

Originally Processed With FOIA(s):
2009-0166-S

FOIA Number:
2009-0166-S

FOIA MARKER

**This is not a textual record. This is used as an
administrative marker by the George Bush Presidential
Library Staff.**

Record Group/Collection: George H.W. Bush Presidential Records
Collection/Office of Origin: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:

OA/ID Number: 90515
Folder ID Number: 90515-001

Folder Title:
Tuesday, June 27, 1989

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
V	12	11	3	2

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet (George Bush Library)

Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
01. Schedule	Schedule of the President [redaction] (1 pp.)	06/27/89	(b)(3) [50 USC 403g, Sec 6]	
02. Log	White House Telephone Log [E.D.T.] [redaction of personal information] (3 pp.)	06/27/89	(b)(6)	

Page 1 of 1

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Tuesday, June 27, 1989

Pinksheet Number: dw1368

OA/ID Number: 90515-001

Date Closed: 6/10/2009

FOIA/Sys Case #: 2009-0166-S

Re-review Case #:

P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
01. Schedule	Schedule of the President [redaction] (1 pp.)	06/27/89	(b)(3)[50 USC 403g, Sec 6]	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Tuesday, June 27, 1989

Date Closed: 6/10/2009 **OA/ID Number:** 90515-001

FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S

Appeal Case #:

Re-review Case #:

Appeal Disposition:

P-2/P-5 Review Case #:

Disposition Date:

AR Case #:

MR Case #:

AR Disposition:

MR Disposition:

AR Disposition Date:

MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information



SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

Tuesday, June 27, 1989

8:00 am (15 min)	<u>Intelligence Briefing</u> (Scowcroft/Sununu)	Oval Office
8:15 am (15 min)	<u>National Security Briefing</u> (Scowcroft/Sununu)	Oval Office
8:30 am (30 min)	<u>Staff Time</u> (Fitzwater)	Oval Office (TAB A)
9:00 am (30 min)	<u>News Conference</u> (Fitzwater)	Briefing Room (TAB B)
9:30 am (30 min)	<u>Administrative Time</u>	Oval Office
10:00 am (30 min)	B <u>Arrival Ceremony for Prime Minister Hawke of Australia</u> (Scowcroft)	South Lawn (TAB C)
10:30 am (60 min)	<u>Meeting with Prime Minister Hawke</u> (Scowcroft) (Distributed Previously & TAB C)	Oval Office/ Cabinet Room
11:30 am (15 min)	<u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
11:45 am (10 min)	<u>Photo with Ambassador Edward Ney</u> (Scowcroft)	Oval Office (TAB D)
12:00 pm (60 min)	<u>Lunch with Secretaries Brady and Kemp, Governor Sununu and Director Darman</u> (Sununu)	Oval Office (TAB E)
1:00 pm (15 min)	(Bates) <u>Personal Staff Time</u>	Oval Office
1:15 pm (15 min)	<u>Drop by Reception in honor of Connie Newman, Director of OPM</u> (Bates)	Indian Treaty Room (TAB F)
1:30 pm (15 min)	(Bates) <u>Personal Staff Time</u> (Sununu)	Oval Office

UNP 06/26/89
5:00 pm

1:14 add Bates 1:19 Bates + Potus out of Oval

1:23 an Indian Treaty Rn join Reception in progress - Coni Newman remarks

1:28 Potus remarks 1:32 Conclude remarks - mix and mingle

1:34 dpt Indian Treaty Rn 1:37 Potus, Bates + Lehman Li arr Oval

1:39 Bates out 1:40 Bates in 1:43 Bates + Lehman Li out

1:48 add Brady 1:48 ~~Potus~~ Brady ~~to~~ out 1:50 Potus to Cabinet Room

2:56 Potus to Oval w/ Sec. Mosbacher; join Sharon Bush + children

2:59 all out except Sec. Mosbacher 3:02 Mosbacher out

3:25 add Fitzwater 3:29 Fitzwater out 3:43 add Demarest

3:46 Potus + Demarest to Cabinet Room 4:12 Potus to Oval w/ Sununu + Demarest

4:12 Demarest out; add Sen. Dole, Dale and Shields, and McClure

4:30 all out 4:33 Scowcroft into Oval 4:40 Scowcroft out

4:42 Andy Card in 4:43 Card out 4:52 add Sununu 5:21 Sununu out

5:39 add Card + Hagin 5:41 Hagin + Card out

5:47 add Jerry Weintraub 5:48 add Sununu, Card, Bates, Weintraub out

5:54 Card, Bates out 5:56 add Weintraub + Will Farish

5:58 Sununu out

— Potus, Weintraub + Farish to Horseshoe Pit

— Potus to Residence alone 7:13 Potus + Mrs. Bush to State Floor

(TAB I)

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
02. Log	White House Telephone Log [E.D.T.] [redaction of personal information] (3 pp.)	06/27/89	(b)(6)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, June 27, 1989

Date Closed: 6/10/2009	OA/ID Number: 90515-001
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

E. D. T. PRESIDENT BUSH

JUNE 27th

, 19 89

	TIME		NAME	ACTION
	PLACED	DISC		
OUT	6:48 AM		SECRETARY NICHOLAS BRADY (b)(6)	
INC	XXPM	6:50		TLKD-OK
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		GOVERNOR JOHN SUNUNU OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 686	TLKD-OK
XXX	7:02	XXPM	7:03	
INC	AM			
OUT	PM			
OL	AM		ALAN GREENSPAN OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. 331-7552	SPOKE TO MISS MALARDY. TLKD-OK
XXX	8:55	XXPM	8:56	
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		ALAN GREENSPAN WASHINGTON, D.C. 676-6000 FLOOR 2ND	TLKD -OK 9:00 AM.
XXXX	8:59	XXX	9:01	
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	9:24 AM		GERALD FORD VAIL, CO. 303 949-0222	PRESUS WCB
INC	XXPM	9:24		
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	9:48 AM	9:51	CONGRESSMAN BOB MICHEL OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 804	TLKD-OK
INC	XXPM			

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

E. D. T. PRESIDENT BUSH

JUNE 27th

, 19 89

	TIME		NAME	ACTION
	PLACED	DISC		
OUT	XXAM		GOVERNOR THOMAS KEAN OFC: NEWARK, N.J. 201 824-5900	WCB TLKD-OK 12:41 PM.
XXXX INC	12:15 PM	12:42		
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
XXXX OUT	XXXX AM		SECRETARY JIM BAKER OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT 420	WCB RETURNED CALL TLKD-OK 3:01 PM.
INC	2:54 PM	3:09		
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	XXXX AM		FRED McCLURE OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT 609	TLKD-OK
XXXX INC	3:10 PM	3:13		
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	XXXX AM		MRS. BARBARA BUSH RES: WASHINGTON, D.C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT 540	TLKD-OK
XXXX INC	3:34 PM	3:35		
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	XXXX AM		SECRETARY JAMES BAKER OFC: WASHINGTON, D. C. WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 420	TLKD-OK
XXXX INC	4:40 PM	4:44		
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		MS. ANN LYNCH (b)(6)	TLKD-OK 4:47PM.
XXXX INC	4:45 PM	4:48		

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

E. D. T. PRESIDENT BUSH

JUNE 27th

, 19 89

	TIME		NAME	ACTION
	PLACED	DISC		
OUT	AM		MRS. GEORGE BUSH	
XXXX	5:32		RES: WASHINGTON, D.C.	
INC	PM	5:35	WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT 580	TLKD-OK 5:34 PM.
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		MR. JERRY WEINTRAUB	
XXXX	5:42		RES: WASHINGTON, D.C.	
INC	PM	5:43	WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT 582	TLKD-OK
OUT	AM			
IN	PM			
OUT	AM		MR. WILL FARISH	
XXXX	5:44		RES: WASHINGTON, D.C.	
INC	PM	5:45	WHITE HOUSE ADMIN. EXT. 545	TLKD-OK
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
XXXX	5:49		CONGRESSMAN DANIEL ROSTENKOWSKI	
INC	PM	5:57	OFC: WASHINGTON, D.C.	
OUT	AM		225-0690	TLKD-OK 5:53 PM.
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		MIKE WEINTRAUB	
XXXX	11:06		(b)(6)	
INC	PM	11:07		TLKD-OK
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

SIGNAL SWITCHBOARD

June 27, 1989

	TIME		NAME	ACTION
	PLACED	DISC		
OUT	AM		No Calls	
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			

Presidential Phone Calls



DATE:

6-27

TIME:

5⁵⁵

☒ coming/outgoing

WITH:

Rusty -

SUBJECT:

trade minister on trip -
view on trade more
prosummit she should go
into gov.

Nick Cabro - Very high
The Best

FOLLOW UP:

Richard -

Sec. 89 controversial area
nichols & deans 'ya "

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Tuesday, June 27, 1989

PHONE CALL FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: LEWIS RUDIN

Called to say thank you to the President and Mrs. Bush for attending the luncheon in New York last Thursday. He thought it was a "great success" and the New York audience was favorable to the speech.

