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FOIA MARKER

**This is not a textual record. This is used as an
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Library Staff.**

Record Group/Collection: George H.W. Bush Presidential Records
Collection/Office of Origin: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:

OA/ID Number: 90534
Folder ID Number: 90534-006

Folder Title:
Friday, February 2, 1990

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
V	12	11	5	7

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet (George Bush Library)

Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
01. Schedule	Schedule of the President [redaction] (1 pp.)	02/02/90	(b)(3)	
02. Log	White House Telephone Log [Signal Switchboard] [redaction of personal information] (1 pp.)	02/02/90	(b)(6)	
03. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Atwater - Teeter Re: Post State of the Union [redaction of personal information] (1 pp.)	02/02/90	(b)(6)	
04. Letter	From Mikhail Gorbachev to President Bush (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Page 1 of 1

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Friday, February 2, 1990

Pinksheet Number: dw1591
OA/ID Number: 90534-006
Date Closed: 1/28/2010
FOIA/Sys Case #: 2009-0166-S
Re-review Case #:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

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FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- (b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
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- (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information



SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

Friday, February 2, 1990

7:30 am (15 min)	<u>Intelligence Briefing</u> (Scowcroft/Sununu)	Oval Office
7:45 am (15 min)	<u>National Security Briefing</u> (Scowcroft/Sununu)	Oval Office
8:00 am (15 min)	<u>Meeting with Governor Sununu</u>	Oval Office
8:15 am	<u>The President departs for</u> <u>Raleigh, North Carolina</u> (Rogich)	South Lawn (TAB A — Trip Schedule)
9:50 am	<u>Arrives North Carolina State</u> <u>University for Research Briefing,</u> <u>Semi-Conductor Lab Tour</u> <u>and Hi-Tech Competitiveness</u> <u>Roundtable Discussion</u>	(TAB B)
11:55 am	<u>Departs Raleigh for Knoxville,</u> <u>Tennessee</u>	(TAB E — Trip Schedule)
1:40 pm	<u>Arrives University of Tennessee</u> <u>for Briefing with Scientists,</u> <u>Biotechnology Demonstration and</u> <u>Student Discussion, and Address</u> <u>to the University Community</u>	(TAB F)
3:55 pm	<u>Departs Knoxville for Washington</u>	
5:05 pm	<u>Arrives Andrews Air Force Base</u>	
5:45 pm	<u>Arrives Camp David</u>	
	B <u>RON Camp David</u>	

SUPPLEMENTARY BRIEFING MATERIALS

TAB C — Briefing on Local Issues, Raleigh, North Carolina (Anderson)
 TAB D — Political Background Report, North Carolina (Wray)
 TAB G — Briefing on Local Issues, Knoxville, Tennessee (Anderson)
 TAB H — Political Background Report, Tennessee (Wray)

7:29 add Gates, Scowcroft (b)(3) 7:50 (b)(3) out
 8:18 Gates + Scowcroft out 8:22 add Fitzgibbon + Card
 8:28 Gates Card Fitzgibbon dpt to S. lawn 8:31 dpt WH en route AAFB.
 8:39 arr Andrews AFB

UNP 02/01/90
6:00 pm

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

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TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

PRESIDENT RUSH

[illegible]

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM
SIGNAL SWITCHBOARD

February 2, 1990

	TIME		DISC	NAME	ACTION
	PLACED				
OUT		AM		Ms. Patty Presock Office, Washington, D.C. 456-6508	PRESUS Cancel 1:44 PM
INC	1:42	PM			
OUT		AM		General Brent Scowcroft Office, Washington, D.C. White House Signal 2-2260	Tlkd-ok 1:44 PM
INC	1:44	PM	1:46		
OUT		AM		Ms. Patty Presock Office, Washington, D.C. 456-6508	Tlkd-ok 2:58 PM
INC	2:58	PM	3:00		
OUT		AM		Mr. Neil M. Bush (b)(6)	PRESUS Cancel 6:50 PM
INC	6:47	PM			
OUT		AM		Mr. Timothy McBride Laurel Lodge, Camp David, Maryland Camp David Signal 4-1670	Tlkd-ok 6:51 PM
INC	6:51	PM	6:51		
OUT		AM		Mr. Robert M. Gates Office, Washington, D.C. Secure Voice x7400	Tlkd-ok 6:52 PM
INC	6:52	PM	6:57		
OUT		AM		Mr. John E. Bush (b)(6)	Tlkd-ok 7:37 PM via Cellular Phone
INC	7:37	PM	7:41		
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

PRESIDENTIAL MOVEMENTS

Washington, D.C.
Raleigh, North Carolina
Knoxville, Tennessee

LOCATION

DATE 2 February 1990

TIME	MOVEMENTS
0712	South Grounds
0713	Oval Office
0827	South Grounds
0831	Depart South Grounds via Marine One
0838	Arrive Andrews Air Force Base, Maryland
0854	Depart Andrews Air Force Base via Air Force One
0940	Arrive Raleigh-Durham International Airport,
	Raleigh, North Carolina
0952	Depart Raleigh-Durham International Airport
	via Motorcade
1016	Arrive Cox Hall, North Carolina State University
1149	Depart Cox Hall via Motorcade
1212	Arrive Raleigh-Durham International Airport
1223	Depart Raleigh-Durham International Airport
	via Air Force One
1311	Arrive McGhee Tyson Airport, Knoxville, Tennessee
1327	Depart McGhee Tyson Airport via Motorcade
1340	Arrive Carolyn Brown University Center
	The University of Tennessee
1455	Depart Carolyn Brown University Center via Motorcade
1457	Arrive Alumni Memorial Gymnasium
1555	Depart Alumni Memorial Gymnasium via Motorcade
1609	Arrive McGhee Tyson Airport
1620	Depart McGhee Tyson Airport via Air Force One

PRESIDENTIAL MOVEMENTS

Washington, D.C.

LOCATION Camp David, Maryland

DATE 2 February 1990

TIME

MOVEMENTS

[illegible]



News Summary

OFFICE OF THE PRESS SECRETARY

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1990 -- 6 a.m. EST EDITION

TODAY'S HEADLINES

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

De Klerk Lifts Ban On ANC, Says Mandela To Be Freed Soon -- South African President F.W. De Klerk lifted a 30-year-old ban on the African National Congress Friday and said its leader, Nelson Mandela, would be freed from jail soon. (Reuter)

Cheney Dismisses Talk Of Further Cuts In Europe -- Defense Secretary Cheney, dampening expectations that President Bush's troops-withdrawal proposal will quickly beget more cuts in Europe, said Thursday that the new target of 225,000 GIs is the "minimum" force needed on the continent. (Washington Times, Washington Post)

Peru President Warming To Global Summit -- Washington's announced timetable for a U.S. troop pullout from Panama has removed the main obstacle to Peruvian President Garcia's attendance at the Cartagena drug summit, a key aide said Thursday. (UPI)

NETWORK NEWS (Thursday evening)

TROOP CUTS -- The Soviet Union was quick to hail President Bush's proposals for cuts in U.S. and Soviet troop strength in Central Europe.

GERMAN REUNIFICATION -- East German Prime Minister Modrow said he wants to see a unified, neutral Germany with a single government and capital in Berlin.

CUBAN FREIGHTER -- The Mexican navy said no drugs were found aboard the Cuban freighter that came under fire by the U.S. Coast Guard.

INTERNATIONAL...A-1

NATIONAL NEWS...A-8

NETWORK NEWS...B-1

EDITORIALS.....C-1

FOREIGN MEDIA...C-2

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

DE KLERK LIFTS BAN ON ANC, SAYS MANDELA TO BE FREED SOON

CAPE TOWN -- South African President F.W. De Klerk lifted a 30-year-old ban on the African National Congress Friday and said its leader, Nelson Mandela, would be freed from jail soon.

In the most far-reaching address by a South African president since the white National Party came to power in 1948, De Klerk said he would list restrictions on 33 other anti-apartheid organizations, free political prisoners, end emergency press censorship and place a moratorium on hangings.

Announcing that Mandela would be released soon from his life sentence for plotting against white rule, De Klerk told parliament: "It is time for us to break out of the cycle of violence and break through to peace and reconciliation." ...

Announcing that Mandela would be freed, De Klerk said: "I wish to put it plainly that the government has taken a firm decision to release Mr. Mandela unconditionally. I am serious about bringing this matter to finality without delay."

De Klerk said that for administrative reasons, "a further short passage of time is unavoidable." ...

De Klerk said there was still too much political unrest in the country to allow the full repeal of emergency rule. But he lifted clamps on the written press and on schools and said he would impose a six-month limit on detention without trial.
(Brendan Boyle, Reuter)

SOVIETS CALL BUSH PLAN 'STEP IN RIGHT DIRECTION' Clarification Sought On Unequal Troop Levels

MOSCOW -- The Soviet Union welcomed President Bush's new troop cut proposal Thursday as "a step in the right direction," but raised immediate questions about its unequal levels, which would leave the U.S. with 30,000 more soldiers than the Soviet Union.

Foreign Ministry spokesman Gerasimov, in the official response to the plan unveiled by Bush in his State of the Union address, singled out for attention the ceiling as proposed by Bush and called it "an important detail." ...

This is something that needs clarification," Gerasimov said, noting that the Soviet Union has no forces outside its borders in Europe that would correspond to the 30,000 troops given special status by the U.S.

He also seemed to take exception to reports that the Bush Administration has pledged to its NATO allies that it will not seek even lower troop levels once an initial East-West deal is completed along the lines of the new proposal.
(Don Oberdorfer, Washington Post, A17)

WEST EUROPEAN ALLIES WELCOME BUSH'S PLAN
Britain Adds Cautious Note On Troop Cuts

PARIS -- With Britain sounding a note of caution, the Western European allies applauded President Bush's new troop cut proposal Thursday as a welcome U.S. effort to catch up with the onrush of change in Eastern Europe.

The generally positive European reception reflected an assessment widely shared on this side of the Atlantic that a visible crumbling of the Warsaw Pact already had overtaken the Western stand in conventional arms negotiations with the Soviet Union and its allies in Vienna.

More broadly, a European diplomat said, the U.S. proposal seemed particularly attractive to a number of European officials who felt the Bush Administration generally has been slow to act on the Eastern European upheaval and its consequences for security arrangements that have regulated the continent since World War II.

Foreign Minister Genscher of West Germany...called the U.S. stand "an important step forward." ...

"This proposal seems clearly linked to developments in recent weeks in Eastern Europe, where a number of countries are striving for a reduction of Soviet troops," a Dutch Foreign Ministry statement said. "Given these developments, the Dutch government believes that further reductions are possible. In the current circumstances, we see 195,000 American troops as a minimum level for maintenance of current NATO strategy." ...

Prime Minister Thatcher's government in London emphasized that Bush's proposal did not signal a series of swift slices into Western defense levels....

President Mitterrand of France welcomed Bush's proposal in a statement that said it comes "at the right time."

(Edward Cody, Washington Post, A17)

CHENEY PLEDGES FLEXIBILITY ON EUROPE TROOP CUTS

Defense Secretary Cheney pledged to Congress Thursday that the Bush Administration, mindful of the possibility of German reunification and total Soviet military withdrawal from Eastern Europe, would remain "flexible" on reducing U.S. troops in Europe beyond the latest proposal by President Bush.

His assurances appeared to contradict private Administration assurances to key U.S. allies that no further troop cuts will be sought in the foreseeable future, and a statement by a senior Administration official at the White House Wednesday that Bush's latest proposal leaves "a residual [force] that we think we can stick to." ...

Sen. Gore (D.-Tenn.), borrowing Cheney's phrase that it is "important to put a floor under our presence in Europe," asserted that "these levels are going to become a ceiling" as the U.S. and Soviet Union seek to bypass formal arms negotiations to reduce their forces unilaterally in response to revolutionary changes in Eastern Europe.

(Patrick Tyler, Washington Post, A17)

Cheney Dismisses Talk Of Further Cuts In Europe

Defense Secretary Cheney, dampening expectations that President Bush's troops-withdrawal proposal will quickly beget more cuts in Europe, said Thursday that the new target of 225,000 GIs is the "minimum" force needed on the continent.

In his first appearance before Congress since unveiling a 1991 defense plan, Mr. Cheney said even if all Soviet troops left Eastern Europe the U.S. still would maintain a sizable army in conjunction with its NATO allies.

In addition, Mr. Cheney offered no new budget savings, saying the Bush proposal was already figured in the \$167 billion he plans to slash from a five-year spending plan....

Sen. Dixon (D.-Ill.) attacked Mr. Cheney's strategy of waiting for a signed agreement.

"You are saying to us that we should make no reductions until you get an agreement with the Soviet Union. I don't support that," Mr. Dixon said. "They're going to get out of Eastern Europe, whether they like it or not without any agreement with the U.S. They're going to kick them out in Poland, East Germany, Hungary...all over the place, maybe in Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania." (Rowan Scarborough, Washington Times, A3)

BAKER: U.S. MAY AGREE TO EUROPEAN SUMMIT
Secretary of State Sets Three Preconditions,
Including Arms Pact

Secretary of State Baker said Thursday that the U.S. will go along with the desire of its European allies for a far-ranging summit meeting this year to deal with the changing political and economic order in Eastern Europe if three preconditions are met....

If the U.S. concerns are satisfied, he said, "we could find our way clear" to join the Europeans on agreeing to Soviet President Gorbachev's proposal for a summit of the 35 countries participating in the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (CSCE).

Baker listed the U.S. conditions as: completion this year of an East-West agreement to begin reducing conventional military forces in Europe; that a summit this year be considered as primary preparatory for another CSCE summit already planned for 1992; and that the agenda include a U.S. proposal to codify free elections in Europe as a basic human right.

His comments marked a major shift from the previous U.S. view that any summit this year should be limited to ratifying the results of the conventional-force reduction talks being conducted in Vienna by the 23 countries belonging to NATO or the Warsaw Pact.

(John Goshko, Washington Post, A17)

E. GERMAN OFFERS PLAN FOR UNITY
Modrow Proposes 4 Steps Leading To Neutral State

EAST BERLIN -- East Germany's Prime Minister Modrow issued a surprise call Thursday for a single, militarily neutral German state belonging neither to NATO nor the Warsaw Pact.

Modrow, whose Communist Party has reluctantly joined new opposition groups in the rush to endorse German unification, revealed his turnabout at a news conference shortly after returning from a meeting with Soviet President Gorbachev in Moscow. Gorbachev said Tuesday that German unification is not in doubt, but must come as part of a revision of Europe's political and security structure.

Without mentioning any timetable, Modrow called for a four-step progression to German unity, beginning with a peace treaty formally ending World War II and proceeding with elections in both German states and the establishment of a single parliament in Berlin, which would once again be the capital.

(Marc Fisher, Washington Post, A1)

WEST GERMANY'S KOHL WELCOMES UNIFICATION CALL

EAST BERLIN -- West German Chancellor Kohl welcomed East German Prime Minister's Modrow's call for a united Germany but said reunification discussions must wait until after East German elections next month....

Kohl, in West Berlin, said Modrow's proposal for reunification reflected "the wishes and hopes of the vast majority of Germans," but he said he could not accept the East German premier's desire for a unified Germany to be a neutral power.

"I strictly reject the concept of German neutrality," said Kohl. "A united Germany in the heart of Europe cannot be allowed to have a special status or be isolated."

(Patrick Moser, UPI)

BULGARIAN LEADER AND CABINET QUIT

SOFIA -- Premier Atanasov, a holdover from the era of disgraced leader Todor Zhivkov, resigned along with his 22-member communist-controlled Cabinet, Bulgarian state radio said late Thursday....

The state news agency BTA said the resignations became known Thursday night during an emergency, closed-door Communist Party congress. The government will continue to serve until parliament accepts its resignation, the agency said.

"The motive adduced for the resignation is the necessity to form a Cabinet on a broad national basis," BTA said.

(Roland Prinz, Washington Times, A1)

PERU PRESIDENT WARMING TO GLOBAL SUMMIT

BOGOTA -- Washington's announced timetable for a U.S. troop pullout from Panama has removed the main obstacle to Peruvian President Garcia's attendance at the Cartagena drug summit, a key aide said Thursday.

Guillermo Larco Cox, who serves both as Peru's prime minister and foreign minister, said in an interview broadcast over Colombian radio that the withdrawal announcement made in President Bush's State of the Union address "certainly removes the main obstacle" to Garcia's attendance....

"The principle obstacle does not exist and the announcement of the retirement of U.S. troops from Panama was what President Garcia had set as a condition for the attendance of Peru at Cartagena," Larco Cox said....

"I am not saying yes or no," Garcia said. "There are still 15 or 16 days left in which many things can happen." (Joseph Coleman, UPI)

PANAMA, U.S. MILITARY OFFICIALS BLAST BUSH PLEDGE TO WITHDRAW TROOPS

PANAMA CITY -- President Bush's pledge to withdraw most of the U.S. invasion force by the end of February is facing sharp criticism from Panamanian and U.S. military officials who say the decision could jeopardize the stability of the recently installed government.

Officials warned Thursday that U.S. soldiers are still needed to deter a flood of violent crime caused by the Dec. 20 invasion and to supervise a renamed national police force that has been described as inept, disorganized and linked to abuses committed under the previous regime of Gen. Noriega.

Even critics of the invasion say the early departure of the U.S. occupation force could result in hastily expanded powers for the new Panamanian Public Force, undermining efforts by the Bush Administration, U.S.-backed President Endara and budding opposition groups to consolidate a system of civilian authority.

Even now, according to an internal report prepared by the U.S. Army and obtained by the Boston Globe, the new security forces lack any clear mission under proposed democratic rule and are incapable of functioning as a professional law enforcement body.

"To withdraw before at least six months for political expediency is crazy," a high-ranking U.S. Army officer involved in planning the invasion said earlier this week. "It is ridiculous. Our job is not done."

(Philip Bennett, Boston Globe)

CRISTIANI, BUSH CONFER AT WHITE HOUSE

Salvadoran President Cristiani met with President Bush on Thursday and predicted that peace talks with rebels in El Salvador could soon produce an agreement so long as U.S. aid is maintained.

Though Cristiani said after the half-hour session with Bush at the White House that the question of overall reductions of aid for his country was not really addressed, he linked it with results of efforts to resume negotiations with the FMLN....

Bush opened the meeting praising Cristiani's "commitment to democracy" and courage in pursuing members of the military linked to the killings of Jesuit priests in his country.

"I know this man," Bush said. "I know of his commitment to democracy. I support him now and I will support him in the future."

(Lori Santos, UPI)

Bush Seeks A Rise In Aid To El Salvador

President Bush met Thursday with the President of El Salvador, Alfredo Cristiani, and offered him a strong statement of support, hoping that it would signal to Congress that the U.S. should not cut back more on aid to the country.

Although the Administration plans to cut its aid this year to Central America, including El Salvador, the State Department Thursday proposed an increase of about \$50 million for El Salvador next year.

(Maureen Dowd, New York Times, A14)

Cristiani Says Aid Cut Will Foil Truce

El Salvador's President Cristiani warned the White House Thursday that an expected \$50 million cut in aid this year would undermine his plan to negotiate a truce with Nicaraguan-backed rebels.

Mr. Cristiani, who met with President Bush and several congressional leaders Thursday to try to stave off a projected 28 percent aid cutback, said this would encourage the Marxist rebels to continue their war against the government....

"If there should be a cut, I think they would be sending negative signals, especially to the armed groups in the country," Mr. Cristiani said.

(Paul Bedard & Major Garrett, Washington Times, A1)

CUBA'S CASTRO SAYS BUSH ORDERED ATTACK ON CARGO SHIP

HAVANA -- Cuban President Castro is accusing President Bush of giving the order for a U.S. Coast Guard cutter to open fire on a cargo ship it suspected of running drugs.

"It must have been the President who took the decision.... Simple officials don't take the decision to open fire on a ship in international waters and try to sink it," Castro told a huge rally on Havana's seafont Thursday....

Castro said that Mexican officials with drug-sniffing dogs found no drugs when they inspected the suspected ship after it arrived in Tampico, Mexico.

(Pascal Fletcher, Reuter)

ORTEGA SAYS IT WOULD BE EASY TO REACH UNDERSTANDING WITH U.S.

MANAGUA -- President Ortega welcomed a U.S. statement on Nicaragua Thursday and said it should now be easy for Nicaragua to reach an understanding with Washington.

He said as many U.S. congressmen as wished could observe Feb. 25 Nicaraguan elections provided they came as part of the invited observer missions of international organizations.

Ortega described as positive recent remarks by Secretary Baker that the U.S. might begin normalizing relations with Nicaragua if it held fair elections and Washington was sure Managua was not sending weapons to leftist Salvadoran guerrillas.

"I see the situation as very simple and (it should be) easy to find an understanding," Ortega told reporters.

(Reuter)

BUSH URGED TO BAR DEAL WITH CHINA
Aircraft Firm Purchase Concerns Agency Panel

Acting on grounds of national security, an interagency committee has recommended that President Bush order a Chinese government corporation to sell a Seattle aircraft parts manufacturer it bought last December, Administration officials said Thursday.

The recommendation of the subcabinet Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States poses a new test for President Bush's new conciliatory China policy of seeking improved ties with Beijing by easing sanctions imposed after the suppression of pro-democracy demonstrations in June....

Administration sources said there is a debate within the White House and NSC over accepting the recommendation on the grounds that it would undermine the positive impact of President Bush's success last week in beating back an attempt to override his veto of legislation to bar the deportation of Chinese students. Other Administration officials said the committee recommendation, reached by members of eight agencies, currently is the only option on the table.

(Stuart Auerbach Washington Post, G1)

BUSH TO PURSUE CHINA POLICY
EVEN WITHOUT CONSENSUS -- BAKER

The Bush Administration is determined to stick to its controversial China policy even if it means sacrificing a consensus in Congress and with the American people, Secretary Baker said Thursday.

"We'd prefer a consensus," he told Reuters in an interview.

"But if getting a consensus means pursuing a policy approach that we think is not a correct policy approach for all of the reasons that we've outlined, then we won't be able to get a consensus," he said.

(Carol Giacomo, Reuter)

VOICE OF AMERICA WILL NO LONGER SPEAK
IN 6 OF ITS 43 TONGUES

The Voice of America will stop broadcasting in six of its 43 languages this year because of budget problems, Director Richard Carlson announced Thursday.

"We will go dark in some parts of the world...doing to ourselves what 30 years of jamming has been unable to do," he said.

Service will cease April 1 in Greek, Turkish, Lao and Slovene, and will end June 1 in Uzbek and Swahili....

Carlson called Thursday the "toughest, saddest day of my professional life.... Unless we are handed a windfall, we are doomed."

(Judith Havermann, Washington Post, A10)

EDITOR'S NOTES: "Iran-Contra Figure Gets Fine, Probation," by Joe Pichirallo, appears in the Washington Post, A1.

"DOE Studies New Bomb To Disable Mobile Missiles," by Walter Pincus, appears in the Washington Post, A19.

"How Defense Budget Cut Touched Off Battle," by Sandra Sugawara, appears in the Washington Post, G1.

"SEC Chief Seeks Rule Change In Stock Index Futures Trades," by David Vise, appears in the Washington Post, G1.

NATIONAL NEWS

BUSH TURNS SPOTLIGHT ON HEALTH CARE

**Problems Cited Are Medical Costs,
Uninsured And Long-Term Care**

When President Bush in his State of the Union message directed HHS Secretary Sullivan to undertake a major Cabinet-level study of health issues, he focused his Administration for the first time on some of the most pressing social problems facing the nation.

They include the absence of health care for millions, soaring medical costs and the need to deal with the costs of long-term care for an aging population....

Until now, the White House has had no purely in-house study group developing its own ideas, evaluating the proposals of others and doing basic economic and other research to formulate policy positions.

This has left the Administration vulnerable to charges it was doing nothing to solve the medical problems of millions and in a situation where the only available options might be drafted by others with different views and values.

The President in his directive referred to three different sets of problems. Sullivan said Thursday he intends to study all three vigorously and that an HHS task force headed by Undersecretary Horner already has begun work. He said he has no immediate timetable, but as concepts and options are developed by the Horner group, they will be presented for evaluation to the Domestic Policy Council.

(Spencer Rich, Washington Post, A3)

DEMOCRATS SAY BUSH FAILS TO BACK UP EDUCATION PROPOSALS WITH MONEY

President Bush's claims to be charting a program of "excellence in education" are under swift and heavy attack as being unrealistic with only a 2 percent education budget increase to back them up....

"There is a yawning gap between the rhetoric of President Bush's education speeches and the funding levels he offers in his budget," said Albert Shanker, president of the American Federation of Teachers.

"The President's words about making American workers the most productive in the world by the year 2000 are right on the mark," said Stephen Blair, president of the National Association of Trade and Technical Schools.

However, he said, "The hard reality is, his...1991 budget will deprive thousands of young Americans their chance for quality postsecondary education, particularly in urgently needed technical fields." ...

The critics also demand to know where the money would come from to slash the dropout rate and make U.S. children tops in math and science by the year 2000, as Bush seeks.

(Rita Beamish, AP)

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY FARE WELL IN BUSH'S BUDGET

Most taxpayers do not lose sleep over the search for elusive sub-atomic entities such as the Higgs particle. Nor do many sit around after dinner discussing the atmosphere's carbon cycle. But if Congress throws its support behind the Bush Administration's newly unveiled science and technology budget, the taxpayers will be paying for increases for these and many other pursuits....

"The President feels that support of science and technology is one of the best investments he can make on behalf of the taxpayer," said White House Science Adviser D. Allan Bromley earlier this week.

And while there are grumblings about the high cost and minimal scientific value of sending men to Mars and building the space station, the scientific community has found little to complain about.

"I think the President's science and technology budget is a very good one," said John Crowley, vice president of the Association of American Universities. Crowley, who pays particular attention to the ups and downs of the National Science Foundation (NSF), the nation's leading supporter of non-medical, non-military research, said that the NSF "has the best budget it's had in a decade." (William Booth, Washington Post, A4)

SCIENTISTS URGE BUSH TO ACT ON GLOBAL WARMING

Forty-nine Nobel Prize winners and 700 members of the National Academy of Sciences called on President Bush Thursday to take action on global warming, calling it "the most serious environmental threat of the 21st century."

The appeal to Bush, signed by a variety of scientific luminaries including astronomer Carl Sagan and chemist Linus Pauling, coincided with a major climate change conference to be held in Washington next week.

In a letter to Bush, the scientists acknowledged there is substantial uncertainty about the scope of the problem and the natural processes affecting climate.

But they argue that world leaders should not use that uncertainty as an excuse for inaction because the global warming poses a major threat to future generations. (UPI)

REPUBLICANS IGNORE BUSH PLEA NOT TO MESS WITH SOCIAL SECURITY

A day after President Bush received a thunderous ovation from Congress for warning lawmakers not to "mess around with Social Security," two Republicans introduced bills to cut Social Security's payroll tax.

Sen. Kasten (R.-Wis.) and Rep. Brown (R.-Colo.), a candidate for Colorado's open Senate seat this year, announced proposals Thursday to roll back the Social Security tax increase that took effect Jan. 1 and make other changes affecting the retirement program....

Kasten said he was at odds with the Administration over Social Security and had originally considered co-conspiring Moynihan's proposal because he believes payroll taxes are too high....

Kasten's plan, like Brown's, would prevent the current practice of using the Social Security cash surplus to mask the size of the federal deficit.

But unlike Brown, Kasten would adjust the Gramm-Rudman balanced budget law's annual deficit reduction targets to reflect the higher real deficit. (Bud Newman, UPI)

HILL DEMOCRATS HEAR IT AGAIN: 'NO NEW TAXES'

President Bush pursued a key political strategy in his State of the Union address by promising to cut the federal deficit in half "with no new taxes."

Mr. Bush's statement, which triggered a prolonged burst of applause from the Republican side of the House chamber Wednesday night, again served notice on the Democratic Congress that this is the domestic policy umbrella under which his Administration will be shaped.

It is the plank on which Mr. Bush would run for re-election in 1992, according to his chief advisers. "We believe that the deficit will be eliminated by then, or be very close to zero," said an adviser to the President. "That will be a very strong accomplishment to run on."

(Donald Lambro, Washington Times, A4)

BUSH BACKS AWAY FROM BIRTH-CONTROL PROGRAM AS CONGRESS BRACES FOR A TOUGH FIGHT ON ISSUE

"No one has to feel timid about discussing birth control anymore," Rep. George Bush declared back in 1970.

Today, though, at least one person does feel timid about the issue: President George Bush, who for political and budgetary reasons is trying to distance himself from the very federal birth-control program he co-sponsored two decades ago....

As Congress prepares formally to reauthorize the Family Planning Services and Population Research Act of 1970 for the first time since 1985, birth-control supporters are confident they have the votes to boost funding for the family-planning program to over \$200 million. The Administration, though, opposes the increase, leading some critics to suggest that it is kowtowing to anti-abortion activists.

(Kenneth Bacon, Wall Street Journal, A16)

PLUGGING LEAK PROBE CAUSES HOWLS Thornburgh Accused Of Conflict Of Interest In Investigation Of Disclosure About Gray

Attorney General Thornburgh's recent decision to short-circuit normal Justice Department practice in the hunt for those who leaked information last year of an FBI investigation of Rep. Gray III's office is being challenged.

Thornburgh, some of whose personal staff members were among the leak suspects, announced in late December that an intensive criminal investigation of the leak about the Pennsylvania Democrat to CBS News correspondent Rita Braver failed to find enough evidence to support prosecution.

He also concluded that there was no basis for disciplinary action. He did so without following the normal procedure for referring the case to the Office of Professional Responsibility (OPR).

Now some members of Congress and Gray's attorney's are asking why Thornburgh did not let OPR consider possible administrative penalties. They said the attorney general had a conflict of interest in closing the case because members of his staff were among those questioned in the leak case.

(Charles Babcock, Washington Post, A21)

THORNBURGH SEEKS PROBE OF PIERCE
Alleged Favoritism In Awards Cited

Attorney General Thornburgh Thursday recommended that an independent counsel be named to investigate whether former HUD Secretary Samuel Pierce engaged in a criminal "conspiracy" to award millions of dollars in housing funds based on political favoritism.

The recommendation, made to a special three-judge panel, concludes that the independent counsel should specifically focus on allegations that Pierce used HUD's Moderate Rehabilitation Program to steer federal funds to developers backed by prominent Republicans or former HUD officials.

But Thornburgh rejected a request by Democrats on the House Judiciary Committee that an independent counsel also investigate whether Pierce committed perjury in testifying last year before a House subcommittee investigating the HUD scandal. "I found no reasonable grounds to believe that further investigation is warranted," Thornburgh wrote in a letter to the congressmen.

Thornburgh's decision was described by some members of Congress Thursday as a critical first step in resolving the sharply conflicting testimony about management and influence-peddling at HUD that first surfaced in a report by the HUD inspector general and was later detailed during the hearings. (Michael Isikoff, Washington Post, A1)

HUD CURBS OPERATOR OF PROJECTS

A. Bruce Rozet, one of the nation's largest operators of low-income housing, has been barred temporarily from expanding his ownership and management of federally subsidized housing, the government said Thursday.

The suspension was intended to "shut off the spigot" of government contracts to Rozet's companies while the HUD inspector general's office conducts "a comprehensive investigation" of their activities, HUD General Counsel Francis Keating II said.

HUD Secretary Kemp wants to know "why, after very significant economic benefits to the ownership and management, tenants are still required to live like rats" in the company's apartments, Keating said.

(David Hilzenrath, Washington Post, A1)

EDITOR'S NOTES: "SHORT TAKES -- Sununu: Democrats Sat On Their Hands During Tax Pledge," appears in the Washington Post, A21.

"SHORT TAKES -- Baker: Don't 'Play God'," appears in the Washington Post, A21.

"SHORT TAKES -- Quayle Renovations," appears in the Washington Post, A21.

-End of A-Section-

NETWORK NEWS

(Thursday Evening, February 1)

TROOP CUT PROPOSAL

CBS's Dan Rather: The Soviet Union today was quick to hail President Bush's proposals for cuts in U.S. and Soviet troop strength in Central Europe. A Soviet foreign ministry spokesman said, "We share this attitude," and he said, "We have received specific proposals; we're ready to discuss them." Other nations East and West joined in the praise. There were a few cautionary notes: The British said that they applauded the idea, but had been assured that Bush does not envision additional cuts in Europe. And privately, in a lot of places, fears were expressed about what this may mean to the possibility of the re-emergence of a reunited Germany as a power.

CBS's David Martin: The President's troop proposal represents a 50 percent cut in the combat capability of the U.S. Army in Europe. And today, Secretary Cheney indicated that with Soviet cooperation, it could happen fairly quickly.

(Secretary Cheney: "That's a subject I think to be negotiated, but I would think within a year or two, certainly.")

Testifying before the Senate Armed Services Committee, Cheney looked ahead to a Europe in which the Soviet threat would be virtually non-existent.

(Cheney: "I think it's not unreasonable for us to begin planning for, subject to lots of contingencies, but to begin planning for the possibility that the Soviets will be out of Eastern Europe or virtually out of Eastern Europe five years hence.")

Sen. Cohen: "Does that mean that the United States will also be out of Europe in the next five years?"

Cheney: "No, it would not, in my mind, senator.")

Both Cheney and Joint Chiefs Chairman Gen. Powell made it clear the President's proposal to cut the number of troops in Europe from 305,000 to 225,000 is as far as the U.S. intends to go, no matter what the Soviets do.

(Gen. Powell: "So with this proposal, the President has set the floor, and says, This is where we stand; that's our bottom line.")

The President's proposal would leave 195,000 troops in West Germany: two Army divisions, plus air and ground support. Pentagon officials argue that anything smaller would not be an effective fighting force. But with each soldier costing the taxpayer about \$30,000 a year, and with both the Soviets and the NATO allies talking about disarming, Democrats wonder why we'll need such a force.

(Sen. Nunn: "And we're going to be sitting over there with a U.S. Army, and virtually no allies, and a questionable threat. Now that will be a curious position.")

(Speaker Foley: "I think we'll be looking at whether over time the reductions in troops can go farther than 195,000 troops.")

Most of the NATO allies say they favor lower troop levels, but want the American military to stay. Nevertheless, Administration officials say that justifying the continued presence of more than 200,000 American troops in Europe will be an increasingly tough argument to make.

(CBS-Lead)

Rather: For the Soviets, President Bush's troop cut proposal is important not just for its content, but also for the way it was communicated: A telephone call in advance, from the President to Mikhail Gorbachev, to tip him off about the State of the Union address. That's widely interpreted here as being a real effort to help Gorbachev when he can use the help.

Rather discusses the troop proposal with CBS's Wyatt Andrews.

Rather: Is that the way it was intended by President Bush?

Andrews: They're saying at the White House tonight that if that phone call helped Gorbachev, if it helps make him look good, if it avoided blindsiding the Soviet president, that's a good thing; that in general, the President does want to help Gorbachev, but that that was not the direct reason for the phone call. Here, the attitude is they hope Gorbachev survives in power, but that this represented a time when the United States was changing in mid-stream a proposal that had been on the arms control table since last May, and this was strictly a courtesy call.

Rather: Gorbachev is known to feel that the invasion of Panama did not help him at all here, because those on his right are saying, "You see, the United States is still the old Uncle Sam, exercising muscle and power." Any talk that the President made this telephone call to Gorbachev to try to help him on that score?

Andrews: No, in fact just the opposite. It is that they saw an opportunity, given that the Hungarians and the Czechs were asking for the withdrawal of Soviet forces, to try to lock in what they saw at that time to be political momentum to draw down Soviet forces. The idea in Washington is that the chances of war in Europe go down significantly if the Soviet forces are pulled back, given the unlikelihood now that the NATO allies would face an attack mounted by the Warsaw Pact. (CBS-3)

Rather: The Bush proposal is doubly welcome here in Moscow because the Soviets are under increasing pressure from their own allies to pull out of Eastern Europe. A mutual cut gives them a face-saving solution to a problem that's threatened to wreck the Warsaw Pact.

CBS's Bert Quint reports that having voted all of the Communists out of power, Poles are now turning their wrath on the Red Army that brought communism here. Many Poles want the 30,000 Red Army troops stationed throughout Poland to go home. But the Solidarity government has pledged to maintain Poland's commitment to the Warsaw Pact. It has enough problems without pushing the Soviets any further. (CBS-2)

ABC's John McWethy: Secretary Baker indicated that the new troop cut proposal is just part of a continuing strategy for dealing with the changes and uncertainties in the Soviet Union and Eastern bloc.

(Baker: "Whether or not President Gorbachev will or will not succeed, that frankly is not the issue. The issue ought to be whether or not we can take advantage of the fact that he is there now, reforming things, and, again, lock in agreements that are mutually advantageous.")

McWethy continues: With President Bush now pushing for deeper troop cuts in Europe and for rapid progress on arms control agreements, all the Democrats could come up with today was a plea to go even faster.

(Sen. Sarbanes: "I think the whole timetable's got to be speeded up, because we're now obviously in a world whose timetable is speeded up.")

(Sen. Biden: "What concerns me is that we may not be moving fast enough.")

Jesse Helms, representing the conservative Republicans who the President is leaving behind on this issue, said he is still highly suspicious of Gorbachev.

(Sen. Helms: "All of us are escaping notice and consideration the fact that Mr. Gorbachev's version of reform is one that excludes freedom.")

At the White House today, Chief of Staff Sununu said the President decided ten days ago to lower the number of troops to be left in Europe, figuring into that decision increasing pressure to cut costs at the Pentagon plus further crumbling of Soviet control in Eastern Europe.

(TV Coverage: Sununu walking into White House briefing room and at podium.)

Of course, there was also the element of politics in making such a decision. It allowed the President to drop a bombshell on the Democrats here in the U.S., and it again showed the world that Mikhail Gorbachev is not the only one who can lead. (ABC-2)

Sawyer reports that in Moscow, foreign ministry spokesman Gennadi

Gerasimov said the Soviet Union welcomes the President's proposal on troop reduction. Gerasimov called the plan a step in the right direction, and said his government is ready to discuss specific details of the conventional arms talks in Vienna. The Soviets opened talks in Budapest today on getting their troops out of Hungary. A number of Eastern European countries want to do the same. As for Western Europe, reaction to the Bush proposal was generally positive, as long as the U.S. doesn't try to go even further.

ABC's John Donovan reports that Prime Minister Thatcher has said she backs the troop proposal and nobody in parliament disagreed. The British reaction is like most of Europe: few see any reason to oppose what President Bush has done; fewer still consider it history-making. Polls already show that reductions in American troops are favored by about half the Western European public. But some are afraid the U.S. will go on cutting back too much, too fast.

(Gerhard Stoltenberg, West German defense minister: "We still need strong troops, combined troops of NATO, who can secure peace and freedom under changing conditions.")

There is concern that U.S. troops now in Germany would not be the only ones leaving, that other NATO nations would also begin cutting back their military spending. Today, British officials joined those warning against going too far. They say Bush promised that last night's troop cut offer would be his final one, and they want that promise kept. (ABC-3)

NBC's Bob Abernethy reports that Soviet spokesman Gerasimov called the Bush proposal a step in the right direction, but there was a complaint.

(Gerasimov: "You'll notice that he talks about reductions in Central and Eastern Europe, which leaves about 30,000 troops in Britain, Greece and other places.")

