

Originally Processed With FOIA(s):
2009-0166-S

FOIA Number:
2009-0166-S

FOIA MARKER

**This is not a textual record. This is used as an
administrative marker by the George Bush Presidential
Library Staff.**

Record Group/Collection: George H.W. Bush Presidential Records
Collection/Office of Origin: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:

OA/ID Number: 90579
Folder ID Number: 90579-005

Folder Title:
Friday, January 18, 1991

Stack:

V

Row:

0

Section:

0

Shelf:

0

Position:

0

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
01a. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Prime Minister Shamir (1 pp.)	01/18/[91]	(b)(1)	
01b. Talking Points	Points to be Made for Telephone Conversation with Prime Minister Shamir (3 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
01c. Note	[unknown origin] Re: Israel (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
02. Letter	From Zalman Shoval to President Bush (2 pp.)	01/17/91	(b)(1)	
03. Note	Handwritten notes of conversation in the Situation Room (1 pp.)	01/18/[91]	(b)(1)	
04. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Prime Minister Mulroney (1 pp.)	01/18/[91]	(b)(1)	
05. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with JAB [James A. Baker, III] (1 pp.)	01/18/[91]	(b)(1)	
06. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Arlen Specter (2 pp.)	01/18/91	(b)(1)	
07. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with President Gorbachev (9 pp.)	01/18/91	(b)(1)	
08. Talking Points	Points to be Made with Gorbachev (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b) (1)	

Page 1 of 3

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Pinksheet Number: dw1946

OA/ID Number: 90579-005

Date Closed: 4/14/2011

FOIA/Sys Case #: 2009-0166-S

Re-review Case #:

P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

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Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
09. Notes	AM Discussion (1 pp.)	01/18/[91]	(b)(1)	
10a. List	Heads of State Correspondence Summary (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	C
10b. Cable	Cable Number: 121713Z Jan 91 (2 pp.)	01/12/91	(b)(1)	C
10c. Cable	Cable Number: 161022Z Jan 91 (3 pp.)	01/16/91	(b)(1)	C
10d. Cable	Cable Number: 141017Z Jan 91 (4 pp.)	01/14/91	(b)(1)	C
10e. Cable	Cable Number: 141556Z Jan 91 (5 pp.)	01/14/91	(b)(1)	C
10f. Cable	Cable Number: 081851Z Jan 91 (2 pp.)	01/08/91	(b)(1)	S
10g. Cable	Cable Number: 150352Z Jan 91 (3 pp.)	01/15/91	(b)(1)	C
10h. Letter	Translation: From Helmut Kohl to President Bush (2 pp.)	12/20/90	(b)(1)	
10i. Letter	Copy of original German: From Helmut Kohl to President Bush (2 pp.)	12/20/90	(b)(1)	
11. Talking Points	Points to be Made for Telephone Conversation with Prime Minister Shamir (3 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
12a. Log	White House Telephone Log [Signal Switchboard] [redaction of personal information] (2 pp.)	01/18/91	(b)(6)	

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12b. Log	White House Telephone Log [President Bush] [redaction of personal information] (1 pp.)	01/18/91	(b)(6)	
13. Memo	From Major Bruce Caughman to President and Mrs. Bush Re: Camp David - Jan 18-20, 1991 [redaction] (1 pp.)	01/18/91	(b)(7)(e)	
14a. Report	[Camp David Visit: Vist of 18-21 Jan 91] [redaction] (2 pp.)	01/22/91	(b)(7)(e)	
14b. List	Visit Package 18-21 January 1991: Cabin Assignments [Camp David Visit] (2 pp.)	01/22/91	(b)(7)(e)	
14c. List	HELO Manifest (Staff/Guests) [Camp David Visit] (2 pp.)	01/22/91	(b)(7)(c), (b)(7)(e), (b)(7)(f)	
14d. List	POV (Staff/Guests) [Camp David Visit] [redaction] (1 pp.)	01/22/91	(b)(7)(c), (b)(7)(e), (b)(7)(f)	

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~~CLASSIFIED~~
1/18/91
Person 615

UNCLASSIFIED UPON
REMOVAL OF CLASSIFIED
ATTACHMENTS

DW

4/14/11

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Disposition Date:

AR Case #:

MR Case #:

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Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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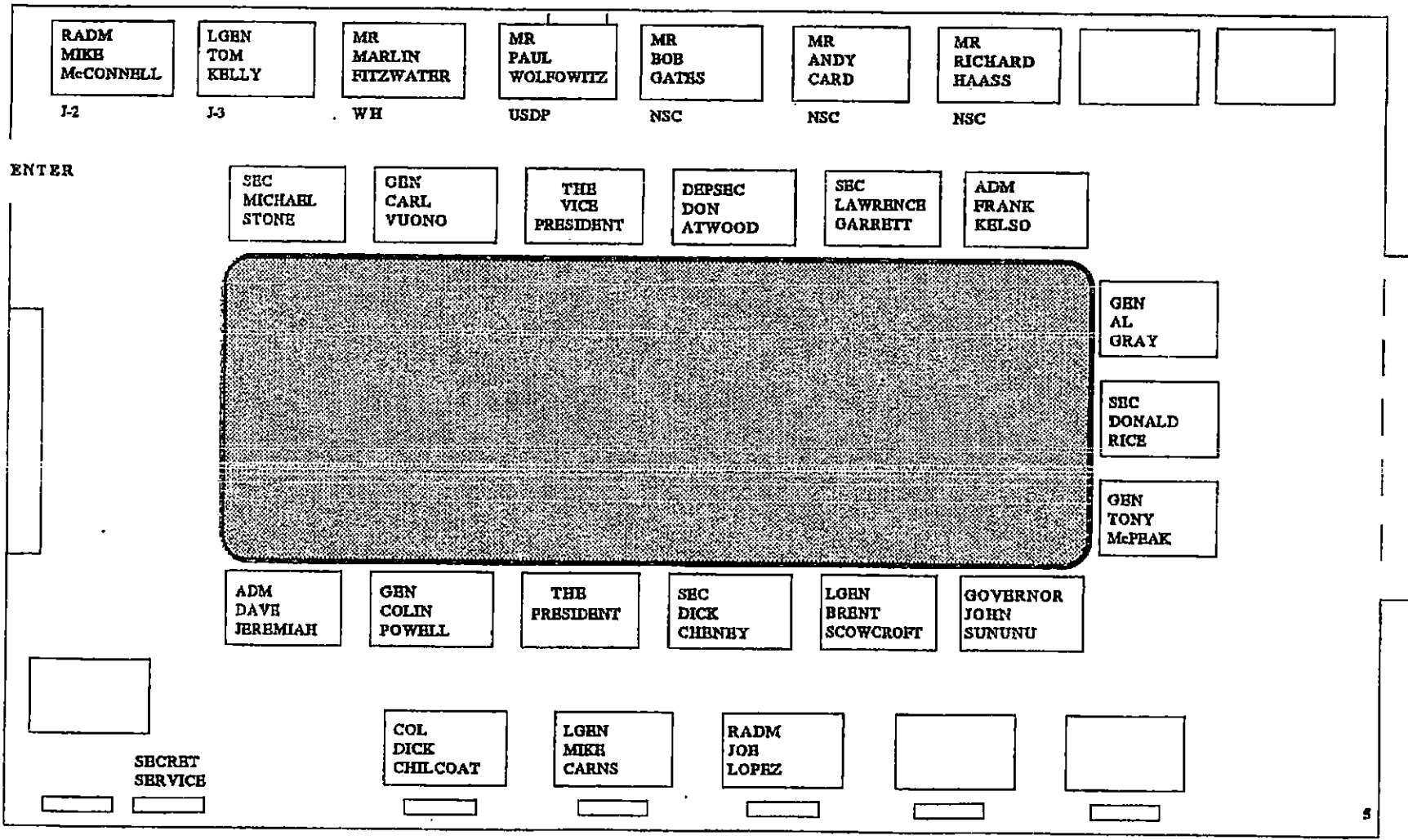
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Vailey P.

GOLD ROOM SEATING CHART

AS OF: 1330, 18 January 1991

GOLD ROOM SEATING FOR MEETING WITH THE PRESIDENT ON 18 Jan 91



2:00 P.M. NEWS UPDATE

ATTACK ON JERUSALEM (Headline News) -- Air raid sirens are going off in Israel again. Israel radio reports an attack by missile is now underway [1:50 p.m. EST]. The Israelis have said they would not sound the alarms unless they were sure there were missiles incoming. It's not known what these missiles, if any, might contain [conventional or chemical payloads].

NEWS CONFERENCE (Mike Feinsilber, AP) -- President Bush said the allied military effort against Iraq is proceeding well, but cautioned that it "will take some time" to complete the task of liberating Kuwait, adding, "war is never cheap or easy." Bush also said he appreciated Israel's restraint in not retaliating for Iraqi missile attacks overnight. He said that from the beginning Israel had shown "great understanding" about U.S. security and political interests. "U.S. and coalition military forces have performed bravely, professionally and effectively," the President said.

(Reuter) -- President Bush publicly praised Israel for showing restraint in the face of an Iraqi missile attack. "Once again we see that no neighbor of Iraq is safe," Bush said in expressing outrage at the Iraqi attack. Bush called the attack "purely an act of terror" designed to weaken the anti-Iraq coalition and change the course of the war. Bush grimly vowed that Saddam was "going to fail." "This coalition is not going to fall apart. I'm convinced of that," he said.

(Helen Thomas, UPI) -- President Bush said he is confident that Iraqi forces soon will be unable to launch missile attacks at any more neighbors and prevailed upon Americans to be patient. At a brief news conference where he also expressed his personal outrage over Iraq's attack against Israel, Bush said, "I can guarantee the world that for every hour that goes by, he is going to be less able." Bush opened a news conference telling reporters "so far so good" in Operation Desert Storm and expressed full confidence that the international coalition.

(Reuter) -- President Bush said he had spoken to Mikhail Gorbachev earlier in the day and had expressed his feeling that the tense situation in the Baltic republics should be peacefully resolved. "I took the opportunity from that call to express again my deep concern over the Baltics and the need to ensure that there is a peaceful resolution to the situation there," said Bush, adding that he also discussed the gulf war in a "long and good conversation" with the Soviet leader.

 **SADDAM'S FAMILY** (London/AP) -- President Saddam has sent his family and unspecified senior government officials to Mauritania in western Africa, the BBC reported. But a U.S. Embassy spokesman in Mauritania said, "We have no information that would tend to confirm that." The BBC report, which cited unidentified diplomatic sources, said two Iraqi Airways planes landed in Mauritania on Wednesday, followed the next day by a pair of Iraqi military aircraft.

AIR STRIKE/REPUBLICAN GUARD (U.S. Air Base/Reuter) -- U.S. bombers launched a massive new air strike against up to 30,000 soldiers of Iraq's elite Republican Guard ground troops, dug in with their tanks in southern Iraq, a U.S. wing commander said. Col. Manfred Rietsch, commander of the Marine Aircraft Wing, said more than 40 planes were launched at the start of round-the-clock raids against Guard troops entrenched in an arc across the desert northwest of Kuwait.

RETALIATION/MULRONEY (Ottawa/UPI) -- Coalition forces will unleash a "persuasive" amount of force against Iraq that will eliminate any need for Israel to retaliate against Iraqi missile attacks, Prime Minister Mulroney promised. "The coalition forces will be taking action of such a persuasive nature against Iraq that it will obviate the need for the state of Israel to respond at any early moment," Mulroney told Parliament.

ISRAELI RETALIATION/COALITION (Reuter) -- The U.S. awaited a possible Israeli retaliation for Iraq's missile attack on its civilians, but anonymous Bush Administration sources said they believed America's Arab allies would stand firm if the Jewish state's response was reasonable. One source familiar with a Thursday conversation between Secretary Baker and Prime Minister Shamir said Baker's main concern was to ensure that the Israeli response was "measurable."

ISRAELI RETALIATION/SAUDI U.N. AMBASSADOR (Headline News) -- Saudi Arabia's ambassador to the U.N. says Israel should stay out of the Gulf war at any cost. He warns any Israeli response could serve Iraqi interests. "Any attempt on the part of Israel to project itself into the picture will be indirectly serving the Iraqi regime's attempt to make a linkage between the occupation of Kuwait and the problem of Palestine," Ambassador Shihabi said. The Saudi ambassador also reiterated the coalition against Iraq remains strong.

ISRAELI RETALIATION/SYRIA/FRENCH TV (Headline News) -- French TV reports that Syria won't object to an Israeli retaliatory raid on Iraq as long as they don't use Syrian air space.

ATTACK ON ISRAEL/BRITAIN (Headline News) -- Prime Minister Major says he is appalled by what he calls Iraq's "unprovoked and unforgivable" attacks on Israel. Foreign Secretary Hurd says the event will bring international sympathy to Israel.

SCUD ATTACKS/SOVIETS (Headline News) -- Kremlin leaders say they are sorry Soviet-supplied missiles were used in Iraq's attack on Israel. The Soviet Union's deputy foreign minister says Iraq was supposed to use the missiles for defensive purposes only. The Soviets called the Iraqi attack a "provocation" but urged Israeli leaders to show restraint.

BRITISH TROOPS/POW HANDLING (London/UPI) -- Defense Minister King announced a battalion of one of Britain's most famous regiments would be deployed in the gulf to handle Iraqi POWs and said air force reservists would be called up to help relieve "major pressure" on the logistics supply line. King said a battalion of about 500 Coldstream Guards would be going to the gulf "almost immediately as the first element in the contingent that will establish responsibility for prisoner of war handling."

GULF WAR/IRAQ (Nicosia/AP) -- Iraq said that U.S. and allied forces faced a bloody long-term war, and an Iraqi army commander said missiles were fired at Israel to "avenge the suffering of the Arab and Muslim people." The speaker of parliament said hundreds of thousands of weapons had been distributed to residents of Baghdad, turning the capital into "a jungle of fighters and trenches" ready to repel attackers, Iraqi radio reported.

DIPLOMATIC EXPULSIONS (AP) -- ...The possibility of conflict spread across the Middle East gave rise to quick response by some governments -- Greece, Belgium and Pakistan ordered the expulsions of Iraqi diplomats. Pakistan accused Iraq's press attache, Jassim M.J. El-Sheikh, of orchestrating street protests and trying to recruit agents, which Pakistan's official news agency AAP said were to be used against the U.S. The Greeks told 23 Iraqi Embassy personnel to leave Greece within 24 hours, reducing the staff to seven. Belgium ordered seven of the nine Iraqi diplomats in Brussels to leave immediately and said they were expelled for "security reasons."

GORBACHEV'S ECONOMIC ADVISER (Moscow/AP) -- Mikhail Gorbachev's economic adviser has left his post after signing a letter accusing the Soviet president of criminal acts to prop up his "regime," a spokesman said. It was not immediately clear whether Nikolai Petrakov had resigned or been removed from office. Two associates of Petrakov said Gorbachev had been enraged by the open letter, which criticized him for tolerating the military attack Sunday against a Lithuanian television station that left 14 people dead.

###

PRE-BRIEF QUESTIONS

January 18, 1991

1. Is Israel now part of the war?
2. Will Jordan enter the war?
3. Do you think you have convinced Israel not to retaliate?
4. If Israel retaliates, can you hold the coalition together?
5. Do you think Saddam has gained a psychological victory with his SCUD attack?
6. How long will the war last?
7. What other surprises can you expect from Saddam?
8. How do you explain our failure to get the mobile SCUDs?
9. What world leaders have you been calling?
10. Are you willing to have a cease-fire?
11. How do you see the war ending: surrender, negotiations?
12. Are you willing to have a pause to give Saddam a chance to reconsider withdrawing? **No -**
13. Can you describe your mood?
14. Have you decided to pursue sanctions against the Soviets for their aggression in Lithuania?

*No - It's a step
+ his is
of desperation
The author
has been misled
conclusion*

McNally/Simon
Jan. 17, 1991
Draft Two (B:FRIDAY)

PRESIDENTIAL REMARKS: FRIDAY, JAN. 18, 1991, __: __ .M.

This week marks a critical moment in history -- a moment of truth -- for this generation, for this Nation, for this world.

We were patient. Cautious. Slow to anger. But when the moment of truth came, America did the right thing. The Coalition did the right thing. And our troops did it well.

We said that if allied troops were forced to liberate Kuwait, we would do the job quickly, massively and decisively.

We said that if one American soldier had to go into battle, he would have enough force behind him to win.

We said that the occupation of Kuwait would not stand.

And this week, America is keeping her word.

Yes, the liberation of Kuwait has begun. It has marked a proud day for every American -- and my proudest moment as Commander-in-Chief of the best-trained, best-equipped, and best-educated fighting force ever assembled.

And it's clear our fighting men and women are heartened with the tremendous outpouring of support from the American people and the Congress. Because when I said Wednesday night that this will not be another Vietnam, I meant two things:

First -- that never again will our fighting men and women be sent in to do a job with one hand tied behind their back.

And second, just as important, never again will they be sent in to do a job without the full backing of the folks back home.

Over the past two days, the outpouring of compassion, the

outpouring of love and faith and support from Americans of all walks of life has been overwhelming. Their bedrock faith helps put some of these protests in perspective. One reason we're in the Gulf is to ensure that the world we bequeath our children continues to protect the right to protest. But we've said it before: Do not mistake diversity for divisiveness. Never again should the world doubt where America stands. We stand against aggression. We stand for freedom, for the future, and by our friends.

So let me say to our troops what I said in my holiday address: The sacrifices you make will never be forgotten. America is behind you. The world is behind you. And history is behind you. And when you come home -- and we hope and pray it's soon -- you will be welcomed as what you are -- all-American heroes.

Thank you.

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(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM Removed as a personal record misfile.

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
05. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with JAB [James A. Baker, III] (1 pp.)	01/18/[91]	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011	OA/ID Number: 90579-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

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Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
06. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Arlen Specter (2 pp.)	01/18/91	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011	OA/ID Number: 90579-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
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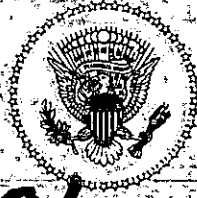
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NOTE FOR THE FILES

SIGNAL tells me that they now think the incoming Hawke call was "bogus". I asked how this could happen.

Miscommunication between SIGNAL and the Situation Room. SIGNAL confirms all calls prior to giving to POTUS. Sit. Rm. put call thru thinking that signal had verified -- they had not -- they told Sit rm. they were in process of verifying. It's 3a.m. Hawke time. P. Presock

Presidential Phone Calls



DATE:

1-18-91

TIME:

11

incoming/outgoing

WITH:

P. M. Hawke

SUBJECT:

FOLLOW UP:

Bogus??

DRAFT #2
1/14/91

At this very minute the allied armed forces are attacking military targets in Iraq and Kuwait. Allied ground forces have not yet moved into Kuwait.

The war started August 2nd when a brutal dictator invaded a small and helpless neighbor. Kuwait, a member of the Arab League and of the United Nations was crushed, its people brutalized. Now the war has been joined.

This military action, taken in accord with the United Nations resolutions, follows months of seemingly endless diplomatic activity on the part of the United Nations, the United States and many, many other countries. Arab leaders sought what became known as an Arab solution only to conclude that Saddam Hussein was unwilling to leave Kuwait. This past weekend, in a last ditch effort, the Secretary General of the United Nations went to the Middle East with peace in his heart. He came back from Baghdad with no progress at all in getting Saddam Hussein to leave Kuwait peacefully.

Now the 27 countries with forces in the Gulf area are prepared to see Saddam driven from Kuwait by force. We will not fail.

As I report to you now, air attacks are underway against a wide variety of targets in Iraq. We are determined to knock out Saddam Hussein's nuclear potential. We will also destroy his chemical weapons facilities and other facilities harboring

unconventional weapons. In addition, we will protect the lives of all the coalition forces by targeting Saddam's vast military arsenal.

The objectives are clear. Saddam Hussein's forces will leave Kuwait. The legitimate Government of Kuwait will be restored to its rightful place, and Kuwait will again be free. Much of Saddam Hussein's armor will be destroyed. Iraq will comply with all United Nations resolutions.

Prior to ordering our forces into battle, I instructed the military commanders involved to do everything in their power to protect the lives of the allied forces and to guard against the indiscriminate loss of innocent civilian life in Iraq and in Kuwait. Having said that, I have also ordered that they take whatever steps are necessary to prevail quickly and with the greatest degree of protection possible for American and Allied soldiers, sailors, marines, and airmen. I have told the American people before that this will not be another Viet Nam. And I repeat this here tonight. Our troops will have the best possible protection in the entire world, and they will not be asked to fight with one hand tied behind their back.

Prior to the initiation of hostilities Saddam Hussein was warned over and over again that he must leave Kuwait in accord with twelve resolutions of the U.N. Security Council -- or that he would be driven out. Saddam has refused to heed the warnings. Instead he tried to make this dispute a dispute between Iraq and the United States of America.

Well, he was wrong! Tonight the world is united against Saddam

Hussein.

Tonight 27 countries from all around the world have forces in the Gulf area alligned against Saddam Hussein. Each one of those countries had hoped that the use of force could be avoided. Each conculded as we did, that only force will make him leave -- our extensive diplomacy and the diplomacy of many other countries having failed. I am hopeful that this fighting will not go on long. I am hopeful that casualties will be at an absolute minimum.

This is an historic moment in the history of the world. When we are successful, and we will be, we have a real chance at a new world order. An order in which a reactivitated United Nations can use its peace-keeping role to fulfill the promise and vision of the UN's founders. We have no argument with the people of Iraq. It is my hope that somehow the Iraqi people can, even now, convince their dictator that he must lay down his arms, leave Kuwait, and let Iraq itself rejoin the family of peace-loving nations.

Thomas Paine wrote many years ago: " ...These are the times that try men's souls....." and that is so very true today ...but even as our planes (from---countries) attack Iraq at this very minute, I prefer to think of peace, not war. I am convinced not only that we will prevail, but that out of the horror of combat will come the recognition that no natin can stand against a world united in its belief that one nation must not brutally assault its neighbor.

The war started
Aug 2nd when
a brutal dictator
crushed a
small - peace loving
neighbor

Now the war has
been joined.

To people
Out of Baghdad.

Disinfo.

The war started Aug 2nd when a brutal dictator ^{invaded} ~~invaded~~ a small - helpless neighbor, Kuwait, a member of the Arab League and of the U.N. was crushed, now the war has been joined. ^{its people brutality}

At this very minute the allied armed forces are attacking

military targets in Iraq and Kuwait. Allied ground forces have

not yet moved into Kuwait.

~~The war that was started 5 1/2 months ago when Saddam Hussein ruthlessly invaded Kuwait has now been joined~~

This military action, taken in accord with the United Nations

resolutions, follows months of seemingly endless diplomatic

activity on the part of the United States ^{the U.N.} and many, many other

countries. Arab leaders sought what became known as an Arab solution only to conclude that S.H. was unwilling to leave Kuwait.

The Secretary General of the United Nations, ^{came back from} ~~came back from~~ Baghdad Monday morning with no progress at all in getting Saddam Hussein to leave Kuwait peacefully.

Now the 27 countries with forces in the Gulf area are prepared to see Saddam driven from Kuwait by force. We will not fail.

As I report to you now, air attacks are underway against a wide variety of targets in Iraq. We are determined to knock out Saddam Hussein's nuclear potential. We will also destroy his chemical weapons facilities and other facilities harboring unconventional weapons. In addition, we will protect the lives of all the coalition forces by targeting Saddam's vast military arsenal.

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Prior to the initiation of hostilities Saddam Hussein was warned over and over again that he must leave Kuwait in accord with 12 resolutions of the U.N. Security Council -- or that he would be driven out. Saddam has refused to heed the warnings. Instead he tried to make this dispute a dispute between Iraq and the United States of America.

Well, he was wrong! Tonight the world is united against Saddam Hussein.

Tonight 27 countries from all around the world have forces in the Gulf Area aligned against Saddam Hussein. Each one of those countries had hoped that the use of force could be avoided. Each concluded, as we did, that only force will make him leave -- our extensive diplomacy and the diplomacy of many other countries having failed. I am hopeful that this fighting will not go on long. I am hopeful that casualties will be at an absolute minimum.

Bush Library Photocopy
George Bush Handwriting

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Thomas Paine wrote many years ago: "...These are the times that try men's souls....." and that is so very true today ...but even as our planes ^{from - countries} attack Iraq at this very minute, I prefer to think of peace, not war. I am convinced not only that we will prevail, but that out of the horror of combat will come the recognition that no nation can stand against a world united in its belief that one nation must not brutally assault its neighbor.

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
07. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with President Gorbachev (9 pp.)	01/18/91	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011	OA/ID Number: 90579-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
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Not Used

*To stop now
will make
things
worse*

POINTS TO BE MADE WITH GORBACHEV

- Mikhail, since we talked last week, my concern about the Baltic states has grown. The violence and deaths in Lithuania were tragic and the use of force against those innocent people was inexcusable.
- On January 13, I said this publicly and reaffirmed our policy toward the Baltic states, which is well known to you.
- I hope that you will use all the authority you have to make certain there is no further use of force, and that you can turn back from a policy of confrontation to one of dialogue and negotiations.
- I must tell you frankly that the situation in the Baltics is threatening to have a serious effect on our relationship.
- ((IF GORBACHEV SAYS THAT THE LITHUANIANS PROVOKED THE ATTACK))
- I must say that it did not look that way to us. In any case, we believe that the Baltic peoples have behaved with dignity and restraint.
- ((IF GORBACHEV SAYS HE IS ABOUT TO IMPOSE PRESIDENTIAL RULE))
- I hope you will reconsider what would be seen by us -- and I believe our Allies -- to be an unnecessary escalation that will affect our relations with you.
- ((IF GORBACHEV SAYS THAT THIS IS HIS ONLY CHANCE TO SAVE PERESTROIKA AND AN INTERNAL MATTER))
- You know our position on the Baltic states -- it is not for us an internal Soviet affair.
- Perestroika was founded on the rule of law and respect for human and political rights. I cannot see how this act is consistent with that.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

January 18, 1991

CS

MR. PRESIDENT:

Attached is a summary
of comments received
yesterday on the comment
line.

Thank you.



Phillip D. Brady

DAILY TALLY SHEET

7:00 am W 10:00 pm

NAME <i>Summary</i>		STATION #	DAY - M T W T F	9,137	
			DATE - 1/17/91		
SECTION 1 - INDIVIDUAL				TOTALS	
Expression of Feeling Toward the President	•			526	
	-			77	
Expression of Feeling Toward the First Lady	•	<i>Get Well Soon</i>		33	
	-				
Greeting Requests				32	
Referrals (Gov't/WH Offices)				16	
Personal and Nonsubstantive				62	
Questions				87	
Miscellaneous Issues				235	
SECTION 2 - ISSUES			POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	TOTALS
1 PRESIDENT'S PRESS BRIEFING OF _____ SPEECH OF 1/16/91			127	8	135
2 SUPPORT OPERATION DESERT STORM			5,741	2,118	7,859
3 SUPPORT OPERATION DESERT STORM					
4 ATTACK ON ISRAEL			21	582	603
5 ATTACK ON ISRAEL					
6 RESTRAIN MEDIA COVERAGE GIVING OUR STRATEGIC INFO RESENT PROTEST COVERAGE			378	—	378
7 RETAIN HIV (AIDS) TESTING IN IMMIGRATION LAW			178	—	178

(OVER)

DAILY TALLY SHEET (CONTINUATION SHEET)

SECTION 2 - ISSUES (CONTINUED)	POSITIVE	NEGATIVE	TOTALS
8 SUPPORT PEACE CONFERENCE	59	5	64
9 SUPPORT THE BALTICS	82	—	82
10 CHENEY AND POWELL WERE WONDERFUL IN BRIEFING	18	—	18
11			
12			

SECTION 3 - COMMENTS/SUGGESTIONS FOR THE PRESIDENT

COMMENTS OF JANUARY 17, 1991

HUZZAS FOR BUSH, CHENEY AND POWELL BUT MOST OF ALL FOR OUR AIR FORCE.

I SUPPORT THE PRESIDENT BUT LET'S CALL WAR, WAR AND NOT AN OPERATION.

I HAVE BEEN AGAINST THE WAR AND VIOLENCE BUT WANT THE PRESIDENT TO KNOW HOW PROUD I AM OF HIM AND HIS OBVIOUS CONCERN FOR ALL THE PEOPLE. OUR PRAYERS ARE WITH HIM.

I'M A NAM VIET AND MY SON IS OVER THERE WITH 101ST AIRBORNE. JUST CALLING TO GIVE THE PRESIDENT THE THUMBS UP. GO DO IT.

I'VE BEEN A DEMOCRAT ALL MY LIFE AND MY FATHER BEFORE ME BUT THE POTUS HAS DONE THE RIGHT THING. I AM SO PROUD TO BE AN AMERICAN. THANK YOU.

~~I APPRECIATE GEORGE BUSH - FIRST GUY WHO HAS BALLS SINCE JFK.~~

AS A PASTOR, WANT TO SAY HE HAS MORAL RIGHTOUSNESS ON HIS SIDE.

I BELIEVE HE REALLY LOVES THIS COUNTRY. HE'S AMAZING IN HIS STRATEGY. I'M PROUD TO BE AN AMERICAN AGAIN.

24 MEMBERS OF A NAM VET'S CLUB IN WEST COVINA CALIFORNIA GIVE POTUS THEIR ENTIRE SUPPORT.

MESSAGE TO SADDAM HUSSEIN - SHIT HAPPENS.

IF MY PRESIDENT IS A WIMP, THAT IS THE KIND OF WIMP I WANT TO BE.

GO GEORGE, GO.

WIFE OF NAVY CAPTAIN ON THE SARATOGA CALLED IN TEARS TO SUPPORT THE PRESIDENT.

BUSH IS COMING ACROSS AS A BLOOD THIRSTY VAMPIRE.

MR. AND MRS. JOHN RICE, 16 TROWBRIDGE LAKE DRIVE, ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30328 - THEY HAVE SUPPORTED POTUS SINCE DAY ONE. HE'S THE GREATEST. WERE 1001% BEHIND HIM. WE ARE SO PROUD OF HIM. MRS. RICE WORKED IN THE 1ST BUSH CAMPAIGN WHEN THEY LIVED IN HOUSTON. "SUCH A WISE MAN."

MR. ROBERT ROLLS, 9409 WIRE AVENUE, SILVER SPRING, MD., A DISABLED VET FROM VIETNAM - WISHES HE COULD BE IN ACTION. WE ARE ON THE RIGHT TRACK, AND I'M ENORMOUSLY PROUD TO BE AN AMERICAN. THE ACTION WAS LONG OVERDUE. I APPRECIATE THE FACT THAT THE PRESIDENT MENTIONED THE VIETNAM WAR. HE THANKED US FOR PROVIDING

*Thank you
notes will
be
sent*

SUCH A VALUABLE SERVE AS THE COMMENTS LINE. "I'M GLAD YOU'RE THERE."

THE CALLS ON THE MEDIA AND PROTESTERS ARE COMING MAINLY FROM CALIFORNIA - THEY ARE EXTREMELY ANGRY AT THE COVERAGE BEING GIVEN TO PROTESTORS IN THIS COUNTRY.

FROM MR. AND MRS. TOMMY SIMS, SR., 4810 GRAMMAR ST., METAIRE, LOUISIANA 70001 - AFTER JFK WAS ASSASSINATED THEY LOST ALL HOPE AS FAR AS GOVERNMENT IS CONCERNED AND THEY HAVE NOT VOTED SINCE THEN. MR. SIMS SAID THAT NOW, THO, THEY ARE GOING TO REGISTER AND NEXT TIME THEY WILL VOTE REPUBLICAN. THEY ARE EXTREMELY PROUD OF THE PRESIDENT - THEY CAN'T PUT INTO WORDS WHAT THEY FEEL ABOUT THE RESPONSIBILITY HE TOOK UPON HIMSELF TO TURN OUR COUNTRY AROUND. WE ARE SO GRATEFUL TO HIM.

MR. AND MRS. MIKE HALLAHAN, 1911 E. 36TH STREET, BROOKLYN, NEW YORK 11234 ARE THE PARENTS OF A YOUNG MAN SERVING ABOARD THE USS TARAWA, LHA1 CARRIER. "WE SUPPORT THE PRESIDENT ALL THE WAY AND APPROVE OF WHAT ACTION HE TOOK. GOD SPEED, AND GOD BLESS HIM. TELL OUR BLESSED PRESIDENT HE'S DOING A FANTASTIC JOB. WE ARE PROUD TO BE AMERICANS AND TO LIVE IN THIS COUNTRY.

MRS. JILL COLLINS, 204 B VALLEY DRIVE, NOVATO, CALIFORNIA 94949 (A MILITARY WIFE) IS SO PROUD OF OUR PRESIDENT. THE STRATEGY, THE TIME, AND THOUGHT THAT WENT INTO PLANNING THIS - THE TERM "SURGICAL BOMBING" (TO BE QUICK AND CLEAN) AND RICHARD CHENEY AND COLIN POWELL THE POISE AND DIGNITY OF THESE MEN. IT'S ALL SO DIFFERENT THAN VIETNAM. IT'S BEEN REASSURING TO WATCH THESE MEN ON TV. SHE THOUGHT POTUS SPEECH WAS EXCELLENT.

REAGAN AND CASPER WEINBURGER DESERVE CREDIT FOR BUILDING UP OUR DEFENSES. IT ALLOWED US TO EFFECT A SURGICAL STRIKE AND SAVE LIVES IN THE PROCESS.

WHERE ARE THE GERMANS AND JAPANESE WHEN WE NEED THEM? WE NEED TO CHANGE OUR THINKING. BOYCOTT THEIR PRODUCTS.

MANY PEOPLE HAD QUESTIONS ABOUT "THE NEW WORLD ORDER" WANT TO KNOW WHAT POTUS MEANS BY THIS TERM. THE TELEPHONE AIDES SAY PEOPLE WOULD LIKE POTUS TO EXPLAIN THIS IN MORE DETAIL.