It is not necessary for the President to return the call. Mr. Rudin just wanted his message passed to the President and Mrs. Bush.

Bridget

cc: The First Lady
Governor Sununu
Patty Presock

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Tuesday, June 27, 1989

PHONE CALL FOR THE PRESIDENT

FROM: LEWIS RUDIN

Called to say thank you to the President and Mrs. Bush for attending the luncheon in New York last Thursday. He thought it was a "great success" and the New York audience was favorable to the speech.

It is not necessary for the President to return the call. Mr. Rudin just wanted his message passed to the President and Mrs. Bush.

Bridget

cc: The First Lady
Governor Sununu
Patty Presock

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

1989 JUN 27 AM 9:07

RECOMMENDED TELEPHONE CALL

TO: Ann Lynch

DATE: Tuesday, June 27, 1989

RECOMMENDED BY: David Q. Bates 

PURPOSE: To congratulate Ann Lynch on her election as National President of the PTA.

BACKGROUND: Last Tuesday Ann Lynch became the National President at PTA's convention. Mrs. Lynch has been a member of the PTA for 21 years. She is currently serving as the public relations director at Humana Hospital in Las Vegas and is the first woman to hold a full-time job and hold the position of national president. See attached article.

Sig Rogich had called Governor Sununu to recommend that you call Mrs. Lynch to congratulate her. The Department of Education also recommends this phone call.

DATE OF SUBMISSION: June 26, 1989

TELEPHONE NUMBER: (702) 731-8012 office
(702) 731-8018 direct line
(702) 870-2791 home

got her 6-27
4:25 PM

Pleased with your "education pres"
I've met her & Ted Sanders.
Knows Sig - "strong supporter" - she says A-Sig.
was a GB supporter - working
with Sig -



THE PRESIDENT

7-27-89

5 PM

Dear Sig,

I had a nice chat
just now with PTA's
Ann Lynch - offered to
help, very high on you!
All Best my friend

ay

A NON-TRADITIONAL LEADER

A working woman goes to work on the PTA's image

Pat Ordozensky
SA TODAY

ATLANTA — Ann Lynch needed the PTA 21 years ago to get her son's name on a balloon.

"When he asked me the first time to put my \$2 in an envelope and send it in," she calls, "he said he was the only kid in the kindergarten whose parents hadn't joined. I was the only one whose name wasn't on the balloon."

A year later, Lynch was PTA president at her son's school in Las Vegas.

On Tuesday, she'll become local president after her untested election at the PTA's convention here Sunday. She's public relations director at Las Vegas hospital, thus first woman with another time job to become National PTA president.

Lynch, 54, mother of a 26-year-old graduate student, also the first PTA president for whom a school was named before she took office.

He Clark County (Nev.) School Board last month broke and for Ann T. Lynch Elementary School just outside



By Wayne Kodey

MAKING HISTORY: Ann Lynch, a PR director in Las Vegas, is the first woman with a full-time job to be National PTA president.

Las Vegas.

As president, one of Lynch's major goals, she says, is to work on a PTA image problem that is changing "much more

slowly than I would like": underrepresentation of men, minorities and single parents.

Outgoing president Manya Ungar of Scotch Plains, N.J.,

Her plan for parents

As she takes over the 6.6-million-parent organization, Ann Lynch says she has three major goals:

► To educate parents about what's happening in their schools so they can intelligently join the trend to parent involvement. "Most people don't know anything about schools since the day they left as a student," she says. "And it's not the same."

► To stop using children — by enticing them with rewards — to recruit members. This idea is not sitting

well with local membership chairmen but, she says, "They're going to have to learn to live with it."

"Most parents, when they send in their \$2, don't know what they've joined. It's time for adults to start talking to adults about why you should be in PTA."

► To build the PTA's credibility as a child advocacy organization and to shoot down the image that it is run by "blue-haired ladies" who do nothing more than "bake cookies and raise funds."

faced the problem head-on. At the 1987 convention that elected her, banners and buttons proclaimed "A New Era Begins." Ungar called it "inclusivity," opening the door to non-traditional PTA populations.

Norman Thomas, an Atlanta school administrator who is black, embraced the new era in '87 as he ran successfully for national vice president. Now

he says the PTA isn't changing fast enough. He's dropping out despite some colleagues' pleas that he challenge Lynch for the presidency.

"There is a point when you have to understand that some people are more entrenched than others," Thomas says.

"Most people on the national board have kids out of school and are grandparents," he

says. "They've been soldiers on the battlefield a long time, and they're not going to give up."

Lynch stayed in the PTA after her only child, Ed, left school because "I got the religion of public education ... I owe a debt to the people who educated me."

Ungar says the new era is here despite some pockets of resistance among local PTAs. She reels off a list of minorities appointed to national leadership posts the last two years.

"I don't think it was all empty rhetoric," she says. "Many of us were just not aware of how very white, how very middle-class, how very suburban and how very female we were."

Lynch says it takes time for new members to work their way up through the hierarchy.

"Until the pipeline begins to work, it's very difficult just to give somebody a job because they're Mexican or because they're Puerto Rican or because they're black," she says. "That's symbolic. And I don't want a symbolic leadership at the National PTA."

Lynch also opposes those who think PTA's prime purpose is to supplement a school's

tax dollars. "The happiest day of my life," she says, "will be when the PTA doesn't do any more fund raising."

Lynch started volunteering at Las Vegas' Humana Hospital in 1972 because "I had played enough gin rummy and golf and bridge."

By 1978 she was director of volunteers. Two years later, she became PR director.

She can hold the PTA and hospital jobs simultaneously, she says, because of "my corporation's commitment to parent involvement in schools."

Rarely at a loss for words, Lynch says she was speechless when she got a call last month informing her that the school board — accepting a recommendation from her friends in the PTA — put her name on a new school.

"It's a symbol of parent involvement," she says. "A permanent reminder that you can make a difference."

But the Ann T. Lynch School means one big change for Ann Lynch: "When I got out of PTA and my husband retired, I was going to be a wild woman. Now I've got to be a good kid the rest of my life."

A working woman goes to work on the PTA's image

By Pat Ordozensky
USA TODAY

ATLANTA — Ann Lynch joined the PTA 21 years ago to get her son's name on a balloon.

"When he asked me the third time to put my \$2 in an envelope and send it in," she recalls, "he said he was the only kid in the kindergarten whose parents hadn't joined. And the only one whose name wasn't on the balloon."

A year later, Lynch was PTA president at her son's school in Las Vegas.

On Tuesday, she'll become national president after her uncontested election at the PTA's convention here Sunday. She's also public relations director for a Las Vegas hospital, thus the first woman with another full-time job to become National PTA president.

Lynch, 54, mother of a 26-year-old graduate student, also is the first PTA president for whom a school was named before she took office.

The Clark County (Nev.) School Board last month broke ground for Ann T. Lynch Elementary School just outside



By Wayne Kodey

MAKING HISTORY: Ann Lynch, a PR director in Las Vegas, is the first woman with a full-time job to be National PTA president.

Las Vegas.

As president, one of Lynch's major goals, she says, is to work on a PTA image problem that is changing "much more

slowly than I would like": underrepresentation of men, minorities and single parents.

Outgoing president Manyang Ungar of Scotch Plains, N.J.,

Her plan for parents

As she takes over the 6.6-million-parent organization, Ann Lynch says she has three major goals:

► To educate parents about what's happening in their schools so they can intelligently join the trend to parent involvement. "Most people don't know anything about schools since the day they left as a student," she says. "And it's not the same."

► To stop using children — by enticing them with rewards — to recruit members. This idea is not sitting

well with local membership chairmen but, she says, "They're going to have to learn to live with it."

"Most parents, when they send in their \$2, don't know what they've joined. It's time for adults to start talking to adults about why you should be in PTA."

► To build the PTA's credibility as a child advocacy organization and to shoot down the image that it is run by "blue-haired ladies" who do nothing more than "bake cookies and raise funds."

He says the PTA isn't changing fast enough. He's dropping out despite some colleagues' pleas that he challenge Lynch for the presidency.

"There is a point when you have to understand that some people are more entrenched than others," Thomas says.

"Most people on the national board have kids out of school and are grandparents," he

says. "They've been soldiers on the battlefield a long time, and they're not going to give up."

Lynch stayed in the PTA after her only child, Ed, left school because "I got the religion of public education ... I owe a debt to the people who educated me."

Ungar says the new era is here despite some pockets of resistance among local PTAs. She reels off a list of minorities appointed to national leadership posts the last two years.

"I don't think it was all empty rhetoric," she says. "Many of us were just not aware of how very white, how very middle-class, how very suburban and how very female we were."

Lynch says it takes time for new members to work their way up through the hierarchy.

