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FOIA MARKER

**This is not a textual record. This is used as an
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Record Group/Collection: George H.W. Bush Presidential Records
Collection/Office of Origin: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:

OA/ID Number: 90584
Folder ID Number: 90584-005

Folder Title:
Tuesday, February 19, 1991

Stack:

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Row:

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Section:

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Shelf:

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Position:

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
01. Schedule	Schedule of the President [redaction] (1 pp.)	02/19/91	(b)(3)	
02. Log	White House Telephone Log [Signal Switchboard] [redaction of personal information] (1 pp.)	02/19/91	(b)(6)	
03a. Memo	Memorandum for the Record from a meeting between President Bush and his advisors on the Persian Gulf (3 pp.)	02/19/91	(b)(1)	TS
03b. Letter	From President Bush to Mikhail Gorbachev (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
03c. Letter	Draft Letter from President Bush to Mikhail Gorbachev (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
03d. Letter	Draft Letter from President Bush to Mikhail Gorbachev (3 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
03e. Letter	Letter from Mikhail Gorbachev to President Bush [Unofficial translation] (4 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
04. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with JA Baker [James A. Baker, III] 3:55 (1 pp.)	02/19/[91]	(b)(1)	
05. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with JAB [James A. Baker, III] [3 calls, 1:15, 1:35, & 1:40] (1 pp.)	02/19/[91]	(b)(1)	
06. Notes	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Prime Minister Mulroney (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Page 1 of 2

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, February 19, 1991

Pinksheet Number: dw1978
OA/ID Number: 90584-005
Date Closed: 6/20/2011
FOIA/Sys Case #: 2009-0166-S
Re-review Case #:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
07. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with [President] Ozal (2 pp.)	02/19/[91]	(b)(1)	
08. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Mitterand (5 pp.)	02/19/[91]	(b)(1)	
09. Talking Points	Points for Calls on Gulf state of play [Mitterrand and Mulroney] (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
10a. Memo	From Brent Scowcroft to President Bush (2 pp.)	02/18/91	(b)(1)	S
10b. Letter	From President Bush to President Felipe Gonzalez (2 pp.)	02/19/91	(b)(1)	
10c. Letter	From Felipe Gonzalez Marquez, President of the Spanish Government to President Bush [English version] (3 pp.)	02/14/91	(b)(1)	
10d. Letter	From Felipe Gonzalez Marquez, President of the Spanish Government to President Bush [Copy of Spanish original] (4 pp.)	02/14/91	(b)(1)	
11. Letter	From Mikhail Gorbachev to President Bush [Unofficial translation] (4 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Page 2 of 2

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Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

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01. Schedule	Schedule of the President [redaction] (1 pp.)		02/19/91	(b)(3)	

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Series: Daily Files
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WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, February 19, 1991

Date Closed: 6/20/2011	OA/ID Number: 90584-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
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P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
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(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information



BC

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

Tuesday, February 19, 1991

8:00 am (15 min)	<u>Intelligence Briefing</u> (Scowcroft/Sununu)	Oval Office
8:15 am (30 min)	<u>National Security Briefing</u> (Scowcroft/Sununu)	Oval Office
8:45 am (30 min)	<u>Meeting with Governor Sununu</u>	Oval Office
9:00 am	<u>"BIG 8" MEETING</u> <u>Administrative Time</u>	OVAL OFFICE
9:15 am (45 min)		Oval Office
10:00 am (60 min)	<u>Meeting with Bipartisan Congressional Leadership</u> (McClure)	Cabinet Room
11:00 am (15 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time.</u>	Oval Office
11:15 am (15 min)	<u>Photo Opportunities</u> 1. For National Engineers Week (Demarest) 2. Lisa Kaiser (Untermeyer) 3. President of Rotary International (Demarest)	Oval Office
11:30 am (30 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
12:00 pm (75 min)	<u>Lunch</u> w/ LAMAR ALEXANDER SUNUNU PORTER DAVID KEARNS	RESIDENCE Oval Office
1:15 pm (45 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
2:00 pm (75 min)	B <u>Presentation of Diplomatic Credentials</u> (Scowcroft)	State Floor
3:15 pm (15 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
3:20 pm	PHONE CALL	

UNP 02/15/91
4:00 pm



3:30 pm
(20 min)

Staff Time
(McClure)

(TAB D)

Oval Office

4:00 pm
(30 min)

Administrative Time

Oval Office

4:30 pm
(30 min)

Meeting with Governor Sununu

Oval Office

0707 POTUS IN OVAL 0758 ADD SUNUNU

0800 ADD SCOWCROFT, GATES, DCI, [REDACTED]

0801 FITZWATER IN/OUT 0819 DCI [REDACTED] (b)(3) OUT

0820 ADD VP 0838 SCOWCROFT, GATES OUT

0853 ADD BAKER 0900 ADD SCOWCROFT, GATES
FITZWATER, CHENEY, POWELL

0944 FITZWATER OUT 0952 POWELL OUT

0954 ADD FITZWATER 0959 FITZWATER, VP OUT
GATES

1004 POTUS IN CABINET ROOM

1111 POTUS IN OVAL / ADD GATES, BAKER, HAAS

1112 ADD SUNUNU, SCOWCROFT, CHENEY

1127 ALL OUT

1128 ENGINEERS ET AL IN

1136 ALL OUT

1137 KAISER ET AL IN

1138 ALL OUT

1140 ROTARY INT'L ET AL IN 1145 ALL OUT

1200 POTUS TO RESIDENCE
(LUNCH W/ SUNUNU, PORTER, LAMAR ALEXANDER
DAVID KEARNS)

1306 POTUS IN OVAL 1310 ADD SCOWCROFT

1323 SCOWCROFT OUT

UNP 02/15/91
4:00 pm

1400 POTUS TO STATE FLOOR 1403 WATTY ET AL IN

1410 ALL OUT 1411 GARCIA - PARRA ET AL IN

1419 ALL OUT 1420 PISHEV ET AL IN

1431 ALL OUT 1432 LAYNE ET AL IN

1439 ALL OUT 1440 CASSIERS ET AL IN

1447 ALL OUT 1450 BUGOTU ET AL IN

1457 ALL OUT 1459 KASSIM ET AL IN

1507 ALL OUT

1511 POTUS IN OVAL / ADD SCOWCROFT

1513 SCOWCROFT OUT 1524 ADD SCOWCROFT

1542 ADD SUNUNU 1555 SUNUNU OUT

1557 ADD SUNUNU 1602 SCOWCROFT OUT /
ADD DARMAN, SEC WATKINS

1604 MCCLURE GROUP ET AL IN

1640 ALL OUT 1650 ADD SUNUNU

1700 ADD REV KAN XUEQING, REV YIN JIZENG
FRANKIN WOO, JEAN WOO

1704 ALL OUT / ADD GATES 1705 SUNUNU OUT

1710 ADD SUNUNU 1717 ADD SCOWCROFT

1726 SCOWCROFT, GATES OUT

1739 ADD UNTERMYER 1740 ADD CARD

1749 ALL OUT 1820 ADD SCOWCROFT

1827 SCOWCROFT OUT / POTUS TO RESIDENCE

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

PRESIDENT BUSH

FEBRUARY 19

, 19 91

	TIME		DISC	NAME		ACTION
	PLACED					
OUT	5:14	AM	5:19	MR. KEVIN M. O'CONNELL OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 659		TLKD-OK 5:14 A.M.
XNC		AM				
OUT		AM				
INC		PM				
XOUT		AM		SECRETARY JAMES A. BAKER III OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 420		MR. MICHAEL C. DANNEHAUER TLKD-OK; WITH MRS. KAREN JACKSON.
INC	12:22	PM				
OUT		AM				
INC		PM				
XOUT		AM		SECRETARY JAMES A. BAKER III OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 420		TLKD-OK
INC	1:36	PM	1:41			
OUT		AM				
INC		PM				
XOUT		AM		SECRETARY JAMES A. BAKER III OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 420		TLKD-OK
INC	1:47	PM	1:49			
OUT		AM				
INC		PM				
XOUT		AM		CONGRESSMAN JOHN PAUL HAMMERSCHMIDT OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. 202-225-4301		TLKD-OK 6:18 P.M.
INC	3:51	PM	6:21			
OUT		AM				
INC		PM				
XOUT		AM		SECRETARY JAMES A. BAKER III OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 420		MRS. PATRICIA A. PRESOCK ADVISED TO CA. 5:07 P.M.
INC	5:05	PM				

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

FEBRUARY 19

, 19⁹¹

PRESIDENT BUSH

	TIME		DISC	NAME		ACTION
	PLACED					
OUT		AM		MR. EDWARD A. PRINCE WASHINGTON, D.C. 202-363-4119		TLKD-OK 6:42 P.M.
XNC	5:53	PM	6:44			
OUT		AM				
INC		PM				
OUT		XNC		CHAIRMAN MARTIN L. ALLDAY OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. 202-208-0000		TLKD-OK
XNC	6:08	PM	6:14			
OUT		AM				
INC		PM				
OUT		AM		DR. TABB MOORE WASHINGTON, D.C. 202-363-4119		TLKD-OK 7:11 P.M.
XNC	6:48	PM	7:12			
OUT		AM				
INC		PM				
OUT		AM		MR. GEORGE W. BUSH MIDLAND, TX. 915-563-9733		TLKD-OK
INC	9:03	PM	9:07			
OUT		AM				
INC		PM				
OUT		AM				
INC		PM				
OUT		AM				
INC		PM				
OUT		AM				
INC		PM				

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
02. Log	White House Telephone Log [Signal Switchboard] [redaction of personal information] (1 pp.)	02/19/91	(b)(6)	

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM
SIGNAL SWITCHBOARD

February 19, 1991

	TIME		NAME	ACTION
	PLACED	DISC		
OUT	AM		Conference Call: President Francois Mitterand Office, Paris, France via DVL	Tlkd-ok 3:25 PM via Secure Voice
XNC	3:18 PM	3:47		
OUT	AM		Mr. Adrian A. Basora White House Situation Room Secure Voice x7406	
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Ms. Felicia Burnham White House Situation Room Secure Voice x7403	
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Conference Call: Prime Minister Brian Mulroney Office, Ottawa, Canada via DVL	Tlkd-ok 4:41 PM via Secure Voice
XNC	4:30 PM	5:00		
OUT	AM		Mr. Adrian A. Basora White House Situation Room Secure Voice x7406	
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Conference Call: President Turgut Ozal (b)(6)	Tlkd-ok 5:04 PM
INC	5:03 PM	5:16		
OUT	AM		Mr. Adrian A. Basora White House Situation White House Signal 2-2264	
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			

Phone call for the President

Secretary Baker on Line 1

3:55 - 4:00pm

February 19, 1991

PRESIDENTIAL MOVEMENTS

LOCATION Washington, D.C.

DATE 19 February 1991

TIME

MOVEMENTS

[illegible]



News Summary

OFFICE OF THE PRESS SECRETARY

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1991
6:00 A.M. EST EDITION

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

Report: Soviet Plan Would Bar Punishment Of Saddam -- A Soviet peace plan offered Monday would require Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait, but would bar punitive action against Saddam Hussein and his government, a report said. (AP)

Allies Poised To Strike As Soviet Peace Plan Weighed -- Allied battle preparations intensified Tuesday amid growing signs coalition forces are poised for an all-out assault. (AP)

Most Wary But Will Support A Ground War -- As military preparations intensify in the Middle East, Americans remain reluctant to immediately begin a potentially bloody ground war against Iraq but indicate they will rally behind President Bush if he decides to launch an attack, a new Los Angeles Times poll shows.

(Los Angeles Times)

Baghdad Tells Iran Over 20,000 Iraqis Killed -- Iraq has told Iran that it suffered more than 20,000 dead and 60,000 wounded in the first 26 days of the Gulf war, a radical Iranian newspaper said Tuesday. (Reuter)

NETWORK NEWS (Monday evening)

SOVIET PROPOSAL -- Moscow believes its plan could be accepted by both Baghdad and the coalition.

GULF WAR -- The President is now talking about not just getting Iraq out of Kuwait, but also busting the Iraqi military and maybe overthrowing Saddam.

Two U.S. ships ran into mines in the Gulf.

INTERNATIONAL NEWS...A-1

NATIONAL NEWS.....A-12

NETWORK NEWS.....B-1

TALK SHOWS.....C-1

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

GORBACHEV OFFERS PEACE PLAN TO IRAQ Reply From Baghdad Expected 'Very Soon'

MOSCOW -- President Gorbachev launched a personal diplomatic initiative to end the Gulf war Monday, presenting visiting Iraqi Foreign Minister Aziz with a detailed plan for a political settlement.

Presidential spokesman Vitaly Ignatenko told a news conference here that the Gorbachev plan, which had not been discussed with President Bush or other members of the anti-Iraq coalition before it was presented to Aziz, provided for a full Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait in accordance with U.N. resolutions.

He refused to detail other elements in the package, but Soviet and foreign analysts here speculated that it included pledges to tackle broader Middle East problems once the Gulf war has been settled, as well as to ensure the territorial integrity of Iraq, Saddam Hussein's personal safety, and an end to international economic sanctions....

According to Ignatenko, Aziz significantly softened Baghdad's terms for withdrawing from Kuwait by describing a long list of demands issued last Friday by the ruling Revolutionary Command Council as "a program" rather than "conditions."

(Michael Dobbs, Washington Post, A1)

U.S. Downplays Chances For Peace

The White House downplayed chances of a Soviet-crafted diplomatic solution to the Gulf war Monday, vowing to pursue victory with a combined air and ground war....

In its public response, the White House hastily drafted a statement -- approved by Bush as he met with national security advisers late Monday night to study the Soviet peace plan.

"Our military campaign remains on schedule," White House Press Secretary Fitzwater said in a brief statement.

"The Soviets have asked that we treat the substance of this account as confidential, thus we will not comment on it further," Fitzwater said.

But, he said, the Soviets did not ask anything else of the Bush administration. "There was no request for us to do anything with regard to the ground war while this is being considered, and there's no change," he said. (Paul Bedard, Washington Times, A1)

U.S. Plays Down Hopes

The Bush administration indicated Monday that there was nothing in a new Soviet proposal that would, at this stage, cause a delay in a planned ground attack, and it played down expectations of a diplomatic breakthrough that would end the war quickly....

After returning from a long weekend at Kennebunkport, Me., the President met for two hours Monday night in the Oval Office with his war council to discuss the two-and-a-half page cablegram from the Soviet Union outlining the new peace proposal....

A senior administration official who read the cablegram said he did not think that it would lead to a quick diplomatic solution to the war or a postponement of a ground attack....

It was not immediately clear whether the very cautious attitude at the White House was based on Bush administration officials' feeling that Saddam Hussein would never accept the Soviet initiative or whether it was unacceptable to the White House.

(Maureen Dowd, New York Times, A6)

REPORT: SOVIET PLAN WOULD BAR PUNISHMENT OF SADDAM

HAMBURG, Germany -- A Soviet peace plan offered Monday would require Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait, but would bar punitive action against Saddam Hussein and his government, a report said....

The Bild newspaper, saying it obtained details of the four-point Soviet proposal from "informed sources" in Moscow, reported it also urges negotiations on the Palestinian issue, and declares that Iraq's government and borders would not be tampered with.

Bild gave these four "central points" from the proposal:

-- "Iraq withdraws from Kuwait without preconditions, to allow for a 'quick peace.'"

-- "The Soviet Union supports the maintaining of the 'national structure and the borders of Iraq.'"

-- "The Soviet Union opposes 'all sanctions' against Iraq, including any punitive action against Saddam Hussein himself."

-- "All other problems, including the Palestinian question, are to be negotiated."

(AP)

MOSCOW: 'TIME RUNNING OUT'

MOSCOW -- Mikhail Gorbachev expects a response within two days from Saddam Hussein to the Soviet president's plan to end the Gulf war, Gorbachev's spokesman said Tuesday.....

Presidential spokesman Vitaly Ignatenko told the independent Interfax news agency on Tuesday that Gorbachev expected an answer "within two days."

Ignatenko's aide, Karen Karagezyan, then told UPI he understood the 48 hours "began from the time that Aziz concluded his negotiations in Moscow" on Monday [at 2 p.m. Moscow time]....

"Time is running out," he said. "We may receive an answer even today."...

Ignatenko refused to comment on a report in the German Bild newspaper that Gorbachev's plan contained four points.

The Foreign Ministry said on Tuesday that "publication in the Bild newspaper does not correspond to the actual contents of the Gorbachev plan."

(Gerald Nadler, UPI)

SOVIET OFFICIAL SAYS IRAQI REPLY EXPECTED WITHIN THREE DAYS

LONDON -- A Soviet official said Tuesday that Moscow expected an Iraqi reply within three days to its peace proposal calling for Iraq to withdraw from Kuwait.

Foreign policy adviser Nikolai Shishlin told BBC television: "I am sure that in the next two or three days we will have some news."...

Shishlin said Saddam was aware that he was "on the eve of a catastrophe."...

Iran's U.N. ambassador told BBC Television Monday he believed a solution to the Gulf war was imminent and Iraq would withdraw from Kuwait.

"We are very close to a final solution, to the final step to be taken and that is a real understanding that the Iraqis are ready to withdraw from Kuwait...." Kamal Kharrazi said.

"In a matter of hours, I believe everything will be clear."
(Reuter)

SOVIET DIPLOMAT OPTIMISTIC ABOUT GULF PEACE

A Soviet diplomat who took part in talks with Iraq on ending the Gulf war said in a television interview on Monday night that he was optimistic peace could be achieved.

Yevgeny Primakov, who met with Saddam and Iraqi Foreign Minister Aziz in Baghdad last week, said through a translator on ABC's "Nightline": "I am still optimistic. I think peace can be achieved."...

Speaking from Moscow, Primakov said the main goal now was the immediate withdrawal of all Iraqi troops from Kuwait so the war could be ended before a costly ground offensive by the U.S.-led coalition.

"The main thing as I see it is to ensure the unconditional withdrawal of Iraqi troops from Kuwait -- unconditionally, may I stress that word -- and then put an end to the war and all remaining issues can then be resolved," he said.

Primakov said he hoped the ground war could be delayed until Iraq had time to consider the Soviet plan. He said he hoped this could be done in a few days and added that Aziz did not have to personally return to Moscow with the answer.

Primakov said the Soviet Union was constantly in touch with the U.S. about the peace negotiations and urged the U.S. government to trust Moscow.

"We are not doing anything behind the back of the United States," he said....

"We've thrown off all the attributes of the Cold War in our relations with the United States. Please don't worry about us doing something against you. We don't do this. We simply wish to play a role in order to achieve the withdrawal of Iraqi troops and put an end to this war," he said.
(Reuter)

SOVIET MILITARY CONDEMNS BUSH, CRITICIZES NATO OVER GULF WAR

MOSCOW -- One of the Soviet Union's top military figures said Tuesday that President Bush's decision to go to war against Iraq showed he was devoted to old-style use of force to solve world problems.

At the same time, the Defense Ministry newspaper Krasnaya Zvezda said the West's NATO alliance had seized on the Gulf conflict to build up its forces in the region to an extent that could threaten the overall East-West disarmament process....

"Peaceful forms of pressure should have been continued and dialogue should have been pursued, which is what our diplomats and President Gorbachev argued for..." Marshal Viktor Kulikov, one-time commander-in-chief of the former East Bloc's Warsaw Pact alliance, told the newspaper Rabochaya Tribuna. "But the language of guns and death-dealing B-52 bombers is something we have been familiar with for a long time. It has nothing in common with the 'new thinking' which the Americans applauded warmly but did little concrete to support." (Robert Evans, Reuter)

SOVIET SPOKESMAN SUGGESTS AGREEMENT LIMITING WEAPONS SALES

LONDON -- Developed nations should agree to limit arms sales to "dangerous" countries, a Soviet spokesman said Monday night.

Sergei Grigoryev, deputy to Gorbachev's chief spokesman, told BBC radio: "I think there should be mutual obligations of all the members of the anti-Iraq coalition to stop supplying dangerous members of the international community with any weapons they can use against peaceful civilians."

He said the Soviet Union, Germany, the U.S. and Italy had all sold weapons to Iraq....

"The Soviet message to Iraq is that Iraq should leave unconditionally," Grigoryev said. "You leave unconditionally but you know at least that you can survive and there will be no further interference in the internal affairs of Iraq."...

Grigoryev brushed aside suggestions that the Soviet initiative may have angered Bush....

"If President Gorbachev is in a position to stop this major war and to prevent the further escalation of this military conflict, he should do it for the benefit of the Soviets, the Iraqis, the Americans and any other human being living in this world," he told the BBC. (Reuter)

CNN SAYS GROUND WAR DECISION PUT ON HOLD

CNN reported Monday night that it had been told that a U.S. decision to begin a Gulf ground war would await the outcome of a Soviet diplomatic initiative.

CNN's Pentagon correspondent in Washington said final plans for a ground war were continuing on schedule but sources "say privately the decision to launch the offensive will await the outcome of the Soviet initiative."

It also said the Pentagon sources did not believe Saddam Hussein would agree to an unconditional withdrawal of his forces from Kuwait. (Reuter)

**BUSH EXPECTED TO UNVEIL EXPORT RULES
TO STEM SPREAD OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS**

The Bush administration is expected to announce this week a tough new set of export regulations designed to stem the spread of chemical, biological and nuclear weapons.

Under the new rules, the Commerce Department for the first time would control all exports of manufacturing facilities, plant designs and processing equipment associated with the manufacture of chemical and biological weapons. The rules also would require licenses for the shipment of even commonly available goods such as trucks and typewriters if they are destined for facilities that produce such weapons or missiles that can deliver them....

In another precedent-setting change, the rules would establish criminal penalties for violations of the export controls....

One potentially explosive issue still being considered over the weekend was whether to name the countries believed to be involved in acquiring weapons of mass destruction.... Some [of these countries] are partners in the anti-Iraq coalition while others wield important votes in multilateral trade forums.

(Eduardo Lachica & Edward Pound, Wall Street Journal, A24)

SADDAM'S OVERTHROW -- FOR BUSH IT'S ALMOST PERSONAL

For the record, the overthrow of Saddam Hussein is not an explicit American objective in the Gulf war -- although President Bush clearly wants the Iraqi dictator deposed, dead or in the dock as a war criminal.

The state goal and the unstated aim don't square because the U.S.-led coalition against Iraq is operating under U.N. Security Council resolutions that authorized war to force Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait, not to topple Saddam's regime in Baghdad....

For Bush, punishing the Iraqi ruler seems to be an intense, almost personal matter....

[Saddam's future] may become an issue if the peace formula the Soviet Union is suggesting to Baghdad includes, as reported, a provision barring sanctions against Iraq or post-war punishment of Saddam Hussein.

(news analysis, Walter Mears, AP)

PROPOSAL COULD POSE DILEMMA FOR BUSH

The Soviet peace proposal offered to Iraq Monday could force President Bush to choose between his stated goal of liberating Kuwait and the unstated aim of toppling Iraqi strongman Saddam Hussein from power....

By crafting a plan that appears to veer only slightly from U.S. demands for Iraq's withdrawal from Kuwait, President Gorbachev may have opened a door for Saddam to leave the emirate and still keep his government intact....

A senior administration official, while acknowledging conflicting political pressures, predicted that "Bush isn't going to move an inch" on demands that any peace moves begin with Iraq's unconditional withdrawal from the emirate....

Some officials and analysts disputed the notion that Washington, which now seems to have a strong military advantage, might lose politically if it accepts a diplomatic solution of any sort.

(news analysis, Warren Strobel, Washington Times, A1)

IRAQI MINES IN PERSIAN GULF DAMAGE 2 U.S. WARSHIPS

DHAHRAN -- Two U.S. warships, including a guided-missile cruiser, were damaged and seven crewmen injured by Iraqi mines early Monday morning in the northern Persian Gulf, U.S. military officials said.

The explosions marked the first time in the Gulf war that [allied ships] in the waterway have struck mines laid by Iraq.

Meanwhile, allied air forces continued to pound Iraqi troops in occupied Kuwait and southern Iraq, as well as strategic targets in Baghdad, and minor ground skirmishes were reported between allied and Iraqi troops....

U.S. officials also reported Monday that an F-16 pilot, forced to parachute from his plane Sunday, was rescued 40 miles inside Iraqi-held territory....

The USS Princeton...was forced to cut its power to 50 percent because of damage to one of its propellers....

Earlier...the USS Tripoli, a helicopter and troop carrier, was slightly damaged when a contact mine blew a 16-by-25 foot hole near the vessel's bow, about 10 feet below the waterline.

(Caryle Murphy, Washington Post, A7)

ALLIES POISED TO STRIKE AS SOVIET PEACE PLAN WEIGHED

DHAHRAN -- Allied battle preparations intensified Tuesday amid growing signs coalition forces are poised for an all-out assault. But a Soviet peace plan is said to hold out the promise that Saddam Hussein can stay in power if he pulls his armies out of Kuwait now.

The diplomatic bid brought no pause in the allied air assault. Baghdad came under repeated bombardment during the night, the heaviest onslaught in several days, AP correspondent John Rice reported from the Iraqi capital.

(Neil MacFarquhar, AP)

U.S. SAYS PRISONERS SEEM WAR-WEARY

RIYADH -- From the initial interrogation of more than 1,400 Iraqi POWs, a portrait is emerging of battle-weary front-line forces who in many cases are hungry, demoralized and bitter at Saddam Hussein for waging a war few soldiers support, intelligence officers here and in Washington say.

American officials caution against drawing broad conclusions based on the defectors and captured troops, who are largely young enlisted soldiers from Iraqi minority groups who are so disgruntled they risk minefields and roving execution squads to surrender.

(Eric Schmitt, New York Times, A7)

SOURCES SAY IRAQI TANKS BEING DESTROYED AT GREATER RATE

RIYADH -- Iraqi tanks and artillery pieces are being destroyed at a faster rate now than the 100-a-day average in the first weeks of the air campaign in the Kuwaiti desert, U.S. military sources said Monday.

A senior military source, who spoke on condition he not be identified, said new "practices and procedures" by pilots, not more sorties, were responsible for a steep increase in tanks and guns wrecked by American and allied aircraft.

He refused to give numbers, but said the attackers were "really having a field day taking out his tanks and artillery."

(Richard Pyle, AP)

DAMAGE ASSESSMENTS

The Pentagon's official claims of destruction of Iraqi tanks, artillery and armored vehicles inside Kuwait are at least three times greater than the estimates from U.S. intelligence agencies, a U.S. official who has reviewed the intelligence figures said Monday.

"The numbers out of CentCom [U.S. Central Command in Saudi Arabia] are at least triple the intelligence numbers," said the official, who asked not to be further identified....

Intelligence sources said the major reason for the discrepancy is that the Central Command relies heavily on debriefings from pilots returning from bombing missions, as well as prisoners of war and low-level reconnaissance photography, while the CIA and DIA rely almost entirely on satellite photographs....

"I've talked to senior people from the Central Intelligence Agency and the Defense Intelligence Agency," said the U.S. official who has reviewed both intelligence and Central Command data. "They are not satisfied at the numbers they're getting from CentCom, and professionally they are offended. Professionally they think these numbers are disastrous."

He said that while military officials in Saudi Arabia announced last week that about 30 percent of armor and artillery had been destroyed inside the Kuwaiti theater, "the number in Washington [from the intelligence agencies] was about ten percent."

(Knut Royce, New York Newsday)

BAGHDAD TELLS IRAN OVER 20,000 IRAQI KILLED

TEHRAN -- Iraq has told Iran that it suffered more than 20,000 dead and 60,000 wounded in the first 26 days of the Gulf war, a radical Iranian newspaper said Tuesday.

The Tehran daily Jomhuri Eslami said Iraqi Prime Minister Saddoun Hammadi supplied the figures during a meeting last week with Iran's deputy foreign minister, Ali Mohammad Basharti.....

Jomhuri Eslami gave no breakdown between civilian and military casualties.

(Sharif Imam-Jomeh, Reuter)

BAGHDAD RIVERS CONTAMINATED

CAIRO -- Baghdad's mayor said residents are threatened with disease if they continue to drink the water from the city's two rivers, a newspaper reported Tuesday.

Mayor Khaled Abdul Menem, a close ally of Saddam Hussein, said most water treatment plants in Baghdad are not working because of air raids or power cuts, the semi-official daily Al Ahram reported.

The Iraqi said Baghdad needs international aid to avoid "an environmental and human catastrophe" -- including diseases such as cholera and typhoid.

(UPI)

ISRAELI AMBASSADOR REJECTS MIDEAST ROLE FOR U.N.

MIAMI -- Israel would be willing to engage in peace talks with individual Arab nations after the Gulf war ends, but only if the U.S. acts as intermediary.

Ambassador Zalman Shoval said those talks could not be sponsored by the U.N.

"Israel is against the usual concept of an international conference if it would be in any way under the auspices of the United Nations," Shoval said. "I know the United Nations is very popular in the United States right now, but the United Nations is still an organization where Israel never has a chance."...

Shoval warned the U.S. against setting up permanent alliances in the Middle East after the war against Iraq ended.

"How can you be sure about permanent alliances when one bullet can change everything and where, in any one of these countries, not only policies can change overnight, but regimes can change just like that?"
(Lydia Martin, Knight-Ridder)

IRAQI PRESS EXPRESSES 'HIGH HOPES' FOR SOVIET PEACE EFFORTS

AMMAN -- Iraqi commentators Monday pinned "high hopes" for peace on Soviet-Iraqi talks in Moscow but the country continued preparing for an expanded war.

Allied aircraft dropped leaflets on southern Iraqi cities urging residents to leave their hometowns....

Front-line skirmishes increased and military communiques out of Baghdad claimed high casualties in the ranks of allied troops in Saudi Arabia....

Travelers leaving Iraq on Sunday gave vivid accounts of a protest against Saddam Hussein by up to 5,000 people eight days ago, the AP reported. The travelers quoted unidentified Iraqi officials as saying demonstrators shot and killed 10 officials of the ruling Baath Arab Socialist Party who tried to stop the protest in Diwaniya, south of Baghdad.

Lt. Gen. Iyad Khalifa, commander of Iraq's Republican Guards...said Monday that his force has not been deterred by allied bombing and would repulse invading troops, Reuter reported.

Khalifa, in a statement carried by Baghdad Radio, said his force possessed "sophisticated and modern weapons" and would "repulse the heathen alliance led by America in the mother of all battles."...

Although Iraq's official news media continued to declare Iraqi forces' willingness to fight, Al Thawra, newspaper of the Baath Party, also spoke of hopes for peace and the Soviet role toward bringing it about. "There are high hopes and expectations in Moscow that the Iraqi-Soviet talks will be a decisive turning point between war and peace," it said.

(Nora Boustany, Washington Post, A12)

**IRAQ'S CHEMICAL WEAPONS
STILL A THREAT TO GROUND TROOPS, U.S. SAYS**

A portion of Iraq's arsenal of chemical weapons is believed to have survived weeks of aerial bombardment by U.S. and allied warplanes and remains ready for potential use against allied ground forces if they speed northward to engage Iraqi troops....

No decisions have been made [on possible U.S. responses to Iraqi use of weapons of mass destruction], and many officials harbor doubts that the U.S. will be able to fulfill its public pledge to "respond in the severest possible way" without lowering itself to Iraq's moral level or provoking a backlash in Arab nations by harming innocent civilians.

"There are no good options," said a knowledgeable Pentagon official. He and others confirmed that a U.S. response involving even limited use of chemical or nuclear arms...remains out of the question due largely to lasting political problems that such a response would cause.

Officials said more likely -- but still awkward -- responses could include a more concerted and overt effort to kill Saddam Hussein and his top advisers, or a more general acceleration of the air war.

(R. Jeffrey Smith, Washington Post, A7)

**BUSH PREPARES TO SEND CONGRESS
\$56 BILLION BILL FOR DESERT STORM**

President Bush is putting the finishing touches on his request for \$56 billion to finance the Gulf war.

The President could ask Congress as early as today for the additional funds for the fighting with Iraq, now in its second month....

Several Capitol Hill officials said they expect the proposal to include funds for 100 to 500 Patriot missiles...and about 400 Tomahawk missiles....

Congressional support for the President's request to finance the war is not in doubt. Most complaints from lawmakers have focused on the administration's slowness in delivering facts about foreign contributions and what is seen as an insufficient U.S. effort to collect aid that has been pledged.

(Alan Fram, AP)

POPE REJECTS PACIFISM, CALLS FOR 'JUST PEACE' IN PERSIAN GULF

VATICAN CITY -- Pope John Paul II has called for a "just peace" in the Persian Gulf and has rejected "peace at any cost."...

Sunday, the Pope reiterated his hope for a peaceful solution, but added: "[We want] a just peace, certainly, but we are not pacifists. We do not want peace at any cost. A just peace. Peace and justice. Peace is always the work of justice."

(Clare Pedrick, Washington Post, A8)

MOST WARY BUT WILL SUPPORT A GROUND WAR

As military preparations intensify in the Middle East, Americans remain reluctant to immediately begin a potentially bloody ground war against Iraq but indicate they will rally behind President Bush if he decides to launch an attack, a new Los Angeles Times poll shows.

On the eve of what may be the decisive confrontation in the Gulf crisis, the poll finds America in a hesitantly hawkish mood, with a substantial majority rejecting any negotiations until Iraq has unconditionally withdrawn from Kuwait but simultaneously preferring to rely as long as possible on air attacks before subjecting U.S. troops to the unpredictable risks of a ground assault....

After one month of fighting, the public remains overwhelmingly committed: 81 percent of those surveyed said they backed the decision to fight, virtually unchanged from the war's first week, and 63 percent strongly support the war.

At the same time, 84 percent of those polled approve of Bush's handling of the crisis -- down only minimally from the stratospheric 88 percent approval the President received in the war's euphoric first days. And despite deepening fears about the economy, 82 percent approve of Bush's overall performance as President -- among the highest figures ever recorded for any president....

Asked what the U.S. should do next, the least popular option was launching a ground attack as "soon as possible," with just seven percent backing that course. Nearly half of those polled preferred to begin ground operations only "if the air war fails to get results in a reasonable amount of time," while 30 percent said the U.S. should rely on the attacks for "as long as necessary" and not send in ground troops at all. Only 12 percent said the U.S. should stop the air war "and attempt to open negotiation."

(Ronald Brownstein, Los Angeles Times, A1)

**MARCHERS CHEER FOR U.S. POLICY
Rally Is Second In D.C. Over Long Weekend**

Waving a blizzard of American flags, more than 100 people braved the damp, chilly weather Monday to march briskly along Constitution Ave. NW, then to Lafayette Square, to show their backing of U.S. policy in the Gulf.

The demonstration was the second rally here in support of U.S. policy over the long holiday weekend....

Rally participants did not so much address topical concerns, such as the possibility of ground warfare, as the need to counter images left in the media by anti-war activists.

(Lynda Richardson, Washington Post, A13)

ANTIWAR DEMONSTRATOR DIES IN IMMOLATION

AMHERST, Mass. -- A peace demonstrator set himself on fire with paint thinner and burned to death Monday on the town common in apparent protest against the Gulf war, police said.

Stunned bystanders rushed to the man's aid and tried to smother the flames with coats and a blanket moments after he set himself afire, authorities said....

The victim left a Massachusetts driver's license taped to a sign reading "Peace," which was found near his body. (UPI)

EUROPE DISUNITED IN GULF RESPONSE**Community's Integration Moves Could Stumble On Security Issue**

PARIS -- The EC's uneven response to the Gulf war is raising doubts about the plausibility of a common security policy in the near future, according to diplomats and analysts.

Widespread dissatisfaction with the 12-nation community's reaction to the first global crisis after the Cold War has led to soul-searching among leaders of member governments, who say the process of building European unity must be adapted to lessons drawn from the conflict.

British Prime Minister Major has said that the European response to the war proves the futility of trying to achieve European political union, while ardent integrationist Italian Foreign Minister di Michelis now acknowledges that developing a joint European defense must be a slow, cautious exercise.

(William Drozdiak, Washington Post, A6)

FEARS ABOUT FREE TRADE FALSE: CANADIAN MINISTER

MEXICO CITY -- Opponents of free trade between the U.S., Canada and Mexico are "reactionaries," who cannot see the opportunities a trade agreement offers, Canada's international trade minister said.

Most Canadian opposition to a trilateral North American free-trade agreement comes from the labor movement, "who are today the most reactionary group in Canadian society," the country's International Trade Minister John Crosbie said....

Crosbie told reporters Canadians should pay no attention to the "boogeyman" of low Mexican wages that free-trade opponents use to scare them with.

(Lawrence Kootnikoff, UPI)

SOVIET PRIME MINISTER PROPOSES SWEEPING PRICE REFORMS

MOSCOW -- The Kremlin has proposed cutting subsidies for producers of many basic goods and raising retail prices for foods such as bread, milk and sugar.

Overall, retail prices would rise 60 percent, Prime Minister Pavlov told the Supreme Soviet legislature on Monday.

But he said the cost of such other items such as fuel and vodka would remain stable, and he promised that wages would rise to cover most price increases.

(Ann Imse, AP)

EDITOR'S NOTES: "The Impact of A Vote [against the use of force by four Democratic representatives]," appears in the Washington Post, A14.

NATIONAL NEWS

GEPHARDT TRADE PLAN RESURFACES

BAL HARBOUR, Fla. -- Rep. Gephardt, who failed in his efforts to toughen U.S. trade law against foreign competition two years ago, said Monday he intends to try again.

In Florida to meet with leaders of the AFL-CIO, Gephardt said the changes in the trade laws approved by Congress two years ago have not achieved their goals....

Although Gephardt insisted he has yet to work out details of the trade amendment, AFL-CIO President Lane Kirkland said he was under the impression that the new Gephardt initiative would be exactly like the old one -- forcing President Bush to impose quotas on any country that violated trade agreements with the U.S.

Congress rejected the so-called Gephardt amendment in 1988, but it did adopt tough new trade standards that allow the president to impose tough sanctions against trade transgressors. Gephardt said Monday he did not think the sanctions' authority was strong enough and wanted the president to have the authority to impose restrictions for all trade with all countries.

(Washington Post, D9)

MARYLAND ABORTION BILL PASSES

Schaefer Approves Measure Soon After 84 To 52 House Vote

ANNAPOLIS -- The Maryland House of Delegates enacted legislation Monday securing access to legal abortion while requiring physicians to inform minors' parents in some cases, and the measure was signed into law by Gov. Schaefer....

"It is not a happy occasion," Schaefer said during a hastily arranged bill-signing ceremony outside his State House office. "I had great difficulty with it [but] I think the bill is right."

Attacked by opponents as the most liberal abortion law in the country, the measure allows abortion without restrictions up to the point at which a fetus can survive outside the womb. Later-term abortions may be performed to protect the woman's health or in the event of serious fetal deformity.

(Richard Tapscott, Washington Post, A1)

WELFARE MOTHER JOB TRAINING: DON'T EXPECT MIRACLES

When two New York Democrats, Sen. Moynihan and Rep. Downey, helped win passage of the 1988 law mandating education and job training for welfare parents, they raised hopes that a significant portion of the nation's 3.3 million welfare mothers would escape poverty.

But now that the states are starting the training programs, a new study by Child Trends, a nonprofit Washington think tank that focuses on children's issues and statistics, concluded that many of these women have such tremendous emotional and intellectual deficits that they will never be able to attain jobs paying enough to move them out of poverty. (Spencer Rich, Washington post, A15)

EDITOR'S NOTES: "Agency Drug Testing Fails To Measure Up," by Michael Isikoff, appears in the Washington Post, A15.

-End of A-Section-

NETWORK NEWS

(Monday evening, February 18)

GULF WAR/GORBACHEV-AZIZ

NBC's Tom Brokaw: Good evening from Saudi Arabia, where troops at the front and in the sky and sea tonight continue to prepare for a ground war, especially since there was no dramatic breakthrough today when Iraqi Foreign Minister Aziz met in Moscow with President Gorbachev. Gorbachev did send Aziz home to Saddam with a sealed envelope; how's that going over at the White House tonight?

