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FOIA MARKER

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Record Group/Collection: George H.W. Bush Presidential Records
Collection/Office of Origin: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:

OA/ID Number: 90534
Folder ID Number: 90534-001

Folder Title:
Monday, January 29, 1990

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
V	12	11	5	7

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet (George Bush Library)

Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
01. Schedule	Schedule of the President [redaction] (1 pp.)	01/29/90	(b)(3)	
02. Log	White House Telephone Log [President Bush] [redaction of personal information] (1 pp.)	01/29/90	(b)(6)	
03. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with JAB [James A. Baker, III] (2 pp.)	01/29/90	(b)(1)	
04. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Bill Webster (1 pp.)	01/29/[90]	(b)(1)	
05. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with JAB [James A. Baker, III] (1 pp.)	01/29/90	(b)(1)	
06. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Vice President Quayle (1 pp.)	01/29/90	(b)(1)	

Page 1 of 1

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Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Monday, January 29, 1990

Pinksheet Number: dw1587

OA/ID Number: 90534-001

Date Closed: 1/25/2010

FOIA/Sys Case #: 2009-0166-S

Re-review Case #:

P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

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FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
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(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information



SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

Monday, January 29, 1990

7:30 am (5 min)	<u>Photo with Joan Schnell</u> (Hagin)	(TAB A)	Oval Office
8:00 am (15 min)	<u>Intelligence Briefing</u> (Scowcroft/Sununu)		Oval Office
8:15 am (30 min)	<u>National Security Briefing</u> (Scowcroft/Sununu)		Oval Office
8:45 am (30 min)	<u>Meeting with Governor Sununu</u>		Oval Office
9:15 am (45 min)	<u>Administrative Time</u>		Oval Office
10:00 am (15 min)	<u>Meeting with Congressional Leadership</u> (McClure)	(TAB B)	Oval Office
10:15 am (1 hr 45 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>		Oval Office
12:00 pm (75 min)	<u>Lunch</u>		Oval Office
1:15 pm (30 min)	<u>Staff Time</u> (Darman)	(TAB C)	Oval Office
1:45 pm	The President and Mrs. Bush depart for Address to the National Religious Broad- casters Convention at the <u>Sheraton Washington Hotel</u> (Demarest/Rogich)	(TAB D)	South Lawn
2:45 pm	<u>Arrive White House</u>		South Lawn
3:00 pm (30 min)	<u>Meeting with Douglas Hurd,</u> <u>British Foreign Secretary</u> (Scowcroft) (Distributed Separately)		Oval Office
3:30 pm (30 min)	<u>Meeting with Secretary Brady</u>		Oval Office

UNP 01/26/90
5:00 pm

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

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02. Log	White House Telephone Log [President Bush] [redaction of personal information] (1 pp.)	01/29/90	(b)(6)	

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

JANUARY 29th

, 19 90

PRESIDENT BUSH

	TIME		DISC	NAME	ACTION
	PLACED				
OUT	9:40 AM		9:46A	MR. JONATHAN BUSH (b)(6)	TLKD-OK
~~INC~~ ~~OUT~~	~~PM~~ ~~AM~~	~~XXXX~~			
INC	PM				
~~OUT~~	10:04 AM		10:12	SECRETARY JAMES BAKER OFC: WASHINGTON, DC WHITE HOUSE ADMIN EXT. 420	TLKD-OK
INC	~~XXXX~~				
OUT	AM				
INC	PM				
OUT	11:18 AM			Lt. GOVERNOR ALLEN KOLSTAD HELENA, MT 406-444-5550	IN MEETING, TOLD PRESUS, LW RETURNED CALL 1:20PM
~~INC~~	~~XXXX~~		5:16P		
OUT	AM				TOLD PATTY PRESOCK TLKD-OK 5:12PM
INC	PM				
OUT	AM				
INC	PM				
~~OUT~~	11:44 AM		11:46A	MR. WILLIAM WEBSTER OFC: McLEAN, VA WHITE HOUSE ADMIN EXT. 808	TLKD-OK
INC	~~XXXX~~				
OUT	AM				
INC	PM				
OUT	~~XXXX~~			MR. PETE ROUSSEL HOUSTON, TX 713-668-2793	TLKD-OK
~~INC~~	2:55 PM		2:59P		
OUT	AM				
INC	PM				

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

PRESIDENT BUSH

JANUARY 29th

, 19 90

	TIME		DISC	NAME	ACTION
	PLACED				
OUT		~~AM~~		CONGRESSMAN SONNY MONTGOMERY OFC: WASHINGTON, DC 225-5031	TLKD-OK
~~INC~~	4:59	PM	5:05P		
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		~~AM~~		GENERAL BRENT SCOWCROFT OFC: WASHINGTON, DC WHITE HOUSE ADMIN EXT. 653	TLKD-OK
~~INC~~	6:17	PM	6:22P		
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		~~AM~~		DOCTOR JOHN TSU OFC: SAN FRANCISCO, CA 415-556-4921	OUT TO LUNCH LW TLKD-OK 6:42PM
~~INC~~	6:32	PM	6:44P		
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		~~AM~~		DOCTOR ROBERT HSUEH WASHINGTON, DC 328-2000 ROOM 6347	LW, RETURNED CALL 8:43PM, PRESUS OUT LOCALLY, TOLD PATTY PRESOCK 8:46PM
~~INC~~	6:33	PM			
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			

WASHINGTON

SIGNAL SWITCHBOARD

January 29 , 1990

[illegible]

PRESIDENTIAL MOVEMENTS

LOCATION Washington, D.C.

DATE 29 January 1990

TIME	MOVEMENTS
0707	South Grounds
0708	Oval Office
1152	South Grounds
1252	Oval Office
1347	South Grounds
1349	Depart South Grounds via Motorcade
1357	Arrive Sheraton Washington Hotel
1439	Depart Sheraton Washington Hotel via Motorcade
1447	Arrive South Grounds
1450	Oval Office
1724	State Floor
1800	Residence
1946	South Grounds
1947	Depart South Grounds
1950	Arrive Kennedy Center
2230	Depart Kennedy Center via Motorcade
2235	Arrive South Grounds
2237	Residence



News Summary

OFFICE OF THE PRESS SECRETARY

MONDAY, JANUARY 29, 1990 -- 6 a.m. EST EDITION

TODAY'S HEADLINES

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

Panamanians Tell Quayle Caution Needed In Troop Cuts -- Panamanian President Endara told Vice President Quayle Sunday that he backs a cut in U.S. combat troops but warned that Panama's forces cannot yet keep public order by themselves. (Reuter, Washington Post)

Disgraced East German Leader Honecker Taken To Prison -- East Germany's disgraced former leader Erich Honecker was released from a hospital Monday and immediately taken to a prison for people awaiting trial, the official ADN new agency reported. (Reuter)

NATIONAL NEWS

With The Issues Emotional And Elections Near, Bush-Congress Budget Fight Is Likely To Be Nasty -- The White House and Congress have one think in common in this year's budget battle: They're both bracing for a brawl. (Wall Street Journal, USA Today, Reuter)

NETWORK NEWS (Sunday evening)

CUBA -- Fidel Castro warned the U.S. against a Panama-style invasion of his country.

EAST GERMANY -- Communist leaders and their opposition announced they had formed a coalition government.

YUGOSLAVIA -- Thousands of ethnic Albanians have been clashing with police in demonstrations demanding free elections.

INTERNATIONAL...A-1

NATIONAL NEWS...A-5

NETWORK NEWS....B-1

TALK SHOWS.....C-1

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

PRO-U.S. PANAMANIAN CHEER VISIT BY QUAYLE

PANAMA CITY -- Vice President Quayle discussed a \$1 billion economic aid package with Panamanian leaders Sunday and received a rousing welcome from a pro-American church congregation.

Arriving under heavy security at the packed Cristo Rey Church to attend a Roman Catholic Mass with President Endara and his two vice presidents, Quayle was greeted by a prolonged ovation and placards with such sayings as, "Keep U.S. troops here for now," and, "Thank you for Just Cause."

Despite having to walk past a U.S. show of force that included armored personnel carriers blocking streets around the church, American troops in battle gear and Secret Service agents who frisked parishioners at the doors, the worshippers made clear their support for the U.S. presence and disdain for Latin American leaders who demand the withdrawal of the invading forces.

(William Branigin, Washington Post. A22)

Panamanians Tell Quayle Caution Needed In Troop Cuts

Panamanian President Endara told Vice President Quayle Sunday that he backs a cut in U.S. combat troops but warned that Panama's forces cannot yet keep public order by themselves....

Quayle told reporters after attending a Catholic mass with Endara that U.S. troops would be out "in a matter of weeks, rather than months" but he declined to set a deadline.

Endara agreed U.S. troops should be withdrawn but said "at this moment the armed forces are not quite capable of protecting...public order."

"We need the U.S. forces in Panama at this moment," Endara said.

At stops throughout the day, Quayle repeatedly heard pleas from Panamanians for the U.S. to keep a strong presence in Panama.

(Laurence McQuillan, Reuter)

MURDERED ISRAELI QUIZZED FRIEND ON BUSH COLOMBIA VISIT

MIAMI -- Shortly before he was murdered, an Israeli man said to have been involved in training Colombians in combat techniques tried to find out if Colombian drug lords possessed missiles that could shoot down President Bush's plane, according to an Israeli mercenary quoted in Sunday's Miami Herald.

The Israeli was Arik Afek, a Miami-based flower merchant, whose body was found last Wednesday in a car trunk at Miami International Airport. The Miami Herald, in an article based on a telephone interview with retired Israeli army Col. Yair Klein from Jerusalem, said Klein told the newspaper Afek had telephoned him to ask if he knew about the Colombian drug cartels' missile capability.

Klein said he told Afek that he knew nothing about what the drug dealers were doing and warned him at one point to keep quiet. "Your mouth is going to get you killed," the Herald quoted Klein as saying he told Afek.

Unconfirmed news reports have cited Secret Service sources as saying Afek was quizzed recently on security questions in advance of Bush's planned Feb. 15 flight to Cartagena.

(Reuter)

-more-

STRICT SECURITY SET FOR CARTAGENA ANTI-DRUG SUMMIT

BOGOTA -- About 5,000 Colombian and American security agents will be protecting the presidents of the U.S., Colombia, Bolivia and possibly Peru in February's anti-drug summit in Cartagena, Colombia, a Bogota newspaper reported Sunday.

According to the daily El Tiempo, U.S. security officials have been arriving in Cartagena during the past several weeks....

El Tiempo said the U.S. CIA and the DEA sent agents to Cartagena to inspect the area Bush will visit. (Reuter)

CHAMORRO PUBLISHES POLLS SHOWING ORTEGA FAR BEHIND

MANAGUA -- Two polls released over the weekend placed opposition candidate Violeta Chamorra well ahead of Nicaraguan President Ortega in the campaign for the scheduled Feb. 25 elections.

The Costa Rican polling firm of Victor Borge and Associates said Mrs. Chamorro and the 13-party National Opposition Union would win 37 percent of the votes against 30 percent for Mr. Ortega.

The Venezuelan Institute of Public Opinion said she would take 41 percent of the vote compared with 33 percent for Mr. Ortega.

Both polls said more than 25 percent of the voters questioned were still undecided. The polls were published by La Prensa, the newspaper that Mrs. Chamorro's family owns.

(combined dispatches, Washington Times, A8)

NICARAGUA/ELECTIONS

JUIGALPA, Nicaragua -- The opposition coalition is suffering widespread losses even before the Feb. 25 elections: at least 150 of its municipal candidates and three National Assembly candidates have quit the campaign in recent months.

Officials of the United Nicaraguan Opposition say some of those who withdrew were secret Sandinista sympathizers who infiltrated UNO to embarrass it.

But many others were taken in by a campaign of the ruling Sandinistas that includes intimidation and warnings of a return to the dictatorship of Anastasio Somoza, UNO says....

One candidate quit her local race after accepting Sandinista accusations that her own opposition coalition was linked to U.S.-supported Contra guerrillas and might bring back the days of Somoza. (AP)

CARTER WINS AGREEMENT FROM NICARAGUA TO FREE U.S. FUNDS

MANAGUA -- Former President Carter said Sunday he had won agreement from the Nicaraguan government to immediately hand over U.S. election aid that the opposition said had been held by the authorities.

Carter also said the Sandinista government of President Ortega had also agreed to allow 12 members of Congress to join his delegation observing the Feb. 25 elections.

The government had said it would bar a congressional delegation because it was not impartial. (Adrian Croft, Reuter)

E. GERMANY BROADENS RULE, MOVES UP VOTE Communists Turn To Opposition For Help

BONN -- A shaky East German government agreed Monday morning to end 40 years of outright communist control and advance free elections by two months to try to stabilize a country whose citizens are fleeing at a rate of almost 3,000 a day.

After a marathon meeting, Prime Minister Modrow and representatives of more than a dozen opposition groups decided to create a broad, largely non-communist coalition government to rule until elections now scheduled for March 18.

The objective is to prevent hundreds of thousands more East Germans, skeptical of communist intentions, from moving West....

Modrow, who is to remain Prime Minister, said the new date will guarantee "free and secret elections." The new coalition, which Modrow called a "government of national responsibility," will include the communists, the four small parties that have held minor posts in East Germany since the 1940s and more than a dozen of the new opposition movements formed since the peaceful revolution last fall.

(Marc Fisher, Washington Post, A1)

DISGRACED EAST GERMAN LEADER HONECKER TAKEN TO PRISON

EAST BERLIN -- East Germany's disgraced former leader Erich Honecker was released from a hospital Monday and immediately taken to a prison for people awaiting trial, the official ADN new agency reported.

A spokesman at the Prosecutor General's office told Reuters an arrest warrant had been issued for but that Honecker's presence at East Berlin's Rummelsburg jail did not necessarily mean he had been formally detained.

ADN said Honecker's doctors, who were treating Honecker for cancer, considered him unfit for arrest. He needed medical treatment after two serious operations, it quoted them as saying. (Reuter)

COMMUNISTS FORM NEW POLISH PARTY Reformer Creates Breakaway Unit

WARSAW -- The communists created a social democratic party Sunday from the wreckage of their old party, officially burying the institution that ruled Poland for more than four decades.

The new party, the Social Democracy of the Republic of Poland, was approved overwhelmingly on the second day of a fractious three-day congress. Delegates also adopted new bylaws and a new program for the party, intended to increase the leftists' appeal to voters.

But signaling the deep rift among Poland's communists, a leading reformer, Tadeusz Fiszbach, denounced the "artificial unity" of the new party and announced he was leaving to form a breakaway political organization free of old-style communists. (AP, Washington Post, A1)

ROMANIANS DEMAND COMMUNISTS' OUSTER

BUCHAREST -- More than 15,000 Romanians gathered in a tumultuous rally in the capital's Victory Square Sunday to demand the resignation of the communist leaders of the governing National Salvation Front.

Demonstrators surged through a thin line of soldiers to surround the front's offices in the old Communist Party Central Committee building. The crowd constituted the largest anti-communist demonstration since the overthrow of Nicolae Ceausescu last month and reflected popular anger over the front's decision to compete in May elections instead of keeping an earlier promise to stay out of politics.

The crowd shouted, "We didn't die for perestroika!" "Who elected you?" and "Get the helicopter!" a reference to the airborne flight of Ceausescu from the same building a month ago.

The leaders of the front refused to step down. The front also appeared to push away demands by the country's political parties that it share power, promising only unspecified cooperation with the parties.

(Mary Battiata, Washington Post, A15)

STRIKE CONTINUES IN YUGOSLAVIA

SUVA REKA, Yugoslavia -- Yugoslav riot police fired automatic weapons and hundreds of tear-gas canisters Sunday at a crowd of 7,500 chanting, stone-throwing ethnic Albanians who encircled this town in the turbulent Serbian province of Kosovo. State television said at least one person was killed and three seriously wounded.

The clash was the latest in six days of a new and bloody eruption of violence in Kosovo, an overwhelmingly Albanian-populated province of Serbia.

(Blaine Harden, Washington Post, A15)

KOHL DEALT SETBACK IN WEST GERMAN VOTE

BONN -- West German voters Sunday dealt a blow to Chancellor Kohl by giving his prospective challenger, a brash young populist, Oskar Lafontaine, a commanding majority in an important state poll that signaled the start of a busy election year.

Partial returns Sunday night showed Lafontaine, governor of Saarland since 1985, winning reelection with 54 percent of the vote in a five-way race. Lafontaine, a Social Democrat, is expected to be his party's candidate against Kohl, a Christian Democrat, in the national election scheduled for December.

In Sunday's contest, Lafontaine wiped out Kohl's environment minister...and left the Christian Democrats with 33 percent of the vote.

(Marc Fisher, Washington Post, A20)

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NATIONAL NEWS

BUSH TO UNVEIL A 1991 BUDGET THAT FACES UPHILL BATTLE

President Bush Monday will send Congress a \$1.2 trillion budget blueprint that appears to be in trouble with the Democratic-led Congress before it leaves the White House....

White House budget director Darman acknowledged the difficulty Bush's proposals face in a television interview Sunday. "Much of what we propose the Congress does not enact," Darman said on the NBC News program "Meet the Press."

"We're about to start an annual ritual, which is regrettable. Our budget will be criticized unfairly. People ought to sit down and do serious work," he said.
(Jacqueline Frank, Reuter)

With The Issues Emotional And Elections Near, Bush-Congress Budget Fight Is Likely To Be Nasty

The White House and Congress have one think in common in this year's budget battle: They're both bracing for a brawl.

"We're back to another dogfight," says Sen. Domenici (R.- N.M.)

And the Bush Administration is preparing for the worst. "There's apparently a decision to take all the tough issues and give the President a hard time," White House Chief of Staff Sununu says of Democratic congressional leaders. "If what I read in the papers about the strategy is correct, we at least have to be prepared to deal with the situation."

Two factors promise to make the decibel level unusually high in this year's budget cycle, veterans say. The issues -- from cutting defense spending to cutting Social Security taxes -- are unusually emotional. In addition, bad feelings linger from last year's fight over President Bush's stymied attempt to cut the capital gains rate.

(Michael McQueen & John Yang, Wall Street Journal, A16)

Bush Budget Plan Seen Having Little Market Impact

The Bush Administration's budget proposal for the 1991 fiscal year contains few surprises and is likely to be greeted with indifference by investors, analysts said....

Marc Chandler, economist with MMS International in Chicago, said one reason investors will not likely react much this week is because historically the January proposal "doesn't set the tone for the actual budget that actually comes out."

"Clearly the Democrats will be fighting the President on the defense budget," said Chandler....

Peter Davis, a Washington-based analyst with Prudential Bache Securities, believes the Administration's plans on defense spending would have "a lot less impact on contractors than the markets seem to believe."

(Cal Mankowski, Reuter)

'Chilly' Debut For Budget

President Bush \$1.23 trillion budget debuts Monday to a cold shoulder from Congress....

The battle started fast:

Budget director Darman, on NBC's "Meet the Press," Sunday said, "We're about to start an annual ritual, which is regrettable. Our budget will be criticized unfairly."

Sen. Sasser (D.-Tenn.) said Bush's first budget will receive a "very chilly and negative reception" in Congress. (Jessica Lee, USA Today, A1)

BUDGET TO SEEK 10% AIRFARE TAX

The Bush Administration budget to be unveiled Monday is expected to call for a 2% increase in the tax paid on airline tickets despite a surplus of more than \$6 billion in the ticket tax account....

A 10% tax would bring in an extra \$850 million a year, according to the National Business Travel Association.

"A 10 percent tax exceeds any sales tax around the country," said Drew Steketee, an official of the Partnership for Improved Air Travel....

The ticket tax is almost certain to increase debate over spending the surplus, Mr. Steketee said. Critics charge that the government uses the surplus to make the budget deficit appear smaller than it is, and industry groups argue that spending the fund could reduce flight delays.

(David Field, Washington Times, A5)

BUDGET LAW CALCULUS HAS CHANGED

With Lower Defense Spending,
Democrats Lose Leverage On Cuts

...A funny thing has happened to the political dynamics of the Gramm-Rudman-Hollings deficit-reduction law. The once grievous wound that across-the-board cuts...would inflict on the defense budget is now more than a little nick.

Democrats, in short, have lost much of the bargaining leverage of a budget-cutting law they used effectively even as they frequently denounced it. Democrats molded Gramm-Rudman-Hollings for an era of rising defense budgets and it simply doesn't fit now that Pentagon spending is on a steady downward slide, even after inflation is considered.

"The whole symmetry of Gramm-Rudman has been destroyed," said one Democratic budget aid....

The change is not lost on the Bush Administration's wily budget director, Richard Darman, who showed last year that the White House has lost its fear of across-the-board cuts. As part of the budget deal that emerged in November, Darman bargained hard for four months' worth of automatic cuts -- and got what he wanted.

Darman is now watching with some amusement as leading Democrats, including the chairmen of the House and Senate budget committees, advocate the repeal of Gramm-Rudman-Hollings -- at least in part because they are less able to exploit it to extract concessions from the White House.

(Tom Kenworthy, Washington Post, A6)

OMB CHIEF AIRS DOUBTS ON DEFICIT COMPROMISE
Darman Expects Only Incremental Progress

Richard Darman...said Sunday he is still interested in reaching a "large-scale compromise" with Congress on the federal budget deficit, but he acknowledged that the odds are against such a development this year.

The White House and Congress will make progress on the deficit only "incrementally" in 1990, as has happened in other recent years, Darman said....

The budget director's remarks are likely to dampen the already low expectations about the prospects for major deficit reduction in coming months.
(Paul Blustein, Washington Post, A6)

BUDGET DIRECTOR'S DEEDS OBSCURED BY REPUTATION

When word spread recently that the Administration's budget would be presented this year in one large book instead of the usual collection of smaller volumes, the response around town, from Congress and the bureaucracy, from lobbyists and reporters, was the same: What is Darman up to now?

The suspicion that he has something up his sleeve, in this case probably unjustified, illustrates how Richard Darman, a pivotal figure in the Bush Administration and perhaps the most influential budget director ever, is regarded by many people he deals with as a man who approaches every task with a scheme or angle.

Politicians and scholars disagree over whether that reputation...makes him less effective as one of the Administration's chief political negotiators and tacticians. But they agree that his personality often overshadows the fact that he is admired throughout Washington by his political enemies as well as friends for his intelligence, his capacity for work, his analytical ability and his mastery of government policy.

(David Rosenbaum, New York Times, A1)

BUSH PERMITTED CONGRESS TO PICK VETO FROM POCKET

Overshadowed by White House euphoria over President Bush's unexpected victory on the Chinese-students veto was a more significant setback, when Congress picked Mr. Bush's pocket on an issue of presidential powers.

On Nov. 30, when he vetoed the student-protection bill, Mr. Bush wrote that he had done it with a "pocket veto." ...

But this time something went awry between the White House and Capitol Hill.

When Congress returned from its 61-day Thanksgiving-Christmas holiday, it simply ignored Mr. Bush's "pocket veto" claim and snatched the bill back....

A senior White House official explained Friday that the President's lawyers decided the first strategy was not the best. "The President was advised that in this instance the safest course was to give Congress the opportunity to act, on the legal theory that a return veto rather than a pocket veto was required," the official said.

(Frank Murray, Washington Times, A4)

BUSH URGES AMERICANS TO REJECT BIGOTRY

President Bush, worshipping with a black congregation, says it is time for all Americans to reject "racism and bigotry" and accept the biblical admonition, "Love thy neighbor." ...

Bush spoke of the "new blossoming of liberty" unfolding in Eastern Europe and elsewhere in the world, and said, "It is exciting and our great country has played an important role in promoting this new breeze of freedom and working for peace."

"But I am reminded we can only be a great nation abroad if we are a great nation at home," said Bush, as voices in the congregation responded, "Amen!"

"Let us recommit ourselves to work for justice and for unity of all people. And let me add, no more letter bombs. No more racism. Leave the entire baggage of bigotry behind," said the President. (AP)

STATE OF THE UNION SPEECH TO STRESS GOALS FOR NATION

President Bush, who is among the wordiest of U.S. presidents, plans to keep his first State of the Union address brief and light on news, according to a senior White House official.

"I don't think anybody's going to walk away from the State of the Union saying the President had new initiatives," said the official, who has read all three drafts of the speech so far.

Mr. Bush will talk about "what he wants the nation to be," said the official, adding that the President will make follow-up speeches Friday in Knoxville, Tenn., and Raleigh, N.C., stressing areas of high technology and education. (Frank Murray, Washington Times, A5)

WANING OF COLD WAR TESTS U.S. POLITICAL PARTIES GOP Strategists See Problems As Key Issues Erode

In a fund-raising letter for the Republican National Committee mailed last fall, President Bush hailed "a revolution of peaceful change behind the Iran Curtain that seemed unimaginable just a few short weeks ago."

The letter was devoid of the strong rhetoric about anti-communism and military rearmament that has characterized Republican political campaigns for the last decade....

The letter was a flop. According to party sources, it produced a surprisingly small return for solicitations, particularly from a popular president.

The letter may be a symptom of bigger troubles to come for Republicans at the national level now that the hard-line communist regimes of Eastern Europe have all but collapsed and the Soviet Union is rent by internal problems.

According to a wide range of elected Republican officials and party professionals, the events of recent months in the Soviet bloc have fundamentally weakened two of the most sturdy pillars supporting GOP campaigns in the last three presidential elections: anti-communism and the defense buildup. (David Hoffman, Washington Post, A1)

Global Changes Are Encouraging Democrats' Hope

...The Democratic Party is without an identity, message or leader. What it does have, albeit tentatively, is some new hope.

"By any fair accounting, the Democrats lost the 1980s," said Democratic pollster Geoffrey Garin. "As the 1990s begin, voters can see that we're entering a new world, not just with the Russians, but with the world economy. This gives Democrats a great opportunity to define our competition with the Republicans in different terms. If there has ever been a party that needed to declare the last game over and have the next game start, it's the Democrats now."

"In the short run, the changes in the world are going to help Bush," said Stuart Eizenstat, a party strategist who was domestic policy adviser to President Carter. "But in the long run, the Democrats should be the beneficiaries. As the neo-isolationist party, we've been at a disadvantage whenever the focus has been on international affairs. In a post-Cold War era, the issue agenda should return to areas of traditional Democratic strength, such as education and the environment, where it will be possible to make an affirmative case for activist government."

(Paul Taylor, Washington Post, A1)

Washington Post-ABC News Poll

Which political party, the Democrats or the Republicans, do you trust to do a better job:

a. Handling the nation's economy	Dems.- 33%	Repub.- 52%
b. Handling the crime problem	Dems.- 31%	Repub.- 32%
c. Handling foreign affairs	Dems.- 29%	Repub.- 55%
d. Handling the homeless problem	Dems.- 56%	Repub.- 25%
e. Improving education & schools	Dems.- 45%	Repub.- 36%
f. Reducing the problem of drugs	Dems.- 28%	Repub.- 47%
g. Maintaining strong national defense	Dems.- 25%	Repub.- 62%
h. Helping the middle class	Dems.- 53%	Repub.- 32%
i. Holding taxes down	Dems.- 37%	Repub.- 47%
j. Protecting the environment	Dems.- 46%	Repub.- 31%

Overall, which party, the Democrats or Republicans, do you trust to do a better job in coping with the main problems the nation faces over the next decade?

Jan. 16, 1990: Democrats - 38%	Republicans - 50%
Aug. 21, 1989: Democrats - 42%	Republicans - 43%

(Washington Post, A8)

LOCALITY PAY: WILL RESISTANCE GIVE WAY?
Administration Weighs Measure For
Workers In High-Cost Areas

The Bush Administration is working toward a February self-imposed deadline to send major legislation to Capitol Hill that is almost certain to reopen a 20-year-old debate over paying federal workers in high-cost areas of the country more money than their counterparts elsewhere.

The Administration has been working on "locality pay" legislation for 16 months...

"It is no longer appropriate or workable to use a national average to establish an appropriate level of pay," said former Federal Reserve chairman Paul Volcker in the final report of the National Commission on the Public Service. "Wage surveys show that geographic differences can exceed 30 percent for similar jobs."

(Judith Havermann, Washington Post, A11)

EDITOR'S NOTES: "Budget Ideas That Die, Rise Again," by Tom Kenworthy, appears in the Washington Post, A11.

"Macho Do About Nothing [Alfalfa Club]," by Roxanne Roberts & Barbara Feinman, appears in the Washington Post, B1.

-End of A-Section-

NETWORK NEWS

(Sunday Evening, January 28)

LATIN AMERICA/VICE PRESIDENT

ABC's Forrest Sawyer: Vice President Quayle is in Panama this Sunday, his second stop on a mission to mend the fences of Latin American leaders angered by the U.S. invasion of Panama. The Vice President says he is confident the ill will generated by the military action will not last long, and in Panama itself he said he has found no evidence of hard feelings at all.

ABC's Ann Compton: It was nearly a hero's welcome for Vice President Quayle.

(TV Coverage: The Vice President waving to cheering crowds from limo.)

In a working-class market of Panama City, and in a church where Panama's democratic opposition rallied over the years.

(TV Coverage: Churchgoers applauding the Vice President, who is seated in front pew with President Endara.)

Just one day after promising Panama's neighbors that American troops will be withdrawn quickly, Quayle was begged by many Panamanians to let the troops stay.

(TV Coverage: Crowd holding up placards urging U.S. to keep troops in Panama, the Vice President shaking hands with Panamanians.)

Appearing on This Week with David Brinkley, the Vice President tried to satisfy both sides.

(Vice President Quayle: "And they want to see our troops withdrawn as soon as possible. They want to get back to a normal way of life, but they want to recapture a tradition that used to be in this country before 1968, and that's the democratic way.")

Right now the troops are quite simply a matter of security in the streets of Panama City. President Endara said it will take time to build a competent police force to take over. On This Week with David Brinkley, Endara indicated he wants to get as far away as possible from the old corrupt army of Manuel Noriega.

(President Endara: "We don't want an army. Panama doesn't need an army. Panama needs a police force. We are building it, we are working hard at it.")

Rebuilding Panama, of course, means money. Endara called the Bush Administration's one billion dollar aid package generous, but admitted he had hoped for even more. Along with money, Panama wants respect. And on that account, Vice President Quayle promised here today the U.S. has every intention of turning over the Panama Canal on schedule in the year 2000, even to a Panama with no army.

(TV Coverage: The Vice President walking with officials across lock on Panama Canal.)

Late today the Vice President took an inspection tour of the canal, for 75 years a symbol of America's money and the big stick policy of intervention. (ABC-5)

NBC's Jim Miklaszewski reports that enthusiastic crowds cheered the Vice President at several planned stops in Panama City.

(TV Coverage: Cheering crowds; the Vice President waving from limo.)

Miklaszewski continues: In a Catholic church, he was greeted as "Quayle, the Liberator."

(TV Coverage: Churchgoers cheering, holding placards; the Vice President shaking hands.)

He dropped a twenty in the collection plate, just a token of the kind of U.S. money the Panamanians say it will take to rebuild this country's shattered economy. But today's sticking point involves U.S. troops. Since the invasion, a crime wave has swept the city, and President Endara wants the troops to stay.

(President Endara: "Our forces are not quite capable of protecting the lives, property and public order that the Panamanian people want.")

The invasion left Panama with virtually no police force. They have only 29 cars that run, no communications, and are outgunned by the remnants of Noriega's Dignity Battalions. Shopowners are scared and angry, and hire their own armed guards. U.S. troops now patrol city streets, and have set up command posts in residential areas. Residents are grateful.

(Vice President Quayle: "Certainly there is concern about security and the future of Panama.")

But the Bush Administration is under political pressure to withdraw the troops. U.S. officials had predicted another 3,500 would be sent home within two weeks. The U.S. is also under pressure to put Panama's economy back on its feet. Eighty percent of the shops looted after the invasion remain closed. The Bush Administration has proposed a billion dollar emergency aid package; \$500 million would rebuild burned-out neighborhoods and relocate refugees. Panamanian officials don't think that's enough, but Quayle couldn't promise any more.

(TV Coverage: the Vice President getting into limo.)

(Vice President Quayle: "We'll see.")

But the Bush Administration doesn't want to foot the entire bill or turn Panama into a total U.S. dependant. So tonight U.S. officials are encouraging other Latin American countries to pitch in and help Panama.

NBC's Garrick Utley discusses Panama with Miklaszewski.

Utley: To what extent is the new government there...finally getting on top of things and governing?

Miklaszewski: Well, U.S. officials say there are some glimmers of progress, but there's concern that if these problems persist, Panamanians could quickly turn against their new government.

(NBC-6)

CASTRO

Sawyer reports that Fidel Castro warned the U.S. last night against a Panama-style invasion there. At a midnight rally in Havana, Castro spoke to tens of thousands of students and workers, saying that Cuba would "stick in America's throat" if it tries to swallow it up.

(TV Coverage: Scenes of the torchlight rally.)

Castro also vowed that Cuba will remain staunchly Communist and will reject the kinds of reforms that have been sweeping Eastern Europe.

(ABC-6)

PRESIDENT/RACE RELATIONS

Sawyer: President Bush made an unscheduled speech on civil rights this morning at a black church in Washington. When the President and the First Lady attended the service at the John Westley Zion Church, the pastor invited Bush to say a few words from the pulpit. He called on Americans to work for justice and unity and to "leave the tired baggage of bigotry behind." (ABC-7)

Utley: In Washington this morning, President Bush talked about race. He attended a church service with a black congregation, spoke from the pulpit, and said, "Let us leave the tired baggage of bigotry behind; no more letter bombs, no more racism." (NBC-5)

E. GERMANY

Utley: We begin in a vacuum called East Germany; a political vacuum caused by the collapse of support for the Communist Party, the fact that elections are months away, and people there are asking, "who is running things?" Today, Communist Prime Minister Modrow met with opposition leaders to share power.

NBC's Mike Boettcher reports that Prime Minister Modrow invited the anti-Communist opposition to a meeting tonight to discuss a grand coalition government, one that would include communists and non-communists. The leaders of what is emerging as East Germany's strongest opposition group said they would not serve with the communists. The Social Democratic Party said it would rather be in a position to campaign against the communists during the run-up to the scheduled May elections. At a convention of government opponents today, one primary point divided them: The issue of reunification. The New Forum split over the issue. Each week demonstrators still fill the streets of East German cities, demanding real changes and, increasingly, reunification with West Germany.

Within the hour, Communist leaders and their opposition emerged from their meeting and announced they had formed a coalition government, the first government in East German history to include non-Communists.

Utley: We should also add that elections in East Germany have been moved up from May to March 18. (NBC-Lead)

ROMANIA

Sawyer: We begin tonight in Eastern Europe, where once again a national government is in danger of being thrown out of power. Romania's National Salvation Front has been in office only five weeks after December's violent revolution. But it is besieged by opposition parties demanding that the government share power with them.

ABC's Mike Lee reports that tens of thousands of opposition protesters marched to government headquarters today and were met by a smaller group of supporters of the ruling National Salvation Front. There was fighting between some pro- and anti-government demonstrators.

Lee continues: Opposition groups were angry because they feel the provisional government is dominated by former Communist Party leaders. Supporters of the National Front shouted that they alone were at the vanguard of the revolution and deserved to lead Romania into free elections this May. Tonight, President Iliescu announced that all parties would be invited to a formal dialogue.

(ABC-Lead, NBC-2)

AZERBAIJAN

Sawyer: ...An uneasy truce appears to be holding in key areas in Azerbaijan. Both sides have agreed to conditions leading to peace talks, and the Soviet military is tightening its grip on Baku. The rebellion may be breaking.

ABC's Jim Laurie reports that it now seems clear the Kremlin's military action was designed not simply to end Azerbaijani killings and save Armenian lives, but rather it was to crush a nationalist rebellion which threatened the region's Communist Party. That belief was confirmed this week by Soviet Defense Minister Yazov, who said the army was sent to crush the Popular Front, which he said had planned a coup d'etat.

(ABC-2)

YUGOSLAV UNREST

Sawyer reports that thousands of ethnic Albanians who want greater independence have been clashing with police in demonstrations demanding free elections. At least nine people are reported to have been killed.

(ABC-3)

AFGHANISTAN

Utey reports that Soviet Foreign Minister Shevardnadze said today a political settlement to end the civil war in Afghanistan is "literally knocking on the door." In an interview with Tass, Shevardnadze said reliance on military force there has outlived itself.

(NBC-8)

S. AFRICA

NBC's Robin Lloyd reports that last week's harsh crackdowns by authorities on protests appears to have sparked a mood of militancy in South Africa. At a funeral today for one of the six victims killed by police last week there were calls for an escalation of the armed struggle. Mandela has sent word through his attorneys today that the government must free him unconditionally and meet his demands that authorities lift state of emergency regulations and remove restrictions on all political organizations. With tensions rising, some believe President de Klerk may begin moving this week to meet those conditions.

(NBC-4)

TROOP CUTS/ARMY

ABC's Kathleen deLaski reports that U.S. soldiers in Europe hear the rumors that 40,000 of them might be cut this year, or as many as 160,000, 23 percent of the total Army, over four years.

(Rep. Schroeder: "As we see the Berlin Wall become a speed bump, there doesn't seem to be a reason to keep hundreds of thousands of Army soldiers over there ready to go.")

-more-

deLaski continues: Army officials will not discuss troop cuts publicly, but a recently retired four-star general was surprisingly candid.

(Gen. Jack Merritt (ret.), fmr. U.S. Army Rep. to NATO: "We try to do this instantly, I guarantee disaster. But if we can get it down over four or five years, I can see an Army that's 125,000, 135,000 less than it is now.")

The Army has never had to reduce a volunteer army. Two ways under consideration are forcing some older soldiers to retire early, and cutting back on recruitment programs such as ROTC. But some in Congress want more drastic changes, like an Army made up mostly of reserve units who would train only on weekends.

(Rep. Schroeder: "You're channeling them into a part-time military and not a full-time, which is much less expensive.")