"Until the pipeline begins to work, it's very difficult just to give somebody a job because they're Mexican or because they're Puerto Rican or because they're black," she says. "That's symbolic. And I don't want a symbolic leadership at the National PTA."

Lynch also opposes those who think PTA's prime purpose is to supplement a school's

tax dollars. "The happiest day of my life," she says, "will be when the PTA doesn't do any more fund raising."

Lynch started volunteering at Las Vegas' Humana Hospital in 1972 because "I had played enough gin rummy and golf and bridge."

By 1978 she was director of volunteers. Two years later, she became PR director.

She can hold the PTA and hospital jobs simultaneously, she says, because of "my corporation's commitment to parent involvement in schools."

Rarely at a loss for words, Lynch says she was speechless when she got a call last month informing her that the school board — accepting a recommendation from her friends in the PTA — put her name on a new school.

"It's a symbol of parent involvement," she says. "A permanent reminder that you can make a difference."

But the Ann T. Lynch School means one big change for Ann Lynch: "When I got out of PTA and my husband retired, I was going to be a wild woman. Now I've got to be a good kid the rest of my life."

PRESIDENTIAL MOVEMENTS

LOCATION Washington, D.C.

DATE 27 June 1989

TIME	MOVEMENTS
0737	Oval Office
0807	South Grounds
0809	Oval Office
0902	Press Lobby
0947	Oval Office
0955	South Grounds
1025	State Floor
1032	South Grounds
1033	Oval Office
1052	Cabinet Room
1137	Oval Office
1140	South Grounds
1145	Oval Office
1327	Room 474, Old Executive Office Building
1339	Oval Office
1357	Cabinet Room
1457	Oval Office
1547	Cabinet Room
1613	Oval Office
1803	South Grounds
1854	Residence
1915	North Portico
1916	State Floor
1917	Residence

PRESIDENTIAL MOVEMENTS

LOCATION Washington, D.C.

DATE 27 June 1989

TIME

MOVEMENTS

[illegible]

Tuesday, June 27

6:15 Breakfast for President and Mrs. Bush
6:19 Mrs. Bush to the South Grounds
6:26 Mrs. Bush to the Second Floor
7:38 The President to the South Grounds, to the Oval Office
8:00 Mrs. Bush to the Swimming pool
8:40 Mrs. Bush to the Second Floor
9:15 Yves and Nancy Graux to the Second Floor
10:40 down
9:50 Mrs. Bush to the South Grounds
9:55 The President to the South Grounds for State Arrival Ceremony
for Prime Minister and Mrs Hawke of Australia
10:25 President and Mrs. Bush, Prime Minister and Mrs. Hawke and
Dignitaries to the State Floor for Receiving Line
10:35 The President and Prime Minister to the Oval Office, Mrs. Bush
and Mrs. Hawke to the Green Room
11:05 Mrs. Hawke departs North Grounds
11:08 Mrs. Bush to the Second Floor
11:15 Dr. and Mrs. Walker, Mr. Wills depart via South Grounds
11:30 Sharon Bush and Family depart North Grounds, to the
Washington Monument
11:57 Mrs. Bush to the Flower Shop
12:05 Sharon Bush and Family arrive North Grounds, to the Swimming
Pool
12:10 Mrs. Bush to the State Dining Room
12:24 Mrs. Bush to the North Portico
12:35 Mrs. Bush to the Second Floor
1:00 Lunch for Mrs. Bush,
1:45 Mrs. Bush to the Flower Shop
1:55 Mrs. Bush, Sharon and Family to Second and Third Floors
2:00 Mrs. Bush and the Farrishes to the State Floor
2:16 Mrs. Bush to the Second Floor
3:55 Sharon Bush and Family departed the White House
4:30 Mrs. Weintraub to the Second Floor
5:05 Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Bush to the Second Floor
6:58 The President to the Second Floor
7:15 President and Mrs. Bush to the North Portico
7:17 Prime Minister and Mrs. Hawke arrive North Portico
7:18 President and Mrs. Bush, Prime Minister and Mrs. Hawke to
the Second Floor
7:20 Official Party to the Second Floor
7:45 President and Mrs. Bush, Prime Minister and Mrs. Hawke to
the State Floor
7:47 President and Mrs. Bush, Prime Minister and Mrs. Hawke to
the East Room
8:05 Guests are seated in the State Dining Room dinner is served
(126 guests)
9:50 Toasts
10:00 After dinner guests arrive (27 guests)
10:07 The President and guests to the Parlors for coffee and Drink
10:30 Entertainment in the East Room - Leontyne Price (Opera Singer)
10:50 Entertainment concludes
10:54 The President and Mrs. Bush bid fare well to Prime Minister and
Mrs. Hawke
10:58 The President and Mrs. Bush lead the guests in dancing
11:10 The President and Mrs. Bush to the Second Floor
11:15 Mrs. Bush to the South Grounds
11:20 Mr. and Mrs. Farish to the Second Floor
11:27 Mrs. Bush to the Second Floor
11:30 Mr. and Mrs. Weintraub to the Second Floor
11:33 Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Bush to the Second Floor

Houseguests

George P Bush - Room 214
Mr. and Mrs. Weintraub - Lincoln Bedroom
Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Bush - Queens Room
Mr. and Mrs. Farish - 213



News Summary

OFFICE OF THE PRESS SECRETARY

TUESDAY, JUNE 27, 1989 -- 6 a.m. EDT EDITION

TODAY'S HEADLINES

NATIONAL NEWS

Bush Seeking Way To Circumvent Court's Decision On Flag Burning -- President Bush has asked the Attorney General and the White House chief of staff to find ways to circumvent the recent Supreme Court ruling that extends First Amendment protection to political protesters who burn the American flag. (New York Times)

Bush To Ask Campaign Curbs -- President Bush plans to announce this week a broad package of proposals aimed at changing the way federal campaigns are financed and limiting the advantages enjoyed by incumbents. (Washington Post)

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

Bush Expects Relations With Iran To Be Unchanged -- President Bush said U.S. relations with Iran are not expected to substantially change despite the death of Ayatollah Khomeini and it would be "counter-productive right now" to seek to improve them. (Reuter)

A German Concern Sold Chemicals To Iran, U.S. Says -- A West German chemical company has arranged the sale to Iran of several hundred tons of chemicals used in making poison gas, American officials say. (New York Times)

NETWORK NEWS (Monday evening)

SUPREME COURT -- Monday the court expanded the reach of the death penalty to include certain teenagers and people who are retarded.

STEALTH BOMBER -- The Stealth bomber is now in danger of disappearing from the military budget.

HUD -- A top HUD official told CBS News Monday that taxpayer liability for defaulted loans on public housing is much greater than previously thought.

NATIONAL NEWS.....A-1

INTERNATIONAL NEWS...A-6

NETWORK NEWS.....B-1

EDITORIALS.....C-1

NATIONAL NEWS

BUSH SEEKING WAY TO CIRCUMVENT COURT'S DECISION ON FLAG BURNING

President Bush has asked the Attorney General and the White House chief of staff to find ways to circumvent the recent Supreme Court ruling that extends First Amendment protection to political protesters who burn the American flag.

In an interview Monday that ranged over a number of domestic as well as foreign policy issues, the President said he was "very, very troubled" by the Court's decision last Wednesday....

White House officials said later that, on Bush's instruction, the administration was studying whether to offer legislation or seek an amendment to the Constitution that would forbid destruction of the flag. The officials said the administration was leaning toward proposing legislation as the faster route. (Bernard Weinraub, New York Times, A1)

BUSH BLASTS ABUSE OF WOMEN

Speaking to a group of university women, President Bush Monday deplored violent crimes against women as "evil acts that transcend racial and class lines."

"I am angered and disgusted by the crimes against American women and by the archaic and unacceptable attitudes that all too frequently contribute to those crimes," Bush told the American Association of University Women.

The President's remarks were well-received....

In the speech, Bush urged cities and states to step up their efforts to combat violence against women and to treat victims with compassion and respect. "Fundamentally," he said, "violence against women won't subside until public attitudes change. We must continue to educate police and prosecutors, judges and juries, and we must engender a climate where the message our children get from television and films, from schools and parents, is that violence against women is wrong." ...

Sharon Schuster, incoming president of the AAUW, said she was impressed that Bush spoke out forcefully on violence against women. "We're pleased to work with him on the issue," she said.

(John Mashek, Boston Globe)

DEATH PENALTY UPHeld FOR KILLERS IN MID-TEENS

A sharply divided Supreme Court Monday upheld the constitutionality of executing convicted murderers who were 16 or 17 years old at the time of the crime, ruling 5 to 4 that the Eighth Amendment's ban on "cruel and unusual punishments" does not bar states from imposing the death penalty in such cases.

In a second ruling, the court, again by a 5 to 4 vote, said the mentally retarded could be executed so long as judges or juries consider their condition before imposing a death sentence....

Justice Scalia wrote for the majority in the two cases....

