NILES: Thanks very much. A few brief comments on the visit. The Prime Minister and the President met in the Cabinet Room for roughly an hour and then continued over lunch for another hour; then, of course, had their statements to the press on the South Lawn.

The discussion both in the Cabinet Room and over lunch was exclusively on what we might call the multilateral agenda. There are, at least in terms of the presidential-prime ministerial level, no bilateral issues between the United States and Spain. I think Prime Minister Gonzalez perhaps said it best on the South Lawn when he said the relationship had never been better. And I think that's certainly our view, too, of the bilateral ties between Spain and the United States.

The discussion covered developments in Russia and the other new states of the former Soviet Union. The Prime Minister strongly supported the effort, multilateral effort, to assist Russia and the other new states; supported the President's announcement yesterday. They agreed that continued efforts were needed to ensure that the nuclear potential, nuclear weapons of the former Soviet Union were handled in a safe and responsible manner.

They talked quite a bit about developments in Latin America and Central America. There the United States and Spain are working closely together in projects involving Nicaragua and El Salvador.

They also talked at the end of the meeting about the Uruguay Round. There both leaders agreed that we need to wrap up the Uruguay Round negotiations as quickly as possible. They certainly agreed on the importance for Europe and for the United States -- for the entire world economy -- of a successful outcome to the Uruguay Round negotiations.

Prime Minister Gonzalez pointed out that, in part because of the need to reform the common agricultural policy, that agricultural trade issues are particularly difficult for Europe today, but he felt optimistic that a solution could be found.

Questions?

Q Was there any discussion about Spain wanting to be part of the Security Council?

MORE

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NILES: That issue did not come up. As a matter of fact, Spain has put forward its candidacy to be a member of the Security Council that, I guess, would be elected in the fall of '92 for a two-year term beginning January 1, '93. But the subject did not come up. As far as the United States' position is concerned, we certainly believe that Spain would be an excellent member of the Security Council, but our policy is to support whichever candidate is put forward by the Western European group. So we'll have to wait and see how that group comes out.

Q A follow-up. The Prime Minister didn't ask for that support?

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NILES: Did not, no.

Q What did Gonzalez mean when he told Bush he will see him July?

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NILES: He was talking about Helsinki. The Helsinki -- I assume. You'd have to ask the Prime Minister, but I assume what he was talking about was the CSCE Summit in Helsinki.

Q Bush will be there?

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NILES: I don't know that a decision has been made. It's not for me to announce presidential travel, but I'm sure that's what the Prime Minister was referring to.

Q Was that discussed in the meetings?

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NILES: No, it was -- well, CSCE and the -- I should have mentioned that -- the need to find a good working relationship between the various multilateral institutions in Europe -- CSCE, Western European Union, NATO, EC -- was discussed. And the Prime Minister talked a bit about the way in which CSCE was changing. But the subject of the Helsinki Summit, the CSCE Summit, which is scheduled, I think, for the 9th of July, did not come up, no.

Q Is the President considering going, planning to go?

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NILES: The President's going to be in Europe for the G-7 Summit in Munich on the 6th through the 8th of July, but I don't know that a decision has been made on travel to Helsinki. You'll have to inquire here in the White House.

Q Two different questions, sir. One is on CIS. Was the subject of CFE ratification issue discussed between the two leaders today? Because there's a growing pessimism in Washington and in European capitals on CFE as it was signed in Paris -- would not stand with regard to the situation that has taken place in the CIS nations today. And another issue which is completely different is GATT. Mr. Gonzalez was the second European leader to visit Washington in one month. Did he produce any sort of a concrete base on which he expresses optimism for a solution of agriculture products?

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NILES: On the first question, the CFE ratification issue did not come up, was not discussed between the two leaders. I might just say that -- you speak of pessimism that CFE would be ratified. I'm not sure that -- that's certainly not my view. I don't believe there's pessimism regarding the ratification of the agreement or the resolution of the problems. But obviously, there's some work that has to be done in as far as reaching an agreement among the republics of the former Soviet Union on the division of the treaty-limited equipment that belonged to the former Red Army.

That's a complicated issue, but is by no means an insoluble one. And we believe -- we understand from the Russians, Ukrainians and others, that some progress has been made in reaching an agreement between Russia, Belarus, Ukraine, et cetera, the various republics whose territory falls into the CFE reductions area.

