

Originally Processed With FOIA(s):
2009-0166-S

FOIA Number:
2009-0166-S

FOIA MARKER

**This is not a textual record. This is used as an
administrative marker by the George Bush Presidential
Library Staff.**

Record Group/Collection: George H.W. Bush Presidential Records
Collection/Office of Origin: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:

OA/ID Number: 90560
Folder ID Number: 90559-002

Folder Title:
Wednesday, September 5, 1990

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
V	12	12	2	4

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet (George Bush Library)

Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
01. Schedule	Schedule of the President [redaction] (1 pp.)	09/05/90	(b)(3)	
02a. Log	White House Telephone Log [President Bush] [redaction of personal information] (3 pp.)	09/05/90	(b)(6)	
02b. Log	White House Telephone Log [Signal Switchboard] [redaction of personal information] (1 pp.)	09/05/90	(b)(6)	
03. Note	From Burns [written on back of President Bush's name placard] (1 pp.)	09/05/[90]	(b)(1)	
04. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Neil Bush [redaction of personal information] Re caller (1 pp.)	09/05/[90]	(b)(6)	
05. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Richard Nixon (3 pp.)	09/05/90	(b)(1)	
06. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with JAB III [James A. Baker, III] (1 pp.)	09/05/[90]	(b)(1)	
07. Note	From C. Dian Moore to Shirley M Green Re: returning hostage [redaction of personal information] (1 pp.)	09/05/90	(b)(6)	
08a. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Ambassador Nat Howell [double-sided] (1 pp.)	09/05/[90]	(b)(1)	

Page 1 of 2

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Wednesday, September 5, 1990

Pinksheet Number: dw1809

OA/ID Number: 90559-002

Date Closed: 9/9/2010

FOIA/Sys Case #: 2009-0166-S

Re-review Case #:

P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
08b. Talking Points	Points to be Made with Ambassador Nat Howell (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b) (1)	
09a. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with President de Cuellar [double-sided] (1 pp.)	09/05/[90]	(b)(1)	
09b. Talking Points	Points to be Made for Telephone Conversation with UN Secretary General Perez de Cuellar (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b) (1)	
10. Talking Points	Points to be Made with Ambassador Nat Howell (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b) (1)	

Page 2 of 2

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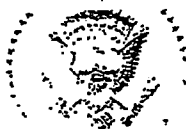


SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

Wednesday, September 5, 1990

8:00 am (15 min)	<u>Intelligence Briefing</u> (Scowcroft/Sununu)	Oval Office
8:15 am (30 min)	<u>National Security Briefing</u> (Scowcroft/Sununu)	Oval Office
8:45 am (15 min)	<u>Meeting with Governor Sununu</u>	Oval Office
9:00 am (60 min)	<u>Congressional Meeting</u> (McClure)	(TAB A) State Dining Room
10:00 am (70 min)	<u>Administrative Time</u>	Oval Office
11:10 am (10 min)	<u>Drop by Office of National Drug Control Policy Press Briefing</u> (Holiday)	450 OEOB (TAB B)
11:30 am (5 min)	<u>Presentation of Meritorious Service Medal</u> (Newman)	Oval Office (TAB C)
11:35 am (25 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
12:00 pm (75 min)	<u>Lunch</u>	Oval Office
1:15 pm (15 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
1:30 pm (10 min)	<u>Staff Time</u> FOR EMERSON, FOR EMERSON, GRAY (Sununu)	Oval Office
1:40 pm (80 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
3:00 pm (30 min)	<u>Meeting with Governor Sununu</u>	Oval Office
3:30 pm (45 min)	<u>Haircut</u>	West Basement

UNP 09/04/90
5:00 pm



4:15 pm
(45 min)

Administrative Time

Oval Office

0702 POTUS IN OVAL 0800 ADD (b)(3) SUNUNU
SCOWCROFT, GATES
0814 (b)(3) OUT 0816 ADD FITZWATER
0820 FITZWATER OUT 0839 SCOWCROFT, GATES OUT
0854 SUNUNU OUT 0856 POTUS TO STATE DINING ROOM
(COFFEE W/ CONGRESS)
1019 POTUS IN OVAL OFFICE / ADD BILL DICKINSON
1022 DICKINSON OUT 1023 ADD GATES
1027 ADD SCOWCROFT 1035 SCOWCROFT, GATES OUT
1111 POTUS TO 450 DEOB 1123 POTUS IN OVAL OFFICE
1126 SAN VICTORIES ET AL IN 1130 ALL OUT
1131 ADD CARD 1154 ADD SUNUNU
1204 SUNUNU, CARD OUT 1205 ADD SUNUNU, FOLEY
(LUNCH)
1317 SUNUNU OUT 1320 FOLEY OUT
1403 ADD FITZWATER, GATES 1416 GATES OUT
1417 FITZWATER OUT 1422 ADD GATES, FITZWATER
1427 GATES, FITZWATER OUT 1503 ADD SUNUNU
1504 ADD FITZWATER 1505 FITZWATER OUT
1507 ADD DARMAN 1535 SUNUNU, DARMAN OUT
1538 POTUS TO WEST BASEMENT (HAIRCUT)
1615 POTUS IN OVAL 1630 ADD SCOWCROFT
1633 SCOWCROFT OUT 1648 POTUS TO SOUTH GROUNDS
(TENNIS W/ BATES, JEFF
BILL HICKEY, BUNZEL
1838 POTUS IN OVAL 1840

Bush Presidential Library Photocopy

UNP 09/04/90
5:00 pm

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

PRESIDENT BUSH

SEPTEMBER 5th

, 19 90

	TIME		DISC	NAME	ACTION
	PLACED				
OUT	7:08	AM		MR. VICTOR GOLD RADFORD, VA. 703-639-3000 ROOM 101	LW WITH MRS. VICTOR GOLD TOLD MAJOR BRUCE E. CAUGHMAN. PRESUS
INC	XX	PM			
OUT		AM			IN MEETING TLKD TO MRS. BRIDGET M. MONTAGNE 8:24 A.M.
INC		PM			
OUT	7:42	AM	7:46	SECRETARY JAMES A. BAKER III OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. 647-4910	TLKD-OK
INC		PM			
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT	8:01	AM		MR. EDWARD S. JOHNSON (b)(6)	TLKD WITH MAJOR BRUCE E. CAUGHMAN.
INC		PM			
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT	10:05	AM		MR. JERRY WEINTRAUB (b)(6)	OUT OF OFC. TLKD-OK TO MRS. BRIDGET M. MONTAGNE.
INC		PM			
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT	10:48	AM	11:37	MR. NEIL BUSH (b)(6)	TLKD-OK 11:34 A.M.
INC	XX	PM			
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT	10:54	AM	11:11	MR. RICHARD MILHOUS NIXON RES: SADDLE RIVER, N. J. 201-825-9020	TLKD-OK 10:57 P.M.
INC	XX	PM			

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

PRESIDENT BUSH

SEPTEMBER 5th, 1990

	TIME		DISC	NAME	ACTION
	PLACED				
OUT	XXX AM			SENATOR GEORGE J. MITCHELL OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. 224-5344	TLKD-OK
INC OUT	1:11 PM	1:17			
INC OUT	PM AM				
INC OUT	PM XAM			MRS. BARBARA BUSH WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 542	OUT LOCALLY TOLD THE PRESUS, TLKD OK WITH MS. NANCY F. MITCHELL.
INC OUT	1:22 PM	1:24			
INC OUT	PM AM				
INC OUT	PM XAM			MRS. LAURIE G. FIRESTONE OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 672	TLKD-OK
INC OUT	1:29 PM	1:35			
INC OUT	PM AM				
INC OUT	PM XXXAM			MR. FREDERICK D. McCLURE OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 609	TLKD-OK
INC OUT	1:36 PM	1:37			
INC OUT	PM AM				
INC OUT	PM XAM			MRS. LAURIE G. FIRESTONE OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 672	TLKD-OK
INC OUT	1:38 PM	1:39			
INC OUT	PM AM				
INC OUT	PM XXAM			MR. DAVID F. DEMAREST, JR. WASHINGTON, D.C.. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 686	TLKD-OK
INC OUT	1:49 PM	1:52			

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

PRESIDENT BUSH

SEPTEMBER 5th

, 19 90

	TIME		DISC	NAME	ACTION
	PLACED				
OUT	XXAM			MR. FREDRICK D. McCLURE OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 609	TLKD-OK
INC	1:52 PM	1:56			
OUT	AM				
INC	PM				
OUT	AM			SPEAKER THOMAS F. FOLEY OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. 225-4604	TLKD-OK
INC	1:53 PM	1:58			
OUT	AM				
INC	PM				
OUT	AM			SPEAKER THOMAS F. FOLEY OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. 225-5604	TLKD-OK 2:23 P.M.
INC	2:10 PM	2:24			
OUT	AM				
INC	PM				
OUT	AM			AMBASSADOR ROBERT S. STRAUSS OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. 887-4190	TLKD-OK
INC	2:14 PM	2:20			
OUT	AM				
INC	PM				
OUT	AM			SENATOR JOHN H. HEINZ RES: NANTUCKET, MA. 508-228-5757	TLKD-OK
INC	2:38 PM	2:45			
OUT	AM				
INC	PM				
OUT	AM			MRS. LAURIE G. FIRESTONE OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 672	TLKD-OK
INC	2:55 PM	2:59			

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

PRESIDENT BUSH

SEPTEMBER 5th

, 19 90

	TIME		DISC	NAME	ACTION
	PLACED				
OUT		AM		MR. THOMAS (LUD) ASHLEY OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. 393-1158	TLKD-OK
INC	3:35	PM	3:38		
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT XXX		AM XXX		SECRETARY JAMES A. BAKER III OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 420	TLKD-OK
INC	4:14	PM	4:21		
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		AM XXX		MR. DONALD RHODES (b)(6)	TLKD-OK 4:27 P.M.
INC XXX	4:24	PM	4:29		
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		AM XXX		MRS. LAURIE G. FIRESTONE OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 672	TLKD-OK
XXX INC	4:42	PM	4:46		
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		AM XXX		MRS. BARBARA BUSH RES: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 516	TLKD-OK
INC XXX	4:46	PM	4:49		
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		AM XXX		MRS. BARBARA BUSH RES: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 551	ON TELEPHONE PRESUS CA.
XXX INC	5:43	PM			

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON
TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

SEPTEMBER 5th, 19⁹⁰

PRESIDENT BUSH

	TIME		NAME	ACTION
	PLACED	DISC		
XXOUT	XAM		MR. JOHN (JONATHAN) BUSH	
INC	6:40 PM	6:47	(b)(6)	TLKD-OK
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	XAM		GOVERNOR JOHN H. SUNUNU OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 686	TLKD-OK
XINC	6:52 PM	6:53		
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
XOUT	XXAM		MR. DONALD RHODES	
INC	7:17 PM	7:19	(b)(6)	TLKD-OK
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

SIGNAL SWITCHBOARD

September 5, 1990

	TIME		NAME	ACTION
	PLACED	DISC		
OUT	10:15 AM	10:29	Conference Call: Ambassador W. Nathaniel Howell U.S. Embassy, Kuwait City, Kuwait Skylink #3	Tlkd-ok 10:22 AM via Secure Voice
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Mr. Robert M. Gates The Oval Office, Washington, D.C. Secure Voice x7101	
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Ms. Sandra L. Charles Office, Washington, D.C. Secure Voice x7487	
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Conference Call: Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar	Tlkd-ok 2:02 PM
INC	2:00 PM	2:10		
OUT	AM		(b)(6)	
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Ms. Sandra L. Charles Office, Washington, D.C. 395-3552	
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Mr. Corneilius F. O'Leary White House Situation Room White House Signal 2-2264	
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			

PRESIDENTIAL MOVEMENTS

LOCATION Washington, D.C.

DATE 5 September 1990

TIME	MOVEMENTS
0701	South Grounds
0702	Oval Office
0857	South Grounds
0858	State Floor
1015	South Grounds
1019	Oval Office
1117	Room 450, Old Executive Office Building
1126	Oval Office
1540	Barbershop
1613	Oval Office
1647	South Grounds
1840	Residence
1924	Family Theatre
1933	South Grounds
1934	Residence
1936	Family Theatre
2122	South Grounds
2129	Residence

daily 9/5/90

Document Originally
Attached to
Following Page

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News Summary

OFFICE OF THE PRESS SECRETARY

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1990 -- 6 A.M. EDT EDITION

TODAY'S HEADLINES

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

WESTERN HOSTAGES AT CHEMICAL AND ROCKET PLANTS, KURDS SAY -- Iraq has moved groups of Western and Japanese "human shield" hostages to factories throughout the country producing poison gas and rockets, a Kurdish rebel spokesman said Wednesday. (Reuter)

BUSH PROPOSES TO FORGIVE EGYPT'S \$6.7 BILLION IN MILITARY DEBTS TO U.S. -- Costs of the U.S. military operation in the Persian Gulf continued to escalate Tuesday as President Bush proposed to forgive Egypt's \$6.7 billion in military debts and Secretary Baker put the price of the massive troop mobilization at \$6 billion by the year's end. (Knight-Ridder, UPI)

NATIONAL NEWS

BENNETT CITES SOME VICTORIES IN YEAR-OLD DRUG WAR -- One year after President Bush delivered a nationally televised speech laying out his drug war strategy, his chief lieutenant in that war says some of the battles are being won. (AP)

NETWORK NEWS (Tuesday evening)

GULF -- Citing President Mubarak's leadership in the current crisis, the White House announced the U.S. will forgive \$7 billion in debt that Egypt owes the U.S. -- if Congress goes along.

Of 250 people on two Iraqi jets from Baghdad to Amman, 28 were Americans.

DRUG WAR -- Many believe we aren't losing the drug war as badly as just one year ago.

INTERNATIONAL NEWS...A-1
NATIONAL NEWS.....A-12
NETWORK NEWS.....B-1
EDITORIALS.....C-1
FOREIGN MEDIA.....C-2

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

WESTERN HOSTAGES AT CHEMICAL AND ROCKET PLANTS, KURDS SAY

LONDON -- Iraq has moved groups of Western and Japanese "human shield" hostages to factories throughout the country producing poison gas and rockets, a Kurdish rebel spokesman said Wednesday.

The spokesman for the Kurdistan Democratic Party told Reuter that Kurdish intelligence had identified seven locations to which groups of 10 to 15 British, American, West European and Japanese men were moved early last week.

These included two chemical weapons plants and Iraq's most secret rocket factory, part of a complex where an explosion last year reportedly killed several hundred workers.

The other sites, the spokesman said, were two army barracks in Baghdad, the air force training college at Tikrit, President Saddam's home town, and an air base near the southern port of Basra.

(Reuter)

BUSH PROPOSES TO FORGIVE EGYPT'S \$6.7 BILLION IN MILITARY DEBTS TO U.S.

Costs of the U.S. military operation in the Persian Gulf continued to escalate Tuesday as President Bush proposed to forgive Egypt's \$6.7 billion in military debts and Secretary Baker put the price of the massive troop mobilization at \$6 billion by the year's end.

Baker also said the cost almost certainly will be a long-term one, because U.S. troops are "likely to be required" in the region indefinitely, even if Iraq withdraws from Kuwait. He described the continued U.S. military presence in the gulf as a "new security structure for the region."

Baker also announced at the [House] hearing that the U.S. has returned Iraq to its list of nations supporting terrorism -- a symbolic condemnation that carries with it no new sanctions....

Members of Congress, increasingly worried about the growing expense of the operation for taxpayers at a time when the U.S. budget deficit is mounting, expressed concern that forgiving Egypt's outstanding debts from purchases of U.S. weapons would encourage other nations to seek similar relief....

If approved by Congress, Bush's proposal would cost the U.S. Treasury a \$750 million interest payment due in fiscal year 1991. The foreign payment would come on top of \$2.1 billion a year Egypt now receives in U.S. foreign aid.

(Owen Ullmann, Mark Thompson and Susan Bennett, Knight-Ridder)

Bush Seeks To Forgive Egypt Loan

While seeking donations abroad to defray the costs of the Persian Gulf crisis, President Bush compounded fiscal problems at home Tuesday with a bid to reward Egypt for supporting the U.S.-led stand against Iraq.

The White House announced that Bush would ask Congress to erase an estimated \$7.1 billion in U.S. military loans to Egypt in appreciation of support for efforts to drive Iraq out of occupied Kuwait.

The move, telegraphed last week, would free Egypt of a \$750 million payment due this year. It raised new questions and stirred fresh concern about the ultimate price of the campaign to isolate and intimidate Iraq.

On Capitol Hill, Secretary Baker said the crisis could cost the U.S. \$6 billion during 1990, but said that sum "doesn't seem to be much to exert a rather noble leadership role in this instance."

Baker assured the House Foreign Affairs Committee the U.S. would "have a lot of help" in the gulf and promised efforts "to ensure that the cost and responsibilities are shared equitably."
(Norman Sandler, UPI)

BAKER SUGGESTS NEW ALLIANCE TO CONTAIN IRAQI AGGRESSION

Secretary Baker told Congress Tuesday the U.S. and Arab nations should establish a new "regional security structure" for the Persian Gulf similar to the post-war Atlantic Alliance to "contain" and "roll back" President Saddam and his pursuit of weapons of mass destruction.

In testimony to the House Foreign Affairs Committee, Baker said that even if Iraq withdraws from Kuwait there should be a long-term effort to restrict Saddam's "aggressive tendencies" and that such an effort could require a sustained U.S. naval presence in the region. He suggested this concept of a gulf regional security organization could resemble NATO, the post-World War II effort led by the U.S. in Western Europe to contain Soviet communism.

"There was no question about the aggressive Joseph Stalin, and we developed a regional...security strategy that worked," Baker said. "And I don't doubt for one minute that we can do it here."

Baker added that the Administration is not interested in any negotiations with Saddam until Iraq pulls out of Kuwait and that Saddam has "shown no signs" of being serious about a diplomatic solution....

The Administration also announced that President Bush will ask Congress to forgive Egypt's \$7 billion military aid debt to the U.S....

Rep. Michel expressed reservations at the move, saying, "That comes off the wall without our prior knowledge." He said it "may be a little premature for us to say we're going to forgive this one big item." Michel said he would "like to have a full accounting of what is our status with other countries around the globe" before he takes a position on the Egyptian debt.

(David Hoffman, Washington Post, A1)

BAKER SAYS IRAQI INVASION TEST FOR POST-COLD WAR WORLD

Secretary Baker, in the first official report to Congress on Bush Administration policy in the Persian Gulf crisis, said that Iraq's "unprovoked aggression is a political test of how the post-Cold War world will work."

Baker used Tuesday's appearance before the House Foreign Affairs lawmakers not only to outline U.S. goals in the Middle East, but also to point out the foreign policy opportunities he believes the crisis is providing and that the U.S. should exploit.

"It is not enough to demonstrate aggression and intimidation don't pay," Baker said. "We must show that pathway to reconciliation and peace does exist."

That requires, he said, three things of the American people: "Stand firm. Be patient. And remain united." In addition, Baker said the development would cost "a lot of money" -- about \$6 billion through the end of the year....

Rep. Fascell, chairman of the committee, led a chorus of members in congratulating Baker on the response to the Iraqi occupation, saying, "The Congress is unified in support of the President." (Jim Anderson, UPI)

BUSH INTENDS TO AID GORBACHEV, NOT HEM HIM IN AT SUMMIT

Grateful for Soviet backing in the Persian Gulf, President Bush is unlikely to try to push President Gorbachev beyond his political limits when they meet Sunday in Finland.

At the same time, Bush will try to help Gorbachev where he needs it the most -- his ailing economy.

Secretary Mosbacher will take some 15 chiefs of American corporations to Moscow to begin discussions on large-scale technical cooperation.

Secretary Baker, meanwhile, will discuss with Foreign Minister Shevardnadze U.S. offers to help improve areas such as banking, housing, the tax system and distribution networks....

A leader of the Communist Party's traditionalist wing told 2,500 delegates at a Russian party congress Tuesday that Gorbachev's reform program is "on the brink of collapse."...

If Bush could have his way, the Soviets would yank the 193 military advisers and some 1,000 other Soviet nationals involved in training, maintenance and other military-related tasks in Iraq. They are remnants of the Kremlin's long-term close military ties to the Saddam government....

So, as Bush's Helsinki summit with Gorbachev shapes up, the President will emphasize the cooperation he is getting from the Kremlin and not haggle over the bumps in the road.

"We want to keep them on the reservation," a senior U.S. official told AP on Tuesday. "We are not asking for anything specific at the moment."

A key U.S. objective, he said, is to assure the Soviets that the military operations in the Persian Gulf is not directed against Moscow. (Barry Schweid, news analysis, AP)

BRADY FORESEES INCREASED GULF AID FROM ALLIES

LONDON -- President Bush's effort to prompt the allies to be more generous in their economic support of the Persian Gulf campaign is attracting kind words but no public declarations of increased aid.

Secretary Brady insists the increased assistance will be forthcoming once the allies review the details of the American proposal more closely.

But he said his four-day, four-nation fund-raising marathon may not bear fruit until the allies have a chance to study the U.S. proposals and their own economic assessment of the situation in more detail....

For his part, Brady gave what amounted to a pep talk to the allies, contending that they were close to putting into place the final pieces of a three-part strategy to resolve the Mideast crisis....

Officials speaking to reporters aboard Brady's plane said a critical need at present was to get commitments for \$10 billion or more to provide assistance to Turkey, Jordan and Egypt, the three countries suffering the most economically from the Persian Gulf crisis.

(Martin Crutsinger, AP)

**WHITE HOUSE MODERATES ITS CRITICISM OF JORDAN
King Is Called 'Pivotal' Player In Mideast**

The Bush Administration has changed its tone toward Jordan's King Hussein, whose close relationship with Iraq had drawn criticism from Washington and whose compliance with the U.N. trade embargo against Iraq has been under constant suspicion here....

One Administration official said Tuesday that late last week the strategy was changed to one of giving Hussein more room to maneuver, to help him financially and ignore the small amount of food, medicine and other cargo that has been moving through Jordan to Iraq....

At the Pentagon, spokesman Pete Williams said there continues to be no evidence substantiating reports emanating from Israeli sources that Jordan has been flying reconnaissance flights near the Saudi Arabian border and sharing the information with Iraq.

(Patrick Tyler, Washington Post, A22)

CHENEY SUGGESTS SANCTIONS MAY SPUR IRAQI ATTACK

Secretary Cheney Tuesday raised the possibility that Iraqi leader Saddam will unleash an attack once navy-enforced economic sanctions squeeze Baghdad.

Meanwhile, U.S. intelligence agencies are monitoring closely a cargo ship bound for Iraq with equipment or materials that could be used to advance Baghdad's nuclear weapons program, Bush Administration officials said.

Cheney, appearing on network morning news shows, said Mr. Hussein may "decide he wants to attack" when "the sanctions begin to bite."

"I would hope, obviously, this could be resolved peacefully," the defense secretary added, "but at this point we are in fact carrying through on a strategy that we believe ultimately will achieve the desired result."

(Rowan Scarborough and Bill Gertz, Washington Times, A7)

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SENATORS SEEK PENALTIES AGAINST NATIONS DODGING IRAQ EMBARGO

Sen. Pell proposed Tuesday that a penalty be assessed on countries not adhering to U.N.-imposed sanctions against Iraq for its invasion and annexation of Kuwait last month.

Pell and a delegation of senators returning from a four-day visit to U.S. forces in the Persian Gulf said tougher rules to enforce the sanctions would keep the U.S. out of war....

"In order to strengthen the embargo, we urge consideration of penalizing countries that help Iraq evade sanctions," the Rhode Island Democrat said. He said the sanctions could cripple the Iraqi economy and erode Iraq's fighting ability....

Speaking at a news conference on their return to the U.S., senators joined Pell in calling for tighter sanctions.

"Our best hope that young Americans and other countries' young people are not going to end up fighting and dying is that we make these sanctions work and that we continue to build this consensus," Sen. Kerry said. (Reuter)

CONGRESSMEN PUSH FOR USE OF RESERVES IN SAUDI ARABIA

Key members of Congress, back from the Persian Gulf, are pushing reluctant Pentagon brass to send U.S. reserves combat units to Saudi Arabia.

"We want to see how good, in fact, the combat units are," Rep. Aspin said Tuesday.

"(The reserve units are) a fundamental issue for the structure of American forces in the 1990s and beyond, and this is our chance to test it," said Aspin, one of 37 lawmakers to tour the Mideast over Labor Day weekend.

A test vote on combat unit callup could come as early as next week, when the House takes up the fiscal 1991 defense budget.

Rep. Montgomery said the defense bill is a likely vehicle for changing a 1972 law that limits a president's power to activate reservists to 200,000 reserve troops for up to 180 days.

"The longer you stay (in Saudi Arabia) the more you have to call up the reserves," said Montgomery, who said the President may need the authority to activate reservists for up to a year at a time. Half of all U.S. combat units are now in the National Guard and reserves....

But Rep. Michel, who led the bipartisan delegation,...appeared cool to the idea. "I think we ought to debate it, I think we ought to kick it around," Michel said. (Mary Deibel, Scripps Howard)

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MARINES CANCEL LIVE GUN TESTS BECAUSE OF SAUDI RELUCTANCE

DHAHRAN -- U.S. Marine commanders were forced to postpone the first "live fire" tests of their biggest weapons Tuesday because Saudi Arabia was unwilling to grant permission.

The planned desert firing of the Marine M-60 tanks, 155mm howitzers, and TOW anti-tank weapons has been a sensitive issue with the Saudis, and the delay reflects the tensions developing here over the activities of the growing American forces....

The heavy-weapons tests are considered vital by U.S. commanders, who are concerned about defending against Iraq's large numerical advantage in Soviet-made tanks. They also believe that dramatic TV pictures of American tanks being fired in the Saudi desert could have a psychological effect on Baghdad.

The Saudis have told American officers they are concerned that the test firing might cause a panic if people believe an invasion has started. But some Americans believe the underlying problem is the Saudi ambivalence about the role of U.S. troops in their country.

(Terry Atlas, Chicago Tribune)

IRAQ SAYS CALLS FOR WAR CRIMES TRIALS WILL BE REGRETTED

BAGHDAD -- Iraq said Tuesday that calls by world leaders for Iraqi leaders to be tried for war crimes would be regretted and that President Bush and his allies were the ones who should appear before a world court.

The Iraqi News Agency said Foreign Minister Aziz made the remarks in commenting on a statement by his French counterpart Roland Dumas Monday.

"Those who should stand trial before an international court are President Bush and his allies who set up a blockade preventing food and medicine to let children, women and men die, not the brave Iraqis...gallantly facing the invading forces," Aziz said. "These empty statements do not frighten us and those making them will regret having done so, but it will be too late," he added.

(Reuters)

PENTAGON MOVES AHEAD WITH WORK ON ATTACK JETS FOR KUWAIT

The Pentagon said Tuesday it had awarded McDonnell Douglas Corp. a \$145.4 million contract to begin work on 40 F-18 attack jets for Kuwait in anticipation the emirate will emerge from Iraqi occupation.

Kuwait agreed to buy the weapons before Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion and U.S. defense officials said work on the aircraft, which would ultimately cost Kuwait about \$1.2 billion, will proceed with the expectation that Iraqi forces will withdraw from that country.

"We anticipate providing these aircraft to the legitimate government of Kuwait," said Navy Lt. Cmdr. Ken Satterfield, a Pentagon spokesman.

The U.S. Navy said work on the Kuwaiti jets is not expected to be completed until late 1993. The F-18 is designed for attacking ground targets as well as fighting enemy aircraft.

(Reuters)

PLANES CARRY WESTERNERS TO AMMAN

BAGHDAD -- Two planeloads of Western women and children flew out of Iraq Tuesday and busloads of German and British citizens were evacuated from occupied Kuwait in arduous overland convoys to Baghdad.

The two charter flights to Amman, one organized by the U.S. and the other by West Germany, were both operated by Iraqi Airways. This apparently indicated that Western governments, after first resisting, have bowed to Iraq's insistence that all outbound flights carrying refugee women and children be on planes chartered from the government-owned Iraqi carrier for about \$30,000 a flight.

An official at the British Embassy in Amman said a third flight was expected from Baghdad and would carry about 45 Britons. A U.S. official said there was to be a number of Americans on that plane, but he had no details, the Los Angeles Times reported.

Wrangling over the Iraqi conditions had held up evacuations since Saturday, when the first three planeloads departed. Another charter flight, organized by the French government, is scheduled to leave Wednesday, and more are expected in the coming week.

(Edward Cody, Washington Post, A21)

U.S. INSURANCE OFFERED FOR MIDEAST TRANSPORT

The Bush Administration has begun providing discount insurance to owners of vessels and airplanes that travel in the Middle East. The unusual move is intended to provide relief for U.S. shipowners and airlines that pay by sharply higher war-risk insurance rates in the troubled region.

It is the first time such insurance has been offered since the Korean War, and the program is expected to ease the burden for American shipowners, whose premiums have risen as much as 1,000 percent since Iraq invaded Kuwait. The government program which is intended to help guarantee the free flow of oil and other goods through the region, offers American shipowners and airlines discount insurance premiums if "reasonable rates" are unavailable on the commercial market.

But at least one government official said he was uneasy with his new role. "A lot of people here are uncomfortable with us getting into commercial underwriting," said a Maritime Administration official, who spoke on the condition of anonymity. "We're the insurer of last resort."