The Eighth Amendment's ban could be judged in terms of society's "evolving standards of decency," Scalia said, but such judgments should be based not on "merely the subjective views of individual justices...but the views of modern American society as a whole."

(Al Kamen, Washington Post, A1)

POLICE MAY CHANGE WORDING OF MIRANDA WARNING, COURT SAYS

The Supreme Court, rejecting dissenters' claims it was "making a mockery" of the court's 1966 decision in *Miranda vs. Arizona*, ruled 5 to 4 Monday that police, when advising suspects of their rights, may depart from the words set down in that ruling.

Chief Justice Rehnquist, writing for the court, said, "We have never insisted that Miranda warnings be given in the exact form described in that decision." ...

Justice Marshall, in a sharply worded dissent, accused the majority of "seriously mischaracterizing" *Miranda*. (Al Kamen, Washington Post, A5)

SUPREME COURT DECLINES TO LIMIT USE OF RICO STATUTE Application Of Antiracketeering Law To Business Fraud Cases Is Made Easier

The Supreme Court ruled Monday that a federal law originally aimed at gangsters could continue to be used against businesses, unanimously deciding not to limit use of the RICO Act.

But four of the justices, in a concurring opinion, suggested that despite Monday's ruling, the law is so ill-defined and vague that it might not survive a direct constitutional challenge....

Would-be reformers of the RICO statute called the court's opinion murky and said it would have little impact on the existing use of civil RICO.. (B.H. Lawrence & Al Kamen, Washington Post, C1)

EIGHTH AMENDMENT DOESN'T PROTECT FIRMS FROM LARGE DAMAGE AWARDS, JUSTICES RULE

The Supreme Court handed consumer advocates a victory Monday by ruling 7 to 2 that the Eighth Amendment -- which protects criminal defendants against excessive fines -- does not give businesses similar protection against burdensome punitive damage awards in civil disputes.

But the victory for consumers may be limited, because four of the justices strongly indicated that punitive damage awards may still be limited under the Fourteenth Amendment.

(B.H. Lawrence & Al Kamen, Washington Post, C1)

CIVIL RIGHTS ADVOCATES AWAIT BUSH ADMINISTRATION RESPONSE TO COURT RULINGS

Civil rights activists are awaiting Attorney General Thornburgh's views on recent Supreme Court decisions for a signal of the Bush administration's commitment to equal opportunity....

Thornburgh was addressing the annual convention of Operation Push Tuesday in Chicago.... He was not expected to unveil any legislative proposals....

"President Bush has repeatedly stated his commitment to civil rights and to minority outreach efforts. However, a decision to oppose legislation to overturn the recent Supreme Court decisions would be completely incompatible with such a commitment," said Ralph Neas, executive director of the Leadership Conference on Civil Rights. (James Rowley, AP)

WHITE HOUSE EXASPERATED WITH OIL INDUSTRY MISHAPS

The White House is expressing unusual exasperation with the oil industry, fearing the recent spate of oil spills and inadequate cleanup methods could provoke a ban on exploration and development.

Although President Bush is a former oil man and sympathetic to the industry, White House aides said displeasure with the industry is mounting rapidly....

Two White House aides, speaking on condition their names not be used, said the administration fears the public's growing outrage...could result in a ban on exploration and development or tougher liability legislation than Bush favors. (Ann McFeatters, Scripps Howard)

LATEST OIL SPILLS RENEW PRESSURE ON WHITE HOUSE

While none of the nation's three most recent oil spills is having the calamitous environmental impact of the Exxon Valdez accident, they are likely to increase pressure on the Bush administration to toughen federal rules governing spill prevention and cleanup.

At the same time, the oil industry's plans for drilling in environmentally sensitive regions are coming under increased scrutiny, as some in Congress argue that the spate of new accidents demonstrates the need for drilling bans....

While Congress and the White House both want to see changes to existing laws, their agreement ends there. Since 1978, congressional oil-spill legislation has been stalled over the question of whether it should supercede state laws....

The administration bill, in most instances, would not supercede state laws. But that stance is drawing a mixed reaction from the environmental community and Congress itself because some state regulations are considered tougher than others. (Tom Baden, Newhouse)

42 COMPANIES FINED AFTER EPA CHECK

The EPA Monday levied \$1.65 million in fines against 42 polluters for failing to report their toxic discharges under a new "community right-to-know" law. The violators were discovered in a random check of chemical and manufacturing companies.

the 42 companies...failed to provide the EPA with reports on toxic discharges to air, water and soil during 1987, EPA officials said....

"These companies have a legal responsibility to provide the data," said EPA Administrator Reilly. "We will not allow non-reporting companies to thwart the right of citizens to find out which toxic chemicals are being released into their communities." (John Lancaster, Washington Post, A6)

HAMILTON URGES CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW OF 'HEADS OF STATE' FILE

Rep. Hamilton, former chairman of the select House committee that investigated the Iran-contra affair, said Monday that Congress should review a recently discovered Reagan White House "heads of state file" to see if it can resolve unanswered questions from the 1987 congressional probe....

"One of the central questions was what was the President's involvement. This file basically documents the President's personal activities," said Hamilton.

(Joe Pichirallo & Walter Pincus, Washington Post, A9)

BUSH TO ASK CAMPAIGN CURBS Package Would Limit Incumbents' Edge

President Bush plans to announce this week a broad package of proposals aimed at changing the way federal campaigns are financed and limiting the advantages enjoyed by incumbents.

The Bush proposals are expected to include new limits on political action committee contributions, a ban on the retention of excess campaign funds for use in the next election and tighter limits on free congressional mailings to constituents.

Administration officials said Bush is meeting the next three days with a variety of groups interested in campaign finance reform before he makes final decisions on the package. But officials said most of the options he is considering would tend to put limits on incumbents, a pattern that would help Republicans....

White House officials said that Bush is not considering the two major changes proposed by many Democrats and some public interest groups -- public financing of elections and overall limits on the total House and Senate candidates can spend. (Ann Devroy, Washington Post, A1)

WRIGHT RESIGNING FRIDAY, WON'T TRY TO REGAIN SEAT Running Again Would Be 'Vainglorious'

Former Speaker Wright, who had briefly flirted with the idea of remaining in elective politics, said Monday he will resign his congressional seat Friday and will not seek to return to Congress in a special election later this year.

Wright...said it would be "vainglorious" to seek reelection....

"As deeply as I appreciate the devoted friendship which impels these sincere petitions (to run again), I must conclude that I was right in announcing my retirement from Congress," Wright said Monday in a statement released by his office....

A poll published Sunday in the Fort Worth Star-Telegram showed that 65 percent of voters in the district would vote again for Wright.

(Tom Kenworthy, Washington Post, A4)

BUSH WELCOMES FORMER DEMOCRATS TO THE GOP

President Bush, welcoming five dozen state and local officials into the GOP [in a Rose Garden ceremony], says the political converts are just part of the "droves of voters" being shut out by a left-leaning Democratic Party....

"The Democratic party is leaving droves of voters behind as it moves over onto the more liberal side, the left side of the political equation. And now many of those stranded voters have made a move on their own to the Republican Party, our party of family, faith and the future," Bush said....

Bush praised their political courage and promised to stand "shoulder to shoulder" with them as they seek re-election as Republicans....

GOP Chairman Atwater...called the event "absolutely the proudest single moment I've had since taking office." (Christopher Connell, AP)

BUSH 'NO NEW TAXES' PLEDGE DISARMED RIGHT WING,
ATWATER SAYS IN NEW BOOK

George Bush's pledge not to raise taxes during early jousting for the 1988 Republican presidential nomination was a key part of a strategy to further divide the GOP's already weakened and factionalized right wing, according to Lee Atwater, George Bush's campaign manager.

Atwater's description is part of a forthcoming book, "Campaign for President: The Managers Look At '88" -- a wide-ranging examination of the 1988 presidential campaign by key principals of all the major campaigns and a number of reporters....

"I felt strongly there were only two things that George Bush needed to do -- other than stick with Reagan -- that would preempt anybody from ever being able to get him on the right. One was to be hard-core on taxes, which as you all know he was. Number two was to be hard-core on the anti-communist cluster of issues," [said Atwater in the book].

(Thomas Edsall, Washington Post, A8)

EDITOR'S NOTE: "President Says Satisfaction Outweighs Job's Frustration," by Maureen Dowd, appears in The New York Times, page A21.

EXCERPTS FROM INTERVIEW WITH PRESIDENT ON FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC ISSUES, appears in The New York Times, page A21.

"Bush Welcomes Ex-Democrats To 'Party Of Future,'" by Frank Murray, appears in The Washington Times, page A3.

"Faint Praise For Bush's Political Appointees," by Bill McAllister & Paula Yost, appears in The Washington Post, page A21.

"Nelson Quits As INS Commissioner After Audit," by Jerry Seper, appears in The Washington Times, page A7.