SANDRA CALMOS FROM CHESTNUT HILL, MASS., HAD A CALL FROM ISRAEL (HAIFA) SAYING TO TELL PRES. BUSH "GOD BLESS HIM" AND "GOD BLESS AMERICA." HE IS DOING AN EXCELLENT JOB.

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
09. Notes	AM Discussion (1 pp.)	01/18/91]	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

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P
for
your
classified

B
have michael xerox
1 cc of all of this
for our daily
some nice comments...
then return
thank
p

Document Originally
Attached to
Following Page

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
10a. List	Heads of State Correspondence Summary (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	C

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Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

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IMMEDIATE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM

0318

PAGE 01 OF 02

PRT: GATES HILL SCOWCROFT SIT SITTMANN SUNUNU VANERON
SIT: FILE HUTCHINGS MONTGOMERY ROSTOW WELCH WHSR-IRAQ PRES-MSGS SIT SUM
VAX

<PREC> IMMEDIATE <CLAS> ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ <DTG> 121713Z JAN 91

FM AMEMBASSY ROME

TO RUEHC/SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 8191
RUEADWW/WHITEHOUSE WASHDC IMMEDIATE
INFO RUEHWW/GULF WAR COLLECTIVE

DECLASSIFIED
PER DOS WAIVER, November 6, 2015
By SS NARA, Date 10/30/24

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ ROME 00797

FROM THE AMBASSADOR

FROM EMBASSY VATICAN/MESSAGE NO. 0040/91

E.O. 12356: DECL: OADR

TAGS: PREL, ZP, VT

SUBJECT: THE POPE SENDS MESSAGE TO THE PRESIDENT

-- ON THE GULF; PUBLIC COMMENTS CONDEMN IRAQ'S
-- VIOLATION OF INTERNATIONAL LAW

1. (P) AFTER THE POPE'S ANNUAL ADDRESS TO THE
DIPLOMATIC CORPS TODAY, HE SPOKE BRIEFLY WITH ME ALONE
AND ASKED THAT I PASS A MESSAGE TO THE PRESIDENT. THE
POPE SAID THAT HE WAS "THINKING OF PRESIDENT BUSH," AND
UNDERSTOOD THE PRESIDENT HAD A DIFFICULT DECISION TO
MAKE. THE POPE INDICATED HE WAS CONFIDENT THE
PRESIDENT WOULD MAKE THE RIGHT DECISION, WHICH WOULD
AFFECT THE ENTIRE WORLD. THE POPE SAID HE WAS PRAYING
FOR THE PRESIDENT.

2. (U) IN THE POPE'S TOUR D'HORIZON REMARKS TO THE
DIPLOMATIC CORPS, HE REFERRED TO THE GULF REGION AS
BEING IN A STATE OF SEIGE. HE NOTED THAT "ONE COUNTRY
VIOLATES THE MOST ELEMENTARY RULES OF INTERNATIONAL
LAW." "ONE CANNOT ACCEPT THAT THE LAW OF THE STRONGER
CAN BE BRUTALLY IMPOSED ON THE WEAKER." HE ONCE AGAIN
PRAISED THE UN'S REACTION TO IRAQ'S AGGRESSION. THE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

IMMEDIATE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM

PAGE 02 OF 02

POPE REFERRED TO A MESSAGE HE HAD SENT UN SYG PEREZ DE
CUELLAR THE PREVIOUS DAY WHICH REAFFIRMED THE
"UNACCEPTABLE FACTS" OF IRAQ'S "BRUTAL VIOLATION OF
INTERNATIONAL LAW." THE POPE THEN CALLED FOR
EXHAUSTING ALL PEACEFUL MEANS TO FIND A JUST SOLUTION.

MELADY

BT

#0797

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
10c. Cable	Cable Number: 161022Z Jan 91 (3 pp.)	01/16/91	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011	OA/ID Number: 90579-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
10d. Cable	Cable Number: 141017Z Jan 91 (4 pp.)	01/14/91	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011	OA/ID Number: 90579-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
10e. Cable	Cable Number: 141556Z Jan 91 (5 pp.)	01/14/91	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011	OA/ID Number: 90579-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
10f. Cable	Cable Number: 081851Z Jan 91 (2 pp.)	01/08/91	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011	OA/ID Number: 90579-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
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AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
10g. Cable	Cable Number: 150352Z Jan 91 (3 pp.)	01/15/91	(b)(1)	C

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011

OA/ID Number: 90579-005

FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S

Appeal Case #:

Re-review Case #:

Appeal Disposition:

P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

Disposition Date:

AR Case #:

MR Case #:

AR Disposition:

MR Disposition:

AR Disposition Date:

MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
10h. Letter	Translation: From Helmut Kohl to President Bush (2 pp.)	12/20/90	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011	OA/ID Number: 90579-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
10i. Letter	Copy of original German: From Helmut Kohl to President Bush (2 pp.)	12/20/90	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011	OA/ID Number: 90579-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
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THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

FOR YOUR USE AND INFORMATION
NOT FOR PUBLICATION OR BROADCAST

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

Friday, January 18, 1991

8:00 a.m.	THE PRESIDENT RECEIVES INTELLIGENCE BRIEFING WITH THE CHIEF OF STAFF AND THE NATIONAL SECURITY ADVISER. OVAL OFFICE.
8:15 a.m.	THE PRESIDENT RECEIVES NATIONAL SECURITY BRIEFING WITH THE VICE PRESIDENT, THE CHIEF OF STAFF AND THE NATIONAL SECURITY ADVISER. OVAL OFFICE.
8:45 a.m.	THE PRESIDENT MEETS WITH THE CHIEF OF STAFF. OVAL OFFICE.
11:00 a.m.	THE PRESIDENT MEETS WITH SECRETARY BAKER. OVAL OFFICE.
12:00 noon	THE PRESIDENT HAS LUNCH WITH THE VICE PRESIDENT. OVAL OFFICE.
2:20 p.m.	THE PRESIDENT DEPARTS FOR BRIEFING AT THE PENTAGON. SOUTH LAWN.
3:30 p.m.	THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. BUSH DEPART FOR CAMP DAVID. PENTAGON LANDING ZONE.

#

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

IN-TOWN PRESS POOL ASSIGNMENTS

Friday, January 18, 1991

TRAVEL POOL

AP writer
AP photographer
UPI writer
UPI photographer
Reuters writer
Reuters photographer
AFP photographer
CNN correspondent
CNN camera
CNN sound
CNN lighting
U.S. News photographer
ABC
New York Times

OPEN PHOTO/WRITING POOL

All camera crews and still photographers
AP writer
UPI writer
Reuters writer
AFP writer
Conus
New York Times

#

8:30 A.M. NEWS UPDATE

ISRAELI RETALIATION (Tel Aviv/AP) -- ...Israel's military chief said his country was obliged to retaliate to Iraqi missile strikes. Israel radio said Prime Minister Shamir met with key Cabinet ministers and defense officials to decide on a response. "It appears that we've been extraordinarily lucky," Deputy Foreign Minister Netanyahu told CNN. But he said of Saddam: "We cannot rule out that he will not launch other missiles." Chief of Staff Lt. Gen. Shomron said the attack obliged his country to respond. "I want to say that the fact that missiles have been fired on our civilian population is very serious," Shomron said. "As we have said in the past and repeated it, all the leaders of Israel have said it, such a case obliges a response." Any action would be coordinated with the U.S., said Brig. Gen. Shai, the Israeli army spokesman. A U.S. official in Washington, speaking on condition of anonymity, said Israel has the right to defend itself, appearing to signal that the U.S. would understand if Israel struck back.

In Jordan, the military went on its highest alert since the 1967 war, fearing an Israeli retaliation, a senior Jordanian military official said. "We are going to effectively attempt to defend our land and our airspace against all comers," Crown Prince Hassan told ABC. "We will not be a corridor."

(Nicosia/AP) -- Iraq claimed its missiles hit "political, economic, and scientific targets" in Israel early today, and said Baghdad has become "a jungle of fighters and trenches" ready to repel attackers. Bombing raids on Iraq continued early today. The BBC said radio towers, the Air Force Ministry and Saddam's presidential palace were hit, but Saddam apparently was in a bunker at the time and was safe. Iraq's first confirmation of its pre-dawn missile strike on Israel came over Iraqi radio about eight hours after the attack. "Let the United States hear the wailing of its daughter implanted in the heart of the Arab homeland," said the radio.

(Damascus/Reuter) -- Syrian radio quoted a Syrian military official in Lebanon as categorically denying a report that Israeli warplanes had flown over southern Lebanon and Syrian toward Iraq.

SCUD ATTACK/PLO (Tunis/Reuter) -- The PLO said Iraq's missile attack on Israel had effectively brought the Jewish state into the war. Speaking just hours after the attack, a PLO spokesman said it was a "new development in the war with the effective entry of Israel."

ISRAELI PLANES/BAGHDAD RADIO (Nicosia/Reuter) -- Baghdad radio quoted an Iraqi military spokesman as saying that Israeli warplanes flew to Saudi Arabia to join the U.S.-dominated multinational force. The radio quoted the spokesman as saying the Israeli planes would take part in what it called the aggression against Iraq. In announcing their missile attack on Israel, an Iraqi military communique broadcast on the radio claimed that bombs being dropped on Iraq by attacking warplanes came from Israel.

SCUD ATTACK/SOVIETS (Moscow/AP) -- The Soviet Union condemned the Iraqi missile attack on Israel. Tass said the incident "marks a new dangerous turning point in the Gulf conflict."

-more-

ISRAEL/GAS MASK FATALITIES (Jerusalem/Reuter) -- Three women and a 3-year-old Arab girl apparently suffocated in their gas masks during an Iraqi missile strike, Israel Radio said.

SCHWARZKOPF BRIEFING (Riyadh/UPI) -- U.S. war planes located 11 Iraqi mobile-based Scud missile sites, a project described as finding a needle in a haystack, and have destroyed six and were working on eliminating the rest, Gen. Schwarzkopf said at a news briefing.

(Riyadh/Reuter) -- Gen. Schwarzkopf said U.S. forces were flying about 2,000 air sorties a day and were hitting their targets 80% of the time.

U.S. AIR CASUALTIES (AP) -- The Gulf War claimed two additional U.S. aircraft as U.S.-led forces engaged in a new wave of attacks aimed at destroying missile launchers used by Iraq to attack Israel. Four crewmen were missing. The Pentagon identified the two additional missing planes as a Navy A-6 Intruder and an Air Force F-15E Strike Eagle. No information was available on the fate of the two crewmen aboard each plane.

(Nicosia/Reuter) -- An Iraqi military spokesman claimed the country's air defense forces shot down five more enemy aircraft on Friday, bringing to 65 the number of allied planes Baghdad says it has downed.

SAUDI-KUWAIT BORDER CONFLICT (With the 1st Marine Division/AP) -- Marine Corps helicopters and jet fighters attacked Iraqi ground forces inside Kuwait hours after a U.S.-led air raid began the Gulf war. The attack inside Kuwait early Thursday also followed Iraqi artillery fire on Marine ground forces near the Saudi border town of Khafji. Marine AM-1T Cobra helicopter gunships attacked and destroyed an Iraqi command post and AV-8B Harrier fighters heavily damaged an Iraqi artillery battery from three to six miles north of the Kuwait-Saudi border. No U.S. casualties were reported, but several Marine bunkers were destroyed by artillery fire.

GULF WAR/JAPAN (Tokyo/AP) -- Japanese officials were working on a new aid package to support the Gulf War that they said would surpass the \$2 billion Japan pledged last September.

FOREIGN MARKETS (AP) -- Trading on European markets was subdued today, with oil prices rising about a dollar and stocks holding steady, as investors appeared to hold out hope for a short war in the Gulf. Earlier in the day in Tokyo, the market fluctuated wildly. Stocks opened strongly then plunged as oil prices rose when word came that Iraq had launched missiles into Israel. But by the end of trading, stocks had rallied and oil prices closed only slightly higher.

U.S. PLANES/TURKEY (Ankara/Reuter) -- U.S. aircraft, authorized by Ankara to mount air strikes from joint bases, flew night missions early Friday as opposition parties voiced fear that raids could bring NATO-member Turkey into war with Iraq.

BERLIN U.S. EMBASSY/PROTEST (Berlin/AP) -- Radical anti-war protesters hurled rocks and firebombs at riot police outside a U.S. diplomatic outpost in Berlin, police said today, after a night of demonstrations that drew more than 100,000 Germans into the streets.

ANTI-U.S. PROTEST/IRAN (Nicosia/Reuter) -- Shouting "Death to America" and "Death to Israel," Iranians attending Tehran's mass prayers denounced the U.S. for attacking Iraq, the Iranian news agency IRNA reported. "The worshippers...condemned the United States and its allies for waging a war and massacring Moslems in the region," it said.

SADDAM/JORDANIAN SUPPORT (Amman/UPI) -- Preachers called in Friday prayers around Jordan for Muslim solidarity with Saddam Hussein in his battle against allied forces. "Saddam is waging a battle against the infidels, the unbelievers, on behalf of Islam, and will emerge victorious, God willing," Minister of Islamic Affairs al Kelani told worshippers in Amman.

LITHUANIA/SOVIETS (Vilnius/Reuter) -- Soviet troops detained a Lithuanian member of parliament overnight, fanning fears that the Gulf War could provide cover for a further Kremlin crackdown on the tiny rebel republic. The parliamentarian, Vidmantas Povilionis, was released without explanation Friday morning.

CHINESE TRIALS/U.S. (Beijing/Reuter) -- The need for Chinese cooperation on the Gulf has not diluted U.S. pressure on Beijing to observe human rights, U.S. officials said. They said they have made the U.S. position clear to China, particularly now that trials of dissidents involved in the 1989 pro-democracy movement have begun.

###

We are in
the 41st hr
of Operation
Desert Storm
7.

1/18/91
12 noon

Opening Remarks by President

- I only have a few opening remarks, and then I'll be glad to take your questions.
- We are now some 37 hours into Operation Desert Storm and the Liberation of Kuwait.
- So far, so good. U.S. and Coalition military forces have performed bravely, professionally and effectively.
- It is important, however, to keep in mind two things. First, this effort will take some time. Saddam Hussein

has devoted nearly all of Iraq's resources for a decade to building his military machine, and we cannot expect to overcome it overnight, especially as we want to minimize casualties to U.S. and coalition forces and to minimize any harm done to innocent civilians.

- Second, we must be realistic. There will be losses and obstacles along the way. War is never cheap or easy.
- I say this only because I am somewhat concerned over the initial euphoria in

some of the reporting and reactions to the first day's developments. But no one should doubt or question our ultimate success. We will prevail.

-- Our goals have not changed. What we seek is what the international community seeks, namely, Iraq's complete and unconditional withdrawal from Kuwait and full compliance with the Security Council resolutions.

-- I also want to say how outraged I am by Iraq's latest act of aggression, in this case against Israel. Once again,

we see that no neighbor of Iraq is safe.

-- I want to state here publicly how much I appreciate Israel's restraint. From the outset of this crisis, Prime Minister Shamir and his government have shown great understanding for the interests of the United States.

-- Close consultations with Israel are continuing. So too are close consultations with coalition partners. Already today I have spoken with Prime Minister Mulroney.

- In that vein, I also had a good conversation this morning with Soviet President Gorbachev, in which we thoroughly reviewed the situation in the Gulf. I took the opportunity of the call to reiterate my deep concern over the Baltics and the need to ensure that there is a peaceful resolution to the situation there.
- Let me close here by saying how much we appreciate what our fighting men and women are doing. I hope they are heartened, as I am, with the

- 6 -

tremendous outpouring of approval from the American people. Our men and women in uniform deserve the full support of all Americans, and they are receiving it.

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
11. Talking Points	Points to be Made for Telephone Conversation with Prime Minister Shamir (3 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011	OA/ID Number: 90579-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information



SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

Friday, January 18, 1991

7:30 am (15 min)	B <u>Coffee with Daphne Murray (Presock)</u>	Oval Office
8:00 am (15 min)	<u>Intelligence Briefing (Scowcroft/Sununu)</u>	Oval Office
8:15 am (30 min)	<u>National Security Briefing (Scowcroft/Sununu)</u>	Oval Office
8:45 am (30 min)	<u>Meeting with Governor Sununu</u>	Oval Office
9:15 am (45 min)	<u>Administrative Time</u>	Oval Office
10:00 am (60 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
11:00 am (30 min)	<u>Meeting with Secretary Baker</u>	Oval Office
11:30 am (30 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
12:00 pm (60 min)	<u>Lunch with the Vice President</u>	Oval Office
1:00 pm (80 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
2:20 pm	<u>The President departs for "Desert Storm" Briefing at the Pentagon (Scowcroft)</u>	South Lawn
3:30 pm	<u>The President and Mrs. Bush depart for Camp David</u>	The Pentagon
4:00 pm	<u>Arrive Camp David</u>	
	B <u>RON Camp David</u>	

UNP 01/17/91
5:00 pm

0716 POTUS IN OVAL 0723 ADD SCOWCROFT, GATES

0730 ADD FITZWATER 0744 ALL OUT

0750 ADD DAPHNE MURRAY 0759 ADD SUNUNU/MURRAY OUT

0801 ADD GATES, DCI, PETERS

0803 ADD SCOWCROFT 0823 DCI, PETERS OUT

0825 ADD VP 0841 SUNUNU, VP OUT

0845 SCOWCROFT, GATES OUT 0849 ADD FITZWATER

0851 FITZWATER OUT 0856 ADD SCOWCROFT, GATES
SUNUNU, VP, CHENEY, HAAS
BAKER

1008 ALL OUT/EXCEPT BAKER, SCOWCROFT

1012 BAKER OUT

1030 ADD SUNUNU 1034 ADD BAKER, GATES

1036 ADD FITZWATER, CARD

1043 BAKER, SCOWCROFT, GATES, FITZWATER OUT

1058 SUNUNU OUT 1101 ADD SCOWCROFT

1107 ADD GATES 1109 GATES OUT

1114 SCOWCROFT OUT 1149 ADD SUNUNU, FITZWATER

1150 ADD SCOWCROFT, GATES

1200 POTUS TO PRESS BRIEFING ROOM

1226 POTUS IN OVAL / ADD VP

1313 ADD SUNUNU 1321 SUNUNU OUT

1322 ADD SCOWCROFT 1333 VP OUT

1340 SCOWCROFT OUT 1419 ADD SUNUNU

1421 POTUS TO SOUTH GROUNDS 1422 POTUS DEPART
ENROUTE PENTAGON

1430 POTUS ARRIVE PENTAGON

1432 POTUS ARRIVE GOLD ROOM FOR BRIEFING

1541 POTUS DEPARTS GOLD ROOM ENROUTE ~~HELIPAD~~ HELIPAD

1545 POTUS ARRIVE HELIPAD 1620 ARRIVE CAMP DAVID

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
12a. Log	White House Telephone Log [Signal Switchboard] [redaction of personal information] (2 pp.)	01/18/91	(b)(6)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011	OA/ID Number: 90579-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
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RESTRICTION CODES

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM
SIGNAL SWITCHBOARD

January 18, 1991

	TIME		NAME	ACTION
	PLACED	DISC		
OUT	9:20 AM	10:34	Conference Call: President Mikhail Gorbachev Residence, Moscow, Soviet Union	Tlkd-ok 9:23 AM Disconnect 10:06 AM
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Mr. Cornelius F. O'Leary White House Situation Room White House Signal 2-2264	Tlkd-ok 10:16 AM
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Mr. Dimitry Zarechnak (b)(6)	
INC	PM			
OUT	10:08 AM	10:20	Conference Call: Prime Minister Brian Mulroney (b)(6)	Tlkd-ok 10:10 AM Phone Passed to
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Mr. Adrian A. Basora Office, Washington, D.C. 395-5076	General Scowcroft 10:15 AM
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Mr. Cornelius F. O'Leary White House Situation Room White House Signal 2-2262	
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Conference Call: Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir (b)(6)	Tlkd-ok 1:22 PM
INC	1:16 PM	1:37		
OUT	AM		Mr. Richard N. Haass General Scowcroft's Office Washington, D.C. White House Signal 2-2260	
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Mr. David C. Welch White House Situation Room White House Signal 2-2264	
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Secretary Louis W. Sullivan En route Andrews Air Force Base Maryland SAM 86970	LW with Ms. Presock 4:20 PM
INC	4:11 PM			
OUT	AM		Ms. Patty Presock Office, Washington, D.C. White House Signal 2-2199	Tlkd-ok 4:32 PM
INC	4:31 PM	4:33		

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM
SIGNAL SWITCHBOARD

January 18, 1991

	TIME		NAME	ACTION
	PLACED	DISC		
OUT	AM		General Brent Scowcroft Office, Washington, D.C.	LW with Major Caughman
INC	5:36 PM	6:52	White House Signal 2-2260	5:37 PM
OUT	AM			Tlkd-ok 6:47 PM
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Mr. Marvin Bush Birch Cabin, Camp David, Maryland	Tlkd-ok 5:49 PM
INC	5:48 PM	5:49	Camp David Signal 4-1710	
OUT	AM		Mr. George W. Bush Jr. (b)(6)	Tlkd-ok 7:56 PM
INC	7:54 PM	8:01		
OUT	AM		Mr. Marvin Bush Birch Cabin, Camp David, Maryland	Tlkd-ok 8:32 PM
INC	8:30 PM	8:33	Camp David Signal 4-1710	
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
12b. Log	White House Telephone Log [President Bush] [redaction of personal information] (1 pp.)	01/18/91	(b)(6)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011	OA/ID Number: 90579-005
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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

PRESIDENT BUSH

JANUARY 18 th , 19 91

	TIME		NAME	ACTION
	PLACED	DISC		
OUT	5:33 AM	5:37	SITUATION ROOM OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 659	TLKD-OK WITH MR. DAVID RADI
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	7:06 AM	7:08	MRS. PATRICIA A. PRESOCK OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 620	TLKD-OK
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	7:08 AM		MR. GARY WALTERS OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 780	MR. JAMES W.F. ALLEN WENT UP TO SEE PRESUS CA.
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	7:48 AM	7:54	SECRETARY JAMES A. BAKER III (b)(6)	TLKD-OK 7:51 A.M.
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	11:09 AM	11:12	SECRETARY JAMES A. BAKER III OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 420	TLKD-OK 11:10 A.M.
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	11:22 AM	11:29	SENATOR ARLEN SPECTER OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. 202-224-9012	TLKD-OK
INC	PM			

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

PRESIDENT BUSH

JANUARY 18 th , 19 91

	TIME		NAME	ACTION
	PLACED	DISC		
OUT	XAM		CONGRESSMAN C.W. YOUNG WASHINGTON, D.C.	
XMR	1:10 PM	1:11	202-225-7350	TLKD-OK
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	XAM		SPEAKER THOMAS S. FOLEY OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C.	
XMR	2:03 PM	2:15	202-225-5604	TLKD-OK 2:12 P.M.
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			

PRESIDENTIAL MOVEMENTS

LOCATION Washington, D.C.
Camp David, Maryland

DATE 18 January 1991

[illegible]



News Summary

OFFICE OF THE PRESS SECRETARY

FRIDAY, JANUARY 18, 1991
6:00 A.M. EST EDITION

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

Bush Condemns Iraqi Strike Against Israel, Orders More Attacks - An outraged President Bush condemned Iraq's missile strike on Israel Thursday night and ordered intensified allied air attacks against Iraqi targets in a bid to hold together the Arab members of his Gulf coalition. (Chicago Tribune)

Israel Contemplates Retaliation To Iraqi Missile Attacks -- Prime Minister Shamir summoned his cabinet Friday to discuss whether to retaliate against Iraq after a missile attack on two cities that injured 12 people. (Reuter)

Senate Commends Bush, Backs Troops -- The Senate voted without dissent Thursday night to commend President Bush and support U.S. troops in the Gulf after nearly a day of partisan squabbling over how far it should go in praising the President and endorsing his decision to take the country to war. (Washington Post, Boston Globe, USA Today)

Persian Gulf War Sends Stock Markets, Oil Prices Reeling -- Tokyo's financial markets swung wildly Friday, with stocks diving and oil prices rising on word that Iraq had fired missiles at Israel, but stocks recovered and oil prices fell when Israel did not immediately retaliate. (AP)

NETWORK NEWS (Thursday evening)

DESERT STORM -- There is no letup in the round-the-clock massive air campaign being waged by American warplanes.

There are strong indications that allied forces are making the final preparations for the invasion of Kuwait.

The U.S. Air Force wanted to knock Iraqi television off the air so Saddam could not communicate with his people.

INTERNATIONAL NEWS...A-1

NETWORK NEWS.....B-1

EDITORIALS.....C-1

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

ISRAEL CONTEMPLATES RETALIATION TO IRAQI MISSILE ATTACKS

JERUSALEM -- Prime Minister Shamir summoned his cabinet Friday to discuss whether to retaliate against Iraq after a missile attack on two cities that injured 12 people.

The Iraqis fired at least eight Soviet-made Scud missiles at Israel at 2:30 a.m. (7:30 p.m. EST Thursday), striking the coastal cities of Tel Aviv and Haifa and drawing the Jewish state into the Gulf war....

President Bush promised the U.S. would retaliate "intensively," Israel Radio reported, but the Israeli government indicated it may act on its own after staying out of the conflict so far at Washington's insistence.

"The United States has promised an appropriate response to the firing of missiles by Iraq on Israel, and the government ministers will have to decide this morning whether they are satisfied for now with this promise or whether Israel will activate on its own its right to self defense," Israel Radio said....

"We don't want this war," Foreign Minister Levy told Israel Radio. but he added: "One thing is clear to everyone, that it is Israel's right and also its duty to take steps for its defense."

In a statement, the White House said Secretary Baker "assured the prime minister that the United States is continuing its efforts to eliminate this threat."

(Robert Mahoney, Reuter)

IRAQ FIRES SCUD MISSILE AT SAUDI ARABIA, BUT IT'S INTERCEPTED

IN SAUDI ARABIA -- Iraq sought revenge against America's relentless air attack by firing a Scud-type ground-to-ground missile into Saudi Arabia Friday, but a U.S. interceptor missile knocked it down.

Bad weather and fierce anti-aircraft fire frustrated Thursday's carpet bombing by U.S. warplanes. But fighter pilots expressed satisfaction that they were off to a strong start in their quest to destroy Iraq's air defense.

More waves of fighter planes struck today, and ground forces were moving into final positions to be ready for an assault on Kuwait when the military decides Iraqi resistance has been softened.

The 1st Marine Division came close to ground combat on Thursday near the abandoned town of Khafji just inside of the Kuwait border. U.S. cobra gunship helicopters and combat support fighters strafed Iraqi artillery positions after shells ignited oil refinery tanks.

Later, sporadic shelling wounded several Marines and paramedical corpsmen who were evacuated by helicopter to the rear. Officials described their injuries as "slight."

(Edith Lederer, AP)

IRAQ CONFIRMS MISSILE ATTACKS ON ISRAEL

NICOSIA -- Iraq confirmed Friday it fired missiles at Israel.

A military statement read on Baghdad Radio, monitored in Cyprus, said "our missile forces have hit political and economic targets in Tel Aviv, Haifa and other areas" in the Jewish state.

"Israel has to get out of the Palestinian land and other Arab lands," the statement said. (Reuter)

**BUSH CONDEMNS IRAQI STRIKE AGAINST ISRAEL,
ORDERS MORE AIR ATTACKS**

An outraged President Bush condemned Iraq's missile strike on Israel Thursday night and ordered intensified allied air attacks against Iraqi targets in a bid to hold together the Arab members of his Gulf coalition.

At the White House, Bush and his senior aides spent two tense hours assessing the extent of the Iraqi missile attacks on Israel and Saudi Arabia and determining how and who should respond.

The instant dilemma facing the President was that an Israeli retaliation would endanger the Arab alliance he has gathered....

It was not immediately clear if Israel would retaliate for Thursday night's attack, but Secretary Baker telephoned the ambassadors of Israel, Saudi Arabia, Egypt and Syria in order to avert a breakdown in possibly the most critical early phase of the war against Iraq....

Refusing to get swept away by the U.S.'s early success in suppressing Iraqi forces, Bush warned Americans earlier Thursday that the currents of war often take wrenching turns. Hours later, Iraq attacked Israel. (Timothy McNulty, Chicago Tribune)

U.S. REPORTS THREE PLANES LOST IN FIRST DAY OF WAR

RIYADH -- The U.S. lost three aircraft with five airmen during the first day of air raids against targets in Iraq and Kuwait, a U.S. military statement said Friday.

The latest two planes missing are a U.S. Navy A-6 Intruder and an Air Force F-15E Eagle, it said. Both planes carry a crew of two. Britain has lost two planes, Kuwaiti forces one and Italy one in the allied assaults. (Reuter)

**ITALIAN TORNADO FIGHTER MISSING
IN GULF -- ITALIAN AIR FORCE**

ROME -- One of the 10 Italian Tornado fighters taking part in the Persian Gulf conflict is missing, the Italian air force said Friday.

It said in a statement that the fighter, with its two-man crew, had not returned to its base in Abu Dhabi....

The statement said the air force had no information on the fate of the crew. (Reuter)

SENATE COMMENDS BUSH, BACKS TROOPS

The Senate voted without dissent Thursday night to commend President Bush and support U.S. troops in the Gulf after nearly a day of partisan squabbling over how far it should go in praising the President and endorsing his decision to take the country to war.

The resolution, which the House was expected to consider Thursday, was a compromise in which Democrats agreed to praise the President and Republicans dropped language that would have put Congress on record as supporting his decision to use military force against Iraq.

The vote was 98-0. Sens. Glenn and Cranston did not vote....

"I want a resolution that endorses the President's action" as well as expressing support for U.S. armed forces, said Sen. Gramm, expressing what appeared to be a nearly unanimous GOP position.

To vote for such a resolution now is a "ridiculous effort to try for political cover on one hand or to give the President more authority and leeway than he requires," said Sen. Harkin....

Speaker Foley said the debate in policy was over. "I am not going to go back and decide whether or not we should or shouldn't -- or want to -- start that debate over again," he said. Instead, Foley said, Congress should unite and give its full support, including any necessary funding, for U.S. troops.

(Helen Dewar, Washington Post, A29)

Partisan Bickering Emerges Over Resolution -- Just as Congress had hoped to unveil united support for the war against Iraq, an ugly partisan dispute emerged Thursday over the wording of a resolution praising the troops on the battlefield....

Sen. Garn blasted the dispute as "pathetic," saying that "the bickering that went on today has no place in war."

After a series of closed-door debates, the two sides reached a compromise, and the Senate passed a resolution 98-0....

Rep. Hamilton said that the "political fallout from the war will be very, very extreme."

The Congress and the administration, said Hamilton, must begin tackling the problems that will arise after the war. He said his Foreign Relations subcommittee may hold hearings later this month....

Sen. Graham...said a new security organization, similar to NATO, should be created after the war, including Egypt, Saudi Arabia, Turkey and "hopefully Israel," so that the American presence could eventually shrink....

Sen. D'Amato said the U.S. should work to bring "security and peace" to the region. He added that the fall of Saddam Hussein should eliminate some of the "radical elements" in the region....

Thursday morning, congressional leaders met with President Bush....

Sen. Dole said the President indicated he "felt that we'd been successful. He didn't want anybody to have a feeling of euphoria."

Foley, who also attended the meeting with Bush, told reporters that Iraq may not have been able to launch a counteroffensive because many of its weapons were destroyed in the initial bombing raids....

Rep. Sanders wrote a letter to Foley Thursday urging fellow members to ask Bush to stop the bombing immediately and request that the U.N. negotiate with Saddam.

(Michael Frisby, Boston Globe)

In War, Congress Closes Ranks -- ...Of dozens of speakers on the House floor, only two -- Reps. Dellums and Sanders -- objected to the war.

Sanders called it "a tragic day for humanity" and said, "it is incumbent upon us to do everything in our power to prevent unnecessary bloodshed and support our troops in the most basic way, bringing them home alive."

After Sanders spoke, Rep. Solomon (R.-N.Y.) hissed in a stage whisper, "Jane Fonda over there."...

Even members who had voted against the use of force offered their support to the decision to attack.

"America's top guns have prevailed," crowed Rep. Coleman (R.-Mo.)....

"There won't be any successful effort to restrict appropriations while we have men and women fighting," said Sen. Levin.
(Leslie Phillips, USA Today, A8)

ATTACK ON ISRAEL SHATTERS CONGRESS' EUPHORIA

Congress closed ranks Thursday behind U.S. military forces in Operation Desert Storm, but an almost euphoric mood created by the first day of an air offensive against Iraq was shattered by a missile attack on Israel....

Sen. Nunn said, "It would be difficult for Israel not to respond" and cautioned that the international coalition arrayed against Iraq could unravel....

Rep. Matsui said he now expects a massive Israeli counter-attack, and that he feared either Israel or allied forces would be prompted by the attack on Israel to make "Iraq look like a parking lot."...

Sen. McCain said he doubted Israel would retaliate, adding, "They'll realize it's not in their interest to disrupt the coalition."

McCain said the missile attack was a "mini-crisis that will be resolved in about two hours unless he (Saddam) can re-load and send more missiles."...

Rep. Solarz said, "No one can reasonably or rationally deny Israel the right to retaliate."
(Steve Gerstel, UPI)

In Congress, Fears Over Effect On Coalition -- Key members of Congress fear the missile attack on Israel could split the coalition aligned against Saddam, but caution it's too soon to predict the Arab response to Israeli retaliation....

Among the pessimists, Sen. Exon predicted the attack could cripple the alliance by pitting Arabs against Israelis. "All hell will break loose now," Exon said. "I wouldn't be surprised to see the whole Middle East enflamed in war."...

"The Arab mind is pretty much like any other mind," said Rep. Gejdenson (D.-Conn.). "They understand that Saddam Hussein is a greater threat to the royal family than the Israelis ever have been."

"I think the coalition holds," said Rep. Ackerman (D.-N.Y.) "Arab nations are probably more petrified now, not knowing what to do. It behooves the Israelis to make sure they decimate him."