(Eric Weiner, New York Times, D6)

MUCH OF ARAB FORCE STILL FAR FROM FRONT

HAFAR AL-BATIN, Saudi Arabia -- More than a month after Iraq's occupation of Kuwait, thousands of Arab troops sent here to defend Saudi Arabia are assembling slowly under Saudi command but still have not taken up their positions.

The commander of Arab forces here under the auspices of the six-nation Gulf Cooperation Council told reporters Tuesday that he was waiting for orders to move the troops out from rear staging areas. "We are awaiting completion of the arrival of the (Arab) forces. Once all the forces are here and gathered we will go forward and occupy our defensive positions," Saudi Maj. Gen. Turki Nufaie told reporters gathered under a tent at a staging area in the desert north of Hafar al-Batin.

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(David Ottaway, Washington Post, A22)

IRAQI CHEMICAL ARMS: DIFFICULT TARGET

Among the potential targets of American air strikes if war with Iraq should break out are the sites where chemical weapons are manufactured or stored. But although chemical plants are vulnerable, experts say U.S. intelligence may not be good enough to pinpoint the hundreds of secret caches where chemical weapons are already stockpiled.

In a report scheduled for publication this month, Michael Eisenstadt, a fellow of the Washington Institute for Near East Policy, estimates that Iraq is now manufacturing 1,000 tons of mustard gas and the nerve gases tabun and sarin a year -- a quantity sufficient to fill as many as half a million poison-gas projectiles....

But despite the impossibility of destroying all of Iraq's chemical weapons, some analysts, including many Israeli military officials, say they believe that sooner or later Iraq's potential for building weapons of mass destruction must be eliminated. Iraq's arsenal might eventually include not only chemical weapons but nuclear and biological weapons as well.

(Malcolm Browne, news analysis New York Times, A15)

**U.N. OFFICIALS SEEK MORE REFUGEE AID
Situation On Jordan's Border Is Termed
Desperate And Likely To Grow Worse**

U.N. officials called Tuesday for more money to cope with tens of thousands of refugees and displaced persons fleeing into Jordan from Iraq and Kuwait.

Officials in the Office of the U.N. Disaster Relief Coordinator, which is overseeing the international relief effort, and UNICEF, another U.N. agency involved in the relief effort, said that both the Jordanian government and the rest of the world vastly underestimated the scope of the crisis and called on governments to contribute aid.

More than 400,000 refugees, most of them Arabs, have poured into Jordan since President Saddam invaded Kuwait. The U.N. estimates that 105,000 Asians, including Pakistanis, Indians, Sri Lankans, Bangladeshis, Thais and Filipinos, remain stranded in Jordan with more expected, and that as many as 100,000 people may try to flee via Turkey and Iran.

(Elaine Sciolino, New York Times, A16)

**FAILURE OF U.N. CHIEF, IRAQI TO REACH
ACCORD SENDS CRUDE PRICES UP**

NEW YORK -- Crude oil prices in New York staged their strongest advance in more than a week Tuesday, boosted by renewed concerns about the Mideast crisis.

October crude oil futures jumped \$1.80 to \$29.12 a barrel - the highest close since Aug. 24 and the largest gain since Aug. 23.

"The major bullish factor was the collapse of talks between U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar and Iraqi Foreign Minister Tariq Aziz this weekend," said Andrew Lebow of E.D. and F. Man International Futures Inc.

(Penny Britell, Washington Times, C1)

SQUEEZE ON REFINERIES MAY LEAD TO SHORTAGES

The threat of a worldwide crude oil shortage has receded, but consumers and businesses in the U.S. and Asia appear to be facing another painful side effect of the Persian Gulf crisis: shortages of gasoline and other fuels because of a lack of refineries to turn the oil into usable products.

Kuwait's huge, sophisticated refineries provided gasoline and diesel fuel for the U.S. military in the Pacific and for commercial users throughout Asia. With those refineries out of business and Saudi Arabia diverting fuel from commercial markets to the immense military buildup there, many oil industry experts believe fuel shortages are likely even if supplies of crude oil are adequate.

The U.S. is especially vulnerable because more than 100 refineries have closed in this country for economic and environmental reasons in the past decade, while no new ones have been built. The refineries that remain are operating very close - - dangerously close, some experts believe -- to full capacity.

Fear of such shortages is the reason prices of gasoline and jet fuel keep rising, analysts said.

(Thomas Lippman and Mark Potts, Washington Post, A1)

GULF CRISIS JEOPARDIZES U.S. 'PEACE DIVIDEND'

The crisis in the Persian Gulf is threatening to erase the "peace dividend" expected from ending the Cold War.

Before Iraq invaded Kuwait, cutting the U.S. military budget was at the top of the congressional agenda.

But Monday, when the House returns from its August recess and begins to debate the military spending bill, the mood will be different. "There will be the rude shock of a sense of goodbye to the peace dividend," says defense analyst Peter Wilson, a former National Security Council member....

The Bush Administration is expected to seek \$1.2 billion in supplemental appropriations to help pay just the short-term costs of the crisis.

And "Congress is likely to add some things here and there having to do with desert fighting, protective gear," says Stephen Alexis Cain of the Defense Budget Project.

(Juan Walter, USA Today, 5A)

U.S. WARSHIP SEIZES IRAQI CARGO SHIP

An armed boarding party from a U.S. destroyer in the Gulf of Oman seized an Iraqi cargo ship headed for Iraq with a load of tea and steered it toward the Omani port of Muscat, defense officials said.

No shots were fired and no resistance was offered, Pentagon spokesman Williams said Tuesday, in what was the first seizure in the U.S. intercept operation that began Aug. 17 to enforce the U.N. embargo against Iraqi goods.

Williams said the Iraqi-owned vessel, the Zanoobia, "reported it was bound for the Iraqi port of Basra with a cargo of tea when it was intercepted by the guided-missile destroyer USS Goldsborough" at about 6:30 a.m. Tuesday local time.

"The team boarded the Zanoobia without meeting resistance and will stay aboard the ship until it reaches its new destination," he said, declining to identify the port where the ship was headed and where it originated.

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(Robert MacKay, UPI)

**THE OTHER SIDE OF MOBILIZATION: THOSE WHO DON'T WANT TO GO
Small Number Of Service Personnel Resisting Mideast Duty**

NEW YORK -- Although it is a far cry from the height of the Vietnam War, when hundreds of GIs marched in antiwar protests and publicly threw away their medals, a small but significant number of military personnel is resisting the call to duty in the Middle East.

The little-known network of civilian counselors and attorneys serving as trouble-shooter for members of the military has been swamped with calls from enlisted people, reservists and their families seeking advice on how to avoid the mobilization.

"I don't know that you would call this resistance, but it's certainly concern and a lot of misgiving," said Harold Jordan of the American Friends Service Committee in Philadelphia, adding that his program on youth and militarism has received about 300 calls a week.

Like other counselors, he said most callers have asked to remain anonymous, expressing concern about military discipline and aware that they are opposing what appears to be a popular buildup. Among them are reservists who, Jordan said, "work regular jobs and assumed their reserve duty won't amount to much, except extra money."...

Larsen, a radar mechanic stationed in Hayward, Calif., has applied for [conscientious objector] status. "I don't like the rhetoric that (President) Bush is talking about -- to protect our life style," he said. "I think our life style sucks. We're so dependent on oil and exploiting the world's resources. This is a prime opportunity to really get a sound energy policy, to look at alternative fuels. It doesn't seem like our environmental president wants to do anything like that."

(Laurie Goodstein, Washington Post, A22)

ARABS BRACE FOR BIGGEST SPLIT SINCE EGYPT'S TREATY WITH ISRAEL

CAIRO -- The resignation of the Arab League secretary general over his handling of the Gulf crisis may spark the biggest split in the 21-member organization since Egypt signed a controversial peace treaty with Israel 11 years ago, analysts said Tuesday....

"[Former secretary general] Klibi angered the Saudis, the Egyptians and the Syrians by his handling of Iraq's invasion of Kuwait," said one Cairo-based Arab diplomat.

"His resignation could cause the biggest rift in Arab ranks since Egypt signed the peace treaty," the diplomat said. "Pro-Iraq Arab nations could conceivably set up their own parallel Arab League."

(Lee Stokes, news analysis, UPI)

SOUTH KOREA OFFERS BASIC ACCORD FOR INTER-KOREA RAPPROCHEMENT

SEOUL -- South Korea proposed a basic agreement Wednesday seeking to improve relations with North Korea and pave the way for reunification of the two Koreas divided for the past 45 years.

The proposal was made at the opening session of unprecedented inter-Korea prime ministers talks which started...in a conference room of Intercontinental Hotel in souther Seoul.

The talks...drew anger from hundreds of South Korean students, who hurled firebombs at riot police Tuesday in protest against the ministerial meeting.

(James Kim, UPI)

U.S.-LATIN AMERICAN FREE TRADE COULD BOOST INVESTMENTS

CARACAS, Venezuela -- The creation of a free trade area in the American hemisphere along the lines proposed by President Bush could trigger an investment boom in Latin America and the Caribbean, a Caracas-based regional organization said Tuesday in a report.

The Latin American Economic System, a forum bringing together 26 nations in the region, also said that Bush's Enterprise for the Americas initiative, launched in June, posed a formidable challenge to Latin America.

"The signing of a free trade agreement between Latin American and Caribbean nations and the United States could constitute a powerful attraction towards the region of local and U.S. investors as well as investors from third countries," the report said.

(Andrew Hurst, Reuter)

EDITOR'S NOTES: "Senators In Middle East Beam TV Messages Home," by John Yang, appears in the Washington Post, A7.

"Iraq Crisis Widens Gap Between Soviet Military, Civilian Leaders," by Martin Sieff, appears in the Washington Times, A7)

"Soviet Oil Production Effort Falters," by Josef Hebert, appears in the Washington Post, F1.

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NATIONAL NEWS

FACTORY INDEX REFLECTS SIGNS OF RECESSION

The first report on the factory sector's health in August looks like another sign that the economy is in a recession.

Tuesday, the National Association of Purchasing Management said its widely watched business index slipped to 47 percent in August, from 47.4 percent in July.

NAPM's index is a gauge of the factory sector's well-being. A reading below 50 percent shows that the manufacturing sector is in decline. The index has been below 50 percent in five of the eight months so far this year.

The index is based on a survey of purchasing managers at 250 manufacturers. It fell in August before production, employment and orders all dropped at the manufacturers.

(Mark Memmott, USA Today, 1B)

GOOD NATURAL-GAS NEWS FOR HOMEOWNERS

The Price of natural gas, which supplies 24 percent of the nation's energy, has barely budged since Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion of Kuwait and is not expected to exceed last winter's highs by much more than 10 percent, analysts said Tuesday.

Before the invasion threw oil markets into turmoil, natural gas was selling on the nation's spot markets at a five-year summertime low of around \$1.30 for a thousand cubic feet, which translates into 1 million British Thermal Units.

The price has remained virtually the same since then....

Even if crude stays over \$25 a barrel, natural gas is currently projected to only rise to a range of \$2.30 to \$2.50 an mcf, or about 10 percent, in January, said Curt Launer of Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette in New York. (Walter Andrews, UPI)

BENNETT CITES SOME VICTORIES IN YEAR-OLD DRUG WAR

One year after President Bush delivered a nationally televised speech laying out his drug war strategy, his chief lieutenant in that war says some of the battles are being won.¹²

"We think that overall, in many ways, progress is being made," said national drug policy director Bennett. "Things are significantly better, by lots of measures. Things are certainly not getting worse."

Bush and Bennett were marking the anniversary of the drug speech Tuesday by releasing a white paper on the drug war.

In an interview Tuesday, Bennett contrasted the current drug picture with the situation when he took office 18 months ago. At the time, he recalled, people said his job was "undoable. Mission Impossible. Figurehead. Nothing can happen."

Instead, Bennett said, "The government actually can get some things done if it is given the right equipment, the right direction and the command of the President, and we made some progress."

However, he said, this is not time to let up and stop pursuing the drug strategy that stresses tough enforcement of drug laws when violated by either traffickers or users as well as increased spending on treatment and education.

(Carolyn Skorneck, AP)

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U.S. HOSPITALS GET 5.2 TO 5.3 PERCENT MEDICARE PAYMENT RAISE

Medicare payments to U.S. hospitals will increase 5.2 to 5.3 percent on Oct. 1 and more complete coverage will be offered for patients with diseases such as AIDS, the HHS Department said Tuesday.

The 5,590 hospitals that receive Medicare funds under the government's so-called prospective payment system will receive a 5.2 percent increase in their standard payment rate. Another 1,008 hospitals not covered by the prospective payment system will get a 5.3 percent rise....

The increase is designed to cover expected health care inflation in fiscal 1991. (Reuter)

**FREEZES AND FURLONGHS: QUICK FIX, HIDDEN COSTS
Staff-Cutting Steps Can Be Counterproductive**

When the federal government runs low on money, the President or his Cabinet secretaries often impose hiring freezes and furlough employees, but experts and congressional studies have shown that such steps can be counterproductive.

"They cost more in the long run, create bad management by the agencies and demoralize the professionals in the business," said James Thurber, director of the Center for Congressional and Presidential Studies at American University.

That's what happened in the 1970s and 1980s when presidents Carter and Reagan imposed hiring freezes to reduce spending, when agencies furloughed employees or froze hiring to meet budget limits, or when workers were furloughed because Congress and the president could not agree on a new budget in time....

While [furlough may not] occur, departments and federal workers' unions paint worst-case scenarios: massive air traffic delays, 200,000 preschoolers turned away from Head Start programs, no new cleanup of toxic waste sites.

Some government observers insist that the events that trigger furloughs and hiring freezes are only minor inconveniences with which employees must learn to live.

(Dana Priest, Washington Post, A17)

SOUTER GETS BAR ASSOCIATION'S HIGHEST RATING

Supreme Court nominee David Souter received the highest rating from the American Bar Association's judicial screening panel, the Justice Department said Tuesday.

Souter received a unanimous "well qualified" rating from the ABA's Standing Committee on Federal Judiciary, according to a letter from the panel to the Justice Department....

Attorney General Thornburgh hailed the ABA's decision, saying it confirmed that "President Bush has selected a man of superb intellect and qualifications. I look forward to a speedy confirmation by the United States Senate," Thornburgh said.

(AP, Washington Post, A17)

**CENSUS TALLY COULD GROW BY MILLIONS
Overseas U.S. Workers, Some Urbanites
Are Among Those Still Uncounted**

The preliminary 1990 census numbers released last week could grown by 2 million to 5 million people before final figures are released late this year -- leaving in question until then the location of several congressional seats and millions of dollars in federal programs.

Although the Census Bureau has heard from or visited the vast majority of American households since it began its decennial head count this spring, there are still large segments of the population that have not been tabulated -- from military dependents overseas to big-city residents missed by census workers.

Although bureau officials will not speculate on how many people they believe remain uncounted, demographers, political consultants and congressional aides say the bureau's preliminary national count of about 245 million could reach 250 million. That would match the bureau's earlier estimates of the nation's population.

(Barbara Vobejda, Washington Post, A17)

CHILES OVERWHELMS FOE IN FLORIDA, WILL FACE GOV. MARTINEZ NEXT

TALLAHASSEE -- Former Sen. Lawton Chiles won a resounding political comeback victory over Rep. Nelson last night in Florida's Democracy primary for governor.

Gov. Martinez overwhelmed four other GOP contenders to capture his party's nomination.

With 23 percent of the precincts reporting, Mr. Chiles had 133,459 votes, or 70 percent, and Mr. Nelson had 58,231 votes, or 30 percent.

(Major Garrett, Washington Times, A4)

EDITOR'S NOTES: "Petroleum Reserve Has Lots Of Oil, But Using It Could Be A Challenge," by Caleb Solomon and Rose Gutfeld, appears in the Wall Street Journal, A1.

"Tax On Energy Still Considered By Democrats," by Jeffrey Birnbaum, appears in the Wall Street Journal, A16.

"13 Amino Acids On Sale Without FDA Approval," by Malcolm Gladwell, appears in the Washington Post, A16.

"Drug Czar Claims Progress," by Debbie Howlett and Jack Kelley, appears in USA Today, 3A.

"A Year After Drug War Was Declared, Bennett Renews Effort To Rally Troops," by Paul Barrett, appears in the Wall Street Journal, A16.

"Drug War Bummer -- U.S. Strategy Not Helping State, Poles Complain," by Richard Sisk, appears in the New York Daily News, p.17.

"Drug War Alarms Civil Libertarians," by Dawn Weyrich, appears in the Washington Times, A1.

"S&L-Tainted Cranston Continues His Free Fall," by Valerie Richardson, appears in the Washington Times, A5.

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NETWORK NEWS

(Tuesday Evening, September 4)

GULF POLICY/SECRETARY BAKER

NBC's Tom Brokaw: President Bush met with his Cabinet today to discuss this crisis in the Gulf, and he advanced plans for Sunday's summit meeting with Mikhail Gorbachev. The White House also announced a plan to reward Egypt for helping in the struggle against Iraq.

NBC's John Cochran: Until today, the President said only it was his gut instinct to cancel Egypt's military debt. Today, he followed that instinct.

(TV Coverage: President Bush meeting with his Cabinet in the Cabinet Room.)

The decision to help Egypt comes as President Bush and his Cabinet are trying to cope with the budget crunch, which has worsened with the costs of the Gulf crisis. Cancelling what Egypt owes for U.S. weapons will cost the U.S. \$7 billion over several years, and \$750 million this year. Why do that when the U.S. has its own budget problems?

(**Marlin Fitzwater, spokesman:** "Because it's important, it's a small price to pay for the cooperation and leadership we've gotten from Egypt.")

Egypt's President Mubarak turned solidly against Iraq after Saddam Hussein reneged on his promise not to invade Kuwait. Mubarak took big political and economic risks by sending Egyptian troops to Saudi Arabia. Mubarak said the crisis is costing his poor country two billion dollars a year. U.S. officials hope that cancelling his military debt will calm any unrest among Egypt's masses. President Bush is also preparing his second big arms deal for the Saudis, but they, unlike the Egyptians, will have to pay. Pentagon sources tell NBC News the Saudis may get an \$8 billion arms package, including the best American tank, the M-1. The Saudis have been hosting congressmen, who have come away impressed with their toughness.

(**Rep. Aspin:** "Coming back from this trip, let me tell you, the Saudis are a lot more hawkish than we are.")

Fervent supporters of Israel in Congress want more help for Israel too, but so far they have backed military aid for Arabs willing to oppose Iraq. Today, Secretary Baker got the kid gloves treatment as he defended the President's Gulf policy. President Bush's Democratic pal, Rep. Sonny Montgomery, said ninety-nine percent of the folks back in Mississippi support Bush's dispatch of troops. But Democrats and Republicans too warn support will erode unless wealthy countries like Japan share more of the cost. White House aides fully expect some falling off of support, but nothing like the opposition that presidents encountered during the Vietnam era.

(NBC-3)

Brokaw: Secretary Baker took the Administration's case for the Persian Gulf to Capitol Hill today, and he's with us tonight from Washington.

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Brokaw continues: [Foreign Minister] Shevardnadze was saying today that there ought to be an international conference on this Persian Gulf crisis. Would that be acceptable to President Bush?

Baker: Well, you know we have an extraordinary degree of international consensus behind the actions that have been taken; and in fact, with five unanimous U.N. Security Council resolutions, we almost already have an international conference, if you will.

Brokaw: But what about a formal conference?

Baker: We'd like to see a little bit more about what the Soviets have in mind; although what we really think is important now is that we continue all to work together within the U.N. framework to maintain this unprecedented international consensus behind the U.N. resolutions and the action that the President's taken.

Brokaw: Even if Saddam Hussein meets all the conditions that the President has outlined and goes back to Baghdad, he remains in power, which is unacceptable to a lot of members of the Arab world out there. Is the U.S. going to have to keep a major force in the Persian Gulf, some kind of an international peace-keeping unit?

Baker: Well, I don't know that we can predict that now, because quite frankly a lot depends on how this particular problem that we're faced with now unfolds, and what actually happens. I do believe that we should begin thinking about a regional security for the Persian Gulf; this, after all, is the first real crisis of the post-Cold War era. How we react to that, how we plan for the future security and stability of the Gulf is very, very important.

Brokaw: And if the Kuwaitis are restored to power, should we demand from them as well some of the political values that we hold dear, like democracy? This...is a feudal monarchy we're defending.

Baker: Well, it is indeed, and we didn't choose this particular form of government. But I think the important thing to remember here, and it's certainly enshrined in the unanimous resolutions of the U.N. Security Council, [is that] we want to see the legitimate government of Kuwait restored. The legitimate government is the government that was there on the day that Saddam Hussein launched his unprovoked aggression. We shouldn't start bargaining now or dealing in what sort of changes we might like to see or others might like to see in that government. Let's first get them back in there, then perhaps there would be room for some negotiation with respect to what the complaints of Iraq were, what the complaints of other countries regarding the form of government are.

Brokaw: Finally, any second thoughts about going on vacation while the U.S. Ambassador to Kuwait was stranded in the Embassy?

Baker: No, none whatsoever, and I talked to the ambassador any number of times during the course of my nine days of vacation. Actually, as it turned out, it was a working vacation. I spent fully over 50 percent of the time on the telephone, not just to the Ambassador in Kuwait City, but to my colleagues, foreign ministers around the world as well, and to the President, of course, and others.

(NBC-4)

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ABC's Peter Jennings: We begin in Washington tonight with a stark appraisal from the Bush Administration of reality in the Persian Gulf. It is going to be a long haul, and it is going to be expensive -- dollars and cents expensive at the very least. The Secretary of State, James Baker, who has been out of the public eye for much of the last month, paid his first post-vacation visit to Capitol Hill today. And he made it clear that America's future in the Persian Gulf is still very uncertain.

ABC's John McWethy: Secretary Baker came to this overwhelmingly supportive House committee, and answered question after question about just how deep the U.S. has gotten itself into the Persian Gulf while Congress was off on vacation. Baker said to stop Saddam Hussein will require continued American leadership.

(Secretary Baker: "But leadership sometimes does cost. It's going to run us probably around \$6 billion for the balance of 1990.") Baker admitted that America's military umbrella now covers not only Saudi Arabia, but also all the small Gulf states that are threatened by Iraq.

(Rep. Kostmayer: "Could this go on for months or years? Where does this end?" **Baker:** "Now, I can't tell you how long we might be there. It will depend on a whole host of factors.")

Baker hinted that even if the Iraqi crisis were settled, American forces are likely to play a critical role in the Persian Gulf for the indefinite future. He raised the American role in defending Europe as an example. American troops have been stationed there for more than 40 years. In the short term, he was pessimistic that a diplomatic solution might soon be found.

(Baker: "We do not believe, frankly, in our heart of hearts right now that Saddam Hussein is prepared to move forward seriously on a diplomatic track.")

In every way possible, Baker seemed to be preparing Congress and the American people for a long and costly commitment in the Persian Gulf. And for the moment, Congress is with the Administration.

Jennings discusses the crisis with **McWethy** and **ABC's Brit Hume**.

Jennings: In the testimony today, there were a number of questions on getting rid of Saddam Hussein altogether. It was a little unclear to me how determined the Administration was to get rid of him altogether.

McWethy: Well, Baker was not trying to spell it out in any great detail. He did use some fancy footwork when he said it is not one of our stated goals. But he made it quite clear that the Administration would not mind if Saddam Hussein, for whatever reason, managed to leave office.

Jennings: Brit, a question to you on how well the Administration thinks it is actually doing with Saddam Hussein, either pressuring him to bend or getting rid of him.

Hume: There's no sense here that Saddam Hussein has begun to bend at all, but the senior officials I've talked to express considerable satisfaction with the progress of the sanctions. They believe that they are holding, and holding quite well. That's the good news. The bad news, they express somewhat ruefully, is that they believe it's early yet.

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Jennings: Brit, some of these sanctions are really hurting some of the smaller countries, namely Jordan. Does the Bush Administration want to keep the pressure on Jordan, or does it want to help with that enormous refugee problem?

Hume: That's the first order of business for Secretaries Brady and Baker.... The U.S. wants very badly to help Jordan.

Jennings: The President goes to see Mr. Gorbachev. What's the bottom line he hopes to accomplish?

Hume: Well, there's no agenda of things the U.S. wants the Soviets to do that the Soviets are not now doing. No adjustments are wanted or sought in the Soviets' position; the U.S. is quite satisfied with everything the Soviets have done so far. What this seems to be about, mostly, from the officials I've talked to here, is a very public kind of worldwide expression of solidarity between the superpowers, which, it is hoped, will help to keep this coalition of nations backing the sanctions together. (ABC-Lead)

Jennings: The White House had more praise for President Mubarak. Citing his leadership in the current crisis, the White House announced the U.S. will help him out financially. It will forgive \$7 billion in debt that Egypt owes the U.S. for past purchases of military equipment -- if Congress goes along. (ABC-5)

CBS's Bill Plante: ...In Washington, the Secretary of State said the U.S. strategy is more about muscle than diplomacy.

(Secretary Baker: "We aim to make Iraq pay such a high price for its aggression that it will be forced to withdraw from Kuwait, and release Americans and others held hostage.")

Baker's message on Capitol Hill was uniformly hard-line -- negotiations now are premature.

(Baker: "We believe the sanctions are beginning to work. We'd like to see them work further.")

But it won't be coming cheap. Baker revealed that the U.S. presence in the Gulf could cost up to \$6 billion this year. Amid reports that the U.S. has a covert action plan to undermine the Iraqi government, Baker said that removing President Saddam Hussein from office is not an explicit goal.

(Baker: "The fact of the matter is, it's up to the people of Iraq to determine who their leadership is.")

(TV Coverage: President Bush meeting with his Cabinet in the Cabinet Room.)

But pressed to say whether President Bush would use military force to protect American hostages, Baker remained deliberately ambiguous.

(Baker: "He thinks that there is no higher obligation on a President of the United States than to do what he can to protect Americans. Because of this threat, we do not and cannot rule anything out, nor rule anything in.")

Baker dodged a question of just how long U.S. troops might have to remain in the Gulf. But he did suggest that some kind of U.S. military presence there might be necessary even after this crisis is over, to help guarantee security. And that's an idea which is bound to be controversial, both in the Gulf and at home. (CBS-3)

IRAQI EMBARGO

Jennings: A search and seizure just outside the Persian Gulf today, in the Gulf of Oman. In the last three weeks, U.S. warships have challenged 550 tankers and freighters, and actually boarded 20 of them, looking for cargo coming to or going from Iraq. Today, for the first time, they actually seized a freighter bound for Iraq.

ABC's Bob Zelnick reports that the Iraqi ship Zunubia [phonetic], with its cargo of Sri Lankan tea, was steaming in the Gulf of Oman when it was challenged by the U.S. Destroyer Goldsborough. After ignoring orders to change course, the Iraqi ship was boarded by Navy and Coast Guard personnel, who diverted it in the direction of Oman.

(Pete Williams, Defense Dept. spokesman: "The team boarded the Zunubia without meeting resistance, and will stay aboard the ship until it reaches its new destination.")

The cargo was important to the Iraqis, who love their tea strong and sweet. Tea notwithstanding, the embargo seems more likely to produce inconvenience than real deprivation. Iraq can produce much of what it needs to survive. There's still some land traffic through Jordan and Iran, and reports indicate that commercial flights from such countries as Yemen, Cyprus and the Sudan continue to supply Iraq with some food and health care products, perhaps even light weapons. Some say this, too, should be closed.

(Sen. Glenn: "We obviously can't go up and just shoot down airplanes. But it means there may have to be some sort of penalties assessed and put into place against those that are violating it that way.")

Administration sources say that supplies reaching Iraq by air are not enough to justify an air embargo that could risk the loss of international support or terrorist retaliation against civil aviation in the West. All of this emphasizes that with Iraq in no immediate danger of doing without food, clothing or shelter, it may take a long time to convince Saddam Hussein to give up his occupation of Kuwait. (ABC-2)

CBS's Dan Rather: Dan Rather reporting tonight with the U.S. forces forward-most in Saudi Arabia. The "tip of the spear." United States Marines. We'll show you what the Marines do and how they do it in this furnace that is Saudi Arabia shortly in the broadcast. But first, today's major developments. For the first time today, U.S. forces seized an Iraqi-flagged vessel to enforce the trade embargo -- what the Iraqis insist is a blockade. Off the coast of the country of Oman, American sailors boarded an Iraqi freighter and impounded its cargo of tea.

CBS's Jim Stewart reports that the U.S. naval forces reportedly took the Iraqi ship under the U.S. flag to the Omani port of Muscat.

(Pete Williams: "The decision to board the ship was made after it refused orders from the Goldsboro to either return to its port of origin, or to divert to a non-Iraqi port.")

Are the ship's crewmen now in American custody?

(Williams: "Their status is that they're not arrested. They're simply on the ship. They're along for the ride right now.")

Stewart continues: If today's actions reflect U.S. willingness to act tough at sea, the argument over who calls military shots on the ground continues. Saudi Arabia wants veto power over the use of its bases as a launching pad for U.S. offensive actions against Baghdad or Iraqi-occupied Kuwait. Saudi Ambassador Prince Bandar met with President Bush Tuesday morning, and leaves for Riyadh Monday night to discuss the chain of command.

(Marlin Fitzwater: "I'm saying that there is a consultation process that will permit any decision that needs to be made to be made.")

That means the U.S. won't start shooting without telling the Saudis. But what no one here will say, and what Saddam Hussein has been straining to hear, is that the U.S. under no circumstances will launch a pre-emptive strike. (CBS-Lead)

JORDAN/REFUGEES

Brokaw: Food riots erupt in the heart of the refugee camps as the Administration unloads on Saddam Hussein.