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

BAKER ISSUES WARNING ON SANCTIONS 'Hasty Dismantling' Of Relations Feared

Secretary of State Baker, spearheading an administration drive against new congressional action to penalize China, warned Monday night against "hasty dismantling of a constructive U.S.-Chinese relationship" that has been built up since the early 1970s.

Such punitive action, Baker said in an address prepared for delivery to The Asia Society in New York, "would serve neither our interests nor those of the Chinese people." He added it would not advance the aspirations for democracy of "millions" of Chinese who marched to support student protesters in Beijing's Tiananmen Square.

Baker's speech came as the administration and its allies geared up for a House floor fight expected Wednesday or Thursday over proposed new U.S. sanctions against China, including economic sanctions that President Bush has so far opposed....

A senior administration official said Bush is adamant that the White House, rather than Congress, should establish U.S. policy on China sanctions.... A key administration official, however, said the move in the House will not be easy to stop. If the administration can postpone a vote on China until after the coming congressional recess when tempers may have cooled, this would be a victory, the official said.

(Don Oberdorfer, Washington Post, A18)

Baker Proclaims U.S. Support Of Chinese 'Rendezvous With Freedom'

Secretary of State Baker, looking beyond the current wave of arrests and executions, said Monday night the leaders of China cannot block forever the country's "rendezvous with freedom."

Baker told 1,000 guests at a black-tie dinner of the Asia Society in New York, "we will be there to help when the day follows the night." ...

"We and some other nations have suspended business as usual," Baker said. "But we and the rest of the world must not let our revulsion at this repression blind us to pressure for reform."

He added: "China has suffered a tragic setback, but the story is not over." (AP)

11 U.S. MISSIONARIES ORDERED TO LEAVE CHINA

BEIJING -- China has ordered out of the country 11 U.S. missionaries who were detained in the southwestern city of Kunming for illegally distributing religious materials, U.S. officials said Tuesday.

...The Americans arrived in China in mid-May on tourist visas, which are generally valid for three months. The officials said Chinese authorities reduced the validity of the visas and said the missionaries would have to leave the country by Friday. (UPI)

CHINA POSTPONES INAUGURATION OF KEY U.S. PROJECT

BEIJING -- In a move that could indicate a further worsening of relations with the U.S., China has notified American officials that it wants to postpone inauguration of a U.S. Peace Corps program that was supposed to begin this fall....

Western diplomats have been watching for any sign that the growing chill in U.S.-Sino relations -- as well as in relations between China and other Western countries -- might develop so far that the Soviet Union could profit from it. Thus far, they said, they do not detect any major shift in China in favor of Moscow....

A senior U.S. Embassy official said Monday that the U.S. was "disappointed" over the Chinese decision on the Peace Corps.

China's former President Li Xiannian Monday criticized "some Western powers" for attempting "to impose political and economic pressures" on China....

An Eastern European source said the Chinese offered to expand economic ties with the Soviets in a recent meeting between Chinese Vice Premier Tian Jiyun and the Soviet ambassador to China, Oleg Troyanovsky.

(Daniel Southerland, Washington Post, A1)

WORLD BANK REFUSES TO APPROVE MORE LOANS TO CHINESE GOVERNMENT

The World Bank announced Monday it has suspended \$780.2 million in loans to China.

"In consultation with the Chinese authorities, it (the bank) has decided to defer consideration of several loans pending before the board of executive directors," the World Bank said in a statement. "The timing of discussions of such loans will be kept under review and determined in consultation with the Chinese authorities." (UPI, Washington Post, A18)

JAPAN DOES NOT WANT TRADE DISPUTES TO 'BECOME EMOTIONAL'

The Foreign Minister of Japan Monday told the U.S. the two countries should resolve their commercial differences without "becoming emotional," a spokesman said.

Japanese Foreign Minister Hiroshi Mitsuzuki, in an Oval Office meeting with President Bush, also announced Tokyo will give \$600 million to the world's poorest countries.

Mitsuzuki also met with Secretary of State Baker to discuss U.S.-Japan cooperation and trade, said spokesman Koichi Haraguchi at a news conference.

Mitsuzuki told Baker that Washington and Tokyo should discuss their differences, such as a trade dispute involving telecommunications, in a "quiet dialogue," he said. If both sides "become emotional, that hampers solutions," Haraguchi said....

The dispute over telecommunications will be resolved by Japanese representatives "soon, in current discussions in Washington," Haraguchi said.

(Carlos Brezina, UPI)

BAKER CALLS FOR NEW PARTNERSHIP WITH JAPAN

Secretary of State Baker said Monday the U.S. and Japan "must recognize how interconnected we are" and forge a partnership to take more responsibility for the economically growing Pacific Rim.

In a speech for the Asia Society in New York, Baker said that on a journey to the East next week, he will talk with Asian leaders about a "new mechanism to enhance economic cooperation" among the countries of the Pacific Rim....

Baker told the Asia Society, "The purpose of my trip is to establish the framework for a new Pacific partnership." ...

"The time has arrived for Japan to translate its domestic and regional successes more fully into a broader international role with increased responsibility," he said. (Jim Anderson, UPI)

BRITAIN POSITIVE ON EC MONETARY UNION COMPROMISE

MADRID -- Britain reacted positively Tuesday to a compromise proposal on monetary union which could open the way for a deal between Prime Minister Thatcher and her European Community partners at the end of their summit....

"There must be a prospect that there can be agreed conclusions...but there are a number of important points the prime minister will want to make," one British official said. (Tony Carritt, Reuter)

AUSTRALIAN LEADER HOPEFUL ON U.S. TRADE DISPUTE

Australian Prime Minister Hawke came away empty-handed Monday in talks aimed at gaining U.S. concessions in their dispute over export subsidies, but Hawke said he was optimistic differences could be resolved.

Following morning talks with Agriculture Secretary Yeutter during a four-day Washington visit, Hawke reaffirmed Australian opposition to the U.S. Export Enhancement Program (EEP), which gives financial subsidies to U.S. farmers....

"I believe (Yeutter) will listen further to our side of the issue," Hawke said at a reception at the National Press Club. "But we are disappointed that the United States does not yet accept that the EEP has had harmful effects on Australia." (Reuter)

Hawke Calls Farm Subsidies U.S. 'Politics Gone Crazy'

Australian Prime Minister Hawke, in unusually blunt language, Monday criticized U.S. agricultural subsidies as "politics gone crazy" and said price supports for American farmers are "a major problem" in relations between Washington and Canberra....

"I think there is a clear understanding that we in Australia are not confecting some concern about this issue," he said, referring to the meeting and talks Sunday with President Bush at Camp David....

"Australia has its sets of figures and we have ours," a senior U.S. official, briefing reporters on Hawke's visit, said last week.

(Warren Strobel, Washington Times, A9)

B-2 BECOMES HILL TARGET

The B-2 "stealth" bomber, the most radical and expensive bomber ever built, has emerged from its cocoon of secrecy to become a prime target for a new type of budget axe, and members of Congress are expected to start wielding it Tuesday.

Under a gentlemen's agreement holding up so far in the House and Senate, lawmakers who add money to one part of President Bush's military budget are obliged to take away an equal amount elsewhere. The Stealth...may lose money in this way to more prosaic military programs....

The new bomber is also under challenge in the Senate, where Sen. Glenn argues that B-2 production should be slowed until the plane...proves itself in flight tests.

(George Wilson, Washington Post, A7)

SATELLITE LAUNCH BY U.S. FIRM DELAYED

A "very unfortunate" launch pad accident last week in Florida will delay what was to have been the first major private-sector U.S. launch of a satellite by at least several weeks and possibly many months, officials said Monday....

"There's a good chance the satellite will have to be sent back" to the plant in California, said Susan Pearce of Ford Aerospace....

Some sources said that finding a new launch slot might take longer than repairing the satellite -- up to a year if the launch schedule isn't juggled to make a new opening. (Kathy Sawyer, Washington Post, A9)

SOVIET SUB LIMPS HOME AFTER NUCLEAR SHUTDOWN

MOSCOW -- A nuclear-powered Soviet submarine was reported billowing smoke and limping toward its Arctic home port under auxiliary power Monday after an underwater accident forced the shutdown of its nuclear reactors off the north coast of Norway.

Soviet officials said there were no casualties aboard the aging Echo II-class vessel, which normally carries a crew of about 90 and an arsenal of both nuclear-armed torpedoes and short-range cruise missiles.

The commander of the stricken sub, Vladimir Chernavin, was quoted on Soviet television as saying that his ship indeed had been carrying nuclear weapons, but he insisted that "they were in a safe state" and had not been affected by the accident in the ship's power unit....

Chernavin also ruled out the danger of any release of radioactivity.

...The incident also brought new criticism Monday from the Norwegian government, which complained that Moscow had failed to report any of the three [major Soviet maritime mishaps since mid-April] until they had already been discovered by the Norwegian Coast Guard.

(Michael Dobbs, Washington Post, A10)

Crippled Soviet Nuclear Sub Limp Home

OSLO -- The atomic reactor accident on a Soviet submarine presents no ecological threat and the nuclear weapons aboard are not endangered, senior Soviet military officials said.