So it's not that it's easy or that's its completed, but I certainly don't think it's an insoluble problem. We should be able to work with one out.

As far as GATT is concerned, no, the Prime Minister did not bring any proposals for Europe to resolve the issue. The discussion focused, as all these discussions seem to do, on agriculture. The Prime Minister did note that Spain is not one of the major beneficiaries of the common agricultural policy. But he did say that because of the complexity of reforming the common agricultural policy, Europe has a difficulty in coming to grips with the GATT negotiations. But he was optimistic, I think, as other European leaders have been, in talking with the President, that we would find a solution.

I think one of the reasons why people say that and feel optimistic is because everybody recognizes how important it is that we do that.

Q By April 15th, by the deadline date?

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NILES: Well, that's a target not a deadline, as I think I've said in this room before. We'd like certainly to do that, but if we don't we're certainly going to continue to negotiate.

Q Can you elaborate a bit on these joint projects for Nicaragua and El Salvador that were discussed today?

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NILES: Well, there are a couple of projects -- one in particular: the idea of supporting the civilianization of the police force; another a project involving assistance in the reduction of the military forces, both of which I think are part of the process of establishing a stable situation in Nicaragua. And the government of Spain has been assisting in those efforts. And I think the President certainly encouraged the Prime Minister to remain -- that Spain remain directly engaged in the effort in Nicaragua and Prime Minister Gonzalez said that Spain certainly would do that.

The other area of discussion was as far as Central America was concerned was El Salvador. And there the Prime Minister noted that there are quite a few Spanish representatives in El Salvador. I don't know that I have the exact numbers here somewhere, but it's something like 130 of military officers and 138 civilian officials who are there to assist in the process of integrating the FMLN into the society or into the peace settlement.

The Prime Minister expressed again optimism that the agreement would hold and that there was a commitment on the part of all of the parties in El Salvador to the realization of the agreement -- implementation of the agreement.

Q Did the Prime Minister bring any specific ideas to either of these projects?

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NILES: No, nothing new.

Q Can you say why he was here?

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NILES: Again, there's no need to have a crises to have a visit from one of our major European partners. The President, I think -- I know -- feels that these consultations are very useful. Regular meetings between the President and leaders such as the Prime Minister of Spain, or recently, the Chancellor of Germany are a normal part of our policy coordination effort with our principal European partners. So there was no particular need in the sense of a crisis, either multilateral or certainly not bilateral. But I think both sides felt it was a useful time for the two leaders to meet.

I should say they last met in Madrid in October at the time of the Middle East Peace Conference. And the President, as you heard, on the South Lawn and he certainly at the table in the Cabinet Room, stressed how much he appreciated the role that Spain played in that process and how useful it had been at that time to have Spanish cooperation bringing the parties together in Madrid.

The Prime Minister said Spain welcomed this role and, if called upon, would be prepared to assist again in the process.

Q Turning to Latin America again. Were any other countries discussed, such as Cuba, for example?

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NILES: The subject, Cuba, did not come up, at least not while I was there. There was a brief meeting in the Oval Office before the Prime Minister and the President joined the rest of us, and it's possible that the subject was discussed there, but did not -- was not discussed.

In general, I think -- although in the past we and Spain may have disagreed somewhat on the question of Cuba, I think the Spanish view of the solution to the problems of Cuba is not terribly different from that of the United States.

Any other questions?

Q In the meeting did Mr. Gonzalez share the same perception and concept on the continuing roles that NATO is going to play in --

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NILES: Yes. As a matter of fact, the Prime Minister made quite a point of stressing the importance of NATO for stability in Europe and his hope that the United States commitment to NATO, to Europe through NATO, would continue and that would include a substantial United States troop presence in Europe as a contribution to the security of the Alliance.

Q One other question. Did the Prime Minister invite the President to come to Barcelona?

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NILES: The Prime Minister said that he understood that the President had a busy year ahead, but said that if the President would be able to come to Spain -- noted the Olympics -- he would be delighted to welcome the President. The President said he appreciated that, but agreed that he had a busy year ahead.

Q But didn't say, I'll come?

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NILES: Didn't say. He expressed appreciation for the invitation, but agreed with the Prime Minister that he had a busy year ahead.

MR. HARLOW: Last question.

Q Were there any topics on the agenda that weren't discussed?

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NILES: Any topics on the agenda that weren't discussed.