"This gives us a dose of reality," said Sen. Lieberman (D.-Conn.). "It reinforces our need to stop Saddam and eliminate the threat."
(Richard Wolf & Leslie Phillips, USA Today, A3)

ATTACK DAMPENS PENTAGON EUPHORIA

Iraq's missile attack against Israel dampened euphoria at the Pentagon over the progress of Operation Desert Storm Thursday, with officials releasing operational details about efforts to destroy all Scud missile sites.

"I'm relatively certain that the (stationary) Scud sites were taken care of," one senior Pentagon official said. He added that several U.S. fighters retaliated against mobile sites used to launch Scud missiles against Israel in an effort to keep the Israelis from entering the fray and potentially widening the operation.

But the official warned that other mobile sites, like the ones used to launch the Scud missiles, remained.

(Steven Heilbrunner, UPI)

AMERICANS ENDORSE BUSH'S LATEST ACTIONS -- POLL

NEW YORK -- A nation that only last week seemed split over whether to back President Bush's policy in the Persian Gulf now overwhelmingly approves, according to a poll released Friday.

The CBS News/New York Times poll found that on the issue of whether the U.S. was correct in attacking Iraq, 78 percent of those questioned approved while only 18 percent felt economic sanctions should have been given more time to work....

Bush also seems to have regained the job approval rating he enjoyed a year ago. When asked if they approved of the President's overall job, 86 percent said yes.

(Reuter)

**SOME SAUDI FORCES RETREAT FROM KUWAITI BORDER
UNDER IRAQI ARTILLERY BARRAGE**

NORTHEASTERN SAUDI ARABIA -- The world's attention was riveted Thursday on the all-out allied air war against Iraq and its armed forces. But on the ground, some Saudi Army forces retreated in the face of an Iraqi artillery barrage and there were conflicting reports on Iraqi defections....

Officials of Kuwait's government-in-exile said there were numerous instances of Iraqi soldiers laying down their arms and defecting. However, the commander of joint Arab forces said there had been no Iraqi defections.

In Kuwait, hospitals were jammed with hundreds of wounded Iraqi soldiers, according to Dr. Abdul Rahman Awadi, Kuwait's minister of state for cabinet affairs.

Awadi, a physician, said he had been in contact with doctors at Kuwait's two 500-bed hospitals. Both facilities, he said, could not cope with the number of wounded....

The Saudi retreat occurred near Khafji.... Under fire, Saudi units withdrew hastily, according to American officials.

(Walter Robinson, Boston Globe)

PERSIAN GULF WAR SENDS STOCK MARKETS, OIL PRICES REELING

Tokyo's financial markets swung wildly Friday, with stocks diving and oil prices rising on word that Iraq had fired missiles at Israel, but stocks recovered and oil prices fell when Israel did not immediately retaliate.

Iraq's retaliation for the U.S.-led aid attack on Wednesday sent crude oil prices about \$3 a barrel higher in early trading in Tokyo. After a few minutes, prices eased back slightly. Later in the afternoon, oil had returned to levels slightly above Thursday's close in New York....

The Nikkei finished the day up 361.49 points, or 1.54 percent, at 23,808.30. (AP)

REACTION OF MARKETS IS SWIFT**Stocks Rise, Oil Falls In Frenzied Trading**

The stock market Thursday posted the second biggest gain in its history and crude oil prices plunged by one-third to levels that prevailed before last August's invasion of Kuwait, which analysts said underscored the importance of war fears and expectations in this volatile market.

Stock prices in New York soared in an early burst of euphoria, before leveling off pending further news of fighting in the Gulf. The Dow...finished up 114.61 points in heavy trading as 318.9 million shares changed hands.

The jump in prices of company shares in New York, London and Tokyo, along with the swift slide in crude oil prices, were seen by analysts as a demonstration of the importance of how war news has driven financial markets since Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion of Kuwait. (Steven Mufson, Washington Post, A1)

War Rallies Markets -- Early Spoil Of War: Oil Drops \$10.56 -- Iraq's failure to strike Middle East oil fields and refineries sent crude oil prices plunging \$10.56 a barrel Thursday -- biggest one-day drop ever.

On the New York Mercantile Exchange, light, sweet crude oil for February delivery fell to \$21.44 a barrel. That's the lowest closing price since July 31 -- two days before Iraq invaded Kuwait....

Word that the USA would offer to sell 1.1 million barrels of oil a day from government strategic reserves -- and similar offers by other governments -- helped push oil prices down.

(James Cox, USA Today, B1)

TURKISH ASSEMBLY APPROVES USE OF AIR BASES FOR ATTACKS

INCIRLIK AIR BASE, Turkey -- The National Assembly voted overwhelmingly Thursday to allow the U.S. to use Turkish military bases, a move that opposition leaders charged could drag the country into the Gulf war.

President Ozal...said the vote meant the U.S. could now use Turkish bases. He told CNN that a decision to launch strikes from them was now "up to the United States."

(Jonathan Randal, Washington Post, A27)

JORDAN REOPENS BORDER TO ALL GULF CRISIS REFUGEES, OFFICIAL

AMMAN -- Jordan Friday opened its border with Iraq to all refugees from the Gulf war after obtaining U.N. support for the relief operation, the country's top relief officials said.

"As of today, we will allow any evacuee from Iraq and Kuwait to come in because we don't want any human suffering on this border," Salameh Hammad, head of a ministerial evacuation committee, told Reuters. (Reuter)

ATTACK ON IRAQ DRAWS ANGRY REACTIONS FROM MUSLIM WORLD

AMMAN -- The U.S.-led attack on Iraq drew an angry reaction Thursday from governments and people alike in Amman and elsewhere in the Muslim world.

An official statement issued after King Hussein met with the Cabinet deplored the aerial bombardment and said it "constitutes a brutal attack against an Arab and Muslim country and people which has always acted to help its Arab brethren."

The statement reflected the mood in the streets of the Jordanian capital. Scores of young men lined up outside the Iraqi embassy to volunteer for war service, and several foreign journalists were beaten up when they ventured into sensitive areas of the city. (Ray Mosley, Chicago Tribune)

SOVIET UNION, ALLIES SUPPORT U.S. ACTION

The Soviet Union Thursday expressed strong support for the U.S.-led attack on Iraqi positions in the Gulf even though Washington had refused its request to postpone the bombing just before war erupted so President Gorbachev could make a final plea to Saddam Hussein to back down....

Only a few countries condemned the bombing raids; Cuba and North Korea denounced it, and Iran bitterly complained that the Gulf war would benefit Israel....

China...expressed its "deep anxiety and concern" over the outbreak of hostilities and urged restraint....

Allies of the U.S. not participating in the hostilities, such as Japan and South Korea, strongly supported the action, as did governments with forces involved in the war, such as France and Britain....

The European allies, meeting Thursday in Paris, rallied behind the military drive to oust Iraq from Kuwait but also reaffirmed their political differences with Washington by proclaiming their firm support for an international conference to forge a new security order after the war is over.

(Valerie Strauss, Washington Post, A30)

GULF WAR IN FULL SWING, JAPAN STILL SQUABBLES

TOKYO -- While the air war in the Persian Gulf may be in full swing, Japan is still squabbling over whether to send aircraft to a non-combat area, Jordan, to evacuate refugees.

Prime Minister Kaifu told parliament Friday Tokyo planned to send private aircraft to evacuate civilians stranded in the Middle East and, possibly, military planes....

Fearing a backlash over its non-involvement in the Gulf war, Kaifu is trying to put Japanese on the ground in the region.

(Mark O'Neil, Reuter)

ANTI-AMERICAN INCIDENTS REPORTED AROUND THE WORLD

A spate of anti-American protests including several firebombings were reported around the world Thursday, but the State Department said there were no injuries, only minor damage and no "specific and credible" threats of terrorism.

In what appeared to be the most serious incident following the U.S.-led attack on Iraq, a powerful bomb exploded in a busy New Delhi marketplace, just outside the offices of an American Airlines travel agency. Police said no one asserted responsibility for the attack. (George Lardner & Sharon LaFraniere, Washington Post, A30)

BOMB FOUND IN U.S. ENVOY'S RESIDENCE IN INDONESIA

JAKARTA -- A bomb found in the grounds of the home of the U.S. ambassador to Indonesia Friday was removed by police and detonated, an embassy spokesman said....

There were no injuries.

(Reuter)

BUSH SPEECH DRAWS RECORD TV VIEWERS

LOS ANGELES -- More Americans watched President Bush's televised speech on the outbreak of war with Iraq than any other event since the funeral of President Kennedy, according to preliminary ratings.

More than three-quarters, or 78.8 percent, of the nation's TV households tuned in at 9 p.m. EST Wednesday for Bush's speech, according to overnight ratings in 25 major cities surveyed by the A.C. Nielsen Co.

The Bush broadcast might even become the most-watched event in TV history, since the full national ratings are expected to exceed the overnight figures, said David Poltrack, CBS vice president for research and planning.

(AP)

**SETTING THE HOUR FOR THE WAR TO START:
BUSH GAVE IRAQIS ONE DAY OF GRACE**

Senior administration officials who took part in the decision to attack Iraq say President Bush decided to give Saddam one day of grace -- all day Jan. 16. Baghdad time -- before giving the order for war.

Some senior officials say they thought Saddam needed to show his people and the Arab world he could defy the Jan. 15 deadline for withdrawal before making concessions....

"Our biggest mistake was not to appreciate Saddam's inability to calculate his own interests," said a senior administration official Thursday, after the war had begun. "We told him all along, 'Don't miscalculate where the brink is here,' and he miscalculated. Frankly, I thought he was smarter than that."

Giving the Iraq leader one day past the U.N. deadline and then going to war was the culmination of an approach to the Gulf crisis that characterized President Bush and his closest advisers since the start: a commitment to reverse the Iraqi invasion while hoping that force, with all of its military and political uncertainties, would not be necessary. (Thomas Friedman, New York Times, A11)

PRO- AND ANTI-WAR FEELINGS EXPRESSED ACROSS NATION

Anti-war activists held protest rallies around the country Thursday, a handful involving civil disobedience and arrests, while other Americans found less demonstrative ways to voice their support for Operation Desert Storm.

One of them was to flood military recruiting offices with inquiries about enlisting....

The largest anti-war demonstrations were in New York, San Francisco and Boston, where protesters numbering in the thousands massed at public buildings, blocked traffic and engaged in sporadic scuffling with police. A cross-generational crowd of about 200 gathered in Lafayette Square across from the White House....

Anti-war rallies held on dozens of college campuses were mostly small and quiet; they bore little resemblance to the demonstrations that gripped the country at the height of the Vietnam War, as students went out of their way to voice support for U.S. troops. On some campuses and in some cities, there were counter-demonstrations in support of the war.

(Paul Taylor, Washington Post, A23)

Thousands Protest Outbreak Of War, Some Clash With Supporters --

Demonstrators blocked federal buildings and rural bridges Thursday as anti-war protests turned into civil disobedience in many parts of the country. Hundreds were arrested, some in confrontations with supporters of the war.

In some cities, passers-by taunted protesters with chants of "Move to Iraq." In Georgia, legislators angrily walked out on an anti-war speech in the state house....

In San Francisco, riotous demonstrations escalated into rock throwing and shouted obscenities. Police arrested about 750 people....

In Washington, 14 people were arrested near the White House after two protesters were clubbed by U.S. Park Police and others threw rocks and bottles....

About 1,100 anti-war protesters tied up afternoon rush-hour with a two-mile march from Philadelphia's City Hall to the Liberty Bell and back....

In Boston, some of the 600 demonstrators at the John F. Kennedy building tried to block the entrance. Eighty-four were arrested.

(Jim Fitzgerald, AP)

BUSH RUNS LEAK-FREE WHITE HOUSE

The strike by U.S.-led aircraft on Iraq and Kuwait shows again that the Bush administration knows how to keep a secret in a leaky capital....

No outsiders knew it -- especially not even Saddam Hussein -- until bombs began to hit Baghdad.

Reporters, however, reached deep into bags of tricks to pull out a clue -- from relentless questioning of administration insiders to monitoring limousine traffic entering the White House gates.

But it was to no avail. Citing security precautions, administration aides refused to budge.

(Richard Benedetto, USA Today, A8)

BUSH SETS SOMBER TONE, SEEING HARD DAYS AHEAD

At an afternoon Cabinet meeting Thursday, the men who had decided to go to war could not help but be in a good mood. Initial reports showed that America's forces had performed with a "Top Gun" expertise and panache, the international coalition was holding and congressional leaders and the public were giving the President firm backing....

Even before the attack on Israel, George Bush held himself apart, not smiling, not joking. He kept a somber and businesslike demeanor, even when the Cabinet officers around him grinned and laughed with relief and pride as Gen. Powell told anecdotes of nervous young pilots becoming poised war heroes....

"He was guarding against showing too much emotion," [a] senior aide said. "He wanted to appear somber and concerned in every meeting."
(Maureen Dowd, New York Times, A11)

**U.S. TO LOSE PEACE WITHOUT
CLARIFYING LONG-TERM IRAQ GOALS, ANALYSTS SAY**

The U.S. will win the war but lose the peace unless it swiftly begins to make clear its long-term intentions toward Iraq and the Gulf region, according to military and international affairs analysts.

Destruction of Iraq's regionally dominant military will create a power vacuum, and if the U.S. or the U.N. does not manage this void, observers say, Syria or Iran...will try to fill it....

Michael Corgan, a former Navy commander and instructor at the Naval War College who now lectures on international relations and the history of war at Boston University, said Thursday that "the resolution of any war is always going to be a political resolution. There is no way around that. And this means controlling the ground. Ground forces have to be involved."

"It is insufficient to say we will liberate Kuwait," Corgan asserted. "How do we ensure Iraq is no longer a threat?"...

Philip Khoury, a specialist on war and society in the Middle East, said the U.S. and its allies would have to control arms flows in the region and, to some extent, the structure of the next regime in Iraq "to keep this from happening again," but to do this directly, with U.S. troops, would turn current support in the Arab world into animosity.

(Charles Radin, Boston Globe)

U.S. PILOTS WARNED ON COMPLACENCY
Ineffective Iraqi Defense Against Air Attacks Puzzles Many

DHAHRAN -- U.S. commanders are warning pilots, flush with the success of their first bombing runs over Iraq, not to be lulled into complacency by Iraq's ineffective air defense over the last 24 hours.

"It's not over...and we need to be smart about it," warned Lt. Col. Don Kline, commander of the 27th Tactical Fighter Squadron who led one of the first flights of F-15 fighters over Iraq Thursday. "We had one good morning. You sting 'em quick, you're winning 7-0, but...you get overconfident and they beat you."...

Military authorities note that despite the seeming success of the first 24 hours of air missions, hundreds of targets remain untouched and planes will have to make second attempts to hit dozens of other targets that bombs or missiles missed or failed to completely destroy during the first effort.

(Molly Moore & Guy Gugliotta, Washington Post, A1)

MOSCOW WARNED ON BALTIC REPRESSION
U.S., In Tough Statement, Says Cooperation May Be Curtailed

The Bush administration, in its toughest and most explicit policy statement on the violent Soviet crackdown in the three Baltic states, said Thursday it is considering curtailing "the whole range of programs of cooperation with the Soviet Union" if Moscow's repression intensifies.

Assistant Secretary of State Seitz, in an attempt to signal how serious the U.S. considers the crackdown, said both substantive and symbolic steps are under consideration. Officials said Seitz's statement reflected growing apprehension, based on troop movements, that further Soviet military action in the Baltic states might be imminent, as well as an assessment that the future of President Gorbachev and the course of Soviet politics and national policy are at an important turning point.

"We are outraged by the killing of unarmed civilians in Vilnius by Soviet military units on January 13," Seitz said in testimony to a special hearing of the Congressional Helsinki Commission. Regardless of the degree to which Gorbachev authorized the action or was in charge -- perhaps still unanswered -- "we hold the Soviet leadership responsible for the actions of the Soviet leadership," Seitz said.

Several lawmakers at the hearing called for a more vigorous U.S. response to the crisis [in the Baltics] and for the administration to go beyond verbal condemnation to specific action.

(Don Oberdorfer, Washington Post, A16)

POLES SAY MOSCOW TOUGHENING STANCE ON TROOP WITHDRAWAL

WARSAW -- President Walesa's spokesman said Moscow has stiffened its stand on the withdrawal of Soviet troops from Poland and fears are the Soviet military may attempt to retrieve Eastern Europe as the war in the Gulf is underway.

Andrzej Drzycimski...Thursday said Poland's negotiations with Moscow on the withdrawal of some 50,000 Soviet troops from the country are stalemated.

He linked it with the war in the Gulf and the situation in Lithuania....

Asked by a reporter if the violence in Lithuania may confirm the speculation that the Soviet military may also attempt to regain control over the former East Bloc, Drzycimski replied: "You have answered yourself and the problem is facing us."

(Bogdan Turek, UPI)

FORMER GORBACHEV ADVISERS CONDEMN LEADERSHIP AS 'CRIMINAL'

MOSCOW -- Two former members of Gorbachev's presidential cabinet and several officials and intellectuals who had long supported the Soviet leader published a declaration Thursday calling the leadership "criminal."

"Now, when the regime's final hours are near, it has joined the decisive battle by blocking economic reform, reanimating censorship of the press and television and supporting ugly demagogic language," the front-page statement in this week's liberal Moscow News said. "And most important, the regime has declared war on the republics."

The letter, signed by Stanislav Shatalin and Nikolai Petrakov, economists who were in the Presidential Council until it was dissolved last month and replaced with another body, was the clearest sign yet that Sunday's military assault in Vilnius had put a virtual end to Gorbachev's support among even his own generation of reformers.

(David Remnick, Washington Post, A15)

**LITHUANIAN PARLIAMENT CALLED SAFE FROM ATTACK
General Says Army Won't Storm Building**

VILNIUS -- A senior Defense Ministry official said Thursday that the Soviet army has no intention of storming the Lithuanian parliament, as signs mounted of a major power struggle between hard-liners and progressives in the Soviet Union....

There was no way of telling whether the army statement was accurate information or disinformation designed to lull Lithuanians into a false sense of security before the next blow falls....

Lithuanian President Landsbergis said he was encouraged by the arrival in Vilnius of a new Kremlin emissary, Georgi Tarazevich, chairman of the Supreme Soviet's committee on ethnic issues, who met with Landsbergis for 90 minutes and told the legislators, "My mission is to bring assistance to you and your legitimate Lithuanian government and parliament in how to restore life and find ways of constructive cooperation with the [Soviet] Union."

(Michael Dobbs, Washington Post, A16)

DRUG LORD'S SURRENDER A VICTORY FOR COLOMBIA

BOGOTA -- The surrender of Jorge Luis Ochoa, the second most powerful leader of the Medellin cocaine cartel and one of the most wanted criminals in the world, is a political victory for President Gaviria but will have little impact on drug trafficking, narcotics experts said.

Colombia's leading daily newspaper, El Tiempo, Wednesday made public a taped statement by the number one cartel leader, Pablo Escobar, offering to turn himself in to Colombian authorities if his surrender could be negotiated with representatives of a recently elected assembly that is to begin rewriting the nation's constitution on Feb. 5....

"This shows our policy is realistic and workable," said Justice Minister Jaime Giraldo. "This will benefit not only those who turn themselves in, but the whole country."

(Douglas Farah, Washington Post, A14)

EDITOR'S NOTES: The Washington Times arrived after the News Summary went to print.

"Billy Graham, Hands On," appears in the Washington Post, C1.

"Up Early For Update, Calls, A Morning Stroll," by Jessica Lee, appears in USA Today, A8.

-End of A-Section-

NETWORK NEWS

(Thursday evening, January 17)

(The networks presented one-hour programs. All three networks then continued with reports of the Scud missile attacks on Israel.)

DESERT STORM

ABC's Peter Jennings: Operation Desert Storm is now 24 hours old, and the White House says do not be lulled into thinking it will all be quick or easy. At this moment last night, ABC's Gary Shepard was on the phone with us from Baghdad. The night sky, he was saying, was lighting up like a hundred Fourth of Julys. Well, now we know why -- a hundred Tomahawk cruise missiles, more than a thousand fighter planes from the U.S., Britain, France and with the participation of Saudi Arabia and Kuwait as well. Defense Secretary Cheney says only one U.S. aircraft has been lost; the pilot, not yet identified, has been killed. The British say they lost one plane, apparently from engine trouble; and the Kuwaitis say one of their planes was shot down as well. It is now the middle of the night in the Persian Gulf; there are actually reports from there at the moment that there has been renewed bombing on Baghdad this evening. The Administration says there's going to be no let-up, no pause for peace. If Saddam Hussein wants to stop the fighting, says the White House, he must surrender.

ABC's Bill Redeker reports on the military events of the first day of Operation Desert Storm.

(U.S. pilot: "The biggest thing I saw was one of the most fantastic fireworks demonstrations I've seen since a Fourth of July party years and years and years ago. This was tremendous. Baghdad was lit up like a Christmas tree.")

The Iraqi air force got only a few planes into the air; most of them fled north. Tonight, there is no letup in the round-the-clock massive air campaign being waged by American warplanes. And an updated bulletin from one of the pool crews says Marine Corps helicopters and jet fighters attacked Iraqi ground forces inside Kuwait early Thursday after Marine ground troops came under artillery fire by the Iraqis near the town of Hafji. No U.S. casualties are reported, though a Marine officer tells ABC News he believes two may have been injured. (ABC-Lead)

CBS's Dan Rather: ...More than 24 hours have passed since the U.S. and its allies first launched Operation Desert Storm; a night, a day and now into another night of continuous, devastating bombardment of Iraq and occupied Kuwait. Allied warplanes have flown more than a thousand bombing runs against military targets -- airfields, missile sites and Iraqi troops. U.S. warships have launched more than 100 cruise missiles, some of them blasting targets in the heart of Baghdad. Massive U.S. ground forces are now maneuvering up close to the border with Kuwait. Iraq has fought back, but not nearly as fiercely as expected. One U.S. pilot was shot down and killed, one Saudi oil refinery hit by artillery shell fire.

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CBS's Bob Simon reports of the many plagues Saddam promised to visit upon what he calls the forces of the infidel, the only one he's carried out so far is one firing in Saudi Arabia, more a symbolic act than a strategic one. (CBS-Lead)

NBC's Tom Brokaw: Operation Desert Storm rages on. The bombing in Iraq began 24 hours ago. It is still going on, and more and more bombs are being dropped. So far, by all reports, deaths for the allies have been remarkably low. There is virtually no Iraqi resistance.

NBC's Mike Boettcher reports from Saudi Arabia that U.S. forces are still relying on their technical advantage in this attack. (NBC-Lead)

DESERT STORM/IRAQ

Jennings reports the U.S. Air Force wanted to knock Iraqi television off the air so Saddam Hussein could not communicate with his people. But today, Iraqi television showed pictures of Saddam Hussein in the empty streets, allegedly taken today. They also showed Saddam praying, and then speaking defiantly to the nation. (TV Coverage: Scenes of Saddam in streets, praying. Saddam giving speech.)

(Saddam Hussein: "God is with us. The will of Satan and evil in the White House will be defeated. Victory will be with us, with the help of God.")

It's been very difficult for Iraqis, as far as we can tell, to get out of Iraq; nobody's been given an exit visa. (ABC-2)

Brokaw reports the Iraqis would have us believe Saddam Hussein emerged from his bunker and responded to the attack with propaganda and defiance: no retreat, no surrender. There is no way to be certain, however, when the pictures were taken. Iraqi television portrayed Saddam as a man at peace with himself and beloved by his people despite the hardship he is putting them through. Iraqi television also showed a determined Saddam, delivering a tough speech promising death to Americans and denouncing King Fahd as a traitor to Islam. Saddam himself was shown as a defender of the faith, kneeling in prayer on a rug facing Mecca. (NBC-8)

DESERT STORM/PENTAGON

Jennings: Long before the fighting began, the Pentagon had made it clear it would limit the flow of information. And in this first 24 hours, the information has been even more limited than the Pentagon had promised. Which means that the public, not to mention the media, are talking about the war based on official information that is now more than 10 hours old.

ABC's Bob Zelnick reports Pentagon officials say air attacks by the U.S. and its allies have severely damaged Iraq's ability to wage war. Pentagon officials privately say cluster bombs and cruise missiles have rendered 80 percent of Iraq's combat aircraft useless. Officials say command-and-control facilities have been hit hard enough to hinder communications between senior commanders and troops in the field.

Zelnick continues: Chemical weapons plants have been damaged to the point where Iraq may have lost the ability to manufacture new deadly agents. However, Pentagon officials still believe there are chemical weapons at the front. Nuclear facilities have also suffered heavy damage. Modern Officials here warn Iraq's ground forces, with their modern Soviet tanks and artillery, could be a much tougher foe than its air defenses. (ABC-3)

CBS's David Martin reports F-15Es were sent against Iraq's Scud missile sites. Those Scuds were considered one of Saddam's most threatening weapons, capable of hitting targets in both Israel and Saudi Arabia. Many of them had been destroyed, but there are more of them still unaccounted for.

(Gen. Powell: "They are a high priority target, if we can locate them on the battlefield, so to speak. But because they are mobile, you can't predict where they're liable to be. But all of our systems are tuned up and cued, trying to locate mobile Scud launchers, of course.")

The Air Force had expected to lose 15-20 planes in the first phase of the campaign, and was surprised by the lack of resistance.

(CBS-2)

CBS's Scott Pelley reports there are strong indications that allied forces are making the final preparations for the invasion of Kuwait. Late today, hundreds of tanks, armored personnel carriers and artillery pieces were massing near the border. As far as the ground forces, the Pentagon will not say when they will be committed, but clearly the elements of an invasion force are being prepared.

(CBS-9)

NBC's Fred Francis reports from the Pentagon that military leaders are trying to suppress their elation as they plan for many more air strikes. Secretary Cheney and Gen. Powell said the threat is still great because all of the Scuds have not been taken out. (NBC-5)

DESERT STORM/PRESIDENT

ABC's Brit Hume:

(TV Coverage: President Bush and congressmen in Cabinet Room.) By the time the President met congressional leaders this morning, elation at the first night's low casualties and limited enemy resistance had given way to a nervous feeling that perhaps, as one official said, it was all too easy. The President was asked if he's concerned about overconfidence.

(President Bush: "No, I'm not concerned. There's no unwarranted optimism, and there will be none.")

The President told the leaders there's a lot of prayer going on at the White House, and Bush, accompanied by the evangelist Billy Graham, who had spent the night here, attended a brief service at a military base just outside Washington.

(TV Coverage: President Bush walking with Graham; still photo of President and First Lady praying.)

As Bush and his aides have conferred and consulted allies in the past few days, they have worried about more than just the military operation.

(TV Coverage: Still photo of President Bush and Vice President; still photo of President Bush, National Security Adviser Scowcroft and Chief of Staff Sununu on phones.)

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Hume continues: They're also concerned Saddam may yet attempt some gambit; a call for a cease-fire and talks, for instance, that could divided the U.S. from its allies. Press Secretary Fitzwater seemed to be trying to head that off when he said today there'll be no pause in the war. All Saddam needs to do to stop it, he said, "is surrender and comply with the U.N. resolutions." The word surrender raised the issue of whether Bush had changed his goals, which the President later, in effect, denied.

(President Bush, in Cabinet Room: "Don't want to get caught up in some semantics about all of this. He's got to get out of Kuwait. Got to do it with no concessions or no conditions.")

Meanwhile, a political skirmish broke out over a proposed congressional resolution of support for U.S. forces.

(Sen. Mitchell, outside West Wing lobby: "We will join in full support of the men and women of our armed forces, who are displaying such courage and skill.")

But Mitchell did not mention the President, nor did a proposed resolution his office brought forth this afternoon. Outraged Republicans demanded that be changed. It was a reminder that in this town, even at this time, politics is a factor in everything.

(ABC-4)

CBS's Lesley Stahl: Clearly hoping to avoid a mass slaughter of Iraqi troops, President Bush called on Saddam Hussein today to surrender, to lay down his arms and to say he intends to fully, completely withdraw from Kuwait. Unless he does, the President told his Cabinet this afternoon, the war plans and the continued air bombardments will go forward without a pause, without letup.

(President Bush, in Cabinet Room: "We're using force, and we're not going to stop until he fully complies with the resolutions.")

The press room at 5:30 a.m. The President pokes in.

(TV Coverage: President looking into briefing room.)

He'd already had a briefing on the war, and a walk with his dogs.

(President Bush: "I just got up earlier, and came over. I normally get up at five, but I wanted to just go down to the Sit Room.")

During the day, the President went to a prayer service organized by the Rev. Billy Graham, and got continuous updates on the hostilities from the Pentagon.

(TV Coverage: Still photo of President Bush and First Lady and Vice President and Mrs. Quayle praying; still photos of the President and Vice President in Oval Office and the President, National Security Adviser and Chief of Staff in Oval Office.)

He said he was particularly satisfied with the pinpointing of strategic targets and the apparent low level of civilian casualties, as the White House continues to worry about the aftermath of war if Arab deaths mount.

(President Bush, in Cabinet Room: "We are pleased with the way things have gone so far, and we are determined to finish what we've set out to do.")

The President met with congressional leaders, telling them no one should assume this conflict will be short or easy.

(Sen. Dole, outside West Wing lobby: "He didn't want anybody to have any feeling of euphoria. There's some indication that may be in the minds of some, that it may be over. He indicated that's not the case.")

The Democrats pledged to vote for a new resolution supporting the action.

Stahl's report continues:

(Sen. Mitchell, outside West Wing lobby: "We'll join in full support of the men and women of our armed forces, who are displaying such courage and skill.")

Here at the White House, the anti-war demonstration continues, the drums and the shouts. Just moments ago, the Senate did vote that resolution unanimously to support that war; the House is expected to have its own vote tomorrow. The one big disappointment today for the President was Jordan's hostile reaction to the U.S. assault, but the White House chose not to attack King Hussein for siding with Iraq. Instead, a spokesman said we hope we can reconstruct our relationship with Jordan. Officials here are already thinking about life in the Arab world after the war, and about possible anti-Americanism in the Middle East. (CBS-5)

Brokaw: It has been a very long day for President Bush, who was first seen in the White House Press Briefing Room at 5:30 this morning. As you might expect, the war was the only item on his schedule today.

NBC's John Cochran: The President's already gone over from the Oval Office to the residential part of the White House. There he will keep track of things both from intelligence reports and from television reports. Then tomorrow he'll go over to the Pentagon War Room for a detailed briefing. Meeting with his Cabinet, the President said Saddam can retain control of Iraq and he can pretend he's not surrendering, as long as he surrenders.

(President Bush, in Cabinet Room: "He can call it anything he wants, interpret it any way he wants. But we are going to prevail. Don't want to get caught up in some semantics about all of this. He's got to get out of Kuwait. Got to do it with no concessions or no conditions.")

Bush got good news from his aides that financial markets were reassured, both by the success of the air strikes and by his releasing some of the government's oil reserves to prevent panic.

(Secretary Watkins: "Let's don't assume that there's going to be a shortage of crude, which we believe there will not be, even though we are at war with Iraq at this time.")

Tomorrow afternoon, if things are going well, the President will leave to spend the weekend at Camp David. Of course there are plenty of communications there for the President to keep track of the war.... Just before I walked out here from inside the White House, I was talking with an official, I was asking about the Syrians. I said, if called upon, will the Syrians go into Kuwait? ...The official would say only we'll know pretty soon, won't we? ...The implication, of course, is that there's about to be a ground attack into Kuwait and that the Syrians would take part. (NBC-2)

DESERT STORM/STATE DEPT.

ABC's John McWethy reports the response to Operation Desert Storm has been overwhelmingly positive and supportive; there have been a few countries critical, but they were not unexpectedly so -- N. Korea, Cuba. The Bush Administration is probably delighted with the support its gotten. The State Department today was clearly trying to signal that the door is not open to an offer from Saddam. Now Iraq will have to pull out unconditionally, and there has to be evidence they are doing so, massively. (ABC-5)

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DESERT STORM/ISRAEL

(filed prior to Scud missile attacks on Israel) ABC's Dean Reynolds reports that while many Israelis believe the news so far has been almost too good to be true, Palestinians cannot believe how bad it has been. Saddam Hussein had said he would lead them. Today in the curfewed Gaza Strip, the Israeli occupation looked endless. (ABC-12)

NBC's Martin Fletcher reports from Tel Aviv that at least three missiles have landed there, apparently with no chemical warhead. If it's only a conventional warhead, if it's only one or two, if not too much damage is caused, the Israelis will sit back and let the Americans handle it for them. (NBC-10)

DESERT STORM/JORDAN

Jennings reports that in Jordan, where there is good deal of sympathy for Saddam, there were no street demonstrations, and very little public reaction at all.

ABC's John Donovan reports Amman was quiet, but bitter.

(Jordanian man: "What are you doing here? What are you doing here? Kuwait-Iraqi, Palestinian-Arab. What do you do?")

(Donvan: "How is the reputation of Saddam, today, in Jordan?"

Jordanian woman: "Well, we love him to death, you know. He is the man that is going to fight against our enemies.")