Because of talk like that, the Army is scrambling to find new missions to justify its large force. For example, the Army is suddenly more anxious to help fight the drug war, and is proudly pointing to the Panama-type invasion as its mission of the future. (ABC-9)

THE BUDGET

ABC's Cokie Roberts reports that the annual battle of the budget is likely to be fiercer than ever this year, and take longer before a victor can be declared.

(Sen. Dole: "The Democrats have indicated, and maybe with justification, that they don't want to do an agreement this year. And if there's no agreement, then it's going to be a long, drawn-out process.")

Democrats insist the Bush Administration reneged on last year's budget agreement when at the end of the process the President pushed for a capital gains tax cut.

(Richard Darman, OMB Director: "There's absolutely nothing in that written agreement that suggests that we couldn't proceed with capital gains; indeed, President Bush campaigned on it throughout the campaign and we made it absolutely clear that we intended to seek capital gains.")

Capital gains will be back on the table this year along with another plan for cutting revenues: a proposal to reduce the Social Security payroll tax. These tax-cutting schemes come at the same time as demand grows for more spending: Eastern Europe and Panama need aid. So do domestic programs such as child care and education.

(Sen. Mitchell: "I think that the process by which we establish our national priorities and which we determine how to allocate our resources is the essence of democracy. It is tough. It's going to be very tough this year.")

And even after the fighting ends and the budget is done, there will be those who question whether it's worth the pyramids of paper and hours of haggling.

(Darman: "It is worth it, but it certainly doesn't produce what it should produce and it doesn't produce what it pretends it will produce. But it's still worth it, because it does produce something, and for the moment, it's the best we've got and it's the only discipline we've got.")

The real problem with the federal budget is simple arithmetic: more Americans care about low taxes and preserving programs than about the deficit. (ABC-8)

ABC -- THIS WEEK WITH DAVID BRINKLEY

Moderator: David Brinkley. Panelists: George Will, Sam Donaldson.
Guests: Rep. Don Edwards, Panamanian President Endara, Vice President Quayle.

Guest: Rep. Edwards.

Brinkley: You've been very critical of the landing in Panama. Why?

Edwards: I think that the United States should be a good international citizen and comply with all of our obligations and treaties and laws. And I don't think that we have been. I think that what we have done is forced Panama into being a colony.

Donaldson: The President has now proposed a billion dollars...to Panama. Congress will go along with that? Where will the money come from?

Edwards: It's very disturbing, because a lot of the money is going to have to come from countries that need it very badly like Ethiopia....

Donaldson: ...You do recall...that a U.S. serviceman was shot to death by Noriega's henchmen. Could any President...have failed to move?

Edwards: Well, if a Canadian is mugged in New York City...certainly the Canadians are not entitled to send an army in. One of the great problems here is that we have bought a country.... We started out by spending \$10 million to elect Endara.... Then we sent in an army to put Endara in his office and even swore him into office in the American Embassy.

Will: Yours is quite a lonely voice, even within the Democratic Party, even within the most liberal wing. What does that tell you about the change in the Democratic Party itself?

Edwards: I believe that most Democrats, when they think about it, and that's my experience in Congress, would agree with me.

Guest: President Endara.

Brinkley: Are you satisfied that the only way to deal with Noriega was to have the U.S. Army come in and do it?

Endara: ...Before the Just Cause action, I thought we, the Panamanians, could do it by ourselves with some solidarity from our friends in Latin America. However, after seeing the action...I am convinced now that the U.S. action was necessary for establishing freedom and democracy in Panama.... And this is the opinion of a very, very high percentage of Panamanian people.

Will: ...Will the current army, the PDF, acquiesce in its own liquidation?

Endara: It collapsed after Just Cause, and we are recreating it, but creating it as a national police force.... Panama doesn't need an army. Panama needs a police force. We are building it. We are working hard at it. We want to do it ourself, but we need help from our friends.

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Will: ...Are you now satisfied that there is the social precondition for democracy there?

Endara: Yes. Everybody in Panama is happy with establishing democracy. They want to work for establishing and developing a strong democracy.

Donaldson: ...Are you telling us that you do not believe the U.S. will try to abrogate the Canal treaty?...

Endara: I think it's very clear from the United States' intention that has been expressed to me by the highest officials from the United States that the United States will fulfill all its obligations under the present treaties.

Donaldson: President Bush has now offered one billion dollars of aid to Panama, and your response was to say that does not match that which we would wish. How much did you wish for?

Endara: We wish for somewhat more, but I must state that I said at the same time that this was very generous help, most generous help.... Mr. Bush's response was very quick, very opportune....

Brinkley: ...Why were your neighbors in Central and South America so critical of the U.S. Army coming in to do for you what you could not do for yourself?

Endara: They're thinking along the lines of the old intervention.... This action was more liberation than intervention.... That's how the Panamanian people see it, and I hope that our neighbors in Latin America realize that the important thing is not what they think about the last century or early in this century, it's what the Panamanian people want.

Will: ...Candidly, can you tell us if Latin leaders are saying something different in private than they're saying in public?

Endara: ...They're saying in private what they're saying in public.... They are worried about what [their] people think about intervention.

Donaldson: Gen. Noriega's attorneys say he is a prisoner of war. What's your response to that?

Endara: I think he's a narco-trafficker. He's a common criminal, and he couldn't possibly be a war criminal.

Guest: Vice president Quayle.

Brinkley: ...You had a chance to talk to a number of Latin American leaders. What did you hear from them?

Vice President Quayle: Having met with Latin American leaders in Honduras, I am convinced that the President's correct and courageous decision to do what he had to do in Panama will not be of long-term consequences in a negative sense. Obviously, there are concerns. But this issue is behind us. The question that we focus on is, Where do we go from here, and how can we collectively work with this democratically elected government in the pursuit of democracy.

Brinkley: We just had a member of Congress here who said that we have bought a colony. I take it you don't agree with that.

Vice President Quayle: I reject that. And I'm surprised because Don Edwards said that he was down here. And if he walked out with the people like I did this morning, it's anything but that. They are glad for what we did. But they believe in freedom, they believe in democracy. And they want to see our troops withdrawn as soon as possible. They want to get back to a normal way of life. But they want to recapture a tradition that used to be in this country before 1968, and that's the democratic way.

Will: ...Do you think that the mood of Latin America is being accurately represented by the leaders?

Vice President Quayle: My situation in Honduras yesterday is somewhat reflective of the mood in Latin America.... I went into the national stadium yesterday -- there were about 25,000 Hondurans there for the inauguration -- and I received an overwhelming, positive response from those people. And that says something of the feelings of the people of Honduras.... Obviously, in diplomacy you say things privately that you would not say publicly.... But I am convinced that this decision of the President will not be an impediment to good relations with Latin American countries.

Will: ...Has the American operation in Panama...strengthened or limited our ability to influence the Nicaraguan, what we hope will be a transition to a democracy?

Vice President Quayle: I don't know what the impact will be, because you'd have to read Ortega's mind.... I do believe that by having Panama a democracy speaks volumes. We've had three glaring exceptions in this hemisphere a few months ago: Cuba, Nicaragua, and Panama. Now we have two exceptions. Hopefully after the elections scheduled for February 25 we'll only have one, that being Cuba.

Donaldson: Is it a good thing that Panama has disbanded its army and rely on a state of neutrality?

Vice President Quayle: ...I met with the vice president this morning on the issue. They want to have a police force and not a strong military.... I think that there are some ideas of the Costa Rican model that can be used, but the attention of the leadership in Panama now is to change the composition of the military and to turn it into a police force.

Donaldson: That is their intention. Do you think that is a good thing?

Vice President Quayle: I do believe it's a good thing because the best way to have stability, and to offer a deterrence to any kind of insurrection or coup-plotting, is to have a stable democracy.

Donaldson: As you know, many Americans are still upset that we have a treaty which would turn over the Canal to Panama.... What I want to know from you is whether in fact they have any point whatsoever.

Vice President Quayle: The United States will honor the treaty.... With a duly elected democratic government, there should be no problem.

Brinkley: I understand...that both Mexico and Venezuela suggested this would not be a good time for you to visit there. Is that correct and why?

Vice President Quayle: ...You are correct.... But I will be busy in those countries later on. As a matter of fact, I had an hour meeting yesterday with the president of Venezuela, Carlos Andres Perez, who told me that some time later on this year he would like for me to come to Venezuela. The question is timing, and now is not the right time, and we certainly understand that.

Will: ...President Bush and the Administration seems to have given almost a carte blanche in terms of preemptive U.S. approval for Gorbachev's use of force to restore what Gorbachev calls order, even against nationalist aspirations within the Soviet Union. Do you think he might have gone too far, and do you think that nationalist aspirations, not only in the Baltic, but in Azerbaijan and elsewhere, are legitimate?

Vice President Quayle: The President said the other day that of course we did not like the use of force. The position of the Administration has tried to distinguish, and there is a distinguishing factor, between what is nationalism and peaceful dissent, and ethnic strife.... No one should construe any statement taken by any Administration official of giving carte blanche to the use of force. That is not the case....

Will: ...Is it your feeling that...what seems to be the universal passion in the Soviet Union to be free of Moscow's control should be encouraged? Or are we on the side of holding together the Soviet Union?

Vice President Quayle: Nationalism is a dominant issue within the Soviet Union.... Chairman Gorbachev has a major challenge ahead of him. And it's not for us...to tell him how to handle his situation. But we will be on the side of peaceful dissent.... This is perfectly consistent with glasnost. When you get beyond that, and you're talking about territorial integrity and things of that such, I don't believe that we should get in the business of starting to draw lines or redraw lines.

Will: I gather, however, you're not saying we should retreat from a 40-year commitment to...stark independence for the Baltic nations, are you?

Vice President Quayle: The Baltic nations deserve independent determination.... We...have never recognized the inclusion of Estonia, Latvia and Lithuania in the Soviet Republic.

Donaldson: ...The President believes it's in our interest to support Gorbachev, to help him succeed. Do you agree, and do you think Gorbachev will remain in power, or will he be ousted?

Vice President Quayle: Of course I agree. The President is on the right track in trying to see the reforms of the Soviet Union implemented. Gorbachev has put forth some reforms. We do want him to succeed.... We do not have any credible information that he will not succeed, but he does have a tough road to hoe.

Donaldson: ...Do you agree...that you ought to go and support Republicans even if they are pro-choice on abortion?

Vice President Quayle: Absolutely. I have, I will continue to do it. The President has, and he will continue to do it. It is a big tent.

Donaldson: Well, if that's the case, why don't you remove from the party the platform plank on abortion?

Vice President Quayle: We're not changing the party platform. We're not deviating from our position. We recognize that reasonable men and women can have an honest disagreement on this sensitive issue, and that's fine. We're going to stand by the platform and there's no use in debating that now. We'll do that in 1992.

Donaldson: Well, maybe not, but I'd like to debate it just a little bit more. The party platform plank is very strong. It's an anti-abortion plank. You're saying to the public, This is what the Republican Party stands for. And yet, you're now telling me that you feel not only free, but you're very happy to go out and vote, you'll say, for this candidate, and elect this person to high office, even when they oppose that plank....

Vice President Quayle: ...We are not going to apply the litmus test of abortion to Republicans. We are the party of inclusion. As a matter of fact, I think that the Democrats have much more of a problem than we do. They're the ones that are beating the drums on only pro-choice. Pro-life Democrats feel very uncomfortable in the Democratic Party today, and they are coming to the Republican Party. But we are not going to exclude pro-choice Republicans.

Will: Gorbachev recently said that he is a communist, he is a Leninist, and he wants communism to continue and flourish in the Soviet Union. You just said you want him to succeed. Why?

Vice President Quayle: He is the leader of the Soviet Union. He is the best opportunity that we have for reform. I really believe, having reflected on this, that Gorbachev can reform the system.... Gorbachev is a courageous leader, he's got a tough job, and I don't know what would follow Gorbachev. I don't think it would be a very good situation for the United States.

Discussion segment. Tom Wicker joins.

On Azerbaijan:

Wicker: ...I thought that [the Vice President] made a good point when he said that we don't know what will follow that. If this entity...breaks up, then we've got something else, and we don't know exactly what that is or how to deal with it or what the consequences might be. Nor do we know what would follow Gorbachev.

Will: The fact that we are accustomed to the Soviet Union sitting there...is no reason why we should make it our policy that other people who happen to suffer within the Soviet Union have to be accustomed indefinitely to living there.

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NBC -- MEET THE PRESS

Moderator: Garrick Utley. Panelists: Robert Novak, Elizabeth Drew.

Guest: Richard Darman, OMB Director.

Utley: ...In this budget of about \$1.2 trillion, you are making a proposal to take Social Security revenue, the surplus, starting in 1993, and use it to pay off the national debt. Is that what we should be doing with a trust fund?

Darman: ...We're not proposing what you describe. We propose to let the Social Security Trust Fund continue to grow, exactly as it would under current law, in a manner consistent with the 1983 agreement and the subsequent legislation of Congress. We want it to continue to grow; and we want to protect the benefits for older Americans.

Utley: Where does the trust fund money go?

Darman: Well, the criticism at the moment is that it's being used to mask the true size of the deficit and to allow spending to be greater than it would otherwise be. And that's a fair criticism. But that's saying that the money is going right out the door for other expenditures. And what we're saying is, if there's going to be a build-up and you want to pay the benefits for the baby boom generation when they retire in the future...then you've got to make sure that the burden of debt in the future isn't so great that whoever's got to pay the bills can't pay them.

Utley: Isn't this proposal a way to head off the proposal of Sen. Moynihan to cut back Social Security taxes?

Darman: No. When I was being interrogated at the time I was being considered for confirmation by the Senate a year ago, I outlined something that might be like this, and then specifically proposed it -- to the press, in fact -- in October.... [Sen. Moynihan's proposal] would make it very difficult to guarantee that those benefits could be paid, because he takes out billions and billions...from the Social Security trust fund that was going to be reserved to pay the benefits for the baby boom generation. Unless you were to replace it with other taxes -- which would then mean it were a charade, as the President said -- you couldn't pay the benefits.

Drew: ...There aren't any reserves now.

Darman: Oh, yes there are. There are Treasury notes; and if we ever get to the point where we say that we think that Treasury notes are not going to be honored, we're really saying the country's bankrupt.

Novak: Mr. Darman, did I hear you say -- concede -- that the Social Security fund is masking the real size of the deficit?

Darman: It's masking the real size of the non-Social Security portion of the budget's deficit, yes.

Novak: ...Now, isn't that a fact that that is not the only trust fund....

-more-

Darman: Yes.

Novak: ...But if you decide to include these special funds that are dedicated, then we are not doing the job in cutting the size of the federal government -- isn't that a fact?

Darman: We are doing the job, but we're doing it too slowly.... We share responsibility with the Congress and much of what we propose the Congress does not enact. Had proposals in the Reagan years to be more responsible in some of these program areas been enacted, perhaps the problems in the future would not be so great. The same, I suppose, is true today. I'm hopeful, still, that some of our proposals will be enacted.

Utley: ...You say you can bring the deficit down to \$60-some billion, as the law requires. How do you think you're going to make that goal...if the economy is performing the way it's performing now?

Darman: Well, we forecast that the fourth quarter of this year would be weak, and it has been weak, slightly weaker than we anticipated. But most outside forecasters forecast a rebound -- even the Congressional Budget Office does. So we're hopeful that there's going to be growth next year. And if there is, that alone will produce \$84 billion in additional revenue that's available to spend....

Utley: ...Is there going to be a peace dividend?

Darman: Oh, yes, there's going to be a peace dividend, but it's not going to be as large as some naively think at the moment.

Utley: ...Spending on...SDI is going to go up to about \$4.8 billion -- a sizeable increase. People ask why you are increasing money on that project, given what's happened in the Communist world today.

Darman: Well, first of all, the SDI increase you're talking about is almost a billion dollars lower than had previously been planned for the natural growth of the program.... Do you need a strategic defense? We believe we do.... There are third parties now, non-superpowers, who have ballistic missile capability. That's increasing.

Novak: A lot of people on Wall Street think the very bad week in the markets, the very bad year so far in the markets, is directly attributable to you -- that you have sounded an uncertain trumpet in Washington. For example, isn't it true that the Moynihan proposal makes the capital gains tax cut less likely to pass?

Darman: no, I think they're entirely independent matters. I think there's a natural majority -- a clear majority -- in both houses for capital gains, and that it's time will come.... Sen. Moynihan's proposal is, in my opinion, not viable; and it will enjoy its natural life, and then, I hope, a demise.

Novak: Doesn't that come with very bad grace for somebody who, like you, has been associated with tax cuts, whether you like it or not, for the last nine years, to say that a cut in a regressive tax that is providing a surplus is bad, but it's good to have cuts for the rich in capital gains?

Darman: I see them as entirely different. In the case of capital gains, it brings in additional revenue...and it increases growth. In the case of the Social Security tax cut, look, we'd all like another tax cut.... But the general wisdom is not that what we need to do is just yank out the revenue base of this society and this budget at this time....

Utley: In the message you're sending, your essay with the budget, you're saying that this nation faces horrendous costs, hidden costs out there in the future that have to be dealt with -- we're not addressing it. Are you saying, or hinting or signaling in effect that we're going to have to start cutting entitlements later on in the 1990s?

Darman: I'm not hinting; I'll say it explicitly. We have to restrain the grow entitlements...and our budget proposes to do it in one of the most rapidly growing areas that's out of growth, and that is health costs -- not in a way that hurts beneficiaries....

Drew: Last year, you were talking all around this town about the possibility of a grand compromise with the Congress.... You failed on this last year. Are you just now giving up on the idea?

Darman: Well, I think it would be sensible, if we could do it, to have a large-scale compromise. I think it's better to get a big, comprehensive, intellectually coherent, economically sensible package, rather than to do this...in bits and pieces.... But unfortunately, the political system doesn't always act in the way that makes more sense.

Novak: Do you think [reducing the national debt] is going to happen?

Darman: It depends on whether Congress implements what we're proposing.... I think that there is a pretty good chance that by the second half of the 90s, we'll be reducing national debt.

Discussion segment.

Utley: It seems that Mr. Bush has gained some political muscle with the victory in Congress this past week on the China issue.

Drew: ...He was able to prevail in the Senate by making it a test of his own, of people's loyalty to him. And you knew that a number of Republican senators voted with him even though they disagree with the policy. And the other striking thing is, all across the spectrum...you find a lot of people asking, was this victory a good idea for Mr. Bush -- because now all the onus on China policy is on him.

Novak: I don't think you'll [have] ten senators who agree with the President's policy.

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(Face the Nation this week dealt with the National Football League and its drug-testing policy.)

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THE McLAUGHLIN GROUP

Moderator: John McLaughlin. Panelists: Pat Buchanan, Fred Barnes, Eleanor Clift, Morton Kondracke.

On sustaining the China bill veto:

Buchanan: ...The President's a winner, obviously; Richard Nixon's very much a winner.... It's a necessary victory for the White House.

Barnes: ...You know who another loser is? Newt Gingrich, who made a big deal before a room full of reporters about how was going to defy the President and vote to override. Another of the winners is John Sununu, who...when all the White House aides were saying, "Hey, please go to the President and tell him, 'you'll never win on this issue,'" Sununu said, "No, we can win," and he organized the effort.

Clift: Another winner is obviously the aging Chinese leadership, which saves face around the world. But the big losers are the American people, who have seen their values trampled to make a point about Presidential power.... It's a wink and a nod at Tiananmen Square, which thereby gives Gorbachev a wink and a nod.

Kondracke: Look, if [Gorbachev] goes into the Baltic states, it will be hell to pay in the United States, starting with George Bush. He doesn't get permission. I think...that there are no losers in this one at all. The Congress has demonstrated to Deng and the other leaders that they're monsters, [the President's] leverage is at the maximum, all the students stay in the United States, and more students come to the United States from China to be democratized.

On the Congressional agenda:

Barnes: ...You're probably going to get a tax bill that will give President Bush his capital gains tax reduction, along with a mini-Moynihan, a Social Security payroll tax cut that will roll back the increase this year.

Clift: They're going to get some kind of tax credits on child care....

Kondracke: I think what you're going to get is a mini-capital gains tax victory with tax breaks for long-term profits....

Buchanan: I still think there are some militant old-Jack Kemp-type conservatives in that Congress who are going to take the whole Moynihan thing and try to attach it to the capital gains bill. I think it's the best thing that could happen to Republicans.

McLaughlin: Eastern bloc aid. What's going to happen to that?

Barnes: ...Czechoslovakia and other countries...will get some.

Buchanan: They are going to get change and peanuts.

Kondracke: [The President] will get a billion for Eastern Europe, but not for Panama.

Barnes: There's going to be a bill on the floor, at least in the House and probably the Senate, too, that would put some spending limits on campaigns. It will never get through the White House.

Kondracke: Some sort of health care bill will pass, in order to put the pressure on the President....

Clift: There will be a clean air bill, it's going to cost a lot...before the end of the year.... The midwest is going to be really up in arms.

Buchanan: Clean Air could be so draconian that you get yourself a Catastrophic Health-type thing, where next year you got to come back...and clean it up.

McLaughlin: Will George Bush's relationship with Congress in 1990 be less partisan than the partisan 1989, more partisan, or equally confrontational?

Barnes: ...The odd thing about Bush is that he, rather than losing power over his first year, has gained power. More partisan, more confrontational and more successful.

Clift: More partisan, but I don't think Bush is a big victor here.... He's not going to have a good year at all.

Kondracke: The Democrats are going to try and get him to veto bills that they can take to the people in the 1990 election and embarrass him with.

McLaughlin: Five of us say more confrontation this year.

On Azerbaijan, Gorbachev and arms control:

McLaughlin: ...Has the time now come to take advantage of the turmoil within the Soviet Union, especially in hard-line negotiations...on the START front and on other treaty fronts?

Clift: Of course they ought to move quickly on these arms control agreements. One, because it's in our best interests, and two, because Gorbachev is not going to get any stronger.... While he's in a position to make concessions, they ought to get them.

Barnes: ...Why ram something, make American concessions, unnecessary ones, just to get Gorby to sign some treaty that his successor will violate?

Kondracke: The point is, we ought to drive hard for these bargains to get the Red Army out of Eastern Europe as fast as possible.

Buchanan: Mort is exactly right.... The Hungarians want them out this year, the Czechs want them out this year, Poles next year; get the Red Army out of Eastern Europe and give Gorbachev concessions in return. They will never come back if you get them out.

Barnes: ...They're not focusing on getting the troops out of Eastern Europe, they're focusing on the big missiles, and that's ridiculous.

McLaughlin: Is Gorbachev going to survive Azerbaijan?

Kondracke: I think what he is going to do ultimately is to let all these republics go their own way and consolidate the empire in Great Russia, which includes Siberia, and the Ukraine.

McLaughlin: Do you think Gorbachev did the right thing in sending in the military to quell the disorder in Azerbaijan?

Buchanan: He chose the lesser of two evils, and he's paying a price.

Barnes: He should have stopped the ethnic trouble before. Now he sent the Army in to kill the independence movement.

Clift: If he can be faulted for anything, it's for not acting fast enough and with enough force, and President Bush has almost said that.

McLaughlin: This is being portrayed as an ethnic clash, and it is. But also, the Azerbaijanis do not want the control from Moscow. That's being muted.... Gorbachev, in terms of realpolitick, is doing exactly the right thing because he will send a signal to the Baltics.

On the Barry arrest and racism:

Buchanan: To cry racism has become the last refuge of the black political scoundrel. All this is being used to whip this up, to keep a lot of these people in jobs, because as long as we're racially polarized, Ben Hooks has got a position, Jesse's doing fine.

Barnes: I think it's up to the blacks to show that there has been some discrimination here, and what they need to show is that there are white politicians about whom...rumors of drug use have circulated and federal prosecutors have done nothing.

On Cabinet status for EPA:

McLaughlin: Some environmentalists say that the EPA elevation is a major victory. Others criticized the decision, calling it a cosmetic designed to dupe the public into believing that Bush was really fulfilling his campaign promise to be the Environment President. Who's right?

Buchanan: ...This will be the sixth Cabinet department we've formed since 1965, and I think it's excessive.

Clift: This is a political gesture, but a good one.... The agency deserves a seat at the Cabinet table with all the polluters.

Kondracke: I think it's not a very big step.... George Bush wants to carry California again...and so it's a token gift.

Predictions:

Barnes: It looks like we are going to have a very soft landing of the economy, no recession. This means the Fed will not have to have a big interest rate cut.

McLaughlin: Drug czar William Bennett will quit in seven months.

INSIDE WASHINGTON

Moderator: Gordon Peterson. **Panelists:** James Kilpatrick, Hugh Sidey, Elizabeth Drew, Juan Williams.

On sustaining the China bill veto:

Williams: ...If there's not some change in the Chinese government's policy, this is really going to come back to haunt George Bush.

Sidey: President Bush took the heat out of it and said, Look, we'll let them stay under administrative power; we don't want legislation. I think in the end, then, it became a matter of Presidential power.... There are enough people up there that said...George Bush is doing rather well with China policy.

Drew: A number of the Republicans who supported him don't think he's doing very well on China policy.... This was about not having the President defeated on the first vote after the Congress came back.... If you take the Administration at its own words, they've been saying that there would be some very nice results of the Scowcroft trips. Where are they? No results.

On the War on Drugs:

Kilpatrick: If the situation is getting better, it's not necessarily because of the Administration's program. After all, we haven't built the first prison yet.

On the Social Security payroll tax:

Williams: This is one of those issues where you've got the left wing of the Democrats and the right wing of the Republicans absolutely joining arms, and the people in the middle who are trying to be somewhat fiscally responsible...are absolutely in the background...and disregarded.

Sidey: The Social Security tax...is a tremendous burden for small business, which is the engine now of our growing economy.

On Azerbaijan:

Drew: ...Our policy has been that we would sanction the use of troops to put down ethnic rivalry violence...but we haven't said we would sanction it if it were used to put down independence movements. So the Administration people are not at the point of having a real dilemma yet, but they sure are watching out for it.

On Panama:

Williams: Every time there's trouble in that country, it's some general coming out of the army deciding he's going to be a dictator.... And for some reason, we have the Bush Administration saying we support the idea of the Panamanians having their own armed forces.

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CONGRESSIONAL MONITOR



Monday, January 29, 1990

Volume 26, Number 8

Last Week in Congress

Congress returned last week from its lengthy recess and quickly engaged in its first political fight with George Bush: an attempt to override the president's veto of legislation (HR 2712) that would have allowed Chinese students to remain in the United States after their visas expired.

The president prevailed in the Senate, 62-37, four votes short of the necessary two-thirds needed for an override. The day before, the House voted to override the veto by a wide 390-25 bipartisan margin.

Bush was saved by a personal lobbying campaign and the efforts of the Senate Republican leadership. Only eight Republicans joined 54 Democrats in voting to override.

Although Bush's veto was sustained, the heated debate in both chambers pointed to the concern Congress has for the president's present posture toward China.

There was no other major legislative action during the opening days of the second session of the 101st Congress.

The Senate took up the clean air bill (S 1630), which still contains several unresolved issues, but confined itself to merely talking about the bill. Senate Majority Leader George J. Mitchell, D-Maine, has promised to make passage of clean air legislation the top priority early in the session.

Mitchell and House Speaker Thomas S. Foley, D-Wash., last week also outlined the key issues Congress will work on the remainder of the year. After clean air, Congress is expected to take up

child care, budget, crime and education legislation. Both leaders also expressed hope that campaign reform legislation could be passed this year.

The newest House member, Rep. Craig Washington, D-Texas, was sworn in last week, but began his congressional career rather inauspiciously. The day before he was sworn in, a state district judge in Houston sentenced Washington to 30 days in jail on a contempt of court charge for failing to appear on behalf of a client. Washington replaced the late Mickey Leland, who was killed in a plane crash in Ethiopia last August.

As Washington made his congressional debut, another member — House Education and Labor Committee Chairman Augustus F. Hawkins, D-Calif. — announced his plans to leave after 28 years in the House. The 82-year-old Hawkins will not seek re-election this year.

Committee Hearings

Because there was little floor action last week, attention was focused on a few key committee hearings.

Thrift Bailout: The House Banking Committee held three days of hearings on the continuing problems of the thrift industry.

L. William Seidman, chairman of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), who is also overseeing the Resolution Trust Corporation (RTC), told the Banking panel that the \$50 billion Congress appropriated last year to bail out failing thrifts is likely to run out next year.

The Banking Committee also voted 31-1 to issue subpoenas to two land developers and junk bond dealer Michael Milken in the continuing investigation into the collapse of Lincoln Savings and Loan Association in California.

Committee Chairman Henry B. Gonzalez, D-Texas, said the testimony of Er-

This Week

President Bush today will release his anticipated \$1.3 trillion budget for fiscal 1991, signaling the start of the complicated budget negotiations in Congress over the next few months.

It will be the president's first complete budget proposal since he assumed office a year ago. It is expected to contain about \$38 billion in spending reductions to reach the \$64 billion deficit figure imposed this year under the Gramm-Rudman deficit-reduction law.

Not surprisingly, the president's budget will call for no new tax increases.

Bush is expected to ask again for a reduction in the capital gains tax, a measure approved last year by the House but stalled in the Senate by Majority Leader George J. Mitchell, D-Maine.

The president is expected to propose \$295.1 billion in defense spending, 2 percent more than the approximately \$290 billion appropriated last year. But because of inflation, the dollar amount is actually a slight reduction from 1990.

On Wednesday night, the president gives his annual State of the Union address to a joint gathering of Congress. Committees in both houses this week will begin hearings on the budget with key administration figures scheduled to testify.

Floor Action

The Senate will continue floor debate on the clean air bill (S 1630). Majority Leader Mitchell said no votes on amendments would be taken up until at least Tuesday. He has promised that all members will have ample opportunity to speak on the measure.

The House is scheduled to take up only two legislative matters this week. On Tuesday, members will take up a bill (HR 1521) assigning police officers to the National Zoo.

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Monitor Telephone Services

Monitor subscribers may call an after-hours tape recording, (202) 887-8518, featuring new listings and late changes in committee schedules.

During business hours, subscribers may call the *Monitor's Hotline* question-and-answer service at (202) 887-8515 for scheduling information.

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Capitol Hill People on the Move . . .

Aging

Leslie Alexandre is a new professional staff member on the minority side of the committee. She will work on Medicare and general health issues, replacing **Nancy Smith**, who left to become director of the Executive Office of the American College of Physicians. Before coming to the panel, Alexandre ran her own consulting firm in Los Angeles.

Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry

In preparation for the 1990 farm bill, the panel has added **Lynnette Wagner** to cover related trade issues. She comes from the Agriculture Department, where she worked on trade policy.

Julie Bernstein is the panel's new deputy press secretary, replacing **Patrick Collins**, who left to work on Democrat Jim Nichols' campaign. Nichols is challenging Rudy Boschwitz, R-Minn., for his Senate seat. Bernstein worked at the National Association of Home Builders before joining the staff.

Appropriations

Peter Rogoff, formerly a professional staff member for three years with the Labor-Health and Human Services Subcommittee, has moved to the Transportation Subcommittee, where he will also serve as a professional staff member. He replaces **Don Knowles**, who has joined the Interior Department as a deputy undersecretary. No replacement for Rogoff has been named.

Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs

Staff Director **Kevin Gottlieb** has announced that he will leave the committee staff March 1 to resume writing and teaching. Gottlieb is an adjunct professor at Michigan State University and lectures at the Washington Campus, a professional education center. Gottlieb had been under scrutiny by the Ethics Committee for some of his financial dealings and has been tied to some of the troubles of panel Chairman Donald W. Riegle Jr., D-Mich., resulting from the Lincoln Savings and Loan scandal. General Counsel **Steve Harris** will assume the dual title of staff director and chief counsel.

At the subcommittee level, **Dan Potash** has left the Housing Subcommittee to study for the California bar exam. Office Manager **Eileen Gallagher** will take his position as legislative aide for housing and banking issues.

Kris Siglin will join the minority staff of the Consumer Affairs Subcommittee. She comes from the personal staff of

Sen. Christopher S. Bond, R-Mo., who is the ranking Republican on that subcommittee.

Commerce, Science and Transportation

Hal Creel has become senior counsel at the Merchant Marine Subcommittee, replacing **John Graykowski**, who joined Crowell & Moring, a D.C. law firm. Creel previously worked for the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration. He will work on merchant marine issues, focusing at first on conference negotiations on oil spill legislation (HR 1465).

John Moran is a new minority counsel for the Merchant Marine Subcommittee and the National Ocean Policy Study. He replaces **Bud Eisenbud**, who left to become managing director for environmental policy at the National Solid Waste Association. Issues Moran will handle include fisheries, ocean dumping and coastal protection. Moran had been a legislative assistant for Sen. John W. Warner, R-Va., working on commerce, science, transportation, public works, solid waste and Superfund issues.

Moses Boyd has come on as a staff counsel for the Consumer Affairs Subcommittee. He replaces **Linda Lance**, who was promoted to senior counsel on the subcommittee after **Kevin Curtin** moved up to become staff director for the full committee. Boyd was formerly a staff attorney for the South Carolina Legislature.

An addition to the staff of the Surface Transportation Subcommittee is **Ivan Schalger**, who was with a Los Angeles law firm. Schalger's position is staff counsel.

Energy and Natural Resources

Jim Bruce has left the committee staff to join the Washington, D.C., law firm of Wiley, Rein & Fielding. As a senior counsel he worked on a variety of energy issues, including the Strategic Petroleum Reserve and fuel economy standards. **Karl Hausker** will take on these issues and, as chief staff economist, will continue to work on budget issues.

Environment and Public Works

The panel has added a new majority staffer — **Joseph Goffman** — to work on clean air legislation. Goffman, whose position is associate counsel, comes from the Environmental Defense Fund, where he was a senior attorney.

Finance

Julia Brim-Edwards has left as minority press secretary

LAST WEEK from p. 1

nest C. Garcia and Fernando R. Acosta, who were involved in land deals with Lincoln, would conclude the first phase of the panel's investigation.

War on Drugs: The war on drugs was highlighted last week, as Bush and Sen. Joseph R. Biden Jr., D-Del., unveiled separate plans calling for increased budgets for the national effort.

Bush proposed a budget of \$10.6 billion, an increase of 12 percent over last year. Biden's proposal for 1991 calls for a more dramatic increase of 56 percent, to \$14.7 billion. Both plans would provide more money to states for law enforcement and drug treatment programs.

Social Security: Informal debate

on a proposal by Sen. Daniel Patrick Moynihan, D-N.Y., to roll back Social Security taxes also began last week. Although Moynihan's plan may not have wide support, it is seen as a possible catalyst for reform of the budget process and for serious discussion of plans to prohibit the use of Social Security surpluses for unrelated purposes.

Budget Reform: Rep. Leon E. Panetta, D-Calif., chairman of the House Budget Committee, announced a plan to repeal the Gramm-Rudman deficit-reduction law and institute a "pay-as-you-go" budget system. Panetta said his plan, which would remove the Social Security surplus from the federal budget, would balance the federal budget by 1998.

EPA Cabinet Status: Legislation (S 2006, HR 3847) was introduced on both sides of Capitol Hill to elevate the Environmental Protection Agency to cabinet status. President Bush said he supported the proposal.

Soviet Threat: The dramatic political changes in Eastern Europe also received congressional attention last week.

CIA Director William H. Webster told the Senate Armed Services Committee that despite the recent changes in the Eastern Bloc security threats to the United States would remain high.

Webster said that the Soviets' conventional threat had diminished, but that the Soviet Union's strategic forces were still strong.

... Senate Committee Staff Changes

for the Senate Finance Committee to become director of communications for Sen. Bob Packwood, R-Ore., the ranking Republican on the panel. A replacement has not yet been named.

Governmental Affairs

Barbara Strack is a new counsel for the Oversight of Government Management Subcommittee. Formerly an associate with O'Melveny & Myers, a D.C. law firm, Strack will concentrate on ethics issues and special projects at the panel.

Blaine Phillips has joined the minority staff of the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations as an investigator. Formerly a legislative assistant to Rep. Toby Roth, R-Wis., Phillips assumes the responsibilities of two staffers who have moved to California. One, **Paul Owens**, has enrolled at Stanford University's School of Journalism, and **David Funkelsrud** has moved back to his home in Santa Monica.

Indian Affairs

Steve Heeley has been promoted to deputy staff director and counsel for the minority. He joined the committee as deputy counsel in February 1989 from the Gila River Indian Community in Arizona, where he worked as an attorney for two years. He replaces **Dan Lewis**, who moved to the Bureau of Indian Affairs to be director of legislative and congressional affairs. Heeley's position will not be filled.

On the majority side, **Richard Bad Moccasin**, who served on the staff under a special legislative training program, has returned to the Indian Health Service in South Dakota.

Judiciary

Paul Bland has taken over as the committee's chief counsel for nominations, replacing **Ron LeGrand**, who recently joined the House Government Activities Subcommittee as a counsel. Bland had been a legislative assistant in the personal office of Judiciary chairman Joseph R. Biden Jr., D-Del. The new assignment will cover familiar territory for Bland — he headed up Judiciary's handling of the Supreme Court nominations of Robert Bork and Douglas Ginsburg in 1987.

Another new counsel who will assist with nominations is **Annette Anthony**. A recent graduate of Columbia Law School, Anthony replaces **Lorraine Waller**, who has become the committee's counsel on civil rights issues. Waller's move follows the departure of **Bill Lewis**, who left to work at the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission.

Eddie Correia, longtime chief counsel and staff director

of the Antitrust Subcommittee, has left to become a professor at Northeastern University's School of Law. His replacement is **William Corr**, formerly a counsel for the House Energy Health Subcommittee.