NBC's John Cochran: Well, over the weekend President Bush went out of his way to say he was confident that Gorbachev would not go off the reservation, that he would not try to cut a deal that would be unacceptable to Bush. So today, the President had to wait to find out whether his confidence in Gorbachev was justified.

(TV Coverage: President Bush walking with reporters on beach.) Walking the beach before leaving Kennebunkport, the President strode quickly and straight ahead. But when asked about the talks in Moscow, he sidestepped.

(President: "I have nothing to say about the Soviet matter. A lot of interesting things happening; I don't want to talk about it.") The President could not say much because the Soviets had not briefed him on the talks. The session between Gorbachev and Foreign Minister Aziz lasted three-and-a-half hours. The Soviets said they were offering a concrete plan, but would not say what was in the concrete. After the talks, Gorbachev's spokesman sounded upbeat -- sort of.

(Vitaly Ignatenko: "The plan envisages political measures which we believe were received with understanding by the Iraqi side.") As Aziz left Moscow for Baghdad, he said he would report to Saddam and return to Moscow very soon with Iraq's reply. When Bush returned to the White House, he still had not heard from the Soviets. But Gorbachev had talked to Chancellor Kohl, and Kohl talked to Bush. A German newspaper, Bild, reported that the plan includes: Iraq's unconditional withdrawal from Kuwait; no reprisals against Iraq; no tampering with Iraq's government and borders; and eventual negotiations on the Palestinian question.

(TV Coverage: President walking from Marine One to Oval Office.) Late today, Bush huddled with top advisers to discuss the Kremlin plan, which the Soviets were finally sending to Washington in a secret cable. Before that cable arrived, a senior White House aide told NBC News that President Bush regarded the Soviet plan as "no big deal." Now they've seen that Soviet cable, and the White House has just issued this statement: "The Soviets have asked that we treat the substance of their account of the plan as confidential. We will not comment further on it." The White House adds, however, "Our military campaign remains on schedule." (NBC-Lead)

Brokaw: The President's public support is overwhelming. But he is now talking about not just getting Iraq out of Kuwait, but busting the Iraqi military machine altogether, and maybe even overthrowing Saddam. There's nothing in the U.N. mandate about that. How does he justify these objectives?

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Cochran: He hasn't totally justified them, and I think that if Saddam were to take the Soviet offer and were to pull out, I think Bush would have no choice but to let Saddam continue in power.

Brokaw: That is the fear at the Pentagon, isn't it? That they begin to pull out before they can break up Iraq's military machine?

NBC's Fred Francis: Exactly. One senior general here said that is the worst-case scenario. That would freeze 500,000 Americans for a very long time. The bottom line is if he pulled out, he would still have not the fourth-largest army in the world, but perhaps the fifth or sixth. He could threaten his neighbors at any time. (NBC-14)

ABC's Peter Jennings: Thirty-three days since the war began; millions of people waiting to see if a ground campaign is just around the corner, millions of people anxious to know if the Soviets can somehow pull off a deal with Iraq that will make a ground campaign unnecessary. Mikhail Gorbachev laid out something to Foreign Minister Aziz in Moscow. Aziz said that since the phone lines to Iraq are no longer alive, he would hand-carry it back to Baghdad the long way, by plane to Tehran, then to Baghdad by car.

ABC's Jim Laurie reports from Moscow on the Gorbachev-Aziz meeting. No details on the plan were released in Moscow, but Gorbachev's spokesman said the Kremlin felt it could be accepted by both Baghdad and the coalition.

(Vitaly Ignatenko: "The new proposal is fully in line with our principal position, stated repeatedly, which calls for an unconditional withdrawal in accordance with all U.N. resolutions.") It's apparent that Gorbachev wants to get Saddam out of Kuwait, but allow him to save face. One report here says the plan includes a promise that after the withdrawal, Moscow would guarantee Iraq's territorial integrity, and oppose any punishment of Saddam.

(Arkady Masslenikov, parliamentary spokesman: "We would like unconditional withdrawal, stopping all bloodshed, and taking care of all the issues which are creating tension in that area, including Palestinian, of course.")

Soviet officials made plain they knew time was running out.

Gorbachev urged Aziz to return to Moscow with a quick response.

(Tareq Aziz: "We decided to follow up those talks.")

Gorbachev hopes to carve out for himself a role in the post-war Middle East. But for now, there is a sense that with a land war looming, this will be the last chance for Saddam.

NBC's Bob Abernethy reports that in the Soviet parliament, there was more pressure on Gorbachev from conservatives who want to restore Soviet influence in Iraq and the Arab world.

(Viktor Alksnis, parliament member: "We must stop the killing of innocent people in Iraq.")

(Sergei Akhromyev: "I think the war has already exceeded the limits of the U.N. resolution.") (ABC-Lead, NBC-9)

Jennings: The Soviets have told the Bush Administration what is in this proposal, and they've asked the White House to keep it private. The White House said a short while ago it will.

(TV Coverage: President Bush walking from Marine One to Oval Office.)

Jennings continues: President Bush returned this afternoon from a weekend in Maine, and immediately sat down with his national security advisers, among them Secretary Baker, who also got a fill-in on the plan from a cable from Foreign Minister Bessmertnykh.

Jennings discusses the Soviet plan with ABC's John McWethy. McWethy says that there was a very slight hint from the White House on the plan: if there was a major objection to what the Soviets proposed, one could expect the U.S. would put it out, would object loudly and in public. Thus far, they seem content to let the Soviets go ahead with whatever it is they proposed, which appears to be fairly much in line with what the Administration wants. If Saddam says he will give up and moves his troops out, there is very little the Administration could do except abide by it. (ABC-2)

CBS's Dan Rather: With American and allied forces coiled and ready to spring now into a ground war, Mikhail Gorbachev has sprung a peace offensive. Whether it will delay or deter President Bush's determination to smash Saddam's army is the question of the hour.

CBS's Anthony Mason reports on the Soviet plan.

(Sergei Gregoriev, parliament member: "This man needs kind of a point to save his face, and probably at this stage it is time to tell him that not he personally maybe will survive, but his regime or his administration will survive.")

Aziz would not talk about details, but he was clearly interested. The Kremlin is convinced the Gorbachev plan is viable. The Iraqis greeted it with what spokesman Ignatenko called understanding. Moscow's hopes for peace, he said, are high. (CBS-Lead)

CBS's Wyatt Andrews: Here at the White House, even the President of the United States is only reporting that he has brought a summary account of Mikhail Gorbachev's peace proposal, and that it came late today with a request from the Russians for confidentiality -- a request the President said he will honor. Despite that, a White House statement released tonight says, in effect, whatever the Soviets have going on in this peace initiative, the war, from the U.S. point of view, goes on.

(TV Coverage: President walking from Marine One to Oval Office.) The President, returning from a weekend in Maine, immediately convened his war council, including Secretary Baker, in an attempt to interpret the signals from Moscow and to discuss the next steps in the war. Despite scant details, the Soviet peace plan appears to hold much the Administration has sworn not to accept, including a face-saving promise to negotiate the Palestinian question sometime in the future, and a promise to lift economic sanctions.

(TV Coverage: President Bush and reporters walking on beach.) White House concern over the possible direction of the peace plan made the President, out this morning for his power walk, wary of saying anything in public.

(President Bush: "We're just gonna walk, we're not gonna discuss that at all.")

The President now is on dangerous political ground. If the proposal from the Soviets is acceptable, it might stop this war with Saddam's political and military power preserved. However, if the Soviet proposal is unacceptable, that might mean there is a split between the U.S. and the Soviet Union on policy -- which is exactly what Saddam has been angling for all along. (CBS-2)

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GULF WAR/PENTAGON

Brokaw reports that NBC's Fred Francis warns the ground war could very well go beyond the U.N. mandate of just getting Iraq out of Kuwait.

Francis reports that military and political leaders say tonight that the U.S. just cannot permit Saddam to withdraw from Kuwait at the 11th hour, because that could mean U.S. forces might have to stay in Saudi Arabia indefinitely. One senior official said this is not a drill; that the allied tanks and soldiers are only awaiting orders to invade. But a number of military and civilian experts insist that the allied force cannot be poised in that pre-attack mode very long. The desert tears down men and machines quickly in peacetime and more quickly in combat. Completely destroying Saddam's ability to wage war is at the core of the U.S. plan, and the Arab allies want that even more than the President.
(NBC-3)

CBS's David Martin reports on U.S. frontline troops' anticipation for a ground war. They can feel the order to attack coming. But an American general cautioned today that the mere fact that U.S. forces are ready to go does not mean they are about to go.

(Brig. Gen. Richard Neal: "Our forces are moving. You might think that they're moving here and that's their final location. Not so. We continue to keep moving them laterally and north and south along the border, not only for training purposes but also so that we can confuse the intelligence-gathering capabilities of the enemy.") American commanders say they feel no need to rush into a ground war. Officials continue to insist that no date has been set for the start of the ground war -- by which they mean President Bush has not yet given the order. But the window in time in which U.S. forces are ready to execute the order is now open. Once the order is transmitted to the forces in the field, it will still probably be 36 to 48 hours before they're ready to really launch across the border into Iraq and Kuwait.
(CBS-3)

ABC's Linda Pattillo reports from a group of frontline Marines in northern Saudi Arabia, who are not optimistic about a political settlement. They believe the waiting is over, and a ground war is about to begin.
(ABC-5)

GULF FLEET/MINE DAMAGE

Jennings reports the USS Tripoli mine-searcher and the nearby guided-missile cruiser USS Princeton ran into mines overnight.

ABC's Bill Redeker reports on the mine explosions. A total of seven sailors were injured in the two blasts. Both ships are part of a task force preparing for a possible Marine landing. The military says they are being repaired and the incidents will not affect readiness. The air campaign also had a few setbacks. Cloudy skies made targeting difficult and some missions were cancelled. But military sources say the increased use of laser-guided bombs and a new nighttime targeting system has resulted in more accurate bombing of dug-in Iraqi positions. Preparing for a ground assault, the allies increased artillery firings across the border.
(ABC-4)

Brokaw reports from a Marine fighter plane base in Saudi Arabia. He reports that the pilots and their ground crews were running a heavy schedule of sorties today, encouraged by clear skies over the Gulf. (NBC-4)

CBS's Eric Engberg reports more mines were found nearby, tied to underwater cables -- a deadly trap the Navy had not expected here. As anti-mine efforts were stepped up, analysts questioned the lack of prior sweeping. Experts noted the need to clear all mines from hostile waters assault forces would have to cross could push back the date of the planned ground offensive. (CBS-4)

NBC's Brad Willis reports there is no word on whether the Tripoli will be able to continue its mission. The Princeton suffered more serious damage and will have to be towed to safety for repairs. (NBC-2)

GULF WAR/IRAQ

ABC's Bill Blakemore reports from Iraq (cleared by Iraqi censors). The mood in Baghdad was subdued today as Iraqis waited for news from the Soviet-Iraqi meeting. Most shops remained closed; good water and cooking gas are hard to find. There seems to be enough food making its way in from the countryside to get by; fresh meat, vegetables, olives, dates and cheese. And though everyone we spoke with said they would like to have peace if their leaders can work out a cease-fire, we saw no evidence of any wishful thinking that it was necessarily about to happen. An editorial today in one of Iraq's most widely-read newspapers condemned America's rejection of last week's Iraqi proposal. The editorial said the rejection proved America's real aims in the war are colonial domination of the Gulf region. There were more allied air raids tonight.

Jennings reports that the Iraqi military said today that allied planes conducted more than 150 raids overnight, 25 of them on civilian targets. According to the U.S., the Iraqis shot down an Air Force F-16 jet fighter overnight. U.S. helicopter crews dashed 40 miles behind Iraqi lines and rescued the pilot. (ABC-3)

NBC's Tom Aspell reports from Iraq (cleared by Iraqi censors). Officials in Baghdad this morning showed what was left of a milk factory bombed weeks ago.

(TV Coverage: Milk jugs scattered amid rubble.)

The U.S. is still insisting it was a biological weapons plant. Many people in Iraq feel the destruction of Iraq, and not reclaiming Kuwait, is the main reason for the war. In addition, there is a deep sense of disappointment in Baghdad over last week's refusal by the U.S. to even consider Saddam's offer of peace. In the minds of many Iraqis, it was an opening position in the negotiations. (NBC-12)

IRAQI TECHNOLOGY

CBS's Rita Braver reports on equipment and technology that the Reagan and Bush Administrations allowed U.S. companies to sell to Iraq that critics argue are now being used against American fighting forces. The White House and the Commerce Department, refused to disclose exactly what technology Saddam Hussein got.

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Braver continues: But some information has leaked out from sources familiar with the secret exports. They say the U.S. sold computers, flight simulators, electronics equipment for use in missile production, oscilloscopes for tracking electronic images, and many other items -- all approved by the Commerce Department, sometimes over Pentagon objections. The sales were allowed, in part, because the U.S. was courting Saddam as an ally, almost until he invaded Kuwait; and in part because Commerce did not want U.S. businesses to lose lucrative contracts to foreign competitors. Just days ago, at an electronics trade seminar, the President's deputy national security adviser was explaining why the U.S. is still reluctant to put too many trade controls in place.

(Robert Gates: "We see in our minds' eye the soldier in the desert facing a possible Scud missile attack with chemical warheads. But we also see the American worker whose job is at risk because of export controls that may affect our competitiveness.")

But no one at Commerce would answer questions about why the U.S. allowed exports that could threaten American lives and whether it could happen again. (CBS-6)

GULF WAR/ISRAEL

Brokaw reports Prime Minister Shamir said today that if this war goes on, Israel might find a way to "associate itself" with the coalition.

NBC's Martin Fletcher reports from Israel. The Israelis continue preparing for the worst -- chemical warfare.

(Gen. Nachman Shai, army spokesman: "There'll be no automatic response [to a chemical attack]. It was stated a few times by the defense minister, by the chief of staff, that we will not automatically react. We will analyze first what happened, if it happened at all, and then we'll consider our reaction.")

It is not clear whether Israel will join the war if a ground war begins. Israel said it wants to attack, but will ask Washington first. But Israel may not take no for an answer, especially if U.S. warplanes cannot stop Iraq's Scud launchers. (NBC-11)

GULF WAR/HOME FRONT

Jennings: In Amherst, Mass., a man has killed himself in what appears to have been a protest against the war. Witnesses said the man, who was carrying a peace sign, poured a flammable liquid over himself and then set himself on fire. Passersby tried to put the flames out, but they did not succeed. (ABC-6, CBS-7)

Rather: In San Francisco, about 150 members of a church group took a two-mile hike to Presidio Army Base to protest the war on what they called moral grounds. (TV Coverage: March.) And in Sacramento, more than 5,000 people marched in support of the servicemen and women in the Gulf. They held what was billed as a "Proud to be an American" rally at the state capitol.

(TV Coverage: Rally.)

(CBS-8)

NBC's Jim Cummins reports from Mount Rushmore on the mood of visitors regarding the Gulf war. When the war began, many experts predicted that if it lasted longer than a month, President Bush would lose some public support. But so far, that has not happened.

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Cummins continues: One woman from Denver says her support for the war effort is stronger than ever.

(Woman: "I do believe people will continue to support President Bush. If we don't stop him there, we'll have to stop him in our backyards. And we don't want that in America.... I believe this may be a long war, longer than a month or two. But I don't believe it's going to be drawn-out like Vietnam.")

Most up here would agree with her on why we're fighting.

(Woman: "It's the freedom of the American people and of the world, and it's worth fighting for. Our forefathers did it for us.")

(NBC-8)

NBC's Jess Marlow reports from the home of a World War I veteran who recounts his experience fighting that war. He still carries scars from German chemical weapons inflicted upon him in the trenches. He believes the war in the Gulf is a just war and that we should be there.

(Veteran: "We are jumping on this man Hussein before he can become entrenched like Hitler became. So it's good.")

(NBC-16)

GULF WAR/BOB SIMON

Rather reports President Gorbachev asked Foreign Minister Aziz about the four CBS Newsmen in custody in Baghdad, including correspondent Bob Simon. A Soviet spokesman says Aziz assured Gorbachev that their case "will be dealt with."

(CBS-10)

IRA BOMBING

ABC's Sheilah MacVicar reports on two IRA bombings at train stations in London. There were no injuries at the first bombing. Two-and-a-half hours later, a second bomb went off at another station. One man was killed and 40 people injured. A telephoned threat came in later, warning of bombs at Heathrow Airport. No explosives were found there. The IRA issued a statement tonight claiming responsibility for the bombings. This is the first time since 1983 that civilians have been deliberately targeted by the IRA. Some observers say the apparent change in tactics may reflect a split in the organization.

(ABC-7, CBS-9, NBC-13)

VETERANS HOSPITALS

ABC's Bill Bergantino reports on the troubles with the nation's veterans hospitals. For the Gulf War, Veterans Administration hospitals in the U.S. are being told they should expect to take care of most of the wounded when they come home. But only a very small number of VA hospital staff have been given any recent training in warfare injuries. The entire VA system has only 10 beds specifically staffed to treat burn victims. The VA admits it will have to rely on community hospitals if it needs more. And the staffs have had very little training for chemical weapons injuries. The reserve callup, draining key medical care personnel, is making matters worse. The VFW recently conducted its own inspection of VA hospitals. It concluded: "The VA will experience significant problems providing the number of fully-staffed beds it has promised the military." Veterans groups are lobbying Congress to give the VA more money.

(ABC-8)

GULF/RELIEF AGENCIES

CBS's Doug Tunnell reports from Amman on relief agencies' dilemma of trying to guarantee that humanitarian aid is not intercepted by the Iraqi military. A number of international agencies have put emergency supply shipments on hold. One French group has a warehouse full of supplies in Jordan, but Iraq has not granted visas to its doctors. Iraq has refused a visa for the president of the International Red Cross, which specializes in monitoring treatment of POWs. No one has a reliable assessment of Iraq's long-term medical needs. (CBS-11)

BALTICS

NBC's Jane Pauley reports that the death toll from recent violence in the Baltic is now 22. A 50-year-old man died today of gunshot wounds suffered in last month's crackdown in Lithuania.

NBC's Jim Maceda reports on the Baltic nations' independence movements, ignored by President Gorbachev, and their fight to stay alive. There is growing resignation within the movements that as long as communists run the Kremlin, the Baltics are doomed to remain Soviet. (NBC-15)

FAMILY LEAVE

NBC's Andrea Mitchell reports on the debate over family leave. Only 15 percent of American companies provide unpaid leave for workers who need to care for sick children, elderly parents, or take time with a newly adopted child. Congress passed legislation last year requiring businesses with more than 50 workers to provide up to 12 weeks of unpaid leave a year. But after intensive lobbying by business groups, President Bush vetoed it. However, a few businesses, such as Control Data, have liberal family leave policies, and say they improve productivity. Congress will try again this spring to extend family leave to all workers. Already Democrats are putting the Administration's new Labor Secretary, Lynn Martin, on the spot over the policy.

(Sen. Dodd: "Given the fact that now one out of every four children are being raised in a single-parent home, and those are people who are in the workforce because they have to be -- it's not a question of wanting to buy another Volvo -- and when someone gets sick or they are faced with a crisis, whether or not they can have an unpaid leave period to deal with that crisis." Martin: "Were I in the House, I might vote for Family Leave." [laughs]) She did vote for it as a member of Congress. But now, in the Cabinet, she is backing off, and refused to be interviewed on the subject. Democrats see family leave as one of their best issues against Bush. But only last week, the White House promised conservatives once again he will not compromise. (NBC-6)

ECONOMY

NBC's Irving R. Levine reports retail sales are in a deep slump, resulting in widespread layoffs of sales clerks. At a meeting of AFL-CIO union leaders in Miami today, the head of the Retail Clerks' Union disagreed with the Bush Administration forecast of an early upturn. (NBC-7)

ABC -- THIS WEEK WITH DAVID BRINKLEY

Moderator: David Brinkley. **Panelists:** George Will, Cokie Roberts. **Guests:** Israeli Defense Minister Arens, Secretary Cheney.

Guest: Defense Minister Arens.

Brinkley: ...How do you assess the state of the war today?...

Arens: I think it's going well, and I think that the proposal that was launched by the Iraqis Friday, although far from satisfying the objectives President Bush had set, is an indication that Saddam, I believe, is beginning to understand that he's in trouble.

Will: ...Is there a way of setting a deadline for withdrawal that would require him to withdraw in such haste that he could not remain a force?...

Arens: I suppose that is possible.... On the other hand, I am sure there are many in this region and throughout the world who would not like to see Saddam Hussein in charge of a very large and powerful military machine after the fighting is over.

Roberts: ...Is there a concern here that the U.S. is pushing Israel into a position that Israel doesn't want to be in, particularly in terms of the Palestinians, in terms of the Golan Heights?

Arens: No, that is not my impression; that is not our impression here....

Roberts: So why did this happen? Why did you have this contretemps with the ambassador?

Arens: I really can't tell you.... He's not a professional diplomat.... Our feeling here was that he was doing a very good job as ambassador at a very difficult time.

Will: ...Tell us how you think Israel's security is going to be affected by the end of this war with Syria [richer and better armed]....

Arens: Syria is an implacable enemy of Israel.... It should be pointed out that they have not used chemical warfare, whereas the Iraqis have. But of course they are a threat to Israel's security. In the past we were concerned about a coalition led by Iraq which might include Syria -- that might include Jordan and Saudi Arabia attacking Israel. If the Iraqi war machine gets dismantled..., then it will have become a little bit easier for Israel.

Guest: Secretary Cheney.

Brinkley: If this was a poker game, what would you say Saddam Hussein was holding at the moment? A pair of nines maybe?

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Cheney: I think his position is increasingly weak.... And hopefully he will soon see the light. But we still have our basic, fundamental objective -- to get him out of Kuwait; and he has not yet started to withdraw from Kuwait.

Brinkley: Would you think this offer...he made on Friday is an opening bid and that he'll have more to say later?

Cheney: Hard to tell.... We have to see action, we have to see him withdraw from Kuwait.

Will: ...Is part of our strategy to chase the elite around Baghdad?

Cheney: I don't know that I would define them as the elite. Clearly, what we're interested in, though, is the national command authority....

Will: ...Are we in a position where the deployment [for a ground war] drives the policy, where we have to go forward and have to go forward fairly soon?

Cheney: No, I think we're in a position where we have done consistently exactly what we said we were going to do....

Roberts: ...On Friday there were a lot of people in this town who heaved sighs of relief as they started to hear the conditions Saddam has attached to withdrawing from Kuwait. One, a strong supporter of the Administration on Capitol Hill, said to me his ham-handedness in this offer to withdraw has covered a lot of us. Hasn't the policy really changed to say that he has to be gone, that as long as he is there that it is not a victory for the coalition?

Cheney: I don't think that that's true. I would argue that our objectives are clear cut. It's to force him out of Kuwait; it's to restore the legitimate government of Kuwait. We've also made it clear that, in the interest of security and stability in the region, we wanted to destroy his strategic military capability. We've done that now as well. We have never had as an objective, or stated as an objective, eliminating Saddam Hussein himself.

Will: ...Can you give some idea, bearing in mind that part of the aim is to get him to get out of Kuwait leaving as much of his warmaking capacity behind as possible, what a realistic deadline would be? How fast can you get out?...

Cheney: It took him five hours to take Kuwait last August 2nd. He's got more forces there now than he had in August. That's something obviously you'd have to decide within the coalition. The President would want to talk to King Fahd, President Mubarak and the others involved. And I'd be reluctant to speculate on it....

Will: About the Soviet Union..., is it too much to say that there's a kind of a slow-motion military coup under way there?

Cheney: I think we are concerned about what we see happening because of the appearance of the reversal of the reform efforts that have been led previously by President Gorbachev. I'm reluctant to characterize it until we see how it finally unfolds and what ultimately results.

Will: There are widespread reports about them making a mockery of the conventional forces agreement, saying certain categories of forces are not counted and they will decide what falls into those categories.... Is there any reason to continue emphasizing arms control with the Soviet Union?

Cheney: I think the most significant development of the last two years has been their withdrawal from Eastern Europe -- and that takes precedence over other things, such as conventional arms agreement.... But arms control is important.

Roberts: Do you worry that the role they're playing right now in Iraq, however, is an indication that the military is taking more power and is concerned about losing its sphere of influence in the Middle East?

Cheney: Difficult to say, to draw a final conclusion on that.... They have, to date, done everything they could to support the effort, shut off the flow of arms to Iraq, supported the U.N. resolutions, encouraged the Iraqis to get out of Kuwait. And I think that's all to the good.

Discussion segment: Hodding Carter joins.

On the Soviet Union:

Will: ...Gorbachev is, I believe, someone whose interest in freedom is only as an instrument of value..., to the extent that it helped revivify the Soviet empire.... You can't have freedom consistent with his power base, which is a dominant role for the security forces.... They're going back to authoritarianism.

Roberts: Gorbachev is just trying to get to the place where there are elections, four or five years from now, and try to survive.

Carter: ...The reality is that neither Russia nor the Soviet Union is ready for democracy, as we say it. But the idea that there's going to be anything close to a fall-back is wrong.... There's nobody there capable of imposing it.

On black support for the Gulf war:

Carter: ...For black Americans, obviously, there is a sense that anything that this does war does diverts attention from the war they care about..., the war to make something out of the community in which they live.

Roberts: But it also flies in the face of history, because the truth is that after wears, black Americans have done better.... You now have a war that is being controlled by a black American..., and that carries over when the war is over.

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NBC -- MEET THE PRESS

Moderator: Garrick Utley. **Panelists:** Elizabeth Drew, NBC's John Dancy. **Guests:** Rep. McCurdy, Sen. Lugar, Dr. Zbigniew Brzezinski.

Guest: Sen. Lugar, Rep. McCurdy.

Utley: French Foreign Minister Dumas has said a date has been fixed for the ground assault against Iraqi positions in Kuwait. Do you have any information on this?

Lugar: No, I don't. I'm surprised that he would confirm that in such a way; but, nevertheless, that's the way it is.

McCurdy: No. I wouldn't be surprised if there has been a date, though. The pressure's building, Saddam is losing, and I think all these factors are coming together at a very critical point.

Utley: Do you think it's the right decision at the right time to go ahead on the ground?

McCurdy: I think the success of Desert Storm has been the fact that the military commanders have been making decisions..., and I don't think it's our position to second-guess the timing.

Lugar: ...I think I would agree with Dave McCurdy that we're following our own plan. It's been a good plan....

Drew: Sen. Lugar, you're very close to the Administration. Could you please tell us whether it is now their position that, no matter what Iraq offers, the war goes forward until Saddam has been removed, either by death or overthrow?

Lugar: ...I think there are two unstated areas here. One is the continuation of Saddam in a position of leadership. The other is the continuation of Iraqi military authority or military power.... It appears the Soviets, the Iranians and others would be prepared to see Saddam continue and, in fact, are afraid that Iraqi power will not continue. And we are afraid of that.

Drew: ...Is it the Administration's policy?

Lugar: No, the Administration hasn't enunciated such a policy. But it's one that's certainly been probed, and it could come to the fore.

Drew: ...Might the President have a political problem if he starts a big ground war this week?

McCurdy: I think the President should let Gen. Schwarzkopf make that decision. If the ground forces have been destroyed to such an extent or degraded, and their military effectiveness has been degraded, that a ground phase would be successful very quickly, then obviously he would be applauded as a great military leader. If, however, political decisions and political timing enters into this, then I think that would be a mistake.

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Dancy: What do you think of the idea of the President of the U.S. calling for the Iraqi people to rise up and overthrow their leader?

Lugar: I think it's a great idea. I was pleased he did it. And it seems to me that we've got to continue to press this thought.

McCurdy: ...If Saddam comes up with a withdrawal plan, I think the pressure is going to be there to allow him to continue in office. Now, we have to wait and see what the Israelis do and even his own military. But I don't think that that's the U.S.'s call.

Dancy: He did come up with a withdrawal plan.... But the President rejected it immediately and out of hand.

McCurdy: ...That particular plan was not a sound one.

Lugar: ...The thought that somehow the Syrians would come out of Lebanon, that the Iraqis should receive reparations -- this is ridiculous on the face of it, and the President said so quickly.

Utley: ...There's been a flap here this past week about the relationship between Israel and the U.S. Israel is asking for a lot more money -- up to \$13 billion post-war. The Administration and Jim Baker seem to be saying, hey, perhaps you should be paying us, we're fighting your war.... What's your feeling about what's happening and what this means for after the war?

Lugar: ...We don't have that sort of money. It's not in the cards. And therefore in the settlement..., we've got to try to find something for Israel in that situation.

Drew: There's a report in a British paper that Pentagon officials confirmed...that the attack on what they said was a command and control bunker in Baghdad was an error because they were going on outdated information that it was being used to communicate with the troops in the field.... Has the Administration given you evidence that persuades you that at the time it was attacked it was being used for command and control?

McCurdy: No, and if they did, I probably wouldn't discuss it.... It's tragic that there were civilians there. But at the same time, why would it be camouflaged? Why would it be surrounded with fences and all that protection?...

Drew: Have they given you such information, Sen. Lugar?

Lugar: I was surprised to read such a thing. The preoccupation with this bunker amazes me.... That was a military target.

Guest: Zbigniew Brzezinski.

Utley: Do you see any risk in these [Soviet] talks with Tareq Aziz...that could pose problems for the coalition?

Brzezinski: Not really, because I think at this stage there is still such a gap between what might be a peaceful settlement and the way the Iraqis articulated it in the last statement.

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Dancy: What should Gorbachev be telling Aziz when he meets him?

Brzezinski: To emphasize that part of the proposal which deals with the U.N. resolution....

Dancy: You seem to be saying that it was a mistake for Bush to dismiss the Iraqi offer out of hand the way he did Friday.

Brzezinski: I would have construed it more as the Iraqi compliance with the U.N. resolution, and simply ignore all the other stuff, which clearly is non-negotiable and unrealistic.

Utley: But wouldn't that have bought more time for Saddam?

Brzezinski: No, not really, because I don't think we would stop the hostilities until he is prepared to commit himself to a schedule of troop withdrawals from Kuwait.

Drew: Do you think the President's reaction on Friday was a tough bargaining position, or a sign that he will not accept anything but the utter defeat of Iraq and the removal of Saddam?

Brzezinski: Frankly, I think it's more of the latter....

Drew: Do you agree or disagree with that formulation?

Brzezinski: I would only agree with it if I thought it would bring about a very rapid conclusion of the war, and gave us the opportunity to engage in a serious, comprehensive peace effort after the war. If it prolongs the war, makes it more devastating, more destabilizing in the region, then I do not agree with it.... I think we'll have to keep our forces there for quite some time to come, because there's going to be such a chaos and such mess.

Utley: ...President Bush has assured the American people that they are going to all come right home after the war is over. You say that cannot happen?

Brzezinski: Well, did he really use the word 'all'?...

Dancy: Who comes out of this with power in the Gulf, Iran?

Brzezinski: I think Iran is clearly going to be the principal winner. I think bureaucratically, in the U.S., the Air Force may end up being the winner.... Whether the U.S. will come out as a winner...I think depends very much on whether we make a very serious effort to redeem the war by a very major engagement in regional peace. And I'm not sure we will.... One of the elements of that has to be some serious progress on the Arab-Israeli peace process, and I do not see us undertaking this because it's too costly politically, too absorbing, and therefore I'm afraid we will win the war militarily, but will not gain from it politically.

Utley: ...Israel...is asking for \$13 billion from the U.S. Is that something we should consider?

Brzezinski: Not in that amount, clearly. I think this is slightly absurd. After all, the war is of enormous benefit to Israel.

CBS -- FACE THE NATION

Moderator: Lesley Stahl. **Guests:** National Security Adviser Scowcroft, Iraqi Ambassador to France Abdul Razak al-Hashimi, Soviet Foreign Ministry Spokesman Vitaly Churkin.

Guest: Ambassador al-Hashimi.

Stahl: As you know, President Bush does not want to negotiate at all until you have totally withdrawn from Kuwait first. Are you telling us that there will be no withdrawal until this package [from Saddam Hussein] is negotiated?

al-Hashimi: Well, you see, even President Bush is talking.... In Geneva there was Secretary Baker with Tariq Aziz; there was no Kuwaiti, there was no anybody else.... President Saddam Hussein offered a chance to President Bush to save...the American soldiers' lives. If he doesn't want to take that chance, that's going to be his problem and his responsibility. And believe me, Lesley, when the ground...attack is going to start, American blood is going to flow at that time.

Stahl: So you are basically telling us that unless there's a negotiation, Saddam is going to go forward with the ground war?

al-Hashimi: Well, we are saying that we will defend Iraq. We will keep defending it and we will never surrender unconditionally.... President Bush and the coalition, they are in for so many surprises they'll remember for the rest of their lives.

Stahl: That echoes something your ambassador at the U.N. said the other day. He threatened again to use chemical weapons. What are you talking about?

al-Hashimi: I'm talking about that when a country is being destroyed and a country is being under attack..., that country has the right whatever it has in its capabilities to defend itself.

Guest: National Security Adviser Scowcroft.

Stahl: ...Are you absolutely positive that the Soviets aren't moving in a different direction than we are?

Scowcroft: It's difficult to be absolutely positive about anything in foreign policy. But we have no reason not to take the Soviet statements at face value. They have been solid with the coalition on the objectives all along, and I see no reason that they should not continue to be so.

Stahl: ...But do you not think that in the end, in terms of their goals as opposed to our goals, that they would like to see Saddam stay in power?... All the signals from our side is that we want him toppled, we want an insurrection.

Scowcroft: There may be a lot of ancillary goals with respect to the Middle East where we differ with the Soviet Union. But I see so far no difference on the major goal -- and that is that Saddam Hussein has to get out of Kuwait...unconditionally.... That is not one of our war aims, to get him out of power.

Stahl: If the Soviets come up with some kind of package where he does withdraw but there is some face-saving device in there, will we fight it?

Scowcroft: No linkage.... Nobody has ever been able to describe what such a package would be. He cannot be rewarded for the terrible things that he has perpetrated in the Gulf.

Stahl: Tell us your assessment of this Iraqi initiative. Does it mean to you that he's on the ropes, he's looking for a way out?

Scowcroft: ...He's a very resourceful person.... At this point there is nothing to lead us to think that it's anything more than another attempt to create confusion and dissension within the coalition. In other words, there are no ancillary activities going on which would make it look more serious.

Stahl: French Foreign Minister Dumas says that there is a date fixed for the ground war. Is that true?

Scowcroft: If there were, I would not tell you.

Stahl: Yes, well you wouldn't contradict him obviously. He knows what he's talking about.

Scowcroft: Yes.... It would be very irresponsible to talk about the specifics.

Stahl: ...There is a report this morning that Pentagon officials are saying that outdated intelligence was used to target that air raid shelter or command structure. Is that true, and therefore was it an error?

Scowcroft: No.... As far as I know, it is not true.... The intelligence we have looked at, we are very comfortable with. It was a terrible tragedy, but it was definitely a military objective.

Stahl: About what happens if the Soviets...pull off some mechanism that looks like they're trying to get...some kind of peace initiative going, and we pursue this war -- does the White House run a risk that George Bush ends up looking like a villain, and the Soviets...like the peacemakers of the planet?...

Scowcroft: ...First, it's not clear at all that the Soviets have an objective like that. It's not clear how that could be accomplished. We are as anxious as anyone to end this tragedy in the Gulf. But it would compound the tragedy to end it incompletely and leave this man free to engage again, to rebuild his forces.

Stahl: If he tells the Soviets he will withdraw, he can still go back to Iraq and the threat you just described.

Scowcroft: If he tells the Soviets he will withdraw and if he begins withdrawal on a massive basis, rapidly, obviously dedicated to a total withdrawal without conditions of linkage, obviously he can withdraw.... He has to get out fast.

Stahl: By definition, does 'fast mean you have to leave all that [Iraqi equipment] there?

Scowcroft: Not by definition.

Stahl: ...On the civilian casualties, you've never shown any evidence...that you knew for sure it was a military facility. Why not give us a [satellite] picture, some kind of proof?

Scowcroft: Well, that's a complicated question. But I think, you know, the fact is that he is using civilian installations to conceal or to protect his military. He's using archeological ruins to hide his airplanes. He's using schools as headquarters for some of his military units. So that both shows what he's like, and it also shows the meticulous nature of our bombing campaign.... There are a lot of reasons based on intelligence why [showing evidence] is a very difficult thing to do.

Guest: Vitaly Churkin.

Stahl: Help clarify for us exactly where the Soviet Union now stands on this peace initiative from Saddam Hussein....

Churkin: Well, we're saying there is some reason for being somewhat, very cautiously, encouraged because for the first time after the beginning of hostilities, the Iraqis have mentioned the possibility of their withdrawal from Kuwait.... So we have seen them make the first step.

Stahl: Mr. Primakov, your envoy, says that some way must be found to help Saddam Hussein save face. Is that the Soviet position?

Churkin: We are not going to negotiate with them about face-saving. I think that if...they made the political decision to move out of Kuwait, Saddam Hussein could think of some propaganda way to face-save, so it's not our worry.... The situation has changed.... When Primakov was in Baghdad several days ago, Saddam seemed to be more attentive in listening to our arguments.

Stahl: What was the reaction in Iraq to Bush's call for an insurrection or a military coup? How was that received over there?

Churkin: We are not talking in those terms. We are talking to the Iraqis.... It is not our interest to see any particular leader in power in Baghdad. It is in our interest to see to it that Iraq remains...an important presence in the Middle East.

Stahl: Do you think a ceasefire at this point would be helpful?...

Churkin: We are not raising a ceasefire issue now. We think that first Iraq must declare a very definite intention to withdraw.

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THE McLAUGHLIN GROUP

Moderator: John McLaughlin. **Panelists:** Pat Buchanan, Fred Barnes, Jack Germond, Morton Kondracke.

On the Iraqi withdrawal proposal:

McLaughlin: Is President Bush correct? Is this a cruel hoax?

Buchanan: It's not just that.... What this ploy is designed to do is to appeal to the Arab masses...and is aimed to try to split our coalition. It didn't work. However, it is going to be received somewhat better in Moscow than it was received at the White House.

Barnes: ...Bush doesn't think it's a cruel hoax. He said, for one thing, it's the first time Saddam Hussein said he would withdraw at all.... And secondly, Bush recognized that Saddam is hurting, reeling under the bombing. That's why Bush encouraged a coup.... What Bush has to do, and I think he will do, is not have a cease-fire and to hold out for a withdrawal in which Saddam only takes his troops home, and leaves the tanks, chemical weapons, artillery, and armored personnel carriers back in Kuwait where U.S. troops can get them.

Germond: ...Saddam now is making it clear that he knows he is gone militarily, and he recognizes this.... Secondly, Bush has now made it explicit that Saddam is not going to be allowed to survive this thing. He's going to be out of power or dead.

Kondracke: The proposal is a lie.... There are three pages of conditions, and some of them are new; like we have to pay for the reconstruction of Iraq.... He is trying to split the coalition, and it's not going to work.

Buchanan: ...He is trying to expose the Americans as trying to smash Iraq, which is our weakest position.

McLaughlin: ...The real reason he's offering this now is because the ground offensive is terrifying to him because of the condition of his military.

Buchanan: I think there's a possibility that this offer by him and the negative propaganda because of that bombing could tend to force Bush to move up the date of the ground war.

Germond: ...I think it's the opposite. It's going to be much more difficult in the next few days for the President to order a ground offensive...with the possibility that Iraq will strip away some of the conditions to their proposal.

Kondracke: This is on some sort of a schedule. The invasion is not imminent, it was not going to happen this weekend.... I don't think the communique has that much to do with it. It's going to go on schedule.

McLaughlin: Iraqi intelligence told the Iraqis the ground war was going to happen this weekend. That's why Iraq jumped in and killed their own good publicity on the bunker.

