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FOIA MARKER

**This is not a textual record. This is used as an
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Record Group/Collection: George H.W. Bush Presidential Records
Collection/Office of Origin: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:

OA/ID Number: 90520
Folder ID Number: 90520-022

Folder Title:
Tuesday, September 5, 1989

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
V	12	11	3	7

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
01. Schedule	Schedule of the President [redaction] (1 pp.)	09/05/89	(b)(3)	
02a. Log	White House Telephone Log [E.D.T.] [redaction of personal information] (1 pp.)	09/05/89	(b)(6)	
02b. Log	White House Telephone Log [Signal Switchboard] [redaction of personal information] (1 pp.)	09/05/89	(b)(6)	
03. List	Comments of President's Drug Speech of September 5, 1989 [redaction of personal information] (2 pp.)	09/05/89	(b)(6)	
04. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Prime Minister Thatcher Re: G-7 (1 pp.)	09/05/89	(b)(1)	
05a. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Helmut Kohl Re: G-7 (2 pp.)	09/05/89	(b)(1)	
05b. Talking Points	Points to be Made for Meeting with Chancellor Kohl (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
06. Letter	From George Bush to Shaikh Isa bin Sulman Al-Khalifa, Amir of the State of Bahrain Re: response to his Letter (1 pp.)	09/05/89	(b)(1)	

Page 1 of 1

Collection:

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Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Tuesday, September 5, 1989

Pinksheet Number: dw1437

OA/ID Number: 90520-022

Date Closed: 8/19/2009

FOIA/Sys Case #: 2009-0166-S

Re-review Case #:

P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

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RESTRICTION CODES

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PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

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JOHN
WALTERS

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

Tuesday, September 5, 1989

8:00 am (15 min)	<u>Intelligence Briefing</u> (Scowcroft/Sununu)	Oval Office
8:15 am (30 min)	<u>National Security Briefing</u> (Scowcroft/Sununu)	Oval Office
8:45 am (30 min)	<u>Meeting with Governor Sununu</u>	Oval Office
9:15 am (45 min)	<u>Administrative Time</u>	Oval Office
10:00 am (2 hrs)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
12:00 pm (60 min)	<u>Lunch</u>	Oval Office
1:00 pm (60 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
2:00 pm (60 min)	<u>Cabinet Meeting</u> (Bates) <i>opwp</i> (TAB A)	Cabinet Room
3:00 pm (30 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
3:30 pm (30 min)	<u>Bipartisan Congressional Leadership Briefing</u> (McClure) <i>opwp</i> (TAB B)	Cabinet Room
4:00 pm (15 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
4:15 pm (15 min)	<u>Drop By Briefing with Enforcement, Rehabilitation & Education Experts</u> (Demarest) <i>opwp</i> (TAB C)	Roosevelt Room
4:30 pm (30 min)	<u>Meeting with Governor Sununu</u>	Oval Office
5:00 pm (20 min)	<u>Intergovernmental Briefing</u> (Anderson) <i>stills</i> (TAB D)	Cabinet Room

UNP 09/01/89
5:00 pm

5:30 pm
(5 min)

Drop By Drug Meeting with Supply
and Demand Working Groups
(Bates) ~~still photo~~ (TAB E)

Roosevelt Room

8:00 pm
(40 min)

Technical Preparation for
National Drug Policy Address
(Demarest) (TAB F)

Oval Office/
Oval Office Study

9:00 pm
(20 min)

National Drug Policy Address
(Demarest) (TAB G)

Oval Office

(win photographs after speech)

7:05 ar Oval 7:52 add Sununu 8:00 add Scowcroft, Gates, + (b)(3)
8:14 (b)(3) out 8:15 add V.P. 8:51 Bates + Scowcroft 9:18 VP + Sununu out
9:23 add Sununu 9:25 add Fitzwater 9:28 Fitzwater out
9:29 Potes + Sununu to Family Theatre 9: ? ar Family Theatre - speech rehearsal
11:03 dpt Theatre 11:05 ar Cabara join Mrs. Bush 11:08 Potes ar Oval
11:11 add Asst Baker, + Scowcroft 11:57, Baker + Scowcroft out
11:59 add Scowcroft 12:01 Sununu out 12:05 add Sununu, Sen. Lugar,
Sen. Rudman, VP + Scowcroft to
Patio for lunch
1:10 Sununu, VP, Rudman + Lugar out 1:13 Scowcroft out 1:14 Scowcroft in
1:32 Scowcroft out 1:38 add David Bates 1:41 Bates out
1:44 add Bobbi Kilberg + John Eschlichman + Gov. Sununu
1:54 all out 1:55 add Sununu 1:58 Sununu out 2:05 Potes to Cabinet Rm
2:08 Potes, Cherey, Scowcroft, Sununu, Baker + Asst Sec Kelly to Oval
2:13 Potes to Cabinet Rm 3:11 Potes dpt Cabinet Rm 3:13 ar Oval study w/
Cicconi + Sununu
3:18 Sununu + Cicconi out 3:31 Potes to Cabinet Rm
4:26 Potes dpt Cabinet Rm 4:28 Potes to Roosevelt Rm - Drug Briefing
4:36 Potes to Oval study 4:37 add Sununu 4:45 add Roger Ailes
4:51 Sununu out &
5:08 Potes to Cabinet Rm for Intergovernmental Briefing 5:32 dpt Cabinet Rm
5:33 Potes to Roosevelt Rm w/ Demand Grp Briefing 5:42 Potes to Oval study
add Sununu + Ailes
5:50 Potes Sununu + Ailes to Oval for speech Test

UNP 09/01/89
5:00 pm

6:22 Potus to Oval Study - add Sumner

6:39 Potus dpt Oval 6:41 arr med unit 6:42 Potus to Res.

7:59 add Sumner + Ailes 8:13 Potus, Ailes + Sumner to Oval

8:15 arr Oval - rehearsal - tech check 8:27 Potus, Ailes to oval study

8:55 Potus to Oval - Speech

9:29 Potus to Oval study - add Ailes

9:33 arr Cabinet Rm - greeting w/ Staff + Cabinet

9:48 Potus + Mrs. Bush dpt Cabinet Rm to Res.

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02a. Log	White House Telephone Log [E.D.T.] [redaction of personal information] (1 pp.)	09/05/89	(b)(6)	

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

E.D.T. PRESIDENT BUSH

SEPTEMBER 5th , 19 89

	TIME		NAME	ACTION
	PLACED	DISC		
OUT	AM		MR. GEORGE W. BUSH	
XX XX	7:45 XX XX	7:49	(b)(6)	TLKD OK
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		SENATOR RICHARD G. LUGAR OFC: WASHINGTON, DC 224-4821	TLKD OK
XX XX	8:39 XX XX	8:40		
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
O	AM		SENATOR WARREN B. RUDMAN	
XX XX	8:41 XX XX	8:42	(b)(6)	TLKD OK
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
XX XX	XX XX		CONGRESSMAN BILL SCHUETTE OFC: MIDLAND, MI 517-687-7846	TLKD TO PATTY PRESOCK
INC	1:29 PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	XX XX		MRS. CAROLYN LAYFIELD	
XX XX	3:14 PM	3:18	(b)(6)	TLKD OK-- 3:16PM
OUT	AM			
IN	PM			
OUT	XX XX		MRS. LAURIE FIRESTONE OFC: WASHINGTON, DC WHITE HOUSE ADMIN EXT.672	TLKD OK
XX XX	3:21 PM	3:29		

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

E.D.T PRESIDENT BUSH

SEPTEMBER 5th

, 19 89

	TIME		DISC	NAME	ACTION
	PLACED				
XXXXX OUT		XXXX AM		MR. ROBERT GATES OFC: WASHINGTON, DC WHITE HOUSE ADMIN EXT. 654	CLEARED BY MRS. PRESOCK TLKD OK
INC OUT	6:30 AM	PM 6:31			
INC OUT		PM AM			
XXXX OUT		XXXX AM		MR. LEE ATWATER OFC: WASHINGTON, DC 863-8700	TLKD OK
XXXX OUT	7:33 AM	PM 7:39			
INC OUT		PM AM			
XX OUT		XXXX AM		CAPTAIN MARK BURNETT (AUDIO VISUAL) OFC: WASHINGTON, DC WHITE HOUSE EXT. 4220	TLKD OK
INC OUT	10:09 AM	PM 10:11			
INC OUT		PM AM			
INC OUT		PM AM			
INC OUT		PM AM			
INC OUT		PM AM			
INC OUT		PM AM			
INC OUT		PM AM			
INC OUT		PM AM			

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

SIGNAL SWITCHBOARD

September 5, 1989

	TIME		NAME	ACTION
	PLACED	DISC		
OUT	8:59 AM	11:27	Conference Call: Chancellor Helmut Kohl (b)(6)	Tlkd-ok 11:15 AM
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Mr. Robert R. Beers White House Situation Room White House Signal 2-2264	
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Ms. Gisela Marcuse White House Situation Room White House Signal 2-2264	
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Conference Call: Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher (b)(6)	Tlkd-ok 1:14 PM
INC	12:09 PM	1:26		
OUT	AM		Mr. Phillip D. Zelikow White House Situation Room White House Signal 2-2264	
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

PRESIDENTIAL MOVEMENTS

LOCATION Washington, D.C.

DATE 5 September 1989

TIME	MOVEMENTS
0703	South Grounds
0705	Oval Office
0930	South Grounds
0932	Family Theater
1109	Oval Office
1210	South Grounds
1310	Oval Office
1532	Cabinet Room
1628	Roosevelt Room
1635	Oval Office
1710	Cabinet Room
1734	Roosevelt Room
1741	Oval Office
1840	South Grounds
1843	Residence
2015	Oval Office
2133	Cabinet Room
2150	South Grounds
2156	Residence

Tuesday, September 5

5:55 Mrs. Bush to the South Grounds
6:01 Mrs. Bush to the Second Floor
6:01 Breakfast for the President and Mrs. Bush
7:05 The President to the Oval Office
9:04 Mrs. Bush to the East wing
9:32 The President to the Family Theater
9:45 Mrs. Bush to the Second Floor
10:18 Mrs. Bush to the Pool
11:20 Mrs. Bush to the Ushers Office
11:25 Mrs. Bush to the Second Floor
12:30 Lunch for Mrs. Bush
1:37 Mrs. Bush to the South Grounds
2:00 Mrs. Bush to the Second Floor
6:40 The President to the South Grounds
6:43 The President to the Second Floor
7:10 Dinner for the President and Mrs. Bush
8:15 The President to the Oval Office
8:25 Mrs. Bush to the West Wing
9:58 The President and Mrs. Bush to the Second Floor
10:00 Retired



News Summary

OFFICE OF THE PRESS SECRETARY

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5, 1989 -- 6 a.m. EDT EDITION

TODAY'S HEADLINES

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

Bush Would Not Rule Out Troops For Colombia If Asked -- President Bush has told an interviewer he would not rule out sending troops to help fight Colombia's war against the drug cartels if the Colombian government asked. (Reuter)

Disunity Is Feared As Bush Maps War On Drug Use In U.S. -- Even as President Bush prepared to declare war on drugs Tuesday evening, bureaucratic infighting threatens to undermine the plan of attack. (New York Times)

Shiite Cleric: Bush Should Make First Move On Hostages -- The spiritual leader of Lebanon's Shiite Moslem fundamentalists, Shiek Mohammed Fadlallah, said President Bush would have to make the first gesture of good will toward Iran to win the freedom of American hostages held here and he asserted that "political pragmatism" will yield "more than one quick solution." (Washington Post)

NATIONAL NEWS

Bush-Interview -- President Bush says he will fulfill his campaign pledge to fight for "no more taxes," but that he can't guarantee Congress won't act "in strange and mysterious" fiscal ways. (AP)

NETWORK NEWS (Monday evening)

COLOMBIA -- In Medellin, a man with an assault rifle opened fire on passengers in the airport terminal, this as the U.S. was shipping more military aid to Colombia.

PANAMA -- The EC, along with Jamaica, Peru and Ecuador, said they would not recognize the new government installed by Noriega last week.

INTERNATIONAL...A-1

NATIONAL NEWS...A-8

NETWORK NEWS....B-1

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

BUSH WOULD NOT RULE OUT TROOPS FOR COLOMBIA IF ASKED

NEW YORK -- President Bush has told an interviewer he would not rule out sending troops to help fight Colombia's war against the drug cartels if the Colombian government asked.

But Bush, who recently announced a \$65 million aid package to help the government of President Barco in its crackdown on the drug barons, said Colombia had made no request for U.S. troops....

"I don't think the president of Colombia wants American troops," Bush told British interviewer David Frost in a television interview scheduled to be broadcast Tuesday.

"In fact, I know he doesn't. But if he changes his mind, fine," Bush said.

"But I've said, and I will remind people, back in the campaign I talked of the possibility of the U.S. helping a country that didn't have the military means to go in there and wipe out some of these factories of death."

Bush said he was "very sensitive to the sovereign rights, in this instance, of the state of Colombia."