Deborah Leavy, chief counsel and staff director for the Constitution Subcommittee, has moved to Pennsylvania but will continue working part-time for the panel as a special counsel through April. Leavy's responsibilities will be divided between **Susan Kaplan**, who dons the title of chief counsel, and **John Trasvina**, who becomes staff director. Kaplan previously worked on hate crimes issues for the subcommittee, and Trasvina handled immigration matters.

Joining the Constitution panel's staff is **Brant Lee**, a recent graduate of Harvard Law School and a former intern in the office of Chairman Paul Simon, D-Ill. Lee will devote his time to antitrust issues.

Two new counsels are on board at the Patents Subcommittee. **Dennis Burke** is one. He will focus on intellectual property and criminal matters, replacing **Tara McMahon**, who is now a counsel with the Health Insurance Association of America. The other new counsel, **Janis Long**, will handle trademarks and miscellaneous judiciary issues. Long takes over for **Matt McCoy**, who has moved to San Francisco, where he will enter private practice.

Winston Lett, the former administrative assistant to Rep. Glenn Browder, D-Ala., has become chief counsel and staff director at the Courts Subcommittee. Lett took over after former staff director, **Karen Kremer**, left the panel in October to join the D.C. office of Arnold & Porter, a large law firm.

Veterans' Affairs

Charles Lee has joined the committee staff as an associate counsel. He is handling employment, training and education issues. He replaces **Daryl Kehrner**, who has moved to the Department of Veterans Affairs, where he will work with Deputy Under Secretary Tony Principi.

Susan Thaul is a new professional staff member for the committee responsible for health care issues. She replaces **Sandy Isaacson**, who joined the Jefferson Group, a lobbying organization. Thaul had worked for the National Center for Health Service Research and Health Technology Assessment.

Editor's Note: Please send information on committee staff changes to People Editor, Congressional Monitor, 1414 22nd St., N.W., Washington, D.C., 20037.

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Then on Wednesday, the House will vote on a leadership-sponsored bill (HR 2190) that would require states to allow voters to register by mail and when they apply for driver's licenses or other identification cards issued by motor-vehicle authorities.

The legislation also would require the states to distribute and accept registration forms at public buildings and require states to verify voters' addresses at least every two years to keep the rolls updated.

Committee Action

Budget: Administration officials will blanket the Hill this week to defend

the president's budget. Those scheduled to testify include Richard G. Darman, director of the Office of Management and Budget, before a Tuesday hearing at the House Budget Committee, and Defense Secretary Dick Cheney and Joint Chiefs of Staff chairman Gen. Colin Powell Jr., before the Senate Armed Services Committee on Thursday.

RICO Markup: The Senate Judiciary Committee on Thursday will mark up S 438, the Racketeer Influenced Corrupt Organizations (RICO) bill.

HUD Scandal: A special Senate Banking subcommittee Tuesday will hold its first hearing on the management problems at the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

On Wednesday, members of the Employment and Housing Subcommittee of the House Government Operations Committee will meet to consider issuing subpoenas to witnesses who have refused to testify about the mismanagement and influence peddling scandal.

Insolvent Thrifts: The Senate Banking Committee on Wednesday will hear from officials of the Resolution Trust Corporation, which was set up to take over insolvent thrifts.

Scheduled to appear before the panel are L. William Seidman, chairman of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, HUD Secretary Jack Kemp and Federal Reserve Chairman Alan Greenspan. ■

News Events Scheduled Today

HOSPITALS CONFERENCE

American Hospital Association holds its annual membership meeting. The AHA serves as a national advocate for hospitals and their patients, and also provides information and education for families. First of three days.

7am to 2:30pm, Hilton Hotel, 1001 16th St. NW, International Ball Room East **Jan 29**

Contact: Clay Mickel, 626-2319, or Mary Babich, 312-280-6430

Highlights:

7am to 8:30am: Sen Baucus, D-Mont, attends a breakfast meeting. (Jefferson/Lincoln Room)

10:15am to 11am: Rep Rostenkowski, D-Ill, speaks to a symposium

11am: Sen Domenici, R-NM, delivers remarks

2:30pm: Former senator Lowell Weicker delivers symposium remarks

RETIREES MEETING

American Association of Retired Persons holds its annual legislative policy meeting to address, among other topics, a reform of the U.S. health care system. First of five days.

8:30am to 2:30pm, Willard Hotel, 14th St. and Pennsylvania Ave. NW **Jan 29**

Contact: Peggy Laramie, 728-4752

Congressional Highlight:

1:30pm to 2pm: Sen Packwood, R-Ore, addresses the topic, "Thy Light to Access to Health Care"

DINGELL SPEECH

Rep Dingell, D-Mich, chairman of the House Energy and Commerce Committee, discusses clean air legislation and other energy and environmental issues at a meeting of the American Public Power Association's Legislative and Resolutions Committee.

8:30am, Marriott Washington, 1221 22nd St. NW, Salons A through C, second level **Jan 29**

Contact: Madalyn Cafruny, 467-2952

UNDERSTANDING CONGRESS

Congressional Quarterly will sponsor a seminar on "Understanding Congress."

8:30am to 1pm, Quality Hotel Capitol Hill **Jan 29**

NOTE: There is a charge of \$195 for this seminar. For information and reservations call (202) 887-8620. Outside the Washington, DC, area call 1-800-432-2250, ext. 620.

AIR POLLUTION & AGRICULTURE

The Izaak Walton League of America releases a report documenting that air pollution, particularly ozone, "is costing consumers and agricultural producers \$3 billion a year in lost crops." The report, titled, "Air Pollution: The Invisible Thief of American Agriculture," is a compilation of "the most recent data on the severe impact air pollution has on such important crops as wheat, corn and soybeans."

9:45am, National Press Club, 14th and F Sts NW, Zenger Room **Jan 29**

Contact: Kristin Merriman, 703-528-1818 or Paul Hansen, 612-941-6654

CALLER ID

Sen Kohl, D-Wis, concerning Call ID, a telephone device that allows a customer to see the caller's phone number before picking up the receiver. Kohl's bill will give callers the choice of revealing their numbers.

10am, S-385 Capitol Bldg **Jan 29**

Contact: Kristy Schantz, 224-5653

LOTT LUNCHEON

Sen Lott, R-Miss, addresses a House Administrative Assistants Alumni Association luncheon.

12:30pm, Capitol Hill Club, 300 First St SE **Jan 29**

Contact: Dan Costello, 463-5600

LEGISLATIVE PROCESS

--from Reuters

Government Relations Institute of Women in Government Relations (WGR) will sponsor a two-hour session on the legislative process in the Senate conducted by Congressional Research Service staff.

4pm, Bell Communications, 2101 L St NW, Suite 600 **Jan 29**

NOTE: There is a charge of \$25 for WGR members and \$35 for non-members. For more information contact Julie Raffensperger at (202) 484-4884.

BUDGET BRIEFINGS

The president's FY 1991 budget will be released to the media from 8am to 9am at the Government Printing Office bookstore, 710 N Capitol St. Press credentials will be required. Press included on last year's distribution list will be included on this year's list. The price is \$38, no sales tax.

BUDGET/CONGRESS ADVISORY

The chairmen of the House and Senate budget committees, Sen Sasser, D-Tenn, and Rep Panetta, D-Calif, plan to hold a news conference during the afternoon to react to the administration's proposed fiscal 1991 budget. The time and location will be announced when available.

Contact: Larry Stein, 224-0642, or Barry Toive, 225-7290

BRADY/DARMAN/BOSKIN BUDGET BRIEFING

Treasury Secretary Nicholas Brady, Office of Management and Budget Director Richard Darman and White House Council of Economic Advisers Chairman Michael Boskin discuss the 1991 budget.

11am, GSA Auditorium, 18th and F Sts NW **Jan 29**

Contact: Dede Spitznagel, 395-3080

PENTAGON BUDGET BRIEFING

Defense Secretary Dick Cheney holds an on-the-record discussion of the highlights and themes for the fiscal year 1991 defense budget.

Noon, The Pentagon, Mall Annex parking lot entrance, room 2E781 **Jan 29**

Contact: 695-0192 or 697-5131

EPA BUDGET BRIEFING

Environmental Protection Agency Administrator William Reilly discusses the agency's 1991 budget. Press credentials only. Camera crews can begin setting up at 11:30am.

12:30pm, 401 M St SW, auditorium **Jan 29**

Contact: 382-4355

AGRICULTURE BUDGET BRIEFING

Agriculture Secretary Clayton Yeutter discusses the department's 1991 budget. Also present will be Jack Parnell, deputy secretary of agriculture, and Stephen Dewhurst, director of USDA's Office of Budget and Program Analysis. Accredited media only.

1pm, USDA Administration Building, The Mall, rooms 107-A and 104-A **Jan 29**

Contact: Dave Warren (print), 447-4026 or Marci Hilt (broadcast), 447-4330

■ Revised listing

Committee Meetings Today

House Committees

★ FY91 LEGISLATIVE APPROPs

Legislative Appropriations Subcommittee

The subcommittee (Chmn Fazio, D-Calif) will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for the Fair Employment Practices Review Panel, the House of Representatives and joint items.

1:30pm H-301 Capitol Bldg **Jan 29**

FIELD HEARINGS

1990 FARM BILL

House Agriculture Committee

The full committee (Chmn de la Garza, D-Texas) will hold a field hearing in preparation for drafting the 1990 farm bill.

11am Agra-Expo Center Extension Auditorium, Fayetteville, NC **Jan 29**

WAR POWERS RESOLUTION

House Armed Services Committee

Investigations Subcommittee (Chmn Mavroules, D-Mass) will hold a field hearing with

★ New listing

former President Jimmy Carter to receive his views on the War Powers Resolution

3pm, Atlanta, Ga **Jan 29**

SOLID WASTE

House Science Committee

Natural Resources, Agriculture Research and Environment Subcommittee (Chmn Scheuer, D-NY) will hold field hearings on solid waste and recycling issues.

9am City Hall Kalamazoo, Mich **Jan 29**

2pm City Hall Grand Rapids, Mich **Jan 29**

MARITIME INDUSTRY R&D

Field Hearing

House Science Committee

Transportation, Aviation and Materials Subcommittee (Chmn Valentine, D-NC) will hold a field hearing to review federal research and development initiatives in the maritime industry.

9am City Council Long Beach, Calif **Jan 29**

News Events continued...**TRANSPORTATION BUDGET BRIEFING**

Representatives from the Department of Transportation brief on the department's 1991 budget. FAA Administrator Adm. James Busey will attend.

1pm, 400 7th St SW, room 2230 Jan 29

Contact: Bob Marx, 366-5580

LABOR BUDGET BRIEFING

Labor Department Assistant Secretary Thomas Komarek holds a briefing on the department's proposed 1991 budget.

1pm, Frances Perkins Building, 200 Constitution Ave NW, auditorium Jan 29

Contact: Bob Zachariasiewicz, 523-7316

NASA BUDGET BRIEFING

National Aeronautics and Space Administration Administrator Richard Truly and Deputy Administrator James Thompson discuss NASA's 1991 budget.

1pm, 400 Maryland Ave SW, 6th floor auditorium Jan 29

Contact: Jeff Vincent, 453-8369

HUD BUDGET BRIEFING

Housing and Urban Development Undersecretary Alfred Dellibovi discusses the department's 1991 budget.

1pm, 451 Seventh St SW, room 10233 Jan 29

Contact: 755-6685

SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY BUDGET BRIEFING

D Allan Bromley, assistant to the president for science and technology, discusses the federal research and development portion of the 1991 budget.

1pm, Office of Thrift Supervision, 1700 G St NW, second floor amphitheater Jan 29

Contact: Sarah Keegan, 395-6142

ENERGY BUDGET BRIEFING

Department of Energy Secretary Adm James Watkins discusses the department's 1991 budget. Materials will be handed out at the briefing. Immediately following the Watkins briefing, separate briefings on individual programs will be held. A schedule of those briefings follows.

1:30pm, Forrestal Auditorium, 1000 Independence Ave SW Jan 29

Contact: 586-5806

Schedule:

Defense Programs. Undersecretary John Tuck gives the briefing. Room 4A-104. Contact Janie Shaheen, 586-2287.

Fossil Energy. Communications Director Robert Porter gives the briefing. Room 4F-056. Contact Robert Porter, 586-2835.

Nuclear Energy. Assistant Secretary William Young and Communications Director Phil Garon give the briefing. Room 5A-099. Contact Phil Garon, 586-6823.

Office of Civilian Radioactive Waste Management (follows Nuclear Energy briefing). Acting Director Samuel Rouso, Information Services Director Ginger King and Yucca Mountain Project Director Carl Gertz give the briefing. Room 5A-114. Contact Ginger King, 586-6823.

Conservation and Renewable Energy. Assistant Secretary Michael Davis gives the briefing. Room 6A-018. Contact Roger Meyer, 586-9346.

HHS BUDGET BRIEFING

Health and Human Services Secretary Louis Sullivan briefs on the department's 1991 budget. Credentialed media only in the auditorium; others may watch on the monitor.

1:30pm, Hubert Humphrey Building, 200 Independence Avenue SW, first floor auditorium Jan 29

Contact: 245-6343

VETERANS BUDGET BRIEFING

Department of Veterans Affairs Secretary Edward Derwinski hosts a briefing to discuss President Bush's Fiscal Year 1991 budget plans.

2pm, 810 Vermont Ave. NW, room 1010 Jan 29

Contact: 233-2741

JUSTICE BUDGET BRIEFING

Attorney General Dick Thornburgh briefs on the Justice Department's 1991 budget.

2pm, 10th St and Constitution Ave NW, Great Hall Jan 29

Contact: 633-2007

EDUCATION BUDGET BRIEFING

Education Secretary Lauro Cavazos briefs on the department's 1991 budget.

2:30pm, 400 Maryland Ave SW, room 1134 Jan 29

Contact: Tom Lyon, 732-4565

INTERIOR BUDGET BRIEFING

Interior Secretary Manuel Lujan discusses his department's 1991 budget and major initiatives.

2:30pm, 1849 C St NW, auditorium Jan 29

Contact: Paul Kranhold, 343-4869

NOAA BUDGET BRIEFING

John Knauss, undersecretary of Commerce for Oceans and Atmosphere, discusses the Na-

tional Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's 1991 budget.

2:45pm, Commerce Department, 14th St and Penn Ave NW, room 4830 Jan 29

Contact: Stan Eames, 377-8090

NSF BUDGET BRIEFING

Representatives from the National Science Foundation brief on the foundation's 1991 budget.

3pm, 1800 G St NW, room 540 Jan 29

Contact: Jack Renirie, 357-9498 or 9730

NRC BUDGET BRIEFING

Representatives from the Nuclear Regulatory Commission brief on the commission's 1991 budget.

3pm, 11555 Rockville Pike, commissioner's conference room, first floor Jan 29

Contact: Bill Hill, 301-492-1661, or John Kopek, 301-492-0240

CONGRESSIONAL MONITOR

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Senate Committees Future Listings

Agriculture, Nutrition & Forestry

224-2035

1990 FARM BILL

Subcommittee Hearings

Agricultural Production and Stabilization of Prices Subcommittee (Chmn Pryor, D-Ark) of Senate Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry Committee will continue hearings in preparation for drafting the 1990 farm bill.

9:30am SR-332 Russell Bldg Feb 1 & 6, March 1, 2, 5 & 6

2pm SR-332 Russell Bldg March 8

Agenda:

Feb 1: Soybeans

Feb 6: Crop insurance

March 1: Cotton

March 2: Wool & honey (Acting Chmn Conrad, D-ND)

March 5: Rice

March 6: Sugar (Acting Chmn Conrad, D-ND)

March 8: Wheat

1990 FARM BILL

Subcommittee Hearing

Domestic and Foreign Marketing and Product Promotion Subcommittee (Chmn Boren, D-Okla) of Senate Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry Committee will hold a hearing on export and market development programs in preparation for drafting the 1990 farm bill.

2pm SR-332 Russell Bldg Feb 6

1990 FARM BILL

Full Committee Hearing

Senate Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry Committee (Chmn Leahy, D-Vt) will hold a hearing to receive the administration's view on the 1990 farm bill.

9:30am room TBA Feb 7

Witness scheduled: Clayton Yeutter - secy of agriculture

1990 FARM BILL

Subcommittee Hearings

Agricultural Credit Subcommittee (Chmn Conrad, D-ND) of Senate Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry Committee will hold hearings on agricultural credit in preparation for drafting the 1990 farm bill.

2pm SR-332 Russell Bldg Feb 8

9:30am SR-332 Russell Bldg Feb 23

1990 FARM BILL

Subcommittee Hearings

Agricultural Research and General Legislation Subcommittee (Chmn Daschle, D-SD) of Senate Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry Committee will hold hearings in preparation for drafting the 1990 farm bill.

9:30am SR-332 Russell Bldg Feb 8, 22 & March 9

Agenda:

Feb 8 & 22: Grain quality

March 9: Noxious weeds

★ New listing

1990 FARM BILL

Subcommittee Hearings

Conservation and Forestry Subcommittee (Chmn Fowler, D-Ga) of Senate Agriculture, Nutrition and Forestry Committee will hold hearings in preparation for drafting the 1990 farm bill.

2pm SR-332 Russell Bldg March 1

9:30am SR-332 Russell Bldg March 8

Agenda:

March 1: Forestry

March 8: Conservation issues

Appropriations

224-3471

FY91 AGRICULTURE APPROPS

Subcommittee Hearings

Rural Development, Agriculture and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chmn Burdick, D-ND) of Senate Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am SD-138 Dirksen Bldg Feb 28, March 2, 6, 21, 23 & 30, April 4

Agenda:

Feb. 28: Clayton Yeutter - agriculture secy

March 2: Agricultural Research Service; Cooperative State Research Service; Extension Service

March 6: Food & Nutrition Service; Human Nutrition Information Service

March 21: Commodity Futures Trading Commn; Food & Drug Admin; Farm Credit Admin; Farm Credit System Assistance Bd

March 23: Animal & Plant Health Inspection Service; Food Safety & Inspection Service; Agricultural Marketing Service

March 30: Farmers Home Admin; Fedl Crop Insurance Corp; Rural Electrification Admin

April 4: Agricultural Stabilization & Conservation Service; Foreign Agricultural Service; Gen Sales Mgr; Soil Conservation Service

FY91 LABOR-HHS APPROPS

Subcommittee Hearings

Labor, Health and Human Services, Education and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chmn Harkin, D-Iowa) of Senate Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am & 1:30pm SD-192 Dirksen Bldg Feb 2

10am SD-138 Dirksen Bldg Feb 6

10am & 1:15pm SD-192 Dirksen Bldg Feb 7

10am SD-192 Dirksen Bldg Feb 9

10am & 1:30pm SD-138 Dirksen Bldg Feb 20

10am & 1:30pm SD-192 Dirksen Bldg Feb 28

9:30am SD-138 Dirksen Bldg March 20

9:30am SD-192 Dirksen Bldg March 21

9:30am SD-138 Dirksen Bldg March 22 &

27

9:30am SD-192 Dirksen Bldg March 28

9:30am SD-116 Dirksen Bldg March 29

Agenda:

Feb 2: Education Dept:

10am: Secy; Special Institutions

1:30pm: Asst Secretaries; Inspector Gen

Feb 6: Labor Dept: secy; Inspector Gen

Feb 7: Health & Human Services Dept:

10am: secy; overview, Ofc of Civil Rights, Policy

Research; Family Support Admin; Human

Development Services; Inspector Gen

1:15pm: Social Security Admin; Health Care Financing Admin

Feb 9: Health & Human Services Dept: Asst Secy for Health; Health Care Policy and Research; Ctrs for Disease Control; Alcohol, Drug Abuse and Mental Health Admin; Health and Human Resources Admin

Feb 20: Health & Human Services Dept (Natl Institutes of Health):

10am: overview (includes Ofc of Director and Bldgs & Facilities); Natl Cancer Inst; Heart, Lung and Blood Inst; Natl Dental Inst; Diabetes, Digestive and Kidney; Allergy & Infectious Diseases; Child Health & Human Development; Environmental Health

1:30pm: Neurology Inst; Deafness Inst; Gen Medical Sciences; Natl Eye Inst; Natl Inst on Aging; Arthritis, Musculoskeletal & Skin; Div of Research Resources; Nursing Research; Human Genome; Natl Library of Medicine

Feb 28: related agencies:

10am: ACTION; Natl Council on Disability; Fed Mediation and Conciliation Service; Natl Mediation Bd; Fed Mine Safety and Health Review Bd; Fed Mine Safety and Health Review Commn; Natl Labor Relations Bd; Occupational Safety and Health Review Commn

1:30pm: Physician Payment Review Commn; Corp for Public Broadcasting; Natl Commn on Libraries; US Inst on Peace; Natl Commn on AIDS; Prospective Payment Assessment Commn; Natl Commn to Prevent Infant Mortality; Soldier's and Airman's Home

March 20, 21, 22, 27, 28 & 29: public witnesses

FY91 TREASURY-POSTAL APPROPS

Subcommittee Hearings

Treasury-Postal Service and General Government Subcommittee (Chmn DeConcini, D-Ariz) of Senate Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am SD-116 Dirksen Bldg Feb 7, 21 & 28, March 7, 21 & 28, April 5, 19 & 25

Agenda (tentative):

Feb 7: Ofc of Natl Drug Control Policy

Feb 21: US Customs Service; Fedl Election Commn

Feb 28: Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco & Firearms; Fedl Law Enforcement Training Ctr

March 7: Nicholas Brady - Treasury secy

March 21: US Secret Service; Internal Revenue Service

March 28: Bureau of the Public Debt; Ofc of Personnel Mgmt

April 5: US Postal Service; Natl Archives

April 19: Ofc of Mgmt & Budget; Executive Ofc of the Pres

April 25: Gen Services Admin

Armed Services

224-3871

WESTERN SECURITY

Senate Armed Services Committee (Chmn Nunn, D-Ga) will hold a hearing on the implications of changes in the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe for Western Security.

2pm SR-222 Russell Bldg Jan 30

9am SH-216 Hart Bldg Feb 2

9:30am SR-222 Russell Bldg Feb 6

9am SR-222 Russell Bldg Feb 22

Witnesses scheduled:

Jan 30: James Schlesinger - former CIA dir, former secy of state, former secy of energy

Feb 2: Adm William Crowe Jr - former chmn, Joint Chiefs of Staff; Gen David Jones - former chmn,

■ Revised listing

Senate continued...

Joint Chiefs of Staff; Gen John Vessey Jr - former chmn, Joint Chiefs of Staff
Feb 6: Harold Brown - former secy of defense
Feb 22: Frank Carlucci - former secy of defense

DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION

Senate Armed Services Committee (Chmn Nunn, D-Ga) will hold a hearing on the amended defense authorization request for fiscal year 1991 and the five-year defense plan. The committee will also receive a presentation from the chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

10am SH-216 Hart Bldg Feb 1

2pm SR-253 Russell Bldg Feb 27

9am SR-253 Russell Bldg Feb 28

Witnesses scheduled:

Feb 1: Dick Cheney - secy of defense; Colin Powell Jr - chmn, Joint Chiefs of Staff

Feb 27: Michael Stone - secy of the Army; H Lawrence Garrett III - secy of the Navy; Donald Rice - secy of the Air Force

Feb 28: Gen Carl Vuono - chief of staff, Army; Adm Carlisle Trost - chief, naval operations; Gen Alfred Gray Jr - cmdnt, Marine Corps; Gen Larry Welch - chief of staff, Air Force

NATO STRATEGY

Senate Armed Services Committee (Chmn Nunn, D-Ga) will hold a hearing on the military strategy and operational requirements for NATO defense.

9am SR-222 Russell Bldg Feb 7

Witnesses scheduled: Gen John Galvin - cmdr in chief, US European Cmd; Adm Frank Kelso II - cmdr in chief, US Atlantic Cmd

U.S. DEFENSE STRATEGY

Senate Armed Services Committee (Chmn Nunn, D-Ga) will hold hearings on the military strategy and operational requirements of several US commands.

9am and 2pm SR-222 Russell Bldg Feb 8

9am SR-222 Russell Bldg Feb 21

Agenda and witnesses scheduled:

Feb 8: (9am) Requirements of Pacific Command: Adm Huntington Hardisty - cmdr in chief, US Pacific Command; Gen Louis Menetrey - cmdr, US Forces, Korea

(2pm) Requirements of commands oriented to Third World defense and unconventional warfare:

James Lindsay - cmdr in chief, US Special Operations Command; Gen H Norman Schwarzkopf, US Central Command; Gen Maxwell Thurman - cmdr in chief, US Southern Command

Feb 21: Requirements of commands for rapid reinforcement and associated transportation requirements:

Gen Edwin Burba Jr - cmdr in chief, US Forces Command; Gen Hansford Johnson, cmdr in chief, US Transportation Command

Banking, Housing & Urban Affairs

224-7391

HUD MISSION

Special Investigation Subcommittee (Chmn Graham, D-Fla) of Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the mission of the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

★ New listing

9:30am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg Jan 30

Witnesses scheduled:

Former HUD secys:

Robert Weaver (196-1968); Robert Wood (1968-1969); Richard Van Dusen (under secy 1969-1972); John Rhinelander (under secy 1975-1977)

Philip Brownstein - former fed housing official;

Michael Stegman - dpty asst HUD secy 1979-

1981; Rudolph Penner - asst HUD secy 1973-

1975 & former CBO dir; Anthony Downes - sr

fellow, Brookings Institution

THRIFT CLEANUP OVERSIGHT

Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee (Chmn Riegle, D-Mich) will hold a hearing on the operation and strategic plan of the Resolution Trust Corporation (RTC). The RTC is responsible for disposing of assets of insolvent thrifts taken over by the federal government. The panel will also examine the RTC's implementation of the minority outreach program and funding for the agency.

10am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg Jan 31

Witnesses scheduled: L William Seidman - chmn, Fed Deposit Insurance Corp (FDIC); John Robson - dpty secy of Treasury; Jack Kemp - secy of housing & urban development (HUD); Alan Greenspan - chmn, Fed Reserve Bd of Govs

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for Jan 29.

SEC ENFORCEMENT

Securities Subcommittee (Chmn Dodd, D-Conn) of Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee will hold hearings on legislation (S 647) to provide additional enforcement remedies to the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

9:30am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg Feb 1

10am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg Feb 8

FANNIE MAE & FREDDIE MAC OVERSIGHT

Housing and Urban Affairs Subcommittee (Chmn Cranston, D-Calif) of Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee will hold an oversight hearing on the Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) and the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac).

10am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg Feb 7

THIRD WORLD DEBT

International Finance and Monetary Policy Subcommittee (Chmn Sarbanes, D-Md) of Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on strategies to decrease U.S. banks' exposure to Third World debt.

9:30am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg Feb 21

MONETARY POLICY

Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee (Chmn Riegle, D-Mich) will hold a hearing to receive the Federal Reserve Board's semiannual report on monetary policy for 1990.

10am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg Feb 22

OMNIBUS HOUSING BILL

Housing and Urban Affairs Subcommittee (Chmn Cranston, D-Calif) of Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee will hold hearings on legislation (S 566 - National

Affordable Housing Act) to authorize a new corporation to support state and local efforts to increase homeownership by creating more affordable housing.

10am SD-628 Dirksen Bldg Feb 22 & March 1

Agenda:

Feb. 22: Affordable housing issues

March 1: Administration's housing bill

BANK REGULATION

Consumer and Regulatory Affairs Subcommittee (Chmn Dixon, D-Ill) of Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee will hold hearings on the regulatory burden faced by U.S. banks.

10am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg Feb 26 & 27

BANK COMPETITIVENESS ABROAD

Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee (Chmn Riegle, D-Mich) will hold a hearing on the competitiveness of U.S. banks abroad.

10am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg Feb 28

DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT

Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee (Chmn Riegle, D-Mich) will hold a hearing on legislation (S 1379) to reauthorize the Defense Production Act. The Act aims to keep the U.S. industrial base prepared for any military emergency.

10am SD-538 Dirksen Bldg March 1

HUD INVESTIGATION

Special Investigation Subcommittee (Chmn Graham, D-Fla) of Senate Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committee will continue hearings to investigate the abuses in HUD's Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation program and the Coinsurance program. The Section 8 program provides developers with subsidies to rehabilitate housing for low-income tenants. The Coinsurance program allows private insurers to help insure government housing projects.

Time TBA SD-538 Dirksen Bldg dates TBA

Budget

224-0642

★ FY91 BUDGET

Senate Budget Committee (Chmn Sasser, D-Tenn) will hold hearings on the administration's FY91 budget proposals.

10am SD-608 Dirksen Bldg Jan 31

10:30am SD-608 Dirksen Bldg Feb 1

Witnesses scheduled:

Jan 31: Richard Darman - dir, Ofc of Mgmt & Budget

Feb 1: Nicholas Brady - secy of Treasury; Michael Boskin - chmn, Council of Economic Advisers

FY91 BUDGET OUTLOOK

Senate Budget Committee (Chmn Sasser, D-Tenn) will hold overview hearings to receive the views on the state of the economy and the outlook for 1990 and 1991.

10am SD-608 Dirksen Bldg addl dates TBA

Witnesses scheduled:

Date TBA: Alan Greenspan - chmn, Fed Reserve Bd (Greenspan was originally scheduled for Jan. 18.)

■ Revised listing

Senate continued...**Commerce,
Science &
Transportation**

224-5115

TRANSPORTATION NOMINATIONS

Senate Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee (Acting Chmn Ford, D-Ky) will hold a confirmation hearing on pending nominations.

9:30am SR-253 Russell Bldg Jan 30

Agenda:

James Kolstad to be chmn of the Natl Transportation Safety Bd

Susan Coughlin to be a mbr of the Natl Transportation Safety Bd

Barry Harris to be dpty adminr of the Fed Aviation Admin

**FEDERAL MARITIME
COMMISSION NOMINATION**

Senate Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee (Chmn Hollings, D-SC) will hold a confirmation hearing on the nomination of William Hathaway to be a commissioner on the Federal Maritime Commission.

10am SR-253 Russell Bldg Feb 1

ICC NOMINATION

Senate Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee (Acting Chmn Exon, D-Neb) will hold a confirmation hearing on the nomination of Edward Philbin to be a member of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

2pm SR-253 Russell Bldg Feb 6

★ EXPORT OF CHEMICALS

Foreign Commerce and Tourism Subcommittee (Acting Chmn Hollings, D-SC) of Senate Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee will hold a hearing on oversight of the export of chemicals.

10am SR-253 Russell Bldg Feb 6

**REGULATION OF ALTERNATIVE
TELEPHONE SERVICES**

Communications Subcommittee (Chmn Inouye, D-Hawaii) of Senate Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee will hold a hearing on pending legislation on regulating alternative telephone services.

9:30am SR-253 Russell Bldg Feb 7

Agenda:

S 1643 - Provide protection to consumers in connection with certain telephone services *Short title: Telephone Operator Service Consumer Protection Act*

S 1660 - Relating to telephone operator consumer services *Short title: Telephone Operator Consumer Services Improvement Act*

★ CHILD-PASSENGER SAFETY

Consumer Subcommittee (Chmn Bryan, D-Nev) of Senate Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee will hold an overview hearing on child-passenger safety.

10:30am SD-628 Dirksen Bldg Feb 7

★ *New listing*

★ PRODUCT LIABILITY

Consumer Subcommittee (Chmn Bryan, D-Nev) of Senate Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (S 1400) to regulate interstate commerce by providing for a uniform product liability law. The hearing will focus on the effectiveness of current product liability laws and the potential effect of federal pre-emption of state laws.

9:30am SR-253 Russell Bldg Feb 22

**Energy & Natural
Resources**

224-4971

**CALIF & NEV
WATER BILLS**

Water and Power Subcommittee (Chmn Bradley, D-NJ) of Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (S 1554 - Truckee-Carson-Pyramid Lake Water Rights Settlement Act) to ratify and implement water settlements involving the Pyramid Lake Paiute Tribe, the states of California and Nevada and other parties regarding the waters of the Truckee and Carson rivers and Lake Tahoe in Nevada and California; to provide for enhancement of endangered species; and to preserve valuable wetlands.

9:30am SD-366 Dirksen Bldg Feb 6

ENERGY CMTE BUSINESS

Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee (Chmn Johnston, D-La) will meet to consider pending business.

9:30am SD-366 Dirksen Bldg Feb 7

TONGASS TIMBER POLICY

Public Lands, National Parks and Forests Subcommittee (Chmn Bumpers, D-Ark) of Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee will hold a hearing on two provisions of legislation (HR 987 - Tongass Timber Reform Act) to designate certain lands in the Tongass National Forest as wilderness. The provisions relate to fisheries protection and buffer zones and the designation of additional wilderness areas in the Tongass National Forest.

2pm SD-366 Dirksen Bldg Feb 7

NUCLEAR-WASTE DISPOSAL

Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee (Chmn Johnston, D-La) will hold a hearing on how the Energy Department is implementing the civilian nuclear-waste-management program.

9:30am SD-366 Dirksen Bldg Feb 22

WASTE ISOLATION PLANT

Senate Energy and Natural Resources Committee (Chmn Johnston, D-La) will hold a hearing on the Energy Department's plan for the opening of the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant in Carlsbad, N.M. The plant will dispose of radioactive waste from Energy Department atomic-weapons plants.

9:30am SD-366 Dirksen Bldg March 8

**Environment &
Public Works**

224-6176

ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION ACT

Senate Environment and Public Works Committee (Chmn Burdick, D-ND) will hold a hearing on legislation (S 1076 - National Environmental Education Act) to increase public understanding of the natural environment and to advance and develop environmental education and training.

10am SD-406 Dirksen Bldg Feb 1

Finance

224-4515

MEDIGAP INSURANCE

Medicare and Long Term Care Subcommittee (Chmn Rockefeller, D-WVa) of Senate Finance Committee will hold a hearing on issues related to Medigap insurance. Medigap coverage is private insurance that covers the cost of deductibles and excess charges not paid by the Medicare program.

10am SD-215 Dirksen Bldg Feb 2

SOCIAL SECURITY TAX CUT

Senate Finance Committee (Chmn Bentsen, D-Texas) will hold hearings on Sen. Moynihan's, D-NY, proposal to roll back the 1990 increase in the Social Security tax.

2pm SD-215 Dirksen Bldg Feb 5

10am SD-215 Dirksen Bldg Feb 8

TRADE ACT OVERSIGHT

Senate Finance Committee (Chmn Bentsen, D-Texas) will hold an oversight hearing on the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988. The hearing will focus on the Uruguay Round of Multilateral Trade Negotiations, which are entering their final year, to determine the prospects for those talks to achieve the objectives set forth in the Trade Act.

10:30am SD-215 Dirksen Bldg Feb 7

★ CARIBBEAN BASIN INITIATIVE

International Trade Subcommittee (Chmn Baucus, D-Mont) of Senate Finance Committee will hold a hearing on proposals to amend the Caribbean Basin Initiative (CBI), including making the program permanent and eliminating the exceptions to duty-free treatment.

10am SD-215 Dirksen Bldg Feb 9

Foreign Relations

224-4651

TREATY AGAINST TORTURE

Senate Foreign Relations Committee (Chmn Pell, D-RI) will hold a hearing on the Convention Against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman, or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (Treaty Doc. 100-20).

10am SD-419 Dirksen Bldg Jan 30

Witnesses scheduled: Abraham Sofaer - legal adviser, State Dept; Mark Richard - dpty asst atty gen, Justice Dept; Winston Nagan - chmn, bd of

■ *Revised listing*

Senate continued.

dirs, Amnesty International USA; David Forte - prof, Cleveland Marshall College of Law; James Silkenat - chmn, Section of Internatl Law & Practice, American Bar Assn; Charles Rice - prof, Notre Dame Law School; David Weissbrodt - prof, Univ of Minn Law School

FOREIGN POLICY PRIORITIES

Senate Foreign Relations Committee (Chmn Pell, D-RI) will hold a hearing on foreign policy priorities for 1990.

11am SD-419 Dirksen Bldg Feb 1

Witness scheduled: James Baker III - secy of state

U.S. CHINA POLICY

Senate Foreign Relations Committee (Chmn Pell, D-RI) will hold a hearing on U.S. policy toward China.

10am SD-419 Dirksen Bldg Feb 7

Witness scheduled: Lawrence Eagleburger - dpty secy of state

■ ARMS CONTROL TALKS

Senate Foreign Relations Committee (Chmn Pell, D-RI) will hold a hearing on the status of U.S.-Soviet arms control negotiations.

10am SD-419 Dirksen Bldg Feb 21

Witness scheduled: Ronald Lehman II - dir, Arms Control & Disarmament Agency

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for Feb 2.

Governmental Affairs

224-4751

★ POSTAL RATE**COMMISSION NOMINATION**

Senate Governmental Affairs Committee (Chmn Glenn, D-Ohio) will hold a hearing on pending nominations.

10:30am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg Jan 31

Agenda:

George Haley - to be commissioner of the Postal Rate Commission.

★ CABINET-LEVEL EPA

Senate Governmental Affairs Committee (Chmn Glenn, D-Ohio) will hold a hearing on legislation to promote the Environmental Protection Agency to Cabinet-level status.

9:30am SD-342 Dirksen Bldg Feb 6, 7 & 8

★ PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT

Senate Governmental Affairs Committee (Chmn Glenn, D-Ohio) will hold a hearing on legislation (S 1742) to reauthorize the Paperwork Reduction Act and to provide for comprehensive information resources management of federal departments and agencies.

9:30am room TBA Feb 21 & 22

Intelligence

224-1700

★ INTELLIGENCE MATTERS

Senate Select Intelligence Committee (Chmn Boren, D-Okla) will hold a closed hearing on intelligence matters.

2pm SH-219 Hart Bldg closed Feb 1

★ New listing

Judiciary

224-5225

★ JUDICIARY COMMITTEE BUSINESS**RICO Markup**

Senate Judiciary Committee (Chmn Biden, D-Del) will meet to consider pending business.