Tonight, Jordanian television compared the U.S. attack on Iraq to the Japanese attack on Pearl Harbor, and newspapers continued to criticize American actions. Tonight, there are people in Amman who would like the fighting to continue, but only if it meant Saddam would score hits against the U.S. (ABC-6)

CBS's Doug Tunnell reports the government of Jordan deplored the Bush Administration's decision to resort to force against Iraq, calling it a brutal attack on an Arab nation. Algeria, too, denounced the air strikes, and there were pro-Iraqi demonstrations all across North Africa. (CBS-4)

NBC's Keith Miller reports from Amman that the reaction to the attack from the Moslem world was swift, but the war in the Gulf has created a dramatic split in the Arab world. The Jordanian government condemned the attack, calling it a vicious aggression against an Arab and Moslem people. President Rafsanjani labeled it a "historical catastrophe." In Tunisia, the PLO said this was a "black day in history." In Algeria and Morocco, thousands demonstrated in support of Saddam. Syria said, "No one can shed a tear for this regime." In Egypt, after news of the attack, Kuwaiti refugees celebrated in the streets, and some Egyptians praised America's lead in moving against Iraq. Added security was posted around U.S. embassies in Moslem countries. Many experts predicted aftershocks of hostility against the U.S. On the streets of Jordan, there was anger. To many Arabs, this has been a day of humiliation. (NBC-9)

DESERT STORM/EUROPEANS

CBS's Richard Threlkeld reports that by day's end, President Bush's fragile and sometimes-reluctant war coalition had suddenly become a model of togetherness. President Gorbachev said Saddam Hussein had only himself to blame. The Italian Parliament, which had been dithering about getting involved, finally voted to commit forces to combat. The EC ministers met in Paris to decide how to help refugees from the war, while the French government told Iraq it is now too late to negotiate peace. There were also protests in London, Paris and Germany. All in all, though, most Europeans seemed to be saying so far, so good. (CBS-13)

DESERT STORM/DISCUSSION

Jennings discusses the operation with analyst Anthony Cordesman and military analyst Gen. Bernard Trainor (ret.). Trainor says there's every indication the air campaign against the field forces is underway, to soften them up for an ultimate ground attack. He has been surprised by how effective the campaign has been, but that Iraq's army still has a lot of fighting strength left. (ABC-13)

Rather discusses the operation with Gen. George Crist (ret.) and Gen. Michael Dugan (ret.). Dugan says Gen. Schwarzkopf is orchestrating his forces very well. (CBS-3)

DESERT STORM/AMERICAN REACTION

Jennings: For all the worry and concern in the country and overseas, the public at home appears solidly behind the President's decision to launch the attack. Our polling unit conducted a survey Wednesday night in which 75% said they approved of the attack, and 13% said the U.S. should have waited longer. There was an error rate of plus or minus 5 percent. (ABC-15)

ABC's Ken Kashiwahara reports on the mood of the country regarding Operation Desert Storm. From California to New York, there were mixed emotions.

(Woman: "I stand behind what Bush is doing, but I couldn't help feeling sick to my stomach when I hear about the first casualty we had today.")

For others, it was time to protest -- in Boston, St. Louis, San Francisco.

(TV Coverage: Demonstrations.)

(ABC-8)

ABC's Chris Bury reports from a Chicago elementary school on how young students are reacting to Operation Desert Storm. (ABC-9)

ABC's John Martin reports on the scene from Washington as Operation Desert Storm commenced.

(Charles Peters, editor Washington Monthly: "Everybody in Washington is thinking about nothing but this war, nothing but this war.")

(ABC-17)

CBS's Bruce Morton reports on the American reaction to Operation Desert Storm, in protest and support and prayer. (CBS-8)

DESERT STORM/TERRORISM

ABC's Jim Slade reports new FAA rules require airport passengers are to be screened for personality traits associated with terrorists. And some American business have begun restricting employee travel. (ABC-14)

Rather reports a few terrorist incidents have been reported so far, all of them overseas and minor.

CBS's Rita Braver reports the FBI is stepping up investigations of Iraqis who have overstayed their visas. In Washington, a new set of barriers was going into place in front of the State Department. But no one knew how long the nationwide state of alert will last. (CBS-10)

CBS's Bill Plante reports the Administration continues to believe that Americans abroad, whether civilian or official, are prime targets for terrorists because of the attack on Iraq. There are reports there have been terrorists with U.S. installations under surveillance. (CBS-11)

NBC's Robert Hager reports from Washington National Airport on the toughest air security ever ordered by the U.S. Government. Security at military bases is tight. At the White House, extra guards and sharpshooters were on duty. Most entrances to the Vice Presidential Mansion were closed. In Germany, windows of an American cultural center were smashed. In India, a bomb went off in a travel office with an American Airlines sign outside; no one hurt. (NBC-14)

DESERT STORM/ECONOMY

Jennings reports when President Bush met with his economic advisers earlier this week, they told him that if the war is short, it could clear the way for an economic recovery, whereas a long war could do serious damage.

ABC's Bob Jamison reports the stock market had its second-biggest gain ever today, the Dow Jones closing up more than 114 points at 2623.51. Investors returned with a vengeance. On the oil markets, prices plunged, in London below \$20 a barrel for the first time since the Kuwaiti invasion, and in New York falling more than \$10, the biggest one-day decline ever. Gas prices at the pump also began falling. But experts cautioned today's price declines were based only on emotion. Analysts also caution markets can misjudge events, like during the 1973 Middle East war. (ABC-7, CBS-7)

HOUSING STARTS

Rather reports the Commerce Department said housing starts last year plunged 13.3 percent to a level not seen since the last recession. (CBS-6)

EDITORIALS/COLUMNISTS

OPERATION DESERT STORM

The Civilized World Unites Against Hussein -- "Time ran out for Saddam Hussein Wednesday night.... Was the attack truly a last resort? Yes. Fully five months elapsed after President Hussein brazenly seized neighboring Kuwait in what President Bush termed an act of 'naked aggression.'... Rarely has a despot been given so many opportunities to change his mind.... The world could wait no longer.... A brave precedent has been set for cooperative enforcement of international law. No renegade nation can stand against a world united."
(Dallas Morning News, 1/17)

What The Bombs Said -- "...Saddam Hussein could not have missed, or misunderstood, the messages that the rest of the world has sent him repeatedly since his troops devoured Kuwait last August. He surely cannot have missed the message delivered Wednesday night by the waves of bombers and missiles. It is a just message on behalf of honorable goals. They are not to destroy Iraq or to kill thousands of civilians.... They are to free Kuwait, as President Bush said gravely Wednesday night; to insure stability in the region; to avert Saddam's chokehold on the world's energy supply, and to manage the crisis in a way that establishes a resolute, decent precedent for maintaining collective security in the post-Cold War world."
(New York Times, 1/17)

War -- "...The American people should unite not only in support of our fighting forces but in pursuit of the higher principles motivating our intervention.... This is not just a conflict over oil.... It is not just a struggle to restore a feudal emirate to power in Kuwait.... Rather, it is a fight for the rule of law in a world all too vulnerable to lawlessness.... It is a struggle for peace, stability and order.... This is a moment for prayer, for steadfastness, for belief in the rightness of our nation's cause. We go to war reluctantly but resolutely."
(Baltimore Sun, 1/17)

Saddam Bears Blame For War In The Gulf -- "Today...the nation should have no doubt where the blame belongs. The villain is not a U.S. President thirsty for blood. Nor an oil industry hungry for profits. Nor a military eager to flex its muscles. The one to blame is a tyrant named Saddam Hussein who thumbed his nose at the world, daring its forces to attack.... The nation and its allies are fighting for a principle: that no nation has the right to erase another from the map. If the world failed to uphold that ideal, it would invite aggression."
(USA Today, 1/17)

The Battle Begins -- "...The start of war does not...extinguish our conviction that President Bush switched too soon from embargo to war.... But Bush chose otherwise, concluding, as he told the nation, that 'only force will make him leave.' And he did so after Congress had passionately debated all the options and given him the clear authority to do so. Not even his critics will be able to say that he exceeded his constitutional authority.... This is a time to pray that nations will build a just and lasting peace on the ashes of this war."
(Philadelphia Inquirer, 1/17)

-more-

The Bush Coalition -- "...Saddam Hussein's armor crushed Kuwait on August 2.... But something else happened on Aug. 2: President Bush ordered an economic embargo against Iraq. And he stated a clear goal: 'This will not stand.' George Bush hasn't stopped to look back since.... The effort alone has to stand as a remarkable exercise in political leadership. One might indeed differ with or oppose Bush's strategy in the Gulf, but we think he deserves admiration for his success in unifying the nation and world behind his policy.... All of this does not ensure success in the days ahead. But to the many people in the world who still look to the U.S. for leadership, it is reassuring to have been witness these past months to a President who has the political skills to achieve serious goals."
(Wall Street Journal, 1/17)

The War Begins -- "...President Bush, to us, made a compelling case.... Questions about the U.S. share of the burden and the timing of the military action now begun will probably outlive the beginning of hostilities. But politically, these questions have been addressed in the best way...: over a period of months, Bush submitted his choices to two separate but worthy partners in policy, the U.N. and Congress.... The studied and common judgment was that Saddam had left no feasible and acceptable alternative to the fateful war now underway."
(Washington Post, 1/17)

War -- "...As President Bush said Wednesday night, 'This conflict started on Aug. 2'.... Desert Storm is a counteroffensive, and Saddam Hussein bears full responsibility for its consequences. He left the world with no choice but to respond with massive force. Bush put it well in what was perhaps the best-crafted, most eloquent speech of his Presidency...: 'While the world talked peace and withdrawal, Saddam dug in.... Saddam met every overture for peace with open contempt.'... Given more time, Saddam only becomes more dangerous."
(Richmond Times-Dispatch, 1/17)

War In The Cradle Of Civilization -- "...Saddam Hussein last August ordered his armies to invade and occupy Kuwait. They did so -- ruthlessly, committing horrifying atrocities in the process. Then Saddam annexed it to Iraq. Kuwait had been, as they say in police states, 'disappeared.' And the war began. All the diplomacy since then has been an act of forbearance on the part of the U.S. and other members of the U.N. who responded to the appeal for help put out by Kuwait's unlovely, but legitimate, government.... Saddam spurned every attempt. The allied attack was not really the start of the war. It was a counterattack."
(Chicago Tribune, 1/17)

Waging War With The End In Mind -- "...Let us be clear where responsibility for the collision with Iraq lies, first and foremost. It is Saddam Hussein who put himself and his people in their current precarious position, and it is he who rejected every single opportunity for extrication.... It is no wartime bluster to say that we fight for a just cause against evil personified.... Still, we must not allow ourselves to be swept up in a fury over punishing blows from Iraq, if any come, to expand our mission -- say, to destroy Iraq as a capable participant in the region's postwar affairs.... America has entered this war without anger but with purpose. We must fight it that way, too."
(Atlanta Constitution, 1/17)

Time To Close Ranks -- "And so once again the dogs of war have been unleashed.... It is a sad, heartrending day for mothers, fathers, brothers and sisters.... Sometimes there is no other way, however.... Now is the time to put rancor behind and to close ranks behind the troops.... Saddam Hussein will be watching carefully for signs of American division, because it is his only hope.... President Bush did not start this war. Saddam started it.... This newspaper does not think American soldiers, sailors and airmen go forth in vain. We also don't think that those who pay the last full measure of devotion should die wondering whether their own people supported them. Our cause is just, our resolve fierce."
(Detroit News, 1/17)

A Fateful Decision -- "There was a choice that had to be made between the patient pursuit of tough diplomacy and an early rush to arms. President Bush has made his choice.... Through the modern miracles of communication, we will now see the horror of modern war and sense its ancient cost in human lives.... At this moment we stand stunned, grief-stricken and dismayed.... The world will hold the U.S. accountable.... Many...will question Bush's assertion that there was 'no choice,' that 'the world could wait no longer.' That said, all Americans pray for our men and women in the field."
(Boston Globe, 1/17)

Now That War Has Begun -- "...Now that the war has begun, the goal should be to end it within weeks and bring our soldiers back home by summer. That outcome is possible only if Saddam Hussein is forced out of Kuwait.... Toward that end, President Bush deserves the full support of the American people.... [However], this conflict is particularly tragic because the shooting may have been avoided and because U.S. survival was not at stake. America's military engagement in the Gulf became inevitable when Hussein and Bush over-personalized the conflict by trading insults, by demonizing each other.... Let's hope...Bush's objective is not to annihilate Iraq, but to persuade it to mend its ways."
(Hartford Courant, 1/17)

Don't Count On Quick Victory -- "...We urge Americans to be prepared for the possibility -- even the likelihood -- that victory over Saddam Hussein will not be quickly or easily achieved.... We warn, too, against its corollary -- that if Saddam hasn't surrendered in a few weeks, we have made a woeful miscalculation and face an endless bloody quagmire. There is a large space between a lightning victory and a lengthy stalemate. Americans should know at the outset that the absence of the first doesn't mean the second."
(New York Post, 1/17)

The War Nobody Wanted -- "...The time for debating the wisdom of war against Iraq is over.... Now there must be only one immediate concern: Driving Saddam Hussein out of Kuwait, God willing quickly and at minimal loss of life among the allied forces and the noncombatants.... There will be time later to examine this war's causes and its consequences.... For now, let all Americans resolve to agree on this: We're in it. Let's win it."
(Miami Herald, 1/17)

CONGRESSIONAL MONITOR



Friday, January 18, 1991

Volume 27, Number 7

Congress Backs Effort in Gulf

Congress, including those lawmakers who had opposed giving President Bush the authority to use force in the Persian Gulf, quickly rallied behind the president and U.S. troops yesterday, as the war with Iraq intensified. Whatever private reservations members might have had, they voiced support publicly for the effort in the gulf.

Asked his reaction after a White House briefing for congressional leaders Thursday morning, House Speaker Thomas S. Foley, Wash., said, "The Congress will, and has, closed ranks behind our armed forces."

Senate Majority Leader George J. Mitchell, Maine, said, "All of us now hope that there will be a swift resolution of this conflict."

The Senate last night approved, 98-0, a resolution (S Con Res 2) expressing its support for the president's gulf policy and U.S. troops in the Mideast. The House is expected to pass a similar measure today.

Partisan Dispute. As an indication of the mixed feelings members may have about the war in the gulf, a dispute erupted between Senate Democrats and Republicans over whether the resolution should include support for the president's policy, which it ultimately did. Democrats initially sought a measure expressing support for U.S. troops without mention of the president's decision to attack. Republicans argued that it was crucial to register Congress' support of the president as well.

Commenting on the measure that passed Tom Harkin, D-Iowa, said, "It's got all this hortatory language about how great the president is. Some of us didn't vote for the resolution [to authorize force]. It's like they're rubbing our noses in it."

Show of Support. As news of the late-night attack spread, key members lined up to voice their support. Senate Intelligence Committee Chairman David

L. Boren, D-Okla., one of many lawmakers who last weekend voted against authorizing the use of force (H J Res 77), pledged to support the president and the troops. "Congress must be prepared to vote to provide our troops anything they need to prevail," said Boren.

Senate Armed Services Committee Chairman Sam Nunn, D-Ga., another opponent of authorizing force said, "Our servicemen and women will be given all the resources to do the job. I believe that we will prevail in a matter of days or weeks. Saddam Hussein has made a tragic miscalculation."

Senate Minority Leader Bob Dole, Kan., said that while war is being waged "all other considerations come to an end, and we join united, not as Republicans or Democrats, but as Americans, behind our president."

Some in support of the attack were more strident than others. Sen. Alfonse M. D'Amato, R-N.Y., said the country can "only hope that this military action is swift and successful... and Saddam Hussein will be wiped from the face of the earth."

Not all members backed the attack. Rep. Ronald V. Dellums, D-Calif., said, "I remain opposed to the decision of the president." Unlike other members who decided to put aside their opposition and support the president, Dellums chose to continue to speak out against the war. "I can't turn my conscience on or off," he said. Dellums said he may attend a Saturday peace march if he is not back in California.

As lawmakers came to grips with the first day of battle, many praised tactical decisions of Operation Desert Storm.

Sen. John Warner, R-Va., ranking member of the Armed Services Committee, supported the decision to give "larger latitude" to the field commanders in deciding the course of action.

The president's decision to destroy Saddam's chemical and nuclear weapons

facilities — which are not explicitly related to Iraq's occupation of Kuwait — also found broad support.

"I have felt all along that we should expand our objectives to include the destruction of Iraq's nuclear, chemical and biological weapons programs, as well as their ballistic missile forces," said Sen. Daniel R. Coats, R-Ind.

Rep. Jan Meyers, R-Kan., said that the Iraqi attack on Israel last night could have a damaging effect on the U.S.-led alliance. "It's frightening; it changes the whole equation," she said. An Israeli counterattack may cause discord among Arab states, Meyers said, and undermine the international coalition.

Rep. Lawrence J. Smith, D-Fla., predicted that the Israelis would respond in kind, adding that they have "an absolute right to retaliate."

Leaders Notified. The congressional authorization of force passed Saturday required that the president notify Congress before initiating an attack. The White House called House and Senate leaders and key committee chairmen about two hours before striking at Iraq. Shortly after 6:30 p.m. White House documents certifying the failure of all efforts to reach a peaceful solution arrived on Capitol Hill. The attack on Iraq began around 7:00 p.m., EST.

The president and administration officials briefed congressional leaders yesterday morning on the initial attack and Defense Department officials spoke to all House and Senate members yesterday afternoon.

House Minority Leader Robert H. Michel, Ill., told reporters that his "anxiety quotient" had gone down after hearing how well the first stage of the war had gone. Foley said that Bush had given assurances that lawmakers would be regularly briefed on the conflict.

Petroleum Reserve. To prevent a surge in oil prices, Bush ordered the Energy Department to offer for sale 1 million barrels of oil a day from the Strategic Petroleum Reserve, the nation's oil stockpile. The reserve, which is stored in

See GULF on p. 2

Note to Subscribers

The *Congressional Monitor* will not be published on Monday, January 21, because of the Martin Luther King Jr. federal holiday.

Daily publication will resume with the next issue, which will be dated and delivered Tuesday, January 22.

That issue will include a special section previewing major legislative action expected in the first session of the 102nd Congress.

GULF from p. 1

salt domes along the Texas and Louisiana coasts, currently holds about 590 million barrels.

Last year Congress cleared legislation (PL 101-383) increasing the size of the reserve to 1 billion barrels. Bush had opposed the reserve's expansion as too expensive and unnecessary, but after the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait he acquiesced to congressional wishes.

Established in 1975 to guard against a disruption in the oil supply, this is the first time the stockpile has been put into use.

Looking Ahead. Asked if a formal declaration of war was in the works, Foley gave an emphatic: "Absolutely not." Formal congressional debate over the gulf crisis was completed last weekend, he said, and no good would come from it being rehashed.

Congress will need to approve a multibillion-dollar, emergency supplemental appropriation to cover the growing costs of the war. Leaders have pledged to act swiftly once the administration submits a request.

Legislators will also be mulling over a new Congressional Budget Office (CBO) report that projects that the cost of war with Iraq could run between \$28 billion and \$86 billion.

"The duration and intensity of a war would influence costs significantly, but no one can be certain about how long or how intense a Persian Gulf war would be," the CBO report said.

Sen. John Glenn, D-Ohio, also noted that Congress must begin looking at the long-term issues involved with the outbreak of war, such as the possibility of a military occupation of Kuwait or possibly Iraq until order returns to the region.

Sen. Christopher S. Bond, R-Mo., citing a human rights report on atrocities in Kuwait by Amnesty International, called on Congress yesterday to find a way to bring Saddam and his top command to trial for war crimes. "The civilized world promises to hold true to this threat," he said.

Security Precautions. Following the gulf offensive, security was increased on Capitol Hill. Armed security officers with specially trained dogs roamed the Capitol grounds and buildings yesterday and will likely continue to do so as long as fears of terrorist attacks persist. Guards at building entrances checked passes and badges with added care.

Mitchell said the decision to beef up security was "prudent" given the situation. Legislators have also been told to send any mail larger than a standard envelope to the sergeant-at-arms' office, which has been checking the packages for bomb devices.

Ethics Wrapup

The Senate Ethics Committee on Wednesday completed its public hearings on the so-called Keating Five with special outside counsel Robert S. Bennett calling for a tough judgment in the case to protect the integrity of the Senate.

Bennett urged the committee to apply a strict standard of conduct in judging whether five senators — Democrats Donald W. Riegle, Jr., Mich.; Dennis DeConcini, Ariz.; Alan Cranston, Calif.; and John Glenn, Ohio, and Republican John McCain, Ariz. — had improperly used their influence to help a campaign contributor. He warned them not to consider the senators' actions 'business as usual' and not to allow partisanship, friendships or the "need for each other" to cloud their judgment.

"The ultimate constituent disservice that you can perform is to tell the American people that you just don't have the standards to deal with this case," he said.

The six panel members must now decide whether five senators who have been accused of improperly seeking to ease federal regulations for savings and loan operator Charles H. Keating Jr. broke Senate rules. The committee will begin meeting in closed session on Jan. 30 to consider whether to recommend sanctions.

Two months of public hearings ended this week after closing statements from panel members and lawyers for the five senators. As in previous weeks, the hearings centered on the actions of Riegle and DeConcini. Bennett has told the panel that the case against McCain and Glenn should be dropped. Cranston missed most of the hearings while undergoing cancer treatment.

James Hamilton, the counsel for DeConcini, charged that Bennett had exceeded his role as special counsel and acted like a prosecutor throughout the proceedings. "If this matter goes to the floor... it's fair to say Mr. Bennett's conduct is going to be an issue," Hamilton said. "It will be vigorously contested. Vigorously."

In an impassioned defense, DeConcini told the panel to defend himself against the charges. "I know where the line is; I know what you can do and what you can't do," he said, "and I acted properly."

Bennett responded: "Sen. DeConcini and his counsel would like me to be a flower girl distributing the flowers at a wedding in equal shares to each senator without regard to the other. I won't do that."

The special counsel was also critical of Riegle's apparent lapses in memory regarding his relationship with Keating. Riegle has testified that he could not recall details of his meetings with Keating

and whether he set up a meeting between the senators and chief thrift regulator Edwin J. Gray.

A former top aide of Keating had testified that Riegle set up the meeting. Bennett told the panel, "If you were to determine Sen. Riegle was not honest with you and intentionally was not honest with you, then I think this committee has to act on that."

Thomas C. Green, attorney for Riegle, told the committee that Bennett did not appreciate that Riegle had thousands of meetings a year and could not be asked to remember in detail each one.

"Mr. Bennett pooh-poohs the fact that Senator Riegle went to 3,500 meetings" a year, he said.

Although his absence took most of the spotlight off Cranston, Bennett said that on four occasions campaign contributions by Keating were tied to actions by the California senator.

The solicitations were made with Cranston "knowing full well Mr. Keating recently had requested or received the senator's assistance for Lincoln," Bennett said.

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Senate Committees Future Listings

Agriculture, Nutrition & Forestry

224-2035

★ SOVIET AGRICULTURAL TRADE & REFORM

Senate Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry Committee (Chairman Leahy, D-Vt.) will hold a hearing on agricultural trade and agricultural reform in the Soviet Union, focusing on their effect on U.S. agriculture.

9:30am SD-332 Russell Building January 23

★ AGRICULTURE COMMITTEE ORGANIZATION

Senate Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry Committee (Chairman Leahy, D-Vt.) may meet to organize for the 102nd Congress.

Time & room TBA tentative January 30

Appropriations

224-3471

FY92 LABOR-HHS APPROPRIATIONS

Labor, Health and Human Services, Education and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chairman Harkin, D-Iowa) of Senate Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on appropriations for programs under the subcommittee's jurisdiction.

Time and room TBA April 16, 17, 18, 23, 24, and 25

★ PERSIAN GULF & VA PREPAREDNESS PROGRAM

VA, HUD & Independent Agencies Subcommittee (Chairman Mikulski, D-Md.) of Senate Appropriations Committee will hold a hearing on the Veterans Affairs Department's preparedness program for the Persian Gulf crisis.

9:30am SD-138 Dirksen Bldg January 22

Banking, Housing & Urban Affairs

224-7391

★ RTC OVERSIGHT

Senate Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs Committee (Chairman Riegle, D-Mich.) will hold a hearing to review the activities of, and funding for, the Resolution Trust Corporation (RTC).

10:00am SD-538 Dirksen Building January 23

Budget

224-0642

■ STATE OF THE ECONOMY

Senate Budget Committee (Chairman Sasser, D-Tenn.) will hold a hearing on the state of the economy.

Time TBA SD-608 Dirksen Building dates TBA

Witnesses scheduled:

Robert Reischauer - director, Congressional Budget Office; C. Fred Bergsten - director, Institute for International Economics; Benjamin Friedman - Department of Economics, Harvard University; Mickey Levy - chief economist, CRT Government Securities

Alan Greenspan - chairman, board of governors, Federal Reserve System

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for January 17 and 18 but was postponed because of developments in the Persian Gulf. No new date has been announced.

Energy & Natural Resources

224-4971

ENERGY COMMITTEE BUDGET

Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee (Chairman Johnston, D-La.) will hold a business meeting to consider the committee's budget for the 102nd Congress.

9:30am SD-366 Dirksen Building January 29

PUERTO RICAN PLEBISCITE

Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee (Chairman Johnston, D-La.) will hold a hearing on proposals for a Puerto Rican plebiscite in Puerto Rico to allow residents to choose among three options: 1) enhanced commonwealth status; 2) statehood; 3) independence.

9:30am SD-366 Dirksen Building January 30

★ ENERGY POLICY

Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee (Chairman Johnston, D-La.) will hold an oversight hearing on U.S. national energy policy.

9:30am SD-366 Dirksen Building February 6

Ethics

224-2981

★ ETHICS BUSINESS

Senate Select Ethics Committee (Chairman Heflin, D-Ala.) will meet in closed session to discuss the pending ethics investigations of five Senators and their relationship to Charles H. Keating Jr., former operator of the California-based Lincoln Savings and Loan.

Time & room TBA closed January 30

Meetings Today

Senate Committees

■ STATE OF THE ECONOMY

Senate Budget Committee

The full committee (Chairman Sasser, D-Tenn.) will hold a hearing on the state of the economy.

10am SL-608 Dirksen Building January 18

Witnesses scheduled: Alan Greenspan - chairman, board of governors, Federal Reserve System

FIELD HEARING

■ NEW ENGLAND ECONOMY & SMALL BUSINESSES

Senate Small Business Committee

The full committee (Acting Chmn Lieberman, D-Conn.) will hold a hearing on the state of the New England economy and its effect on the region's small businesses

9:30am 2-C Legislative Office Building, Hartford, Conn. January 18

Other Events

GULF STRATEGY

Rep. Aspin, D-Wis., will chair a press breakfast to release a report titled, "Restoring the Balance: U.S. Strategy and the Gulf Crisis." The report was written by the Washington Institute's Strategic Study Group, whose steering group included Aspin and other members of Congress and former U.S. officials.

9am, Washington Institute, 1828 L St., N.W. January 18

Contact: David Kaye, 202-452-0650

ECONOMIC INDICATORS AND REPORTS

8:30am: The Commerce Department releases merchandise trade for November

4:15pm: The Federal Reserve releases weekly conditions report of large commercial banks

Senate continued.**Finance**

224-4515

TAX DEADLINE RELIEF FOR TROOPS IN PERSIAN GULF

Senate Finance Committee (Chairman Bentsen, D-Texas) will hold hearings on legislation to defer tax obligations of personnel serving in the Middle East.

Time & room TBA date TBA

Governmental Affairs

224-4751

★ STATE OF GOVERNMENT

Senate Governmental Affairs Committee (Chairman Glenn, D-Ohio) will hold a hearing on the state of the government two years after President Bush took office, focusing on Desert Shield, the budget and related issues.

9:30am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg January 23

★ BIOLOGICAL WARFARE

Senate Governmental Affairs Committee (Chairman Glenn, D-Ohio) will hold a hearing on biological warfare defense and the Department of Defense's research and development program.

9:30am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg January 30

★ REVISING STAFF HONORARIA

Senate Governmental Affairs Committee (Chairman Glenn, D-Ohio) will hold a hearing on proposed legislation to revise the staff honoraria provision in the Ethics and Government Act of 1989.

9:30am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg February 6

★ ETHICS AND PROCUREMENT

Oversight of Government Management Subcommittee (Chairman Levin, D-Mich) of

Senate Governmental Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on provisions of the Procurement Integrity Act involving the discussion of employment between government and nongovernment employees at procurement meetings.

9am SD-342 Dirksen Building February 21

Indian Affairs

224-2251

★ INDIAN COMMITTEE ORGANIZATION

Senate Select Indian Affairs Committee (Chairman Inouye, D-Hawaii) will meet to organize for the 102nd Congress.

8:30am 485 Russell Building January 25

Labor & Human Resources

224-5375

★ OLDER AMERICANS ACT REAUTHORIZATION

Aging Subcommittee (Chairman Adams, D-Wash.) of Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee will hold a hearing on the Older Americans Act, focusing on an overview of the law's impact and assessing its programs.

10am SD-430 Dirksen Building January 31

★ MAMMOGRAPHY SCREENING**Field Hearing**

Aging Subcommittee (Chairman Adams, D-Wash.) of Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee will hold a field hearing on how to determine the best use of mammography screening for a woman's health needs, focusing on elderly women.

9am South Auditorium, Jackson Federal Building, Seattle, Wash. February 13

★ LONG-TERM CARE IN WASHINGTON STATE**Field Hearing**

Aging Subcommittee (Chairman Adams, D-Wash.) of Senate Labor and Human Resources

Committee will hold a field hearing on the current efforts in Washington state to provide long-term care, especially in relation to the Older Americans Act.

9am Council Chamber, Municipal Building, Tacoma, Wash. February 15

Rules & Administration

224-6352

RULES COMMITTEE ORGANIZATION

Senate Rules and Administration Committee (Chairman Ford, D-Ky) will meet to organize for the 102nd Congress.

9am SR-301 Russell Building January 30

Veterans' Affairs

224-9126

VETERANS' LEGISLATIVE AGENDAS**Joint Hearings**

Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chairman Cranston, D-Calif.) and House Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chairman Montgomery, D-Miss.) will hold joint hearings on the legislative agendas of veterans' groups.

9:30am 345 Cannon Building February 26, 28, March 5

9am 345 Cannon Building April 17

Agenda:

February 26:

Disabled American Veterans

February 28:

Military Order of the Purple Heart

Paralyzed Veterans of America

Blind Veterans of America

Vietnam Veterans of America

Non-Commissioned Officers Association

March 5:

Veterans of Foreign Wars

April 17:

AMVETS

Ex-Prisoners of War

Jewish War Veterans

World War I Veterans

House Committees Future Listings

Aging

TRANSPORTATION SERVICES FOR THE ELDERLY

Human Services Subcommittee (Chairman Downey, D-N.Y.) of House Select Aging Committee will hold a hearing on providing better transportation services to the elderly in the 1990s.

9:30am B-318 Rayburn Building January 29

Armed Services

225-4151

FAIRNESS & SUSTAINABILITY OF ALL-VOLUNTEER FORCE

Joint Hearing

The full committee (Chairman Aspin, D-Wis.) and Military Personnel and Compensation Subcommittee (Chairman Byron, D-Md.) of House Armed Services Committee will continue joint hearings on issues related to the Persian Gulf crisis.

Time & room TBA Date TBA

Agenda:

Date TBA: Sustainability of the all-volunteer force given the prospect of war

Date TBA: Fairness of the all volunteer force given the prospect of war

Interior & Insular Affairs

225-2761

ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATION

Water, Power and Offshore Energy Resources Subcommittee (Chairman Miller, D-

Calif.) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on potential health hazards of electromagnetic field radiation.

Time & room TBA date TBA

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for January 17, but was postponed because of developments in the Persian Gulf. No date has been announced.

Small Business

225-5821

★ WETLANDS PROTECTION & SMALL BUSINESS

Field Hearing

House Small Business Committee (Chairman LaFalce, D-N.Y.) will hold a field hearing on how laws protecting wetlands affect the small business community.

10am Lockport Municipal Building January 22

★ WETLANDS PROTECTION & SMALL BUSINESS

House Small Business Committee (Chairman LaFalce, D-N.Y.) will hold a hearing on howlaws protecting wetlands affect the small business community.

Time TBA 2359-A Rayburn Building January 30

Veterans' Affairs

225-3527

VETERANS' LEGISLATIVE AGENDAS

Joint Hearings

House Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chairman Montgomery, D-Miss.) and Senate Veter-

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April 17:

AMVETS

Ex-Prisoners of War

Jewish War Veterans

World War I Veterans

Joint Committees

★ PRINTING BUSINESS

Joint Printing Committee (Chairman Ford, D-Ky.) will meet to review congressional printing by the Government Printing Office (GPO) and other matters concerning GPO.

10am SD-301 Russell Building January 24

Other Events Future Listings

The *Monitor* has received notice of the following events scheduled to take place in Washington. Associations, non-profit organizations and public interest groups who wish to have events listed in the section should send pertinent information to: The Congressional Monitor, Other Events Editor, 1414 22nd St. N.W., Washington, D.C. 20037. Notices must include a telephone number. Notices may be transmitted by facsimile to 728-1862, attn: Robert Healy. Only events related to Congress can be listed. Deadline is Noon. For further information call (202) 887-8686.

URUGUAY ROUND OF TRADE TALKS

National Economists Club will sponsor a luncheon meeting to hear Jeffery Schoot, research fellow at the Institute for International Economics discuss "The Uruguay Round: Portent of Trade Liberalization on New

Protectionism?"

Noon, Brookings Institution, 1775 Massachusetts Ave., N.W. January 22

Contact: (703) 532-9048

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$13 for members and \$17 for non-members. Deadline for reservations is noon, January 21.

TRADE WITH U.S.S.R.

Washington International Trade Association will sponsor a luncheon meeting with Robert Ruzanov, minister-counselor and trade representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. The session will focus on the status of the U.S.-Soviet trade agreement and other bilateral trade and economic issues.

Noon to 2pm, Hotel Washington Sky Room. January 22

Contact: (202) 293-4193

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$25 for members (in advance) and \$30 for non-members (and members at the door). For reservations send

a check to:

Washington International Trade Association
1900 L St., N.W.

Suite 250

Washington, D.C. 20036

DOLE ON 102nd CONGRESS AGENDA

National Association of Manufacturers will hold a breakfast briefing to hear Senate Minority Leader Sen. Dole, R-Kan., discuss the outlook for the 102nd Congress.

8:30am Capital Hilton Hotel, 16th & K sts, N.W. January 23

Contact: (202) 637-3115

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$35 for members and \$45 for non-members. For reservations send a check, made payable to NAM Briefing Breakfast, to:

National Association of Manufacturers

1331 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W.

Suite 1500-North Lobby

Washington, D.C. 20004

Other continued.

Attention: Betty Williams
Reservations also may be made by phone to the number listed above.

DEMOCRATS & REPUBLICANS: 1992 AGENDAS AFTER BUDGET BATTLES

Center for National Policy will sponsor a debate on "Democrats and Republicans: 1992 Agendas After the Budget Battle."