Details of the interview, conducted on Aug. 29 at Bush's summer home in Kennebunkport, and to be shown on the U.S. Public Broadcasting System, were released in advance....

Bush said: "I was impressed with President Barco when he called on the (drug) consuming countries, particularly the United States, to stop consuming, to encourage through education the idea of reducing consumption."

He added that he was determined to mobilize the nation, saying: "We have got to succeed in this." (Reuter)

DISUNITY IS FEARED AS BUSH MAPS WAR ON DRUG USE IN U.S.

Even as President Bush prepared to declare war on drugs Tuesday evening, bureaucratic infighting threatens to undermine the plan of attack.

The strategy that Bush will present at 9 p.m. Eastern time in his first nationally televised address is intended to bring unity to an effort that for years has been plagued by feuding, duplication and sometimes conflicting philosophies among the more than three dozen federal offices claiming some jurisdiction.

William Bennett, the federal drug policy director, acknowledged in an interview last week that "there's going to be a certain degree of enmity and rivalry." But he insisted, "There's nothing major that's going to clog the wheels."

Yet Administration officials, lawmakers and analysts said they were not convinced that Bennett has the influence to carry out the blueprint he drafted for Bush's approval. Although he is responsible for assuring that agencies cooperate in carrying out the plan, Bennett has no official power to tell them how to spend their money or deploy their people.

"It's an enormous problem," Mathea Falco, an assistant Secretary of State for international narcotics matters in the Carter Administration, said in an interview Monday.

(Richard Berke, New York Times, A1)

MEDELLIN GUNMAN FIRES ON CROWD: 2 DEAD, 13 HURT

BOGOTA -- An assassin disguised as a soldier sprayed waiting passengers with gunfire at the Medellin airport Monday before being cut down by police and private bodyguards. A passenger also was killed and 13 were injured.

The incident, attributed to drug traffickers' "total war" against Colombian society, prompted officials to tighten security at the nation's airports. Of particular concern was the safety of Avianca, the national airline, as the traffickers have long since demonstrated the ability to penetrate the carrier's security measures in order to smuggle drugs. Rumors that a bomb was found aboard an Avianca plane were denied by airline officials. (Eugene Robinson, Washington Post, A14)

COLOMBIAN DRIVE SAID TO TRIGGER SHIFT TO BOLIVIA

LA PAZ -- Several mid-level Colombian drug traffickers, under unaccustomed pressure as a result of the crackdown in their country, are reported to be in Bolivia seeking to reestablish their cocaine-producing operations.

Drug experts, who asked not to be identified, said that because of the intensified war against traffickers in Colombia, Bolivian suppliers had temporarily lost their shipping contacts, causing the price of paste here to dip.

But these specialists said they expect that Colombia's drug cartels will soon be bidding up the price sharply as they seek to resecure their links in Bolivia and neighboring Peru.

By these accounts, the traffickers are looking to Europe as a faster growing market than the U.S., and hence are basing new supply routes on Brazilian, Argentine and Chilean air or sea links across the Atlantic, rather than on well-established routes through Colombia to the north....

Sources said traffickers in Bolivia and Colombia have purchased sophisticated surface-to-air missiles to combat U.S.-supplied helicopters. They said the missiles are due to arrive soon in Colombia and then be passed to Bolivia, along with other sophisticated arms.

(Douglas Farah, Washington Post, A16)

PANAMA'S NEW PRESIDENT SWEARS IN CABINET

PANAMA CITY -- Panama's new President Rodriguez swore in 11 cabinet ministers Monday but failed to announce his choice for foreign minister.

The ministers of Health, Education, Treasury, Commerce, Agriculture and Planning remained the same as under outgoing President Palma.

Diplomats said the new cabinet was a balanced representation of both the left and right wing factions of the parties that support the Panama Defense Forces and Gen. Noriega....

After he was sworn in Monday morning, new Justice Minister Olmedo Miranda said Rodriguez was expected to announce his new foreign minister in the next few days. (Reuter)

BUSH TALKS OF VENGEANCE, REALISM

President Bush, in a television interview to be aired Tuesday night, says he wanted to "punish those who victimized" Marine Lt. Col. Higgins, but rejected retaliation because "I don't want to put innocent lives at risk to avenge one."

"When I saw Col. Higgins' body displayed in that brutal, cruel fashion, I had this visceral reaction of wanting to do something," Bush told British TV interviewer David Frost. "I still want to do something. I want to punish those who victimized this outstanding Marine who was wearing the uniform of the United Nations."

But the President added: "You want to be realistic." ... If I could find a way to surgically go in and free those American hostages, I would do it," he said. "But regrettably, the situation isn't that clear."

Bush said he became emotional over Col. Higgins' murder and the deaths of 47 sailors on the battleship USS Iowa in a gun turret explosion. "We Bushes cry easily," he said. "And it's not just emotion, I mean it's not just visible manifestations of emotion, but it's what you feel in your heart."

(Rowan Scarborough, Washington Times, A4)

SHIITE CLERIC: BUSH SHOULD MAKE FIRST MOVE ON HOSTAGES

BEIRUT -- The spiritual leader of Lebanon's Shiite Moslem fundamentalists, Shiek Mohammed Fadlallah, said President Bush would have to make the first gesture of good will toward Iran to win the freedom of American hostages held here and he asserted that "political pragmatism" will yield "more than one quick solution."

Speaking in an interview Saturday at his heavily guarded villa in Beirut's southern suburbs, Fadlallah, who recently returned from consultations in Iran, sketched the broad outlines of steps he said the Bush Administration could take on the hostage issue. He emphasized that "a realistic solution for this rests in the management of politics and international relations in a quiet manner, far away from the media."

Fadlallah suggested that one approach for resolving the hostage issue would be for the U.S. to look for "opportunities to improve the conditions and suffering in the circle of (Arab) detainees or hostages" held by Israel or by other factions in Lebanon's sectarian conflict. Fadlallah speaks out against hostage-taking in his public statements and sermons and he has repeatedly denied suggestions by Western observers that he plays an influential role with organizations holding American hostages.

Secondly, he said, the Bush Administration would have to stop seeing any move toward the unfreezing of the U.S.-held Iranian assets tied up in litigation at the Hague as a potential ransom for the release of American hostages by pro-Iranian extremists in Lebanon.

(Patrick Tyler & Nora Boustany, Washington Post, A1)

U.S. DENIES REVISING ITS STRATEGY IN IRAN

A senior Foreign Ministry official in Iran's new government said in an interview published Monday that the U.S. has sent several letters through intermediaries recently, and he suggested obliquely that ties between Tehran and Washington could improve.

The letters dealt with U.S.-Iranian relations and the situation in Lebanon, the Tehran Times newspaper quoted First Deputy Foreign Minister Ali Mohammad Besharati as saying, Agence France-Presse reported from Tehran.

"Right now, no mediatory move between Iran and the U.S. is under way," Besharati told the English-language newspaper.

But if Washington halted "its hostility against Iran...I believe that the hostage issue (in Lebanon) will also be solved and all the hostages may be released," he said, adding that an end to hostilities would have an "impact" on the entire Moslem world.

White House officials went out of their way to reject the Tehran Times report of a new approach from the U.S.

(From combined dispatches, Washington Times, A9)

ARAFAT WARNS OF WAR IF U.S., ISRAEL REJECT PEACE PLAN

BELGRADE -- Palestinian leader Arafat warned Monday of a destructive war in the Middle East if Washington and Israel failed to accept his peace initiative and call an international peace conference.

Arafat called on the 102-member Non-Aligned Movement to exert "the necessary pressures on the United States to hasten the convening of the international conference to bring about just and comprehensive peace in Palestine and the Middle East.

"Because the alternative is total explosion in...the Middle East, the most explosive area in the world and in which weapons, missiles and bombs, including nuclear and chemical, are stockpiled," he told the non-aligned summit.

He said Israel, by rejecting a peace initiative launched last December, was pushing the Middle East "to the brink of destructive war."

(Diana Abdallah, Reuter)

LEBANON-PALESTINIANS

BEIRUT -- The radical Palestine group headed by terrorist mastermind Abu Nidal said Monday it executed 15 Arabs, including a woman, as alleged spies for the U.S. and other governments.

Younis Amran, spokesman for the Fatah-Revolutionary Council group, said the 15 were convicted of "spying and collaboration" in his separate trials since November 1987.

He said the group, comprising 11 Palestinians, two Egyptians, an Iraqi and a Lebanese, were executed at midnight Sunday "inside and outside Palestine." He refused to say where.

Amran said two of those executed worked for the U.S. and British intelligence, two for West Germany, two for Egypt, three for Iraq and six for Jordan.

(AP)

'BERLIN WALL WILL COME DOWN,' BUSH PREDICTS

President Bush, who three months ago called for tearing down all physical barriers that divide Europe, now flatly predicts the Berlin Wall will be dismantled during his presidency.

His comments, the latest sign that Washington expects dramatic changes in the East Berlin regime in the near future, came as thousands of East Germans wait in Hungary for a possible deal between Bonn and Budapest that would allow them to emigrate to West Germany through Austria.

Three times during an interview with British journalist David Frost, the President said he expects the heavily guarded wall, which has divided Berlin since the East Germans constructed it in 1961, to be torn down.

(Jack Nelson, Los Angeles Times)

JAPAN SAYS U.S. MORE TO BLAME FOR BIG TRADE GAP

TOKYO -- Japanese ministers warned Tuesday that Tokyo won't give in to all U.S. demands for deep-rooted changes in its economy, saying Washington bore most of the blame for their yawning bilateral trade gap.

"Bilateral talks like this are not meetings where Japan follows what the United States says," Finance Minister Ryutaro Hashimoto told reporters.

U.S. officials urged Japan Monday to correct quickly the deep-rooted economic faults that lie at the core of its huge trade surplus, saying action was vital for their bilateral relationship.

"Washington is more responsible for the U.S.-Japan trade imbalance than Tokyo, said Economic Planning Minister Sumiko Takahara....

Japanese officials said they will argue Tuesday that the U.S. free-spending ways, including its huge budget deficit, promotes imports and starves industry of the funds it needs to expand.

Because U.S. industry has not invested enough in building up manufacturing capacity, it cannot compete on equal ground with Japan in many products, from computer microchips at video tape recorders, they said.

(Rich Miller, Reuter)

JAPAN'S KAIFU SAYS DEPT. PROBLEM REQUIRES COLLABORATION

MEXICO CITY -- Premier Kaifu of Japan met President Salinas on Monday night and declared that debtors and creditors must closely collaborate if they ever hope to solve the foreign debt problems of developing nations.

Kaifu arrived Monday for a two-day visit, during which he is expected to announce the January release of the first half of a \$2 billion loan Japan has pledged to Mexico under the Brady Plan for debt relief in developing countries....

Kaifu is also expected to formalize Japan's offer of \$1.2 billion in aid for pollution control in Mexico City....

Kaifu said in a written statement, released when his plane landed in Mexico City: "The problem of the accumulated foreign debt cannot be solved, if close collaboration between the parties involved -- that is, the debtor and creditor countries -- is not achieved."

He said, "My country and the region to which Mexico belongs can take advantage of this occasion to reaffirm their mutual political will to continue contributing to the peace, stability and development of all countries of the world."

(Talli Nauman, AP)

FIVE PEDDLED URANIUM AT U.S. EMBASSY

TOKYO -- Police arrested five Japanese, including a resident of Hong Kong, last week on charges they tried to sell 8.8 pounds of natural uranium to the U.S. Embassy in Tokyo for \$83 million, officials said Tuesday....

The suspects went to the U.S. Embassy Aug. 8 with a sample of powdered uranium and told embassy officials they wanted to sell 8.8 pounds of natural uranium for 12 billion yen, or \$83 million. They said they purchased the sensitive material about 1½ years ago from an unidentified person for \$35.3 million and the substance remained in the seller's possession, police said. (UPI)

CHINA OUSTS REFORMIST GOVERNOR

Minister Of Culture Also Removed From Job By Hard-Liners

BEIJING -- China's hard-line leaders have ousted the governor of Hainan Province, the highest-level provincial official to be fired in an ongoing purge of associates of ousted reformist Communist Party chief Zhao Ziyang, according to reports from south China.

Western Diplomats said Liang Xiang's removal as governor would have implications for foreign investors and for China's economic reforms, because Hainan had been slated to take the lead in the country's experiments with capitalistic forms of trade and investment. A change in leadership on Hainan could put the reforms there on hold.

In a separate development, the New China News Agency Monday reported the removal of liberal writer Wang Meng as minister of culture. The news agency said that Wang, 55, was leaving office at his own request, but Wang's ouster has been predicted for some time following reports that many officials in the Ministry of Culture had supported the now-suppressed spring democracy movement.

(Daniel Southerland, Washington Post, A1)

CARTER TO BE HOST OF TALKS BETWEEN ETHIOPIA, REBELS

Ex-President To Serve As Neutral Observer

ATLANTA -- Former President Carter is staging talks this week between the Ethiopian government and Eritrean rebels fighting it.