The reactor accident on the Soviet submarine Monday north of Norway forced the vessel to limp home...but Soviet authorities said there were no casualties and no radioactive leak. (Trond Borrehaug Hansen, UPI)

GREECE LOOKS HEADED FOR NEW ELECTIONS, COALITION BIDS FALTER

ATHENS -- Days after a bitterly fought national election, Greece looks increasingly likely to face another vote as efforts to form a coalition government falter.

A representative of...Prime Minister Papandreou...was scheduled to meet Communist Party leader Harilaos Florakis Tuesday to try again to form a socialist-communist coalition.

But Florakis, who met Papandreou in his intensive care unit Monday, told reporters his communist-led alliance would stand by its call for an all-party government rather than a two-party coalition.

(Costas Paris, Reuter)

WHITE HOUSE ACCUSES BULGARIA OF BLATANT HUMAN RIGHTS ABUSES

The White House Monday accused Bulgaria of blatantly violating human rights of its ethnic Turkish minority and called on the Sofia government to halt the alleged abuses.

Its statement came as Bulgaria disclosed that an exodus of ethnic Turks following clashes with security forces last month is likely to top 300,000....

"This mass migration is the result of the Bulgarian government's denial of basic human rights to its Turkish minority," the White House said....

"We deplore Bulgaria's blatant violations of the human rights of its citizens, rights which Bulgaria has committed itself to protect as a signatory of the Helsinki accords and other international agreements," the White House said.

(Reuter)

BUSH EXPECTS RELATIONS WITH IRAN TO BE UNCHANGED

NEW YORK -- President Bush said U.S. relations with Iran are not expected to substantially change despite the death of Ayatollah Khomeini and it would be "counter-productive right now" to seek to improve them.

In a wide-ranging interview published in Tuesday's New York Times, Bush said "Iran is just sorting out its internal leadership." ...

The Times quoted Bush saying it "causes me no problems at all" that Iran's Speaker Rafsanjani...recently signed economic and military agreements with the Soviet Union.

He added that the possible Iranian involvement in terrorism and the seizure of American hostages in Lebanon are "going to continue to plague our relationship."

(Reuter)

A GERMAN CONCERN SOLD CHEMICALS TO IRAN, U.S. SAYS

A West German chemical company has arranged the sale to Iran of several hundred tons of chemicals used in making poison gas, American officials say.

The discovery of the deal...prompted a diplomatic effort by the Bush administration to head off the deliveries.

American concern about the deal was conveyed by Secretary of State Baker in his meeting here with West German Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher last Wednesday, American and German officials said.

(Michael Gordon & Stephen Engelberg, New York Times, A1)

SOVIET ENVOY PROPOSES AFGHAN TREATY WITH UNITED STATES

KABUL -- The Soviet ambassador in Kabul says his country is ready to sign an agreement with the U.S. obliging both superpowers to stop supplying arms for the Afghan war.

Yuli Vorontsov...told Reuters Moscow would propose the accord at U.S.-Soviet talks on Afghanistan to be held in Moscow July 31 and August 1. "It's a very effective means of stopping the fighting.... If we and the Americans agree to stop now, the fighting will subside immediately," he said....

Vorontsov said the U.N. could monitor an arms agreement.

(Kathleen Callo, Reuter)

SOUTH AFRICAN CHURCHES ASK BUSH TO PROBE POISONING

JOHANNESBURG -- The South African Council of Churches said Tuesday it had appealed to President Bush for help in investigating an alleged bid to poison its general secretary, Rev. Frank Chikane....

Chikane has been seriously ill several times in the past two months, most recently during a visit to the U.S....

U.S. doctors treating Chikane said his clothing and baggage could have been impregnated with a poison, usually found in pesticides, which had been absorbed through the skin....

The Council of Churches...said in a statement they had written to Bush asking him to arrange for U.S. forensic experts to test items of Chikane's clothing still in the U.S.

(Reuter)

39 SLAIN AT CHURCH, SAYS MANILA Attack In Mindanao Laid To Communists

MANILA -- Gunmen on the strife-torn southern Philippine island of Mindanao used assault rifles and machetes on Sunday to attack worshippers in a remote Protestant church, killing 39, including women and infants, according to military reports reaching here today....

Military authorities accused the Communist New People's Army (NPA) of staging the attack....

"The villagers told us they believe their village was attacked because they had formed [an anti-communist] vigilante force and had stopped giving the rebels rice and money," Lt. Col. Jose Maneja, the constabulary commander in the area, was quoted as telling Reuters.

(Keith Richburg, Washington Post, A10)

LEFTIST REBELS KILL COLONEL IN SAN SALVADOR

SAN SALVADOR -- Leftist rebels Monday shot and killed a senior army officer with long ties to El Salvador's security forces as he left his house for work.

Urban commandos of the Marxist-led FMLN...took responsibility for the machine-gun killing of Col. Roberto Armando Rivera, saying it was part of a campaign "to reject new government terrorism." ...

"This latest killing shows the rebels have taken assassination as a strategy," said Col. Orlando Zepreda, vice minister of defense.

(Douglas Farah, Washington Post, A17)

**CUBAN GENERAL SAID TO ADMIT CRIMES;
RAUL CASTRO DESCRIBES 'STAB IN BACK'**

MIAMI -- Gen. Arnaldo Ochoa Sanchez, a highly decorated Cuban army officer accused of drug trafficking and corruption and now facing a military tribunal in Havana, has "admitted to all charges and accepted his responsibility for his grave crimes," the Cuban government reported Monday....

In a speech before the tribunal Sunday, Gen. Raul Castro, the defense minister, called for an "exemplary" sentence for Ochoa, who he said "slapped his country in the face and stabbed it in the back." Some diplomats took this as a sign the government would seek the death sentence.
(Julia Preston, Washington Post, A10)

EDITOR'S NOTE: "In U.S.-China Ties, Cordiality Is No Longer On The Agenda," by Nicholas Kristof, appears in The New York Times, page A6.

"New Steps For The Military Budget Dance," by Andrew Rosenthal, appears in The New York Times, page A20.

"Momentum Gathers To Give Special Trade Status To The Soviets As A Reward For Jewish Emigration," by Robert Greenberger, appears in The Wall Street Journal, page A18.

"Apartheid Foe Gets Passport And Is Expected To Meet Bush," by Jane Perlez, appears in The New York Times, page A8.

"Kabul Residents Criticize U.S. For Continuation Of Fighting," news analysis by James Rupert, appears in The Washington Post, page A11.

NETWORK NEWS SUMMARY

(Monday Evening, June 26)

SUPREME COURT

ABC's Diane Sawyer: The Supreme Court leads the news tonight because today the court expanded the reach of the death penalty to include certain teenagers and people who are retarded. The court said there is nothing in the Constitution which prohibits the execution of 16- and 17-year-olds convicted of murder. The court also said that retarded death row inmates may be executed. But as Tim O'Brien reports, the court was also careful to say that mental capacity should be considered during sentencing.

ABC's Tim O'Brien reports that Justice O'Connor agreed with the court's liberals that mental retardation is a factor that must be considered by the jury, but then sided with the court's conservatives in ruling that those who are mentally retarded may still be executed. The court's conservative majority said neither the Constitution itself nor this country's evolving standards of decency justified a blanket ban on executing retarded people. The court applied that same principle today in another major ruling refusing to ban the execution of 16- and 17-year-olds. The court was acting in the case of Kevin Stanford, who at the age of 17, robbed, raped, and then shot to death a young gas station attendant, the mother of two, and the case of Heath Wilkins, who was 16 when he stabbed a liquor store clerk to death. Justice Scalia, for a 5-4 majority upholding their death sentences, said there is no national consensus against executing juveniles -- that of the 37 states that have the death penalty, more than half allow the execution of 16-year-olds. Today's rulings are a double defeat for the opponents of capital punishment. Juries will still be permitted to consider a defendant's age, and conservatives approved holding youthful offenders responsible. A Harris Poll shows that most Americans overwhelmingly oppose executing the mentally retarded or those under 18. But the court today was unmoved -- saying while it may judge the constitutionality of such executions, what's appropriate is a matter exclusively for the state legislatures.