McLaughlin: Will there be a ground war that will drive Saddam out of Kuwait? Buchanan: They're going to have to expel him. Barnes: No ground war. He'll surrender. Germond: A close call, but there still will be a ground war. Kondracke: Unless somebody shoots him, there will be a ground war. McLaughlin: No ground war.

On the Soviet Union and the Gulf war:

Barnes: ...The Soviets want to act like a superpower, and want to be an active player in all the settlements. They want to keep their hand in with some of the countries they've been close to.

Buchanan: I think the Soviets want to play good guy to the Arab world while the Americans kill the children.... The military guys and hardliners want to deal themselves back in to those countries.

McLaughlin: They're very nervous about a long-term U.S. military presence in the Gulf.... They look at the sophistication, precision and innovation of our war machine and say they were taken to the cleaners.... Which country will be more popular with the Arab masses, say, two years after the war is over? Buchanan: The U.S. is going to have immense prestige after immediately after the war is over. It will depend on how we use that prestige. Barnes: They don't need to love us; just respect us. Respect we'll have. Germond: I think there's going to be a lot of antipathy toward the U.S. after this one. Kondracke: I think our prestige is going to be at the max when we win this war. McLaughlin: The U.S., because of the sheer power and prestige.

On Israel and the Gulf war:

Germond: ...If we don't see to it that Saddam is removed from power, the Israelis are going to do it themselves. They are applying a totally legitimate pressure on us because they did not retaliate.

Buchanan: I think if we've gotten Iraq out of Kuwait and the war is stopped, and then Israel decides to launch a strike when there's a cease-fire, it would be a terrible mistake.

Buchanan: If Saddam survives..., the prestige of the Iraqi people and nation is going to go up 10 years from now because they fought the Americans, and the guys who held our coats [like Saudi Arabia] aren't going to look that good.

On the media and the Gulf war:

McLaughlin: Who is right -- Sen. Simpson or CNN?

Germond: ...Simpson is not funny; he's nasty. And he hates the press.... He is trying to equate what Peter Arnett is doing with his job with treason and a lack of patriotism. The McCarthyistic tactics he used in talking about the fact that he was married to a Vietnamese woman is absolutely unforgivable.

Kondracke: He's not a sympathizer, but the description of him as a puppet is pretty close to being right.... CNN ought to rotate him out of there and put somebody else in.

Buchanan: Network technology is being used as a conveyor belt to get his message out. But if this threatens the national interest, the President is supposed to speak for the national interest. President Bush himself should tell them to go if they're hurting the war effort...in the Arab world.

McLaughlin: Peter Arnett is doing a good job.... He's acting like a pro. The problem is at the editor's desk. They can stop it all.

Predictions:

Buchanan: Major ground action before we next meet. Barnes: A lot of Democrats want Rep. Gephardt to run for President. I think he will, and he'll be a strong candidate. Germond: I think Iraqis are going to toss Saddam within the next two weeks. Kondracke: No more bombing of civilian targets, because we're going to concentrate on the field of battle in Kuwait and southern Iraq. McLaughlin: Sweden and Denmark will be next to recognize Lithuania.

INSIDE WASHINGTON

Moderator: Gordon Peterson. **Panelists:** Charles Krauthammer, Tina Gulland of Post-Newsweek stations, Juan Williams, Carl Rowan.

On the Iraqi withdrawal proposal:

Peterson: ...Was it a cruel hoax, as President Bush says, or the beginning of negotiations for Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait?

Krauthammer: ...I think it was an overture to Kremlin hardliners. Saddam's only hope is the Soviets will step in and bail him out.

Williams: ...Bush was right to say it boiled down to getting emotions up in a cruel hoax.

Gulland: It's too early to tell, but I think the allied response was right. If it was a trick, it should have been rebuffed. If it was an opening bid, the price was too high, and Baghdad's on notice it better come back with a realistic offer -- and fast.

Rowan: It was an offer so ridiculous that neither the Iraqis nor the Soviets felt anyone would accept it. It may be an indication of Soviet maneuvering behind the scenes.

Williams: ...Saddam has now undercut himself, to some extent....

Krauthammer: The only threat here is the Soviets. Among the internal alliance, the combatants, there's no crack whatsoever in the coalition. This peace ploy had no effect.

On the war aims:

Rowan: ...I don't believe for a moment this talk about not trying to take Saddam out. I think we've tried already. I wouldn't be at all surprised if that attack on the bomb shelter was based on intelligence suggesting he was there. It is clearly the U.S. goal to get him out of there, because I think U.S. leaders believe they cannot afford to have him as a semi-hero at the end of the war.

Gulland: But if were to withdraw, you'd have to leave him there.

Williams: ...There's no way that the allies, the U.S. and Israel would allow Saddam to remain in power, especially with the idea that he can rebuild somehow his armaments and be a threat to that region in three to four years.... They've got to do the job now.

Krauthammer: The President made it clear by suggesting that he would welcome a coup in Iraq that he wants Saddam out, that that is a war aim. If he can't do it by actually hitting him with a bomb or a coup, I think the other objective is absolute, total, unconditional withdrawal, which would be a humiliation for Saddam. And humiliation in the Arab world sometimes is a death sentence.

Krauthammer: We've always understood that the goal here is to destroy Saddam and the military machine.

Rowan: ...That may be Bush's goal.... But the U.N. did not give any mandate to kill Saddam or wipe out Iraq's infrastructure.

On the media and the Gulf:

Gulland: ... I would say, Peter [Arnett], start taking some risks. Go ahead and stop censoring yourself; don't worry about what they're going to say. If they throw you out, make them do it.

Williams: He's one-note Johnny, keeps telling the same story again and again.... It boils down to propaganda.

Krauthammer: You might do a little bit better than going up to the director of the al-Rashid hotel, and say, Excuse me sir, do you have a command-and-control center in the basement here? And the guy says, Oh, no, monsieur; but of course we don't. This is the Inspector Clouseau school of investigative reporting.

Rowan: ...I don't care how much propaganda they're feeding Arnett; I want to know what the Iraqis are saying....

Williams: ...Saddam doesn't need Peter Arnett there to get a message to you and me or President Bush.

On civilian casualties:

Krauthammer: ...We have to keep our nerve in the face of Iraqi propaganda, and to say that this is the price of war. It's a war Saddam started on August 2, and he can stop it tomorrow.

Gulland: I don't think the U.S. should ever look at children and women and civilians and say this is an acceptable price of war.

Rowan: ...The only reason there hasn't been an uprising is that Saddam Hussein is hitting women and children too.

Williams: We don't see what he's done inside Kuwait. We don't see the rape and the advantage he's taken in that society. Why doesn't Saddam Hussein put some cameras in there.

On black support for the war:

Peterson: There was a summit meeting in New York this week. Black civic and religious leaders wrote a letter to President Bush condemning the war and saying they're going to stimulate anti-war sentiment among black Americans.

Williams: It's really a sad day for what has become to the civil rights leadership in this country. They have a lot of grievances on the domestic agenda.... But they want to use that in some way to beat Bush, to beat America generally. It's really tawdry.

Rowan: I think it would be a mistake to give the impression that those people who met in New York are representative of all the opinion of black America.... I do not believe the majority of black Americans would have asked President Bush to accept this offer from Saddam Hussein, which was ridiculous on its face.

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This Week in Congress

Congress returns today from the Presidents Day recess with the war and its costs high on lawmakers' agendas.

The Bush administration is expected to send to Congress this week its fiscal 1991 supplemental spending request to cover the costs of the war.

The Pentagon has not said how much they will ask for in the supplemental, but military experts have estimated that the war is costing \$500 million a day. Congressional leaders have promised to act swiftly on the request.

The supplemental spending measure may be discussed in more detail on Wednesday when the Senate Armed Services Committee holds a hearing on Defense Department funding for fiscal 1992.

The month-old Persian Gulf War will continue to command congressional attention in other ways as lawmakers wait to see if Iraq's conditional offer last Friday to leave Kuwait alters allied plans to initiate a ground war. Iraq said it would leave Kuwait but linked the offer to the resolution of other regional disputes.

"Regrettably, the Iraq statement now appears to be a cruel hoax, dashing the hopes of the people in Iraq and indeed around the world," President Bush said.

"If we acquiesce in this he [Iraqi President Saddam Hussein] would achieve total victory," said Senate Minority Leader Bob Dole of Kansas. "I think it's going to end soon, but not on his terms. He's almost a non-player."

Said Sam Nunn, D-Ga., chairman of the Senate Armed Services Committee: "If there are conditions attached to the withdrawal, then I don't think it will go very far toward a cease-fire. This could be the opening bid in Saddam's move toward diplomacy."

Not all agreed that the United States should reject the Iraqi offer. "It should be obvious to all that the Iraqi ability to withdraw can only be made in the context of a cease-fire," said Rep. Ronald V. Dellums, D-Calif. "The stakes are too

high and the potential loss of life too great for us not to respond immediately and positively."

Before the Iraqi offer had been made, a group of 41 Democrats and Vermont Independent Bernard Sanders issued a statement last week urging Bush not to escalate the war.

Dellums, who led the effort to issue the statement, said he hoped that "this message will cause the administration to pause and reflect on its policy in the gulf."

Sen. Paul Wellstone, D-Minn. — the only senator to sign the statement — said allied forces should stop bombing to allow for a negotiated settlement of the war.

This week lawmakers will consider a variety of legislative measures, many of which are war-related. Also, starting today, television coverage of House proceedings will be closed-captioned for the hearing impaired.

Here are the highlights of this week's congressional agenda:

Senate Floor

Export Administration. Today the Senate will take up a bill (S 320) that would renew and expand the Commerce Department's authority to enforce export regulations on products and technology that could affect national security.

The president vetoed similar legislation last year over language restricting aid to countries that manufacture or help in the manufacturing of chemical weapons. S 320 is nearly identical to last year's bill.

Defense Production Act. Senators plan to take up a measure (S 347) that would reauthorize the Defense Production Act, written in 1950 to ensure that the United States has the industrial capacity to supply strategic products to the Defense Department during war time. Bush vetoed a similar reauthorization bill last year, objecting to a requirement that certain products be bought exclusively from U.S. firms.

The Senate on Feb. 8 passed a short-term extension (S 348) because the act is set to expire on March 19.

Alexander Nomination. The full Senate this week may vote on the nomination of Lamar Alexander to replace Lauro F. Cavazos as secretary of Education. But first the Labor Committee must approve his nomination and send it to the Senate. The panel is waiting for Alexander to respond to written questions before voting.

Troop Relief. The Senate is expected to clear a troop-protection bill (HR 555) that would clarify re-employment rights of returning military personnel and strengthen laws requiring the reinstatement of health insurance for veterans.

The House passed the bill, 414-0, on Jan. 29.

The Senate may also take up a measure (S 331) to extend unemployment compensation and life insurance coverage for the men and women serving in the Persian Gulf.

RTC Funds. The Senate may act on the administration's request of \$30 billion to continue the savings and loan bailout. The Treasury Department has warned that the government might have to suspend the bailout operation at the end of this month if additional funds are not provided.

House Floor

Troop Support. The House today will consider legislation (H Con Res 44) calling on U.S. citizens to display the American flag in a show of support for the troops in the Persian Gulf.

War Costs. On Thursday, House members will consider the rule for legislation (HR 586) that would require the administration to file regular reports with Congress on the costs of the Persian Gulf War. The reports would also have to detail contributions to the war by U.S. allies.

The House Armed Services and Foreign Affairs committees are scheduled to mark up the measure on Wednesday.

See **THIS WEEK** on p. 3

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Judiciary Agenda: Old Issues, New Strategies

The judiciary agenda for the 102nd Congress looks a lot like that of the 101st Congress because many of last year's battles will be rejoined. But this year lawmakers will be looking for new ways to approach old problems.

Topping the agenda is civil rights legislation, which Democratic leaders in both houses have vowed to pass. The Senate failed to override President Bush's veto of a civil rights bill last year by one vote. The House passed the measure just 12 votes shy of the two-thirds majority needed to make it veto-proof.

Members are also planning to revisit a variety of crime issues including handgun control, death-row appeals and expansion of the death penalty.

Civil Rights

Underlining the importance they place on passage of civil rights legislation, House Democrats made their first bill — HR 1 — a measure to prohibit job discrimination.

The measure is very similar to last year's legislation in that it is designed to make it easier to sue for job discrimination and harder to challenge affirmative action programs. But HR 1 does not include the changes that were agreed to during last year's debate in an effort to compromise with the administration. For example, a cap of \$150,000 in damage awards that had been included in last year's bill is absent.

Last year, President Bush succeeded in labeling a similar measure a quota bill, saying the bill's strict provisions would force businesses to adopt hiring quotas to avoid lawsuits. This year, House Democrats are taking a new tack by touting the bill as a measure to help women in the workplace. Senate proponents are still working on a strategy and have not introduced legislation yet.

The Leadership Conference on Civil Rights, a coalition of civil rights groups, has begun negotiating with the Business Roundtable, a big business consortium, in an effort to fashion legislation that could garner wider support.

And the administration is preparing its own measure that would link some elements of last year's GOP civil rights proposals with a package of "empowerment" programs aimed at creating more social and economic opportunities for minorities.

Crime

The bare-bones anti-crime bill that was enacted last year left many members from both parties feeling dissatisfied. Conferees stripped controversial provisions on the death penalty, gun control and habeas corpus protections from the measure, leaving a scaled-down bill that set new penalties for bank fraud, certain drug crimes and child abuse, and authorized increased funding for law enforcement and prison alternatives.

This year both parties will be looking to complete unfinished business.

A top priority for the Republicans is an expansion of the federal death penalty. Democrats want to address gun control, violence against women and habeas corpus issues.

Comprehensive Bill. Senate Judiciary Committee Chairman Joseph R. Biden Jr., D-Del., is planning to push a comprehensive crime bill that includes provisions that would ban the manufacture and sale of 14 types of assault weapons, expand the number of federal offenses punishable by death, and speed the habeas corpus appeals procedure for death-row convicts while ensuring inmates rights. Sen. Arlen Specter, R-Pa., is backing a measure that would limit habeas corpus appeals.

In the House, William J. Hughes, D-N.J., last year's chair-

man of Judiciary's Crime Subcommittee, has introduced legislation (HR 18) to streamline the habeas corpus appeals process while ensuring adequate review of each inmate's case.

Biden has already reintroduced a measure (S 15) he championed last year to curtail violence against women. Rep. Barbara Boxer, D-Calif., is expected to follow suit in the House.

House Action. The consolidation of the Crime and Criminal Justice subcommittees in House Judiciary has propelled Charles E. Schumer, D-N.Y., into a law-and-order spotlight. The chairman of the new subcommittee, Schumer has already announced an ambitious agenda that focuses on drug-related and white-collar crime.

Like Biden, Schumer wants to develop a comprehensive drug-control strategy. He also plans to focus on savings and loan fraud as part of a broader effort to combat white-collar crime.

Gun Control. House Speaker Thomas S. Foley, D-Wash., has promised to allow a vote on a bill (HR 7) to require a seven-day waiting period for the purchase of a handgun. Foley, who had opposed gun-control legislation in the past, blocked a similar bill from floor consideration last year. The House is expected to vote on HR 7 by Memorial Day.

Senate proponents plan to hold off on companion legislation (S 257) until the House acts.

In addition, Hughes is pushing a measure (HR 19) that would allow the secretary of the Treasury to regulate the manufacture and distribution of assault weapons.

RICO

Hughes is also expected to propose legislation to curtail the use of the Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act (RICO) in civil actions. Supporters of a revision argue that RICO was intended as a tool against organized crime but that it has also been used to collect large damage awards in civil suits against legitimate businesses.

Under the current law, defendants are required to pay triple damages to plaintiffs who show financial harm as a result of racketeering.

Last year, the House Judiciary Committee approved a measure limiting the scope of RICO, but it was blocked from floor consideration by Government Operations Chairman John Conyers Jr., D-Mich., and Energy and Commerce Chairman John D. Dingell, D-Mich.

A more far-reaching Senate measure that would have eliminated triple damage suits almost entirely also died.

Legislation to overhaul RICO is backed by the business community, but supporters acknowledge that the Hughes bill faces a tough battle. In the era of the savings and loan scandal, many in Congress might be reluctant to dilute a law intended to punish illegal business activity.

Vertical Price-Fixing

Both chambers are expected to take up legislation to limit vertical price-fixing — an agreement between a manufacturer and retailer to force a competing retailer to charge a certain price for the manufacturer's goods, thus preventing discounting.

Last year the House passed a bill to make it easier for discounters to sue manufacturers involved in vertical price-fixing. But Judiciary's ranking Republican, Strom Thurmond, S.C., and others blocked Senate consideration of a bill. New legislation to limit vertical price-fixing could be on the Senate floor by this summer. By holding up a judgeships bill, Howard M. Metzenbaum, D-Ohio, managed to exact a promise last year from Judiciary Committee leaders to allow Senate consideration of a price-fixing measure in 1991.

—By David Masci

THIS WEEK from p. 1

Committee Action

Appropriations. The first round of hearings on fiscal 1992 appropriations bills start this week in both the House and Senate.

More than a dozen hearings are scheduled, as lawmakers begin to pore over the details of the administration's fiscal 1992 budget request.

Economic Report. Federal Reserve Board Chairman Alan Greenspan will provide a biannual report on the economy to the Senate Banking Committee on Wednesday and the House Banking Committee on Thursday.

Greenspan said in testimony before Congress earlier this year that he expects the economy to recover from the recession by summer but warned that a protracted war could threaten the recovery.

Fuel Economy. The Senate Commerce Subcommittee on Consumer Affairs will hold a hearing on Thursday on legislation (S 279) that would require automakers to increase the fuel economy of cars.

Similar legislation by Sen. Richard H. Bryan, D-Nev., stalled last year when the administration and the auto industry aggressively lobbied against it, saying that it would penalize automobiles that already had high gas mileage.

Puerto Rico, Energy Policy. On Wednesday, the Senate Energy Committee will mark up a bill (S 244) to provide for a referendum on the political status of Puerto Rico.

On Thursday, the panel will hold a hearing on developing a national energy policy. The Bush administration plans to unveil its energy plan this week.

Keating Five. The Senate Ethics panel is expected to resume closed-door hearings on the so-called Keating Five.

The panel is investigating whether five senators — Alan Cranston, D-Calif.; Donald W. Riegle Jr., D-Mich.; John Glenn, D-Ohio; John McCain, R-Ariz.; and Dennis DeConcini, D-Ariz. — broke Senate rules when they intervened with federal regulators on behalf of Charles H. Keating Jr., a one-time savings and loan owner who contributed to their campaigns.

The committee is reportedly split on how to deal with four of the senators but is in general agreement that Cranston's violations were serious enough to warrant full Senate action.

Mexican Trade. On Wednesday, the Senate Finance Committee resumes hearings on a proposed U.S.-Mexico free-trade pact.

The administration strongly supports a free-trade treaty, but some in Congress have raised questions as to how such a pact might affect the U.S. economy and the labor force.

Troop Relief. On Wednesday, the Senate Labor and Human Resources

Committee plans to mark up legislation (S 335) that would allow military personnel serving in the Persian Gulf to delay student loan payments.

Committee Funds. On Wednesday, the Senate Rules Committee will mark up draft legislation to set the 1991 and 1992 budgets for Senate committees.

A number of committee chairmen requested a boost in funding, notably the Banking, Finance, Foreign Relations and Armed Services committees.

The committee chairmen testified before the Rules Committee, that they need more money and staff because of the extra work involved in responding to the war and the recession.

Stock-Index Futures. The House Agriculture Subcommittee on Conservation, Credit and Rural Development today will mark up legislation (HR 707) designed to settle the turf battle going on between the Commodity Futures Trading Commission and the Securities and Exchange Commission over stock-index futures.

The two agencies have been squabbling over jurisdiction on the stock-index futures — a trading feature that allows investors to bet on the direction of the stock market.

The Senate Agriculture Committee has a similar hearing scheduled for Wednesday.

Committee Changes. The Feb. 8 death of Silvio O. Conte, R-Mass., will lead to GOP leadership changes on a couple of House committees.

Conte served as ranking Republican on the Appropriations Committee. Joseph M. McDade, Pa., is in line to take over the ranking GOP slot.

To do so, McDade will have to relin-

quish the ranking position on the Small Business Committee, opening up the spot for Andy Ireland, Fla.

Conte's death also left vacant the ranking spot on the Appropriations Subcommittee on Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education. Carl D. Pursell, Mich., is expected to be tapped as ranking member on the panel.

To avoid a slowdown in the fiscal 1992 appropriations process, the GOP assignment-making panel is expected to approve the changes this week. The Republican Conference will then ratify the assignments.

Political Front. Rep. Larry J. Hopkins, R-Ky., became the first member of the 102nd Congress to file for higher office when he announced he will run for governor of Kentucky. The GOP primary is in May, and the general election is in November. Hopkins will not have to leave the House to run.

But another House Republican, Steve Bartlett, Texas, has said he is considering resigning from Congress to run for mayor of Dallas.

A spokesman for Bartlett said that the congressman hopes to make a decision this week whether to enter the race, and if he does decide to run, he will leave Congress to campaign. The election is scheduled for April.

In any case, a special election will be necessary to fill at least one House seat and probably two. An election must be held in Massachusetts to fill the seat left open by the death of Conte. And a special election will be needed to fill the seat soon to be vacated by Edward Madigan, R-Ill., who is expected to receive swift confirmation as secretary of Agriculture. ■

Congress Spurred to Action by War

There's nothing quite like a war, it would appear, to galvanize Congress into action. Because Congress operates on a two-year cycle, the opening weeks of its first session are normally uneventful, given over to organizing chores and the occasional ceremonial event such as the president's State of the Union address.

But at the start of the 102nd Congress, the House has already passed 10 bills, the Senate six. Four of the measures have been signed into law by President Bush.

In contrast, by this time in 1989, only one measure had become law.

Not surprisingly, all but one of the bills passed to date dealt with the Persian Gulf War or with the veterans of past wars. The exception was a resolution passed by the House designating Feb. 7 as "National Girls and Women in Sports Day."

The laws enacted so far authorized the use of force to push Iraq from Kuwait, gave U.S. troops in the gulf an extension for filing their 1990 tax returns, increased veterans' disability benefits and authorized such benefits for veterans exposed to the chemical defoliant Agent Orange in Vietnam who later contracted one of three specific diseases.

Additional legislation to help activated reservists and their families could reach Bush's desk soon.

The only other time in the past decade that Congress got off to a fast start was in 1987, when lawmakers sent the president six measures before the Presidents Day recess. Only two of those bills were substantive proposals, however.

—By Martha Angle

Committee Meetings Scheduled Today

Senate Committees

★ DRUG TESTING

Senate Appropriations Committee

treasury, Postal Service and General Government Subcommittee (Chairman DeConcini, D-Ariz.) will hold an oversight hearing on the federal employee drug testing program.

2pm SD-116 Dirksen Bldg. February 19

Witnesses scheduled: Officials from the General Accounting Office, Department of Health and Human Services, Justice Department and Office of National Drug Control Policy, and representatives of the American Federation of Government Employees, National Treasury Employees Union and National Federation of Federal Employees

■ AIRLINE INDUSTRY FOREIGN INFLUENCE

Senate Commerce Committee

Aviation Subcommittee (Chairman Ford, D-Ky.) will hold a hearing on foreign ownership of U.S. airline companies and on international route sales by U.S. air lines.

10am SR-253 Russell Bldg. February 19

Witnesses scheduled: Samuel Skinner - secy of Transportation; Capt. Randolph Babbitt - president, Airline Pilots Association

PANEL: James Callison - Delta Air Lines; Edward Beauvais - America West Air Lines; Thomas Talbot - Hawaiian Air Lines; Alfred Checchi - Northwest Air Lines

■ ENERGY POLICY

Senate Energy Committee

The full committee (Chairman Johnston, D-La.) will hold an oversight hearing on U.S. national energy policy.

2:30pm SD-216 Hart Building February 19

Note: This hearing has been rescheduled for February 21

★ VETERANS' NOMINATION

Senate Veterans Affairs Committee

The full committee (Chairman) will hold a confirmation hearing on the nomination of Charles Cragin to be chairman of the Board of Veterans' Appeals. 10am SR-418 Russell Bldg. February 19

House Committees

■ FUTURES TRADING

House Agriculture Committee

Conservation, Credit and Rural Development Subcommittee (Chairman English, D-Okla.) will hold a hearing and mark up legislation (HR 707) to improve the regulation of futures trading and authorize appropriations for the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

9:30am & 2pm 1300 Longworth Bldg February 19

Agenda & Witnesses Scheduled:

9:30am: Hearing:

PANEL 1: Wendy Gramm - chairman, Commodity Futures Trading Commission

★ New listing

PANEL 2: John Sandner - Chicago Mercantile Exchange; Lou Guttman - New York Mercantile Exchange; William O'Conner - Chicago Board of Trade

PANEL 3: Thomas Neal - National Grain Trade Council; Kendell Keith - National Grain and Feed Association; Michael Dunn - National Farmers Union

PANEL 4: Robert Easton - National Association of Futures Trading Advisors; John Damgard - Futures Industry Association

2:30pm: Markup

★ FY92 COMMERCE, STATE, JUSTICE APPROPS

House Appropriations Committee

Commerce, Justice, State, the Judiciary and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chairman Smith, D-Iowa) will hold hearings on FY92 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am & 2pm H-310 Capitol Bldg. February 19

Agenda:

February 19:

10am: Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit; Court of International Trade; Federal Judicial Center; Sentencing Commission.

2pm: Martin Luther King, Jr. Holliday Commission.

★ FY92 DEFENSE APPROPS

House Appropriations Committee

Defense Subcommittee (Chairman Murtha, D-Pa.) will hold hearings on FY92 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am & 1:30pm H-140 Capitol Bldg. open/closed February 19

Agenda:

February 19: Defense posture

FY92 ENERGY & WATER APPROPS

House Appropriations Committee

Energy and Water Subcommittee (Chairman Bevil, D-Ala.) will hold hearings on fiscal 1992 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am 2362 Rayburn Building February 19

Agenda:

February 19:

Assistant Secretary of the Army (Civil Works) and the Chief of Engineers; Army Engineers Corps; Pacific Ocean Division

FY92 INTERIOR APPROPS

House Appropriations Committee

Interior Subcommittee (Chairman Yates, D-Ill.) will hold hearings on fiscal 1992 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

1:30pm B-308 Rayburn Building February 19

Agenda:

February 19: National Capital Planning Commission; Advisory Council on Historic Preservation; Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars

★ FY92 TRANSPORTATION APPROPS

House Appropriations Committee

Transportation and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chairman Lehman, D-Fla.) will hold hearings on FY92 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

1pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg. February 19

February 19: National Transportation Safety Board

FY92 VA, HUD APPROPS

House Appropriations Committee

VA, HUD, and Independent Agencies Subcommittee (Chairman Traxler, D-Mich.) will hold hearings on fiscal 1992 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

2pm H-143 Capitol Building February 19

Agenda:

February 19:

Consumer Product Safety Commission, Selective Service System

★ PARENTS & MILITARY SERVICE

House Armed Services Committee

Military Personnel and Compensation Subcommittee (Chairman Byron, D-Md.) will hold a hearing on parenting issues as they relate to Operation Desert Storm/Shield.

2pm 2118 Rayburn Bldg. February 19

Witnesses scheduled: Christopher Jehn - assistant secretary of Defense; Stephen Duncan - assistant secretary of Defense; G. Kim Wincup - Army assistant secretary; Barbara Pope - Navy assistant secretary; Jerome Cooper - Air Force assistant secretary

★ SEALIFT OPERATIONS & THE WAR

House Armed Services Committee

Seapower and Strategic and Critical Materials Subcommittee (Chairman Bennett, D-Fla.) will hold a hearing on sealift operations in the conduct of Operation Desert Storm.

2pm 2212 Rayburn Bldg. February 19

Witness scheduled: VAdm. Francis Donovan - head of the Navy's Military Sealift Command

★ BANKING BRIEFING

The full committee (Chairman Gonzalez, D-Texas) will meet for a closed briefing by General Accounting Office staff on a GAO examination, currently nearing completion, on Resolution Trust Corporation operations.

2pm 2222 Rayburn Bldg. closed February 19

■ MONEY LAUNDERING

Financial Institutions Supervision, Regulation and Insurance Subcommittee (Chairman Annunzio, D-Ill.) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on proposed legislation on money laundering.

10am 2128 Rayburn Building February 19

Witnesses scheduled: Peter Nunez - assistant secretary of the Treasury for enforcement; Brian Bruh - director, Financial Crimes Enforcement Network, Treasury Department; Peter Djimis - acting director, Office of Financial Enforcement, Treasury Department

Note: This was originally scheduled as a hearing and markup, the markup has been delayed.

■ FY92 BUDGET REVIEW

House Budget Committee

The full committee (Chairman Panetta, D-Calif.) will continue hearings to review the

■ Revised listing

House continued...

administration's fiscal 1992 budget proposals.

10am 210 Cannon Bldg. **February 19**

Witnesses scheduled: Michael Boskin - chairman, Council of Economic Advisers

HEALTH CARE PERSIAN GULF IMPACT

House Energy and Commerce Committee

Health and the Environment Subcommittee (Chairman Waxman, D-Calif) will hold a hearing on legislation (HJ Res 128) to call to active duty additional members of the Reserve Corps of the Public Health Service to respond to the shortage of health care providers created by the Persian Gulf crisis.

9:45am 2123 Rayburn Bldg **February 19**

Witnesses scheduled: C. Everett Koop - former surgeon general; Rep. Stenholm, D-Texas; James Mason - assistant secretary of HHS

★ U.S. & LATIN AMERICA

House Foreign Affairs Committee

Western Hemisphere Affairs Subcommittee (Chairman Torricelli, D-N.J.) will hold a hearing on the future of U.S. relations with Latin America and the Caribbean in the post-cold war world.

2pm 2172 Rayburn Building **February 19**

Witnesses scheduled: Joseph Tulchin - director, Latin American Program, Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars; George Fauriol - director, Americas Program, Center for Strategic and International Studies; Arturo Valenzuela - director, Georgetown University Center for Latin American Studies

■ JUSTICE PROGRAMS OVERSIGHT

House Government Operations Committee

Government Information, Justice and Agriculture Subcommittee (Chairman Wise, D-W.Va.) will hold an oversight hearing on the Office of Justice Programs.

10am 2247 Rayburn Bldg. **February 19**

Note: This hearing has been rescheduled for February 20.

■ FY92 BUDGET:

LAND MANAGEMENT

House Interior Committee

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chairman Vento, D-Minn.) will hold a hearing on the proposed fiscal 1992 budget for the Bureau of Land Management

1:30pm 340 Cannon Bldg **February 19**

Witnesses scheduled: Cy Jamison - director, Bureau of Land Management

PANEL 1: George Lea - Public Lands Foundation; Dave Albersworth - National Wildlife Federation; Russell Gaspar - American Horse Protection Association

PANEL 2: Debbie Sease - Sierra Club; Cindy Shogan - Utah Wilderness Alliance

CALIFORNIA DROUGHT

House Interior Committee

Water, Power and Offshore Energy Resources Subcommittee (Chairman Miller, D-Calif) will hold a hearing on the California drought.

9:30am 1324 Longworth Bldg. **February 19**

Witnesses scheduled: Doug Wheeler - California Resources Agency; David Kennedy - California Department of Water Resources; Dennis Underwood - U.S. Bureau of Reclamation; John Turner - U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service

★ New listing

Senate Committees Future Listings

Agriculture, Nutrition & Forestry

224-2035

■ COMMODITY FUTURES

Senate Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry Committee (Chairman Leahy, D-Vt.) will hold a hearing on legislation (S 207), the Futures Trading Practices Act of 1991.

9am SD-138 Dirksen Bldg. **February 20**

Witnesses scheduled:

PANEL 1: Jack Sander - Chicago Mercantile Exchange; William O'Connor; Chicago Board of Trade; Z Lou Guttman - New York Mercantile Exchange; John Damgard - Futures Industry Association; Robert Issacson - National Association of Futures Trading Advisors; Dale Lorenzen - Joint AUDIT Committee

PANEL 2: Wayne Luthringshausen - Options Clearing Corporation; Joseph - Hardiman - Ad Hoc Coalition on Intermarket Coordination; Marc Lackritz

Appropriations

224-3471

FY92 AGRICULTURE APPROPS

Rural Development, Agriculture and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chairman Burdick, D-N.D.) of Senate Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1992 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10:00am SD-138 Dirksen Bldg. **March 1, 8, 15, 22, April 10, 19, and 26**

Agenda:

March 1: Agricultural Research Service; Cooperative State Research Service; Extension Service

March 8: Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service; Foreign Agricultural Service, General Sales Manager; Soil Conservation Service

March 15: Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service; Food Safety and Inspection Service; Agricultural Marketing Service

March 22: Food and Nutrition Service; Human Nutrition Information Service

April 10: Farmers Home Administration; Federal Crop Insurance Corporation; Rural Electrification Administration

April 19: Commodity Futures Trading Commission; Food and Drug Administration; Farm Credit Administration; Farm Credit System Assistance Board

April 26: Secretary of Agriculture

FY92 FOREIGN OPS APPROPS

Foreign Operations Subcommittee (Chairman Leahy, D-Vt.) of Senate Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1992 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am SD-192 Dirksen Bldg. **February 27**

2:30pm SD-138 Dirksen Bldg. **March 5, 12 & 19; April 9, 16 & 24; May 7, 14 & 21; June 4**

Agenda & Witnesses Scheduled:

February 27: New Directions in U.S. Foreign Aid;

James Baker III - secretary of state

March 5: Multilateral Assistance; Nicholas Brady - secretary of the treasury

March 12: Development Assistance Programs;

Ronald Roskins - administrator, AID

March 19: Aid to Africa: Herman Cohen - assistant secretary of state for African Affairs; Scott Spangler - assistant administrator, AID

April 9: Aid to Latin America: Bernard Aronson - assistant secretary of state for Inter-American affairs; James Michel - assistant administrator, AID

April 16: Aid to Eastern Europe: Robert Barry - special advisor for eastern European assistance, State Department; David Merrill - deputy assistant administrator, AID

April 23: Security Assistance: Reginald Bartholomew - under secretary of state for international security affairs; Lt. Gen. Teddy Allen - director, DSA

May 7: AID Management: Ronald Roskins - administrator, AID; Gen. Herbert Beckington - inspector general, AID

May 14: Foreign Aid & U.S. Trade: Henrietta Holzman - assistant administrator, AID; John Macomber - president, Export-Import Bank; Fred Zeder - president, OPIC; Priscilla Rabb-Ayres - director, U.S. Trade and Development Program

May 21:

2:30pm: International AIDS Crisis: Richard Bissell - assistant administrator of AID

3:45pm: Peace Corps: Paul Coverdell - director, Peace Corps

June 4: public witnesses

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■ Revised listing

Senate continued...**FY92 LABOR-HHS APPROPRIATIONS**

Labor, Health and Human Services, Education and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chairman Harkin, D-Iowa) of Senate Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on appropriations for programs under the subcommittee's jurisdiction

10am and 2pm SD-192 Dirksen Bldg. **March 5, 7, 12**

10am and 1:30pm SD-192 Dirksen Bldg. **March 14**

9:30am SD-192 Dirksen Bldg. **March 19, 20**

10am SD-192 Dirksen Bldg. **March 21, April 16, 17, 18, 23, 24, 25**

Agenda:

March 5: 10am: Office of secretary of Labor; Office of Inspector General, Labor Department

HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES DEPARTMENT

March 5: 2pm: Office of Civil Rights and Policy Research

March 7: 10am: Family Support Administration, Human Development Services; Office of Inspector General

2pm: Social Security Administration; Health Care Financing Administration

March 12: 10am: Office of Assistant Secretary of Health; Agency for Health Care Policy and Research; Centers for Disease Control

2pm: Alcohol, Drug Abuse and Mental Health Administration; Health Resources and Services Administration

March 14:

10am: National Institutes of Health

Office of the Director

Buildings and facilities

National Cancer Institute

National Heart, Lung and Blood Institute

National Dental Institute

National Allergy and Infectious Diseases Institute

National Diabetes, Digestive and Kidney Diseases Institute

National Child Health and Human Development Institute

National Environmental Health Institute

Fogarty International Center

1:30pm: National Institutes of Health

National Neurology Institute

National Deafness Institute

General Medical Sciences

National Eye Institute

Nation Aging, Arthritis, Musculoskeletal and Skin Institute

Division of Research Resources

Nursing Research

Human Genome project

National Library of Medicine

March 19: Office of Secretary of Education; Special Institutions, Education Department

March 20: Office of Assistant Secretaries of Education; Office of Inspector General, Education Department

March 21: 10am: ACTION, National Council on Disability; Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service; National Mediation Board; Railroad Retirement Board; Federal Mine Safety and Health Review Commission; National Labor Relations Board; Occupational Safety and Health Review Commission

2pm: Physician Payment Review Commission; Corporation for Public Broadcasting; National Commission on Libraries; U.S. Institute of Peace; National Commission on AIDS; Prospective Payment Assessment Commission; National Commission to Prevent Infant Mortality; Soldiers' and Airmen's Home

April 16, 17, 18, 23, 24 & 25: outside witnesses

★ *New listing*

FY92 VA, HUD APPROPRIATIONS

VA, HUD, and Independent Agencies Subcommittee (Chairman Mikulski, D-Md.) of Senate Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on FY92 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

1:30pm SD-138 Dirksen Bldg. **February 20, March 6 & 13**

9:30pm SD-116 Dirksen Bldg. **March 20**

1:30pm SD-124 Dirksen Bldg. **April 10**

1:30pm SD-138 Dirksen Bldg. **April 17**

9:30am SD-138 Dirksen Bldg. **April 23**

9:30am SD-124 Dirksen Bldg. **April 24**

9:30am SD-138 Dirksen Bldg. **May 8**

1:30pm SD-138 Dirksen Bldg. **May 15**

9:30am SD-138 Dirksen Bldg. **May 17**

Agenda:

February 20: Selective Service System; American Battle Monuments Commission; Cemeterial Expenses (Army); Nuclear Regulatory Commission; National Institute of Building Sciences

March 6: Federal Emergency Management Agency

March 13: Council on Environmental Quality; Environmental Protection Agency

March 20: Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; Resolution Trust Corporation; Office of the Inspector General; National Credit Union Administration

April 10: Inter-Agency Council on the Homeless; Department of Housing and Urban Development

April 17: United States Court of Veterans Affairs; Department of Veterans Affairs

April 23: Science Education Programs of Various Agencies

April 24: Office of Science and Technology Policy; National Science Foundation

May 8: National Space Council; National Aeronautics and Space Administration

May 15: Commission on National Service; Points of Light Foundation

May 17: Public Witness

Armed Services

224-3871

FY92 BUDGET:**DEFENSE SPENDING**

Senate Armed Services Committee (Chairman Nunn, D-Ga.) will hold a hearing on the president's defense budget request for fiscal 1992.

9am SH-216 Hart Bldg. **February 20**

Witnesses scheduled: Dick Cheney - secretary of Defense; Gen. Colin L. Powell Jr. - chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff

★ DESERT STORM FY91 SUPPLEMENTAL REQUEST

Senate Armed Services Committee (Chairman Nunn, D-Ga.) will hold a hearing on the president's supplemental funding request for Operation Desert Storm for fiscal 1991.

2pm SR-222 Russell Bldg. **February 28**

Banking, Housing & Urban Affairs

224-7391

SEMIANNUAL REPORT ON MONETARY POLICY

Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee (Chairman Riegle, D-Mich.) will hold a hearing to receive the semiannual

report on monetary policy required by the Full Employment and Balanced Growth Act of 1978 (Humphrey-Hawkins Act).

10am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg. **February 20**

Witnesses scheduled: Alan Greenspan - chairman, Federal Reserve Board

★ BANKING INDUSTRY CONDITION

Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee (Chairman Riegle, D-Mich.) will hold an oversight hearing on the current condition of the banking industry.