The Soviets are in a hurry to disarm, by themselves and through negotiations. They need the money saved for their failed civilian economy; also, President Gorbachev believes modern weapons make war too dangerous to fight. Gorbachev's objectives in negotiations are a 50 percent cut in long-range strategic weapons, and an eventual ban on all nuclear weapons, an end to all chemical weapons, and nuclear weapons tests. And, Gorbachev argues all forces should be defensive only; no country should have troops on the territory of another. Soviet officials tell Americans, We have deprived you of your enemies. (NBC-5)

NBC's Andrea Mitchell: Peace may be breaking out in Europe, but not on Capitol Hill. Democrats called for deeper defense cuts; the Administration said not until arms control agreements with the Soviets are signed, sealed and delivered.

(Gen. Powell: "The world may be less threatening, but it is also, I believe at the moment, less stable, and there's a great deal of uncertainty in the world.")

Senators facing possible base closings back home tried to shift the burden overseas. They pressed for more troop cuts than Bush has offered, immediate withdrawals from Europe without waiting for Soviet agreements.

(Sen. Dixon: "I think we can close more foreign bases; I think the American people want it.")

Secretary Cheney: "We do not want to unilaterally take those forces out until we've completed the negotiations."

Sen. Dixon: "You keep saying this stuff about agreements, all the time, agreements. My dear friend, Mr. Secretary, when you go back home and talk to people, they say, 'this doesn't make sense,' and you know why? Because it doesn't make sense!")

The sharpest attack was against Bush's proposal to spend \$4 billion more on nuclear weapons.... Committee member Kennedy called Bush's budget "preposterous," and proposed his own cuts: an additional \$169 billion over the next five years, mostly from nuclear systems.

(Sen. Kennedy: "I think there can be very substantial cuts in the SDI program, MX missile, and in the B-2 bomber.")

Congress is simply in no mood to spend billions more for nuclear weapons. Despite the Administration's warnings, most people here no longer view the Soviet Union as a real threat. (NBC-6)

SOUTH AFRICA/MANDELA

ABC's Diane Sawyer: In Washington and Cape Town today, the talk was about one man's fate, still undecided. There continued to be signs that the world's most famous political prisoner, Nelson Mandela, may soon be released from prison. He's been there for 27 years; he is still there tonight. But the White House did say today he will be invited to Washington as soon as he's free. We may know more after a speech tomorrow in Cape Town by President de Klerk. Meantime, South Africans were wondering about a meeting that never took place.

-more-

ABC's Richard Sergay reports that there were reports all over South Africa today that President de Klerk would meet with Nelson Mandela. The government refused to comment on all that until late tonight.

(South African TV anchor: "No meeting took place today between the state president, Mr. F.W. de Klerk, and Mr. Nelson Mandela.")

For weeks there has been speculation, in part fueled by the government, that de Klerk might announce major apartheid reforms and the release of Mandela. But negotiations hit a snag because Mandela wants the state of emergency lifted first and the outlawed African National Congress made legal again. De Klerk would have a hard time agreeing to all of Mandela's conditions because of pressure from white conservatives. In the last few days the government has tried to lower everyone's expectations.

Sawyer: When the White House helped stimulate speculation about Mandela's release today by saying he would be invited to Washington, the spokesman also said that President de Klerk would be invited to make a separate visit to Washington after Mandela's release.

(ABC-Lead, NBC-9, CBS-7)

PIERCE INVESTIGATION

NBC's Tom Brokaw: Based on what we already know, it shapes up as the most expensive financial scandal of the Reagan years, the millions and millions of dollars in questionable contracts handed out to political cronies at the Department of Housing and Urban Development. Tonight, Attorney General Thornburgh recommended a special prosecutor to investigate the HUD Secretary during those years, Samuel Pierce.

NBC's Carl Stern reports that in a report filed with judges who select the special prosecutor, Thornburgh concluded after a three-month investigation that there were reasonable grounds to believe further investigation is warranted. Pierce, so far, has refused to clarify his role in awarding federal contracts to developers with close political ties to the Republican Party. Pierce has denied intervening in particular cases, but that was contradicted by the people who worked for him.

(Shirley Wiseman, former HUD official: "But he said, 'I want the project funded,' and I said, 'I can't fund it, Mr. Secretary.' And he said, 'Well, I want it funded.'")

Millions of dollars was diverted from low-cost housing to the pet projects of prominent supporters of the Reagan Administration. A congressional committee estimates at least a billion dollars went down the drain. A special prosecutor could be named and begin working within 90 days. Thornburgh made no public comment, although sources said he had overruled a staff recommendation that no independent prosecutor be requested. Apparently, he believed public confidence in the investigation demanded the appointment of a special prosecutor. (NBC-Lead)

CBS's Terence Smith reports that in his letter to Congress, Attorney General Thornburgh said he was asking for the special prosecutor to investigate whether Pierce and others "may have committed the crime of conspiracy to defraud the United States."

Smith continues: This evening, Pierce's attorney said, "We continue to believe that Mr. Pierce has not violated any federal laws." A leading Democratic critic on the House Judiciary Committee praised the Attorney General's actions.

(Rep. Schumer: "The hearings on HUD uncovered an ugly mess of poor management and corruption that cost the American people billions of dollars and thousands of units of much-needed housing.")

The Attorney General rejected other charges that Pierce had lied to Congress under oath last year when he insisted repeatedly that he had not granted federal funds on the basis of political favoritism. Nonetheless, this action today makes it likely that the Bush Administration will have to endure a long and potentially embarrassing investigation. (CBS-4)

ABC's Walter Rodgers reports that Attorney General Thornburgh has been reluctant to appoint a special counsel, but because both he and Pierce were members of the Reagan Cabinet, to avoid charges of favoritism Thornburgh probably had little choice. (ABC-7)

CAMARENA

NBC's Brian Ross reports that the investigation into the murder of former DEA agent Enrique Camarena led American agents to the headquarters of the Mexican federal police and the former head of the Mexican police, Manuel Ibarra, and his deputy, Miguel Aldana, who today denied he had anything to do with Camarena's murder. The language in the indictment says Mexico's top two police officials personally organized and put into operation the plan to kidnap, torture and Camarena. And they did it, American authorities say, to find out just how much American drug agents knew about drug corruption at the very top of the Mexican government. In particular, American authorities say while Camarena was being tortured, he was asked repeatedly what information he had on the then-minister of defense. President Salinas was in Switzerland today and was not talking about the indictment or the strain the charges could put on U.S.-Mexican relations. Sen. Kerry says unless Salinas acts quickly, Congress may take steps against Mexico.

(Sen. Kerry: "We're going to have a serious breach of relationship with Mexico because people here are going to resent enormously what they believe the Mexican government is sanctioning, and which is doing great injury to us.")

In the almost five years since Camarena's death, Mexican officials have moved against some drug traffickers and put on big displays of the burning of seized cocaine. But American authorities say this is mostly show, and that the drug corruption Camarena was on to is still an ugly and pervasive fact of Mexican life. (NBC-2)

CUBAN FREIGHTER/MEXICO

Brokaw reports that the Mexican navy said today no drugs were found aboard the Cuban freighter that came under fire by the U.S. Coast Guard in the Gulf of Mexico yesterday. The Coast Guard commander defended the attack, saying, "We thought there were drugs on board." (NBC-3, CBS-9)

ALBERT HAKIM

Sawyer reports that Albert Hakim, who served as a middleman for the Reagan Administration in the Iran-contra affair, was sentenced today to two years on probation and a \$5,000 fine. Hakim admitted making an illegal payment to Oliver North. (ABC-8, NBC-4, CBS-5)

GUS SAVAGE

Schieffer reports that the House Ethics Committee has concluded tonight that Rep. Savage did make improper advances to a female Peace Corps volunteer last March during a visit to Zaire. The report says, however, that Savage apologized to the woman and that no further action would be taken against him. (CBS-6)

LATVIA

Rather reports that an extraordinary round of negotiations began today in the Soviet republic of Latvia. Leaders of the independence movement in the three Baltic states opened talks with leaders from Azerbaijan and Armenia. By giving its approval to this mediation effort, the Kremlin could be signaling that it's willing to allow much more independence and initiative from the individual republics. (CBS-12)

AZERBAIJAN

Rather reports that the Soviet press reported today that the situation in Baku is gradually returning to normal, although strikes and rail blockades are still going on. The official death toll there is now 139. (CBS-13)

REUNIFICATION/MODROW

Sawyer reports that East German Prime Minister Modrow told a news conference that he wants to see a unified, neutral Germany with a single government and a capital in Berlin. Late today, West German Chancellor Kohl rejected the idea of neutrality for Germany. (ABC-4, NBC-7, CBS-11)

ROMANIA

Sawyer reports that the National Salvation Front and about 30 political parties agreed to set up a provisional council to share power until elections in May. (ABC-5)

BULGARIA

Sawyer reports that in Bulgaria, the communist prime minister and his cabinet resigned today, clearing the way for a new interim government which will include the opposition. (ABC-6, NBC-8, CBS-10)

EDUCATION/GOALS

Sawyer: ...President Bush said last night, "Real improvement in American schools is not simply a matter of spending more money. It's a matter of setting goals, asking more of our schools, our teachers, our students, and ourselves." It seems, at least in some measure, Mr. Bush was right.

ABC's Bill Blakemore reports that over the past 15 years, while many in the U.S. have wanted U.S. schools to concentrate on getting back to basics -- reading, writing and arithmetic -- the schools in Ontario have set general goals about the kind of people who should come out of their schools: people who like to learn, think clearly, feel deeply, act wisely, enjoy working with others, are problem-solvers, self-reliant, and have respect for a wide variety of cultures, in addition to basic knowledge and skills. To do this they are concentrating on what they call "active learning." Teachers say working this way is a much more efficient use of their time, and give more individual attention to each student. Visiting American educators are impressed with the Toronto school system. (ABC-11)

EDUCATION/ABSENTEEISM

Brokaw: When President Bush spelled out his education goals last night, he said that by the year 2000 the high school graduation rate in this country should be no less than 90 percent. Well, in almost every community it's well below that now, in large part because of the dropout problem. In Tulsa, Okla., however, officials have decided this is not a problem for the kids alone.

NBC's Jim Cummins reports that in Tulsa County there is a compulsory attendance law. After a student misses four days of school without an excuse, a truant officer notifies the parents, and if their child isn't back in class within a week, the case is turned over to the D.A. for prosecution. The parents are fined \$25 for each school day their child skips. The school superintendent whose idea it was says 200 more students are in school this than at the first semester last year, which is bigger than some school districts in Oklahoma. Prosecutors and school officials are stepping up this campaign; the next group of parents to be summoned to court will be televised on local cable tv. (NBC-15)

FETAL RESEARCH

Brokaw reports that scientists today report dramatic improvement in a Parkinson's disease patient after he was implanted with brain cells from an aborted fetus. This is a development sure to add fuel to what is already a bitter controversy.

NBC's Robert Bazell reports that scientists use fetal tissue because it is not rejected by the body and it grows after the transplant. But the anti-abortion movement vehemently opposes any medical use of aborted fetuses, because of fears that it would lead to more abortions.

(Dr. John Wilkie, National Right to Life: "They can't quite decide yes, no, this is good, this is bad -- and then they have somebody come to them and say, 'Well my dear, we know this is a tragedy, but some good will come of it if you give up the tissues for someone else.'")

HHS Secretary Sullivan adopted that logic last year when he ordered a ban on all federal money for fetal transplant research. Many American scientists object to the ban. But the research is continuing slowly, with private money and in other countries. (NBC-10)

EDITORIALS/COLUMNISTS

STATE OF THE UNION

The State Of Consensus -- "The most noteworthy aspect of President Bush's first State of the Union speech was the striking degree of agreement he finds with the basic agenda of the Democratic congressional leadership.... A greater government role in education, environmental protection, child-care services, dramatic reductions of U.S. troops in Europe, protection of the integrity of the Social Security system -- these are all programs dear to the hearts of congressional Democrats and the Americans who elected them. And Bush heartily endorses these.... By and large Bush's report to Congress represented a welcome respite from the ideological confrontations that characterized Ronald Reagan's speeches and marks a return to a quest for consensus. The highest goal of the Democrats will be to assure that the President's rhetoric becomes reality."

(Baltimore Evening Sun, 2/1)

The Process President -- "President Bush's State of the Union address last night was eloquently upbeat, reflecting the confidence of a man whose standing in the polls is at near-historic highs.... His feel-good talk no doubt matched the mood of the American people. After eight years of intensive ideological combat...the electorate may well prefer a 'process president' who smoothes things out, makes some midcourse adjustments and leaves folks alone to savor the fruits of their efforts.... Still, there is a feeling of opportunities missed.... Tinkering at the margins is not the worst sin in a president.... Still, it was difficult not to escape the conclusion Wednesday night that this is a President whose tinkering betrays a certain absence of gravity at the center." (Detroit News, 2/1)

Fainthearted American Leadership -- "...A 195,000-troop ceiling for Europe may be a good thing, but Bush's proposal appears to be more a political maneuver than part of a farsighted plan for helping lead the world through a time of extraordinary change. In his address, Bush saluted the changes underway in Eastern Europe.... But to reprise a line from Walter Mondale's 1986 campaign, 'where's the beef?' Certainly not in Bush's budget.... All of Eastern Europe would receive only \$300 million to meet its extraordinary needs.... In his address, Bush said there is a need in the world 'for leadership only the United States can provide.' The world is waiting."

(Minneapolis Star-Tribune, 2/1)

PRESIDENT'S SAVINGS PLAN

It's Time To Encourage Saving, And The President Has A Plan -- "...President Bush has offered a plan that nudges Americans toward putting more in the bank. To undergird what many economists see as the weakest cog in our economy -- low savings -- his plan needs to be implemented.... Mr. Bush's Family Savings Plan differs from the Individual Retirement Account. Deposits into IRA were tax-deductible, but proceeds pulled from those accounts were taxable. The Family Savings account operates in reverse. Deposits are not tax-deductible, but the interest earned is tax-free.... The Bush plan, if approved by Congress, ought to lure more dollars into savings accounts.... Those subsidies on consumer loans are about to end. The President's plan is bright on the horizon."

(Atlanta Journal, 1/30)

FOREIGN MEDIA REACTION

STATE OF THE UNION/TROOP CUT PROPOSAL

"Bush Offers Huge Troop Cuts"

"The unspoken subtext of the speech was that Mr. Bush's foreign policy now depends very largely upon the continued political survival of Mikhail Gorbachev. The President's call for an orderly approach to change seemed to be directed as much at the citizens of East Berlin and Nagorno-Karabakh as to Nevada or New Jersey." (Guardian, Britain)

"Bush Proposes Slashing Forces In Europe"

"White House officials brushed aside suggestions that Mr. Bush's move was intended to shore up Mikhail Gorbachev. He will, at least, be able to say to his military high command that his arm reduction proposals are producing positive results from the Americans." (Times, Britain)

"Bush Pulls Another Coup"

"President Bush has a talent for creating surprises and spectacular coups. Once again Bush showed his ability to use secrecy and surprise by catching Democrats and reporters flat-footed after their criticisms that the defense budget had a strong 'Cold War' flavor." (Liberation, France)

"Bush Presses On With Disarmament"

"The reduction announced by Bush might be the prelude to a more radical request for a complete withdrawal of all Soviet troops from Europe and the maintenance of a modest U.S. presence.... Bush has again shown that he can surprise his opposition and the media.... It was another proof that leaks and rumors don't work with this President." (La Repubblica, Italy)

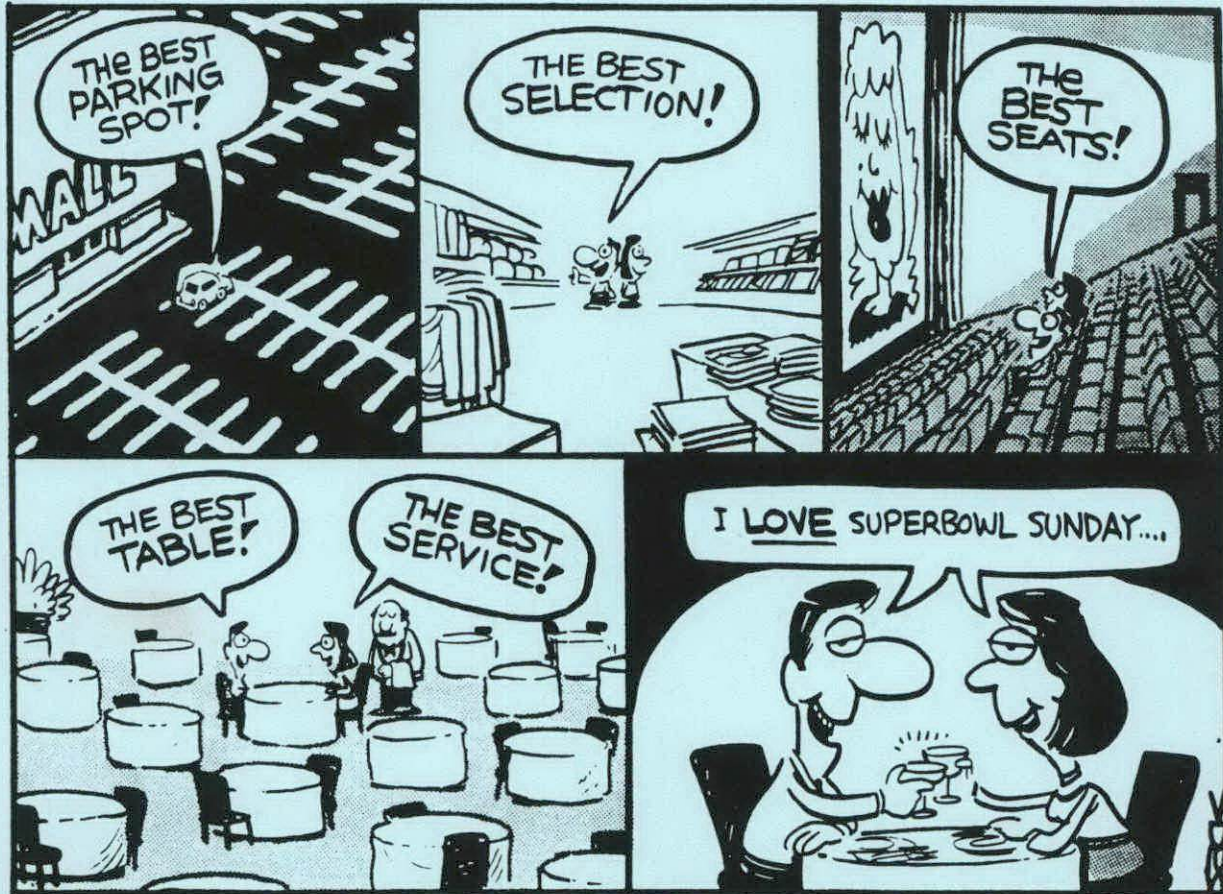
"Bush Phones Moscow, Raises Ante On Disarmament"

"By publicizing his phone call to Moscow, Bush brought it home to all in the United States and in the USSR that he still considers Gorbachev as his direct interlocutor on disarmament.... It was a spectacular way to make it known that the White House considers the news of Gorbachev's resignation as unfounded, malevolent rumors." (Il Messaggero, Italy)

"Bush: New Cuts To Forces In Europe"

"The new initiative...is based on the widespread perception that the current negotiating positions are inadequate after what has happened in Eastern Europe. Three considerations influenced it: One has to do with Gorbachev's permanence in power, the second with Alliance cohesion in the face of current 'demobilization' trends, the third with congressional pressures for deeper military budget cuts." (Corriere della Sera, Italy)

Friday Follies



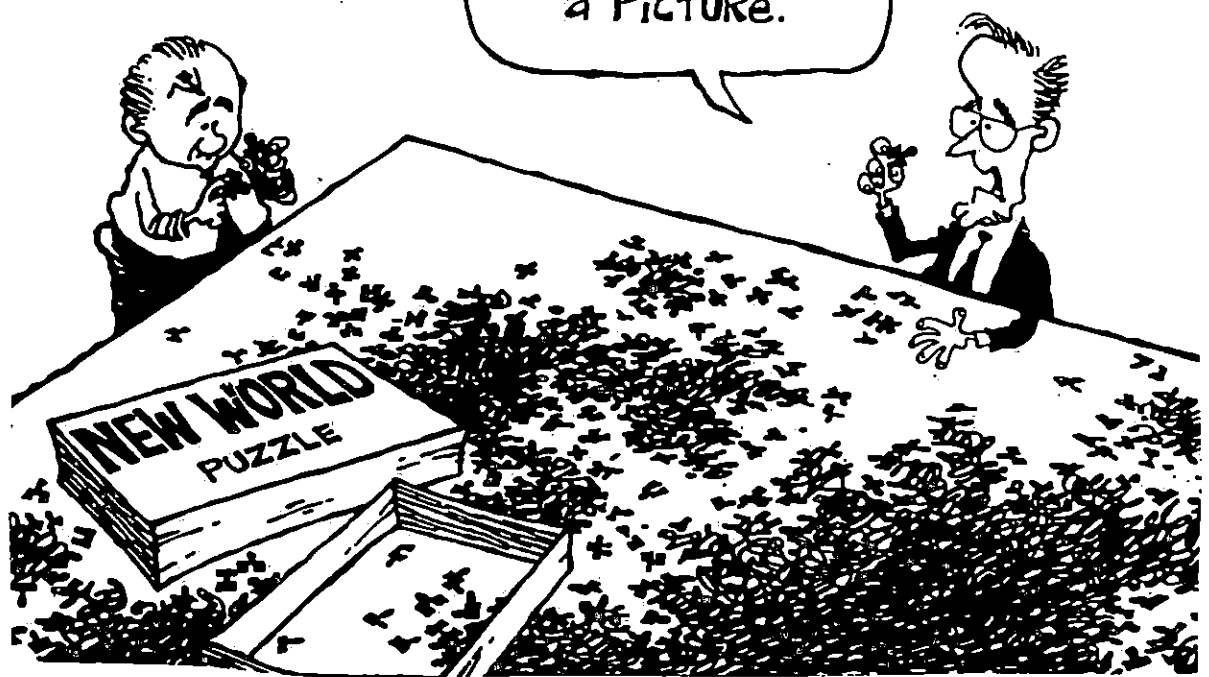
- a look at politics through the eyes of the political cartoonist -

"I don't care a straw for your newspaper articles. My constituents know how to read. But they can't help seeing them damned pictures."
(William Marcy Tweed speaking of Thomas Nast, 1871)

WHITE HOUSE NEWS SUMMARY SPECIAL EDITION
VOLUME II ISSUE 5 -- February 2, 1990

edStein
Rocky Mtn.
NEWS-NEA

THIS WOULD BE
EASIER IF WE HAD
A PICTURE.



Ed Stein
Rocky Mtn.
NEWS-NEA
1990

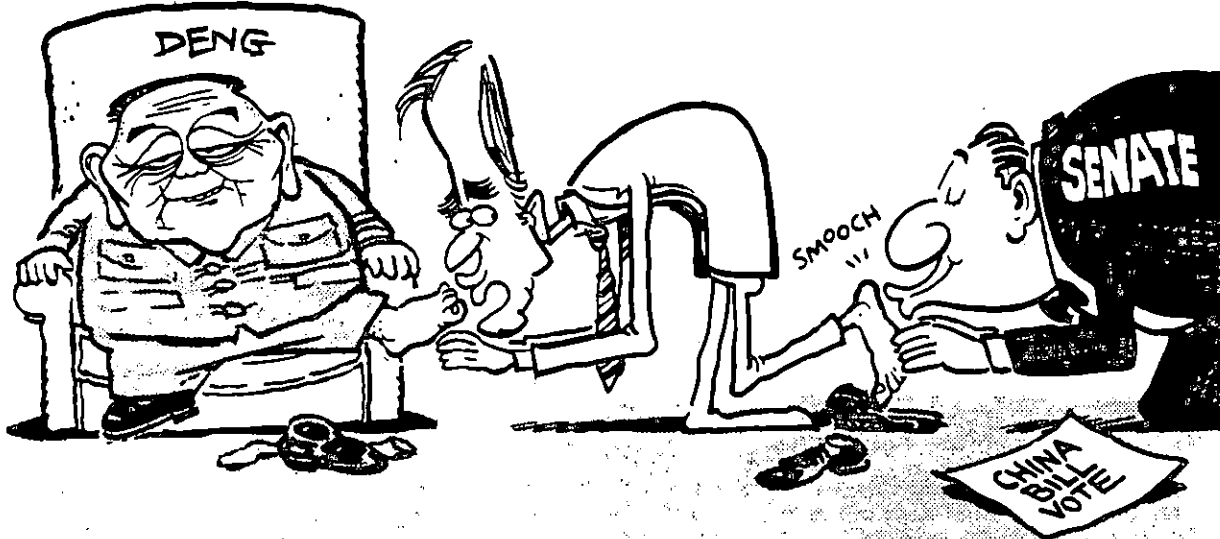
"GOOD NEWS, COMRADE GORBACHEV... NO ONE WANTS TO REPLACE YOU."

GET YER
RE-E-ED HOT
DEM-O-CRA-TIC
INCEN-TIVES....





PANDERMONIUM

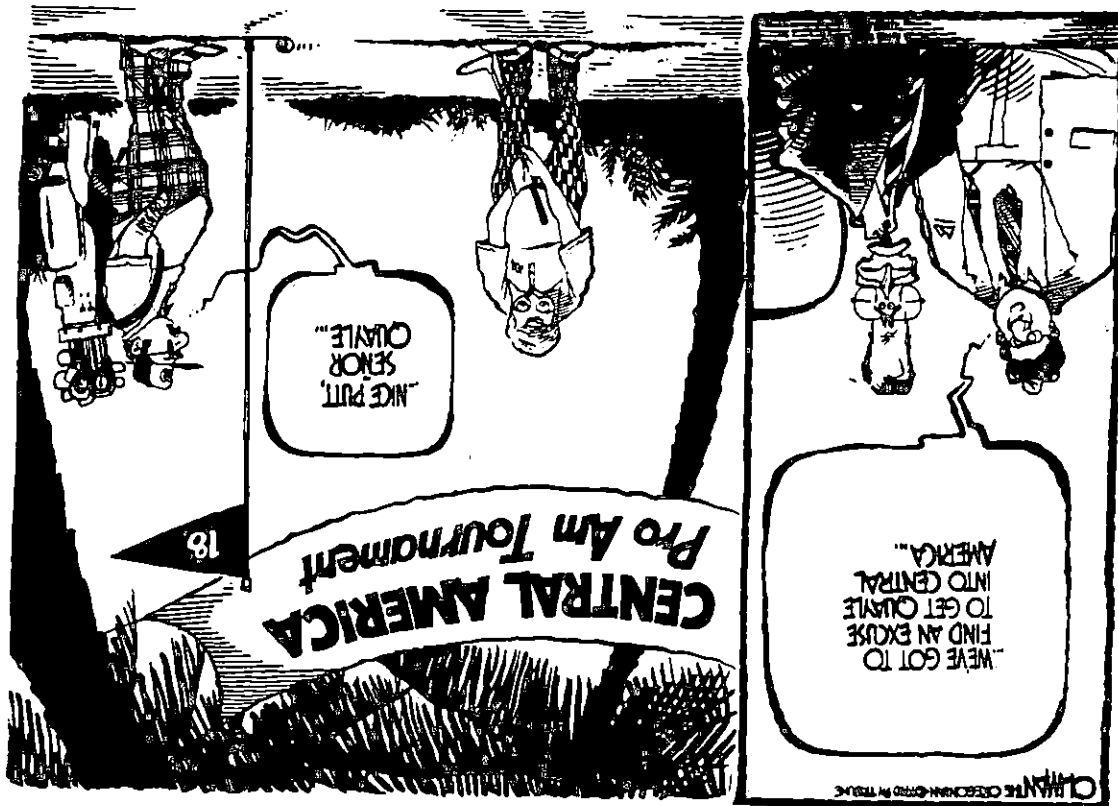
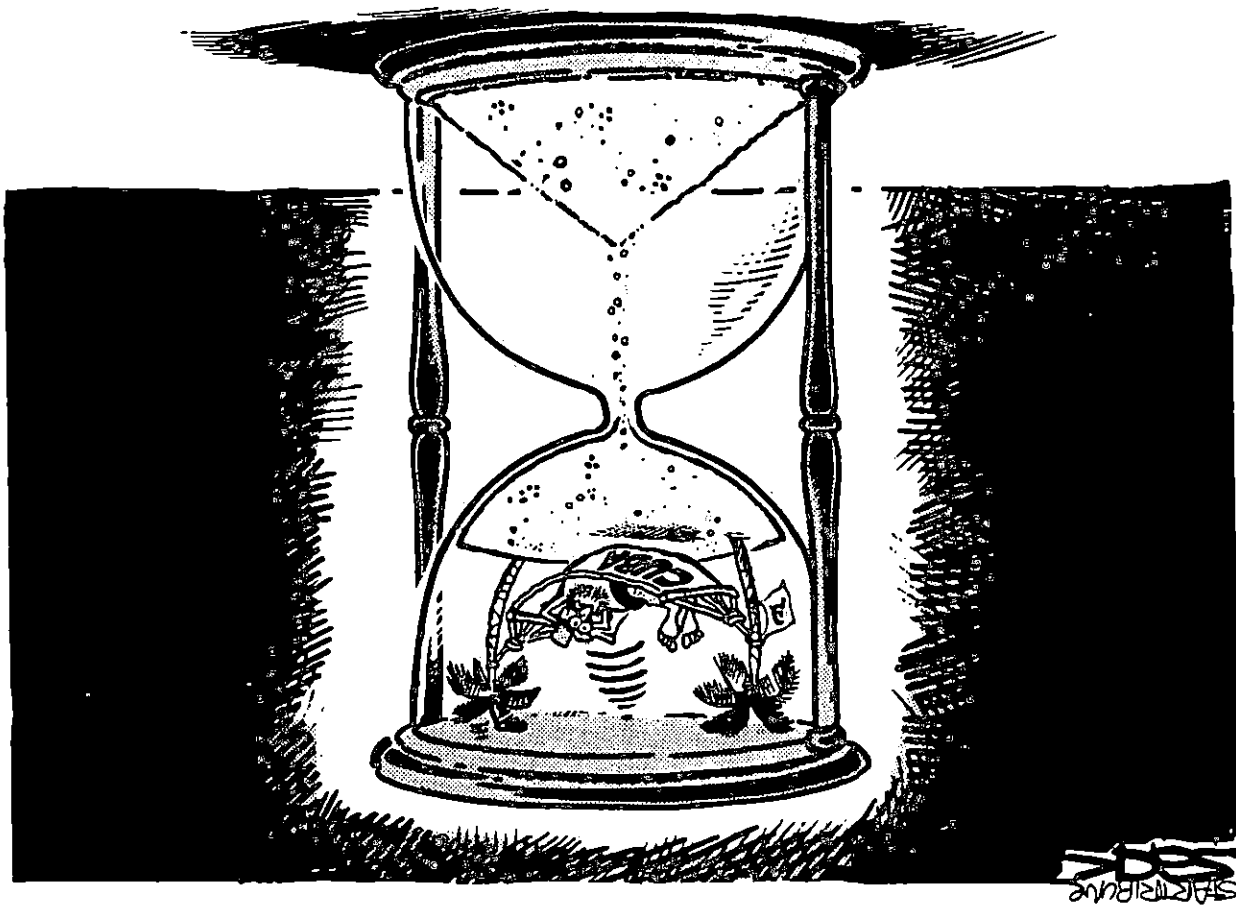


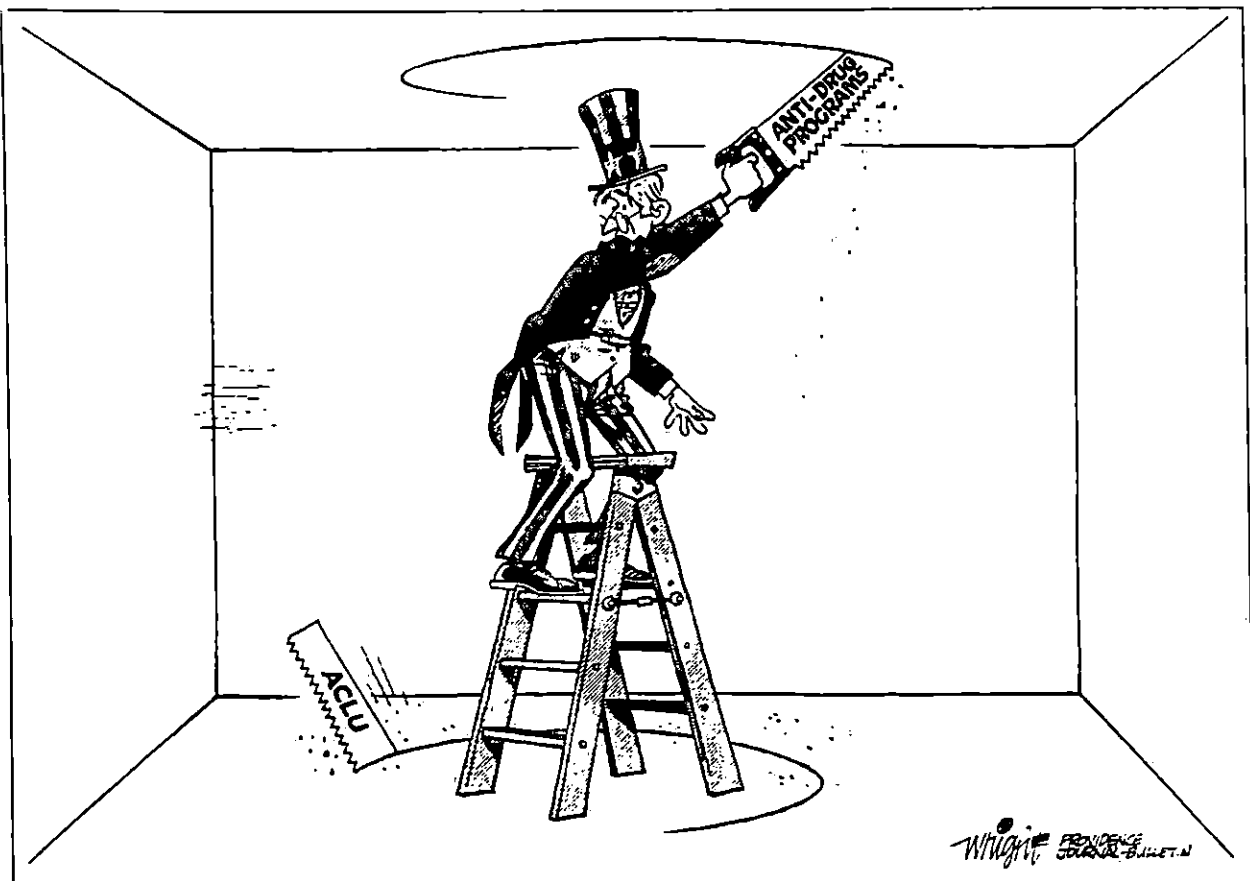
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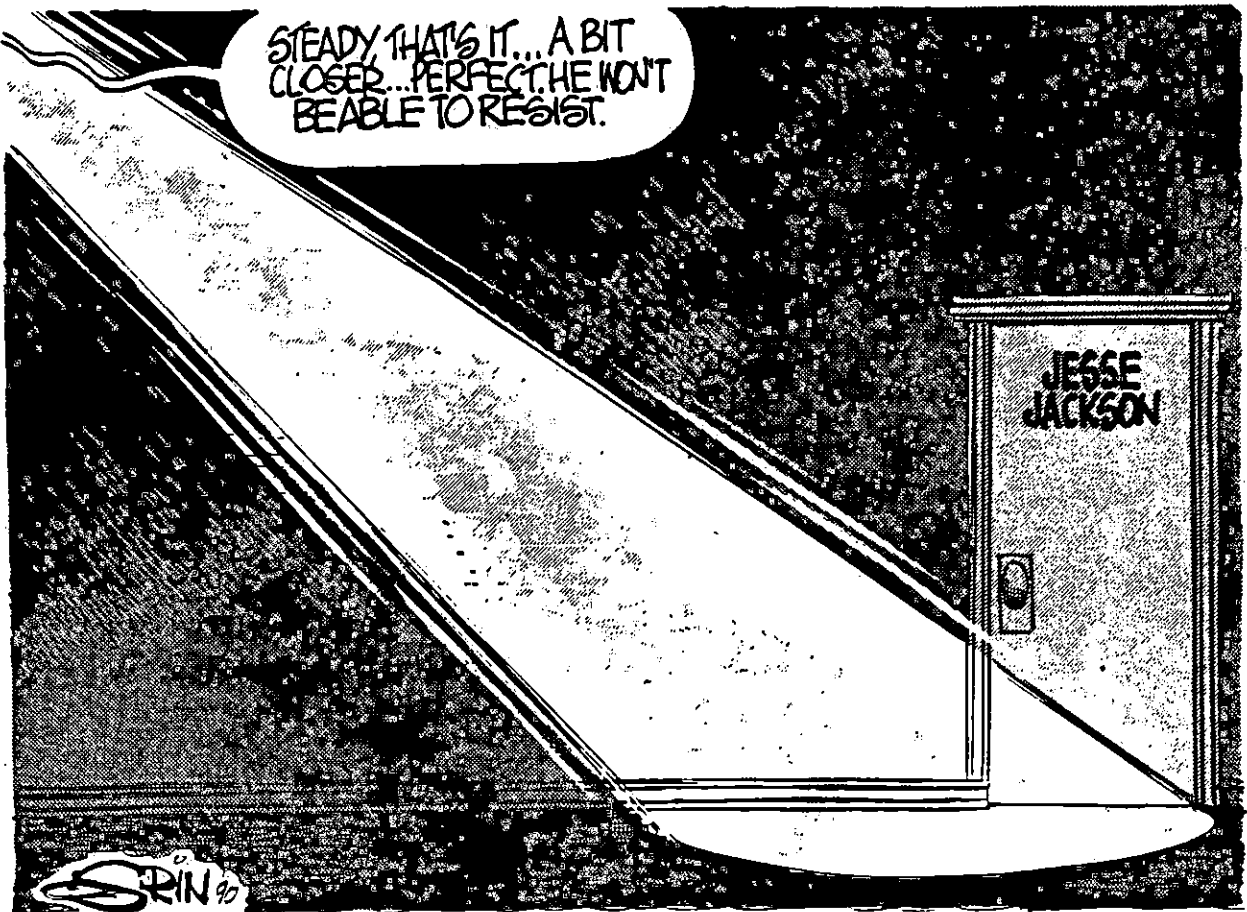
MOSCOW ASKS U.S. NOT TO
ENCOURAGE BALTIC INDEPENDENCE...