8:30am SH-216 Hart Building **January 23**

Contact: Amy Weiss at (202) 546-9300

Participants: Mark Shields - columnist, Washington Post (moderator - Republican panel)

David Gergen - editor-at-large, U.S. News & World Report (moderator - Democratic panel)

PANELISTS: Sens. Domenici, R-N.M.; Mikulski, D-Md.; Robb, D-Va.; Rep. Weber, R-Minn.; Sidney Blumenthal - the New Republic; Seymour Martin Lipset - George Mason University; Mark Mellman - Mellman & Lazarus; Daniel Mitchell - Heritage Foundation; Stuard Rothenberg - the Political Report

Note: Those interested in covering the event should contact Amy Weiss at the number listed above.

★ BREAST CANCER

National Cancer Institute and the Susan G. Komen Foundation of Dallas will co-sponsor a Women's Leadership Summit in cooperation with representatives of major corporations, unions and business associations will sponsor a luncheon and panel discussion on an effort to encourage businesses to initiate breast cancer education and screening programs for female employees.

10:30am B-339 Rayburn Building **January 23**

Contact: Nancy Mulligan or Anne Little at (202) 842-3600

Note: This event is by invitation only, but media coverage is encouraged. For more information call the telephone number listed above.

★ 'MOTOR-VOTER' BILL

League of Women in Voters will sponsor a news conference at which Sens. Ford, D-Ky., and Hatfield, R-Ore., will re-introduce legislation to establish a uniform system of voter registration that would include automatic applications to register to vote with driver's license applications.

11am, SR-301 Russell Building **January 23**

Contact: Beverly McFarland at (202) 429-1965, ext. 315

HOW TO TESTIFY BEFORE CONGRESS

Women in Government Relations will sponsor a workshop focusing on strategy, structure and style of effective congressional testimony. Dr. Carol Simpson will videotape and critique presentations.

9am to noon, Commerce Department Building, 14th St. and Constitution Ave., N.W. **January 24**

Contact: Marci Levin at (202) 377-4556

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$35 for members and \$50 for non-members. For reservations call the number listed above.

ECONOMICS & ENVIRONMENT IN THE TROPICS

National Economists Club will sponsor a talk by Robert Randall, economist with the U.S.

International Trade Commission on "Economics and the Environment in the Tropics."

1pm, IMF Visitors' Center, 700 19th St., N.W. **January 24**

Contact: (703) 532-9048

Note: There is no charge for this event and reservations are not required.

PROMOTION OF INFO TECHNOLOGY: GERMAN & EUROPEAN STRATEGIES

German National Research Center for Computer Science (GMD) will sponsor a forum on the promotion of information technology research, focusing on German and European strategies. A reception follows.

5pm to 7pm, Carl-Schurz Auditorium, Embassy of the Federal Republic of Germany, 4645 Reservoir Rd., N.W. **January 24**

Contact: Erika Feulner or Margot Aplet at (202) 466-2808

Participants:

Jürgen Rühfus - ambassador of the Federal Republic of Germany to the United States; Hans Klaus - director, GMD International Department; Klaus Schroeter - counselor of scientific and technological affairs, Embassy of the Federal Republic of Germany; Klaus Woelcken - scientific principal officer, ESPRIT Basic Research Action DG XXII, Commission of the European Communities; Wolfgang Tölle - director, GMD Washington office (moderator)

Note: There is no charge for this event, but attendance is by invitation only. For information on obtaining an invitation please call the number listed above.

■ 1991 ENERGY AGENDA

Energy Task Force of Women in Government Relations will sponsor a luncheon briefing to hear Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee staff discuss the 1991 energy agenda in Congress.

11:45am to 2pm, Monocle Restaurant, 107 D St., N.W. **January 25**

Contact: Anna Thronson at (202) 625-3843

Note: No space remains for this event, and no further reservations will be accepted.

HEALTH AGENDA 1991

Washington Business Group on Health (WBGH) and National Association of Manufacturers (NAM) will sponsor a conference on health issues.

Loews L'Enfant Plaza Hotel **January 28, 29 & 30**

Contact: Sheri Farris at (202) 408-9320

Agenda:

January 28:

1:30pm - 4:30pm: Business and Health in the 102nd Congress: the First Session - a discussion with congressional staffers of priority health legislation. (This portion of the meeting is cosponsored by Women in Government Relations.)

January 29 & 30: Health Agenda 1991

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$525 for WBGH and NAM members and \$625 for non-members. The charge for the Monday, January 28 session alone is \$50 for members and \$60 for non-members. Deadline for reservations is January 14. For further details contact Sheri Farris at the number above.

EUROPEAN VIEWS ON THE GULF, GATT AND GORBACHEV

American-European Community Association will sponsor a breakfast meeting with six members of the European Parliament who will

discuss their views on the Persian Gulf crisis, the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) and Gorbachev.

8am, The Grand Hotel, 2350 M St., N.W. **January 29**

Contact: Allen Goldberg at (202) 778-9240

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$25 for members and \$50 for non-members. For reservations call the number listed above.

1990 CENSUS

National Economists Club will sponsor a luncheon meeting to hear Barbara Bryant, director of the Census Bureau, discuss "After the Count: Accuracy Improvement in the 1990 Census."

Noon, Library of Congress Madison Building, 101 Independence Ave., S.E. **January 29**

Contact: (703) 532-9048

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$10 for members and \$14 for non-members. Call the number listed above for reservations, deadline is noon on January 28.

UNDERSTANDING CONGRESS

Congressional Quarterly will sponsor a seminar on "Understanding Congress."

9am, Congressional Quarterly, 1414 22nd St., N.W. **February 4**

Contact: Irene Cuffy at (202) 887-8620

Note: There is a \$195 charge for this event. For reservations and information call the number listed above.

★ U.S.-CANADA TRADE

Canadian Manufacturers' Association will sponsor a conference on "Canada in Transition - Opportunities for Trade and Business."

9am, Vista Hotel **February 5 & 6**

Contact: Irene Radiotis at (202) 682-3901

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$395. For registration information call the telephone number listed above.

RESEARCH WORKSHOP ON CONGRESS

Congressional Quarterly will sponsor a Research Workshop on Congress.

9am, Congressional Quarterly, 1414 22nd St., N.W. **February 6**

Contact: Irene Cuffy at (202) 887-8620

Note: There is a \$195 charge for this event. For reservations and information call the number listed above.

PRESIDENT'S 1992 BUDGET

Congressional Quarterly will sponsor a briefing on the administration's fiscal 1992 budget.

9am to noon & 1:30pm to 4:30pm, Congressional Quarterly, 1414 22nd St., N.W. **February 8**

Contact: Irene Cuffy at (202) 887-8620

Note: There is a \$195 charge for this event. For reservations and information call the number listed above. Note that the seminar will be offered twice, once in the morning and once in the afternoon. When registering indicate which session you wish to attend.

Floor Action

House

Week of January 7

Monday, January 7:

Pro forma session

Tuesday, January 8:

Not in session

Wednesday, January 9:

Pro forma session

Thursday, January 10:

Began debate on Persian Gulf crisis

Friday, January 11:

Continued debate on Persian Gulf crisis

Saturday, January 12:

H Con Res 32 Assert that Congress is vested with the power to declare war agreed to 302-131

H Con Res 33 Call for continued reliance on sanctions and the embargo against Iraq (Gephardt/Hamilton) rejected 183-250

H J Res 77 Authorize the president to commit to battle U.S. troops in the Persian Gulf (Michel/Solarz) adopted 250-183

Week of January 14

Monday, January 14:

No major legislative business transacted

Tuesday, January 15:

No major legislative business transacted

Wednesday, January 16:

No major legislative business transacted

Thursday, January 17:

No major legislative business transacted

Friday, January 18:

Convenes at noon

H Con Res — Supporting U.S. troops and the president's policy in the Persian Gulf begin consideration

Senate

Week of January 7

Monday, January 7:

Not in session

Tuesday, January 8:

Pro forma session

Wednesday, January 9:

Not in session

Thursday, January 10:

Began debate on Persian Gulf crisis

Friday, January 11:

Continued debate on Persian Gulf crisis

Saturday, January 12:

S J Res 1 Urge the continuation of sanctions against Iraq require the president to both request and receive a formal declaration of war from Congress before initiating any offensive attack against Iraq (Mitchell/Nunn) rejected 46-53

S J Res 2 Authorize the president to commit to battle U.S. troops in the Persian Gulf (Warner/Lieberman) approved 52-47

Week of January 14

Monday, January 14:

Routine business

Tuesday, January 15:

Routine business

Wednesday, January 16:

S Res 14 Sense of Senate that president should review economic benefits provided to the Soviet Union in light of the recent events in the Baltic states agreed to by voice

Thursday, January 17:

S Con Res 2 Supporting U.S. troops and the president's policy in the Persian Gulf adopted 98-0

Friday, January 18:

Pro forma session



CONGRESSIONAL MONITOR

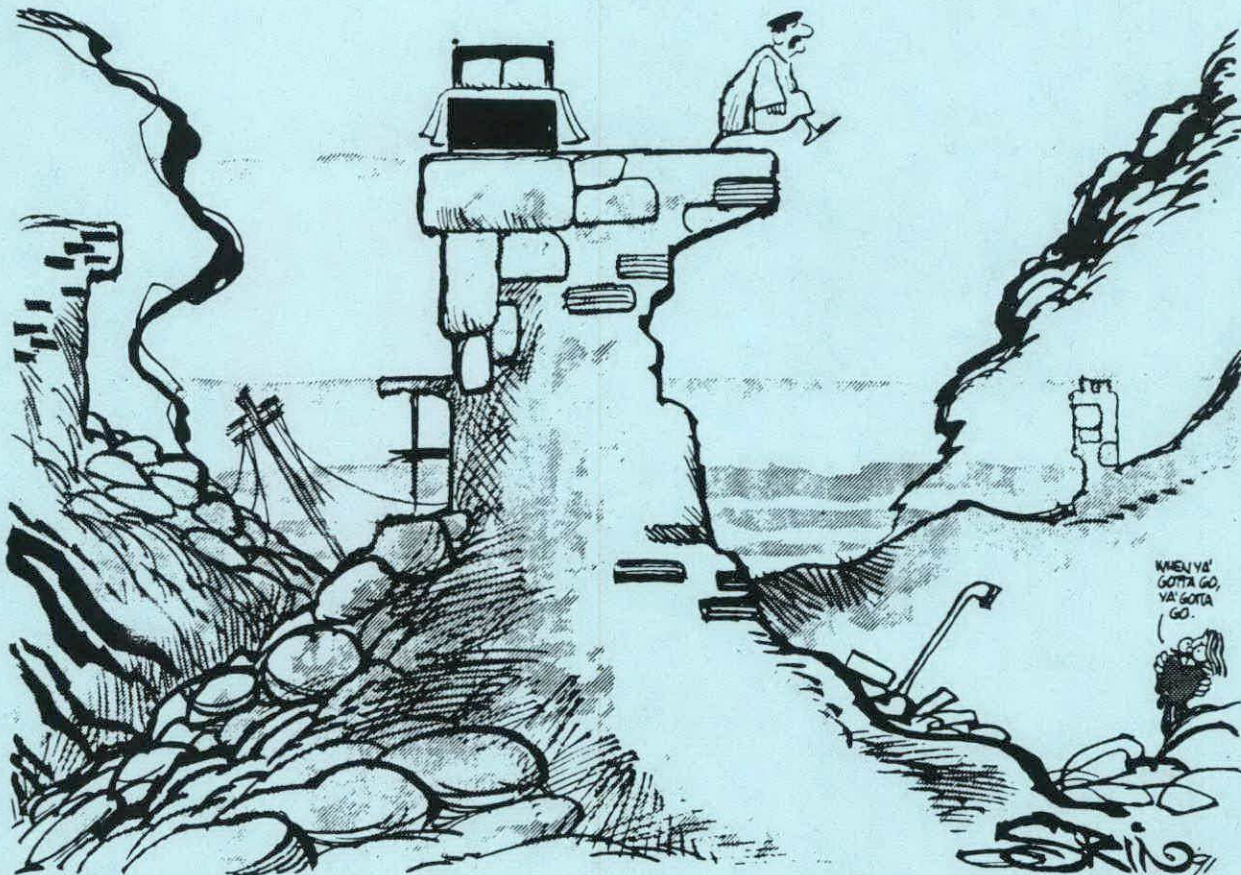


A Publication of

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1414 22nd Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20037

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WHITE HOUSE OFFICE
PATTY PRESCOTT
EXECUTIVE OFC OF THE PRESIDENT
CO
WASHINGTON
LOBBY
DC
CO

Friday Follies



BAGHDAD: 4:00 a.m...SADDAM HUSSEIN AWAKENS TO GO TO THE BATHROOM

- a look at politics through the eyes of the political cartoonist -

"I don't care a straw for your newspaper articles. My constituents don't know how to read. But they can't help seeing them damned pictures."
(William Marcy "Boss" Tweed speaking of Thomas Nast, 1871)

WHITE HOUSE NEWS SUMMARY SPECIAL EDITION
VOLUME II ISSUE 54 -- January 18, 1991



IRAQ TURNS ITS BACK ON A PEACEFUL RESOLUTION

REGRETFULLY, BUSH'S LETTER
IS FAR TOO RUDE,
YOUR BENIGN
GRACIOUSNESS...

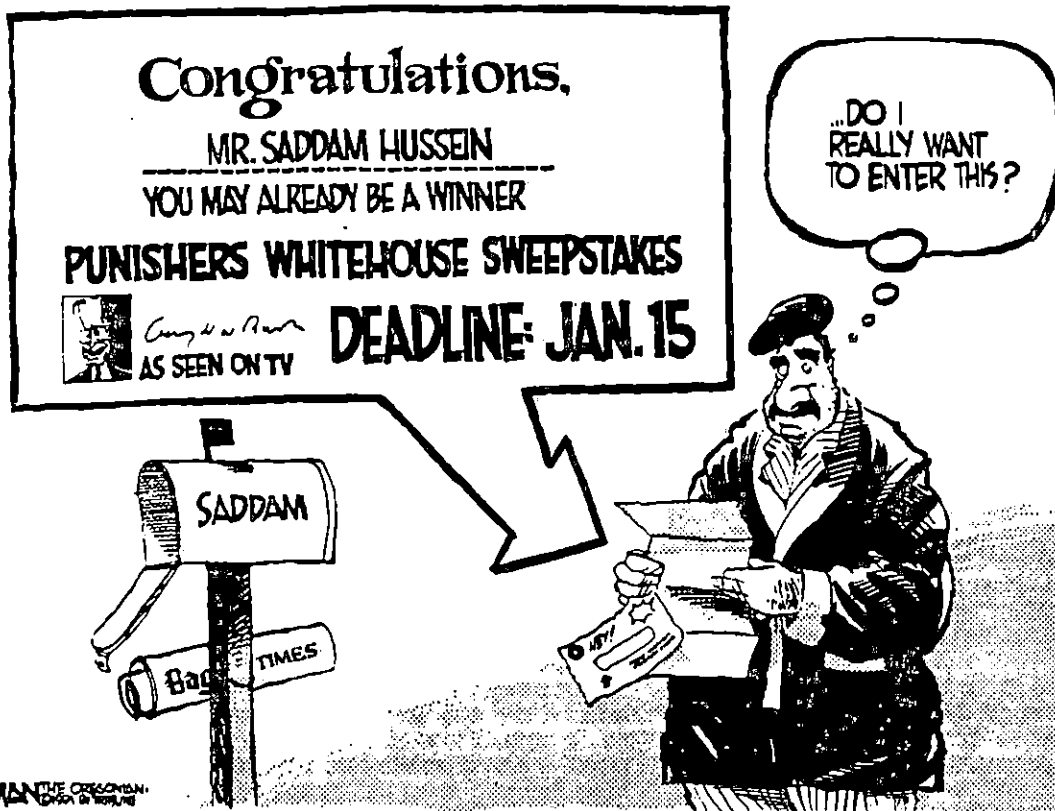


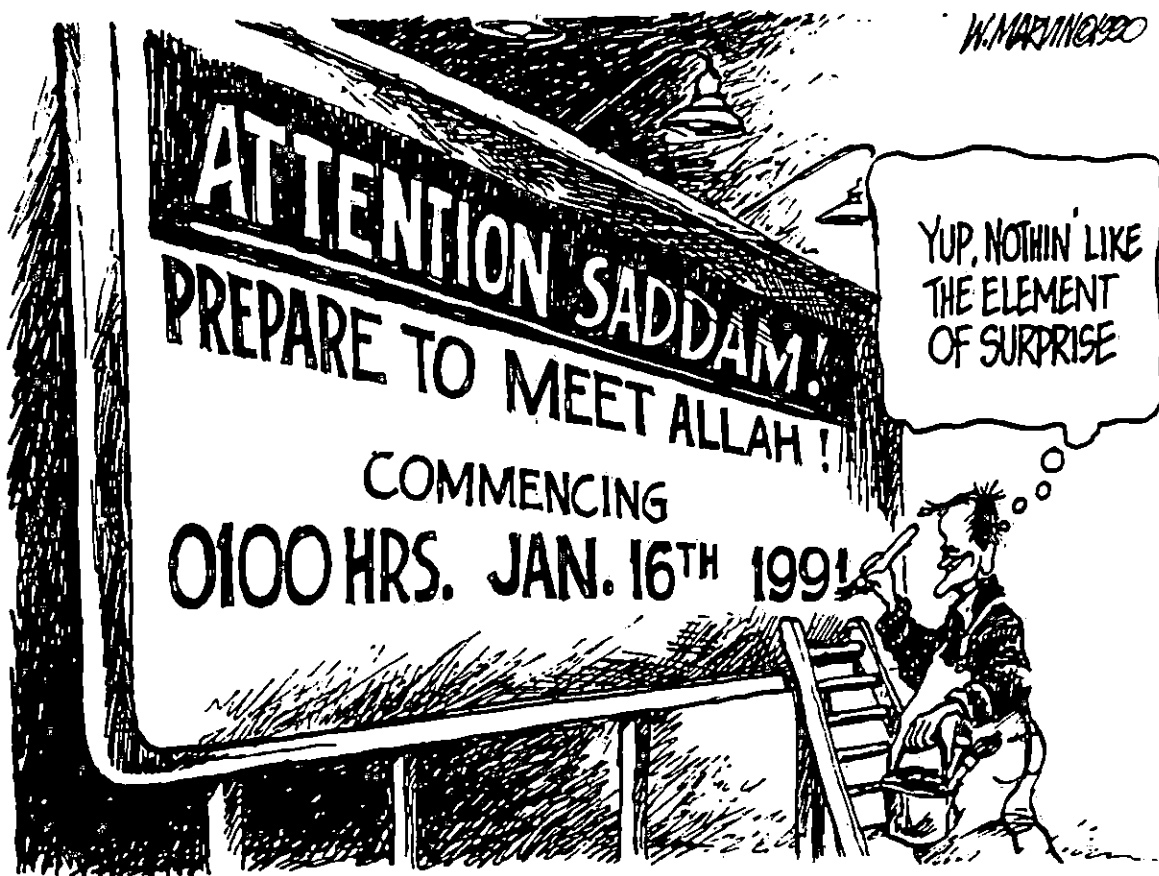
**A RUDE
LETTER!**

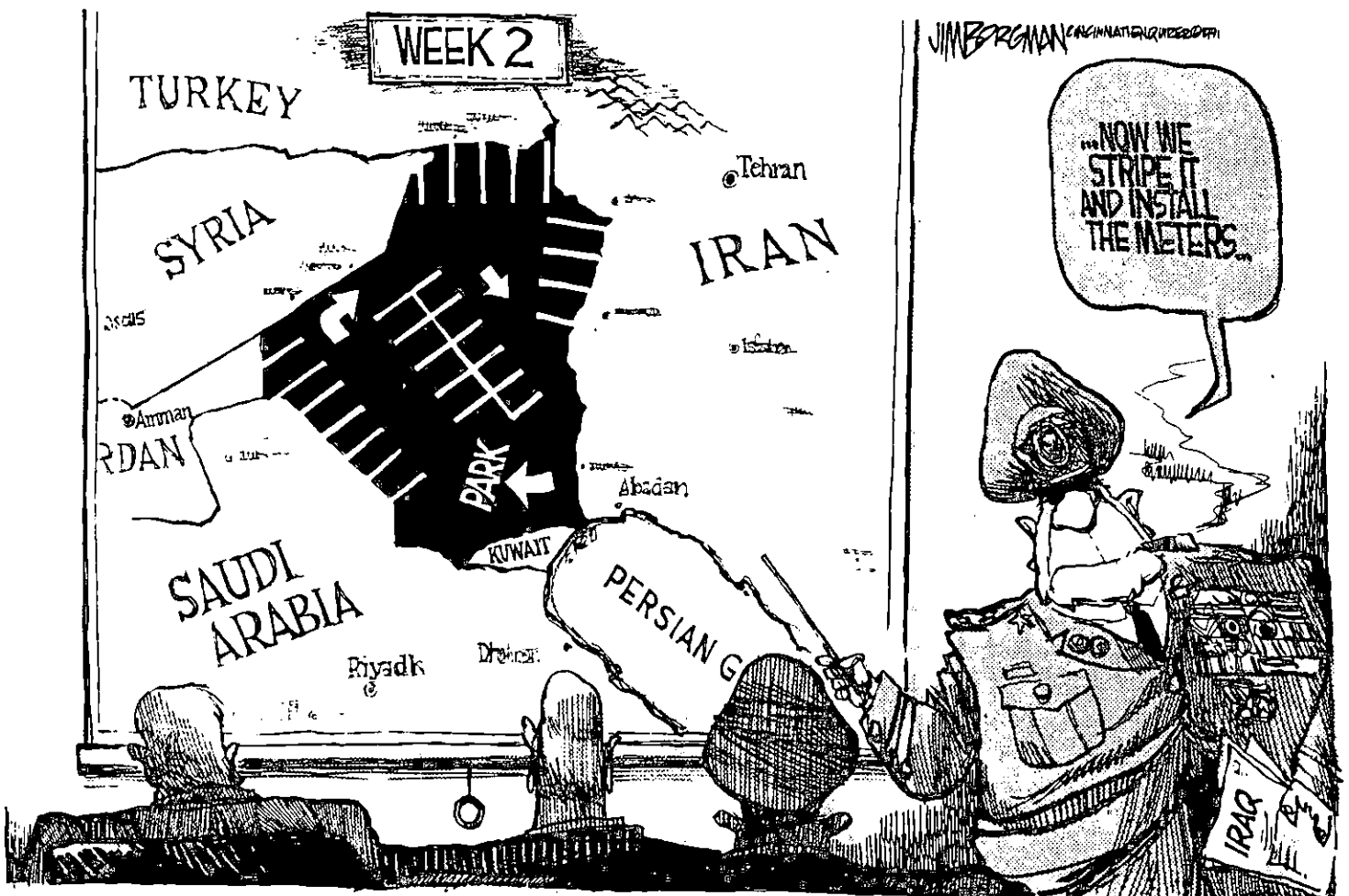
THESE AMERICANS
WILL STOP AT
NOTHING!

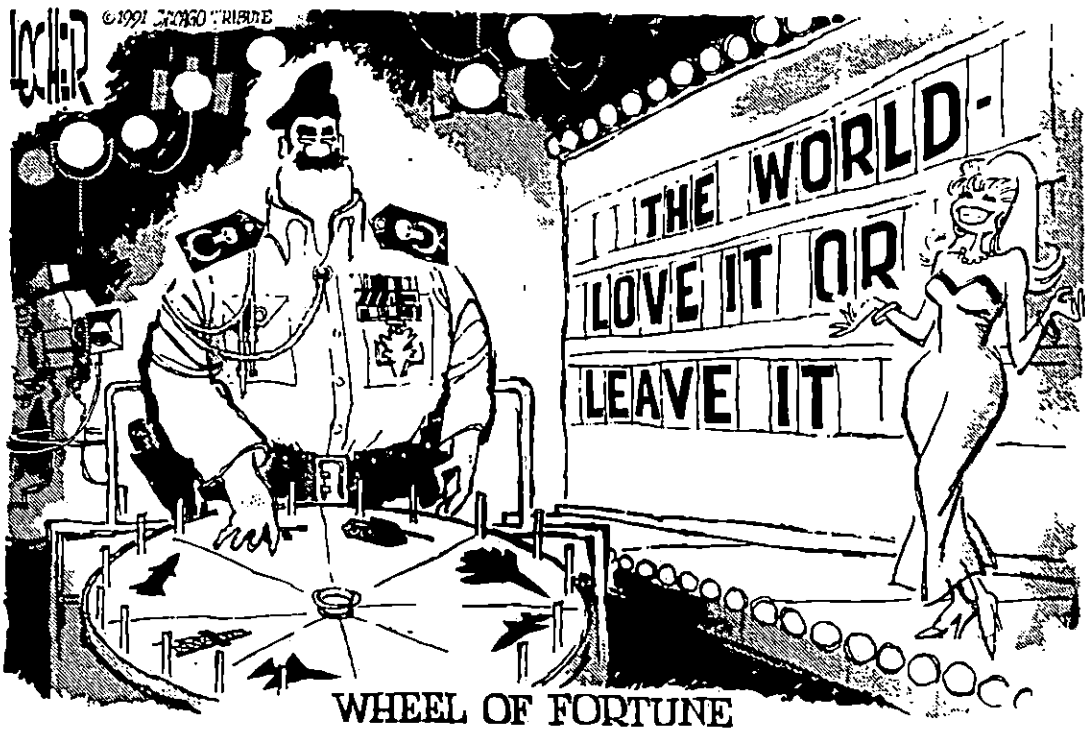


DANZIGER
The Christian Science Monitor





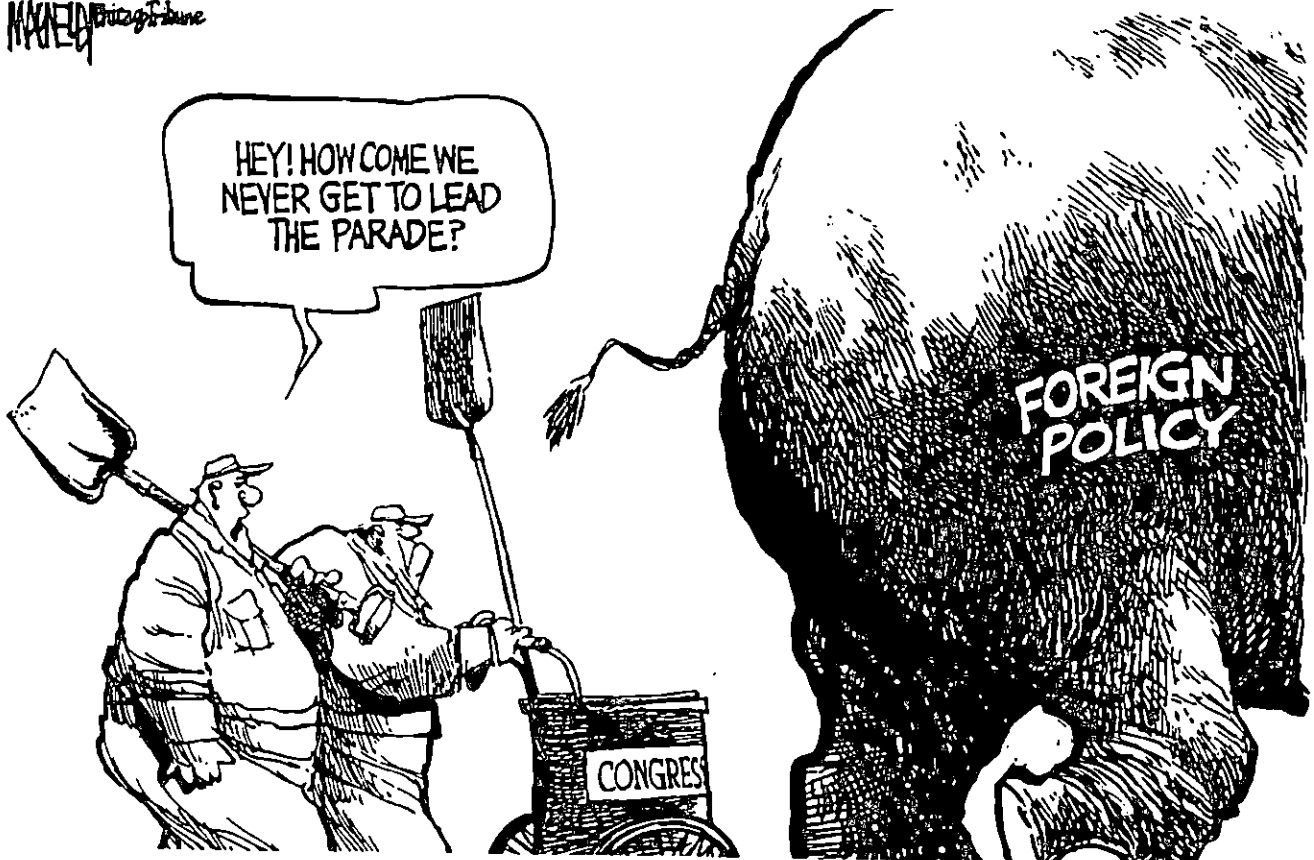


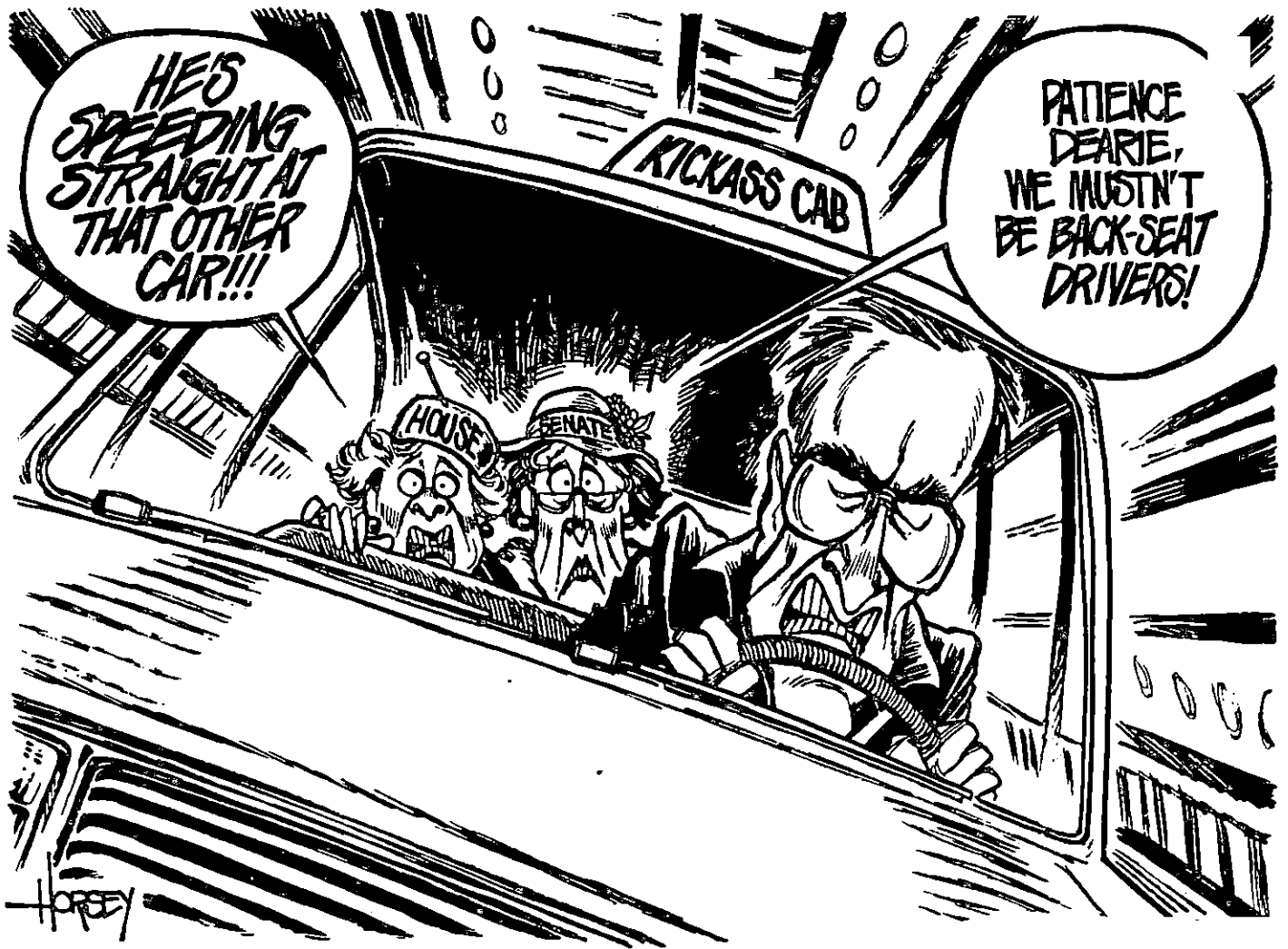




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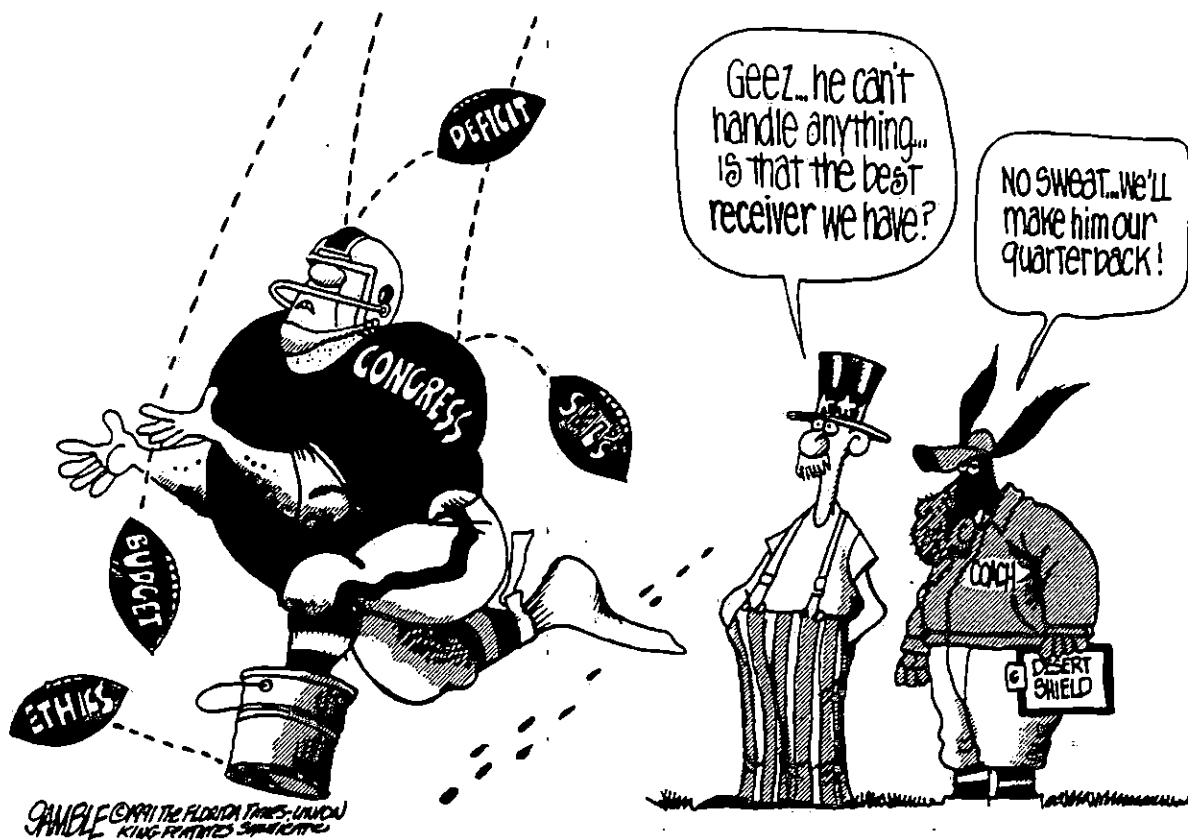
GIMBLE ©1991 THE FLORIDA TIMES-FLORIAN
Karl Remmers Spangler