Previous attempts to arrange talks between the Ethiopian government and the well-organized, heavily armed rebels fighting for independence for their province have failed. But Carter, during a July visit to the East African nation, said the opportunity for peace has never been better....

The two sides now have agreed that Carter should act as a neutral observer for the preliminary talks, which the participants say they hope will lead to more substantive meetings. (AP, Washington Post, A8)

NEW ARMS NEGOTIATOR LIKELY TO BE DEMOCRAT

President Bush will put conventional arms-control talks with the Soviets on the fast track next week with the expected nomination of a new negotiator closely connected to both the White House and the Democratic congressional defense leadership.

The expected nominee is James Woosley Jr., a lawyer and strategic arms expert who has been close to both National Security Adviser Scowcroft and to Sen. Nunn....

"I think this is a straight political call (by Bush)," said Frank Gaffney, a conservative and former Pentagon adviser. "He is placing enormous priority on these talks. He wants a direct connection from Vienna through Scowcroft and he wants to sell it to the (Democrats)."

(Peter Almond, Washington Times, A1)

EDITOR'S NOTE: "AROUND THE WORLD; Panama Put On U.S. Blacklist," from news services, appears in the Washington Post, A15.

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NATIONAL NEWS

BUSH-INTERVIEW

NEW YORK -- President Bush says he will fulfill his campaign pledge to fight for "no more taxes," but that he can't guarantee Congress won't act "in strange and mysterious" fiscal ways.

"What I'm trying to do is fulfill that pledge by going forward step by step on the budget without raising taxes," said Bush in an interview with British journalist David Frost on the lawn of his home in Kennebunkport.

When asked whether he is committed to the tax pledge for his full four-year term, the President said, "We're going to succeed this first year...and then we've gotta see what happens, but it is my intention to fight every inch of the way for no more taxes."

"I can't guarantee it to you," he said, "but what I've found I've found a reality in life. The reality is the United States Congress. And they act in strange and mysterious ways." ...

The interview touched on the future of relations between the U.S. and Iran. Asked if he expects to renew diplomatic ties with the Islamic state, Bush replied, "I'd like to think we could see that day, and I'd welcome it. But there has to be a certain modicum of international decency," Bush said, referring to the reported link between Iran and terrorist groups holding U.S. hostages in Lebanon. (AP)

RETURNING CONGRESS CONFRONTS FORMIDABLE TASKS

Presidential, Internecine Clashes Possible;

New Leaders Aim To Improve Image

The 101st Congress, racing its motor after a slow and rocky start, returns Wednesday to a daunting agenda of new and old business that could lead to intensified conflict with the Bush Administration and increased dissension within its own ranks....

In interviews Friday, both House Speaker Foley and Sen. Mitchell indicated increasing impatience with ambitious-sounding White House initiatives on top-priority issues such as drugs and education that, in Mitchell's words, "attempt to deal with problems by words alone." ...

On issues ranging from improving air quality to combatting drugs, Bush is beginning to churn out comprehensive proposals that threaten to seize the initiative on priorities the Democrats had staked out for themselves. Senate Democrats have drawn the line on education, however, and are preparing a plan of their own that is expected to beat Bush to the punch. (Helen Dewar, Washington Post, A10)

EDITOR'S NOTES: "Personalities; President Bush," by Jonathan Filas, appears in the Washington Post, C3.

"If You Have The Skills, You Can Have A Job," a Q&A with Secretary Dole, appears in USA Today, A11.

"Happy Days For Economic Advisers," by Robert Hershey, appears in the New York Times, A16.

NETWORK NEWS SUMMARY

(Monday Evening, September 4)

COLOMBIA/DRUGS

CBS's Bob Schieffer: On the eve of President Bush's speech to declare a new war on drugs at home and abroad, there was a major escalation today of the violence in Colombia. In Medellin, the home to the world's largest Colombian cocaine cartel, a man with an assault rifle opened fire on passengers in the airport terminal. This as the U.S. was shipping more military aid and it was arriving in Colombia.

CBS's Mark Phillips reports from Bogota. (The first portion of his report was inaudible). The gunman at the airport was dressed in army fatigues. He was shot and killed by airport police. According to the police, the gunman was impersonating an army officer when he opened fire on people checking in. One passenger was killed; 12 were injured. Police said the dead gunman was one of three attackers, the other two got away. A U.S. C-123 cargo plane was firebombed last night in the Colombian town of Monteria. The plane landed after it developed engine trouble while it was flying from Peru to Panama. It was part of the State Department's anti-narcotics effort. The bomber or bombers escaped. Against this backdrop of violence and fear, equipment from the U.S. began to arrive, including eight A-37 observation and attack jets that flew into Barranquilla on the Caribbean coast today. Yesterday, cargo planes arrived in Bogota. Helicopters are expected to arrive tomorrow. The equipment will be used to find and destroy the cocaine labs in the jungles as well as pursuing the drug lords themselves. The cartels have become as much a part of Colombian society as the salsa beat. In the cartel strongholds like Cali, the drug kings own legitimate businesses with happy employees. One soccer team owned by a drug lord practices under military guard. The army is continuing to show off more confiscated cartel property. The third general to be fired in Colombia this year for corruption was dismissed last night. He was supposed to be heading the 4,000-man anti-drug squad in Medellin.

(CBS-Lead)

CBS's Wyatt Andrews: Like every President since Richard Nixon, George Bush is about to announce another new government assault on drugs. (TV coverage of the President arriving on the South Lawn.) And nowhere are they more skeptical of that promise than in Washington, D.C.

(Secretary Bennett, April 10, 1989: "The need and the means exist for significant federal emergency assistance to the people of this city.")

The Administration is fighting one war on drugs already: An emergency in the nation's capital declared by William Bennett last April. A war, D.C. officials say, the government is barely fighting. Example: A government promise to take 250 D.C. prisoners off to a federal prison so the city could hold more drug suspects in jail.

(Attorney General Thornburgh: "This exchange is effective immediately, with transfers to be made as new prisoners are assigned to the D.C. jail.")

-more-

Andrews continues: But it did not happen immediately, and hasn't completely happened even now. It couldn't. The federal prison system in overcrowded too.

(Walter Ridley, D.C. Corrections Chief: "I don't think that they responded as if there was an emergency here. The drug czar is encountering the same difficulty that most bureaucratic agencies encounter.")

Another promise from that April press conference: A security crackdown in Washington's drug-infested public housing projects --

(Secretary Kemp, April 10, 1989: "-- to make public housing in America, and here in D.C., as drug free as is possible.")

(Resident: "It made a difference, but it could be better.")

Jack Kemp's promises of security guards and photo I.D. cards for residents actually came true -- but at only one project: Arthur Capper, 126 out of Washington's 12,000 public apartments. City officials wonder what happened to the April emergency.

(Ronald Turpin, D.C. Housing Director: "That probably was a press conference that the people who had it would regret that they ever had.")

Bennett's biggest promise, to create a task force of federal agents and local police, came true -- but at first there were no funds to pay for it. A street smart DEA agent finally arranged a \$2 million grant to the local police in Arlington, Va., who in turn kicked back the money to run the federal operation.

(William McMullun, DEA Special Agent: "Why cloud the issue with how we got the money. We got the money. And it's working, and that's all that counts.")

But city officials say this too counts: 168 murders since the federal government called D.C. a new priority. It's not that the President's first war on drugs has failed, it's just that to D.C. officials none of the promises ever quite match reality. And now the same federal government that took on this emergency in Washington will tomorrow ask to handle the new \$8 billion war on drugs nationwide.

Schieffer discusses the drug problem with Andrews:

Schieffer: Where does the \$8 billion come from? The President says he's not going to raise taxes. What programs will he cut?

Andrews: Bob, as you know, and from the game in Washington, that will be the game here tomorrow. As we understand it from the President's speech, he's going to claim that \$2 billion of this is new money over and above what he had planned to ask [for] in the drug war before. And the question [is], as you point out, what's he going to cut, given that he and the Congress are already fighting over a budgetary shortfall? (CBS-2)

ABC's Peter Jennings: We're going to begin tonight in the city with the highest murder rate in the world for a city not at war, at least not at war in the conventional sense. The city of Medellin in Colombia is increasingly a front line in the drug war. And every day, on average, ten of Medellin's citizens are murdered. This morning, two people died and 12 were wounded at the airport.

ABC's Peter Collins reports from Bogota on the airport gunman. Last night, bombers severely damaged a bank building. The government's crackdown on the drug traffickers, called Operation Apocalypse, is now in its third week. -more-

Collins continues: The defense minister admitted that some of his men have been bought off by the traffickers and may be informing them in advance of upcoming raids. Just yesterday, the Medellin police chief was fired for reportedly being on the take. As one official is quoted as saying: "We can always get more and better weapons. But how can we fight against an enemy who can drop a bag full of money on the desk of an army officer or a politician?"

(ABC-Lead)

ABC's Ann Compton: President Bush headed straight to his desk in the Oval Office where the text of his speech was awaiting his final approval. (TV coverage of the President arriving on the South Lawn.) It will be a declaration of war on drugs, committing \$7.8 billion to four major targets. Offshore, the U.S. will spend more to destroy drugs at their sources and dismantle the networks that distribute them. Latin American nations will get at least \$260 million to help in that fight. At home in America's worst crime infested streets, another \$350 million to round up drug pushers and drug users alike. For Americans already addicted to drugs, President Bush will invest more than \$700 million to make treatment more available and more effective. The greatest expense will be \$1.2 billion to build more prisons to keep drug criminals out of American communities. President Bush says the war will take more than money. That's why he recently told the nation's governors [that] he will ask them to crack down with tougher state laws and penalties. (TV coverage of the President speaking to the National Governors Association.) In fact, the President's appeal will be to all society: Demanding that colleges fight drugs in order to get federal funds. He will urge businesses to test for drug use and urge volunteer groups to join in a drug prevention corp. In a word, President Bush will be asking for leadership as well as offering it.

(ABC-3)

NBC's Mary Alice Williams: Tomorrow night, President Bush unveils a new battle plan in the war against drugs. Today, that battle raged on in the base camp of the armies that supply 80% of the cocaine reaching this nation. [In] the Colombian city of Medellin, a bomb is found on a plane, a gunman opened fire at the airport, more threats, more deaths.

NBC's Noah Nelson report from Colombia that the airport gunman wounded several civilians and three policemen. A few hours after the attack, a bomb was found aboard a Colombian jetliner at Medellin airport. The bomb was removed and defused. Last night in Medellin, there were bombings at an insurance company and in the parking lot of a hotel.

(NBC-Lead)

Williams: President Bush, fresh from a 3-week Maine vacation, returned to Washington this afternoon hitting the ground running. (TV coverage of the President arriving on the South Lawn.) Tonight, [he will hold] a meeting with top advisers to polish a new \$7.8 billion drug fighting plan. He'll present it in a nationally televised address tomorrow night. The proposal, which is believed to represent some shifts in U.S. drug policy, would punish drug use at every level of the chain.

(NBC-11)

WILLIAM BENNETT

Jennings reports that it is only six months since William Bennett, the former Secretary of Education, was appointed to be the nation's first drug czar. And so, in large measure, it is Bennett's experience, his findings, his ideology, even his bias one could argue, which are at the core of the President's proposals. He had a lot to learn, and little time.

(Secretary Bennett: "I think the most important thing I had to learn was to see for myself, myself, the palpable effects of drugs on the lives of people.")

The education of Bill Bennett took him back and forth across the country. He talked to parents and kids; to doctors and therapists; to the police and politicians.

(Bennett: "I was Secretary of Education and people are very interested in that topic and used to talk to me, but not with the intensity and the passion that they talk to me about this problem.")

In search of a policy on how to treat drug addiction, Bennett went to treatment centers. Some addicts recall that he arrived with misconceptions.

(Bennett: "One of the things that moved me at Phoenix House was to see how invisible this problem can be, to be reminded that this crosses all social lines. It hits everybody.")

Bennett had so much to learn.

(Bennett: "Some days I feel like I left the American dream: education, to move to the American nightmare.")

The nightmare that stays with him is the one about newborn babies addicted because their pregnant mothers were on drugs.

(Bennett: "The thought that went through my mind was, 'this is where it all comes out, you know. This is where it comes out. This is the end result of experimentation with drugs, do your own thing, if it feels good do it. This is where it all comes out.' This is what happens when a society lets down its immune system.")

It was not hard to reach a conclusion in this case.

(Bennett: "The conclusion I made, which is still my conclusion, is that we have to provide treatment for pregnant addicts. We have to do something about this.")

Bennett soon learned that there was an enormous range of treatment programs for drug addicts in general. He was impressed by some programs, but he found many lacking.

(Bennett: "We need to know what works and what doesn't work. I think that we need to do a better job of matching people with treatment. We need to do a better job of holding treatment programs that take money from the federal and state government accountable for results.")

Bennett says he has come to the conclusion in these six months: That casual drug users don't need to be treated -- they need to be threatened.