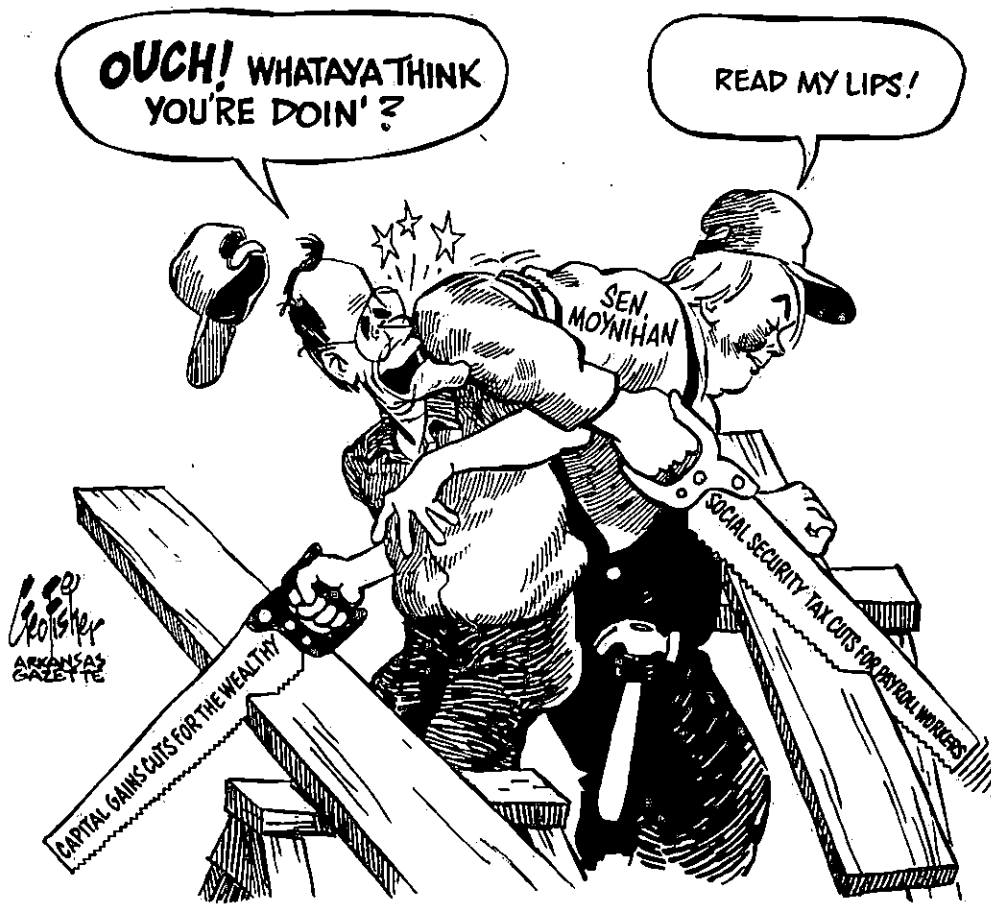




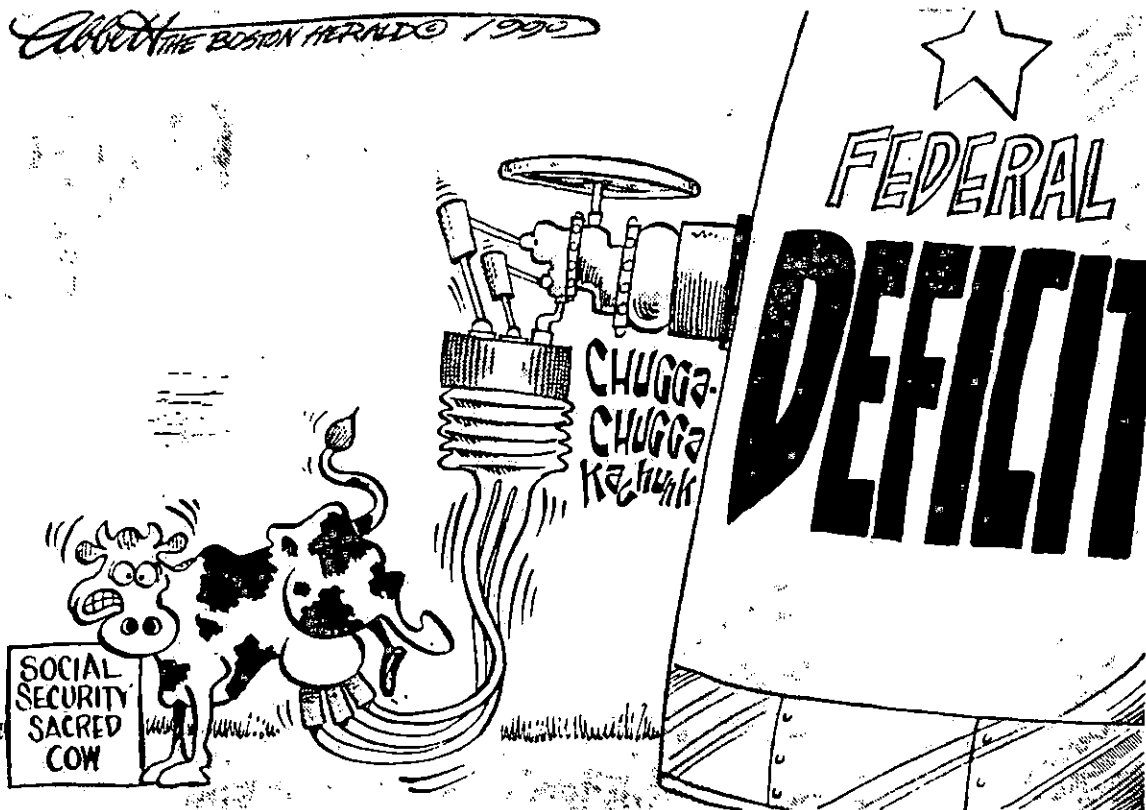
"IT'S A SIMPLE LITTLE CARD TRICK, REALLY. . . . YOU HOLD THE DECK
WHILE I CUT . . . !"

IT CALLS FOR ONE LESS
LASH EACH WEEK... YOU MUST
BE ECSTATIC.

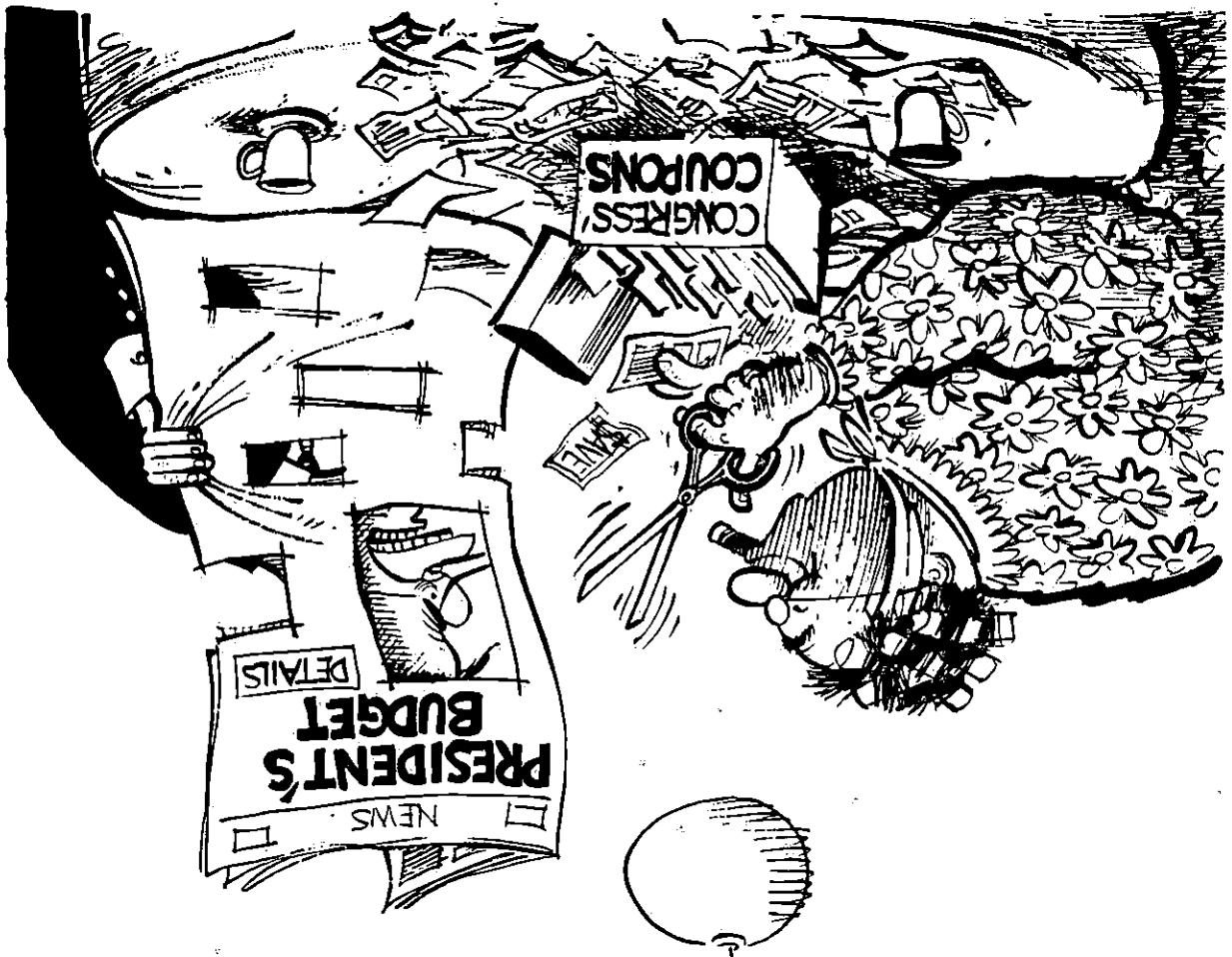


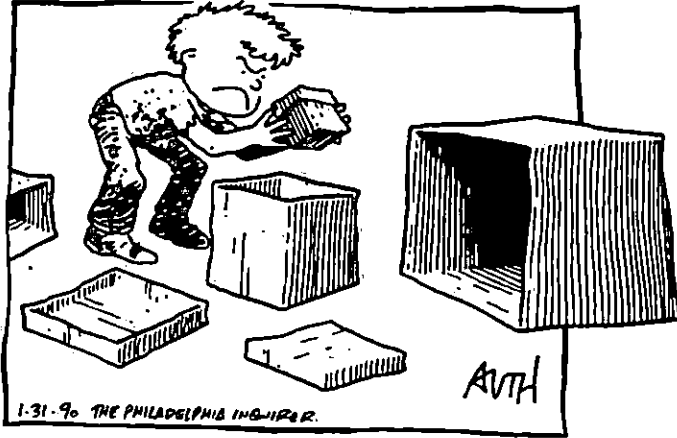
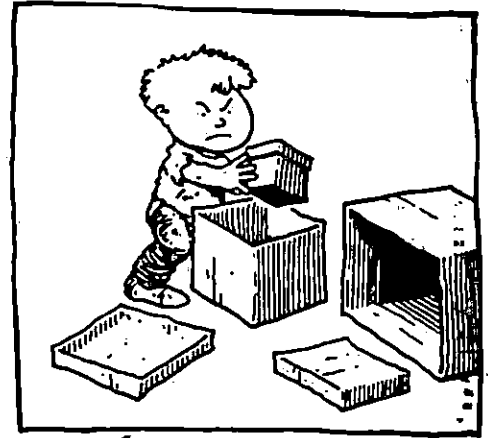
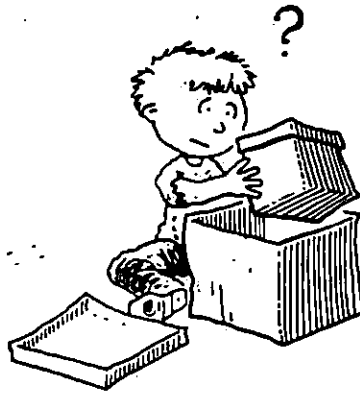
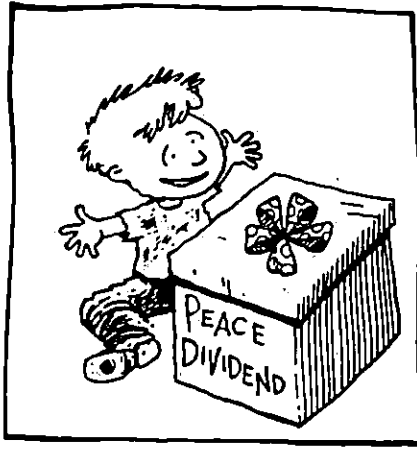


Wood THE BOSTON HERALD © 1990

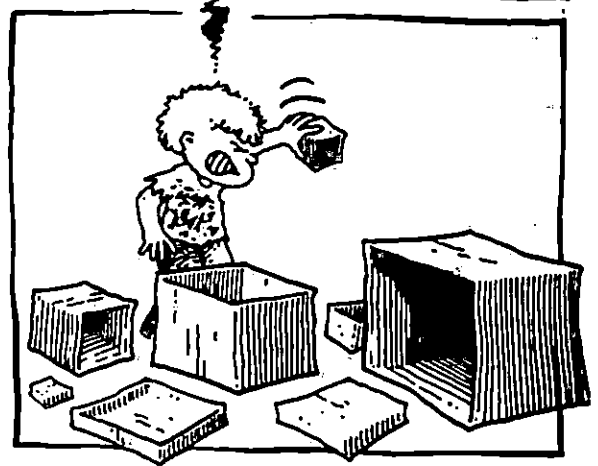








1-31-90 THE PHILADELPHIA INQUIRER



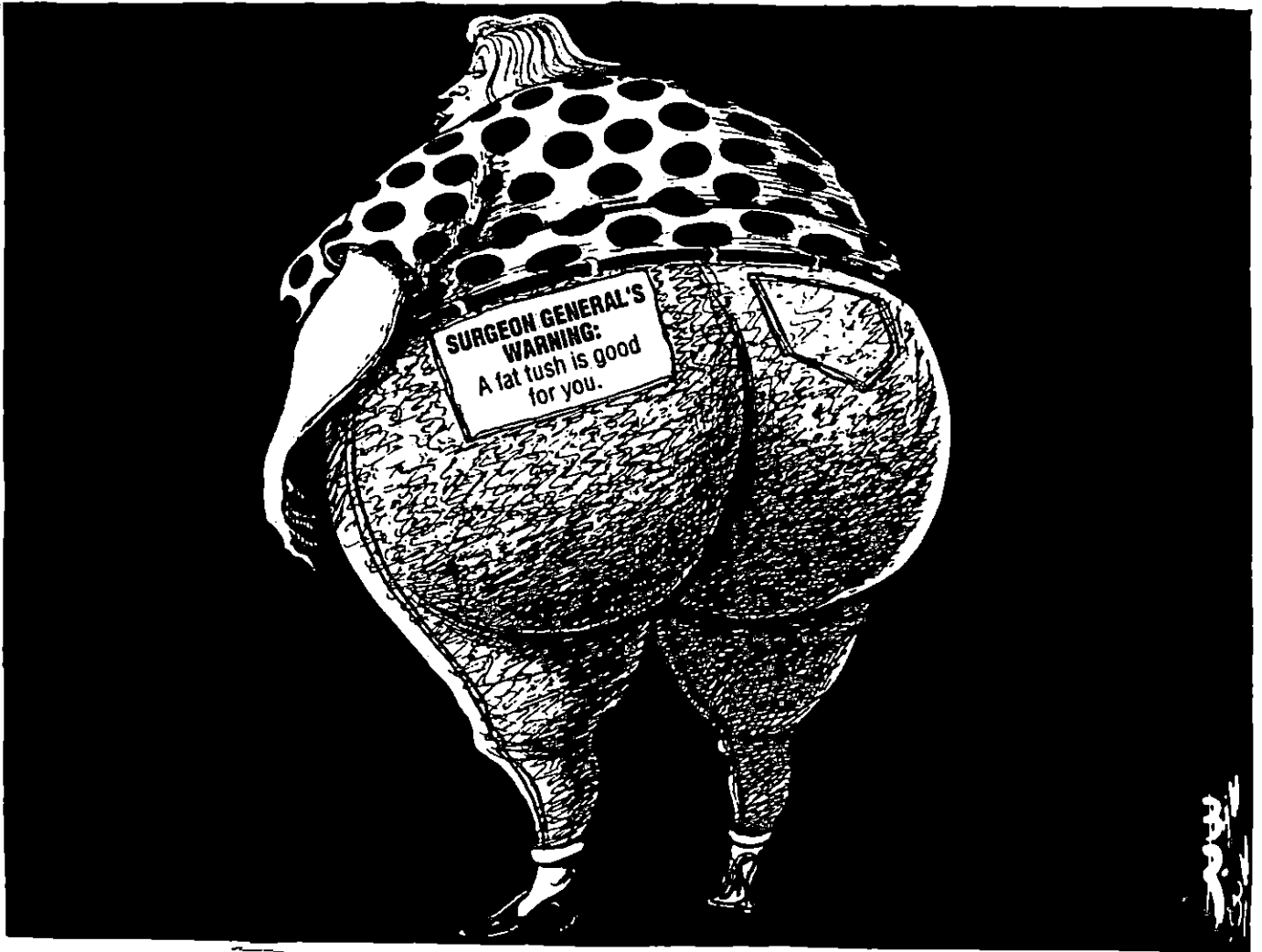
NO... CAN'T GET RID
OF THAT ONE... YOU NEVER
CAN TELL! MAYBE THIS ONE...
...NO... PERHAPS.....

Frankly, the President's military cuts don't amount to a hill of beans...

One of the bases he's targeted to close is in your district....

WHAT'S HE TRYING TO DO, LEAVE AMERICA DEFENSELESS?!





Today

CONGRESSIONAL MONITOR



Friday, February 2, 1990

Volume 26, Number 12

News From the Hill

SENATE FLOOR: Leaders hold closed-door meeting on clean air.

Majority Leader George J. Mitchell, D-Maine, other Senate leaders from both parties and key administration officials spent most of yesterday behind closed doors discussing a possible compromise on the clean air bill (S 1630).

The legislation has been under floor discussion for the past two weeks, but there has been little consensus on certain portions of the bill, including proposed regulation of toxic air pollutants and acid rain provisions. White House officials object to the bill's high price tag, which they put at \$40 billion a year.

Mitchell announced that the Senate would return to the bill Tuesday, while negotiations on it would continue today.

SAVAGE CHARGES racism in ethics probe, says he's been cleared.

Railing on the House floor yesterday against "white liberals" in Congress and "white television and newspapers," Rep. Gus Savage, D-Ill., said the House ethics committee had dismissed charges against him that he sexually harassed a female Peace Corps worker in Africa last year.

The Committee on Standards of Official Conduct filed its report on the Savage probe Wednesday, but the panel's official findings will not be revealed until the document (H Rept 101-397) is returned from the Government Printing Office today or early next week.

During a strongly worded speech to an empty House chamber, Savage, who is black, accused the news media and several of his colleagues of racism in seeking the investigation of his conduct in Zaire. He suggested that someone in the federal government had planted the story with a *Washington Post* reporter.

A black, female Peace Corps worker alleged that Savage sexually harassed her while they shared a limousine during his visit to Zaire.

"I am grateful that the bipartisan

ethics committee of this House has dismissed charges brought against me last July by three members of Congress, despite admitting that they knew absolutely nothing about the case, other than allegations in a *Washington Post* newspaper story," Savage said yesterday.

"Believe it or not, among these self-appointed guardians of personal morality was one who since has admitted keeping and prostituting a homosexual," said Savage, referring to Barney Frank, D-Mass., under an ethics investigation himself for hiring a male prostitute as a personal aide.

Savage also questioned the racial sensitivity of "the other two, so-called white liberals" who sought the ethics review — Patricia Schroeder, D-Colo., and Matthew F. McHugh, D-N.Y.

He suggested that the State Department "illicitly" told the newspaper of the woman's whereabouts because Savage is a critic of the government's "neo-colonialist foreign policy all over Africa."

SPECIAL PROSECUTOR to investigate Pierce, Thornburgh says.

Attorney General Dick Thornburgh announced yesterday that he would ask for an independent special prosecutor to be appointed to investigate Samuel R. Pierce Jr., secretary of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) during the Reagan administration.

Congressional critics allege that during Pierce's tenure at the agency, HUD officials were involved in an influence-peddling scandal. Pierce has denied any wrongdoing.

Thornburgh said the prosecutor would investigate whether Pierce or any other HUD official, from 1984-1988, attempted to defraud the U.S. government or commit any other crime relating to HUD's "moderate rehabilitation" housing program.

Thornburgh's action came as the re-

Floor Action: Neither the House nor the Senate is in session.

Drug Policy: William Bennett, director of the National Drug Control Policy Office, testifies today before the Senate Judiciary Committee on the Bush administration's second national drug-control strategy.

The plan, announced Jan. 25, calls for \$10.6 billion in anti-drug spending for fiscal 1991, a 12 percent increase over current appropriations. The committee will also examine an alternative package proposed by panel Chairman Joseph R. Biden Jr., D-Del. Biden's plan would provide \$14.7 billion in spending for fiscal 1991.

Both plans would substantially increase funding for federal law enforcement efforts. The Bush proposal would expand death penalty laws to apply in some drug felony cases that do not involve murder. Biden's proposal would provide a greater increase in funding for treatment and education programs than the Bush plan.

Medigap Insurance: The Senate Finance Medicare and Long-Term Care Subcommittee holds a hearing on rising premiums for medigap insurance policies — privately provided policies that cover expenses not paid by Medicare.

As the cost of health care has outstripped the coverage provided by Medicare, many elderly individuals have turned to medigap insurance. When the 1988 catastrophic health care law was repealed last year, the premiums on private policies began to rise, in some cases by as much as 35 percent.

Today's hearing will focus on the reasons for the increase and on whether the elderly are getting a good buy for the money they are spending on medigap coverage.

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See NEWS on p. 2

NEWS from p. 2

sult of a request by 19 of 20 Democrats on the House Judiciary Committee, who asked him last November to appoint a special prosecutor. In making the announcement, Thornburgh said he would ask a special three-court panel at the U.S. Court of Appeals to appoint the prosecutor.

DEFENSE SLOWDOWN needs to be done cautiously, Cheney says.

Defense Secretary Dick Cheney said yesterday that recent developments in the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe make defense reductions possible, but cuts should be undertaken cautiously.

Cheney and Gen. Colin L. Powell Jr., chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, testified before the Senate Armed Services Committee in the first of several hearings the panel is holding on the proposed \$306.9 billion fiscal 1991 defense budget.

Powell echoed Cheney's testimony, saying, "Let's not shatter the armed forces."

Cheney said that while conventional forces should be reduced, Congress should approve an increase for strategic weapons and research, particularly the strategic defense initiative (SDI).

But Jim Exon, D-Neb., told Cheney that the \$4.7 billion SDI budget — about \$1 billion more than approved for fiscal 1990 — probably would be slashed.

Cheney told the committee, "We're going to cut the defense budget. But, please, let's do it in an intelligent and orderly fashion."

SOVIET TIES to Cuba, Nicaragua deter relations, Baker argues.

The United States would consider lifting economic sanctions and normalizing relations with Nicaragua after this month's elections if two conditions were met, Secretary of State James A. Baker III told the Senate Foreign Relations Committee yesterday.

Baker said the administration must be satisfied that the elections, scheduled for Feb. 25, are free and fair. And, after the elections, the Nicaraguan government must demonstrate they have halted all military assistance to rebels in El Salvador.

Baker noted the continued involvement of the Soviet Union in the Western Hemisphere — particularly in Cuba and Nicaragua. He told members that the Soviet Union's policy toward Cuba and Central America is the biggest obstacle to substantial improvement in U.S.-Soviet relations.

Baker told the panel that the Soviet Union has a special responsibility to contribute to peace in Central America because its aid to nations there has supported destruction and war.

Baker reiterated the administration's plea for Congress to give it more flexibility in allocating foreign aid. President Bush's fiscal 1991 budget proposes \$14.9 billion for foreign aid — including \$8.8 billion in security assistance and \$6.1 billion in development and humanitarian aid.

BRADY, BOSKIN optimistic Bush budget plan can succeed.

President Bush's top economic advisers told the Senate Budget Committee yesterday that savings plans in the proposed budget will give rise to economic growth.

As they have been doing all week in defending the president's \$1.23 trillion fiscal 1991 budget, Treasury Secretary Nicholas F. Brady and top economic adviser Michael J. Boskin said economic prospects will improve this year and sustain that level through 1991. Cuts in the capital gains tax and a family savings plan the president proposes would stimulate the economy, both said.

Boskin said the president's proposed fiscal 1991 budget would "enhance the ability of the U.S. economy to grow." He agreed that the economy is presently sluggish, but predicted it will rebound.

Boskin again blamed the Congressional Budget Office (CBO) for being "pessimistic" in forecasting much slower economic growth than the White House. He said CBO has underestimated economic growth and overestimated inflation in each of the past three years.

Committee Chairman Jim Sasser, D-Tenn., criticized the president for saying there has been progress in reducing the budget deficit when it has only been masked by the use of Social Security surpluses.

"The president was declaring victory over the deficit and that was the end of it," Sasser said.

BREEDEN WANTS more futures market authority for the SEC.

Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Chairman Richard C. Breeden yesterday asked Congress to restrict leverage in the futures industry.

Breeden, testifying before the Senate Banking Securities Subcommittee, called for the setting of minimum margin requirements for those trading in the futures market. The margin requirement is the amount of money futures traders are asked to put down before being allowed to conduct business.

He also asked that the SEC be given the authority to investigate financial interests that deal with the futures market as part of their business. A federal judge, in a case involving the Chicago Futures Exchange, last year ruled that the SEC has no jurisdiction over such cases.

Subcommittee Chairman Christopher J. Dodd, D-Conn., and John Heinz,

R-Pa., said they would support Breeden's request for the changes in law.

Breeden also told the subcommittee that he favored legislation (S 647) that would allow the SEC to fine those who violate securities law. Currently, the SEC can impose civil fines only in insider-trading cases. Other securities violations are handled by other means.

The SEC chairman asked for "cease and desist" authority that would allow the agency to halt suspected illegal activities without first having to request a court order from a federal judge.

Breeden said that the SEC needed "flexible and effective tools" to fight irregularities on Wall Street.

RICO REFORM approved, despite Lincoln probe pressure.

The Senate Judiciary Committee approved legislation (S 438) yesterday to reform federal racketeering and consumer fraud laws amid laments from panel members that public debate on the issue had been inappropriately colored by an investigation into activities involving the insolvent Lincoln Savings and Loan.

The bill, approved by an 11-2 vote, calls for several changes in the 1970 Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations (RICO) Act. It would limit awards for certain plaintiffs to actual damages, court costs and attorney's fees, and would outline other damage awards allowed for specific groups of plaintiffs, including victims of insider trading and consumer fraud.

Successful plaintiffs would keep the right to collect top damages automatically in lawsuits involving a felony.

Dennis DeConcini, D-Ariz. — the bill's sponsor and one of five senators being investigated by the Senate Ethics Committee for ties to the chairman of the failed Lincoln thrift — complained that he had been the subject of "lies, distortions and personal attacks" that linked his support of the RICO legislation to his contacts with Lincoln head Charles H. Keating Jr.

Keating is the subject of several lawsuits filed under RICO statutes by investors who allege that he sold them uninsured and ultimately worthless junk bonds. Some newspaper editorials have blasted DeConcini for pushing a bill which they said would weaken laws protecting victims of organized or white-collar crime.

Republicans and Democrats on the Judiciary Committee said yesterday that DeConcini had been pushing for RICO reform long before he spoke with federal regulators in behalf of Lincoln.

Howard M. Metzenbaum, D-Ohio, and Edward M. Kennedy, D-Mass., voted against the measure. Metzenbaum, a longtime opponent of DeConcini's RICO reform efforts, said he would fight the bill on the Senate floor.

Committee Meetings Today

ENERGY AID to the poor cut by White House, Kildee complains.

The chairman of a House subcommittee said yesterday there was no justification for a Bush administration plan to cut energy assistance for the poor to \$1.05 billion — roughly half the funds the program received in the early 1980s and a 25 percent cut from current levels. The cut was proposed in the administration's fiscal 1991 budget.

For the families and elderly persons who participate, the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) "not only means the difference between heating and eating, it can also be the first line of defense against homelessness," said Dale E. Kildee, D-Mich., chairman of the House Education and Labor Human Resources Subcommittee.

Kildee told Eunice S. Thomas, an acting assistant secretary at the Department of Health and Human Services, that \$1.05 billion is "just barely a blip on the computer screen over at the Pentagon." But that money will make a great difference "to the people who need a kindly, friendly, gentler government," he added.

Thomas said the administration believes the federal government should reduce its role in financing the program, leaving state and local governments with greater responsibility for meeting energy assistance needs. The energy crisis of the 1970s which gave rise to the program has passed, she said, adding that home heating and cooling costs stabilized during the 1980s.

SOYBEAN GROUP asks for new price support structure.

The president of the American Soybean Association yesterday asked a Senate Agriculture subcommittee to consider a new government assistance program to stimulate soybean production.

Marlyn Jorgensen told the Subcommittee on Agricultural Production and Stabilization of Prices that soybean production has been declining steadily.

He said a new Graduated Equity Loan Program would help soybean farmers. Under the program, farmers could borrow money from the government and then pay it back either with crops or through proceeds of soybean sales at a target price set by the Department of Agriculture.

Bruce Gardner, assistant secretary of agriculture, did not endorse the plan proposed by Jorgensen. However, he told the subcommittee that the program would cost \$1 billion over five years and increase soybean production by 1 million to 1.5 million acres.

The soybean producers would like the program made part of a major farm bill Congress will be considering this year.

Senate Committees

FY91 EDUCATION APPROPRIATIONS

Senate Labor-HHS Education Appropriations Subcommittee

The subcommittee (Chmn Harkin, D-Iowa) will hold a hearing on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am & 1:30pm SD-192 Dirksen Bldg Feb 2

Note: This hearing has been rescheduled for Feb 21

WESTERN SECURITY

Senate Armed Services Committee

The full committee (Chmn Nunn, D-Ga) will hold a hearing on the implications of changes in the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe for Western Security.

9am SH-216 Hart Bldg Feb 2

Witnesses scheduled: Adm William Crowe Jr - former chmn, Joint Chiefs of Staff; Gen David Jones - former chmn, Joint Chiefs of Staff; Gen John Vessey Jr - former chmn, Joint Chiefs of Staff

MEDIGAP INSURANCE

Senate Finance Committee

Medicare and Long Term Care Subcommittee (Chmn Rockefeller, D-WVa) will hold a hearing on issues related to Medigap insurance. Medigap coverage is private insurance that covers the cost of deductibles and excess charges not paid by the Medicare program.

10am SD-215 Dirksen Bldg Feb 2

Witnesses scheduled: Rep Wyden, D-Ore; Janet Shikles - dir, Health Financing & Policy, GAO; Earl Pomeroy - pres, Natl Assn of Insurance Commrs; Thomas Rice - assoc prof, Univ of NC School of Public Health

PANEL: Alan Spielman - exec dir, Govt Prgms Legis, Blue Cross & Blue Shield Assn; Linda Jenckes - vpres for fed affs; Health Insurance Assn of America

PANEL: Gail Shearer - mgr of policy analysis, Consumers Union; Victor Hurst - mbr of bd of dirs, American Assn of Retired Persons

NATIONAL DRUG STRATEGY

Senate Judiciary Committee

The full committee (Chmn Biden, D-Del) will hold a hearing on the national drug control strategy.

10am SD-226 Dirksen Bldg Feb 2

Witness scheduled: William Bennett - dir, Ofc of Natl Drug Control Policy

Monitor Telephone Services

Monitor subscribers may call an after-hours tape recording, (202) 887-8518, featuring new listings and late changes in committee schedules.

During business hours, subscribers may call the Monitor's Hotline question-and-answer service at (202) 887-8515 for scheduling information.

★ New listing

Joint Committees

JANUARY EMPLOYMENT

Joint Economic Committee

The full committee (Chmn Hamilton, D-Ind) will meet to receive the employment and unemployment statistics for the month of January.

9:30am SD-106 Dirksen Bldg Feb 2

Witness scheduled: Janet Norwood - commnr, Bureau of Labor Statistics

1990 ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

Joint Economic Committee

The full committee (Chmn Hamilton, D-Ind) will continue a series of hearings to examine the economic outlook for 1990. The hearings are being held in conjunction with the committee's annual evaluation of the *Economic Report of the President*.

10:30am SD-106 Dirksen Bldg Feb 2

Witness scheduled: Nicholas Brady - Treasury secy

CONGRESSIONAL MONITOR

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■ Revised listing

News Events Scheduled Today

GRAIN COUNCIL MEETING

The following speakers highlight the National Grain Council Membership Meeting.

8am, J W Marriott Hotel, 14th St and Pennsylvania Ave NW Feb 2

Contact: 842-0400

Highlights:

8am: National Grain Council Chairman William Allen Jr

9:15am: Sen Kerrey, D-Neb, delivers a lecture titled, "Sounding From the Heartland on the 1990 Farm Bill"

11am: Rep English, D-Okla, chairman of House Agriculture Conservation, Credit and Rural Development Subcommittee, delivers a lecture titled, "1990-An Outlook for Agriculture"

Noon: Wendy Lee Gramm, chairman of the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, delivers a lecture titled, "Challenges Facing the Futures Industry"

RESEARCH WORKSHOP ON CONGRESS

Congressional Quarterly will sponsor a research workshop on Congress.

8:30am to 1pm, Congressional Quarterly, 1414 22nd St NW Feb 2

NOTE: There is a charge of \$195 for this workshop. For information and reservations call (202) 887-8620. Outside the Washington, DC, area call 1-800-432-2250, ext. 620.

LEGISLATIVE PROCESS

Government Relations Institute of Women in Government Relations (WGR) will sponsor a two-hour session, conducted by Congressional

Research Service staff, on the Senate legislative process.

8:30am to 10:30am, Bell Communications, 2101 L St NW, Suite 600 Feb 2

NOTE: There is a charge of \$25 for WGR members \$35 for non-members. For more information contact Julie Raffensperger at (202) 484-4884.

CLEAN AIR ACT

National Clean Air Coalition discusses "recent administration and congressional attempts to significantly weaken S 1630, the Clean Air bill currently being debated in the Senate." Among the speakers will be Richard Ayres, chairman of the coalition.

10am, Natural Resources Defense council, 1350 New York Ave NW, suite 300 Feb 2

Contact: Jeanne Whalen, 783-7800 or Ed Barks, 797-5438

DRUGS/ANDEAN REGION BRIEFING

Senate Foreign Relations Terrorism, Narcotics and International Operations Subcommittee and the Washington Office on Latin America hold a briefing on the drug debate as it relates to Peru.

12:30pm to 2pm, SR-188 Russell Bldg Feb 2

Contact: Mary Lou Pickel, 224-2742 or Coletta Youngers, 544-8045

MOYNIHAN SPEECH

Sen Moynihan, D-NY, discusses his proposal to cut Social Security taxes in an address

--from Reuters

to members of the ERISA Industry Committee.

1:30pm, Four Seasons Hotel, 2800 Pennsylvania Ave NW, Salon A Feb 2

Contact: Marjorie Taylor, 833-2800

DEMOCRATS NEWS CONFERENCE

House Speaker Foley, D-Wash, and Rep Gephardt, D-Mo, Gray, D-Pa, Hoyer, D-Md, and Fazio, D-Calif, discuss the just-completed two-day closed issues conference held in Columbia, Md.

5:30pm, 2123 Rayburn Bldg Feb 2

Contact: Charles Seigel, 225-4131

Note: Set-up will begin at 5 p.m.

ECONOMIC INDICATORS AND REPORTS

8:30am: Labor Department releases the employment situation for January.

10am: Commerce Department releases factory orders for December.

11:30am: The Student Loan Marketing Association announces a monthly short-term floating rate note offer.

2pm: The Federal National Mortgage Association announces a monthly short-term floating rate note debenture offer.

3pm: Agriculture Department releases weekly cattle stocks report.

4:15pm: Federal Reserve releases weekly conditions report of large commercial banks.

Senate Committees Future Listings

Agriculture, Nutrition & Forestry

224-2035

1990 FARM BILL

Subcommittee Hearings

Agricultural Production and Stabilization of Prices Subcommittee (Chmn Pryor, D-Ark) of Senate Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry Committee will continue hearings in preparation for drafting the 1990 farm bill.

9:30am SR-332 Russell Bldg Feb 6, March 1 & 5

10am SR-332 Russell Bldg March 2 & 6

2pm SR-332 Russell Bldg March 8

Agenda:

Feb 1: Soybeans

Feb 6: Crop insurance

March 1: Cotton

March 2: Wool & honey (Acting Chmn Conrad, D-ND)

March 5: Rice

March 6: Sugar (Acting Chmn Conrad, D-ND)

March 8: Wheat

1990 FARM BILL

Subcommittee Hearing

Domestic and Foreign Marketing and Product Promotion Subcommittee (Chmn Bo-

★ New listing

ren, D-Okla) of Senate Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry Committee will hold a hearing on export and market development programs in preparation for drafting the 1990 farm bill.

2pm SR-332 Russell Bldg Feb 6

1990 FARM BILL

Full Committee Hearing

Senate Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry Committee (Chmn Leahy, D-Vt) will hold a hearings in preparation for drafting the 1990 farm bill.

9:30am room TBA Feb 7, 21 & 27, March 7

Agenda and witnesses scheduled:

Feb. 7: Administration's views

Clayton Yeutter - secy of agriculture

Feb. 21: Trade

Feb. 27: Hunger in America

March 7: Dairy issues

1990 FARM BILL

Subcommittee Hearings

Agricultural Credit Subcommittee (Chmn Conrad, D-ND) of Senate Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry Committee will hold hearings on agricultural credit in preparation for drafting the 1990 farm bill.

2pm SR-332 Russell Bldg Feb 8 & March 5

2:30pm SR-332 Russell Bldg Feb 20

1990 FARM BILL

Subcommittee Hearings

Agricultural Research and General Legislation Subcommittee (Chmn Daschle, D-SD) of Senate Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry Committee will hold hearings in preparation for drafting the 1990 farm bill.

9:30am SR-332 Russell Bldg Feb 8, 22 & March 9

Agenda:

Feb 8 & 22: Grain quality

March 9: Noxious weeds

1990 FARM BILL

Subcommittee Hearings

Conservation and Forestry Subcommittee (Chmn Fowler, D-Ga) of Senate Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry Committee will hold hearings in preparation for drafting the 1990 farm bill.

2pm SR-332 Russell Bldg March 1

9:30am SR-332 Russell Bldg March 8

Agenda:

March 1: Forestry

March 8: Conservation issues

■ Revised listing

Senate continued...