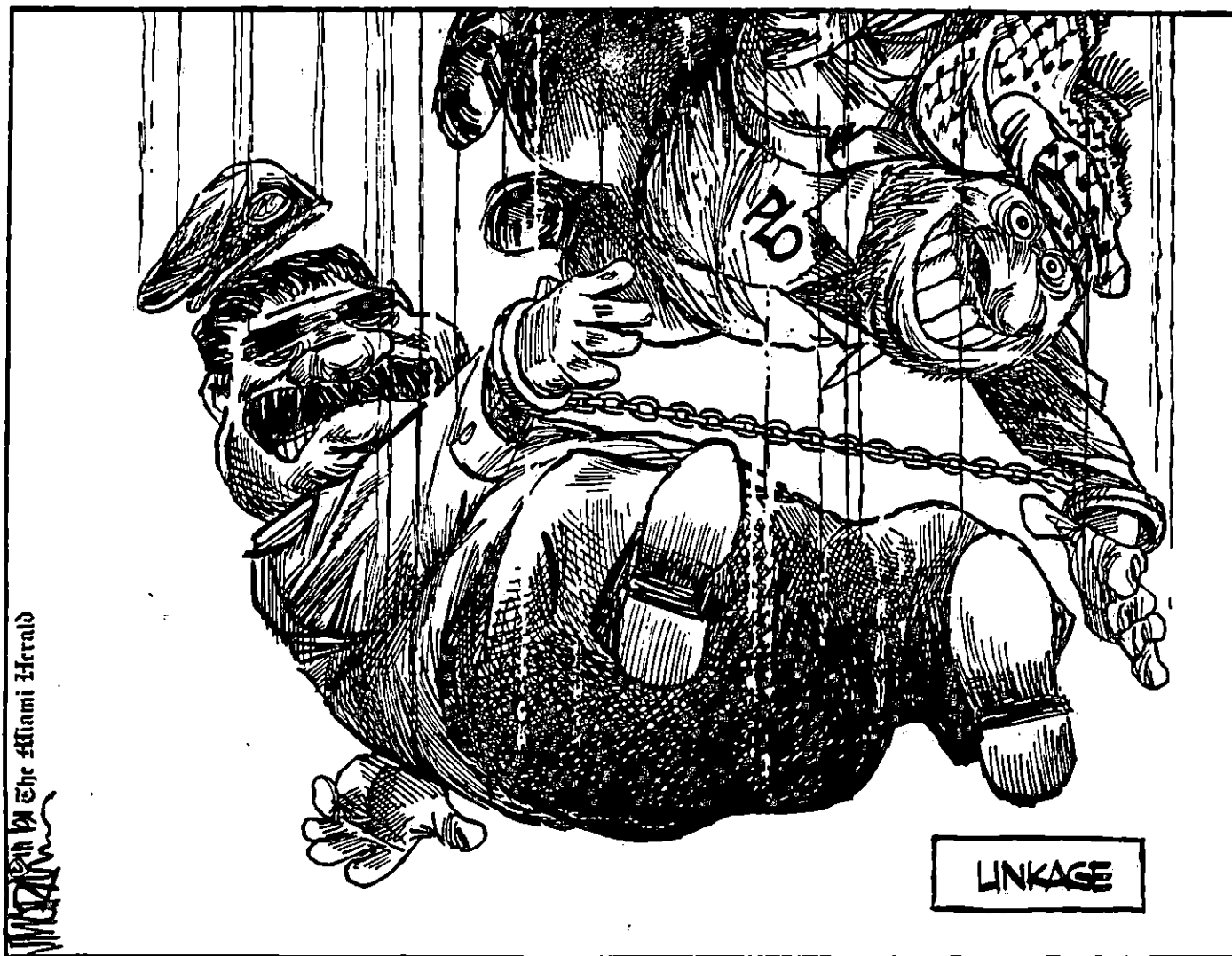


Ed Stein '91
Rocky Mtn.
News-News



NEWS ITEM: CONGRESSMEN ASKED TO VOTE THEIR CONSCIENCES ON THE WAR ISSUE EVEN IF IT MEANS RISKING THEIR CAREERS.





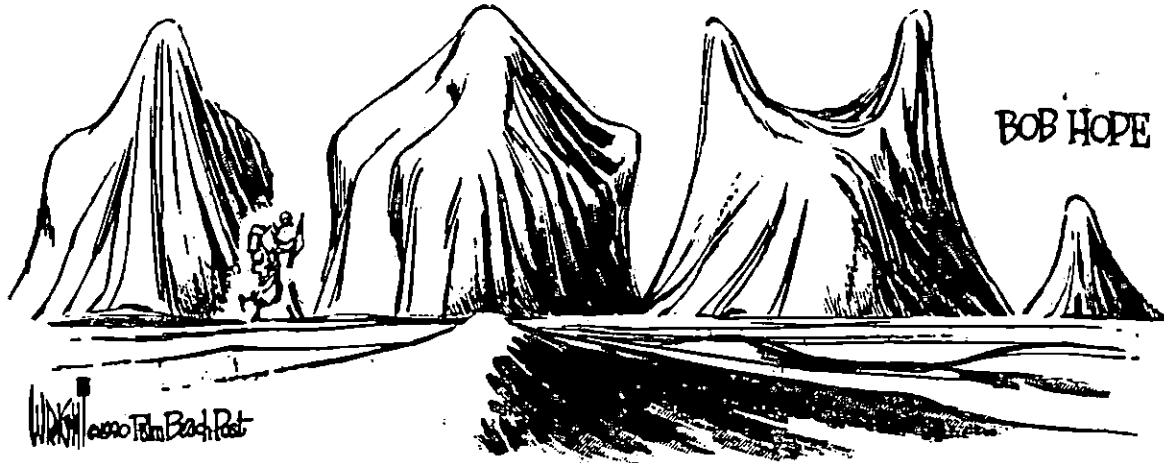
MILITARY TIGHTENS SECURITY IN SAUDI ARABIA

M-1 TANK

STEALTH
BOMBER

F-15 FIGHTER

BOB HOPE

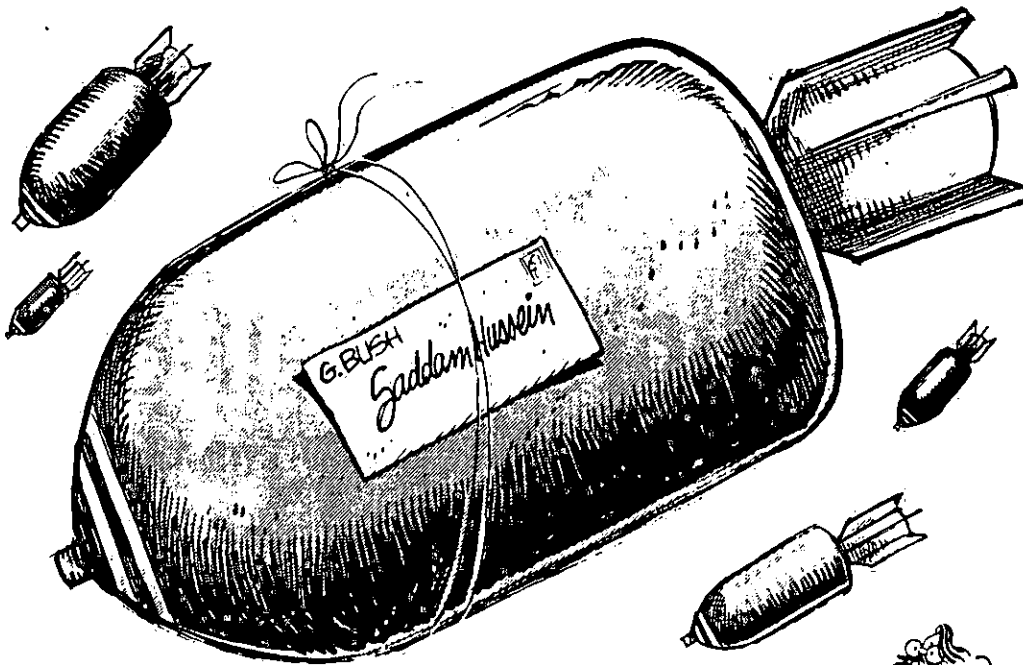


BillDay Detroit Free Press
THINKING BEYOND THE NEWS





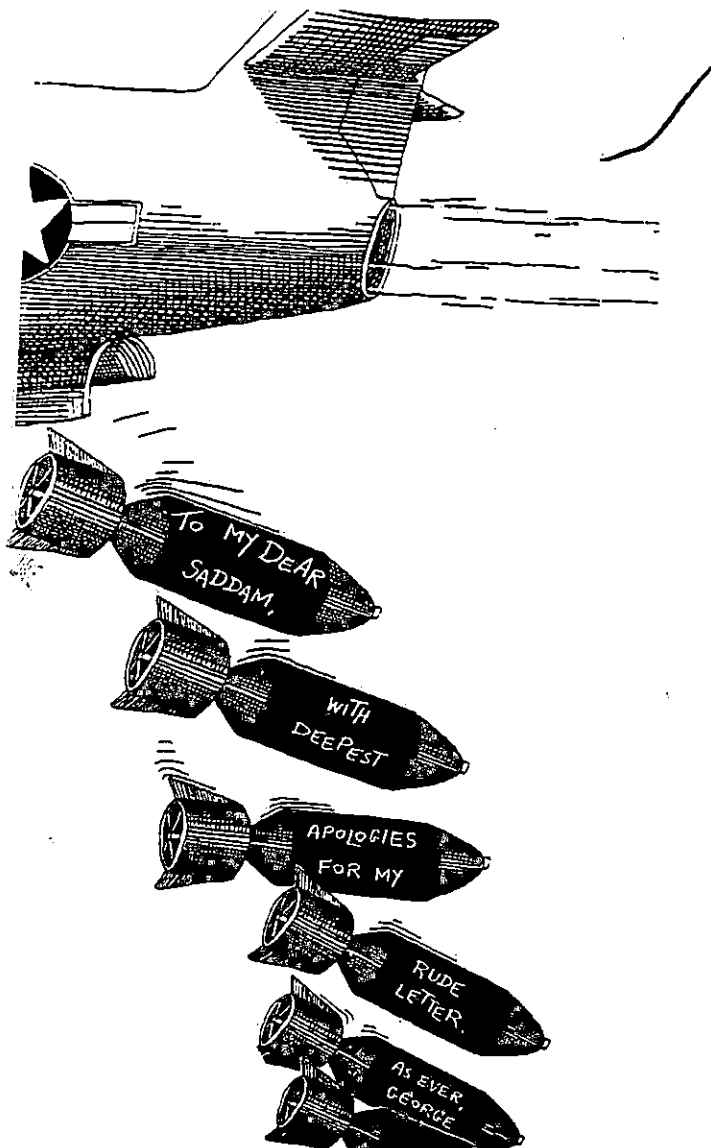


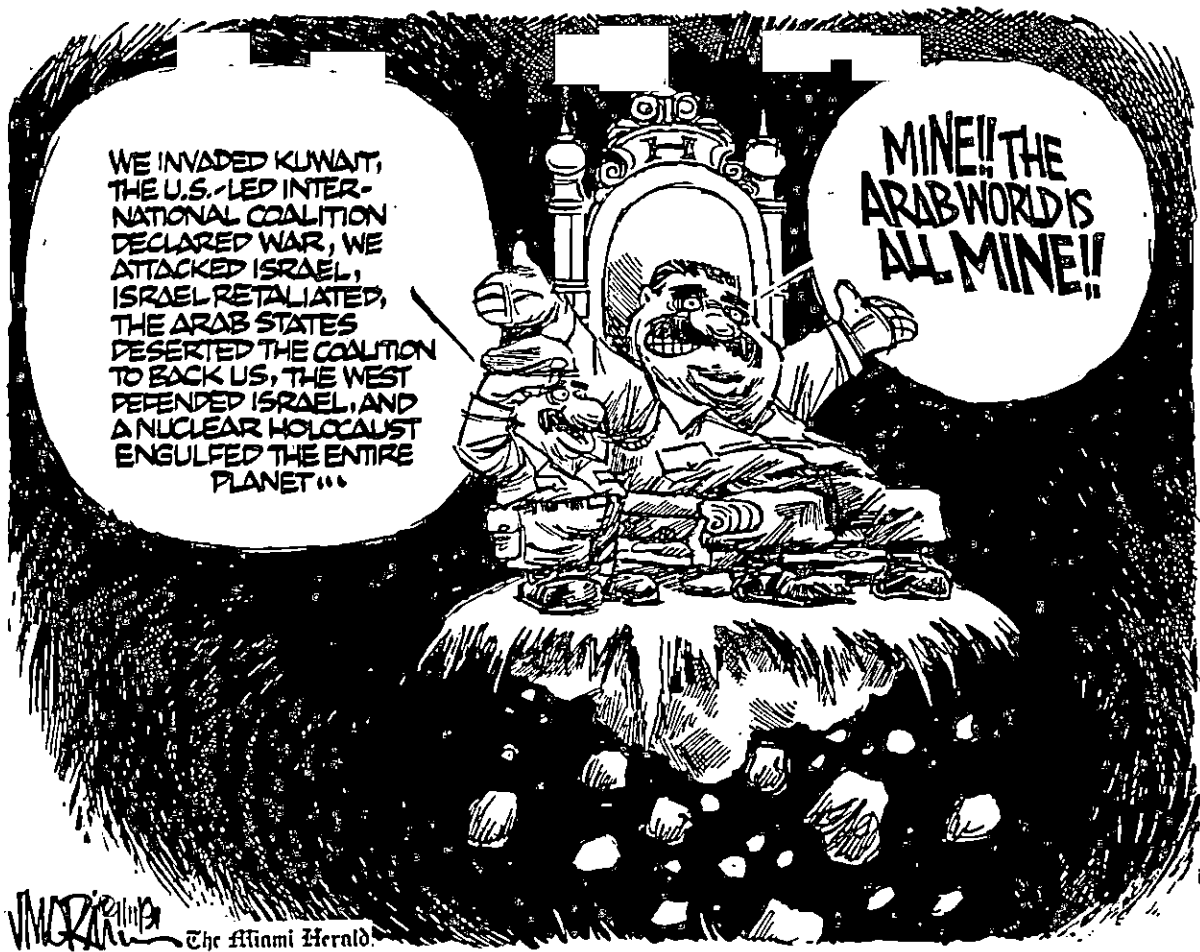


SR10

AIR MAIL
SPECIAL
DELIVERY

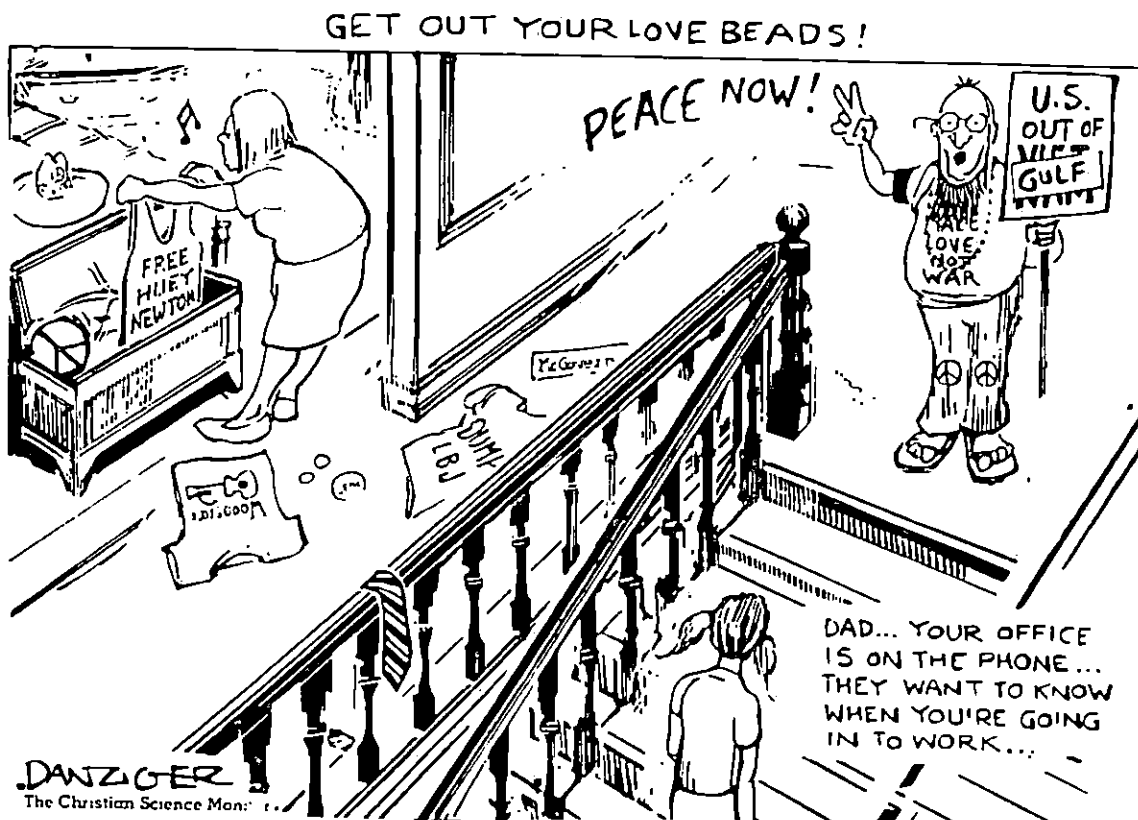
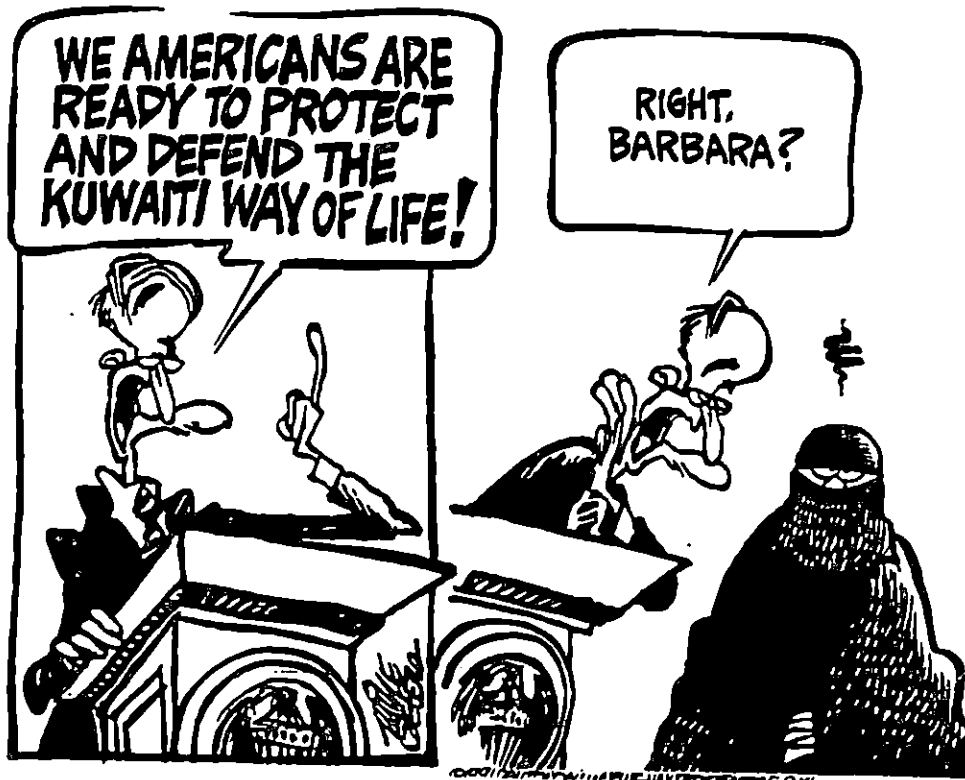
THE POSTMAN ALWAYS RINGS TWICE

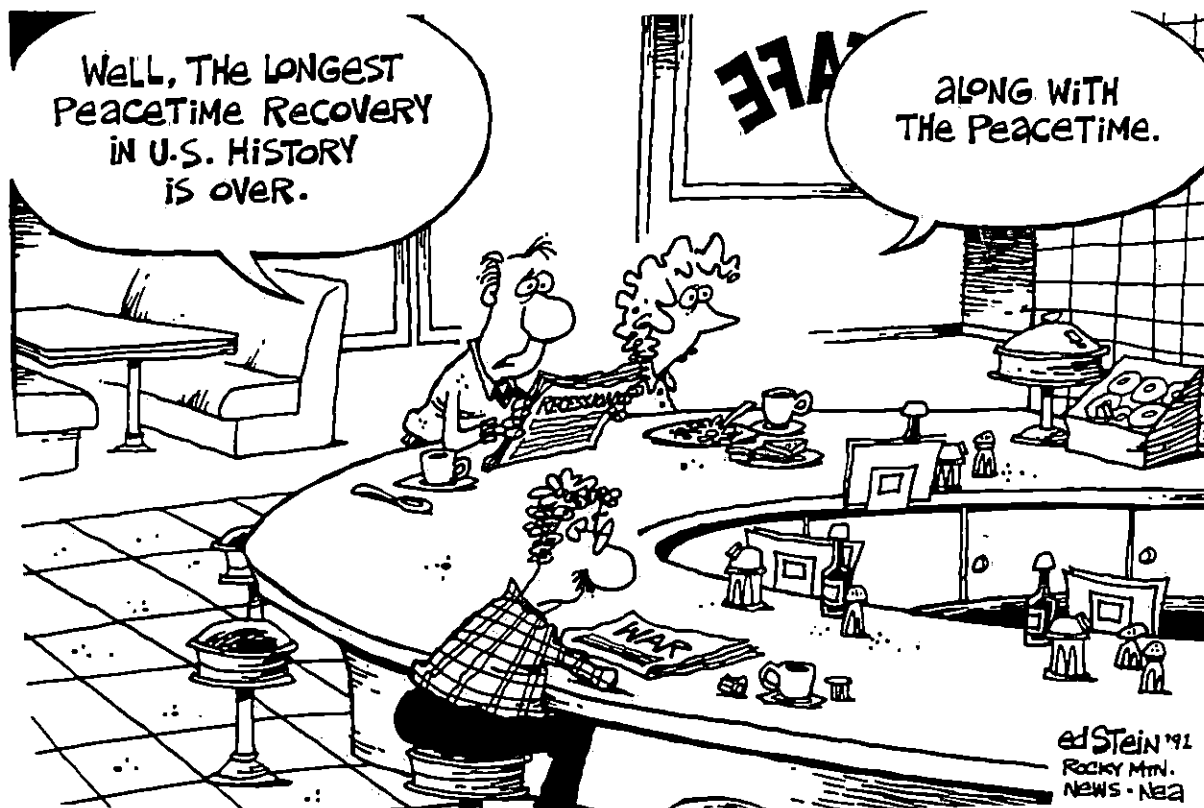
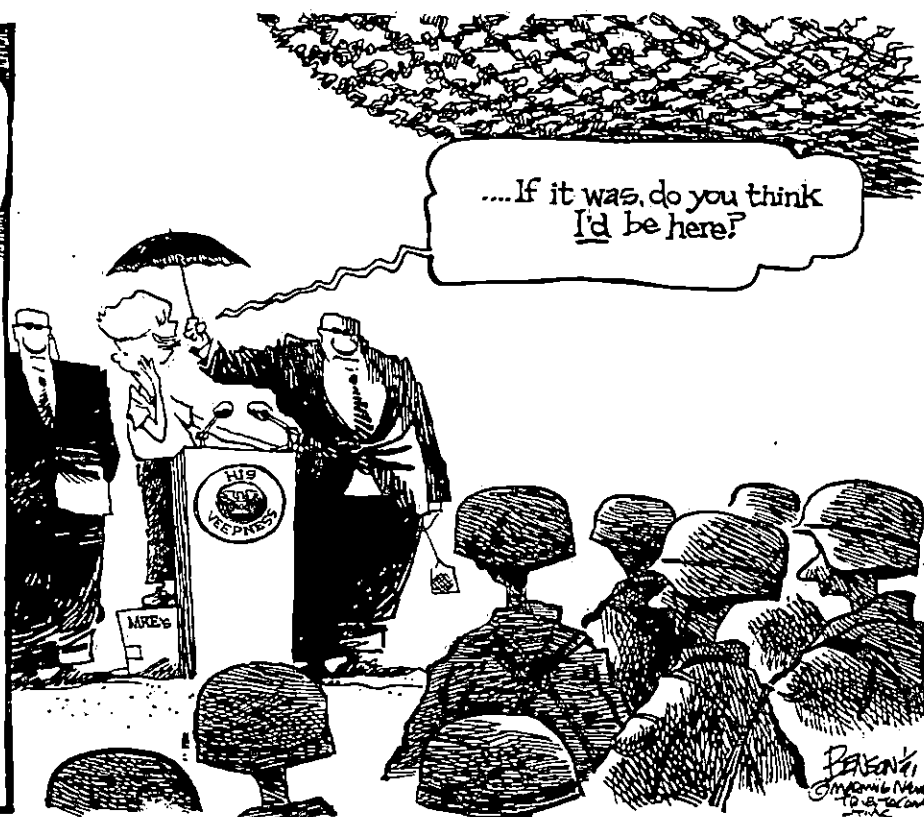


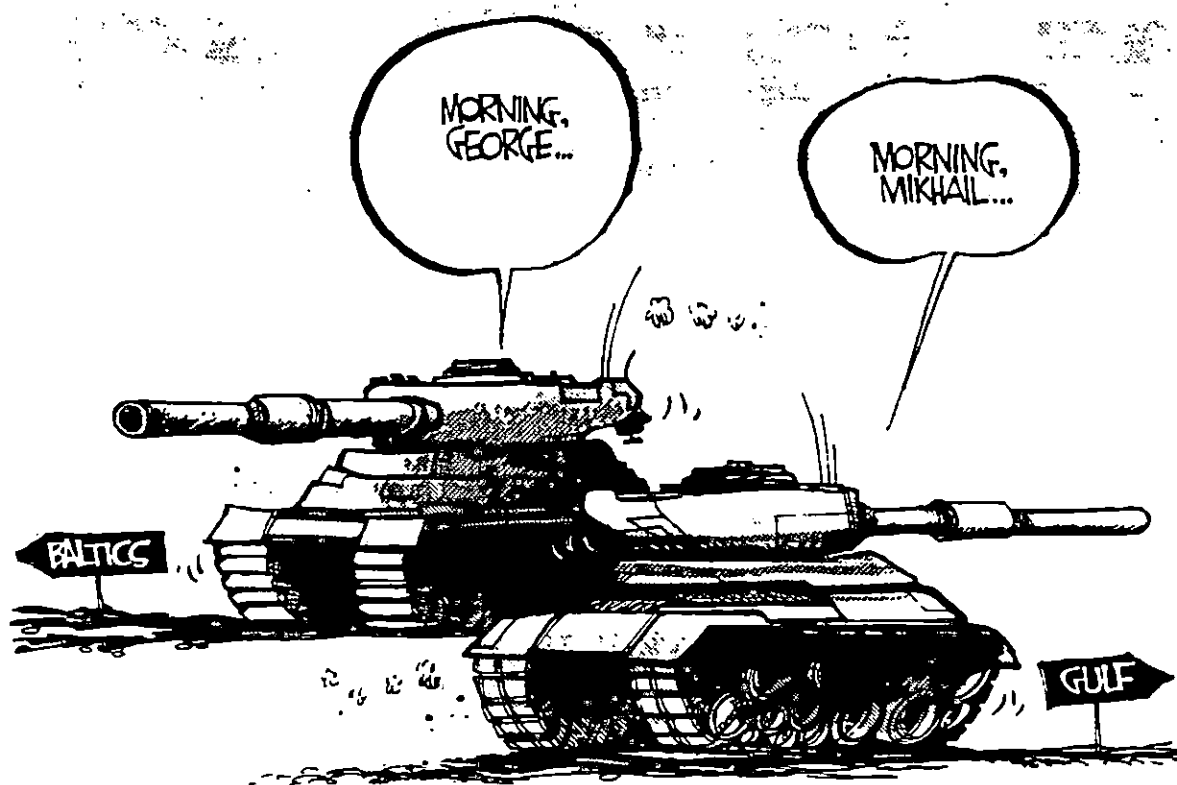


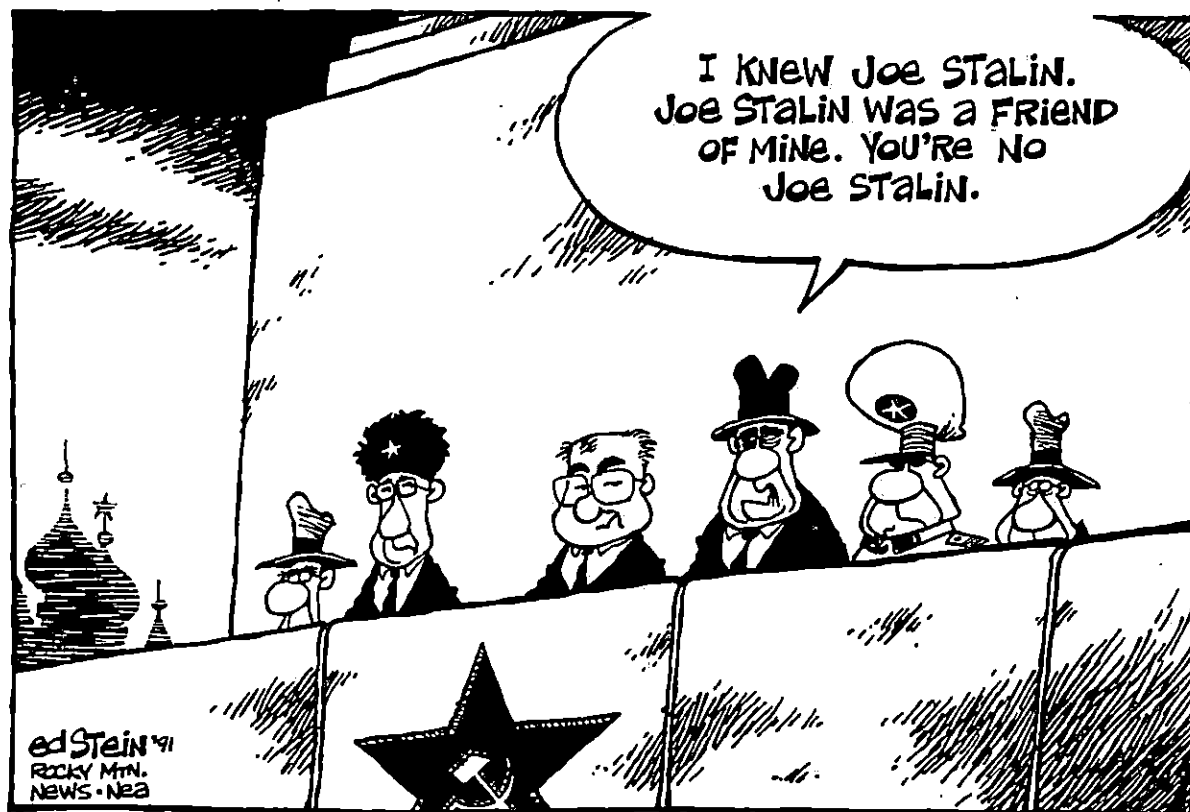
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LARRY WRIGHT