(Bennett: "We know from the surveys that most people who are not addicts, who are the so-called casual users, say the only thing that would make them stop is the fear of being caught and punished. Let's make that fear [worse] than it is now.")

And what has the education taught him about the drug supply?

(Jennings: Before Bennett, the general view in the country is that we could keep drugs out and therefore interdiction was what we needed to emphasize. You haven't come to that conclusion have you?"

Jennings continues:

Bennett: "Oh, we can keep some drugs out, but we can't keep all drugs out. We can't keep most of the drugs out. This is a free country, it's a big country."

Jennings: "Doesn't that make you feel rather pessimistic about interdiction?"

Bennett: "You've got to do this interdiction business, even if you only get 10% or 15% of the drugs. The reason you've got to do it has to do with national sovereignty. This is our country, you cannot just lie down and say: 'Come through, walk over us, bring in whatever you want.'")

But time and again, Bennett heard that demand, not supply, was the problem, and that education was the key to keeping the next generation clean. Bennett was very impressed with a program where kids connect with cops early on.

(Bennett: "Very good for the kids to see the police, the first time, as teachers and as their friends. Better to see the officer as 'Officer Friendly,' [rather] than [the] officer who intends to lock you up and put you away.")

In one community after the other, Bennett found citizens galvanized for action. In one park, for example, children now play freely because the neighborhood organized itself and ran the drug dealers out.

(Bennett: "We're learning that when citizens stand up, with police protection, and say to the drug dealers: 'We don't want you here anymore,' the drug dealers will move.")

Time and again, Bennett heard this:

(Bennett: "I've been to a lot of places where people have said to me: 'We don't care where you've been Mr. Bennett, this is the worst.'")

And now he's convinced of this:

(Bennett: "I think the American people are far out in front of all their governors on this issue. I think...they expect us to lead, they expect us to say this is what we're going to do and this is what we're asking you to do. But I think they're there. I think there's a volunteer army out there that is ready to move.")

Mr. Bennett is under no illusions about the criticism his plan is already generating. He told us in Washington: "We do the best we can." We'll see. (ABC-13)

PANAMA

Williams reports that Noriega is becoming increasingly isolated. Today, the 12-nation EC -- along with Jamaica, Peru and Ecuador -- said they would not recognize the new government installed by Noriega last week. (NBC-2)

SOUTH AFRICA

ABC's Richard Sergay reports from South Africa that the government's effort to crush the defiance campaign continued as police in Johannesburg sealed off city streets and searched people, mainly blacks. In Durban, several thousand university students demonstrated. At least six people were injured when authorities opened fire with bird shot. About 100 union members marched to the Johannesburg City Hall minutes before a final campaign speech by acting state President de Klerk.

-more-

Sergay continues: The protest ended peacefully. Archbishop Tutu was later detained briefly after anti-apartheid leaders tried to hold a church service to protest the segregated election. Tutu had tried to intervene in the arrest of several activists. While blacks are excluded from the election, they have used the defiance campaign to remind whites they remain central to any political solution.

(ABC-4, CBS-8, NBC-6)

FELIX BLOCH

ABC's John McWethy reports that early media interest in Bloch is fading.

When Bloch goes out now he is usually accompanied only by the FBI. Every day as many as a dozen FBI agents keep track of Bloch to make sure he does not flee. On some days, when reporters are there, Bloch seems to welcome them as a buffer from an FBI he clearly despises.

(Felix Bloch: "Well, I'll be honest that I don't particularly relish their being with me all the time.")

Bloch refuses to talk about his case. But, in bits and pieces, he has revealed how bitter he is. Bloch calls the surveillance, which costs thousands of dollars a day, extravagant and wasteful. So has it all made him more cynical?

(Bloch: "No, simply because it wouldn't have been possible to become more cynical.")

Bloch is a pessimist on life in general.

(Bloch: "Life is not fair. [It's] not necessarily intended to be easy or to be enjoyed. It's life. If I wasn't cynical about life from the start -- I've been cynical about life, and about everything about life, for a long time.")

As much as Bloch dislikes the FBI's surveillance, he says he has no plans to go to court to try to stop it.

(ABC-9)

VIRGINIA BEACH

CBS's Linda Taira reports from Virginia Beach that two nights of violence turned the oceanside resort into an armed camp. The weekend was intended to be a beach party for black college students. On Sunday morning, tens of thousands of young blacks swarmed on to Atlantic Ave. More than 100 shops were looted and shots rang out. Four people were injured and the National Guard was ordered in. Last night, police in riot gear were hit with bricks, bottles and rocks. What started the violence remains in question.

(CBS-3, ABC-5, NBC-5)

TITAN III

Schieffer reports that the Air Force used the last of its Titan III rockets to launch a surveillance satellite into orbit. (CBS-9, ABC-8, NBC-9)

-End of News Summary-

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Tuesday
September 5, 1989

PHONE CALL FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: CONGRESSMAN BILL SCHUETTE

Requesting a PRIVATE appointment
with the President to discuss his
political future.

His preference would be Thursday
for 15 minutes.

Patty Presock

NOTE FOR THE FILES

POTUS WILL SEE SCHUETTE ON THURSDAY

P.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 6, 1989

MR. PRESIDENT:

Here is a sample of specific
comments received during calls
last night after your speech.

Jim
P /
same in my
files
S

Bush Library Photocopy
George Bush Handwriting

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
03. List	Comments of President's Drug Speech of September 5, 1989 [redaction of personal information] (2 pp.)	09/05/89	(b)(6)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, September 5, 1989

Date Closed: 8/19/2009	OA/ID Number: 90520-022
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

COMMENTS OF PRESIDENT'S DRUG SPEECH OF SEPTEMBER 5, 1989

KISS - 108 FM IN BOSTON - SUPPORTING THE PRESIDENT ALL THE WAY FROM POLL TAKEN. LITTLE PEOPLE OUT THERE STANDING BEHIND HIM.

USERS ON GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE WILL LOSE BENEFITS IF CONVICTED OF DRUG USE.

FUNDING FOR DRUG PROGRAM - ADD A SLOT ON INCOME TAX RETURN TO CONTRIBUTE \$1.00 (AS WITH CAMPAIGN FUNDING).

DRUG ADDICTS SHOULD REIMBURSE GOVERNMENT FOR REHAB PROGRAMS.

REOPEN SAN QUENTIN AND ALCATRAZ AND PUT DRUG DEALERS AND ADDICTS THERE.

HIGHEST VOTE OF CONFIDENCE IN THE PRESIDENT FOR HIS BRAVERY - PRAISE HIM FOR HIS BRAVERY AGAINST THIS BAND OF MURDERERS. HER PRAYERS ARE WITH HIM AS SHE FEARS FOR HIS LIFE.

JUST SAW THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH AND I THINK HE WAS GREAT.

DEVASTATED THAT THE PRESIDENT WOULD SPEND SO MUCH MONEY ON THE "LAW ENFORCEMENT END" OF THE DRUG PROBLEM.

CALIFORNIA MAN SUPPORTS THE PRESIDENT 100%.

RECOVERED ALCOHOLIC WAS DISAPPOINTED THE PRESIDENT DID NOT REFER TO ALCOHOLICS AS DRUG RELATED AND NOTE THEIR RECOVERY RATE.

SPEECH WAS GREAT AND HAVE ALL CONFIDENCE IN HIM.

GOOD SPEECH AND RE FUNDING, THIS CALLER FAVORS SURTAX ON CIGARETTES AND ALCOHOL AND SHE SMOKES AND DRINKS.

TELL THE PRESIDENT I'M A FORMER USER AND I SAY GOD BLESS HIM.

IF THIS IS THE ONLY THING HIS PRESIDENCY WILL BE REMEMBERED FOR, IT WILL BE WORTH IT.

I'M A RECOVERING ALCOHOLIC AND I SUPPORT EVERYTHING HE SAID.

TELL HIM IF YOU HAVE A RELAPSE YOUR INSURANCE DOESN'T COVER IT. THIS NEEDS TO BE ADDRESSED.

USE MONEY FOR EDUCATION RATHER THAN DRUGS.

LEGALIZE DRUGS.

STRONGER MEASURES AGAINST DRUG DEALERS.

DRASTIC MEASURES ARE NECESSARY, GO AHEAD.

FEDERAL LAWS AGAINST STATE TO STATE DEALERS - EXECUTE THEM.

NEED NATIONAL SLOGAN FOR DRUG PROGRAM.

LEGALIZATION OF DRUGS IS THE ONLY ANSWER.

FANTASTIC, PROUD OF MY PRESIDENT, PROUD TO BE AN AMERICAN.

CAME ACROSS WEAK - NOT STRONG ENOUGH FROM A SCHOOL TEACHER.

(b)(6) CALLED TO SAY THAT HIS BROTHER HAS A VERY SERIOUS PROBLEM WITH COCAINE. AFTER WATCHING THE PRESIDENT THIS EVENING AND HIS CONCERN AND ERNEST APPROACH, (b)(6) IS GOING TO MORE AGGRESSIVE IN HELPING HIS BORTHER.

VERY MOVING, CAN HE COME OUT ON AIDS AND DRUGS TOGETHER.

SUGGEST A TELETHON FOR FIGHTING DRUGS.

(b)(6) SON ON DRUGS AND ALMOST LOST THEIR BUSINESS. WANTS TO HELP IN ANY WAY SHE CAN.

MR. JOHN HEPPERD OF PENNA. MADE NO POINTS AND HE IS KEEPING BENNETT AND THORNBURG FROM ACTING.

THANK GEORGE BUSH FOR A WELL ADDRESSSED AND INTELLIGENT APPROACH FROM CONNECTICUT.

STANDING WITH THE PRESIDENT FROM TUSCALOOSA, ALABAMA.

GOOD SPEECH BUT NEED TO PROTECT AGAINST CORRUPT POLICE.

FURIOUS WITH BIDEN'S REBUTTAL.

71 YEAR OLD MALE, HEARD MANY PRESIDENTIAL SPEECHES, THRILLED, PROUD, PLEASED, BEST SPEECH EVER.

EXCELLENT SPEECH, BUT NOT A GOOD PROGRAM.

LOOKED BEST HE EVER HAS.

NEEDS TO BE TOUGHER, NOT GOING TO WORK UNLESS HE IS TOUGH.

A CALLER SAID HE WAS SHOT BY TWO CRACK ADDICTS. I CAN NOW SLEEP AGAIN AFTER HEARING THE PRESIDENT. I'M THRILLED.

PUT SLOT ON INCOME TAX FORM - MANY CALLS IN THIS REGARD.

NO MENTION OF MIDDLE MAN - MUST GET THE MIDDLE MAN (DEALER).

HOUSE AND SENATE MOVING TOO SLOW ON DRUG PROBLEM.

BEST SPEECH FROM OVAL OFFICE. CONGRESS WILL SUPPORT THE PROGRAM, A GOOD ONE.

SPECTACULAR - THANK YOU MR. PRESIDENT - RETIRED GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEE.

FROM REPUBLICAN FROM VIRGINIA - PUT MARGE PETERSEN IN DRUG OFFICE, SHE IS ALREADY IN COMPUTER.

WE WERE SO IMPRESSED. THE TALK HAD A LOT OF SUBSTANCE TO IT. HE OBVIOUSLY HAS LOOKED AT ALL ANGLES.

WOMAN CALLER IN TEARS, BORN NEAR RUSSIA, AND SAYS RUSSIANS ARE BEHIND DRUGS IN U.S. PLAN TO TAKE OVER U.S.A. WITH DRUGS.

SCHOOL TEACHERS FROM TUSCON, PRESIDENT ON TRACK. DEMOCRATIC REBUTTAL IS DISAPPOINTING.

18 YEAR OLD STUDENT FROM STATE OF WASHINGTON, TELL PRESIDENT TO GO FOR IT, WE ARE BEHIND HIM.

THE NEWS MEDIA SHOULD FUND ANY SHORT FALL IN MONEY AS THEY HAVE GLAMORIZED DRUGS FOR TWENTY YEARS. THE THREE NETWORKS SHOULD PAY FOR THEIR "FAUSTIAN DEAL".

PROGRAM NOT TOUGH ENOUGH. TREAT THEM AS PRISONERS OF WAR AND HARD LABOR - NO T.V.

TAKE DONATIONS ON IRS FORM.

USE TELETHON LIKE M.D. FOR RAISING MONEY.

(b)(6) HAD
TO MOVE BECAUSE FAMILY MEMBERS WERE INVOLVED IN DRUGS. PRESIDENT
IS GREATER THAN LINCOLN OR TRUMAN. SPEECH WAS TERRIFIC. ANY HELP
HE CAN GIVE (b)(6)

WISH TO GIVE THE DEMOCRATS HELL, RIGHT ON WITH YOUR MESSAGE.

TAX LIQUOR, CIGARETTES. NO MORE MONEY OUR OF DOMESTIC PROGRAMS.

TOTALLY RECEPTIVE, BUT SHOULD NOT KISS REAGAN'S ASS. THE BUSH FAMILY ARE NOT PHONIES. NO CREDIT TO RAMBO. SOUTH JERSEY.