Q I mean did they have any specific --

ASSISTANT SECRETARY NILES: Well, I think they covered a pretty broad range of issues. As I said, there are no agenda items of a bilateral nature because, as the Prime Minister said, we have no problems of a bilateral nature. And they covered a very wide range of what we consider to be multilateral issues -- East-West issues, developments in Eastern Europe, Latin America, the GATT. I'm not sure what else could have been discussed. I'm sure if they had had another couple of hours they could have found issues to go over, but I think they covered the principal points.

Thanks, very much.

Q Thank you.

END

3:37 P.M. EST

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

April 2, 1992

TO THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES:

With a view to receiving the advice and consent of the Senate to ratification, I transmit herewith the Partial Revision of the Radio Regulations (Geneva, 1979), signed on behalf of the United States at Geneva on September 15, 1985, and the United States reservation and statements as contained in the Final Protocol. I transmit also, for the information of the Senate, the report of the Department of State with respect to the 1985 Partial Revision.

The 1985 Revision constitutes a partial revision of the Radio Regulations (Geneva, 1979), to which the United States is a party. The primary purpose of the revision is to incorporate into the Radio Regulations the decisions of the Regional Administrative Radio Conference for the Planning of the Broadcasting-Satellite Service in Region 2 (essentially the Western Hemisphere). The Broadcasting-Satellite Service is a radiocommunication service in which signals transmitted or retransmitted by satellites are intended for direct reception by the general public. The Partial Revision is broadly consistent with the proposals of and positions taken by the United States at the First Session of the World Administrative Radio Conference on the Use of the Geostationary-Satellite Orbit and the Planning of Space Services Utilizing It (ORB-85).

At the time of signature, the United States submitted a reservation concerning technical matters included in the Revision; a statement in response to statements by Indonesia, Colombia, and Ecuador concerning claims of sovereign rights of segments of the geostationary-satellite orbit; and a statement in response to Cuba's characterization of Radio Marti as "the use . . . by the Government of the United States, of the radio spectrum as a means of aggression" The specific reservation and statements, with reasons, are given in the report of the Department of State.

The 1985 Partial Revision of the Radio Regulations entered into force on October 30, 1986, for governments which, by that date, had notified the Secretary General of the International Telecommunication Union of their approval thereof.

I believe the United States should become a party to the Partial Revision, which will facilitate the development of a broadcasting-satellite service in the United States. It is my hope that the Senate will take early action on this matter and give its advice and consent to ratification.

GEORGE BUSH

THE WHITE HOUSE,
April 2, 1992.

#

April 2, 1992

gaw
fyi
P.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. BUSH

Ed

SUBJECT: **CAMP DAVID**
April 3 - 6, 1992

Gaylord
who is?

FRIDAY, APRIL 3, 1992

Don says she
should be in.

12:50 p.m. The President arrives Camp David

5:00 p.m. Mrs. Bush arrives Camp David

OVERNIGHT GUESTS: NONE

SATURDAY, APRIL 4, 1992

9:45 a.m. Dr. and Mrs. Bobby Brown (Sara) arrive National Airport (Delta flight #1745). They depart immediately by White House car enroute Camp David. **Approximate arrival time at Camp David: 11:15 a.m.**

3:00 p.m. Dr. and Mrs. Charles Neblett (Sally); Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Neblett (Margaret) and their 7 month old baby, Kelsey, arrive Camp David by private car (Silver Saab 900 - TEXAS license plate: 938 TSY.)

5:56 p.m. George P. Bush arrives National Airport (American Flight #1508) and immediately departs by White House car enroute Camp David. **Approximate arrival time at Camp David: 7:30 p.m.**

OVERNIGHT GUESTS:

George P. Bush

Dr. and Mrs. Bobby Brown (Sara)

Dr. and Mrs. Charles Neblett (Sally)

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Neblett (Margaret)

Kelsey Neblett

SUNDAY, APRIL 5, 1992

- 9:00 a.m. The President and Mrs. Bush attend Chapel
- 11:45 a.m.
(approx.) The Nebletts depart Camp David by private car.
- 3:00 p.m. Mr. and Mrs. Ed Gaylord (Thelma) arrive Hagerstown Airport, Aviation Services (301-733-5200) by private plane (Challenger Tail #N19036), and depart by Camp David car enroute Camp David.
- 4:30 p.m. Dr. and Mrs. Bobby Brown depart Camp David enroute Washington, D.C. for a private reception with the Orioles. They will go directly from the reception to Baltimore where they will overnight Sunday.