10am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg. **February 21**

Witnesses scheduled: Carol Berger - C.J. Lawrence Inc.; William Weiant - First Boston; James Grant - Grant's Interest Rate Observer

Budget

224-0642

★ BLOCK GRANTS IN FY92 BUDGET

Senate Budget Committee (Chairman Sasser, D-Tenn.) will hold a hearing on "Block Grants in the 1992 Budget: Progress or Poverty."

10:15am SD-608 Dirksen Bldg. **February 20**

Witnesses scheduled: Gov. John Ashcroft, R-Mo.; David Dinkins - mayor, New York, N.Y.; Raymond Flynn - mayor, Boston, Mass.; Joseph Riley - mayor, Charleston, S.C.; William Althaus - mayor, York, Pa. others TBA

★ TAX TRENDS IN 1980s

Senate Budget Committee (Chairman Sasser, D-Tenn.) will hold a hearing income and tax trends during the 1980s

10am SD-608 Dirksen Bldg. **February 22**

FY92 BUDGET REVIEW

Senate Budget Committee (Chairman Sasser, D-Tenn.) will hold hearings in preparation for drafting a concurrent resolution on the fiscal 1992 budget.

Time TBA SD-608 Dirksen Bldg. date TBA

Witnesses scheduled:

Date TBA: Alan Greenspan - chairman, Board of Governors, Federal Reserve System

Commerce, Science & Transportation

224-5115

★ AMTRAK NOMINATION

Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee (Acting Chairman Exon, D-Neb.) will hold a hearing on the nomination of Carl Vogt to the board of directors of Amtrak.

2:30pm SR-253 Russell Bldg. **February 20**

★ FUEL ECONOMY STANDARDS

Consumer Subcommittee (Chairman Bryan, D-Nev.) of Senate Commerce, Science

■ *Revised listing*

Senate continued...

and Transportation Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (S 279) to require new standards for corporate average fuel economy (CAFE).

8:30am SR-253 Russell Bldg. **February 21**

★ **EXPANDED LOCAL TELEPHONE COMPANY POWERS**

Communications Subcommittee (Chairman Inouye, D-Hawaii) of Senate Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (S 173) to permit the local telephone operating companies, formed when the American Telephone and Telegraph Co. (AT&T) was broken up, to conduct research on, design, and manufacture telecommunications equipment. They are currently barred from such activities by the terms of the final judgement that authorized the break-up.

9:30am SR-253 Russell Bldg. **February 26**

INSURANCE INDUSTRY INSOLVENCY ISSUES

Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee (Chairman Hollings, D-S.C.) will hold a hearing on insurance company insolvencies.

9:30am SR-253 Russell Bldg. **February 27**

★ **NHTSA REAUTHORIZATION**

Consumer Subcommittee (Chairman Bryan, D-Nev.) of Senate Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee will hold a hearing on the reauthorization of the National Highway Traffic Administration (NHTSA).

9:30am SR-253 Russell Bldg. **March 14**

Energy & Natural Resources

224-4971

★ **PUERTO RICAN REFERENDUM Full Committee Markup**

Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee (Chairman Johnston, D-La.) will mark up legislation (S 244) to provide for a referendum on the political status of Puerto Rico.

9:30am SD-366 Dirksen Bldg. **February 20**

■ **ENERGY POLICY**

Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee (Chairman Johnston, D-La.) will hold an oversight hearing on U.S. national energy policy.

9:30pm SD-366 Dirksen Bldg. **February 21**

YOSEMITE PARK CONCESSIONS

Public Lands, National Parks and Forests Subcommittee (Chairman Bumpers, D-Ark.) of Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee will hold a hearing on the transfer of Yosemite National Park concessions from MCA Inc. to the National Park Foundation.

2pm SD-366 Dirksen Bldg. **February 21**

★ *New listing*

★ **ENERGY EFFICIENCY & RENEWABLE ENERGY**

Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee (Chairman Johnston, D-La.) will hold a hearing on legislation (S 341) to reduce the nation's dependence on imported oil and to provide for the energy security of the nation.

9:30am & 2pm SD-366 Dirksen Bldg. **February 26**

9:30am SD-366 Dirksen Bldg. **February 28**

9:30am SD-366 Dirksen Bldg. **March 5**

9:30am & 2pm SD-366 Dirksen Bldg. **March 7**

7

2pm SD-366 Dirksen Bldg. **March 11**

9:30am SD-366 Dirksen Bldg. **March 12**

10am & 2pm SD-366 Dirksen Bldg. **March 14**

14

2pm SD-366 Dirksen Bldg. **March 18**

Agenda:

February 26:

9:30am: Energy efficiency; renewable energy

2pm: Hydropower

February 28: CAFE

March 5: Advanced nuclear reactors; nuclear power plant licensing

March 7:

10am: Natural gas regulation, research & development and demonstration & commercialization activities

2pm: Comprehensive Uranium Act of 1991 (S 210)

March 11: Strategic Petroleum Reserve; Outer Continental Shelf Leases

March 12: ANWR

March 14: PUHCA Reform

March 18: Coal and the applicability of new source review to electric steam generation units (WEPco)

■ **MARKUP: ENERGY COMMITTEE**

Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee (Chairman Johnston, D-La.) will meet to consider pending business.

9:30am SD-366 Dirksen Bldg. **February 27**

★ **NUCLEAR WASTE DISPOSAL**

Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee (Chairman Johnston, D-La.) will hold a hearing on the implementation of the Department of Energy's civilian nuclear waste program.

9:30am SD-366 Dirksen Bldg. **March 21**

Environment & Public Works

224-6176

★ **LEAD POISONING**

Toxic Substances, Environment Oversight, Research and Development Subcommittee (Chairman Reid, D-Nev) of Senate Environment and Public Works Committee will hold a hearing on the administration's proposals to address lead poisoning and contamination.

2pm SD-406 Dirksen Bldg. **February 21**

FY92 BUDGET:

FEDERAL HIGHWAY PROGRAMS

Senate Environment and Public Works Committee (Chairman Burdick, D-N.D.) will hold a hearing on the fiscal 1992 budget for federal-aid highway programs and related transportation issues.

10am SD-406 Dirksen Bldg. **February 26**

FY92 BUDGET:

EPA

Senate Environment and Public Works Committee (Chairman Burdick, D-N.D.) will hold a hearing on the Environmental Protection Agency's proposed budget for fiscal 1992.

9:30am SD-406 Dirksen Bldg. **March 7**

★ **LENDER LIABILITY SUPERFUND ISSUES**

Superfund, Ocean and Water Protection Subcommittee (Chairman Lautenberg, D-NJ) of Senate Environment and Public Works Committee will hold a hearing on lender liability under the nation's superfund laws.

9:30am SD-406 Dirksen Bldg. **April 10**

Finance

224-4515

U.S.-MEXICO FREE TRADE

Senate Finance Committee (Chairman Bentsen, D-Texas) will continue hearings on proposed free-trade negotiations with Mexico.

10am SD-215 Dirksen Bldg. **February 20**

★ **MEDICARE QUALITY ASSURANCE**

Medicare and Long Term Care Subcommittee (Chairman, Rockefeller, D-W.Va.) of Senate Finance Committee will hold a hearing on a study by the Institute of Medicine on methods of assessing and assuring the quality of health care services under the Medicare program and on recommendations to improve them.

9:30am SD-215 Dirksen Bldg. **February 22**

Foreign Relations

224-4651

★ **YUGOSLAVIA CIVIL WAR**

European Affairs Subcommittee (Chairman Biden, D-Del.) of Senate Foreign Relations Committee will hold a hearing on the civil war in Yugoslavia and the U.S. response.

2pm SD-419 Dirksen Bldg. **February 21**

Governmental Affairs

224-4751

★ **PENTAGON MEDIA RULES IN GULF**

Senate Governmental Affairs Committee (Chairman Glenn, D-Ohio) will hold a hearing on freedom of the press and Pentagon control of news in the Persian Gulf conflict.

1pm SD-342 Dirksen Bldg. **February 20**

■ **ETHICS AND PROCUREMENT**

Oversight of Government Management Subcommittee (Chairman Levin, D-Mich.) of Senate Governmental Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on proposed ethics and procurement rules that regulate discussions about employment at procurement meetings between government employees and

■ *Revised listing*

Senate continued...

employees of government contractors and suppliers.

9am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg. February 21

HEATING FUEL REPORT

Senate Governmental Affairs Committee (Chairman Glenn, D-Ohio) will hold a hearing on a report by the National Association of Attorneys General's on the supply and price heating fuel.

9:30am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg. February 22

EFFORTS TO COUNTER TERRORISM

Senate Governmental Affairs Committee (Chairman Glenn, D-Ohio) will hold a hearing on the federal government's efforts to counter terrorism.

9:30am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg. February 26

Indian Affairs

224-2251

FY92 BUDGET:

INDIAN PROGRAMS

Senate Indian Affairs Committee (Chairman Inouye, D-Hawaii) will hold a hearing on the president's budget for fiscal 1992 for programs relating to Native Americans.

9:30am SR-485 Russell Bldg. February 21

Judiciary

224-5225

★ TERRORISM AND U.S. RESPONSES

Senate Judiciary Committee (Chairman Biden, D-Del.) will hold a hearing the threat of terrorism and U.S. responses.

10am SD-226 Dirksen Bldg. February 20

Witnesses scheduled: William Sessions - director, Federal Bureau of Investigations

★ VERTICAL PRICE FIXING

Antitrust, Monopolies and Business Rights Subcommittee (Chairman Metzenbaum, D-Ohio) of Senate Judiciary Committee will hold a hearing on a bill to amend the Sherman Act regarding vertical price fixing and retail competition.

10am SD-226 Dirksen Bldg. February 21

★ MARTINEZ NOMINATION

Senate Judiciary Committee (Chairman Biden, D-Del.) will hold confirmation hearings on

the nomination of former Florida Governor Bob Martinez to be director of the Office of Drug Control Policy.

10am SD-226 Dirksen Bldg. February 26 & additional dates TBA

Labor & Human Resources

224-5375

★ MARKUP: LABOR COMMITTEE

Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee (Chairman Kennedy, D-Mass.) will mark up pending legislation.

9am SD-430 Dirksen Bldg. February 20

Agenda:

Committee reorganization

S 335 - Provide relief for active duty military personnel serving in connection with Operation Desert Storm on obligations under the Robert T. Stafford Student Loan Program, to alleviate health care provider shortages resulting from hostilities

S 367 - Amend the Job Training Partnership Act to encourage a broader range of training and job placement for women

★ STRENGTHENING FAMILIES

Children, Family, Drugs and Alcoholism Subcommittee (Chairman Dodd, D-Conn.) of Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee will hold a hearing on how to strengthen families in today's society.

10am SD-430 Dirksen Bldg. February 20

★ HIGHER EDUCATION ACT

Education, Arts and Humanities Subcommittee (Chairman Pell, D-R.I.) of Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee will hold the first in a series of hearings on the reauthorization of the 1965 Higher Education Act.

10am SD-430 Dirksen Bldg. February 21

Rules & Administration

224-6352

SENATE COMMITTEE FUNDING

Full Committee Markup

Senate Rules and Administration Committee (Chairman Ford, D-Ky.) will mark up proposed committee funding resolutions.

9:30am SR-301 Russell Bldg. February 20

Small Business

224-5175

FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE MILITARY RESERVISTS Full Committee Markup

Senate Small Business Committee (Chairman Bumpers, D-Ark.) will mark up legislation (S 360) to authorize the Small Business Administration to provide financial and business development assistance to military reservists' small businesses.

2:30pm SR-428A Russell Bldg. February 20

Veterans' Affairs

224-9126

VETERANS NOMINATION

Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chairman Cranston, D-Calif.) will hold a confirmation hearing on the nomination of Charles L. Cragin to be the chairman of the Board of Veterans' Appeals.

10am SR-418 Russell Bldg. February 19

VETERANS' LEGISLATIVE AGENDAS

Joint Hearings

Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chairman Cranston, D-Calif.) and House Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chairman Montgomery, D-Miss.) will hold joint hearings on the legislative agendas of veterans' groups.

9:30am 345 Cannon Bldg. February 26, 28, March 5

9am 345 Cannon Bldg. April 17

Agenda:

February 26:

Disabled American Veterans

February 28:

Military Order of the Purple Heart

Paralyzed Veterans of America

Blind Veterans of America

Vietnam Veterans of America

Non-Commissioned Officers Association

March 5:

Veterans of Foreign Wars

April 17:

AMVETS

Ex-Prisoners of War

Jewish War Veterans

World War I Veterans

FY92 BUDGET:

VETERANS AFFAIRS

Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chairman Cranston, D-Calif.) will hold a hearing on the fiscal 1992 Veterans programs budget.

9am SR-418 Russell Bldg. February 27

House Committees Future Listings

Aging

★ OLDER AMERICANS ACT

AND N.J. SENIORS

Field Hearing

Retirement, Income and Employment Subcommittee (Chairman Hughes, D-N.J.) of House Select Aging Committee will hold a field hearing on the Older Americans Act, focusing on assistance to the growing senior population in New Jersey.

9:30 Vineland City Hall, Vineland, N.J. March 1

★ SENIOR EMPLOYMENT PROGRAM

Human Services Subcommittee (Chairman Downey, D-N.Y.) of House Select Aging Committee will hold a hearing on the impact of the administration's proposed cuts in the Seniors Community Service Employment Program.

9:30am B-318 Rayburn Bldg. March 5

Agriculture

FUTURES TRADING

225-2171

Subcommittee Hearing & Markup

Conservation, Credit and Rural Development Subcommittee (Chairman English, D-Okla.) of House Agriculture Committee will hold a hearing and mark up legislation (HR 707) to improve the regulation of futures trading and authorize appropriations for the Commodity Futures Trading Commission.

9:30am & 2:30pm 1300 Longworth Bldg.

February 19

Agenda:

9:30am: Hearing

2:30pm: Markup

★ EXPORT ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

Joint Hearing

Department Operations, Research and Foreign Agriculture Subcommittee (Chairman Rose, D-N.C.) and the Wheat, Soybeans and Feed Grains Subcommittee (Chairman Glickman, D-Kan.) of House Agriculture will hold a joint hearing on legislation (HR 805) to improve the effectiveness of the Export Enhancement Program.

9:30am 1300 Longworth Bldg. February 20

■ FARM CREDIT

Conservation, Credit and Rural Development Subcommittee (Chairman English, D-Okla.) of House Agriculture Committee will hold hearings on the farm credit delivery system and the credit needs of farmers and ranchers.

10am 1300 Longworth Bldg. February 21 & 27

★ FY92 BUDGET: AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT

Forests, Family Farms and Energy Subcommittee (Chairman Volkmer, D-Mo.) of

★ New listing

House Agriculture Committee will hold a hearing on the fiscal 1992 budget for the Department of Agriculture.

10am 1302 Longworth Bldg. February 21

Appropriations

225-2771

★ FY92 APPROPRIATIONS

House Appropriations Committee (Chairman Whitten, D-Miss.) will hold an overview hearing on the FY92 budget.

9:30am, 2175 Rayburn Bldg. February 20

★ FY92 COMMERCE, STATE, JUSTICE APPROPRIATIONS Subcommittee Hearings

Commerce, Justice, State, the Judiciary and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chairman Smith, D-Iowa) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on FY92 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am & 2pm H-310 Capitol Bldg. February 19

& 219:30am H-310 Capitol Bldg. February 22

Agenda:

February 19:

10am: Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit; Court of International Trade; Federal Judicial Center; Sentencing Commission.

2pm: Martin Luther King, Jr. Holiday Commission.

February 21:

10am: State Justice Institute; Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.

2pm: Maritime Administration; Federal Maritime Commission.

February 22:

9:30am: Courts of Appeal, District Courts and other Judicial Services; Administrative office of the U.S. Courts

★ FY92 DEFENSE APPROPRIATIONS

Defense Subcommittee (Chairman Murtha, D-Pa.) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on FY92 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am & 1:30pm H-140 Capitol Bldg. open/closed February 19

1:30pm H-140 Capitol Bldg. closed February 21

Agenda:

February 19: Defense posture

February 21: Classified reprogramming action

FY92 ENERGY & WATER APPROPRIATIONS

Energy and Water Subcommittee (Chairman Bevil, D-Ala.) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1992 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg. February 19, 21, 25 & 26

10am & 11am 2362 Rayburn Bldg. February 27

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg. February 28, March 4, 5, 6 & 7

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg. closed March 11 and 12

10am & 11am 2362 Rayburn Bldg. March 13

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg. March 14

10am & 2pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg. March 19, 20, 21, April 9 & 10

Agenda:

February 19:

Assistant Secretary of the Army (Civil Works) and the Chief of Engineers; Army Engineers Corps; Pacific Ocean Division

February 21:

Army Engineers Corps: Ohio River Division; Southwestern Division; Missouri River Division; North Pacific Division; Tennessee Valley Authority

February 25:

Army Engineers Corps: South Pacific Division; North Central Division; New England Division; North Atlantic Division

February 26:

Army Engineers Corps: South Atlantic Division; Lower Mississippi Valley Division; and remaining items

February 27:

(10am) Appalachian Regional Commission; (11am) Tennessee Valley Authority

February 28:

Secretary of the Interior; Bureau of Reclamation; Delaware River Basin Commission; Susquehanna River Basin Commission; Interstate Commission on the Potomac River Basin

ENERGY DEPARTMENT

March 4:

Secretary of Energy

March 5:

Solar and Renewables; Environment; Waste Management

March 6:

General Science; Basic Energy Sciences; Fusion; Supporting Technology

March 7:

Nuclear Fission; Uranium Supply and Enrichment Activities; Supporting Technology

March 11 & 12:

Atomic Energy Defense Activities

March 13:

Nuclear Regulatory Commission; Federal Energy Regulatory Commission

March 14:

Power Marketing Administrations

March 19, 20, 21, April 9, and 10

Members of Congress and Outside Witnesses

FY92 INTERIOR APPROPRIATIONS

Interior Subcommittee (Chairman Yates, D-Ill.) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1992 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

1:30pm B-308 Rayburn Bldg. February 19

10am & 1:30pm B-308 Rayburn Bldg. February 21

10am B-308 Rayburn Bldg. February 26, 27, 28, March 5, & 6

10am & 1:30pm B-308 Rayburn Bldg. March 7

10am B-308 Rayburn Bldg. March 12
10am & 1:30pm B-308 Rayburn Bldg. March 13 & 14

10am B-308 Rayburn Bldg. March 19
10am & 1:30pm B-308 Rayburn Bldg. March 20, 21, April 9, 10, 11, 16, 17, 18, 23, & 24

10am B-308 Rayburn Bldg. April 25 & 30
10am & 1:30pm B-308 Rayburn Bldg. May 1 & 2

10am B-308 Rayburn Bldg. May 7

10am & 1:30pm B-308 Rayburn Bldg. May 8

10am B-308 Rayburn Bldg. May 9

Agenda:

February 19: National Capital Planning Commis-

■ Revised listing

House continued...

sion; Advisory Council on Historic Preservation; Woodrow Wilson International Center for Scholars

February 21: National Endowment for the Arts

February 26: National Endowment for the Humanities

February 27: Outside Witnesses: Energy Program (Department of Energy; Office of Surface Mining, Minerals Management Service; Bureau of Mines)

February 28: Outside Witnesses: Natural Resources

March 5: Secretary of the Interior

March 6: Secretary of Energy

March 7: Mineral Management Service

March 8: Energy Information Administration; Economic Regulatory Administration; Emergency Preparedness; Office of Hearings and Appeals

March 13 & 14: Outside Witnesses: Indian Program

March 19: Indian Education Activities; Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corporation; Holocaust Memorial Council

March 20: NPS

March 21: Smithsonian

April 9: GSA

April 10: Indian Health Services and Facilities

April 11: Bureau of Indian Affairs

April 16: Fish and Wildlife Service

April 17: Energy Conservation

April 18: Outside Witnesses: NEA/NEH/IMS

April 23: (10am) Bureau of Mines; (1:30pm) Office of Surface Mining

April 24: Forest Service

April 25: Office of Secretary/Solicitor/IG

April 30: Fossil Energy; Clean Coal; Strategic Petroleum Reserve; NPS

May 1: (10am) Navaho and Hopi Relocation Commission; Institute of American Indian and Alaskan Native Culture; National Indian Gaming Commission; (1:30pm) Institute of Museum Services

May 7: Franklin Delano Roosevelt Memorial Commission; Commission of Fine Arts; National Gallery of Art

May 8: Bureau of Land Management

May 9: Territories

★ **LABOR-HHS APPROPS**

FY91 Supplemental

Labor, Health and Human Services, Education and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chairman Natcher, D-Ky.) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on FY92 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg. **February 21**

Agenda:

February 21: Social Security Administration (FY91 Supplemental)

★ **FY92 TRANSPORTATION APPROPS**

Transportation and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chairman Lehman, D-Fla.) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on FY92 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

1pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg. **February 19 & 21**

February 19: National Transportation Safety Board

February 21: Secretary of Transportation

FY92 VA, HUD APPROPS

VA, HUD, and Independent Agencies Subcommittee (Chairman Traxler, D-Mich.) will hold hearings on fiscal 1992 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

2pm H-143 Capitol Bldg. **February 19**

10pm H-143 Capitol Bldg. **February 21**

★ *New listing*

Agenda:

February 19:

Consumer Product Safety Commission, Selective Service System

February 20:

American Battle Monuments Commission; Cemeterial Expenses, Army; Office of Consumer Affairs; Consumer Information Center (GSA)

Armed Services

225-4151

★ **ARMED SERVICES MARKUP**

House Armed Services Committee (Chairman Aspin, D-Wis.) will mark up pending legislation.

9:30am 2118 Rayburn Bldg. **February 20**

Agenda:

HR 586 - Require regular reports of the Congress on the amount of expenditures made to carry out Operation Desert Shield and Operation Desert Storm and on the amount of contributions made to the United States by foreign countries to support Operation Desert Shield and Operation Desert Storm

H Res 19 - calls for the submission of certain information from the president on the Operation of Desert Shield to the committees on Foreign Affairs and Armed Services

★ **FY92 DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION**

House Armed Services Committee (Chairman Aspin, D-Wis.) will continue hearings on the president's national defense authorization request for fiscal 1992.

Immediately following above markup 2118 Rayburn Bldg. **February 20**

9:30am 2118 Rayburn Bldg. **February 21**

Agenda:

February 20: Army request

February 21: Navy, Marine Corps requests

FAIRNESS & SUSTAINABILITY OF ALL-VOLUNTEER FORCE

Joint Hearing

The full committee (Chairman Aspin, D-Wis.) and Military Personnel and Compensation Subcommittee (Chairman Byron, D-Md.) of House Armed Services Committee will continue joint hearings on issues related to the Persian Gulf crisis.

Time & room TBA Date TBA

Agenda:

Date TBA: Sustainability of the all-volunteer force given the prospect of war

Date TBA: Fairness of the all-volunteer force given the prospect of war

Banking, Finance & Urban Affairs

225-4247

★ **RTC OVERSIGHT**

House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee (Chairman Gonzalez, D-Texas) will hold a hearing on a General Accounting Office report on the operations of the Resolution Trust Corporation.

10am 2128 Rayburn Bldg. **February 20**

Witness scheduled: Charles Bowsher - comptroller general

★ INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATIONS

International Development, Finance, Trade and Monetary Policy Subcommittee (Chairman, Oaker, D-Ohio) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the international economic organizations under the jurisdiction of the subcommittee.

2pm 2128 Rayburn Bldg. **February 20**

SEMIANNUAL REPORT ON MONETARY POLICY

Domestic Monetary Policy Subcommittee (Chairman Neal, D-N.C.) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing to receive the semiannual report on monetary policy required by the Full Employment and Balanced Growth Act of 1978 (Humphrey-Hawkins Act).

10am 2128 Rayburn Bldg. **February 21**

★ DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT Subcommittee Hearing & Markup

Economic Stabilization Subcommittee (Chairman Carper, D-Del.) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on and mark up legislation to extend the Defense Production Act.

1pm 2222 Rayburn Bldg. **February 21**

★ FINANCIAL INDUSTRY REVISION

Financial Institutions Supervision, Regulation and Insurance Subcommittee (Chairman Annunzio, D-Ill.) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 192) to revise the regulation of the financial services industry and to provide adequate enforcement of capital standards for insured depository institutions.

Time & room TBA tentative **February 27**

10am 2128 Rayburn Bldg. **February 28**

Time & room TBA **March 5, 7, 12, 14, 19 & 21 (tentative)**

Budget

225-7290

■ FY92 BUDGET REVIEW

House Budget Committee (Chairman Pannetta, D-Calif.) will continue hearings to review the administration's fiscal 1992 budget proposals.

10am 210 Cannon Bldg. **February 19**

10am & 2pm 210 Cannon Bldg. **February 20**

10am 210 Cannon Bldg. **February 21**

Agenda:

February 19: Michael Boskin - chairman, Council of Economic Advisers

February 20:

(10am) Louis Sullivan - secretary of Health and Human Services

(2pm) William Althaus - mayor, York, Pa.; David Dinkins - mayor, New York, N.Y.; Raymond Flynn - mayor, Boston, Mass.; Joseph Riley Jr. - mayor, Charleston, S.C.

February 21: Donald Atwood - deputy secretary of Defense; Sean O'Keefe - comptroller, Department of Defense

■ *Revised listing*

House continued...

Education & Labor

225-4527

★ PARENTAL LEAVE

Labor-Management Relations Subcommittee (Chairman Williams, D-Mont.) of House Education and Labor Committee will hold a hearing on on legislation, HR 2, to guarantee unpaid leave for workers with newborn or adopted children or critically ill family members.

Time & room TBA February 28

Energy & Commerce

225-2927

★ U.S. ENERGY POLICY

Energy and Power Subcommittee (Chairman Sharp, D-Ind.) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will hold a hearing on the national future energy strategy.

10am 2123 Rayburn Bldg. February 20

★ **IRAQI INVESTMENT IN THE U.S.** Commerce, Consumer Protection and Competitiveness Subcommittee (Chairman Collins, D-Ill.) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will hold a hearing on Iraqi foreign investment in the United States.

10am 2218 Rayburn Bldg. February 21

■ GLOBAL WARMING

Health and the Environment Subcommittee (Chairman Waxman, D-Calif.) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will hold a hearing on global warming issues.

9:45am 2322 Rayburn Bldg. February 21

★ SPECTRUM ALLOCATION

Telecommunications and Finance Subcommittee (Chairman Markey, D-Mass.) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 531) to establish procedures to improve the allocation and assignment to the electromagnetic spectrum.

9:30am 2123 Rayburn Bldg. February 21

★ EXON-FLORIO AMENDMENT

Commerce, Consumer Protection and Competitiveness Subcommittee (Chairman Collins, D-Ill.) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will hold a hearing on the expiration of the Exon-Florio amendment and security concerns raised by the proposed sale of the Moore Special Tool Co., a supplier to the U.S. nuclear weapons program, to the Fanuc Machine Tool Corporation of Japan.

10am room TBA February 26

★ New listing

Foreign Affairs

225-5021

★ FOREIGN AFFAIRS MARKUP

House Foreign Affairs Committee (Chairman Fascell, D-Fla.) will mark up pending legislation.

1:30pm 2172 Rayburn Bldg. February 20

Agenda:

HR 586 - Require regular reports of the Congress on the amount of expenditures made to carry out Operation Desert Shield and Operation Desert Storm and on the amount of contributions made to the United States by foreign countries to support Operation Desert Shield and Operation Desert Storm

H Res 19 - calls for the submission of certain information from the president on the Operation of Desert Shield to the committees on Foreign Affairs and Armed Services

★ FY92 PEACE CORPS REQUEST

House Foreign Affairs Committee (Chairman Fascell, D-Fla.) will hold a hearing on the president's request for the Peace Corps for fiscal 1992.

10am 2172 Rayburn Bldg. February 21

★ HUMAN RIGHTS IN LATIN AMERICA

Joint Hearing

Human Rights and International Organizations Subcommittee (Chairman Yatron, D-Pa.) and Western Hemisphere Affairs Subcommittee (Chairman Torricelli, D-N.J.) of House Foreign Affairs Committee will hold a joint hearing on the human rights situation in Latin America.

11:30am (immediately following above hearing) 2200 Rayburn Bldg. February 21

■ U.S. POST-WAR GULF POLICY

Europe and the Middle East Subcommittee (Chairman Hamilton, D-Ind.) and Arms Control, International Security and Science Subcommittee (Chairman Fascell, D-Fla.) of House Foreign Affairs Committee will continue joint hearings on U.S. policy in the Persian Gulf after the war.

2pm 2172 Rayburn Bldg. February 21 addl dates TBA

Note: Hearings began January 31.

Government Operations

225-5051

■ JUSTICE PROGRAMS OVERSIGHT

Government Information, Justice and Agriculture Subcommittee (Chairman Wise, D-W.Va.) of House Government Operations Committee will hold an oversight hearing on the Office of Justice Programs.

10am 2247 Rayburn Bldg. February 20

Note: This hearing was originally for February 7.

★ LOSS OF BENEFITS FOR DISABLED WORKERS

Employment and Housing Subcommittee (Chairman Lantos, D-Calif.) of House Govern-

ment Operations Committee will hold a hearing on the loss of Medicare insurance benefits by disabled workers of companies providing supplies and services to the military. Because of overtime required to fulfill the supply needs of Operation Desert Storm some disabled workers have earnings that exceed the income limits for medical coverage.

9:30am 2247 Rayburn Bldg. February 20

★ COMMERCE SUBCOMMITTEE BUSINESS

Commerce, Consumer and Monetary Affairs Subcommittee (Chairman Barnard, D-Ga.) of House Government Operations Committee will meet to conduct committee business.

9am 2247 Rayburn Bldg. February 21

Interior & Insular Affairs

225-2761

PROTECTION OF CULTURAL RESOURCES IN MINING AREAS

Mining and Natural Resources Subcommittee (Chairman Rahall, D-W.Va.) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the consideration of historic and cultural resources in the implementation of the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act and of general mining laws.

9:45am 1324 Longworth Bldg. February 21

■ FY92 BUDGET: PARK SERVICE

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chairman Vento, D-Minn.) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the fiscal 1992 budget for the National Park Service and related agencies.

10am 1334 Longworth Bldg. February 21

★ FY92 BUDGET: FOREST SERVICE

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chairman Vento, D-Minn.) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the fiscal 1992 budget for the U.S. Forest Service.

10am 1324 Longworth Bldg. February 26

FY92 BUDGET: INTERIOR DEPARTMENT AGENCIES

Mining and Natural Resources Subcommittee (Chairman Rahall, D-W.Va.) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the fiscal 1992 budget for agencies within the Interior Department.

9:45am 1310A Longworth Bldg. February 26

9:45am 1324 Longworth Bldg. February 28

Agenda:

February 21: U.S. Geological Survey; Bureau of Mines; royalty management program of Minerals Management Service

February 28: Office of Surface Mining; energy and minerals management program of Bureau of Land Management

■ Revised listing

House continued. . .■ **MARKUP:
INTERIOR COMMITTEE**

House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee (Chairman Udall, D-Ariz.) will mark up pending legislation.

9:45am 1324 Longworth Bldg. **February 27**

★ **FY92 BUDGET: NRC**

Energy and the Environment Subcommittee (Chairman Kostmayer, D-Pa.) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the fiscal 1992 budget of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

2pm 1324 Longworth Bldg. **February 28**

ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATION

Water, Power and Offshore Energy Resources Subcommittee (Chairman Miller, D-Calif.) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on potential health hazards of electromagnetic field radiation.

Time & room TBA date TBA

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for January 17, but was postponed because of developments in the Persian Gulf. No new date has been announced.

**Merchant Marine
& Fisheries**

225-4047

**U.S.-CANADIAN FISHERIES
ENFORCEMENT AGREEMENT
Field Hearing**

Fisheries and Wildlife Conservation and the Environment Subcommittee (Chairman Studds, D-Mass) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a field hearing on the U.S.-Canadian Fisheries Enforcement Agreement.

10:30am New Bedford, Mass., **February 25**

★ **FY92 BUDGET:
MARITIME COMMISSION**

Merchant Marine Subcommittee (Chmn Jones, D-NC) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a hearing on the fiscal 1992 budget for the Federal Maritime Commission.

10am 1334 Longworth Bldg. **February 28**

★ **FY92 BUDGET:
COAST GUARD**

Coast Guard and Navigation Subcommittee (Chmn Tauzin, D-La) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a hearing on the fiscal 1992 budget for the Coast Guard.

9:30am 1334 Longworth Bldg. **March 5**

★ **ANTARCTICA ISSUES**

Fisheries and Wildlife Conservation and the Environment Subcommittee (Chairman Studds, D-Mass) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a hearing on Antarctica issues.

2pm 1334 Longworth Bldg. **March 5**

★ *New listing*

★ **FY92 BUDGET:
FISH & WILDLIFE/NMFS**

Fisheries and Wildlife Conservation and the Environment Subcommittee (Chairman Studds, D-Mass) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a hearing on the fiscal 1992 budget for the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and the National Marine Fisheries Service

10am 1334 Longworth Bldg. **March 6**

★ **FY92 BUDGET:
ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY**

Fisheries and Wildlife Conservation and the Environment Subcommittee (Chairman Studds, D-Mass) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a hearing on the fiscal 1992 budget for the Council on Environmental Quality.

2pm 1334 Longworth Bldg. **March 14**

★ **NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGES**

Fisheries and Wildlife Conservation and the Environment Subcommittee (Chairman Studds, D-Mass) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a hearing on the national wildlife refuge system.

2pm 1334 Longworth Bldg. **March 20**

**Post Office &
Civil Service**

225-4054

★ **MAIL SERVICE IN
PERSIAN GULF
Joint Hearing**

Postal Operations and Services Subcommittee (Chairman McCloskey, D-Ind.) and Postal Personnel and Modernization Subcommittee (Chairman Hayes, D-Ill.) of House Post Office and Civil Service Committee will hold a joint hearing on the quality of mail service to the Persian Gulf.

10am 311 Cannon Bldg. **February 20**

★ **1990 CENSUS COUNT**

Census and Population Subcommittee (Chairman Sawyer, D-Ohio) of House Post Office and Civil Service Committee will hold a hearing on the accuracy and quality of the 1990 census count.

10am 311 Cannon Bldg. **February 21**

★ **POST OFFICE COMMITTEE
BUSINESS**

House Post Office and Civil Service Committee (Chairman Clay, D-Mo.) will meet to consider pending business.

9:45am 311 Cannon Bldg. **February 27**

**Public Works
& Transportation**

225-4472

■ **TRANSPORTATION OVERVIEW**
House Public Works and Transportation

Committee (Chairman Roe, D-N.J.) will hold overview hearings on all programs under the committee's jurisdiction.

9:30am 2167 Rayburn Bldg. **February 20**

Witnesses scheduled:

February 20: Samuel Skinner - secretary of Transportation

★ **SUBCOMMITTEE ORGANIZATION**

Water Resources Subcommittee (Chairman Nowak, D-NY) of House Public Works and Transportation Committee will hold an organizational meeting for the 102nd Congress.

10am 2167 Rayburn Bldg. **February 21**

★ **SUBCOMMITTEE ORGANIZATION**

Investigations and Oversight Subcommittee (Chairman Borski, D-Pa.) of House Public Works and Transportation Committee will hold an organizational meeting for the 102nd Congress.

9:30am 2167 Rayburn Bldg. **February 27**

★ **RUNWAY INCURSIONS**

Aviation Subcommittee (Chairman Oberstar, D-Minn) of House Public Works and Transportation Committee will hold a hearing on improper airport runway incursions.

9:30am 2167 Rayburn Bldg. **February 28**

★ **SURFACE TRANSPORTATION
PROGRAMS
Field Hearing**

Surface Transportation Subcommittee (Chairman Mineta, D-Calif.) of House Public Works and Transportation Committee will hold a field hearing on the reauthorization of surface transportation programs.

9:30am St. Louis, Mo., **March 1**

CLEAN WATER ACT

House Public Works and Transportation Committee (Chairman Roe, D-N.J.) will hold hearings on the reauthorization of the Clean Water Act.

Time & room TBA dates TBA

SURFACE TRANSPORTATION

House Public Works and Transportation Committee (Chairman Roe, D-N.J.) will hold hearings on the reauthorization of surface transportation programs.

Time & room TBA dates TBA

PUBLIC WORKS PROJECTS

House Public Works and Transportation Committee (Chairman Roe, D-N.J.) will hold hearings on the development of counter-cyclical and anti-recession public works projects.

Time and room TBA dates TBA

**Science, Space &
Technology**

225-6371

★ **NSF AUTHORIZATION**

Science Subcommittee (Chairman Boucher,

■ *Revised listing*

House continued...

D-Va.) of House Science, Space and Technology Committee will hold a hearing on the National Science Foundation authorization.
9:30am 2318 Rayburn Bldg. February 20

★ R & D POSTURE

House Science, Space and Technology Committee (Chairman Brown, D-Calif.) will hold a hearing on the United States' research and development posture.
1:30pm 2318 Rayburn Bldg. February 20

**★ TECHNOLOGY SUBCOMMITTEE
REPUBLICAN ORGANIZATION**

The Republican membership of the Technology and Competitiveness Subcommittee (Chairman Valentine, D-N.C.) of House Science, Space and Technology Committee will meet to organize for the 102nd Congress
10am 2325 Rayburn Bldg. February 20

**★ ENERGY SUBCOMMITTEE
ORGANIZATION**

The Energy Subcommittee (Chairman Lloyd, D-Tenn.) of House Science Space and Technology Committee will meet to organize for the 102nd Congress.
5pm 2325 Rayburn Bldg. February 20

**★ TECHNOLOGY SUBCOMMITTEE
DEMOCRATIC ORGANIZATION**

The Democratic membership of the Technology and Competitiveness Subcommittee (Chairman Valentine, D-N.C.) of House Science, Space and Technology Committee will meet to organize for the 102nd Congress
1:30pm 2325 Rayburn Bldg. February 21

**★ FY92 BUDGET:
ENERGY DEPARTMENT**

Energy, Research and Development Subcommittee (Chairman Lloyd, D-Tenn.) of House Science, Space and Technology Committee will hold hearings on the fiscal 1992 budget for the Department of energy.

Note: These hearings are tentatively scheduled.

1:30pm 2318 Rayburn Bldg. March 5

9am 2318 Rayburn Bldg. March 6

1:30pm 2318 Rayburn Bldg. March 12

9am 2325 Rayburn Bldg. March 13

1:30pm 2318 Rayburn Bldg. March 19

2pm 2318 Rayburn Bldg. March 20

Agenda:

March 5: Fossil energy

March 6: Advanced reactors; fast flux test facility

March 12: Oil & gas

March 13: Fusion energy

March 19: Basic energy services

March 20: Advanced isotope laser; isotope separation

Small Business

225-5821

★ U.S. LUMBER IMPORTS

Regulation, Business Opportunities and Energy Subcommittee (Chairman Wyden, D-

★ New listing

Ore.) of House Small Business Committee will hold a hearing on U.S. timber imports, focusing on oversight of enforcement of the sections of the U.S.-Canada free trade agreement covering finished lumber.

10am 2322 Rayburn Bldg. February 22

★ DRUGS IN WORKPLACE

Regulation, Business Opportunities and Energy Subcommittee (Chairman Wyden, D-Ore.) of House Small Business Committee will hold a hearing on drugs in the workplace, focusing on the shortage of programs designed to identify and treat employees.

10am 2359 Rayburn Bldg. March 8

Veterans' Affairs

225-3527

**FY92 BUDGET:
VETERANS AFFAIRS**

House Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chairman Montgomery, D-Miss.) will hold a hearing on the proposed fiscal 1992 budget for veterans' programs.

9:30am 334 Cannon Bldg. February 21

**VETERANS' LEGISLATIVE AGENDAS
Joint Hearings**

House Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chairman Montgomery, D-Miss.) and Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chairman Cranston, D-Calif.) will hold joint hearings on the legislative agendas of veterans' groups.