9am SD-226 Dirksen Bldg Feb 1

Agenda:

S 438 - Amend the Racketeer Influenced Corrupt Organizations Act (RICO)

★ NATIONAL DRUG STRATEGY

Senate Judiciary Committee (Chmn Biden, D-Del) will hold a hearing on the national drug control strategy.

10am SD-226 Dirksen Bldg Feb 2

★ COURT OF APPEALS NOMINATION

Senate Judiciary Committee (Chmn Biden, D-Del) will hold a hearing to consider the nomination of Clarence Thomas to the US Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia.

10am SD-226 Dirksen Bldg Feb 6

Labor & Human Resources

224-5375

TEACHER EXCELLENCE

Senate Labor and Human Resources Committee (Chmn Kennedy, D-Mass) will hold a hearing to examine teacher excellence, focusing on recruitment and training.

9:15am SD-430 Dirksen Bldg Jan 30

Rules & Administration

224-6352

★ GEORGE MASON MEMORIAL

Senate Rules and Administration Committee (Chmn Ford, D-Ky) will hold a hearing on a bill (S 1543) to establish a memorial to George Mason in the District of Columbia.

9:30am SR-301 Russell Bldg Feb 22

★ PRINTING OFFICE NOMINATION

Senate Rules and Administration Committee (Chmn Ford, D-Ky) will hold a hearing on the nomination of Robert Houk to be Public Printer of the Government Printing Office.

10am SR-301 Russell Bldg Feb 22

★ RULES COMMITTEE BUSINESS

Senate Rules and Administration Committee (Chmn Ford, D-Ky) will mark up pending legislation and nominations.

9:30am SR-301 Russell Bldg Feb 27

Agenda:**MARKUP**

S 1543 - Authorize the Colonial Dames at Gunston Hall to establish a memorial to George Mason in the District of Columbia

NOMINATION

Robert Houk to be Public Printer, Government Printing Office.

Small Business

224-5175

TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER

Senate Small Business Committee (Chmn Bumpers, D-Ark) will hold a hearing on technology transfer and its effect on small business. The panel will look at existing programs to share and license innovative technological techniques among small businesses and how such programs can enhance the ability of U.S. small business to combat increased foreign competition.

9:30am SR-428 Russell Bldg Feb 22

Veterans' Affairs

224-9126

VA NOMINATION

Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Cranston, D-Calif) will hold a confirmation hearing on the nomination of D'Wayne Gray to be chief benefits director for the Veterans Affairs Department.

8:30am SR-418 Russell Bldg Feb 1

■ VETERANS APPEALS COURT NOMINATION

Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Cranston, D-Calif) will hold a confirmation hearing on the nominations of Hart Mankin and Ronald Holdaway to be judges on the court of veterans appeals.

9:30am SD-562 Dirksen Bldg Feb 8

VETERANS BUDGET

Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Cranston, D-Calif) will hold a hearing on the FY91 budget for veterans' programs and on a proposed reorganization of the veterans health service.

8:30am SR-418 Russell Bldg Feb 23

9:30am SR-418 Russell Bldg March 8

VETERANS' LEGISLATIVE AGENDA Joint Hearings

Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Cranston, D-Calif) and House Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Montgomery, D-Miss) will hold joint hearings to receive the legislative agendas of veterans' groups.

9:30am SH-216 Hart Bldg Feb 27

9:00am SH-216 Hart Bldg March 6

9:30am SH-216 Hart Bldg March 15

9:00am SH-216 Hart Bldg April 18

Agenda: See House Veterans' Affairs Committee listing for agenda.

VETERANS' HEALTH CARE

Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Cranston, D-Calif) will hold a hearing on legislation (S 1398 - Department of Veterans Affairs Health Care Quality Assistance and Cost Effectiveness Act; S 1332 - Department of Veterans Affairs Medical Facilities Realignment Act) to provide for the realignment and major mission changes of medical facilities of the Veterans Affairs Department (VA).

9:30am SR-418 Russell Bldg March 22

■ Revised listing

House Committees Future Listings

Aging

OLDER AMERICANS ACT OVERSIGHT

Human Services Subcommittee (Chmn Downey, D-NY) of House Select Aging Committee will hold a hearing to review implementation of the Older Americans Act Amendments of 1987. The amendments provided for social and human services for the elderly, including counseling and nutritional advice.

10am B-318 Rayburn Bldg Feb 7

Witness scheduled: Joyce Berry - acting commnr, Admin on Aging

FRAIL ELDERLY

Field Hearing

Human Services Subcommittee (Chmn Downey, D-NY) of House Select Aging Committee will hold a field hearing on providing services for the "frail elderly," those 85 years of age and over.

9:30am, City Hall Annex, Clearwater, Fla March 5

Agriculture

225-2171

RURAL DEVELOPMENT MARKUP

House Agriculture Committee (Chmn de la Garza, D-Texas) will mark up legislation (HR 3581) to promote rural economic development.

Time TBA 1300 Longworth Bldg date TBA

Note: This markup was last scheduled for Nov. 17.

FOREST MANAGEMENT

Forests, Family Farms and Energy Subcommittee (Chmn Volkmer, D-Mo) of House Agriculture Committee will continue hearings on national forest management issues, focusing on timber supply and sustained yield.

Time TBA 1302 Longworth Bldg date TBA

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for Nov 29.

Appropriations

225-2771

FY91 AGRICULTURE APPROPS

Subcommittee Hearings

Rural Development, Agriculture and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chmn Whitten, D-Miss) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

1pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg Feb 20, 21 & 22

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg Feb 23

1pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg Feb 26, 27 & 28, March 1

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 2

1pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 5, 6, 7 & 8

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 9

1pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 12, 13, 14 & 15

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 16

1pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 19, 20, 21 & 22

★ New listing

Agenda:

Feb 20: budget overview

Feb 21: Clayton Yeutter - agriculture secy

Feb 22: gen agricultural outlook

Feb 23: Inspector Gen overview

Feb 26: Economic Research Service; Natl Agricultural Statistics Service; World Agricultural Outlook Bd

Feb 27: farm credit agencies

Feb 28: Soil Conservation Service

March 1: Foreign Agriculture Service; Ofc of the Gen Sales Mgr; Ofc of Internatl Cooperation & Development

March 2: secretarial ofcs; deptl admin

March 5: Food Safety and Inspection Service

March 6: Agricultural Research Service

March 7: Cooperative State Research Service; Extension Service; Natl Agricultural Library

March 8: Human Nutrition Information Service; Food and Nutrition Information Service

March 9: Packers and Stockyards Admin; Ofc of Transportation

March 12: Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

March 13: Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service

March 14: Farmers Home Admin

March 15: Food and Drug Admin

March 16: Ofc of the Gen Counsel; Ofc of Public Affairs

March 19: Fed Crop Insurance Corp

March 20: Fed Grain Inspection Service; Agricultural Marketing Service; Agricultural Cooperative Service

March 21: Rural Electrification Admin

March 22: Commodity Futures Trading Corp

FY91 ENERGY AND WATER APPROPS

Subcommittee Hearings

Energy and Water Development Subcommittee (Chmn Bevill, D-Ala) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg Feb 6, 8, 20, 21 & 22

1pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg Feb 26

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg Feb 27 & 28, March 1

1pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 5

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 6, 7 & 8

1pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg closed March 12

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg closed March 13 & 14

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 15

1pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 19

10am 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 20 & 21

10am & 2pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg March 27, 28 & 29, April 3

9:30am & 2pm 2362 Rayburn Bldg April 4

Agenda:

Feb 6: Asst secy of the Army (Civil Works); Chief of Engineers

Feb 8: Corps of Engineers: Ohio River Div, Mo River Div, Southwestern Div

Feb 20: Corps of Engineers: South Pacific Div, North Pacific Div, North Atlantic Div

Feb 21: Corps of Engineers: Lower Miss Valley Div, New England Div, Pacific Ocean Div

Feb 22: Corps of Engineers: South Atlantic Div, North Central Div

Feb 26: Corps of Engineers: remaining items

Feb 27: Appalachian Regional Commn

Feb 28: Tenn Valley Authority

March 1: Interior Secy; Bureau of Reclamation; River Basin Commns (Del River Basin Commn, Susquehanna River Basin Commn, Interstate Commn on the Potomac River Basin)

March 5: Energy Secy

March 6: Energy Dept: solar & renewables, fusion, environment

March 7: Energy Dept: gen science, basic energy sciences, supporting technology

March 8: Energy Dept: nuclear fission, commercial waste mgmt, uranium supply & enrichment activities

March 12, 13 & 14: Energy Dept: atomic energy defense activities

March 15: Energy Dept: departmental admin

March 19: Fedl Energy Regulatory Commn

March 20: Energy Dept: Power Marketing Admins

March 21: Nuclear Regulatory Commn

March 27, 28 & 29, April 3 & 4: Congress mbrs & public witnesses

★ FY91 FOREIGN OPS APPROPS

Subcommittee Hearings

Foreign Operations Subcommittee (Chmn Obey, D-Wis) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am & 1:30 Room TBA Feb 21

10am Room TBA Feb 27 & 28, March 7, 14, 15, 21, 22, 28 & 29, April 3 & 4

Agenda:

Feb 21: Middle East peace process; Philippines;

Sudan & Somalia; El Salvador; Afghanistan

Feb 27: New directions and new problems in foreign assistance

Feb 28: Soviet Union & eastern Europe

March 7: James Baker - secy of state

March 14: Nicholas Brady - treasury secy

March 15: Promoting political stability, democracy & economic freedom

March 21: Strengthening US opportunities

March 22: Panama; El Salvador; Nicaraguan contras; western hemisphere issues

March 28: Relieving human misery: addressing the needs of the most vulnerable

March 29: Misuse of foreign aid funds

April 3: Environmental issues

April 4: Members of Congress; outside witnesses

FY91 LABOR-HHS APPROPS

Subcommittee Hearings

Labor, Health and Human Services, Education and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chmn Natcher, D-Ky) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

9:30am & 2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg Feb 8

10am & 2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg Feb 20, 21 & 22

2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg Feb 26

10am & 2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg Feb 27 & 28, March 1

2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg March 5

10am & 2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg March 6, 7 & 8

2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg March 12

10am & 2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg March 13, 14 & 15

2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg March 19

10am & 2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg March 20, 21 & 22

2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg March 26

10am & 2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg March 27, 28 & 29

2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg April 2

10am & 2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg April 3

10am 2358 Rayburn Bldg April 4

Time & room TBA April 5

2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg April 18, 19, 23, 24, 25, 26 & 30

■ Revised listing

House continued...**Agenda:**

Feb 8: Secy of Health & Human Services
Feb 20: Education Dept:
 10am: Education Secy
 2pm: Education Secy (if necessary); compensatory education for the disadvantaged
Feb 21: Education Dept:
 10am: school improvement prgm
 2pm: Impact aid; bilingual & immigrant education
Feb 22: Education Dept:
 10am: education for the handicapped
 2pm: rehabilitation services & handicapped research
Feb 26: Education Dept; special institutions for the handicapped; American Printing House for the Blind; Gallaudet College; Natl Technical Inst for the Deaf
Feb 27: Education Dept:
 10am: student financial assistance; guaranteed student loans; higher education (including college housing loans & other construction accounts)
 2pm: higher education (if necessary); vocational & adult education
Feb 28: Education Dept:
 10am: Howard Univ
 2pm: educational research & statistics; libraries
March 1:
 10am: Secy of Labor
 2pm: education departmental mgmt (all accounts)
March 5: Labor Dept: Labor-Mgmt Services; Employment Standards Admin
March 6: Labor Dept:
 10am: Bureau of Labor Statistics; Pension Benefit Guaranty Corp
 2pm: Employment & Training Admin; Prgm Admin; Training & Employment Services; Community Service Employment for Older Americans; Fedl Unemployment Benefits & Allowances; Fedl Unemployment Insurance & Employment Service Ops; Advances to the Unemployment Trust Fund & Other Funds
March 7: Labor Dept:
 10am: Mine Safety & Health Admin; Ofc of Inspector Gen
 2pm: Departmental Mgmt; Occupational Safety & Health Admin
March 8: Health & Human Services Dept:
 10am: Public Health Service overview; Asst Secy for Health
 2pm: Health Resources & Services Admin (includes HEAL, Medical Facilities Guarantee & Loan Fund & Vaccine Improvement Trust Fund)
March 12: Health & Human Services Dept: Natl Insts of Health overview
March 13: Health & Human Services Dept:
 10am: Natl Cancer Inst; Natl Heart, Lung & Blood Inst
 2pm: Natl Inst of Dental Research; Natl Inst of Diabetes, Digestive & Kidney Diseases
March 14: Health & Human Services Dept:
 10am: Natl Inst of Neurological Disorders & Stroke; Natl Inst of Allergy & Infectious Diseases
 2pm: Natl Inst of Gen Medical Sciences; Natl Inst of Child Health & Human Development
March 15: Health & Human Services Dept:
 10am: Natl Eye Inst; Natl Inst of Environmental Health Sciences
 2pm: Natl Inst on Aging; Natl Inst of Arthritis & Musculoskeletal & Skin Diseases
March 19: Health & Human Services Dept: Natl Inst on Deafness & Other Communication Disorders; Div of Research Resources; Natl Library of Medicine
March 20: Health & Human Services Dept:
 10am: Natl Ctr for Nursing Research; Natl Ctr for Human Genome Research; J E Fogarty Ctr
 2pm: Ofc of the Dir/Bldgs & Facilities
March 21: Health & Human Services Dept:
 10am: TBA
 2pm: Alcohol, Drug Abuse & Mental Health Admin (includes St Elizabeth's Hospital)
March 22: Health & Human Services Dept:
 10am: Ctrs for Disease Control
 2pm: Health Care Financing Admin
March 26: Health & Human Services Dept: Social

Security Admin

March 27: Health & Human Services Dept:
 10am: Family Support Admin
 2pm: Asst Secy for Human Development (includes Family Social Services)
March 28: Health & Human Services Dept:
 10am: Departmental Mgmt (all accounts)
 2pm: TBA
March 29:
 10am: ACTION; Fedl Mine Safety & Health Review Commn
 2pm: Corp for Public Broadcasting; Natl Council on Disability
April 2: Fedl Mediation & Conciliation Service; Natl Commn on Libraries & Information Science/White House Conf on Libraries; Natl Labor Relations Bd
April 3:
 10am: Natl Commn on AIDS; National Mediation Bd; Occupational Safety & Health Review Commn
 2pm: Physician Payment Review Commn; Prospective Payment Assessment Commn; Soldiers' & Airmen's Home
April 4: Railroad Retirement Bd; Railroad Retirement Bd Inspector Gen; US Inst for Peace
April 5: TBA
April 17, 19, 23, 24, 25, 26 & 30: public witnesses

★ FY91 LEGISLATIVE APPROPs

Legislative Subcommittee (Chmn Fazio, D-Calif) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

1:30pm H-301 Capitol Bldg Jan 29
 10am & 1:30pm H-301 Capitol Bldg Jan 30 & 31

Agenda:

Jan 29: Fair Employment Practices Review Panel; House of Rep; joint items
Jan 30:
 10am: Capitol Police Bd; Architect of the Capitol; Botanic Gardens
 1:30pm: Joint Cttee on Taxation
Jan 31:
 10am: Subcttee on Legislative; Joint Cttee on Printing; GAO
 1:30pm: Ofc of Technology Assessment; GPO; Copyright Royalty Tribunal

FY91 TRANSPORTATION APPROPs**Subcommittee Hearings**

Transportation and Related Agencies Subcommittee (Chmn Lehman, D-Fla) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

1pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg Feb 8
 10am & 2pm 2358 Rayburn Bldg Feb 21, 22, 27 & 28, March 6, 7, 13, 14, 15, 20, 21, 22, 27 & 28, April 3, 4, 6, 18, 19, 20, 24, 25 & 26

Agenda:

Feb 8: Transportation Secy
Feb 21: Inspector Gen
Feb 22: Natl Transportation Safety Bd
Feb 27: Research and Special Programs Admin
Feb 28: St Lawrence Seaway Development Corp
March 6 & 7: Coast Guard
March 13: Panama Canal
March 14: Interstate Commerce Commn
March 15: Architectural and Transportation Barriers Compliance Bd
March 20: Washington Metropolitan Transit Authority; Urban Mass Transportation Admin
March 21: Fedl Railroad Admin
March 22: Fedl Railroad Admin; Amtrak
March 27: FY90 supplemental approps
March 28: Fedl Highway Admin
April 3: Urban Mass Transportation Admin
April 4: Natl Highway Traffic Safety Admin
April 18: General Accounting Ofc; Federal Aviation Admin
April 19: Federal Aviation Admin
April 20: Ofc of the Secy
April 24, 25 & 26: public witnesses

FY91 VA, HUD APPROPs

VA, HUD and Independent Agencies Subcommittee (Chmn Traxler, D-Mich) of House Appropriations Committee will hold hearings on fiscal 1991 appropriations for programs under its jurisdiction.

10am & 2pm H-143 Capitol Bldg Feb 21
 10am H-143 Capitol Bldg Feb 22 & 27
 10am & 2pm H-143 Capitol Bldg Feb 28
 10am H-143 Capitol Bldg March 1, 6 & 7
 10am & 2pm H-143 Capitol Bldg March 8
 10am H-143 Capitol Bldg March 20 & 21
 10am & 2pm H-143 Capitol Bldg March 22
 10am H-143 Capitol Bldg March 27 & 28,

April 3, 4, 5, 24 & 25

10am & 2pm H-143 Capitol Bldg April 26
 10am H-143 Capitol Bldg May 1, 2 & 3

Agenda:

Feb 21:
 10am: Consumer Product Safety Commn
 2pm: Selective Service System
Feb 22: American Battle Monuments Commn; Cemeterial Expenses, Army; Ofc of Consumer Affs; Consumer Information Ctr
Feb 27: Natl Science Foundation
Feb 28:
 10am: Ofc of Science & Technology Policy
 2pm: Natl Science Foundation
March 1: Natl Inst of Bldg Sciences; Neighborhood Reinvestment Corp; Natl Credit Union Admin
March 6 & 7: Dept of Veterans Affs
March 8:
 10am: Crt of Veterans Appeals
 2pm: Dept of Veterans Affs
March 20 & 21: NASA
March 22:
 10am: Natl Space Council
 2pm: NASA
March 27 & 28: Fedl Emergency Mgmt Agency
April 3, 4 & 5: Dept of Housing & Urban Development
April 24 & 25: Environmental Protection Agency
April 26:
 10am: Council on Environmental Quality
 2pm: Environmental Protection Agency
 May 1, 2 & 3: Congress mbrs & public witnesses

Armed Services

225-4151

MILITARY PERSONNEL LEGISLATION

Military Personnel and Compensation Subcommittee (Chmn Byron, D-Md) of House Armed Services Committee will hold a hearing on pending legislation.

10am 2118 Rayburn Bldg Jan 30

Agenda and witnesses scheduled:

H J Res 279 - For the relief of Alexander Vraciu
 Witnesses scheduled: Rep Jacobs, D-Ind; Cmdr Alexander Vraciu

HR 1730 - Establish procedures for determining whether members of the uniformed services in a missing status or certain civilian officers and employees of the uniformed services are deceased, require certain information to be kept in the personnel files of such persons, and for other purposes.

HR 3401 - Provide procedural due process in determining the status of missing persons and require the secretary of defense to conduct a study of the provisions of the Missing Persons Acts codified in titles 5 and 37 of the U.S. Code.
 Witnesses scheduled: Rep Rowland, R-Conn; rep from the Defense Dept

House continued...

Banking, Finance & Urban Affairs

225-4247

★ HUD PROGRAMS

Housing and Community Development Subcommittee (Chmn Gonzalez, D-Texas) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the multifamily finance and coinsurance program administered by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). Under the the program, which HUD has announced it will discontinue, lenders and the department share the risks of lending money for multifamily housing projects.

10am 2128 Rayburn Bldg Jan 30

ZERO INFLATION; FEDERAL RESERVE REFORM

Domestic Monetary Policy Subcommittee (Chmn Neal, D-NC) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a series of hearings on legislation to pursue monetary policies leading to and maintaining zero inflation (H J Res 409) and to reform the Federal Reserve Board System (HR 3512).

10am 2128 Rayburn Bldg Feb 6 & 22

■ EARTHQUAKE INSURANCE

Policy Research and Insurance Subcommittee (Chmn Erdreich, D-Ala) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on earthquake insurance and on minimizing damage caused by earthquakes. The hearing will focus on loss reduction techniques and a possible federal role in providing earthquake insurance coverage.

9:30am 2222 Rayburn Bldg Feb 7

■ EARTHQUAKE INSURANCE

Field hearing

Policy Research and Insurance Subcommittee (Chmn Erdreich, D-Ala) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on earthquake insurance and on minimizing damage caused by earthquakes. The hearing will focus on loss reduction techniques and a possible federal role in providing earthquake insurance coverage.

9:30am 505 Van Ness Avenue, San Francisco Feb 16

MONETARY POLICY

Domestic Monetary Policy Subcommittee (Chmn Neal, D-NC) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing to receive the Federal Reserve Board's semiannual report on monetary policy for 1990.

10am 2128 Rayburn Bldg Feb 20

Witness scheduled: Alan Greenspan - chmn, Fed Reserve Bd of Govs

MONEY LAUNDERING

Financial Institutions Supervision, Regulation and Insurance Subcommittee (Chmn An-

nunzio, D-Ill) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3848 and other bills to be introduced) to prevent money laundering by financial institutions. HR 3848 would require regulators to revoke the charter of any institution laundering money.

Time & room TBA March 8

■ THIRFT CLEANUP OVERSIGHT Subcommittee Hearings

Financial Institutions Supervision, Regulation and Insurance Subcommittee (Chmn Annunzio, D-Ill) of House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee will hold oversight hearings on the Financial Institutions Recovery, Reform and Enforcement Act (PL 101-73). The hearings will include consideration of proposals to abolish the Office of Thrift Supervision (OTS), which was created by the act.

Time & room TBA March 14, 15, 27, 28, & 29

LINCOLN SAVINGS INVESTIGATION

House Banking, Finance and Urban Affairs Committee (Chmn Gonzalez, D-Texas) will continue hearings to examine the circumstances surrounding the closing of Lincoln Savings and Loan Association of California.

Time TBA 2128 Rayburn Bldg addl dates TBA

Budget

225-7290

★ FY91 BUDGET

House Budget Committee (Chmn Panetta, D-Calif) will hold hearings on the administration's FY91 budget proposals.

10am 210 Cannon Bldg Jan 30

9:30am & 1pm 210 Cannon Bldg Jan 31

2pm 210 Cannon Bldg Feb 5

9:30am 210 Cannon Bldg Feb 7

9am, Noon & 2pm 210 Cannon Bldg Feb 8

Witnesses scheduled:

Jan 30: Richard Darman - dir, Ofc of Mgmt & Budget

Jan 31: 9:30am - Robert Reischauer - dir, CBO;
1pm - Michael Boskin - chmn, Council of Economic Advisers

District of Columbia

225-4457

FEDERAL PAYMENT TO DC Subcommittee Hearing and Markup

Fiscal Affairs and Health Subcommittee (Chmn Fauntroy, D-DC) of House District of Columbia Committee will hold a hearing and mark up legislation (HR 3293) to establish a uniform and equitable method to determine the annual federal payment to the District of Columbia.

Time TBA 1310A Longworth Bldg date TBA

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for Nov 21.

DC TAX EXEMPTION

House District of Committee (Chmn Delums, D-Calif) will hold a hearing on legisla-

tion (HR 3590) to exempt from the DC income tax the spouses and minor children of elective officers of the U.S. government and the spouses and minor children of employees on the staffs of elected officials in the legislative branch of the U.S. government if the employee is a bona fide resident of the state of residence of the elected officer.

Time TBA 1310A Longworth Bldg date TBA

Note: This hearing was originally scheduled for Nov 14.

Education & Labor

225-4527

PAPERWORK BURDEN ON TEACHERS

Elementary, Secondary and Vocational Education Subcommittee (Chmn Hawkins, D-Calif) of House Education and Labor Committee will hold a hearing on draft legislation (Regulatory Impact on Student Excellence Act - RISE) that would direct the Department of Education to determine if paperwork burdens on teachers and administrators are caused by federal or state regulations.

9:30am 2175 Rayburn Bldg Jan 30

Witnesses scheduled: Harold Patterson - superintendent of schools, Cuntersville City Schools, Cuntersville, Ala; James Oglesby - pres, Natl School Boards Assn; Roxanne Bradshaw - secy-treas, Natl Education Assn (NEA)

OSHA HEALTH CARE WORKER STANDARDS FOR BLOOD HANDLING

Health and Safety Subcommittee (Chmn Gaydos, D-Pa) of House Education and Labor Committee will continue hearings on the Occupational Safety and Health Administration's (OSHA) proposed standard to protect health-care workers against blood-borne pathogens including AIDS and hepatitis B viruses.

9:30am 2261 Rayburn Bldg Jan 31

Witnesses scheduled: James Allen - dir, Natl AIDS Prgm Ofc, Public Health Service; David Bell - chief, AIDS Activity, Hospital Infections Prgm, Ctr for Infectious Diseases, Ctrs for Disease Control; James Curran - dir, Div of HIV/AIDS, Ctr for Infectious Diseases, Ctrs for Disease Control

RETIREMENT SECURITY OVERSIGHT

Labor-Management Relations Subcommittee (Chmn Clay, D-Mo) will hold hearings on the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA).

10am 2175 Rayburn Bldg Jan 31

10am 2175 Rayburn Bldg Feb 21 & 28

Agenda:

Jan 31: Oversight hearing on Labor Dept inspector general's report on the inadequate enforcement of ERISA

Feb 21 & 28: HR 2664 - Amend the Employee Retirement Income Security Act to provide for joint trusteeship of single-employer pension plans *Short title: Employee Pension Rights Act*

EDUCATION COMMITTEE BUSINESS

House Education and Labor Committee (Chmn Hawkins, D-Calif) will meet to consider pending business.

■ Revised listing

★ New listing

House continued...

11am 2175 Rayburn Bldg Feb 1

Agenda:

Consideration of 1990 funding request for committee operations to be submitted to House Administration Committee.

MARKUP:

HR 3315 - Reauthorize Taft Institute

LOW INCOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE

Human Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Kildee, D-Mich) of House Education and Labor Committee will hold a hearing on the reauthorization of the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP).

10am 2261 Rayburn Bldg Feb 1

Witnesses scheduled:

PANEL I: rep of HHS

PANEL II: rep of Amer Assn of Retired Persons; Janet Parrish - pres, Natl Fuel Fund Network; Richard Sievers - Md-Sioux Opportunity, Remsen, Iowa

PANEL III: Lynda Crandall - dir, Ofc of Special Prgrms & Services, Lansing, Mich; Victoria Mroczek - prgm admin, Home Energy Asst Prgm, Ohio; Wallace Zedun - asst to the vpres, Wisconsin Gas Co; Dana Jones - Southern Maryland Tri-County Community Action Council

WASHINGTON CENTER GRANT

Postsecondary Education Subcommittee (Chmn Williams, D-Mont) of House Education and Labor Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3859) to authorize a grant to the Washington Center, an organization that arranges congressional, agency and public service internships for college students for credit.

Time & room TBA Feb 6

EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITIES**Field Hearing**

Employment Opportunities Subcommittee (Chmn Martinez, D-Calif) of House Education and Labor Committee will hold a field hearing on affirmative action in the Los Angeles public utilities industry.

Time TBA, Los Angeles, Calif Feb 13

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMPLAINT PROCESSING**Joint Hearing**

Employment Opportunities Subcommittee (Chmn Martinez, D-Calif) of House Education and Labor Committee and Civil Service Subcommittee (Chmn Sikorski, D-Minn) of House Post Office and Civil Service Committee will hold a joint oversight hearing on complaint processing of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC).

Time & room TBA Feb 27

EDUCATION OF THE HANDICAPPED

Select Education Subcommittee (Chmn Owens, D-Utah) of House Education and Labor Committee will hold oversight hearings on the Education of the Handicapped Act (EHA).

Time & room TBA Feb 21, 22, 27 & 28

★ New listing

Energy & Commerce

225-2927

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS TRANSPORTATION Subcommittee Markup

Transportation and Hazardous Materials Subcommittee (Chmn Luken, D-Ohio) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will mark up legislation (HR 3520) to provide for greater consistency in laws and regulations governing the transportation of hazardous materials in intrastate, interstate, and foreign commerce.

10am 2322 Rayburn Bldg Jan 31

CLEAN AIR LEGISLATION Subcommittee Markup

Energy and Power Subcommittee (Chmn Sharp, D-Ind) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will mark up legislation (HR 3030) to amend the Clean Air Act to provide for the attainment and maintenance of the national ambient air quality standards, the control of toxic air pollutants, the prevention of acid deposition, and other improvements in air quality.

10am room TBA Feb 7 & addl dates as needed

PRIMATE RESEARCH LABS

Health and the Environment Subcommittee (Chmn Waxman, D-Calif) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3349) to protect facilities that perform research with animals. The bill would make it illegal to release research animals, destroy records and intimidate employees of such facilities and would authorize support for regional primate research centers.

9:45am room TBA Feb 8

PESTICIDE RESIDUES IN FOOD Subcommittee Markup

Health and the Environment Subcommittee (Chmn Waxman, D-Calif) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will mark up legislation (HR 1725 - Food Safety Amendments) to regulate pesticide chemical residues in food.

Time & room TBA date TBA

SPORTS ON CABLE TV

Telecommunications and Finance Subcommittee (Chmn Markey, D-Mass) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will hold a hearing on the gradual switching of sports programs from networks to cable television.

Time & room TBA date TBA

FISH INSPECTION**Subcommittee Markup**

Health and the Environment Subcommittee (Chmn Waxman, D-Calif) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will mark up legislation (HR 3155) to amend the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act to improve and expand the inspection and labeling of fish and fish products.

Time & room TBA date TBA

OIL RESERVES

Energy and Power Subcommittee (Chmn Sharp, D-Ind) of House Energy and Commerce Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3193) to extend Title I of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act of 1975. The bill would give the president increased flexibility in using oil destined for, or contained in, the Strategic Petroleum Reserve to respond to oil shortages. It also would create regional reserves of fuel oil, diesel fuel, propane and other refined products to protect consumers from oil price increases or oil shortages.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Foreign Affairs

225-5021

PHILIPPINES

Asian and Pacific Affairs Subcommittee (Chmn Solarz, D-NY) of House Foreign Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the current situation in the Philippines.

2pm 2200 Rayburn Bldg Jan 30

Witnesses scheduled: Tom Reese - dpty asst adminr, Asia/Near East bureau, Agency for International Development; Carl Ford - dpty asst secy of defense for East Asian and Pacific affairs; David Lambertson - dpty asst secy of state for East Asian and Pacific affairs

★ EL SALVADOR**Joint Hearing**

Western Hemisphere Affairs Subcommittee (Chmn Crockett, D-Mich) and Human Rights and International Organizations Subcommittee (Chmn Yatron, D-Pa) of House Foreign Affairs Committee will hold a joint hearing on El Salvador.

2pm 2172 Rayburn Bldg Jan 31

Witnesses scheduled: Holly Burkholter - Washington dir, Human Rights Watch; Martha Doggett - Latin American & Caribbean coordinator, Lawyers Comte for Human Rights; Penn Kemble - sr assoc, Freedom House

Government Operations

225-5051

HUD, OSHA INVESTIGATIONS Subpoenas

Employment and Housing Subcommittee (Chmn Lantos, D-Calif) of House Government Operations Committee will meet to consider issuing subpoenas to witnesses who have refused to testify about the scandal at the Housing and Urban Development Department (HUD). The subcommittee also will consider subpoenas for individuals who have indicated that they will not testify at an oversight hearing on the Occupational Safety and Health Administration to be held early this session.

9:30am 2247 Rayburn Bldg Jan 31

★ FDA MILK TESTING

Human Resources and Intergovernmental Relations Subcommittee (Chmn Weiss, D-NY) of House Government Operations Committee

■ Revised listing

House continued...

will hold an oversight hearing on the Food and Drug Administration's (FDA) testing of milk for the residues of dangerous drugs. FDA critics charge that the agency's milk testing method fails to detect sulfamethazine, an antibiotic used to treat udder infections in cows. The FDA has said sulfamethazine may be carcinogenic.

10am 2247 Rayburn Bldg Feb 6

House Administration

225-2061

★ HOUSE ADMINISTRATION BUSINESS

Procurement and Printing Subcommittee (Chmn Bates, D-Calif) of House Committee on House Administration will meet to consider pending business.

1:30pm H-328 Capitol Bldg Jan 30

Agenda:

H Res 282 - Authorize the printing of the joint committee print entitled "Medical Alert" as a House document

Interior & Insular Affairs

225-2761

OPEN SPACE IN CITIES

General Oversight and Investigations Subcommittee (Chmn Kostmayer, D-Pa) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on open space, such as parks, plazas and community gardens, in towns and cities. Members will discuss municipal programs aimed at creating and preserving such open spaces.

9:30am 1324 Longworth Bldg Jan 30

★ PUERTO RICO POLITICAL STATUS Subcommittee Briefing

Insular and International Affairs Subcommittee (Chmn de Lugo, D-VI) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a briefing on potential developments in Puerto Rico's political status. The briefing will help prepare members to consider legislation (Hr 3536) which would provide for an referendum on the political status of Puerto Rico, enabling Puerto Rican citizens to choose among three options: statehood, independence or remaining a commonwealth

2:30pm 1324 Longworth Bldg Jan 30

Witnesses scheduled: Linda Morra - dir, intergovt and management issues, Human Resources Div, GAO; Clay Wellborn - coordinator of research, Congressional Research Service; Jose Berrocal - counselor to the gov of Puerto Rico; Benny Cerezo - New Progressive Party; Sen Fernando Martin - Puerto Rican Independence Party

NATIONAL PARKS CENTENNIALS

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chmn Vento, D-Minn) of House

★ New listing

Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3811) to recognize the centennials of national parks and monuments.

10am 1334 Longworth Bldg Jan 30

SEMINOLE INDIANS FUNDS

Full Committee Markup

House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee (Chmn Udall, D-Ariz) will mark up pending legislation.

9:45am 1324 Longworth Bldg Jan 31

Agenda:

Cmte funding resolution for the 2nd session
HR 2650 - Provide for the use and distribution of funds awarded the Seminole Indians in dockets 73, 151 and 73-A of the Indian Claims Commn

Note: Members are expected to approve a unanimous consent request to mark up S 1096, Senate companion bill in lieu of HR 2650

FY91 MINING PROGRAMS

Mining and Natural Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Rahall, D-WVa) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the fiscal 1991 budget request for programs under its jurisdiction.

9:45am room TBA Feb 6 & 8

Agenda:

Feb. 6: US Geological Survey; Bureau of Mines; Minerals Mgmt Service
Feb. 8: Ofc of Surface Mining; Bureau of Land Mgmt's energy and minerals prgms

CALIFORNIA DESERT BILLS

Field Hearing

National Parks and Public Lands Subcommittee (Chmn Vento, D-Minn) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a field hearing on legislation (HR 780, HR 3460) to manage federal lands in the California desert.

10am Beverly Hills High School, Beverly Hills, Calif Feb 10

ENERGY POLICY AND MINING

Mining and Natural Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Rahall, D-WVa) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the mining industry and energy policy.

9:45am room TBA Feb 22

Witness scheduled: Manuel Lujan - interior secy

COAL LEASES EXCHANGE

Mining and Natural Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Rahall, D-WVa) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3058) to provide for the exchange of certain federal coal leases from the Alton Coal Field and other federal coal leases in Utah.

9:45am room TBA March 1

EARTHQUAKE HAZARDS

Mining and Natural Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Rahall, D-WVa) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 3533) to improve federal efforts to reduce earthquake hazards.

9:45am room TBA March 6

ALASKAN CAUSEWAYS

Water, Power and Offshore Energy Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Miller, D-Calif) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold an oversight hearing on Alaskan causeways.

Time & room TBA date TBA

COLORADO RIVER STORAGE PROJECT

Water, Power and Offshore Energy Resources Subcommittee (Chmn Miller, D-Calif) of House Interior and Insular Affairs Committee will hold an oversight hearing on proposals to raise the authorized cost ceiling for the Colorado River Storage Project in Central Utah.

Time & room TBA date TBA

Judiciary

225-3951

BUY-OUTS AND BANKRUPTCY

Economic and Commercial Law Subcommittee (Chmn Brooks, D-Tex) of House Judiciary Committee will hold a hearing on leveraged buy-outs and bankruptcy, focusing on the recent Chapter 11 filing by the Campeau Corporation, a large retailing concern.

10am 2141 Rayburn Bldg Jan 30

Witnesses scheduled: James Shannon - atty gen, State of Mass; Walter Adams - economics professor, Michigan State Univ

FEDERAL PRISON INDUSTRIES

Courts, Intellectual Property and the Administration of Justice Subcommittee (Chmn Kastenmeier, D-Wis) of House Judiciary Committee will hold an oversight hearing on Federal Prison Industries, a corporation owned and operated by the federal prisons that uses inmates to manufacture goods that are sold to the U.S. government. The hearing will focus on the impact that the rise in the federal prison population has had on the corporation.

10am 2226 Rayburn Bldg Jan 30

DISPUTE RESOLUTION

Administrative Law and Governmental Relations Subcommittee (Chmn Frank, D-Mass) of House Judiciary Committee will hold a hearing on legislation (HR 2497 - Administrative Dispute Resolution Act) to authorize the use of mediation and arbitration to resolve federal interagency disputes.

10am 2226 Rayburn Bldg Jan 31

Merchant Marine & Fisheries

225-4047

STRIPED BASS FISHING

Fisheries and Wildlife Conservation and the Environment Subcommittee (Chmn Studds, D-Mass) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a hearing to consider whether restrictions on striped bass

■ Revised listing

House continued...

fishing should be eased and whether less severe limits can be enforced effectively. Currently, fishermen are allowed to catch and retain striped bass only if the fish are larger than 36 inches. Several states prohibit striped bass fishing altogether.