Appropriations

224-3471

FY91 AGRICULTURE APPROPS
Subcommittee Hearings

Rural Development, Agriculture and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chmn Burdick, D-ND) of Senate Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am SD-138 Dirksen Bldg Feb 28, March 2, 6, 21, 23 & 30, April 4

Agenda:

Feb 28: Clayton Yeutter - agriculture secy

March 2: Agricultural Research Service; Cooperative State Research Service; Extension Service

March 6: Food & Nutrition Service; Human Nutrition Information Service

March 21: Commodity Futures Trading Commn; Food & Drug Admin; Farm Credit Admin; Farm Credit System Assistance Bd

March 23: Animal & Plant Health Inspection Service; Food Safety & Inspection Service; Agricultural Marketing Service

March 30: Farmers Home Admin; Fedl Crop Insurance Corp; Rural Electrification Admin

April 4: Agricultural Stabilization & Conservation Service; Foreign Agricultural Service; Gen Sales Mgr; Soil Conservation Service

FY91 LABOR-HHS APPROPS
Subcommittee Hearings

Labor, Health and Human Services, Education and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chmn Harkin, D-Iowa) of Senate Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am SD-138 Dirksen Bldg Feb 6

10am & 1:15pm SD-192 Dirksen Bldg Feb 7

10am SD-192 Dirksen Bldg Feb 9

10am & 1:30pm SD-138 Dirksen Bldg Feb 20

9:30am & 1:15pm SD-192 Dirksen Bldg Feb 21

10am & 1:30pm SD-192 Dirksen Bldg Feb 28

9:30am SD-138 Dirksen Bldg March 20

9:30am SD-192 Dirksen Bldg March 21

9:30am SD-138 Dirksen Bldg March 22 & 27

9:30am SD-192 Dirksen Bldg March 28

9:30am SD-116 Dirksen Bldg March 29

Agenda:

Feb 6: Labor Dept: secy; inspector gen

Feb 7: Health & Human Services Dept:

10am: secy; overview, Ofc of Civil Rights, Policy Research; Family Support Admin; Human Development Services; inspector gen

1:15pm: Social Security Admin; Health Care Financing Admin

Feb 9: Health & Human Services Dept: asst secy for health; Health Care Policy and Research; Ctrs for Disease Control; Alcohol, Drug Abuse and Mental Health Admin; Health and Human Resources Admin

Feb 20: Health & Human Services Dept (Natl Institutes of Health):

10am: overview (includes Ofc of Director and Bldgs & Facilities); Natl Cancer Inst; Heart, Lung and Blood Inst; Natl Dental Inst; Diabetes, Digestive and Kidney; Allergy & Infectious Diseases; Child Health & Human Development; Environmental Health

1:30pm: Neurology Inst; Deafness Inst; Gen Medical Sciences; Natl Eye Inst; Natl Inst on Aging; Arthritis, Musculoskeletal & Skin; Div of Research Resources; Nursing Research; Human Ge-

★ New listing

nome; Natl Library of Medicine

Feb 21: Education Dept:

9:30am: secy; Special Institutions

1:15pm: Asst secretaries; inspector gen

Feb 28: related agencies:

10am: ACTION; Natl Council on Disability; Fed Mediation and Conciliation Service; Natl Mediation Bd; Fed Mine Safety and Health Review Bd; Fed Mine Safety and Health Review Commn; Natl Labor Relations Bd; Occupational Safety and Health Review Commn

1:30pm: Physician Payment Review Commn; Corp for Public Broadcasting; Natl Commn on Libraries; US Inst on Peace; Natl Commn on AIDS; Prospective Payment Assessment Commn; Natl Commn to Prevent Infant Mortality; Soldier's and Airmen's Home

March 20, 21, 22, 27, 28 & 29: public witnesses

★ FY91 LEGISLATIVE APPROPS

Legislative Branch Subcommittee (Chmn Reid, D-Nev) of Senate Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am SD-116 Dirksen Bldg March 2, 9, 23 & 30

Agenda:

March 2: US Senate; Congressional Budget Ofc

March 9: Library of Congress; Ofc of Technology Assessment

March 23: Capitol Police Bd; Architect of the Capitol

March 30: Govt Printing Ofc; Gen Accounting Ofc

★ FY91 TRANSPORTATION APPROPS

Transportation and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chmn Lautenberg, D-NJ) of Senate Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am SD-138 Dirksen Bldg March 1 & 8

2:30 SD-116 Dirksen Bldg March 20

10am SD-138 Dirksen Bldg March 29, April 5, 19 & 26, May 3, 10

Agenda:

March 1: transportation secy

March 8: Natl Transportation Safety Bd; Fed Highway Admin

March 20: Panama Canal Commn

March 29: Urban Mass Transportation Admin; Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority

April 5: Natl Highway Traffic Safety Admin; Research & Special Programs Admin

April 19: Fed Railroad Admin; Amtrak

April 26: Gen Accounting Ofc

May 3: Coast Guard

May 10: Fed Aviation Admin

FY91 TREASURY-POSTAL APPROPS
Subcommittee Hearings

Treasury-Postal Service and General Government Subcommittee (Chmn DeConcini, D-Ariz) of Senate Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am SD-116 Dirksen Bldg Feb 7, 21 & 28, March 7, 21 & 28, April 5, 19 & 25

Agenda (tentative):

Feb 7: Ofc of Natl Drug Control Policy

Feb 21: US Customs Service; Fedl Election Commn

Feb 28: Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco & Firearms; Fedl Law Enforcement Training Ctr

March 7: Nicholas Brady - Treasury secy

March 21: US Secret Service; Internal Revenue Service

March 28: Bureau of the Public Debt; Ofc of Personnel Mgmt

April 5: US Postal Service; Natl Archives

April 19: Ofc of Mgmt & Budget; Executive Ofc of the Pres

April 25: Gen Services Admin

Armed Services

224-3871

WESTERN SECURITY

Senate Armed Services Committee (Chmn Nunn, D-Ga) will hold a hearing on the implications of changes in the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe for Western Security.

9am SH-216 Hart Bldg Feb 2

9:30am SR-222 Russell Bldg Feb 6

9am SR-222 Russell Bldg Feb 22

Witnesses scheduled:

Feb 2: Adm William Crowe Jr - former chmn, Joint Chiefs of Staff; Gen David Jones - former chmn, Joint Chiefs of Staff; Gen John Vessey Jr - former chmn, Joint Chiefs of Staff

Feb 6: Harold Brown - former secy of defense

Feb 22: Frank Carlucci - former secy of defense

NATO STRATEGY

Senate Armed Services Committee (Chmn Nunn, D-Ga) will hold a hearing on the military strategy and operational requirements for NATO defense.

9am SH-216 Hart Bldg Feb 7

Witnesses scheduled: Gen John Galvin - cmdr in chief, US European Cmd; Adm Frank Kelso II - cmdr in chief, US Atlantic Cmd

U.S. DEFENSE STRATEGY

Senate Armed Services Committee (Chmn Nunn, D-Ga) will hold hearings on the military strategy and operational requirements of several US commands.

9am and 2pm SH-216 Hart Bldg Feb 8

9am SR-222 Russell Bldg Feb 21

Agenda and witnesses scheduled:

Feb 8: (9am) Requirements of Pacific Command: Adm Huntington Hardisty - cmdr in chief, US Pacific Command; Gen Louis Menetrey - cmdr, US Forces, Korea

(2pm) Requirements of commands oriented to Third World defense and unconventional warfare:

James Lindsay - cmdr in chief, US Special Operations Command; Gen H Norman Schwarzkopf, US Central Command; Gen Maxwell Thurman - cmdr in chief, US Southern Command

Feb 21: Requirements of commands for rapid reinforcement and associated transportation requirements:

Gen Edwin Burba Jr - cmdr in chief, US Forces Command; Gen Hansford Johnson, cmdr in chief, US Transportation Command

DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION

Senate Armed Services Committee (Chmn Nunn, D-Ga) will hold a hearing on the amended defense authorization request for fiscal year 1991 and the five-year defense plan. The committee will also receive a presentation from the chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

2pm SR-253 Russell Bldg Feb 27

9am SR-253 Russell Bldg Feb 28

Witnesses scheduled:

Feb 27: Michael Stone - secy of the Army; H Lawrence Garrett III - secy of the Navy; Donald Rice - secy of the Air Force

Feb 28: Gen Carl Vuono - chief of staff, Army; Adm Carlisle Trost - chief, naval operations; Gen Alfred Gray Jr - cmdr, Marine Corps; Gen Larry Welch - chief of staff, Air Force

★ Revised listing

Senate continued...

Banking, Housing & Urban Affairs

224-7391

FANNIE MAE & FREDDIE MAC OVERSIGHT

Housing and Urban Affairs Subcommittee (Chmn Cranston, D-Calif) of Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee will hold an oversight hearing on the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac).

10am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg Feb 7

SEC ENFORCEMENT

Securities Subcommittee (Chmn Dodd, D-Conn) of Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee will continue hearings on legislation (S 647) to provide additional enforcement remedies to the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

10am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg Feb 8

THIRD WORLD DEBT

International Finance and Monetary Policy Subcommittee (Chmn Sarbanes, D-Md) of Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on strategies to decrease U.S. banks' exposure to Third World debt.

9:30am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg Feb 21

MONETARY POLICY

Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee (Chmn Riegle, D-Mich) will hold a hearing to receive the Federal Reserve Board's semiannual report on monetary policy for 1990.

10am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg Feb 22

OMNIBUS HOUSING BILL

Housing and Urban Affairs Subcommittee (Chmn Cranston, D-Calif) of Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee will hold hearings on legislation (S 566 - National Affordable Housing Act) to authorize a new corporation to support state and local efforts to increase home ownership by creating more affordable housing.

10am SD-628 Dirksen Bldg Feb 22 & March 1

Agenda:

Feb. 22: Affordable housing issues

March 1: Administration's housing bill

BANK REGULATION

Consumer and Regulatory Affairs Subcommittee (Chmn Dixon, D-Ill) of Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee will hold hearings on the regulatory burden faced by U.S. banks.

10am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg Feb 26 & 27

BANK COMPETITIVENESS ABROAD

Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee (Chmn Riegle, D-Mich) will hold a hearing on the competitiveness of U.S. banks abroad.

10am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg Feb 28

★ New listing

DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT

Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee (Chmn Riegle, D-Mich) will hold a hearing on legislation (S 1379) to reauthorize the Defense Production Act. The act aims to keep the U.S. industrial base prepared for any military emergency.

10am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg March 1

HUD INVESTIGATION

Special Investigation Subcommittee (Chmn Graham, D-Fla) of Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee will continue hearings to investigate the abuses in HUD's Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation program and the Coinsurance program. The Section 8 program provides developers with subsidies to rehabilitate housing for low-income tenants. The Coinsurance program allows private insurers to help insure government housing projects.

Time TBA SD-538 Dirksen Bldg dates TBA

Budget

224-0642

FY91 BUDGET

Senate Budget Committee (Chmn Sasser, D-Tenn) will hold hearings on the administration's FY91 budget proposals.

10am SD-608 Dirksen Bldg Feb 5, 7 & 9

Agenda & witnesses scheduled:

Feb 5: Dick Cheney - secy of defense

Feb 7: Impact of health care costs on the American economy health issues:

Lane Kirkland - pres, AFL-CIO; Gov Booth Gardner, D-Wash; Richard Heckert - chmn of the finance cmte (and former CEO), E I du Pont de Nemours & Co

Feb 9: William Bennett - dir, Ofc of Natl Drug Control Policy

Commerce, Science & Transportation

224-5115

ICC NOMINATION

Senate Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee (Acting Chmn Exon, D-Neb) will hold a confirmation hearing on the nomination of Edward Philbin to be a member of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

2pm SR-253 Russell Bldg Feb 6

EXPORT OF CHEMICALS

Foreign Commerce and Tourism Subcommittee (Acting Chmn Hollings, D-SC) of Senate Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee will hold a hearing on oversight of the export of chemicals.

10am SR-253 Russell Bldg Feb 6

REGULATION OF ALTERNATIVE TELEPHONE SERVICES

Communications Subcommittee (Chmn Inouye, D-Hawaii) of Senate Commerce, Science

and Transportation Committee will hold a hearing on pending legislation on regulating alternative telephone services.

9:30am SR-253 Russell Bldg Feb 7

Agenda:

S 1643 - Provide protection to consumers in connection with certain telephone services *Short title: Telephone Operator Service Consumer Protection Act*

S 1660 - Relating to telephone operator consumer services *Short title: Telephone Operator Consumer Services Improvement Act*

CHILD-PASSENGER SAFETY

Consumer Subcommittee (Chmn Bryan, D-Nev) of Senate Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee will hold an overview hearing on child-passenger safety.

10:30am SD-628 Dirksen Bldg Feb 7

PRODUCT LIABILITY

Consumer Subcommittee (Chmn Bryan, D-Nev) of Senate Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (S 1400) to regulate interstate commerce by providing for a uniform product liability law. The hearing will focus on the effectiveness of current product liability laws and the potential effect of federal pre-emption of state laws.

9:30am SR-253 Russell Bldg Feb 22

GARBAGE BACKHAULING

Surface Transportation Subcommittee (Chmn Exon, D-Neb) of Senate Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee will hold a hearing on legislation to restrict "backhauling," the practice of transporting edible products, such as apple juice, in the same trucks that carry chemicals and garbage.

9am SR-253 Russell Bldg March 1

Agenda:

S 1751 - Prohibit the use of refrigerated motor vehicles for the transportation of solid waste, to prohibit the use of cargo tanks in providing motor vehicle transportation of food and hazardous materials *Short title: Safe Transportation of Food Act*

S 1904 - Require the transportation secy to take certain actions with respect to the regulation of motor vehicle transportation in order to ensure that food is not made unsafe as a result of its transportation by motor vehicles *Short title: Clean Food Transportation Act*

Energy & Natural Resources

224-4971

ENERGY NOMINATIONS

Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee (Chmn Johnston, D-La) will hold a confirmation hearing on pending Energy Department nominations.

10am SD-366 Dirksen Bldg Feb 5

Agenda:

John W Bartlett to be dir of the Ofc of Civilian Radioactive Waste Management, Energy Dept
Robert Gentile to be asst secy of energy (fossil energy)

CALIF & NEV WATER BILLS

Water and Power Subcommittee (Chmn Bradley, D-NJ) of Senate Energy and Natural

■ Revised listing

Senate continued...

Resources Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (S 1554 - Truckee-Carson-Pyramid Lake Water Rights Settlement Act) to ratify and implement water settlements involving the Pyramid Lake Paiute Tribe, the states of California and Nevada and other parties regarding the waters of the Truckee and Carson rivers and Lake Tahoe in Nevada and California; to provide for enhancement of endangered species; and to preserve valuable wetlands.

9:30am SD-366 Dirksen Bldg Feb 6

ENERGY CMTE BUSINESS

Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee (Chmn Johnston, D-La) will meet to consider pending business.

9:30am SD-366 Dirksen Bldg Feb 7

TONGASS TIMBER POLICY

Public Lands, National Parks and Forests Subcommittee (Chmn Bumpers, D-Ark) of Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee will hold a hearing on two provisions of legislation (HR 987 - Tongass Timber Reform Act) to designate certain lands in the Tongass National Forest as wilderness. The provisions relate to fisheries protection and buffer zones and the designation of additional wilderness areas in the Tongass National Forest.

2pm SD-366 Dirksen Bldg Feb 7

NUCLEAR-WASTE DISPOSAL

Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee (Chmn Johnston, D-La) will hold a hearing on how the Energy Department is implementing the civilian nuclear-waste-management program.

9:30am SD-366 Dirksen Bldg Feb 22

HIGH-PERFORMANCE COMPUTING

Energy Research and Development Subcommittee (Chmn Ford, D-Ky) of Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (S 1976) to provide for continued U.S. leadership in high-performance computing.

2pm SD-366 Dirksen Bldg March 6

WASTE ISOLATION PLANT

Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee (Chmn Johnston, D-La) will hold a hearing on the Energy Department's plan for the opening of the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant in Carlsbad, N.M. The plant will dispose of radioactive waste from Energy Department atomic-weapons plants.

9:30am SD-366 Dirksen Bldg March 8

Finance

224-4515

SOCIAL SECURITY TAX CUT

Senate Finance Committee (Chmn Bentsen, D-Texas) will hold hearings on Sen. Moynihan's, D-NY, proposal to roll back the 1990 increase in the Social Security tax.

2pm SD-215 Dirksen Bldg Feb 5

10am SD-215 Dirksen Bldg Feb 8

★ New listing

TRADE ACT OVERSIGHT

Senate Finance Committee (Chmn Bentsen, D-Texas) will hold an oversight hearing on the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988. The hearing will focus on the Uruguay Round of Multilateral Trade Negotiations, which are entering their final year, to determine the prospects for those talks to achieve the objectives set forth in the Trade Act.

10:30am SD-215 Dirksen Bldg Feb 7

CARIBBEAN BASIN INITIATIVE

International Trade Subcommittee (Chmn Baucus, D-Mont) of Senate Finance Committee will hold a hearing on proposals to amend the Caribbean Basin Initiative (CBI), including making the program permanent and eliminating the exceptions to duty-free treatment.

10am SD-215 Dirksen Bldg Feb 9

CUSTOMS SERVICE BUDGET

Senate Finance Committee (Chmn Bentsen, D-Texas) will hold a hearing on the Customs Service authorization. The committee will examine the possibility of a 2-year authorization and will consider proposed legislation relating to the *ad valorem* customs merchandise processing fee. The *ad valorem* fee is a charge imposed on imported goods, the proceeds of which are used to offset the cost of salaries and expenses of the Customs Services incurred in commercial operations. As presently constituted, the fee violates the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT).

10am SD-215 Dirksen Bldg Feb 22

Foreign Relations

224-4651

★ PANAMA ASSISTANCE

Senate Foreign Relations Committee (Chmn Pell, D-RI) will hold a hearing to discuss and vote on unnumbered legislation to allow certain U.S. assistance and trade benefits to Panama. The committee may also consider and other pending business.

11am SD-419 Dirksen Bldg Feb 6

U.S. CHINA POLICY

Senate Foreign Relations Committee (Chmn Pell, D-RI) will hold a hearing on U.S. policy toward China.

10am SD-419 Dirksen Bldg Feb 7

Witness scheduled: Lawrence Eagleburger - dpty secy of state

★ INTER-AMERICAN BANK NOMINATION

Senate Foreign Relations Committee (Acting Chmn Sarbanes, D-Md) will hold a confirmation hearing on the nomination of Larry Mellinger to be U.S. executive director of the Inter-American Development Bank.

3pm SD-419 Dirksen Bldg Feb 7

★ FUTURE OF NATO

Senate Foreign Relations Committee (Chmn Pell, D-RI) will hold a hearing on the future of NATO.

10am SD-419 Dirksen Bldg Feb 9

Witnesses scheduled: William Taft - US rep to NATO; State Dept rep TBA

ARMS CONTROL TALKS

Senate Foreign Relations Committee (Chmn Pell, D-RI) will hold a hearing on the status of U.S.-Soviet arms control negotiations.

10am SD-419 Dirksen Bldg Feb 21

Witness scheduled: Ronald Lehman II - dir, Arms Control & Disarmament Agency

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for Feb 2.

Governmental Affairs

224-4751

CABINET-LEVEL EPA

Senate Governmental Affairs Committee (Chmn Glenn, D-Ohio) will hold a hearing on legislation (S 2006) to promote the Environmental Protection Agency to Cabinet-level status and to establish a global environmental policy for the United States.

9:30am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg Feb 6, 7 & 8

PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT

Senate Governmental Affairs Committee (Chmn Glenn, D-Ohio) will hold a hearing on legislation (S 1742) to reauthorize the Paperwork Reduction Act and to provide for comprehensive information resources management of federal departments and agencies.

9:30am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg Feb 21 & 22

DOD SUPPLY SYSTEM

Senate Governmental Affairs Committee (Chmn Glenn, D-Ohio) will hold a hearing on a recent GAO report detailing weaknesses in the Defense Department's supply system.

9:30am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg March 6

COMMERCE DEPT REORGANIZATION

Senate Governmental Affairs Committee (Chmn Glenn, D-Ohio) will hold a hearing on legislation (S 1978) to reorganize the Commerce Department into an Industry and Technology Department.

9:30am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg March 7

FEDERAL MANAGEMENT PROBLEMS

Senate Governmental Affairs Committee (Chmn Glenn, D-Ohio) will continue hearings on management problems in federal programs, focusing on those programs considered most vulnerable to fraud and abuse.

9:30am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg March 8

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Senate Governmental Affairs Committee (Chmn Glenn, D-Ohio) will hold a hearing on proposed legislation to establish a position of chief financial officer in the Office of Management and Budget. Chairman Glenn believes that setting up such a position would increase the accountability and improve the management of the federal government.

9:30am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg March 21 & 22

■ Revised listing

Senate continued...**Judiciary**

224-5225

COURT OF APPEALS NOMINATION

Senate Judiciary Committee (Chmn Biden, D-Del) will hold a hearing to consider the nomination of Clarence Thomas to the US Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia.
10am SD-226 Dirksen Bldg **Feb 6**

★ CAPS ON CAMPAIGN SPENDING

Constitution Subcommittee (Chmn Simon, D-Ill) of Senate Judiciary Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (S J Res 48) that would propose an amendment to the Constitution to permit Congress to impose limits on campaign spending in congressional and presidential elections. Such a change would require an amendment to the Constitution because the Supreme Court has held that caps on campaign spending unconstitutionally curb the freedom of contributors and candidates to express themselves.
10am SD-628 Dirksen Bldg **Feb 28**

Labor & Human Resources

224-5375

★ DRUG-EXPOSED BABIES**Field Hearing**

Children, Family, Drugs and Alcoholism Subcommittee (Chmn Dodd, D-Conn) of Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee will hold a field hearing on the effects of substance abuse on children.

2pm 26 Federal Plaza, Room 305-C, New York, NY **Feb 5**

Witness scheduled: David Dinkins - mayor, City of New York

PANEL I - Joseph Semidei - dpty commn for div of family services and childrens services, New York Dept of Social Services; Douglas Besharov - resident scholar, American Enterprise Institute

PANEL II - Dr Jaimie Inclan - dir, Village Treatment Program; Jackie McBride - Child Protective Services Worker, Connecticut Dept of Children and Youth Services; Elaine Fitzgerald - Kinship foster parent; Linda Lemus - foster parent to drug-exposed infants; Herbert Barall - judge, Superior Court, Hartford, Conn

PANEL III - Loretta Finnegan - dir, family center, Thomas Jefferson Univ Hospital; Ira Marion - assoc dir, div of substance abuse, Albert Einstein College of Medicine

HOMELESS YOUTH

Children, Family, Drugs and Alcoholism Subcommittee (Chmn Dodd, D-Conn) of Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee will hold a hearing on the problems of homeless and runaway youth.

1pm SD-430 Dirksen Bldg **Feb 7**

Witnesses scheduled:

PANEL I - Wade Horn - commnr, Admin for Children, Youth and Families; Della Hughes - exec dir, Natl Network for Runaway Youths

PANEL II - Virginia Price - clinical dir, The Bridge Over Troubled Waters, Boston Mass; Deborah Shore - exec dir, Sachia Bruce House; Thomas Behrens - chair, Youth Committee of the Chicago Coalition of the Homeless

★ *New listing*

RADIATION EXPOSURE

Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee (Chmn Kennedy, D-Mass) will hold a hearing on the health effects of radiation exposure caused by underground nuclear testing in the 1950s.

10am SD-430 Dirksen Bldg **Feb 8**

IMMIGRATION POLICY

Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee (Chmn Kennedy, D-Mass) will hold a hearing on the medical grounds for exclusion in U.S. immigration policy.

10am SD-430 Dirksen Bldg **Feb 9**

★ HOME HEALTH CARE**Field Hearing**

Aging Subcommittee (Chmn Matsunaga, D-Hawaii) of Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee will hold field hearings on home health care for the elderly.

9am Meridian Miss **Feb 13 & 15**

★ NATIONAL TEACHERS ACT**Field Hearing**

Education, Arts and Humanities Subcommittee (Chmn Pell, D-Vt) of Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee will hold field hearings on the National Teachers Act.

10am Providence RI **Feb 13**

9:30am Providence RI **Feb 16**

Agenda:

S 1675 - Provide financial assistance for teacher recruitment and training

S 1676 - Strengthen the teaching profession

★ NATIONAL TEACHERS ACT

Education, Arts and Humanities Subcommittee (Chmn Pell, D-Vt) of Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee will hold hearings on the National Teachers Act.

10am SD-430 Dirksen Bldg **Feb 22**

9:30am SD-430 Dirksen Bldg **March 2**

Agenda:

S 1675 - Provide financial assistance for teacher recruitment and training

S 1676 - Strengthen the teaching profession

★ HEADSTART PROGRAM

Children, Family, Drugs and Alcoholism Subcommittee (Chmn Dodd, D-Conn) of Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee will hold a hearing on the Headstart program for children.

2pm SD-430 Dirksen Bldg **March 1**

★ DRUGS & CHILD WELFARE

Children, Family, Drugs and Alcoholism Subcommittee (Chmn Dodd, D-Conn) of Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee will hold a hearing on the effect of substance abuse on the child welfare system.

10am SD-430 Dirksen Bldg **March 8**

Rules & Administration

224-6352

GEORGE MASON MEMORIAL

Senate Rules and Administration Committee (Chmn Ford, D-Ky) will hold a hearing on a bill (S 1543) to establish a memorial to George Mason in the District of Columbia.

9:30am SR-301 Russell Bldg **Feb 22**

PRINTING OFFICE NOMINATION

Senate Rules and Administration Committee (Chmn Ford, D-Ky) will hold a hearing on the nomination of Robert Houk to be Public Printer of the Government Printing Office.

10am SR-301 Russell Bldg **Feb 22**

RULES COMMITTEE BUSINESS

Senate Rules and Administration Committee (Chmn Ford, D-Ky) will mark up pending legislation and nominations.

9:30am SR-301 Russell Bldg **Feb 27**

Agenda:**MARKUP**

S 1543 - Authorize the Colonial Dames at Gunston Hall to establish a memorial to George Mason in the District of Columbia

NOMINATION

Robert Houk to be Public Printer, Government Printing Office.

Small Business

224-5175

TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER

Senate Small Business Committee (Chmn Bumpers, D-Ark) will hold a hearing on technology transfer and its effect on small business. The panel will look at existing programs to share and license innovative technological techniques among small businesses and how such programs can enhance the ability of U.S. small business to combat increased foreign competition.

9:30am SR-428 Russell Bldg **March 8**

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for Feb 22.

Veterans' Affairs

224-9126

VETERANS APPEALS COURT NOMINATION

Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Cranston, D-Calif) will hold a confirmation hearing on the nominations of Hart Mankin and Ronald Holdaway to be judges on the court of veterans appeals.

9:30am SD-562 Dirksen Bldg **Feb 8**

■ VETERANS BUDGET

Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Cranston, D-Calif) will hold a hearing on the FY91 budget for veterans' programs and on a proposed reorganization of the veterans health service.

8am SH-216 Hart Bldg **Feb 23**

9:30am SR-418 Russell Bldg **March 8**

■ *Revised listing*

Senate continued...**VETERANS' LEGISLATIVE AGENDA****Joint Hearings**

Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Cranston, D-Calif) and House Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Montgomery, D-Miss) will hold joint hearings to receive the legislative agendas of veterans' groups.

9:30am SH-216 Hart Bldg Feb 27

9:00am SH-216 Hart Bldg March 6

9:30am SH-216 Hart Bldg March 15

9:00am SH-216 Hart Bldg April 18

Agenda:

Feb 27: Disabled American Veterans

March 6: Veterans of Foreign Wars

March 15: Paralyzed Veterans of America, Blinded Veterans Association, Military Order of

the Purple Heart, Jewish War Veterans and Ex-Prisoners of War

April 18: Vietnam Veterans of America, AMVETS, and the Non-Commissioned Officers Association

VETERANS' HEALTH CARE

Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Cranston, D-Calif) will hold a hearing on legislation (S 1398 - Department of Veterans Affairs Health Care Quality Assistance and Cost Effectiveness Act; S 1332 - Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Facilities Realignment Act) to provide for the realignment and major mission changes of medical facilities of the Veterans Affairs Department (VA).

9:30am SR-418 Russell Bldg March 22

House Committees Future Listings

Aging

OLDER AMERICANS ACT OVERSIGHT

Human Services Subcommittee (Chmn Downey, D-NY) of House Select Aging Committee will hold a hearing to review implementation of the Older Americans Act Amendments of 1987. The amendments provided for social and human services for the elderly, including counseling and nutritional advice.

10am B-318 Rayburn Bldg Feb 7

Witness scheduled: Joyce Berry - acting commr, Admin on Aging

SOCIAL SECURITY PROPOSALS

Retirement, Income and Employment Subcommittee (Chmn Hughes, D-NJ) of House Select Aging Committee will hold an oversight hearing on various proposals to remove the Social Security Trust Fund from calculations of the federal deficit and to return the fund to a pay-as-you-go system.

10am Room TBA Feb 28

Witnesses scheduled: Robert Ball - former commr, Social Security Admin (SSA); Robert Myers - former dpty commr, SSA; Gary Burtless - rep, Brookings Institution; Robert Reischauer - dir, Congressional Budget Ofc

FRAIL ELDERLY**Field Hearing**

Human Services Subcommittee (Chmn Downey, D-NY) of House Select Aging Committee will hold a field hearing on providing services for the "frail elderly," those 85 years of age and over.

9:30am, City Hall Annex, Clearwater, Fla March 5

Agriculture

225-2171

SEAFOOD INSPECTION

Department Operations, Research and Foreign Agriculture Subcommittee (Chmn Brown, D-Calif) of House Agriculture Committee will hold a hearing to evaluate proposed methods of inspecting fish, shellfish and other seafood products for safety and wholesomeness.

10am 1302 Longworth Bldg Feb 7

★ New listing

RURAL DEVELOPMENT MARKUP

House Agriculture Committee (Chmn de la Garza, D-Texas) will mark up legislation (HR 3581) to promote rural economic development.

Time TBA 1300 Longworth Bldg date TBA

Note: This markup was last scheduled for Nov. 17.

FOREST MANAGEMENT

Forests, Family Farms and Energy Subcommittee (Chmn Volkmer, D-Mo) of House Agriculture Committee will continue hearings on national forest management issues, focusing on timber supply and sustained yield.

Time TBA 1302 Longworth Bldg date TBA

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for Nov 29.

Appropriations

225-2771

★ FY91 APPROP

House Appropriations Committee (Chmn Whitten, D-Miss) will hold a hearing to overview fiscal 1991 appropriations

9:30am 2141 Rayburn Bldg Feb 7

FY91 AGRICULTURE APPROP**Subcommittee Hearings**

Rural Development, Agriculture and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chmn Whitten, D-Miss) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

1pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg Feb 20, 21 & 22

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg Feb 23

1pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg Feb 26, 27 & 28, March 1

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 2

1pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 5, 6, 7 & 8

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 9

1pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 12, 13, 14 & 15

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 16

1pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 19, 20, 21 & 22

Agenda:

Feb 20: budget overview

Feb 21: Clayton Yeutter - agriculture secy

Feb 22: gen agricultural outlook

Feb 23: Inspector Gen overview

Feb 26: Economic Research Service; Natl Agricultural Statistics Service; World Agricultural Outlook Bd

Feb 27: farm credit agencies

Feb 28: Soil Conservation Service

March 1: Foreign Agriculture Service; Ofc of the Gen Sales Mgr; Ofc of Internatl Cooperation & Development

March 2: secretarial ofcs; deptl admin

March 5: Food Safety and Inspection Service

March 6: Agricultural Research Service

March 7: Cooperative State Research Service; Extension Service; Natl Agricultural Library

March 8: Human Nutrition Information Service; Food and Nutrition Information Service

March 9: Packers and Stockyards Admin; Ofc of Transportation

March 12: Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

March 13: Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service

March 14: Farmers Home Admin

March 15: Food and Drug Admin

March 16: Ofc of the Gen Counsel; Ofc of Public Affairs

March 19: Fed Crop Insurance Corp

March 20: Fed Grain Inspection Service; Agricultural Marketing Service; Agricultural Cooperative Service

March 21: Rural Electrification Admin

March 22: Commodity Futures Trading Corp

FY91 COMMERCE, STATE, JUSTICE APPROP

Commerce, Justice, State, the Judiciary and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chmn Smith, D-Iowa) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

1:30pm H-310 Capitol Bldg Feb 5

10am & 2pm H-310 Capitol Bldg Feb 6

2pm H-310 Capitol Bldg Feb 21

10am & 2pm H-310 Capitol Bldg Feb 22

Agenda & Witnesses:

Feb 5:

Supreme Court: Justices O'Connor & Scalia

Martin Luther King Holiday Commn: Coretta Scott King

Feb 6:

10am: Commn on Bicentennial of the Constitution: former Supreme Court Chief Justice Warren Burger

Japan-US Friendship Commn: John Makin

Christopher Columbus Quincentenary Commn: John Goudie

2pm: State Justice Inst: C C Torbert Jr

■ Revised listing

House continued...

Court of Intl Trade: Edward Re - chief judge
Court of Appeals for the Fed Circuit: Howard Markey - chief judge

Feb 21:
Bd for Internatl Broadcasting: Malcolm Forbes Jr
Equal Employment Opportunity Commn: Evan Kemp Jr - commnr

Feb 22:
10am: Commn on Security & Cooperation in Europe (Helsinki Commn): Rep Hoyer, D-Md
US Information Agency: Bruce Gelb - dir
2pm: Marine Mammal Commn: William Fox Jr - asst admin for fisheries, Nat Marine Fisheries Service, NOAA

Fed Maritime Commn: James Carey - acting chmn

■ FY91 DEFENSE APPROPS

Defense Subcommittee (Chmn Murtha, D-Pa) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

Note: The following schedule is tentative.

1pm H-405 Capitol Bldg closed Feb 6
10am (open) & 1:30pm (closed) H-140 Capitol Bldg Feb 8, 20, 21 & 22
10am & 1:30pm H-140 Capitol Bldg Feb 27 & 28, March 1, 6, 7, 8 & 13
10am H-140 Capitol Bldg March 14
10am & 1:30pm H-140 Capitol Bldg March 15

10am & 1:30pm H-405 Capitol Bldg closed March 20

10am & 1:30pm H-140 Capitol Bldg March 21, 22, 27, 28 & 29

10am & 1:30pm H-405 Capitol Bldg closed April 3

10am & 1:30pm H-140 Capitol Bldg April 4, 5, 18, 19, 24, 25 & 26

Agenda & Witnesses:

Feb. 6: William Webster - dir, CIA

Feb. 8: Defense Secy

Feb. 20: Secy of the Air Force; Air Force Chief of Staff

Feb. 21: Secy of the Army; Army Chief of Staff

Feb. 22: Secy of the Navy; Chief of Naval Operations; Commandant of the Marine Corps

Feb. 27:

10am: Commander-in-Chief, US Pacific Command

1:30pm: Enlisted personnel issues, senior NCO's

Feb. 28:

10am: Commander-in-chief, US Forces in Korea

1:30: Commander-in-chief, US Transportation Command

March 1:

10am: Commander-in-chief, US Southern Command

1:30: Commander-in-chief, US European Command

March 6:

10am: Spares

1:30pm: CIA worldwide overview

March 7:

10am: Army military personnel

1:30pm: Air Force military personnel

March 8:

10am: Navy & Marine Corps military personnel

1:30pm: Navy aircraft procurement

March 13:

10am: Navy medical

1:30pm: Medical overview

March 14: Marine Corps procurement

March 15:

10am: Army research and development, test & evaluation (RDT&E)

1:30pm: Communications, command & control

March 20: Intelligence

March 21:

10am: Reserve enlisted personnel issues

1:30pm: Army aircraft procurement

★ *New listing*

March 22:

10am: Navy RDT&E

1:30pm: Drug interdiction

March 27:

10am: Recruiting issues

1:30pm: Air Force aircraft procurement

March 28:

10am: Army missile and other procurement

1:30pm: Army, Navy & Marine Corps operations & maintenance

March 29:

10am: Defense agencies RDT&E

1:30pm: Army weapons & tracked combat vehicles

April 3: Intelligence

April 4:

10am: Army ammunition

1:30pm: Guard & Reserve

April 5:

10am: Automatic data processing

1:30pm: Navy weapons and other procurement

April 18:

10am: Air Force RDT&E

1:30pm: Air Force & defense agencies operations & maintenance

April 19: Special Programs

April 24:

10am: Air Force missiles and other procurement

1:30pm: Chemical weapons & demilitarization

April 25:

10am: Shipbuilding and conversion, Navy and overhauls

1:30pm: Strategic Defense Initiative

April 26: Public witnesses

■ FY91 ENERGY AND WATER APPROPS

Subcommittee Hearings

Energy and Water Development Subcommittee (Chmn Bevil, D-Ala) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg Feb 6, 8, 20, 21 & 22

1pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg Feb 26

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg Feb 27 & 28, March 1

1pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 5

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 6, 7 & 8

1pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg closed March 12

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg closed March 13 & 14

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 15

1pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 19

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 20 & 21

10am & 2pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 27, 28 & 29, April 3

9:30am & 2pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg April 4

Agenda:

Feb 6: Asst secy of the Army (Civil Works); Chief of Engineers

Feb 8: Corps of Engineers: Ohio River Div, Missouri River Div, Southwestern Div

Feb 20: Corps of Engineers: South Pacific Div, North Pacific Div, North Atlantic Div

Feb 21: Corps of Engineers: Lower Mississippi Valley Div, New England Div, Pacific Ocean Div

Feb 22: Corps of Engineers: South Atlantic Div, North Central Div

Feb 26: Corps of Engineers: remaining items

Feb 27: Appalachian Regional Commn

Feb 28: Tenn Valley Authority

March 1: Interior Secy; Bureau of Reclamation; River Basin Commns (Del River Basin Commn, Susquehanna River Basin Commn, Interstate Commn on the Potomac River Basin)

March 5: Energy Secy

March 6: Energy Dept: solar & renewables, environment, waste management

March 7: Energy Dept: gen science, basic energy sciences, supporting technology, fusion

March 8: Energy Dept: nuclear fission, uranium supply & enrichment activities, nuclear waste disposal fund

March 12, 13 & 14: Energy Dept: atomic energy defense activities

March 15: Energy Dept: departmental admin

March 19: Fedl Energy Regulatory Commn

March 20: Energy Dept: Power Marketing Admins

March 21: Nuclear Regulatory Commn

March 27, 28 & 29, April 3 & 4: Congress mbrs & public witnesses

■ FY91 FOREIGN OPS APPROPS

Subcommittee Hearings

Foreign Operations Subcommittee (Chmn Obey, D-Wis) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am & 1:30 Room TBA Feb 21

10am Room TBA Feb 27 & 28, March 1, 14, 15, 21, 22, 28 & 29, April 3 & 4

Agenda & Witnesses:

Feb 21: Middle East peace process; Phillipines; Sudan & Somalia; El Salvador; Afghanistan; State Dept; Defense Dept; intelligence personnel

Feb 27: New directions and new problems in foreign assistance; outside witnesses

Feb 28: Soviet Union & Eastern Europe: outside witnesses

March 1: James Baker III - secy of state

March 14: Nicholas Brady - Treasury secy

March 15: Promoting political stability, democracy & economic freedom: Lawrence Eagleburger - under secy of state; David Mulford - under secy of Treasury; Paul Wolfowitz - asst sect of defense; Agency for Internatl Development

March 21: Strengthening US opportunities: outside experts; Agency for Internatl Development; trade & development program; OPIC; Export Import Bank

March 22: Panama; El Salvador; Nicaraguan contras; Western Hemisphere issues: State Dept; Defense Dept; Agency for Internatl Development; Bureau of Internatl Narcotics

March 28: Attacking problems of children: UNICEF; Agency for Internatl Development; disaster assistance;

Internatl refugee issues: State Dept Refugee Bureau; UN refugee programs; US Cmte on Refugees

March 29: Misuse of foreign aid funds: Defense Dept inspector gen; Agency for Internatl Development inspector gen; Defense Audit Service; GAO

April 3: Environmental issues: State Dept; outside witnesses; Agency for Internatl Development; Treasury Dept; UN Environmental Program

April 4: Members of Congress; outside witnesses

April 4: Members of Congress; outside witnesses

April 4: Members of Congress; outside witnesses

April 4: Members of Congress; outside witnesses

April 4: Members of Congress; outside witnesses

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April 4: Members of Congress; outside witnesses

April 4: Members of Congress; outside witnesses

April 4: Members of Congress; outside witnesses

April 4: Members of Congress; outside witnesses

April 4: Members of Congress; outside witnesses

■ *Revised listing*

House continued...