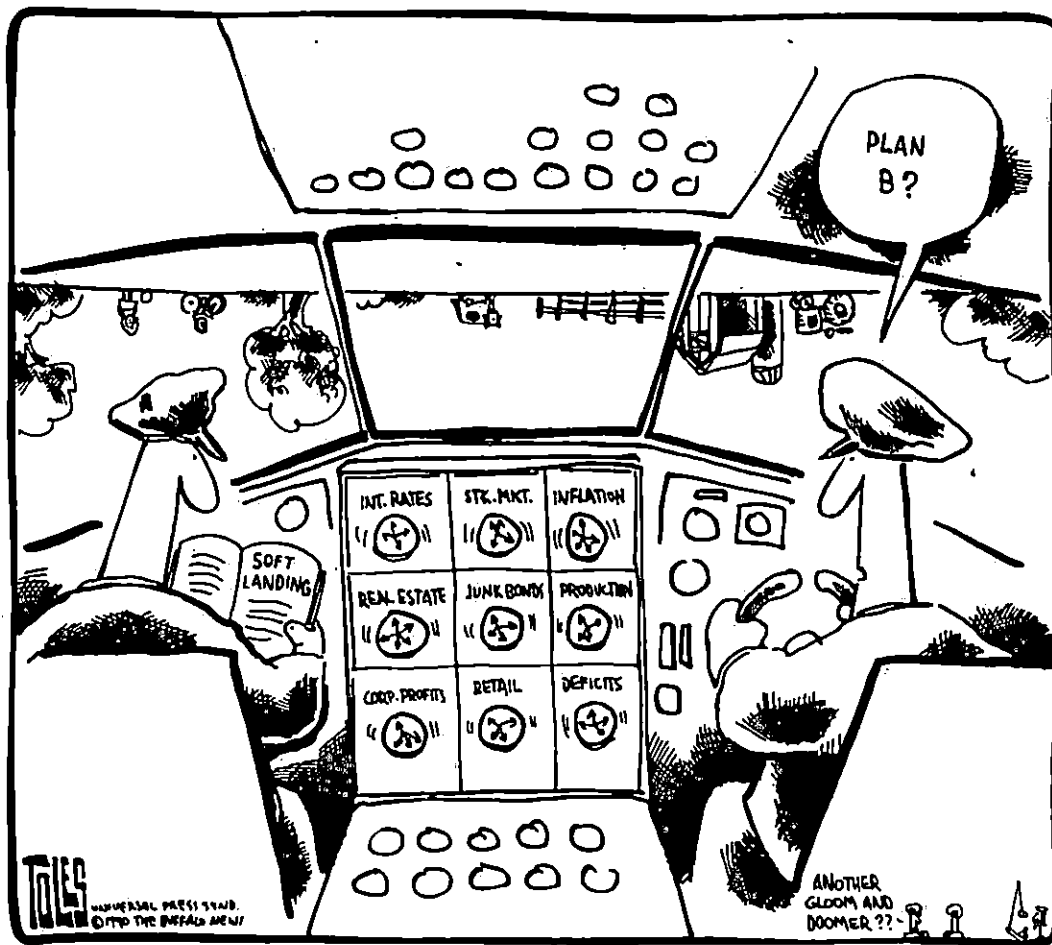


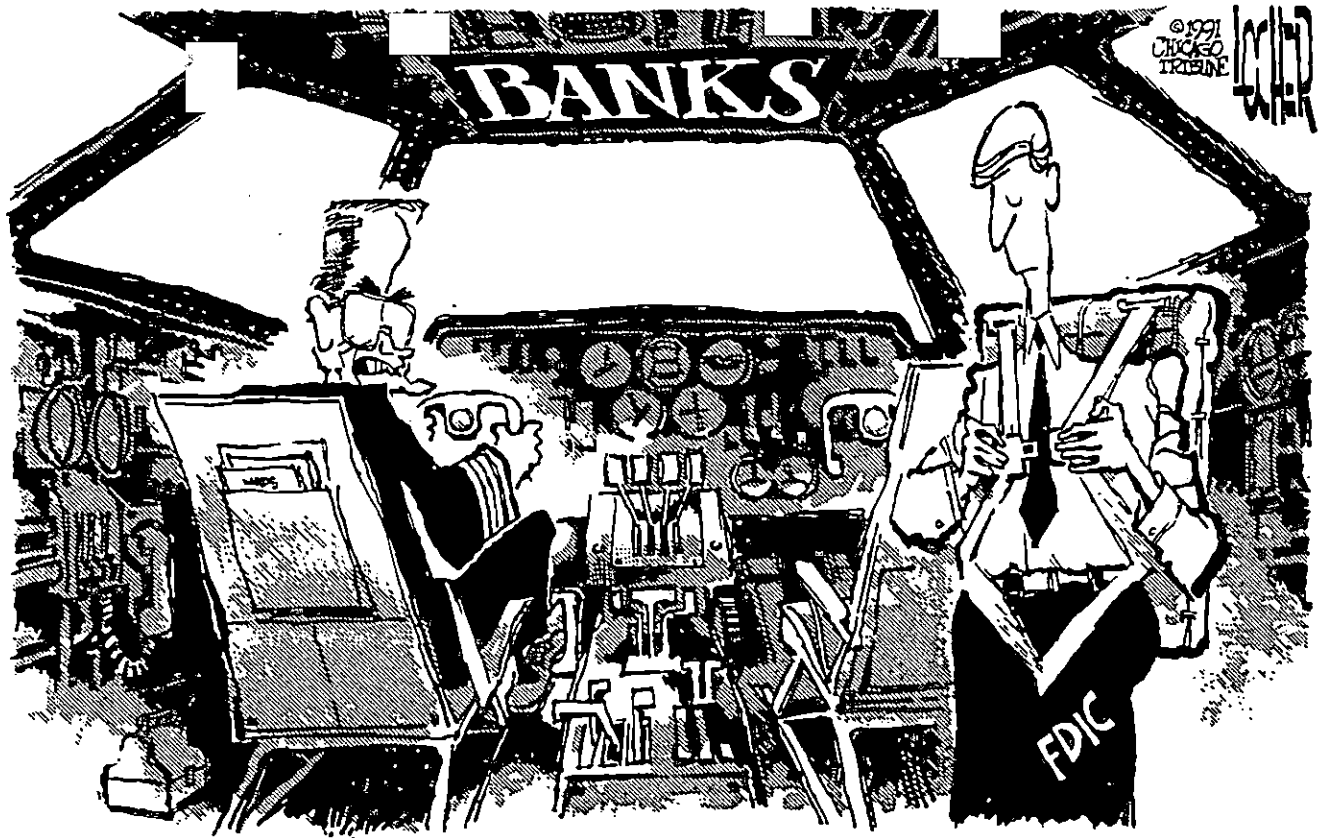






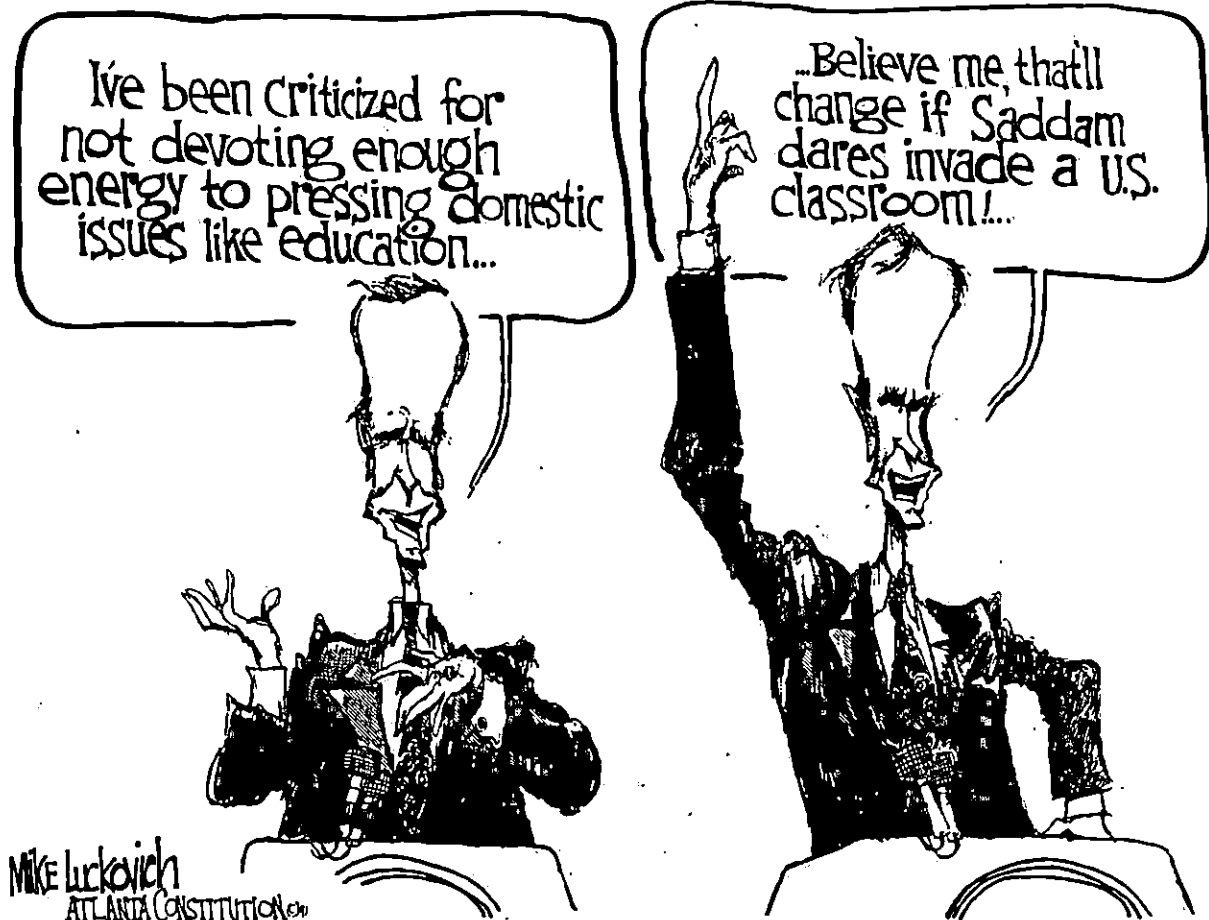
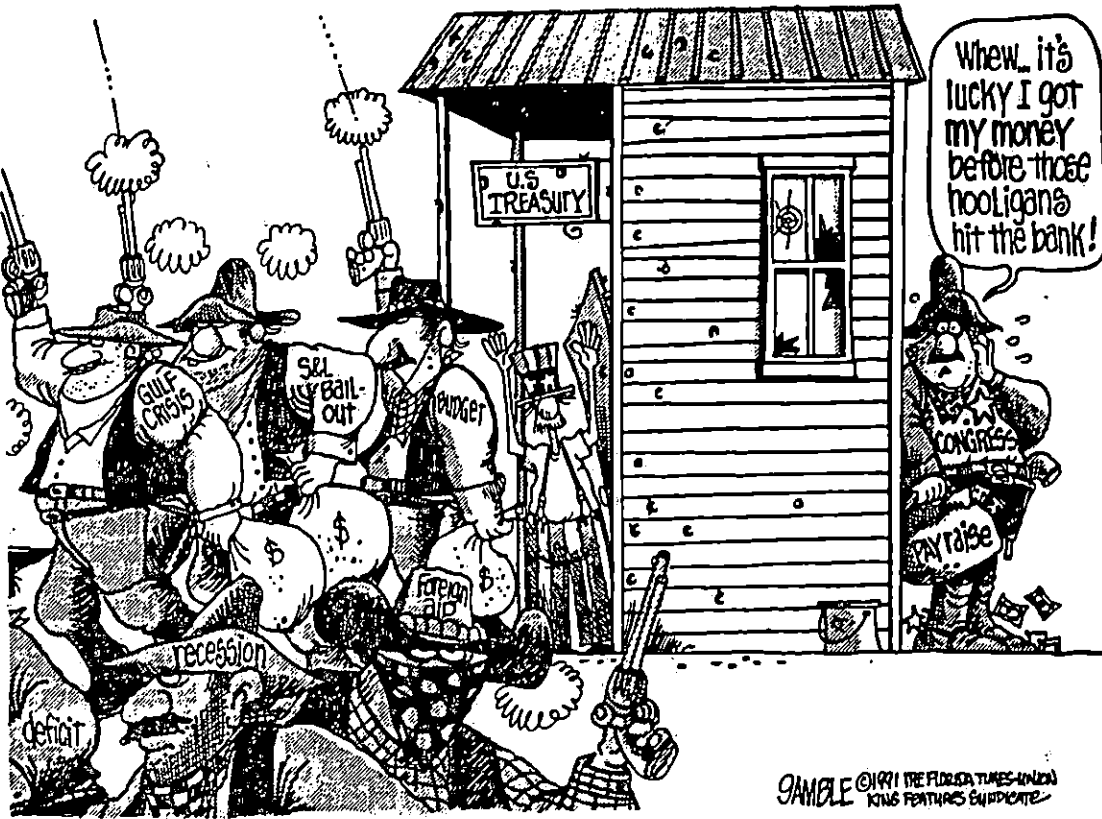
OPERATOR! GET ME THE WORLD POLICE DEPT. IN WASHINGTON D.C.!
SMALL-NATIONS TRAMPLED BY BRUTAL-NEIGHBORS DIVISION.
STILL BUSY? YES, I'LL HOLD.....





"WHEN I ASKED FOR A BAILOUT PLAN THAT'S NOT WHAT I HAD IN MIND -"







STAYJKAL
91 TAMPA
TRIBUNE

"FUNNY... NOT ONE OF THEM IS OF THE POSTMASTER GENERAL!"

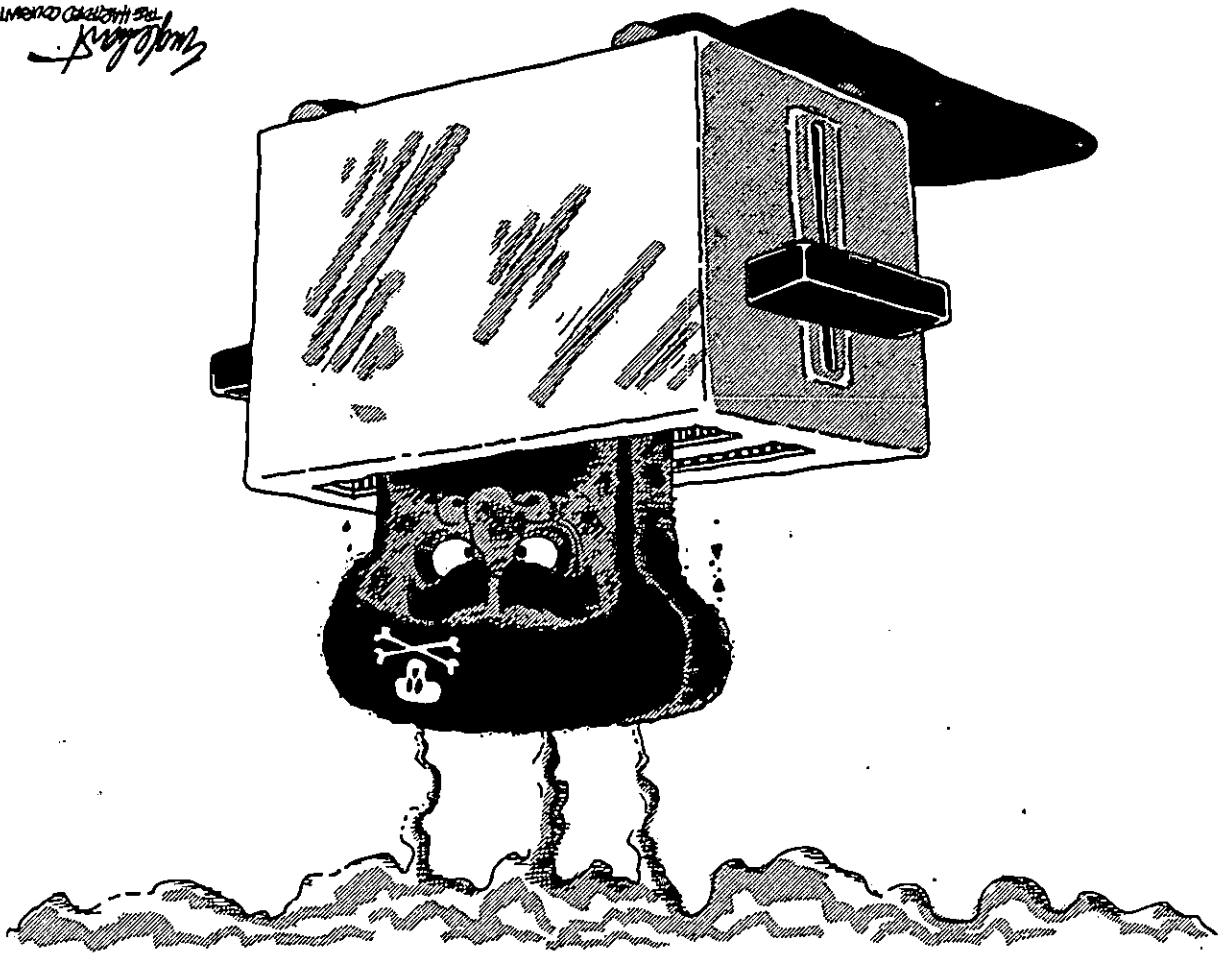


Mike Luckovich
ATLANTA CONSTITUTION

new postage stamp



THE HAZARD COUNTY
Squidhead



Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
13. Memo	From Major Bruce Caughman to President and Mrs. Bush Re: Camp David - Jan 18-20, 1991 [redaction] (1 pp.)	01/18/91	(b)(7)(e)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011	OA/ID Number: 90579-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
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January 18, 1991

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT AND MRS. BUSH

FROM: MAJOR BRUCE CAUGHMAN *BEC*

SUBJECT: CAMP DAVID - JAN 18-20, 1991

Marine One Manifest (Pentagon Helipad to Camp David)

(b)(7)(e)

NOTE: Departure from the Pentagon Helipad is scheduled at approx 3:30 pm following the President's briefing at the Pentagon. Mrs. Bush will arrive separately at approx 3:15 pm and pre-board prior to the President's arrival at the helipad.

GUESTS

Marvin, Margaret, Marshall, Walker

Marvin and his family should arrive at Camp David between 5:00 pm and 5:30 pm this evening.

Doro, Sam, Ellie, Ann McGovern

Sam, Ellie and Ann McGovern should arrive at Camp David between 4:30 pm and 5:00 pm this afternoon. Doro will arrive sometime on Saturday.

CABIN ASSIGNMENTS

BIRCH - Marvin, Margaret, Marshall, Walker

DOGWOOD - Doro, Sam, Ellie, Ann McGovern

MOVIES

FLIGHT OF THE INTRUDER (Danny Glover/William Dafoe)

NOT WITHOUT MY DAUGHTER (Sally Field)

MR. & MRS. BRIDGE (Paul Newman/Joanne Woodward)

Activities

None scheduled. Possibility of meetings during the weekend.

Bush Presidential Library Photocopy

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

91 JAN 18 PM 1:27

January 18, 1991

ACTION

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM:

BRENT SCOWCROFT 

SUBJECT:

Report to Congress on Commencement of Desert Storm

Issue

To report to Congress "consistent with the War Powers Resolution" on the commencement of Desert Storm.

Background

The joint resolution (H.J. Res. 77) supporting the use of force against Iraq to obtain compliance with the U.N. Security Council resolutions specifically provides statutory authority to engage in hostilities. The resolution therefore satisfies the requirement of the War Powers Resolution concerning the conduct of hostilities for more than 60 days, but H.J. Res. 77 specifically does not supersede other requirements of the War Powers Resolution. One such provision requires submission of a presidential report to Congress within 48 hours of introducing the Armed Forces into hostilities in the absence of a declaration of war. H.J. Res. 77 is not a declaration of war within the meaning of the War Powers Resolution.

While all Presidents and their counsel have challenged the constitutionality of the War Powers Resolution, or parts thereof, all Presidents also have submitted letters "consistent with" the Resolution when the Armed Forces have been introduced into hostilities or the other circumstances for which a report is required. The formula "consistent with the War Powers Resolution" is intended, and is understood to be intended, to preserve the argument that the Resolution is unconstitutional. You have used it in the past.

All senior Administration counsel recommend that you send identical letters to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President pro tempore of the Senate reporting the commencement of Desert Storm.

cc: Vice President
Chief of Staff

RECOMMENDATION

That you report to Congress consistent with the War Powers Resolution on the commencement of Desert Storm by signing the letters attached at Tabs A and B.

Attachments

Tab A Letter to the Speaker of the House of Representatives

Tab B Letter to the President pro tempore of the Senate

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Dear Mr. Speaker:

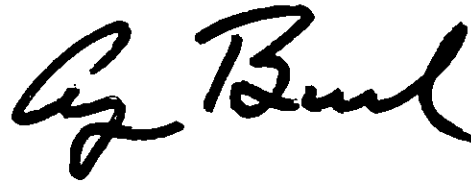
On January 16, 1991, I made available to you, consistent with section 2(b) of the Authorization for Use of Military Force Against Iraq Resolution (H.J. Res. 77, Public Law 102-1), my determination that appropriate diplomatic and other peaceful means had not and would not compel Iraq to withdraw unconditionally from Kuwait and meet the other requirements of the U.N. Security Council and the world community. With great reluctance, I concluded, as did the other coalition leaders, that only the use of armed force would achieve an Iraqi withdrawal together with the other U.N. goals of restoring Kuwait's legitimate government, protecting the lives of our citizens, and reestablishing security and stability in the Persian Gulf region. Consistent with the War Powers Resolution, I now inform you that pursuant to my authority as Commander in Chief, I directed U.S. Armed Forces to commence combat operations on January 16, 1991, against Iraqi forces and military targets in Iraq and Kuwait. The Armed Forces of Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, the United Kingdom, France, Italy, and Canada are participating as well.

Military actions are being conducted with great intensity. They have been carefully planned to accomplish our goals with the minimum loss of life among coalition military forces and the civilian inhabitants of the area. Initial reports indicate that our forces have performed magnificently. Nevertheless, it is impossible to know at this time either the duration of active combat operations or the scope or duration of the deployment of U.S. Armed Forces necessary fully to accomplish our goals.

The operations of U.S. and other coalition forces are contemplated by the resolutions of the U.N. Security Council, as well as H.J. Res. 77, adopted by Congress on January 12, 1991. They are designed to ensure that the mandates of the United Nations and the common goals of our coalition partners are achieved and the safety of our citizens and Forces is ensured.

As our united efforts in pursuit of peace, stability, and security in the Gulf region continue, I look forward to our continued consultation and cooperation.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "G. Bush". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized "G" and "B".

The Honorable Thomas S. Foley
Speaker of the House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20510

cc: The Honorable Robert H. Michel
Republican Leader

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

Dear Mr. President:

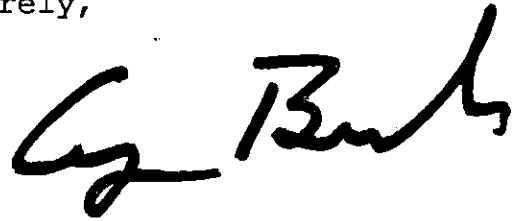
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As our united efforts in pursuit of peace, stability, and security in the Gulf region continue, I look forward to our continued consultation and cooperation.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "G. Mitchell", written in a cursive style.

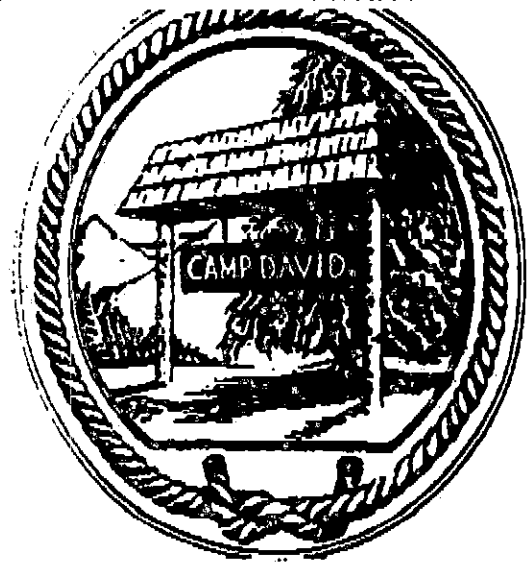
The Honorable Robert C. Byrd
President Pro Tempore of the Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

cc: The Honorable George J. Mitchell
Majority Leader

The Honorable Robert J. Dole
Republican Leader

456-2397
456-2397
-92-**CAMP DAVID**

JAN 18-21, 1991



FAX COMM # 301-271-1366

TO: Major Caughman
FROM: Cde Berry
SUBJECT: Visit of 18-21 Jan 91

No. of Pages to follow: 8Reply Requested (Y/N)? N

COMMENTS: _____

Bruce, Here is visit report for
this past weekend.
Mike

If you don't receive all copies, call 301-271-1400.

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
14a. Report	[Camp David Visit: Vist of 18-21 Jan 91] [redaction] (2 pp.)	01/22/91	(b)(7)(e)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011	OA/ID Number: 90579-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
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 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
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 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

1. Enclosures (1) through (4) provide added details for the subject Presidential visit.

ARRIVALS/DEPARTURES

Friday, 18 January 1991

- 1355 - Paula Rendon and Ariel Deguzman aboard. (C1)
- 1620 - MARINE ONE aboard with President Bush, Mrs. Bush and staff. (H1)
- 1618 - NIGHTHAWK TWO aboard. (H2)
- 1708 - Mr. and Mrs. Marvin Bush and family aboard. (P1)
- 1730 - Ann McGovern, Sam and Ellie Leblond aboard. (C2)

Saturday, 19 January 1991

- 0600 - Carpet vehicle #12 aboard with newspapers.
- 0620 - Carpet vehicle #12 ashore.
- 1102 - MARINE TWO arrive with Vice President Quayle, General Brent Scowcroft (NSC), Governor John Sununu (COS), Mr. Robert Gates (Dep NSC), LCDR Brad Gostch (VP Milaide), Secretary James Baker (Sec State) and (b)(7)(e)
- 1108 - NIGHTHAWK EIGHT arrive with Secretary Dick Cheney (Defense), General Colin Powell (Chairman JCS), Marlin Fitzwater (Press Secretary), Dave Valdez (WH Photo), CDR Mary Jackson (Nurse) LTCOL John Barry (SECDEF Milaide) and (b)(7)(e)
- 1304 - MARINE TWO departed with Vice President Quayle, General Brent Scowcroft (NSC), Governor John Sununu (COS), Mr. Robert

Gates (Dep NSC), LCDR Brad Goetch (VP Milaide), Secretary James Baker (Sec State) and (b)(7)(e)

1304 - NIGHTHAWK EIGHT departed with Secretary Dick Cheney (Defense), General Colin Powell (Chairman JCS), Marlin Fitzwater (Press Secretary), Dave Valdez (WH Photo), LTCOL John Barry (SECDEF Milaide) and (b)(7)(e)

1650 - Doro Leblond aboard. (C4)

1847 - Carpet vehicle #7 aboard.

1907 - Carpet vehicle #7 ashore with CDR Mary Jackson. (C5)

Sunday, 20 January 1991

0604 - Carpet vehicle #7 aboard with newspapers.

0611 - Carpet vehicle #7 ashore.

0650 - Chaplain Weyand aboard. (P2)

0815 - Chaplain Weyand ashore. (P2)

1133 - Ellen Schebulski (nurse) aboard. (C6)

1320 - Ariel Deguzman ashore in WHSM Van. (C1)

1331 - Marvin Bush ashore. (P1)

1621 - Speaker of the House and Mrs. Foley aboard. (C7)

Monday, 21 January 1991

0545 - Carpet vehicle #22 aboard with newspapers.

0551 - Carpet vehicle #22 ashore.

0815 - Ariel Deguzman aboard in WHSM van. (C1)

1037 - WHSM van ashore with Ariel Deguzman and Paula Rendon. (C1)

1127 - MARINE ONE ashore with President Bush, Mrs. Bush and staff. (H7)

1127 - NIGHTHAWK TWO ashore. (H8)

GUEST ACTIVITIES

Movies

Aspen movies: Friday: "Mr. and Mrs. Bridge"

Hickory Movies: Sunday: "Flight of the Intruder"

Guests, Staff and USSS checked out 30 beta videos from Chestnut.

Bicycling

Bicycles were utilized by staff and guests throughout the weekend.

Golf Carts

Mrs. Bush took several golf cart tours of camp during the visit.

Bowling

The President's Grandchildren bowled on Friday. Staff bowled on several occasions both Saturday and Sunday.

Wye Oak

The President worked out and played Walleyball on Saturday and Sunday. Speaker Foley worked out on Monday morning.

Chapel Services

Chaplain Weyand conducted Catholic service at 0730 in the Hickory Theater. Seven guests, crew members, and dependants attended. Chaplain Frusti conducted interdenominational service at 0900. The President, family, guests, staff, crew members and dependents were in attendance for a total of approximately 60.

COMMUNICATIONS

Communications went generally well between USSS, Laurel, Marines, WHCA and the NSF Duty Section.

DUTY SECTIONS

<u>DATE</u>	<u>CDO</u>	<u>NOOD</u>	<u>JOOD</u>
18 JANUARY	LT DAWKINS	YNCS FORD	EO1 HUDSON
19 JANUARY	LT DAWKINS	BUC EDWARDS	CM1 COLON
20 JANUARY	LT DAWKINS	BUC EDWARDS	CM1 COLON
21 JANUARY	LT DAWKINS	EOC RICE	BU1 BROWN

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
14b. List	Visit Package 18-21 January 1991: Cabin Assignments [Camp David Visit] (2 pp.)	01/22/91	(b)(7)(e)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011	OA/ID Number: 90579-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
14c. List	HELO Manifest (Staff/Guests) [Camp David Visit] (2 pp.)	01/22/91	(b)(7)(c), (b)(7)(e), (b)(7)(f)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011	OA/ID Number: 90579-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
14c. List	HELO Manifest (Staff/Guests) [Camp David Visit] (1 pp.)	01/22/91	(b)(7)(c), (b)(7)(e), (b)(7)(f)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011	OA/ID Number: 90579-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
14d. List	POV (Staff/Guests) [Camp David Visit] [redaction] (1 pp.)	01/22/91	(b)(7)(c), (b)(7)(e), (b)(7)(f)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Friday, January 18, 1991

Date Closed: 4/14/2011	OA/ID Number: 90579-005
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

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POV (STAFF/GUESTS)

<u>CODE</u>	<u>NAME</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>ARRIVE</u>	<u>DEPART</u>	<u>VEHICLE ID</u>
P1	MARVIN BUSH MARGARET BUSH MARSHALL BUSH WALKER BUSH	SON DAUGHTER-IN-LAW GRANDDAUGHTER GRANDSON	1708/FRI	1331/SUN H8	JP WGNEER VA WJD21
P2	MAJ JOHN WEYAND	CHAPLAIN	0650/SUN	0815/SUN	BLK JEEP WRANGLER

CARPET/GOV'T VEHICLE (STAFF/GUESTS)

<u>CODE</u>	<u>NAME</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>ARRIVE</u>	<u>DEPART</u>	<u>VEHICLE ID</u>
C1	PAULA RENDON MSCM A. DEGUZMAN	SPECIAL ASST WHSM	1355/FRI 1355/FRI 0815/MON	1037/MON 1320/SUN 1037/MON	WHSM VAN
C2 & 3	ANN MCGOVERN SAM LEBLOND ELLIE LEBLOND	NANNY GRANDSON GRANDDAUGHTER	1630/FRI	H8	OLDCDC 15032 MERC DC 96689
	(b)(7)(c), (b)(7)(e), (b)(7)(f)		1630/FRI	1700/FRI	
C4	DORO LEBLOND	DAUGHTER	1650/SAT	H8	FORD CROWN VICTORIA 314279
C5	CDR MARY JACKSON	NURSE	H4	1700/SAT	CARPET
C6	ELLEN SCHEBULSKI	NURSE	1133/SUN	H8	CARPET
C7	THOMAS FOLEY HEATHER FOLEY JOE POWELL	SPEAKER OF HSE WIFE DRIVER	1624/SUN 1624/SUN	H7 1628/SUN	BLK LINCOLN TOWN CAR DC 476134

Bush Presidential Library Photocopy

daily

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 18, 1991

PERSONAL

Dear Pete:

I normally do not write letters of this nature but here goes.

One of our closet friends is Daphne Murray, formerly of Houston, more recently of this area, for she has been ably running the Institute of Museum Services. She is moving to Sacramento where she will marry Alfred Gawthrop, a prominent Sacramento lawyer.

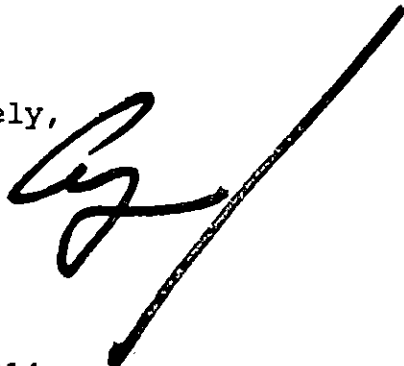
Daphne has done a terrific job at the Institute of Museum Services and she would like now to work for the California Arts Council. She is good enough to run the whole thing, or certainly be its deputy should any vacancies be there.

If there are no openings there, perhaps someone could talk to her about getting involved in some way in the arts. She did a great job at our marvelous museum in Houston. Then when I came into office, I talked her into coming here to run the Institute of Museum Services.

I believe Gayle called her the other day welcoming her to Sacramento. You'll love her.

Good luck Pete.

Sincerely,



The Honorable Pete Wilson
Office of the Governor
State Capitol
Sacramento, California 95814

Wilson

Dear Pete,

I normally do not write letter of this nature but here goes:

One of our closest friends is Daphne Murray, formerly of Houston, more recently of this area, for she has been ably running the _____.

She is moving to Sacramento where she will marry _____, a prominent Sacramento lawyer.

Daphne has done a terrific job at the _____, and she would like now to work for the California Arts Council. She is good enough to run the whole thing or certainly be its deputy should any vacancies be there.

If there is no opening there, perhaps someone could talk to her about getting her involved in some way in the arts. She did a great job at our marvelous museum in Houston, and then. Then when I came into office I talked her into coming here to run _____.

I believe Gayle called her the other day welcoming her to Sacramento. You'll love her. Good luck Pete... Sincerely,

Bush Presidential Library Photocopy

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

DATE:

FROM THE PRESIDENT

To:

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 18, 1990

Dear A.C.

Just a quick note of thanks for that thoughtful note and the Rick DuBrow piece. I read the article with interest and appreciate you sending it along.

I'm looking forward to coming to California next month. Many thanks for your help on that.

Barbara sends warm best wishes, too.