(Secretary Baker: "Clearly, Saddam Hussein thought that his crime would pay. But the world, Mr. Chairman, has decided otherwise. He must not be allowed to hold onto what he stole.")

* * NBC News Theme * *

Brokaw: Now it's a chess game in the Persian Gulf, with thousands of innocent human pawns trapped in this contest between Saddam Hussein and most of the rest of the world, led by President Bush. The Administration tonight is making more moves designed to push Saddam deeper into a corner.... We begin tonight with a report from NBC's Keith Miller on those who tried to get out, and found a new kind of imprisonment in a desert refugee camp.

Miller reports on an estimated 50,000 people, mostly Asian workers fleeing the threat of war, who are stranded in a no-mans-land between Jordan and Iraq. Some have been exposed to the desert for more than a week. Some people have already started to die. No new refugees will be allowed in until these people leave. They have overwhelmed Jordan's capacity to care for them; Jordan says urgent action is needed to avert a disaster.

(Crown Prince Hassan, Jordan: "We should not forget that the situation, critical as it is, may be only the tip of the iceberg.") (NBC-Lead, CBS-4)

GULF CRISIS/HOSTAGES

Jennings: Two Iraqi jets with more than 250 people on board flew from Baghdad to Amman, Jordan Tuesday. They are the first large group of foreigners to escape Iraq since 700 flew to freedom over the weekend. The group this time included some Americans, who had managed to get their visas processed at last.

ABC's Morton Dean reports that there were 28 Americans -- women, children, a few men, and mostly Arab Americans. Their departure will leave an estimated 407 American citizens in Iraq, and another 2,000 or so in Kuwait. They then boarded an Iraqi Airways jet for Jordan, a charter flight to be paid for by the countries whose citizens were using it. The movement of hostages has quickened significantly. A planeload of Germans also left Iraq earlier Tuesday, and Tuesday night a convoy of buses arrived from Kuwait with over 300 British citizens on board. (ABC-3, NBC-2, CBS-2)

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Brokaw: At the U.S. Embassy in Kuwait, Ambassador Howell and his small band of fellow Americans are holding out, living on canned food and the kindness of Kuwaiti strangers. They risk arrest to throw small packets of food and supplies over the wall into the Embassy compound. What electricity they can generate they use for communications, not for refrigeration or air conditioning. (NBC-5)

U.S. FORCES/SAUDI ARABIA

ABC's John McKenzie reports that the mechanics who repair the Marine Corps' Cobra helicopters, the Marines' most lethal helicopters, are complaining not as much about the harsh Saudi elements as they are about the lack of spare parts. Out of necessity, they have taken to "canning," or cannibalizing, choppers -- stripping the parts from one to repair the others. The Marines won't say how many Cobras have been cannibalized or grounded. They see this as a temporary problem. The mechanics have been told more parts and more Cobras should be arriving any day. (ABC-4)

Rather reports that U.S. commanders near the border with Kuwait want to mine the area around their emplacements. But the Saudis object, at least for now, citing the danger to civilians. Meanwhile, the area commander, Col. Richard White, issued this warning:

(White: "The morale is high right now, everybody is pumped up, but if we show up out here in the desert and just sit for weeks or months, you can bet that that fine edge that's on them right now is going to reduce in intensity.") (CBS-5)

SOVIET SHORTAGES

Jennings reports that bread has all but disappeared from many government food stores. The shortage is so bad that the mayor of Moscow called for Soviet troops to work in the bakeries. Mikhail Gorbachev has accused farmers of hoarding grain to feed livestock or sell on the private market.

ABC's Mike von Fremd reports that the Soviet Union has produced a record amount of grain this year. But workers are refusing to harvest it. In this age of perestroika, the Soviet government is not forcing city-dwellers to work on the farms, as it has done in the past, and it is finding it difficult to persuade them to do so. (ABC-7, NBC-6)

KOREAN MEETING

Jennings reports that the prime ministers of North and South Korea met for the first time Tuesday in Seoul in the highest level of contact since Korea was divided in 1945. (ABC-8, NBC-7)

CAMBODIAN PEACE PLAN

Jennings reports that a U.N.-sponsored peace plan for Cambodia appears to be coming apart. The Cambodian government and three anti-government factions were supposed to hold peace talks in Indonesia this week. But the leader of the non-communist anti-government coalition, Prince Sihanouk, said he wouldn't attend. Now the communist government and the Khmer Rouge say if Sihanouk won't talk, neither will they. (ABC-9)

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S. AFRICAN SOLDIERS

Jennings reports that Nelson Mandela has accused South African soldiers of actively joining a Zulu attack on supporters of the ANC Monday night, which killed 40 ANC supporters. The army says it is investigating the charges. President de Klerk went to Soweto Tuesday for his first visit to a township since he was elected president. He was greeted enthusiastically. (ABC-10, CBS-9)

SOUTER/ABA

CBS's Bob Schieffer: An American Bar Association review panel today gave Supreme Court nominee David Souter its highest rating - all 15 members of the ABA panel rated Souter well-qualified to sit on the High Court. (CBS-7)

WAR ON DRUGS/BENNETT INTERVIEW

Brokaw: Tonight, we begin a special series on the drug war. It was just a year ago that President Bush announced the start of that war, what he called this country's first national strategy against narcotics. So we begin tonight with a progress report.

NBC's Lisa Myers: Not many would say that we are winning the drug war. But many believe we aren't losing as badly today as just one year ago. The battle against Colombian cocaine bosses and American drug traffickers is being felt.

(Terrence Burke, DEA: "We are seeing a definite reduction of the amount of cocaine that is coming into this country.... I'd say a substantial reduction.")

Wholesale cocaine prices have skyrocketed -- up 23% in Miami, 50% in Chicago, 64% in New York, and 88% in Los Angeles. On the street, prices haven't gone up, as pushers sell less pure cocaine to keep profit margins up. Officials also report that the demand is dropping.

(Mark Moore, drug historian: "Drug use, the epidemic of cocaine use, may be slowing in the U.S.")

Fewer teenagers are trying drugs for the first time. Casual drug use is down. And a recent drop in cocaine-related emergency room visits is the first glimmer of hope that use by hardcore addicts may have peaked. On the other hand, all the early signs of progress aren't helping where it matters most -- on the front line. Los Angeles and a few cities hardest hit by cocaine say crisis is still the best word to describe their city.

(Glenn Le Vant, Chief, LA Police Dept: "This epidemic is not getting worse.. But it's certainly nothing you can call improving.")

Pushers looking for new markets have found them in smaller cities and rural America. Prichard, Ala. is having drive-by shootings.

(Chuck Hall, Prichard Police Dept.: "It used to be three and four drug dealers on the corner. Now you've got a dozen of them on the same corner.")

Hall and other cops criticize the Bush Administration for failing to provide enough drug treatment programs. Critics also say Drug Czar Bennett should stop squandering money by treating marijuana the same as cocaine.

(Prof. Franklin Zimring, Univ. Calif. at Berkeley: "We have a drug posture, rather than a drug policy. And ultimately, you are going to have to choose between crack babies and marijuana plants.")

(Question: "Is the worst over? Burke: "Maybe for some communities and probably not for others.")

Myers continues: Drug historians warn that even if the cocaine epidemic recedes, it may be years before drug-related crime and violence also decline.

Brokaw discusses the drug war with William Bennett.

Brokaw: We talked to an awful lot of people in the course of preparing this report. We talked with educators, policemen, drug experts of all kind. They all agree that we are making progress, but we're not doing nearly enough about drug treatment in this country. Shouldn't that be a higher priority?

Bennett: It should be a high priority, and that's why we proposed a dramatic increase in drug treatment. The House Appropriations Committee a few weeks ago cut the President's request, but we got it restored after we raised a ruckus about it. I hope the Senate will keep those funds in that we've requested.

Brokaw: But at the same time, it's not just a matter of money, it's the matter of emphasis that drug treatment receives from you, for example. There is an awful lot of this business about going out and raiding marijuana fields and busting down doors in inner-city neighborhoods.

Bennett: Well, I've actually spent a lot more time in drug treatment centers, Tom, than I have in marijuana fields. I've been to two marijuana fields. That got a lot of attention. But I'll tell you, it's very important to take down those marijuana fields, because marijuana is how this nation got into that problem. But I've been to two marijuana fields, 30 treatment centers; we've increased treatment funding by 68 percent, and plan to increase it even more.

Brokaw: I know that casual use is said to be down among so-called recreational users in the white or majority communities in this country. But do you really believe that we have done enough to discourage use among people who may be white-collar workers of one kind or another, hiding behind paneled doors?

Bennett: Well, I think that we need to do a better job at the workplace. I think the Fortune 500 companies have responded well. But I think we're now at the point where we have to ask, why does any company not have a policy that says drug use is forbidden for all employees? We know that 70 percent of the people who use drugs hold jobs; the workplace is a good place to get at them. Let me just comment that we now are seeing the first signs, as Lisa Myers pointed out in her report, that drug addiction may be peaking as well. We have some evidence from the emergency room data that those numbers may have peaked and are now in decline. That's very encouraging, because that's the hardest part of the problem.

(NBC-9)

EDUCATION/TRACKING

ABC's Bill Blakemore reports on the widespread educational practice called ability grouping, or tracking. In Selma, Ala., tracking resulted in the lower-ability classes, which are separated from the higher-ability classes, becoming all or mostly black or Hispanic, while the high-ability classes becomes mostly white. New surveys show that throughout the nation, schools sorting out students into high and low tracks often place blacks and other non-whites into the lower tracks, regardless of their test scores -- sometimes as a device to have predominantly white classes in the school system so as to keep white parents from fleeing to the suburbs. In addition, one study shows that students put in low tracks and labeled as slow learners are much more likely to drop out. These studies are having an effect: A few weeks ago, all fifty governors came out unanimously against tracking and ability grouping.

(Gov. Roy Romer (Colo), Chairman, Education Commission: "Tracking is based on the assumption that some can make it, and some cannot. And I believe that as a nation, we no longer can afford to say that "X" percent are not able to be useful citizens.")

One school district in San Diego identified that the reason minorities are disproportionately in the lower tracks is that their parents simply needed to be encouraged to work with the schools. Those schools did so, and in only three years non-whites increased from four percent to 48 percent of the high-ability classes.

(ABC-11)

PUBLIC/PRIVATE SCHOOLING

NBC's Deborah Roberts reports on Wisconsin's program to offer \$2.5 million to send 1,000 poor students to private schools. Parents of some public schools are upset with the limited nature of the program, and public educators say the state should instead provide resources to the public schools. Wisconsin's teachers are taking the program to court, to force the state to give the public system a fair ride.

(NBC-10)

ARTHRITIS

Jennings reports of a significant breakthrough in the study of arthritis. Researchers announced they have found a genetic defect that may be responsible for the most common form of arthritis, osteoarthritis. As a result, it may in time be possible to prevent osteoarthritis rather than just treat it.

(ABC-6, CBS-6)

EDITORIALS/COLUMNISTS

BURDEN-SHARING

Sharing The Burden -- "President Bush, whose telephone diplomacy helped win unprecedented international cooperation in the Persian Gulf crisis, has embarked on a new quest: dialing for dollars.... And he's right.... Affluent nations like Japan, Germany and other Western allies should be expected to make contributions equivalent to the benefit they reap from world stability, free trade and cheap oil.... The Administration is exactly right in making clear that it will accept as burden-sharing not just money but all kinds of contributions.... But Japan has made only a first step.... Nor can Germany use its preoccupation with reunification as an excuse for inaction." (Newsday, 8/31)

SECRETARY BAKER

Beltway Nonsense About Jim Baker -- "...The hot topic around Washington and Kennebunkport these past few days has been Secretary Baker. Or rather, his standing in the hierarchy of Presidential advisers.... Someone noticed Jim Baker wasn't around Kennebunkport with his old buddy George Bush last week and decided that must mean the secretary of state was "out of the loop," as the White House wise guys would put it.... The problem is that like a good many capital rumors, this one can most politely be described as stuff and nonsense.... Other nations view Baker correctly as someone who speaks for the President. That's clearly paid off diplomatically in Western and Eastern Europe and the Soviet Union, especially when it came to rounding up support for the stand against Saddam Hussein. He is particularly credited with persuading Foreign Minister Shevardnadze to support the U.N. Security Council vote to put teeth in the international embargo." (Chicago Tribune, 9/1)

ENERGY POLICY

Policy Void: The Administration Ignores An Energy Plan -- "The Bush Administration apparently is determined to ignore the hard lessons learned during the fuel crises of the 1970s and pass up the opportunity to forge a meaningful national energy policy now, while broad public acceptance of such a move is a virtual certainty.... We need for the government to actively encourage -- through devices such as tax incentives -- cooperative public-private efforts to produce more oil domestically.... We need to develop alternative sources of energy.... We need for the government to demand -- not timidly suggest -- that auto manufacturers build cars that burn less fuel and do it in a cleaner fashion.... How does the Administration respond to all this?... By airing public-service messages urging American motorists to observe the speed limit and keep their tires inflated properly. If the consequences of such an inadequate response were not so serious, it would be funny." (Fort Worth Star-Telegram, 9/1)

FOREIGN MEDIA REACTION

HELSINKI SUMMIT

"High Stakes In Helsinki"

"Now Pravda is warning that detente itself could be jeopardized by an American attack on Iraq.... But, as President Bush will no doubt say in Helsinki, Gorbachev must make his choice. He cannot expect Western support at home if he withdraws from the international consensus ranged against Saddam Hussein; and American attitudes to the Soviet Union would be bound to harden again if, in the event of an American-led war against Iraq, the Soviet Union were to stand on one side and capitalize on the Arab anger that such a war would arouse." (Independent, London)

"Mr. Bush Wants To Be Sure To Have Gorbachev's Support"

"At the dawn of the post-Cold War, the 'lunch of Helsinki'...will have a value as symbol. This Finnish meeting will illustrate brilliantly the preoccupation that the U.S. and USSR have, despite the difference of power which distinguishes them, to 'manage jointly' the international crisis.... It could not be worse news for the master of Baghdad than the meeting of Helsinki." (Le Monde, France)

"Gorbachev's Favorable Position"

"...The U.S. President quickly wants to put Saddam Hussein in his place, but the Soviet president...would rather prefer to do nothing.... Gorbachev is in a much more favorable position, since his political and material risks are minor.... In Helsinki, Gorbachev is in a situation to pledge for 'quietness' and to warn against 'adventurism.' Maybe he will also raise the question of whether the reduction of U.S. power in Western Asia will take the same speed as the build-up of this power. On the eve of September 9, George Bush will have difficulties in keeping his hands free and making everybody believe that he and Gorbachev fully agree on the situation in the Gulf." (Frankfurter Allgemeine, West Germany)

"American-Soviet Summit Undesirable"

"An American-Soviet summit is not desirable at this point...because instead of concentrating on eliminating Saddam, Bush will be devoting his time and energy to his meeting with Gorbachev. There are also grounds for suspicion that the Soviet leader may be interested in helping the U.S. put off a confrontation in the Gulf.... Bush's agreement to various mediation efforts and the forthcoming summit...indicate that he is not willing, or at least not ready, to make a move that will force Iraq to capitulate.... Muscle-flexing no longer does the trick. It's time for Bush to match his words with deeds instead of wasting his time in Helsinki." (Maariv, Israel)

-End of News Summary-

CONGRESSIONAL MONITOR



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News From the Hill

GULF COSTS not too high a price to pay, Baker tells panel.

Secretary of State James A. Baker III yesterday defended the high costs of U.S. military involvement in the Persian Gulf, telling a House panel that the multibillion-dollar expense is a relatively small price for the United States' role in stopping Iraqi aggression.

Baker told the House Foreign Affairs Committee that the U.S. military involvement in the Persian Gulf will cost \$6 billion for the rest of 1990, a level he said is not too costly "to exert a rather noble leadership role."

Baker's appearance before the panel kicked off a busy post-vacation week for Congress and the White House, as budget negotiators from both branches will resume talks aimed at crafting a budget deficit-reduction plan. Baker will make a similar appearance this morning before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

Congressional concern over the rising budget deficit was apparent at yesterday's Foreign Affairs hearing, where members posed questions about the costs and duration of the U.S. military buildup, and about the level of aid being offered by American allies.

Baker told the committee that the United States is getting some important military and economic aid from allies in its efforts to enforce sanctions against Iraq and to protect Saudi Arabia from Iraqi aggression.

His testimony followed an announcement by the White House earlier in the day that President Bush would ask Congress to forgive \$7 billion in debts owed to the United States by Egypt — a response to hardships incurred by Egypt as a result of the U.S.-led international trade embargo against Iraq.

Pennsylvania Democrat Peter H. Kostmayer questioned Baker about the projected length of U.S. involvement in the crisis. Baker replied that the United States hopes to build a "regional security struc-

ture" in the Middle East "to contain the aggressive tendencies of [Iraqi leader] Saddam Hussein." He said U.S. forces might be kept there after the crisis ends.

Members of both parties praised Baker and the administration for their overall policy in the Gulf. Baker's reiteration of the administration's position that the 1973 War Powers Resolution is unconstitutional drew criticism, however. Robert G. Torricelli, D-N.J., told Baker that the administration should comply with the measure, which forbids the president from committing U.S. troops overseas for more than 90 days without congressional approval.

In a related matter, House Majority Leader Richard A. Gephardt, D-Mo., and other lawmakers returning late Monday from a fact-finding mission to Bahrain, Saudi Arabia and Egypt called on U.S. allies in the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) to send ground troops to join U.S. soldiers defending Saudi Arabia.

"We need more help," Gephardt said, speaking for the bipartisan delegation. "We especially need our NATO allies to have troops on the ground."

Budget Talks. Against the backdrop of the Mideast military buildup, rising energy costs, and a sluggish economy, talks between White House and congressional on a deficit-reduction package are scheduled to resume Friday.

Several private caucuses are scheduled before then. Republican congressional negotiators will meet this afternoon with White House Budget Director Richard G. Darman.

The negotiators face an Oct. 1 deadline for agreement on a fiscal 1991 spending blueprint and deficit-reduction plan. Without an agreement, across-the-board cuts in government services mandated by the Gramm-Rudman law will go into effect. President Bush has warned that he would veto legislation simply changing the Gramm-Rudman deficit target unless it was part of a deficit-reduction package. ■

Today

Floor Action: The House returns from its summer recess to convene in *pro forma* session. Members will not actually resume legislative business until Sept. 10, the same day senators come back to Washington.

Drug Enforcement: Members of the Senate Judiciary Committee will try to assess the effectiveness of the administration's strategy in combating the sale and use of illegal drugs one year to the day after President Bush announced the policy in a nationwide speech. At today's hearing committee Chairman Joseph R. Biden Jr., D-Del., will release a report prepared by the committee that details the successes and failures of the administration's drug policy.

Panel members will question Lee Brown, commissioner of the New York City Police Department, and Darryl Gates, chief of the Los Angeles Police Department, on the status of the drug war in urban areas. Both New York City and Los Angeles were among the cities identified by President Bush as areas with the highest amount of drug trafficking.

Missing Children: The House Judiciary Subcommittee on Civil and Constitutional Rights will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 4407) that would require states to provide information on missing children under age 18 to the National Crime Information Center in Washington.

The bill's sponsor, Ben Erdreich, D-Ala., said that he hopes the proposed legislation will create a network that will build on the efforts of the states and the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children, a nonprofit clearinghouse set up by the government in 1984. Currently, 48 states have clearinghouses to locate missing children.

A similar bill (S 2317) is pending in the Senate. ■

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Incumbents Boast Big Money-Raising Edge

House incumbents have raised about five times as much money as their challengers for the November elections, according to figures released last month by the Federal Election Commission (FEC). In fact, according to the FEC, in districts where the incumbent is seeking re-election, about four of every five dollars received in the past 18 months went to the incumbent.

Two FEC reports, which covered congressional campaign fundraising from Jan. 1, 1989, to June 30, 1990, found that House incumbents had \$144 million in cash on hand, while challengers had less than \$10 million. Last week, the FEC reported that political action committees (PACs) gave \$57.6 million to House incumbents and just \$2.2 million to House challengers — dramatically illustrating one clear advantage of incumbency.

House Battles. Two closely contested House campaigns demonstrate that it is easier to raise money once in Congress.

Michigan Democrat David E. Bonior, chief deputy whip in the House, is facing a tough race to keep his seat representing the 12th District for a seventh term. He is the only member of

the House leadership facing any serious challenge this fall. But Bonior represents a growing Republican district, one in which George Bush won 60 percent of the vote in 1988. Bonior's challenger is businessman Jim Dingeman, who intends to make an issue of Bonior's relatively liberal voting record.

But as of June 30, according to the FEC, Bonior had raised \$652,596 to Dingeman's \$197,695.

Bonior's PAC receipts of \$429,793 place him third among all House candidates, topped only by Majority Leader Richard A. Gephardt, D-Mo., with \$467,203, and John D. Dingell, D-Mich., the powerful chairman of the Energy and Commerce Committee, whose PAC contributions total \$450,806.

Dingeman has received just \$3,720 from PACs.

Another successful fundraiser has been freshman Jolene Unsoeld, D-Wash., who faces a close contest this year after winning a narrow, 618-vote victory in 1988. In that election, Unsoeld gained much of her support from loggers in her district, who traditionally vote Democratic. But Unsoeld recently has come under attack for fa-

voring reduced cutting of old-growth forests to help save the Northern spotted owl, an issue that does not sit well with her logging constituency.

Her GOP opponent, former state Rep. Bob Williams, would allow logging in areas where the owls nest in order to preserve jobs.

In her fight to retain her seat, Unsoeld has raised \$583,336, placing her 18th in the list of top House incumbent fundraisers, according to the FEC. Unsoeld has raised \$277,130 in PAC funds and \$287,450 in individual contributions. Williams has raised \$256,144, most of which — \$214,521 — has come from individual contributions. He has received just \$25,575 from PACs.

Lots of Money, No Challenge.

The FEC report shows that two California House incumbents have raised more money than the rest of their colleagues. Democrat Mel Levine and Republican Robert K. Dornan, neither of whom have closely contested races, have raised \$1.3 million and \$1.2 million, respectively.

Levine's challenger, Los Angeles lawyer David Barrett Cohen, has \$431,318 in his coffers. But Levine's fundraising has little to do with his race against Cohen and more to do with his eventual designs on a seat in the Senate.

Dornan essentially has no opposition for the November election, as his initial opponent Democrat Barbara Jackson has become an inactive candidate. Jackson, a family planning advocate who won the June 5 primary has raised no funds and done no campaigning.

Senate Races. The top five Senate fundraisers who are defending their seats in November are Republicans Phil Gramm of Texas (\$9 million) and Jesse Helms of North Carolina (\$6 million), and Democrats Bill Bradley of New Jersey (\$7 million), Paul Simon of Illinois (\$6 million) and Carl Levin of Michigan (\$5 million).

The most successful challengers in the area of fundraising are House members seeking to move up to the Senate.

In fact, House members Lynn Martin, R-Ill., Tom Tauke, R-Iowa, and Hank Brown, R-Colo., are among the top 15 fundraisers of all Senate candidates. Each has raised about \$3 million.

Another Republican House incumbent tackling a Democratic senator, Rep. Bill Schuette of Michigan's 10th District, has raised \$1.3 million to challenge two-term Sen. Carl Levin.

Top 25 Fundraisers for House Seats†

Rank	Candidate, Party	State-District	Funds Raised
1	Mel Levine, D	Calif.-27	\$1,342,843
2	Robert K. Dornan, R	Calif.-38	\$1,193,658
3	Richard A. Gephardt, D	Mo.-3	\$918,121
4	Newt Gingrich, R	Ga.-6	\$906,248
5	Nita M. Lowey, D	N.Y.-20	\$883,297
6	Tom Campbell, R	Calif.-12	\$832,372
7	Rodney P. Frelinghuysen, R*	N.J.-12	\$809,638
8	Robert T. Matsui, D	Calif.-3	\$754,268
9	Sidney R. Yates, D	Ill.-9	\$737,739
10	Stephen J. Solarz, D	N.Y.-13	\$680,678
11	Vic Fazio, D	Calif.-4	\$659,662
12	David E. Bonior, D	Mich.-12	\$652,596
13	Charles E. Schumer, D	N.Y.-10	\$635,653
14	Edwin Eisendrath, D**	Ill.-9	\$635,127
15	Bill Alexander, D	Ark.-1	\$628,121
16	Steve Bartlett, R	Texas-3	\$625,390
17	Les Aspin, D	Wis.-1	\$592,344
18	John D. Dingell, D	Mich.-16	\$588,951
19	Maxine Waters, D*	Calif.-29	\$587,584
20	Michael L. Gibson, D**	Ark.-1	\$587,230
21	Barbara Boxer, D	Calif.-6	\$584,259
22	Jolene Unsoeld, D	Wash.-3	\$583,336
23	Joseph P. Kennedy II, D	Mass.-8	\$580,324
24	Tom McMillen, D	Md.-4	\$571,314
25	Ronald K. Machtley, R	R.I.-1	\$570,963

†The list does not include special election campaigns in 1989 or 1990.

*Frelinghuysen is running for the seat left open by the retirement of Republican Jim Courter.

Waters is running for the seat left open by the retirement of Augustus F. Hawkins, D.

**Eisendrath ran unsuccessfully against Sidney Yates in Illinois' 9th District. Gibson ran unsuccessfully against Bill Alexander in Arkansas' 1st District.

Committee Meetings Scheduled Today

Senate Committees

■ PERSIAN GULF CRISIS

Senate Foreign Relations Committee

The full committee (Chmn Pell, D-RI) will hold a hearing on the current situation in the Persian Gulf.

10am SD-419 Dirksen Bldg Sept 5

Witness scheduled: James Baker - secy of State

■ DRUG STRATEGY

Senate Judiciary Committee

The full committee (Chmn Biden, D-Del) will hold a hearing assessing the effectiveness of the Administration's drug strategy one year after its creation.

1:30pm SD-226 Dirksen Bldg Sept 5

Witnesses scheduled:

Lee Brown - commnr, NY City Polic Dept; Darryl Gates - chief of police, Los Angeles Police Dept; Beverly Chisholm - dir, Eleonore Hutzel Recovery Ctr, Detroit, Mich; Mark Stern - chmn of emergency services, Albert Einstein Medical Ctr, Philadelphia, Pa

FIELD HEARING

INDIAN CHILD ABUSE

Senate Select Indian Affairs Committee

The full committee (Chmn Inouye, D-Hawaii) will hold a field hearing on sexual abuse of Indian Children.

9:30am Phoenix, Arizona Sept 5

House Committees

★ PERSIAN GULF IMPACT

House Government Operations Committee

The full committee (Chmn Conyers, D-Mich) will hold a hearing to assess the impact of the Iraqi invasion of Kuwait on U.S. energy policy and economic security.

10am 2154 Rayburn Bldg Sept 5

Witnesses scheduled: Ralph Nader - consumer advocate; William O'Keefe - chief exec officer, American Petroleum Inst; John Easton - asst secy of Energy for internatl affs & energy emergency; Victor Rezendes - Gov Accounting Ofc; William Hogan - prof, Harvard Univ; Ed Krapels - pres, Energy Security Analysis Inc

■ NATIONAL MISSING

CHILDREN CLEARINGHOUSE

House Judiciary Committee

Civil and Constitutional Rights Subcommittee (Chmn Edwards, D-Calif) will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 4470 - National Child Search Assistance Act of 1990) to require federal, state and local law enforcement agencies to report all cases of missing persons under age 18 to the National Crime Information Center of the Department of Justice.

10am 2237 Rayburn Bldg Sept 5

Witnesses scheduled: Rep Erdreich - D-Ala; Ernest Allen - pres, Natl Ctr for Missing & Exploited Children; David Nemecek - section chief, FBI; William Sillery - chief, Criminal History Operations & Special Prgms, NY Div of Criminal Justice Services

★ New listing

■ TECHNOLOGY EXTENSION

House Small Business Committee

The full committee (Chmn LaFalce, D-NY) will hold a hearing on proposals to allow U.S. small businesses to have access to the results of advanced technological research conducted by federal and state laboratories and universities.

10am 2359A Rayburn Bldg Sept 5

Witnesses scheduled: Sen Boschwitz, R-Minn; Raymond Kammer - dpty dir, Natl Institutes of Standards and Technology, Commerce Dept; Joseph Shuster - CEO, Teltech; Leo Reddy - pres, Natl Coalition for Advanced Manufacturing; Lloyd Anderson - dir, Center for Industrial Research and Service, Iowa State Univ

Joint Committees

U.S. NATIONAL INTERESTS IN THE GLOBAL ECONOMY

Joint Economic Committee (Chmn Hamilton, D-Ind) will hold a series of hearings on how to define national interests in today's global economy.

10am 2318 Rayburn Bldg Sept 5

Witnesses scheduled: Robert Reich - John F Kennedy School, Harvard Univ; Clyde Prestowitz - Economic Strategy Inst; Steven Cohen - dir, Berkeley Roundtable on the Internatl Economy (BRIE), Univ of Calif

News Events Today

--from Reuters

The *Monitor* has received notice of the following events scheduled to take place in Washington. Associations, non-profit organizations and public interest groups who wish to have events listed in the section should send pertinent information to: The Congressional Monitor, Other Events Editor, 1414 22nd St. N.W., Washington, D.C. 20037. Notices must include a telephone number. Notices may be transmitted by facsimile to 728-1862, attn: Robert Healy. Only events related to Congress can be listed. Deadline is Noon. For further information call (202) 887-8686.