10am & 2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg **March 27, 28 & 29**

2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg **April 2**

10am & 2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg **April 3**

10am 2358 Rayburn Bldg **April 4**

Time & room TBA **April 5**

2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg **April 18, 19, 23, 24, 25, 26 & 30**

Agenda:

Feb 8: Secy of Health & Human Services

Feb 20: Education Dept:

10am: Education Secy

2pm: Education Secy (if necessary); compensatory education for the disadvantaged

Feb 21: Education Dept:

10am: school improvement prgm

2pm: Impact aid; bilingual & immigrant education

Feb 22: Education Dept:

10am: education for the handicapped

2pm: rehabilitation services & handicapped research

Feb 26: Education Dept: special institutions for the handicapped: American Printing House for the Blind; Gallaudet College; Natl Technical Inst for the Deaf

Feb 27: Education Dept:

10am: student financial assistance; guaranteed student loans; higher education (including college housing loans & other construction accounts)

2pm: higher education (if necessary); vocational & adult education

Feb 28: Education Dept:

10am: Howard Univ

2pm: educational research & statistics; libraries

March 1:

10am: Secy of Labor

2pm: Education departmental mgmt (all accounts)

March 5: Labor Dept: Labor-Mgmt Services; Employment Standards Admin

March 6: Labor Dept:

10am: Bureau of Labor Statistics; Pension Benefit Guaranty Corp

2pm: Employment & Training Admin; Prgm Admin; Training & Employment Services; Community Service Employment for Older Americans; Fedl Unemployment Benefits & Allowances; Fedl Unemployment Insurance & Employment Service Ops; Advances to the Unemployment Trust Fund & Other Funds

March 7: Labor Dept:

10am: Mine Safety & Health Admin; Ofc of Inspector Gen

2pm: Departmental Mgmt; Occupational Safety & Health Admin

March 8: Health & Human Services Dept:

10am: Public Health Service overview; Asst Secy for Health

2pm: Health Resources & Services Admin (includes HEAL, Medical Facilities Guarantee & Loan Fund & Vaccine Improvement Trust Fund)

March 12: Health & Human Services Dept: Natl Insts of Health overview

March 13: Health & Human Services Dept:

10am: Natl Cancer Inst; Natl Heart, Lung & Blood Inst

2pm: Natl Inst of Dental Research; Natl Inst of Diabetes, Digestive & Kidney Diseases

March 14: Health & Human Services Dept:

10am: Natl Inst of Neurological Disorders & Stroke; Natl Inst of Allergy & Infectious Diseases

2pm: Natl Inst of Gen Medical Sciences; Natl Inst of Child Health & Human Development

March 15: Health & Human Services Dept:

10am: Natl Eye Inst; Natl Inst of Environmental Health Sciences

2pm: Natl Inst on Aging; Natl Inst of Arthritis & Musculoskeletal & Skin Diseases

March 19: Health & Human Services Dept: Natl Inst on Deafness & Other Communication Disorders; Div of Research Resources; Natl Library of Medicine

March 20: Health & Human Services Dept:

10am: Natl Ctr for Nursing Research; Natl Ctr for Human Genome Research; J E Fogarty Ctr

★ **New listing**

2pm: Ofc of the Dir/Bldgs & Facilities

March 21: Health & Human Services Dept:

10am: TBA

2pm: Alcohol, Drug Abuse & Mental Health Admin (includes St Elizabeths Hospital)

March 22: Health & Human Services Dept:

10am: Ctrs for Disease Control

2pm: Health Care Financing Admin

March 26: Health & Human Services Dept: Social Security Admin

March 27: Health & Human Services Dept:

10am: Family Support Admin

2pm: Asst Secy for Human Development (includes Family Social Services)

March 28: Health & Human Services Dept:

10am: Departmental Mgmt (all accounts)

2pm: TBA

March 29:

10am: ACTION; Fedl Mine Safety & Health Review Commn

2pm: Corp for Public Broadcasting; Natl Council on Disability

April 2: Fedl Mediation & Conciliation Service;

Natl Commn on Libraries & Information

Science/White House Conf on Libraries; Natl Labor Relations Bd

April 3:

10am: Natl Commn on AIDS; National Mediation Bd; Occupational Safety & Health Review Commn

2pm: Physician Payment Review Commn; Prospective Payment Assessment Commn; Soldiers' & Airmen's Home

April 4: Railroad Retirement Bd; Railroad Retirement Bd Inspector Gen; US Inst for Peace

April 5: TBA

April 17, 19, 23, 24, 25, 26 & 30: public witnesses

★ **FY91 LEGISLATIVE APPROPs**

The Legislative Branch Subcommittee (Chmn Fazio, D-Calif) of House Appropriations will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 programs under its jurisdiction.

1:30 H-301 Capitol Bldg **Feb 5**

9:30 H-301 Capitol Bldg **Feb 8**

Agenda & Witnesses

Feb. 5: Library of Congress: James Billington - Librarian of Congress

Feb. 8: Joint Economic Cmte; public witnesses: Rep Hamilton - chmn, Joint Economic Cmte

★ **FY91 TRANSPORTATION APPROPs Subcommittee Hearings**

Transportation and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chmn Lehman, D-Fla) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

1pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg **Feb 8**

10am & 2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg **Feb 21, 22, 27 & 28, March 6, 7, 13, 14, 15, 20, 21, 22, 27 & 28, April 3, 4, 6, 18, 19, 20, 24, 25 & 26**

Agenda:

Feb 8: Transportation Secy

Feb 21: Inspector Gen

Feb 22: Natl Transportation Safety Bd

Feb 27: Research and Special Programs Admin

Feb 28: St Lawrence Seaway Development Corp

March 6 & 7: Coast Guard

March 13: Panama Canal

March 14: Interstate Commerce Commn

March 15: Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Bd

March 20: Washington Metropolitan Transit Authority; Urban Mass Transportation Admin

March 21: Fedl Railroad Admin

March 22: Fedl Railroad Admin; Amtrak

March 27: FY90 supplemental approps

March 28: Fedl Highway Admin

April 3: Urban Mass Transportation Admin

April 4: Natl Highway Traffic Safety Admin

April 18: General Accounting Ofc; Federal Aviation Admin

April 19: Federal Aviation Admin

April 20: Ofc of the Secy

April 24, 25 & 26: public witnesses

FY91 VA, HUD APPROPs

VA, HUD and Independent Agencies Subcommittee (Chmn Traxler, D-Mich) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am & 2pm H-143 Capitol Bldg **Feb 21**

10am H-143 Capitol Bldg **Feb 22 & 27**

10am & 2pm H-143 Capitol Bldg **Feb 28**

10am H-143 Capitol Bldg **March 1, 6 & 7**

10am & 2pm H-143 Capitol Bldg **March 8**

10am H-143 Capitol Bldg **March 20 & 21**

10am & 2pm H-143 Capitol Bldg **March 22**

10am H-143 Capitol Bldg **March 27 & 28,**

April 3, 4, 5, 24 & 25

10am & 2pm H-143 Capitol Bldg **April 26**

10am H-143 Capitol Bldg **May 1, 2 & 3**

Agenda:

Feb 21:

10am: Consumer Product Safety Commn

2pm: Selective Service System

Feb 22: American Battle Monuments Commn;

Cemeterial Expenses, Army; Ofc of Consumer

Affs; Consumer Information Ctr

Feb 27: Natl Science Foundation

Feb 28:

10am: Ofc of Science & Technology Policy

2pm: Natl Science Foundation

March 1: Natl Inst of Bldg Sciences; Neighbor-

hood Reinvestment Corp; Natl Credit Union

Admin

March 6 & 7: Dept of Veterans Affs

March 8:

10am: Crt of Veterans Appeals

2pm: Dept of Veterans Affs

March 20 & 21: NASA

March 22:

10am: Natl Space Council

2pm: NASA

March 27 & 28: Fedl Emergency Mgmt Agency

April 3, 4 & 5: Dept of Housing & Urban Develop-

ment

April 24 & 25: Environmental Protection Agency

April 26:

10am: Council on Environmental Quality

2pm: Environmental Protection Agency

May 1, 2 & 3: Congress mbrs & public witnesses

Armed Services

225-4151

★ **DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION**

House Armed Services Committee (Chmn Aspin, D-Wis) will hold hearings on the fiscal 1991 defense authorization request.

10am & 2pm 2118 Rayburn Bldg **Feb 6**

9:30am 2118 Rayburn Bldg **Feb 7**

10am 2118 Rayburn Bldg **Feb 8**

Witnesses scheduled:

Feb 6: Dick Cheney - defense secy; Colin Powell Jr - chmn, Joint Chiefs of Staff

Feb 7: Adm Huntington Hardisty - cmdr in chief, US Pacific Command

Feb 8: Donald Rice - secy of the Air Force; Gen Larry Welch - chief of staff of the Air Force

Banking, Finance & Urban Affairs

225-4247

ZERO INFLATION; FEDERAL RESERVE REFORM

Domestic Monetary Policy Subcommittee (Chmn Neal, D-NC) of House Banking, Fi-

■ **Revised listing**

House continued...

nance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a series of hearings on legislation to pursue monetary policies leading to and maintaining zero inflation (H J Res 409) and to reform the Federal Reserve Board System (HR 3512).

10am 2128 Rayburn Bldg Feb 6 & 22

EFFECTS OF THRIFT BILL ON HOUSING

General Oversight and Investigations Subcommittee (Chmn Hubbard, D-Ky) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing to examine the effects of the Financial Institutions Recovery, Relief and Enforcement Act of 1989 (PL 101-73) on the home building industry and other related industries.

2pm 2128 Rayburn Bldg Feb 7

MEXICAN DEBT

International Development, Finance, Trade and Monetary Policy Subcommittee (Chmn Fauntroy, D-DC) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on a possible restructuring of Mexican debt to U.S. financial institutions and its implications for the future of Treasury Secretary Nicholas Brady's relief plan for major debtor nations.

9:30am 2128 Rayburn Bldg Feb 7

EARTHQUAKE INSURANCE

Policy Research and Insurance Subcommittee (Chmn Erdreich, D-Ala) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on earthquake insurance and on minimizing damage caused by earthquakes. The hearing will focus on loss reduction techniques and a possible federal role in providing earthquake insurance coverage.

9:30am 2222 Rayburn Bldg Feb 7

Witnesses scheduled:

PANEL: Grant Peterson - Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA); Robert Wesson - US Geological Survey; Arch Johnston - Center for Earthquake Research and Information, Memphis State Univ; Kathleen Tierney - Disaster Relief Center, Univ of Del

PANEL: Richard Wright - Center for Building Technology; Natl Institute of Standards and Technology; Robert Hanson - Biological and Critical Systems Division, Natl Science Foundation; James Beavers - Martin Marietta Systems; George Bernstein - chmn, former FIA adminr

PANEL: Raymond Barrette - Fireman's Fund Insurance Company; John Drennan - Allstate Insurance Company; Leo Jordan - State Farm Insurance Company; Joseph Quinn - Independent Insurance Agents of America; Frank Nutter - Alliance of American Insurers

EARTHQUAKE INSURANCE

Field hearing

Policy Research and Insurance Subcommittee (Chmn Erdreich, D-Ala) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on earthquake insurance and on minimizing damage caused by earthquakes. The hearing will focus on loss reduction techniques and a possible federal role in providing earthquake insurance coverage.

9:30am 505 Van Ness Avenue, San Francisco Feb 16

MONETARY POLICY

Domestic Monetary Policy Subcommittee (Chmn Neal, D-NC) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing to receive the Federal Reserve Board's semiannual report on monetary policy for 1990.

10am 2128 Rayburn Bldg Feb 20

Witness scheduled: Alan Greenspan - chmn, Fed Reserve Bd of Govs

MONEY LAUNDERING

Financial Institutions Supervision, Regulation and Insurance Subcommittee (Chmn Annunzio, D-Ill) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3848 and other bills to be introduced) to prevent money laundering by financial institutions. HR 3848 would require regulators to revoke the charter of any institution laundering money.

Time & room TBA March 8

THRIFT CLEANUP OVERSIGHT

Subcommittee Hearings

Financial Institutions Supervision, Regulation and Insurance Subcommittee (Chmn Annunzio, D-Ill) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold oversight hearings on the Financial Institutions Recovery, Reform and Enforcement Act (PL 101-73). The hearings will include consideration of proposals to abolish the Office of Thrift Supervision (OTS), which was created by the act.

Time & room TBA March 14, 15, 27, 28, & 29

LINCOLN SAVINGS INVESTIGATION

House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee (Chmn Gonzalez, D-Texas) will continue hearings to examine the circumstances surrounding the closing of Lincoln Savings and Loan Association of California.

Time TBA 2128 Rayburn Bldg addl dates TBA

Budget

225-7290

FY91 BUDGET

House Budget Committee (Chmn Panetta, D-Calif) will hold hearings on the administration's FY91 budget proposals.

2pm 210 Cannon Bldg Feb 5

10am & 1:30pm 210 Cannon Bldg Feb 6

9:30am 210 Cannon Bldg Feb 7

9am & Noon 210 Cannon Bldg Feb 8 & addl

dates TBA

Agenda & witnesses scheduled:

Feb 5: Harold Brown - chmn, Johns Hopkins Foreign Policy Inst and former secy of defense

Feb 6: DEFENSE SPENDING & THE ECONOMY

(10am) PANEL: Donald Straszheim - chief economist & first vpres, Merrill Lynch Capital Markets; L Douglas Lee - chief economist, Washington Analysis Corp

(1:30pm) PANEL: Allan Millett - military historian, Ohio State Univ; Michael McGwire - sr fellow, Brookings Institution

Feb 7: Dick Cheney - secy of defense

Feb 8: (9am) Robert McNamara - former secy of defense and former pres of World Bank FOREIGN ASSISTANCE TO EASTERN EUROPE

(Noon) Ed Hewitt - Brookings Institution; (2pm) Jeffrey Sachs - Economics Dept, Harvard Univ; Rozanne Ridgway - The Atlantic Council

District of Columbia

225-4457

FEDERAL PAYMENT TO DC

Subcommittee Hearing and Markup

Fiscal Affairs and Health Subcommittee (Chmn Fauntroy, D-DC) of House District of Columbia Committee will hold a hearing and mark up legislation (HR 3293) to establish a uniform and equitable method to determine the annual federal payment to the District of Columbia.

Time TBA 1310A Longworth Bldg date TBA

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for Nov 21.

DC TAX EXEMPTION

House District of Committee (Chmn Delums, D-Calif) will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3590) to exempt from the DC income tax the spouses and minor children of elective officers of the U.S. government and the spouses and minor children of employees on the staffs of elected officials in the legislative branch of the U.S. government if the employee is a bona fide resident of the state of residence of the elected officer.

Time TBA 1310A Longworth Bldg date TBA

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for Nov 14.

Education & Labor

225-4527

EDUCATION COMMITTEE BUSINESS

House Education and Labor Committee (Chmn Hawkins, D-Calif) will meet to consider pending business.

10:30am 2175 Rayburn Bldg Feb 6

Agenda:

Consideration of 1990 funding request for committee operations to be submitted to House Administration Committee.

MARKUP:

HR 3910 - require the secretary of Education to

■ Revised listing

★ EASTERN EUROPE

Field Hearings

Economic Stabilization Subcommittee (Chmn Oaker, D-Ohio) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold field hearings on the political, economic, social, cultural, and intellectual developments occurring in Eastern Europe.

8:30am Playhouse Square, 1519 Euclid Avenue Cleveland, Ohio Feb 14

3pm Playhouse Square, 1519 Euclid Avenue Cleveland, Ohio Feb 15

★ New listing

House continued...

conduct a comprehensive national assessment of programs carried out with assistance under chapter 1 of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965

HR 3315 - Reauthorize Taft Institute

Note: This meeting was originally scheduled for Feb 1.

■ WASHINGTON CENTER GRANT

Postsecondary Education Subcommittee (Chmn Williams, D-Mont) of House Education and Labor Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3859) to authorize a grant to the Washington Center, an organization that arranges congressional, agency and public service internships for college students for credit.

9:30am 2261 Rayburn Bldg Feb 6

EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES

Field Hearing

Employment Opportunities Subcommittee (Chmn Martinez, D-Calif) of House Education and Labor Committee will hold a field hearing on affirmative action in the Los Angeles public utilities industry.

Time TBA, Los Angeles, Calif Feb 13

RETIREMENT SECURITY OVERSIGHT

Labor-Management Relations Subcommittee (Chmn Clay, D-Mo) of House Education and Labor Committee will hold hearings on the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA).

10am 2175 Rayburn Bldg Feb 21 & 28

Agenda:

Feb 21 & 28: HR 2664 - Amend the Employee Retirement Income Security Act to provide for joint trusteeship of single-employer pension plans *Short title: Employee Pension Rights Act*

EDUCATION OF THE HANDICAPPED

Select Education Subcommittee (Chmn Owens, D-Utah) of House Education and Labor Committee will hold oversight hearings on the Education of the Handicapped Act (EHA).

Time & room TBA Feb 21, 22, 27 & 28

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMPLAINT PROCESSING

Joint Hearing

Employment Opportunities Subcommittee (Chmn Martinez, D-Calif) of House Education and Labor Committee and Civil Service Subcommittee (Chmn Sikorski, D-Minn) of House Post Office and Civil Service Committee will hold a joint oversight hearing on complaint processing of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC).

Time & room TBA Feb 27

Energy & Commerce

225-2927

CLEAN AIR LEGISLATION Subcommittee Markup

Energy and Power Subcommittee (Chmn Sharp, D-Ind) of House Energy and Com-

★ *New listing*

merce Committee will mark up legislation (HR 3030) to amend the Clean Air Act to provide for the attainment and maintenance of the national ambient air quality standards, the control of toxic air pollutants, the prevention of acid deposition, and other improvements in air quality.

10am room TBA Feb 7 & addl dates as needed

★ ORPHAN DRUGS

Health and the Environment Subcommittee (Chmn Waxman, D-Calif) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will hold a hearing on the reauthorization of the Orphan Drug Act. The hearing will focus on whether the law should be made less restrictive and the current status of three drugs (EPO, Human Growth Hormone and Aerosolized Pentamidine).

Time & room TBA Feb 7

Witnesses scheduled:

Reps of drug companies with exclusive rights to market orphan drugs

Reps of drug companies that wish to market the drugs but are prevented from doing so under the law

PRIMATE RESEARCH LABS

Health and the Environment Subcommittee (Chmn Waxman, D-Calif) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3349) to protect facilities that perform research with animals. The bill would make it illegal to release research animals, destroy records and intimidate employees of such facilities and would authorize support for regional primate research centers.

9:45am room TBA Feb 8

PESTICIDE RESIDUES IN FOOD

Subcommittee Markup

Health and the Environment Subcommittee (Chmn Waxman, D-Calif) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will mark up legislation (HR 1725 - Food Safety Amendments) to regulate pesticide chemical residues in food.

Time & room TBA date TBA

FISH INSPECTION

Subcommittee Markup

Health and the Environment Subcommittee (Chmn Waxman, D-Calif) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will mark up legislation (HR 3155) to amend the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act to improve and expand the inspection and labeling of fish and fish products.

Time & room TBA date TBA

OIL RESERVES

Energy and Power Subcommittee (Chmn Sharp, D-Ind) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3193) to extend Title I of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975. The bill would give the president increased flexibility in using oil destined for, or contained in, the Strategic Petroleum Reserve to respond to oil shortages. It also would create regional reserves of fuel oil, diesel fuel, propane and other refined products to protect consumers from oil price increases or oil shortages.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Foreign Affairs

225-5021

HONG KONG STATUS

Subcommittee Markup

International Economic Policy and Trade Subcommittee (Chmn Gejdenson, D-Conn) of House Foreign Affairs Committee will mark up legislation (H Con Res 227) that asks the government of Great Britain to launch a program to assure citizens of Hong Kong citizenship outside Hong Kong once communist China takes control of the island.

1:15pm 2172 Rayburn Bldg Feb 5

PANAMA'S ECONOMY

International Economic Policy and Trade Subcommittee (Chmn Gejdenson, D-Conn) of House Foreign Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the state of the Panamanian economy since the Dec. 21 U.S. invasion.

1:30pm 2172 Rayburn Bldg Feb 5

Witness scheduled: Nicolas Ardito-Barletta - former pres of Panama

★ EL SALVADOR

Western Hemisphere Affairs Subcommittee (Chmn Crockett, D-Mich) of House Foreign Affairs Committee will continue hearings on El Salvador.

2pm 2172 Rayburn Bldg Feb 6

Witnesses scheduled: Ruben Zamora - popular socialist christian party; Gerardo Chevalier - christian democratic party; Fredrico Bloch - Natl Popular Alliance; Edgar Palacios - permanent cmte of the Natl Debate for Peace in El Salvador

Government Operations

225-5051

FDA MILK TESTING

Human Resources and Intergovernmental Relations Subcommittee (Chmn Weiss, D-NY) of House Government Operations Committee will hold an oversight hearing on the Food and Drug Administration's (FDA) testing of milk for the residues of dangerous drugs. FDA critics charge that the agency's milk testing method fails to detect sulfamethazine, an antibiotic used to treat udder infections in cows. The FDA has said sulfamethazine may be carcinogenic.

10am 2247 Rayburn Bldg Feb 6

Intelligence

225-4121

★ PANAMA BRIEFING

House Select Intelligence Committee (Chmn Beilenson, D-Calif) will meet to discuss the situation in Panama.

9:30am H 405 Capital Bldg closed Feb 8

★ WEAPONS ACQUISITION

Oversight and Evaluation Subcommittee (Chmn McCurdy, D-Okla) of House Select Intelligence Committee will hold a hearing on intelligence support to weapons acquisition.

1:30pm H 405 Capital Bldg closed Feb 8

■ *Revised listing*

House continued...**Interior & Insular Affairs**

225-2761

COLORADO RIVER STORAGE PROJECT

Water, Power and Offshore Energy Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Miller, D-Calif) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold an oversight hearing on proposals to raise the authorized cost ceiling for the Colorado River Storage Project in Central Utah.

9:45am 1324 Longworth Bldg Feb 6

INSULAR AREAS BUDGET

Insular and International Affairs Subcommittee (Chmn de Lugo, D-VI) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the fiscal 1991 budget request for insular areas.

9:45am room TBA Feb 6

PUBLIC LANDS BUDGET

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chmn Vento, D-Minn) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold hearings on the fiscal 1991 budget request for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am Cannon Bldg Feb 6 & 8

Agenda:

Feb 6: Bureau of Land Management; US Forest Service

Feb 8: Natl Park Service; Advisory Council on Historic Preservation; Pennsylvania Avenue Development Corp; US Internatl Council on Monuments & Sites

FY91 MINING PROGRAMS

Mining and Natural Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Rahall, D-WVa) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the fiscal 1991 budget request for programs under its jurisdiction.

9:45am room TBA Feb 6 & 8

Agenda:

Feb 6: US Geological Survey; Bureau of Mines; Minerals Mgmt Service

Feb 8: Ofc of Surface Mining; Bureau of Land Mgmt's energy and minerals prgms

INTERIOR COMMITTEE BUSINESS

House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee (Chmn Udall, D-Ariz) will met to consider pending business.

9:45am 1324 Longworth Bldg Feb 7, 21 & 28

Agenda:

Feb 7:

MARKUP:

HR 2570 - Arizona Desert Wilderness Act of 1989

HR 2571 - Arizona Wildlife Wilderness Act of 1989

HR 2335 - Lumbee Recognition Act

Feb 21:

HEARING:

FY91 budget request for programs under the cmte's jurisdiction

Feb 28:

Pending business

ENERGY PROGRAMS BUDGET

Energy and the Environment Subcommittee (Chmn Udall, D-Ariz) of House Interior

★ *New listing*

and Insular Affairs Committee will hold hearings on the fiscal 1991 budget request for programs under its jurisdiction.

9:45am & 3pm room TBA Feb 8

Agenda:

9:45am: Nuclear Regulatory Commn

3pm: Energy Dept

CALIFORNIA DESERT BILLS**Field Hearing**

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chmn Vento, D-Minn) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a field hearing on legislation (HR 780, HR 3460) to manage federal lands in the California desert.

10am Beverly Hills High School, Beverly Hills, Calif Feb 10

PUBLIC LANDS MARKUP

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chmn Vento, D-Minn) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will mark up pending legislation.

10am 1324 Cannon Bldg Feb 22

Agenda:

HR 2843 - To establish the Kino Missions Natl Monument in Arizona

HR 1159 - To amend the Natl Trails System Act by designating the Juan Batista de Anza Natl Historic Trail, and for other purposes

HR 1109 - To amend the Natl Trails System Act to designate the Calif Natl Historic Trail and Pony Express Historic Trail as components of the Natl Trails System

HR 988 - Camp W G Williams Land Exchange Act of 1989

ENERGY POLICY AND MINING

Mining and Natural Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Rahall, D-WVa) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on mining industry and energy policy.

9:45am room TBA Feb 22

Witness scheduled: Manuel Lujan - interior secy

CRANBERRY WILDERNESS

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chmn Vento, D-Minn) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 1576) to modify the boundary of the Cranberry Wilderness, located in the Monongahela Natl Forest, West Virginia.

10am 1324 Longworth Bldg Feb 27

COAL LEASES EXCHANGE

Mining and Natural Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Rahall, D-WVa) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3058) to provide for the exchange of certain federal coal leases from the Alton Coal Field and other federal coal leases in Utah.

9:45am room TBA March 1

EARTHQUAKE HAZARDS

Mining and Natural Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Rahall, D-WVa) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3533) to improve federal efforts to reduce earthquake hazards.

9:45am room TBA March 6

Judiciary

225-3951

★ SWAP AGREEMENTS & FORWARD CONTRACTS

Economic and Commercial Law Subcommittee (Chmn Brooks, D-Tex) of House Judiciary Committee will hold an oversight hearing on the bankruptcy treatment of swap agreements and forward contracts.

10am 2141 Rayburn Bldg Feb 6

★ PATENT REMEDY CLARIFICATION

Courts, Intellectual Property and the Administration of Justice Subcommittee (Chmn Kastenmeier, D-Wis) of House Judiciary Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3886) to amend existing patent law to hold states, instrumentalities of states and state employees liable for infringement of patents.

10am 2226 Rayburn Bldg Feb 6

★ ILLINOIS-IOWA COMPACT

Administrative Law and Governmental Relations Subcommittee (Chmn Frank, D-Mass) of House Judiciary Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3118) to grant the consent of Congress to the Quad Cities Interstate Metropolitan Authority Compact entered into between Illinois and Iowa.

10am 2226 Rayburn Bldg Feb 7

★ ADMINISTRATIVE LAW BILLS Subcommittee Markup

Administrative Law and Governmental Relations Subcommittee (Chmn Frank, D-Mass) of House Judiciary Committee will mark up pending legislation.

Following hearing above 2226 Rayburn Bldg Feb 7

Agenda:

HR 743 - Establish a framework for the conduct of negotiated rulemaking by federal agencies

HR 2372 - Provide jurisdiction and procedures for claims for compassionate payments for injuries due to exposure to radiation from nuclear testing

★ INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LICENSING

Economic and Commercial Law Subcommittee (Chmn Brooks, D-Tex) of House Judiciary Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 469) to modify the application of the antitrust laws to encourage the licensing and other uses of certain intellectual property

10am 2141 Rayburn Bldg Feb 8

Merchant Marine & Fisheries

225-4047

MARITIME NAVIGATION AIDS

Coast Guard and Navigation Subcommittee (Chmn Tauzin, D-La) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a hearing on maritime navigation aids.

10am 1334 Longworth Bldg Feb 6

Witness scheduled: Adm Paul Yost Jr - cmdnt, Coast Guard

■ *Revised listing*

House continued...**WEAPONS PRODUCTION PROGRAMS
& THE ENVIRONMENT**

Fisheries and Wildlife Conservation and the Environment Subcommittee (Chmn Studds, D-Mass) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold an oversight hearing on the Dept of Energy (DOE) nuclear weapons production programs under the Natl Environmental Policy Act. The subcommittee will hear testimony on DOE compliance with environmental impact statement filing regulations

2pm 1334 Longworth Bldg Feb 6

Witnesses scheduled: Council on Environmental Quality; Energy Dept; public witnesses

U.S. COASTAL TRADE

Merchant Marine Subcommittee (Chmn Jones, D-NC) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a hearing on draft legislation to revise laws affecting trade along U.S. coasts.

10am 1334 Longworth Bldg Feb 7

**OCEAN WOOD BURNING
Joint Hearing**

Oversight and Investigations Subcommittee (Chmn Foglietta, D-Pa), Oceanography and Great Lakes Subcommittee (Chmn Hertel, D-Mich) and Fisheries and Wildlife Conservation and the Environment Subcommittee (Chmn Studds, D-Mass) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a joint hearing on an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) proposal to designate a new ocean wood burning site off the coast of New Jersey.

Since 1968, the Army Corps of Engineers has been picking up stray wood in the New York and New Jersey harbors and burning it on barges off the coast of Point Pleasant, NJ. Members will assess the environmental consequences of the corps' program and the practicality of land-based disposal alternatives.

10am 1334 Longworth Bldg Feb 8

PIPELINE SAFETY**Field Hearing**

Coast Guard and Navigation Subcommittee (Chmn Tauzin, D-La) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a field hearing on pipeline safety issues, focusing on pipelines as potential navigation hazards.

10am, Federal Bldg, New Orleans, La Feb 26

Witnesses scheduled: US Coast Guard; Transportation Dept; Natl Transportation Safety Bd; state agencies; fishing & maritime industry reps; gas & oil industry reps

SHIPBUILDING TECHNOLOGY**Joint Hearing**

Oversight and Investigations Subcommittee (Chmn Foglietta, D-Pa) and Merchant Marine Subcommittee (Chmn Jones, D-NC) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a joint hearing on the state of U.S. and foreign shipbuilding technology.

Time & room TBA date TBA

★ New listing

**Narcotics Abuse
& Control**

226-3040

DRUG STRATEGY UPDATE

House Select Narcotics Abuse and Control Committee (Chmn Rangel, D-NY) will hold a hearing to review the administration's national drug control strategy.

2pm Room TBA Feb 7

Witnesses scheduled: William Bennett - dir, Ofc of Natl Drug Control Policy; Mel Levitsky - asst secy of state for Internatl Narcotics Matters, Dept of State

**Post Office &
Civil Service**

225-4054

■ COMMEMORATIVES & OBSERVANCES

Census and Population Subcommittee (Chmn Sawyer, D-Ohio) of House Post Office and Civil Service Committee will hold a hearing on pending legislation.

9:30am 304 Cannon Bldg Feb 6

Agenda:

HR 539 - Change procedure for enacting commemorative bills by establishing an independent commission to evaluate all commemorative proposals.

HR 746 - Establish a commission to advise the president on proposals for national observances

■ POSTAL SERVICE OVERSIGHT

House Post Office and Civil Service Committee (Chmn Ford, D-Mich) will hold an oversight hearing on the U.S. Postal Service.

10am 311 Cannon Bldg Feb 7

Witnesses scheduled: L. Stevens - dir, Gen Govt Div, GAO; Willis Elmore - asst dir, Gen Govt Div, GAO; Leonard Hogan - assignment mgr, Gen Govt Div, GAO; Jan Bogus - evaluator-in-charge, Gen Govt Div, GAO

**EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY
COMPLAINT PROCESSING****Joint Hearing**

Employment Opportunities Subcommittee (Chmn Martinez, D-Calif) of House Education and Labor Committee and Civil Service Subcommittee (Chmn Sikorski, D-Minn) of House Post Office and Civil Service Committee will hold a joint oversight hearing on complaint processing of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC).

Time & room TBA Feb 27

**Public Works
& Transportation**

225-4472

AIRPORTS' CAPACITY NEEDS

Aviation Subcommittee (Chmn Oberstar, D-Minn) of House Public Works and Transportation Committee will hold hearings on the future capacity needs of airports.

9:30am & 1:30pm 2167 Rayburn Bldg Feb 6 & 8

**Science, Space &
Technology**

225-6371

FY91 NASA AUTHORIZATION

House Science, Space and Technology Committee (Chmn Roe, D-NJ) will hold a hearing on the fiscal 1991 NASA authorization.

1:30pm 2318 Rayburn Bldg Feb 6

SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY POLICY

House Science, Space and Technology Committee (Chmn Roe, D-NJ) will hold a hearing to review administration science, space and technology policies.

10:30am 2318 Rayburn Bldg Feb 7

Witness scheduled: Allen Bromley - dir, White House Ofc of Science & Technology and science & technology advisor to the president

FY91 NASA AUTHORIZATION

Space Science and Applications Subcommittee (Chmn Nelson, D-Fla) of House Science, Space and Technology Committee will hold hearings on the fiscal 1991 NASA authorization.

9:30am 2325 Rayburn Bldg Feb 8 & 21

12:30pm 2325 Rayburn Bldg Feb 22

1:30pm 2325 Rayburn Bldg Feb 27

1pm 2325 Rayburn Bldg March 6

Agenda:

Feb 8: Ofc of Space Flight

Feb 21: Ofc of Space Station, Ofc of Space Ops

Feb 22: Ofc of Space Science and Applications

Feb 27: Ofc of Exploration; Ofc of Aeronautics & Space Technology

March 6: Ofc of Commercial Prgms, Dept of Transportation Ofc of Commercial Space Transportation

Small Business

225-5821

EAST BLOC TRADE**Field hearing**

Regulation, Business Opportunities and Energy Subcommittee (Chmn Wyden, D-Ore) of House Small Business Committee will hold a hearing on opportunities to expand U.S. high technology and wood sales to East-bloc countries.

10am City Council Chambers, Portland City Hall, Portland, Ore Feb 12

ENTERPRISE SECTOR REVIEW

House Small Business Committee (Chmn LaFalce, D-NY) will continue hearings on the dynamics of the enterprise sector of the economy.

Time TBA 2359A Rayburn Bldg dates TBA

Agenda:

1) Effects of deficits and low savings rates on investment

2) Small business loan secondary market (HR 3179 - Velda Sue)

3) Small and minority business subcontracting prgm (HR 3535)

4) Impact of tax policy on small- and medium-sized businesses

■ Revised listing

House continued...**Veterans' Affairs**

225-3527

VA BUDGET

House Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Montgomery, D-Miss) will hold a hearing on the FY91 Veterans Affairs budget.

9am 334 Cannon Bldg **Feb 6 & 7**

9:30am 334 Cannon Bldg **Feb 8**

COMPENSATION BUDGET

Compensation, Pension and Insurance Subcommittee (Chmn Applegate, D-Ohio) of House Veterans' Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the FY91 budget for VA compensation and pension programs.

9am 334 Cannon Bldg **Feb 21**

HOME LOAN PROGRAM

Housing and Memorial Affairs Subcommittee (Chmn Staggers, D-WVa) of House Veterans' Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the FY91 budgets for VA home loan guarantee programs and the national cemetery system.

11am 334 Cannon Bldg **Feb 21**

VETERANS' LEGISLATIVE AGENDA**Joint Hearings**

House Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Montgomery, D-Miss) and Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Cranston, D-Calif) will hold joint hearings to receive the legislative agendas of veterans' groups.

9:30am 216 Hart Bldg **Feb 27**

9am 216 Hart Bldg **March 6**

9:30am 216 Hart Bldg **March 15**

9am 216 Hart Bldg **April 18**

Agenda:

Feb 27: Disabled American Veterans

March 6: Veterans of Foreign Wars

March 15: Paralyzed Veterans of America, Blinded Veterans Assn, Military Order of the Purple Heart, Jewish War Veterans and Ex-Prisoners of War

April 18: Vietnam Veterans of America, AMVETS and the Non-Commissioned Officers Assn

Ways & Means

225-3625

THE BUDGET & THE ECONOMY

House Ways and Means Committee (Chmn Rostenkowski, D-Ill) will begin a series of hearings on the budget deficit, the economy, the need for deficit reduction and the administration's revenue and spending plans and priorities for fiscal year 1991 and beyond. This

first hearing in the series will be devoted to testimony from administration policy officials.

10am 1100 Longworth Bldg **Feb 6**

TAX REFORM REVIEW

House Ways and Means Committee (Chmn Rostenkowski, D-Ill) will hold hearings to review the impact, effectiveness and fairness of the Tax Reform Act of 1986.

9:30am 1100 Longworth Bldg **Feb 7**

10am 1100 Longworth Bldg **Feb 8**

Agenda:

- 1) Effect of tax reform on individual taxpayers, including impact of rate reduction and base broadening, the progressivity of tax rates and the impact of changes on the working poor
- 2) Impact of tax reform on corporate taxpayers, including measures, such as minimum tax law, designed to ensure that taxpayers pay a fair share. The effect and efficiency of lowered rate and base broadening provisions and the effect of capital cost provisions
- 3) Impact of provisions that modified the treatment of pensions and employee benefits, including effectiveness of tax expenditures made by the legislation for retirement and health care
- 4) Effect on tax-exempt entities
- 5) Fairness of the legislation as a whole and impact of the legislation on levels of complexity in the tax law and compliance with the tax law

IRS ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Oversight Subcommittee (Chmn Pickle, D-Texas) of House Ways and Means Committee will hold a hearing to review the accounts receivable inventory of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), currently in excess of \$61 billion.

9:30am 1100 Longworth Bldg **Feb 20**

Witnesses scheduled: Reps of Internal Revenue Service (IRS), Gen Accounting Ofc (GAO)

REVENUE ISSUES

Select Revenue Measures Subcommittee (Chmn Rangel, D-NY) of House Ways and Means Committee will continue hearings on pending revenue issues.

10am 1100 Longworth Bldg **Feb 21 & 22**

Agenda:**A. FOREIGN PROVISIONS**

- 1) Extension of carryforward of foreign tax credits
- 2) Carryforward of pre-1987 foreign base company shipping losses
- 3) Modification of Code section 956 related to the characterization of successive loans
- 4) Treatment of related party royalties under Subpart F of the Code
- 5) Exceptions to the passive foreign investment company (PFIC) rules
- 6) Foreign companies carrying on insurance business
- 7) Treatment of certain interest earned by brokers or dealers for purposes of the foreign holding company rules
- 8) Convention treatment of certain cruise ships
- 9) Application of the mirror tax system to Guam

- 10) Modification of the reinsurance excise tax
- B. ACCOUNTING PROVISIONS

- 1) Installment sales for automobile dealers
- 2) Annual accrual method of accounting for certain farming corporations
- 3) Look-back method for long-term contracts
- 4) Accrual method of accounting
- C. ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX

- 1) Small electing property and casualty insurance companies and the alternative minimum tax
- 2) Capital gains preference for insolvent farmers
- 3) Gifts of appreciated property
- D. PENSIONS & EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

- 1) Extension of section 401(k) plans to tax-exempt organization
- 2) Modifications of voluntary employees' beneficiary associations (VEBAs) restrictions
- 3) Separate testing for pilots
- 4) Individual Retirement Account (IRA) limitation modification
- 5) Modification of minimum participation rules for plans of public safety employees
- 6) Application of limitation on benefits for clergy members

- E. EMPLOYEE STOCK OWNERSHIP PLANS (ESOPs)
- F. ESTATE & GIFT TAXES

- 1) Special use valuation election under section 2032A of the code
- 2) Disclaimers of gifts
- 3) Estate tax modifications
- G. OTHER MISCELLANEOUS ISSUES

- 1) Clarification of Code section 1071
- 2) Contributions in aid of construction
- 3) Nuclear decommissioning
- 4) Two-year class life for taxodons
- 5) Corporate-owned life insurance
- 6) Modification of rules on certain cooperatives
- 7) Stadium transition rules
- 8) Taxation of unearned income of minors
- 9) Deductibility of certain fees
- 10) Tax treatment of public transit and van pool benefits
- 11) Deductibility of student loan interest
- 12) Deductibility of flight training expenses
- 13) Earned income tax credit (EITA) for military personnel stationed overseas

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION REFORM

Human Resources Subcommittee (Acting Chmn Downey, D-NY) of House Ways and Means Committee will hold hearings on legislation (HR 3896) to reform the unemployment compensation system.