OVERNIGHT GUESTS:

George P. Bush

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Gaylord (Thelma)

MONDAY, APRIL 6, 1992

- 9:06 a.m. George W. Bush arrives National Airport (American Airlines Flight #846) and proceeds directly to the White House.
- 11:00 a.m. The President, Mrs. Bush, George P. Bush, and Mr. and Mrs. Ed Gaylord depart Camp David by helicopter enroute the White House.
- 11:30 a.m. Marine One arrives the South Lawn
- 12:00 noon The President, George P. Bush, George W. Bush, and Mr. and Mrs. Ed Gaylord have lunch in the President's Dining Room (West Wing).

NOTE: Doro and Sam LeBlond, and Bobby Koch may join the President for lunch - to be determined.

Mrs. Bush has a luncheon commitment in the Residence.

1:35 p.m. The President, George P. Bush, George W. Bush, and Mr. and Mrs. Ed Gaylord board Marine One and depart the South Lawn enroute Baltimore to attend the Baltimore Orioles opening baseball game.

(Doro and Sam LeBlond, accompanied by Bobby Koch and Don Rhodes depart the White House at 1:00 p.m. by car enroute the Pentagon Helicopter Pad. They will chopper to Baltimore on Nighthawk II.)

3:05 p.m. The President and George P. participate in the FIRST PITCH CEREMONY.

TBD The President departs Oriole Park at Camden Yards enroute Washington, D.C.

NOTE: George P. will be manifested on Nighthawk II which lands at the Pentagon. A White House car will take George P. to National Airport where he is scheduled to depart at 6:50 p.m. aboard American Airlines Flight #897.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Gaylord will remain in Baltimore.

Doro and Sam LeBlond, Bobby Koch, and George W. Bush will be manifested on Marine One from Baltimore to Washington, D.C.

OVERNIGHT GUESTS AT THE WHITE HOUSE:
George W. Bush

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

The Honorable George V. Voinovich
Governor, State of Ohio
Vern Riffe Center For Government and
the Arts
30th Floor
77 South High Street
Columbus, Ohio 43266



THE PRESIDENT

April 2, 1992

Dear George,

Thanks for yours of March 24. You're right. There's been some ugliness to this campaign -- generated by the sluggish economy -- that makes everything less than fun, but I am confident that things are looking up.

Dodge the cheap shots, keep chipping away at the deficits, and give our best to Janet.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "Bill Clinton", written in a cursive style.

dy

*cc: Liebowitz
Rose Zamaria
(copy)*

JAN'S

Ethiopia
Diplomatic
Credentials

Document Originally
Attached to
Following Page

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 2, 1992

PERSONAL

Dear Mr. Fossum:

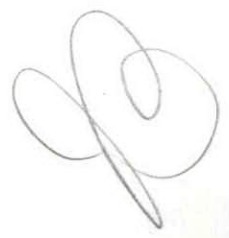
Thank you for the unique writing paper. I have often said that the American people are the most innovative and creative in the world, and by discovering yet another way to make use of broccoli, you prove my point. Better in paper than on the plate!

Best wishes.

Sincerely,



Mr. Bruce Fossum
Fossum Studio 1
2121 Bryant Street
San Francisco, California 94110



FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

thanks -- clip

Mrs. Pam Bailey
President, Healthcare Leadership
Council
1500 "K" Street, N.W.
Suite 360
Washington, D.C. 20005



THE PRESIDENT

4-2-92

Dear Pam,

When I saw you this
week I had not seen
the op-ed (attached)

Thanks so very much
for that positive advocacy.

Best wishes. G. B.

CC: (all)
Rose Zamaria
(2 copies)

Don
4/2/92

JAN

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mr. Michael A. Miles
Chairman and Chief Executive
Officer
Philip Morris Companies,
Incorporated
120 Park Avenue
New York, New York 10017



THE PRESIDENT

April 2, 1992

Dear Mike,

Thank you for your letter. The pleasure of hosting the dinner here at the White House was all ours. UNCF is an important team effort by so many dedicated people, and we're glad when we're able to be a part of it.

Keep up the wonderful work, and Barbara joins me in sending best wishes to you and Pam.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "George Bush".

Handwritten initials "ag" in black ink.

Handwritten signature "JAN'S" in black ink.