9:30am 345 Cannon Bldg. February 26, 28, March 5

9am 345 Cannon Bldg. April 17

Agenda:

February 26:

Disabled American Veterans

February 28:

Military Order of the Purple Heart

Paralyzed Veterans of America

Blind Veterans of America

Vietnam Veterans of America

Non-Commissioned Officers Association

March 5:

Veterans of Foreign Wars

April 17:

AMVETS

Ex-Prisoners of War

Jewish War Veterans

World War I Veterans

MARKUP:**FY92 VETERANS BUDGET**

House Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chairman Montgomery, D-Miss.) will mark up legislation to authorize programs of the Veterans' Department for fiscal 1992.

9am 334 Cannon Bldg. March 6

Ways & Means

225-3625

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE

Human Resources Subcommittee (Acting Chairman Downey, D-N.Y.) of House Ways and Means Committee will hold a hearing on unemployment insurance and the recession.

10am B-318 Rayburn Bldg. February 20

1pm B-318 Rayburn Bldg. February 26

10am B-318 Rayburn Bldg. February 28

Agenda:

February 20: Coverage and financing

February 26: Long-term unemployment

February 28: Job search and re-employment assistance

U.S.-MEXICO FREE TRADE

Trade Subcommittee (Chairman Gibbons, D-Fla.) of House Ways and Means Committee will hold hearings on proposed negotiation of a free trade agreement with Mexico.

9:30am 1100 Longworth Bldg. February 20 & 21

**★ SOCIAL SECURITY
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES**

Social Security Subcommittee (Chairman Jacobs, D-Ind.) of House Ways and Means Committee will hold a hearing on the budgetary treatment of Social Security administrative expenses.

10am B-318 Rayburn Bldg. February 21

**ACCESS TO HEALTH INSURANCE
Field Hearing**

Health Subcommittee (Chairman Stark, D-Calif.) of House Ways and Means Committee will hold a field hearing on access to health insurance.

10am, Old Senate Chamber, State Capitol Bldg., 210 Capitol Ave., Hartford, Conn. February 25

**★ HOSPITAL PAYMENT
UNDER MEDICARE**

Health Subcommittee (Chairman Stark, D-Calif.) of House Ways and Means Committee will hold a hearing on hospital payment under Medicare.

10am 1100 Longworth Bldg. February 27

**★ SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER
AS NATIONAL ID**

Social Security Subcommittee (Chairman Jacobs, D-Ind.) of House Ways and Means Committee will hold a hearing on the proposed use of the Social Security number as a national identifier.

10am B-318 Rayburn Bldg. February 27

**★ FY92 BUDGET:
WAYS & MEANS REVIEW**

House Ways and Means Committee (Chairman Rostenkowski, D-Ill.) will hold a series of hearings on the state of the U.S. economy, federal budget policy, the president's budget proposals for fiscal 1992 and beyond (including estimated costs of Operation Desert Storm) and expiring tax provisions.

2pm 1100 Longworth Bldg. March 5

9:30am & 2pm 1100 Longworth Bldg. March 6

10am & 2pm 1100 Longworth Bldg. March 7

9:30am & 2pm 1100 Longworth Bldg. March 12 & 13

10am & 2pm 1100 Longworth Bldg. March 14

Agenda & witnesses scheduled:

March 5: Richard Darman - director, Office of Management and Budget

March 6: (9:30am) Alan Greenspan - chairman,

■ Revised listing

House continued...

Board of Governors, Federal Reserve System; (2pm) Robert Reischauer - director, Congressional Budget Office

March 7: (10am) Lynn Martin - secretary of Labor; (2pm) invited expert witnesses

March 12: (9:30am) Louis Sullivan - secretary of Health and Human Services; (2pm) Nicholas Brady - secretary of the Treasury

March 13: (9:30am) invited expert witnesses; (2pm) invited expert witnesses

March 14: (10am) administration witnesses on burden sharing of Operation Desert Storm; (2pm) invited expert witnesses

★ CHILD WELFARE

Human Resources Subcommittee (Acting chairman Downey, D-N.Y.) of House Ways and Means Committee will hold a hearing on the state of the nation's child welfare system.

10am 1100 Longworth Bldg. **March 19**

★ FY92 BUDGET:**REVENUE & TAX PROVISIONS**

House Ways and Means Committee (Chairman Rostenkowski, D-Ill.) will hold hearings to hear from public witnesses on the administration's revenue proposals and well as on all tax provisions expiring in 1991.

10am 1100 Longworth Bldg. **April 9 & 10**

Note

The offices of all members of Congress and all congressional committees and subcommittees may be reached by calling (202) 224-3121.

Other Events

The *Monitor* has received notice of the following events scheduled to take place in Washington. Associations, non-profit organizations and public interest groups who wish to have events listed in the section should send pertinent information to: The Congressional Monitor, Other Events Editor, 1414 22nd St. N.W., Washington, D.C. 20037. Notices must include a telephone number. Notices may be transmitted by facsimile to 728-1862, attn: Robert Healy. Only events related to Congress can be listed. Deadline is Noon. For further information call (202) 887-8686.

★ ORGAN DONATIONS

Rep. Durbin, D-Ill., will hold a hearing on proposed legislation to encourage organ donation.

10am 340 Cannon Bldg. **February 20**

Contact: Melissa Batty (202) 225-5271

★ CLIMATE CHANGES

Climate Study Group of Environmental and Energy Study Institute will sponsor a briefing for members and staff on the opening round of U.N.-sponsored negotiations for a worldwide treaty on global climate change.

Noon, SR-253 Russell Bldg. **February 20**

Contact: Scott Downing (202) 226-3300

★ 1991 ENERGY AGENDA

Energy Task Force of Women in Government Relations will sponsor a luncheon briefing with House Energy and Commerce Committee staff on the 1991 legislative agenda for energy issues.

11:45am to 2pm, Monocle Restaurant, 107 D St. N.E. **February 22**

Contact: Anna Thronson (202) 625-3843 or Donna Templeton (202) 789-6051

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$25 for members and \$35 for non-members. For reservations send a check, made payable to WGR, to:

Anna Thronson
Legislative Strategies

★ New listing

Suite 700

1025 Thomas Jefferson St N.W., East Lobby

Washington, D.C. 20007-5201

Deadline is February 20.

AMERICA IN THE REAGAN YEARS

Center for National Policy will sponsor a luncheon meeting with political columnist Haynes Johnson who will discuss his new book, *Sleepwalking Through History: America in the Reagan Years*.

Noon, Hyatt Regency Hotel Capitol Hill, 400 New Jersey Ave. N.W. **February 20**

Contact: Amy Weiss at (202) 546-9300

TRADE DEVELOPMENTS

Washington International Trade Association will sponsor a luncheon meeting to hear J. Michael Farren, under secretary of Commerce for international trade, discuss international trade developments for the coming year.

Noon, Hotel Washington, Parkview Room, 515 15th St. N.W. **February 20**

Contact: (202) 293-4193

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$25 for members and \$35 for non-members. For reservations send a check to:

Washington International Trade Association
100 L St. N.W. Suite 250
Washington, D.C. 20036

ECONOMIC CONVERSION & DISARMAMENT

National Commission for Economic Conversion and Disarmament will sponsor a panel discussion on "War or a New American Agenda: Economic Conversion, Collective Security and Disarmament."

Noon, 2168 Rayburn Building **February 20**

Contact: Bill Kaplan at (703) 525-2540

Participants: Rep. Weiss, D-N.Y.; Wassily Leontief - economist; Ann Markusen - dir, Project on regional and Industrial Economics, Rutgers University; Seymour Melman - author, *The Permanent War Economy*; Oscar Schachter - director, General Legal Division, United Nations (1952-

1966); Paul Warnke - chief U.S. arms negotiator for SALT II, 1977-78;

Note: There is no charge for this event, but reservations are required. Call the number listed above for more information.

NATIONAL ENERGY STRATEGY

Environment, Energy and Natural Resources Section of the District of Columbia Bar will sponsor a discussion on the National Energy Strategy — What is It? Why Now? Where Will It Go From Here?

Noon, Sky Room, Hotel Washington, 515 15th St. N.W. **February 20**

Contact: John Foster at (202) 775-4775

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$20 for members and \$30 for non-members. For reservations send a check, made payable to D.C. Bar, to:

D.C. Bar Sections Office
1707 L St. N.W. 6th Floor
Washington, D.C. 20036

ATTN: February 20 luncheon program, EE&NR section

REPORT FROM MOSCOW

Lawyers Alliance for World Security and Lawyers Alliance for Nuclear Arms Control will sponsor a luncheon meeting with a delegation of members of the Moscow City Council of People's Deputies, who will report on the current situation in Moscow.

12:15pm National Lawyers Club, 3rd floor, 1815 H St. N.W. **February 20**

Contact: Phil Fleming at (202) 624-2755

Note: There is a \$15 charge for this event. For reservations call the number listed above.

★ CHILD LABOR ABUSE

Sens. Dodd, D-Conn.; Metzenbaum, D-Ohio, and Jeffords, R-Vt., will hold a press conference to discuss the problem of child labor abuse and to show a documentary on the subject.

4:45pm SD-628 Dirksen Bldg. **February 20**

Contact: Alex Wagner (718) 482-4109

★ RCRA REAUTHORIZATION

Women's Council on Energy and the Environment (WCEE) will sponsor a series of discussion group meetings on the reauthorization of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA).

2pm to 3pm, Society of the Plastics Industry, 1275 K St. N.W., Suite 400 Contact: Maureen Healey at (202) 371-5204

February 22

Note: There is no charge for this event, but reservations are requested. Call the number listed above.

SCIENCE & ENGINEERING EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT

Horizons, a Women in Defense Foundation, will sponsor its first annual scholarship luncheon meeting to hear Sen. Bingaman, D-N.M., discuss initiatives to increase education training in the sciences and engineering fields needed to continue technological support for national defense.

Noon to 2pm, SR-325 Russell Building **February 25**

Contact: Fritz Serafin at (703) 769-4775

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$35 for members and \$40 for non-members. For reservations send a check, made payable to Horizons - a Women in Defense Foundation, to:

■ Revised listing

Other continued...

Fritzi Serafin
Thomson-CSF Inc
2231 Crystal Drive
Suite 814
Arlington, Va. 22202

Deadline for reservations is February 15

EXPORTS & U.S. ECONOMY

Women in International Trade will sponsor a luncheon meeting on "The Economic Significance of Exports to the U.S. Economy." Export-Import Bank President John Macomber will be the speaker.

Noon to 2pm, National Press Club, 524 14th St. N.W. February 26

Contact: Lisa Witt at (202) 395-4604

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$22 for members and \$32 for non-members. For reservations call the number listed above.

NEW BUDGET PROCESS

National Economists Club will sponsor a luncheon meeting to hear Carol Cox, president of the Committee for a Responsible Federal Budget, discuss "The New Budget Enforcement Mechanism: Where Do We Go From Here?"

Noon, Madison Building, Library of Congress, 101 Independence Ave. S.E. February 26

Contact: (703) 532-9048.

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$10 for members and \$14 for non-members. For reservations call the number listed above.

Deadline is February 18.

★ **WORLD ENERGY RESERVES & AMERICAN COMPETITIVENESS**

Congressional Economic Leadership Institute will sponsor a luncheon meeting for members of the Congressional Competitiveness Caucus on "World Energy Reserves and American Competitiveness."

Noon, Rayburn Bldg. February 27

Contact: Julia Teuscher (703) 276-5007

Note: This event is restricted to members only, but press coverage is invited. For press invitations call Julia Teuscher at the number listed above.

★ **"FAST TRACK" FOR NORTH AMERICA FREE TRADE**

Washington International Trade Association will sponsor a discussion focusing on the use of congressional "fast track" procedures for consideration of a North American free trade agreement that might emerge from negotiations among the United States, Mexico and Canada announced by President Bush on February 6.

6pm, Embassy of Canada, 501 Pennsylvania Ave. N.W. February 27

Contact: (202) 293-4193

Participants:

Derek Burney - Canadian ambassador to United States; Jonathan Fried - first secretary, Canadian Embassy (moderator); Joshua Bolten - general counsel, Office of the United States Trade Representative; Miguel Leaman - minister for commercial affairs, Embassy of Mexico; George Weiss - staff director, House Ways and Means Subcommittee on International Trade

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$25 for members and \$30 for non-members. For reservations send a check to:

Washington International Trade Association

1900 L St. N.W.

Suite 250

Washington, D.C. 20036

PROCUREMENT POLICY

Manufacturers' Alliance for Productivity and Innovation will hold a conference on "Re-assessing Government Procurement Issues of the 1990s."

Loews L'Enfant Plaza Hotel February 28, March 1

Contact: Kathy Koval at (202) 331-8430

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$450 for members and \$525 for non-members. For information or reservations call the number listed above.

GOVERNMENT RELATIONS & LOCAL TELEPHONE COMPANIES

United States Telephone Association will sponsor its annual government relations seminar to discuss legislative and regulatory issues that affect the local exchange industry.

Capital Hilton Hotel, March 4, 5 & 6

Contact: Suzy Chambers at (202) 835-3245

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$350 for members and \$450 for non-members. For reservations contact Suzy Chambers at the number listed above.

IMPROVED WORKFORCE PRODUCTIVITY

National Association of Manufacturers will sponsor a one-day conference on "The High Performance Work Force."

Mayflower Hotel March 14

Contact: Monica Gliva at (202) 637-3093

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$325 for members and \$425 for non-members. For reservations and information call (202) 637-3097, outside the Washington, D.C., area call 1-800-637-3005. Media interested in covering the conference should call Monica Gliva at (202) 637-3093.

RESEARCH WORKSHOP ON CONGRESS

Congressional Quarterly will sponsor a Research Workshop on Congress.

9am, Congressional Quarterly, 1414 22nd St. N.W. March 15

Contact: Irene Cuffy at (202) 887-8620

Note: There is a \$195 charge for this event. For reservations and information call the number listed above.

★ **NATIONAL SECURITY & REALITIES OF 1990s**

Electronic Industries Association will hold its annual conference on the subject of "Balancing National Security with the Realities of the 1990s - Research, Development, Testing and Evaluation, Challenges and Opportunities."

Radisson Mark Plaza Hotel, Alexandria, Va. March 26, 27 & 28

Contact: John Geron at (202) 457-4944

Status of Appropriations — Fiscal 1992

Week of February 18

FULL COMMITTEE

House: 225-2771; Senate: 224-3471

Hearings scheduled: February 20

AGRICULTURE

House: 225-2638; Senate: 224-7240

**COMMERCE, JUSTICE, STATE,
& THE JUDICIARY**

House: 225-3351; Senate: 224-7277

House subcmte hearings scheduled: February 19, 21, 22

DEFENSE

House: 225-2847; Senate: 224-7255

House subcmte hearings scheduled: February 18, 21

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

House: 225-5338; Senate: 224-7236

ENERGY & WATER DEVELOPMENT

House: 225-3421; Senate: 224-7260

House subcmte hearings scheduled: February 19, 21

FOREIGN OPERATIONS

House: 225-2041; Senate: 224-7209

INTERIOR

House: 225-3081; Senate: 224-7233

House subcmte hearings scheduled: February 19, 21

LABOR/HHS/EDUC

House: 225-3508; Senate: 224-7283

House subcmte hearings scheduled: February 21

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

House: 225-5338; Senate: 224-7338

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

House: 225-3047; Senate: 224-7255

TRANSPORTATION

House: 225-2141; Senate: 224-7245

House subcmte hearings scheduled: February 19, 21

TREASURY/POSTAL SERVICE

House: 225-5834; Senate: 224-6280

VA, HUD & INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

House: 225-3241; Senate: 224-7211

House subcmte hearings scheduled: February 19, 21

House Floor Action

Week of February 18

Monday, February 18:

Presidents Day Holiday
Not in session

Tuesday, February 19:

Under suspension of the rules:
H Con Res 44 Call upon the people of the United States to display the American flag in show of support for the US troops stationed in the Persian Gulf region begin consideration

Wednesday, February 20:

Under suspension of the rules:

HR 153

Make technical amendments to the Veterans' Judicial Review Act begin consideration

Thursday, February 21:

Not in session
HR 586

Require regular reports of the Congress on the amount of expenditures made to carry out Operation Desert Shield and on the amount of contributions made to the United States by foreign countries to support Operation Desert Shield and Operation Desert Storm begin consideration of rule

Friday, February 22:

Not in session

Senate Floor Action

Week of February 18

Monday, February 18:

Not in session

Tuesday, February 19:

S 320 Reauthorize the Export Administration Act of 1979 continue consideration

Wednesday, February 20 &

Balance of the Week:

Schedule uncertain, possibilities include:

S 347

Defense Production Act reauthorization begin consideration

Nomination

Lamar Alexander to be secretary of Education begin consideration

HR 555

Amend the Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act of 1940 to improve and clarify the protections provided by that act; to amend title 38, US Code, to clarify veterans reemployment rights and to improve veterans rights to reinstatement of health insurance begin consideration

S 331

Remove a limitation on the amount of leave that a member of the armed services may accrue toward leave payable upon discharge begin consideration

S—

Supplemental funds for Resolution Trust Corporation may begin consideration



CONGRESSIONAL MONITOR



A Publication of

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1414 22nd Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20037

CONGRESS IN PRINT®



Tuesday, February 19, 1991

Volume 15, Number 7

SENATE COMMITTEE PUBLICATIONS

AGING COMMITTEE

HEARINGS

- Retirement and Health Planning
Full Committee. May 30, 1990. Serial No. 101-22.
GPO Stock No. 552-070-09766-0
Price: \$2.50

PRINT

- Protecting Older Americans Against Overpayment of Income Taxes
Full Committee. January, 1991. Serial No. 102-A.
GPO Stock No. 552-070-09761-9
Price: \$1.25

AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION & FORESTRY COMMITTEE

HEARINGS

- Preparation for the 1990 Farm Bill (S 2227)
Full Committee. March 28, 1990.
GPO Stock No. 552-070-09776-7
Price: \$10.00

BANKING, HOUSING & URBAN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

HEARINGS

- The Financial Strength of the Federal Housing Administration
Housing and Urban Affairs Subcommittee. June 6, 1990.
GPO Stock No. 552-070-09775-9
Price: \$9.50
- The SEC/CFTC Jurisdiction and Margin
Full Committee & Securities Subcommit-

tee. March 29; July 11, 12 & 24, 1990.
GPO Stock No. 552-070-09782-1
Price: \$19.00

COMMERCE, SCIENCE & TRANSPORTATION COMMITTEE

HEARINGS

- Decline of the U.S. Electronics Industry
Science, Technology and Space Subcommittee. August 1, 1990.
GPO Stock No. 552-070-09764-3
Price: \$2.00

ENERGY & NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE

HEARINGS

- Implications of the Middle Eastern Crisis for Near-Term and Mid-Term Oil Supply
Full Committee. September 13, 1990.
GPO Stock No. 552-070-09767-8
Price: \$4.00
- Strategic and Critical Minerals Act of 1990 (HR 4111)
Mineral Resources Development and Production Subcommittee. September 21, 1990.
GPO Stock No. 552-070-09762-7
Price: \$1.00

INDIAN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

HEARINGS

- Administration of Native Hawaiian Homelands (Part 5)
Full Committee and Interior and Insular Affairs of the House of Representatives. August 11, 1989 in Hilo, Hawaii.
GPO Stock No. 552-070-09785-6
Price: \$25.00

JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

Note: Senate Judiciary Committee hearings and prints are available free of charge

from the committee, while supplies last. Documents may be requested by mail. Orders should be sent to: Senate Judiciary Committee, Document Clerk, SD-224 Dirksen Bldg, Washington, D.C. 20510. Documents may also be picked up in person in SD-224 Dirksen Building.

HEARINGS

- Confirmation Hearings on Federal Appointments (Part 4)
Full Committee. February 6, 21 & 27, 1990. Serial No. J-101-6.
GPO Stock No. 552-070-09786-4
Price: \$25.00
- Confirmation of William C. Lucas, to be Assistant Attorney General for the Civil Rights Division, Department of Justice
Full Committee. July 19 & 20, 1989. Serial No. J-101-29.
GPO Stock No. 552-070-09780-5
Price: \$17.00

HOUSE COMMITTEE PUBLICATIONS

AGING COMMITTEE

HEARINGS

- Elder Abuse: The Massachusetts Perspectives
Health and Long-Term Care Subcommittee. September 24, 1990 in Boston, Mass. Serial No. 101-788.
GPO Stock No. 552-070-09765-1
Price: \$2.00

AGRICULTURE COMMITTEE

HEARINGS

- Formulation of the 1990 Farm Bill (Research, Teaching, and Extension Programs) Part 11
Department Operations, Research, and Foreign Agriculture Subcommittee. July 19, 1989; February 6; March 7 & 13, 1990. Serial No. 101-30.
GPO Stock No. 552-070-09783-0
Price: \$20.00
- Formulation of the 1990 Farm Bill (Water Quality and Environmental Proposals) Part 12
Department Operations, Research, and Foreign Agriculture Subcommittee & Conservation, Credit and Rural Development Subcommittee. March 15, 1990. Serial No. 101-30.
GPO Stock No. 552-070-09777-5
Price: \$10.00
- Pesticide Regulatory Reform Amendments of 1989 and the Food Safety Assurance Act of 1989 (HR 3153 & 3292)
Department Operations, Research, and Foreign Agriculture Subcommittee. October 19 & 31, 1989. Serial No. 101-44.
GPO Stock No. 552-070-09781-3
Price: \$18.00
- Proposals for the Establishment of a Federal Seafood Inspection Program
Department Operations, Research, and Foreign Agriculture Subcommittee. February 7, 1990. Serial No. 101-50.

House continued...

GPO Stock No. 552-070-09774-1
Price: \$9.00

**BANKING, FINANCE &
URBAN AFFAIRS
COMMITTEE**

HEARINGS

•Uruguay Round Negotiations on Financial Services

Financial Institutions Supervision, Regulation and Insurance Subcommittee & International Competitiveness of U.S. Financial Institutions Task Force. July 17, 1990. Serial No. 101-152.

GPO Stock No. 552-070-09772-4
Price: \$8.00

**EDUCATION & LABOR
COMMITTEE**

HEARINGS

•Hearing on Issues and Matters Pertaining to Historically Black Colleges and Universities

Full Committee. December 16, 1990. Serial No. 101-128.

GPO Stock No. 552-070-09771-6
Price: \$6.50

**ENERGY &
COMMERCE COMMITTEE**

The following documents are available at no charge from the committee for in person pick-up at Room B334 Rayburn Bldg, South Capitol St. & Independence Ave., S.W. Mail orders are accepted from OUT OF TOWN ADDRESSES ONLY. Requests should be sent to: House Energy & Commerce Cmte, B334 Rayburn Bldg, Washington, D.C. 20515. Mail requests must include a self-addressed mailing label. After committee supplies are exhausted the documents may be purchased from the GPO at the prices indicated

HEARINGS

•Octane Mislabeling (HR 5520)

Energy and Power Subcommittee. June 20, 1990. Serial No. 101-188.

GPO Stock No. 552-070-09768-6
Price: \$4.00

•Maternal and Child Health Block Grants

Health and Environment Subcommittee.

March 5, 1990. Serial No. 101-192.
GPO Stock No. 552-070-09763-5
Price: \$2.00

**FOREIGN AFFAIRS
COMMITTEE**

PRINT

•Country Reports on Human Rights for 1990

Full Committee. February, 1991.

HOW TO OBTAIN DOCUMENTS
**BILLS, REPORTS &
PUBLIC LAWS**

There is no charge for House and Senate bills, reports and public laws, but there is a limit to the number that may be obtained at one time. Policies differ in the House and Senate

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Senate bills, reports and public laws, and conference reports are available in the Senate Document Room, B-04 Hart Bldg. The public may obtain as many as six different items per request, either in person or by mail. Multiple copies of one item are not available. Only one request per day will be filled. Mail orders may be sent to:

Senate Document Room
B-04 Hart Bldg.
Washington, D.C. 20510

Information on status and availability of legislative documents is available from the Senate Document room at (202) 224-7860. This is an information number only, PHONE ORDERS ARE NOT ACCEPTED.

House

House bills, reports and public laws, and conference reports are available in the House Document Room, B-18, House Annex No. 2. The public may obtain as many as six different items per request in person. Up to 12 items may be requested by mail and six items by telephone. Multiple copies of one item are not available. Only one request per day will be filled. Mail orders may be sent to:

House Document Room
B-18, House Annex No. 2.
Washington, D.C. 20515

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Washington D.C. 20402-9315

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For questions and information on congressional hearings and prints call (202) 275-3030.

GPO Stock No. 552-070-06712-8
Price: \$34.00

**GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS
COMMITTEE**

HEARINGS

•Abuses, Favoritism, and Mismanagement in HUD Programs (Part 3)

Employment and Housing Subcommittee. July 14, 17, 24, 28 & 31, 1989.

GPO Stock No. 552-070-09787-2
Price: \$26.00

•Abuses, Favoritism, and Mismanagement in HUD Programs (Part 4)

Employment and Housing Subcommittee. September 15, 26 & 27; October 2, 13 & 27, 1989.

GPO Stock No. 552-070-09784-8
Price: \$21.00

**JUDICIARY
COMMITTEE**

HEARINGS

•Intellectual Protection Act of 1989 (HR 469)

Economic and Commercial Law Subcommittee. February 8, 1990. Serial No. 120.
GPO Stock No. 552-070-09779-1
Price: \$12.00

**MERCHANT MARINE &
FISHERIES COMMITTEE**

HEARINGS

•Airborne Drug Trafficking Deterrence Act (HR 1343 & 5301)

Coast Guard and Navigation Subcommittee. October 2, 1990. Serial No. 101-121.

GPO Stock No. 552-070-09770-8
Price: \$4.00

**PUBLIC WORKS &
TRANSPORTATION
COMMITTEE**

HEARINGS

•Great Lakes Water Quality Issues

Water Resources Subcommittee. May 2, 1990. Serial No. 101-67.

GPO Stock No. 552-070-09773-2
Price: \$8.00

House continued...**•Coastal Pollution**

Water Resources Subcommittee. May 9 & 10, 1990. Serial No. 101-68.

GPO Stock No. 552-070-09778-3

Price: \$12.00

**SMALL BUSINESS
COMMITTEE****HEARINGS****•Pacific Northwest Regional Power Issues**

Regulation, Business Opportunities, Energy Subcommittee. September 15, 1990 in Portland, Ore. Serial No. 101-78.

GPO Stock No. 552-070-09769-4

Price: \$4.00

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NW 86752

By SG, NARA, Date 10-9-2024

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

SUBJECT: Persian Gulf

PARTICIPANTS: The President
The Vice President
Secretary of State Baker
Secretary of Defense Cheney
Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Powell
John Sununu
Brent Scowcroft
Robert Gates
Marlin Fitzwater

DATE, TIME: February 19, 1991, 0900 EST

Brent Scowcroft: The question is our response to Gorbachev and the coalition.

The President: I want to keep straight on, no bogging down, no hiatus. Maybe we can go back to Gorbachev and suggest that they negotiate further, but we are in bad shape if it stops here.

Secretary Cheney: We should lay down our own marker. We should demand immediate withdrawal, cessation of hostilities on withdrawal, and no firing on withdrawing troops. We should drive a stake into the Soviet proposal.

Secretary Baker: That would be a terrible mistake. We can kill the Soviet proposal without reading them out.

The President: Why do something public. Can't we avoid the peace is at hand syndrome? Why can't we go back to the Soviets privately. Gorbachev asked that we not talk about this.

Scowcroft: Our first response to the Soviets was kind of conditional. We must indicate the bazaar is not open.

Cheney: We don't want the Soviets brokering a deal. We don't know what side deals they might make. Soviet interests are different from ours. They want to save Saddam Hussein and rearm him. The Soviet deal would do fundamental damage to us. There's nothing to be gained by them being peacemakers.

~~TOP SECRET~~

Declassify on: OADR

~~TOP SECRET~~

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2

Baker: We will need Soviet cooperation in the post-war arrangements.

Scowcroft: Shouldn't we make clear what we must have?

Cheney/General Powell: We ought to keep our offensive underway until the withdrawal is complete.

Scowcroft: Why not a follow-up letter that says what we need.

Cheney: We cannot accept a cessation of fighting before the withdrawal begins.

The President: The Soviets seem to have repudiated the other Iraqi considerations.

Scowcroft: Suppose that we summarize the other letter and then add the use of CW will move the goalpost and call for an immediate POW swap.

John Sununu: Can we shut this off so that the Soviets are out as the middle man?

The President: The Soviets could change broad opinion in the UN in a second if they wish.

Scowcroft/Cheney: A ceasefire is unacceptable.

Cheney: There should be no termination of hostilities before withdrawal.

The President: We must have a clear win. We should welcome this initiative and be for peace, but we cannot be postured to the families as gunning down a peace proposal. I can't go as far as Dick Cheney in keeping the Soviets out of the Gulf. I don't think they want warm water ports anymore and so on. So we should go back to the Soviets and express our concerns, say that their proposal falls well short and that we intend to keep the military campaign going.

Scowcroft: With respect to the coalition, we don't know what they know. The UK will want a coalition response.

Baker: We can send out letters to the major players.

Powell: We should add a condition that there would be no scud attacks on cities.

~~TOP SECRET~~

~~TOP SECRET~~

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3

The four conditions for a response to Gorbachev then agreed were: no ceasefire until the withdrawal is complete, no more launching of Scuds, no use of CW, and an immediate swap of POWs (beyond the UN resolutions). Letters attached.

~~TOP SECRET~~

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
03b. Letter	From President Bush to Mikhail Gorbachev (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, February 19, 1991

Date Closed: 6/20/2011 **OA/ID Number:** 90584-005

FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S

Appeal Case #:

Re-review Case #:

Appeal Disposition:

P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

Disposition Date:

AR Case #:

MR Case #:

AR Disposition:

MR Disposition:

AR Disposition Date:

MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
03c. Letter	Draft Letter from President Bush to Mikhail Gorbachev (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, February 19, 1991

Date Closed: 6/20/2011	OA/ID Number: 90584-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

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 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
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 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
03d. Letter	Draft Letter from President Bush to Mikhail Gorbachev (3 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, February 19, 1991

Date Closed: 6/20/2011	OA/ID Number: 90584-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

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P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
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(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
03e. Letter	Letter from Mikhail Gorbachev to President Bush [Unofficial translation] (4 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, February 19, 1991

Date Closed: 6/20/2011	OA/ID Number: 90584-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
04. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with JA Baker [James A. Baker, III] 3:55 (1 pp.)	02/19/[91]	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, February 19, 1991

Date Closed: 6/20/2011	OA/ID Number: 90584-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
05. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with JAB [James A. Baker, III] [3 calls, 1:15, 1:35, & 1:40] (1 pp.)	02/19/91]	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, February 19, 1991

Date Closed: 6/20/2011	OA/ID Number: 90584-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

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p0331-----

r i PM-Gulf-SovietPlan 2ndLd-Writethru 02-19 0454

^PM-Gulf-Soviet Plan, 2nd Ld-Writethru, 0530<

^Bessmertnykh: Peace Plan Addressed To Iraq, Not U.S. <

^Eds: Updates throughout with Bessmertnykh comments on Bush statement, address to lawmakers. No pickup. <

^By ANN IMSE=

^Associated Press Writer=

MOSCOW (AP) - The Soviet foreign minister said today it was not up to the United States to accept or reject the Kremlin's 11th-hour Persian Gulf War peace initiative.

"That plan was addressed to the Iraqi leadership, so he rejected the plan which did not belong to him," Foreign Minister Alexander Bessmertnykh said of President Bush.

Bush said in Washington that the Soviet plan "falls well short of what would be required." Bush said he spoke with Soviet President Mikhail S. Gorbachev about the proposal "and I've been frank with him."

Bessmertnykh said of Bush's statement: "I don't think that it was a rejection." He spoke to reporters after addressing the Supreme Soviet legislature about the peace plan.

Britain, a key ally in the coalition against Iraq, also appeared unimpressed by the Soviet plan. British Prime Minister John Major said: "Nothing has yet happened which would incline us to agree to a cease-fire or pause in the conflict."

Gorbachev made the peace proposal Monday in Moscow to Iraqi Foreign Minister Tariq Aziz, who then headed home to present it to Saddam Hussein. Bessmertnykh said Aziz was expected to return to the Soviet capital with the Iraqi president's response - possibly as soon as Wednesday.

In his speech to lawmakers, Bessmertnykh said the situation was "too delicate" to detail the substance of the peace proposal.

The German newspaper Bild reported the plan calls for an unconditional Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait and says the Soviet Union supports maintaining the "national structure and borders of Iraq." Bild also said the Kremlin plan opposes any punishment of Saddam or his country and calls for negotiations on all other Middle East problems.

Gorbachev spokesman Vitaly Ignatenko said earlier today that the Bild report was "not true." He would not elaborate, although he said Monday that the plan was consistent with the U.N. Security Council resolution that demands an unconditional withdrawal of Iraqi troops from Kuwait.

Ignatenko said he would not detail the Soviet plan until after Iraq responds. "I think it can be disclosed in a day or two from now," he said.

Bessmertnykh told lawmakers the war was not a case of Muslims against non-Muslims.

"Since the gulf crisis was triggered by the occupation of Kuwait, restoring Kuwait as an independent, sovereign state should be the key element of the settlement," he said.

When asked by a legislator about civilian casualties in Iraq because of the allied bombing, Bessmertnykh said: "don't forget about Kuwait," an apparent reference to civilian casualties when Iraq seized Kuwait on Aug. 2.

The foreign minister did not directly link a settlement in the war to Israeli withdrawal from the occupied territories, but said: "The events in the Persian Gulf give a serious impulse for quickening the tempo for solving all Middle Eastern problems. There is a change in the psychological mood."

He reiterated the Soviet position that Israel eventually must leave the occupied territories.

Sov. Union

Presidential Phone Calls



DATE:

2-19

TIME:

1:50

incoming/outgoing

WITH:

JAB

SUBJECT:

UN meeting

OTB reads me

Sov's statement to

be read at UN

as details of plan

It just sets up

UN participation (role)

FOLLOW UP:

No Problem

Bush Presidential Library Photocopy

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
06. Notes	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Prime Minister Mulroney (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, February 19, 1991

Date Closed: 6/20/2011	OA/ID Number: 90584-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
07. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with [President] Ozal (2 pp.)	02/19/[91]	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, February 19, 1991

Date Closed: 6/20/2011	OA/ID Number: 90584-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
08. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Mitterand (5 pp.)	02/19/[91]	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, February 19, 1991

Date Closed: 6/20/2011	OA/ID Number: 90584-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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2:00 P.M. NEWS UPDATE

MEETING WITH CONGRESS (Rita Beamish, AP) -- President Bush rejected a Soviet proposal to end the war in the gulf, saying at a picture-taking session at the beginning of a meeting with congressional leaders there must be no negotiations and no concessions to gain Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait. Speaker Foley said after the hour-long meeting that Bush "did not give a timetable" on when a ground offensive would begin and did not spell out why the Soviet peace plan was unacceptable. Bush told the lawmakers "that there were some aspects of it that fell short, but he wasn't going to comment on it any further," Foley said. The speaker said that he got the impression that Bush still hadn't made a decision yet on when to begin the ground war. But, Foley said he believes a ground war is inevitable "unless there is a willingness on the part of Saddam Hussein to withdraw before that point."

(Norman Sandler, UPI) -- ...President Bush's criticism was far softer in tone than his outright rejection Friday of a condition-laden Iraqi offer to withdraw from Kuwait. "I don't think he's dismissing it," Rep. Murtha told reporters after the meeting with Bush. "I think he's being very cautious. He doesn't want negotiations to stall" the allied war effort.

SOVIET PROPOSAL/BESSMERTNYKH (Moscow/AP) -- Soviet Foreign Minister Bessmertnykh said it was not up to the U.S. to accept or reject the Kremlin's 11th-hour gulf war peace initiative. "That plan was addressed to the Iraqi leadership, so he rejected the plan which did not belong to him," Bessmertnykh said of President Bush. Bessmertnykh said of Bush's statement: "I don't think that it was a rejection."

SOVIET PROPOSAL/BRITAIN (London/Reuter) -- Britain feels Soviet peace proposals fall short of the full requirements of Security Council resolutions, an anonymous senior government official said. "In our view the proposals do not meet the full requirements of the U.N. Security Council resolutions," the official said.

IRAQI REPARATIONS/U.S. (Reuter) -- The U.S. still believes Iraq should pay war reparations for the damage it has done to Kuwait, the State Department said. Asked if this was still U.S. policy, spokeswoman Tutwiler replied: "Yes." She did not elaborate.

IRAQI SCUD/ISRAEL (Jerusalem/AP) -- Iraq fired one missile at Israel, Brig. Gen. Nachman Shai told Israeli radio. He said the missile was launched from western Iraq. He said the rocket hit but did not say where. Reporters in Tel Aviv said they heard sounds indicating at least two Patriot interceptors were fired at the incoming Scud. They also heard a third explosion they could not immediately identify.

TERRORISM/FBI (Reuter) -- The threat of terrorism due to the war is slight in the U.S. although terrorist incidents frequently targeting Americans abroad are increasing, the FBI's top counterterrorism official said. "The threat level in the United States is not high at this time," William Baker told the U.S. Chamber of Commerce.

U.S. REFUELING/INDIA (New Delhi/Reuter) -- After days of confusion, India announced that U.S. military transport planes would no longer refuel in the country on their way to and from the gulf. "The government of the United States has decided to make alternative arrangements for transit halts and refueling of their transport aircraft bound to and from the gulf with effect from Feb. 20," a foreign ministry spokesman said.

SADDAM/OZAL (Ankara/Reuter) -- President Ozal has called for Saddam's back to be broken to shorten the war and said President Bush was unlikely to allow the Iraqi government to survive. Talking to businessmen in the southern city of Adana Monday night, Ozal said Turkey had let U.S. planes bomb Iraq from the nearby Incirlik base to help remove a potential threat from a dangerous neighbor. "He (Saddam) crushed the Kurds. How could we support a man who uses poison gas against his own people? Will we not be faced with the same trouble tomorrow?" the semi-official Antolian news agency quoted Ozal as saying.

WAR EFFORT/RED CROSS (UPI) -- The American Red Cross announced a nationwide campaign to raise \$30 million for humanitarian services to U.S. troops in the gulf, their families and the war's foreign victims. "This campaign will be the biggest wartime fund-raising effort the American Red Cross has undertaken since World War II, when the organization sought \$50 million," said Elizabeth Dole.

DEFENSE SPENDING/REP. MURTHA (AP) -- A top congressional Democrat questioned whether plans to reduce defense spending will keep the military strong enough in the future. "I don't see how we can do it and keep the state of readiness so high," Rep. Murtha said of projected Pentagon spending cuts. Murtha made his remarks at the opening of testimony before his subcommittee by Secretary Cheney and Gen. Powell.

YELTSIN/GORBACHEV (Moscow/Reuter) -- Boris Yeltsin called for the resignation of President Gorbachev and the transfer of power to the Federation Council. "I separate myself from the policies of Gorbachev and call for his immediate resignation and the transfer of power to the collective body, the Council of Federation," Yeltsin said in a live country-wide television interview.

MINORITIES/LITHUANIA (Moscow/Reuter) -- Presidential rule may have to be introduced in parts of Lithuania to protect Russian and Polish-speaking minorities, Pravda quoted a Communist Party official as saying. Oleg Sheinin told the newspaper that the Baltic republic's nationalist government had illegally passed laws discriminating against non-Lithuanians.

AIRLINE DRUG TESTS/SUPREME COURT (Reuter) -- The Supreme Court said that the federal government can require commercial airlines to randomly test pilots, flight attendants, maintenance workers and other employees for drug use. The justices let stand a ruling by a U.S. Court of Appeals in San Francisco that upheld the mandatory, surprise drug tests on the ground that the government's interest in airline safety outweighs workers' privacy rights.