10am B-318 Rayburn Bldg **Feb 22 & 26**

Note

The offices of all members of Congress and all congressional committees and subcommittees may be reached by calling (202) 224-3121.

Conference Committees Future Listings

AMTRAK AUTHORIZATION

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 2364) to authorize appropriations for the National Railroad Passenger Corporation (Amtrak).

Time & room TBA Date TBA

House conferees: From the Energy & Commerce Committee: Dingell, Thomas Luken, Eckhart, Slattery, Boucher, Lent, Whittaker, Tauke (except for section 4 of the House bill and section 4 of the Senate amendment), Bliley (solely for section 4 of the House bill and section 4 of the Senate amendment)

Additional conferees from the Judiciary Committee (solely for section 4 of the House bill and section 4 of the Senate amendment): Brooks, Mazzoli, Edwards of Calif, Fish and Moorhead

Senate conferees: TBA

HR 2364 reported House Energy and Commerce Committee Aug 1, 1989 (H Rpt 101-207)

HR 2364 passed House, amended, Sept 25, 1989

HR 2364 discharged by Senate Energy and Commerce Committee Nov 21, 1989

HR 2364 passed Senate (amended to contain text of S 462) Nov 21, 1989

Senate insisted on its amendment and requested a conference Nov 21, 1989

House agreed to a conference and appointed conferees Jan 24, 1990

TELEVISION VIOLENCE

Conferees will meet on legislation (S 593) to exempt certain activities of television networks relating to regulation of portrayal of violence in programming from provisions of the antitrust laws (S 593)

Time & room TBA date TBA

S 593 reported by Senate Judiciary Committee Mar 15, 1989

S 593 passed Senate May 31, 1989

S 593 passed House, amended, Aug 1, 1989

Senate concurred in the House amendment with an amendment Nov 17, 1989

House insisted on its amendment and requested a conference Nov 21, 1989

OIL-SPILL COMPENSATION

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 1465) to establish limits on liability for damages resulting from oil pollution and to establish a fund to pay compensation for such damages.

Time & room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: From Environment and Public Works Committee: Burdick, Moynihan, Mitchell, Baucus, Lautenberg, Breaux, Chafee, Durenberger, Warner, Jeffords, Humphrey
From Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee: Hollings, Inouye, Kerry, Breaux, Danforth, Packwood, Stevens

House conferees: TBA

HR 1465 reported by House Public Works Committee Sept 18, 1989 (H Rpt 101-242, pt I)

HR 1465 reported by House Merchant Marine Committee Sept 18, 1989 (H Rpt 101-242, pt II)

HR 1465 reported by House Science Committee Sept 20, 1989 (H Rpt 101-242, pt III)

Supplemental report filed by House Public Works Committee Oct 3, 1989 (H Rpt 101-242, pt IV)

Supplemental report filed by House Merchant Marine Committee Oct 4, 1989 (H Rpt 101-242, pt V)

HR 1465 passed House, amended, Nov 9, 1989

S 686 reported by Senate Environment Committee July 28, 1989 (S Rpt 101-94)

S 686 passed Senate Aug 4, 1989

Senate amended HR 1465 to contain the text of S 686 Nov 19, 1989

Senate insisted on its amendments and requested a conference Nov 19, 1989

DRUG PROGRAMS AUTHORIZATION

Conferees will meet on legislation (S 1735/HR 3630, HR 3550) to authorize drug control programs.

Time & room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Kennedy, Dodd, Pell, Hollings, Inouye, Biden, Sarbanes, Hatch, Coats, Danforth, Wilson, Helms, Gramm

House conferees:

For HR 3630: Dingell, Waxman, Scheuer, Lent, Madigan

For HR 3550 from the Judiciary Committee: Hughes, Mazzoli, Feighan, McCollum, Gekas

For HR 3550 for the Energy & Commerce Cmte: Dingell, Waxman, Lent

S 1735 passed Senate Oct 5, 1989

HR 3614, HR 3630, HR 3550, HR 3611 passed House Nov 13, 1989

By unanimous consent the Senate agreed that when the House bills were received by the Senate, all after the enacting clause was stricken, the text of S 1735 was substituted, the bills were deemed as passed and the Senate insisted on its amendments and requested a conference.

HR 3614 and HR 3611 passed the House and Senate Nov 21

HR 3611 signed by the president Dec 13 (PL 101-231)

HR 3614 signed by the president Dec 12 (PL 101-226)

HR 3630 and HR 3550 remain in conference

LIBRARY SERVICES AND CONSTRUCTION ACT

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 2742) to reauthorize and amend the Library Services and Construction Act.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Kennedy, Pell, Simon, Hatch, Kassebaum

House conferees: Hawkins, Williams, Ford of Mich, Owens of NY, Hayes of Ill, Perkins, Gaydos, Miller of Calif, Lowey of NY, Poshard, Goodling, Coleman of Mo, Roukema, Tauke, Gunderson & Henry

HR 2742 reported by House Education and Labor Sept 12, 1989 (H Rpt 101-237)

HR 2742 passed House Sept 12, 1989

HR 2742 passed Senate, amended, Oct 12, 1989

House disagreed to Senate amendments, requested a conference and named conferees Nov 1, 1989

Joint Committees

1990 ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

Joint Economic Committee (Chmn Hamilton, D-Ind) will hold a series of hearings to examine the economic outlook for 1990. The hearings are being held in conjunction with the committee's annual evaluation of the *Economic Report of the President*.

10:30am SD-106 Dirksen Bldg Feb 2

10:30am room TBA Feb 8

Witnesses scheduled:

Feb 2: Nicholas Brady - Treasury secy

Feb 8: Michael Boskin - chmn, Council of Economic Advisers; John Taylor and Richard Schmalensee - mbrs, Council of Economic Advisers

Other Events Future Listings

The *Monitor* has received notice of the following events scheduled to take place in Washington. Associations, non-profit organizations and public interest groups who wish to have events listed in the section should send pertinent information to: The Congressional Monitor, Other Events Editor, 1414 22nd St. N.W., Washington, D.C. 20037. Notices must include a telephone number. Notices may be transmitted by facsimile to 728-1862, attn: Robert Healy. Only events related to Congress can be listed. Deadline is Noon. For further information call (202) 887-8686.

LEGISLATIVE PROCESS

Government Relations Institute of Women in Government Relations (WGR) will sponsor three two-hour sessions on the legislative process conducted by Congressional Research Service staff. There will be separate sessions on House, Senate and conference procedures.

All sessions will be held at the offices of Bell Communications, 2101 L St NW, Suite 600

Senate:

8:30am to 10:30am **Feb 2**

Conference:

4pm to 6pm **Feb 5**

8:30am to 10:30am **Feb 9**

NOTE: There is a charge of \$65 for three sessions or \$25 per session for WGR members and \$100 for three sessions or \$35 per session for non-members. For more information contact Julie Raffensperger at (202) 484-4884.

OUTER CONTINENTAL SHELF LEASING

Environmental and Energy Study Conference will sponsor a briefing on issues related to the federal offshore oil and gas leasing program.

10:30am H-137 Capitol Bldg **Feb 5**

Contact: Mike McQueen at 226-3300.

PEPPER COMMISSION

U.S. Bipartisan Commission on Comprehensive Health Care (Pepper Commission) will meet to discuss proposed recommendations to Congress and the president, which are due March 1.

9am to 5pm, L'Enfant Plaza Hotel **Feb 5**

2pm to 7pm, site TBA **Feb 20**

Noon to 6pm, site TBA **Feb 26**

Contact: Philip Shandler at 226-3387

HOUSING & URBAN POLICY

The Brookings Institution will sponsor a national issues forum on "Solving Housing and Urban Policy Problems: Public and Private Roles."

9am to 5pm, Brookings Institution, 1775 Massachusetts Ave NW **Feb 6**

NOTE: There is a charge of \$350 for this event. To register or for more information call Margaret Halstead at (202) 797-6299; FAX: (202) 797-6004.

INFANT MORTALITY

Infant Mortality Task Force of the Sunbelt Caucus will hold a breakfast meeting with HHS Secretary Louis Sullivan to discuss the response of the Health and Human Services Dept

★ *New listing*

to the infant mortality problem in the United States. The U.S. infant mortality rate ranks 20th among industrialized nations.

8am H-137 Capitol Bldg **Feb 7**

Contact: David White at 225-5755.

EVENTS IN EAST & WEST GERMANY

Washington International Trade Association will sponsor a discussion on the recent changes in East and West Germany and their impact on international trade and business.

6pm to 8:30pm, Federal Republic of Germany Chancery, 4645 Reservoir Rd NW **Feb 8**

Contact: (202) 293-4193

Participants: Juergen Ruhfus - amb of the Fed Republic of Germany to the US; Hagen Graf Lambsdorff - West German economic minister

Note: There is a charge of \$25 for this event. For reservations send a check to:

Washington International Trade Assn

1899 L St NW

Suite 800

Washington, DC 20036

PL 480 PROGRAM

Women in Government Relations (WGR) will sponsor a luncheon briefing on potential changes in the PL 480 market development program that may occur during debate on the farm bill.

Noon, Natl Forest Products Assn, 1250 Connecticut Ave NW, Suite 200 **Feb 12**

Participants: Janet Breslin - Senate Agriculture Cmte; Mary Chambliss - USDA Foreign Agriculture Service

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$12 for members and \$22 for non-members. For reservations call Annelise Gillespie at 463-2737.

INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN TELECOMMUNICATIONS

Washington International Trade Association will sponsor a seminar on international trade in telecommunications goods and services. Topics include implementation of the telecommunications title of the 1988 trade act, the GATT government procurement code and multilateral negotiations affecting telecommunications trade.

9:15am, Internatl Club, 18th & K Sts NW **Feb 13**

Contact: 293-4193

Participants: Claude Fontheim - managing dir, The Brighton Grp (moderator); Auka Haagsma - first secy, Delegation of the Commn of the European Community; Randolph Lumb - vpres, AT&T; Marian Barell - dir of telecommunications trade policy, Ofc of the US Trade Rep

Luncheon speaker: Julius Katz - dpty US trade rep

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$55 for the seminar and luncheon, \$25 for the seminar only and \$30 for the luncheon only for members and \$65 for the seminar and luncheon and \$35 for the luncheon only for non-members. For reservations send a check to:

Washington Internatl Trade Assn

1899 L St NW

Suite 800

Washington, DC 20036

TRADE & TECHNOLOGY POLICY TOWARD ASIA

Women in International Trade (WIIT) will sponsor a luncheon meeting to a discussion on

U.S. trade and technology policy toward Asia.

Noon, Hyatt Regency Hotel, 400 New Jersey Ave NW **Feb 13**

Contact: Mindy Kotler at 337-3656

Participant: Wayne Berman - chief counsel to secy of commerce

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$25 for members and \$35 for non-members. For reservations send a check, made payable to WIIT, to:

Mindy Kotler

Search Assocs

3422 Q St NW

Washington, DC 20007

CONGRESSIONAL HEALTH AGENDA

Women in Government Relations (WGR) will sponsor a luncheon meeting to hear a discussion of the congressional health agenda for the second session of the 101st Congress.

11:45am (drinks); 12:15pm (lunch & speaker), Capitol Hill Club **Feb 14**

Contact: Pat Lipp at 476-8060

Participants:

Marina Weiss - chief analyst for health & human resources, Senate Finance Cmte; Chip Kahn - minority health counsel, House Ways & Means Health Subcmte; Karen Nelson - staff dir, House Energy Health & the Environment Subcmte; Jeff Sanders - sr analyst for Social Security, Medicare and health, Senate Budget Cmte; Nancy Taylor - health policy dir, Senate Labor & Human Resources Cmte; Portia Mittelman - staf dir, Senate Aging Cmte

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$25 for members and \$35 for nonmembers. For reservations call Pat Lipp at 476-8060.

GOVERNMENT PROCUREMENT

Manufacturers' Alliance for Productivity and Innovation (MAPI) will hold its annual conference on "Government Procurement Issues for the 1990s."

Crystal City Marriott Hotel **March 1 & 2**

Contact: Kathy Koval at 331-8430.

Note: There is a charge for this event of \$450 for members and \$525 for non-members. For reservations call Kathy Koval at 331-8430.

CENSUS REPORTING

Regional Reporters Association and the Society of Professional Journalists will sponsor a joint meeting on how to use census data for hometown information.

6:30pm to 8pm, Murrow Room, Natl Press Club **March 5**

Participants: David Haase - Indianapolis News; Kimball Brace - Election Data Services; others TBA

Note: For more information contact Alan Schlein at 544-5893 or Mary Crowley at 872-9200.

ENVIRONMENTAL INFRASTRUCTURE

Council of Infrastructure Financing Authorities will sponsor a conference on financing issues and opportunities in the 101st Congress for environmental infrastructure. The focus will be on facilities for water treatment, wastewater handling and solid-waste disposal.

Hyatt Regency Capitol Hill, 400 New Jersey Ave NW **March 8 & 9**

Contact: George Ames at (202) 347-6333

Note: There is a charge of for this event of \$100 for members and \$125 for non-members before Feb 9 and \$125 for members and \$150 for non-members after Feb 9. For further information contact George Ames at (202) 347-6333.

■ *Revised listing*

Status of Appropriations

Week of January 29

FULL COMMITTEE

House: 225-2771; Senate: 224-3471

AGRICULTURE

House: 225-2638; Senate: 224-7240

COMMERCE, JUSTICE, STATE, & THE JUDICIARY

House: 225-3351; Senate: 224-7277

DEFENSE

House: 225-2847; Senate: 224-7255

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

House: 225-5338; Senate: 224-7236

ENERGY & WATER DEVELOPMENT

House: 225-3421; Senate: 224-7260

FOREIGN OPERATIONS

House: 225-2041; Senate: 224-7209

INTERIOR

House: 225-3081; Senate: 224-7233

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

House: 225-5338; Senate: 224-7338

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

House: 225-3047; Senate: 224-7255

TRANSPORTATION

House: 225-2141; Senate: 224-7245

TREASURY/POSTAL SERVICE

House: 225-5834; Senate: 224-6280

VA, HUD & INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

House: 225-3241; Senate: 224-7211

House Floor Action

Week of January 29

Monday, January 29:

No legislative business scheduled

Tuesday, January 30:

Under suspension of the rules:

S 1521 Amend law relating to police force of the Natl Zoological Park of the Smithsonian Inst passed by voice

Wednesday, January 31:

HR 2190 Establish natl voter registration procedures for elections for fed office

Rule, H Res 309, agreed to by 254-166

S J Res 130 Designate February 11 through 17, 1990, as "Vocational-Technical Education Week" passed by voice

H J Res 82 Designate February 2, 1989, as "National Women and Girls in Sports Day" SAWYER amendment to change the day of designation to February 8, 1990, agreed to by voice

H J Res 82, as amended, passed by voice (title amended)

Thursday, February 1:

No legislative business scheduled

Friday, February 2:

Not in session

Tuesday, February 6:

Convenes at Noon

HR 2190 Establish national voter registration procedures for elections for federal office begin consideration (rule adopted)

Under suspension of the rules

HR 2061 Authorize appropriations to carry out the Magnuson Fishery Conservation and Management Act of 1976 through fiscal year 1992, with amendments begin consideration

H Con Res 198 Authorize a concert performance on the Capital grounds begin consideration

S 1096 Provide for the use and distribution of funds awarded the Seminole Indians in dockets of the Indians Claims Commn begin consideration

H Con Res — Concerning U.N. participation in action in Cambodia begin consideration

Wednesday, February 7:

Convenes at Noon

HR 1465 Oil Pollution Liability and Compensation Act begin consideration of motion to go to conference

Thursday, February 8:

Convenes at 11am

Friday, February 9:

Not in session

Week of February 5

Monday, February 5:

Convenes at Noon

No legislative business scheduled

Outlook

At the close of business for the week the House will adjourn until Noon, Tuesday, February 20.

Senate Floor Action

Week of January 22

Monday, January 22:

Not in session

Tuesday, January 23:

- S Res 228 Resolution informing the House of Representatives that a quorum of the Senate is assembled agreed to by voice
- S Res 229 Resolution informing the president of the US that a quorum of each house is assembled agreed to by voice
- S 1630 Amend the Clean Air Act to provide for attainment and maintenance of health protective national ambient air quality standards *Short title: Air Restoration and Standards Attainment Act of 1989*
ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE substitute amendment, pending at recess
[continued January 24]
- H Con Res 242 Concurrent resolution providing for a joint session of Congress to receive a message from the president on the state of the union agreed to by voice

Wednesday, January 24:

- S 1630 Amend the Clean Air Act to provide for attainment and maintenance of health protective national ambient air quality standards
[continued from January 23]
ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE substitute amendment, pending at recess
[continued January 25]
- H Con Res 228A concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress regarding the 25th anniversary of Volunteers in Service to America
H Con Res 228, agreed to by voice
- S 1594 Revise the boundary of Gettysburg National Military Park in Pa
ENERGY COMMITTEE amendments, agreed to by voice
S 1594, as amended, passed by voice
- S 286 Petroglyph National Monument Establishment Act
ENERGY COMMITTEE substitute amendment, agreed to by voice
S 286, as amended, passed by voice
- S 319 Salt Lake City Watershed Improvement Act
ENERGY COMMITTEE substitute amendment, agreed to by voice
S 319, as amended, passed by voice
- S 555 De Soto Expedition Trail Commission Act
ENERGY COMMITTEE substitute amendment, agreed to by voice
S 555, as amended, passed by voice
- S 1046 Merrimack River Study Act
ENERGY COMMITTEE amendments, agreed to by voice
S 1046, as amended, passed by voice
- S Con Res 89 A concurrent resolution correcting the enrollment of S 1838
S Con Res 89, agreed to by voice

Thursday, January 25:

- HR 2712 Emergency Chinese Immigration Relief Act
Veto of HR 2712, sustained by 62-37 (2/3's vote required)
- S 1630 Amend the Clean Air Act to provide for attainment and maintenance of health protective national ambient air quality standards
[continued from January 24]
ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE substitute amendment, pending at recess
[continued January 29]
- S 247 Amend the Energy Policy and Conservation Act to increase the efficiency and effectiveness of state energy conservation programs carried out pursuant to such act
ENERGY COMMITTEE substitute amendment, agreed to by voice
S 247, as amended, passed by voice
- S Res 233 A resolution to authorize testimony and document production by Senate employee and representation by Senate Legal Counsel in Springfield Terminal Railway Company v. United Transportation Union, No. 88-0117 P
agreed to by voice
- S Res 234 A resolution to direct the Senate legal counsel to appear as amicus curiae in US v Mark Haggerty, et al agreed to by voice

Friday, January 26:

Not in session

Week of January 29

Monday, January 29:

- S 1630 Amend the Clean Air Act to provide for attainment and maintenance of health protective national ambient air quality standards continued consideration (no roll-call votes)
[continued from January 24]
ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE substitute amendment, pending at recess
CHAFEE AMENDMENT 1219 to ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE substitute amendment to control methyl chloroform pollution, pending at recess
[continued January 30]
- HR 3792 Authorize appropriations for fiscal years 1990 and 1991 for the State Department began consideration

Tuesday, January 30:

- S 1630 Amend the Clean Air Act to provide for attainment and maintenance of health protective national ambient air quality standards continued consideration
- HR 3792 Authorize appropriations for fiscal years 1990 and 1991 for the State Department passed 98-0

Senate Floor *continued*...

Wednesday, January 31:

- S 1630 Amend the Clean Air Act to provide for attainment and maintenance of health protective national ambient air quality standards continued consideration
[continued from January 29]
ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE substitute amendment, pending at recess
CHAFEE AMENDMENT 1219 to ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE substitute amendment to control methyl chloroform pollution, pending at recess
[continued January 31]
- S Res 236 A resolution to make amendments to the Senate Rules with respect to gifts and travel, financial disclosure, and conflict of interest agreed to by voice
- S Res 237 A resolution directing the Senate Legal Counsel to appear as amicus curiae in *Walter Nixon v US*, et al agreed to by voice
- S J Res 103 Designate the period commencing February 18, 1990, and ending February 24, 1990, as "National Visiting Nurse Associations Week" passed by voice
- H J Res 149 A joint resolution designating February 16, 1990, as "Lithuanian Independence Day" passed by voice

Thursday, February 1:

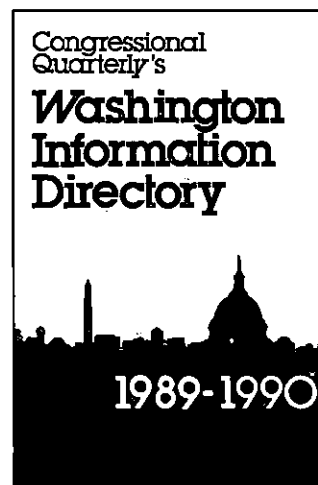
- S 1630 Amend the Clean Air Act to provide for attainment and maintenance of health protective national ambient air quality standards continued consideration

Friday, February 2:

Not in session

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WHITE HOUSE OFFICE
PATTY PRESCOTT WHO-1ST FL WW
EXECUTIVE OFC OF THE PRESIDENT
WASHINGTON DC 20500
EXEU-20500-00A

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
03. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Atwater - Teeter Re: Post State of the Union [redaction of personal information] (1 pp.)	02/02/90	(b)(6)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Friday, February 2, 1990

Date Closed: 1/28/2010	OA/ID Number: 90534-006
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Presidential Phone Calls



DATE: 2-2-90

TIME: 8²⁰
incoming/outgoing

WITH: At Water - Teeter

SUBJECT: Focus Group post
State Union

Taxes - too much

Environment Big

Big 3

1. Environ

2. Drugs

3. Educ

FOLLOW UP:

Health Care Cost

(b)(6)

all he wants -

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

DATE:

2-2-90 8:20

FROM THE PRESIDENT

Teeter - Atwater

TO:

2 focus groups

under-40
not voted for me

No negatives

Don't watch state union

+ troops how
edline

budget deficit

No Dem leader

No announcement of Dem response

Abortion - big subject

- open end: none brought
up. me triggered: pro dem

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Bush Library Photocopy
George Bush Handwriting



ABOARD AIR FORCE ONE

February 2

Mr. President:

I spoke with Patty:

*Answered
Rohrs*
1. Kay Bruce called to advise that Dr. Bagby is in St. Luke's Hospital in Houston with bronchitis. Mrs. Bagby is also ill, but she's at home. Apparently they are not taking calls at home for the time being.

2. Ray Siller checked in. He'll be in LA next week when you visit there. Do you care to try to see him?

Yes

11c

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

Bush Library Photocopy
George Bush Handwriting

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

DATE: February 2, 1990

FROM THE PRESIDENT

To: Patty

Please have copies of this article
sent to:

dmk
Mother
Nancy Walker
Jimmy Walker
Dr. John Walker
Louis Walker
My sons and Doro

Homeless in Arizona try portable cardboard shelters/A7

FRIDAY MORNING

Knoxville News-Sentinel

FEBRUARY 2, 1990

• 35 Cents

come, President Bush

Presidential ancestors traced to Blount County

By FRED BROWN
News-Sentinel staff writer

Welcome home, Mr. President.

Your great-great-great-grandfathers, William Gault and Jonathan Weir, a couple of feisty East Tennesseans, would be proud of you.

You probably already know this, but you are related to these two Blount County gents.



In fact, Air Force One will land at McGhee Tyson Airport not 10 miles from where Gault is thought to be buried in an unmarked grave in the Baker's Creek United Presbyterian Church cemetery.

In honor of your visit, the staff of the East Tennessee Historical

Society and the McClung Historical Collection staff in Knoxville thought you might be interested in learning about your roots, which run deep in East Tennessee.

Much of what both genealogical staffs found was taken from old family histories and can't be verified with concrete certainty. But no one doubts your family's records, Mr. President.

More than likely, with such a busy presidential schedule and Congress to contend with, you haven't had time to run down yourself just how famous Gault and Weir are. So here is a quick history lesson, just for you.

You don't have to take notes.

Both Gault and Weir played significant roles in the history of East Tennessee and the nation.

Gault, originally from Ireland, helped one of our most famous generals and first governor, John Sevier, defeat the Indians in a remarkable series of campaigns that finally brought the peace pipe to East Tennessee by the late 1700s.

It was one of Sevier's last battles before he went off to political glory, something you know all about.

In this particular firefight, Gault was on sentry duty. He was so close to the Indians he could hear them cocking their rifles.

He was "dangerously, but not mortally wounded," as one historian wrote of the event. He later recovered, of course, so you see, Mr. President, you come from very hardy stock.

Weir — of the Virginia Weirs — participated in the battle of Kings Mountain, N.C., which turned the tide as you know for our side against the bloody British. That one established our independence and made it possible for you to become our 41st president.

One other thing before we move on to your illustrious family tree. Jonathan Wear, (the family spelling had changed by this time) your great-great-great uncle, a Blount County man, went off with Gen. Andrew "Old Hickory" Jackson, another one of our famous generals, in the Battle of New Orleans. You've no doubt seen the painting of "Old

Please see BLOUNT, page A4



Blount

Continued from page A1

Hickory" in the White House. He was one of three presidents Tennessee produced for the nation.

The Battle of New Orleans, you recall, is the one in which so many Tennessee volunteers turned up with muskets and fire in their bellies that Andy and his boys earned the state's nickname of the Volunteer State.

So, historically speaking, Mr. President, your uncle was an early Vol. No doubt, you have heard our famous yell, "Go, Vols!" If you haven't, you will.

Gault and three of his brothers made their way to Blount County by the early 1790s, at a time when the Cherokee Indians were not very happy with so many immigrants.

When Gen. Sevier needed help in his many battles against the Cherokees, your grandfather Gault was among the first to be counted in the muster. It is fairly well established by history and family tradition that your grandfather participated in a series of battles from Knoxville to Rome, Ga., that played a significant role in bringing a measure of peace to what was then the wild frontier.

After the smoke cleared, Gault returned home, where he recovered from his wounds. He went on to become a prominent landowner in the county.

You might be interested in learning that in his last will and testament, on file in the Blount County Courthouse, he gave all of his property to his wife, Margaret, and saw to it that she got "one bay horse

colt, two cows and calves, (and) all of the sheep and hogs."

To his son, John, he gave "all the farming utensils, the wagon and one rifle gun, the crosscut saw and the family Bible, one shovel and tongs."

By this you can see, Mr. President, your grandfather was fairly generous, which you might keep in mind during budget fights. We could use a little more back home.

You remember your grandmother, Lucretia Wear? Well, she's the daughter of James Hutchenson Wear, whose great-grandfather was part of large family that moved into Blount County prior to 1800s.

Jonathan Weir, one of seven brothers, came to East Tennessee from Virginia in the 1770s. His participation with Capt. David Beatie's Virginians at Kings Mountain is not the only such act by your family.

In fact, five of the brothers mounted up against the British during the revolution, according to your family.

A piece of interesting speculation, Mr. President, is that your great-great-great grandfather Jonathan probably encountered Gen. Sevier, the hero of that major Revolutionary War battle. The general was quite proud of his East Tennessee "Overmountain Men" and spread the news about what good shots they were.

The British soon discovered that fact as well, but you probably shouldn't remind them. No sense in gloating now that things are going so well between us.

And, Mr. President, you might not want them to know that one of your grandfathers was a pretty good squirrel shooter from East Tennessee.

Welcome back, Mr. President.

8.
J. Burnet

108920

MARIA AND ARNOLD

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

Dear President and Mrs. Bush,

~~Thank you both so much for~~
~~the lovely day at Camp David.~~ It
was such fun to visit again - and as
always you made us feel so much
at home - We enjoyed ourselves as
did baby Karanne and a delighted

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

Bush Library Photocopy
Miscellaneous Handwriting

Nanny Now Nat Arnold will be in
Washington a bit more we hope we
will see more of you - Nanko again.
Love

Menz and
Arnold

From the desk of
George Bush

Save in my
personal file
Do NOT circulate
this copy

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George Bush Handwriting

Document Originally
Attached to
Following Page

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bridget

our daily

thanks
p



THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

February 2, 1990

MEMORANDUM TO THE PRESIDENT

SUBJECT: Wetlands Mitigation Memorandum of Agreement

I appreciated very much your willingness to discuss your views on wetlands Thursday and your continuing commitment to a "no net loss" position. The proposed Memorandum of Agreement between EPA and the Army Corps of Engineers will not get us to "no net loss" but I have seen it as a positive contribution, one step in that direction. For five years we have been negotiating with the Corps on the key issue of "first try to avoid development in a wetland, then if there is no practicable alternative, mitigate" (versus "assume a permit go-ahead if there is mitigation"). On November 15, EPA and the Corps agreed to choose the first approach, which EPA and several Corps offices have been following for several years. We then negotiated with Alaska and the other agencies, satisfying Senator Stevens (though not Senator Murkowski or Congressman Young) and all agencies except Transportation. We agreed to extensive changes to enlist this additional support.

I fully recognize that EPA people have sometimes been arbitrary and unreasonable and I am determined to fix that. Even so, numbers do not indicate that this program has been a serious obstacle to development:

- o 80,000 wetlands alterations are proposed per year in areas subject to the law.
- o 5,000 of these are subject to full review and permitting by the Corps, subject to EPA veto.
- o Only 250 to 400 permits are denied each year by the Corps.
- o EPA has vetoed only nine permits in the past 18 years.

Bush Library Photocopy
George Bush Handwriting

*I read carefully
In going against ~~the~~ his
memorandum I recognize
that ~~there~~ lots of para
have been lots of
voluntarily - but I
will try to do my
part but I am pl
to "no net
making in
decision will
adversely impact
on "no net loss"
very im - GB
2-5-9-*

- o Less than ten percent of all permits granted in Alaska have entailed any requirements whatsoever for compensatory mitigation. The reason? There are so many wetlands there it is difficult to find any place to restore or create more, and in fact, nobody knows how to create permafrost.

For these reasons I would stick with EPA's "avoidance first" approach, allow the Corps to adopt it nationwide for consistency, monitor results closely and review the bidding when we complete work on the "no net loss" policy.

Sorry to bring this to you. I do think it is a big decision, and will be regarded by both the development and conservation communities as even bigger than it is. We can look forward to close press and Congressional scrutiny. One Congressional hearing has already been scheduled.

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Bill", written in a cursive, flowing style.

William K. Reilly

Section 404 Mitigation Memorandum of Agreement (MOA)

Background & Issue: The United States presently is losing between 300,000 and 500,000 acres per year of wetlands, which are among the most valuable natural resources on earth. Coastal wetlands provide nursery and spawning grounds for 60-90% of U.S. commercial fish catches. About 35% of our rare and endangered species rely on wetlands. Wetlands provide wildlife habitat, prevent erosion, control floods, improve water quality and support recreation.

The Army Corps of Engineers and EPA regulate the placement of fill material in U.S. waters, including wetlands. A key to the analysis required under existing regulations and practice is *mitigation sequencing*: first avoid filling wetlands when practicable; then minimize harm; and finally compensate for unavoidable losses. Avoidance is required only when "practicable," which considers costs and technology. In practice, sequencing means that a developer with a reasonable choice between constructing in wetlands or non-wetlands should choose non-wetlands sites. If a non-wetlands alternative is not available, a project can go forward with proper mitigation. Whether we continue this sequencing policy is the core of the dispute.

Discussion: Your statements supporting wetlands spurred EPA and the Army Corps to complete clarifying guidance (the MOA) concerning the policy of avoiding unnecessary wetlands losses. EPA's long standing policy is not anti-development, although it sometimes has been applied inconsistently or inappropriately. The MOA was intended merely to clarify our practice of avoiding wetlands losses when practicable; if not practicable, of minimizing damage and restoring or creating wetlands to replace resources that are lost. Our interpretation has withstood legal challenges, and is consistent with the 1988 Report of the National Wetlands Policy Forum, which consisted of industry representatives, including ARCO and homebuilders, environmental groups, and State representatives, including Governors Kean, Campbell, and Gardner. The Forum made many recommendations, including "a clear preferred sequence of mitigation options that begins with avoidance of adverse effects on wetlands and the reduction of unavoidable adverse effects and allows compensation only as a last resort...." Recently, Governors Campbell and Orr have written letters strongly in support of the MOA.

Some interests, however, seek to fill wetlands even when reasonable alternatives are available that would avoid the wetlands loss. They argue that developers should be allowed to promise to create wetlands (compensation) in exchange for filling existing wetlands. Wetlands creation is an uncertain science and long-term success is difficult to predict. Until the technology improves, we should not risk unnecessary losses by gambling with our remaining wetlands. Inviting developers to fill wetlands when practicable alternatives exist is not, in my view, sound science or environmental policy.

The problem is especially serious where high value coastal wetlands, like mangroves, are involved. Property owners interested in developing such areas will promise a great deal by way of compensatory mitigation, if they are allowed to develop such coastal sites. I would prefer to leave the burden on them to establish there is no practicable alternative, rather than invite them to design an elaborate and costly compensation scheme. Such schemes are often found not workable and are ultimately disallowed. Thus, one advantage of our MOA would be to eliminate confusion, inconsistency, and uncertainty for applicants.

Conclusion: EPA and the Army Corps prefer to implement the original MOA, but are satisfied that the modifications we have made to date will not significantly disrupt our programs. We believe that the elimination of sequencing would have negative impacts on our programs and our potential to achieve no net loss, and may not be legally defensible, since the guidelines that the MOA is intended to implement do, in our view, require avoidance first.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Desh -

2 February 1990

Mr. President:

Attached is the letter from Gorbachev we discussed on the telephone. I am also having a copy delivered to Jim Baker.

Bob.

Robert M. Gates

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
04. Letter	From Mikhail Gorbachev to President Bush (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

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(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

FRONTAL PAGE

For Bush, a Mission Impossible?

Being Honest With Reporters but Secretive About Diplomacy

By Ann Devroy
Washington Post Staff Writer

President Bush, who has made extensive efforts to establish a rapport with reporters who cover him, saw one of those efforts backfire last week in the continuing, mostly subterranean struggle between journalists and the president over secrecy and deception.

Last week Bush invited a handful of reporters to a White House lunch at which his comments would be off the record. The lunch occurred the day before the State of the Union address in which Bush proposed a major troop cut in Europe; a secret he was then keeping from all but his closest aides to have a "surprise" for the speech.

The reporters, according to sources who heard accounts of two attendees, engaged in a general discussion of secrecy. ABC correspondent Brit Hume told Bush that journalists recognize a president's right to secrecy, but not a right to deceive. Sources described the discussion as good-natured and said Bush was asked what has become an almost standard question: Had the president sent any top aides on secret missions lately?

Bush said no. But the denial was made as two top aides were en route home from a secret mission.

Deputy Secretary of State Lawrence S. Eagleburger and deputy national security adviser Robert M. Gates had been sent secretly to brief European leaders on the troop cut proposal. The two made a similar secret foray last spring, before Bush announced his first round of troop cuts.

A White House official said Bush considered the European trip a "routine consultation with allies" and not a secret mission.

The issue of White House deception about secret trips is a sensitive one that exploded publicly when CNN discovered Dec. 18 that Eagleburger and national security adviser Brent Scowcroft had been sent on a secret mission in July to



PRESIDENT BUSH

... asserts right to keep secrets



BRIT HUME

... cites two sides to the issue

visions toasting the Chinese in Beijing. That trip that was announced about 2 a.m. Dec. 9, as the U.S. officials were flying to China.

Officials trapped in the China secrecy web included Secretary of State James A. Baker III, who stated on national television just before the CNN revelation of the July mission, that no secret trips to China had occurred other than the one the White House announced. Baker later apologized for the statement.

At the luncheon last week, Hume reportedly engaged Bush in what some called a "good-natured" argument over the issue of a president's right to secrecy versus the public's right not to be deceived. Bush repeatedly has said he has the right to keep secrets and that diplomacy, in particular, is more effective if conducted in secrecy. Challenged about deceiving the public, Bush and others have resorted to semantic arguments: Bush said secret trips to China were not "exchanges" but "visits" so the announced ban on "exchanges" had not been violated.

According to sources, the debate between Bush and the reporters was civil. The day after the luncheon, it was revealed that officials had been on a secret mission.

Hume sources said, decided to

deception without accusing Bush of lying or citing the specific secret mission. Bush sent back a handwritten note that one source said was characteristically conciliatory and somewhat tongue-in-cheek.

White House spokesman Marlin Fitzwater declined to comment on why Bush had told reporters no secret missions were underway. He said both the lunch with reporters and the exchange between Hume and Bush were off the record, which prohibits reporters who attended from writing or broadcasting anything about the lunch.

Nor would Hume describe the lunch or exchange of notes. He said that on a recent television show, during which several White House reporters were interviewed, he pointed out that reporters recognize a president's right to keep secrets but not to lie. Hume and the other reporters said senior officials have ways of avoiding revealing secrets without deception, including saying no comment.

Bush's running argument has occurred despite extraordinary efforts to maintain good relations with reporters. Hume, for example, has been invited to White House lunches and state dinners, tennis with Bush at Camp David and other social ac-

Daily



ABOARD AIR FORCE ONE

Brit:

Secrecy = Sometimes

Absolutely Essential -

Deception -

Deliberate - bad

* Perceived - a problem

* Elaboration

The one who feels

deceived then might over-
react out of anger or frustration

The one accused loses
the confidence of the perceiver



ABOARD AIR FORCE ONE

2

For example -

When you stated
that I had over -
over again (on some
such language) stated
there would be no
further cuts - you did
this not because of
secrecy, but " you
felt yourself the
victim of deception

In this case
I think you were
wrong on both



ABOARD AIR FORCE ONE

counts -
both your statement
and your ~~feeling~~ ^{feeling};
but that is my
judgment.

I am determined
now more than ever
not to even approach
the appearance of
deception; and, I will
- must, keep some
things secret.

I am determined

my hands. *CP*

Like RV13, I'll

I'm talking character.

I'm not talking politics here

the Trust of the People.

bottom line relates to

I guess this

perception = opinion

best because -

It won't be

in the future -

misconduct towards

to ~~some~~ avoid

ALSO AIR FORCE ONE



4

I'd invite you
up to discuss this
because your work
was most constructive
and helpful; but
source might tell
a certain reporter
that we'd both
be in deep — I.

123

5





ABOARD AIR FORCE ONE

Mark -

Please deliver

Any questions,

I'm here -

Best,

B

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

Mar 61



ABOARD AIR FORCE ONE

6 February

Dear Mr. President:

Having obviously failed
to make my case last
week @ lunch, I thought
I'd try some thing more
direct.

Secrecy - Good

Acceptance - Bad

Please take this in
the spirit with which
it's offered.

Respectfully
Dr.

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

President Bush

CENTURY PLAZA
HOTEL AND TOWER

7 February

Dear Mr. President,

Thank you for your note and the good humor and good faith it displayed. I think there's some real progress and understanding here.

On the note: I think you will find that I did not say in my question to General Secord that you had said there'd be no more cuts; rather, I said your answers had given that impression. Even so, your point is valid. Some times, it is not the literal meaning of what we say that matters, but the impression conveyed, how intended. Thus it is possible for you to say

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

something that is technically correct,
but in fact misleading.

The danger, as your note points out,
is a loss of trust. I have painful
memories of stories I've done that were
technically & semantically correct, but
carried an implication or suggestion that
was not. My semantic arguments did
not impress my flinty-eyed editors.

Respectfully,

BS

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary
(Knoxville, Tennessee)

For Immediate Release

February 2, 1990

The President today announced the appointment of the President's Council of Advisers on Science and Technology (PCAST), comprised of 12 distinguished scientists and engineers. This panel will provide high-level advice directly to the President on a wide range of important issues concerning science and technology.