10am 1334 Longworth Bldg Jan 31

Witnesses scheduled: Reps of US Fish & Wildlife Service, Natl Oceanic & Atmospheric Admin, Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commn, Md Dept of Natural Resources, others TBA

MARITIME NAVIGATION AIDS

Coast Guard and Navigation Subcommittee (Chmn Tauzin, D-La) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a hearing on maritime navigation aids.

10am 1334 Longworth Bldg Feb 6

Witness scheduled: Adm Paul Yost Jr - cmdnt, Coast Guard

U.S. COASTAL TRADE

Merchant Marine Subcommittee (Chmn Jones, D-NC) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a hearing on draft legislation to revise laws affecting trade along U.S. coasts.

10am 1334 Longworth Bldg Feb 7

OCEAN WOOD BURNING**Joint Hearing**

Oversight and Investigations Subcommittee (Chmn Foglietta, D-Pa), Oceanography and Great Lakes Subcommittee (Chmn Hertel, D-Mich) and Fisheries and Wildlife Conservation and the Environment Subcommittee (Chmn Studds, D-Mass) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a joint hearing on an Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) proposal to designate a new ocean wood burning site off the coast of New Jersey.

Since 1968, the Army Corps of Engineers has been picking up stray wood in the New York and New Jersey harbors and burning it on barges off the coast of Point Pleasant, NJ. Members will assess the environmental consequences of the corps' program and the practicality of land-based disposal alternatives.

10am 1334 Longworth Bldg Feb 8

SHIPBUILDING TECHNOLOGY**Joint Hearing**

Oversight and Investigations Subcommittee (Chmn Foglietta, D-Pa) and Merchant Marine Subcommittee (Chmn Jones, D-NC) of House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee will hold a joint hearing on the state of U.S. and foreign shipbuilding technology.

Time & room TBA date TBA

Post Office & Civil Service

225-4054

1990 CENSUS

Census and Population Subcommittee (Chmn Sawyer, D-Ohio) of House Post Office

★ New listing

and Civil Service Committee will hold an oversight hearing on proposed guidelines for considering statistical adjustment of the 1990 census.

9:30am 311 Cannon Bldg Jan 30

COMMEMORATIVES & OBSERVANCES

Census and Population Subcommittee (Chmn Sawyer, D-Ohio) of House Post Office and Civil Service Committee will hold a hearing on pending legislation.

9:30am 311 Cannon Bldg Feb 6

Agenda:

HR 539 - Change procedure for enacting commemorative bills by establishing an independent commission to evaluate all commemorative proposals.

HR 746 - Establish a commission to advise the president on proposals for national observances

POSTAL SERVICE OVERSIGHT

House Post Office and Civil Service Committee (Chmn Ford, D-Mich) will hold an oversight hearing on the U.S. Postal Service.

10am 311 Cannon Bldg Feb 7

EQUAL OPPORTUNITY COMPLAINT PROCESSING**Joint Hearing**

Civil Service Subcommittee (Chmn Sikorski, D-Minn) of House Post Office and Civil Service Committee and Employment Opportunities Subcommittee (Chmn Martinez, D-Calif) of House Education and Labor Committee will hold a joint oversight hearing on equal opportunity complaint processing.

Time & room TBA Feb 27

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMPLAINT PROCESSING**Joint Hearing**

Employment Opportunities Subcommittee (Chmn Martinez, D-Calif) of House Education and Labor Committee and Civil Service Subcommittee (Chmn Sikorski, D-Minn) of House Post Office and Civil Service Committee will hold a joint oversight hearing on complaint processing of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC).

Time & room TBA Feb 27

Public Works & Transportation

225-4472

AIRPORTS' CAPACITY NEEDS

Aviation Subcommittee (Chmn Oberstar, D-Minn) of House Public Works and Transportation Committee will hold hearings on the future capacity needs of airports.

9:30am & 1:30pm 2167 Rayburn Bldg Feb 6 & 8

Rules

225-9486

★ RULES FOR FLOOR DEBATE**National Voter Registration**

House Rules Committee (Chmn Moakley, D-Mass) will meet to consider a rule for floor

debate for pending legislation.

Time TBA H-313 Capitol Bldg week of Jan 29

Agenda:

HR 2190 - Establish natl voter registration procedures for elections for fed office

Note: HR 2190 is scheduled for floor action on Wednesday, Jan 31.

Science, Space & Technology

225-6371

SPACE STATION**INTERNATIONAL PARTNERS**

House Science, Space and Technology Committee (Chmn Roe, D-NJ) will hold a hearing on the NASA space station, focusing on recent program changes. The committee will review the views of international partners about design changes, program delays and escalating costs. The committee will also review the process used to develop new designs and how that process may affect the willingness of other nations to participate in future cooperative ventures with the United States.

1pm 2318 Rayburn Bldg Jan 30

Witnesses scheduled: Reimar Luest - dir gen, European Space Agency; Reinhard Loosch - Federal Ministry for Research and Technology, Federal Republic of Germany; Jean-Marie Luton - dir gen, Nat Ctr for Space Studies, France; Learco Saporito - under secy for the University and for Scientific and Technological Research, Italy; Akira Kubozono - exec dir, Nat Space Development Agency, Japan

FY91 NASA AUTHORIZATION

Science, Space and Technology Committee (Chmn Roe, D-NJ) will hold a hearing on the fiscal 1991 NASA authorization.

1:30pm 2318 Rayburn Bldg Feb 6

FY91 NASA AUTHORIZATION

Space Science and Applications Subcommittee (Chmn Nelson, D-Fla) of House Science, Space and Technology Committee will hold hearings on the fiscal 1991 NASA authorization.

9:30am 2325 Rayburn Bldg Feb 8 & 21

12:30pm 2325 Rayburn Bldg Feb 22

1:30pm 2325 Rayburn Bldg Feb 27

1pm 2325 Rayburn Bldg March 6

Agenda:

Feb. 8: Ofc of Space Flight

Feb. 21: Ofc of Space Station, Ofc of Space Ops

Feb. 22: Ofc of Space Science and Applications

Feb. 27: Ofc of Exploration, Ofc of Aeronautics & Space Technology

March 6: Ofc of Commercial Prgrms, Dept of Transportation Ofc of Commercial Space Transportation

Small Business

225-5821

★ EAST BLOC TRADE**Field hearing**

Regulation, Business Opportunities and Energy Subcommittee (Chmn Wyden, D-Ore) of House Small Business Committee will hold

■ Revised listing

House continued...

a hearing on opportunities to expand U.S. high technology and wood sales to East Bloc countries.

10am City Council Chambers, Portland City Hall, Portland, Oregon Feb 12

ENTERPRISE SECTOR REVIEW

House Small Business Committee (Chmn LaFalce, D-NY) will continue hearings on the dynamics of the enterprise sector of the economy.

Time TBA 2359A Rayburn Bldg dates TBA
Agenda:

- 1) Effects of deficits and low savings rates on investment
- 2) Small business loan secondary market (HR 3179 - Velda Sue)
- 3) Small and minority business subcontracting prgm (HR 3535)
- 4) Impact of tax policy on small- and medium-sized businesses

Veterans' Affairs

225-3527

VA BUDGET

House Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Montgomery, D-Miss) will hold a hearing on the FY91 Veterans Affairs budget.

9am 334 Cannon Bldg Feb 6 & 7

9:30am 334 Cannon Bldg Feb 8

COMPENSATION BUDGET

Compensation, Pension and Insurance Subcommittee (Chmn Applegate, D-Ohio) of House Veterans' Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the FY91 budget for VA compensation and pension programs.

9am 334 Cannon Bldg Feb 21

HOME LOAN PROGRAM

Housing and Memorial Affairs Subcommittee (Chmn Staggers, D-WVa) of House Veterans' Affairs Committee will hold a hearing on the FY91 budgets for VA home loan guarantee programs and the national cemetery system.

11am 334 Cannon Bldg Feb 21

VETERANS' LEGISLATIVE AGENDA

Joint Hearings

House Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Montgomery, D-Miss) and Senate Veterans' Affairs Committee (Chmn Cranston, D-Calif) will hold joint hearings to receive the legislative agendas of veterans' groups.

9:30am 216 Hart Bldg Feb 27

9am 216 Hart Bldg March 6

9:30am 216 Hart Bldg March 15

9am 216 Hart Bldg April 18

Agenda:

Feb 27: Hearing to receive legislative agenda of Disabled American Veterans

March 6: Hearing to receive legislative agenda of the Veterans of Foreign Wars

March 15: Hearing to receive legislative agendas of Paralyzed Veterans of America, Blinded Veterans Assn, Military Order of the Purple Heart, Jewish War Veterans and Ex-Prisoners of War

April 18: Hearing to receive legislative agendas of the Vietnam Veterans of America, AMVETS and the Non-Commissioned Officers Assn

★ New listing

Ways & Means

225-3625

U.S. TRADE RELATIONSHIPS

House Ways and Means Committee (Chmn Rostenkowski, D-III) will continue a series of hearings on long-term strategies for programs and issues within the committee's jurisdiction. These hearings will focus on U.S. trade relationships with the Soviet Union and Eastern Europe, the implications of "Europe 1992" on American direct investment and foreign investment in the United States.

9:30am 1100 Longworth Bldg Jan 30 & 31

Agenda and witnesses scheduled:

Jan 30: TRADE WITH SOVIET UNION & EASTERN EUROPE:

Rep Bereuter, R-Neb

PANEL: Donald Kendall - chmn, American Cmte on US-Soviet Relations; John Murphy - US Chamber of Commerce

PANEL: Eugene Milosh - pres, American Assn of Exporters & Importers; Kempton Jenkins - chmn, East-West Trade Cmte, US Council for Internatl Business; Robert McNeill - exec vchmn, Emergency Cmte for American Trade; Roger Robinson Jr - pres, RWR Inc

EUROPEAN COMMUNITY 1992:

PANEL: Roland Magnin - exec vpres, Xerox Corp; Alan Lipner - chmn of tax policy cmte, The Tax Council; Daniel Lundy - mbr of bd of dirs, The Tax Council; David Silver - pres, Investment Co Inst

PANEL: Glen Skovhold - chmn, EC-92 Task Force, Natl Assn of Manufacturers; Norman Ture - pres, Inst of Research on Economics of Taxation

Jan 31: TRADE WITH SOVIET UNION AND EASTERN EUROPE:

Charles Hugel - chmn, Natl Foreign Trade Council; Charles Vanik - atty, Squires, Sanders & Dempsey

PANEL: Peter Pettibone - co-chmn, Legal Cmte of the US-USSR Trade & Economic Council; Sarah Carey - atty, Heron, Burchette, Ruckert & Rothwell; Eugene Theroux - co-chmn, American Bar Assn Cmte on Soviet & Eastern European Law; Richard Hammer - natl dir, Internatl Tax Services, Price Waterhouse

PANEL: Len Yeager - vpres & chief operating officer, Cooperative Business Internatl, representing Natl Cooperative Business Assn; Mark Ellis - atty, Irvin & Ellis

ALCOHOL FUEL INITIATIVES

House Ways and Means Committee (Chmn Rostenkowski, D-III) will hold a hearing on selected tax and trade proposals affecting alcohol fuels.

10am 1100 Longworth Bldg Feb 1

Agenda:

Highway Trust Fund excise tax exemption for ethanol

Income tax credit for ethanol (including review of proposed Treasury Dept regulations on classification of alcohol fuels)

Tariff on imported ethanol

Caribbean Basin Initiative (CBI) ethanol compromise sections of HR 3275

THE BUDGET & THE ECONOMY

House Ways and Means Committee (Chmn Rostenkowski, D-III) will begin a series of hearings on the budget deficit, the economy, the need for deficit reduction and the administration's revenue and spending plans and priorities for fiscal year 1991 and beyond. This first hearing in the series will be devoted to testimony from administration policy officials.

10am 1100 Longworth Bldg Feb 6

TAX REFORM REVIEW

House Ways and Means Committee (Chmn Rostenkowski, D-III) will hold hearings to review the impact, effectiveness and fairness of the Tax Reform Act of 1986.

9:30am 1100 Longworth Bldg Feb 7

10am 1100 Longworth Bldg Feb 8

Agenda:

- 1) Effect of tax reform on individual taxpayers, including impact of rate reduction and base broadening, the progressivity of tax rates and the impact of changes on the working poor
- 2) Impact of tax reform on corporate taxpayers, including measures, such as minimum tax law, designed to ensure that taxpayers pay a fair share. The effect and efficiency of lowered rate and base broadening provisions and the effect of capital cost provisions
- 3) Impact of provisions that modified the treatment of pensions and employee benefits, including effectiveness of tax expenditures made by the legislation for retirement and health care
- 4) Effect on tax-exempt entities
- 5) Fairness of the legislation as a whole and impact of the legislation on levels of complexity in the tax law and compliance with the tax law

IRS ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Oversight Subcommittee (Chmn Pickle, D-Texas) of House Ways and Means Committee will hold a hearing to review the accounts receivable inventory of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), currently in excess of \$61 billion.

9:30am 1100 Longworth Bldg Feb 20

REVENUE ISSUES

Select Revenue Measures Subcommittee (Chmn Rangel, D-NY) of House Ways and Means Committee will continue hearings on pending revenue issues.

10am 1100 Longworth Bldg Feb 21 & 22

Agenda:

A. FOREIGN PROVISIONS

- 1) Extension of carryforward of foreign tax credits
- 2) Carryforward of pre-1987 foreign base company shipping losses
- 3) Modification of Code section 956 related to the characterization of successive loans
- 4) Treatment of related party royalties under Subpart F of the Code
- 5) Exceptions to the passive foreign investment company (PFIC) rules
- 6) Foreign companies carrying on insurance business
- 7) Treatment of certain interest earned by brokers or dealers for purposes of the foreign holding company rules
- 8) Convention treatment of certain cruise ships
- 9) Application of the mirror tax system to Guam
- 10) Modification of the reinsurance excise tax

B. ACCOUNTING PROVISIONS

- 1) Installment sales for automobile dealers
- 2) Annual accrual method of accounting for certain farming corporations
- 3) Look-back method for long-term contracts
- 4) Accrual method of accounting

C. ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX

- 1) Small electing property and casualty insurance companies and the alternative minimum tax
- 2) Capital gains preference for insolvent farmers
- 3) Gifts of appreciated property

D. PENSIONS & EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

- 1) Extension of section 401(k) plans to tax-exempt organization
- 2) Modifications of voluntary employees' beneficiary associations (VEBAs) restrictions
- 3) Separate testing for pilots
- 4) Individual Retirement Account (IRA) limitation modification
- 5) Modification of minimum participation rules for plans of public safety employees
- 6) Application of limitation on benefits for clergy members

■ Revised listing

House continued...**E. EMPLOYEE STOCK OWNERSHIP PLANS (ESOPs)****F. ESTATE & GIFT TAXES**

- 1) Special use valuation election under section 2032A of the code
- 2) Disclaimers of gifts

3) Estate tax modifications**G. OTHER MISCELLANEOUS ISSUES**

- 1) Clarification of Code section 1071
- 2) Contributions in aid of construction
- 3) Nuclear decommissioning
- 4) Two-year class life for tuxedos
- 5) Corporate-owned life insurance
- 6) Modification of rules on certain cooperatives
- 7) Stadium transition rules
- 8) Taxation of unearned income of minors
- 9) Deductibility of certain fees
- 10) Tax treatment of public transit and van pool benefits
- 11) Deductibility of student loan interest
- 12) Deductibility of flight training expenses
- 13) Earned income tax credit (EITA) for military personnel stationed overseas

UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION REFORM

Human Resources Subcommittee (Acting Chmn Downey, D-NY) of House Ways and Means Committee will hold hearings on legislation (HR 3896) to reform the unemployment compensation system.

10am B-318 Rayburn Bldg Feb 22 & 26

Note

The offices of all members of Congress and all congressional committees and subcommittees may be reached by calling (202) 224-3121.

Joint Committees**1990 ECONOMIC OUTLOOK**

Joint Economic Committee (Chmn Hamilton, D-Ind) will hold a series of hearings to examine the economic outlook for 1990. The hearings are being held in conjunction with the committee's annual evaluation of the *Economic Report of the President*.

10am 2359 Rayburn Bldg Jan 30

10:30am SD-106 Dirksen Bldg Feb 2

10:30am room TBA Feb 8

Witnesses scheduled:

Jan 30: Alan Greenspan - chmn, Fed Reserve Bd of Govs

Feb 2: Nicholas Brady - Treasury secy

Feb 8: Michael Boskin - chmn, Council of Economic Advisers; John Taylor and Richard Schmalensee - mbrs, Council of Economic Advisers

JANUARY EMPLOYMENT

Joint Economic Committee (Chmn Hamilton, D-Ind) will meet to receive the employment and unemployment statistics for the month of January.

9:30am SD-106 Dirksen Bldg Feb 2

Witness scheduled: Janet Norwood - commnr, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Note: After this hearing the committee will hear Treasury Secretary Brady discuss the 1990 economic outlook

★ New listing

Conference Committees**★ AMTRAK AUTHORIZATION**

Conferees will meet to on legislation (HR 2364) to authorize appropriations for the National Railroad Passenger Corporation (Amtrak).

Time & room TBA Date TBA

House conferees: From the Energy & Commerce Committee: Dingell, Thomas Luken, Eckhart, Slattery, Boucher, Lent, Whittaker, Tauke (except for section 4 of the House bill and section 4 of the Senate amendment), Bliley (solely for section 4 of the House bill and section 4 of the Senate amendment)

Additional conferees from the Judiciary Committee (solely for section 4 of the House bill and section 4 of the Senate amendment): Brooks, Mazzoli, Edwards of Calif, Fish and Moorhead

Senate conferees: TBA

HR 2364 reported House Energy and Commerce Committee Aug 1, 1989 (H Rpt 101-207)

HR 2364 passed House, amended, Sept 25, 1989

HR 2364 discharged by Senate Energy and Commerce Committee Nov 21, 1989

HR 2364 passed Senate (amended to contain text of S 462) Nov 21, 1989

Senate insisted on its amendment and requested a conference Nov 21, 1989

House agreed to a conference and appointed conferees Jan 24, 1990

TELEVISION VIOLENCE

Conferees will meet on legislation (S 593) to exempt certain activities of television networks relating to regulation of portrayal of violence in programming from provisions of the antitrust laws (S 593)

Time & room TBA date TBA

S 593 reported by Senate Judiciary Committee Mar 15, 1989

S 593 passed Senate May 31, 1989

S 593 passed House, amended, Aug 1, 1989

Senate concurred in the House amendment with an amendment Nov 17, 1989

House insisted on its amendment and requested a conference Nov 21, 1989

OIL-SPILL COMPENSATION

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 1465) to establish limits on liability for damages resulting from oil pollution and to establish a fund to pay compensation for such damages.

Time & room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: From Environment and Public Works Committee: Burdick, Moynihan, Mitchell, Baucus, Lautenberg, Breaux, Chafee, Durenberger, Warner, Jeffords, Humphrey

From Commerce, Science and Transportation Committee: Hollings, Inouye, Kerry, Breaux, Danforth, Packwood, Stevens

House conferees: TBA

HR 1465 reported by House Public Works Committee Sept 18, 1989 (H Rpt 101-242, pt I)

HR 1465 reported by House Merchant Marine Committee Sept 18, 1989 (H Rpt 101-242, pt II)

HR 1465 reported by House Science Committee Sept 20, 1989 (H Rpt 101-242, pt III)

Supplemental report filed by House Public

Works Committee Oct 3, 1989 (H Rpt 101-242, pt IV)

Supplemental report filed by House Merchant Marine Committee Oct 4, 1989 (H Rpt 101-242, pt V)

HR 1465 passed House, amended, Nov 9, 1989

S 686 reported by Senate Environment Committee July 28, 1989 (S Rpt 101-94)

S 686 passed Senate Aug 4, 1989

Senate amended HR 1465 to contain the text of S 686 Nov 19, 1989

Senate insisted on its amendments and requested a conference Nov 19, 1989

DRUG PROGRAMS AUTHORIZATION

Conferees will meet on legislation (S 1735/HR 3630, HR 3550) to authorize drug control programs.

Time & room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Kennedy, Dodd, Pell, Hollings, Inouye, Biden, Sarbanes, Hatch, Coats, Danforth, Wilson, Helms, Gramm

House conferees:

For HR 3630: Dingell, Waxman, Scheuer, Lent, Madigan

For HR 3550 from the Judiciary Committee: Hughes, Mazzoli, Feighan, McCollum, Gekas

For HR 3550 for the Energy & Commerce Cmte: Dingell, Waxman, Lent

S 1735 passed Senate Oct 5, 1989

HR 3614, HR 3630, HR 3550, HR 3611 passed House Nov 13, 1989

By unanimous consent the Senate agreed that when the House bills were received by the Senate, all after the enacting clause was stricken, the text of S 1735 was substituted, the bills were deemed as passed and the Senate insisted on its amendments and requested a conference.

HR 3614 and HR 3611 passed the House and Senate Nov 21

HR 3611 signed by the president Dec 13 (PL 101-231)

HR 3614 signed by the president Dec 12 (PL 101-226)

HR 3630 and HR 3550 remain in conference

LIBRARY SERVICES AND CONSTRUCTION ACT

Conferees will meet on legislation (HR 2742) to reauthorize and amend the Library Services and Construction Act.

Time and room TBA date TBA

Senate conferees: Kennedy, Pell, Simon, Hatch, Kassebaum

House conferees: Hawkins, Williams, Ford of Mich, Owens of NY, Hayes of Ill, Perkins, Gaydos, Miller of Calif, Lowey of NY, Poshard, Goodling, Coleman of Mo, Roukema, Tauke, Gunderson & Henry

HR 2742 reported by House Education and Labor Sept 12, 1989 (H Rpt 101-237)

HR 2742 passed House Sept 12, 1989

HR 2742 passed Senate, amended, Oct 12, 1989

House disagreed to Senate amendments, requested a conference and named conferees Nov 1, 1989

Revised listing

Other Events Future Listings

The *Monitor* has received notice of the following events scheduled to take place in Washington. Associations, non-profit organizations and public interest groups who wish to have events listed in the section should send pertinent information to: The Congressional Monitor, Other Events Editor, 1414 22nd St. N.W., Washington, D.C. 20037. Notices must include a telephone number. Notices may be transmitted by facsimile to 728-1862, attn: Robert Healy. Only events related to Congress can be listed. Deadline is Noon. For further information call (202) 887-8686.

LEGISLATIVE PROCESS

Government Relations Institute of Women in Government Relations (WGR) will sponsor three two-hour sessions on the legislative process conducted by Congressional Research Service staff. There will be separate sessions on House, Senate and conference procedures.

All sessions will be held at the offices of Bell Communications, 2101 L St NW, Suite 600

Senate:

4pm to 6pm Jan 29

8:30am to 10:30am Feb 2

Conference:

4pm to 6pm Feb 5

8:30am to 10:30am Feb 9

NOTE: There is a charge of \$65 for three sessions or \$25 per session for WGR members and \$100 for three sessions or \$35 per session for non-members. For more information contact Julie Raffensperger at (202) 484-4884.

UNDERSTANDING

FEDERAL BUDGETING

Congressional Quarterly will sponsor a seminar on "Understanding Federal Budgeting."

8:30am to 1pm, Quality Hotel Capitol Hill Jan 30

NOTE: There is a charge of \$225 for this seminar. For information and reservations call (202) 887-8620. Outside the Washington, DC, area call 1-800-432-2250, ext. 620.

U.S. & CANADIAN HEALTH CARE SYSTEMS COMPARED

National Committee for Quality Health Care will hold its annual meeting. The meeting will be devoted to a comparison of the U.S. and Canadian health-care systems.

9:30am to 4:30pm, Hyatt Regency Capitol Hill, 400 New Jersey Ave NW Jan 30

Contact: Joan Simmons at 347-5731

UNDERSTANDING FEDERAL REGULATION

Congressional Quarterly will sponsor a seminar on "Understanding Federal Regulation."

8:30am to 1pm, Quality Hotel Capitol Hill Jan 31

NOTE: There is a charge of \$195 for this seminar. For information and reservations call (202) 887-8620. Outside the Washington, DC, area call 1-800-432-2250, ext. 620.

WORKING WITH CONGRESSIONAL STAFF

Congressional Quarterly will sponsor a seminar on working with congressional staff.

★ *New listing*

8:30am to 1pm, Quality Hotel Capitol Hill Feb 1

NOTE: There is a charge of \$225 for this seminar. For information and reservations call (202) 887-8620. Outside the Washington, DC, area call 1-800-432-2250, ext. 620.

RESEARCH WORKSHOP ON CONGRESS

Congressional Quarterly will sponsor a research workshop on Congress.

8:30am to 1pm, Congressional Quarterly, 1414 22nd St NW Feb 2

NOTE: There is a charge of \$195 for this workshop. For information and reservations call (202) 887-8620. Outside the Washington, DC, area call 1-800-432-2250, ext. 620.

OUTER CONTINENTAL SHELF LEASING

Environmental and Energy Study Conference will sponsor a briefing on issues related to the federal offshore oil and gas leasing program.

10:30am H-137 Capitol Bldg Feb 5

Contact: Mike McQueen at 226-3300.

HOUSING & URBAN POLICY

The Brookings Institution will sponsor a national issues forum on "Solving Housing and Urban Policy Problems: Public and Private Roles."

9am to 5pm, Brookings Institution, 1775 Massachusetts Ave NW Feb 6

NOTE: There is a charge of \$350 for this event. To register or for more information call Margaret Halstead at (202) 797-6299; FAX: (202) 797-6004.

INFANT MORTALITY

Infant Mortality Task Force of the Sunbelt Caucus will hold a breakfast meeting with HHS Secretary Louis Sullivan to discuss the response of the Health and Human Services Dept to the infant mortality problem in the United States. The U.S. infant mortality rate ranks 20th among industrialized nations.

8am H-137 Capitol Bldg Feb 7

Contact: David White at 225-5755.

EVENTS IN EAST & WEST GERMANY

Washington International Trade Association will sponsor a discussion on the recent changes in East and West Germany and their impact on international trade and business.

6pm to 8:30pm, Federal Republic of Germany Chancery, 4645 Reservoir Rd NW Feb 8

Contact: (202) 293-4193

Participants: Juergen Ruhfus - amb of the Fed Republic of Germany to the US; Hagen Graf Lambsdorff - German economic minister

NOTE: There is a charge of \$25 for this event. For reservations send a check to: Washington International Trade Assn 1899 L St NW Suite 800 Washington, DC 20036

★ PL 480 PROGRAM

Women in Government Relations (WGR) will sponsor a luncheon briefing on potential changes in the PL 480 market development program that may occur during debate on the farm bill.

Noon, Natl Forest Products Assn, 1250 Connecticut Ave NW, Suite 200 Feb 12

Participants: Janet Breslin - Senate Agriculture Cmte; Mary Chambliss - USDA Foreign Agriculture Service

NOTE: There is a charge for this event of \$12 for members and \$22 for non-members. For reservations call Annelise Gillespie at 463-2737.

★ INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN TELECOMMUNICATIONS

Washington International Trade Association will sponsor a seminar on international trade in telecommunications goods and services. Topics include implementation of the telecommunications title of the 1988 trade act, the GATT government procurement code and multilateral negotiations affecting telecommunications trade.

9:15am, Internatl Club, 18th & K Sts NW Feb 13

Contact: 293-4193

Participants: Claude Fontheim - managing dir, The Brighton Grp (moderator); Auka Haagsma - first secy, Delegation of the Comm of the European Community; Randolph Lumb - vpres, AT&T; Marian Barell - dir of telecommunications trade policy, Ofc of the US Trade Rep

Lunch speaker: Julius Katz - dpty US trade rep

NOTE: There is a charge for this event of \$55 for the seminar and luncheon, \$25 for the seminar only and \$30 for the luncheon only for members and \$65 for the seminar and luncheon and \$35 for the luncheon only for non-members. For reservations send a check to:

Washington Internatl Trade Assn
1899 L ST NW
Suite 800
Washington, DC 20036

★ GOVERNMENT PROCUREMENT

Manufacturers' Alliance for Productivity and Innovation (MAPI) Will hold its annual conference on "Government Procurement Issues for the 1990s."

Crystal City Marriott Hotel March 1 & 2

Contact: Kathy Koval at 331-8430.

NOTE: There is a charge for this event of \$450 for members and \$525 for non-members. For reservations call Kathy Koval at 331-8430.

CENSUS REPORTING

Regional Reporters Association and the Society of Professional Journalists will sponsor a joint meeting on how to use census data for hometown information.

6:30pm to 8pm, Murrow Room, Natl Press Club March 5

Participants: David Haase - Indianapolis News; Kimball Brace - Election Data Services; others TBA

NOTE: For more information contact Alan Schlein at 544-5893 or Mary Crowley at 872-9200.

ENVIRONMENTAL INFRASTRUCTURE

Council of Infrastructure Financing Authorities will sponsor a conference on financing issues and opportunities in the 101st Congress for environmental infrastructure. The focus will be on facilities for water treatment, wastewater handling and solid-waste disposal.

Hyatt Regency Capitol Hill, 400 New Jersey Ave NW March 8 & 9

Contact: George Ames at (202) 347-6333

NOTE: There is a charge for this event of \$100 for members and \$125 for non-members before Feb 9 and \$125 for members and \$150 for non-members after Feb 9. For further information contact George Ames at (202) 347-6333.

■ *Revised listing*

Status of Appropriations

Week of January 29

FULL COMMITTEE

House: 225-2771; Senate: 224-3471

AGRICULTURE

House: 225-2638; Senate: 224-7240

**COMMERCE, JUSTICE, STATE,
& THE JUDICIARY**

House: 225-3351; Senate: 224-7277

DEFENSE

House: 225-2847; Senate: 224-7255

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

House: 225-5338; Senate: 224-7236

ENERGY & WATER DEVELOPMENT

House: 225-3421; Senate: 224-7260

FOREIGN OPERATIONS

House: 225-2041; Senate: 224-7209

INTERIOR

House: 225-3081; Senate: 224-7233

LABOR/HHS/EDUC

House: 225-3508; Senate: 224-7283

House subcmte hearings scheduled: Feb. 2

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

House: 225-5338; Senate: 224-7338

House subcmte hearings scheduled: Jan. 29, 30, 31

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

House: 225-3047; Senate: 224-7255

TRANSPORTATION

House: 225-2141; Senate: 224-7245

TREASURY/POSTAL SERVICE

House: 225-5834; Senate: 224-6280

VA, HUD & INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

House: 225-3241; Senate: 224-7211

House Floor Action

Week of January 22

Monday, January 22:

Not in session

Tuesday, January 23:

- H Res 302 Resolution providing for a committee to notify the president of the assembly of Congress agreed to by voice
- H Res 303 Resolution to inform the Senate that a quorum of the House had assembled agreed to by voice
- H Res 304 Resolution providing for the hour of meeting of the House agreed to by voice
- H Con Res 242 Concurrent resolution providing for a joint session of Congress to receive a message from the president on the state of the union agreed to by voice

Wednesday, January 24:

- HR 2712 Emergency Chinese Adjustment of Status Facilitation Act veto overridden 390-25
- HR 2364 A bill to amend the Rail Passenger Service Act to authorize appropriations for the National Railroad Passenger Corporation
- SWIFT unanimous consent that the House disagree to the Senate amendment and request a conference with the Senate
- For a list of House conferees see Conference Committees section*

Thursday, January 25:

No legislative business scheduled

Friday, January 26:

Not in session

Week of January 29

Monday, January 29:

Convenes at Noon
No legislative business scheduled

Tuesday, January 30:

Convenes at Noon
Under suspension of the rules:
S 1521 Amend law relating to police force of the Natl Zoological Park of the Smithsonian Inst begin consideration

Wednesday, January 31:

Convenes at Noon
HR 2190 Establish natl voter registration procedures for elections for fed office begin consideration
At 9pm the House and Senate will hold a joint session to receive the president's state of the union message.

Thursday, February 1:

Convenes at 11am
No legislative business scheduled

Friday, February 2:

Not in session

Senate Floor Action

Week of January 22

Monday, January 22:

Not in session

Tuesday, January 23:

- S Res 228 **Resolution informing the House of Representatives that a quorum of the Senate is assembled** agreed to by voice
- S Res 229 **Resolution informing the president of the US that a quorum of each house is assembled** agreed to by voice
- S 1630 **Amend the Clean Air Act to provide for attainment and maintenance of health protective national ambient air quality standards** *Short title: Air Restoration and Standards Attainment Act of 1989* ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE substitute amendment, pending at recess [continued January 24]
- H Con Res 242 **Concurrent resolution providing for a joint session of Congress to receive a message from the president on the state of the union** agreed to by voice

Wednesday, January 24:

- S 1630 **Amend the Clean Air Act to provide for attainment and maintenance of health protective national ambient air quality standards** [continued from January 23] ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE substitute amendment, pending at recess [continued January 25]
- H Con Res 228 **A concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress regarding the 25th anniversary of Volunteers in Service to America** H Con Res 228, agreed to by voice
- S 1594 **Revise the boundary of Gettysburg National Military Park in Pa** ENERGY COMMITTEE amendments, agreed to by voice
- S 286 **Petroglyph National Monument Establishment Act** ENERGY COMMITTEE substitute amendment, agreed to by voice
- S 319 **Salt Lake City Watershed Improvement Act** ENERGY COMMITTEE substitute amendment, agreed to by voice
- S 555 **De Soto Expedition Trail Commission Act** ENERGY COMMITTEE substitute amendment, agreed to by voice
- S 1046 **Merrimack River Study Act** ENERGY COMMITTEE amendments, agreed to by voice
- S Con Res 89 **A concurrent resolution correcting the enrollment of S 1838** S Con Res 89, agreed to by voice

Thursday, January 25:

- HR 2712 **Emergency Chinese Immigration Relief Act** Veto of HR 2712, sustained by 62-37 (2/3's vote required)
- S 1630 **Amend the Clean Air Act to provide for attainment and maintenance of health protective national ambient air quality standards** [continued from January 24] ENVIRONMENT COMMITTEE substitute amendment, pending at recess [continued January 29]
- S 247 **Amend the Energy Policy and Conservation Act to increase the efficiency and effectiveness of state energy conservation programs carried out pursuant to such act** ENERGY COMMITTEE substitute amendment, agreed to by voice
- S Res 233 **A resolution to authorize testimony and document production by Senate employee and representation by Senate Legal Counsel in Springfield Terminal Railway Company v. United Transportation Union, No. 88-0117 P** agreed to by voice
- S Res 234 **A resolution to direct the Senate legal counsel to appear as amicus curiae in US v Mark Haggerty, et al** agreed to by voice

Friday, January 26:

Not in session

Week of January 29

Monday, January 29:

Convenes at 2pm

- S 1630 **Amend the Clean Air Act to provide for attainment and maintenance of health protective national ambient air quality standards** continue consideration (no roll-call votes)
- HR 3792 **Authorize appropriations for fiscal years 1990 and 1991 for the State Department** begin consideration

Tuesday, January 30:

- HR 3792 **Authorize appropriations for fiscal years 1990 and 1991 for the State Department** continue consideration (vote on final passage scheduled for 5pm)

Outlook

At 9pm on Wednesday the House and Senate will hold a joint session to receive the president's state of the union message.

CONGRESSIONAL MONITOR



A Publication of

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The speakers for CQ's two federal budgeting conferences ...

Allen Schick is so widely regarded as an expert in the field of federal budgeting that Harvard University, the American Enterprise Institute and the Brookings Institution asked him to brief new members of the 101st Congress on the federal budgeting process. Mr. Schick is Professor of Public Policy at the School of Public Affairs at the University of Maryland.



Senator Jim Sasser, a three-term Democrat from Tennessee, is chairman of the Senate Budget Committee. He is also a member of the Senate Appropriations, Governmental Affairs, and Banking, Housing and Urban Affairs Committees.



Rep. Bill Gradison (R-OH), was elected to the 94th Congress in 1974 and has been re-elected to each succeeding Congress. He is a member of the House Ways and Means Committee (ranking republican member of the Health Subcommittee), and serves as a representative of the house republican leader on the Budget Committee.



Isabel V. Sawhill, former director of the National Commission for Employment Policy and former president of the Association for Public Policy Analysis and Management, is currently a senior fellow at The Urban Institute and director of the Institute's Changing Domestic Priorities project.



Photo by Diane Wayman

Dr. Gordon Adams is director of the Defense Budget Project in Washington, D.C. and, as a recognized authority on the defense procurement process, has appeared extensively on all the major media networks and testified numerous times before congressional committees.



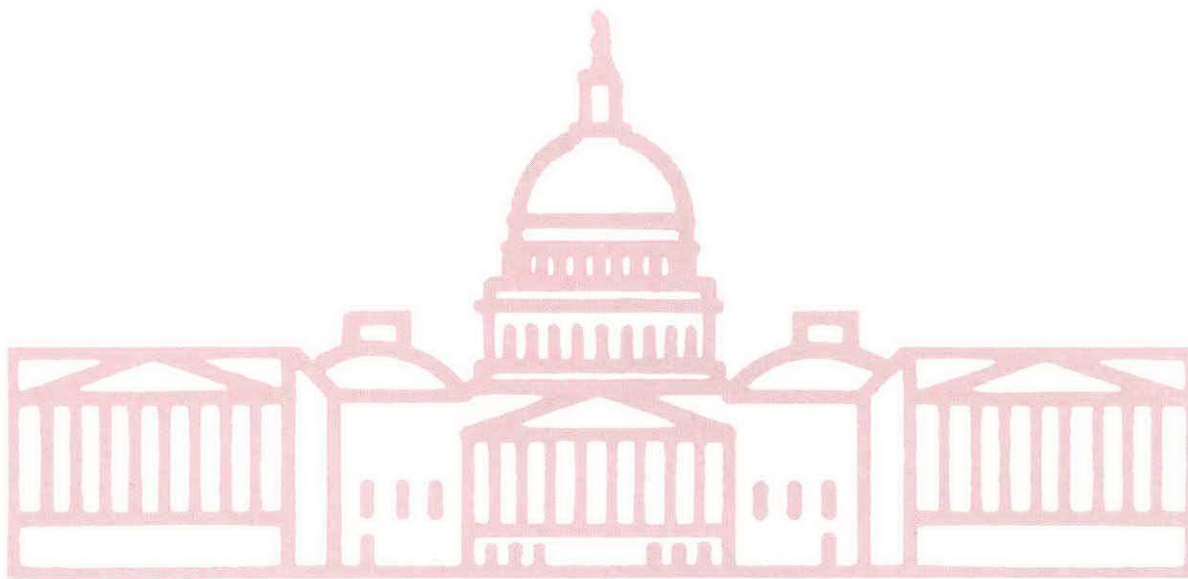
David G. Mathiasen is special assistant to the assistant comptroller general at the General Accounting Office. Earlier, Mr. Mathiasen held several positions at the Office of Management and Budget, including assistant director of the Budget Review Division and chief of the Fiscal Analysis Branch, and served as executive director of the National Economic Commission.