BUDGET ADVISORY

Democratic budget negotiators and their staffs caucus in the Capitol Bldg. for the first of two days prior to the resumption of White House/congressional budget negotiations on Friday, Sept. 7, at Andrews Airforce Base. Md. The budget negotiations will continue through the weekend against a self-imposed deadline of Sept. 10.

Contact: Craig Hanna, 202-225-0100

1990 ELECTIONS CONFERENCE

The Washington Journalism Center holds a conference for journalists titled, "The 1990 Elections: Looking Toward the Future." Speakers will address various issues surrounding the electoral and campaigning process, such as negative campaign advertisements, strategies, and ways to influence voters. First of two days.

8:15am, Watergate Hotel, 2650 Virginia Ave. NW Sept 5

Contact: 202-337-3603, or the hotel, 202-965-2300

Highlights

8:15am: Democratic National Committee Chairman Ron Brown delivers a lecture titled, "The Democratic Outlook."

4pm: Baltimore Evening Sun columnist Jack Germond and NBC News Senior Vice President Timothy Russert deliver a lecture titled, "Media Coverage of Negative Ads."

IRAQ/DEFENSE DISCUSSION

A group of arms control experts discuss how the Iraqi crisis has altered the climate in Washington for weapons systems and the mili-

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■ Revised listing

News Events continued...

tary budget. John Pike of the Federation of American Scientists, will cover SDI; Michael Brower of the Union of Concerned Scientists, the B-2 bomber; John Isaacs of the Council for a Livable World, the MX missile; Navy Capt. James Bush (ret.) of the Center for Defense Information, advance planning for the Iraq invasion; and Josh Epstein of the Brookings Institution, current research on future defense needs in relation to Iraq's capabilities. The group is scheduled to brief returning members of Congress later today.

8:30am, National Press Club, 14th and F Sts NW, Murrow Room **Sept 5**

Contact: Peter Kelly, 202-546-5999

SAVINGS INSTITUTIONS CONFERENCE

The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants addresses the status of the thrift bailout, among other topics, in its National Conference on Savings Institutions. Participants, which include regulators from the Office of Thrift Supervision, the Resolution Trust Corp. and the Securities and Exchange Commission, also will discuss the difference be-

tween "investment activities" and "trading activities," and the genesis of the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery and Enforcement Act (FIRREA). First of two days.

9am, Grand Hyatt Hotel, 1000 H St. NW **Sept 5**

Contact: Sam Hoyt (202) 582-1234

Highlights

9:15am OTS Director Timothy Ryan delivers introductory remarks

1pm: Rep LaFalce, D-NY, chairman of the House Small Business Committee and member of the House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee, is the luncheon speaker

MIDEAST TRIP

Robert Hunter, the Center for Strategic and International Studies vice president of regional programs, discusses his recent weekend trip to Saudi Arabia, Egypt, and Bahrain, for meetings with Arab leaders and U.S. military commanders. Hunter assisted House Majority Leader Gephardt, D-Mo, who led a congressional fact-finding delegation to the Persian Gulf.

9am, 1800 K St NW, Tudor Room (second floor) **Sept 5**

Contact: Stephanie Heier, 202-775-3176

BUDGET CUTS

Repr Smith, R-Texas, announces budget-cutting options he is offering to the budget summitters who are scheduled to begin meeting Thursday. Smith says he will show where specific cuts -- totaling \$27 billion now and much more over the next five years -- can be made in the current budget. The congressman's proposed cuts would target indirect costs, while keeping all existing programs intact and employment at current levels.

10am, 422 Cannon Bldg **Sept 5**

Contact: Juli Branson (202) 547-8823

ECONOMIC INDICATORS AND REPORTS

No set time: Federal Reserve releases weekly report on selected borrowings of large member banks.

2pm: Federal National Mortgage Association prices a debenture offering for settlement **Sept. 10.**

5pm: Energy Information Administration releases weekly report on petroleum inventories.

Senate Committees Future Listings

Armed Services

224-3871

PERSIAN GULF CRISIS

Senate Armed Services Committee (Chmn Nunn, D-Ga) will hold a hearing on the situation in the Persian Gulf.

2pm SH-216 Hart Bldg **tentative Sept 11**

Witnesses scheduled: Dick Cheney - secy of Defense; Gen Colin Powell Jr - chmn, Joint Chiefs of Staff

Finance

224-4515

MEDICARE QUALITY ASSURANCE

Health for Families and the Uninsured Subcommittee (Chmn Riegle, D-Mich) of Senate Finance Committee will hold a hearing on a study by the Institute of Medicine on methods of assuring the quality of health care services under the Medicare program and on recommendations to improve the current system.

2pm SD-215 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 10**

TREASURY: HHS NOMINATIONS

Senate Finance Committee (Chmn Bentsen, D-Texas) will hold a hearing on the nominations of Jerome Powell to be assistant secretary of the Treasury for domestic finance and Steven Kelmar to be assistant secretary of Health and Human Services for legislation. Following the hearing the committee will meet in executive session to vote on the nominations.

10am SD-215 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 11**

★ New listing

MEDIGAP INSURANCE

Medicare and Long Term Care Subcommittee (Chmn Rockefeller, D-WVa) of Senate Finance Committee will hold a follow up hearing on legislation that would help consumers make more informed choices when purchasing Medigap insurance policies and that would attempt to moderate increases in the premiums of Medigap policies. In many instances the cost of medical care for individuals covered by Medicare is in excess of the what the Medicare system will pay. Medigap insurance is private insurance that pays the difference between Medicare benefits and the actual cost of the care.

10am SD-215 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 14**

MEDICAID DRUG REIMBURSEMENT PROGRAM

Health for Families and the Uninsured Subcommittee (Chmn Riegle, D-Mich) of Senate Finance Committee will hold a hearing on proposals to modify the Medicaid drug reimbursement program.

10am SD-215 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 17**

U.S.-JAPAN TRADE TALKS

International Trade Subcommittee (Chmn Baucus, D-Mont) of Senate Finance Committee will hold a hearing on the final report of the U.S.-Japan Structural Impediments Initiative talks. The report is the result of negotiations between the two nations on distribution and business practices in Japan that inhibit exports from the United States to Japan.

10am SD-215 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 21**

U.S.-CANADA FREE TRADE

International Trade Subcommittee (Chmn Baucus, D-Mont) of Senate Finance Committee will hold a hearing on the implementation of the U.S.-Canada Free Trade Agreement, focusing on remaining problems, including Canadian subsidies.

10am SD-215 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 28**

Foreign Relations

224-4651

TREATIES WITH THE U.S.S.R.

Senate Foreign Relations Committee (Chmn Pell, D-RI) will hold a hearing on the threshold nuclear test ban treaty (EX. N 94-2) and verification protocols (Treaty Doc 101-19).

2pm SD-419 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 13**

Witnesses scheduled: Sens Boren, D-Okla, & Cohen, R-Maine

FOREIGN RELATIONS MARKUP

Senate Foreign Relations Committee (Chmn Pell, D-RI) will mark up pending legislation.

10am SD-419 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 14**

Agenda:

Treaty Doc 101-19 - Test ban treaty verification protocols

EX. N 94-2 - Threshold nuclear test ban treaty
S 2436 - Amend the Peace Corps Act to extend the authorizations of appropriations for the Peace Corps through fiscal year 1992, to provide for limited exceptions to the limitation on reemployment by the Peace Corps and to establish a Peace Corps foreign fluctuations account

■ Revised listing

Senate continued...**PEACE CORPS IN EASTERN EUROPE**

Western Hemisphere and Peace Corps Affairs Subcommittee (Chmn Dodd, D-Conn) of Senate Foreign Relations Committee will hold a hearing on new Peace Corps programs in Eastern Europe.

2pm SD-419 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 18**

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for July 26.

AMBASSADORIAL NOMINATION

Senate Foreign Relations Committee (Acting Chmn Moynihan, D-NY) will hold a confirmation hearing on the nomination of Ryan Crocker to be ambassador to the Republic of Lebanon.

Time & room TBA **Date TBA**

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for Aug 3.

Governmental Affairs**STUDENT LOAN ABUSE**

224-4751

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations (Chmn Nunn, D-Ga) of Senate Governmental Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on student loan abuse

9:30am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 12**

9:00am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 13 & 25**

9:30am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 26**

UNFUNDED LIABILITIES

Senate Governmental Affairs Committee (Chmn Glenn, D-Ohio) will hold a hearing on unfunded liabilities, which include loans that are guaranteed by the federal government but not backed by any capital.

9:30am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 18**

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICERS

Senate Governmental Affairs Committee (Chmn Glenn, D-Ohio) will hold a hearing on the establishment of a chief financial officer for the federal government and one for each agency within the executive branch.

9:30am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 19**

DEFENSE PACKAGING REQUIREMENTS

Oversight of Government Management Subcommittee (Chmn Levin, D-Mich) of Senate Governmental Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on Department of Defense packaging requirements, procedures and logistics distribution system.

2pm SD-342 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 26**

FEDERAL USE OF CONSULTANTS

Federal Services, Post Office and Civil Service Subcommittee (Chmn Pryor, D-Ark) of Senate Governmental Affairs Committee will continue hearings on the reliance by federal agencies on private consultants and contractors to perform government work.

9:30am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg **date TBA**

★ *New listing*

Indian Affairs

224-2251

SAN CARLOS DIVESTITURE**Joint Hearing**

Senate Select Indian Affairs Committee (Chmn Inouye, D-Hawaii) and House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee (Chmn Udall, D-Ariz) will hold a joint hearing on legislation (HR 4117) to provide for the divestiture of certain properties of the San Carlos Indian irrigation project in the state of Arizona.

9:30am SR-485 Russell Bldg **Sept 11**

INDIAN WATER BILLS**Full Committee Markup**

Senate Select Indian Affairs Committee (Chmn Inouye, D-Hawaii) will mark up pending legislation.

10am SR-485 Russell Bldg **Sept 12**

Agenda:

S 1554 - Truckee-Carson-Pyramid Lake Water Rights Settlement Act

HR 5063 - Provide for the settlement of the water rights claim of the Fort McDowell Indian Community in Arizona

S 2770 - to establish the Indian Finance Corporation

S 2645 - Urban Indian Health Equity Act

S 2850 - Innovative Indian Health Facilities and Delivery System Demonstration Project Act

S 2928 - Technical Amendments to the Indian Self Determination Act

S 381 - Mowa Band of Choctaw Indians

INDIAN WATER RIGHTS**Joint Hearing**

Senate Select Indian Affairs Committee (Chmn Inouye, D-Hawaii) and Senate Energy and Natural Resources (Chmn Johnston, D-La.) will hold a joint hearing on legislation (S 2870), the Fort Hall Indian Water Rights Act of 1990.

9am S-366 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 13**

SENECA NATION SETTLEMENT

Senate Select Indian Affairs Committee (Chmn Inouye, D-Hawaii) will hold a hearing on legislation (S 2895), the Seneca Nation Settlement Act of 1990.

10am SR-485 Russell Bldg **Sept 18**

Judiciary

224-5225

■ DRUG STRATEGY

Senate Judiciary Committee (Chmn Biden, D-Del) will hold a hearing assessing the effectiveness of the Administration's drug strategy one year after its creation.

1:30pm SD-226 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 5**

10am SD-226 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 6**

Witnesses scheduled:

Sept 5: See "Committee Meetings Scheduled Today" section for witnesses

Sept 6: William Bennett - dir, Ofc of Natl Drug Control Policy

REFUGEE CONSULTATION

Senate Judiciary Committee (Chmn Biden, D-Del) will hold a hearing to review the nation's refugee policy over the last year.

10am SD-226 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 11**

JUDICIARY NOMINATIONS

Senate Judiciary Committee (Chmn Biden, D-Del) will hold a confirmation hearing on pending nominations.

2:15pm SD-628 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 11**

S&L FRAUD

Antitrust, Monopolies and Business Rights Subcommittee (Chmn Metzenbaum, D-Ohio) of Senate Judiciary Committee will hold a hearing on the impact of restructuring the savings and loan industry, focusing on the purchase by an investor of 15 insolvent Texas thrifts at very low prices, and, with the aid of very high government subsidies, building them into a profitable institution.

2:30pm SD-226 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 11**

SOUTER NOMINATION

Senate Judiciary Committee (Chmn Biden, D-Del) will hold confirmation hearings on the nomination of David Souter to be Associate Justice of the United States Supreme Court.

10am SH-216 Hart Bldg **Sept 13 & addl dates TBA**

JUDICIARY COMMITTEE MARKUP

Senate Judiciary Committee (Chmn Biden, D-Del) will mark up pending legislation.

10am SD-226 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 27**

Agenda: TBA

Rules & Administration

224-6352

RULES COMMITTEE BUSINESS**Full Committee Markup**

Senate Rules and Administration Committee (Chmn Ford, D-Ky) will meet to consider administrative business and mark up pending legislation.

9:30am SR-301 Russell Bldg **Sept 18**

Small Business

224-5175

TAX ISSUES

Senate Small Business Committee (Acting Chmn Boschwitz, R-Minn, & Boren, D-Okla) will hold a hearing on tax issues and their impact on small businesses.

9:30am SR-428A Russell Bldg **Sept 19**

Veterans' Affairs

224-9126

AMERICAN LEGION LEGISLATIVE AGENDA**Joint Hearing**

Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Cranston, D-Calif) and House Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Montgomery, D-Miss) will hold a joint hearing on the legislative agenda of the American Legion.

9am SD-106 Dirksen Bldg **Sept 18**

■ *Revised listing*

House Committees Future Listings

Aging

OLDER AMERICANS ACT

Human Services Subcommittee (Chmn Downey, D-NY) of House Select Aging Committee will hold a hearing on Title IV of the Older Americans Act, Training, Research and Discretionary Projects and Programs.

9:30am B-318 Rayburn Bldg **Sept 11**

DISABILITY PROGRAMS

Retirement, Income and Employment Subcommittee (Chmn Hughes, D-NJ) of House Select Aging Committee will hold a hearing on Social Security disability and Supplemental Security income programs.

10:00am room TBA **Sept 12**

MEDIGAP FRAUD & ABUSE

Field Hearing

Human Services Subcommittee (Chmn Downey, D-NY) of House Select Aging Committee will hold a field hearing on "Medigap Fraud and Abuse: How Can Communities Stop This Problem?"

11am, Freeholder's Chamber, Tom's River Admin Bldg, Washington St and Hoover Ave, Tom's River NJ **Sept 15**

Agriculture

225-2171

DISASTER CONDITIONS

House Agriculture Committee (Chmn de la Garza, D-Texas) will hold a hearing to examine the effects of disaster conditions on agriculture.

9:30am 1300 Longworth Bldg **Sept 12**

ANIMAL RESEARCH

Subcommittee Markup

Department Operations, Research and Foreign Agriculture Subcommittee (Chmn Brown, D-Calif) of House Agriculture Committee will mark up legislation (HR 3270) to make it a federal crime to damage an animal research facility.

Time TBA 1302 Longworth Bldg **date TBA**

Note: This markup was originally scheduled for Aug 2.

BIOTECHNOLOGY REGULATORY AUTHORITY

Department Operations, Research and Foreign Agriculture Subcommittee (Chmn Brown, D-Calif) of House Agriculture Committee will hold a hearing to review regulatory authority over agricultural biotechnology.

Time TBA 1302 Longworth Bldg **date TBA**

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for Aug 1.

★ New listing

Armed Services

225-4151

CONFLICT TRAINING AT SERVICE SCHOOLS

Military Education Panel (Chmn Skelton, D-Mo) of House Armed Services Committee will hold a hearing on low- and mid-intensity conflict curriculums at intermediate-level service schools.

9am 2212 Rayburn Bldg **Sept 6**

Witnesses scheduled: Brig Gen John Miller - asst cmdr, Army Cmd and Gen Staff College; Capt Betsy Wiley - dean, College of Naval Cmd & Staff; Brig Gen Phillip Ford - cmdnt, Air Cmd & Gen Staff College; Col David Better - dean, Marine Corps Cmd & Gen Staff College

Banking, Finance & Urban Affairs

225-4247

SILVERADO S&L

Financial Institutions Supervision, Regulation and Insurance Subcommittee (Chmn Annunzio, D-Ill) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on Silverado Banking, Savings and Loan. The panel will focus on two borrowers from Silverado, Kenneth Good and William Walters, who defaulted on over \$100 million of loans.

10am 2128 Rayburn Bldg **Sept 6**

Witnesses scheduled: Kenneth Good - Silverado borrower; William Walters - Silverado borrower

RTC OVERSIGHT

Resolution Trust Corporation Task Force (Chmn Vento, D-Minn) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the natural and cultural resource policy as it related to the disposition of RTC assets. The panel will focus on coordination of the RTC with the Interior Department and Council on Environmental Quality.

9:30am 2128 Rayburn Bldg **Sept 7**

Witnesses scheduled:

PANEL: Manuel Lujan - Interior secy
PANEL: David Cooke - CEO, RTC; Peter Monroe - pres, RTC Oversight Bd; Michael Deland - chmn, Council on Environmental Quality
PANEL: Richard Lowerre - dir, Texas Center for Policy Studies; Peter Brink - Natl TRust for Historic Preservation; Barry Tindall - Natl Recreation and Park Assn

DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT MARKUP DEFENSE CONVERSION MARKUP

House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee (Chmn Gonzalez, D-Texas) will mark up legislation to reauthorize the Defense Production Act (HR 486) and to promote economic stability in communities adversely affected by reductions in defense spending (HR 3999).

10am 2128 Rayburn Bldg **Sept 11**

EARTHQUAKE INSURANCE AND HAZARD MITIGATION

Policy, Research and Insurance Subcommittee (Chmn Erdreich, D-Ala) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold hearings on pending legislation.

9:30am 2222 Rayburn Bldg **Sept 11 & 12**

Agenda:

HR 4462 - A bill to require earthquake hazard reduction measures and establish a federal earthquake insurance and reinsurance program, and for other purposes

HR 4480 - A bill to facilitate the provision of homeowners insurance against the risk of catastrophic earthquakes

COASTAL BARRIERS SYSTEM REAUTHORIZATION Subcommittee Hearing & Markup

Policy, Research and Insurance Subcommittee (Chmn Erdreich, D-Ala) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing and mark up draft legislation to reauthorize the Coastal Barriers Resource System.

2pm 2222 Rayburn Bldg **Sept 11**

DEPOSIT INSURANCE

House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee (Chmn Gonzalez, D-Texas) will hold hearings to examine the deposit insurance system.

10am 2128 Rayburn Bldg **Sept 13, 18, 19 & 25**

1988 THRIFT DEALS

House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee (Chmn Gonzalez, D-Texas) will hold a hearing on deals entered into by the Federal Home Loan Bank Board in 1988 to resolve problem and failed savings and loans.

9:30am 2128 Rayburn Bldg **Sept 14**

COMMUNITY REINVESTMENT ACT Field Hearing

House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee (Chmn Gonzalez, D-Texas) will hold a field hearing to examine the performance of financial institutions compliance with the Community Reinvestment Act (CRA). The panel will also focus on regulatory enforcement of the act, which is designed to ensure that low-income communities get banking services.

Time TBA Los Angeles, Calif **Oct 12**

S&L CRISIS

House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee (Chmn Gonzalez, D-Texas) will hold hearings to examine how the Carter and Reagan administrations reacted as the savings and loan crisis developed in the 1970s and '80s.

Time TBA 2128 Rayburn Bldg **date TBA**

DEFENSE CONVERSION MARKUP DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT MARKUP House Banking Committee

House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee (Chmn Gonzalez, D-Texas) will

■ Revised listing

House continued...

mark up pending legislation.

Time TBA 2128 Rayburn Bldg date TBA

Agenda:

- HR 486 - Amend the Defense Production Act to revitalize the defense industrial base of the US
- HR 3999 - Promote economic stability in communities adversely affected by reductions in defense spending reductions on workers, and facilitate the conversion of defense-related industries to civilian uses

Children, Youth & Families

226-7660

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS TO CHILDREN

Field Hearing

House Select Children, Youth, and Families Committee (Chmn Miller, D-Calif) will a hearing on the health risks posed to children by environmental pollutants.

9:30am Room TBA Sept 13

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS TO CHILDREN

House Select Children, Youth, and Families Committee (Chmn Miller, D-Calif) will hold a hearing on the health risks posed to children by environmental pollutants.

9:30am Room TBA Sept 13

Education & Labor

225-4527

DISPLACED HOMEMAKERS Subcommittee Markup

Employment Opportunities Subcommittee (Chmn Martinez, D-Calif) of House Education and Labor Committee will mark up legislation (HR 3069 - Displaced Homemakers Employment & Family Self Sufficiency Act) to establish an employment training program for displaced homemakers. Displaced homemakers are women who, because of divorce, widowhood or other circumstances, are forced to re-enter the work force after a prolonged absence.

Time & room TBA date TBA

EMPLOYMENT SERVICES

Employment Opportunities Subcommittee (Chmn Martinez, D-Calif) of House Education and Labor Committee will hold a hearing to review employment services.

Time & room TBA date TBA

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for June 19

WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTION

Health and Safety Subcommittee (Chmn Gaydos, D-Pa) of House Education and Labor Committee will hold hearings on legislation (HR 3368) to strengthen the protections against reprisals available to employees who

★ New listing

disclose information to protect public health and safety.

Time & room TBA date TBA

ERISA ENFORCEMENT

Labor-Management Relations Subcommittee (Chmn Clay, D-Mo) of House Education and Labor Committee will hold a hearing on the enforcement of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) of 1975.

Time & room TBA date TBA

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for July 25.

Energy & Commerce

225-2927

■ CIGARETTE LABELING & "TOMBSTONE ADS" MARKUP Subcommittee Markup

Health and the Environment Subcommittee (Chmn Waxman, D-Calif) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will mark up legislation (HR 5041) to require stronger health-warning labels on tobacco-product packages and to restrict the content and format of advertising for tobacco products.

Time & room TBA Sept 11

PIPELINE SAFETY

Energy and Power Subcommittee (Chmn Sharp, D-Ind) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 4888) to reduce the navigational hazards resulting from underwater pipelines.

10am room TBA Sept 11

GLOBAL WARMING

Energy and Power Subcommittee (Chmn Sharp, D-Ind) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 5521), the National Energy Policy Act.

10am room TBA Sept 13

REAL ESTATE INVESTMENTS LIMITED PARTNERSHIPS

Telecommunications and Finance Subcommittee (Chmn Markey, D-Mass) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will hold a hearing on the financial organization of limited partnerships that invest in real estate ventures.

Time & room TBA Sept 18

Foreign Affairs

225-5021

EXECUTIVE BRANCH COMPLIANCE & NARCOTICS CONTROL LEGISLATION

International Narcotics Control Task Force (Chmn Smith, D-Fla) of House Foreign Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on executive branch compliance with international narcotics control legislation enacted in 1986, 1988 and 1989.

Time & room TBA date TBA

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for July 18.

Government Operations

225-5051

NEW POSTAL STANDARDS

Government Information, Justice and Agriculture Subcommittee (Chmn Wise, D-WVa) of House Government Operations Committee will hold a hearing on the U.S. Postal Service implementation of slower delivery standards for first-class mail.

10:00am 2247 Rayburn Bldg Sept 6

APPRAISAL OF GOVT PROPERTY

Commerce, Consumer and Monetary Affairs Subcommittee (Chmn Barnard, D-Ga) of House Government Operations Committee will hold a hearing on proposed regulations to raise the minimum value of government property that is subject to appraisal from \$15,000 to \$100,000.

Time & room TBA date TBA

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for Aug 1.

PRESIDENTIAL DIRECTIVES REGISTRATION

Legislation and National Security Subcommittee (Chmn Conyers, D-Mich) of House Government Operations Committee will hold a hearing on draft legislation to require the president to register all presidential directives in the Federal Register and to send copies to the Speaker of the House and the president of the Senate.

10am 2154 Rayburn Bldg date TBA

House Administration

225-2061

HOUSE ADMINISTRATION BUSINESS

House Committee on House Administration (Chmn Annunzio, D-Ill) will meet to consider pending business.

10am H-328 Capitol Bldg May

Interior & Insular Affairs

225-2761

MINERAL EXPLORATION

Mining and Natural Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Rahall, D-WVa) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing legislation (HR 3866) to change the 1872 mining law. The bill is aimed at revising the law to make it more difficult to cheaply acquire public lands under the act for non-mining purposes.

9:45am 1324 Longworth Bldg Sept 6

NATL PARKS & PUBLIC LANDS Subcommittee Hearing & Markup

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chmn Vento, D-Minn) of House

■ Revised listing

House continued...

Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on and mark up pending legislation.

9:30am 340 Cannon Bldg **Sept 6**

Agenda:**HEARING:**

HR 4559 - to establish the Red Rock Canyon National Conservation Area

MARKUP:

HR 4660 - to authorize the establishment of a memorial at Custer Battlefield National Monument to honor the Indians who fought in the battle of the Little Bighorn

HR 4878 - to establish the Lake Meredith National Recreation Area in the state of Texas

HR 4107 - to direct the secretary of the Interior to permit certain uses lands within Richmond National Battlefield Park and Colonial National Historical Park in the Commonwealth of Virginia

4914 - to amend the National Parks and Recreation Act of 1978 to authorize the secretary of the Interior to exchange city-owned lands in Los Angeles, Calif, with public lands managed by the Bureau of Land Management in Nevada

HR 4309 - to establish the Smith River National Recreation Area in the state of California

HR 4019 - to designate certain rivers in Michigan as components of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System

HR 4936 - to authorize the secretary of the Interior to permit an exchange of Laurel Hill recreation demonstration area land located in Somerset County, Pennsylvania

NATL PARKS & PUBLIC LANDS

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chmn Vento, D-Minn) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on pending legislation.

1pm 1324 Longworth Bldg **Sept 10**

Agenda:

HR 5507 - regarding the Early Winters Resort

HR 5428 - to designate certain public lands in the state of Illinois as wilderness

HR 4630 - to exchange certain lands in the state of New Mexico

SAN CARLOS DIVESTITURE**Joint Hearing**

House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee (Chmn Udall, D-Ariz) and Senate Select Indian Affairs Committee (Chmn Inouye, D-Hawaii) will hold a joint hearing on legislation (HR 5539) to provide for the divestiture of certain properties of the San Carlos Indian irrigation project in the state of Arizona.

9:30am SR-485 Russell Bldg **Sept 11**

NATL PARKS & PUBLIC LANDS

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chmn Vento, D-Minn) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will mark up pending legislation.

9:30am room TBA **Sept 11**

Agenda:

HR 3513/S 1770 - Shenandoah Valley Civil War Sites Study Act

S 2437 - to authorize the acquisition of certain lands in the state of Louisiana for inclusion in the Vicksburg National Military Park

HR 2582 - to amend the Historic Sites, Bldgs, and Antiquities Act

HR 5428 - to designate certain public lands in the state of Illinois as wilderness

HR 4630 - to exchange certain lands in the state of New Mexico

HR 5144 - to establish the Vancouver National

★ New listing

Historical Reserve in the state of Washington

HR 4559 - to establish the Red Rock Canyon National Conservation Area

ENERGY INDEPENDENCE STRATEGIES

Water, Power and Offshore Energy Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Miller, D-Calif) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on strategies for energy independence.

9am 1324 Longworth Bldg **Sept 11**

INDIAN CLAIMS**Full Committee Markup**

House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee (Chmn Udall, D-Ariz) will mark up legislation (S 1413) to settle all claims of the Aroostook Band of Micmacs resulting from the band's omission from the Maine Indian Claims Settlement, and any other business ready for consideration.

9:45am 1324 Longworth Bldg **Sept 12**

INDIAN BILLS

House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee (Chmn Udall, D-Ariz) will hold a hearing on pending Indian bills.

9:45am room TBA **Sept 13**

Agenda:

HR 5367 - to provide for the renegotiation of certain leases of the Seneca Nation

S 1747 - to provide for the restoration of federal recognition of the Ponca Tribe of Nebraska

NATL PARKS & PUBLIC LANDS**Subcommittee Hearing & Markup**

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chmn Vento, D-Minn) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on and mark up pending legislation.

9:30am 1324 Longworth Bldg **Sept 13**

Agenda:**HEARING & MARKUP:**

S 1128 - Private relief bill

S 1738 - convey certain Oregon and California Railroad Grant Lands in Josephine County, Oregon to the Rogue Community College District

MARKUP:

HR 3840 - establish the Newberry Volcanoes Natl Monument in Oregon

S 2059 - to establish the Weir Farm National Historic Site in the state of Connecticut

S 1756 - Maine Acadian Culture Preservation Act

HR 5295 - Ancient Forest Act of 1990

**SURVEYING & MAPPING
U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY**

Mining and Natural Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Rahall, D-WVa) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3639) to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of surveying and mapping activities of the US Geological Survey.

9:45am room TBA **Sept 13**

INDIAN WATER RIGHTS

House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee (Chmn Udall, D-Ariz) will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 5308) to approve the Fort Hall Indian Water Rights Settlement.

9:45am room TBA **Sept 14**

**BUREAU OF RECLAMATION
COST RECOVERY POLICIES**

General Oversight and Investigations Subcommittee (Chmn Kostmayer, D-Pa) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the Bureau of Reclamation cost recovery policies and practices

9:30am room TBA **Sept 18**

ANTARCTICA PROTECTION

Insular and International Affairs Subcommittee (Chmn de Lugo, D-VI) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 4514) to direct the secretary of the Interior to prepare a plan for establishing an Antarctica World Park and to require interim protection of Antarctica.