PCAST will be the first Presidential scientific advisory group in many years to report directly to the President. Its establishment is a measure of the Bush Administration's high esteem for science and a recognition that advances in science and technology contribute in a major way to increased economic competitiveness. It also reflects the President's desire to strengthen Federal science and technology policy, enhance Federal research and development activities, and encourage private sector involvement in research and development.

The United States scientific community leads the world in creating new knowledge. Through PCAST, the President is seeking to provide the best obtainable private sector advice to Executive Branch decision-making in science and technology.

PCAST will be chaired by Dr. D. Allan Bromley, Assistant to the President for Science and Technology. A list of the members and their affiliations is attached, along with a fact sheet on science and technology accomplishments in the Bush Administration.

PCAST was established January 19, 1990, by Executive Order 12700. Its members will be sworn in later today by the Vice President at the White House.

-more-

NORMAN E. BORLAUG

Nobel Laureate Borlaug, of Texas, is currently leader of the Sasakawa-Global-2000 agricultural program in sub-Saharan Africa, Distinguished Professor of International Agriculture at Texas A&M University, and a Senior Consultant to CIMMYT. He was Director of the Wheat Research and Production Program of the International Maize and Wheat Improvement Center, Mexico, from 1964 until his retirement in 1979.

Dr. Borlaug's career began in 1935 in the U.S. Forest Service, and he subsequently worked as an instructor in plant pathology at the University of Minnesota in 1941, where he received his Ph.D. From 1942 through 1944 he was a microbiologist with the E. I. DuPont de Nemours & Co.. He also served as research scientist in charge of wheat improvement with the Cooperative Mexican Agricultural Program, Mexican Ministry of Agriculture and the Rockefeller Foundation, 1944-60, and later, as Associate Director of the Foundation assigned to the Inter-American Food Crop Program, 1960-63.

D. ALLAN BROMLEY, CHAIRMAN

D. Allan Bromley, of Connecticut, is Assistant to the President for Science and Technology and Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy (OSTP).

Dr. Bromley carried out pioneering studies on both the structure and dynamics of nuclei and is considered the father of modern heavy ion science. He has played major roles in the development of accelerators, of detection systems, and in computer based data acquisition and analysis systems. He is currently on leave from his position as Henry Ford II Professor of Physics at Yale University, where he was founder and Director of the A.W. Wright Nuclear Structure Laboratory.

Dr. Bromley has been a leader in the national and international science and science policy communities for more than 20 years, serving as a member of the White House Science Council throughout the Reagan Administration and as a member of the National Science Board in 1988-89. He received the President's National Medal of Science in 1988 and the Presidential Medal of the New York Academy of Sciences in 1989. He has served as President of the American Association for the Advancement of Science and of the International Union of Pure and Applied Physics.

Dr. Bromley received the B.Sc. degree in 1948 at Queen's University, Canada, the M.Sc. degree from Queen's University in 1950, and the Ph.D. degree in nuclear physics from the University of Rochester in 1952. He has since been awarded 10 honorary doctorates.

SOLOMON J. BUCHSBAUM

Solomon J. Buchsbaum, of New Jersey, has been Senior Vice President, Technology Systems, at AT&T Bell Laboratories since 1976. His early career included work at the MIT Research

CHARLES L. DRAKE

Charles L. Drake, of Vermont, has been the Albert Bradley Professor of Earth Sciences at Dartmouth since 1984 and Professor of Geology since 1969. Dr. Drake's professional career began at Columbia University in 1953. He joined the staff at Dartmouth in 1958 after receiving his Ph.D. in geology from Columbia University where he has continued his career, including service as Professor and Chairman of the Department, 1967-69; as Dean of Graduate Studies and as Associate Dean of the Science Department, 1978-81.

Dr. Drake is a recipient of the G. P. Woollard Award, Geophysical Division of the Geological Society of America.

RALPH E. GOMORY

Ralph E. Gomory, of New York, is President of the Sloan Foundation and, until his recent retirement, was Senior Vice President for Science and Technology, IBM Corporation. He received his Ph.D. in mathematics from Princeton in 1954.

Dr. Gomory's professional experience includes teaching and research at Princeton from 1957-59. In 1959, he joined the Research Division of IBM and was named Director of the Mathematical Sciences Department in 1965. In 1970 he became IBM Director of Research and held that position until 1985, becoming IBM Vice President in 1973, Senior Vice President in 1985, and IBM Senior Vice President for Science and Technology in 1986. He has been awarded a number of honorary degrees and prizes, including the John von Neumann Theory Prize in 1984 and the National Medal of Science in 1988.

BERNADINE HEALY, VICE CHAIRMAN

Bernadine Healy, of Ohio, is Chairman of the Research Institute of The Cleveland Clinic Foundation, a position she assumed in 1985, and is a staff member of the Clinic's Department of Cardiology. Prior to that time, she was Deputy Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy at the White House, and until that appointment had been a Professor at The Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine and Hospital. Dr. Healy received her medical degree from Harvard Medical School in 1970. Her medical career continued at Johns Hopkins from 1976 to 1984, where she was Professor of Cardiology and Medicine, Director of the Coronary Care Unit, and Assistant Dean for Postdoctoral Programs and Faculty Development.

Dr. Healy is a member of the Institute of Medicine of the National Academy of Sciences. She is the immediate Past President of the American Heart Association and a former President of the American Federation for Clinical Research.

PETER W. LIKINS

THOMAS E. LOVEJOY

Thomas E. Lovejoy, of Virginia, is the Assistant Secretary for External Affairs, The Smithsonian Institution. His previous experience includes service as a research assistant at the University of Pennsylvania, 1971-74, after receiving his Ph.D. in biology from Yale University in 1971; as Executive Assistant to the Science Director and as Assistant to the Vice President for Resources and Planning of the Academy of Natural Sciences, 1972-73; as the Vice President for Science of the World Wildlife Fund-U.S., 1973-87; and as Executive Vice President, 1985-89.

Dr. Lovejoy is President of the Society for Conservation Biology.

WALTER E. MASSEY

Walter E. Massey, of Illinois, has been the Vice President of the University of Chicago for Research and for Argonne National Laboratory since 1984. He has also been Professor of Physics at the University since 1979.

Dr. Massey previously served as a physics instructor at Morehouse College, 1958-59; and after receiving his Ph.D. in physics from Washington University in 1966, as a staff physicist with the Argonne National Laboratory until 1968; as Assistant Professor of Physics, University of Illinois, Urbana, 1968-70; Associate Professor of Physics and Dean of the College, Brown University, 1975-79. He is Vice President, and President-elect, of the American Physical Society and is the Past President and Chairman of the American Association for the Advancement of Science.

JOHN P. MCTAGUE

John P. McTague, of Michigan, is Vice President-Research, Ford Motor Company, and has served in that position since 1986.

In 1983 Dr. McTague was appointed Deputy Director of the Office of Science and Technology Policy, becoming Acting Science Advisor to the President and Acting Director of OSTP in 1986. Prior to that, he was Chairman of the National Synchrotron Light Source Department, Brookhaven National Laboratory, 1982-83. He was Professor of Chemistry and a member of the Institute of Geophysics and Planetary Physics, University of California, Los Angeles, 1970-82. Dr. McTague began his professional career as a member of the Technical Staff, North American Aviation Science Center, on receiving his Ph.D. in physical chemistry from Boston University, and remained there until 1970. He is U.S. Chairman of the U.S. Japan Joint High Level Advisory Panel on Cooperation in Research and Development in Science and Technology.

DANIEL NATHANS

Nobel Laureate Nathans, of Maryland, is Professor of Molecular Biology and Genetics at The Johns Hopkins University Medical School and Senior Investigator of the Howard Hughes Medical Institute. He has been on the faculty of The Johns Hopkins

DAVID PACKARD

David Packard, of California, has been Chairman of the Board of the Hewlett-Packard Co. since 1972. Mr. Packard received his B.A. and B.S.E.E. degrees from Stanford University in 1934 and 1939, respectively.

His professional experience includes service as an engineer with the Vacuum Tube Engineering Department, GE Co., 1936-38; co-founder and partner, the Hewlett-Packard Co., 1939-47; President, 1947-64; and Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, 1964-69. Prior to his present position, Mr. Packard served as U.S. Deputy Secretary of Defense from 1969-71.

Mr. Packard received the Vannevar Bush Award of the National Science Board in 1987 and the President's National Medal of Technology and the Presidential Medal of Freedom in 1988.

HAROLD T. SHAPIRO

Harold T. Shapiro, of New Jersey, has been President of Princeton University since 1988.

Dr. Shapiro's previous academic experience has been with the University of Michigan, after receiving his Ph.D. in economics from Princeton in 1964, first as an Assistant Professor of Economics. His career progressed from Associate Professor, 1967-70; Professor, 1970-76; Chairman of the Department of Economics, 1974-77; Professor of Economics and Public Policy, 1977; Vice President for Academic Affairs, 1977-79.

Dr. Shapiro was President of the University of Michigan from 1980 until 1987. He has served as a member of many industrial, governmental and academic boards and commissions.

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THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

February 2, 1990

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY ACCOMPLISHMENTS
AND INITIATIVES OF THE BUSH ADMINISTRATION

FACT SHEET

The President announced today the appointment of the members of the President's Council of Advisors on Science and Technology (PCAST). This distinguished panel of scientists, engineers and industry leaders will provide high-level advice directly to the President on a wide range of important issues concerning science and technology.

Advances in science and technology are a key to increased economic competitiveness and improving our quality of life. The President's action today caps a year of vigorous activity by the Administration to advance science and technology issues on a broad front. The three broad areas of activity are summarized below:

- I. Strengthening Federal Science and Technology Policy
- II. Enhancing Federal Research and Development Activities
- III. Encouraging Increased Private Sector Research and Development Investment

I. Strengthening Federal Science and Technology Policy

- o Establishing the National Space Council. -- The President issued an Executive Order on April 20, 1989, establishing the National Space Council, chaired by the Vice President. The Space Council provides advice and assistance to the President on space policy and strategy and monitors and coordinates the implementation of space policy among the civil, national security and commercial space sectors.
- o Establishing the Administration's Council on Competitiveness. -- The President established the Council on Competitiveness, chaired by the Vice President, to oversee regulatory and other competitiveness issues, such as reform of product

liability laws. A new Working Group will coordinate and review Administration policy and regulations, and will focus on enhancing applied research and on streamlining risk-based regulation of new biotechnology products to ensure safety and promote competitive economic development.

- o Upgrading the Status of the Science Advisor and Increasing the Budget for the Office of Science and Technology Policy. -- The President has raised the status of the Science Advisor to Assistant to the President for Science and Technology. The Science Advisor now participates in deliberations of the Cabinet and of the Domestic and Economic Policy Councils to ensure that science and technology issues are fully reflected in Administration policy development. In addition, the FY 1991 budget proposes \$3.3 million for OSTP, double the FY 1989 level.
- o Strengthening the Federal Coordinating Council on Science, Engineering and Technology (FCCSET). -- The Science Advisor initiated action to improve the interagency coordination apparatus for science and technology by consolidating and enhancing the current FCCSET committee structure. Building on the successful experience of the FCCSET Committee on Earth Science, new committees will be formed to coordinate Federal efforts in education and human resource development, materials science, and others.
- o Reinvigorating the Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ). -- The President is committed to strengthening the CEQ and to ensuring that it has the capacity to serve as an effective source of environmental analysis and information in the White House. Accordingly, the President's FY 1991 budget increases CEQ's budget by 90 percent and CEQ's staff by 70 percent.

II. Enhancing Federal Research and Development Activities

A. Increased Investment in Federal R&D

- o The President has proposed a total of \$71 billion for research and development (R&D), including R&D facilities, in his FY 1991 budget. This is an increase of \$4.5 billion, or 7 percent, over FY 1990 enacted levels.
- o Civilian R&D will increase by 12 percent, and defense-related R&D will increase by 4 percent.

- o The President has also proposed to allocate \$12 billion for basic research, an increase of \$1 billion, or 8 percent, over FY 1990. Basic research is an essential investment in the nation's scientific and technological future, including its future scientists and engineers.

B. Science and Technology Education

The President has moved aggressively to address the shortcomings in the nation's science and technology education enterprise. He has set goals for the nation's schools and students in science and math, and the FY 1991 budget will provide over \$1 billion in direct spending in five agencies for science, mathematics and engineering education.

- o National Science Foundation (NSF). -- NSF will allocate \$463 million in FY 1991, a 30 percent increase over FY 1990, for a wide variety of education activities to improve the quality of teachers and students, the numbers of students choosing science, math, or engineering careers, and the numbers staying in those fields, particularly those in traditionally under-represented groups.
- o Department of Education. -- The Department will continue to build on its strong relationships with State educational entities. The FY 1991 budget proposes \$230 million, an increase of 69 percent, for the Dwight D. Eisenhower Mathematics and Science program, which provides funds to States to implement improved programs for teaching math and science. In addition, five million is requested for the new National Science Scholars program to recognize outstanding high school students by providing fellowship support for them to study in the fields of mathematics and science in college. The Department will also launch an initiative under its Upward Bound program to provide academic assistance and encouragement to help disadvantaged students pursue study in mathematics and science.
- o National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA). -- NASA will allocate \$51 million in FY 1991, an increase of 21 percent, for education activities including the "Spacemobile" program, teacher and student workshops and research experiences at NASA laboratories, and special efforts to increase minority participation in science and engineering.

- o Department of Energy (DOE). -- DOE will provide \$25 million in FY 1991, a 47 percent increase, for educational activities including support for graduate and undergraduate students and high school and university faculty. DOE will implement a new program, in collaboration with the private sector, to train high school faculty in the state-of-the-art science and technology conducted at the DOE laboratories.
- o National Institutes of Health (NIH). -- The research training grant program will be funded at a level of \$292 million, which will support almost 12,000 graduate trainees in research laboratories throughout the nation.

C. Doubling the Budget of the National Science Foundation

The President has maintained his strong commitment to the importance of basic research by proposing \$2.4 billion in budget authority, a more than 14 percent increase, for the National Science Foundation in FY 1991. This will continue progress toward doubling the NSF budget by FY 1993.

- o World-Class Research Equipment. -- The President has also recognized that world-class science and technology requires world-class research equipment. He has supported the construction of a replacement for the important radiotelescope at Greenbank, West Virginia, and, for FY 1991, has proposed the initiation or continuation of several high-priority, specialized research facilities including the National High Magnetic Field Laboratory, the Laser Interferometer Gravitational Wave Observatory, and two 8-meter optical/infrared telescopes.
- o Academic Research Facilities Modernization. -- In addition to research support, the President will also continue the Academic Research Facilities modernization program begun by NSF in FY 1990. Continuing the program will increase management experience and permit evaluation of its impact on U.S. science and technology.
- o U.S. Antarctic Program. -- NSF manages the U.S. Antarctic Program for the government. This program supports national goals in the Antarctic and is the principal expression of the U.S. presence on the Antarctic continent. The FY 1991

budget will expand an important environmental, safety, and health initiative in the Antarctic to ensure that this world scientific resource is preserved and that the safety and health of scientists working on the continent are assured.

D. Understanding and Exploring Space

The President is committed to a continuing, active and exciting American presence in space -- indeed, to America's leadership in space science and exploration. Overall, the FY 1991 budget proposes \$15.2 billion for NASA, an increase of \$2.9 billion, or 24 percent. NASA's budget has increased by almost 40 percent over FY 1989.

- o Space Shuttle. -- The current fleet of three Space Shuttles are the world's most versatile launch vehicles. In FY 1989, the Space Shuttle fleet completed four successful flights. The Space Shuttle Columbia recently accomplished the spectacular retrieval of the Long Duration Exposure Facility. The FY 1991 budget proposes \$4.2 billion, an increase of 22 percent, for Space Shuttle production and operations. This funding will allow for a safe build-up to 10 Shuttle flights, the delivery of the fourth Shuttle, Endeavor, and enhancements such as the Advanced Solid Rocket Motor and the Extended Duration Orbiter capability.
- o Space Station Freedom. -- Space Station Freedom is the largest international R&D project ever undertaken. In FY 1989, the program underwent a reevaluation that has resulted in a more achievable program and funding profile. The FY 1991 budget continues the President's commitment to the Space Station by proposing a total of \$2.6 billion, an increase of 36 percent. This will provide for the critical transition from design to actual fabrication.
- o Moon/Mars Exploration. -- On July 20, 1989, the President proposed that America undertake an ambitious mission of manned exploration of the solar system. This journey will begin with the first step in the FY 1991 budget towards this new goal -- nearly \$1.3 billion, an increase of 47 percent -- to support robotic science missions and to develop the pacing and innovative technologies that will be needed. Of particular interest is the continued commitment of the Administration to

the National Aerospace Plane (NASP) program. In FY 1989 the National Space Council reviewed and revised this program in keeping with a more stable and sustainable pace of technology and funding.

- o Space Science and Applications. -- The U.S. is committed to maintaining its world leadership in space science. An exciting new era of discovery has now begun in unmanned planetary exploration, astronomy, and Earth observations. In 1989, three important scientific missions were launched: Magellan to Venus, Galileo to Jupiter, and the Cosmic Background Explorer. The FY 1991 budget proposes \$3.3 billion, an increase of 22 percent, for the continued support of missions planned for launch in 1990 including the Hubble Space Telescope, the Gamma Ray Observatory, and the Ulysses mission to explore the Sun, and development of future missions such as the Comet Rendezvous/Asteroid Flyby and the Cassini mission to Saturn.

E. Global Environmental Change

- o U.S. Global Change Research Program (USGCRP). -- The U.S. is the world leader in global change research. The President has endorsed the USGCRP, a coordinated, multi-agency research program of space- and ground-based research and observations designed to provide a sound scientific basis for rational policy decisionmaking on global change issues. The FY 1991 budget proposes over \$1 billion for this effort, an increase of 57 percent.
- o Mission to Planet Earth (MTPE). -- On July 20, the President also affirmed the importance of NASA's contribution to the USGCRP, Mission to Planet Earth. The largest part of this initiative consists of a major new program for FY 1991, the Earth Observing System, a series of space platforms and instruments developed by the U.S., Europe and Japan, which will collect a broad spectrum of environmental data related to global warming, drought, oceans, etc. MTPE will permit, for the first time, an analysis of Earth as an integrated system.
- o International Activities. -- The President believes that continuing U.S. scientific leadership is needed to address global environmental issues. In the past year, the

President announced U.S. support for a worldwide phaseout of chlorofluorocarbon (CFC) production to the extent safe substitutes are available. In 1990, the U.S. will host the Plenary Session of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) in February; a meeting of the world's economic, scientific, and environmental officials to discuss global environmental issues in the Spring; and the first negotiation session on the Framework Convention on Climate Change in late Fall.

F. Environment

- o Clean Air Act. -- The President demonstrated his commitment to clean air by transmitting Clean Air Act Amendments to Congress in July 1989. The President's plan allows for both environmental protection and economic development and is based on a commitment to using the best science available. In support of his Clean Air proposals, the FY 1991 air research budget of the Environmental Protection Agency will increase by \$8 million to a total of \$95 million.

G. The Superconducting Super Collider and High Energy Physics

- o The Superconducting Super Collider (SSC). -- The SSC will provide an enormous advance in the capability to explore the secrets of matter and energy. Over the past year, the Department of Energy has established the SSC laboratory at a site near Dallas, Texas. The new laboratory team is conducting a thorough reevaluation of all technical systems with particular attention to magnet design and technical performance of the accelerator. In FY 1989, research continued on the design and testing of magnets. Approximately 8,000 magnets will be used in the 53-mile SSC tunnel. In addition, during FY 1989, DOE continued work on the site-specific Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). The EIS is necessary before DOE makes a decision on the "footprint" of the SSC and starts acquiring land for the project.
- o High Energy and Nuclear Physics. -- The President supports a robust program of research in the areas of high-energy and nuclear physics, which offer the prospects of increasing our knowledge of the basic constituents of matter. Last year,

scientists discovered and conducted measurements of the Z-nought particle utilizing the recently upgraded Stanford Linear Collider. The Z-nought particle is important because it transmits one of the basic forces between elementary particles. The FY 1991 budget provides a funding increase of 8 percent to continue research at Stanford and the three other large accelerator centers: the Brookhaven National Laboratory on Long Island, the Cornell Electron Storage Ring in New York State, and the Fermilab National Laboratory.

H. Life Sciences

- o Human Immunodeficiency Virus/Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (HIV/AIDS). -- The Administration remains committed to making continued progress against HIV and AIDS. Five therapies have been approved for use, and since January 1989 over 35 clinical trials have been initiated in a search for additional therapeutic drugs. The Administration has recently taken action to enable State Medicaid programs to cover the costs of the drug AZT for HIV-infected individuals who do not yet exhibit AIDS symptoms. The FY 1991 budget proposes \$3.5 billion in total for HIV/AIDS research, treatment, prevention and income support, an increase of 18 percent.
- o Human Genome Project. -- The evolution of genetic engineering techniques over the last decade has enabled the initiation of one of the most exciting science projects ever undertaken -- the development of a map of the full complement of human genetic material (the human genome). Such an undertaking will vastly increase our understanding of the nature and cause of many diseases. Over the past year, important advances have already been made, such as the identification of the gene that accounts for a large proportion of all cystic fibrosis cases. The FY 1991 budget proposes \$108 million for the National Institutes of Health and \$46 million for the Department of Energy to pursue collaboratively this important project.
- o Biotechnology. -- Recent breakthroughs in biotechnology, such as recombinant DNA techniques, cell fusion and gene therapy, offer unprecedented opportunities for improving the nation's productivity, health, and well-being. Increasing Federal investment in basic biotechnology research

will spur further advances, as will initiatives that improve payoffs on investments. The FY 1991 budget proposes \$3.6 billion for biotechnology R&D, an increase of 6 percent over 1990.

- o Agricultural Research Initiative. -- American farmers are among the most productive in the world. New techniques in genetics, molecular and cell biology have led to innovative approaches that will enhance our ability to produce food, while addressing concerns of safety, nutrition and the environment. The FY 1991 budget will launch a National Research Initiative to more than double the size of USDA's competitive grants program. This will expand funds for plant and animal biotechnology to \$50 million, with a particular emphasis on mapping the genome of important crop plants. Like the Human Genome Initiative, this effort will create new opportunities to explore the genetic potential of plants.

I. Energy

- o National Energy Strategy. -- The President has directed Secretary of Energy Watkins to develop a National Energy Strategy to guide the Administration's energy policies and programs. The Department has held two rounds of public hearings and plans to issue a draft document in April. A key element of the strategy will be a blueprint for future energy R&D programs and activities.
- o Clean Coal Technology. -- The Administration is committed to a \$2.5 billion program to demonstrate emerging clean coal technologies. This program will provide additional cost-effective alternatives for reducing acid rain.
- o Solar/Renewables and Energy Conservation R&D. -- The President is committed to assisting the development of emerging technologies that offer the potential to provide new sources of energy as well as new ways to use it more efficiently, while protecting the environment. On January 26, 1990, the Department of Energy announced a new 11-point initiative in this area. The FY 1991 budget provides an increase of 8 percent in funding for conservation, solar and other renewable energy technology R&D.

- o Enhanced Oil and Gas Recovery Research. -- Up to two-thirds of oil and gas reserves are still left in the ground with conventional recovery techniques. In order to stimulate the use of new technologies to increase production from these existing fields, the President proposed four new tax initiatives, including a 10 percent credit for new tertiary enhanced recovery projects. In addition, the FY 1991 budget proposes \$17 million to establish oil and gas geosciences research consortia with industry and universities to advance the science underlying oil and gas recovery.

J. Advanced Technology

- o National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). -- The FY 1991 budget proposes \$198 million for NIST, a 21 percent increase over the 1990 enacted level, and includes substantial increases for core NIST research programs such as robotics, lightwave technology, quality chemical measurements, and advanced semiconductor measurement. NIST research programs form the basis for the development of the measurements and standards on which U.S. industries depend. The FY 1991 budget also includes increased funding for improvements to NIST facilities. In addition, the budget includes funding for two programs to encourage the development and transfer to the private sector of a wide range of advanced technologies.
 - Manufacturing Technology Centers. -- The budget proposes to continue funding for these centers, requesting \$5 million in FY 1991. This program provides matching grants to universities or non-profit organizations to establish centers for the transfer of innovative, advanced manufacturing technology to small and medium-sized businesses.
 - Advanced Technology Program (ATP). -- The budget requests \$10 million in FY 1991, the 1990 funding level, for this program. The ATP will provide seed money to industry-led consortia doing generic, pre-competitive research into promising technologies.
- o Magnetic Levitation Transportation. -- The FY 1991 budget proposes nearly \$10 million for R&D on this

emerging technology, an increase of almost 400 percent. These efforts are being carried out by both the Department of Transportation (about \$6 million) and the Army Corps of Engineers (almost \$4 million). Each agency is pursuing a public-private partnership designed to facilitate private development of an operational maglev system in the U.S.

K. National Security

- o DOD Technology Base. -- The President supports a strong technology base to develop options for future weapons systems and to guard against technological surprise by adversaries. The FY 1991 budget includes \$3.4 billion for the technology base (basic and applied research) funded through the Department of Defense. This will support programs ranging from basic research in the physical sciences to development of high-speed semiconductors for use in advanced communications systems and computers.
- o Strategic Defense Initiative (SDI). -- The SDI program remains a high priority of the President. The FY 1991 budget requests \$4.5 billion for SDI, an increase of \$0.9 billion over 1990. The SDI program is developing options for strategic defenses based on advanced technologies. Particular emphasis is being placed on promising new concepts such as the "Brilliant Pebbles" small space-based interceptor missiles.

III. Encouraging Increased Private Sector R&D Investment

Private sector investment accounts for about 50 percent of the total national investment in R&D. In addition, the private sector is the principal performer for R&D and is ultimately responsible for transforming R&D results into useful new products and processes. The Administration has taken a number of steps to encourage increased private sector R&D investment and technological innovation.

- o Encouraging Savings and Investment. -- The President is proposing the Family Savings Account to stimulate increased savings that provide the resources needed for investments in the future. In addition, the President is proposing to lower the tax on capital gains in order to promote increased entrepreneurial activity and investment.

- o Research and Experimentation Tax Credit. -- The President again proposes to make permanent the 20 percent tax credit targeted specifically to research and experimentation (R&E) by allowing 100 percent of total research expenses to be used for the computation of the credit for all years after December 31, 1989. In 1989, the Congress enacted a short-term extension in response to the President's proposal of last February.
- o Encouraging R&D by Transnational Companies. -- The President proposes to make permanent the rules, as modified by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1989, for the allocation of foreign and domestic R&E expenditures for companies with foreign operations. The proposal would also allow 100 percent of U.S. expenditures to be covered rather than the current 75 percent. This proposal would apply to all tax years beginning after August 1, 1990, when the current rules expire.
- o Intellectual Property. -- The President is committed to pursuing aggressively improved international protection of intellectual property. The current negotiations in the Uruguay Round of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade are an important forum for this activity.
- o Tort Reform/New Product Liability. -- The Administration has endorsed changes in product liability laws to help restore balance to the tort system, to increase competitiveness, and to reduce uncertainty, particularly for new products, while providing incentives to produce safe products.

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3:30 P.M. NEWS UPDATE

GARCIA/DRUG SUMMIT (Lima/Reuter) -- Peruvian president Garcia said he will attend the anti-drug summit in Colombia now that President Bush has announced the withdrawal of U.S. troops from Panama. Garcia spoke to reporters at the Government Palace. "We shall be there," he said.

GERMANY (East Berlin/AP) -- West Germany's foreign minister said he is seeking support from the four World War II Allies for German unification, and the Soviet Union proposed Europeans, Americans and Canadians vote on the issue. In an interview published today in Moscow, Foreign Minister Shevardnadze said the outside groups should vote or hold "wide parliamentary discussions" because they suffered so much from a unified Germany in World War II. The Soviet envoy gave the Kremlin's strongest endorsement yet to unification, but repeated conditions that this must not destabilize Europe. Foreign Minister Genscher made his comments in a radio interview before flying to Washington to discuss the prospect of unification with Secretary Baker.

(Moscow/UPI) -- Soviet leader Gorbachev has blessed plans for a step-by-step approach to a German confederation and possible reunification in some form, visiting East German communist leader Gregor Gysi said. In the clearest indication yet the Kremlin has shifted its thinking on the German question, Gysi said Gorbachev told him he did not oppose a cautious, stage-by-stage approach to the issue within the context of a new Europe.

(UPI) -- The West German government showed little enthusiasm for an East German plan for reunification as a neutral country and Soviet and U.S. officials reacted cautiously, saying the proposals still had to be addressed carefully. Chancellor Kohl rejected the suggestion West Germany quit NATO, but did not suggest an alternative for a future united Germany.

ENVIRONMENTALISTS (UPI) -- Environmentalists accused President Bush of breaking his environmental promises by threatening to veto the Senate clean air bill, which the administration contends is too costly for industry. The broadside by the National Clean Air Coalition came as Senate action on the clean air legislation ground to a halt, largely due to GOP resistance. Richard Ayres, chairman of the coalition, said while Bush had helped spark congressional action by proposing clean air legislation last June, he was now breaking his environmental promises by siding with industry.

DRUG WAR/BENNETT (Reuter) -- White House drug czar William Bennett said the U.S. was beginning to win the war against illegal drugs, but Senate Democrats said the Bush administration was not doing enough to fight narcotics. "While there is still too much bad news, there are scattered but clear signs that we are beginning to win. The scourge is beginning to pass. If we keep up our efforts, we are going to win," Bennett told a Senate Judiciary Committee hearing on President Bush's latest anti-drug strategy. Democrats, led by Sen. Biden, welcomed Bush's proposals but said more was needed. "It is really a question of priorities and timing," Biden said. "Treatment has to be given greater priority," Sen. Simon said. Sen. Kennedy said more money was needed to educate students beginning in grade school against drugs and to treat drug users. Kennedy clashed sharply with Bennett over Bennett's refusal to endorse legislation banning semi-automatic assault weapons used by many drug dealers.

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1990

On the Record

Payroll Tax Cut Dead, Deficit Under Control, Confident Bush Asserts

In Interview With Journal,
President Is Enthusiastic
Over Gorbachev, Glasnost

Touching Conservative Nerve

BY MICHEL MCQUEEN
AND GERALD F. SEIB

Staff Reporters of THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

WASHINGTON — President Bush says that he believes a Democratic plan to cut Social Security taxes is dead and that he has no interest in negotiating with Congress a "big deal" to close further the federal budget deficit. He also now endorses, more strongly than ever, Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev.

Enjoyed by his high standings in the polls and a positive reception to his State of the Union address, the president declared in an interview with The Wall Street Journal yesterday that the "steam" has gone out of New York Sen. Daniel Patrick Moynihan's plan to trim Social Security taxes. "I hope it's dead, and I think it is," Mr. Bush said.

The president appeared confident in his new budget plan despite a flurry of Democratic criticism.

Last year, some of his own aides talked longingly of a grand accord with Congress to narrow the budget deficit. But "I don't think we need to do it even further," he said. If existing deficit-cutting targets are met, "it isn't that long before the budget is in balance."

Regarding Mr. Gorbachev, with whom he talked by phone just two days ago, Mr. Bush suggested that their summit meeting in Malta last December changed his own thinking. After the meeting, he said, "I had a better feel for him as an individual and what he's trying to do." The president has begun openly declaring that the Soviet president's survival is in the interest of the West.



George Bush

dent said he didn't think Mr. Gorbachev needs to survive atop the Soviet system for the two superpowers to meet their goal of finishing both strategic-arms and conventional-arms treaties this year. And he said he would work with whoever sits atop the Soviet system.

Praises Gorbachev

But Mr. Bush praised Mr. Gorbachev, who is on the verge of a crucial Communist Party Central Committee meeting that will deal with the Soviet Union's internal unrest. The president said Mr. Gorbachev "has done more in a short period of time for glasnost and reform than anybody in this room would have ever predicted. And I think the result has been a peaceful change in Eastern Europe that none of us would have predicted."

Mr. Bush dismissed the arguments of some Soviet dissidents—and American conservatives—that the U.S. shouldn't be supporting Mr. Gorbachev but rather should back Soviets who seek more radical, pro-democratic and pro-capitalist changes. "Well, I don't agree with them," Mr. Bush said.

At a Senate hearing yesterday, for instance, conservative Sen. Jesse Helms lectured Secretary of State James Baker, who soon will visit Moscow for detailed discussions on a new strategic-arms-reduction treaty that the superpowers hope to finish by June. Sen. Helms charged that "almost escaping notice and consideration is the fact that Mr. Gorbachev's version of reform is one that excludes freedom." The North Carolina Republican blamed the Soviet leader personally for the deployment of new Soviet nuclear weapons and "the slaughter of women and children" in Afghanistan.

The president surprised Congress in his State of the Union address by proposing new and deeper cuts in U.S. and Soviet troop levels in Central Europe, down to 195,000 for each superpower. But Mr. Bush indicated that America's friends in Western Europe don't want U.S. troops to be drawn down any more than that.

Just before Mr. Bush spoke, events in Germany raised the specter of even further changes in Eastern Europe. East German Premier Hans Modrow—whose government had previously opposed the idea of unifying East and West Germany—formally unveiled a unification plan. Though some analysts worry that a Germany unattached to the West could emerge from a rapid-fire unification, Mr. Bush says events so far don't warrant a change in the traditional U.S. position favoring unification if both German peoples want it.

On a particularly sensitive domestic issue, Mr. Bush parried a question about whether he will seek a change in the Republican platform's stringent anti-abortion

Continued From First Page

idea that abortion has been riveting the nation's attention recently. He scoffed, for example, at suggestions that recent election losses by anti-abortion Republicans represented any kind of referendum on abortion.

Overall, Mr. Bush's comments reflected a general satisfaction with the course of events in the American economy and abroad—as well as a reluctance to make changes now that might rock the boat.

The president appeared relaxed and confident, though perhaps slightly fatigued from this week's heavy schedule, as he sat at his desk in his newly refurbished Oval Office. His top aides—Chief of Staff John Sununu, National Security Adviser Brent Scowcroft, Deputy National Security Adviser Robert Gates and chief White House economist Michael Boskin—sat quietly nearby.

Though he acknowledged "a slowdown in the economy," Mr. Bush said he doubts that there will be a recession this year. While saying he wants to be careful to avoid any "Fed bashing," he also made clear his desire for lower interest rates. Moreover, he didn't think the need to attract foreign capital to the U.S. to finance the big federal budget deficit should prevent the Federal Reserve from lowering interest rates. Nor did he express any concern that rising foreign investment in the U.S. translates into loss of American control over its economy.

Here are excerpts from President Bush's interview with Wall Street Journal White House correspondents Gerald F. Seib and Michel McQueen and Washington Bureau Chief Albert R. Hunt:

Taxes

WSJ: *I noticed that everybody cheered last night [during the State of the Union address] when you said we shouldn't tinker around with Social Security. Do you think that this shows that this Democratic plan about cutting payroll taxes is a flash in the pan?*

THE PRESIDENT: I hope it's dead, and I think it is. . . . After talking to the guys that are wrestling with the problem on the administration's behalf, none of us has a feeling there's a great thrust behind it anymore. I'm not sure how much there was in the beginning. I think people thought, "Well here's a chance to put the president on the defensive about a tax cut—something of that nature. But you just don't feel blood surging through the arteries."

WSJ: *One of the things it's done is it's pointed attention to the fact the U.S. tax system has become more regressive as dependence on the payroll tax has increased. If you're a middle-income family earning \$30,000 your tax level went up in the '80s. If you're an upper-income family,*

rick Moynihan, (D., N.Y.) say—but we've got some other responsibilities, and I just don't think this is the time for a whole new look at the tax system.

You get a lot of people urging that, you know. More consumption taxes or value-added taxes or lift the cap on income taxes. . . . I've made recommendations that affect the tax system, and that's our position. So I don't want to see any other major review or major revision in the tax system right now.

WSJ: *Would you be willing though perhaps to combine your capital gains tax cut with some kind of a reduction in payroll taxes?*

THE PRESIDENT: No, because that gets into the very thing I said I don't want to mess with.

WSJ: *Well, does that, on the other hand, mean you'd veto any kind of [cuts in] Social Security payroll taxes?*

THE PRESIDENT: I'd certainly veto the Moynihan plan if it came my way.

WSJ: *Some Republicans like Senator [Robert] Kasten [R., Wis.] today are proposing a more modest payroll tax cut.*

THE PRESIDENT: I'm not familiar with his proposal. . . . I don't want to do something that starts unwinding what I think is a sound approach to taxes and social security and incentives and capital.

Recession

WSJ: *In your opinion, Mr. President, what are the odds on a recession in the next year?*

THE PRESIDENT: I can't put odds on anything of that nature and wouldn't try to, but I don't think there will be a recession. We heard the chairman of the Fed two or three days ago I think say essentially the same thing. Our chief economic adviser here, Dr. [Michael] Boskin, has felt that there wouldn't be. We have obviously recognized a slowdown in the economy, but I don't know of any persuasive opinion out there that suggests there will be a recession. I hope I'm right about that.

Budget Deficit

WSJ: *[Budget Director] Dick Darman . . . was saying earlier this week that Americans can only expect incremental progress on the deficit. Is there no chance at all that there would be a big compromise this year to reduce the deficit even further?*

THE PRESIDENT: I don't think we need to do it even further. You've got a disciplinary guideline out there in Gramm-Rudman. And what I want to do is meet those targets, and it isn't that long before the budget is in balance. That should not be interpreted as a lack of interest in balancing the budget, because I am concerned about the drain on capital and the effect the deficit has on interest rates and a lot of things. But I think we got a plan—stay with it now and try to get approval of it. There will be compromises along the way, but try to get broad approval from the Congress.

THE PRESIDENT: Well, I don't know whether they're less interested, but it seems to me that every time we've proposed a level of spending for some program or another, somebody says, well, let's increase the spending. And, I don't hear them advocating the tax increases to pay for it.

Federal Spending

WSJ: *While you're on the subject of the budget, [Budget Director] Darman said last week that tough choices were made for this budget. Could you give us two examples of tough choices that you made for this budget?*

THE PRESIDENT: Well, I could probably give you 20, but I'm disinclined to do that because we have a lot of initiatives on the environment, or initiatives in education, initiatives in drugs . . . where we had to sit down and work closely with the cabinet officers involved, and then we were not able to allocate to them all the money that they felt could be usefully spent. But it goes all across the board.

Foreign Investment

WSJ: *Last week you were saying you hope that foreigners don't restrict their investments in government bonds, which help pay for the deficit. Isn't that an admission that we've lost control of our economic power to foreign dollars?*

THE PRESIDENT: No, it's an admission that we've got to get the deficit down. I don't think we've lost control in terms of foreign investment at all. I said the other day I'm glad foreign investment continues to come in to this country. And when you look at the total investment in the United States and then total foreign debt—where it comes in, what countries have the most of it—I am not frightened. But I see in some of this investment the need for us to do what I talked about last night: Be more competitive. And then you get into a broad competitiveness agenda that includes R&D and includes education and includes a lot of other things. But it doesn't worry me that people invest in the United States.

I think I've said it: People see this as the best place to invest. And I hope we continue to see it as the best place to invest, whether it's in full faith and credit guaranteed securities of the United States, or in the private sector activities.