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8:30 a.m. - 4:30 p.m. Thursday, February 22, 1990 \$295
- ☐ **Interpreting the Federal Budget: Using Budget Information to Become An Active Player**
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THE 1991 FEDERAL BUDGET: THE POLICIES AND POLITICS OF THE NEW BUDGET

February 22, 1990 • Quality Hotel, Capitol Hill

What can you expect from a Bush budget?

President Bush faces his first full-budget and the first post-Cold War budget. Combined, these factors give the president an opportunity to shape federal policies for the coming decade and reshape national priorities. What will the president do, and how will a more assertive and independent Congress respond?

This conference will provide information and analysis on the issues and policies in the president's budget, and the outlook for the 1991 budget in Congress. It will concentrate on the implications of changes in the international environment — both for defense and social programs.

Come prepared to tackle the following agenda and take away solid information on the following issues for your budget work this year . . .

Fiscal '91:

How the budget can meet (or miss) the \$64 billion deficit target • The outlook for defense authority and outlays in 1991 and beyond • Where the president is putting money behind his initiatives • Where the president is cutting domestic spending • The bite of entitlement programs, interest and other uncontrollable spending in fiscal '91 and beyond

Defense:

The competition for resources within the defense establishment • What the areas of growth are • Where the cutbacks are planned • What it means to have a fifth year of shrinkage in the defense budget instead of inflation • What defense programs and operations are competing for defense resources • How defense is faring in the guns vs butter debate • Interpreting the defense budget in a time of change

Domestic:

The outlook for the campaign and first-year presidential pledges of support for education, drug control, day care and environmental protection • Who the president is asking to pay for and implement domestic policy initiatives • How entitlements are treated in the new budget • Where the president is proposing to cut back domestic spending • In an era of limited federal budget resources, which groups and their programs win?

Taxes:

What will happen to the pledge? • Is this the year "No New Taxes" goes out the window? • The revenue outlook for '91 and beyond • What revenues mean to the deficit target

Alternative Budget Scenarios:

What are the implications of a presidential-congressional summit? • What would be included in a "grand compromise" • The outlook for bill-by-bill warfare • How the economy will affect presidential-congressional budget politics • What economic

performance could cause a sea-change in how the president and Congress handle the budget

Response and Attitude in Congress:

What members of Congress want and how they'll get it

• The outlook for defense and domestic spending in Congress • The politics of the '91 budget

The Chances of Sequestration:

Ways of meeting and missing the \$64 billion deficit target • Understanding the \$10 billion penalty of having a sequester • The impact on domestic spending • The impact on defense spending, with and without the personnel exemption

Conference Agenda

Policy and Priorities in the Fiscal 1991 Budget

Allen Schick, Speaker

An explanation of the policy decisions in the budget
An analysis of the president's budget priorities

Issues for Defense Spending

Gordon Adams, Speaker

An analysis of defense budget priorities in a changing global military environment
Resource allocations in the 1991 budget
The outlook for defense priorities beyond 1991

Issues for Domestic Spending

Isabel V. Sawhill, Speaker

Examination of the winners and losers in the 1991 budget

Analysis of what the continuing deficit crisis means to federal program beneficiaries

Luncheon

Luncheon Address:

The Administration's '91 Budget

Speaker to be announced

The Outlook in Congress

Rep. Bill Gradison (R-OH), Speaker

Sen. Jim Sasser (D-TN), Speaker

The president's budget as the starting point of negotiations

The budget mood in Congress

The outlook for domestic and defense spending

The outlook for tax changes

Budget Scenarios This Year

Allen Schick, Speaker

The elements of a grand compromise
Living with bill-by-bill conflict

What past attendees have said about this CQ conference:

"Schick was right on target, as usual. [The] others were of a quality I've come to expect from CQ."

William I. Bacchus

U.S. Department of State

"Concise, quality overview of the budget and its political setting."

Martin Kennedy

State of Kansas

— Division of Budget

INTERPRETING THE FEDERAL BUDGET: USING BUDGET INFORMATION TO BECOME AN ACTIVE PLAYER

NEW!

February 23, 1990 • Quality Hotel, Capitol Hill

Learn *who* makes budget decisions and *how* ...

Federal budgeting may seem complex and ponderous. But if you have a stake in the federal budget, keeping informed about the federal budgetary process is essential — and CQ has found a way to make it interesting, too. Now, through this new program, you can be a knowledgeable participant in this year's budget action.

This conference will teach you the key points of decision, influence and access in executive preparation and congressional adoption of the federal budget. The program will walk you through the actual documents and material used by presidential and congressional staff in making budget decisions.

This new CQ program will show you how the budget can become an effective tool for you. You will learn how to:

Open doors. Find out who makes budget decisions, how they do it, and where you fit in.

Unlock the budget's secrets. Trace the paper flow of the budget from federal agency preparation, through OMB and congressional committees.

Interpret the budget's numbers. Develop the skill to put your hands quickly on needed budget information and to apply this information to your own needs.

You will also learn ...

The unwritten rules and roles of budgeting :

How the behavior of key participants has been affected by big deficits, the Gramm-Rudman-Hollings targets, and conflicts between a Democratic Congress and a Republican White House • Now that the official deadlines are ignored, what are the real deadlines for action on Capitol Hill?

The new arithmetic of the budget :

What the different baselines mean and how they are used • How accounting practices affect the ways expenditures and the deficit are measured and reported

Rules of the Gramm-Rudman-Hollings Process :

How the process affects the actions of participants • What will happen if there is a sequester • Why Congress is likely to change the GRH rules this year

What is an Appropriation?

How the structure of an appropriation bill affects budget decisions • How to follow your interests in the appropriations bill • Interpreting report language to learn how the big numbers in the bill are divided up among specific programs and projects

Fitting the Pieces Together:

How agency requests become presidential recommendations • How the budget resolution, authorizing legislation and appropriations relate to one another

Conference Agenda

Budgeting in the 1990s

Allen Schick, Speaker

How Federal budgeting has changed and how the process actually works as opposed to how it is supposed to work

From Agency Requests to Presidential Decisions

David G. Mathiasen, Speaker

Tracing agency budgets from the point they are put together, through OMB review, pass-backs and presidential decisions

An Integrated Look at Congressional Budgeting

Allen Schick, Speaker

The special niche of the budget resolution, authorizations, and appropriations. How Congress enforces its budget decisions through 302 reports, points of order and scorekeeping sheets

Luncheon

Luncheon Address:

The Politics of Budgeting

Speaker to be Announced

Reducing the Budget Deficit

Allen Schick, Speaker

The reconciliation bill, what is supposed to be in it and how it is put together

The rules of the Gramm-Rudman-Hollings Process and how they affect congressional budget actions

A Walk Through Congressional Budget Decisions

Allen Schick, Speaker

Using the Congressional Record, committee reports and the actual text of legislation, a budget is traced through all stages of congressional activity

The various parts and provisions of an appropriation bill are explained to show how they relate to one another, what they mean, and how they affect the availability of funds

What previous attendees of CQ budget conferences have said:

"[The seminar] takes a very complex process and makes it understandable."

Edward J. Overstreet
Boysville of Michigan

"Lots of good information provided in a good, succinct fashion."

David S. Liebschutz
Bureau of the Public Debt

Registration Information

You must register in advance. Space is limited, so please register early. Registration fee, including luncheon, for each seminar is \$295. Attend both seminars for a complete understanding of the dynamics of form and function in federal budgeting for a discounted fee of \$540 and save \$50. Group discounts of 30% are available for bookings of 10 or more members of one organization. Fees are completely refundable until five days prior to the seminar. Thereafter, they are subject to a \$45 cancellation fee per registrant. Substitutions may be made without penalty, walk-ins are welcomed.

Two Easy Ways to Register

1. By Mail:

Simply complete and mail the registration form. Please include purchase order, check or money order payable to Congressional Quarterly Inc., or charge to MasterCard or VISA. You'll receive confirmation by mail.

2. By Phone:

Just call our Seminar Registrar at (202) 887-8620. Outside DC area, phone toll-free 1-800-432-2250 ext. 620. Provide the information requested on your registration form, then mail your check or purchase order to Congressional Quarterly Inc. You'll receive confirmation of your registration by mail.

Federal Government Employees

Your purchase order must be received before the conference or submitted as you register at the conference. You will not be admitted unless we have received your purchase order.

***Quality Hotel, Capitol Hill
415 New Jersey Avenue N.W.
Washington, DC 20001***

Note: The Use of photographic or sound recording equipment is prohibited.

Who Should Attend . . . "Federal Budgeting"

This session is a must for all in government or the private sector who are interested in the flow of federal dollars and who seek a firm grasp of the budget process.

"The 1991 Federal Budget"

This special seminar is essential for all professionals who need expert insight into the '91 federal budget to help them prepare their plans and strategies.

1980

CQ'S PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION SERVICE

1990

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***Congressional Quarterly's
Professional Education Service
announces two special conferences
on the federal budget ...***

***THE 1991 FEDERAL BUDGET:
THE POLICIES AND POLITICS
OF THE NEW BUDGET***

Thursday, February 22, 1990 ■ Washington, D.C.

Gives straight answers to your questions on President Bush's and Congress' budget priorities

— **and** —

***INTERPRETING THE FEDERAL BUDGET:
USING BUDGET INFORMATION
TO BECOME AN ACTIVE PLAYER***

Friday, February 23, 1990 ■ Washington, D.C.

A detailed look at how the federal budget is developed and spending decisions are made — and how you can use budget information to participate in this process

**BE A KNOWLEDGEABLE PARTICIPANT IN
THE FEDERAL BUDGET PROCESS ...**

- Understand the scenarios for presidential-congressional ***negotiation***
 - Learn about the impact of a fiscal 1990 ***sequestration***
 - Find out how Congress might handle another budget ***reconciliation***
 - Determine what has changed about ***appropriations***
-

CLASSIFIED

1/29/90

UNCLASSIFIED UPON
REMOVAL OF CLASSIFIED
ATTACHMENTS

Dr 1/27/10

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
03. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with JAB [James A. Baker, III] (2 pp.)	01/29/90	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Monday, January 29, 1990

Date Closed: 1/25/2010	OA/ID Number: 90534-001
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRML Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
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(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

1/29/90

PHONE CALL FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: Peter Roussel
713-668-2793

Peter has been asked by Ken Lay
to be the Communications Director
for Houston for the Economic
Summit -- 6 month commitment.

He made Peter a very, very
attractive offer and Peter would
like to do this.

Wanted to have your blessing
before he accepted however.

Patty Presock

*Bar
read
return*

Daily

P

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

1/29/90

Disans

PHONE CALL FOR THE PRESIDENT
FROM DAVIS ROBINSON

1. Are there any extra tickets
for the State of the Union.

(I checked and there are NO
extra seats & I told Davis
that -- he's going to try
to get some from some friends
on the Hill.)

2. There is a new Chinese restaurant
that he and Susu would like
to take you and Mrs. Bush --
CITY LIGHTS OF CHINA (Ct. avenue)

GUIDANCE:

Doubtful

but nice

p.

Bush Library Photocopy
George Bush Handwriting

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
04. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Bill Webster (1 pp.)	01/29/[90]	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Monday, January 29, 1990

Date Closed:	1/25/2010	OA/ID Number:	90534-001
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

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(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
05. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with JAB [James A. Baker, III] (1 pp.)	01/29/90	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Monday, January 29, 1990

Date Closed: 1/25/2010	OA/ID Number: 90534-001
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
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AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

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Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
06. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Vice President Quayle (1 pp.)	01/29/90	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Monday, January 29, 1990

Date Closed: 1/25/2010	OA/ID Number: 90534-001
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
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 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
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PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Pool Report

National Religious Broadcasters

Jan. 29, 1990

Motorcade uneventful; open coverage at speech.

Pool Report

Bush and Hurd in Oval Office

Normal chitchat. Bush

~~He~~ was asked about react to the react to his budget, and delivered the normal response about photo ops, with a slight verbal diversion in which he said "I just don't feel like answering any questions," a comment he and his guests thought was quite hilarious.

Jim Gerstenzang
LA Times

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

January 26, 1990

1990 JAN 29 PM 12:54

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

MEMORANDUM FOR THE PRESIDENT

THROUGH: JAMES W. CICCONI
ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
AND DEPUTY TO THE CHIEF OF STAFF

FROM: SHIRLEY M. GREEN *smg*
SPECIAL ASSISTANT TO THE PRESIDENT
FOR PRESIDENTIAL MESSAGES AND CORRESPONDENCE

SUBJECT: Correspondence Department Annual Report

Attached is a report of the Correspondence Department covering the period January 20, 1989, to January 20, 1990. The report addresses the volume of mail, the types of mail, disposition of mail and a breakdown of the issues of your first term.

Attachment

cc: John H. Sununu
Andrew H. Card, Jr.
Susan Porter Rose

OFFICE OF PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE
1989 ANNUAL REPORT

Incoming Mail

Addressed to the President:	<u>5,252,618</u>
(includes propaganda and unanswerable mail)	
Addressed to Mrs. Bush:	<u>74,388</u>
Addressed to White House Staff:	<u>1,060,587</u>
TOTAL:	<u>6,387,593</u>

Outgoing Mail -- PRESIDENTIAL

Presidential letters to adults:	<u>70,111</u>
Presidential note cards:	<u>1,850</u>
Presidential letters to children:	<u>5,200</u>
Presidential messages:	<u>2,728</u>
TOTAL:	<u>79,889</u>

Shirley Green letters to adults:	<u>129,107</u>
Shirley Green letters to children:	<u>1,011</u>
TOTAL:	<u>130,118</u>

Acknowledgment cards and offsets to adults:	<u>37,403</u>
Acknowledgment cards and offsets to children:	<u>156,289</u>
Greetings cards sent:	<u>516,328</u>
Christmas cards sent:	<u>119,669</u>
Photographs/booklets/miscellaneous enclosures sent to adults:	<u>23,414</u>
Photographs/booklets/miscellaneous enclosures sent to children:	<u>130,000</u>
Autographed photographs sent:	<u>42,640</u>
TOTAL:	<u>1,025,743</u>

Mail referred to departments/agencies for handling:	<u>342,944</u>
Hardship cases (handled by Agency Liaison):	<u>31,776</u>

Outgoing Mail -- MRS. BUSH

Mrs. Bush letters to adults:	<u>14,510</u>
Mrs. Bush letters to children:	<u>1,262</u>
Mrs. Bush messages:	<u>360</u>
Mrs. Bush acknowledgment cards/offsets:	<u>14,923</u>
Photographs/booklets/miscellaneous enclosures:	<u>2,577</u>
Mrs. Bush autographed photos:	<u>156</u>
TOTAL:	<u>33,788</u>

Mrs. Bush mail referred to departments/agencies for handling:	<u>2,147</u>
--	--------------

Outgoing Mail -- OTHER WHITE HOUSE STAFF

President's staff:	<u>46,791</u>
First Lady's staff:	<u>16,998</u>
TOTAL:	<u>63,789</u>

TOTAL OUTGOING CORRESPONDENCE:	<u>1,710,194</u>
TOTAL FILED AS PROPAGANDA AND UNANSWERABLE:	<u>3,862,834</u>

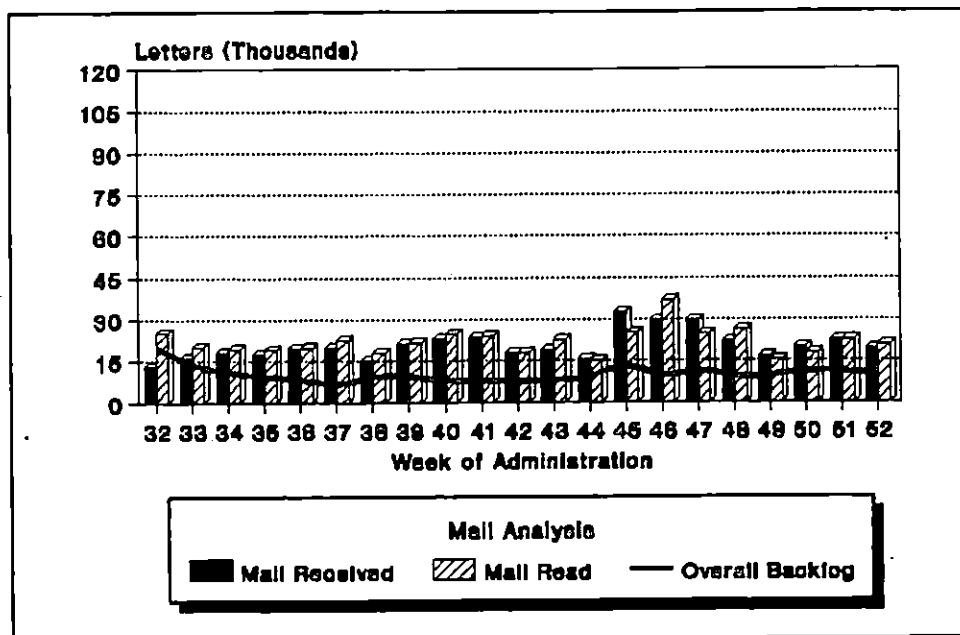
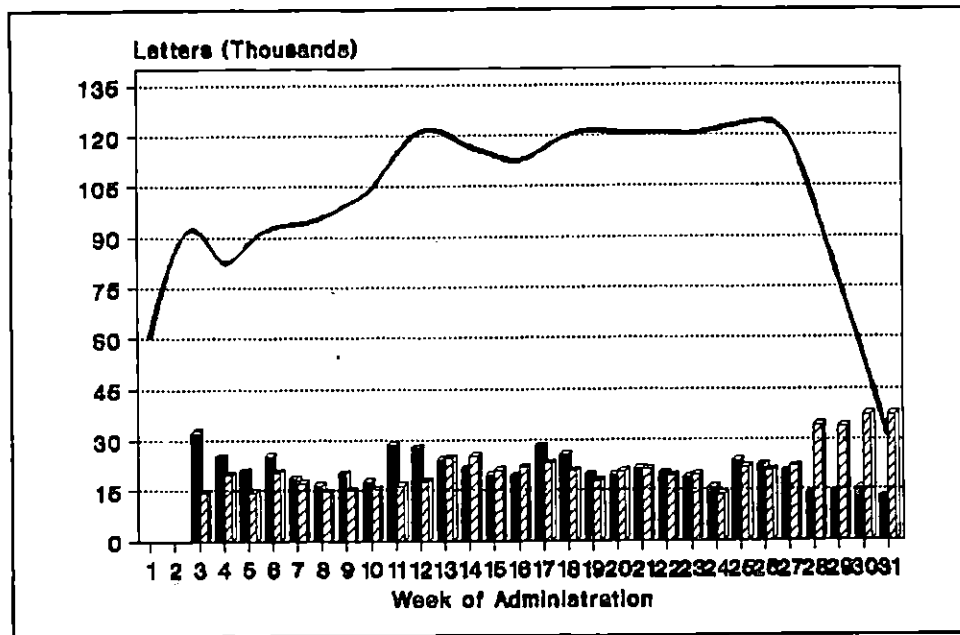
Additional Services:

Comment telephone calls taken:	<u>246,712</u>
Presidential documents processed: (Proclamations, Executive Orders, Messages to Congress, etc.)	<u>1,787</u> pages
Press Releases typed:	<u>1,136</u> pages
Gifts processed:	<u>12,054</u>
Hours worked by Volunteers:	<u>97,337</u>

Work for other White House staff offices:

Secretarial details:	<u>8,873</u> hours
Volunteer details:	<u>33,418</u> hours
Memos, reports, etc. typed:	<u>564</u> pages
Envelopes and labels typed:	<u>4,657</u>
Mail opened and sorted by Volunteers:	<u>25,200</u>
Mail addressed and stuffed by Volunteers:	<u>2,084</u>

WHITE HOUSE CORRESPONDENCE



The graphs above show the weekly flow of White House correspondence during the first year of the Administration. The backlog after the first week was 60,000 letters, the majority of which came from the transition office and the Vice President's staff office. The highest point was in July when the backlog reached slightly more than 120,000 letters. Correspondence on hand currently stands at 8,346 letters, of which roughly half are for Mrs. Bush. An on-hand total of 4,000 letters is considered as current and a daily work-in-progress total.

There was a total of 88 issues tallied in 1989. They have been broken down into three categories, Domestic, Foreign and Support. Listed below are the top issues in each category, listed in descending order:

<u>ISSUE</u>	<u>PRO</u>	<u>CON</u>	<u>COMMENTS</u>	<u>PROPAGANDA</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>DOMESTIC</u>					
Hardship Cases	0	0	31,776		31,776
Pro Life Issue (Include Roe V. Wade in Comments)	8,953	17,002	1,232	390	27,577
Urges Adequate Funding For Medicare in '91 Budget	20,702	51	0	6,101	26,854
Funding For Abortions	12,083	11,880	14	240	24,217
Medicare Catastrophic Protection Act (CATCAP)	145	18,197	92	932	19,366
Decisions Regarding Control of Sale of Semi-Automatic Assault Rifles	2,491	10,929	310	3,717	17,447
Urges Pardon for Oliver North	7,675	223	24	529	8,451
Concern for the Environment	0	0	8,242	10	8,252
Oil Exploration in the Arctic National Wildlife Refuge	37	8,019	72	4	8,132
Pay Increases for Top Federal Officials	261	7,077	133	2	7,473

<u>ISSUE</u>	<u>PRO</u>	<u>CON</u>	<u>COMMENTS</u>	<u>PROPAGANDA</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>FOREIGN</u>					
U.S. Military Action in Panama	4,567	1,901	239	0	6,707
Military Aid to El Salvador following deaths of Jesuit Priests	114	6,483	34	49	6,680
Urges Support for Pro-Democracy Protest in China	3,559	166	279	79	4,083
Execution of Lt. Col. William Higgins/Mideast Hostage Situation	0	170	3,223	0	3,393
Reaffirm Independence of Baltic States	2,821	1	0	94	2,916
H.R. 2712, Visa Status for Chinese Students to stay in U.S.	1,842	32	0	31	1,905
Concern re: Hostages in Lebanon	0	0	1,272	14	1,286
Visit by U.S. Officials to China	66	1,059	0	0	1,125
U.S./Japan FSX Fighter Plane Project	16	708	5	0	729
Urges U.S. Intervention in Syrian-Lebanon Conflict	281	0	4	311	596

<u>ISSUE</u>	<u>PRO</u>	<u>CON</u>	<u>COMMENTS</u>	<u>PROPAGANDA</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
<u>SUPPORT</u>					
Christmas Cards, 1989	0	0	17,808		17,808
Birthday Greetings to the President	0	0	2,191	0	2,191
Support/Greetings	0	0	2,191	0	2,191

'Twin Peaks,' Divided Heart

At 18, the dark and fetching Joan Chen was voted China's best-loved actress. Eight years later she wowed the world as the bisexual empress, doomed by history and opium, in Bernardo Bertolucci's "The Last Emperor." Now she's climbing into a brand-new role in David Lynch's much-awaited TV series, "Twin Peaks." But Chen, 28, still divides her time between California and her native Shanghai. "My heart," she says, "is in both countries."



RUSSEL WONG—OUTLINE

A star from the East: Joan Chen



At the Topps of his game: USA 1

A Bush in the Hand Is Worth...

It all began when one of George Bush's grandsons informed him that he wanted to be a baseball player because "politicians don't get their pictures on bubble-gum cards." When Topps heard that, it whipped out 100 cards showing Grandpa as captain of the Yale team that went to the Col-

lege World Series in 1948. The set—labeled USA 1—will soon be presented to the president. But none will be offered to collectors: that might prove too upsetting to the balance of trade.

HARRY F. WATERS and
ALDEN COHEN

Rock Royalty

The sound of silence never had a chance when the Rock and Roll Hall of Fame inducted its fifth "class" at New York's Waldorf Astoria. Along with Simon and Garfunkel, new honorees included Hank Ballard, the late Bobby Darin, the Who, the Kinks, the Four Seasons, the Four Tops and the Platters. As the stage exploded with a postceremony jam session, the Kinks' Ray Davies took note of all the tuxedos and snorted: "Rock and roll has become respectable. What a bummer."



SONIA MOSKOWITZ

A hall of an honor: Pete Townshend and Roger Daltrey of the Who

TRANSITION

ACQUITTED: On 52 counts of child molestation, Peggy McMartin Buckey, 63, former preschool director, and her son, Ray Buckey, 31, in Los Angeles, Jan. 18. At the close of the longest, costliest criminal trial in U.S. history, the jury was deadlocked on 13 other charges.

RESTORED: Soviet citizenship, to cellist-conductor Mstislav Rostropovich, 62, and his wife, opera singer Galina Vishnavskaya, 63, Jan. 16. Stripped of citizenship in 1978, Rostropovich has been director of Washington's National Symphony Orchestra, which will tour the Soviet Union next month.

NAMED: Elizabeth Watson, 40, as Houston's chief of police, Jan. 19. She will be the first woman to head a big-city force.

DIED: Former Supreme Court justice Arthur Goldberg, 81, in Washington, D.C., Jan. 19. Born in Chicago to Russian Jewish parents, Goldberg reached the pinnacle of the legal profession. But President Johnson hoped Goldberg could negotiate an end to the Vietnam War and asked him to resign from the bench in 1965 to become U.S. ambassador to the United Nations.

Barbara Stanwyck, 82, of heart failure, in Los Angeles, Jan. 20. A major Hollywood star of the '30s and '40s, Stanwyck moved deftly from tearjerkers ("Stella Dallas") to classic comedy ("The Lady Eve") to tough-girl roles ("Double Indemnity"). Later, she won Emmys for her "Big Valley" series and the "Thorn Birds" mini-series.

Bhagwan Shree Rajneesh, 58, Rolls-Royce guru who was deported from the United States, of heart failure, in Poonah, India, Jan. 19.

Joseph Clark, 88, in Philadelphia, Jan. 12. In 1951, Clark became mayor of Philadelphia and later served in the U.S. Senate.

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

1-29-90

THE PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURAL ANNIVERSARY GALA

Henry R. Kravis, Chairman

SEATING FOR PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURAL ANNIVERSARY GALA CONCERT

BOX

BOX 1 - President's Box - 12 seats

✓ President & Mrs. Bush
Henry Kravis & Carolyn Roehm - *Chmn of Event*
Larry Bathgate & Joan Budd - *RNC Finance Chmn*
Heinz Prechter & Victor Potmakin - *Top ticket seller*
Charlie & Sandra Shelton - *2nd highest ticket seller*
Stuart & Wilma Bernstein - *3rd highest ticket seller*

BOX 2/4/6/8

✓ Vice President & Mrs. Quayle
✓ Alec & Louise Courtelis
✓ Lod Cook & guest
✓ Anwar & Maryellen Soliman
✓ Peter & Diane Terpeluk
✓ John Canning & Rita Meiers

BOX 3/5/7/9

✓ Bobby & Joanie Holt
✓ Max & Marjorie Fisher
✓ Roger & Christina Barth
✓ John & Marcia Price
✓ Lee & Alice Cary Brown
✓ Marvin & Margaret Bush - we understand
they are attending.
Not confirmed yet.

BOX 10/12/14/16

Chesley & Elizabeth Pruet
Wally Ganzi & Reva Hamilton
Thomas & Deborah Teague
Jim & Susan Keenan
Craig & Susan Berkman
Don Bren & guest
Bertram & Diane Firestone

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

FOR YOUR USE AND INFORMATION
NOT FOR PUBLICATION OR BROADCAST

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

Tuesday, January 30, 1990

8:00 a.m. THE PRESIDENT RECEIVES INTELLIGENCE BRIEFING WITH
THE CHIEF OF STAFF AND THE NATIONAL SECURITY
ADVISOR. OVAL OFFICE.

8:15 a.m. THE PRESIDENT RECEIVES NATIONAL SECURITY BRIEFING
WITH THE VICE PRESIDENT, THE CHIEF OF STAFF AND
THE NATIONAL SECURITY ADVISOR. OVAL OFFICE.

4:30 p.m. THE PRESIDENT MEETS WITH THE CHIEF OF STAFF.
OVAL OFFICE.

#

Pool report
Republican Eagles gala at Kennedy Center
Jan. 29 , 1990

Trip to Kennedy Center and back uneventful. Event itself appeared to be open coverage. Some members of the pool (Gene Gibbons, for one) spotted Elvis in the fourth row, ~~in~~ behind Sununu and to the left of Kemp. He did not perform.

Gerstenzang
LA Times

From the desk of
George Bush

Patty —
Be sure original
sig ends up in
my personal papers
— very intimate

Bush Library Photocopy
George Bush Handwriting

Document Originally
Attached to
Following Page

Bridget

copy all of this
and put in our
daily file ..

if cicconi gives
uus the originsl

back, we'll give
them to don rhodes
thanks
p.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

1/29/90

Jim

The President would like the
originals in his personal
files. Could you check and
let me know if that's o.k.

Patty Presock

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

DATE:

1-28-90

FROM THE PRESIDENT

TO:

Jim C.

I would like to see the original of the letter sent to me by Noriega about being a POW... Copy of letter was in paper released by his lawyers.

Sir -

Copy attached.

Our intent is to staff
The letter to Justice for
response.

Jim

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

Frank A. Rubino
Attorney

C. B. Gray

January 25, 1990

Honorable George H.W. Bush
President of the United States
Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces
of the United States
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D.C.

Dear President Bush:

General Manuel Antonio Noriega, Commander-in-Chief of the Panamanian Defense Forces of the Republic of Panama hereby claims the status of PRISONER OF WAR.

General Manuel Antonio Noriega claims this status pursuant to Article 4 A (1) (3) of the Geneva Convention III of 12 August 1949, and the 1977 Geneva Protocol I, additional to the Geneva Convention.

General Noriega further claims all of the rights, privileges and immunities of the Geneva Convention and its related protocol.

Respectfully submitted,



Frank A. Rubino, Esquire
Steve Kollin, Esquire
Attorneys for
General Manuel Antonio Noriega

FAR/vrd
MN56

Enero 25, 1990

Honorable George H.W. Bush
President of the United States
Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces
of the United States
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D.C.

Yo, General Manuel Antonio Noriega, de acuerdo con el
Articulo 4 A (1) (3) de la Convencion III de Ginebra del 12 de Agosto,
1949, y el 1977 Protocolo I de Ginebra, que se adiciona a la Convencion
de Ginebra; por este medio reclamo estazo de **PRISIONERO DE
GUERRA**.



GENERAL MANUEL ANTONIO NORIEGA,
Comandante-y-Jefe,
Fuerzas de Defensa de Panama

MN56/icm

January 25, 1990

Honorable George H.W. Bush
President of the United States
Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces
of the United States
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue
Washington, D.C.

I, General Manuel Antonio Noriega, Pursuant to the Article 4 A (1) (3) of the Geneva Convention III of 12 August 1949, and the 1977 Geneva Protocol I, additional to the Geneva Convention; hereby claim **PRISONER OF WAR** status.

GENERAL MANUEL ANTONIO NORIEGA,
Commander-in-Chief,
Panamanian Defense Forces

MN56/icm

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 29, 1990

Dear Samantha:

I was delighted to hear the news of your birth on January 22nd. As the very proud parents of five wonderful children and the grandparents of twelve, Mrs. Bush and I know how thrilled your family is that you have arrived.

America enjoys peace and prosperity, but it is our job as citizens to continue to make it better. As you grow up, I hope you will listen to your parents and learn from them and those around you. Learn what it means to be a loyal friend, a caring person, and a good citizen, and you will then do your part to make this an even better country for the generations to come.

Mrs. Bush and I wish you a long life filled with good health and happiness.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "G. Bush", written in a cursive style.

Samantha Kara Duberstein
8749 Old Dominion Drive
McLean, Virginia 22102

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

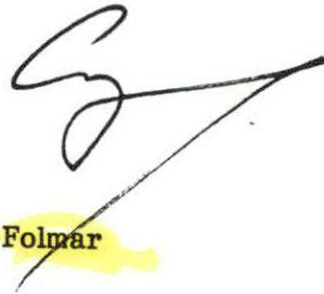
January 29, 1990

Dear Anita and Emory:

When Barbara and I arrived in Montgomery, we were delighted to receive such a warm welcome from friends. Alabama was a great place to kick off the New Year. Although it was brief, we had a wonderful visit in your beautiful State. Thank you for sharing your southern hospitality with us.

With best wishes,

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "G. H. W. Bush", written over a yellow rectangular highlight.

The Honorable and Mrs. Emory Folmar
2124 Allendale Road
Montgomery, Alabama 36111

ZAPATA

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 29, 1990

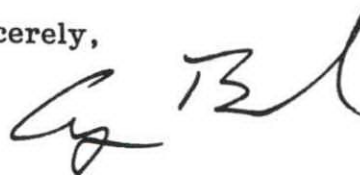
Dear Anne:

Please pardon the delay in responding, but your November 15 letter only just reached my desk -- and brought back wonderful memories of the times Barbara and I spent with your parents during Zapata days. It was good to hear from you and to learn of your new career as a teacher. I hope that all goes well.

I enjoyed solving Brian's puzzle, and I appreciate your forwarding it to me.

Barbara joins me in sending warm good wishes to you and your students.

Sincerely,



Mrs. Anne Mosby Desaulniers
Adams Elementary School
1725 Warm Springs Avenue
Boise, Idaho 83712

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 29, 1990

Dear Mr. Davis:

Thank you for your thoughtful message. Your words of encouragement mean a great deal to me, and I am grateful for the spirit of cooperation in which your comments were made.

I very much appreciate your desire to help make a difference in the lives of others. Under long-standing White House policy, however, we do not accept monetary gifts.

There are many ways you can help meet the needs of our fellow Americans. I'm sure that, by inquiring of churches or other religious organizations, charitable associations, hospitals, school boards, or your local social services offices, you will find a group doing work that you would like to support, either as a volunteer or through financial contributions.

I have always believed that any definition of a successful life must include serving others. Your generosity indicates that you share that belief. With the involvement of people such as you, we can send a message to those in need -- that someone cares.

With best wishes,

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to be "G. H. W. Bush", written in a cursive style.

Mr. Ray B. Davis, Jr.
Post Office Box 68
East Flat Rock, North Carolina 28726-0068

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 29, 1990

Dear Brian:

Mrs. Desaulniers sent your letter to Mrs. Bush and me. We had fun figuring out what it said, and we thank you for thinking of us.

We are enjoying our time in the White House. It is a wonderful home, filled with much history. I've enclosed a booklet on the White House that I hope you will enjoy.

Mrs. Bush and I send our best wishes to you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to be "G. Bush", written in a cursive style.

Brian Leavitt
Adams Elementary School
1725 Warm Springs Avenue
Boise, Idaho 83712

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

January 29, 1990

Dear Mr. Schomburg:

Thank you for your wonderful letter. I was moved by the selflessness that prompted you to write while caring for your convalescing son. I am glad to learn that he is recovering from his injuries.

Sending America's Armed Forces into action -- knowing there will be injuries -- is one of the toughest decisions a President can make. Given the threat to American lives in Panama, I felt that it was necessary. The men and women assigned to Panama have done a magnificent job, and our country can be justly proud of them.

The 82nd Airborne Division's performance in Panama was nothing short of superb, and I'm pleased to learn that their performance was matched here in the United States. I am sending a copy of your letter to the White House Military Office. Officials there will see that your commendations for the members of the 82nd Airborne Division reach the appropriate commanding officers.

Best wishes to you and your family and especially your son, Augie. God bless you.

Sincerely,

A. Bush

*I am glad
to know of the loving care given
your son.*

Mr. August Schomburg, Jr.
4054 41st Street, North
Arlington, Virginia 22207

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

who is.

Mr. William Beecher
Minneapolis Star and Tribune
The Army/Navy Building
1627 I Street, N.W.
#800
Washington, D.C. 20006



THE PRESIDENT

January 29, 1990

Dear Bill,

Many thanks for the copy of Mayday Man. Your thoughtful inscription surprised and pleased me, and I appreciate it very much. I hope you enjoy great success with the book.

Warm best wishes.

I've started it!

Sincerely,

bcc:
Marlin Fitzwater

Gift Unit
1 book "MAYDAY MAN"
from William Beecher
(POTUS kept book)

book given to
POTUS by Marlin
Fitzwater

JB

THE WHITE HOUSE

Mr. John H. Lindsey
Lindsey Insurance
Suite 625
921 Main
Houston, Texas 77002



THE PRESIDENT

January 29, 1990

Dear John,

Just a quick note of thanks (belatedly) for the calendar you sent. Barbara and I are delighted to have it and appreciate your sending it along.

I hope all is going well for you and that 1990 is a wonderful year for you.

Warmest regards.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to be "Gj" or similar, written in a cursive style.