HOW IS HE GOING TO PAY. NO GUTS, NO GLORY. BRUCE WALLACE FROM APACHE JUNCTION, ARIZONA. DON'T EVADE FUNDING.

PETER BUCHANAN FROM RR.1, ELDORADO ONTARIO CANADA. THOUGHT THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH WAS EXCELLENT AND WILL DO ANYTHING TO HELP HIM.

BUCK MAULDIN, 1939 N.W.. PINE TREE WAY, STEWART, FLORIDA (407) 692-1323, and (407) 283-4594. VERY SUPPORTIVE.

SPEECH WAS A "CLAP TRAP"

SHOWED LACK OF LEADERSHIP.

PRESIDENT NEEDS TO DO MORE, SPECIFY MORE ON DRUG PRESENTATION.

PLAN WILL WORK ABOUT AS WELL AS PROHIBITION.

LOOK FORWARD TO PRESIDENT'S FAILURE.

WHERE IS MONEY COMING FROM?

MONEY IS NOT BEING SPENT PROPERLY.

PRESIDENT SHOWED BRAVERY - HE IS LAYING HIS LIFE DOWN FOR CHILDREN.

MANY TEACHERS CALLED TO SAY THEY WOULD START DRUG EDUCATION RIGHT AWAY.

FORMER PROSTITUTE FROM CALIFORNIA CALLED TO ASK PRESIDENT TO PUT MONEY INTO TREATMENT. SHE IS ON METHEDONE AND IT IS VERY EXPENSIVE BUT IT IS HELPING. SHE NOW IS MARRIED AND HAS A 5 YEAR OLD.

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

September 5, 1989

ADDRESS BY THE PRESIDENT
ON NATIONAL DRUG POLICY

The Oval Office

9:00 P.M. EDT

THE PRESIDENT: Good evening. This is the first time since taking the oath of office that I felt an issue was so important, so threatening that it warranted talking directly with you, the American people. All of us agree that the gravest domestic threat facing our nation today is drugs.

Drugs have strained our faith in our system of justice. Our courts, our prisons, our legal system are stretched to the breaking point. The social costs of drugs are mounting. In short, drugs are sapping our strength as a nation. Turn on the evening news or pick up the morning paper and you'll see what some Americans know just by stepping out their front door: Our most serious problem today is cocaine and, in particular, crack.

Who's responsible? Let me tell you straight out.

Everyone who uses drugs. Everyone who sells drugs. And everyone who looks the other way.

Tonight, I'll tell you how many Americans are using illegal drugs. I will present to you our national strategy to deal with every aspect of this threat. And I will ask you to get involved in what promises to be a very difficult fight.

This -- this is crack cocaine seized a few days ago by Drug Enforcement agents in a park just across the street from the White House. It could easily have been heroine or PCP. It's as innocent looking as candy, but it's turning our cities into battle zones and it is murdering our children. Let there be no mistake, this stuff is poison. Some used to call drugs harmless recreation. They're not. Drugs are a real and terribly dangerous threat to our neighborhoods, our friends and our families.

No one among us is out of harm's way. When four-year-olds play in playgrounds strewn with discarded hypodermic needles and crack vials -- it breaks my heart. When cocaine -- one of the most deadly and addictive illegal drugs -- is available to school kids -- school kids -- it's an outrage. And when hundreds of thousands of babies are born each year to mothers who use drugs -- premature babies born desperately sick -- then even the most defenseless among us are at risk.

These are the tragedies behind the statistics. But the numbers also have quite a story to tell. Let me share with you the results of the recently completed Household Survey of the National Institute on Drug Abuse. It compares recent drug use to three years ago. It tells us some good news and some very bad news. First, the good.

As you can see in the chart, in 1985, the government estimated that 23 million Americans were using drugs on a "current" basis -- that is, at least once in the preceding month. Last year, that number fell by more than a third. That means almost nine million fewer Americans are casual drug users. Good news.

MORE

Because we changed our national attitude toward drugs, casual drug use has declined. We have many to thank: Our brave law-enforcement officers, religious leaders, teachers, community activists, and leaders of business and labor. We should also thank the media for their exhaustive news and editorial coverage and for their air time and space for antidrug messages. And finally, I want to thank President and Mrs. Reagan for their leadership. All of these good people told the truth -- that drug use is wrong and dangerous.

But as much comfort as we can draw from these dramatic reductions, there is also bad news -- very bad news. Roughly eight million people have used cocaine in the past year, almost one million of them used it frequently -- once a week or more.

What this means is that, in spite of the fact that overall cocaine use is down, frequent use has almost doubled in the last few years. And that's why habitual cocaine users -- especially crack users -- are the most pressing, immediate drug problem.

What, then, is our plan? To begin with, I trust the lesson of experience: No single policy will cut it, no matter how glamorous or magical it may sound. To win the war against addictive drugs like crack will take more than just a federal strategy. It will take a national strategy, one that reaches into every school, every workplace, involving every family.

Earlier today, I sent this document, our first such national strategy, to the Congress. It was developed with the hard work of our nation's first Drug Policy Director, Bill Bennett. In preparing this plan, we talked with state, local and community leaders, law enforcement officials and experts in education, drug prevention, and rehabilitation. We talked with parents and kids. We took a long, hard look at all that the federal government has done about drugs in the past: What's worked, and -- let's be honest -- what hasn't. Too often, people in government acted as if their part of the problem -- whether fighting drug production, or drug smuggling, or drug demand -- was the only problem. But turf battles won't win this war. Teamwork will.

Tonight, I'm announcing a strategy that reflects the coordinated, cooperative commitment of all our federal agencies. In short, this plan is as comprehensive as the problem. With this strategy, we now finally have a plan that coordinates our resources, our programs and the people who run them.

Our weapons in this strategy are the law and criminal justice system, our foreign policy, our treatment systems, and our schools and drug prevention programs. So the basic weapons we need are the ones we already have. What's been lacking is a strategy to effectively use them.

Let me address four of the major elements of our strategy.

First, we are determined to enforce the law, to make our streets and neighborhoods safe. So to start, I'm proposing that we more than double federal assistance to state and local law enforcement. Americans have a right to safety in and around their homes. And we won't have safe neighborhoods unless we're tough on drug criminals -- much tougher than we are now. Sometimes that means tougher penalties. But more often it just means punishment that is swift and certain. We've all heard stories about drug dealers who are caught and arrested -- again and again -- but never punished. Well, here the rules have changed: If you sell drugs, you will be caught. And when you're caught, you will be prosecuted. And once you're convicted, you will do time. Caught. Prosecuted. Punished.

I'm also proposing that we enlarge our criminal justice system across the board -- at the local, state and federal levels alike. We need more prisons, more jails, more courts, more prosecutors. So tonight, I'm requesting -- altogether -- an almost

\$1.5 billion increase in drug-related federal spending on law enforcement.

And while illegal drug use is found in every community, nowhere is it worse than in our public housing projects. You know, the poor have never had it easy in this world. But in the past, they weren't mugged on the way home from work by crack gangs. And their children didn't have to dodge bullets on the way to school. And that's why I'm targeting \$50 million to fight crime in public housing projects -- to help restore order and to kick out the dealers for good.

The second element of our strategy looks beyond our borders where the cocaine and crack bought on America's streets is grown and processed. In Colombia alone, cocaine killers have gunned down a leading statesman, murdered almost 200 judges and seven members of their Supreme Court. The besieged governments of the drug-producing countries are fighting back, fighting to break the international drug rings. But you and I agree with the courageous President of Colombia, Virgilio Barco, who said that if Americans use cocaine, then Americans are paying for murder. American cocaine users need to understand that our nation has zero tolerance for casual drug use. We have a responsibility not to leave our brave friends in Colombia to fight alone.

The \$65-million emergency assistance announced two weeks ago was just our first step in assisting the Andean nations in their fight against the cocaine cartels. Colombia has already arrested suppliers, seized tons of cocaine and confiscated palatial homes of drug lords. But Colombia faces a long, uphill battle, so we must be ready to do more.

Our strategy allocates more than a quarter of a billion dollars for next year in military and law enforcement assistance for the three Andean nations of Colombia, Bolivia and Peru. This will be the first part of a five-year, \$2-billion program to counter the producers, the traffickers and the smugglers.

I spoke with President Barco just last week, and we hope to meet with the leaders of affected countries in an unprecedented drug summit, all to coordinate an inter-American strategy against the cartels. We will work with our allies and friends -- especially our economic summit partners -- to do more in the fight against drugs. I'm also asking the Senate to ratify the United Nations Antidrug Convention concluded last December.

To stop those drugs on the way to America, I propose that we spend more than \$1.5 billion on interdiction. Greater interagency cooperation, combined with sophisticated intelligence-gathering and Defense Department technology can help stop drugs at our borders.

And our message to the drug cartels is this: The rules have changed. We will help any government that wants our help. When requested, we will for the first time make available the appropriate resources of America's armed forces. We will intensify our efforts against drug smugglers on the high seas, in international airspace and at our borders. We will stop the flow of chemicals from the United States used to process drugs. We will pursue and enforce international agreements to track drug money to the front men and financiers. And then we will handcuff these money launderers and jail them -- just like any street dealer. And for the drug kingpins, the death penalty.

The third part of our strategy concerns drug treatment. Experts believe that there are two million American drug users who may be able to get off drugs with proper treatment. But right now, only 40 percent of them are actually getting help. This is simply not good enough.

Many people who need treatment won't seek it on their own. And some who do seek it are put on a waiting list. Most programs were set up to deal with heroin addicts, but today, the

major problem is cocaine users. It's time we expand our treatment systems and do a better job of providing services to those who need them.

And so tonight, I'm proposing an increase of \$321 million in federal spending on drug treatment.

With this strategy, we will do more. We will work with the states. -- We will encourage employers to establish employee assistance programs to cope with drug use. And because addiction is such a cruel inheritance, we will intensify our search for ways to help expectant mothers who use drugs.

Fourth, we must stop illegal drug use before it starts. Unfortunately, it begins early -- for many kids, before their teens. But it doesn't start the way you might think, from a dealer or an addict hanging around a school playground. More often, our kids first get their drugs free, from friends, or even from older brothers or sisters. Peer pressure spreads drug use. Peer pressure can help stop it.

I am proposing a quarter-of-a-billion-dollar increase in federal funds for school and community prevention programs that help young people and adults reject enticements to try drugs. And I'm proposing something else. Every school, college and university -- and every workplace -- must adopt tough but fair policies about drug use by students and employees. And those that will not adopt such policies will not get federal funds. Period.

The private sector also has an important role to play. I spoke with a businessman named Jim Burke who said he was haunted by the thought -- a nightmare, really -- that somewhere in America, at any given moment, there is a teenage girl who should be in school, instead of giving birth to a child addicted to cocaine. So Jim did something. He led an antidrug partnership, financed by private funds, to work with advertisers and media firms. Their partnership is now determined to work with our strategy by generating educational messages worth a million dollars a day -- every day for the next three years -- a billion dollars worth of advertising, all to promote the antidrug message.

As President, one of my first missions is to keep the national focus on our offensive against drugs. And so next week I will take the antidrug message to the classrooms of America in a special television address, one that I hope will reach every school, every young American. But drug education doesn't begin in class or on TV. It must begin at home and in the neighborhood. Parents and families must set the first example of a drug-free life. And when families are broken, caring friends and neighbors must step in.

These are the most important elements in our strategy to fight drugs. They are all designed to reinforce one another, to mesh into a powerful whole, to mount an aggressive attack on the problem from every angle. This is the first time in the history of our country, that we truly have a comprehensive strategy.

As you can tell, such an approach will not come cheaply. Last February, I asked for a \$700-million increase in the drug budget for the coming year. And now, over the past six months of careful study, we have found an immediate need for another \$1.5 billion. With this added \$2.2 billion, our 1990 drug budget totals almost \$8 billion -- the largest increase in history.

We need this program fully implemented -- right away. The next fiscal year begins just 26 days from now. So tonight, I'm asking the Congress -- which has helped us formulate this strategy -- to help us move it forward immediately.

We can pay for this fight against drugs without raising taxes or adding to the budget deficit. We have submitted our plan to Congress that shows just how to fund it within the limits of our bipartisan budget agreement.

MORE

Now, I know some will still say that we're not spending enough money. But those who judge our strategy only by its price tag simply don't understand the problem. Let's face it, we've all seen in the past that money alone won't solve our toughest problems.

To be strong and efficient, our strategy needs these funds. But there is no match for a united America, a determined America, an angry America. Our outrage against drugs unites us, brings us together behind this one plan of action, an assault on every front.

This is the toughest domestic challenge we've faced in decades. And it's a challenge we must face -- not as Democrats or Republicans, liberals or conservatives -- but as Americans. The key is a coordinated, united effort. We've responded faithfully to the request of the Congress to produce our nation's first national drug strategy. I'll be looking to the Democratic majority and our Republicans in Congress for leadership and bipartisan support. And our citizens deserve cooperation, not competition; a national effort, not a partisan bidding war.