9:45am 1324 Longworth Bldg **Sept 18**

**NATL PARKS & PUBLIC LANDS
Subcommittee Hearing & Markup**

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chmn Vento, D-Minn) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on, and mark up pending legislation.

2pm room TBA **Sept 18**

Agenda:**HEARING:**

HR 4978 - to provide for the preservation, restoration, and interpretation of the historical, cultural, and architectural values of the town of Bramwell, West Virginia

HEARING & MARKUP:

HR 5004 - to designate certain segments of the Mills River in the state of North Carolina for potential addition to the wild and scenic rivers system

HR 5402 - to designate certain segments of the Alleghany River in the state of Pennsylvania as a component of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers

TRIBAL CATTLE HERD PROJECT**Full Committee Markup**

House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee (Chmn Udall, D-Ariz) will mark up legislation (HR 5204) to establish a tribal cattle herd pilot project, and any other business ready for consideration.

9:45am 1324 Longworth Bldg **Sept 19**

ENERGY & ENVIRONMENT SUBCMTE

Energy and the Environment Subcommittee (Chmn Udall, D-Ariz) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will meet to consider pending business.

9:45am 1324 Longworth Bldg **Sept 25**

INTERIOR COMMITTEE MARKUP

House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee (Chmn Udall, D-Ariz) will mark up pending legislation.

9:45am 1324 Longworth Bldg **Sept 26**

WATER SUBSIDIES

Water, Power and Offshore Energy Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Miller, D-Calif) of House Interior Committee will hold a hearing on a General Accounting Office report titled "Water Subsidies: Basic Changes

■ Revised listing

House continued...

Needed to Avoid Abuse of the 960-Acre Limit."

Time & room TBA date TBA

CALIFORNIA DROUGHT**Field Hearing**

Water, Power and Offshore Energy Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Miller, D-Calif) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the drought in California.

Time TBA San Francisco date TBA

Judiciary

225-3951

COURT REVISION BILLS

Courts, Intellectual Property and the Administration of Justice Subcommittee (Chmn Kastenmeier, D-Wis) of House Judiciary Committee will hold a hearing on pending legislation.

10am 2226 Rayburn Bldg Sept 6

Agenda:

HR 5381 - Implement certain proposals of the Federal Courts Study Committee

HR 3898 - Require certain procedural changes in US districts in order to promote the just, speedy and inexpensive determination of civil actions

GUN-FREE SCHOOLS

Crime Subcommittee (Chmn Hughes, D-NJ) of House Judiciary Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3757) to prohibit the possession or discharge of a firearm in a public school zone.

10am 2237 Rayburn Bldg Sept 6

Merchant Marine & Fisheries

225-4047

RESERVE CARGO SHIPS

Merchant Marine Subcommittee (Chmn Jones, D-NC) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 5118) to deem certain national defense reserve vessels surplus property and to direct the administrator of General Services to dispose of those vessels by selling them for scrapping in the United States.

2pm 1334 Longworth Bldg Sept 10

**MILITARY SEALIFT REQUIREMENTS
PERSIAN GULF CRISIS**

Merchant Marine Subcommittee (Chmn Jones, D-NC) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold an oversight hearing on the military's sealift requirements and the performance of the Navy's cargo fleet during the Persian Gulf crisis.

2pm 1334 Longworth Bldg Sept 18

SHIPBUILDING TECHNOLOGY**Joint Hearing**

Oversight and Investigations Subcommittee (Chmn Foglietta, D-Pa) and Merchant

★ New listing

Marine Subcommittee (Chmn Jones, D-NC) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a joint hearing on the state of U.S. and foreign shipbuilding technology.

Time & room TBA date TBA

Narcotics Abuse & Control

226-3040

EMERGENCY ROOM CRISIS

House Select Narcotics Abuse and Control Committee (Chmn Rangel, D-NY) will hold a hearing on the crisis in hospital emergency rooms due to the escalating drug situation.

9:30am 1100 Longworth Sept 28

DRUGS & U.S. ECONOMY

House Select Narcotics Abuse and Control Committee (Chmn Rangel, D-NY) will hold a hearing on the impact of drugs on the US economy.

9:30am room TBA Oct 3

Post Office & Civil Service

225-4054

■ CENSUS REVIEW

Census and Population Subcommittee (Chmn Sawyer, D-Ohio) of House Post Office and Civil Service Committee will hold a hearing to review the status of census results.

9:30am 311 Cannon Bldg Sept 11

★ POST OFC CMTE BUSINESS

House Post Office and Civil Service Committee (Chmn Ford, D-Mich) will meet to consider pending business.

9:45am 311 Cannon Bldg Sept 12

EMPLOYEE FURLOUGHS

Civil Service Subcommittee (Chmn Sikorski, D-Minn) and Human Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Kanjorski, D-Pa) of House Post Office and Civil Service Committee will hold a joint hearing to investigate the implications of federal employee furloughs should automatic budget cuts be implemented.

9:30am 311 Cannon Bldg Sept 12

**SENIOR EXECUTIVE
SERVICE IMPROVEMENT**

Civil Service Subcommittee (Chmn Sikorski, D-Minn) of House Post Office and Civil Service Committee will hold a hearing on the Senior Executive Service Improvement Act (HR 5322).

Room, Time and Date TBA

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for Aug 2.

Public Works & Transportation

225-4472

INFRASTRUCTURE NEEDS**Field Hearing**

House Public Works and Transportation Committee (Chmn Anderson, D-Calif) will hold a field hearing on the future of the nation's infrastructure needs.

9am Springdale, Ark, Sept 8

**ROAD DAMAGE FROM
OVERWEIGHT CONTAINERS**

Investigations and Oversight Subcommittee (Chmn Anderson, D-Calif) of House Public Works and Transportation Committee will hold a hearing on road damage caused by trucks carrying overweight freight containers.

9:30am 2167 Rayburn Bldg Sept 13

GREAT LAKES OIL SPILLS**Field Hearing**

Water Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Nowak, D-NY) of House Public Works and Transportation Committee will hold a field hearing on oil spill response in the Great Lakes.

9am Grand Haven, Mich Sept 21

BUFORD DAM**Field Hearing**

Water Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Nowak, D-NY) of House Public Works and Transportation Committee will hold a field hearing on the Corps of Engineers operations procedures for the Buford Dam and Lake Sydney Lanier.

9am Decatur, Ga Sept 28

**WATER SUPPLY REALLOCATION
DOWNSTREAM IMPACTS****Field Hearing**

Water Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Nowak, D-NY) of House Public Works and Transportation Committee will hold a field hearing on downstream environmental, agricultural and economic impacts of water supply allocations and management along the Apalachicola-Chattahoochee-Flint and Coosa-Alabama river basins.

9am Tallahassee, Fla., Sept 29

Veterans' Affairs

225-3527

AMERICAN LEGION**LEGISLATIVE AGENDA****Joint Hearing**

House Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Montgomery, D-Miss) and Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Cranston, D-Calif) will hold a joint hearing on the legislative agenda of the American Legion.

9am SD-106 Dirksen Bldg Sept 18

■ Revised listing

House continued...**Ways & Means**

225-3625

**SAVINGS & LOAN
BAILOUT COSTS**

House Ways and Means Committee (Chmn Rostenkowski, D-Ill) will hold additional hearings on the financing costs associated with resolving insolvent savings and loan institutions.

9:30am 1100 Longworth Bldg Sept 19

Note

The offices of all members of Congress and all congressional committees and subcommittees may be reached by calling (202) 224-3121.

Conference Committees**ENERGY & WATER APPROP**

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 5019) making appropriations for fiscal 1991 for energy and water programs

Time & room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Johnston, Byrd, Hollings, Burdick, Sasser, DeConcini, Reid, Hatfield, McClure, Garn, Cochran, Domenici, Specter

House conferees: TBA

HR 5019 reported by House Appropriations Committee June 13 (H Rpt 101-536)

HR 5019 passed House June 19

HR 5019 reported by Senate Appropriations Committee July 19 (S Rpt 101-378)

HR 5019 passed Senate, amended, Aug 2

Senate insisted on its amendments, requested a conference and named conferees Aug 2

TRANSPORTATION APPROP

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 5229) making appropriations for fiscal 1991 for transportation programs.

Time & room TBA date TBA

HR 5229 reported by House Appropriations Committee July 10 (H Rpt 101-584)

HR 5229 passed House July 12

HR 5229 ordered reported by Senate Appropriations Committee July 27

HR 5229 passed Senate Aug 4

TONGASS TIMBER

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 987) dealing with the Tongass Forest.

Time & Room TBA date TBA

HR 987 reported by House Interior Committee June 13, 1989 (H Rpt 101-84, Pt I)

HR 987 reported by House Agriculture Committee June 29, 1989 (H Rpt 101-84, Pt II)

HR 987 passed House July 13, 1989

HR 987 reported by Senate Energy Committee March 30, 1990 (S Rpt 101-261)

HR 987 passed Senate June 13

House disagreed to Senate amendments and requested a conference Aug 3

CPSC REAUTHORIZATION

Conferees will meet on legislation (S 605) to reauthorize the Consumer Product Safety Commission.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: TBA

★ New listing

House conferees: Dingell, Walgren, Slattery, Lent, Ritter

S 605 reported by Senate Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee May 25, 1989 (S Rpt 101-37)

S 605 passed Senate Aug 3, 1989

HR 4952 reported by House Energy and Commerce Committee May 24, 1990 (H Rpt 101-567)

S 605 passed House July 16, 1990 (House amended S 605 to contain the text of HR 4952)

House insisted on its amendments, requested a conference and named conferees July 20, 1990

STRATEGIC PETROLEUM RESERVE

Conferees will meet on legislation (S 2088) to reauthorize the Energy Policy and Conservation Act to extend the authority for the Strategic Petroleum Reserve.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: TBA

House conferees: Dingell, Sharp, Markey, Tauzin, Bruce, Lent, Moorhead, Dannemeyer

S 2088 reported by Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee May 15, 1990 (S Rpt 101-289)

S 2088 passed Senate amended May 22, 1990

HR 3193 reported by House Energy and Commerce Committee July 16, 1990 (H Rpt 101-604)

S 2088 passed House amended July 16, 1990 (House amended S 2088 to contain the text of HR 3193)

House insisted on its amendments, requested a conference and named conferees July 20, 1990

BUDGET RESOLUTION

Conferees will meet on legislation (H Con Res 310) setting forth the congressional budget for the United States for fiscal 1991, 1992, 1993

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Sasser, Fowler, Domenici

House conferees: TBA

H Con Res 310 reported by House Budget Committee April 23, 1990 (H Rpt 101-455)

H Con Res 310 passed House May 1, 1990

H Con Res 210 passed Senate June 14, 1990 (the Senate amended H Con Res 310 to contain the text of S Con Res 110, a similar Senate measure)

Senate insisted on its amendments, requested a conference and named conferees June 14, 1990

TAFT INSTITUTE

Conferees will meet on legislation (S 1939) to reauthorize the Taft Institute.

Time & room TBA date TBA

Senate Conferees: Kennedy, Pell, Dodd, Hatch, and Kassebaum

House Conferees: Hawkins, Ford of Michigan, Williams, Goodling, Coleman of Missouri

S 1939 passed Senate Nov 20, 1989

HR 3315 reported by Education and Labor Committee Feb 26, 1990 (H Rpt 101-406)

HR 3315 passed House Feb 27, 1990

House insisted on its amendments, requested a conference and named conferees June 7

Senate agreed to a conference and named conferees July 19

FY90 FOREIGN AID AUTHORIZATION

Conferees will meet on legislation (S 2364) to authorize supplemental economic assistance to support democracy in Panama, Nicaragua, and sub-Saharan Africa, and for other purposes.

Time & room TBA date TBA

House conferees: Fassel, Hamilton, Yatron, Solaz, Wolpe, Broomfield, Gilman, Lagomarsino

Senate conferees: TBA

S 2364 reported by Senate Foreign Relations Committee March 29, 1990

S 2363 passed Senate April 5, 1990

S 2364 passed House, amended, May 24, 1990

House insisted on its amendment, requested a conference and named conferees May 24, 1990

CLEAN AIR

Conferees will meet on legislation (S 1630) to amend the Clean Air Act to provide for attainment and maintenance of health protective national ambient air quality standards.

Time & room TBA addl dates TBA

Senate conferees:

From the Environment Committee: Sens Burdick, Moynihan, Mitchell, Baucus, Chafee, Simpson, Durenberger

From the Finance Committee: Sens Bentsen, Moynihan, Baucus, Mitchell, Packwood, Chafee, Durenberger

House conferees:

From Energy & Commerce Committee for consideration of the Senate bill (except that portion of section 702 adding a new section 512(a) to the Clean Air Act), and the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Dingell, Scheuer, Waxman, Sharp, Thomas A Luken, Swift, Synar, Tauzin, Wyden, Hall of Texas, Eckart, Slattery, Sikorski, Boucher, Rowland of Ga, Manton, Lent, Madigan, Moorhead, Dannemeyer, Whittaker, Bliley, Fields, Oxley, Nielson of Utah, Bilirakis

From Public Works Committee for consideration of sections 106 (g) and (h) of the Senate bill, that portion of section 101(c) adding a new section 110(m) to the Clean Air Act, and sections 101(f) and 102(g) of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Anderson, Roe, Mineta, Oberstar, Nowak, Rahall, Applegate, Savage, Bosco, Borski, Kolter, Valentine, Lipinski, Visclosky, Trafficant, Lewis of Ga, Hammerschmidt, Shuster, Stangeland, Clinger, McEwen, Petri, Packard, Boehlert, Lightfoot, Hastert

From Public Works Committee for consideration of

■ Revised listing

Conference continued...

sections 103, 106(f), those portions of 106(g) adding new sections 108(f) (3) and (4) to the Clean Air Act, those portions of section 107 adding new sections 183(b)(4)(B) and (c)(1) to the Clean Air Act, that point of section 108 adding a new section 189(a) to the Clean Air Act, 222, 226, that portion of section 301 adding a new section 112(n)(1) to the Clean Air Act of the Senate bill, for sections 102(d), those portions of section 103 adding new sections 182(c)(5), (d)(1), and (e)(4) to the Clean Air Act, that portion of section 104 adding a new section 187(a)(2) to the Clean Air Act, 108(a), and that portion of section 301 adding a new section 112(n)(1) to the Clean Air Act of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Anderson, Roe, Mineta, Hammer-schmidt, Shuster; Except that for consideration of that portion of section 301 adding a new section 112(n) to the Clean Air Act of the Senate bill, and for consideration of that portion of section of 301 adding a new section 112(n)(1) to the Clean Air Act of the House amendment: Nowak is appointed in lieu of Mineta, Stangeland is appointed in lieu of Shuster

From Ways & Means Committee for consideration of that portion of section 702 adding a new section 512(a) to the Clean Air Act of the Senate bill, and modifications committed to conference: Rostenkowski, Gibbons, Archer

From Ways & Means Committee for consideration of that portion of section 702 adding new section 512(a) to the Clean Air Act of the Senate bill, and modifications committed to conference: Rostenkowski, Ford of Tenn, Downey, Pease, Matsui, Kennelly, Andrews, Coyne, Gibbons, Pickle, Rangel, Stark, Jacobs, Jenkins, Guarini, Russo, Archer, Vander Jagt, Crane, Frenzel, Schulze, Gradison, Thomas of Calif, McGrath, Chandler, Shaw

From Ways & Means Committee for consideration of those portions of section 103 adding new sections 183(e)(4), (e)(5), and 185 to the Clean Air Act, that portion of section 108 adding a new section 302(y) to the Clean Air Act, and that portion of section 401 adding a new section 401(b)(3) to the Clean Air Act, and section 802 of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Rostenkowski, Pickle, Rangel, Archer, Vander Jagt; Except for consideration of section 802 of the House amendment, Gibbons is appointed in lieu of Rangel

From Education & Labor Committee for consideration of section 303 of the Senate bill, and sections 112 through 114, and 302 of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Hawkins, Ford of Mich, Gaydos, Clay, Miller of Calif, Murphy, Kildee, Williams, Martinez, Owens of NY, Hayes of Ill, Perkins, Sawyer, Payne of NJ, Poshard, Unsoeld, Goodling, Gunderson, Henry, Smith of Vt, Roukema, Fawell, Ballenger, Petri, Grandy, Robinson

From Interior Committee for consideration of sections 112 of the Senate bill, and section 712 of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Udall, Miller of Calif, Levine of Calif, Young of Alaska, Craig

From Merchant Marine Committee for consideration of section 112, that portion of section 301 adding a new section 112(n) to the Clean Air Act, 411, and 412 of the Senate bill, and that portion of section 103 adding a new section 183(f) to the Clean Air Act, that portion of section 301 adding a new section 112(n)(1) to the Clean Air Act, sections 712, 805, and 901(e), of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Jones of NC, Studts, Tauzin, Davis, Shumway

From Science & Technology Committee for consideration of that portion of section 304 adding new section 129(e)(7) to the Clean Air Act, sections 310, 408, and 1103 of the Senate bill, and titles IX and X of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Roe, Brown of Calif, Lloyd, Glickman, Volkmer, McCurdy, Mineta, Valentine, Torricelli, Stallings, Nowak, Nagle, Hayes of La, Costello, Tanner, Browder,

Walker, Sensenbrenner, Schneider, Boehlert, Lewis of Fla, Morrison of Wash, Packard, Henry, Morella, Campbell of Calif

From Science & Technology Committee for consideration of those portions of section 301 adding new section 112 (n) and (r) to the Clean Air Act of the Senate bill, and those portions of section 301 adding new sections 112(i) and (n)(1) to the Clean Air Act of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Roe, Brown of Calif, Lloyd, Walker, Schneider

Additional conferee for consideration of subtitle B of title I of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Wise

Additional conferee for consideration of section 709 of the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Cooper

S 1630 reported by Senate Environment and Public Works Committee Dec 20, 1989 (S Rpt 101-228)

S 1630 passed Senate April 3, 1990

HR 3030 reported by House Energy and Commerce Committee May 17, 1990 (H Rpt 101-490, pt I)

HR 3030 reported by House Ways and Means Committee May 21, 1990 (H Rpt 101-490, pt II)

HR 3030 reported by House Public Works Committee May 21, 1990 (H Rpt 101-490, pt III)

S 1630 passed House May 23, 1990 (House amended S 1630 to contain text of HR 3030 as amended by the House)

House insisted on its amendments and requested a conference May 23, 1990

House named conferees June 28

CHEMICAL WEAPONS

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 3033) to control the export to countries pursuing or expanding the ability to produce or deliver chemical or biological weapons of items that would assist such countries in acquiring such ability, to impose sanctions against companies that have aided in the proliferation of chemical or biological weapons and to provide for sanctions against countries that use or prepare to use chemical or biological weapons in violation of international law

Time & room TBA date TBA

Senate Conferees: From the Foreign Relations Committee: Pell, Sarbanes, Dodd, Kerry, Riegle, Helms, Pressler, McConnell, Garn

From the Finance Committee for any provisions regarding sanctions upon imports into the United States: Bentsen, Moynihan, Baucus, Packwood, Heinz

House Conferees: TBA

HR 3033 reported by House Foreign Affairs Committee Nov 7, 1989 (H Rpt 101-334 pt I)

HR 3033 reported by House Ways & Means Committee Nov 8, 1989 (H Rpt 101-334, pt II)

HR 3033 passed House Nov 13, 1989

S 195 reported by Senate Foreign Relations Oct 17, 1989 (S Rpt 101-166)

HR 3033 passed Senate May 17, 1990 (Senate amended HR 3033 to contain text of S 195)

Senate insisted on its amendments and requested a conference May 17, 1990

Senate named conferees June 28

CHILD CARE

Conferees will continue to meet on legislation to extend Head Start programs and programs under Elementary and Secondary Education Act to include child-care services (HR 3)

Time & room TBA addl dates if needed

Senate conferees:

From the Labor and Human Resources Committee: Kennedy, Dodd, Pell, Harkin, Adams, Mikulski, Hatch, Kassebaum, Jeffords & Coats

From the Finance Committee: Bentsen, Moynihan, Baucus, Mitchell, Packwood, Dole & Roth

House conferees:

From the Education & Labor Committee, for consideration of the House bill (except Titles III and VI), and the Senate amendment (except Titles II and III), and modifications committed to conference: Hawkins, Ford of Mich, Clay, Miller of Calif, Kildee, Williams, Martinez, Owens of NY, Hayes of Ill, Perkins, Sawyer, Payne of NJ, Lowey of NY, Unsoeld, Washington, Jontz, Goodling, Petri, Gunderson, Bartlett, Tauke, Henry, Grandy, Ballenger & Fawell

From the Ways & Means Committee, for consideration of Titles III and VI of the House bill and Title II of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Rostenkowski, Downey, Ford of Tenn, Pease, Matsui, Kennelly, Andrews, Archer, Vander Jagt, Crane & Shaw

From the Ways & Means Committee, for consideration of Title I (except section 125) of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Rostenkowski, Downey & Archer

From the Ways & Means Committee, for consideration of Title III of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Rostenkowski, Jacobs, & Brown of Colo

From the Energy & Commerce Committee, for consideration of section 124 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Dingell, Walgren, Lent

HR 3 reported by House Education and Labor Committee July 27, 1989 (H Rpt 101-190, pt I)

HR 3 reported by House Ways and Means Committee Sept 12, 1989 (H Rpt 101-190, pt II)

HR 3 passed House March 29, 1990

S 5 reported by Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee April 12, 1989

S 5 passed Senate June 23, 1989

HR 3 passed Senate April 24, 1990 (Senate amended HR 3 to contain text of S 5)

Senate insisted on its amendment, requested a conference and named conferees April 24, 1990

House agreed to a conference and named conferees May 9, 1990

NASA AUTHORIZATION

Conferees will meet on legislation to reauthorize the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) (HR 3729).

Time & room TBA date TBA

House conferees: Roe, Nelson of Fla, Valentine, Brown of Calif, Lloyd, Glickman, Volkmer, Mineta, Torricelli, Nagle, Walker, Sensenbrenner, Lewis of Fla, Buechner, Packard, Slaughter of Va & Rohrabacher

Senate conferees: TBA

HR 3729 passed House Nov 20, 1989

HR 3729 passed Senate, amended, Nov 22, 1989

House disagreed to the Senate amendment, requested a conference and named conferees Feb 28, 1990

DRUG PROGRAMS AUTHORIZATION

Conferees will meet on legislation (S 1735/HR 3630, HR 3550) to authorize drug control programs.

Time & room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Kennedy, Dodd, Pell, Hollings, Inouye, Biden, Sarbanes, Hatch, Coats, Danforth, Wilson, Helms, Gramm

House conferees:

For HR 3630: Dingell, Waxman, Scheuer, Lent.

■ Revised listing

Conference continued...

Madigan

For HR 3550 from the Judiciary Committee:
Hughes, Mazzoli, Feighan, McCollum, Gekas
For HR 3550 for the Energy & Commerce Committee:
Dingell, Waxman, Lent
S 1735 passed Senate Oct 5, 1989
HR 3614, HR 3630, HR 3550, HR 3611
passed House Nov 13, 1989

By unanimous consent the Senate agreed that when the House bills were received by the

Senate, all after the enacting clause was stricken, the text of S 1735 was substituted, the bills were deemed as passed and the Senate insisted on its amendments and requested a conference.

HR 3614 and HR 3611 passed the House and Senate Nov 21, 1989

HR 3611 signed by the president Dec 13, 1989 (PL 101-231)

HR 3614 signed by the president Dec 12, 1989 (PL 101-226)

HR 3630 and HR 3550 remain in conference

Asian & Pacific Affs); Brent Franzel - legis staff of Sen Bond; Daryl Plunk - visiting fellow, Asian Studies Ctr

Reservations are required, call (202) 546-4400, ext 381.

BUDGET SUMMIT: ENERGY & TAXES

Women in Government Relations will sponsor a luncheon meeting to hear House Ways and Means Committee ranking Republican Rep Archer, D-Texas, discuss the budget summit negotiations, focusing on energy and taxes.

Noon to 2pm, Loews L'Enfant Plaza Hotel
Sept 12

Contact: Quinn Fisher at (202) 857-0300 or Monica McGuire at (202) 637-3072

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$30 for members and \$45 for non-members. For reservations send a check, made payable to WGR, to:

WGR

1325 Mass Ave NW

Suite 510

Washington, DC 20005

AGRICULTURAL TRADE REFORM

Women in International Trade will sponsor a luncheon meeting to discuss "Agricultural Trade Reform: the Linchpin of the Uruguay Round."

Noon (cocktails) 12:30pm to 2pm (lunch)
Natl Press Club **Sept 14**

Contact: Irene Cünianan at (202) 857-2740 or Catherine Curtiss at (202) 626-5964

Participants: Ann Veneman - dpty under secy of Agriculture; Carol Brookins - pres, World Perspective; congressional staff specializing in agriculture issues

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$25 for members and \$35 for non-members.

KOREA-U.S. RELATIONS

American Foreign Service Association and the Korea Economic Institute of America will sponsor a one-day conference on issues affecting U.S.-Korea trade, including the Uruguay Round of trade talks, market access, investment and intellectual property rights.

8am, State Dept Bldg **Sept 18**

Contact: Philomena Rogers at (202) 371-0690

★ DINGELL ON CLEAR AIR; PRODUCT LIABILITY

National Association of Manufacturers will sponsor an issues breakfast to hear Rep Dingell, D-Mich, discuss issues pending before the House Energy and Commerce Committee including the conference on clean air legislation (HR 3030, S 1630) and product liability legislation (S 1400).

8am to 9:30am, Capital Hilton Hotel, 16th & K Sts NW **Sept 19**

Contact: (202) 637-3115

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$30 for members and \$40 for non-members. For reservations call (202) 637-3115 or fax (202) 637-3182 or send a check, made payable to NAM Issues Briefing Breakfast, to:

Natl Assn of Manufacturers
1331 Pennsylvania Ave NW
Suite 1500 - North Lobby
Washington, D.C. 20004

■ Revised listing

Other Events

The Monitor has received notice of the following events scheduled to take place in Washington. Associations, non-profit organizations and public interest groups who wish to have events listed in the section should send pertinent information to: The Congressional Monitor, Other Events Editor, 1414 22nd St. N.W., Washington, D.C. 20037. Notices must include a telephone number. Notices may be transmitted by facsimile to 728-1862, attn: Robert Healy. Only events related to Congress can be listed. Deadline is Noon. For further information call (202) 887-8686.

DEFENSE ENVIRONMENTAL INITIATIVE

Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense and representatives of government and private environmental agencies and organizations will participate in a forum on cooperative efforts to identify and develop strategies to deal with environmental issues that affect all components of the Defense Department.

Hyatt Regency Hotel, Bethesda, Md **Sept 6 & 7**

Contact: (202) 697-5131

Agenda:

Sept 6:

8:30am: Plenary session

Welcoming remarks: Tom Baca - dpty asst secy of Defense for environment

The DOD Commitment: Dick Cheney - secy. of Defense

The Operations Perspective: Adm David Jeremiah - vchmn, Joint Chiefs of Staff

10:15am: Working session 1

11:45am: Plenary session

The environmental Perspective: Jay Hair - pres, Natl Wildlife Fedn

12:15pm: Working session 2

3:30pm: Working session 3

Sept 7:

7:30am: Breakfast

The state government perspective: Raymond Schepach - exec dir, Natl Govs Assn

9am: Working session 4

11am: Panel on the challenge ahead for the Defense and Environment Initiative

Sen Warner, R-Va; Rep Ray, D-Ga; Michael Deland - chmn, Council on Environmental Quality; reps of other environmental grps, Defense Dept, private industry

PETROLEUM & NEW ENGLAND ECONOMY

New England Council and the New England Energy Congressional Caucus will sponsor a

★ New listing

briefing on the effects of recent events in the Persian Gulf on the region's petroleum supply.

9:30am to 11:30am 2203 Rayburn Bldg **Sept 6**

Contact: Melinda Cross at (202) 639-8955

Participants:

Rep Markey, D-Mass - co-chmn, New England Congressional Caucus

PANEL: Richard Bornemann - vpres for govt affs, United Illuminating (moderator); Bernard Smith - New England Fuel Inst; Edward Bulmer - Sprague Energy; Leo Fleming - Boston Edison; Michael Canes - American Petroleum Inst

LAW & RIGHT TO DIE

National Council on the Aging (NCOA) and the National Voluntary Organizations for Independent Living for the Aging will sponsor a luncheon meeting to discuss ethical and legal issues associated with rights of terminally ill persons. The meeting will include discussion of the recent decision of the Supreme Court in the Cruzan case that requires written instructions by an individual (known as a "living will") before life sustaining technology can be withdrawn.

Noon to 2pm, NOCA Conf Ctr, 600 Maryland Ave, SW **Sept 6**

Contact: Leanda Moore at (202) 479-6994

Participants: Dr Joanne Lynn - medical ethicist & geriatrician, GW Univ Medical Ctr; Richard Doerflinger - assoc dir for public policy development, US Catholic Conf

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$13 for members and \$15 for non-members. For reservations send a check, made payable to NCOA to:

Natl Council on the Aging

Attn: Finance Dept

600 Maryland Ave, SW

Washington, DC 20024

Deadline is August 30

★ OPTIONS IN KOREA

Asian Studies Center of the Heritage Foundation will sponsor a seminar on "Easing Cold War Tensions on the Korean Peninsula: Options for U.S. Policy-Makers."