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

The Honorable George Murphy
Good Samaritan Hospital
Room 451
13 North Flagler
West Palm Beach, FL 33402



THE PRESIDENT

April 2, 1992

Dear George,

Barbara and I heard just now about your health troubles. This is simply to say, right from the heart, that we wish you all the best for a speedy recovery and we will keep you in our prayers.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "G. Bush".

cc: Laurie
Firestone

JAN'S

BF

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
Thursday, April 2, 1992

8:00 am (30 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
8:30 am (15 min)	<u>Intelligence Briefing</u> (Scowcroft)	Oval Office
8:45 am (30 min)	<u>National Security Briefing</u> (Scowcroft)	Oval Office
9:15 am (30 min)	<u>Meeting with Chief of Staff</u>	Oval Office
9:45 am (30 min)	<u>Domestic Briefing</u> (Yeutter)	Oval Office (TAB A)
10:15 am (15 min)	<u>Administrative Time</u>	Oval Office
10:30 am (30 min)	<u>Meeting with Secretary Baker</u>	Oval Office
11:00 am (60 min)	<u>Meeting with President</u> <u>Felipe Gonzalez of Spain</u> (Scowcroft)(Distributed Separately)	Oval Office/ Cabinet Room <i>open</i>
12:00 pm (15 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
12:15 pm (60 min)	<u>Lunch with President Gonzalez</u> (Scowcroft)(Distributed Separately & TAB B)	Old Family Dining Room
1:15 pm (15 min)	<u>Departure Statements</u> (Scowcroft)(Distributed Separately & TAB B)	South Lawn
1:30 pm (30 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
2:00 pm (10 min)	<u>Meeting with Hispanic Leaders</u> (Rollins)	Roosevelt Room (TAB C)

UNP 04/01/92
6:00 pm

Shoes

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
06. Schedule	Schedule of the President, Re: Thursday, April 2, 1992; redactions. (1 pp.)	04/02/92	(b)(3)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Thursday, April 2, 1992 [2]

Date Closed: 8/27/2019

OA/ID Number: 90666-005

FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S[4]

Appeal Case #:

Re-review Case #:

Appeal Disposition:

P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

Disposition Date:

AR Case #:

MR Case #:

AR Disposition:

MR Disposition:

AR Disposition Date:

MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- (b)(1) National security classified information
- (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency
- (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute
- (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information
- (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy
- (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes
- (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions
- (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information concerning wells

Deed of Gift Restrictions

- C(1) Closed by Executive Order 13526, governing access to national security information
- C(2) Closed by statute or by the agency which originated the information
- C(3) Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift [formerly listed as only C]
- PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]

2:10 pm
(20 min)

Personal Staff Time

Oval Office

2:30 pm
(30 min)

Congressional Hour
(Calio)

Oval Office
(TAB D)

3:00 pm
(45 min)

Administrative Time

Oval Office

3:45 pm
(30 min)

Meeting with Chief of Staff

Oval Office

4:15 pm
(45 min)

Diplomatic Credentials Ceremony
(Scowcroft)

Oval Office
(TAB E)

7:15 POTUS In

8:30 Scowcroft, Gates, (b)(3)
Adm. Howe In

8:46 Skinner In

8:54 (b)(3), Gates Out

8:55 VPOTUS In

9:09 Scowcroft, Howe Out, Moore In

9:22 Demarest In

9:48 Skinner, Demarest, Out/VPOTUS Out
Yuetter, Hills, Scowcroft, Darman,
Holiday, Sec. Brady In

9:50 VPOTUS In

10:15 Moore Out

10:21 Darman, Holiday, Hills, Yuetter Out

10:25 Sec. Baker Out

10:29 Moore In

10:33 Skinner In

10:36 Moore, Scowcroft, Skinner Out

10:40 Baker In

10:42 VPOTUS Out

10:46 Scowcroft In

11:00 Fred Bush In

11:02 Pres. Gonzalez.

11:03 Fred Bush Out

11:21 All Out to Cabinet Room

11:08 POTUS, Pres. Gonzalez Out to Oval

UNP 04/01/92
6:00 pm

7:00





OFFICIAL WHITE HOUSE CHIEF OF STAFF 92 150455-27A DV

Pres Gonzales
J Spain

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OFFICIAL WHITE HOUSE PHOTOGRAPH 02 APR 92 P30471-13A DV

U.S. Amb to Spain
Joe Zapalla

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Domestic Briefing

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