Sincerely,



Mr. A.C. Lyles
Paramount Pictures Corp.
5555 Melrose Avenue
Hollywood, California 90038

JB

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mrs. Sandy O'Shea
21 Ash Street
Garden City, New York 11530



THE PRESIDENT

1-18-91

Dear Sandy,
What a thoughtful
note. So many many
thanks. *Cap B*

bcc: Governor Sununu
Bridget Montagne ✓

IN & OUT

6 January, 1991

else (except Johnny, maybe)
I would trust as much
with such a decision, and
I just wanted to let you
know that you are
Constantly in our prayers.

Sincerely,
Sandy Lurman O'Shea

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

Dear Mr. President,

I suspect you are
facing the most worrisome
decisions of this administra-
tion, since they are so literally
a matter of life and death.

I know what a good man
you are and how much you
respect life, so I have absolute
confidence you will do what
is best for us and for the
world.

I can't imagine anyone

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mrs. Sandy O'Shea
21 Ash Street
Garden City, New York 11530



THE PRESIDENT

1-18-91

Dear Sandy,
What a thoughtful
note. So many many
thanks. Love Ben

bcc: Governor Sununu
Bridget Montagne

IN & OUT

Jan

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

January 18, 1991

EXECUTIVE ORDER

- - - - -

ORDERING THE READY RESERVE OF THE ARMED FORCES TO ACTIVE DUTY

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), and section 301 of title 3 of the United States Code; in furtherance of Executive Order No. 12722, dated August 2, 1990, which declared a national emergency to address the threat to the national security and foreign policy of the United States posed by the invasion of Kuwait by Iraq; and, in accordance with the requirements contained in section 301 of the National Emergencies Act, 50 U.S.C. 1631, I hereby order as follows:

Section 1. To provide additional authority to the Department of Defense and the Department of Transportation to respond to the continuing threat posed by Iraq's invasion of Kuwait, the authority under section 673 of title 10, United States Code, to order any unit, and any member not assigned to a unit organized to serve as a unit, in the Ready Reserve to active duty (other than for training) for not more than 24 consecutive months, is invoked and made available, according to its terms, to the Secretary concerned, subject, in the case of the Secretaries of the Army, Navy, and Air Force, to the direction of the Secretary of Defense. The term "Secretary concerned" is defined in section 101(8) of title 10, United States Code, to mean the Secretary of the Army with respect to the Army; the Secretary of the Navy with respect to the Navy, the Marine Corps, and the Coast Guard when it is operating as a service in the Navy; the Secretary of the Air Force with respect to the Air Force; and, the Secretary of Transportation with respect to the Coast Guard when it is not operating as a service in the Navy.

Sec. 2. To allow for the orderly administration of personnel within the armed forces, the authority vested in the President by section 527 of title 10, United States Code, to suspend the operation of sections 523-526 of title 10, United States Code, regarding officer strength and officer distribution in grade, is invoked to the full extent provided by the terms thereof.

Sec. 3. To allow for the orderly administration of personnel within the armed forces, the authority vested in the President by section 644 of title 10, United States Code, to suspend the operation of any provision of law relating to the promotion, involuntary retirement, or separation of commissioned officers of the Army, Navy, Air Force, or Marine Corps, is invoked to the full extent provided by the terms thereof.

Sec. 4. The Secretary of Defense is hereby designated and empowered, without the approval, ratification, or other action by the President, to exercise the authority vested in the President by sections 527 and 644 of title 10, United States Code, as invoked by sections 2 and 3 of this order, to suspend the operation of certain provisions of law.

more

(OVER)

Sec. 5. The authorities delegated by sections 1 and 4 of this order may be redelegated and further subdelegated to civilian subordinates who are appointed to their offices by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Sec. 6. This order is intended to improve the internal management of the executive branch, and is not intended to create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law by a party against the United States, its agencies, its officers, or any person.

Sec. 7. This order is effective immediately, and shall be transmitted to the Congress and published in the Federal Register.

GEORGE BUSH

THE WHITE HOUSE,
January 18, 1991.

#

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

January 18, 1991

TEXT OF A LETTER FROM
THE PRESIDENT TO THE SPEAKER OF
THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND
THE PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE OF THE SENATE

January 18, 1991

Dear Mr. Speaker: (Dear Mr. President:)

On January 16, 1991, I made available to you, consistent with section 2(b) of the Authorization for Use of Military Force Against Iraq Resolution (H.J. Res. 77, Public Law 102-1), my determination that appropriate diplomatic and other peaceful means had not and would not compel Iraq to withdraw unconditionally from Kuwait and meet the other requirements of the U.N. Security Council and the world community. With great reluctance, I concluded, as did the other coalition leaders, that only the use of armed force would achieve an Iraqi withdrawal together with the other U.N. goals of restoring Kuwait's legitimate government, protecting the lives of our citizens, and reestablishing security and stability in the Persian Gulf region. Consistent with the War Powers Resolution, I now inform you that pursuant to my authority as Commander in Chief, I directed U.S. Armed Forces to commence combat operations on January 16, 1991, against Iraqi forces and military targets in Iraq and Kuwait. The Armed Forces of Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, the United Kingdom, France, Italy, and Canada are participating as well.

Military actions are being conducted with great intensity. They have been carefully planned to accomplish our goals with the minimum loss of life among coalition military forces and the civilian inhabitants of the area. Initial reports indicate that our forces have performed magnificently. Nevertheless, it is impossible to know at this time either the duration of active combat operations or the scope or duration of the deployment of U.S. Armed Forces necessary fully to accomplish our goals.

The operations of U.S. and other coalition forces are contemplated by the resolutions of the U.N. Security Council, as well as H.J. Res. 77, adopted by Congress on January 12, 1991. They are designed to ensure that the mandates of the United Nations and the common goals of our coalition partners are achieved and the safety of our citizens and Forces is ensured.

more

(OVER)

As our united efforts in pursuit of peace, stability, and security in the Gulf region continue, I look forward to our continued consultation and cooperation.

Sincerely,

GEORGE BUSH

cc: The Honorable George J. Mitchell
Majority Leader

The Honorable Robert J. Dole
Republican Leader

The Honorable Robert H. Michel
Republican Leader

#

Pool report, meeting at Pentagon and departure for Camp David
January 18, 1991

The President and many men, some of them in uniform, met in "the tank." The tank is the conference room, formally known as the Gold Room, where the Joint Chiefs of Staff gather at the Pentagon. There is a long rectangular table and dark wood panelling and lots of oil paintings around of armadas.

Colin Powell was on the President's right -- as you looked at them -- and Dick Cheney was on his left. They all looked rested and confident. Scowcroft was next to Cheney and Sununu was next to Scowcroft and Vice President Quayle was on the other side of the table.

The President was talked out. "I'm over here to learn and not take any questions, with your permission," he said, when asked about the false alarm in Israel. He gestured at Powell and Cheney, to see if they wanted to answer questions, but they smilingly declined. As the pool was ushered out, Mr. Bush was asked if Gorbachev had been reassuring on the Baltics. He seemed to nod, and he might have said "Not bad," according to the CNN correspondent, but then again he might not have. It was too low to tell until they check the tape.

The most interesting thing that happened was, as the President was leaving from the Pentagon helipad for Camp David with Barbara, a Secret Service agent dropped a large gas mask -- the kind with a cone nose, like the TV reporters have been wearing -- out of a green canvas bag onto the lawn. There were four masks in four green bags. The Agent quickly scooped up the mask, put it back in the bag and took all four over to the back-up helicopter.

The other people in the room with Bush at the Pentagon, according to a seating chart, were: Sec. Michael Stone, Gen. Carl Vuono, Depsec. Don Atwood, Gen. Al Gray, Sec. Lawrence Garrett, Adrm. Frank Kelson, Bob Gates, Arnie Kantor, Richard Haass, Paul Wolfowitz, Marlin Fitzwater, Lt. Gen. Tom Kelly, Rear Admir. Mike McConnell, Adm. Dave Jeremiah, Gen. Tony McPeak, Sec. Donald Rice.

Sean Walsh went to Camp David with the President, and he said there would be a meeting up there tomorrow with Scowcroft and some of the other members of the high command. Return date: Monday.

- DOWD, NYT

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

January 18, 1991

STATEMENT BY THE PRESS SECRETARY

At the request of the Secretary of Defense, the President today authorized the Department of Defense and the Department of Transportation to order members of the ready reserve of the armed forces to active duty under the provisions of section 673 of title 10, United States Code. This step is necessary to support the continued operations of United States forces in Operation Desert Storm. This authority will enable reservists to remain on active duty for longer than 180 days and will also permit the call to active duty of personnel in excess of the 200,000 previously authorized.

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THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

January 18, 1991

TEXT OF A LETTER FROM
THE PRESIDENT TO THE SPEAKER OF
THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND
THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE

January 18, 1991

Dear Mr. Speaker: (Dear Mr. President:)

I have today, pursuant to section 673 of title 10, United States Code, authorized the Secretaries of the Army, Navy, and Air Force, and the Secretary of Transportation with respect to the Coast Guard when it is not operating as a service within the Department of the Navy, to order to active duty units and individual members not assigned to units of the Ready Reserve. The continued deployment of United States forces in and around the Arabian Peninsula necessitates this action.

A copy of the Executive order implementing this action is attached.

Sincerely,

GEORGE BUSH

#

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

January 18, 1991

STATEMENT BY THE PRESS SECRETARY

The President today sent a letter to His Majesty King Harald V and Her Majesty Queen Sonja of Norway extending President and Mrs. Bush's condolences on the death of King Olav V. In the letter, the President said that King Olav V was a symbol of Norway's spirit and verve, and that his graciousness and energy would be missed.

King Olav V lived in the United States during the Second World War as a guest of President Franklin Delano Roosevelt. During his long reign, Norway and the United States have enjoyed a very close and productive friendship. He was much admired by the American people.

#



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
THE SECRETARY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20410-0001

January 18, 1991

Mrs. Coretta Scott King
The Martin Luther King, Jr. Center
449 Auburn Avenue, N.E.
Atlanta, Georgia 30312

Dear Mrs. King:

As I hope you know, I have profound respect for you, your late husband, and for his historic and courageous leadership in rescuing this nation from the shame of legalized racism. For me, his life has been a source of constant inspiration and a guiding light in the continuing struggle for civil, human, legal, and equal rights for all.

As a friend and admirer, I must tell you that I was deeply troubled by your public comments on President Bush's agonizing decision to implement the United Nations resolutions authorizing the liberation of Kuwait. The freedom of dissent is an American national treasure, but I hope you will permit me, in good faith, to respond as a friend of yours and as a friend of the Martin Luther King Center.

Just beside my desk hangs the portrait of Dr. King with which you honored me. The inscription reads, "Freedom has always been an expensive thing." You are far better able than I to interpret your husband's meaning, yet Dr. King surely understood the lessons of history. The price of freedom is never so high as when it is lost.

Your husband wrote of Abraham Lincoln, "The pen of the Great Emancipator moved the Negro into the sunlight of physical freedom..." But Lincoln's pen was only made possible by the "sword" of military action. Only by the blood of thousands did emancipation become a reality. A high price to pay for freedom, but necessary.

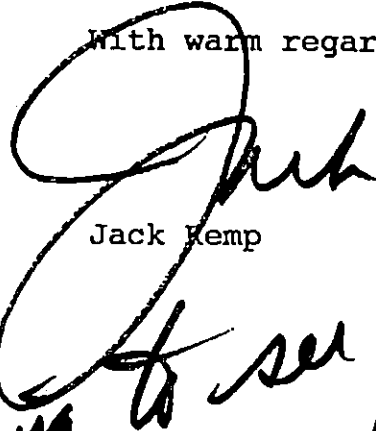
Though Dr. King is well known as an advocate of nonviolence, he also recognized a right of self-defense. In the collection of his speeches which you gave to me, A Testament of Hope, Dr. King writes (page 32) that there is a right of self-defense "which all societies, from the most primitive to the most cultured and civilized, accept as moral and legal." The Kuwaiti people have been visited with untold suffering. Yet they are far too weak to come to their own defense. Is the world condemned to stand idly by? To the contrary, I believe that we have an obligation to aid the Kuwaitis, Saudis and Israelis in their own self-defense, especially if by this act we prevent future aggression and still greater bloodshed or the potential use of nuclear and chemical weapons by Saddam Hussein.

You suggest that peacekeeping forces be substituted for the Allied troops. But how can we expect these forces to keep the peace, if not precisely by the threat of force?

I was especially disappointed by your suggestion that President Bush would trade blood for oil. This can only come as a disheartening blow to those American troops, black and white, who fight not for oil but for freedom and hopefully a new world order based on the rule of just laws. You do President Bush a disservice by implying that he would send our young people into battle for anything less than freedom and preservation of law, particularly knowing of his wartime service to our nation in World War II.

Over issues of war and peace, honest men and women can always disagree. And though my disagreement with you is profound and heartfelt, it is, I hope, one among friends in a friendship which will continue even stronger now that we've had this opportunity to share our mutual views.

With warm regards and respect,


Jack Kemp

I hope to see you soon JK

NETWORK COMMENTARY FOLLOWING PRESIDENT'S NEWS CONFERENCE

ABC

PETER JENNINGS reports the President had a very strong message to Jordan that though he does not like the position King Hussein took, a position he was somewhat obliged to take between Iraq and the U.S., he wants Jordan to think of itself in the future as part of what the President often refers to as the New World Order.

The President's opening assessment was that this campaign is going to take time. We differ a little with the President in terms of how long it's been going on but we've checked and we now believe that we are in the 41st hour of Operation Desert Storm. He says this will take time, there will be lessons and losses, and there will be obstacles.

He is outraged by this attack on Israel, which he called an act of terror, and he said Saddam Hussein will fail in his attempt, and it clearly was a reckless attempt by Saddam Hussein to break up the Arab coalition. There was a considerable back-and-forth there as to whether or not the U.S. was actively trying to, or had at one point, restrained the Israelis from going into battle against the Iraqis themselves. The President said this was very complicated situation and he said we should guard against anything that can change the course of the war because that was what Saddam was trying to do....

BRIT HUME: It just occurred to me that the President's words about the situation regarding Israel were quite carefully chosen and a clear indication that while the U.S. and Israel have succeeded so far in working together, and the U.S. has managed to keep Israeli fighter planes from becoming engaged in this conflict, that it is very much a day-to-day situation and one that is going to be a matter of considerable attention here and considerable worry.

JENNINGS: What do you think at this point, based on what you hear there, is the relationship between President Bush and Prime Minister Shamir? It's not always been a very good one at all.

HUME: It hasn't, but my strong sense is that that has changed, at least for now. And the reason it has changed is that when Shamir was here at the White House a few weeks ago and had an opportunity to discuss with the President his goals for the diplomatic and now military battle with Saddam Hussein, that Shamir became convinced to his surprise and delight that Mr. Bush wanted to smash this guy, something that Israel can only find a very pleasant outcome, and that he came out of the White House that day very happy with that and willing, at least, to go some of the way toward meeting the U.S. request that Israel continue its low profile even after it got really tough.

JOHN MCWETHY says the President is playing and is obviously engaged in a very sensitive dialogue with the Israelis. He is pleading with them. He is also trying to convince them that the U.S., in his words, has launched the darndest search-and-destroy operation that has ever been launched to get those remaining missiles out. But he is admitting that to get all of the missiles, that is something the U.S. simply cannot guarantee to Israel.

-more-

CBS

LESLEY STAHL: (The President) looked as grim as I've ever seen him. I saw lines in his face that I have not seen there before. And his advisors standing off to the side all looking as if they had spent what I know was a long night trying to hold this coalition together. He spoke eloquently in great appreciation for the Israelis not immediately retaliating against that attack last night.

EDITOR'S NOTES: NBC carried the news conference but did not provide immediate commentary. CNN's Frank Sesno briefly reiterated the major points of the news conference.

###

8:30 A.M. NEWS UPDATE

ISRAELI RETALIATION (Tel Aviv/AP) -- ...Israel's military chief said his country was obliged to retaliate to Iraqi missile strikes. Israel radio said Prime Minister Shamir met with key Cabinet ministers and defense officials to decide on a response. "It appears that we've been extraordinarily lucky," Deputy Foreign Minister Netanyahu told CNN. But he said of Saddam: "We cannot rule out that he will not launch other missiles." Chief of Staff Lt. Gen. Shomron said the attack obliged his country to respond. "I want to say that the fact that missiles have been fired on our civilian population is very serious," Shomron said. "As we have said in the past and repeated it, all the leaders of Israel have said it, such a case obliges a response." Any action would be coordinated with the U.S., said Brig. Gen. Shai, the Israeli army spokesman. A U.S. official in Washington, speaking on condition of anonymity, said Israel has the right to defend itself, appearing to signal that the U.S. would understand if Israel struck back.

In Jordan, the military went on its highest alert since the 1967 war, fearing an Israeli retaliation, a senior Jordanian military official said. "We are going to effectively attempt to defend our land and our airspace against all comers," Crown Prince Hassan told ABC. "We will not be a corridor."

(Nicosia/AP) -- Iraq claimed its missiles hit "political, economic, and scientific targets" in Israel early today, and said Baghdad has become "a jungle of fighters and trenches" ready to repel attackers. Bombing raids on Iraq continued early today. The BBC said radio towers, the Air Force Ministry and Saddam's presidential palace were hit, but Saddam apparently was in a bunker at the time and was safe. Iraq's first confirmation of its pre-dawn missile strike on Israel came over Iraqi radio about eight hours after the attack. "Let the United States hear the wailing of its daughter implanted in the heart of the Arab homeland," said the radio.

(Damascus/Reuter) -- Syrian radio quoted a Syrian military official in Lebanon as categorically denying a report that Israeli warplanes had flown over southern Lebanon and Syrian toward Iraq.

SCUD ATTACK/PLO (Tunis/Reuter) -- The PLO said Iraq's missile attack on Israel had effectively brought the Jewish state into the war. Speaking just hours after the attack, a PLO spokesman said it was a "new development in the war with the effective entry of Israel."

ISRAELI PLANES/BAGHDAD RADIO (Nicosia/Reuter) -- Baghdad radio quoted an Iraqi military spokesman as saying that Israeli warplanes flew to Saudi Arabia to join the U.S.-dominated multinational force. The radio quoted the spokesman as saying the Israeli planes would take part in what it called the aggression against Iraq. In announcing their missile attack on Israel, an Iraqi military communique broadcast on the radio claimed that bombs being dropped on Iraq by attacking warplanes came from Israel.

SCUD ATTACK/SOVIETS (Moscow/AP) -- The Soviet Union condemned the Iraqi missile attack on Israel. Tass said the incident "marks a new dangerous turning point in the Gulf conflict."

-more-

ISRAEL/GAS MASK FATALITIES (Jerusalem/Reuter) -- Three women and a 3-year-old Arab girl apparently suffocated in their gas masks during an Iraqi missile strike, Israel Radio said.

SCHWARZKOPF BRIEFING (Riyadh/UPI) -- U.S. war planes located 11 Iraqi mobile-based Scud missile sites, a project described as finding a needle in a haystack, and have destroyed six and were working on eliminating the rest, Gen. Schwarzkopf said at a news briefing.

(Riyadh/Reuter) -- Gen. Schwarzkopf said U.S. forces were flying about 2,000 air sorties a day and were hitting their targets 80% of the time.

U.S. AIR CASUALTIES (AP) -- The Gulf War claimed two additional U.S. aircraft as U.S.-led forces engaged in a new wave of attacks aimed at destroying missile launchers used by Iraq to attack Israel. Four crewmen were missing. The Pentagon identified the two additional missing planes as a Navy A-6 Intruder and an Air Force F-15E Strike Eagle. No information was available on the fate of the two crewmen aboard each plane.

(Nicosia/Reuter) -- An Iraqi military spokesman claimed the country's air defense forces shot down five more enemy aircraft on Friday, bringing to 65 the number of allied planes Baghdad says it has downed.

SAUDI-KUWAIT BORDER CONFLICT (With the 1st Marine Division/AP) -- Marine Corps helicopters and jet fighters attacked Iraqi ground forces inside Kuwait hours after a U.S.-led air raid began the Gulf war. The attack inside Kuwait early Thursday also followed Iraqi artillery fire on Marine ground forces near the Saudi border town of Khafji. Marine AM-1T Cobra helicopter gunships attacked and destroyed an Iraqi command post and AV-8B Harrier fighters heavily damaged an Iraqi artillery battery from three to six miles north of the Kuwait-Saudi border. No U.S. casualties were reported, but several Marine bunkers were destroyed by artillery fire.

GULF WAR/JAPAN (Tokyo/AP) -- Japanese officials were working on a new aid package to support the Gulf War that they said would surpass the \$2 billion Japan pledged last September.

FOREIGN MARKETS (AP) -- Trading on European markets was subdued today, with oil prices rising about a dollar and stocks holding steady, as investors appeared to hold out hope for a short war in the Gulf. Earlier in the day in Tokyo, the market fluctuated wildly. Stocks opened strongly then plunged as oil prices rose when word came that Iraq had launched missiles into Israel. But by the end of trading, stocks had rallied and oil prices closed only slightly higher.

U.S. PLANES/TURKEY (Ankara/Reuter) -- U.S. aircraft, authorized by Ankara to mount air strikes from joint bases, flew night missions early Friday as opposition parties voiced fear that raids could bring NATO-member Turkey into war with Iraq.

BERLIN U.S. EMBASSY/PROTEST (Berlin/AP) -- Radical anti-war protesters hurled rocks and firebombs at riot police outside a U.S. diplomatic outpost in Berlin, police said today, after a night of demonstrations that drew more than 100,000 Germans into the streets.

ANTI-U.S. PROTEST/IRAN (Nicosia/Reuter) -- Shouting "Death to America" and "Death to Israel," Iranians attending Tehran's mass prayers denounced the U.S. for attacking Iraq, the Iranian news agency IRNA reported. "The worshippers...condemned the United States and its allies for waging a war and massacring Moslems in the region," it said.

SADDAM/JORDANIAN SUPPORT (Amman/UPI) -- Preachers called in Friday prayers around Jordan for Muslim solidarity with Saddam Hussein in his battle against allied forces. "Saddam is waging a battle against the infidels, the unbelievers, on behalf of Islam, and will emerge victorious, God willing," Minister of Islamic Affairs al Kelani told worshippers in Amman.

LITHUANIA/SOVIETS (Vilnius/Reuter) -- Soviet troops detained a Lithuanian member of parliament overnight, fanning fears that the Gulf War could provide cover for a further Kremlin crackdown on the tiny rebel republic. The parliamentarian, Vidmantas Povilionis, was released without explanation Friday morning.

CHINESE TRIALS/U.S. (Beijing/Reuter) -- The need for Chinese cooperation on the Gulf has not diluted U.S. pressure on Beijing to observe human rights, U.S. officials said. They said they have made the U.S. position clear to China, particularly now that trials of dissidents involved in the 1989 pro-democracy movement have begun.

###

10:30 A.M. NEWS UPDATE

ISRAELI CABINET DECISIONS (CNN) -- Israel may wait for another Iraqi missile attack before it decides to strike back. CBS News reports that Prime Minister Shamir has told Secretary Baker that if Iraq launches another missile barrage, Israel will go after Iraqi military targets to prevent further attack. But if Baghdad tips the missiles with chemical payloads, Israel's reaction may be more severe. Those decisions were reportedly reached after a meeting of the Israeli cabinet.

(Saudi Arabia/AP) -- U.S. warplanes struck at Iraqi missile launcher, acting in the stead of an Israeli government that was still considering vengeance for the attack that rained rockets on Tel Aviv and Haifa. A meeting of top Israeli officials adjourned without a decision on how to proceed in response to the night attack.

ATTACK ON ISRAEL/BRITISH REACTION (London/UPI) -- Britain strongly condemned the Iraqi missile attack on Israel and called on the Jewish state to refrain from military retaliation in order to maintain the anti-Iraq coalition. Prime Minister Major was "appalled at these unprovoked and unforgivable attacks," a 10 Downing Street spokeswoman said.

SCUDS (Scripps Howard) -- U.S. and allied forces reportedly were seeking out and destroying the sources of Scud missiles launched at Israel, probably from a mobile base in western Iraq. There were unconfirmed reports as well of coalition ground troop movement toward the Kuwaiti border with Saudi Arabia, but the Pentagon had clamped down on press reports from the area. Allied forces were unable to pinpoint the base from which one or more Scud missiles were launched at Dhahran.

U.S. PILOTS CAPTURED/IRAQI CLAIM (CNN) -- In a censored report from Baghdad, correspondent Arnett said government officials say the general command of the Iraqi armed forces claimed Iraqi air defenses have knocked down 72 American and other multinational aircraft. The general command also said that in response to the aerial bombardment of the multinational coalition, Iraq launched what it called "effective strikes, setting fire to enemy targets and inflicting casualties." The minister of information said in a press conference American pilots had been captured and the media could meet them soon.

PROTESTS (AP) -- Anti-war rallies turned ugly in many parts of the country, with demonstrators hurling rocks, screaming obscenities and clashing with police in a third day of riotous protests in San Francisco. More than 1,400 people were arrested around the country Thursday, most for blocking federal buildings and more than 100 in confrontations between supporters and opponents of the war in an Ohio college town.

POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE (Scripps Howard) -- If Middle East oil wells and drilling platforms are mined or bombed during the war, some scientists predict major environmental damage, perhaps on a scale never witnessed before. Saddam has threatened to blow up Kuwait's 1,000 oil wells and offshore oil platforms before yielding any territory. If he does, "it will release several million gallons a day into the gulf," said Brent Blackwelder, vice president of Friends of the Earth. "In one week you will have the equivalent of an Exxon Valdez catastrophe on your hands," Blackwelder said. In a few months, he said, the shallow gulf's rich marine life would be destroyed, turning it into a "dead sea."

FIRST SHOT (A Saudi Air Base/Reuter) -- A Stealth plane fired the opening shot against Iraq with a one-ton bomb dropped squarely into Baghdad's main communications building, said U.S. Air Force Col. Alton Whitley, commander of the 37th Tactical fighter wing.

TRADE DEFICIT (Reuter) -- The U.S. trade deficit narrowed in November to \$9.7 billion because of a smaller oil bill and a drop in total imports, the Commerce Department said. That was an 11.7 percent fall from October's revised deficit of \$10.99 billion.

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NETWORK COMMENTARY FOLLOWING PRESIDENT'S NEWS CONFERENCE

ABC

PETER JENNINGS reports the President had a very strong message to Jordan that though he does not like the position King Hussein took, a position he was somewhat obliged to take between Iraq and the U.S., he wants Jordan to think of itself in the future as part of what the President often refers to as the New World Order.

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-more-

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2:00 P.M. NEWS UPDATE

ATTACK ON JERUSALEM (Headline News) -- Air raid sirens are going off in Israel again. Israel radio reports an attack by missile is now underway [1:50 p.m. EST]. The Israelis have said they would not sound the alarms unless they were sure there were missiles incoming. It's not known what these missiles, if any, might contain [conventional or chemical payloads].

NEWS CONFERENCE (Mike Feinsilber, AP) -- President Bush said the allied military effort against Iraq is proceeding well, but cautioned that it "will take some time" to complete the task of liberating Kuwait, adding, "war is never cheap or easy." Bush also said he appreciated Israel's restraint in not retaliating for Iraqi missile attacks overnight. He said that from the beginning Israel had shown "great understanding" about U.S. security and political interests. "U.S. and coalition military forces have performed bravely, professionally and effectively," the President said.

(Reuter) -- President Bush publicly praised Israel for showing restraint in the face of an Iraqi missile attack. "Once again we see that no neighbor of Iraq is safe," Bush said in expressing outrage at the Iraqi attack. Bush called the attack "purely an act of terror" designed to weaken the anti-Iraq coalition and change the course of the war. Bush grimly vowed that Saddam was "going to fail." "This coalition is not going to fall apart. I'm convinced of that," he said.

(Helen Thomas, UPI) -- President Bush said he is confident that Iraqi forces soon will be unable to launch missile attacks at any more neighbors and prevailed upon Americans to be patient. At a brief news conference where he also expressed his personal outrage over Iraq's attack against Israel, Bush said, "I can guarantee the world that for every hour that goes by, he is going to be less able." Bush opened a news conference telling reporters "so far so good" in Operation Desert Storm and expressed full confidence that the international coalition.

(Reuter) -- President Bush said he had spoken to Mikhail Gorbachev earlier in the day and had expressed his feeling that the tense situation in the Baltic republics should be peacefully resolved. "I took the opportunity from that call to express again my deep concern over the Baltics and the need to ensure that there is a peaceful resolution to the situation there," said Bush, adding that he also discussed the gulf war in a "long and good conversation" with the Soviet leader.

SADDAM'S FAMILY (London/AP) -- President Saddam has sent his family and unspecified senior government officials to Mauritania in western Africa, the BBC reported. But a U.S. Embassy spokesman in Mauritania said, "We have no information that would tend to confirm that." The BBC report, which cited unidentified diplomatic sources, said two Iraqi Airways planes landed in Mauritania on Wednesday, followed the next day by a pair of Iraqi military aircraft.

AIR STRIKE/REPUBLICAN GUARD (U.S. Air Base/Reuter) -- U.S. bombers launched a massive new air strike against up to 30,000 soldiers of Iraq's elite Republican Guard ground troops, dug in with their tanks in southern Iraq, a U.S. wing commander said. Col. Manfred Rietsch, commander of the Marine Aircraft Wing, said more than 40 planes were launched at the start of round-the-clock raids against Guard troops entrenched in an arc across the desert northwest of Kuwait.

RETALIATION/MULRONEY (Ottawa/UPI) -- Coalition forces will unleash a "persuasive" amount of force against Iraq that will eliminate any need for Israel to retaliate against Iraqi missile attacks, Prime Minister Mulroney promised. "The coalition forces will be taking action of such a persuasive nature against Iraq that it will obviate the need for the state of Israel to respond at any early moment," Mulroney told Parliament.

ISRAELI RETALIATION/COALITION (Reuter) -- The U.S. awaited a possible Israeli retaliation for Iraq's missile attack on its civilians, but anonymous Bush Administration sources said they believed America's Arab allies would stand firm if the Jewish state's response was reasonable. One source familiar with a Thursday conversation between Secretary Baker and Prime Minister Shamir said Baker's main concern was to ensure that the Israeli response was "measurable."

ISRAELI RETALIATION/SAUDI U.N. AMBASSADOR (Headline News) -- Saudi Arabia's ambassador to the U.N. says Israel should stay out of the Gulf war at any cost. He warns any Israeli response could serve Iraqi interests. "Any attempt on the part of Israel to project itself into the picture will be indirectly serving the Iraqi regime's attempt to make a linkage between the occupation of Kuwait and the problem of Palestine," Ambassador Shihabi said. The Saudi ambassador also reiterated the coalition against Iraq remains strong.

ISRAELI RETALIATION/SYRIA/FRENCH TV (Headline News) -- French TV reports that Syria won't object to an Israeli retaliatory raid on Iraq as long as they don't use Syrian air space.

ATTACK ON ISRAEL/BRITAIN (Headline News) -- Prime Minister Major says he is appalled by what he calls Iraq's "unprovoked and unforgivable" attacks on Israel. Foreign Secretary Hurd says the event will bring international sympathy to Israel.

SCUD ATTACKS/SOVIETS (Headline News) -- Kremlin leaders say they are sorry Soviet-supplied missiles were used in Iraq's attack on Israel. The Soviet Union's deputy foreign minister says Iraq was supposed to use the missiles for defensive purposes only. The Soviets called the Iraqi attack a "provocation" but urged Israeli leaders to show restraint.

BRITISH TROOPS/POW HANDLING (London/UPI) -- Defense Minister King announced a battalion of one of Britain's most famous regiments would be deployed in the gulf to handle Iraqi POWs and said air force reservists would be called up to help relieve "major pressure" on the logistics supply line. King said a battalion of about 500 Coldstream Guards would be going to the gulf "almost immediately as the first element in the contingent that will establish responsibility for prisoner of war handling."

GULF WAR/IRAQ (Nicosia/AP) -- Iraq said that U.S. and allied forces faced a bloody long-term war, and an Iraqi army commander said missiles were fired at Israel to "avenge the suffering of the Arab and Muslim people." The speaker of parliament said hundreds of thousands of weapons had been distributed to residents of Baghdad, turning the capital into "a jungle of fighters and trenches" ready to repel attackers, Iraqi radio reported.

DIPLOMATIC EXPULSIONS (AP) -- ...The possibility of conflict spread across the Middle East gave rise to quick response by some governments -- Greece, Belgium and Pakistan ordered the expulsions of Iraqi diplomats. Pakistan accused Iraq's press attache, Jassim M.J. El-Sheikh, of orchestrating street protests and trying to recruit agents, which Pakistan's official news agency AAP said were to be used against the U.S. The Greeks told 23 Iraqi Embassy personnel to leave Greece within 24 hours, reducing the staff to seven. Belgium ordered seven of the nine Iraqi diplomats in Brussels to leave immediately and said they were expelled for "security reasons."

GORBACHEV'S ECONOMIC ADVISER (Moscow/AP) -- Mikhail Gorbachev's economic adviser has left his post after signing a letter accusing the Soviet president of criminal acts to prop up his "regime," a spokesman said. It was not immediately clear whether Nikolai Petrakov had resigned or been removed from office. Two associates of Petrakov said Gorbachev had been enraged by the open letter, which criticized him for tolerating the military attack Sunday against a Lithuanian television station that left 14 people dead.

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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 18, 1991

Dear Mr. Stauffer:

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by Article IV of the Act approved July 11, 1940, granting the consent and approval of the Congress to an interstate compact relating to the control and reduction of pollution in the Ohio River drainage basin (54 Stat. 752), as President of the United States, I hereby appoint you as a Commissioner representing the United States Government on the Ohio River Valley Water Sanitation Commission.

In accordance with the terms of the said Article IV, you shall serve without compensation but shall be paid expenses incurred in and incident to the performance of your duties.

A copy of this letter of appointment is being sent to the Chairman of the Commission, who will communicate with you with respect to your duties and other matters.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "G. Bush", written in a cursive style.

Mr. Albert Stauffer
108 Laramie Road
Marietta, Ohio 45750