9:30am to Noon, Heritage Foundation, 214 Massachusetts Ave NE **Sept 11**

Contact: Danielle Doane at (202) 546-4400, ext 381

Participants:

Keynote: Rep Solarz, D-NY;

Panel Discussion: Roger Brooks - dir, Asian Studies Ctr (panel chmn); Hyun Hong Choo - amb to US of Republic of Korea; Karl Spence Richardson - dir of Korean affs, State Dept (Bureau of East

Status of Appropriations

FULL COMMITTEE

House 225-2771; Senate 224-3471

FY90 SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS

Bill No: HR 4404
 House Full Cmte reported: March 27 (HRpt 101-434)
 Senate cmte reported: April 24 (SRpt 101-272)
 Passed House: April 3
 Passed Senate: May 1
 Conferees appointed in House: May 4
 Conferees appointed in Senate: May 1
 Conf rpt filed: May 23 (HRpt101-493)
 Conf rpt adopted by House: May 24
 Conf rpt adopted by Senate: May 24
 Signed by the president: May 25 (PL 101-302)

AGRICULTURE

House: 225-2638; Senate: 224-7240

Bill No: HR 5268
 House subcmte hearings completed: March 30
 House subcmte markup completed: July 10
 House full cmte rpt filed: July 13 (H Rpt 101-598)
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: April 4
 Passed House: July 18

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, STATE, & THE JUDICIARY

House: 225-3351; Senate: 224-7277

Bill No: HR 5021
 House subcmte hearings completed: April 3
 House subcmte markup completed: June 7
 House full cmte rpt filed: June 13 (H Rpt 101-537)
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: May 2
 Passed House: June 26

DEFENSE

House: 225-2847; Senate: 224-7255

House subcmte hearings completed: May 8
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: June 12

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

House: 225-5338; Senate: 224-7236

Bill No: HR 5311
 House subcmte hearings completed: June 28
 House subcmte markup completed: July 12
 House full cmte rpt filed: July 19 (H Rpt 101-607)
 Senate subcmte markup completed: July 24
 Senate full cmte markup completed: July 27
 Passed House: July 26

ENERGY & WATER DEVELOPMENT

House: 225-3421; Senate: 224-7260

Bill No: HR 5019
 House subcmte hearings completed: April 4
 House subcmte markup completed: June 7
 House full cmte rpt filed: June 13 (H Rpt 101-536)
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: May 3
 Senate subcmte markup completed: July 18
 Senate full cmte rpt filed: July 19 (S Rpt 101-378)
 Passed House: June 19
 Passed Senate: Aug 2
 Conferees appointed in Senate: Aug 2

FOREIGN OPERATIONS

House: 225-2041; Senate: 224-7209

Bill No: HR 5114
 House subcmte hearings completed: April 4
 House subcmte markup completed: June 13
 House full cmte rpt filed: June 21 (H Rpt 101-553)
 Passed House: June 27

INTERIOR

House: 225-3081; Senate: 224-7233

House subcmte hearings completed: May 23
 House subcmte markup completed: July 24
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: June 12

LABOR/HHS/EDUC

House: 225-3508; Senate: 224-7283

Bill No: HR 5257
 House subcmte hearings completed: May 1
 House subcmte markup completed: June 20
 House full cmte markup completed: July 12 (101-591)
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: June 27
 Passed House: July 19

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

House: 225-5338; Senate: 224-7338

Bill No: HR 5399
 House subcmte hearings completed: Feb 8
 House subcmte markup completed: July 24
 House full cmte rpt filed: July 30 (H Rpt 101-648)
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: April 6
 Senate full cmte rpt filed:

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

House: 225-3047; Senate: 224-7255

Bill No: HR 5313
 House subcmte hearings completed: March 29
 House subcmte markup completed: July 11
 House full cmte rpt filed: July 19 (H Rpt 101-608)
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: April 2
 Senate full cmte report filed: Aug 1 (S Rpt 101-410)
 Passed House: July 30

TRANSPORTATION

House: 225-2141; Senate: 224-7245

Bill No: HR 5229
 House subcmte hearings completed: April 26
 House subcmte markup completed: June 19
 House full cmte rpt filed: July 10 (H Rpt 101-584)
 Senate subcmte hearings completed: May 16
 Senate subcmte markup completed: July 26
 Senate full cmte markup completed: July 27
 Passed House: July 12
 Passed Senate: Aug 4

TREASURY/POSTAL SERVICE

House: 225-5834; Senate: 224-6280

Bill No: HR 5241
 House subcmte hearings completed: April 4
 House subcmte markup completed: June 13
 House full cmte markup completed: July 11
 House full cmte rpt filed: July 11 (H Rpt 101-589)

Apropriations continued...

Senate subcmte hearings completed: May 23
Senate subcmte markup completed: July 31
Senate full cmte rpt filed: Aug 1 (S Rpt (101-411))
Passed House: July 13

VA, HUD & INDEPENDENT AGENCIES
House: 225-3241; Senate: 224-7211

Bill No: HR 5158
House subcmte hearings completed: May 3
House subcmte markup completed: June 12
House full cmte reported: June 26 (HRpt 101-556)
Passed House: June 28

House Floor Action

Week of September 3

**Monday, September 3 &
Tuesday, September 4:**
Not in session

**Wednesday, September 5 &
Balance of the Week**
Pro forma session

Senate Floor Action

Week of September 3

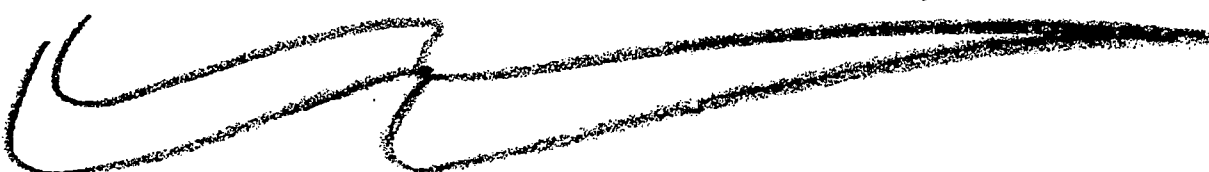
Not in session

**Tuesday, September 11 &
Balance of the Week:**
Schedule uncertain

Week of September 10

Monday, September 10:
Convenes at 10am
HR 5241 **FY91 Treasury Postal Appropriations** begin
consideration

ELECTION★90



Outlook for the 102nd Congress

Thursday Nov. 8, 1990 ♦ National Press Club ♦ Washington, D.C.

America Speaks November 6. CQ Interprets November 8.

On Nov. 6, American voters are going to make choices that will have a profound effect on congressional policy-making and politics in the 1990s. They will set the stage for what could be a rare watershed year in congressional politics — 1992.

Just 36 hours after the election, CQ and political experts will analyze the people's choices to show you how your interests and legislative strategies will be affected: now, through 1992 and beyond. Don't miss this chance to understand the real importance of the '90 races. Noted political figures and experts will discuss:

- ♦ Key congressional races and seats that have changed
- ♦ Domestic and foreign policy issues likely to dominate the congressional agenda
- ♦ How committee changes and leadership politics will affect legislation
- ♦ President Bush's legislative agenda in the 102nd Congress
- ♦ How the growing stigma of campaign fundraising and the prospects for campaign finance reform will affect PACs, corporations, unions and trade associations
- ♦ The odds of a Republican takeover of the Senate in 1992
- ♦ How politics in the House will change after reapportionment
- ♦ How changes in the size and partisan makeup of key state delegations could shift the balance of power in the House in 1992
- ♦ Potential shakeup in House committee leadership positions if a dozen or more senior members retire in 1992

Confirmed Speakers

Norman J. Ornstein
American Enterprise
Institute

Charles Cook
*The Cook Political
Report*

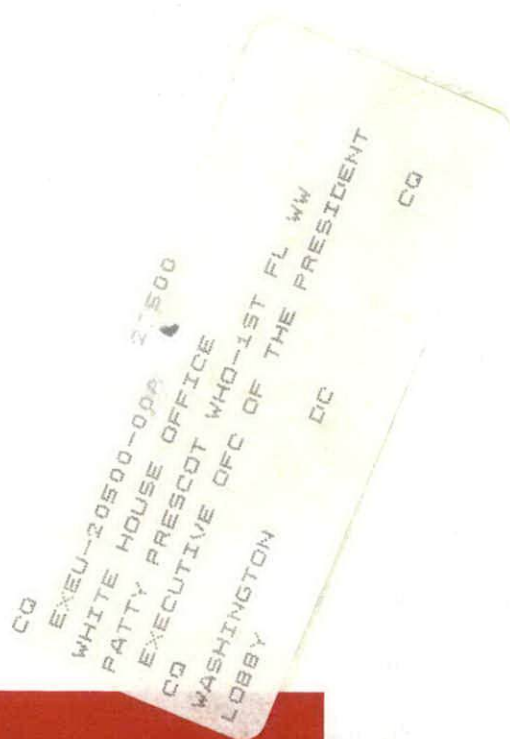
Thomas E. Mann
The Brookings Institution

A complete list of speakers will be available in September

Three Ways to Register

To reserve your space at Election '90: Outlook for the 102nd Congress, contact Irene Cuffy, registrar for CQ's Professional Education Service. Fee is \$385 for the full-day conference and includes lunch. VISA and Master Card accepted. Federal employees: Your p.o. must be received before the conference or submitted as you register at the door.

- ♦ Phone: (202) 887-8620 Toll-free: 1-800-432-2250, ext. 620
- ♦ Write: Irene Cuffy, Professional Education Service,
1414 22nd St. N.W., Washington, D.C. 20037
- ♦ Fax: (202) 728-1863



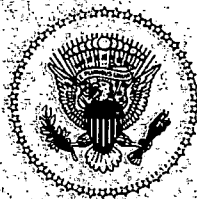
CONGRESSIONAL MONITOR



A Publication of

Congressional Quarterly Inc.
1414 22nd Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20037

Presidential Phone Calls



DATE:

9-5-

TIME:

2 PM

~~incoming/outgoing~~

WITH:

Spk Foley

SUBJECT:

OK for Tuesday
on Joint Session -

& PM?

Told him & probly best

FOLLOW UP:

I had asked him at
lunch for this

Bush, Presidential Library Photocopy

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
04. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Neil Bush [redaction of personal information] Re caller (1 pp.)	09/05/[90]	(b)(6)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Wednesday, September 5, 1990

Date Closed:	9/9/2010	OA/ID Number:	90559-002
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Presidential Phone Calls



DATE: 9-5- TIME: 10⁵⁰
incoming/outgoing

WITH: Neil Bush

SUBJECT: check in -

(b)(6)

FOLLOW UP: _____

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
05. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Richard Nixon (3 pp.)	09/05/90	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Wednesday, September 5, 1990

Date Closed: 9/9/2010	OA/ID Number: 90559-002
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

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C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
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(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
06. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with JAB III [James A. Baker, III] (1 pp.)	09/05/[90]	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Wednesday, September 5, 1990

Date Closed: 9/9/2010	OA/ID Number: 90559-002
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
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Presidential Phone Calls



DATE:

9-5-90

TIME:

2¹⁵

Incoming/outgoing

WITH:

Bob Strauss

SUBJECT:

watch CNN

talk to people all over
the world

doing anything right
can't 2nd guess you

If I can do anything
Go anywhere

Say anything

FOLLOW UP:

Call anyone

As Democrats may
really need

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

9/5/7:10 pm

Patty:

Jonathan Bush called and left
this number for the President
(per the President's request)

Fereydoun Hoveyda
(212) 772-1226
or
(516) 537-0444

Bridget

Bush Library Photocopy
George Bush Handwriting

Bush Presidential Library Photocopy

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
07. Note	From C. Dian Moore to Shirley M Green Re: returning hostage [redaction of personal information] (1 pp.)	09/05/90	(b)(6)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Wednesday, September 5, 1990

Date Closed: 9/9/2010	OA/ID Number: 90559-002
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

*Jim - 74 & 1/2
perhaps the
Pres. would like
to see. smg*

Date 9/5/90

TO: ~~SHIRLEY M. GREEN~~ THE PRESIDENT

FROM: C. DIAN MOORE
Presidential Inquiries,
Comments and Volunteers
Room 39 - OEOB - x2724

Call received from one of the hostages
who returned on Sunday

Mrs. Honey Jesse

(b)(6)

Arrived Sunday from Baghdad. Husband with
Ministry in Kuwait and is being held.

Comments: Thinks Pres. Bush is wonderful.
Glad he could play golf - did not
bother them. The 37 Americans that
came in on Iraq Airways are 100%
behind Pres. Bush. Keep it up.

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
08a. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Ambassador Nat Howell [double-sided] (1 pp.)	09/05/[90]	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Wednesday, September 5, 1990

Date Closed: 9/9/2010	OA/ID Number: 90559-002
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
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POINTS TO BE MADE WITH
AMBASSADOR NAT HOWELL

- Mr. Ambassador, I am calling to pay my personal respects to you and your staff.
- Our country is extremely proud of what all of you are doing. Your leadership and courage are in the best tradition of the Foreign Service and an inspiration to all your colleagues.
- I understand these attributes run in the Howell family. I've heard that your wife Margy has been working long hours with the State Department Task Force, and providing much-needed support to other families -- in other words, she's doing here what you're doing there.
- I want you to know we are using every opportunity to urge Iraq to abide by international law and respect the special status of all foreign diplomatic missions. We're also asking Iraq to honor UN Security Council Resolution 664 to permit any foreign nationals who wish to leave to do so.
- I have asked the UN Secretary General, King Hussein, and President Saleh to use their influence with Saddam Hussein to appeal for the release of foreign citizens, but we haven't made much headway. But I'm grateful that some innocent people have been allowed to leave Kuwait and Iraq.
~~I was sorry to hear that your dog did not survive the~~
~~signs of the evacuation.~~
- Our thoughts and prayers are with all of you. Your determination and resilience have impressed everyone at home, making us proud to be Americans. Barbara and I hope you, Margy, and your family are reunited soon. God bless.

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
09a. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with President de Cuellar [double-sided] (1 pp.)	09/05/[90]	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Wednesday, September 5, 1990

Date Closed: 9/9/2010	OA/ID Number: 90559-002
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POINTS TO BE MADE FOR
TELEPHONE CONVERSATION WITH
UN SECRETARY GENERAL PEREZ DE CUELLAR

- I just wanted to call to tell you how impressed I was with your mission to Amman.
- From what we could tell, you communicated an interest in diplomacy with a commitment to principle and the 5 Security Council Resolutions. I think you got it just right.
- It also seemed that the Iraqis were not interested.
- I would appreciate any reactions or insights you might be able to share with me.
- I would also appreciate any ideas or suggestions you might have for where we could go from here.

FOR DISCUSSION 9/5/90
BUDGET SUMMIT: SELECTED ISSUES

- 4
- (1) Our opening offer: essentially the same as 7/26 offer.
 - o NOTE: Gingrich probably will oppose this.
 - (2) The Gingrich plan: how to deal with his proposals? -- especially the high-cost proposals:
 - o capital gains (Kasten-Mack @ -55 to -65 B is being modified to a proposal @ -34 B)
 - o expensing @ -15 B
 - o personal exemption @ ?
 - o IRA mod. @ -16.5 B over 5 years then Roth effect
 - (3) Posture re energy taxes: likely to be in the Democratic offer.
 - o If gas tax, when/how much?
 - o If oil import fee, when/how much?
 - o NOTE: If these are to be held for a late trade, it will still be necessary to condition Republicans (Archer, Gramm)
 - (4) Defense: can we go ultimately to Nunn adjusted for Saudi Arabian costs?
 - (5) Discretionary categories: two or three?
 - o two -- (a) Defense/International
(b) Domestic
 - o three -- (a) Defense
(b) International
(c) Domestic
 - (6) End plays: what do we save that they want? What do we do about their holding out on the bubble and on process reform? How do we feel about structuring a vote on one or two matters in disagreement?

9-5-90

Laurie:

The President would like the following people invited to
tonight's movie:
(Spouses included)

Senator Thad Cochran
Senator John Danforth
Senator Dennis DeConcini
Senator Pete Domenici
Congressman Vin Weber
Congressman Jerry Lewis
Congressman Steny Hoyer
Congressman Mike Parker
Congressman Marvin Leath
Congressman Mike Espey
Congressman Ed Towns

Ms. Brooke Vosburgh (994- 1861 - this numbers rings in Lee
Atwater's hospital room where Brooke is always nearby. . .)

Dr. and Mrs. Tabb Moore (wife's name Rosie)
office number 728-9630
home number 362-7135

Mary Matalin - RNC - 863-8877

Jeanie Austin - Co Chairman, Republican National Committee
phone number: 863-8545

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bartlett

Bill Moss

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Ganzi (wife: Reva)

Admiral and Mrs. Watkins (Jim and Sheila)

Thanks,

Bridget

Blue Moss 1 + 1
Ganzi
Bartlett
Charlie Black
Watkins

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phone number: 863-8545

Thanks,

Bridget

Brooke Vosburg
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Charles Bon

Dr & Mrs Tabb Moore

DATE:

Teane Austin -
May Matalin -

FROM THE PRESIDENT

Thad Cochran - Miss

TO:

Tad Danforth - Mr.

Dennis DeConcini - Arizona

Jim Weber -

Fred Lewis - Calif

Stacy Hoyer - Md

Mike Packer - Miss

Marion Leath -

Mike Espy - Miss

Rep Ed Townes - N.Y.

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Bill Moss

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Ganzi (wife: Reva)

Admiral and Mrs. Watkins (Jim and Sheila)

M/M Charlie Black

Thanks,

Bridget



▲ As the *Terminator*, the *Running Man* and the *Predator*, **Arnold Schwarzenegger** has faced his share of bad actors. But none have given him as much flak as the 30 peripatetic pipsqueaks in *Kindergarten Cop*. Arnold is taught some

lessons in life and love when he goes undercover as an Oregon kindergarten teacher. Says director Ivan (*Twins*) Reitman: "[The movie] gave Arnold a sense of what it's like to relate to people much smaller than he is." (Dec.)



▲ The only ingredients missing from *White Hunter, Black Heart*, a fictional look at the making of the 1951 film classic *The African Queen*, are Bogart and Hepburn. **Clint Eastwood** plays a thinly disguised version of director John Huston, who becomes

obsessed with bagging an elephant while on location in Africa. Eastwood didn't harbor similar desires. "Clint's very antihunting, extremely," says **Jeff Fahey**, who plays the director's confidant. "So for some people this is an antihunting film." (Sept.)



X ▲ Suzanne Valé (Meryl Streep) is a drug-abusive daughter thrown into a too-close-for-comfort reunion with her alcoholic mother (Shirley MacLaine) in the movie adaptation of Carrie Fisher's novel *Postcards from the Edge*. (Above, from

left, Robin Bartlett, Streep, MacLaine and Gloria Crayton take the cake.) In the film, a drug-rehabbed Valé can't land an acting job unless a "responsible party" baby-sits her. Enter Mom with her own emotional baggage. Now, who's sitting whom? (Sept.)



CHAIN OF COMMAND/SAUDIS/GLENN (Reuter) -- King Fahd of Saudi Arabia has urged the U.S. to seek U.N. approval before launching any military offensive against Iraq, a senator just back from talks with the king said Wednesday. John Glenn...said King Fahd made the point two days ago to a visiting Senate delegation. "King Fahd, two days ago when we saw him, told us that he felt if there was a move to offensive action that we should go back to the U.N. Security Council for direction on that," Glenn said on ABC's "Good Morning America." ...Glenn criticized the existing command structure as hopelessly tangled if war broke out. "Right now it's sort of a hydra-headed monster, I'm afraid," he said.... Glenn said Fahd's suggestion that the U.S. consult the U.N. was not part of the original agreement under which U.S. forces had been welcomed onto Saudi soil.

Brent
have we
a problem
here?

GB
9-5

GULF/BAKER (AP) -- The U.S. and its allies must plan a new "regional security structure" for the Mideast that would not only stop Iraqi aggression but deal with future crises in the region, Secretary Baker said today. "This is not the last crisis of this nature we are likely to face in this region," Baker said.... "It is worthwhile to begin considering regional security structures...that would guarantee an equilibrium in this region that will produce peace" and "create a more durable order," Baker told the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

GULF/ALLIES/BRADY (London/AP) -- Britain today pledged to contribute to a U.S.-organized fund to share costs of the Persian Gulf operation against Iraq, and Secretary Brady called the European portion of his fund-raising tour a success. A spokeswoman for Prime Minister Thatcher said Thatcher promised a contribution but offered no specific amounts, and Brady told reporters after his 45-minute meeting at 10 Downing Street that he was pleased by the response. "We didn't talk specific amounts, but she was tremendously supportive and indicated that the plan we had outlined to her was one with which she agreed," Brady said.

GULF/France (Paris/Reuter) -- France defended its commitment to the multinational Persian Gulf force Wednesday, saying the contribution of Western allies should not be judged by the number of deaths they might suffer in a possible war. "The Americans decided to send a particularly large force (to Saudi Arabia)," said Gen. Raymond Germanos, chief of the French joint command information office. "When we engage in a crisis that could lead to war, we weigh those risks. We don't ask that each ally has to have the same number of dead."

SUMMIT/GORBACHEV (Moscow/Reuter) -- Soviet leader Gorbachev wants treaties on nuclear weapons and conventional arms signed this year and will stress this when he meets President Bush in Helsinki, visiting U.S. politicians said Wednesday. The U.S. senators, who met Gorbachev in the Kremlin, said he reacted strongly when they suggested Moscow was stalling progress toward a superpower accord on START and an East-West deal to reduce conventional forces. "He was very explicit. He wants to see a completion of the CFE and START treaties this year," Sen. Warner said at an airport news conference. "And he said clearly, 'I will not put any obstacles nor tolerate any impediments or backpedaling as we move forward on those two agreements,'" Warner said.

-more-

Daily
9/5/90

POINTS TO BE MADE WITH
AMBASSADOR NAT HOWELL

- Mr. Ambassador, I am calling to pay my personal respects to you and your staff.
- Our country is extremely proud of what all of you are doing. Your leadership and courage are in the best tradition of the Foreign Service and an inspiration to all your colleagues.
- I understand these attributes run in the Howell family. I've heard that your wife Margy has been working long hours with the State Department Task Force, and providing much-needed support to other families -- in other words, she's doing here what you're doing there.
- I want you to know we are using every opportunity to urge Iraq to abide by international law and respect the special status of all foreign diplomatic missions. We're also asking Iraq to honor UN Security Council Resolution 664 to permit any foreign nationals who wish to leave to do so.
- I have asked the UN Secretary General, King Hussein, and President Saleh to use their influence with Saddam Hussein to appeal for the release of foreign citizens, but we haven't made much headway. But I'm grateful that some innocent people have been allowed to leave Kuwait and Iraq. I was sorry to hear Jinn (your dog) did not survive the rigors of the evacuation.
- Our thoughts and prayers are with all of you. Your determination and resilience have impressed everyone at home, making us proud to be Americans. Barbara and I hope you, Margy, and your family are reunited soon. God bless.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

SEPTEMBER 5, 1990

THROUGH: SHIRLEY M. GREEN *smg*
SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
FOR CORRESPONDENCE

daily file

FROM: DIAN MOORE *DM*
DIRECTOR OF PRESIDENTIAL INQUIRIES

SUBJECT: BI-WEEKLY REPORT, AUGUST 22 - SEPTEMBER

The Comments Office received a total of 9,811 calls from August 22 through September 4, making a total of 160,686 since January 20, 1990. 592 calls were requests for Presidential greetings; 215 calls were referred to other federal, state and local government offices; 413 were of a personal or nonsubstantive nature and 352 requested information which we were able to provide; 766 favorables for the President (many support) and 178 negatives, 26 favorables for Mrs. Bush. The major issues were:

	<u>PRO</u>	<u>CON</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
Iraq/Kuwait Issues			7,167
Operation Desert Shield	956	941	1,897
Dialogue/peaceful negotiations	1,476	10	1,486
POTUS Vacation	198	887	1,085
Act Now Militarily	682	186	868
United Nations Forces only	509	6	515
Media Coverage	0	328	328
Hostage release 1st priority	77	43	120
Forgive Egypt Debt	2	80	82
Ask allies help in financing	59	9	68
Miscellaneous (suggestions etc.)	-	-	718
Release the Silver Spring Monkeys	587	0	587
Government Furloughs	1	188	189
Notch Baby Bill	186	0	186
Veto Civil Rights Bill of 1990	169	13	182
Beer Tax Increase	0	136	136
Veto Crime Bill (oppose gun laws)	93	15	108
Miscellaneous			1,239

The Greetings Office received 10,829 pieces of incoming mail from August 22 thru September 4. During this period our office assigned 63 volunteers to the First Lady's offices, 153 volunteers to offices throughout correspondence and the Visitors Office, and addressed and mailed the following:

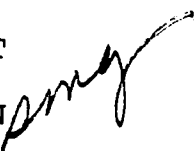
Birthdays	15,125	Retirement	9
Anniversaries	5,343	Graduation	114
100th Birthdays	512	Eagle Scouts	510
Joyous Occasion	18	Photographs	322
Girl Scouts	21	Condolence	19
Marriage	1,062	Birth	204
First Lady Mail	22	Religious	20
Illness	38	Miscellaneous	1190
C-1	87	<u>TOTAL</u>	<u>24,616</u>

Since January 20, 1990, Greetings addressed and mailed 406,243 pieces of correspondence.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 6, 1990

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: SHIRLEY GREEN 

SUBJECT: Mail Summary, August 30, 1990 to September 5, 1990

CORRESPONDENCE RECEIVED

Presidential	21,062	Year to Date	966,481
Staff	<u>59,666*</u>	Year to Date	<u>211,406</u>

*(Includes 58,772 pieces of Propaganda Mail, to the Chief of Staff, against Excise Taxes on Alcohol)

PERIOD TOTAL	80,728	YEAR TO DATE	1,177,887
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TOP ISSUES OF THE WEEK

	<u>Pro</u>	<u>Con</u>	<u>Comments</u>	<u>Cumulative Totals (Pro/Con/Comments)</u>
Tax Increase for Deficit Reduction	5	205	0	869/15,823/187
Civil Rights Act of 1990	19	116	0	586/3,212/6
Increase in Oil Prices	0	0	115	0/0/509
World Summit for Children	132	0	0	3,760/6/2
U.S. Intervention in Iraq-Kuwait Conflict	1031	768	495	4,507/2,334/3,110

PROPAGANDA MAIL

PERIOD TOTAL 2,856

Major Issue: Con Tax On Social Security and Medicare

Volume: 398

CORRESPONDENCE PROCESSED

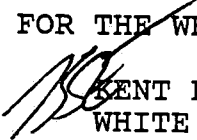
Presidential (Period Total)	17,253	Year to Date	947,875
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THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 6, 1990

MEMORANDUM FOR THE WHITE HOUSE STAFF

FROM:  KENT EGENBERGER
WHITE HOUSE TELEVISION

SUBJECT: Videotape of Presidential Activities

At 3:00 p.m. on Friday, September 7, and Monday, September 10, a videotape review of the previous week of Presidential Activities will be shown on Channel 29. This is a portion of the normal footage videotaped each day for historical purposes by White House Television. This program will be aired each Friday and Monday at 3:00 p.m. on Channel 29.

This week's program will include:

Press Availability with Canadian Prime Minister Mulroney,
Kennebunkport, Maine - 27 August

Briefing for Members of Congress - 28 August, 1990

Meeting with Oman Foreign Minister
Yusuf bib Alawi - 28 August

Press Conference - 30 August

Press Conference, Kennebunkport, Maine - 01 September

bcc: Mrs. Bush
w/ copy of incoming
post card - fyi

p.

done
ms
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FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

The Honorable Jocelyn Straus
Post Office Box 600
San Antonio, TX 78292

Jan



THE PRESIDENT

9-6-90

Born you Toci!

You were in K'ports
and didn't call. We
would have loved to show
you our Shangri-La.

You're too considerate.

Anyway - got your
card. - A good

start for a busy
few days - Love

AJ

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

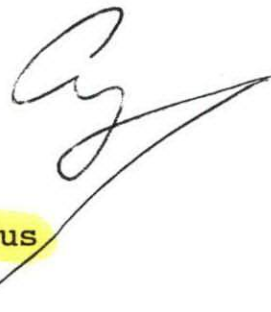
October 31, 1990

Dear Joci:

Thank you so much for letting me know about the exciting and indispensable work the Southwest Foundation is pursuing. I am sending a copy of your letter to Lou Sullivan and asking him to get in touch with you directly to discuss the project. I know he shares your views about the critical importance of biomedical research to the future health of the Nation.

Thanks again for your letter. I am always grateful for your kind words. Best wishes.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'JL Straus', with a long, sweeping horizontal line extending to the right.

The Honorable Jocelyn L. Straus
Post Office Box 600
San Antonio, Texas 78292

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 5, 1990

Dear Alvah:

Thank you for updating me on the effort to assist El Espectador overcome the threat to its survival posed by Colombia's narco-traffickers. I am pleased that you were able to exceed your fundraising goal and that the effort has put El Espectador well on the road to recovery.

I sent the attached letter to each of the contributors. Further, I want to commend you for your work in helping organize the effort. You and other supporters of the effort have made a valuable contribution to both press freedom and the war on drugs. Please accept my congratulations on a job well done.

*Worst Personal
Regards —*

Sincerely,



Mr. Alvah H. Chapman Jr.
Director and Chairman of
the Executive Committee
Knight-Ridder, Inc.
One Herald Plaza
Miami, Florida 22132-1693

Attachment

✓

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

September 5, 1990

Dear Cary:

Thank you for your warm and thoughtful message regarding the situation in the Persian Gulf.