JB

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

January 29, 1990

Dear Sandy:

Thank you for your letter of January 3. My visit to St. Jude Children's Research Hospital was indeed memorable. Your superb staff of doctors, nurses, and volunteers bring life and love to your special hospital. No one could walk away without being touched by the care you give the children.

Barbara joins me in sending all of you at St. Jude's our best wishes.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to be "G. Bush", written in a cursive style.

Mrs. Sandra Lewis
St. Jude Children's
Research Hospital
Post Office Box 318
Memphis, Tennessee 38101-0318

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

January 29, 1990

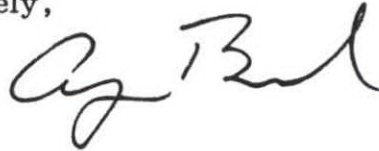
Dear Pat:

My belated thanks for your letter of December 13.
Your words of support were most kind and greatly
appreciated.

My meeting with Frances Hesselbein was both
interesting and informative. She truly is a
wonderful example of the power of volunteerism.

Barbara joins me in sending our warmest regards.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "George Bush", written in a cursive style.

Ms. Patricia S. Harrison
President
National Women's Economic
Alliance Foundation
Suite 300
1440 New York Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20005

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 29, 1990

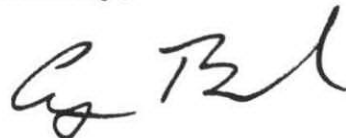
Dear Mrs. Middleton:

Barbara and I were deeply saddened to learn of your loss.

Drew Middleton was one of the great journalists of this century. He had a wonderful talent for capturing the background, the action, and the personalities of the many events he covered. Of even greater signifi-
cance was his ability to put these events into a broad historical perspective; for this he earned the trust of his readers and the respect of his peers. His style and professionalism have become a standard that will be hard to match, and he will be greatly missed.

We send our condolences, with our prayers for strength and peace in this most difficult time. God bless and keep you.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to be "G. Bush", written in a cursive style.

Mrs. Drew Middleton
115 East 87th Street
New York, New York 10128

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

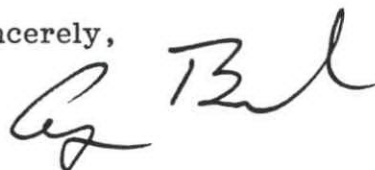
January 29, 1990

Dear Constantine:

Many thanks for your letter of December 29. I appreciate your support for our actions in Panama. With the surrender of Mr. Noriega, we can now begin the task of assisting the duly elected government as it works to bring democracy and economic opportunity to Panama.

Barbara joins me in sending you our warm best wishes.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to be "George Bush", written in a cursive style.

Dr. Constantine C. Menges
Resident Scholar
American Enterprise Institute
for Public Policy Research
1150 17th Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20036

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

January 29, 1990

Dear Mrs. Rossow:

Barbara and I were deeply saddened to learn of your loss, and we share in your sorrow.

Captain Robert Edward Wheeler was truly an extraordinary man. As an officer in the United States Navy for over thirty years, he served our nation with great dedication and distinction. His devotion to his country was obviously matched by his devotion to his wonderful family. Your father will long be remembered as a patriot, a citizen, and a good and faithful friend. But you and your children will have a very special legacy of love and strength to draw upon because of all that he, as father and grandfather, gave to you. He will be greatly missed.

While the days ahead will not be easy ones for you, we hope you'll take comfort in knowing that your many friends are standing by to help.

We, along with the entire Bush family, send our heartfelt condolences, as well as our prayers for strength and peace in this difficult time. God bless you and your family.

Sincerely,



Mrs. Carl Rossow
15 1/2 Lanz Lane
Ellington, Connecticut 06029

Don
mil

January 29, 1990

Dear Major Reale:

Anna Perez forwarded your letter to me. I'm sorry your previous letters did not come to my attention.

Your note brought back many fond memories. I went to Chapel Hill on August 6, 1942, and was in the 6th Battalion. I lived at 317 Lewis Hall.

Thanks so much for your interest. Best wishes to you and yours for a great 1990.

Sincerely,

GEORGE BUSH ^{Ar}

Major Dante S. Reale, USAF, Ret.
46 Brittany Farms Road (K-142)
New Britain, Connecticut 06053

GB/Don Rhodes/CH/ec (wp-1PRESB)

✓ cc: Jan Burmeister for military files

900150

CB

114220
ND007

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

January 29, 1990

Dear Mr. Schomburg:

Thank you for your wonderful letter. I was moved by the selflessness that prompted you to write while caring for your convalescing son. I am glad to learn that he is recovering from his injuries.

Sending America's Armed Forces into action -- knowing there will be injuries -- is one of the toughest decisions a President can make. Given the threat to American lives in Panama, I felt that it was necessary. The men and women assigned to Panama have done a magnificent job, and our country can be justly proud of them.

The 82nd Airborne Division's performance in Panama was nothing short of superb, and I'm pleased to learn that their performance was matched here in the United States. I am sending a copy of your letter to the White House Military Office. Officials there will see that your commendations for the members of the 82nd Airborne Division reach the appropriate commanding officers.

Best wishes to you and your family and especially your son, Augie. God bless you.

Sincerely,

A. Bush

*I am glad
to know of the loving care given
your son.*

Mr. August Schomburg, Jr.
4054 41st Street, North
Arlington, Virginia 22207

JAN 29 1990

sd

29 1990

Dear Mr. Schomburg:

Thank you for your wonderful letter. I was moved by the selflessness that prompted you to write while caring for your convalescing son. I am glad to learn that he is recovering from his injuries.

Sending America's Armed Forces into action -- knowing there will be injuries -- is one of the toughest decisions a President can make. Given the threat to American lives in Panama, I felt that it was necessary. The men and women assigned to Panama have done a magnificent job, and our country can be justly proud of them.

The 82nd Airborne Division's performance in Panama was nothing short of superb, and I'm pleased to learn that their performance was matched here in the United States. I am sending a copy of your letter to the White House Military Office. Officials there will see that your commendations for the members of the 82nd Airborne Division reach the appropriate commanding officers.

Best wishes to you and your family and especially your son, Augie. God bless you.

Sincerely,

Mr. August Schomburg, Jr.
4054 41st Street, North
Arlington, Virginia 22207

GB/TV/PJL/SMG/emu (wp-1pres)

cc: Tom Valega, WHMO w/incoming

SAMPLE

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

3rd paragraph O.K.
per Joni Stevens.

T.V. 1/16

~~REDACTED~~
Son wounded
in invasion of
Panama

Dear Mr. Schomburg:

Thank you for your ^{wonderful} letter. I was moved by the selflessness that prompted you to write while caring for your convalescing son.

The 82nd Airborne Division's performance in Panama was nothing short of superb, ^{and} ~~As Commander in Chief it makes me proud to~~ ^{I'm pleased} learn that their performance was matched here in the United States.

I am glad to learn that your son is recovering, ^{from his injuries} ~~and would like to~~ ~~thank him on behalf of a grateful nation.~~ ~~Committing America's~~ ^{-- knowing there will be injuries --} armed forces to battle is one of the toughest decisions a President can make. Given the threat to American lives in Panama, I felt that it was, ~~in this instance,~~ necessary. The men and women assigned to Panama have done a magnificent job, ~~there,~~ and our country can be justly proud of them.

➤ I am sending a copy of your letter to the White House Military Office. Officials there will see that your commendations for the members of the 82nd Airborne Division reach the appropriate commanding officers.

Best wishes to you and your family and especially your son Augie.
God bless you.

Sincerely,

Tom - Keep in mind the content of ea PP. The 1st is about the son. The 2nd is about the decision. The 3rd is about support of 82nd. The 4th is best wishes.

dy

C *GB sig*

Sm b



DRAFT OF PRESIDENTIAL LETTER

DRAFT DATE: 1/16/90	COMPUTER DRAFT DOCUMENT TITLE: Airborne thanks
INITIALS: GB/ TV <i>/PZ</i> <i>RG</i>	CC: Tom Valega; WH Military office w/ inc. & out.
CLEAR WITH:	WHCC:
ENCLOSURES, SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS: Send copy of incoming and outgoing to WH Military Office	

GB

Mr. August Schomburg, Jr.
4054 41st Street North
Arlington, Virginia 22207

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Dear Mrs. Karlen:

I was very touched by your letter expressing your love and concern for your son, Chris, who is serving with the Army Rangers in Panama. I am also very grateful for your strong support of our actions there. Coming from the mother of a soldier who has served on the front lines, your kind words carry great meaning for me.

The depth of your feelings for your son and your country is an inspiration. I, too, am proud of Chris, as I am of all those who serve in our Armed Forces and who share a deep devotion to duty and love of country. The men and women assigned to Panama have done a magnificent job there, and the whole Nation can be justly proud of them.

Barbara joins me in sending best wishes to you and your family. God bless you.

Sincerely,

Mrs. R. D. Karlen
11036 Strayhorn
Dallas, Texas 75228

17
Mr. & Mrs. August Schomburg, Jr.
4054 41st Street North
Arlington, Virginia 22207
(703) 536-9557

December 27, 1989

C. Heath
President George Bush
The White House
Washington, D.C.

Dear President Bush:

The precision and expertise with which the 82d Airborne Division executed its airborne assault operations in Panama is only half the story. This letter is to tell you the other half which is about the professionalism displayed in the handling of wounded soldiers returning to Fort Bragg and their families.

Our son, Specialist August Schomburg III, 1st Battalion, 504th Parachute Infantry Regiment, 82d Airborne Division, was a member of the assault force which parachuted into Panama one week ago. At 5:30 A.M. on Saturday, December 23rd, I received a telephone call from Brooke Army Medical Center at Fort Sam Houston. The officer informed me that our son "Augie" was in stable condition but that he had been wounded by a bullet to the left arm. He assured me that our son would be all right. He had exact information on the extent of the wound, told us when he would be air lifted back to Womack Army Hospital at Fort Bragg, and gave us a telephone number where we could contact our son. After calling and talking with him, my wife, our other son, and I departed by automobile for Fort Bragg so we could be there to greet him when he arrived.

Our son informed us of the efficient medical treatment he had received when he was transported by helicopter to a volunteer Army Reserve medical unit serving at Fort Howard, Panama. While at Brooke Army Medical Center a general presented him with the Purple Heart and Combat Infantryman's Badge. He was also fitted with a new uniform with all of his combat patches sewn on so that he could be properly clothed when he could be released from the hospital at Fort Bragg.

When we arrived at Fort Bragg on Sunday, December 24th, we were greeted in front of the 82d Airborne Division Headquarters building by Colonel G. A. Crocker, the division Chief of Staff. He personally escorted us to the personnel building next door. Colonel Crocker introduced us to Major Michael Molosso, the Deputy Adjutant General and they both spoke with us for some time. Major Molosso within minutes obtained manifest information from San Antonio confirming that

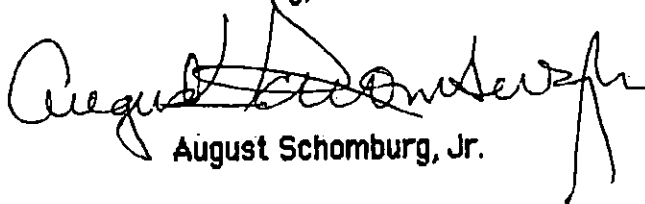
our son would be on the Nightingale flight returning to Fort Bragg at 5:30 P.M. that evening. At all times when speaking of our son they referred to him by his nick name, "Augie." We were treated very personably and were told that we were guests of the 82d Airborne Division and they would like us to stay free of charge at the guest house on post. SFC E. Kalinofski escorted us to Moon Hall, came in and got us registered, took us up to our room, and even gave the room a quick inspection to see that it was clean and ready for our stay. Shortly thereafter Rochelle Marable, the wife of our son's battalion commander, met us at Moon Hall. She was very friendly and was informative on how we could meet our son upon his arrival. Mrs. Marable even led us across post with her own automobile so we would not get lost. All of the people I have mentioned gave us their office and home telephone numbers and offered to be of any further assistance if we needed it.

That evening Mrs. Marable again met us at Womack Army Hospital, gave us green ribbons (being used as a reminder of our soldiers in Panama), and remained with us until our son's arrival. After being processed into the hospital and checked by doctors there, he was allowed to come into the conference room where we were able to visit with him. The following day he was released on convalescent leave and we were all able to have Christmas dinner together.

The gracious treatment we received from those I have mentioned was nothing short of outstanding. It was that extra step beyond the call of duty. The cohesiveness, personableness, esprit de corps, and professionalism of the 82d Airborne Division came across loud and clear.

I have written this letter for two reasons. First, I think that you as Commander in Chief should know of this outstanding performance by 82d Airborne Division forces at home. Second, I feel that the treatment given to the parents of a wounded soldiers by Colonel Crocker, Major Molosso, SFC Kalinofski, and Mrs. Marable is so outstanding that it deserves recognition by the Office of the President.

Sincerely,



August Schomburg, Jr.

Copy: Major General James H. Johnson, Jr.
Commanding General
82d Airborne Division
Fort Bragg, N.C. 28307-5100

113516

PR 005

The President

07 JAN 90
P 9305-00A

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mrs. Prescott S. Bush, Sr.
73 Links Road
Jupiter Island
Hobe Sound, Florida 33455



Dearest Mom -
Look at this, taken just before Nan came to see
you. We had all been exercising - Love - Amy

900129

CB

Personal

Rep. Dan Rostenkowski

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Rosty,
You knocked it clear
out of the park into the
parking lot.
I've been to every one
since 2 since 1970 and you

Jan. 29, 1990



114210
PP010

BY HAND 1/29/90

bec: John Sununu
Fred McClure
(personal)

CB

are Alfalfa's best.
You'll lose to me, of course,
but you were great —
I mean it!

Gy

From the desk of
George Bush

P



✓ send up today

done

BMM
7/29/90

Bush Library Photocopy
George Bush Handwriting

Document Originally
Attached to
Following Page

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

bcc: John Sununu

Fred McClure

(personal)



Jan. 29, 1990

Rosty,

You knocked it clean
out of the Park into the
Parking Lot.

I've been to every one
save 2 since 1970 and you

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Rep. Dan Rostenkowski

personal

are Alfalfa's best.
You'll lose to me, of course,
but you were great —
I mean it!

By

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

January 29, 1990

REMARKS BY THE PRESIDENT
AT THE NATIONAL RELIGIOUS BROADCASTERS' CONVENTION

The Sheraton Hotel
Washington, D.C.

2:13 P.M. EST

THE PRESIDENT: Thank you all very much. Thank you President Rose. Thank you very much. Thank you for that warm welcome and President Rose, Director Cook, new Director Gustavson, friend Pat Robertson, Dr. Robertson. My greetings to you all, and I certainly want to salute your leadership -- all the leadership of the NRB. And ladies and gentlemen. It's often said of a group or individual that he hasn't got a prayer. Well, I'm pleased to be with an audience about whom that will never be said. (Laughter and applause.)

This marks the fourth time that I've had the honor of addressing the annual convention of the National Religious Broadcasters. And once again, it is a delight to be back and I know I speak for Barbara in that regard as well.

In the spirit of the occasion, I want to make two vows. First, I'll be brief. And I know there's a mention in the Bible about the burning bush. (Laughter.) But I also know -- and I say this not with humility, but with objectivity -- compared to most around me here, I'm not that hot a speaker. (Laughter.) So I won't burden you.

But the second promise is for those of you way off in the back of the room, I'll try to speak up. Pat Robertson warned me that the agnostics in this room are very bad. (Laughter.)

Let me begin with some good news for modern man. There is no denying that America is a religious nation. And sure, differences exist over sect and theology. I'm reminded of what that French statesman Talleyrand once said of America, "I found there a country with 32 religions and only one sauce." (Laughter.) Well, yet we know -- you know these Frenchmen. (Laughter.) And yet, you know that what unites us, eclipses what divides us. For we believe that political values without moral values -- a moral underpinning -- cannot sustain a people. (Applause.)

And this afternoon I'd like to talk to you about those moral values. I speak of the qualities of tolerance and decency, courage and responsibility and, of course, faith. Values which remind us that while God can live without man, man cannot live without God. (Applause.) And today, amid political and economic upheaval, these values have not changed, nor will they be more crucial than in the 1990s.

And that, to paraphrase our founding document, "All men are endowed not by government but by their Creator with certain unalienable rights." And these rights include the freedom of expression and to think, dream and worship as we please. Equal protection under the law and the right to choose our leaders and our destinies. The inherent dignity of the individual. And we must manifest that dignity by the policies that we pursue.

For example, I believe that we should help parents obtain the best child care for their kids, and so we have sent legislation to Congress to make good that goal... But I want to ensure that parents, not bureaucrats, are the ones who decide how to care for these children. (Applause.) I will not see the option of religious-based child care restricted or eliminated. I will fight that every inch of the way. (Applause.)

And next there is the concern of every child, the quality and the diversity of America's schools. Our pioneering legislation, the Education Excellence Act of 1989, will spur excellence and demand accountability. For our kids sake, let's help American education make the grade.

We come next to an issue on which many Americans disagree, but for my part let me be very clear; I support the sanctity of life. (Applause.) We need policies that encourage adoption, not abortion (Applause.) And that comes right from the heart.

Finally, I continue to support a belief held by the overwhelming majority of Americans -- the right to voluntary school prayer. (Applause.) And so I continue to support a constitutional amendment restoring voluntary prayer. You see we need the faith of our Fathers back in our schools. (Applause.)

So, as we struggle to find answers to our pressing social problems, I will endorse policies that reflect the rights of the individual a concept as old as the scriptures. Rights which form the essence of America and that to other nations have become the message of America, for our freedoms have been carried to every corner of the Earth.

One year ago in my inaugural address I said, "the day of the dictator is over." And indeed, the last year has been a victory for the freedoms with which God has blessed the United States of America. We've seen the rights of man move mountains or, as in East Berlin, even move a wall. (Applause.) And think of Central America where men and women facing great personal risk work for human rights and against tyranny of any ideology.

And let me add, I am especially proud of our troops in Panama. (Applause.) Americans supported Operation Just Cause for a lot of reasons, but because democracy is a noble cause. And to the young soldiers who serve this country, every American thanks you. (Applause.)

Think next of South Africa and the Philippines where the values of church leaders have been a force for democratic change. And yes, in Eastern Europe too, where for centuries, faith has sustained those striving for freedom amid adversity.

Church -- 1982 -- members of that church began a weekly prayer for peace. In the services, students were taught nonviolence, and started the candlelight vigils that one day would rouse a continent. And the police came and threatened them. But the students vowed to stay, and did, becoming a light under the world.

And ultimately, that light spread to Dresden and East Berlin. And as it shone, a Wittenberg pastor said, "I would rather see a thousand drops of candle wax on the marketplace than one drop of blood." And there was no blood. Only the stirring sight last October of 70,000 workers in the streets and squares of Leipzig. And weapons? They carried candles. And their light was likened to a blizzard of fireflies in the night. Ask anyone that evening. They sought what we Americans enjoy; free markets, free elections and the exercise of free will unhampered by the state.

And they were propelled by many things; faith, not the least of them. And as they and others marched across Eastern Europe, the day of the dictator did end, and the day of democracy began.

Look at Bulgaria, where last month the state press agency conceded. People were wishing Merry Christmas to each other maybe for the first time without fear they would be accused of being religious.

And Czechoslovakia. There too, a victory for the rights of man. For years police chased carolers from Prague's Kings Road. And this Christmas, carols warmed the heart of the city and there was wonder in the air.

In the Soviet Union last year, Moscow hosted the first nationwide gatherings of Jews since the fall of the Czar.

And in Romania, still further victories. Christmas songs on the radio for the first time since 1946. And heroes who showed that you can't lock people behind walls forever, when moral conviction uplifts their hearts.

And let me close, then, with a story of two such heroes, both Romanian. And how their example illumined decency, courage and love. The first was a Lutheran minister, Laszlo Tokes, who dared to speak of freedom. So last November in Timisoara, masked thugs broke into the small apartment of Tokes and his pregnant wife. And they beat him. And they stabbed him. And the government allowed them no food and even parishioners were not permitted to bring bread. And finally, the police arrived to deport the pastor, but the flock protected him, forming a human chain around his apartment. And in time, the chain grew across the land until, as we celebrated Christmas, Romania's quest for freedom summoned lightness against the dark. Today, Laszlo Tokes ministers to ever larger numbers preaching his faith, but now preaching it without any fear at all.

As does another, Gheorghe Calciu, a Romanian Orthodox minister. His story proves you can't kill an idea. Or you can't destroy the human will. Father Calciu has spent 21 of his 64 years in jail -- 21 of his 64 years -- a third of his entire life in prison.

And in fact, he found God there while in prison for opposing the government. Released, he risked his freedom by

-- his would-be executioners were on their knees on the cold concrete of the cell.

Father Calciu is with us today. Father, it is an honor to salute you, and I know you're glad to be here -- (applause) -- and I'm sure you're glad to be here -- but I know, too, you hope to return to your native land. And in the season of miracles, who can doubt you will? For today, the times are on the side of peace because the world increasingly is on the side of God.

For my own part, I know this is true. For although I've been President for barely a year, I believe with all my heart that one cannot be America's President without a belief in God, without the strength that your faith gives to you. (Applause.) Another President, Dwight Eisenhower -- beloved Ike -- once said, "Free government is the political expression of a deeply-felt religious faith." Let each of us use his faith to express the noblest values of America so that together we can then serve the inalienable rights of man.

Thank you for your work, for your kindness to Barbara and me, and God bless you. And God bless our beloved land, the United States of America. Thank you very, very much. (Applause.)

END

2:32 P.M. EST

THE WHITE HOUSE
Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

January 29, 1990

PRESS BRIEFING ON THE PRESIDENT'S 1990 BUDGET
BY

SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY NICHOLAS BRADY;
DIRECTOR OF OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET RICHARD DARMAN;
AND CHAIRMAN OF THE COUNCIL OF ECONOMIC ADVISORS DR. MICHAEL BOSKIN

General Services Administration Auditorium
Washington, D.C.

11:00 A.M. EST

MR. FITZWATER: Good morning. Welcome this morning to the presentation of President Bush's Fiscal 1991 budget. Let me introduce each of these three gentlemen. They will have brief opening statements and then take your questions. When you ask the question, please direct to who it is you would like to ask the question of.

With us this morning are Secretary of Treasury Nicholas Brady, who will lead off; the Chairman of the Council of Economic Advisors, Dr. Michael, Boskin will go second; and the Director of The Office of Management and Budget, Richard Darman.

So with that, I'd like to introduce Secretary Brady.

SECRETARY BRADY: Thank you, Marlin. It's not obvious that the GSA is paying attention to Director Darman's management by directives. (Laughter.) But maybe we'll get that done this next year.

Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. This morning, the President transmitted to the Congress his budget for Fiscal Year 1991. The budget will meet the Gramm-Rudman-Hollings deficit reduction target through spending restraint and with no new taxes. The budget provides sufficient reserves to fund new initiatives by President Bush in education, the environment, and in the war against drugs. And it is based on a forecast of continued moderate growth in the economy.

Mike Boskin will comment on the economic forecast, and Dick Darman will provide details on the budget itself. And then we'll be glad to answer your questions.

But before that, I'd like to make just a few comments on our effort to sustain economic growth and improve our nation's ability to compete in the world economy by encouraging savings and long-term investment. Our national savings rate and our national investment rate have fallen behind both our own historical performance and the performance of our major international competitors. Increasing our domestic savings rate will lower the cost of capital and allow us to meet our domestic investment needs without excessive reliance on foreign capital inflows.

in the international economic scene.

The bottom line is, we can pay U.S. workers higher rates and improve our standard of living.

The most important proposal in the President's budget to encourage long-term investment is reducing the budget deficit. The budget deficit soaks up savings to finance government consumption, diverting these funds from productive private investment. By meeting the GRH deficit reduction target in this budget, we continue on a path towards eliminating the chronic federal budget deficits that become a dominant factor in eroding the national savings rate. And we're making progress. In Fiscal Year 1986, we had a federal budget deficit of \$221 billion, which we expect to reduce to \$124 billion in the current fiscal year.

The budget proposal for 1991 which you have before you would reduce that figure to \$63 billion and keep us firmly on the path toward a balanced budget in 1993 as required by law. This progress in reducing the budget deficit is even more dramatic when you measure it as a percentage of the GNP.

Since 1983, we've cut the size of the federal budget deficit in half as a share of GNP from six percent to three percent last year -- well in line with most OECD nations.

By the end of Fiscal '91 we expect the deficit to fall at just under 1.1 percent of GNP.

The President's budget proposes channeling an amount equal to the annual cash surplus of the Social Security system after 1993 into an integrity fund which will be dedicated to debt reduction. Thus, the Social Security trust fund will become a real trust fund investing in America's future. But it should be noted that the President's budget for Fiscal '91 shows a declining deficit in the general budget, even if Social Security trust fund surplus is not counted.

The President's budget contains several other significant initiatives that will increase savings and lower the cost of capital. The President proposes a new family savings account that will give American families an opportunity to save through a simple and understandable tax-free savings incentive program.

A family in the 28 percent tax bracket that contributes \$5,000 each year to a family savings account which would pay eight percent interest would have almost \$395,000 saved after 25 years; over \$114,000 more than they could save in a taxable account. This, too, will strengthen our economy and create jobs, and hopefully economic opportunity for all Americans.

The President also proposes that we restore permanent tax reduction for long-term capital gains. This would lower the cost of capital and provide an incentive for long-term investment in the American economy that again will create jobs and make an American business that is more competitive in the international economy -- economy.

The budget also includes a plan to help people to buy

I'm going to be able to stay until about 11:40 a.m. and then have to go back to a meeting with the Treasury. But we'll take questions after Mike and Dick finish.

DR. BOSKIN: Thanks, Nick. You should have a handout which I'm going to refer to in a second. Much attention focuses on the administration's economic outlook, both as our outlook on where the economy is headed for its own sake, but today in particular, and in this time of the year as it affects projected budget outcomes. That's understandable, but it's important to understand that the budget outcomes -- how and how much we spend, how and how much we tax, the path of the budget deficit -- affect the course of the economy as well, it affects the allocation of the entire gross national product and its growth over time.

The assumptions presented in the budget and in the handout which I will refer to in a moment are conditional on two very important facts occurring. They are made consistent with the President's proposals, and are conditional upon the President's proposals such as those just outlined by Secretary Brady and others to be discussed by Director Darman in a moment -- especially the strong effort to reduce the budget deficit, the budget balance, and then to reduce the national debt thereafter; and other proposals to expand and enhance the economy's potential, to produce and to make certain we spend a larger fraction of our time at the economy's potential than we have in previous decades. So it's conditional on those proposals being adopted.

It is also conditional -- and I emphasize this -- on the rejection of various other proposals that abound which would have adverse economic consequences. These range from the piling on of substantial additional costs to the economy and disruption to the economy to achieve a little additional environmental benefit above and beyond the strong environmental package the President has sent up in our clean air proposals. Some of these are being considered in the Senate and would add oppressive additional costs to the economy, to yanking large amounts of revenue out of the revenue base. So it's conditional on all those things.

As you know from your own experience and as you've heard me say at the mid-session review and in the White House Briefing Room and elsewhere, economic forecasting is a science, but an inexact one. Knowing exactly when there are going to be strikes, what future course of foreign events are going to be, how the economy, its consumers and its firms will respond to changing events and whether they'll do so exactly as they have in the past, are difficult to predict.

So to reflect this, something that all three of us have indicated in our testimony over the last year, in this year's budget there is an innovation which will provide not only our forecast, but also some information on how different paths of the economy with different rates of economic growth and unemployment, inflation and interest rates might affect future budget outcomes -- it's the more extensive discussion of that than the simple traditional tables that were there before to show what would happen if one of those variables deviated from the baseline forecast.

If you'll turn to Page 3, I want to talk about these -- because they were originally prepared for internal use, say "Council of Economic Advisors," but let me repeat what most of you know -- the administration's economic assumptions and analysis done by a troika of the Council of Economic Advisors, the Treasury Department and the Office of Management and Budget -- a large number of exceptionally capable and dedicated professionals in all three organizations working as a team.

I want to just say a word about what happened in 1989 because the last time you heard us discuss this was at the mid-session review. At the mid-session review, we were widely regarded in that forecast as having been substantially more credible than the Reagan administration forecast we inherited, but we also heard that we were being optimistic that inflation and interest rates would fall later in the year and that growth would continue and so on.

And it turns out that, taking a look at the accuracy on the third page, that the economy behaved almost exactly in 1989 as we expected.

Now, obviously there are a whole bunch of effects that went on -- some cancelling each other out, and this is no guarantee of accuracy in the future -- but real growth in 1989 was 2.9 percent above what it was in GNP over 1988 -- exactly what we had forecast. We were exactly on the button for the unemployment rate and the long-term interest rates; almost exactly on for short-term interest rates. And I remember the biggest howl at the mid-session came up when we said we expected inflation to abate substantially in the second half of the year. And you may recall at this time last year, there were some large temporary increases in the inflation rate and it turns out we were not optimistic enough in how far it came down, and actually it came down somewhat more -- a little more than we anticipated.

This is one of the most accurate forecasts in the history of the mid-session review. The budget, right behind it, is a set of bar diagrams which will show you how accurate across all the variables we were relative to other people with whom we are compared. As a matter of fact, undoubtedly there was a certain amount of luck as well as good judgment involved in this. But if you take all 52 of the private blue-chip forecasters and add up their errors for all the variables forecast, it turns out that we were more accurate than each and every one of them for 1989.

That won't guarantee success in the future, obviously, but I do hope that it will indicate that we've got our sleeves rolled up and we are trying to take the economic outlook and forecasting exercise and the monitoring of the economy very seriously.

This President is very actively involved in continuing in not only the decisions that are involved that you're hearing about today, but he keeps in close contact with the performance of the economy.

Let me talk about our expectations about the short and long run -- the first two pages. These are in detail in the full budget document. We thought it would be easier just for me to

potential, given the rate of growth of the labor force and productivity of around 3 percent. We expect our proposals will be -- if implemented, will enable us to achieve that kind of growth, and are an important component of the long-run economic outlook.

That same kind of path of a little slower growth in late '89 and '90 and then a rebound is more or less the pattern that is evident in almost all private forecasts. It would be aided greatly, as I indicated, by the serious prompt consideration and adoption of the President's proposals. We expect inflation and unemployment to be relatively unchanged in 1990 and '91, and then as we move out beyond that period of time, we expect the success of the economy in achieving its growth without accelerating inflation to reduce inflationary expectations and inflation and interest rates will gradually decline thereafter, especially as we move to a much smaller budget deficit, budget balance and reducing the debt.

I'll leave it at that and turn it over to Dick Darman, and be happy to take questions later on.

DIRECTOR DARMAN: Thank you very much, Chairman Boskin, Secretary Brady. I'll just add six relatively quick introductory points. First, some may note -- some have noted -- the change in the physical structure of the budget. May I respectfully suggest that the more important change is in the intellectual structure of the budget. It gives greater attention to the future than has previously been characteristic by separately focusing on both issues of investment in the future and on the full range of contingent liabilities.

Second, among the areas of investment one might highlight, in addition to those already mentioned, are these: Record-high federal support for research and development -- over \$70 billion. Record-high investment in the exploration and use of space, including a \$2.9 billion increase for NASA -- up 24 percent. Record-high investment in education -- \$24.6 billion, and in Head Start up \$.5 billion to its highest level ever. Record-high investment in the National Drug Control Strategy -- up \$2.8 billion in outlays; a 41 percent increase. Over \$2 billion in new budget authority -- new budget authority for initiatives to protect the environment. A \$2.5 billion investment in modernizing the national airspace system, up 45 percent. And a \$2.2 billion investment in HOPE grants as part of a larger effort to bring opportunity and progress to distressed communities.

This, of course, is simply an illustrative set in a budget that is over \$1.23 trillion -- roughly the size of the entire West German economy.

Third, for those interested in how deficit reduction is nonetheless achieved, I would point you toward the increase in revenues from continued economic growth -- \$83.5 billion -- and from new receipt measures -- \$13.3 billion. The reforms of mandatory programs which are discussed in Section 5 in detail, beginning at Page 181 in the Budget Book.

The reductions in defense, and finally the reductions in selected nondefense discretionary programs which are also noted in detail in the section that commences at Page 271.

budget discipline -- we need budget discipline now more than ever. This past year, we started to use sequester seriously for the first time with across-the-board cuts. We're beginning to get the deficit under responsible control. But exactly because the discipline of sequester may be effective, some are proposing to get rid of it. We will not accept the repeal of sequester.

Sixth, and finally, while one might speak of the budget in terms of children's games, as I have done, at some point, the system is obliged to be serious. At some point, partisan posturing must yield to the responsibility to govern. And for our part, we look forward to meeting that responsibility as we work with the Congress seeking to legislate, not just to present, a responsible budget. We look forward also to trying to respond to your questions. Thank you.

Questions?

Q Mr. Secretary, you talked about the need for foreign capital, and that need has spooked the financial markets in the last few weeks. I understand your savings program is designed to deal with that. Can you explain to us how concerned you are about the need for foreign capital, and how do you explain the market's reaction in the last few weeks?

SECRETARY BRADY: Well, it's a generally accepted fact that our securities markets are the beneficiary of the investment of foreign capital. This has been true in this country since the days when the English invested in the country at the beginning of our country's history.

The level of investment today in the United States by foreigners is, I think, some 14 percent in terms of our securities, which is down from the high of 17 percent some years earlier. So the markets do change. There's an enormous interest now in the German stock market and Eastern Europe because of the change in events there. It's no surprise that if that happens with the rapidity of the way funds move around the world, that our markets go down for a while. I don't think it's worrying.

Q Mr. Darman, we've heard a lot in the last couple of days about the budget being the cookie monster, and yet I'm sure we're going to hear from the Democrats very shortly that it's written by a man who may be another Sesame Street character, Oscar the Grouch. And my question is, you have talked about "The Hidden Pacman" and you talked about the complaint that Congress has got programs that are gobbling up the budget in the future. You've neglected to talk about perhaps what might be called some other video games -- the superconducting super collider, which costs billions -- a Bush proposal. The trip to Mars is going to cost many billions -- a Bush proposal. The capital gains tax -- although you say it's likely to bring in revenues, Democrats say it's going to cost a lot -- in the billions -- in a couple of years.

So my question is, since you just talked about the need to stop partisan posturing, how do you respond to the charges that you want things your way, and you don't want to give in to recognize the Democrats?

development, from which all mankind will benefit. It's our responsibility to the future to make sure we invest in that. So as a matter of the President's and our judgment of priorities, that does get heavy emphasis.

Obviously, if we don't get the growth of mandatory programs in the budget, which have now risen to roughly half the budget -- and you add interest to that and you're almost at 65 percent of the budget -- if we don't get that growth under control, we as a society and civilization won't be able to make such investments. Nobody should want that.

Now, as to what are the best investments for the future, obviously there will be differences in the political system, and that's exactly what the democratic political process is supposed to try to resolve. We do not believe that we have the only set of correct answers. We fully expect to negotiate with the Congress about priorities, and that is what the system is all about.

Q If I can follow up. You talk about the superconductor being a force for the future, but you've chosen to propose eliminating mass transit subsidies, dismantle Amtrak. Why are those not important? Why is it more important to move protons and not people?

DIRECTOR DARMAN: Well, they're both important. One has to do with -- or, the difference has to do with the division of responsibilities within the federal system and in the relations between the public and private sector. There are some kinds of investment in long-term research and development, particularly projects where the return is in the very distant future and where the scale of capital required is very large, that private firms won't invest, and individual states and localities won't invest. And yet, if a civilization is to pioneer in basic research -- and we have to start with the presumption that that's ultimately to everyone's benefit -- that is a federal responsibility, and we say we should step up to the responsibility.

With respect to mass transit, or Amtrak, you're correct, and we explicitly, as we note in the mandatory section, point out that we are cutting in those areas and we try to explain why. In the case of mass transit, it's -- again, we feel the federal investment has been made. We're not cutting it to zero, of course, but that a large portion of what remains to be done can be done through local and metropolitan financial systems; and paying at that level. That's where the principal benefit is. And localities, by and large, will do that.

With respect to Amtrak, it's a different matter. Amtrak is moving toward profitability, thanks to the excellent management of Graham Claytor. We're pleased with that. More and more of its costs are being covered. In that sense, the federal subsidy is looking better for the future. But by the same token, the ability of the railroad to move private altogether is something we should look toward. The federal government's responsibility is not to run the railroads in this country. And this one's in a healthy state of transition and we'd just like to accelerate the transition.

We're willing, as the budget notes, to help work on the

defense, are you saying the administration would prefer sequester to a compromise with Congress that included tax hikes and --

DIRECTOR DARMAN: No, not at all. We have the exact same position we had last year, which is that a sequester is at best second best. It's always preferable to approach the process of priority-setting more rationally to say some things should go up, some should go down. Let's negotiate about that and settle that on the merits in good faith. If we can't settle it, however, that way, the law provides that there is a more crude way -- just across-the-board adjustment. That has to be second best. It can't ever be judged to be preferable to a rational political approach.

But by the same token, if you care about fiscal responsibility, you have to be pleased that that discipline is there, and you shouldn't wish to weaken it in the slightest. It can be a prod to resolving things the right way, and that's what we hope it will be. If that doesn't work, we will live with sequester once again.

Q What if the choice is tax hikes or a sequester?

SECRETARY BRADY: I don't think that's the only choice.

Q Mr. Darman?

DIRECTOR DARMAN: Admirable brevity -- (laughter) --

Q You've said that education is a priority in this budget, and yet, outside of Head Start proposals, education is actually going to be underneath the inflation rate in this proposal. How do you -- those two?