2-19-91
Chuan Fte
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INSIDE WASHINGTON

Moderator: Gordon Peterson. **Panelists:** Charles Krauthammer, Tina Gulland of Post-Newsweek stations, Juan Williams, Carl Rowan.

On the Iraqi withdrawal proposal:

Peterson: ...Was it a cruel hoax, as President Bush says, or the beginning of negotiations for Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait?

Krauthammer:I think it was an overture to Kremlin hardliners. Saddam's only hope is the Soviets will step in and bail him out.

Williams:Bush was right to say it boiled down to getting emotions up in a cruel hoax.

Gulland: It's too early to tell, but I think the allied response was right. If it was a trick, it should have been rebuffed. If it was an opening bid, the price was too high, and Baghdad's on notice it better come back with a realistic offer -- and fast.

Rowan: It was an offer so ridiculous that neither the Iraqis nor the Soviets felt anyone would accept it. It may be an indication of Soviet maneuvering behind the scenes.

Williams:Saddam has now undercut himself, to some extent....

Krauthammer: The only threat here is the Soviets. Among the internal alliance, the combatants, there's no crack whatsoever in the coalition. This peace ploy had no effect.

On the war aims:

Rowan: ...I don't believe for a moment this talk about not trying to take Saddam out. I think we've tried already. I wouldn't be at all surprised if that attack on the bomb shelter was based on intelligence suggesting he was there. It is clearly the U.S. goal to get him out of there, because I think U.S. leaders believe they cannot afford to have him as a semi-hero at the end of the war.

Gulland: But if were to withdraw, you'd have to leave him there.

Williams:There's no way that the allies, the U.S. and Israel would allow Saddam to remain in power, especially with the idea that he can rebuild somehow his armaments and be a threat to that region in three to four years.... They've got to do the job now.

Krauthammer: The President made it clear by suggesting that he would welcome a coup in Iraq that he wants Saddam out, that that is a war aim. If he can't do it by actually hitting him with a bomb or a coup, I think the other objective is absolute, total, unconditional withdrawal, which would be a humiliation for Saddam. And humiliation in the Arab world sometimes is a death sentence.

Krauthammer: We've always understood that the goal here is to destroy Saddam and the military machine.

Dancy: What do you think of the idea of the President of the U.S. calling for the Iraqi people to rise up and overthrow their leader?

Lugar: I think it's a great idea. I was pleased he did it. And it seems to me that we've got to continue to press this thought.

McCurdy: ...If Saddam comes up with a withdrawal plan, I think the pressure is going to be there to allow him to continue in office. Now, we have to wait and see what the Israelis do and even his own military. But I don't think that that's the U.S.'s call.

Dancy: He did come up with a withdrawal plan.... But the President rejected it immediately and out of hand.

McCurdy: ...That particular plan was not a sound one.

Lugar: ...The thought that somehow the Syrians would come out of Lebanon, that the Iraqis should receive reparations -- this is ridiculous on the face of it, and the President said so quickly.

Utley: ...There's been a flap here this past week about the relationship between Israel and the U.S. Israel is asking for a lot more money -- up to \$13 billion post-war. The Administration and Jim Baker seem to be saying, hey, perhaps you should be paying us, we're fighting your war.... What's your feeling about what's happening and what this means for after the war?

Lugar: ...We don't have that sort of money. It's not in the cards. And therefore in the settlement..., we've got to try to find something for Israel in that situation.

Drew: There's a report in a British paper that Pentagon officials confirmed...that the attack on what they said was a command and control bunker in Baghdad was an error because they were going on outdated information that it was being used to communicate with the troops in the field.... Has the Administration given you evidence that persuades you that at the time it was attacked it was being used for command and control?

McCurdy: No, and if they did, I probably wouldn't discuss it.... It's tragic that there were civilians there. But at the same time, why would it be camouflaged? Why would it be surrounded with fences and all that protection?...

Drew: Have they given you such information, Sen. Lugar?

Lugar: I was surprised to read such a thing. The preoccupation with this bunker amazes me.... That was a military target.

Guest: Zbigniew Brzezinski.

Utley: Do you see any risk in these [Soviet] talks with Tareq Aziz...that could pose problems for the coalition?

Brzezinski: Not really, because I think at this stage there is still such a gap between what might be a peaceful settlement and the way the Iraqis articulated it in the last statement.

Brokaw reports from a Marine fighter plane base in Saudi Arabia. He reports that the pilots and their ground crews were running a heavy schedule of sorties today, encouraged by clear skies over the Gulf. (NBC-4)

CBS's Eric Engberg reports more mines were found nearby, tied to underwater cables -- a deadly trap the Navy had not expected here. As anti-mine efforts were stepped up, analysts questioned the lack of prior sweeping. Experts noted the need to clear all mines from hostile waters assault forces would have to cross could push back the date of the planned ground offensive. (CBS-4)

NBC's Brad Willis reports there is no word on whether the Tripoli will be able to continue its mission. The Princeton suffered more serious damage and will have to be towed to safety for repairs. (NBC-2)

GULF WAR/IRAQ

ABC's Bill Blakemore reports from Iraq (cleared by Iraqi censors). The mood in Baghdad was subdued today as Iraqis waited for news from the Soviet-Iraqi meeting. Most shops remained closed; good water and cooking gas are hard to find. There seems to be enough food making its way in from the countryside to get by; fresh meat, vegetables, olives, dates and cheese. And though everyone we spoke with said they would like to have peace if their leaders can work out a cease-fire, we saw no evidence of any wishful thinking that it was necessarily about to happen. An editorial today in one of Iraq's most widely-read newspapers condemned America's rejection of last week's Iraqi proposal. The editorial said the rejection proved America's real aims in the war are colonial domination of the Gulf region. There were more allied air raids tonight.

Jennings reports that the Iraqi military said today that allied planes conducted more than 150 raids overnight, 25 of them on civilian targets. According to the U.S., the Iraqis shot down an Air Force F-16 jet fighter overnight. U.S. helicopter crews dashed 40 miles behind Iraqi lines and rescued the pilot. (ABC-3)

NBC's Tom Aspell reports from Iraq (cleared by Iraqi censors). Officials in Baghdad this morning showed what was left of a milk factory bombed weeks ago.

(TV Coverage: Milk jugs scattered amid rubble.)

The U.S. is still insisting it was a biological weapons plant. Many people in Iraq feel the destruction of Iraq, and not reclaiming Kuwait, is the main reason for the war. In addition, there is a deep sense of disappointment in Baghdad over last week's refusal by the U.S. to even consider Saddam's offer of peace. In the minds of many Iraqis, it was an opening position in the negotiations. (NBC-12)

IRAQI TECHNOLOGY

CBS's Rita Braver reports on equipment and technology that the Reagan and Bush Administrations allowed U.S. companies to sell to Iraq that critics argue are now being used against American fighting forces. The White House and the Commerce Department, refused to disclose exactly what technology Saddam Hussein got.

-more-

Cochran: He hasn't totally justified them, and I think that if Saddam were to take the Soviet offer and were to pull out, I think Bush would have no choice but to let Saddam continue in power.

Brokaw: That is the fear at the Pentagon, isn't it? That they begin to pull out before they can break up Iraq's military machine?

NBC's Fred Francis: Exactly. One senior general here said that is the worst-case scenario. That would freeze 500,000 Americans for a very long time. The bottom line is if he pulled out, he would still have not the fourth-largest army in the world, but perhaps the fifth or sixth. He could threaten his neighbors at any time. (NBC-14)

ABC's Peter Jennings: Thirty-three days since the war began; millions of people waiting to see if a ground campaign is just around the corner, millions of people anxious to know if the Soviets can somehow pull off a deal with Iraq that will make a ground campaign unnecessary. Mikhail Gorbachev laid out something to Foreign Minister Aziz in Moscow. Aziz said that since the phone lines to Iraq are no longer alive, he would hand-carry it back to Baghdad the long way, by plane to Tehran, then to Baghdad by car.

ABC's Jim Laurie reports from Moscow on the Gorbachev-Aziz meeting. No details on the plan were released in Moscow, but Gorbachev's spokesman said the Kremlin felt it could be accepted by both Baghdad and the coalition.

(Vitaly Ignatenko: "The new proposal is fully in line with our principal position, stated repeatedly, which calls for an unconditional withdrawal in accordance with all U.N. resolutions.") It's apparent that Gorbachev wants to get Saddam out of Kuwait, but allow him to save face. One report here says the plan includes a promise that after the withdrawal, Moscow would guarantee Iraq's territorial integrity, and oppose any punishment of Saddam.

(Arkady Masslennikov, parliamentary spokesman: "We would like unconditional withdrawal, stopping all bloodshed, and taking care of all the issues which are creating tension in that area, including Palestinian, of course.")

Soviet officials made plain they knew time was running out. Gorbachev urged Aziz to return to Moscow with a quick response.

(Tareq Aziz: "We decided to follow up those talks.") Gorbachev hopes to carve out for himself a role in the post-war Middle East. But for now, there is a sense that with a land war looming, this will be the last chance for Saddam.

NBC's Bob Abernethy reports that in the Soviet parliament, there was more pressure on Gorbachev from conservatives who want to restore Soviet influence in Iraq and the Arab world.

(Viktor Alksnis, parliament member: "We must stop the killing of innocent people in Iraq.")

(Sergei Akhromeyev: "I think the war has already exceeded the limits of the U.N. resolution.") (ABC-Lead, NBC-9)

Jennings: The Soviets have told the Bush Administration what is in this proposal, and they've asked the White House to keep it private. The White House said a short while ago it will.

(TV Coverage: President Bush walking from Marine One to Oval Office.)

SOVIET MILITARY CONDEMNS BUSH, CRITICIZES NATO OVER GULF WAR

MOSCOW -- One of the Soviet Union's top military figures said Tuesday that President Bush's decision to go to war against Iraq showed he was devoted to old-style use of force to solve world problems.

At the same time, the Defense Ministry newspaper Krasnaya Zvezda said the West's NATO alliance had seized on the Gulf conflict to build up its forces in the region to an extent that could threaten the overall East-West disarmament process....

"Peaceful forms of pressure should have been continued and dialogue should have been pursued, which is what our diplomats and President Gorbachev argued for..." Marshal Viktor Kulikov, one-time commander-in-chief of the former East Bloc's Warsaw Pact alliance, told the newspaper Rabochaya Tribuna. "But the language of guns and death-dealing B-52 bombers is something we have been familiar with for a long time. It has nothing in common with the 'new thinking' which the Americans applauded warmly but did little concrete to support." (Robert Evans, Reuter)

SOVIET SPOKESMAN SUGGESTS AGREEMENT LIMITING WEAPONS SALES

LONDON -- Developed nations should agree to limit arms sales to "dangerous" countries, a Soviet spokesman said Monday night.

Sergei Grigoryev, deputy to Gorbachev's chief spokesman, told BBC radio: "I think there should be mutual obligations of all the members of the anti-Iraq coalition to stop supplying dangerous members of the international community with any weapons they can use against peaceful civilians."

He said the Soviet Union, Germany, the U.S. and Italy had all sold weapons to Iraq....

"The Soviet message to Iraq is that Iraq should leave unconditionally," Grigoryev said. "You leave unconditionally but you know at least that you can survive and there will be no further interference in the internal affairs of Iraq."...

Grigoryev brushed aside suggestions that the Soviet initiative may have angered Bush....

"If President Gorbachev is in a position to stop this major war and to prevent the further escalation of this military conflict, he should do it for the benefit of the Soviets, the Iraqis, the Americans and any other human being living in this world," he told the BBC. (Reuter)

CNN SAYS GROUND WAR DECISION PUT ON HOLD

CNN reported Monday night that it had been told that a U.S. decision to begin a Gulf ground war would await the outcome of a Soviet diplomatic initiative.

CNN's Pentagon correspondent in Washington said final plans for a ground war were continuing on schedule but sources "say privately the decision to launch the offensive will await the outcome of the Soviet initiative."

It also said the Pentagon sources did not believe Saddam Hussein would agree to an unconditional withdrawal of his forces from Kuwait. (Reuter)

Bush Presidential Library Photocopy

IRAQI OVERTHROW OF SADDAM/U.S. OFFICIAL (Reuter) -- Saddam does not yet appear in danger of being overthrown by his people, a senior Bush Administration official said. The official, who spoke on condition of anonymity, said there were many signs that Iraqis blamed Saddam for leading them into a disastrous war and wanted an end to it. "But when you take the very pervasive security structure he has throughout the country plus his own personal Praetorian Guard, I think it's gong to take more than we've seen already to have that guard or that security structure and therefore the Iraqi people turn on him," the official said.

PALESTINIAN DENTENTIONS/U.S. (Reuter) -- The U.S. said it was opposed to Israel's policy of detaining Palestinian suspects on administrative orders without trial. Asked about the case of Palestinian journalist Taher Shriteh who has been held in jail for three weeks without charges in Gaza, State Department spokeswoman Tutwiler said: "Our opposition to the practice of administrative detentions in the occupied territories is long-standing. Charges against detainees ought to be made public and detainees should be given the opportunity to defend themselves in a court of law."

SOVIET AID/EC (Luxembourg/Reuter) -- EC foreign ministers decided to start freeing \$1 billion of aid to the Soviet Union, blocked in protest over violence in the Baltics. "We have no desire to show any hostility towards President Gorbachev or to jump to conclusions about his policy," British Foreign Minister Hurd told a news conference after the decision. "We strongly support President Gorbachev the reformer," he added. French Foreign Minister Dumas told reporters: "We consider that Gorbachev firmly intends to continue his policy of perestroika."

KILLED CONTRA LEADER/U.S. (Reuter) -- The U.S. condemned the killing Saturday of former Contra leader Enrique Bermudez. "We strongly condemn the brutal assassination. Like many other Nicaraguans, he had returned home peacefully from exile after a long civil war," State Department spokeswoman Tutwiler told reporters. "This assassination is a crime against the national reconciliation which President Chamorro has called for and which is indispensable to the peaceful reconstruction of Nicaragua," she said. "We hope this death will make Nicaraguans more determined to strengthen democracy and the rule of law."

AIRLINES/SKINNER (UPI) -- Secretary Skinner said that a reduction in the number of domestic airlines is "no grounds for panic" but a key senator on aviation matters accused him of trying to stifle competition and speed consolidation. Sen. Ford said Skinner "has taken actions that could do more to speed consolidation, stifle competition and restructure the domestic airline industry than any actions since a former secretary [Elizabeth Dole] approved every merger she ever saw." Skinner, however, told the aviation subcommittee of the Transportation Committee, "Of one thing we are confident: Consolidation is no grounds for panic."

5:00 P.M. NEWS UPDATE

REBUILDING IRAQ/PRESIDENT (Jim Drinkard, AP) -- U.S. taxpayers cannot be expected to pay for the postwar rebuilding of Iraqi bridges, power lines and buildings destroyed by allied bombs, President Bush told congressional leaders. "We are not about to pay to rebuild Iraq," Bush told the group, according to notes taken by Rep. Michel. Bush told the bipartisan leaders that "it's a rich country, if they'd just use their resources wisely" instead of spending them to build a military machine, Michel said. The President's comments appeared to run counter to those two weeks ago by Secretary Baker, who proposed creation of a Middle East Bank for Reconstruction and Development.

CEASE-FIRE/CHENEY (Reuter) -- Secretary Cheney said a cease-fire or pause in allied war operations against Iraq would be very dangerous to the allies. "While we are eager to have the matter wrapped up as quickly as possible, we feel very strongly that a cease-fire or a pause of some kind would in fact be very dangerous from the standpoint of U.S. and allied forces," Cheney said to the House appropriations subcommittee in response to a question.

GROUND WAR/POLL (New York/UPI -- adv. 6:30 p.m. EST) -- Americans favor beginning a ground war in the gulf rather than waiting for the results of diplomacy and are still in favor of ousting Saddam from power in Iraq, an ABC survey reported. The poll conducted by telephone Monday among a random sample of 512 adults around the country showed that 81 percent of Americans approve of the U.S. having gone to war with Iraq, the second highest level in nine ABC surveys since the war began. According to the poll, 85 percent of Americans now favor a U.S. ground campaign if air bombardment does not force Iraq's withdrawal from Kuwait and only one in 10 say the air war alone will accomplish withdrawal.

SOVIET PROPOSAL/CANADA (Ottawa/Reuter) -- Prime Minister Mulroney rejected the Soviet Union's 11th-hour peace plan aimed at averting a ground war in the gulf. Mulroney said President Gorbachev's peace proposal to Foreign Minister Aziz was made in "good faith" but did not go far enough. "Our examination of it at this point in time is that it does not meet many requirements of the U.N. resolution" demanding Iraq leave Kuwait, Mulroney told reporters.

IRAQI SCUD/ISRAEL (Jerusalem/Reuter) -- Iraq fired a Scud at Israel, apparently without causing injuries or damage. "As of this moment, 25 minutes after the alert, we've no information on damage or injuries," army spokesman Nachman Shai told Israel television.

IRAQI DESERTERS (London/Reuter) -- Soldiers of Iraq's Republican Guard have apparently begun to desert their units for the first time in the conflict, military sources said. The sources in London said deserters from regular Iraqi units crossing to allied positions in Saudi Arabia had begun to tell of desertions from the guard units.

Foley — Air vs. Ground

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Mitchell

2-19-97

10-11 Cab. Rm.

1. caution on air
war

2. prefer to air
as long as possible

Dole

Dilemma if we go to
war when Soviets

Mitchell

Kastner —
Japan needs step up
to the man.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Manthor

Anything that stops
movement of troops
would be devastating

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Dante Fessall

Magic Time When
Have to make
Decision

Tough Problem that
lies ahead

Helma

Talk to Mrs. of
POW's
sent supports & sweet love

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Pat Lahey

Pay attention to
Post War ME.

David Obus

emphasized post-war
set-up

Don't just brush
off Sov. proposal
if it has merit

O/Rich "I have to
lead way to help in an
Israel I will have to give
some

Bush Presidential Library Photocopy

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Shuster

Never seen greater
support from a
President in Central
Penn.

Millions hi
will we go further on Sol.

McDade
appreciation

Bush Presidential Library Photocopy

Bipartisan Congressional Leadership – February 19, 1991

		Gribbin	Haass	Lampley	Gates	Mullins	Smeallie	Waidmann	
Rogers									
Card		Darman	Scowcroft	Cheney	Baker	Edwards	Obey	McDade	
	Sununu								Murtha
	Kasten								Shuster
	Leahy								McCurdy
	Murkowski								Broomfield
	Helms								Fascell
Fitzwater		Pell	Dole	Mitchell	President	Foley	Michel	Gephardt	
Brady									
	Porter	Gray	Holiday	Demarest	McClure	Portman	Hollingsworth	Calio	Norris

Attachment

The President

James Baker, Secretary of State
Dick Cheney, Secretary of Defense
Dick Darman, Director, Office of Management and Budget

Congressional Participation - Senate

Senator George Mitchell (D-ME), Majority Leader
Senator Bob Dole (R-KS), Republican Leader
Senator Claiborne Pell (D-RI), Chairman, Committee on Foreign Relations
Senator Jesse Helms (R-NC), Ranking Republican, Committee on Foreign Relations
Senator Frank Murkowski (R-AK), Vice Chairman-Designate, Select Committee on Intelligence
Senator Patrick Leahy (D-VT), Chairman, Appropriations Subcommittee on Foreign Operations
Senator Robert Kasten (R-WI), Ranking Republican, Appropriations Subcommittee on Foreign Operations

Congressional Participation - House

Congressman Thomas Foley (D-WA), Speaker of the House
Congressman Richard Gephardt (D-MO), Majority Leader
Congressman Bob Michel (R-IL), Republican Leader
Congressman Dante Fascell (D-FL), Chairman, Foreign Affairs Committee
Congressman William Broomfield (R-MI), Ranking Republican, Foreign Affairs Committee
Congressman Dave McCurdy (D-OK), Chairman, House Select Committee on Intelligence
Congressman Bud Shuster (R-PA) Ranking Republican, Select Committee on Intelligence
Congressman John Murtha (D-PA), Chairman, Appropriations Subcommittee on Defense
Congressman Joseph McDade (R-PA) Ranking Republican, Appropriations Subcommittee on Defense
Congressman David Obey (D-WI), Chairman, Appropriations Subcommittee on Foreign Operations
Congressman Mickey Edwards (R-OK), Ranking Republican, House Appropriations Subcommittee on Foreign Operations

White House Staff

John Sununu, Chief of Staff
Brent Scowcroft, Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs

Phil Brady, Assistant to the President and Staff Secretary
Andrew H. Card, Assistant to the President and Deputy to the
Chief of Staff
David Demarest, Assistant to the President for Communications
Marlin Fitzwater, Assistant to the President and Press Secretary
Robert Gates, Assistant to the President and Deputy for National
Security Affairs
C. Boyden Gray, Counsel to the President
Ede Holiday, Assistant to the President and Secretary of
the Cabinet
Fred McClure, Assistant to the President for Legislative
Affairs
Roger Porter, Assistant to the President for Economic
and Domestic Policy
Nick Calio, Deputy Assistant to the President for Legislative
Affairs (House)
Boyd Hollingsworth, Deputy Assistant to the President for
Legislative Affairs (Senate)
Rob Portman, Deputy Assistant to the President and Director,
Office of Legislative Affairs
Ed Rogers, Deputy Assistant to the President, and Executive
Assistant to the Chief of Staff
Virginia Lampley, Special Assistant to the President and Senior
Director for Legislative Affairs, National Security
Council
Richard Haass, Special Assistant to the President and Senior
Director for Near East and South Asia Affairs, National
Security Council
Frances Norris, Special Assistant to the President for
Legislative Affairs (House)
Shawn Smeallie, Special Assistant to the President for
Legislative Affairs (Senate)
Brian Waidmann, Special Assistant to the President for
Legislative Affairs (Senate)

Other

Bill Gribbin, Assistant to the Vice President for Legislative
Affairs
Janet Mullins, Assistant Secretary of State for Legislative
Affairs

AM-GULF-IRAN-IRAQ

IRAN APPEALS TO ALLIES FOR TIME TO CLINCH IRAQI PULLOUT

By Sharif Imam-Jomeh

TEHRAN, Iran, Reuters -- Iranian President Ali Akbar Hashemi

Rafsanjani appealed to U.S.-led allies Tuesday to delay a ground offensive so Iraq could be persuaded to leave Kuwait through diplomatic efforts.

The appeal, relayed through Turkish President Turgut Ozal, was reported just after President Bush dismissed an 11th-hour Soviet peace plan as inadequate -- making a ground war increasingly likely.

With regards to hopes that have appeared for ending the war, all-out efforts should be made to materialize Iraq's proposal for pullout of its forces from Kuwait, the Iranian news agency IRNA quoted Rafsanjani as telling Ozal by phone.

He also expressed hope the Turkish president would do all within his power to encourage the U.S.-led forces to show self-restraint regarding their intended ground offensive so Baghdad could be persuaded to take practical steps, it said.

Ozal, a key U.S. ally who called Monday for Iraqi President Saddam Hussein's overthrow, promised to do as Rafsanjani requested, the agency said.

Tehran has joined Moscow in diplomatic efforts to end the 34-day-old war and taken credit for influencing Baghdad's announcement Friday that it was ready for a conditional withdrawal from Kuwait.

Iraqi Foreign Minister Tariq Aziz, who received Moscow's peace proposal from President Mikhail Gorbachev Monday, discussed the plan with Rafsanjani on his way home.

The acceptance of U.N. Security Council Resolution 660 and starting negotiations on a withdrawal from Kuwait was a serious step on which we still insist, Aziz told Rafsanjani.

Aziz left for Baghdad after the meeting. Soviet officials said they expected a reply from Saddam within a couple of days.

In Bonn, Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati told a news conference he believed Iraq was now prepared for an unconditional withdrawal on the basis of Resolution 660.

Rafsanjani has kept Iran neutral in the conflict which he described Tuesday as "this destructive war which has caused great human and material losses for the Islamic world."

Iran, which fought a war with Iraq from 1980 to 1988, has strongly condemned allied air raids which it says are aimed at killing civilians and destroying the Iraqi economy.

A Tehran daily said Iraqi Deputy Prime Minister Saadoun Hammadi told an Iranian official last week that allied air raids in the first 26 days of the war had killed 20,000 people.

Hammadi put the material damage to Iraq at \$200 billion, the newspaper Jomhuri Eslami said Tuesday.

REUTER

Reut14:50 02-19

2/19/91

Mrs. Bush wants to walk over

w/ the 2 ministers from China

just to say hello

(she said it will only take 3 or 4 minutes)

o.k.

she'll do it now

p

Points for Calls on Gulf state of play

- I just wanted to call to let you know where things stand.
- As you know, Gorbachev wrote me letting me know he had proposed to Aziz a plan in which Iraq would announce its intent to withdraw by a date certain, to be followed by a cease-fire, to be followed in turn by the withdrawal itself. Iraq would receive in return a pledge that its troops would not be attacked while withdrawing. He also described a large role for the UN both during the withdrawal and after, raising questions of linkage.
- I wrote back right away, emphasizing the importance that any withdrawal be unconditional and immediate. I noted concern over the unspecified length of the withdrawal, suggesting 96 hours should suffice. To this I added the necessity for Iraq to comply with all the UNSC resolutions and to exchange all POWs.
- I wanted you to know that I will be sending a second message to President Gorbachev, amplifying what I have just described. I want to make sure he understands that there can be no ceasefire until a massive withdrawal is underway and no cessation of the overall

3:15 - Mitterand

4:00 - Mulroney

state of hostilities until the withdrawal was completed.

- I added a few other details. We would not attack departing forces and that we expected POWs to be exchanged within 24 hours.
- In short, and as I said publicly, the Soviet initiative as it now stands is not acceptable. But this does not mean we are closed to a diplomatic solution, even at this late date. But we cannot be drawn into negotiating the terms of Iraq's withdrawal; nor can we pause or in any way allow our military efforts to be affected. It is military pressure that has brought us this far, and we cannot let up.
- I hope this is acceptable to you. In any event, I wanted to compare notes to be sure that we all know where matters stand.

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document		Date	Restriction	Class.
10a. Memo	From Brent Scowcroft to President Bush (2 pp.)		02/18/91	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, February 19, 1991

Date Closed: 6/20/2011 **OA/ID Number:** 90584-005

FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S

Appeal Case #:

Re-review Case #:

Appeal Disposition:

P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

Disposition Date:

AR Case #:

MR Case #:

AR Disposition:

MR Disposition:

AR Disposition Date:

MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
10b. Letter	From President Bush to President Felipe Gonzalez (2 pp.)	02/19/91	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, February 19, 1991

Date Closed: 6/20/2011	OA/ID Number: 90584-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

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Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
10c. Letter	From Felipe Gonzalez Marquez, President of the Spanish Government to President Bush [English version] (3 pp.)	02/14/91	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, February 19, 1991

Date Closed: 6/20/2011	OA/ID Number: 90584-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
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Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
10d. Letter	From Felipe Gonzalez Marquez, President of the Spanish Government to President Bush [Copy of Spanish original] (4 pp.)	02/14/91	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
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(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
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Research Memorandum

United States Information Agency
Washington, D.C. 20547

Office of Research



February 11, 1991

PERCEPTION GROWING IN SPAIN THAT GULF WAR UNJUST

A non-USIA telephone poll of 784 adults (18 years of age or more) conducted nationwide in Spain by the firm DYM on January 24-25, and reported on February 4 in the weekly newsmagazine *Cambio 16* and a nationwide personal interview survey of 1000 adults conducted by Sigma Dos for the Madrid daily *El Mundo* on February 5 and reported February 8 indicate:

- **By four-to-one margins, both surveys show that the Gulf war is perceived to be "unjust"** (72%-18% in *Cambio 16* and 76%-17% in *El Mundo*). The *El Mundo* poll shows a 24 percent increase in this view since a January 17 poll (52%-39%). At the same time, a (43%-31%) plurality believes that the bombing of Iraq "exceeds the UN resolution." But half of the Spanish public (54%-36%), according to *Cambio 16*, say the war was inevitable.
- **Public support of Spanish government policy remains low.** Prevailing opinion does not approve of sending Spanish ships to the Gulf (52%-42% - *Cambio 16* poll), generally consistent with public opinion in Spain shortly after the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait. Moreover, by better than two-to-one (*El Mundo*, 65%-29%) Spaniards disagree with their government's policy of allowing the U.S. use of Spanish bases in order to bomb Iraq. There is public concern that U.S. utilization of the bases will affect Spain's relations with Arab nations of the Maghreb (Morocco, Tunisia, Algeria, and Mauritania) (there will be an impact - 59%) and a belief (54%-29%) that Spanish citizens in the enclaves of North Africa (Ceuta and Melilla) are threatened by Spanish actions in the Gulf.
- **Lukewarm support of their government's policies are accompanied by considerable skepticism that the war will end up benefitting the anti-Iraq coalition.** Nearly as many say no one will benefit from the war (22%) as say the U.S. will (35%), and nearly one-in-four believe no one will win the war. When asked if they think nuclear weapons will be used in the war, less than half (46%) said they would not, and a surprisingly high one-quarter of Spaniards believe they may be used.

Prepared by: R/WE - Barbara Smela
Approved by: R - Ronald H. Hinckley
Director, Office of Research

619-5140

TALKING POINTS FOR CONGRESSIONAL LEADERSHIP MEETING

- I WANT TO THANK EVERYONE IN THIS ROOM FOR COMING IN HERE TODAY. IT HAS BEEN A WHILE SINCE WE ALL GATHERED, AND I WANTED TO MEET AND EXCHANGE VIEWS.
- WE ARE NOW JUST OVER A MONTH INTO OPERATION DESERT STORM. THE COALITION HAS PERFORMED WITH EXTRAORDINARY PROFESSIONALISM AND SKILL, AND HAS THANKFULLY SUFFERED FEW CASUALTIES.
- WE HAVE ACHIEVED A GOOD DEAL OF WHAT WE SET OUT TO DO FROM THE AIR. IRAQ'S AIR FORCE AND NAVY ARE NEUTRALIZED; ITS GROUND FORCES SIGNIFICANTLY DEGRADED.
- I WANT TO ADD THAT THE AIR CAMPAIGN HAS BEEN CONDUCTED WITH GREAT CARE NOT TO INJURE CIVILIANS. OVER 80,000 SORTIES HAVE BEEN FLOWN BY U.S. AND COALITION PILOTS WITH A MINIMUM OF COLLATERAL DAMAGE.
- THIS HAS NOT BEEN EASY GIVEN SADDAM'S WILLINGNESS TO BLUR THE LINE BETWEEN CIVILIAN AND MILITARY TARGETS. THIS IS A MAN WILLING TO PLACE CIVILIANS IN MILITARY BUNKERS, TO USE SCHOOLS FOR MILITARY HEADQUARTERS, TO STORE BRIDGING EQUIPMENT IN RESIDENTIAL NEIGHBORHOODS, TO PARK COMBAT AIRCRAFT BY ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES. HE MAY EVEN HAVE DESTROYED A MOSQUE IN AN EFFORT TO BLAME IT ON US.
- WE ARE FAST APPROACHING THE POINT WHERE AIR EFFORTS ALONE WILL NOT FORCE SADDAM OUT OF KUWAIT, AND WHERE WE COULD TRANSITION TO A NEW PHASE OF OPERATIONS WITHOUT RISKING GREAT LOSSES.

- I OBVIOUSLY CANNOT SAY EXACTLY WHEN A GROUND OPERATION MIGHT COMMENCE. WHAT I CAN SAY IS THAT PREPARATIONS ARE ON SCHEDULE.
- MY PERSONAL VIEW IS THAT THESE EFFORTS AND PLANS ARE BEGINNING TO HAVE AN EFFECT ON SADDAM. THIS MAY EXPLAIN THE RECENT FLURRY OF DIPLOMATIC ACTIVITY.
- IT IS HARD TO KNOW WHAT TO MAKE OF LAST FRIDAY'S IRAQI INITIATIVE. IT DID SPEAK OF WITHDRAWAL, BUT IT WAS VAGUE AND COUPLED WITH A LONG LIST OF DEMANDS, SOME FAMILIAR, SOME NEW.
- SINCE THEN, WE HAVE SEEN THE SOVIETS GET INVOLVED. AS WE MEET HERE THIS MORNING, I GATHER THAT TARIQ AZIZ WILL SOON BE BACK IN MOSCOW FOR A SECOND MEETING WITH PRESIDENT GORBACHEV.
- PRESIDENT GORBACHEV HAS ASKED THAT I KEEP HIS PROPOSAL CONFIDENTIAL, AND I WILL RESPECT THAT IN THE INTERESTS OF THOROUGHLY EXPLORING THIS INITIATIVE. WHAT I CAN SAY IS, HOWEVER, THAT WHILE THE SOVIETS HAVE ELIMINATED SOME OF THE MORE OFFENSIVE ASPECTS OF IRAQ'S INITIATIVE OF LAST FRIDAY, IT FALLS SHORT OF WHAT WE WOULD REQUIRE.
- OUR POSITION HAS NOT CHANGED. WE WANT TO SEE COMPLETE IRAQI COMPLIANCE WITH ALL 12 SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTIONS.
- IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO KNOW AT THIS POINT HOW THE IRAQIS WILL REACT TO WHAT THE SOVIETS HAVE PUT FORTH. WE HAVE

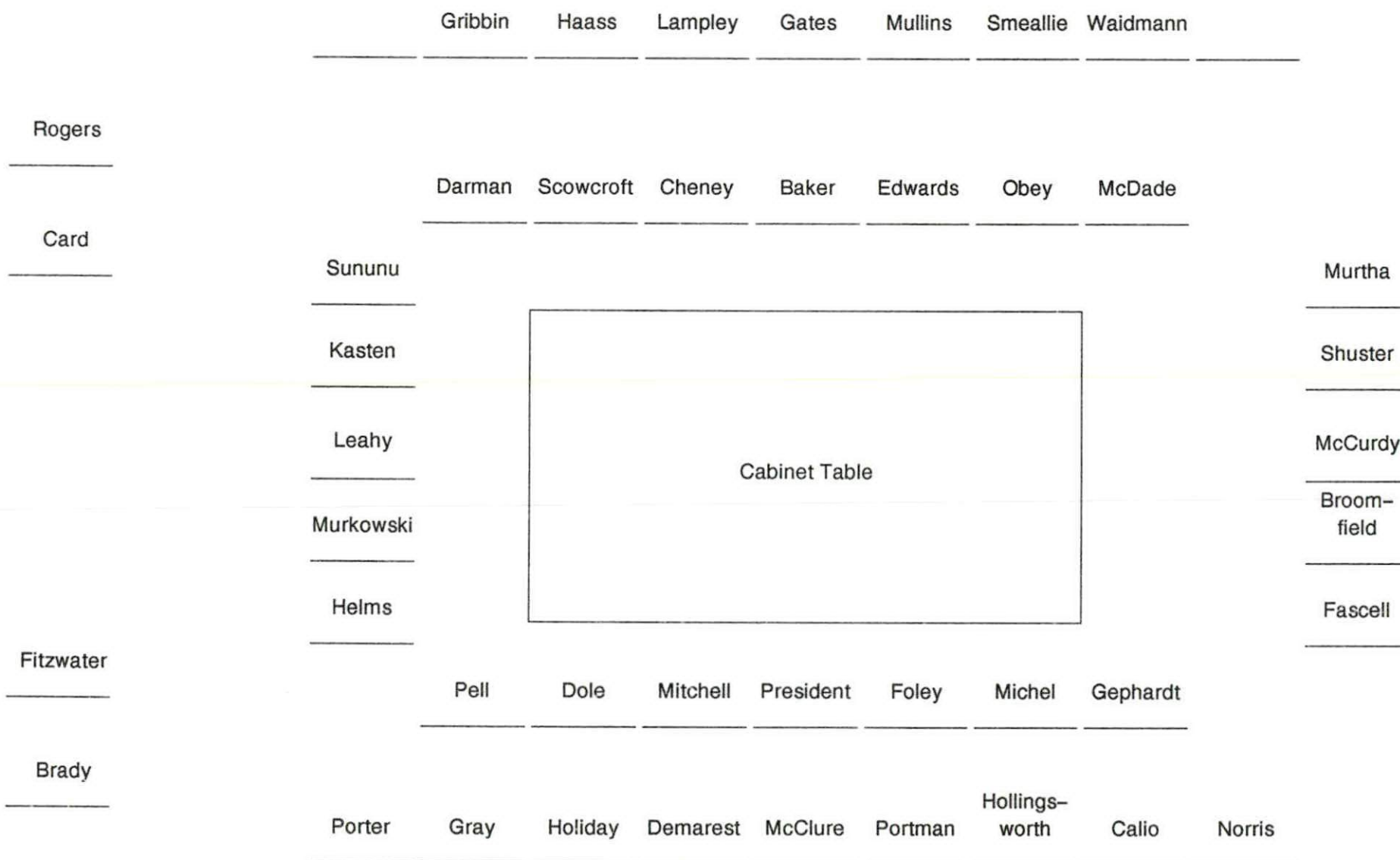
TO KEEP IN MIND THAT UP TO NOW SADDAM HAS USED
DIPLOMACY AS A TACTIC TO DIVIDE THE COALITION.

-- WE ALSO HAVE TO KEEP IN MIND WHAT HE HAS DONE. THIS
IS A MAN WHO HAS INVADDED AND BRUTALIZED A DEFENSELESS
NEIGHBOR, WHO IS SYSTEMATICALLY DESTROYING KUWAITI OIL
WELLS, WHO HAS ABUSED POWS, WHO COMMITS ENVIRONMENTAL
TERRORISM.

-- THIS, THEN, IS WHERE WE STAND. IRAQI PROMISES WILL NOT
BE ENOUGH; WE WILL NOT ALLOW OURSELVES TO BE DRAWN INTO
NEGOTIATIONS. ONE WAY OR ANOTHER WE ARE NEARING THE
EVE OF KUWAIT'S LIBERATION.

-- LET ME CLOSE BY SAYING THAT I REALIZE THAT WITH
KUWAIT'S LIBERATION OUR CHALLENGES IN THE REGION DO NOT
END. WE ARE HARD AT WORK ON POST-WAR PLANNING FOR THE
REGION, AND LOOK FORWARD TO CONSULTING WITH YOU IN THIS
ROOM AND YOUR COLLEAGUES ON FUTURE ARRANGEMENTS FOR
THE MIDDLE EAST AND GULF. U.S. INVOLVEMENT IN THIS
PART OF THE WORLD IS NO EXCEPTION; TO THE CONTRARY, IT
WILL ENDURE, AND TO SUCCEED WE NEED TO BUILD A
CONSENSUS HERE AT HOME.