I am heartened by the widespread support of the American people for the efforts to enforce United Nations sanctions aimed at bringing about a withdrawal of Iraqi troops from Kuwait and restoration of Kuwait's independence. I am also encouraged by the number of other countries -- including Arab nations -- that have joined the international effort to defend Saudi Arabia against aggression.

Your kind words mean a great deal to me, and I appreciate your support.

Sincerely,



Mr. Cary M. Maguire
Maguire Oil Company
Suite 4200
1401 Elm Street
Dallas, Texas 75202

THE WHITE
Office of the Pr

Bridget Montagne
West Wing

PRESS BRIEFING
BY
MARLIN FITZWATER

September 5, 1990

The Briefing Room

12:15 P.M. EDT

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1:08 P.M. EDT
#245-09/05

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

PRESS BRIEFING
BY
MARLIN FITZWATER

September 5, 1990

The Briefing Room

12:15 P.M. EDT

MR. FITZWATER: First of all, the President called Ambassador Howell in the U.S. Embassy in Baghdad this morning. They spoke about 10:30 a.m. for several minutes. The President --

Q In Baghdad?

Q Kuwait.

MR. FITZWATER: I'm sorry -- in Kuwait. The President expressed the appreciation of the American citizens for his efforts on their behalf. He told him to keep up the good work under these most difficult circumstances and that America's proud of the work that he has done as well as the other embassy employees who have stayed there.

Ambassador Howell is struggling with a very difficult situation in terms of the physical accommodations there. They are -- have fast diminishing supplies of water and electricity. But as you all know and have seen on the television reports, the embassy staff there has been actively working with U.S. citizens and helping to facilitate these flights out of Kuwait and out of Iraq.

Also on a travel note, the trip of the President to Colorado and California on September 11 and 12 has been postponed and has been rescheduled for September 18 and 19. You'll recall that included the fundraisers for the Hank Brown for Senate campaign in Denver, Pete Wilson for Governor in Los Angeles and San Francisco. So those will be held the following week.

Q Why was it postponed?

MR. FITZWATER: The -- just because of the trip to Helsinki and the budget discussions. We just felt it was more convenient to move them back a week or so. And the campaigns were able to do that.

Q Do you have the tentative return time on the 19th?

MR. FITZWATER: On the 19th? I don't, no.

Q Any decision on extending the trip?

MR. FITZWATER: No decision yet. I think it could go either way. The advance team is there now. The matter is still being considered by the NSC and by the President in terms of whether or not he wants to stay and to do any consultations. But Secretary Baker is going to Brussels and will be meeting with the allies there to report on the meeting. So it's just not -- it hasn't been determined yet whether or not the President will be coming back Sunday night or extending for a day or so.

Q Marlin, when do you think you'll know?

MORE

#245-09/05

Q Since we're talking about travel plans, there's a report that the President may go to Berlin on October 3rd and Gorbachev as well for the reunification ceremonies. Is there any possibility of that?

MR. FITZWATER: Nothing scheduled at this point.

Q Did you receive an invitation?

MR. FITZWATER: Not aware of one.

Q Marlin, when do you think you'll know about the rest of this Helsinki trip since everybody's on the road --

MR. FITZWATER: Hopefully tomorrow.

Q Jeez. Good. (Laughter.)

MR. FITZWATER: I don't expect to know today.

Q Tomorrow's --

Q Is Baker going to Brussels after Helsinki? Is that the idea?

MR. FITZWATER: Yes, that's right.

Q Marlin, are you planning any briefings on the Helsinki trip?

MR. FITZWATER: Don't have any scheduled at this point. We might have one Friday morning, but nothing's scheduled yet. As the President has indicated, it is an unstructured agenda. I talked at length here yesterday about the issues to be involved. But at this point, we have no special briefings scheduled.

Q Marlin, the last time we had an unstructured agenda, the President went in there with sixteen points that he layed out in perfect order. May we be assured that nothing like that's going to happen this time?

MR. FITZWATER: I offer no such assurances and nothing's ruled out.

Q What is the President -- is it the President's idea to have a regional security alliance in the Persian Gulf?

MR. FITZWATER: Secretary Baker discussed this at length in his testimony yesterday. Obviously, it's a matter that the President is interested in pursuing internally. We do have discussions going on in the State Department, as well as the NSC, about what some kind of security arrangement would look like, but there's no details at this time. But the Secretary did feel that it was important to raise this matter and to generate the kind of discussion that would be required with Congress and others to begin thinking in terms of a new security alliance once we get down the road.

Q Would that include the Soviet Union?

MR. FITZWATER: Well, there's just no way of knowing at this point.

Q Marlin, the President warned Saddam Hussein early about not doing any physical harm to the hostages. But I wonder why it is that with food and water being choked off to this embassy in Kuwait and the situation that's essentially in the middle of the desert, why Mr. Bush doesn't think that's a provocative act right now?

MR. FITZWATER: The American citizens are in very difficult circumstances there. We do consider them hostages at this time. I'll have a statement later that gives you the latest rundown on all the status of numbers that we have. But we are still working to get them out. Our first interest and only interest is their safety and their evacuation from the country. And we are pursuing a course that we think is most conducive to getting their freedom.

Q Well, are you working to get them out, or to keep that embassy open?

MR. FITZWATER: We're working to get everyone out.

Q Whoa, whoa, whoa. Wait a minute. Now, you've been saying all along you're just going to keep the embassy open.

MR. FITZWATER: Oh, you said the embassy. I thought you meant U.S. citizens, I'm sorry.

Q No, I meant the Embassy in Kuwait.

MR. FITZWATER: The embassy in Kuwait. What about it?

Q Well, again, why that isn't a more provocative act to cut off water to people in the middle of the desert?

MR. FITZWATER: The embassy is working there to help other U.S. citizens, just as it's always been. And we think that's the best way -- again, all the comments I just made were aimed at getting U.S. citizens out. That's what the embassy is doing.

Q That's still not what he asked you.

Q I'm asking why the President is tolerating the seige of this embassy?

MR. FITZWATER: Because we think it's important that the people be there to help U.S. citizens. The same reasons we've said every time.

Q How much longer do they have water and electricity? And what is the plan when they run out of it?

MR. FITZWATER: They have electricity and supplies there for a relatively short period of time. We are not willing to say how long, for obvious security reasons -- at least I hope they're obvious -- that we don't want Iraq to know when they would run out of supplies. But they will be there as long as they can. And for the same reasons we obviously would not try to signal what we intend to do afterwards.

Q Can you give us any further sense of what may have come out of the Bush-Howell phone call today, in terms of the people there and how it's going?

MR. FITZWATER: Yes, let me go through the other issues.

First of all, the statement in response to the Hussein statement of a few minutes ago. That this statement read on behalf of Saddam Hussein amounts to another rhetorical diatribe designed to split Arab unity. We see it as a sign of desperation that Iraq is lashing out with hypocrisy and irrelevant statements. For Saddam Hussein to claim moral rectitude is totally beyond belief.

Q Marlin, a follow-up to that? In that statement he talked about children dying. Is there any evidence that these sanctions have taken such a bite that in fact people are being physically affected by the lack of food, water, milk --

MR. FITZWATER: We have no evidence to that effect. The

statement had so many outrageous statements in it that I don't intend to try to respond to each one of them. But we have no indication of that.

Q If I can go back to Kuwait just a second. You seem to be taking my questions as my asking you why we're keeping the Kuwaiti Embassy open? With that as a given, what I was trying to get at is why the President hasn't been a lot tougher on Saddam Hussein given that he's clearly threatening harm to the Americans by cutting off their water?

MR. FITZWATER: Because we believe the situation is exactly as it has been: that the best way to help get American citizens out is to have people in the embassy who are able to do that.

Q Is the President talking on an open or a secure line to Howell?

MR. FITZWATER: I don't know.

Q What?

MR. FITZWATER: Open or secure lines?

Q But the lines are open? The telephone?

MR. FITZWATER: I can't tell you the specific line and their status. There is intermittent telephone service into the embassy. But suffice it to say, the President was able to get through.

Q Can you tell us a little more about how Howell is able to help Americans? Is he, or his staff, able to come and go at all? Are Americans able to come and go in and out of the embassy? And if the telephone line service is intermittent, how are they keeping in touch with the Americans? And what are they doing?

MR. FITZWATER: They're helping American citizens. You'll recall the airplane departures of women and children over the last several days. They've been helpful in that process of keeping and trying to keep in touch with American citizens, getting them on airplanes, helping them get whatever documentation might be required at the moment. In fact, I've seen some of them interviewed on television. So, those are the fairly standard kinds of functions.

Q Marlin, can you tell us a little bit about what Ambassador Howell said to the President?

MR. FITZWATER: I don't have anything from his side of the conversation, no.

Q If I could try and make once last try at my question. The President has said he will hold Saddam Hussein --

MR. FITZWATER: That's correct.

Q -- responsible for the health and welfare of Americans. Clearly, the health and welfare of Americans in the Kuwait Embassy is suffering. Why is it we are doing nothing to carry out that warning?

MR. FITZWATER: The health and welfare of all Americans in Kuwait and Iraq is suffering. They are all under extraordinary danger and deprivation. We're trying to get them out. Our embassy employees there are doing the best they can. They're working for the safety of American citizens, and we believe that the current stance is the appropriate one.

Q A follow on that.

Q Marlin, one of the common questions of the members of Congress who were in to see the President this morning was the concern about the length of stay, particularly following Secretary Baker's statement of yesterday about a permanent force. Is the President prepared now to tell the American people that the force of the numbers that are there now are going to remain there for weeks and months? Because that's what it's turned into now -- months.

MR. FITZWATER: Obviously we can't give any duration to it because you don't know. But certainly, the President has said many times that we are there for as long as it takes to meet objectives and that our commitment is steadfast. I might note that the President did meet for more than an hour this morning with some 30 congressmen and senators and they had a very useful discussion in which this group described their meetings with Arab leaders, with members of the military command there as well as with United States soldiers. They were unanimously supportive of the U.S. mission and enthusiastically in praise with the job being done by the American military.

Without citing individual comments, the President was most gratified by the repeated statements of support for U.S. determination to see this mission through and to maintain U.S. forces until our goals are achieved. The delegation was optimistic about the sanctions working, and several members suggested we consider other sanctions against other countries which are violating the U.N. embargo.

Our position on that is that the U.N. sanctions are binding on everyone. We expect them to be complied with, and we will continue to pursue compliance through the U.N. Sanctions Committee and through our friends and allies around the world. But we are not prepared at this time to take unilateral sanctions.

Q Marlin, I assume that's a reference to Senator Glenn's proposal that we try to interdict or otherwise cut off any flow of goods and supplies to Iraq that may be coming in by air from such places as Yemen and Libya. Is that what you mean?

MR. FITZWATER: No. Their interests didn't go quite so much to the interdiction aspect of it of simply applying sanctions to those countries which were trying to violate the embargo. There was no talk of any specific sanctions or actions along the those lines.

Q What was the specific reaction, if any, to Senator Glenn's proposal that we extend the embargo to air transport?

MR. FITZWATER: He did not make that in the meeting that I heard.

Q What was the administration's attitude on that subject?

MR. FITZWATER: We feel that the embargo is effective, that it is working very well. We want to continue to tighten it up as best we can, but we don't have any plans at this time to interdict aircraft.

Q Why?

MR. FITZWATER: We just don't think it's -- it would be a provocative act. There's not that much going through. And it's just not beneficial at this point.

Q Senator Glenn also noted the status of troops on the front lines and urged a change -- I guess a declaration of the nature of the area. He said there were some benefits that they're barred from because the area where they are hasn't been declared a hostile zone of sorts. And he suggested a number of those benefits should

accrue to them. Do you have any plans to look into that or change the status or change the declaration of what type of area they're in?

MR. FITZWATER: I haven't heard that. I'd refer you to the Pentagon for that.

Let me just conclude with a couple items here. Several of the members also suggested that the President call up combat reserve units for duty in the Persian Gulf. They argued that such a call-up would test the role of the reserves, add to their morale, and allow Congress to make future decisions about the composition of reserve forces. The administration has no plans to call up additional reserves at this time, but the matter will be continuously reviewed by the Department of Defense. The President thanked the group for their meaningful and serious consultations. He said we must keep pressure on Iraq and convince Saddam Hussein that time is against him. The President said the sanctions must succeed. If not, we will review our options.

Q Since the President's address of August 10th in which he stated the four principles of why we were going over there in such numbers, Marlin, then he called up the -- he's called up the reserves. Baker testified about this new regional -- possible regional -- council. Is there any plan at all for the President to go on the air again to explain what the purpose, short- and long-range, is in the Gulf?

MR. FITZWATER: The President has made three nationally-televised speeches and nine press conferences of which seven were carried nationally on television. And he will make more. I don't have any specific plans, but the President does plan to address the American people on several occasions about this. And we'll announce them as we're ready, but I don't have anything at the moment.

Q Can I follow on that?

MR. FITZWATER: Sure.

Q Is he planning on doing any of these when Californians are awake, or is he going to keep doing them at 9:00 a.m. --

MR. FITZWATER: Are you implying Californians sleep during the daytime or what?

Q 9:00 a.m. Eastern.

MR. FITZWATER: Your editors are not going to like this implication.

Q Is he going to make a formal statement before going to Helsinki?

Q Seriously, any plan to do one that -- when most of the rest of the country can see it -- prime time?

MR. FITZWATER: I think they're all -- they've all been at times when the rest of the country can see it. We'll be glad to schedule according to your needs. Let me know what time is the best for you, George, and we'll see what we can work out.

Q The Prime Minister of Iraq is in Moscow today. Do you think there is a link to the Helsinki summit? Are you aware of any possible Soviet mediation?

MR. FITZWATER: We don't believe they're involved in any mediation. They have not indicated to us that they have any intention of doing that. We do not feel that that's beneficial. But for Iraq to want somebody to go to Moscow in advance of the

President's meeting with President Gorbachev seems entirely likely. So while this -- Iraq certainly hasn't told us what they intend, what the purpose of their mission is, it certainly seems a reasonable conclusion.

Q One of the concerns that the Soviets seem to be bringing to this weekend meeting is that the U.S. will want to maintain some sort of permanent force in Saudi Arabia now that the resistance has been broken -- having Americans there at all, and that that's one of -- as one of the new world order issues. Does the U.S. have a position on that, whether it would be desirable as part of this new world order to keep an American presence there over the long term?

MR. FITZWATER: Our presence is at the invitation of the Saudis and it is tied to the objectives of this mission. But we have no plans for a longer term than that.

Q Will you be making assurances to them to that effect?

MR. FITZWATER: We'll discuss the entire matter with the Soviets, the status of the mission, the prospects that it's going to take and see what their position is. We'll be glad to explore their interests. Certainly we'll state our position, as I just have.

Q Can I ask a different question on Saudi Arabia?

MR. FITZWATER: Go for it.

Q I'm sure it's laudable to try to respect local customs, but there have been a lot of stories about American women serving in Saudi Arabia being asked to do things like look at the floor when they deal with shopkeepers and being unable to shop for personal items unaccompanied by a male, which are apparently part of the local customs there. But why should American women who are risking themselves to defend that monarchy be forced to participate in customs which are degrading by our standards?

MR. FITZWATER: There are a number of cultural differences between the United States and Saudi Arabia. Certainly, our military forces in that part of the world are cognizant of them and aware of the host country cultural differences. And it is not an easy matter. It is something that our military is grappling with. We want to find ways to accommodate these two situations. Saudi Arabia is our ally in this matter, and the episode you describe is just one of many similar kinds of cultural situations that our servicemen and women are running into there. But we're working on them. Our commanders are working with the Saudis and trying to develop new programs and processes and so forth for living there that can accommodate both cultures. But it is a problem.

Q In his testimony yesterday, Baker said that is was likely that U.S. troops would stay in Saudi Arabia for a while longer, even after a withdrawal from Kuwait. What goal would be served by that?

MR. FITZWATER: I'm sure that the Secretary was talking about in furthering the general security arrangement of the area -- any other political and security goals that might be met. But there's no way to define how long that might take.

Q But is that viewed as a transition period, or is it viewed as U.S. participation in a permanent security arrangement?

MR. FITZWATER: It's impossible to say at this time. These are all developing situations. The Secretary talked about the security alliance in a very prospective sense, and none of those matters have been defined.

Q If I could ask one other follow-up. Does the President believe that the security can be maintained in that region without U.S. troops so long as Saddam Hussein stays in power in Iraq?

MR. FITZWATER: That's a hypothetical. There's just no way we could answer that.

Q Marlin, one of your aides said yesterday the President would be willing to discuss the Soviets -- Shevardnadze's proposal for a general international Mideast conference to deal with the Gulf crisis as well as the other things mentioned. What's your initial reaction to that? And do you -- what's your reaction to Israel's rejection of it to include Arab-Israeli relations?

MR. FITZWATER: This is not a new proposal. You'll recall that the Soviets have supported an international conference since, at least since '87 or '88 that I'm aware of. Our position has always been that we didn't think that was the best way initially to get the parties talking. You'll recall the Baker plan of a few months ago in which both parties -- the parties involved -- would have a dialogue designed to perhaps get to a conference and so forth. So that situation has basically not changed. But we are willing to talk to the Soviets about it. But I don't think there's anything new there on either side.

Q Well what's -- is the Persian Gulf crisis. Do you think the addition of that and the Lebanese civil war might warrant international consideration?

MR. FITZWATER: It's not clear that it changes the process, but we're willing to talk about it and see what their ideas are.

Q Marlin, what about the timing on Shevardnadze bringing this up now at a time when you're trying to stress U.S.-Soviet unity on the Persian Gulf? Isn't this highlighting a major difference and won't that take away from the prospects of unity?

MR. FITZWATER: No, we've talked about the continuing need to deal with the Middle East situation, the continuing objective of the United States to find a peaceful solution to those problems. So we think it's entirely appropriate that the two Presidents be able to discuss all matters relating to the Persian Gulf.

Q Is our willingness to talk about it new or have we ever had any sort of meaningful discussion with the Soviets about the prospect even?

MR. FITZWATER: We've had lengthy discussions. Secretary Shultz had lengthy discussions with Shevardnadze, and Secretary Baker probably raised and discussed it with him at least a half-dozen times that I'm personally familiar with.

Q But in a serious way where we are apparently more open to it than we once were?

MR. FITZWATER: Always in a serious way. I really don't think there's anything new here.

Q So we're not open -- any more open than we've every been?

MR. FITZWATER: We've always been willing to discuss it. We always want to talk about -- discussions and talks that might lead up to it. But there's been no change in our position.

Q Marlin, Congressman Gephardt raised the issue this morning of perhaps lowering the deficit reduction target figure -- \$40 billion was kicked around. What's the -- because of the Persian

Gulf conflict. What's your reaction to that?

MR. FITZWATER: We have still indicated that the \$50 billion is our proposal for the first year, \$500 billion over five years, and beyond that we're willing to talk. And that's what we're going to do at Andrews Air Force Base beginning Friday.

Q Is it conceivable that the lower figure would be justified, however, given the military conflict?

MR. FITZWATER: We aren't going to state our positions in advance on these matters. They're all part of the negotiations.

Q Marlin, you reiterated -- the President's statement which he's made several times now that the American commitment is there for as long as it takes. But you also quoted the President as telling members of Congress that if the sanctions don't work that the President will review his options. Does the "as long as it takes" apply to maintaining the sanctions to turn course or is it simply that as long as it takes to meet the objectives and we could change our strategy in the meantime?

MR. FITZWATER: We're not changing our strategy. And it does reflect the effort to meet our objectives. They are firm and steadfast.

Q So what does the President mean when he said, according to you, that the sanctions must succeed and if they don't we will review our options? Doesn't that indicate at some point that he's only giving the sanctions so much time to succeed, and at some point he already is planning to alter course if they don't succeed?

MR. FITZWATER: No. What he's saying is that the sanctions are in place. We believe they are working, but there is no way to predict how long it will take and you can't be absolutely certain that they will, but he wanted the delegation to know that our commitment is steadfast and firm and, if at some point down the road we determine that they aren't working, then we'll review other options.

Q Has he got any kind of notion as to how far down the road that might be? In other words, what is his patience on this?

MR. FITZWATER: We aren't willing to give a timetable, no.

Q Three years.

Q Congressman Michel today said that he thought Republicans might be willing to support a \$40 billion package under certain conditions, depending on the mix of the package, whether it was part of a multiyear plan, and as long as it contained budget process reform. Is the administration willing to agree with that position?

MR. FITZWATER: We won't comment on any proposals. Those are matters for the negotiators.

Q Marlin, some of the congressmen came back from the Persian Gulf saying that Egypt very soon will send another 20,000 to 25,000 men -- two armored divisions. Can you say that's correct?

MR. FITZWATER: I don't have any of the figures. They have indicated that they're sending more resources, but I don't know how much.

Q Marlin, you said that there was -- there this morning, but John Glenn out in the driveway was very critical of the command structure, saying it's ambiguous, it needs to be cleared up. Did that come up at the meeting this morning? And even if it didn't,

how do you respond to charges that it's really not clear who is in charge?

MR. FITZWATER: He just mentioned that he was concerned about that. He was assured that our command structure is adequate and, as I said yesterday, we believe it is.

Q Why has it never been explained? Why have you never been able to say "this is the command chain"?

MR. FITZWATER: We are. The command chain is the President through the Secretary of Defense, through the Joint Chiefs, through the field commanders, and that we consult with the Arabs, with Saudi Arabia in particular, on the multinational forces.

Q But we are totally independent. We do not have to clear anything with the Saudis before taking action?

MR. FITZWATER: We consult on everything.

Q Did that come up yesterday when Prince Bandahr was here?

MR. FITZWATER: I don't know.

Q Marlin, what is the President's and the administration's response to Senator Cohen's strong suggestion that you get Mr. Gorbachev to pull his advisors out of Iraq?

MR. FITZWATER: As Secretary Baker said in his testimony yesterday, we've discussed this matter with the Soviet Union and they have promised to consider it, but that as a matter of fact, their overall support is such that we are very appreciative of their efforts in this entire area.

Q Why is that not a loophole in the sanctions?

MR. FITZWATER: The fact is that the sanctions are working and you have to back up and take a look at the total package, at the incredible volume of goods and services and money that is not going into Iraq and not coming out of Iraq. And around the edges, you are going to see a truckload of goods coming in over Jordan, you're going to see an airplane arrive from Libya, you're going to see Soviet advisors that maybe aren't leaving as fast as we would like to see. But the fact is, these are all marginal situations which are not having significant influences on the embargo, and they are all ones that we are working in one way or another. And we continue to work them, we continue to talk to the Soviets about this problem, and we believe that the matters will be resolved.

Q But you seem to be willing to accept their argument that they're just fulfilling contracts. Would you accept an American corporation's argument that it was fulfilling contracts?

MR. FITZWATER: Well, there's no sense in getting argumentative with the Soviets on this issue. We have made our views known, they have indicated their situation, they've indicated sensitivity to it. We continue to talk with them, and we believe that considerable progress has been made.

Q Will you raise it again in Helsinki?

MR. FITZWATER: I don't know.

Q Two questions. One on the situation in -- the Egyptian debt forgiveness. Since it requires congressional approval, did you run into any roadblocks this morning that brought up anyone particularly in favor of it or against it?

MR. FITZWATER: Nothing very strenuous. There were a

couple of members who said they wanted to take a look at it. They had some concerns. Look forward to discussing it with us, but that's about it.

Q And the other is, you always say in these situations that you don't like to discuss what the President may or may not do. But given the fact that you're saying the President is willing to wait until he sees whether the sanctions are working or not -- how well they work, and given what most experts are saying, that that will be four months to a year, aren't you really saying to Saddam Hussein that as long as he doesn't do anything to the Americans, perhaps as long as he just lets them trickle out, that he can pretty much stay status quo, keep pumping oil out of Kuwait and essentially get what he wants without any interference?

MR. FITZWATER: What we're saying is the sanctions are on, they're being applied, they're working. He's not getting oil out of Kuwait. He's not getting any income from his oil, and we're saying we're not going to tell you about times and duration. We're here to stay. Our commitment is firm.

Q He is getting it out of the ground and he could theoretically be storing it up for when -- he could take a lot out and then withdraw and still have essentially some of his original goals, which was making up some of his war debts.

MR. FITZWATER: Well, that's an interesting scenario. Thank you for your general views, Michael. (Laughter.)

Q Back at the economic summit in Houston, one of the big questions was economic aid to the Soviets, and at the time there was a lot of sense that there were political problems with the United States giving any sort of aid to the Soviets' domestic concerns. Has the Soviet cooperation in the Persian Gulf changed that equation at all?

MR. FITZWATER: I think it's fair to say that the Soviet cooperation in the Gulf has impressed us to the point that we are even more interested in being supportive economically if we can be. On the other hand, our basic concerns about their ability to absorb economic help remain the same. We continue to look to the IMF study that's now going on under the auspices of the Summit 7 countries, and I'm sure that will be discussed at the meeting in Helsinki. But it clearly moves us in a direction of being more helpful.

Q When you announced yesterday the forgiveness of the Egyptian loan, Marlin, you said that there was no precedent. And yet, within a day, Israel and other nations have gotten in line and say they want to be forgiven too. Is this going to be a nation-by-nation case-by-case basis now, or is the President shutting off any further discussion on forgiving these types of loans?

MR. FITZWATER: We'll look at any requests on a case-by-case basis. But we make the point to those countries that we do not consider Egypt a precedent, that we do consider it a special case, and that it's not open season on this kind of a request. But obviously, we will consider anyone who makes a request.

Q I'd like to follow up on David's question about helping the Soviets economically. The President has stated -- at the Houston Economic Summit some conditions that would have to change for him to consider a -- Cuba being one -- the other how much is spent on the military. Does Soviet effort here help mitigate those? Does that change the conditions at all so that he would take a different look at the circumstances under which you might be supportive?

MR. FITZWATER: I don't think it changes any of the economic conditions that were laid out in Houston. It doesn't change any of the basic criteria that we considered important at that time.

Q I mean, in terms of the political criteria since --

MR. FITZWATER: I don't think it makes any specific changes, no; and that we'd be wrong to lead you in that direction. But it certainly does strengthen our political commitment in terms of wanting to help.

Q Marlin, yesterday at the end of his prepared statement, Secretary Baker, for the first time I think, explicitly appealed to Americans to stay -- to remain united behind the President's Gulf policy. Does this signal any kind of an incipient concern within the administration that, over the long run, this support might be hard to hold together?

MR. FITZWATER: No. We feel --

Q If so, what are you going to do about it?

MR. FITZWATER: We think the American people are supportive and will remain supportive. Historically, certainly the evidence would point in that direction, that Americans were very supportive of Vietnam for several years until they --

Q Ohhh. (Laughter.)

MR. FITZWATER: -- it was clear that that did not go that way. Similarly in Korea and World War II and other cases. I ask you to take an objective historical look at Americans' willingness to support military objectives -- especially when they are clear-cut, well identified, well laid out. And this is a case where that's true. Our objectives are clear-cut. They're very definitely stated. They have not changed, and they are not going to change. The American people understand what we're doing there and why we're doing it, and we have every reason to believe that the American people's support will be maintained.

Q Several authorities on public opinion suggest that the longer a stalemate continues, the harder that support will be to hold.

MR. FITZWATER: Several authorities suggest otherwise.

Q Two things. First of all, does the administration support direct aid to the Persian Gulf, not through the World Bank or International Monetary Fund, as the Japanese have proposed extending it?

MR. FITZWATER: What do you mean -- some new -- what do you mean? What do you mean "direct aid"? You mean, different than what we're now doing with individual countries, you mean?

Q Yes. In other words, rather than providing the aid through the agencies of the World Bank or IMF, to provide it in some more direct fashion to the countries on a state-to-state basis.

MR. FITZWATER: We have direct aid to Egypt --

Q I know. But the Japanese proposal is to do it through these -- the IMF and the World Bank.

MR. FITZWATER: I don't have any comment on their proposal, but there's no change in our aid program or the pattern of delivery. Egypt has been one -- in fact, the second largest recipient of U.S. aid, and we have considerable aid programs directly with all the countries in the Gulf.

Q Let me ask you about Shevardnadze's comments in Vladivostok about creating some kind of new multinational agency for the Asian-Pacific region. Do you have any reaction to that?

MR. FITZWATER: No. I don't have any response.

Q Marlin, the State Department has, for the past couple of days, been broadcasting morale-boosting messages to Americans in Iraq and Kuwait which end with the phrase "We are with you." Is there concern about Americans unable to get out of Iraq? I want you to characterize the concerns about it, because obviously there are.

MR. FITZWATER: I'd have to refer you to State. I'm not aware of those.

Q Let me ask you another question about Egypt, then. Congressman Michel expressed some reservations about the President's proposal to forgive the debt, and he had some Republicans behind him yesterday. Did he make those concerns in today's meeting?

MR. FITZWATER: No. As I said, a couple of members did say they would have some general concerns, but they would be discussing it with us in private. But they didn't talk any specifics.

Q A follow-up on the question about the safety of Americans in Kuwait. How limited is the embassy in helping Americans there if the Iraqis, for example, have access to the telephone exchange, telephone calls to isolated Americans, put them at risk?

MR. FITZWATER: There are significant limitations. The telephone system certainly is one, and there is concern in the embassy about using the telephone in any way that would put Americans at risk. So our embassy people there have had to be careful not to do that when they thought that that might be the case.