Sawyer: In another ruling, the Supreme Court said police don't have to use the exact words of the Miranda decision when reading suspects their rights as long as the words they use reasonably convey the idea that a suspect is entitled to a lawyer and that what he says can be used against him. And in yet another case, the court declined to put a ceiling on the amount of money that can be awarded in personal injury lawsuits. (ABC-Lead)

NBC's Mary Alice Williams: It is now legal in the United States to put teenage murderers as young as 16-years-old to death and to execute killers who are mentally retarded. Those two rulings today from the Supreme Court in major decisions on just what is cruel and unusual punishment. (NBC-Lead)

CBS's Dan Rather: Life and death U.S. Supreme Court decisions today. Justices ruled 5-4 the Constitution permits execution of convicted murderers who were as young as 16 when they killed. The justices also ruled there is no flat-out prohibition either on executing mentally retarded murderers.... Business took a loss in a Supreme Court decision today. Justices were unanimous in ruling a key federal anti-racketeering law used to fight organized crime may also apply to businesses accused of fraud. (CBS-Lead)

STEALTH

NBC's Henry Champ reports that the Stealth bomber is now in danger of disappearing entirely, shot down by exorbitant costs. (Rep. Kasich: "Think about it. Just think about it: \$600 million an airplane. It's mind-boggling.") And Kasich is a conservative Republican on the Armed Services Committee who supported President Reagan's military buildup. But it is not just the money that concerns legislators. It is also the reputation of the Northrop corporation, developer of the Stealth. (Rep. Dingell: "Is Northrop incompetent, or is it corrupt? And as you analyze the situation you are driven, I think, almost relentlessly to the conclusion that Northrop is both incompetent and corrupt.") The Stealth program has already been rocked by whistle-blowers whose stories of scandal keep raising alarms. A company auditor says he was demoted for calling attention to massive overcharges on the Stealth. Other employees tell of work being double- and triple-billed to the Defense Department. What whistle-blowers have been saying about Northrop here in California is now supported by a Pentagon official whose job was to oversee all weapons buying at the Defense Department. When he quit last month, Robert Costello said the B-2 program should be killed. (Costello, former undersecretary of Defense: "As I looked at that, and as I looked at the complexity of that program, the B-2 program, I said, Mr. Secretary, I have concern, I'm raising those concerns with you.") Northrop has conducted its own investigation and found no justification for these charges. Already, \$22½ billion has been spent, and the B-2 bomber has never flown. Some congressmen want work suspended until test flights are completed, a few others want it killed altogether. (NBC-4)

HUD

CBS's Terence Smith reports that a top HUD official told CBS News today that taxpayer liability for defaulted loans on public housing is much greater than previously thought. Of the \$9 billion portfolio, approximately \$1 billion is in default under a scheme known to developers as gold-plated. An 1,800-unit project in Houston, mortgaged for \$47 million, sold at auction after default for less than \$9 million. It was one of several HUD projects financed with inflated mortgages put together by the DRG funding corporation, a Georgetown-based lender now under criminal investigation. (Rep. Schumer: "Just one firm had \$530 million of liability. If there were others who were just as dishonest as DRG, the number will easily soar into the billions.") A former HUD official told Congress last week that the agency's mortgage portfolio was in a state of chaos.

Smith continues:

(Joseph Strauss, former HUD official: "It does boggle the mind. Imagine this: There was no list that we were ever able to be made aware of of what HUD owned. How could they have even asked for payment? I mean, talk about open for fraud or abuse.")

To get the gold-plating scam under control, Secretary Kemp has barred DRG from doing business with HUD, suspended two other mortgage companies, and placed six more on probation for six months. (CBS-2)

CHINA

ABC's Ken Kashiwahara reports that in newspapers and on television today the Chinese people were told that the Communist Party's house is in order now that the leadership has chosen a new party chief and ousted the old one. But while Zhao Ziyang was stripped of all his party posts, he was not stripped of his party membership, nor was the former party chairman accused of serious crimes -- just serious mistakes. The new head of the party, Jiang Zemin, is considered a compromise between the ultra conservatives and the moderates, suggesting that the political struggle is not over. Still, he fits the image the party wants to project -- an economic reformer and a political hard-liner. He is believed to speak English, Russian and Romanian, and as former mayor of Shanghai was credited with attracting foreign investments and reviving the city's economy. Jiang is credited with running China's massive propaganda campaign aimed at convincing the Chinese people that the Beijing massacre never happened. Today, for the first time in years, the government broadcast the movie "East is Red", Mao Zedong's glorification of the revolution, the Communist Party and the army. (ABC-7, CBS-4)

Williams: The World Bank today extended its freeze on loans to China in response to the continuing crackdown in that country. The bank postponed approval of \$330 million in credits for transportation improvements. A total of \$780 million in loans is now on hold. (NBC-5)

AIDS

Sawyer: The FDA announced today that it would permit the use of two new AIDS drugs -- one fights AIDS-related blindness. The other treats a severe anemia suffered by many AIDS patients. It's a change in policy for the FDA, and it comes amid new warnings that more people may have the virus than previously thought.

ABC's George Strait reports that previously drugs had to be proven safe and effective before they could be given. Now researchers only have to show that they are safe. That could make drugs available two to six months sooner.

(FDA Commissioner Young: "It's not going to shave a lot off, but for some people that need them it's a big enough difference.") This decision is especially important if new estimates of the extent of the AIDS epidemic in America are correct. A new congressional study says that in two years the number of AIDS victims could be almost 500,000.

Strait continues: The new study says many AIDS cases are never reported because people fear discrimination -- also that the number of heterosexual cases is a lot higher than expected. The Administration stands by its numbers, but admits they are only estimates.

(James Allen, HHS: "The important thing is whether or not the health care system is prepared to deal with an extremely large number, and an increasing number of people living with AIDS in the future.")

Both sides agree that the new numbers confirm just how serious the AIDS epidemic really is. And the new quicker drug approval process confirms just how serious the government is in fighting it.

(ABC-2, CBS-8)

Williams reports that many AIDS activists are furious with the pace of the FDA's drug approval process. Some activists have actually taken matters into their own hands. They're conducting their own tests of a powerful experimental drug.

NBC's Robert Bazell reports that the drug is called Compound Q. The experiment, run by a group of AIDS activists, is using high doses, skipping the usual test of low doses to determine whether the drug is toxic. One patient in the experiment has died. But the trial is continuing. The experiment is not run by a medical center, nor is it approved by the FDA. Compound Q is a powerful extract of Chinese cucumber. Doctors in China use it to induce abortions. Whether the Compound Q is effective or not, those doing the experiment hope that the fact they were able to carry out this study will force the FDA to speed up trials of AIDS drugs in the future. The FDA refused today to make any comment on the underground Compound Q experiment. A spokesman said it is looking into the matter. Doctors say they will have to observe Compound Q patients for about three months to know whether the drug has any benefit as an AIDS treatment.

Williams reports that the GAO has issued new higher figures on the number of AIDS cases to expect in the next couple of years, and they drew sharp comment from FDA Commissioner Young. He said "it's time for Americans to roll up their sleeves to fight the epidemic rather than quibble about numbers." (NBC-2)

OIL SPILLS

Sawyer: In the wake of three major oil spills over the weekend, a spokesman for President Bush today accused the oil industry of not doing enough to find better ways to clean up after such disasters. "Clearly," he said, "we could be better prepared."

ABC's Ned Potter reports that today the spill caused by the Presidente Rivera kept spreading down the Delaware River, and to control the mess the ship's owners hired an army. Three-hundred members of the Delaware National Guard have been added to the clean-up force. They have a messy, long job ahead of them, and there are complaints that no matter what they will not be able to do it very well.

Potter continues: The crews are reduced to working by hand, shovelling the oil globs into garbage bags or wiping off rocks with absorbant towels. Tough as the clean-up may be, wildlife experts say the environmental damage here could be minor, because fish and birds will avoid those obvious clumps of oil which eventually will wash out to sea.

Sawyer reports that in the two other major oil spills, prevailing winds blew the oil straight into vacuum pumps, and most of it has now been scooped up. And off the coast of Rhode Island, bright sunshine has evaporated more than 90% of the oil that spilled after a Greek tanker ran aground Friday. There were some reports of sea birds killed, but one official said this afternoon the worst is over.

(ABC-4, NBC-6)

DRIFT NETS

Sawyer reports that today South Korea, one of the remaining three nations to use huge drift nets that stretch for miles and kill everything in their path, said it would stop using them.

(ABC-5)

SOVIET NUCLEAR SUB

Sawyer: A Soviet nuclear-powered submarine is limping back to its home base tonight after a break-down off the northern coast of Norway. According to the Soviets, a pipe broke in the sub's nuclear reactor. Norwegian authorities said there was a fire, but the Soviets say not true -- that what looks like smoke was actually exhaust as the sub switched to its back-up diesel engines. The Soviets say there was no radiation leak and that no one was hurt.

(ABC-6, NBC-3, CBS-5)

CUBA DRUG TRIAL

CBS's Juan Vasquez reports that in the most sensational show trial in communist Cuba in 25 years, Gen. Arnolando Ochoa [phonetic], a decorated war veteran, is accused of helping smuggle cocaine into the United States. Seven prominent officers have been arrested so far. U.S. officials say they've known for years that flights from Colombia dropped their cocaine loads into protected Cuban waters. As if to prove the point that other Cuban officials may be involved in drug smuggling, U.S. sources say the latest drop of cocaine over Cuban waters occurred yesterday while Ochoa was in jail.