Bipartisan Congressional Leadership - February 19, 1991



Attachment

The President

James Baker, Secretary of State
Dick Cheney, Secretary of Defense
Dick Darman, Director, Office of Management and Budget

Congressional Participation - Senate

Senator George Mitchell (D-ME), Majority Leader
Senator Bob Dole (R-KS), Republican Leader
Senator Claiborne Pell (D-RI), Chairman, Committee on Foreign Relations
Senator Jesse Helms (R-NC), Ranking Republican, Committee on Foreign Relations
Senator Frank Murkowski (R-AK), Vice Chairman-Designate, Select Committee on Intelligence
Senator Patrick Leahy (D-VT), Chairman, Appropriations Subcommittee on Foreign Operations
Senator Robert Kasten (R-WI), Ranking Republican, Appropriations Subcommittee on Foreign Operations

Congressional Participation - House

Congressman Thomas Foley (D-WA), Speaker of the House
Congressman Richard Gephardt (D-MO), Majority Leader
Congressman Bob Michel (R-IL), Republican Leader
Congressman Dante Fascell (D-FL), Chairman, Foreign Affairs Committee
Congressman William Broomfield (R-MI), Ranking Republican, Foreign Affairs Committee
Congressman Dave McCurdy (D-OK), Chairman, House Select Committee on Intelligence
Congressman Bud Shuster (R-PA) Ranking Republican, Select Committee on Intelligence
Congressman John Murtha (D-PA), Chairman, Appropriations Subcommittee on Defense
Congressman Joseph McDade (R-PA) Ranking Republican, Appropriations Subcommittee on Defense
Congressman David Obey (D-WI), Chairman, Appropriations Subcommittee on Foreign Operations
Congressman Mickey Edwards (R-OK), Ranking Republican, House Appropriations Subcommittee on Foreign Operations

White House Staff

John Sununu, Chief of Staff
Brent Scowcroft, Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs

Phil Brady, Assistant to the President and Staff Secretary
Andrew H. Card, Assistant to the President and Deputy to the
Chief of Staff

David Demarest, Assistant to the President for Communications
Marlin Fitzwater, Assistant to the President and Press Secretary
Robert Gates, Assistant to the President and Deputy for National
Security Affairs

C. Boyden Gray, Counsel to the President

Ede Holiday, Assistant to the President and Secretary of
the Cabinet

Fred McClure, Assistant to the President for Legislative
Affairs

Roger Porter, Assistant to the President for Economic
and Domestic Policy

Nick Calio, Deputy Assistant to the President for Legislative
Affairs (House)

Boyd Hollingsworth, Deputy Assistant to the President for
Legislative Affairs (Senate)

Rob Portman, Deputy Assistant to the President and Director,
Office of Legislative Affairs

Ed Rogers, Deputy Assistant to the President, and Executive
Assistant to the Chief of Staff

Virginia Lampley, Special Assistant to the President and Senior
Director for Legislative Affairs, National Security
Council

Richard Haass, Special Assistant to the President and Senior
Director for Near East and South Asia Affairs, National
Security Council

Frances Norris, Special Assistant to the President for
Legislative Affairs (House)

Shawn Smeallie, Special Assistant to the President for
Legislative Affairs (Senate)

Brian Waidmann, Special Assistant to the President for
Legislative Affairs (Senate)

Other

Bill Gribbin, Assistant to the Vice President for Legislative
Affairs

Janet Mullins, Assistant Secretary of State for Legislative
Affairs

11:00 A.M. NEWS UPDATE

SOVIET PROPOSAL/PRESIDENT (Reuter) -- President Bush said the Soviet peace proposal to Iraq "falls well short" of U.S. requirements for ending the war. Bush, meeting with congressional leaders, told reporters the proposal "falls well short of what would be required." Bush, in his first comments on the plan, declined to discuss details of the plan. "President Gorbachev asked that I keep the details of it confidential and I'm going to do that," Bush said. "I will respect that request in the interest of thoroughly exploring the initiative." Bush insisted there would be no negotiations with Saddam on the U.N. demand for total withdrawal of all Iraqi forces from Kuwait. "The goals have been set out -- there will be no concessions," he said.

SOVIET PROPOSAL/NUNN/WARNER (Dhahran/Reuter) -- A senior U.S. senator who tried to stop the U.S. from going to war in the gulf said that President Bush now had a free hand to launch a ground war. Referring to reports of a deadline contained in peace proposals made by President Gorbachev to Saddam, Nunn said in Saudi Arabia: "Thirty-six hours is not a deadline on the United States in terms of doing anything after that 36 hours. The question of whether and when to start a ground war is a decision the President will have to make." Sen. Warner told the same news conference: "Saddam is hurt, he is injured, he is down but he is not out. And now the Soviets come in maybe to pick at his bones for their own self-interest. But let's give them the benefit of the doubt."

SOVIET PROPOSAL/AZIZ (Paris/UPI) -- A top aide to President Gorbachev quoted Foreign Minister Aziz as saying Iraq would accept the unconditional withdrawal of its troops from Kuwait. Andrei Gratchev told Europe 1 Radio that Aziz during his visit to Moscow "confirmed the important change of principle of the Iraqi position, that is to say that Iraq would accept the unconditional retreat of its troops from Kuwait and therefore the annulling of the results of its operation of Aug. 2."

CONDITIONS FOR WITHDRAWAL/AZIZ (Baghdad/AP) -- Iraqi Foreign Minister Aziz says his country will "continue to insist" on negotiations for its withdrawal from Kuwait. Iran's news agency says Aziz made the comment after meeting with President Rafsanjani.

IRAQI WITHDRAWAL/IRAN (Bonn/Reuter) -- Iran's foreign minister said he was convinced Iraq would unconditionally withdraw from Kuwait. "I can tell you that now they are ready to withdraw from Kuwait unconditionally, I mean on the basis of the Resolution 660," Foreign Minister Velayati told a news conference after conferring with German leaders. In New York, Iran's ambassador to the U.N., Kamal Kharazzi, said he expected an announcement from Iraq "in the next few hours" and that he was hopeful Iraq would withdraw from Kuwait.

SOVIET PLAN/ITALIAN TV (Rome/Reuter) -- The Soviet Union's proposed peace plan to avert a ground war in the gulf calls for deploying a U.N. peacekeeping force between Iraq and Kuwait, Italian television reported. The report quoted unnamed EC officials in Brussels. It added that President Gorbachev's proposal called for Iraq to announce its unconditional withdrawal from Kuwait.

-more-

SOVIET INITIATIVE/JORDAN (Amman/UPI) -- A Jordanian official urged the U.S. and its coalition allies to join the Iraqi-Soviet peace train and called Baghdad's "political will to withdraw" a significant move. "I think we have two trains," Information Minister Ibrihim Izzeddine told reporters. "One train (the Iraqis) is moving toward peace, and the other train is stopped in one of the stations. We hope it will join the peace trip."

ALLIED BOMBING (Baghdad/Reuter) -- Allied bombers pounded Baghdad relentlessly hours before Saddam was to receive details of a Soviet peace plan. Between 8 p.m. Monday and dawn Tuesday, more than 30 explosions rocked the Rashid Hotel. Foreign journalists in the hotel were forced to retreat to the basement shelter, and the bombing was so intense that some said they breathed smoke from the blasts.

CIVILIAN TARGETS/IRAQ (Nicosia/Reuter) -- Iraq said the allies had carried out 65 more air attacks on civilian targets including a flour mill, candle factory and peasant villages in an attempt to weaken the morale of its people.

TORTURED KUWAITIS (Beirut/UPI) -- Kuwaiti envoy Nasser Sabah El Ahmad Sabah said that occupying Iraqi troops have tortured to death 200 young Kuwaitis in the emirate since the war erupted.

IRAQI UNREST (Riyadh/UPI) -- Allied intelligence reports indicate incidents of unrest among the Iraqi population that Saddam is unable to control, a senior military source said. "We know he's having trouble," the source said. "There is a report that the secret police can't really control the population any more. There have been a number of indications that he's having trouble controlling his population," he said. "We have seen isolated incidents away from the Kuwait Theater of Operations of expressions of dissatisfaction larger than a one- or two-person scale -- large enough for it to be reported to us."

IRAQI APPEAL FOR FOOD (Baghdad/AP) -- The head of the Iraqi Red Crescent Society appealed for food and medicine to feed Iraqis and ward off disease. Dr. Ibrahim al-Nouri said Iraq's 18 million people soon could be threatened by cholera and typhoid epidemics because of damage to the nation's water and sewage systems. Both diseases are spread in contaminated water. Milk and wheat flour are in short supply, al-Nouri said.

JAPANESE AID (Tokyo/Reuter) -- The Japanese Cabinet adopted a second supplementary budget to fund an extra \$9 billion Tokyo has pledged toward the cost of the war to evict Iraq from occupied Kuwait. The [budget is] likely to pass both houses of parliament early next month.

WESTERN HOSTAGE PROSPECTS/MOSLEM CLERIC (Beirut/Reuter) -- A senior Shi'ite Moslem cleric said the war improved hopes for freedom for Western hostages held by pro-Iranian militants in Lebanon. "The gulf events have created a positive atmosphere for the hostages. We expect a better hope for their release," Sheikh Mohammed Mehdi Shamseddine, vice-president of the Higher Islamic Shi'ite Council in Lebanon, told a news conference.

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Israel 'not surprised' Bush doesn't like peace plan

By JONATHAN FERZIGER

JERUSALEM (UPI) Israeli officials said they were not surprised that President Bush thinks a secret Soviet peace plan falls "well short" what it will take to end the Persian Gulf war.

"The idea is that Iraq's military machine ought to be destroyed so that it will not continue to be a source of instability in the Middle East," said Yossi Olmert, director of the Israeli Government Press Office.

"There is no surprise that this so-called peace proposal was rejected," Olmert said.

Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev presented the plan to Iraqi Foreign Minister Tariq Aziz at a meeting in Moscow Monday.

Terms of the proposal were not disclosed although Iraqi President Saddam Hussein has repeatedly insisted he would not withdraw from Kuwait unless Israel pulled out from its own occupied territories in the West Bank, Gaza Strip, Golan Heights and southern Lebanon.

Aziz was meeting with Saddam Tuesday night in Baghdad to formulate a response to Gorbachev's proposal.

Bush declined to discuss the plan's details but said it fell "well short of what would be required" to end the war. The president has repeatedly said there would be "no concessions, nothing to give" in ending Iraq's occupation of Kuwait.

Earlier in the day, a top Foreign Ministry official said Israel saw no chance for peace if Saddam remains in power.

"We are of the view that Saddam Hussein is the source and root of all evil," said Moshe Raviv, deputy director general of the Foreign Ministry.

"We are convinced that Saddam Hussein does not possess the minimum of credibility that will make any commitment by him worthy of trust," he said. "Iraq must be denied the opportunity of turning a military defeat into political victory."

Raviv said Israel was "looking forward to the full elimination of the Iraqi threat and to a new and peace-oriented leadership in Baghdad."

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^Eds: Inserts grafs 5-7, Foley comment after Bush meeting with congressional leaders; picks up 5th graf pvs, bgng: It was ...<

^By RITA BEAMISH=

^Associated Press Writer=

WASHINGTON (AP) - President Bush today rejected a Soviet proposal to end the war in the Persian Gulf, saying there must be no negotiations and no concessions to gain Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait.

A military official said a ground assault could begin any time. "The machinery is in place. If the president wants us to go tonight, we'll go tonight," a senior official said at the Pentagon.

Bush did not disclose details of the Soviet plan, but said it "falls well short of what would be required." He said he had talked to Soviet President Mikhail S. Gorbachev about the proposal "and I've been frank with him."

"As far as I'm concerned, there are no negotiations," Bush said at a picture-taking session at the beginning of a meeting with congressional leaders. "The goals have been set out. There will be no concessions, not going to give."

House Speaker Thomas S. Foley, D-Wash., said after the hour-long meeting that Bush "did not give a timetable" on when a ground offensive would begin and did not spell out why the Soviet peace plan was unacceptable.

Bush told the lawmakers "that there were some aspects of it that fell short, but he wasn't going to comment on it any further," Foley said.

The speaker said that he got the impression that Bush still hadn't made a decision yet on when to begin the ground war. But, Foley said he believes a ground war is inevitable "unless there is a willingness on the part of Saddam Hussein to withdraw before that point."

It was the second peace plan that Bush has dismissed in five days. On Friday, he rejected a condition-laden Iraqi proposal as "a cruel hoax."

At the Pentagon, a senior military official speaking on condition of anonymity said the desert campaign was proceeding "as though those talks were non-existent."

"The focus of the decision-making has shifted to the political and diplomatic field," he said.

"I do appreciate President Gorbachev's providing me a copy of his proposal," Bush said. "We provided comments last night to the Soviet Union."

Bush noted that Gorbachev asked him to keep the details of the Moscow offer confidential "and I'm going to do that."

"I will respect that request in the interests of thoroughly

exploring the initiative," Bush said. "But, very candidly ... while expressing appreciation for his sending it to us, it falls well short of what would be required."

"I would leave it right there for now," he added.

Asked if that meant a ground war would be forthcoming, Bush reiterated, "It means I'm going to leave it right there for now."

Bush received a letter from Gorbachev on Monday giving an account of the Soviet discussions with Iraqi Foreign Minister Tariq Aziz in Moscow and details of a peace plan Gorbachev gave Aziz earlier in the day. Aziz headed back to Baghdad with the Soviet proposal.

In Moscow, a government spokesman said the plan was a way to end the war with a political settlement.

The newspaper Bild in Hamburg, Germany, said it had learned the plan specifies Iraqi withdrawal, no punishment for Saddam Hussein, maintenance of Iraq's borders and later negotiations about Palestinian rights. The BBC early quoted a Moscow spokesman as saying the plan calls for keeping Iraq intact and the newspaper Le Monde in Paris said Iraq had been given 36 hours to accept.

The president returned Monday from a holiday weekend at his Maine vacation home and met for more than two hours with his top war advisers to discuss the Soviet offer.

Asked about a report that the Soviets had requested Bush hold off on launching a ground war while the plan was under consideration, White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater said the Soviets asked nothing of the United States except that there be no public comment on the substance of the plan.

"There was no request for us to do anything with regard to the ground war while this is being considered, and there's no change," the spokesman said.

He said Bush would be calling other world leaders to discuss the latest development.

In the meantime, he said, "Our military campaign remains on schedule."

On Sunday, Bush said he expected the war to end "very, very soon."

Following his return from Maine, Bush convened his close circle of advisers in the Oval Office. In addition to discussing the Soviet plan, they gave Bush an update on the progress of the war, which began Jan. 17.

"It's proceeding very well. It is on schedule. We've made great inroads against their ground forces" with the allied bombing campaign, Fitzwater said.

Cheney and Powell today were scheduled to answer congressional questions about the war in an appearance before the House Appropriations defense subcommittee.

Bush also was putting the final touches on his request for \$56 billion to pay for the war.

White House officials have said Bush will propose paying for the war with \$41 billion in foreign contributions and \$15 billion in taxpayers' dollars.

U.S. officials earlier had indicated little hope that the Soviets would come up with a plan that would achieve the primary stated goal of the war: to get Iraqi President Saddam Hussein to withdraw his occupying troops from Kuwait.

Many members of Congress have urged the president to hold off on a ground war, but administration officials in recent days have expressed little likelihood that a ground campaign can be avoided.

Nor had they put much hope in the Soviets' prospects for success in the Monday talks with Aziz.

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murtha says bush did not reject plan)

Bush-says-Soviet-proposal falls "well short" of what required
By NORMAN D. SANDLER

WASHINGTON (UPI) _ With no slowdown in allied war plans, President Bush said Tuesday that an 11th-hour Soviet peace feeler to Iraq fell "well short of what would be required" to meet U.S. terms for an end to the Persian Gulf war.

Still awaiting Iraq's response to the still-secret offer Monday by Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev, Bush reaffirmed his position that "there will be no concessions, nothing to give" in ending Iraq's occupation of Kuwait.

At Soviet request and "in the interest of thoroughly exploring the initiative," Bush said he would withhold details of the Gorbachev plan, transmitted to Washington on Monday by diplomatic cable.

"But very candidly, and I've been frank with him on this, while stressing appreciation for his sending it to us, it falls well short of what would be required. And I would leave it right there for now," Bush said.

Administration officials would not explain why the Soviet offer _ at least in original form _ raised U.S. objections, following assurances from Moscow that it was consistent with all relevant U.N. Security Council resolutions.

But in again insisting on "no negotiations," Bush signaled concern over reported Soviet promises related to Iraq's status after a full withdrawal from Kuwait, even though those assurances carried no pledge of U.S. support.

Bush commented on the plan at the start of a meeting with congressional leaders. The criticism was far softer in tone than his outright rejection Friday of a condition-laden Iraqi offer to withdraw from Kuwait.

"I don't think he's dismissing it," Rep. John Murtha, D-Pa., told reporters after the meeting with Bush. "I think he's being very cautious. He doesn't want negotiations to stall." The allied war effort



cautious. He doesn't want negotiations to stall" the allied war effort.

It was not clear what effect the mild rebuff might have on either the late maneuvering by Moscow to avert a bloody ground war and regain influence in the Middle East or on prospects for Iraqi acceptance of the Gorbachev proposal.

"This is between Iraq and the Soviet Union," said White House press secretary Marlin Fitzwater. In the meantime, he told reporters, "The war goes on."

It was significant, however, that Bush did not slam the door on the Soviet plan. An unconditional Iraqi retreat from Kuwait, even one induced by vague Soviet assurances on other points, could well satisfy U.S. and U.N. demands.

Kremlin spokesman Vitaly Ignatenko told Cable News Network that Bush, perhaps by choosing to not reject the Gorbachev plan out of hand, had "responded positively" to Moscow's overture to Baghdad.

Only a sudden and unexpected capitulation by Saddam stood in the way of a major allied ground offensive to drive Iraq from Kuwait as Iraqi Foreign Minister Tariq Aziz returned to Baghdad with the Soviet proposal in hand.

In public and private, U.S. officials had held out little expectation of a breakthrough from the talks Aziz and Gorbachev held Monday in Moscow.

"Our emphasis at this point is on continuing to prosecute the war," Fitzwater said Monday. "We're moving ahead in the air and we are assuming that we're going to have to continue to enforce the U.N. sanctions."

The German daily Bild said the plan included four points: Iraq unconditionally withdraws from Kuwait in exchange for Soviet efforts to assure the "state structure and borders of Iraq" will be maintained, prevent "all measures of punishment" against Iraq and Saddam Hussein and negotiate all other problems in the Middle East.

That still could create problems for Bush, who only Friday underscored his determination to see all the U.N. resolutions enforced and to deny any linkage to other Middle East issues.

Moreover, U.S. officials have been compiling evidence of Iraqi atrocities in Kuwait for possible prosecution for war crimes.

But the Soviet offer carried no guarantees from the United States. U.S. analysts have long said that Iraqi concessions were more likely through a third party, allowing Washington to stand by its U.N.-backed demands.

U.S. officials hoped the Soviets, given their longtime influence with Iraq, would be able to convince Aziz of the hopelessness of the Iraqi position and the solidarity of the coalition of nations demanding an immediate and unconditional withdrawal from Kuwait.

"The Soviets have told us that their purpose is to get compliance with the U.N. resolutions," Fitzwater said. "If they can get Saddam Hussein to unconditionally pull out of Kuwait, so much the better."

On another level, U.S. officials were interested in a fresh assessment of what one source described as "the state of mind in Baghdad" after relentless bombardment that has weakened Saddam's war machine and destroyed the might of his crack Republican Guard units by as much as a third.

"We don't have a good sense of how Saddam Hussein may be viewing all of this right now," the source said.

Though U.S. officials believed the Soviets were acting in no small part out of self-interest, positioning themselves to take credit for any retreat by Iraq, Bush had welcomed as "constructive" any move by Moscow that reinforced the demands of a dozen U.N. Security Council resolutions condemning the Aug. 2 invasion of Kuwait.

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Preservation

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BUSH SAYS SOVIET PEACE OFFER FALLS SHORT OF U.S. POSITION

(Eds: New story with fresh detail, quotes, background)

By Laurence McQuillan

WASHINGTON, Reuter - President Bush said Tuesday that a Soviet peace plan to end the Gulf War before it expands into major land battles falls well short of U.S. requirements for resolving the conflict.

Bush offered an initial chilly reaction to the Soviet mediation proposal while he posed for photographs at the start of a meeting with congressional leaders, saying he was "not going to give" in talks on Iraq's withdrawal from Kuwait.

The president said he had advised Soviet President Mikhail Gorbachev of his views adding: "Very candidly ... and I've been frank with him on this, while expressing appreciation for his sending it (the Soviet peace proposal) to us, it falls well short of what would be required."

"I would leave it right there for now," Bush said, declining to answer questions from reporters.

He glanced down at notes as he spoke, suggesting he had anticipated this question and had a well-considered reply couched in the language he wanted.

Emerging from the meeting with Bush, House Speaker Tom Foley, a Washington Democrat, said Bush did not elaborate any further on the specific nature of his objections during his discussions with congressional leaders.

Foley said Bush merely indicated that "there were some aspects that fell short."

But Rep. John Murtha, D-Pa., said he thought Bush was cool to the Soviet proposal because he doesn't want allied forces to lose momentum in their war effort.

"I don't think he's dismissing it, I think he's being very cautious," said Murtha, who just returned from a visit to U.S. forces deployed in Saudi Arabia. "He doesn't want negotiations to stall it (the war)."

"It would be in my mind disastrous right now if we were to pause and let (Iraqi President) Saddam Hussein rehabilitate himself."

Foley said the president did not give any timetable for the long-awaited allied invasion to drive Iraqi occupying forces out of Kuwait. It is widely assumed such an invasion is only days away unless a last-minute cease-fire is arranged.

Last Friday Bush rejected outright an Iraqi cease-fire proposal on grounds it contained unacceptable conditions.

That opened the way for Gorbachev's initiative, put forth Monday in a Moscow meeting with Iraqi Foreign Minister Tariq Aziz who took the confidential terms back to Baghdad for consideration by Saddam.

"President Gorbachev asked that I keep the details of it confidential, and I'm going to do that," Bush said in his first personal public comment on the proposal. "I will respect that request in the interest of thoroughly exploring the initiative."

Gorbachev, whose country was Iraq's main arms supplier before Saddam invaded Kuwait Aug. 2, was awaiting Baghdad's official response to the offer.

Bush insisted there would be no negotiations on the demand, endorsed by the U.N. Security Council, for total withdrawal of all Iraqi forces from Kuwait.

"Let me just reiterate: As far as I'm concerned there are no negotiations," Bush said. "The goals have been set out. There will be no concessions, I'm not going to give."

The Soviet proposal was seen as a last-ditch effort to end the war amid growing signs that the U.S.-led alliance of Arab and Western nations was about to launch a major ground assault on Iraqi positions.

Although details of the plan have not been announced, the German newspaper Bild said it contained pledges of Soviet policy positions favorable to Saddam in exchange for Baghdad's immediate withdrawal from Kuwait.

If a "quick peace" was reached, the report said, the Soviet Union would: commit itself to maintaining Iraq's state structure and borders; oppose all sanctions against Iraq and punishment of Saddam; and pledge that wider Middle East issues, such as the Palestinian question, should be debated.

Soviet sources in Moscow said the German report was accurate for the most part.

White House officials insisted there would be no change in the strategy of the allied war effort.

"The war goes on," presidential spokesman Marlin Fitzwater told reporters after saying Bush had studied the entire text of Gorbachev's proposal.

The Soviet proposal put Bush in a delicate position by forcing him to avoid an appearance of rushing into a bloody battle when a diplomatic option was available.

But he also had to balance military and strategic concerns. Some military experts have voiced worry that any unnecessary delay could cause the coalition troops, which have been streaming north towards the Saudi-Kuwaiti border in recent days, to lose their combat edge and fighting trim.

REUTER

Reut11:55 02-19

I APPRECIATE PRESIDENT GORBACHEV'S PROVIDING ME A
COPY OF HIS PROPOSAL TO IRAQ CONCERNING THE PERSIAN
GULF CONFLICT. WE PROVIDED COMMENTS TO THE SOVIET
UNION LAST NIGHT. *NO NEGOTIATIONS*

GOALS SET OUT - NO CONCESSION,
PRESIDENT GORBACHEV HAS ASKED THAT I KEEP HIS
PROPOSAL CONFIDENTIAL, AND I WILL RESPECT THAT IN THE
INTERESTS OF THOROUGHLY EXPLORING THIS INITIATIVE.

~~WHICH~~ *HOWEVER IT FALLS SHORT OF WHAT
WE WOULD REQUIRE*

Bush Presidential Library Photocopy

TALKING POINTS FOR CONGRESSIONAL LEADERSHIP MEETING

- I WANT TO THANK EVERYONE IN THIS ROOM FOR COMING IN HERE TODAY. IT HAS BEEN A WHILE SINCE WE ALL GATHERED, AND I WANTED TO MEET AND EXCHANGE VIEWS.
- WE ARE NOW JUST OVER A MONTH INTO OPERATION DESERT STORM. THE COALITION HAS PERFORMED WITH EXTRAORDINARY PROFESSIONALISM AND SKILL, AND HAS THANKFULLY SUFFERED FEW CASUALTIES.
- WE HAVE ACHIEVED A GOOD DEAL OF WHAT WE SET OUT TO DO FROM THE AIR. IRAQ'S AIR FORCE AND NAVY ARE NEUTRALIZED; ITS GROUND FORCES SIGNIFICANTLY DEGRADED.

- I WANT TO ADD THAT THE AIR CAMPAIGN HAS BEEN CONDUCTED WITH GREAT CARE NOT TO INJURE CIVILIANS. OVER 80,000 SORTIES HAVE BEEN FLOWN BY U.S. AND COALITION PILOTS WITH A MINIMUM OF COLLATERAL DAMAGE.
- THIS HAS NOT BEEN EASY GIVEN SADDAM'S WILLINGNESS TO BLUR THE LINE BETWEEN CIVILIAN AND MILITARY TARGETS. THIS IS A MAN WILLING TO PLACE CIVILIANS IN MILITARY BUNKERS, TO USE SCHOOLS FOR MILITARY HEADQUARTERS, TO STORE BRIDGING EQUIPMENT IN RESIDENTIAL NEIGHBORHOODS, TO PARK COMBAT AIRCRAFT BY ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES. HE MAY EVEN HAVE DESTROYED A MOSQUE IN AN EFFORT TO BLAME IT ON US.

- WE ARE FAST APPROACHING THE POINT WHERE AIR EFFORTS ALONE WILL NOT FORCE SADDAM OUT OF KUWAIT, AND WHERE WE COULD TRANSITION TO A NEW PHASE OF OPERATIONS WITHOUT RISKING GREAT LOSSES.
- I OBVIOUSLY CANNOT SAY EXACTLY WHEN A GROUND OPERATION MIGHT COMMENCE. WHAT I CAN SAY IS THAT PREPARATIONS ARE ON SCHEDULE.
- MY PERSONAL VIEW IS THAT THESE EFFORTS AND PLANS ARE BEGINNING TO HAVE AN EFFECT ON SADDAM. THIS MAY EXPLAIN THE RECENT FLURRY OF DIPLOMATIC ACTIVITY.
- IT IS HARD TO KNOW WHAT TO MAKE OF LAST FRIDAY'S IRAQI INITIATIVE. IT DID SPEAK OF WITHDRAWAL, BUT IT WAS VAGUE AND

COUPLED WITH A LONG LIST OF DEMANDS, SOME FAMILIAR, SOME NEW.

-- SINCE THEN, WE HAVE SEEN THE SOVIETS GET INVOLVED. AS WE MEET HERE THIS MORNING, I GATHER THAT TARIQ AZIZ WILL SOON BE BACK IN MOSCOW FOR A SECOND MEETING WITH PRESIDENT GORBACHEV.

-- PRESIDENT GORBACHEV HAS ASKED THAT I KEEP HIS PROPOSAL CONFIDENTIAL, AND I WILL RESPECT THAT IN THE INTERESTS OF THOROUGHLY EXPLORING THIS INITIATIVE. WHAT I CAN SAY IS, HOWEVER, THAT WHILE THE SOVIETS HAVE ELIMINATED SOME OF THE MORE OFFENSIVE ASPECTS OF IRAQ'S INITIATIVE OF LAST FRIDAY, IT FALLS SHORT OF WHAT WE WOULD REQUIRE.

- OUR POSITION HAS NOT CHANGED. WE WANT TO SEE COMPLETE IRAQI COMPLIANCE WITH ALL ~~12~~ SECURITY COUNCIL RESOLUTIONS.
- IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO KNOW AT THIS POINT HOW THE IRAQIS WILL REACT TO WHAT THE SOVIETS HAVE PUT FORTH. WE HAVE TO KEEP IN MIND THAT UP TO NOW SADDAM HAS USED DIPLOMACY AS A TACTIC TO DIVIDE THE COALITION.
- WE ALSO HAVE TO KEEP IN MIND WHAT HE HAS DONE. THIS IS A MAN WHO HAS INVADED AND BRUTALIZED A DEFENSELESS NEIGHBOR, WHO IS SYSTEMATICALLY DESTROYING KUWAITI OIL WELLS, WHO HAS ABUSED POWS, WHO COMMITS ENVIRONMENTAL TERRORISM.

- THIS, THEN, IS WHERE WE STAND. IRAQI PROMISES WILL NOT BE ENOUGH; WE WILL NOT ALLOW OURSELVES TO BE DRAWN INTO NEGOTIATIONS. ONE WAY OR ANOTHER WE ARE NEARING THE EVE OF KUWAIT'S LIBERATION.
- LET ME CLOSE BY SAYING THAT I REALIZE THAT WITH KUWAIT'S LIBERATION OUR CHALLENGES IN THE REGION DO NOT END. WE ARE HARD AT WORK ON POST-WAR PLANNING FOR THE REGION, AND LOOK FORWARD TO CONSULTING WITH YOU IN THIS ROOM AND YOUR COLLEAGUES ON FUTURE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE MIDDLE EAST AND GULF. U.S. INVOLVEMENT IN THIS PART OF THE WORLD IS NO EXCEPTION; TO THE CONTRARY, IT WILL ENDURE, AND TO SUCCEED WE NEED TO BUILD A CONSENSUS HERE AT HOME.

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document		Date	Restriction	Class.
11. Letter	From Mikhail Gorbachev to President Bush [Unofficial translation] (4 pp.)		n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, February 19, 1991

Date Closed: 6/20/2011	OA/ID Number: 90584-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

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Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
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 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

February 19, 1991

Mr. President:

Patty asked we let you know that after your lunch:

(1) General Scowcroft would like to see you; and

(2) Secretary Baker would like you to call him at your convenience.

Thank you.


Nancy Mitchell
Ushers Office

Presidential Phone Calls



Fin. 1

DATE:

2-19-91

TIME:

6:10

Incoming/outgoing

WITH:

Martin Allday

SUBJECT:

"Down"

I tell our exec.
branch needs PERC
on board, not
some step child
that DOE will
straighten out

FOLLOW UP:

Bennett + Dingley
will give you call

Bush Presidential Library Photocopy

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

DATE:

FROM THE PRESIDENT

To:

ALLDAY call.

he just wants his people to feel
they have worth-importance.

Instead of DOE saying we'll
take over Ferc and straighten out,
it should come out 'we need these good
people.

*Discussed
with J.S.*

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

February 15, 1991

Dear Martin:

Thank you for your letter and memorandum of February 12 regarding the Competitiveness Council's study of the FERC's organizational structure.

I have sent copies of your letter and your memorandum to the Vice President and to key White House advisors on energy matters. The Vice President has discussed this with me, and it will certainly receive serious attention by the Competitiveness Council.

Again, thank you for highlighting the matter for me.

Sincerely,



The Honorable Martin L. Allday
Chairman
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
Washington, D.C. 20426

*Barack I like the idea of
The White House having a major say
over Executive branch activities. I have
full confidence in you.*

910215

[REDACTED]

CHAIRMAN

Mr. President —



2/12/91

I do NOT KNOW IF
YOU ARE AWARE OF
what is happening through the Competitiveness Council
in connection with the FERC. Enclosed you will find
a memo from DOE and my personal and studied
Response.

It is my understanding that there is even some
suggestion that the restructuring of FERC as outlined
in the enclosures be included in the National
Energy Strategy and that DOE has been to the
Hill advocating such — all without advising FERC
of their actions.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

I AM NOT ON BOARD in That I think there are
DANGERS to your Administration involved and
other problems discussed in my Memo.

Vice President Quayle invited me to his office
today to discuss the issue and I showered down
on the way it was being handled — much to his
surprise I think. Byrd ~~and~~ Gray was there and
certainly champions the idea — DOE probably
has just gave a long to get along — fear.

The purpose of this hasty message is to hopefully
make you aware of the issue; to urge you not to
even think about including it in the NES and to
let you know we are doing pretty good over here
with a pretty tough chore. Sorry to bother you — but
you need to know. Martin L. All day

[REDACTED]

Slain Chevy Chase student loved Yale, studies and sports

By Gary Fields and Marie Belson
THE WASHINGTON TIMES

The only college Christian H. Prince ever wanted to attend was Yale, just like his brother, sister, father and generations before him had.

And once he was enrolled a year-and-a-half ago, he didn't take his dream for granted: he was on the lacrosse team, went on an adventurous canoe trip and studied history.

"He was just the best," his grieving father, Edward M. Prince, said yesterday.

It was on the Yale campus he loved so much that the sophomore from Chevy Chase was shot to death early Sunday morning in front of a church during an apparent robbery attempt.

Christian, 19, was returning to his apartment from a campus party around 1:15 a.m. when he was shot in the back with a small caliber handgun and left on the sidewalk.

Police in New Haven, Conn., said they have numerous tips but haven't made an arrest.

Christian was a great outdoorsman, sportsman and student, said family and friends. He attended Rollingwood Elementary and the Landon School, was a three-sport star at the Lawrenceville School in New Jersey and also a volunteer for President Bush's campaign.

"He was the most wonderful kid," a friend of the family said. "He had friends of all ages. He would do anything for anyone."

His father recalled his son's first varsity ice hockey game at Lawrenceville, when the boy tended goal for the opposition for 10 minutes because its goalie was late.

At the end of the 10 minutes, Lawrenceville was down by two goals, but came back to win.

"A man from the other team came to him and said, 'If you had stayed in for my team, we would have beaten you,'" Mr. Prince said.

The 6-foot-2, 185-pound athlete recently wrote a college essay about an 800-mile canoe trip through Canada.

See YALE, page B2



Christian H. Prince of Chevy Chase is the first Yale student slain on campus since 1974.

POTUS
CALLED FATHER
Ted Prince

YALE

From page B1

with 12 other students.

"These periods of separation from civilization enabled me to reflect on the harmony of the pristine rivers, lakes and forests through time, and our small group, as it passed through this, captured a timeless setting," he wrote.

In his junior year in prep school, he won the House Master's Award for Excellence and was elected president of his house. And a 1987 Lawrenceville school report to his parents reflected his year:

"Christian has had the sort of year that parents dream their children will have. He has been a first-rate student from the start and a dedicated three-sport athlete. His plate is full indeed, but he seems to have appetite enough. My hat is off to him."

Yale's lacrosse season begins this week and Christian was excited about it, Mr. Prince said.

Yale lacrosse Coach Mike Waldvogel described Christian as "a great person. It's such a waste. He was everything that you would want in a person and had everything going for him."



Christian Prince, with parents Edward and Sally, was a three-sport star at the Lawrenceville School in New Jersey and was playing lacrosse at Yale.

Yale Director of Athletics Harold E. Woodsum said he was in "total shock and a great deal of sorrow."

Christian is the first Yale student to be slain in New Haven since 1974 and school President Benno C. Schmidt Jr., said in a statement: "This is a tragic day for the Yale community. We are outraged by this despicable, senseless crime."

Besides his father, an attorney with the patent law firm of Cushman, Darby & Cushman in Washington, Christian leaves his mother, Sally, a brother, Edward M. Prince Jr., 25, and a sister, Jackie Prince, 28.

Funeral services will be at 10 a.m. tomorrow at St. Columba's Episcopal Church in Washington, with burial in Rock Creek Cemetery.

C. Trial Highlights ter Needs Welfare System on Volunteers

By Tracy Thompson
Washington Post Staff Writer

Children's advocates hope a court case that has publicized the predicament of about 100,000 neglected and abandoned young children in the District's child welfare system also will focus attention on the e-known network of volunteers who try to help.

"We don't realize our role," said Smith, a representative of the informal network of five agencies that recruits foster parents under the District's Child and Family Services Division.

Smith said the attention focused on the case by an American Liberties Union lawsuit filed in the third week of trial in District Judge Thomas J. Blanton's court, which began Feb. 6, is the first since the ACLU sent its case Wednesday for the District's delay, saying they need more time to prepare.

It alleges that the District has neglected the rights of the children in its care, and inflicted

Chevy Chase Man Slain on Yale Campus

19-Year-Old 'Scholar-Leader-Athlete' Shot During Apparent Robbery

By Paul W. Valentine
Washington Post Staff Writer

A 19-year-old Montgomery County man in his sophomore year at Yale University was found shot to death Sunday in an apparent robbery attempt on the school's campus, police in New Haven, Conn., reported yesterday.

Christian H. Prince, a Chevy Chase resident once described by a high school teacher as a "scholar-leader-athlete," was discovered by fellow students in front of a church at 1:15 a.m. with a single gunshot wound in the chest, police said.

He was rushed to a hospital, where he was pronounced dead. Police said they found his wallet with money still in it near the church. No arrests have been made.

Prince, an avid canoeist who won three varsity letters as a high school athlete, planned to major in Latin American studies at Yale. The son of Edward M. and Sally M. Prince, he was a fourth-generation member of the family to attend Yale. His brother, Edward M. Prince Jr., and his sister, Sally J. Prince, also attended Yale.

New Haven police said the death was the first slaying on the Yale campus in 16 years, but the sixth in a rash of homicides in New Haven this year.

Prince was found on a well-lit street in the center of the campus, where he appeared to have been walking to his nearby apartment



CHRISTIAN H. PRINCE

...fourth-generation Yale student

from a party, police said. Police said they believe Prince was walking by himself when he was accosted.

The area is commonly traveled by students late at night and is not considered dangerous, university officials said. Police, however, said they increased patrols recently because of reports of car thefts.

Sheila Wellington, secretary of the university, said "security systems and awareness programs" for students have been strengthened in recent years in response to an overflow of drug-related and other violent crime from the surrounding city.

"We are outraged by this despi-

cable, senseless crime," Yale President Benno C. Schmidt Jr. said in a prepared statement. "We grieve over the loss of this innocent life."

Prince was a 1989 graduate of the Lawrenceville School in Lawrenceville, N.J., where he lettered in football, hockey and lacrosse. He was captain of the lacrosse team in his senior year, and was selected to the All-America high school lacrosse team.

He was expected to play on Yale's varsity lacrosse team this spring.

Before Lawrenceville, Prince attended the Landon School in Bethesda.

In addition to athletics, he achieved superior academic grades at Lawrenceville, where housemaster James Adams described him in a 1987 letter as a "scholar-leader-athlete.... If he is missing something, I don't know what it is."

Prince was scheduled to serve an internship this summer as an aide in the U.S. Senate.

He also engaged in wilderness canoeing in Canada, once traveling 800 miles during a six-week trip with a small group in the James Bay area of Ontario.

On his return to Yale, he wrote, "These periods of separation from civilization enabled me to reflect on the harmony of the pristine rivers, lakes, and forests.... as our small group... passed through this captured, timeless setting."

COURTLAND MILLO

A Case Against Ex

A s a van carrying a group of college students returned to Washington after a visit to Virginia's Mecklenburg Correctional Center not long ago, a heavy sadness showed on the faces of those who had met Joseph M. Giarratano.

"It's sad because we know him now," said Wendie Beck, 20, a junior at the University of Maryland. "It's sad because he will be killed by our own system."

Laura Reynolds, a sophomore, gazed out at the Southside Virginia countryside as the prison-faded from view.

"Our tax money at work," she said with a tearful sigh.

The students were feeling profound sorrow for Giarratano, who is scheduled to die Friday in Virginia's electric chair—unless Gov. L. Douglas Wilder pardons him.

They had been deeply impressed by Giarratano, who explained how the writings of George Bernard Shaw and Albert Schweitzer had helped him transform from an imprisoned drug addict into a legal scholar and writer.

Giarratano was obviously a changed man, no longer the hallucinating drug abuser who had been sentenced to death in 1979 for the murders of a Norfolk mother and daughter.

Yet, his remarkable transformation was only part of

Dean, a good routinely taking her wing, without about nonviolently him keep com pressure of

"It's not al nonviolently but I manage recognizing t humanness o around me an with respect

Giarratano w article for Pe publication of Teaching Pea

"Be it a fell potential exec before me, I a their eyes. Wh without fail, is reflection. Tha powerful. By r humanness of

change our wa break the cycle

In explaining grounds for his new trial, Giarr

teach the stude the law rather, them about how

wronged.

"If I lose the execution date v Giarratano conc

"If I'm acquitted law school."