Interest Rates

WSJ: *But doesn't this need to attract foreign capital mean that the Fed really can't lower interest rates right now because we have to keep interest rates at a level that will attract capital?*

THE PRESIDENT: I don't think so. . . . I learned not to try to speculate on what the Fed ought to be doing cause somebody's going to go out and interpret that as Fed-bashing or dictating to [Federal Reserve Board Chairman] Greenspan. And I'll give you an example of this. I made a statement at a housing conference that I

against Greenspan saying that I was bashing the Fed—I think it was on a little pollster line—but going after Greenspan. So, it's a very sensitive—I mean it's a perfectly good question—but you ought to be very careful in answering it because you can affect markets adversely. . . .

But do I think interest rates should be lower? Would I like to pay 5% on a house, instead of 10%? Absolutely. So, it's in that context. And I think . . . we can make a contribution to that here by fiscal discipline.

Gorbachev

WSJ: *Let me switch to foreign policy for a second. A few months ago, you were saying that the U.S. would be basing its policies not on individual Soviet leaders but on the system. And more recently, you've begun to say flatly that Gorbachev's survival is in the interests of the U.S. and what we want to see accomplished. Why the change?*

THE PRESIDENT: There's no dramatic reason for the change, but I've watched him, and I've been impressed with the way he has coped with problems. I do feel that after Malta I had a better feel for him as an individual and what he's trying to do. . . . I think you were proper—I think I've made reference to that two times since then. I just could identify more clearly now with what he's trying to do in perestroika and in, of course, glasnost as well. And so it was more than a shift of any kind in whether we think Mr. Gorbachev's going to make it or not. I get that question all the time. I don't know how to respond except to say that I'd rather he'd get pretty strong control. . . . We'll see: A Central Committee meeting [is] coming up. That's an internal affair, and I've always been a little worried about getting too far into the internal affairs of another country. But in terms of how he has coped with or encouraged peaceful change in Eastern Europe, of course we salute that. And I think some of that is Gorbachev the individual working within a system that's changing very rapidly.

WSJ: *If Communism is dissolving, which a lot of people think it clearly is, why support a guy who's reforming a rotten system? Why not get behind, instead, the people who are really for freedom, really for free speech, really for democracy, really for free markets?*

THE PRESIDENT: Who have you got in mind?

WSJ: *There's a whole bunch of Soviet dissidents over there who think we're making a huge mistake supporting Gorbachev.*

THE PRESIDENT: Well, I don't agree with them, and I think that he has done more in a short period of time for glasnost and reform than anybody in this room would have ever predicted. And I think the result has been peaceful change in Eastern Europe that none of us would have predicted. And that's why I feel that it's

is, just as if I'm defeated or not here, they'll be dealing with whoever's in this office.

Arms Control

WSJ: *Is his presence necessary to meet the arms control schedule for this year?*

THE PRESIDENT: I don't think so. By that, I don't want it to be interpreted that I don't think he's going to be around. I don't think it depends on one man. I think we've got a policy, a program, and I think that's established. So, I don't think that's the case.

German Unification

WSJ: *In East Germany today, Prime Minister Hansj. Modrow called for German unification, which is a change in their position. You said you were in favor of a careful process of German unification. But are events now moving so fast they're out of control in Germany?*

THE PRESIDENT: Well, I think the East Germans and West Germans are still trying to sort all this out. And I can guarantee you members of the alliance, of our alliance, are trying to sort all this out. And so I keep referring back to the collective NATO position on it and stay with that. But events are moving fast, and it looks more and more like the German reunification question is moving towards the very front burner.

Troop Cuts

WSJ: *You put out the goal last night of cutting troops in Europe to 195,000 on each side. Have you promised allied leaders that you won't propose going below that level?*

THE PRESIDENT: I think the allied leaders want to see us hold the line ... certainly to complete CFE [Conventional

Forces in Europe] talks. And that is my determination.

Nicaraguan Elections

WSJ: *Let me ask you one about the Sandinistas. If the Sandinistas run an honest election in February, will you remove the sanctions the U.S. has imposed on their regime?*

THE PRESIDENT: I'd want to look at the situation at the time.

WSJ: *Still not answering hypothetical questions?*

THE PRESIDENT: Yes, too hypothetical. Jerry, nice try, though. I'd have asked you the same question—

WSJ: *I would have answered it, though.*

THE PRESIDENT: No, you wouldn't. You would have run for cover.

Abortion

WSJ: *Well, here's another one. Do you think the Republican platform should be changed to reflect your view that the party is too much to contain different views on abortion?*

THE PRESIDENT: Look, I just got here. And I will discuss the platform in 1992.

WSJ: *But you care about that issue, sure—you've said so. Why didn't you even mention it once last night?*

THE PRESIDENT: I thought I did.

WSJ: *Abortion?*

THE PRESIDENT: Celebration of life.

WSJ: *That was sort of vague to a lot of people. Do you think that an issue that has so riveted the state of the union over the last six months—*

THE PRESIDENT: But how much has it riveted the state of the union? Has it riveted the state of the press or the state of the union? Look at the polls. Look at what's happening in these different state legislatures around the country.

WSJ: *So you think we've exaggerated the importance of that issue—we, meaning the press?*

THE PRESIDENT: I think there's a lot of wishful thinking. I think some people feel very differently than I do about it. And they'd like to point to things—they point to a mayor's election in New York. Now, come on. A mayor's election in New York where a Republican gets within 1% of a Democrat, and that's a mandate on abortion? When both of them happen to be on the other side? It makes no sense. You

President Expects His Son To 'Weather' S&L Storm

By a WALL STREET JOURNAL Staff Reporter

WASHINGTON—President Bush says he is confident that his son Neil will "weather whatever storm" arises out of his connection with the failed Silverado Banking, Savings & Loan Association.

Neil Bush, a director of Denver-based Silverado for three years, has been accused by regulators of a conflict of interest in approving loans to his outside business associates. The younger Mr. Bush has said that he approved loans to Denver developer Bill Walters, who had a 6.25% interest in Neil Bush's company, JNB Exploration, but that the loan was presented by Silverado management, was unanimously approved by the board and didn't violate any regulations.

Neil Bush has refused to sign a settlement agreement negotiated with federal regulators, saying it would "leave an implication that I misbehaved as a director."

In an interview with The Wall Street Journal yesterday, President Bush said, "This boy is an honest boy and he'll do just fine. But the fact that he's the president's son probably hasn't simplified his life, or my daughter's, or the others."

"But we do care about our boy, and does it break our hearts that he's upset about it? Sure. Who wouldn't? What father would distance himself?"

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

Internal Transcript

February 1, 1990

INTERVIEW OF THE PRESIDENT
BY
THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

The Oval Office

1:30 P.M. EST

THE PRESIDENT: Sorry to keep you all waiting. Why don't you fire away.

Q We have Cristiani breathing down our necks.

THE PRESIDENT: Is he sitting out there? No.

Q No. Soon. I noticed that everybody cheered last night when you said we shouldn't tinker around with Social Security. And I was just curious for starters if you think maybe that suggests this Democratic proposal for tax cuts on Social Security is a flash in the pan.

THE PRESIDENT: Well, I have asked our people that are up on the Hill a lot and working with the senators and the House, and I don't think there's much steam in it. I think it got a lot of hype in the beginning and I hope it's dead -- and I think it is. I mean, there maybe some lively discussion about it, but I don't -- after talking to the guys that are wrestling with the problem on our behalf, the administration's behalf, none of us have the feeling that there's great thrust behind it anymore. And I'm not sure how much there was in the beginning.

I think people thought, well, here's a chance to put the President on the defensive about a tax cut or something of that nature. But it didn't -- I don't think it took a -- you just don't feel blood surging through the arteries.

Q One of the things it's done is it's pointed attention to the fact the U.S. tax system has become more regressive as dependency on the payroll tax has increased. If you're a middle-income family earning \$30,000, your tax level went down -- I mean, went up in the '80s, and if you're an upper-income family, your tax load actually went down in the 1980's.

Do you think it's time now to do something to lighten the tax load on middle-income Americans?

THE PRESIDENT: Well, in a world of where you were starting over, maybe you could design a better tax system. But I don't want to open up the entire tax system at this point. I mean, I can understand some equity -- the equity of what those who have argued for the Moynihan proposal say -- but we've got some other

think, to do it. And we want to just -- it's not that long before we're in balance if we can keep going. In doing the research for last night, I was impressed about the deficit as it relates to the GNP. But we've got to just keep on going. So I am not in favor of reopening the whole tax system to eliminate inequities that may be there right now.

Q Would you be willing, though, perhaps to combine your capital gains tax cut with some kind of a reduction in payroll taxes to make the reductions seem more equitable?

THE PRESIDENT: No, because that gets into the very thing I said I don't want to mess with. And when I say "mess with it" I don't want to do what has been suggested.

Q Well, does that, on the other hand, mean you'd veto any cut in Social Security payroll taxes?

THE PRESIDENT: Well, I'd certainly veto the Moynihan plan if it came my way. And I think that's well known. I mean, I don't think any of us have been coy about that. It's had some early support on both sides of the aisle, but I'm not for it. Our program does not include it, and we're not going to change on it.

Q Some Republicans like Senator Kasten today are proposing a more modest payroll tax cut. I think what Jerry's asking --

THE PRESIDENT: I'm not familiar with his proposal. I don't want to do something that starts unwinding what I think is a sound approach to taxes and Social Security and incentives and capital. We've thought out our end of it. We sent some -- we'll be sending proposals to back up the broad outlines that I laid out there last night.

Q In your opinion, Mr. President, what are the odds of a recession in the next year?

THE PRESIDENT: I don't -- I can't put odds on anything of that nature and wouldn't try to. But I don't think there will be a recession. We heard the Chairman of the Fed two or three days ago, I think, say essentially the same thing. Our chief economic advisor here, Dr. Boskin, has felt that there wouldn't be. We have obviously recognized a slowdown in the economy., but I don't know of any persuasive opinion out there that suggests there will be a recession. I hope I'm right about that.

Q I saw Dick Darman here earlier. He was saying earlier this week that Americans can only expect incremental progress on the deficit. Is there no chance at all that there would be a big -- some big compromise this year to reduce the deficit even further?

THE PRESIDENT: I don't think we need to do it even further. I think what we -- you've got a disciplinary guideline out there in Gramm-Rudman, and what I want to do is meet those targets. And it isn't that long before the budget is in balance. And that should not be interpreted as a lack of interest in balancing the budget because I'm concerned about the drain on capital and the

spending for some program or another somebody says, well, let's increase the spending. And I don't hear them advocating the tax increases to pay for it. So I've -- that leads you to deficit thinking. I do worry some about that.

People hit us up -- well, you didn't put enough in your budget for account A, or B, or C. We've got a restricted amount of resource, and we've applied it the way we think it can do the most good. And besides that, a \$1.2 billion -- \$1.2 trillion is a lot of money -- the point I made last night. And I don't think the American people are fully aware that that kind of money is going out. A lot of it earmarked to begin with -- entitlements and things of that nature. But it's a lot of money.

Q We're on the subject of the budget -- your Director, again, Director Darman said last week that tough choices were made for this budget. Could you give us two examples of tough choices that you made for this budget?

THE PRESIDENT: Well, I could probably give you 20, but I'm disinclined to do that, because we have a lot of initiatives in the environment, or initiatives in education, initiatives in drugs where we had to sit down -- antidrug fight -- where we had to sit down and work closely with the Cabinet officers involved, and we were not able to allocate to them all the money that they felt could be usefully spent. But it goes all across the board.

I mean, one example, somebody was suggesting that maybe it would have been better if we could have given more block grants to local law enforcement. Well, we're doing some there. Another guy comes in and says, look, the best thing to do is to have more federal support for drug rehabilitation. Well, there's a place that perhaps you could use more funds, but we had to fit it into an overall plan. But it's across the board. It isn't just the accounts I'm citing. John Sununu and Dick Darman had to work very closely with all of our Cabinet officers in this regard. And there's some very worthy projects, but I think we've come up with a budget that makes good sense.

Q When you were talking to us last week, the reporters in the press room, you were saying you hope that foreigners don't restrict their investments in government bonds which help pay for the deficit. Isn't that an admission that you lost control of our economic power to foreign dollars?

THE PRESIDENT: No. It's admission that we got to get the deficit down. I don't think we've lost control in terms of foreign investment at all. In fact, as I've said I think the other day I'm glad foreign investment continues to come into this country. And when you look at the total investment in the United States and then total foreign debt -- where it comes in, what countries owe the most of it -- I am not frightened.

But I see in some of this investment the need for us to do what I talked about last night -- be more competitive. And then you get into a broad competitiveness agenda that includes R&D and includes education; includes a lot of other things. But it doesn't worry me that people invest in the United States. I think I've said

THE PRESIDENT: Well, again, I learned, Al, not to try to speculate on what the Fed ought to be doing, because somebody's going to go out and interpret that as Fed-bashing, or dictating to Greenspan. And I'll give you an example of this: I made a statement at a housing conference, that I thought it would be nice if interest rates were lower. I bragged on the fact that they have come dramatically down -- dramatically. And the next thing I know, analysts are kind of juxtaposing that remark against Greenspan, saying that I was bashing the Fed -- I think it was on a little polite-er line -- which but going after Greenspan. So it's a very -- I mean, it's a perfectly good question, but it's a very -- you've got to be very carefully in answering it because you can affect markets adversely.

Q But I was at that Homebuilders Convention. I guess I did want to ask you specifically your comments that day, saying that you think mortgage rates should be lower -- those comments weren't directed at the Fed?

THE PRESIDENT: No. But do I think interest rates should be lower? Would I like to pay five percent on a house, instead of 10? Absolutely. So it's in that context. And I think if we do -- we can make a contribution to that here by fiscal discipline.

Q Let me switch to foreign policy for a second. A few months ago, you were saying that the U.S. would be basing its policies not on individual Soviet leaders, but on the system. And more recently, you've begun to say flatly that Gorbachev's survival is in the interests of the U.S. and what we want to see accomplished. Why the change?

THE PRESIDENT: There's no dramatic reason for the change. But I have watched him and I have been impressed with the way he has coped with problems. I do feel that after Malta, I had a better feel for him as an individual and what he's trying to do. And so I did -- I think you were proper -- I think I've made reference to that two times since then. But I just could identify with what he's trying -- more clearly now with what he's trying to do in perestroika and in, of course, glasnost as well. And so it was more that, than a shift of any kind in whether we think Mr. Gorbachev's going to make it or not. I get that question all the time. I don't know how to respond, except to say that I gather he's got pretty strong control. We'll see -- a Central Committee meeting coming up.

That's the internal affair, and I've always been a little worried about getting too far into the internal affairs of another country. But in terms of how he has coped with or encouraged peaceful change in Eastern Europe, of course, we salute that. And I think some of that is Gorbachev, the individual, working within a system that's changing very rapidly.

Q If communism is dissolving, which a lot of people think it clearly is, why support a guy who is reforming a rotten system? Why not get behind, instead, the people who are really for freedom, really for free speech, really for democracy, really for free markets?

Just as if I'm defeated, or not here, they'll be dealing with whoever's in this office.

Q But his presence necessary to meet the arms control schedule for this year?

THE PRESIDENT: I don't think so. By that, I don't want it to be interpreted that I don't he can be around. I don't think it depends on one man. I think we've got a policy, and that is a program, and I think that's established. So I don't think -- I don't think that's the case.

Q In East Germany today, Mr. Modrow called for German unification, which is a change in their position. And you've said you were in favor of a careful process of German unification. But are events now moving so fast they're out of control in Germany?

THE PRESIDENT: In what sense?

Q Towards unification in some unpredictable fashion.

THE PRESIDENT: Well, I think the East Germans and West Germans are still trying -- Federal Republic Germans are still trying to sort all this out. And I can guarantee you members of the Alliance, of our Alliance, are trying to sort all this out. And so I keep referring back to the collective NATO position on it and stay with that. But events are moving fast and it is -- looks more and more like the German reunification question is moving towards the very front burner. But my view is that we need to continue to watch this, to stay with our position at this juncture, and try to assess the changes that have taken place and, indeed, who know's what they'll be tomorrow. But our broad principle of self determination -- that's something that I see no reason to retreat from that at this point.

Q You put out the goal last night of cutting troops in Europe to 195,000 on each side in Central Europe. Have you promised allied leaders that you won't propose going below that level?

THE PRESIDENT: I think the allied leaders want to see us hold the line. I think they'd want to see us hold the line at that level, certainly to complete the CFE talks. And that is my determination.

MR. FITZWATER: President Cristiani is here.

THE PRESIDENT: Looking irritated at The Wall Street Journal?

MR. FITZWATER: He says, hey, he's about to cut off all circulation in El Salvador. (Laughter.)

Q Let me ask you one about the Sandinistas. If the Sandinistas run an honest election in February, will you remove the sanctions the U.S. has imposed on their regime?

THE PRESIDENT: I'd want to look at the situation at the time.

Republican platform should be changed to reflect your view that the party is big enough to contain different views on abortion?

THE PRESIDENT: I will cross the platform -- look, I just got here. And I will discuss the platform in 1992.

Q But you're the head of the party.

THE PRESIDENT: I'm the President of the United States, and my position is very clear. And so I think it's far too early to be thinking about changing a platform plank on any issue -- any issue.

Q But why -- you care about that issue, sir -- you've said so. Why didn't you even mention it once last night?

THE PRESIDENT: I thought I did.

Q Abortion?

THE PRESIDENT: Celebration of life.

Q That was sort of vague to a lot of people. Do you think that an issue that has so riveted the State of the Union over the last six months --

THE PRESIDENT: And how much has it riveted the State of the Union? Has it riveted the state of the press, or the state of the union?

Q Well, a lot of -- we had --

THE PRESIDENT: Look at the polls. Look at what's happening in these different state legislatures around the country. Is it inside here or is it all across the country? And there's a lot of issues I didn't talk about last night, specifically.

Q So you think we've exaggerated the importance of that issue? We, meaning the press.

THE PRESIDENT: But I think some have. Well, I think there's a lot of wishful thinking. I think some people feel very differently than I do about it, and they'd like to point to things that -- they point to a mayor's election in New York. Now, come on. A mayor's election in New York where a Republican gets within one percent of the Democrats, and that's a mandate on abortion when both of them happen to be on the other side? Makes no sense. You know and I know that there's been a lot of frivolous speculation on this. And yet, there's a lot of genuine concern. I happen to think that Atwater has expressed it very, very well. And I think I've always felt that way. But I know what I believe. Hasn't changed one bit.

Q Do you think your son's being treated unfairly on the Silverado thing? Do you think he's been singled out?

THE PRESIDENT: Look, when you get -- I don't know what -- singled out for what? I don't even know what the charges are. But he's --

allegations without -- so we can't complain. Barbara and I were talking about that.

But do we care about our boy and does it break our hearts that his heart is -- that he's upset about it? Sure. Who wouldn't -- what father would -- what's the word -- distance himself?

Q Thanks, Mr. President.

THE PRESIDENT: Nice to see you.

END

2:00 P.M. EST

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

The Board of The Phillipian
The Phillipian
Phillips Academy
Andover, Massachusetts 01810



To the Board of the Phillipian

I do —

May Thanks —
G. B. H.

WE HOPE YOU ENJOY
READING The Phillipian
The BOARD

The PHILLIPIAN

GEORGE POPPY BUSH '42
THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON, D.C., 20502

Vol. CXII No. 20

PHILLIPS ACAD

JB



Aboard Air Force One

Feb. 2, 1990

Dear Brother Courtney,

*I read a
wonderful column*

Monday Manning.

*I am proud
of you for standing
up for your beliefs.*

*You & I agree
on an flag.*

With Respect

Ly. Bush

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON, D.C.

Brother Edward Courtney
Congregation of Holy Cross
Columbia Hall
University of Notre Dame
Notre Dame, Indiana 46556

TC



113045
FEOOH

Aboard Air Force One

Feb. 2, 1990

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*Yes I agree
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With Respect

Ly. Bush

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

950206

Brother Edward Courtney
Congregation of Holy Cross
Columbia Hall
University of Notre Dame
Notre Dame, Indiana 46556

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Congregation of Holy Cross
Columbia Hall
University of Notre Dame
Notre Dame, Indiana 46556

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Brother Edward Courtney
Congregation of Holy Cross
Columbia Hall
University of Notre Dame
Notre Dame, Indiana 46556

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Congregation of Holy Cross
Columbia Hall
University of Notre Dame
Notre Dame, Indiana 46556



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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Brother Edward Courtney
Congregation of Holy Cross
Columbia Hall
University of Notre Dame
Notre Dame, Indiana 46556

Brothers of Holy Cross

Columba Hall

Notre Dame, Indiana 46556-0776
2/24/90

Apprc-

113045

FE004

J. B. Cummings
(F.I.I.)

67

The Most Eminent President of the United States of America
The Honorable George W. Bush
The White House
Washington, D. C.

attached

Beloved Mr. President

I hurry with all possible speed Mr. President to thank you for the letter of commendation for my vigil-witness for OLD GLORY that has consumed many happy hours of my time on the village green here in South Bend, Indiana.

Mr. President, what can I say! Words fail me to express just how I feel. I am overwhelmed.

After I am gone, it will rest in The Brothers of Holy Cross Archives across the highway from Notre Dame University so that it can be an inspiration and motivation to those who will cherish its presence here.

How can I repay you Mr. President for your thoughtfulness? The only way for me to repay you Mr. President is to always live the kind of life that you would wish for me as an American and for the welfare of my country and her people. I thank you Mr. President for the motivation and inspiration that you have given to me.

I wish to be remembered to our very own Barbara

I wish to remain Mr. Presiden, your most respectful and grateful
Servant for whatever is good for America.

Most Sincerly Yours

Brother Edward Courtney, CSC
Brother Edward Courtney, CSC
Columba Hall
Notre Dame, Ind. 46556 Tel: (219) 239 6187

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

112998
FROIS

The Honorable Newt Gingrich
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515



THE PRESIDENT

2-2-97

Dear Newt -

Next time you go on
CNN up against a Mr.
Shumer demand combat pay.
You did great and he came
off the argumentation loser.

I loved it.

Thank you -

GB

bcc: Sununu
McClure

000202

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PRINT JOB FULFILLMENT

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PT



THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

by

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20515

NEWT GINGRICH
REPUBLICAN WHIP

2/7/90
112998
PR015

Dear Mr President
Thank you for your kind
note about Schumer and Crossfire.
You were great with the
State of the Union.

I look forward to
working with you to make
1990 a great year.
your friend

Newt

TC

112925

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

The Reverend G. Ray Coleman, Pastor
John Wesley A.M.E. Zion Church
14th and Corcoran Streets, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20009



THE PRESIDENT

February 2, 1990

Dear Reverend Coleman:

Barbara and I want to thank you and the members of John Wesley A.M.E. Zion Church for opening your doors and your hearts to us on Sunday. We were moved by the music, the prayers, Thad's sermon and by your warm welcome.

Thanks, again, for your hospitality and for the wonderful book of your church's history.

Sincerely,

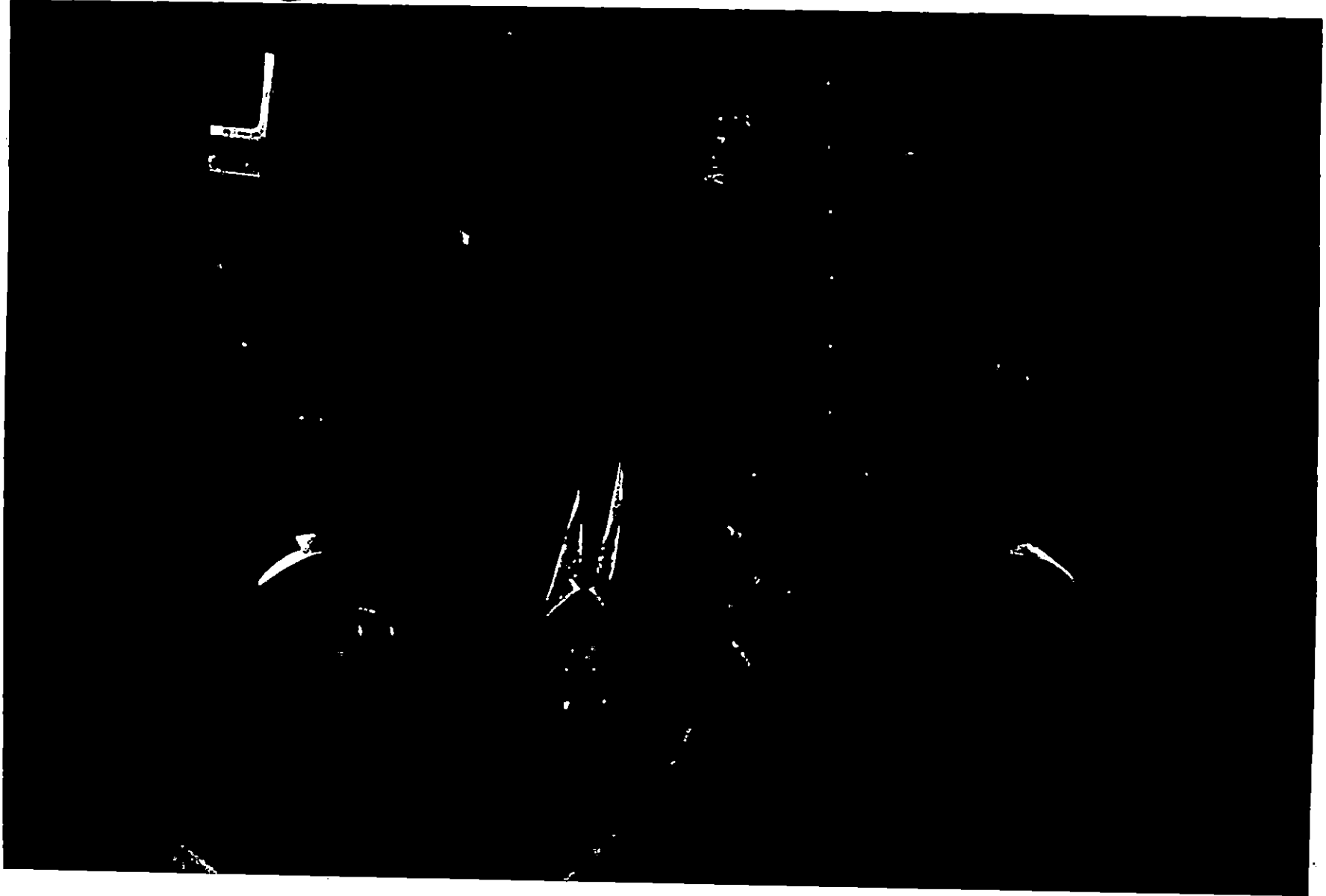
Book to Gift
Unit w/ a
copy of the
President's
letter

bcc: Tim McBride
Gift Unit

To: Rev. Ray Coleman
Jan. 28, 1990

Thanks for the joy of worshipping with you.
Warm Personal Regards, *Cap. Frank*

28 JAN 90 P9802-26





To Rev. George Bolden -
with Warm Regards,

Cep Bank

28 JAN P 9804-08

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

Bridge -- type on card or letterhead for POTUS sig please.....

Date

Dear Reverend Coleman:

Barbara and I want to thank you and the members of John Wesley A.M.E. Zion Church for opening your doors and your hearts to us on Sunday. We were moved by the music, the prayers, Thad's sermon and by your warm welcome.

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Sincerely,

(feel free to edit)

The Reverend G. Ray Coleman, Pastor
John Wesley A.M.E. Zion Church
14th and Corcoran Streets, NW
Washington, D.C. 20009

Also attached were the following unnumbered photos:

P 9802-04
P 9802-21
P 9801-06
P 9801-11
P 9801-08
P 9804-16
P 9804-12
P 9802-20
P 9802-21
P 9802-19
P 9802-17
P 9802-12
P 9802-07
P 9802-11
P 9802-02



Aboard Air Force One

February 2, 1990

Mr. Marvin Collins
Post Office Box 27018
Austin, Texas 78755

Dear Marvin:

As I fly from Knoxville, Tennessee, back to Andrews AFB, I am reading about that wonderful new Texas State Aquarium in the copy of the Dallas Morning News that you sent me. What a marvelous project! Thanks for sending the article along.

I hope all is well with you.

Barbara sends warm best wishes, too.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature, likely of George H. W. Bush, is written in dark ink. It is a stylized, cursive signature.

Mr. Marvin Collins
Post Office Box 27018
Austin, Texas 78755

bcc: Jan B

TELEGRAM

FULL RATE

STRAIGHT TELEGRAM) ☐

RIGHT LETTER ☐

MAILGRAM ☐

The White House
Washington

February 2, 1990

TO: Robert M. Bass
c/o Russell Tolman
President
Cook-Fort Worth Children's Medical Center
801 Seventh Avenue
St. Worth, Texas 76104

Dear Mr. Bass,

Barbara and I have heard of your many contributions to the Children's Medical Center, and that you are stepping down as Chairman of the Board of Trustees next week.

We'd like to take this opportunity to congratulate you on your two successful terms of office, and to wish you all the best in your future endeavors.

With appreciation,

Sincerely,

GEORGE BUSH

bc: George W.
Rita Palm

APPROVED FOR DISPATCH

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

February 2, 1990

Dear Joe:

Barbara and I have learned of your prompt response to Margaret Stringer when she collapsed at the White House Volunteer Reception. You and your colleagues are to be commended for professionally meeting the demands of this urgent situation.

I have great confidence in you and your fellow officers of the Uniformed Division. Keep up the good work.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "George Bush", written in a cursive style.

Mr. Joseph W. Mann
Apartment 123
12107 Polo Drive
Fairfax, Virginia 22033



Aboard Air Force One

February 2, 1990

Dear Harry:

As I fly back to Washington, I want to thank you for the warm welcome in the News-Sentinel.

I knew my grandmother Lucretia Wear Walker very, very well, but I had not known the history of our family that appeared on page 1 of your paper today. I am sending it to my Mother, her brothers and sister, and all our kids -- talk about roots!

I left your great city once again feeling uplifted.

Warm regards.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "George Bush", is written below the word "Sincerely,".

Mr. Harry Moskos
Editor
The Knoxville News-Sentinel
Knoxville, Tennessee 37950

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Jan", is written at the bottom of the page.

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

The Reverend G. Ray Coleman, Pastor
John Wesley A.M.E. Zion Church
14th and Corcoran Streets, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20009



THE PRESIDENT

February 2, 1990

Dear Reverend Coleman:

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Thanks, again, for your hospitality and for the wonderful book of your church's history.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Geo Bush".

Book to Gift
Unit w/ a
copy of the
President's
letter

bcc: Tim McBride
Gift Unit

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read "Jan".

George Bush Presidential Library Transfer Sheet

COLLECTION:

Bush Presidential Records
Office of the President

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1993.0001

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Deborah Wheeler

Date of Transfer:

1/28/2010

Received by:

Mary Finch

Date Received:

1/28/2010

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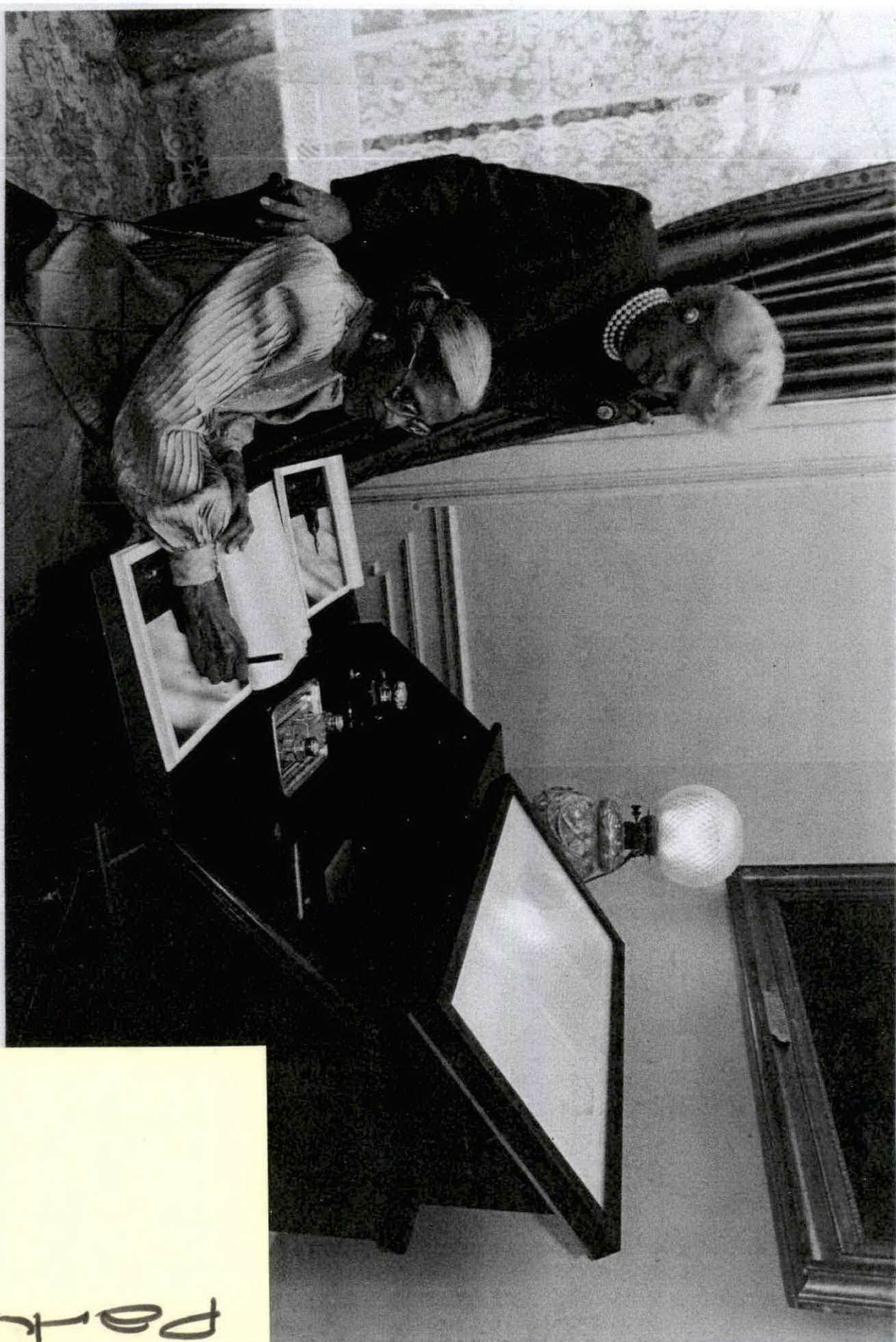
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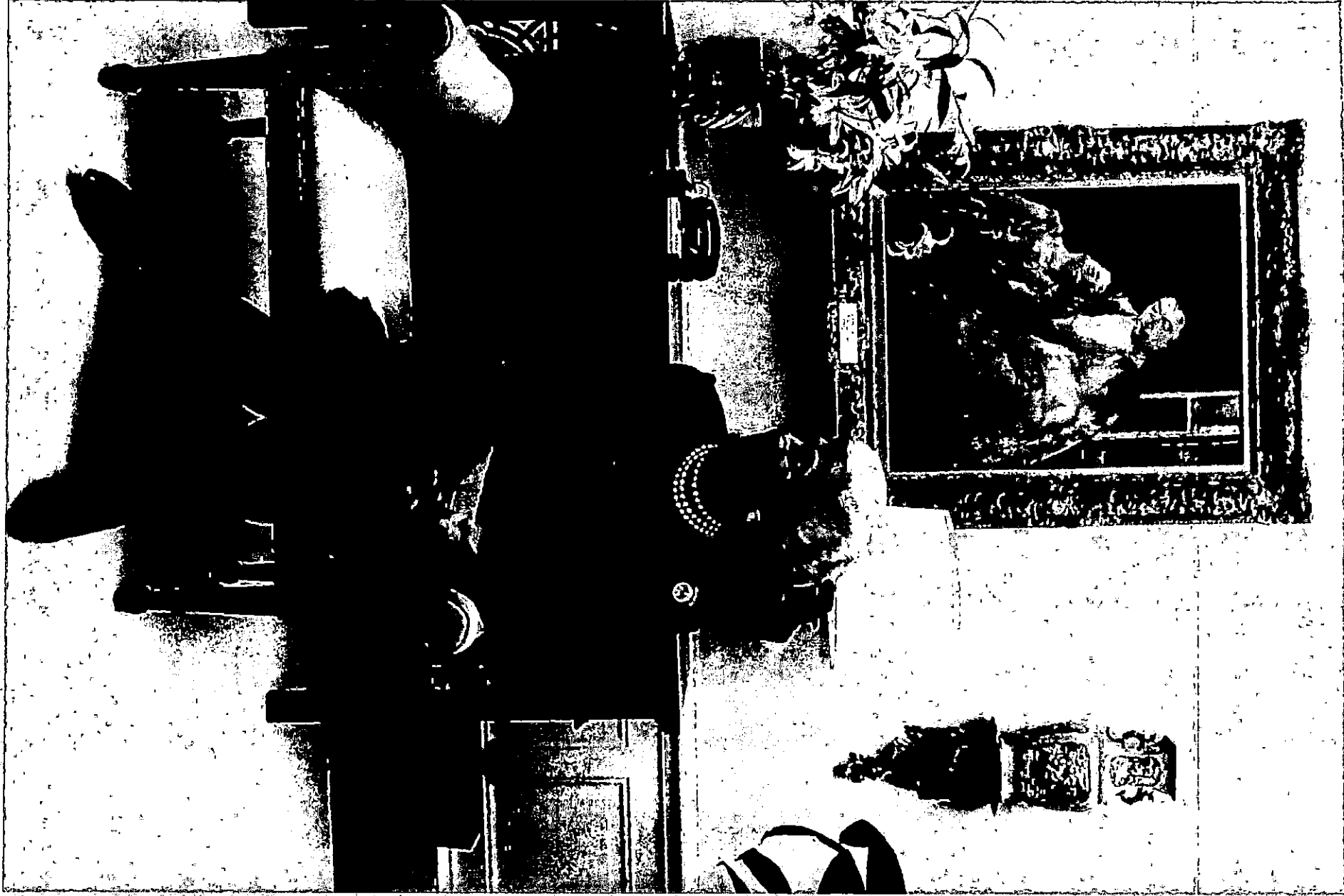
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Rosa
Parks

OFFICIAL WHITE HOUSE PHOTOGRAPH 02 FEB 96 00041 CIA OP



Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

February 2, 1990

Dear Bill:

Barbara and I were heartened to learn of your prompt, professional response to Margaret Stringer when she fell ill at the White House Volunteer Reception. We commend you and your colleagues for your efforts -- your quick work helped keep her alive.

This action reaffirms my great admiration for the officers of the Uniformed Division. Keep up the good work.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "Geo Bush", is written below the word "Sincerely,".

Mr. William M. Vucci
3462 Queensborough Drive
Olney, Maryland 20832

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

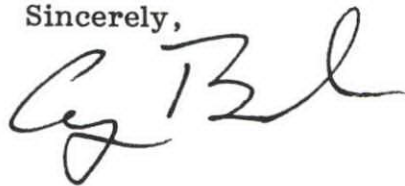
February 2, 1990

Dear Jack:

Barbara and I recently learned of your prompt assistance to Margaret Stringer when she collapsed at the White House Volunteer Reception on December 22nd. Mrs. Stringer needed immediate medical assistance and you responded quickly and professionally to this urgent situation.

This action reaffirms our great respect and appreciation for the officers of the Uniformed Division. Keep up the good work.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to be "G. Bush", written in a cursive style.

Mr. Jack Woodard
Box 48EEE
St. Leonard, Maryland 20685