To start, Congress needs not only to act on this national drug strategy, but also to act on our crime package announced last May; a package to toughen sentences, beef up law enforcement and build new prison space for 24,000 inmates.

You and I both know the federal government can't do it alone. The states need to match tougher federal laws with tougher laws of their own -- stiffer bail, probation, parole and sentencing.

And we need your help. If people you know are users, help them -- help them get off drugs. If you're a parent, talk to your kids about drugs -- tonight.

Call your local drug prevention program. Be a Big Brother or Sister to a child in need. Pitch in with your local Neighborhood Watch program. Whether you give your time or talent, everyone counts.

Every employer who bans drugs from the workplace. Every school that's tough on drug use. Every neighborhood in which drugs are not welcome. And most important, every one of you who refuses to look the other way. Every one of you counts.

Of course, victory will take hard work and time. But together we will win -- too many young lives are at stake.

Not long ago, I read a newspaper story about a little boy named Dooney, who, until recently, lived in a crack house in a suburb of Washington, D.C. In Dooney's neighborhood, children don't flinch at the sound of gunfire. And when they play, they pretend to sell to each other small white rocks that they call crack.

Life at home was so cruel that Dooney begged his teachers to let him sleep on the floor at school. And when asked about his future, six-year-old Dooney answers, "I don't want to sell drugs, but I'll probably have to."

Well, Dooney does not have to sell drugs. No child in America should have to live like this. Together as a people we can save these kids. We've already transformed a national attitude of tolerance into one of condemnation. But the war on drugs will be hard-won, neighborhood by neighborhood, block by block, child by child.

If we fight this war as a divided nation, then the war is lost. But if we face this evil as a nation united, this will be nothing but a handful of useless chemicals.

Victory. Victory over drugs is our cause, a just cause and, with your help, we are going to win.

Thank you, God bless you, and good night.

Presidential Phone Calls



DATE:

9-5-89

TIME:

2:45

incoming/outgoing

WITH:

GW 13

SUBJECT:

Luce for Gov.

Pete O'Donnell
wanted

G to come out
for Luce

G says "No"

(see phone notes from

FOLLOW UP:

9-2-89

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

Bush Library Photocopy
George Bush Handwriting

Presidential Phone Calls



DATE: 9-5-89 TIME: incoming/outgoing

WITH: Prime Minister Thatcher

SUBJECT: _____

'courageous'

no difficulty with that at all

FM at Checkers - reminded
him still "G-7" ad chmn.

at Europe - me + Gonzalez
no difficulty with your proposal

FOLLOW UP: more - TS supported the
better -

Drug Trafficking Act is through
Interstate

one other thing

9-5-89

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Brent

Kristol is in

— contention —

not a major
challenge but his
eyelids give

promise

GB

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

Bush Library Photocopy
George Bush Handwriting

Further is in
training to mount
a challenge

13

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
05a. Note	Handwritten notes of Presidential Phone call with Helmut Kohl Re: G-7 (2 pp.)	09/05/89	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, September 5, 1989

Date Closed: 8/19/2009	OA/ID Number: 90520-022
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL

September 5, 1989

NOTE FOR PATTY PRESOCK

FROM: PHILIP HUGHES 

SUBJECT: Talking Points for
President's Telephone Call
to Chancellor Kohl

Attached are talking points approved by General Scowcroft for the President's use in his 11:00 a.m. telephone call to FRG Chancellor Kohl concerning the situation in Columbia. Brent asked that talking points be provided for this call. Could you please make sure the President has these available for the call? Thanks!

POINTS TO BE MADE FOR MEETING WITH
CHANCELLOR KOHL

- As you know the situation in Colombia is of serious concern.
- The traffickers there have sought to undermine the legal and social fabric of that nation by threatening and killing judges and corrupting and intimidating the police, the military and other institutions. The attack on one of the leading newspapers (El Espectador) over the weekend is but one sickening example.
- President Barco has courageously decided to stand up to the cartels. I have spoken with President Barco several times, and we intend to give him all the support possible. The \$65 million in emergency military aid which I offered two weeks ago was but a first step. Tonight I will announce a \$260 million for Colombia, Peru, and Bolivia for next year and a \$2 billion program over the next five years.
- Colombia must not fail in its effort to attack the drug cartels. We cannot stand by and let Barco succumb, lest we wish the chaos of Lebanon with a drug cartel overlay to be recreated in Latin America.

-- One way to approach this issue might be for the G-7 to provide a counternarcotics assistance package to Colombia or the region more broadly, perhaps on the order of \$250-300 million, of the sort of assistance with which you are comfortable.

-- I would appreciate it if you would call President Mitterrand and suggest that he consider announcing such a G-7 initiative from Paris, in his role as chairman at the recent Summit.

-- We spoke about the need to cooperate on the drug issue in Paris in July, but now we are dealing with a concrete situation. Now is the time to act. I have spoken to Brian Mulroney and others about helping, and I wanted to talk to you before I talk to the American public this evening. I hope that I can count on your support.

3:30 P.M. NEWS UPDATE

ANTI-DRUG PLAN SPEECH (Rita Beamish, AP) -- President Bush, in what he previewed as a "heart-to-heart talk with the American people," tonight will urge a crackdown on illegal drug users and declare a \$7.8 billion war on drugs. While some details have been disclosed, officials did not say where Bush will siphon off money from an already squeezed federal budget to pay for his war on drugs. However, they said the plan will address that issue. Sources have said the funds will come from various categories in next year's budget rather than cutting back in one or two places. "There's no question but that drugs are (the) quicksand of our entire society. They're suffocating individuals and families and institutions as well. And all Americans must pull together to solve this problem," Bush said at the outset of a Cabinet meeting today.... "My speech will be the basis of a heart-to-heart talk with the American people," he said today.

PENTAGON/COLOMBIA MILITARY AID (UPI) -- The Pentagon refused Tuesday to disclose types or amount of the final U.S. taxpayer-bought military equipment being given to Colombia as part of President Bush's \$65 million emergency anti-drug package. The final list of equipment approved by the U.S. and Colombia is "classified," Pentagon spokesman Pete Williams said. "I don't know why." He also said that while 50 to 100 military personnel going to Colombia as part of this effort are "largely technical and trainers...the possibility remains that we may provide some training in (combat) tactics." ... Williams said "about a dozen" U.S. military personnel were in Colombia as of Tuesday, but that he did not know when the others might be sent or from which U.S. military bases.

COLOMBIAN MILITARY AID (Bogota/UPI) -- Five U.S. UH-1 helicopters and a shipment of bulletproof vests arrived Tuesday, the third package of U.S. aid sent under president Bush's \$65 million emergency plan to help Colombia battle cocaine cartels.... "(The helicopters) will be used by the anti-narcotics police," said a U.S. Embassy official. "They can be used to transport material and personnel."

COLOMBIAN DRUG KILLING (Bogota/Reuter) -- The wife of an army colonel was shot dead by unidentified attackers in northern Bogota Tuesday morning, a defense ministry spokesman said. He said the army had no clues to the motives of the killing but added: "Terrorism in the country is so savage that people are being killed simply because they are family members of military personnel." ... The woman killed Thursday was the wife of Col. Carlos Guerrero Pena. The defense ministry spokesman, Col. Eduardo Arevalo, asked whether Guerrero Pena had been active in the government's anti-narcotics effort, said he had been no more involved than anyone else in Colombia's armed forces.

USS IOWA INVESTIGATION (AP) -- The Navy on Thursday will release the findings of its months-long investigation into the explosion aboard the USS Iowa that claimed the lives of 47 crewmen, it was announced today.... Pentagon spokesman Pete Williams said the report is 1,100 pages in length, and will be discussed at a briefing by the vice chief of naval operations, Adm. Leon Edney and the investigating officer, Rear Adm. Richard Milligan. Williams said the two intended to offer a "very thorough" briefing on the accident. He declined to discuss the details of the report in advance.

PY

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

069703

FI 004-02

SEP - 5 1989

C O P Y
from ORM

The President
of the Senate

Sir:

I ask the Congress to consider amendments to the request for appropriations for fiscal year 1990 to implement the National Drug Control Strategy.

The details of these proposals are set forth in the enclosed letter from the Director of the Office of Management and Budget. I concur with his comments and observations.

Sincerely yours,



Enclosures

FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE PRESIDENT
GENERAL PROVISIONS

1990 Budget Appendix Page	Heading	1990 Budget Request Pending	1990 Proposed Amendment	1990 Revised Request
I-D33	SEC. 515 Limitation on Assistance to Countries in Default (In the General Provisions language under the above heading delete the period at the end of the paragraph and substitute the following:) <u>:Provided, That</u> <u>this section shall</u> <u>not apply to funds</u> <u>made available in</u> <u>this Act for any</u> <u>narcotics-related</u> <u>activities in</u> <u>Colombia, Bolivia,</u> <u>and Peru autho-</u> <u>rized by the</u> <u>Foreign Assistance</u> <u>Act of 1961 as</u> <u>amended.</u>	---	General Provisions language	---

For counter-narcotics funding to be given to Colombia, Bolivia, and Peru, this amendment would waive a restriction that prohibits granting foreign aid to any country that becomes delinquent in their debt repayments to the United States by more than one calendar year. This amendment is necessary in order to implement the international narcotics programs for these countries proposed in the National Drug Control Strategy. This proposal would not affect outlays.

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE - MILITARY

1990 Budget Appendix Page	Heading	1990 Budget Request Pending	1990 Proposed Amendment	1990 Revised Request
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OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

I-G17

Counter narcotics
programs

— \$132,000,000 \$132,000,000

(Insert the above heading and the appropriations language that follows immediately after the material under the heading "Department of Defense Base Closure Account:)

For the Department of Defense,
\$132,000,000, to remain available until transferred or obligated of which up to \$125,000,000 may be obligated by the Department of State for counter-narcotics programs:
Provided, That funds transferred be available for the same purpose and time period as the appropriation to which transferred.

1990 Budget Appendix Page	Heading	1990 Budget Request Pending	1990 Proposed Amendment	1990 Revised Request
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PROCUREMENT

I-G21	Other procurement, Army	\$4,169,100,000	-\$132,000,000	\$4,037,100,000
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This proposal would provide \$132 million in addition to the \$318 million already included in other Department of Defense appropriations requests for a total of \$450 million for counter-narcotics programs, of which up to \$125 million could be obligated by the Department of State. The reduction to Other Procurement, Army is from the Single Channel Ground and Airborne Radio System (SINOGARS) which has been delayed in production pending further testing. The additional \$7 million will be transferred to other Department of Defense accounts for counter-narcotics programs and law enforcement support. This proposal would not affect total outlays.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
OFFICE OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY FOR HEALTH

1990 Budget Appendix Page	Heading	1990 Budget Request Pending	1990 Proposed Amendment	1990 Revised Request
I-K 27	<u>National Drug Control Strategy Initiative</u> (Insert the above heading and the appropriations language that follows immediately after the material under the heading "National HIV program":) <u>For carrying out the National Drug Control Strategy Initiative, \$300,000,000, to be available until expended, which is in addition to amounts appropriated for anti-drug abuse research, treatment and prevention activities under the heading "Alcohol, drug abuse, and mental health". Of this amount, \$135,000,000 is for drug abuse research, treatment, and prevention demonstrations and grants (with emphasis on pregnant and post-partum women and high risk youth); and \$165,000,000 is for block grants to States under Title XIX of the Public Health Service Act dedicated to</u>	—	\$300,000,000	\$300,000,000

1990 Budget Appendix Page	Heading	1990 Budget Request Pending	1990 Proposed Amendment	1990 Revised Request
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the exclusive purpose of carrying out drug abuse programs: Provided, That the latter amount shall not be used to calculate amounts to be used for programs and activities relating to drug abuse as required by section 1916(c)(7)(B) of said Act.

This proposal would provide \$300 million; \$135 million for drug abuse research and research demonstrations, drug abuse treatment improvement projects, for increasing grants for prevention and treatment initiatives for target populations (with emphasis on pregnant and post-partum women and high risk youth); and \$165 million for block grants to States under Title XIX of the Public Health Service Act. This request would be used for the National Drug Strategy in conjunction with an estimated \$1 billion requested previously for the Department's anti-drug abuse research, treatment, and prevention activities. This proposal would increase fiscal year 1990 outlays by \$80 million.

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
PUBLIC AND INDIAN HOUSING

1990 Budget Appendix Page	Heading	1990 Budget Request Pending	1990 Proposed Amendment	1990 Revised Request
I-M 17	Modernization of low-income housing projects (In the appropriations language under the above heading delete the period after "expended" and substitute the following:) <u>, of which \$50,000,000</u> <u>shall be available only</u> <u>for grants authorized</u> <u>under the Public</u> <u>Housing Drug</u> <u>Elimination Act of 1988</u> <u>(42 U.S.C. 11901, et</u> <u>seq.) and subject only</u> <u>to the requirements of</u> <u>such Act.</u>	\$1,000,000,000	\$50,000,000	\$1,050,000,000

This amendment would provide \$50 million for grants authorized under Section 5123 of the Public Housing Drug Elimination Act of 1988. Activities eligible to receive these grants include project security, physical improvements, enforcement, support for voluntary organizations, and innovative programs designed to reduce drug use in and around public housing projects. This proposal would increase fiscal year 1990 outlays by \$23 million.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

1990 Budget Appendix Page	Heading	1990 Budget Request Pending	1990 Proposed Amendment	1990 Revised Request
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DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION

I-015	Salaries and expenses	\$551,181,000	\$5,300,000	\$556,481,000
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This proposal would provide increased funding for the Andean Counter-Narcotics Initiative. This proposal would increase fiscal year 1990 outlays by \$4 million.