DIRECTOR DARMAN: Well, first of all, education is going to be at a record high level in our budget. Second of all, we have a discussion in the education section which is called investing in human capital in the early part of the budget, which explains our view as to what is the appropriate federal role and what isn't and so on. And you've heard much of that before, but I would call it to your attention. We are not saying money is the answer; it so happens that we're investing in a way that sets a record high level. On the particular point about if you compare -- what you're in effect doing is comparing with current services and the inflation adjustment. The reason the department as a whole is not going up quite as much as I think your standard would suggest it should, is importantly related to the fact that interest rates are coming down.

This is -- I may say as an aside, has been misreported in the early reporting on the budget. There's been talk about student loans being cut by \$600 million. Student loans are an entitlement program and the amount that one spends on them is a function of the estimate of how many people will choose to take them, who are eligible, and the interest rates. And because interest rates are coming down, the forecast amount for student loans is coming down by about \$600 million. That accounts for almost all of what you're talking about. The actual loan volume available to students is not coming down. We estimate it would stay the same, but we're not proposing to change the law in the way that would make it shrink.

baseline deficit with our assumptions is \$100 billion for '91, and Congress is saying it's \$138 billion for '91. That's just a small factual correction, okay? In the premise of the question.

Now, to explain that. That difference of \$38 billion is interestingly almost entirely accounted for by the difference in our economic assumption about -- they're almost -- \$37 billion of it is accounted for by differences in economics. And the flip side of that point is, almost none of it is a difference in technical estimates. This relates to your point about gimmicks -- Let me just finish this piece -- if there were a big difference between us on what are called gimmicks, you would have some part of the difference explained by difference in so-called "technical estimates" and some part economics. This is almost a 100 percent explained by the difference in the economic assumptions, principally an .8 percent difference in the real growth rate between them and us; both for '90 and for '91.

Last point -- I know I'm going too long, but gimmicks is an important issue. We have taken great pains this year to produce a budget in which the technical estimates are fully defensible as a matter of integrity and responsible intellectual analysis. And we have taken great pains to exclude gimmicks with one exception which we specifically note is a gimmick. And if you look at some of the tables, you'll see we present the deficit with the gimmick and without the gimmick. And we make the target both ways. Now let me tell you why we included the gimmick.

Q What is it?

DIRECTOR DARMAN: The gimmick is an acceleration of the payroll tax which was done last year in reconciliation by the Congress. And the reason we've done it is because the Congress has set it up as a gimmick they intend to use again. They changed the policy to say that withholding should be reduced, the payments to the federal government should be accelerated so that when private parties withholding taxes get the money, they don't get the float; they provide it in one day to the federal government. That's kind of an acceleration.

They did that for fiscal year '90 and took credit for it. Then they slipped the law and had it say, but for '91 it's two days and for '92 it's three days. So that they can go do the same trick again. And we've just said that's a trick, it's their trick, we'll call it what it is. We'll identify it. It's good policy to have it be one day. We'll call it a gimmick which is what it is and we won't use it to reach \$64 billion.

DR. BOSKIN: Let me just add a word since this issue came up about the economic forecast and the assumption comparing the CBO and the administration. Dick properly identified the primary difference as CBO being a little more pessimistic and us being a little more optimistic about real growth in 1990 and '91. When you compound even, you know, modest differences they do have important impacts on ultimate budget outcomes on the deficit on the bottom line, those are presented in these three paths we've discussed in the budget. I would just say that while there are these differences, they're -- both the CBO and our estimates are well within the range of private forecasts that are being made, and the differences that remain, while not insignificant and are certainly important from this standpoint, are vastly less than those that were the case

single user fee is explained, priced, not only for the coming year, but for future years. I think you'll find it a convenient summary. In addition, the Treasury is putting out their so-called blue book which lays out all of the tax portions of that. And the combination of those two I think will tell you everything you could normally wish to know on the subject.

Q Well, perhaps you could then take it into a little bit further and perhaps you could use your duck analogy on some of these and explain why they are not new taxes.

SECRETARY BRADY: Generally speaking -- we'll get the list here in front of us in a minute -- but they are either continuation of existing taxes that expired, or increases in user's fee. The largest amount, I believe -- we haven't got the table in front of it. I think you will find when we get there is that increase in the capital gains tax.

Q On the Social Security proposal, what happens after 1992 when you create your integrity funds? At that point, do you begin paying back the money that has been borrowed from Social Security, or do you just forget about that \$500 billion -- the money that is now being used for deficit reduction?

DIRECTOR DARMAN: No, I'm sorry. There's no need to pay back money that has been borrowed from Social Security at this time. The Social Security Trust Funds hold the best securities in the world: U.S. Treasuries. We don't propose to change that. We propose to let that continue to build up and be protected, to be available for redemption when necessary at the time the baby boom generation retires. You don't want to use those now and you don't want to convert them into something else. They're in the best possible form they could be, and they collect interest.

What we're doing with ours is a separate matter. What we're doing is saying, when you get to the future -- and you have to pay the baby boom generation -- which, if you allow the reserves to continue to build up, you do have to do. That's a good thing; we want to protect those benefits. But if you want to be able to do it without threatening the economic system as a whole in the future, the debt burden for the society as a whole has to be reasonable. So between now and then, we want to get the debt burden down. In the future, there will have to be borrowing to redeem those securities. And what you don't want to do is pile up all the borrowing between now and then so that when the then comes you can't do more borrowing. Is that moderately clear?

Q Mr. Darman, in your essay, you talk about a deficit -- a problem of huge proportion. It's rather frightening some of the numbers you use for the Pacman. In the budget that follows, however, you suggest that we need not make any hard choices, that we can reach budget nirvana without new taxes, with a few billion dollars of cuts here and a few billion dollars extra for a few things there. How can you resolve this apparent paradox?

DIRECTOR DARMAN: Well, let me try. It's a good question and an important one, in my opinion. These hidden Pacmen, as I have called them, these big potential liabilities for the future under the many headings that I identify, those would not be manageable in the

short-term one. It's exactly because of the long-term problems that we have to make sure that every single year we're responsible about that year's installment. And that year's installment can be in manageable increments.

What we don't want to do is fail to make the annual installments because then the size of the problem won't be manageable. And what do I mean by annual installments? I mean, little changes in the program's structure so that the outyear growth isn't so great. A little bit more restraint on the rate of growth, the health costs, a little bit more restraining credit programs, insurance programs and so on. Improved management oversight and efficiency. And so on down -- a list of things that can keep this within manageable bounds.

One further point. If, at the same time, we make these sensible investments in the future, there'll be greater economic growth and greater ability to service all of these obligations when they come due. And so I think it's intellectually internally consistent.

Q Secretary Brady, are you determined that capital gains does not apply to corporations, or is that distinction made simply because of the budgetary impacts?

SECRETARY BRADY: No. Yes, we have determined that capital gains taxes do not apply to corporations, and to some extent it is because it's expensive.

Q In addition to having your budget dependent upon certain economic assumptions that you make, it seems it's also the case that it's based on the national security assumptions that you must be making to make up this budget. Now, how can you do that, given that President Bush last week himself said that there is a great deal of uncertainty about the future of the leadership of the Soviet Union and what kind of policies might follow on if Gorbachev, for example, were to fall from power?

DIRECTOR DARMAN: Well, it's difficult under every one of these headings; there's uncertainties with respect to every single one of them. But I think it is now rather generally agreed that the Warsaw Pact is in radically different condition than it was a year ago, and that the prospect of that being quickly reversed is very, very small. So there's some downward adjustment that one can make without having it be viewed as excessively risky or irresponsible.

The President's budget, as you know, involves a minus 2.6 percent proposed rate of real growth for defense for fiscal year '91 and then minus 2 percent every year thereafter. I believe it's the first time a president has ever recommended five years' worth of negative growth for defense.

I wish more people were worried about what your question suggests one should worry about, and that is: A, the problems of reversibility, and B, other responsibilities around the world. It seems that the political system is interested in going even faster, not slower.

Q You just said that you want this budget to be taken

big proposal to restructure the IRS which claims -- I don't know what the exact figure is -- but I think it's several million dollars --

DR. BOSKIN: Three.

Q -- in higher receipts. Doesn't all of this send precisely the wrong signal to the Congress -- that it's time for yet another year where you understate the size of the problem and make a minimal contribution to dealing with it?

DR. BOSKIN: Well, let me start with the first part of that and if Nick or Dick want to respond to the second, that's fine.

I don't believe that these err on the side of optimism. I think that's a legacy perhaps of -- however accurate or not -- of remnants of the way the previous administration's economic assumptions were described. I gave you the record for 1989 and I promise you every year I'll give you the record, whether it's good or bad.

There are many respected private forecasters that expect the economy to be more robust than we do, including, as an example, The Research Seminar on Quantitative Economics, University of Michigan, one of the 52 blue-chip who was a two-time winner of The Most Accurate Forecasters Award.

Q But they also expect --

DR. BOSKIN: Let me just finish. The point that I think you guys fail to emphasize is that our forecast is conditional on the President's proposals being adopted. Private forecasters make their own evaluation of how, as we move through the budget process, what will happen. So if you look at the future course of interest rates, we are assuming the President's proposals are adopted, the deficit has reduced substantially, we're moving toward reducing the national debt in the mid-90's and so on -- that these tax proposals Secretary Brady described will be enacted and so on. These other forecasters -- private forecasters -- are making their own guesses or judgments about that. We obviously have a consistent document, estimate what will happen conditional on the President's proposals being adopted. I think they're more than defensible; I think they're the most accurate possible, under those circumstances.

SECRETARY BRADY: Let me just finish with Paul.

Paul, I don't think there's any attempt to overstate or understate. I would only point that the mid-session review, if you take a look at those, the economic assumptions that was put forward by the troika at that time is, I believe, more accurate than any similar forecast at that particular -- was made at that particular time.

With regard to this next year, obviously the slowdown in the fourth quarter makes everybody nervous. But there is an equal number of people who feel that we're going to bounce back in the first quarter and go on to have a pretty good year. So, I don't think you can say it's overstated.

With regard to the IRS, the two adjustments that were

deficit to be \$124 billion. If the economic forecasts were so good just two months ago when reconciliation was passed, how come we're missing it by \$24 billion already?

DIRECTOR DARMAN: Well, it's a \$122 billion in some of the notes you'll see, and the difference between the \$22 billion and \$24 billion has to do with postal treatment, just in case somebody's confused on that point. If you look in the budget, in the Appendix under the heading that's in the Table of Contents that says Baseline Estimates, you'll see that there is an explanation of the change from the sequester estimate to now. Among curious things that have happened since then are the repeal of catastrophic health insurance and miscellaneous -- other highly significant changes -- but they're noted in the crosswalk between the two.

By the way, I would note for the record that we were obliged under Gramm-Rudman to use exactly the technical and economic assumptions -- this is the law; it's irrational, but it's the law -- exactly the technical and economic assumptions in October and November that we had specified in July. And many of those technical assumptions logically changed, but the law says you can't change, so you couldn't adjust your estimate. But I was saying to anybody who asked, in fact I said it on national television when they said, "Does this mean you're going to hit \$110 billion?" And I said, "No, I think we'll be in the \$120 billion to \$130 billion range," but under the Gramm-Rudman estimating procedure, it means we'll hit \$110 billion, which we did.

DOCTOR BOSKIN: Let me just add a couple of points again about the economic outlook and so on. I think if you want to get some idea of what this concern is about, our forecast for real GNP growth for fourth quarter over fourth quarter 1990 of 2.6 percent is substantially less than the average rate of economic growth the United States has experienced for the last 40 years -- a period that includes seven recessions and a couple of really substantially bad years. So I think for anybody to suggest that that's not reasonable -- well within the range of reasonable -- it is our best estimate, conditional on, again, these proposals being adopted. In addition to the deficit reduction, we have proposals in the budget to strengthen rather than weaken the Gramm-Rudman-Hollings process, and as Nick and Dick have mentioned, to start reducing the national debt. If that is implemented, that will have favorable impacts on expectations and on long-term interest rates.

Q Dr. Boskin, how do you interpret what the stock market seems to be saying? A, it has collapsed since the start of the year, or at least fallen. Secondly -- (laughter.)

DR. BOSKIN: Are you repricing your portfolio weekly of

--

Q No. (Laughter.) One of the key reasons given for that decline is concern that the flow of foreign capital will, if it hasn't already, begin to subside. That will bring higher interest rates in this country and just dash your projections right down the tubes. How concerned are you about that?

DR. BOSKIN: We always monitor the situation carefully. In the budget, we've indicated several alternative paths the economy could follow. Let me specifically say a word about the stock market

stock market is still substantially above where it was a year ago. I don't want to get into an argument about what these movements are about.

We certainly are concerned about the saving in the United States. We believe it responsible if America as a nation -- our households, our businesses and our governments -- save more. The most important thing to do about that is to have our government borrow less. We believe that will have beneficial impacts on the supply of capital on financial markets and on the cost of capital.

Q Director Darman, are you concerned that the words in your 14-page preamble are going to inflame Democrats on the Hill? And do you intend to be the point man in the debate over the budget; since your introduction of those 14 pages and the President's was just one?

DIRECTOR DARMAN: Well, actually, I don't think that the introduction should be viewed as, in any way confrontational or contentious, compared with the normal standardized set. (Laughter.) It should be viewed as an improvement. (Laughter.)

Q Can you comment on the fact that, in the fourth quarter there was less than one percent GNP growth, and there are as many people forecasting that it will be another less-than-one percent growth in the first quarter as there are forecasting more robust growth? Can you gauge -- what is your forecast on what will happen in the first quarter, and do you think Gramm-Rudman will be thrown out? And if that happens, what do you think the impact would be on the economy?

DR. BOSKIN: Well, first let me say that we had predicted slower growth in late '89 and early '90. What you're referring to is the feature of the Gramm-Rudman law which allows by vote on a joint resolution the suspension of the Gramm-Rudman targets for that year and the following fiscal year. Certainly, we cannot be sure that the economy will grow more than one percent in the first quarter of 1990.

The important thing -- the reason this is in the law was to -- not to have a contractionary fiscal policy superimposed on an economy which was heading downward. So the important thing would be to look forward. And if we saw the economy was improving, it would be irresponsible -- suppose hypothetically, for example, the first quarter came in at .9 and the fourth quarter held under one percent, but it looked like the economy was improving. It would be inconsistent with the intent of the law to suspend Graham-Rudman, and we would hope under those circumstances it would not be suspended.

Q Mr. Darman could you give us page numbers for any listing you may have on the budget compilations of new initiatives as well as the proposed cuts? Do you have them bunched together in the budget?

DIRECTOR DARMAN: No. There are so many new initiatives that we had to take a couple of hundred pages. But if you -- I know it's maybe a bit of a burden, but if you do look at the first 200 pages, that's where most of the initiatives are.

we don't think it's the correct prospective.

May I note one other thing? If you are looking through that compilation, you will find that the total Medicare cuts do not add up to the number that has been used in the newspaper. They add up to \$4.468 billion, and both television and news for some reason have been using a number around \$8.5 billion to \$8 billion. I don't know where that number has come from, except for from leaks three or four months ago.

There is another place that you have to look which is for discretionary programs. And that starts on page 271. The combination of those two, plus the defense cuts will provide for you a list of all of the cuts, and in most cases, a rationale for them.

Q On the deficit you project \$63 billion. If that's so, why are you projecting the national debt to go up by more than \$200 billion?

DIRECTOR DARMAN: There's two kinds of debt. There is debt held by the public, which is the bonds the Treasury sells to the public. And then there is debt the government owes itself. And when you have the annual discussion of the debt limit, that's about the combination of those two. It includes, for example, the debt to the Social Security trust fund, which is not debt to the public, it's the government owes itself. And that's what explains the difference between the two. The number \$63 billion or \$64 billion, the consolidated budget deficit numbers -- subject to some minor qualifications, is very, very close -- in fact, this is the reason it exists -- is very, very close to telling you what you actually need to borrow from the public. That's its rationale. It's a cash budget. It tells you how much you're going to be cash long or cash short. The larger number -- the larger debt number tells you not only how much you're cash short but also how much you are incurring in the way of obligations to yourself that would have to be paid sometime in the future.

Q There are many more trust funds than just Social Security that you are borrowing from, right?

DIRECTOR DARMAN: Not borrowing from, actually some of the -- that's been done in the past; we're doing less of that now. We're going to be spending -- every amount that comes in is going to go out for highway trust funds, the same for airports. We're changing the policy of the past, which was one that used the surplus from these other trust funds annually in the same way that is now being criticized with respect to Social Security. We're trying to change all of these things.

SECRETARY BRADY: I know this lady has a Treasury question here and I've got to go. So I'm going to --

Q The budget discusses the need for a bridge financing and for the S&L cleanup, but the administration still hasn't laid its plan on the table. What's the holdup in coming up with an -- working capital plan, and how do you think that plan can be shaped to be acceptable to Congress?

SECRETARY BRADY: Well, there's no holdup. What we've

because eventually that money -- it'll all come back out the other end of the system, or hopefully most of it will come out. So what we've told Congress, who has a keen interest, is this, is as soon as they come back, and they are back, we'll work on a system whereby this will make sense. I say "make sense," because the one thing you don't want to do, for working capital purposes, is jack the deficit way down in one year and when those assets are sold the next year reduce the deficit, because those are receipts -- as we book these things in our system -- so that you could increase the receipts to the government by more than the whole deficit itself. You could theoretically pay off \$60 billion of working capital loans in the following year when the deficit's supposed to be -- is it \$30 billion billion, \$60 billion --

DIRECTOR DARMAN: It's \$28 billion.

SECRETARY BRADY: -- \$28 billion, and you'd have a surplus in that particular year, which completely gave a picture that was misleading. So it's a complicated question. It needs thorough understanding and debate by all of the people who are interested in the Congress, and I have no doubt that we'll come to a solution which makes sense.

Q Secretary Brady, do you believe that there's any way you can get a capital gains tax cut from Congress this year, without, at the same time, Congress being able to pass some sort of middle class tax release, whether it be the Moynihan Plan or IRA, from middle class taxpayers and so forth? Do you anticipate that they'll be some linkage that will have to take place in order to get capital gains?

SECRETARY BRADY: Well, you know, you may very well be a better person to answer that question than I am. All I know is, I am greatly encouraged by the enthusiasm I see out of the leaders in Congress who are giving us encouragement by saying that it seems quite clear that this kind of a tax is going to go through. Now, if they mean that there's going to be some added amendments on that, which are going to make the whole proposition something different, we simply have to look at that at that point in time. I might also say that this whole discussion should be looked at as a savings and investment issue, so that if there is an IRA, or other changes, then to me, that's a good thing. If it's a back-end IRA, it has one kind of effect; a front-end IRA has another kind of effect.

In the family savings plan that we're proposing as part of this initiative, the budgetary effects in the next five years are limited. So that to me, the point is to look at it all as a savings plan and if we look at it that way, there'll be a to-and-fro between Congress and the administration. And I'm absolutely convinced -- because the public wants it -- that we'll come out with something that will increase the savings in this country; we have to do it.

I'm going to leave you and turn you over to Marlin Fitzwater.

MR. FITZWATER: Secretary Brady has to depart. Let's take one final question and then we'll break for the morning.

Let's go back to the back, back here. Bill?

notwithstanding, the difficulties at the tail-end last year, we very much do want to work with them constructively this year. That's genuine. They've both been pleasant and favorably responsive to that; but I'm sure, of course, the test will be in the actual behavior by all of us.

I would hope very much that we could approach this in a serious and responsible way. I think the people in the political system who go through this kind of argument on something or other every year, have shown themselves consistently to be able to go ahead the next year and work on things again, cooperatively, constructively, responsibly. Members of Congress have to do that. Certainly, committee chairmen have to in order to be successful and we do, too. We certainly have absolutely no ill will with respect to the problems that we encountered at the end of last year. We understand them. It's time to move on and try to be constructive this year. I believe that they will approach it on the same basis. I think we'll see early partisan posturing, which is natural.

The key is that we not get to the point where it's what you might consider unnatural -- excessive. There's always going to be some in the system, and what would be nice is that we go through the next few days with the natural criticism that always takes place after the President presents his budget to a party of the -- that is the opposition. After that, I hope we all get down to constructive work. We certainly intend to.

MR. FITZWATER: Thank you very much.

END

12:09 P.M. EST

12:00 P.M. NEWS UPDATE

BUDGET (Jacqueline Frank, Reuter) -- President Bush sent to Congress Monday a proposed \$1.2 trillion blueprint for spending in fiscal 1991 that calls for lowering the deficit to \$63.1 billion without raising taxes. The budget plan includes a \$306.9 billion authorization for defense, slightly higher than the \$301.6 billion authorized for the current fiscal 1990, but about 2 percent less than the rate of inflation. The proposed spending represents a 3 percent increase over 1990 spending. But the fiscal 1991 spending rise would be offset by a 9 percent increase in revenues.

(Martin Crutsinger, AP) -- President Bush Monday sent Congress a \$1.23 trillion budget for next year that slows the growth in military spending and calls for no general tax increase as part of a plan to cut the federal deficit by half. Bush proposed hefty spending increases for the 1991 fiscal year in space exploration, cleaning up the environment and the Head Start pre-school program. He also recommended cuts in Medicare, college student loans and farm subsidies, among other domestic programs. Bush's budget -- the first one his Administration has written from scratch -- was certain to provoke sharp debate in the Democratic-controlled Congress.

(Charles Abbott, UPI) -- The White House proposed elimination of the federally subsidized crop insurance program Monday but it offered to work with Congress to find a replacement for it. The Administration's fiscal 1991 budget for the Agriculture Department also called for a \$1.5 billion cut in farm subsidies -- without specifying how to achieve it -- but still, at \$48.7 billion, would spend slightly more than this year. It also proposed a \$277 million increase in export subsidies, a \$1.5 billion cut at the Farmers Home Administration by replacing some loans with housing vouchers and interest rate subsidies for privately financed loans and a sharp increase in research to protect food and water safety.

(Reuter) -- In a new "America the Beautiful" initiative declared in the 1991 budget proposal, President Bush has requested millions of dollars that would be used to plant and conserve one billion trees annually on private land across the nation. Virtually every state and community in the U.S. would participate in the program aimed at protecting, conserving and enhancing America's forests, under President Bush's latest budget request released Monday. A total of \$630 million proposed for the purpose in 1991 would be used jointly by the Departments of Agriculture and Interior to implement the program.

(Charles Abbott, UPI) -- The Administration proposed an increase in the school lunch subsidy for poor children Monday but also asked Congress to end the so-called "middle-class subsidy" that provides meals for 4.8 million students. Also in its fiscal 1991 budget, the Administration suggested subsidies for meals at family day care homes should vary according to the income of children's families. A smaller subsidy for children from middle-income families would save \$281 million, it said.

(Jim Drinkard, AP) -- President Bush Monday asked Congress to establish a new \$300 million program to reward emerging democracies in Eastern Europe, and proposed major aid increases to drug-producing Andean countries. He also wants to pay past-due bills from the U.N. In his 1991 foreign aid budget proposal, Bush promised to send proposed new legislation to Capitol Hill to offer details of the Eastern Europe initiative, and the subject is likely to be high on the agenda when Secretary Baker testifies before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee on Thursday.

(Robert Mackay, UPI) -- President Bush's proposed 1991 defense budget Monday calls for the Navy to mothball two of its four battleships -- the USS Iowa...and the USS New Jersey. The Pentagon said retiring the two "manpower-intensive" warships would save about \$75 million in defense spending in fiscal 1991...and some \$534 million from 1992 through 1994.

(Karen Timmons, UPI) -- President Bush proposed a 1991 budget of \$318 million for Texas' superconducting super collider Monday, \$100 million more than 1990, but not as much as earlier recommended by the Administration. The budget proposal falls short of the \$393 million the Department of Energy earlier proposed second-year funding of the gigantic atom smasher, one of the most ambitious scientific projects ever.

(Vincent Del Giudice, UPI) -- NASA is recipient of the largest proposed dollar increase of any major government agency in the fiscal 1991 budget, a \$15.2 billion plan that includes \$2.9 billion more than 1990, the White House said Monday. The recommended 24 percent increase "represents a commitment to a brighter future," including the proposed space station Freedom, future robotic probes and manned expeditions to the moon and Mars, the Administration said. President Bush's budget plan also provides money for 10 space shuttle flights during fiscal 1991 and the development of "more cost-effective transportation systems (that) would lower the cost of any future exploration."

CONSUMER SPENDING (AP) -- Consumer spending rose 7.3 percent in 1989, its slowest advance in three years, while incomes jumped 9 percent, the largest increase in five years, the government said Monday. The Commerce Department said spending totaled \$3.58 trillion last year, posting the smallest gain since a 6.4 percent advance in 1986.... Incomes totaled \$4.43 trillion last year; their 9 percent rise marked the sharpest jump since a 9.5 percent increase in 1984.

U.S. BASES/BRITAIN (London/Reuter) -- The U.S. is expected to pull out from three of its bases in Britain as part of Pentagon defense cuts, The Times newspaper reported Monday. Quoting White House sources, the British daily said U.S. forces would be withdrawn from bases at Fairford, Wethersfield and Greenham Common in southern England. The Pentagon had no comment on the report, but a spokesman said Defense Secretary Cheney was expected to discuss possible base closings and realignments at a Defense Department briefing Monday.

SOVIET NUCLEAR SUB (Oslo, Norway/Reuter) -- The Soviet Union, continuing a major modernization of its navy, has deployed another powerful nuclear submarine with the key Arctic fleet, NATO-member Norway said Monday. "The Soviets now have six Typhoon submarines on Kola," said Col. Gullow Gjeseth of Norway's Defense Command.

George Bush Presidential Library Transfer Sheet

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Monday, January 29, 1990

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Deborah Wheeler

Date of Transfer:

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Received by:

Mary Finch

Date Received:

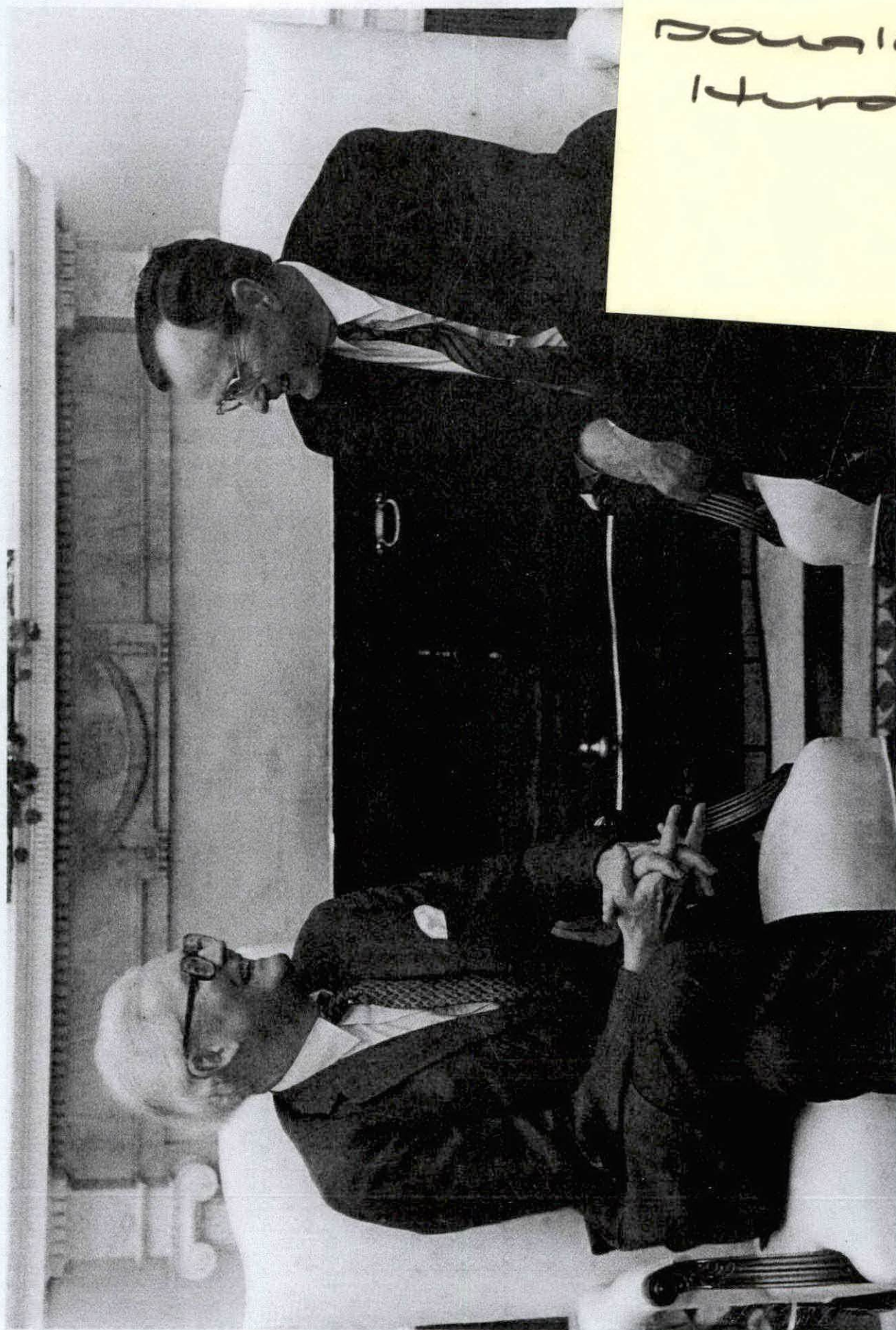
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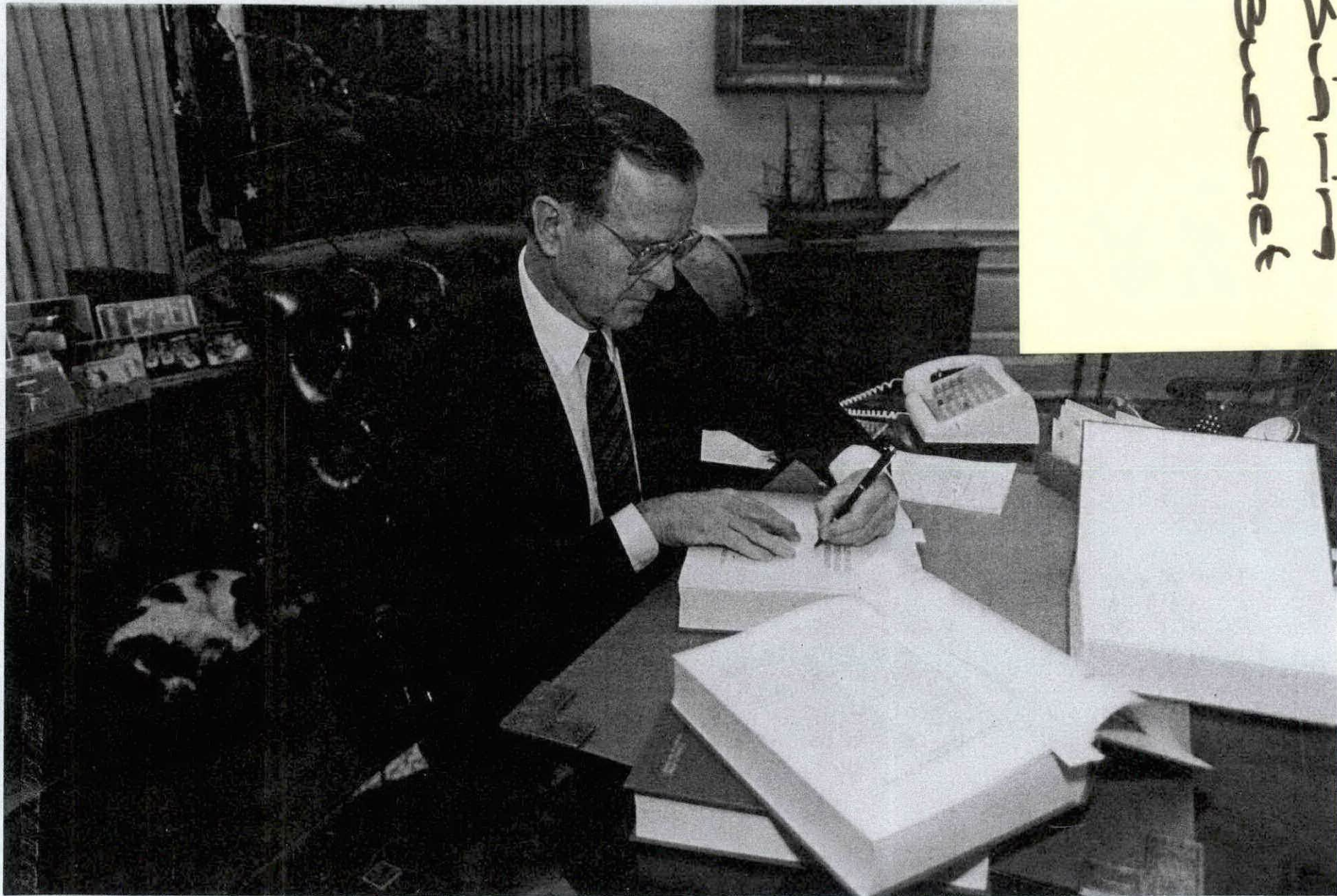
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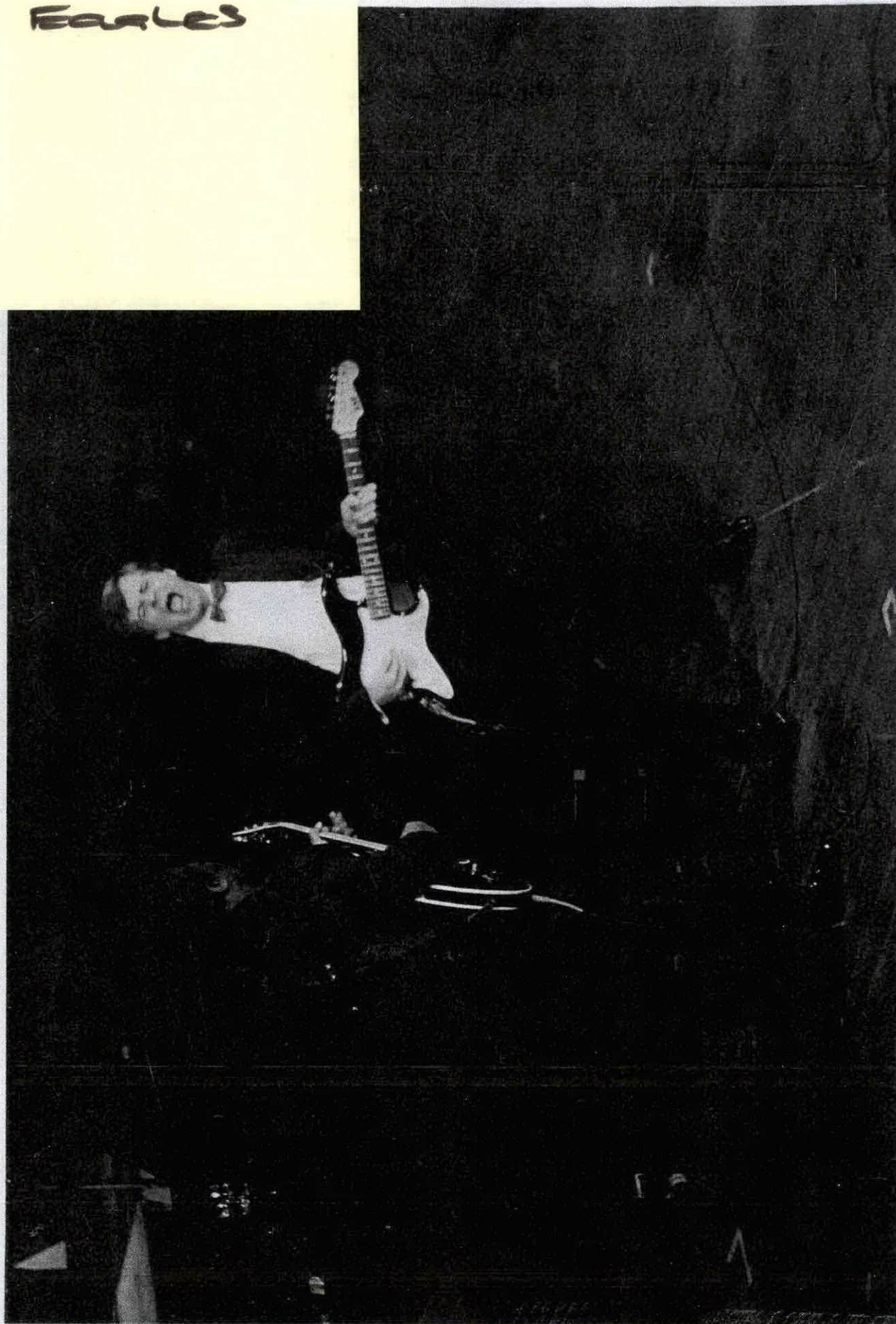
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Mr. Joe Silverberg
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
Bigsby & Kruthers
1750 North Clark Street
Chicago, Illinois 60614



THE PRESIDENT

January 29, 1990

Dear Mr. Silverberg,

Patty told me of her phone conversation with you and I'm delighted to have those two great ties and the special Liberty buttons. Thanks, too, for remembering my sons. I sent their ties out today and I know they will appreciate your thoughtfulness.

With warmest best wishes,

Sincerely,

bcc: Gift Unit

2 ties
1@ \$20.00
1@ \$25.00 per Joe
Silverberg

buttons valued at
approximately \$40.00

Mr. Silverberg sent a tie for each of the sons too and we sent them out today.

THE WHITE HOUSE

Mr. Ramon L. Yarborough
The Fayetteville Observer
The Fayetteville Times
458 Whitfield Street
Post Office Box 849
Fayetteville, North Carolina 28302



THE PRESIDENT

January 29, 1990

Dear Mr. Yarborough,

Those photographs you sent me evoke a lot of emotions. They're wonderful, and I appreciate your sharing them with me. Many thanks.

Warm regards.

Sincerely,

*Powerful stuff -
oh so moving*

Ag Bush

Jan