"I can't imagin be like facing an so much evidenc

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS

February 19, 1991

To: The President
From: Mike Boskin *MB*
Re: January Consumer Prices and Housing
Starts and Permits

CB
//

Housing starts fell again in January, about 13 percent from already low levels. Housing and autos continue to be the hardest hit sectors of the economy. I do not expect improvement in the housing market at least until the middle of the year.

Consumer prices rose 0.4 percent in January, despite a 2.4 percent fall in energy prices. The January increase was partly due to the new excise taxes on alcoholic beverages. The CPI is likely to rise substantially less this year than last.

Michael J. Boskin
Chairman

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS
WASHINGTON

February 19, 1991

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: MICHAEL J. BOSKIN *MJB*

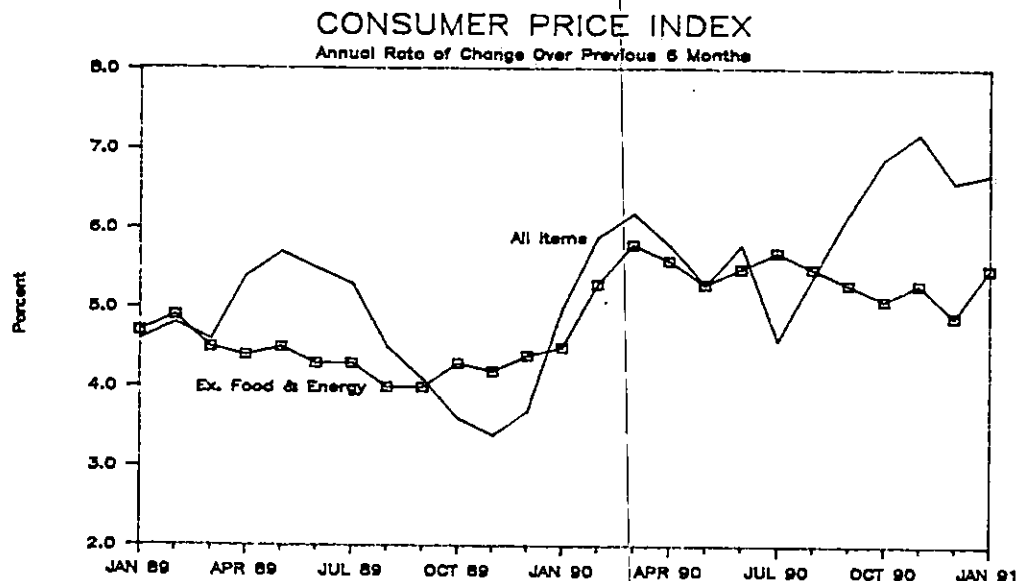
SUBJECT: Consumer Price Indexes for January, Labor
Department Release, Tomorrow Morning, 8:30 a.m.

Consumer prices rose 0.4 percent in January, following gains of 0.3 percent in each of the two previous months. January's rise about matched market expectations. For the 12 months ending in January, consumer prices were up 5.7 percent.

Rising food, beverage, and rental costs contributed most to the overall price increase. Food and beverage prices increased 0.9 percent, due to a rise in fresh fruit and vegetable prices and a record increase in the prices of alcoholic beverages. Part of the increase in alcoholic beverage prices was due to the imposition of excise taxes as part of the new budget law. About one quarter of the overall gain in consumer prices was due to a rise in hotel, motel, and vacation home rental costs.

Energy prices fell 2.4 percent in January, with gasoline prices dropping almost 7 percent. Gasoline prices have fallen for 2 straight months.

As the graph below indicates, consumer price inflation excluding food and energy has been trending down since March 1990. The rise in January appears to be due to unusual factors which are unlikely to persist.



THE CHAIRMAN OF THE
COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISERS
WASHINGTON

February 19, 1991

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

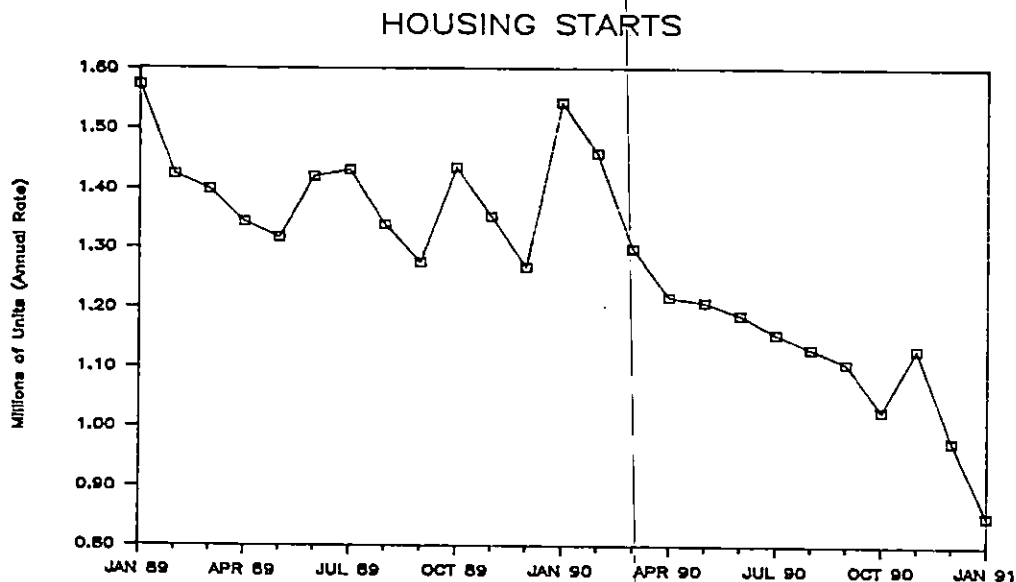
FROM: MICHAEL J. BOSKIN *MJB*

SUBJECT: January Housing Starts, Commerce Department
Release, Tomorrow Morning, 8:30 a.m.

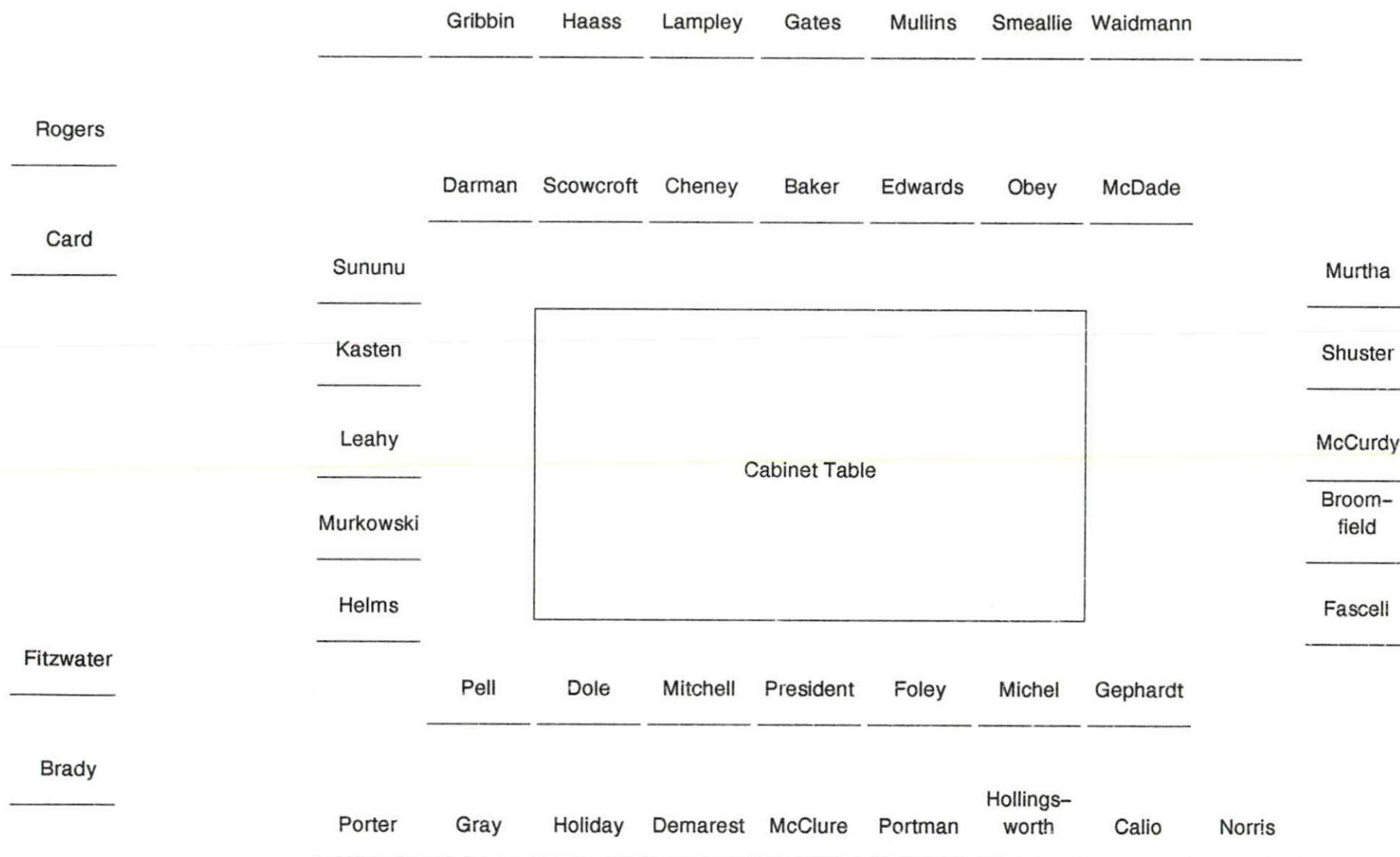
Housing starts fell 13 percent in January, reaching the lowest level since January 1982. Private forecasters had anticipated no change in starts. Single family starts fell almost 16 percent in January, the sharpest drop since March 1984. Multiunit starts fell 3.5 percent.

Starts were down in 3 of the 4 major regions, with the most significant decline occurring in the Northeast, where starts were down nearly 30 percent. Starts rose slightly in the West.

Building permits -- which tend to foreshadow future start activity -- fell 5 percent in January. Single-family permits fell for the twelfth straight month, and are at their lowest level since September 1982. Permits for multiunit residences were essentially unchanged from December. Permits were virtually unchanged in the Northeast, and were up in the Midwest, but fell about 11 percent in the South and 5 percent in the West.



Bipartisan Congressional Leadership – February 19, 1991



Attachment

The President

James Baker, Secretary of State
Dick Cheney, Secretary of Defense
Dick Darman, Director, Office of Management and Budget

Congressional Participation - Senate

Senator George Mitchell (D-ME), Majority Leader
Senator Bob Dole (R-KS), Republican Leader
Senator Claiborne Pell (D-RI), Chairman, Committee on Foreign Relations
Senator Jesse Helms (R-NC), Ranking Republican, Committee on Foreign Relations
Senator Frank Murkowski (R-AK), Vice Chairman-Designate, Select Committee on Intelligence
Senator Patrick Leahy (D-VT), Chairman, Appropriations Subcommittee on Foreign Operations
Senator Robert Kasten (R-WI), Ranking Republican, Appropriations Subcommittee on Foreign Operations

Congressional Participation - House

Congressman Thomas Foley (D-WA), Speaker of the House
Congressman Richard Gephardt (D-MO), Majority Leader
Congressman Bob Michel (R-IL), Republican Leader
Congressman Dante Fascell (D-FL), Chairman, Foreign Affairs Committee
Congressman William Broomfield (R-MI), Ranking Republican, Foreign Affairs Committee
Congressman Dave McCurdy (D-OK), Chairman, House Select Committee on Intelligence
Congressman Bud Shuster (R-PA) Ranking Republican, Select Committee on Intelligence
Congressman John Murtha (D-PA), Chairman, Appropriations Subcommittee on Defense
Congressman Joseph McDade (R-PA) Ranking Republican, Appropriations Subcommittee on Defense
Congressman David Obey (D-WI), Chairman, Appropriations Subcommittee on Foreign Operations
Congressman Mickey Edwards (R-OK), Ranking Republican, House Appropriations Subcommittee on Foreign Operations

White House Staff

John Sununu, Chief of Staff
Brent Scowcroft, Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs

Phil Brady, Assistant to the President and Staff Secretary
Andrew H. Card, Assistant to the President and Deputy to the
Chief of Staff
David Demarest, Assistant to the President for Communications
Marlin Fitzwater, Assistant to the President and Press Secretary
Robert Gates, Assistant to the President and Deputy for National
Security Affairs
C. Boyden Gray, Counsel to the President
Ede Holiday, Assistant to the President and Secretary of
the Cabinet
Fred McClure, Assistant to the President for Legislative
Affairs
Roger Porter, Assistant to the President for Economic
and Domestic Policy
Nick Calio, Deputy Assistant to the President for Legislative
Affairs (House)
Boyd Hollingsworth, Deputy Assistant to the President for
Legislative Affairs (Senate)
Rob Portman, Deputy Assistant to the President and Director,
Office of Legislative Affairs
Ed Rogers, Deputy Assistant to the President, and Executive
Assistant to the Chief of Staff
Virginia Lampley, Special Assistant to the President and Senior
Director for Legislative Affairs, National Security
Council
Richard Haass, Special Assistant to the President and Senior
Director for Near East and South Asia Affairs, National
Security Council
Frances Norris, Special Assistant to the President for
Legislative Affairs (House)
Shawn Smeallie, Special Assistant to the President for
Legislative Affairs (Senate)
Brian Waidmann, Special Assistant to the President for
Legislative Affairs (Senate)

Other

Bill Gribbin, Assistant to the Vice President for Legislative
Affairs
Janet Mullins, Assistant Secretary of State for Legislative
Affairs



United States Department of State

Washington, D.C. 20520

February 19, 1991

MEMORANDUM FOR AMBASSADOR REED

FROM

CHRISTINE HATHAWAY

SUBJECT

DENMARK - QUEEN MARGRETHE II
STATE VISIT
February 20, 1991

The following gifts will be presented on the occasion of this visit:

For Her Majesty Queen Margrethe II
from President and Mrs. Bush

"Vase of Flowers"

Antique quilt hand appliqued in the
1850's and quilted in the most-prized
turkey red and green calico on a field
of white cotton.

Quilting in vase of flowers, feather
wreath, feather, stipple, straight
line and square quilting. 10 stitches
to the inch. 79 by 80 inches.

For His Royal Highness Prince Henrik
from President and Mrs. Bush

Etats-Unis d'Amerique

A classic view of America by the
French diplomat Jean B. Roux de Rochelle,
French minister to the United States from
1829 to 1831.

The book, in its original marbled paper
boards with large, elaborately engraved
paper labels, contains 96 engraved plates
of rare early views of buildings and
monuments including the White House,
the Capitol, other landmarks,
American scenery, and Indians.

In handsome condition, this first
edition was published in Paris in 1837
by Firmin Didot Freres.

cc: Governor John H. Sununu/Mrs. Patty Presock
Major Bruce Caughman/Mrs. Nikki Richnow/Mr. George Van Eron

Mrs. Susan Porter Rose/Mrs. Laurie Firestone/Ms. Peggy Swift
Ms. Jean Becker

Ms. Jennifer Fitzgerald/Mr. William Black/Country desk/Visits
officer

DAILY TALLY SHEET

Phil -
HJ sy

NAME <i>Summary</i> 91 FEB 20 AM 8:34		STATION #	DAY - M <u>T</u> W T F	DATE - 02/19/91	2,988
SECTION 1 - INDIVIDUAL					TOTALS
Expression of Feeling Toward the President	+		MR. PRESIDENT:		208
	-		Attached are the figures from yesterday's Comment Line.		82
Expression of Feeling Toward the First Lady	+				1
	-				—
Greeting Requests			<i>Phil</i>		93
Referrals (Gov't/WH Offices)			Phillip D. Brady		17
Personal and Nonsubstantive					52
Questions					48
Miscellaneous Issues					159
SECTION 2 - ISSUES			POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	TOTALS
1 PRESIDENT'S PRESS BRIEFING OF _____ SPEECH OF _____			—	—	—
2 SUPPORT OPERATION DESERT STORM AND PRESIDENT'S POLICY			505	180	685
3 LATEST PEACE INITIATIVE BY SOVIET UNION			910	989	1,899
4 LINKAGE OF PALESTINE TO PEACE OFFER			36	40	76
5 <u>OPPOSE GROUND WAR</u>			280	96	379
6 MEDIA COVERAGE IS BIASED AND PROPAGANDA TOOL OF IRAQ			66	2	68
7 REBUILDING IRAQ AFTER THE WAR			1	82	83

(OVER)

DAILY TALLY SHEET (CONTINUATION SHEET)

SECTION 2 - ISSUES (CONTINUED)	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	TOTALS
8 <i>Hussien & War Machine must be destroyed</i>	176	2	178
9 <i>Continue Bombing</i>	33	84	117
10 <i>Aid to Israel</i>	2	44	46
11			
12			

SECTION 3 - COMMENTS/SUGGESTIONS FOR THE PRESIDENT

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COMMENTS OF FEBRUARY 19TH, 1991

9:00AM TO 5:00PM

DON'T ACCEPT RUSSIAN PEACE INITIATIVE - A BAD PEACE BECOMES THE NEXT WAR.

THE PRESIDENT WILL GET STUNG IF "UNCONDITIONAL" IS NOT INCLUDED IN THE RUSSIAN PEACE PROPOSAL.

ALL OUR POW'S MUST BE ACCOUNTED FOR BEFORE CONSIDERING A PEACE AGREEMENT.

SEARCH FOR PEACE. END THIS WAR. USE PLAIN COMMON SENSE.

THE SUPPORT CALLS ARE BEHIND POTUS 100% - WITH HIM IN ANY DECISION HE MAKES - THEY DO NOT WANT POTUS TO CAVE IN.

THE CALLS FOR "PEACE NOW" INCREASED AFTER POTUS WAS SHOWN ON TV WITH A NEGATIVE VIEW OF THE PEACE PROPOSAL. THEY ARE VERY HOSTILE AND FEEL THE U.S. IS INSENSITIVE - HOLD POTUS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE IRAQI DEATHS - THEY OPPOSE EVERYTHING POTUS STANDS FOR AND CLAIM TO BE ASHAMED OF THE U.S. FOR BEING IN THIS WAR. THE MAJORITY OF THE CALLERS WERE WOMEN - VERY MILITANT SOUNDING.

AN EARL SLOAN, JR., CHAIRMAN OF REPUBLICAN PARTY IN ARKANSAS, CALLED TO TELL POTUS PEOPLE ARE CONCERNED ABOUT THE "NEW WORLD ORDER". THEY THINK IT MEANS 1) ONE WORLD GOVERNMENT, 2) TRILATERAL COMMISSION INVOLVED, 3) EASTERN LIBERAL ESTABLISHMENT, AND HE SAID PEOPLE FEEL WE HAVE NO BUSINESS IN THE PERSIAN GULF. THE AIDE ALSO REFERRED MR. SLOAN TO THE RNC.

THE NOMINATION OF RYSE KEMP, 11TH CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS (FLORIDA) IS A HORRIBLE MISTAKE - VERY ILL ADVISED.

A WARREN D. EVANS, RT. 2 - BOX 384, MADISONVILLE, TEXAS 77864 CALLED TO SUPPORT POTUS 100%. MR. EVANS IS IN THE CAR WASH AND GARAGE BUSINESS. PRESIDENT BUSH WOULD COME IN AND HAVE HIS CAR WASHED ON HIS WAY TO A BARBECUE. WANTED POTUS TO KNOW HE CALLED.

Beat
Up
Saddam
Hussein

Black Leaders Urge Prompt Cease-Fire

Harlem Summit Encourages Churches to Aid, Counsel War Objectors

By Michael Specter
Washington Post Staff Writer

NEW YORK, Feb. 15—Black civic and religious leaders, expressing "outrage" at President Bush's rejection of a heavily conditioned withdrawal offer by Iraq, called today for an immediate cease-fire in the Persian Gulf War.

"Our chief adversary has expressed a desire to withdraw from Kuwait," said the Rev. Joseph E. Lowery of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference. "We cannot walk away from this moment in history. The strings he attached are irrelevant."

Meeting in Harlem's Abyssinian Baptist Church, a longtime center of black political and social activism, more than 50 prominent black church and political leaders produced a letter to Bush condemning the war and a lengthy plan to stimulate emerging anti-war sentiment among blacks.

Participants included Coretta Scott King, Rep. Major R. Owens (D-N.Y.) and the Rev. Benjamin F. Chavis Jr., head of the Commission for Racial Justice of the United Church of Christ, and the group expressed unanimity in opposition to the war.

Public opinion polls have shown consistently that blacks are far less enthusiastic than whites about the war. In recent Washington Post-ABC News surveys, slightly more than half of all blacks said they oppose the war, while about eight of 10 whites have consistently supported it.

In large part, today's summit was a confirmation of frequently expressed complaints that billions of dollars spent in pursuit of war in the Persian Gulf region are being diverted from desperately needed social programs at home.

The group adopted a plan that encourages 65,000 black churches to offer sanctuary to war resisters and to offer counseling to those who seek to be recognized as conscientious objectors.

"Some say this is not patriotic," said Bishop John Hurst Adams, a senior leader of the African Methodist Episcopal Church. "But patriotism is that which you consider most honorable. If peace is most honorable, then that is what is most patriotic."

The leaders called on the United Nations to reconvene to consider a broad solution to problems not just in and around Iraq but for the entire region. The letter to Bush calls the war immoral because it was "begun without military provocation. Not one U.S. citizen was attacked. The bombing was begun by the United States and its allies."

The daylong discussion repeatedly veered back to domestic effects of the war and of what participants said they regard as the continual oppression of minorities in the United States.

"This group feels we have moved in this country from nightriders to night bombers," said Delores Williams, president of the women's missionary society of the A.M.E. Church. "From bombings in Birmingham to bombings in Baghdad."

The letter states that the United States is spending more than \$1 billion daily to wage a war "when we should be spending that much and more to wage peace, educate all our youth, cure all our disease, unshackle all our alcoholics and dope addicts" and much more.

Held in the church basement, the meeting often had the feel of a religious assembly as speakers took turns preaching to like-minded listeners. The group called for designating April 7 as National Peace on Earth Sunday and for a day of fasting and prayer in the preceding week.

Washington Post
2/16/91

2/19/91
6pm

letter
has

not
arrived
at
WH
per

Corresp.
Unit

They will
keep
looking
for it -

P/save
this is outrageous!!
CRO

Bush Library Photocopy
George Bush Handwriting

Tuesday
February 19, 1991

- ✓ 1. Martin Allday re meeting or phone call
(previous attached)
2. Congressman John Paul Hammerschmidt
Call today or tomorrow at your convenience.

(When I pressed his assistant she said she thought he was calling to ask you to make a condolence call to one of his constituents who had a family member die in the Gulf -- I told her our policy of no phone calls etc.)

- ✓ 3. Phone call tomorrow morning w/ Mubarak
between 7 a.m. and 7:45 a.m. per Scowcroft's ofc.
Papers to follow.
- ✓ 4. Per Andy Card -- Chase Untermeyer needs to see you
this afternoon to discuss Puerto Rico (timely in
light of energy message tomorrow). You may also
want to discuss DeMoss and judgeship.

Rush Lunch #2-19
What would we like to be able to say in the year 2000 when someone asks, "Is George Bush the 'Education President'?"
Lamar Alexander
Dave Keatts
Roger P. J.S. + B.P.B.
CHRON FILE

1. FIRST NATIONAL GOALS

2. FIRST SYSTEM OF NATIONAL TESTS

3. OVERHAULED THE 1990s SCHOOLS -- World standards and benchmarks, choice and other overdue reforms.

4. LAUNCHED THE MOVEMENT TO CREATE NEW AMERICAN SCHOOLS -- At least 535 by 1996, at least 2,000 by 2000.

5. LED MILLIONS OF AMERICAN WORKERS BACK TO SCHOOL

6. LITERACY INCREASED

7. LED A POPULIST UPRISING, community-by community

8. CHANGED ATTITUDES ABOUT EDUCATION, OURSELVES AND OUR COUNTRY

Instead of "A Nation at Risk", as it was labeled in 1983, by the turn of the century America had become "a nation going back to school" with the President and Mrs. Bush leading the way.

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Brigadier General David Richwine
Commanding General
MCAS, Cherry Point, NC 28533



THE PRESIDENT

2-19-91

Dear Brig. General Richwine,

I was very touched
by your gracious letter of Feb. 8th.
I was the one lifted up by
the visit to Cherry Point. The
spirit of the Marines and
~~their~~ their families was
contagious.

A lot has happened since
I was there - most of it very
positive. I am convinced that
the war will not go on much
longer and that Saddam will
be a clear loser. Farewell
Viet Nam Syndrome - Go Marines!
Sincerely, George Bush

bcc: Bridget Montagne ✓



8 February 1991

Dear Mr. President,

Friday, February first, was an historical day for your Marines, sailors and civilians of North Carolina's "down east" region and for Marine Corps Air Station, Cherry Point. Based on the continual- and continuing feedback here, it's understatement to say you made our day... not just for those of us who were able to be present for your visit, but also for those who were touched indirectly.

In more than twenty-five years of active service I cannot remember an occasion which generated more upbeat emotion, genuine enthusiasm, and pure electricity — all of which were intense enough to be virtually palpable in Hangar 250 last Friday. Your taking the time to visit with some of the hundreds of Key Wives and to chat with each of our Marines in the equipment display speaks volumes about your care and concern for the individual fighting man and his family. These leadership qualities

were keenly appreciated by everyone here.

On a personal note, I could not be more proud of the way you and the other leaders in your administration have handled this crisis... from a clear statement of the problem and the challenge it poses for the rest of the world; to the fusing of both national and international will to react, stand tall, and act decisively; to the effective application of multi-national force. Like so many other Americans, I fervently hope the superior intelligence attributed (by some) to Hussein overrides his testosterone and brings him to his senses—soon.

In the meantime, you'll remain in our thoughts and prayers. You know all too well that when you are out in front, you become a target. In the fighter pilot's vernacular, your "six" is clear; press on!

Thanks so much for taking the time to reach out and touch us. The people of Cherry Point and Camp Lejeune will glow for months from the warmth of your visit.

Appreciatively and very respectfully,

Richwine

BGen USAF
CG, MCAS CHERRY PT.

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

February 19, 1991

REMARKS BY THE PRESIDENT IN PHOTO OPPORTUNITY
WITH BIPARTISAN CONGRESSIONAL LEADERSHIP

The Cabinet Room

10:05 A.M. EST

Q Mr. President, is the Soviet proposal acceptable to you?

THE PRESIDENT: Let me just make one comment and then -- I won't take any questions about it. But I do appreciate President Gorbachev's providing me a copy of his proposal -- of the Iraqi proposal or his proposal to Iraq actually -- concerning the Gulf -- the conflict there. And we provided last night comments to the Soviet Union.

Let me just reiterate. As far as I'm concerned, there are no negotiations. The goals have been set out. There will be no concessions -- not going to give. And so on his proposal, President Gorbachev asked that I keep the details of it confidential. And I'm going to do that. I will respect that request in the interest of thoroughly exploring the initiative.

But, very candidly, it -- and I've been frank with him on this -- while expressing appreciation for his sending it to us, it falls well short of what would be required.

And I would leave it right there for now.

Q Does that mean we're going to have a ground war?

THE PRESIDENT: That means I'm going to leave it right there for now.

THE PRESS: Thank you.

END

10:08 A.M. EST

11:00 A.M. NEWS UPDATE

SOVIET PROPOSAL/PRESIDENT (Reuter) -- President Bush said the Soviet peace proposal to Iraq "falls well short" of U.S. requirements for ending the war. Bush, meeting with congressional leaders, told reporters the proposal "falls well short of what would be required." Bush, in his first comments on the plan, declined to discuss details of the plan. "President Gorbachev asked that I keep the details of it confidential and I'm going to do that," Bush said. "I will respect that request in the interest of thoroughly exploring the initiative." Bush insisted there would be no negotiations with Saddam on the U.N. demand for total withdrawal of all Iraqi forces from Kuwait. "The goals have been set out -- there will be no concessions," he said.

SOVIET PROPOSAL/NUNN/WARNER (Dhahran/Reuter) -- A senior U.S. senator who tried to stop the U.S. from going to war in the gulf said that President Bush now had a free hand to launch a ground war. Referring to reports of a deadline contained in peace proposals made by President Gorbachev to Saddam, Nunn said in Saudi Arabia: "Thirty-six hours is not a deadline on the United States in terms of doing anything after that 36 hours. The question of whether and when to start a ground war is a decision the President will have to make." Sen. Warner told the same news conference: "Saddam is hurt, he is injured, he is down but he is not out. And now the Soviets come in maybe to pick at his bones for their own self-interest. But let's give them the benefit of the doubt."

SOVIET PROPOSAL/AZIZ (Paris/UPI) -- A top aide to President Gorbachev quoted Foreign Minister Aziz as saying Iraq would accept the unconditional withdrawal of its troops from Kuwait. Andrei Gratchev told Europe 1 Radio that Aziz during his visit to Moscow "confirmed the important change of principle of the Iraqi position, that is to say that Iraq would accept the unconditional retreat of its troops from Kuwait and therefore the annulling of the results of its operation of Aug. 2."

CONDITIONS FOR WITHDRAWAL/AZIZ (Baghdad/AP) -- Iraqi Foreign Minister Aziz says his country will "continue to insist" on negotiations for its withdrawal from Kuwait. Iran's news agency says Aziz made the comment after meeting with President Rafsanjani.

IRAQI WITHDRAWAL/IRAN (Bonn/Reuter) -- Iran's foreign minister said he was convinced Iraq would unconditionally withdraw from Kuwait. "I can tell you that now they are ready to withdraw from Kuwait unconditionally, I mean on the basis of the Resolution 660," Foreign Minister Velayati told a news conference after conferring with German leaders. In New York, Iran's ambassador to the U.N., Kamal Kharazzi, said he expected an announcement from Iraq "in the next few hours" and that he was hopeful Iraq would withdraw from Kuwait.

SOVIET PLAN/ITALIAN TV (Rome/Reuter) -- The Soviet Union's proposed peace plan to avert a ground war in the gulf calls for deploying a U.N. peacekeeping force between Iraq and Kuwait, Italian television reported. The report quoted unnamed EC officials in Brussels. It added that President Gorbachev's proposal called for Iraq to announce its unconditional withdrawal from Kuwait.

-more-

SOVIET INITIATIVE/JORDAN (Amman/UPI) -- A Jordanian official urged the U.S. and its coalition allies to join the Iraqi-Soviet peace train and called Baghdad's "political will to withdraw" a significant move. "I think we have two trains," Information Minister Ibrihim Izzeddine told reporters. "One train (the Iraqis) is moving toward peace, and the other train is stopped in one of the stations. We hope it will join the peace trip."

ALLIED BOMBING (Baghdad/Reuter) -- Allied bombers pounded Baghdad relentlessly hours before Saddam was to receive details of a Soviet peace plan. Between 8 p.m. Monday and dawn Tuesday, more than 30 explosions rocked the Rashid Hotel. Foreign journalists in the hotel were forced to retreat to the basement shelter, and the bombing was so intense that some said they breathed smoke from the blasts.

CIVILIAN TARGETS/IRAQ (Nicosia/Reuter) -- Iraq said the allies had carried out 65 more air attacks on civilian targets including a flour mill, candle factory and peasant villages in an attempt to weaken the morale of its people.

TORTURED KUWAITIS (Beirut/UPI) -- Kuwaiti envoy Nasser Sabah El Ahmad Sabah said that occupying Iraqi troops have tortured to death 200 young Kuwaitis in the emirate since the war erupted.

IRAQI UNREST (Riyadh/UPI) -- Allied intelligence reports indicate incidents of unrest among the Iraqi population that Saddam is unable to control, a senior military source said. "We know he's having trouble," the source said. "There is a report that the secret police can't really control the population any more. There have been a number of indications that he's having trouble controlling his population," he said. "We have seen isolated incidents away from the Kuwait Theater of Operations of expressions of dissatisfaction larger than a one- or two-person scale -- large enough for it to be reported to us."

IRAQI APPEAL FOR FOOD (Baghdad/AP) -- The head of the Iraqi Red Crescent Society appealed for food and medicine to feed Iraqis and ward off disease. Dr. Ibrahim al-Nouri said Iraq's 18 million people soon could be threatened by cholera and typhoid epidemics because of damage to the nation's water and sewage systems. Both diseases are spread in contaminated water. Milk and wheat flour are in short supply, al-Nouri said.

JAPANESE AID (Tokyo/Reuter) -- The Japanese Cabinet adopted a second supplementary budget to fund an extra \$9 billion Tokyo has pledged toward the cost of the war to evict Iraq from occupied Kuwait. The [budget is] likely to pass both houses of parliament early next month.

WESTERN HOSTAGE PROSPECTS/MOSLEM CLERIC (Beirut/Reuter) -- A senior Shi'ite Moslem cleric said the war improved hopes for freedom for Western hostages held by pro-Iranian militants in Lebanon. "The gulf events have created a positive atmosphere for the hostages. We expect a better hope for their release," Sheikh Mohammed Mehdi Shamseddine, vice-president of the Higher Islamic Shi'ite Council in Lebanon, told a news conference.

2:00 P.M. NEWS UPDATE

MEETING WITH CONGRESS (Rita Beamish, AP) -- President Bush rejected a Soviet proposal to end the war in the gulf, saying at a picture-taking session at the beginning of a meeting with congressional leaders there must be no negotiations and no concessions to gain Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait. Speaker Foley said after the hour-long meeting that Bush "did not give a timetable" on when a ground offensive would begin and did not spell out why the Soviet peace plan was unacceptable. Bush told the lawmakers "that there were some aspects of it that fell short, but he wasn't going to comment on it any further," Foley said. The speaker said that he got the impression that Bush still hadn't made a decision yet on when to begin the ground war. But, Foley said he believes a ground war is inevitable "unless there is a willingness on the part of Saddam Hussein to withdraw before that point."

(Norman Sandler, UPI) -- ...President Bush's criticism was far softer in tone than his outright rejection Friday of a condition-laden Iraqi offer to withdraw from Kuwait. "I don't think he's dismissing it," Rep. Murtha told reporters after the meeting with Bush. "I think he's being very cautious. He doesn't want negotiations to stall" the allied war effort.

SOVIET PROPOSAL/BESSMERTNYKH (Moscow/AP) -- Soviet Foreign Minister Bessmertnykh said it was not up to the U.S. to accept or reject the Kremlin's 11th-hour gulf war peace initiative. "That plan was addressed to the Iraqi leadership, so he rejected the plan which did not belong to him," Bessmertnykh said of President Bush. Bessmertnykh said of Bush's statement: "I don't think that it was a rejection."

SOVIET PROPOSAL/BRITAIN (London/Reuter) -- Britain feels Soviet peace proposals fall short of the full requirements of Security Council resolutions, an anonymous senior government official said. "In our view the proposals do not meet the full requirements of the U.N. Security Council resolutions," the official said.

IRAQI REPARATIONS/U.S. (Reuter) -- The U.S. still believes Iraq should pay war reparations for the damage it has done to Kuwait, the State Department said. Asked if this was still U.S. policy, spokeswoman Tutwiler replied: "Yes." She did not elaborate.

IRAQI SCUD/ISRAEL (Jerusalem/AP) -- Iraq fired one missile at Israel, Brig. Gen. Nachman Shai told Israeli radio. He said the missile was launched from western Iraq. He said the rocket hit but did not say where. Reporters in Tel Aviv said they heard sounds indicating at least two Patriot interceptors were fired at the incoming Scud. They also heard a third explosion they could not immediately identify.

TERRORISM/FBI (Reuter) -- The threat of terrorism due to the war is slight in the U.S. although terrorist incidents frequently targeting Americans abroad are increasing, the FBI's top counterterrorism official said. "The threat level in the United States is not high at this time," William Baker told the U.S. Chamber of Commerce.

U.S. REFUELING/INDIA (New Delhi/Reuter) -- After days of confusion, India announced that U.S. military transport planes would no longer refuel in the country on their way to and from the gulf. "The government of the United States has decided to make alternative arrangements for transit halts and refueling of their transport aircraft bound to and from the gulf with effect from Feb. 20," a foreign ministry spokesman said.

SADDAM/OZAL (Ankara/Reuter) -- President Ozal has called for Saddam's back to be broken to shorten the war and said President Bush was unlikely to allow the Iraqi government to survive. Talking to businessmen in the southern city of Adana Monday night, Ozal said Turkey had let U.S. planes bomb Iraq from the nearby Incirlik base to help remove a potential threat from a dangerous neighbor. "He (Saddam) crushed the Kurds. How could we support a man who uses poison gas against his own people? Will we not be faced with the same trouble tomorrow?" the semi-official Antolian news agency quoted Ozal as saying.

WAR EFFORT/RED CROSS (UPI) -- The American Red Cross announced a nationwide campaign to raise \$30 million for humanitarian services to U.S. troops in the gulf, their families and the war's foreign victims. "This campaign will be the biggest wartime fund-raising effort the American Red Cross has undertaken since World War II, when the organization sought \$50 million," said Elizabeth Dole.

DEFENSE SPENDING/REP. MURTHA (AP) -- A top congressional Democrat questioned whether plans to reduce defense spending will keep the military strong enough in the future. "I don't see how we can do it and keep the state of readiness so high," Rep. Murtha said of projected Pentagon spending cuts. Murtha made his remarks at the opening of testimony before his subcommittee by Secretary Cheney and Gen. Powell.

YELTSIN/GORBACHEV (Moscow/Reuter) -- Boris Yeltsin called for the resignation of President Gorbachev and the transfer of power to the Federation Council. "I separate myself from the policies of Gorbachev and call for his immediate resignation and the transfer of power to the collective body, the Council of Federation," Yeltsin said in a live country-wide television interview.

MINORITIES/LITHUANIA (Moscow/Reuter) -- Presidential rule may have to be introduced in parts of Lithuania to protect Russian and Polish-speaking minorities, Pravda quoted a Communist Party official as saying. Oleg Sheinin told the newspaper that the Baltic republic's nationalist government had illegally passed laws discriminating against non-Lithuanians.

AIRLINE DRUG TESTS/SUPREME COURT (Reuter) -- The Supreme Court said that the federal government can require commercial airlines to randomly test pilots, flight attendants, maintenance workers and other employees for drug use. The justices let stand a ruling by a U.S. Court of Appeals in San Francisco that upheld the mandatory, surprise drug tests on the ground that the government's interest in airline safety outweighs workers' privacy rights.

Pool Report #6
Kennebunkport to Andrews

Maxxinn

Marlin came back and said that ~~Baker~~ Bessmertnykh called Baker to brief him on the Tarik Aziz meeting in Moscow. Bessmertnykh told Baker he would send a cable, not speak on the phone. The phones weren't secure. They haven't seen the cable yet. Baker did not know what time it would get to Washington.

Bush will meet with his National Security advisers in the Oval Office at 4:30 today. Press office will remain open until the meeting ends. The lid will be announced afterwards.

Marlin also said White House has not seen the report in Bild magazine and they have no judgement about it.

Bush also is meeting with congressional biparts tomorrow but there is no agenda.

Lee, USA Today
Traver, Time

President's meeting with bipartisan congressional leaders
Feb 19, 1991

The Press Office will issue a transcript of the President's brief remarks, but in response to a question about the Gorbachev peace proposal, Mr. Bush said:

"I do appreciate President Gorbachev's providing me with a copy of his proposal...concerning the Gulf conflict there. We provided last night our comments to the Soviets, (Needless to say?) there will be no negotiations...no concessions, nothing to give."

Bush said Gorbachev asked that the details be kept confidential and he would do so but, he added, "It falls well short of what would be required."

Asked if there will be a ground war soon he said, "I would leave it right there."

The usual staff and elected officials were there: Mitchell, Foley, Gephardt, Michel, Dole, etc.

Michel McQueen
The Wall Street Journal.