IMMIGRATION AND NATURALIZATION SERVICE

I-017	Salaries and expenses	\$878,959,000	\$20,000,000	\$898,959,000
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This proposal would provide funds for enhancement of INS enforcement at the Southwestern border. This proposal would increase fiscal year 1990 outlays by \$16 million.

OFFICE OF JUSTICE PROGRAMS

I-025	Justice assistance	\$156,000,000	\$194,000,000	\$350,000,000
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(In the appropriation language under the above heading delete the period after "to remain available until expended" and substitute the following:)

:Provided, That funds may be used to make grants or enter into contracts to carry out section 5301 of Public Law 100-690.

This proposal would increase funding for the Drug Control and System Improvement Grant Program to assist in street-level drug law enforcement and make drug users more accountable for their behavior. This proposal would increase fiscal year 1990 outlays by \$21 million. In addition, appropriation language is requested to make funds available to carry out the provision of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988 making convicted drug offenders ineligible for certain Federal benefits. The funds would be made available from the discretionary portion of the grant program.

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

1990 Budget Appendix Page	Heading	1990 Budget Request Pending	1990 Proposed Amendment	1990 Revised Request
I-S16	United States Customs Service, Salaries and expenses	\$1,031,490,000	\$15,000,000	\$1,046,490,000

This request would provide funds for an increased effort to counter drug-related money laundering by a more vigilant enforcement of the laws relating to the movement of currency and other monetary instruments into and out of the United States. This proposal would increase fiscal year 1990 outlays by \$14 million.

PRESS RELEASE

The President has transmitted to the Congress fiscal year 1990 budget amendments to implement the \$716.3 million National Drug Control Strategy he announced today. The amendments total \$584.3 million in budget authority and \$125 million in new authority for the Secretary of State to use Defense funding (existing transfer authority would also be used for \$7 million). These amendments would provide for the following:

- \$300 million for the Department of Health and Human Services' Office of the Assistant Secretary for Health to augment its efforts in anti-drug abuse treatment and prevention.
- \$194 million for the Department of Justice's State and Local Drug Grant Program to assist in street-level drug law enforcement and to make drug users more accountable for their behavior.
- \$125 million to be made available to the Secretary of State from Defense funding to finance a major portion of the initiative to disrupt and diminish the flow of cocaine from the Andean region of South America. An additional \$7 million would be transferred within the Department of Defense to support counter-narcotics activities.
- \$50 million for the Department of Housing and Urban Development's Public Housing Modernization Program to rid public housing of drug dealers and to increase security.
- \$20 million for the Department of Justice's Immigration and Naturalization Service to increase anti-drug Border Patrol activities along the Southwest Border and to bring new equipment on line more quickly.
- \$15 million for the Department of the Treasury's Customs Service to upgrade its program to combat drug money laundering.
- \$5.3 million for the Department of Justice's Drug Enforcement Administration to assist with the Andean initiative.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 5, 1989

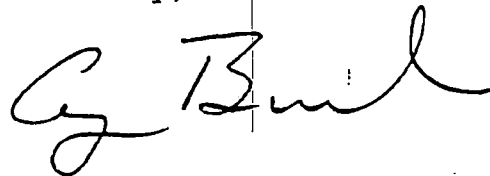
Dear Mr. President:

Consistent with section 1005 of the Anti-Drug Abuse Act of 1988 (21 U.S.C. 1504), I am today pleased to transmit my Administration's 1989 National Drug Control Strategy for congressional consideration and action.

This report is the product of an unprecedented national effort over many months. America's fight against epidemic illegal drug use cannot be won on any single front alone; it must be waged everywhere -- at every level of Federal, State, and local government and by every citizen in every community across the country. Accordingly, we have conducted a thorough, intensive, and unflinching review of Federal anti-drug efforts to date. And we have solicited advice and recommendations from hundreds of interested and involved anti-drug leaders outside the Federal Government. The result is a comprehensive blueprint for new direction and effort -- and for success in the near- and long-term future.

I am especially grateful for the valuable contributions made during this process by Members of the Congress, with whom we consulted broadly as our strategy was being conceived and formulated these past 6 months. I ask that this spirit of bipartisan cooperation now be extended to the difficult but necessary work that lies ahead: full swift funding and implementation of the many proposals and initiatives contained in this report. On behalf of those Americans most directly suffering from the scourge of drugs -- and all the many more who must be further protected from it -- I ask for your help and support.

Sincerely,



The Honorable Dan Quayle
President of the Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE: 9/5/89 (4:49P)

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THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 5, 1989

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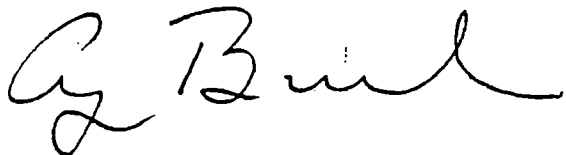
Dear Mr. Speaker:

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Sincerely,



The Honorable Thomas S. Foley
Speaker of the
House of Representatives
Washington, D.C. 20515

TO THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE. 9/5/89 (4:45p)

NOTE
8



THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 5, 1989

Dear George:

Thanks so very much for the golf clubs. I wish I could tell you that all my problems on the links have been solved. But think of it this way: things are looking up!

Ken Raynor, our local pro at Cape Arundel Golf Club in Kennebunkport, passed along this wonderful present to me, and I am very grateful to you and others at MacGregor Golf. Many, many thanks.

Sincerely,

Mr. George Nichol
MacGregor Golf Co.
Post Office Box 3929
Albany, Georgia 31708-2101

bcc: Gift Unit
Jan Burmeister



THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 5, 1989

Dear Carol:

Thanks so very much for the golf clubs. I wish I could tell you that all my problems on the links have been solved. But think of it this way: things are looking up!

Ken Raynor, our local pro at Cape Arundel Golf Club in Kennebunkport, passed along this wonderful present to me, and I am very grateful to you and others at Wilson Sporting Goods. Many, many thanks.

Sincerely,

Q. Bush

Ms. Carol Mann
c/o Wilson Sporting Goods
2233 West Street
River Grove, Illinois 60171

bcc: Gift Unit
Jan Burmeister

golf

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

39

September 5, 1989

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Lowenstein:

Let me begin by assuring you that the investigation into the bombing of Pan American Flight 103 is proceeding with intense urgency and that this Administration remains totally committed both to bringing to justice those who commit terrorist acts and to ending terrorism worldwide. Our effort constitutes the most comprehensive investigation of its kind and involves many foreign governments as well as our own. As with any criminal investigation, however, it is important not to jeopardize or prejudice the case by premature disclosures or by statements of senior government officials.

I continue to be deeply concerned about the government's response to the concerns of families. Senseless and insidious acts of terrorism cause unequalled pain to families and friends alike, and our government should be as helpful as possible. Accordingly, I have chartered a Commission to examine the government's responsiveness to the needs of families and friends when such tragedies occur as well as to review aviation safety matters more generally.

Barbara and I share your suffering and offer our prayers for the future.

Sincerely,



Mr. and Mrs. Peter Lowenstein
24 Old Orchard Road
Morristown, New Jersey 07960



THE PRESIDENT

September 5, 1989

Dear Maz,

The minute Brian handed me the picture of you and that gigantic salmon, I was filled with envy. What a beauty!

We had a good visit here with the Prime Minister and Mila -- perfect weather and a wonderful 24 hours with their great family.

I hope our paths cross before too long. Thanks for that thoughtful note.

Sincerely,

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

The Right Honorable
Donald Frank Mazankowski
Deputy Prime Minister of Canada
Ottawa K1A OA3

bcc: Jan Burmeister

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

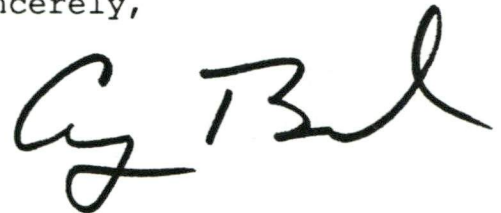
September 5, 1989

Dear Mitchell:

General Scowcroft has told me of the excellent work you have done as a White House Fellow on the National Security Council staff. Your versatility and talent have made you a tremendous asset. Your work on nonproliferation, export controls and a wide range of legal matters has been a valuable contribution to our national security. You have done credit both to yourself and to the White House Fellows program. I am grateful for your efforts.

Barbara and I wish you and Elisabeth all the best for the future.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "G. Bush". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "G." and the last name "Bush" clearly distinguishable.

Dr. Mitchell Reiss
6202 Hardy Drive
McLean, Virginia 22101



9-5-89

Dear Gene -

That was a very nice
note you sent me on Aug. 15th.
It was great seeing you
again. Warmest Regards,
Cory

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Eugene A. Cernan
Suite 300
900 Town & Country Lane
Houston, Texas 77024

bcc: Jan Burmeister

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COUNTRY BAHRAIN
SUBJECT RESPONSE TO A LETTER FROM THE AMIR OF BAHRAIN

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By Du (NLGB) on 8/19/09

065382 DOCUMENT= 1 OF 1 PAGE = 2 OF 2
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COMMENTS NSC 8906112
ALSO SEE ID 065382SS

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RICHARD C. HALVERSON, D.D.
CHAPLAIN

United States Senate
OFFICE OF THE CHAPLAIN
WASHINGTON, DC 20510

September 5, 1989

President George H.W. Bush
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Beloved President:

A word from the Word for you this week:

"Hast thou not known? hast thou not heard,
that the everlasting God, the Lord, the
Creator of the ends of the earth, fainteth
not, neither is weary? there is no
searching of his understanding. He
giveth power to the faint; and to them
that have no might he increaseth strength.
Even the youths shall faint and be weary,
and the young men shall utterly fall:
But they that wait upon the Lord shall renew
their strength; they shall mount up with
wings as eagles; they shall run, and not
be weary, and they shall walk, and not
faint." (Isaiah 40:28-31)

Blessing and love.

Affectionately in Christ,



Richard C. Halverson

RCH/mw

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
06. Letter	From George Bush to Shaikh Isa bin Sulman Al-Khalifa, Amir of the State of Bahrain Re: response to his Letter (1 pp.)	09/05/89	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Tuesday, September 5, 1989

Date Closed: 8/19/2009	OA/ID Number: 90520-022
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or
financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President
and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of
personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of
gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an
agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial
information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of
personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement
purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of
financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

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from ORM

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

September 5, 1989

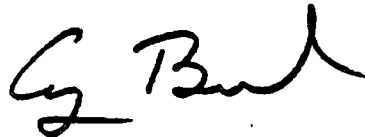
Dear Mr. and Mrs. Lowenstein:

Let me begin by assuring you that the investigation into the bombing of Pan American Flight 103 is proceeding with intense urgency and that this Administration remains totally committed both to bringing to justice those who commit terrorist acts and to ending terrorism worldwide. Our effort constitutes the most comprehensive investigation of its kind and involves many foreign governments as well as our own. As with any criminal investigation, however, it is important not to jeopardize or prejudice the case by premature disclosures or by statements of senior government officials.

I continue to be deeply concerned about the government's response to the concerns of families. Senseless and insidious acts of terrorism cause unequalled pain to families and friends alike, and our government should be as helpful as possible. Accordingly, I have chartered a Commission to examine the government's responsiveness to the needs of families and friends when such tragedies occur as well as to review aviation safety matters more generally.

Barbara and I share your suffering and offer our prayers for the future.

Sincerely,



Mr. and Mrs. Peter Lowenstein
24 Old Orchard Road
Morristown, New Jersey 07960

46626

PETER LOWENSTEIN
24 OLD ORCHARD ROAD - MORRISTOWN, N.J. 07960

DO5
June 14, 1989

Mr. George Bush
The White House
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. President:

Our son, Alexander Lowenstein, was one of the 270 people murdered when Pan Am flight #103 was bombed out of the sky. He was killed for only one reason: because he was an American flying on an American flag carrier. Our son is dead and nothing can change that!

What can be changed is the apparent attitude of our government that this was "business as usual". We have heard nothing from the Executive Branch of government other than your April 6 letter of condolence. Our first official contact from the State Dept. was a letter from Ms. Joan Clark dated May 24, 1989 asking what they could have done better. Initial contact from our government agency responsible for U. S. citizens abroad more than five months after the fact? The delay in writing that letter tells quite well what could have been done better.