Q So if they're isolated and Americans are isolated, Americans are isolated right now?

MR. FITZWATER: Americans are isolated, yes. No question. Sometimes we're able to help, sometimes we're not. Contact sometimes is made, as I understand it, just visually or people in the area -- I don't know how that's done. But they have worked out various ways of making contact. But you're right, there's always a concern about telephone monitoring and so forth. And as some of the wives, you will recall yesterday in the planeload of wives and children that came out, several of them had said they had been in hiding since the first week and that their husbands remained in hiding because they felt it was more dangerous to try to go out and apply for passports and expose themselves. So that clearly is a situation that is existing.

Q Has the President attended as many consultations in the commitment for the countries we're defending will result in greater democratization in those countries?

MR. FITZWATER: Our goals and objectives are quite clearly stated. I don't think anyone is pretending that these countries are democracies, they're not. But the goals of our mission there are quite clear and I don't need to go through all those again.

Q Marlin, the President and the administration have been praiseworthy in regard to the Soviets' efforts and cooperation so far. Yet, when speaking of the Shevardnadze-Aziz meeting earlier, you said it wouldn't be beneficial if that was some kind of mediation. Why not?

MR. FITZWATER: The President addressed that here in his press conference with you, and he said that he didn't see a mediation role for the Soviets, that they hadn't mentioned it and we didn't think that was particularly appropriate. And the reason, frankly, is that this is a U.N. issue. The U.N. has acted courageously in imposing the sanctions and, in passing Resolution 660, we do not want

to destroy or hurt in any way the unity of the various countries around the world. And we prefer to -- we think the most appropriate course is to continue to pursue it through the U.N. and whatever diplomatic efforts might offshoot from that; and I'm thinking of the de Cuellar visit.

Q Are you concerned, then, that the Gorbachev's going show up on Sunday with some kind of deal offered by Hussein that might try to undercut the sanctions?

MR. FITZWATER: No.

Q Marlin, can you give us a little bit more clarification on what Baker was talking about yesterday, and to the degree to which represents administration policy or thinking? Was he stating administration policy when he said we have a goal of a security alliance in the Gulf region? Is this an idea that's sort of being worked on at State, and he was just talking about it at an early stage? What's the President think about it? Can you clarify that?

MR. FITZWATER: Sure. All the above is true. There are no more details, obviously, on kind of what form that might take. It's a matter that's under deliberation. But you have heard the President talk about the new world order that is emerging from this situation. And we see that manifest itself in any number of areas of the world. Certainly in terms of NATO and its role; in terms of Middle East and the countries relationships there; in terms of East-West security issues, our relationship to the Soviet Union. And all of these world order kinds of geopolitical issues are being affected and will probably be the most dramatic long-term conclusion of all of this situation.

Now as a piece of that, Secretary Baker has talked about the security alliance in the Persian Gulf. But what form that might take, how that will emerge, it's impossible to say. But, yes, it is United States policy that we need to be considering about that alliance, about the new world order, about our relationships. There are very active reviews going on at State and the NSC on all of these areas of the world.

Q Does this suggest that we are looking for some kind of an arrangement in which there is U.S.-Arab alliance to stop Iraq? Or a broader alliance in the region that would somehow tie Arabs and Israel together in a security arrangement against?

MR. FITZWATER: I can't give you any more definition to it than Secretary Baker did; simply to reiterate that this is a matter that we need to be looking at, and we are.

Q Does the administration -- do these deliberations and reviews that you mentioned that have been going on at the NSC and State, is the intention that they will culminate in a proposal that the President would offer to the allies or make to the world in some way? Is that what we're trying to do here?

MR. FITZWATER: I think that that's probably not the way these things will emerge. If history is any judge, these kinds of relationships develop as the outgrowth of alliances made in conflict, and the alliances made in response to various issues, and I suspect the world order the President's talking about is going to be developed in the same fashion. There undoubtedly will be specific directions that NATO, as an organization, will take. Certainly, the U.S.-Soviet relationship is going to change. Also, probably the relationship with the various satellite countries that have been associated with East and West. But I don't think you'll ever see a grand book that says this is the way the world works.

Q This is the U.S. plan for the world.

MR. FITZWATER: I don't think that will happen, no.

Q If I can switch topics. The President marked the first anniversary of the war on drugs today with a rather upbeat speech and even more upbeat presentation by Bill Bennett, and he said we shouldn't be distracted by these drive-by shootings. Is the President aware that there are more homicides taking place in this country than ever before this year? Does he think that doesn't belie some of the rosy statistics he's getting?

MR. FITZWATER: I'm sorry I didn't make it over to that. I just don't have an explanation for you. I just don't what he said.

Q Marlin, I don't recall you in the past having talked in detail about conditions in the U.S. Embassy in Kuwait. As you know, there have been reports that diplomats have been forced to break up and burn furniture, to cook with boiling water out of the swimming pool, digging latrines on the Embassy property, that sort of thing. Do you know if any of that is fact? And do you know if the President and Ambassador Howell discussed any of that this morning on the phone?

MR. FITZWATER: They did not discuss those kinds of details. And I would not -- we can't do that publicly for the same reason that I cited, that if you talk about with specificity the degree of hardship inside the embassy, you also give a clue as to how long they might be able to hold out. We don't want to do that. So, I will say that things are not easy there; that it's very hot; there's no air conditioning, water -- you can imagine that situation. But I just can't go beyond that, frankly, for the safety and security of the people who are there.

Q Did the President and the Ambassador discuss an eventual timetable for pulling the staff out of the embassy -- whether or not you're willing to share that with us?

MR. FITZWATER: I don't think they did, no.

Q What prompted the call?

Q Can you tell us anything about the health of the staff in the embassy?

MR. FITZWATER: The State Department reports that the staff who are there are in good health. Obviously, there's been -- well, the answer is no, I can't tell you what I know. There's no sense dancing around this. We do know the health of various people there, but we simply aren't going say.

Q Marlin, since the Iraqi attack, the Soviets have sent just two warships. They've refused to withdraw their military advisors. They were somewhat slow in backing various U.N. sanctions. Now, today you suggest that we're happy with what they've done, and in fact are so happy we're more optimistic in giving them aid. What have I missed? What specifically are we happy with?

MR. FITZWATER: I can appreciate your perspective, Paul, but let me give you the other side of the coin. (Laughter.) The other side of the coin is that the Soviet Union has been supportive in five U.N. sanctions that in effect have made this world unity possible. That, indeed, it would have been very difficult to have done what we've done so far if we had to worry about the Soviet Union lining up against us or even supplying -- actively supplying parts and so forth to Iraq. That in itself is a major element of support. They have sent ships to the Gulf. They have been supportive. President Gorbachev has made some very strong public statements which have a political impact in the world of countries that have formerly have been aligned with the Soviet Union. That is very hard to measure, but one which we know is real and we know has been very helpful. So, that's the other side of the coin.

Q Senator Kerry just outside said that the Saudis are going to have an extra \$20 billion or so to in revenues -- oil revenues after they compensate for some of the Iraqi oil losses, and King Fahd had indicated to them some willingness to use some of that money or a large part of that money to help defray the U.S. costs -- is there any thought of asking them to come across with a little bit of that? Or how do you view that?

MR. FITZWATER: You're aware of the Baker and the Brady missions. We are talking to all countries of the world about helping out with the costs, with refugee problems, with food and distribution problems in Jordan and Egypt and other countries. Saudi Arabia, of course, is already supporting our military forces there with a lot of transportation and fuel costs and things like that. And undoubtedly they will be supporting the U.S. effort to a good degree. But I don't have any numbers that I can give you.

Q Just how much is this issue of economic help for the Soviets going to figure in Helsinki? You've said -- kind of said that it's going to be tough --

MR. FITZWATER: I don't expect there to be any resolution there. Again, we're waiting for the conclusion of the IMF study. This is a matter that's being looked at by the Industrial 7, but I think they'll discuss it. Certainly, President Bush will be interested in his discussion of where he stands. We've seen pictures in recent days of bread shortages and so forth. We'll be very interested in President Gorbachev's analysis of what his problems are and whether or not the West can be helpful and in what areas.

Q Is the President carrying any kind of a package -- just the idea of a package with him?

MR. FITZWATER: No. He's not taking any new initiative with him, no.

Q I may have missed it, but have we or any of the allies or other countries to your knowledge ever received a formal notification from Iraq that the diplomats in Kuwait City no longer have diplomatic status and what Iraq -- what status they're --

MR. FITZWATER: Yes. They did that quite a while ago. You'll recall when they annexed Kuwait, they declared all the embassies illegal and null and void and ordered the people out.

Q And they gave us a certain deadline. But, I mean, has there been any communication since then?

MR. FITZWATER: I'm not aware of any.

Q Back on the Soviets. They're a major oil producer. Do you expect there to be any discussions between the two leaders on that whole issue, in terms of what Soviets could do with American know-how in terms of --

MR. FITZWATER: I expect the world energy supply would be discussed and probably oil reserves in the Soviet Union, as well as the United States, because that's a key part of it. But I don't think that will be a major aspect. I've talked to several of the people, General Scowcroft and others -- well, it may be part of the discussion. I don't anticipate any new initiatives or major aspects to that.

Q Marlin, a little while ago you said, "I don't think anybody's pretending that these countries are democracies." It's a little bit more than that, isn't it? I mean, Amnesty International has a long record of human rights violations in Saudi Arabia. There are judicial proceedings in Saudi Arabia like stoning to death for adultery or cutting off the hand for theft that are regarded as

barbaric in this country. Is there any concern kind of related to the question Michelle was asking before about tolerating of different cultural things? Is there a concern about these practices at a time when we're saying for example we don't want anything to do with Castro until he has elections?

MR. FITZWATER: We have laid out our objectives in this effort in this region of the world for very precise reasons related to the importance of the Gulf. I'm going to have to go through all this again, Deborah.

Q No, but Marlin -- doesn't matter, oil matters more? If not, what are you saying? What's the message, if that's not the message?

MR. FITZWATER: The message is that, as you know, we have -- (laughter) -- we have undertaken this effort -- I'm getting a little tired here, guys. How much longer are you going to keep me? Is this for Peter's benefit? We've had an hour and a half.

Q Marlin, I'm not trying --

MR. FITZWATER: I'm not going to comment on the internal policies of these countries. You know that. Now, if you want me to go through all of our goals and objectives, I'll be glad to do it.

Q To follow on my question of a moment ago. Is there a fear that even if the food and water runs out in the Embassy that they can't leave? That you can't get them out now because Iraq would simply take them hostage, so they might as well stay because there's nowhere for them to go?

MR. FITZWATER: We'll continue to pursue this matter. We want to operate in the best interests of our embassy staff. We continue to consult with Ambassador Howell about the future and how we operate that embassy. But we also are concerned that the United States government have representatives there who can help American citizens.

Q Do you consider them hostages as well?

MR. FITZWATER: We consider everyone in Iraq and Kuwait that's American to be a hostage.

Q Diplomats in Baghdad as well?

MR. FITZWATER: Everyone.

Q What prompted the call?

MR. FITZWATER: What call?

Q The President's call.

Q To Howell.

MR. FITZWATER: He just simply felt it was important. He's very proud of the job the Ambassador's done. He's operated under difficult circumstances. The President just thought it would be good for his morale and that of our staff who are beleaguered to give them a call.

Q Was it a change in orders?

MR. FITZWATER: No.

Q The President hasn't talked to King Hussein in the last couple days, has he?

MR. FITZWATER: I don't believe so. I'm not aware of any

calls.

Q Do you know when the last contact was, when the last communication between them was?

MR. FITZWATER: I'll check and see.

Q General themes of the President's remarks tomorrow, Marlin?

MR. FITZWATER: The budget and Republican politics.

Q Is he going to talk about the Gulf crisis at all?

MR. FITZWATER: Don't expect him to, no.

Q Democrat-bashing?

MR. FITZWATER: No, just very constructive analysis of the budget situation.

THE PRESS: Thank you.

END

1:08 P.M. EDT
#245-09/05

10:00 A.M. NEWS UPDATE

SADDAM ADDRESS (Nicosia/Reuter) -- President Saddam will make a public address at 7 p.m. (11 a.m. EDT) Wednesday, the Iraqi News Agency said. They agency...said the message would be addressed "to the great Iraqi people, Arab believers and Moslems everywhere." It will be broadcast on Iraqi radio and television. [CNN has announced it will carry this address live.]

IRAQ/SOVIETS (Nicosia/UPI) -- Iraqi Foreign Minister Aziz arrived in Moscow Wednesday for talks with President Gorbachev and other Soviet officials on the Persian Gulf crisis, five days before a U.S.-Soviet summit expected to focus on the issue. The Iraqi Embassy in Moscow confirmed that Aziz had arrived Wednesday afternoon for the surprise visit and expected to meet with Gorbachev, but a spokesman said he had no further details. The official Tass news agency, quoting a Foreign Ministry source, said only that Aziz would be holding "consultations with representatives of the Soviet leadership."

GULF/JAPAN-SOVIET (Tokyo/Reuter) -- Japan, wary of U.S. dissatisfaction over its contributions to international forces in the Persian Gulf, is considering changing its laws to allow troops to be sent to the area. Japan Wednesday joined the Soviet Union in a rare joint communique calling on Iraq to free all foreign hostages and withdraw its troops from Kuwait.... Government spokesman Misoji Sakamoto said Wednesday the government was debating whether to make legal revisions or draft a new law to allow troops to be sent abroad. "We are studying various possibilities regarding the dispatch of Self-Defense Force troops overseas as well as on what scale," he told a news conference.

KUWAITI MINISTER/FOREIGN MINISTER HURD (Taif, Saudi Arabia/Reuter) -- Kuwait's exiled government wants Iraqi invasion forces out of the country even if it means war, the foreign minister said Tuesday. "All efforts to settle the crisis peacefully have been refused and we, as an occupied country, would like to see our country liberated even if it means military action," Sheikh Sabah al-Ahmed al-Sabah told a news conference in Taif, the government's headquarters since Iraq's Aug. 2 invasion.

He spoke after British Foreign Secretary Hurd, on a Persian Gulf tour, stopped in Taif for talks with [the Kuwait leadership]. Hurd reiterated Britain's resolve to see the Iraqis leave Kuwait and said cutting off Iraqi oil exports through a naval blockade was the best way to put pressure on Baghdad for the moment. "Nobody who thinks seriously about the military option can suppose it is an easy way or a costless way," Hurd told a joint news conference. "So it must be right to put all the emphasis, for the moment, on the peaceful way...while keeping in reserve, and certainly not excluding, the other options."

IRAQ/NEWSPAPER (Nicosia/Reuter) -- Baghdad said Wednesday that any invasion of Iraq would cost America "thousands of sad coffins." "When (President) Bush invades Iraq he will discover too late that aggression is a deadly involvement, not a pleasant excursion as he imagines, and that Iraq is not of the type that surrenders or weakens in such cases," said al-Thawra, newspaper of the ruling Baath Party.

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IRAQ/BRITISH HOSTAGES (Baghdad/Reuter) -- Iraqi authorities began issuing exit visas Wednesday to more than 300 British women and children who arrived in Baghdad in a convoy from Kuwait, British diplomats said. They said they did not expect the Britons to leave Baghdad before late Thursday or Friday.

PHILIPPINES/U.S. TRAVEL BAN (Manila/Reuter) -- U.S. military authorities, fearing renewed communist guerrilla attacks, Wednesday suspended travel outside military bases in the Philippines for more than 40,000 American servicemen and dependents.

CAPITAL GAINS (AP/adv. 12 p.m.) -- One percent of American families would save an average \$19,599 from a proposed capital gains tax cut while 8% would face higher taxes to pay for the benefits, according to a private analysis released today. "The four-fifths of Americans families whose incomes are below \$61,000 would receive an average capital gains tax benefit of only \$30," according to the study by Citizens for Tax Justice, a coalition of labor, public interest and citizens groups. "Since most families own no capitals assets other than their homes, most actually would get no capital gains tax break at all," it said. These people "would face higher taxes to pay for the cost of this enormous new loophole for the very wealthy."

FLORIDA PRIMARY (Miami/Reuter) -- Former Sen. Chiles, who quit his 1987 Florida campaign for a fourth term pleading "burn out", easily won the state Democratic Party's nod Tuesday to challenge Gov. Martinez.

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4:45 P.M. NEWS UPDATE

AZIZ/GORBACHEV/DOLE (Moscow/Reuter) -- President Gorbachev held talks with Iraqi Foreign Minister Aziz Wednesday and Soviet officials signaled increasing exasperation at Baghdad's refusal to bow to international calls to withdraw from Kuwait. Three hours before receiving Aziz, Gorbachev met a group of U.S. senators who said he told them he would hear out the Iraqi minister and pass on what he learned to President Bush at their summit Sunday. Sen. Dole told reporters Gorbachev said the Aziz visit had been initiated by the Iraqis.... The Kansas Republican, speaking at Moscow airport before leaving for the U.S., said he did not exclude some Soviet offer to mediation in the crisis, although the Kremlin insists Kuwait's sovereignty has to be restored. Aziz came to Moscow "hopefully to pass on to Gorbachev some message that might be passed on to President Bush," Dole said. "Maybe it'll be a breakthrough, there'll be some little ray of hope. Maybe Saddam Hussein now realizes he has made a big mistake. He did not anticipate the world reaction," Dole said. But there was little sign of optimism in an advance report on the Gorbachev-Aziz talks issued by the official Tass news agency. It quoted Soviet officials as saying contacts with Baghdad up now failed to produce "the desired result - the immediate withdrawal of all Iraqi troops from Kuwait and the restoration of that country's independence and sovereignty." Tass said Soviet officials emphasized "that the U.S.S.R. wants, for the moment at least, to maintain permanent diplomatic contact with Iraqi leaders" - a phrasing suggesting Moscow's patience was running short.

BAKER (AP) -- Secretary Baker, backed by broad congressional support, said Wednesday that he will discuss with U.S. allies a proposed security arrangement for the Persian Gulf.... Overall, the idea drew bipartisan support from the committee. And the Bush administration's handling of the Gulf crisis was praised highly, though Biden and Sen. Dodd disagreed with U.S. insistence that the overthrown Kuwaiti royal family be returned to power. Biden suggested the small oil-rich country should be run by leaders chosen by the people. But Baker said the administration has insisted on restoring the monarchy to power because it was illegally ousted by Iraq in the Aug. 2 invasion.

IRAQ/HOSTAGE "MESSAGES" (Nicosia/AP) -- President Saddam cranked up his war of nerves Wednesday by releasing messages that Iraq said were from American, British, French and Japanese hostages held at a military target. At the same time, an Iraqi Kurdish dissident group based in London pinpointed six Iraqi installations, including chemical weapons plants, where it said hostages were held.... The agency said Richard Wintley of Britain "wondered why American boys or 'Yankees' were protecting emirs and oil sheiks" who deposited billions of dollars in foreign banks and "chased girls in nightclubs, while millions of people in Arabia, Africa, Europe, Asia, America and Britain starved." INA said American Patrick Johnson "called on the Western countries to act wisely and reasonably by ending the economic blockade imposed on Iraq." Michael Pierce of Britain was quoted as saying he "appreciated President Saddam Hussein's decision that allowed his family to return home."

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JORDAN/REFUGEE EFFORTS (Geneva/UPI) -- International relief agencies stepped up their campaign Wednesday to aid thousands of foreign refugees stranded in the desert along the Jordanian-Iraqi border as they try to flee the Persian Gulf crisis.... "There is a desperate need for shelter, food, water, and with each day that passes, medical help," Barnett Baron of the Save the Children Foundation told CNN regarding the plight of at least 100,000 foreigners. Karin Saddler of the International Committee of the Red Cross in Geneva said the all-Swiss agency began bringing in supplies two weeks ago and has 25 people in the area, but said nevertheless, "conditions at the moment are very dramatic."

CAMBODIA/U.S. (Reuter) -- The U.S.W. has decided to begin direct talks with the communist government of Cambodia in a bid to boost efforts to end the civil war there, Secretary Baker said Wednesday. Baker told the Senate Foreign Relations Committee: "In order to try and support this process as much as we can we have decided that we'll take the next logical step and we will begin a dialogue with Hun Sen's representatives through our charge in Vientiane," the Laotian capital.

BUDGET/MICHEL, GINGRICH (Reuter) -- The two top House Republican leaders split on taxes Wednesday, with Rep. Michel favoring a tax hike and Rep. Gingrich backing a tax cut. Michel, who talked to reporters after legislators discussed the Persian Gulf at the White House with President Bush, said he hoped budget talks this weekend at Andrews Air Force Base could trim the fiscal 1991 deficit by \$50 billion. But he said even a smaller deficit reduction would require new taxes, although he made no specific suggestions on which taxes should be raised. Asked if \$40 billion in deficit cuts could be achieved without new taxes, Michel replied: "I don't think so." Gingrich took the opposite view. He recently proposed cutting taxes, which he said would stimulate growth, avoid a recession and help improve the deficit situation. A spokesman said Gingrich was putting the finishing touches on the formal version of that proposal Wednesday and would reveal the details in a speech Thursday.

BUDGET/CHARITIES (UPI) -- Congressional budget negotiators have struck fear into the hearts of the nation's volunteer community by raising the prospect of ending or limiting tax deductions for charitable gifts to churches, shelters and other non-profit agencies. Leaders of the sector...said Wednesday the proposal could cost their groups....tens of millions, perhaps hundreds of millions, or dollars.

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George Bush Presidential Library Transfer Sheet

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☐ **Other**

Other (Specify):

DESCRIPTION:

White House Photographs: P15514-00A [Governor Mike Hayden]; P15535-17A [Tallahassee Arrival];
P15496-19 [Drug Policy Briefing]

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60

Folder Title:

Wednesday, September 5, 1990

OA/ID Number:

90559-002

Transferred by:

Deborah Wheeler

Date of Transfer:

9/9/2010

Received by:

Mary Finch

Date Received:

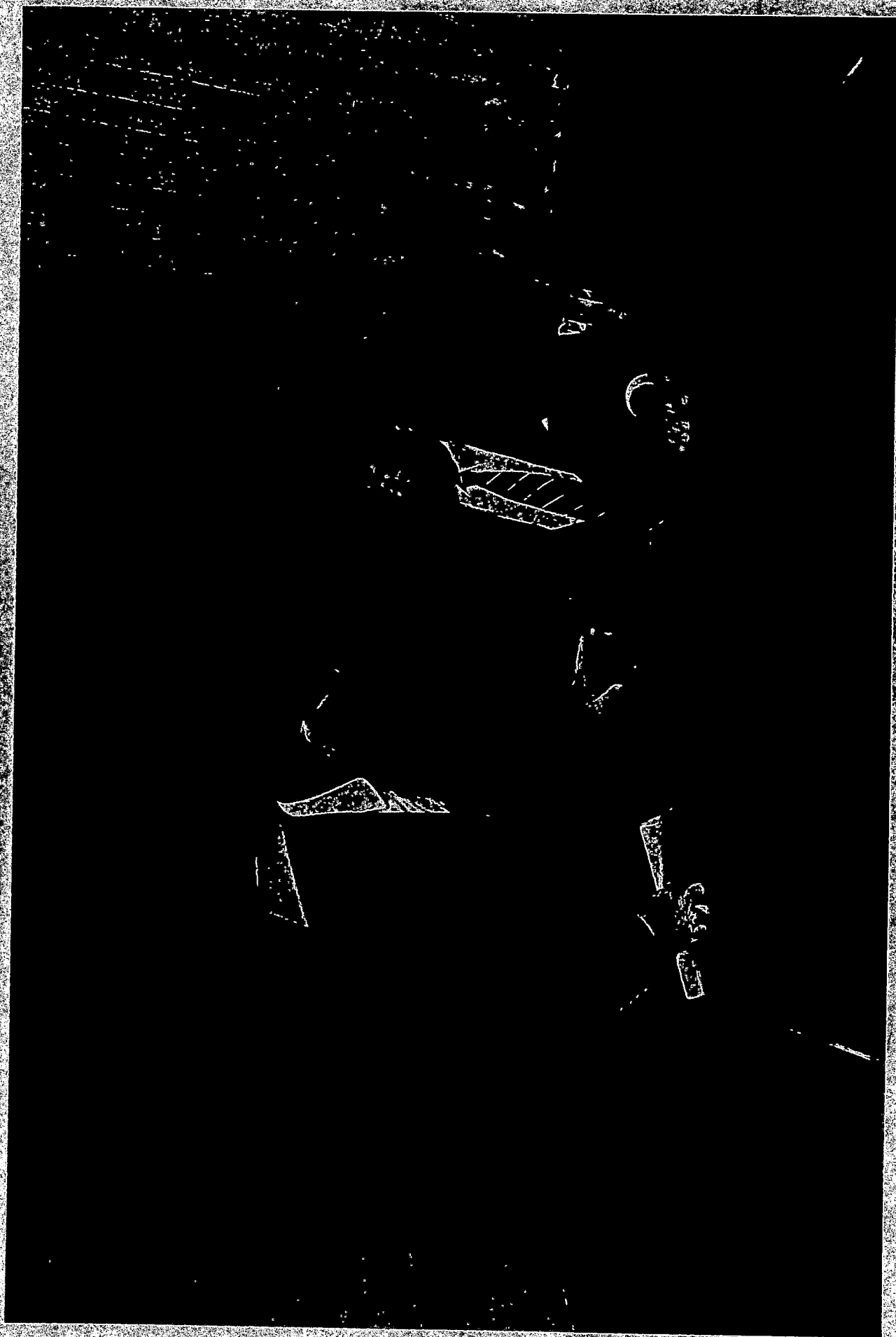
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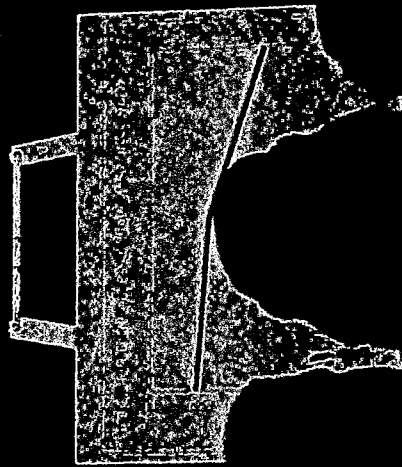
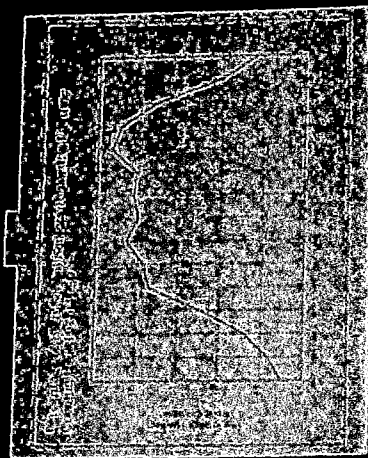
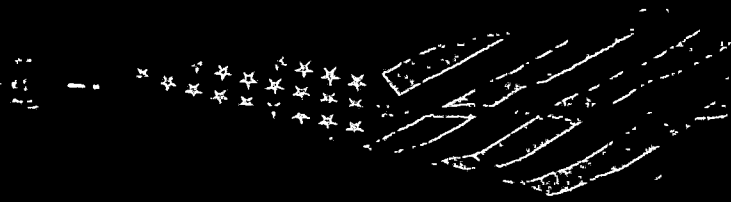
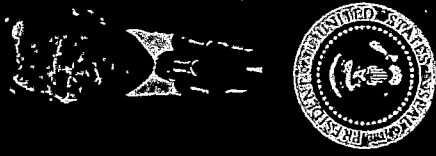
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✓ Daily

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

September 5, 1990

STATEMENT BY THE PRESS SECRETARY

President Bush will address a Joint Session of Congress on Tuesday, September 11, at 9:00 p.m. The President expressed an interest in addressing the Congress in conversations today with Speaker of the House Thomas Foley and Majority Leader of the Senate George Mitchell. Speaker Foley extended an invitation to the President on behalf of both Chambers.

#

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

PERSONAL

September 5, 1990

Dear Tommy:

It was good to talk to you the other day. After receiving your call, I immediately called Secretary Sullivan and found out the following:

(1) There is no prohibition by NIH on use of hyperthermia treatment. However, FDA is reviewing Dr. Alonzo's request to use the treatment for the virus.

(2) Dr. Alonzo has reported that he has used the treatment on two patients, one of whom showed no improvement, the other apparently showed great improvement. There is, however, a dispute as to whether the improved patient even has the virus. Dr. Sullivan said several tests show that he has another disease altogether.

(3) This is all contained in a report done by NIH doctors, and NIH hopes Dr. Alonzo will release the report. If he doesn't, they will.

(4) Dr. Sullivan said there are serious reservations about the effectiveness of the treatment, and there are scientific reasons which lead them to believe it might accelerate the progress of the disease. Dr. Sullivan said he will be surprised if the FDA approves the use of the treatment, but in any case he strongly recommends against use of the treatment. He said, "the evidence really isn't there" regarding its effectiveness.

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

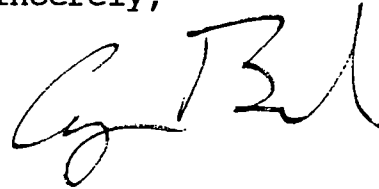
Mr. Tom Lasorda
1473 Maxzim Avenue
Fullerton, California 92633



Tommy, I hope this is helpful to you. Barbara and I are with you in spirit as you and your family face this tough time.

Good luck on the ball field.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "G. B. L." with a stylized flourish at the end.

Mr. Tom Lasorda
1473 Maxxim Avenue
Fullerton, California 92633