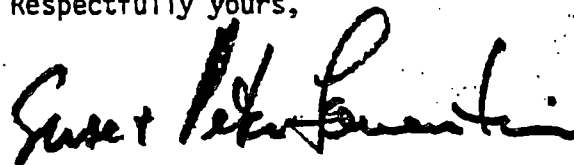
We really do not want to dwell on the negative. What we really do want to hear from you and to know is that everything possible is being done to apprehend those cowardly fanatics who killed 270 innocent people and that once found, our government will know how to deal with that. Our concern is that there is likely to be a political problem in getting the guilty persons to trial and bring them to justice. Is there anything that you can share with us that might allay our concern in that regard? Can you assure us that whoever it was that killed our son will be found and brought to a swift justice?

Mr. President, as naturalized citizens of these United States perhaps we can appreciate the greatness of our country even more than those native born; we are here by choice. As a parent yourself, you can surely appreciate that with all that has taken place, the foundation of our strong positive feelings for our adopted country has been shaken. This is due primarily to the fact that we do not know what our government has undertaken in this matter. We hope and pray that there are things happening behind the scenes about which we do not know.

(over please)

Of course we realize that you are a very busy man with many important things to fill your day. Never the less, we would greatly appreciate your giving a few moments of thought to our quest and perhaps let us hear something that will help to ease our pain and give us some hope.

Respectfully yours,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "Suse + Peter Lowenstein". The ink is dark and the handwriting is fluid.

Suse and Peter Lowenstein,

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NAME HIS EXCELLENCY JULIUS K. NYERERE
PSAL MR. CHAIRMAN
TITLE CHAIRMAN, SOUTH COMMISSION
STREET P.O. BOX 71000
ADDR DAR ES SALAAM

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COMMENTS NSC 9004313
ALSO SEE ID 065720SS

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ZIP =
OPID AJ
DOCDATE 890905
RECTYP OBA
MEDIA L
NAME HIS EXCELLENCY ABDOU DIOUF
TITLE PRESIDENT
ADDR DAKAR
COUNTRY SENEGAL
SUBJECT REPLY TO LETTER FROM SENEGALESE PRESIDENT

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Determined NOT to be
National Security Classified Marking
By DW (NLGB) on 8/19/09

065720 DOCUMENT= 1 OF 1 PAGE = 2 OF 2

ABDOU DIOUF ON IDA-9 REPLENISHMENT

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SUBCODE FO004-02
IT038 IT023 CO135 FG001-05
INDCODE 3100
ACTION RM RSZ 900605 CP2 A 890905
COMMENTS NSC 9004313
ALSO SEE ID 065720SS

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SysAvl

Appl

065720 DOCUMENT= 1 OF 1 PAGE = 2 OF 2

ABDOU DIOUF ON IDA-9 REPLENISHMENT

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SUBCODE FO004-02
IT038 IT023 CO135 FG001-05
INDCODE 3100
ACTION RM RSZ 900605 CP2 A 890905

SUBJECT HANDWRITTEN NOTE FROM THE PRESIDENT RE
STAN TURNER
CONFIDENTIAL
SUBCODE FG006-11
PE008 FG001-05 FG006-06
ACTION RM RSR 891028 C 890927

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SysAvl

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065720 DOCUMENT= 1 OF 1 PAGE = 2 OF 2
ABDOU DIOUF ON IDA-9 REPLENISHMENT
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ABDOU DIOUF ON IDA-9 REPLENISHMENT
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INDCODE 3100
ACTION RM RSZ 900605 CP2 A 890905
COMMENTS NSC 9004313
ALSO SEE ID 065720SS

I0601 * End of documents in list. Press ENTER or enter another command.

George Bush Presidential Library Transfer Sheet

COLLECTION:

Bush Presidential Records
Office of the President

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993.0001

FOIA/SYSTEMATIC
PROCESSING CASE
NUMBER (if app.):

☐ Transferred During Accessioning

☒ Transferred During Processing

2009-0166-S

The following material was transferred to:

☒ **Audiovisual Collection**

☐ **Book Collection**

☐ **Museum Collection**

☐ **Other**

Other (Specify):

DESCRIPTION:

White House Photographs: P06049-15 [Official Portrait]; P6051-10 [John Erhlichman]; P6058-09A [Bipartisan Congressional Leaders]; P6075-35, P6074-28, P6074-28A [Drug Speech];

When transferring
material to the
museum
collection,
complete the
following.

Donor:

Donor Org.:

Address:

Telephone:

Book Location:

Row:

Section:

Shelf:

Position:

Map Case Location:**Series:**

Daily Files

Box Number:

21

Folder Title:

Tuesday, September 5, 1989

OA/ID Number:

90520-022

Transferred by:

Deborah Wheeler

Date of Transfer:

8/19/2009

Received by:

Mary Finch

Date Received:

8/19/2009

Go to Database
Navigator

Go to Accession
Register

Go to Withdrawal Sheet

Print Record

Official
Portrait



OFFICIAL WHITE HOUSE PHOTOGRAPH 05 SEP 89 P06049-15 DV

John
Ehrichson



OFFICIAL WHITE HOUSE PHOTOGRAPH 05 SEP 89 P6051-10 DV

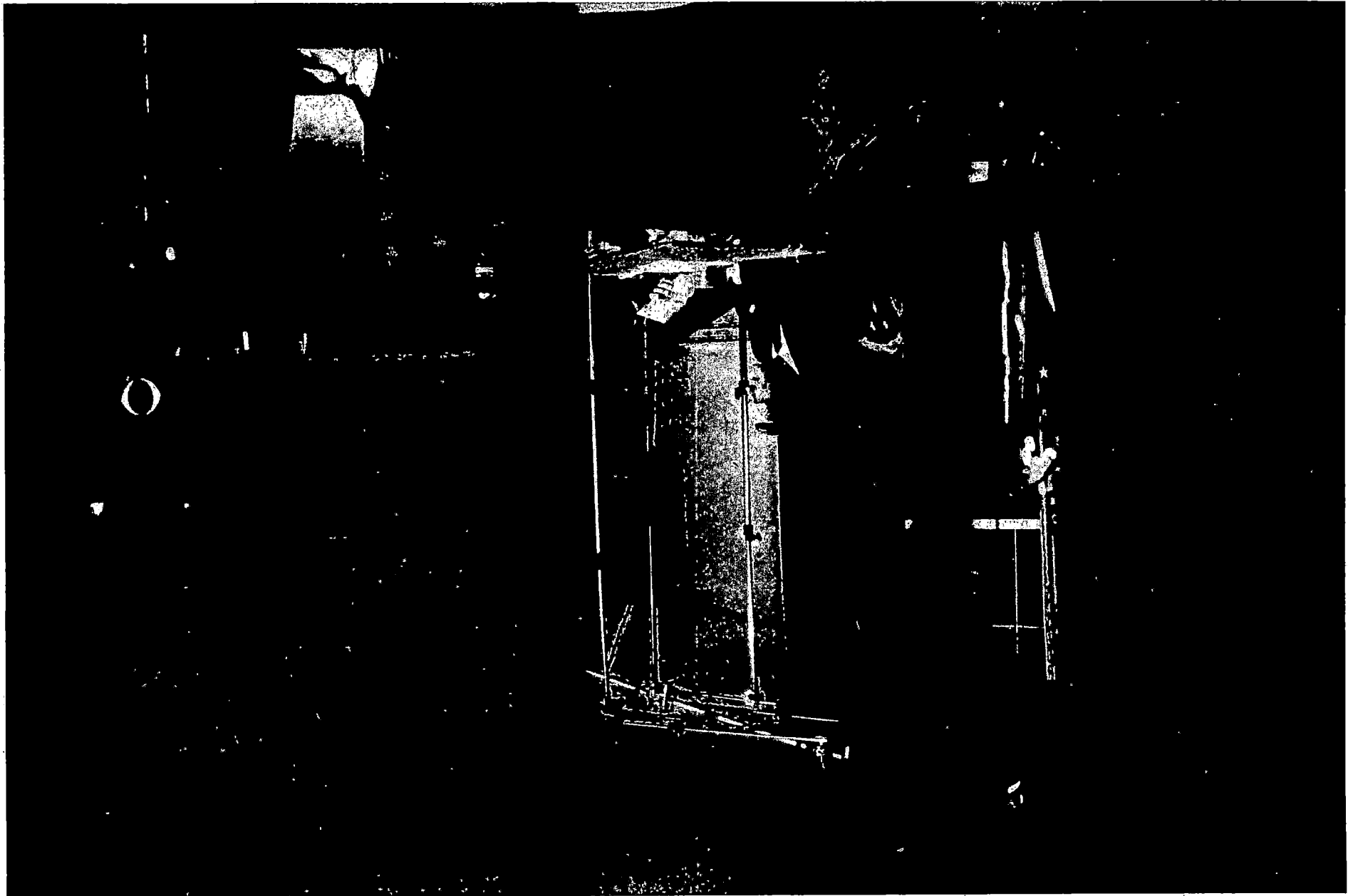
Bipartisan
Cong.
Leaders

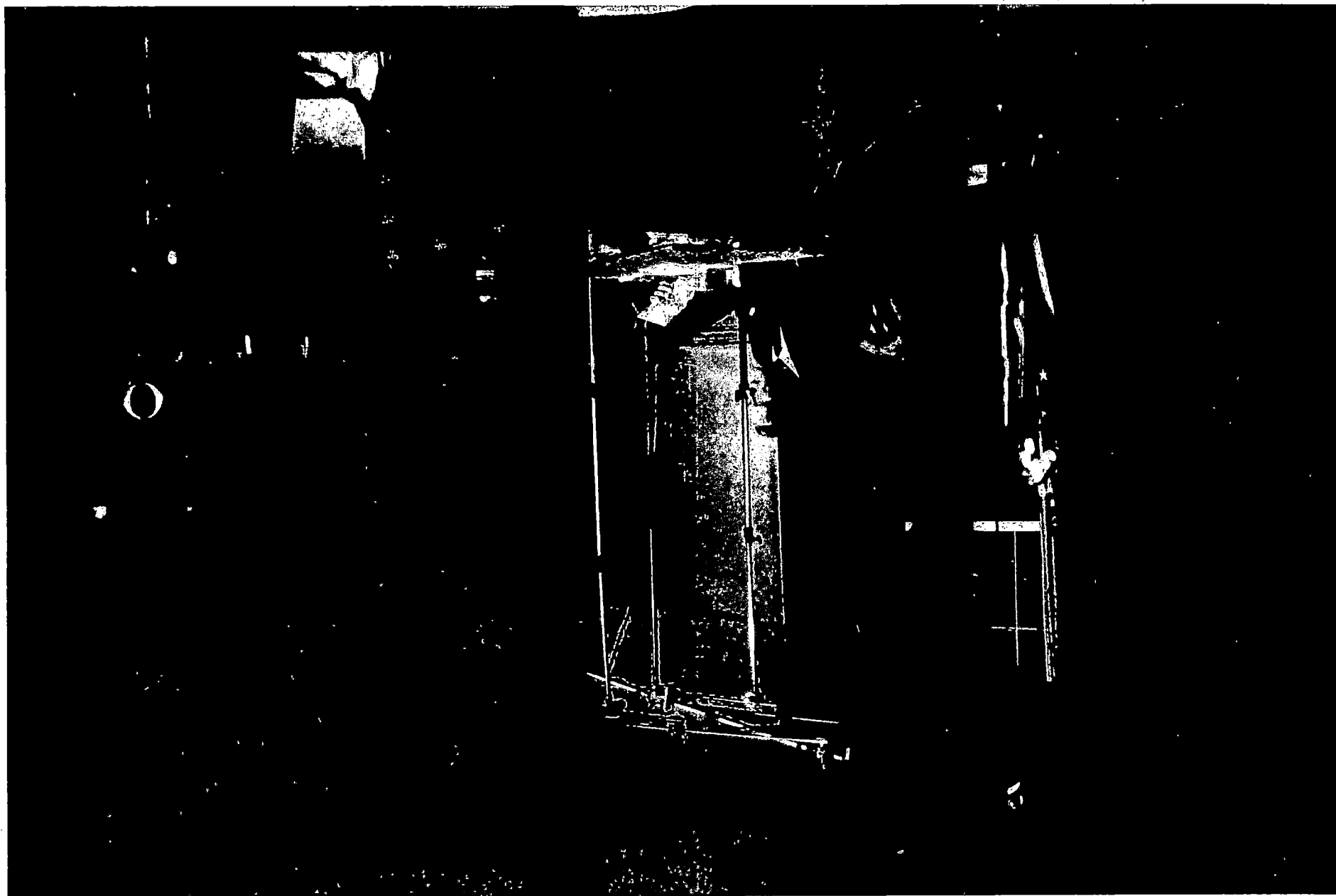


OFFICIAL WHITE HOUSE PHOTOGRAPH 05 SEP 89 P6058-09A CP

Drug
Speech







Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library
OFFICIAL WHITE HOUSE PHOTOGRAPH 05 SEP 89 P6074-28A DV