(CBS-3)

WRIGHT

Rather: Former Speaker Wright made it official tonight following his recent resignation under the ethics attack. Wright has now ruled out another run for Congress or any other elective office.

(CBS-7)

REAGAN/BROADCASTING

Williams: Former President Reagan is going back to his old job -- broadcasting baseball. NBC Sports announced that during its broadcast of the All-Star game on July 11, Mr. Reagan will join Vin Scully and Tom Seaver in the booth and do one inning of color commentary.

(NBC-8)

EDITORIALS/COLUMNISTS

FLAG BURNING

Do We Love The Flag Or Do We Love What It Stands For? -- "The Supreme Court's rather surprising decision that free speech protects the desecration of the American flag in a political protest makes a particularly important point about symbolism in a free society, at a particularly critical time.... There also was an endless recitation of allegiance to American 'values' as symbolized by the flag, wherein Mr. Bush contended that he and not Mr. Dukakis represented those values of flag, country and family.... Every step of the way in the calamity unfolding in China, Mr. Bush has had to be coaxed or shamed into tougher words and actions from Congress and editorial writers. Meanwhile, the voters, according to the latest Washington Post/ABC News poll, give a favorable rating of 73 percent, equaling Mr. Reagan's highest in office. Is anybody paying attention, or are the atrocities in China just too far away?"

(Germond and Witcover, Baltimore Sun, 6/25)

Flag Burners Don't Win Friends And Influence People -- "...Hasn't the American political system already shown that it punishes those who desecrate the flag far more cruelly, and for a longer length of time, than any sentence that might be meted out by a court?... To a startlingly large extent the Democratic Party is still in a box because of the fact that it has become identified as the party of flag desecrators, while the Republicans are perceived as the party of flag respecters. Episodes like the one in Dallas in 1984 just help that perception alive. This perception explains why George Bush in 1988, 16 years after George McGovern's campaign had crashed in flames, could still have such easy success in hitting Michael S. Dukakis for allegedly showing insufficient piety for the flag, even though the charge didn't really hold water...."

(David R. Boldt, Philadelphia Inquirer, 6/25)

Saving By Allowing Destruction -- "...The American flag is a magnificently powerful symbol.... One of the great things it represents, as the Supreme Court ruled this week, is the right of every American to speak out, even unpleasant pinheads who disgust most people with their freedom. It creates the seeming riddle of protecting the values it represents by not punishing the trashing of the symbol of those same values.... If the flag is not allowed to be a symbol for those who don't like what it represents, it will lose its meaning for those of us who do. In this country, disagreement -- even about the most important things -- is written into the system. It's what makes things work.... The case forced the court to protect speech, as the Constitution requires.... Because the court didn't lose sight of the values the flag represents, it means even more."

(Philadelphia Daily News, 6/23)

The Flag And 'The Thought We Hate' -- "...The verdict will not be popular, but it is the only one worthy of the ideals the flag represents.... The flag ought to be treated as a symbol, not an idol. If the ideals it embodies may be abused, the flag itself can't be made inviolable.... Chief Justice Rehnquist...misses the point of the Bill of Rights, which is precisely to deny the majority the right to legislate on certain matters.... The highest tribute we can make to Old Glory is the faithful observance of our highest ideals. By upholding freedom, the court honored the flag."

(Chicago Tribune, 6/23)

Supreme Court Flag Ruling Burns Twerps -- "...If the court had upheld [Gregory Johnson's] conviction, it would have confirmed the oppression he imagines this country is guilty of. Johnson, you see, faces the dilemma faced by all those who deny the existence of the freedoms that the American flag represents. If he has no right to free expression, then he's right about his being an oppressive society -- and he wouldn't be able to express his views. But if he has a right to free expression, then he can express them -- and he's wrong.... For us to be free, we must tolerate dopes like Johnson. Yes, the flag is our most precious symbol, and it must be respected. But the flag, as a symbol of reality, must not become more precious than the reality itself -- the liberties that make this country vastly superior to any of the nightmares contrived by the likes of Johnson." (Dennis Byrne, Chicago Sun-Times, 6/23)

How Much Violence? -- "...The court may have gone too far this time.... What intrigues us most about the high tribunal's outrageous ruling, which blindly views the American flag as if it had no unique status among the nation's symbols, is what the court may be viewed as saying, at least inferentially, to those who are outraged by its ruling.... We are not advocating violence against flag-defilers, but the court majority's logic in protecting anti-flag violence does cause one to wonder how much violence against people and property it would sanction as 'symbolic' free speech...." (Jim Finnegan, Manchester Union Leader, 6/23)

Flag Burning -- It May Be Legal, But It Still Is Despicable -- "...No, the flag is not just a piece of cloth. It is the most powerful symbol we have of our nationhood and of all the principles that make us Americans.... It is difficult to dispute the justices' argument. When Americans pay respect to the flag, and fight for it, they also are paying homage to, and defending, the fundamental principles it represents, one of which is the freedom of expression. As Justice Kennedy noted, it is one of our nation's great ironies that the flag protects who hold it in contempt...." (Dallas Morning News, 6/23)

Burning The Flag Is Not Speech -- "Rehnquist would have done well to add that the First Amendment protects not expression but speech.... Speech, unlike an expression such as flag-burning, is intrinsically connected with the distinctive human capacity, reason, by which individuals govern themselves and communities achieve self-government. Unfortunately, it is too late for reason to insinuate itself back into First Amendment law." (George F. Will, Houston Chronicle, 6/23)

Dishonoring America's Symbol -- "The Supreme Court's decision that desecration of the American flag is a legitimate form of speech, entitled to First Amendment protection, is profoundly misguided. Genuine freedom of speech is not enhanced by granting the right to defile the symbol of a nation which -- more than any other -- has protected and extended freedom of speech.... It will injure the sensibilities of millions of Americans, particularly those who have fought -- and who have seen comrades die -- for the very flag now freely subject to desecration. In the end, the High Court's ruling is a rebuke to patriotic sensibilities, and a blow to the one symbol that truly unites Americans, to the one symbol that actually affords Americans a link to the generations that have come before...." (New York Post, 6/23)

Congress Must Overrule Supreme Court -- "...Congress should immediately pass, and send to President Bush, a bill making desecration of the American flag a federal crime. That bill should contain an amendment stripping the court of its jurisdiction to decide any cases under the new statute. If, after Wednesday's atrocity, Congress still lacks the courage to take on his renegade tribunal -- which, for three decades, has been doing to the Constitution what Gregory 'Joey' Johnson did to that flag -- then the people should get a new Congress.... You have to sit on the Supreme Court 30 years to be that dumb. When someone spits in your mother's face, you don't sit them down and 'persuade them they are wrong.' You put a fist in their face. Does anyone believe that when the founding fathers produced their immortal document, 'to form a more perfect Union,' they intended that its First Amendment protected defiling the very symbol of that Union?... Well, if the Supreme Court says that, to hell with the Supreme Court. The proper answer to the Brennan decision is open defiance. Any American who steps in to stop a flag-burning should be cheered, protected, defended, even if Bill Brennan thinks he just 'doesn't understand the First Amendment.'... The Supreme Court cannot tell a man not to fight to protect his country's flag any more than it can tell him not to fight for his family or defend his faith.... The court has taken sides in American's cultural and religious war, ruling that the flag-burners are right, that those who interfere with this form of 'political protest' do not understand what America is all about.... Well, we are our own rulers; and it is time we the people, through our chosen representatives, delivered to 'that eminent tribunal' the national rebuke it has richly earned."

(Patrick J. Buchanan, New York Post, 6/23)

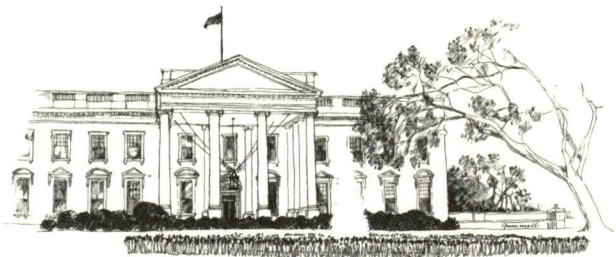
The Flag-Burning Case -- "Gregory L. Johnson's act of burning the American flag in 1984 was despicable. But the act was in the context of expressing opposition to the U.S. government policies. So the U.S. Supreme Court found that the act was protected by the First Amendment's guarantee of freedom of expression. It was a necessary ruling.... The right of free expression cannot be limited by the sensibilities of those who hold differing views. The sacrifices made by those in the military were to preserve the rights that the flag symbolizes. The context of the case is important. Johnson burned the flag while protesting American government policies. The court in its majority opinion did not protect desecrating the flag for the purpose of inciting a riot or as an act of pure vandalism. It is the expression of a viewpoint -- however inelegantly articulated -- that is protected. Freedom of expression is a right that belongs to everyone. That is ultimately the message of this case.... The America-blamers and flag-burners have become an isolated and repeatedly defeated political minority. If there is any comfort to be drawn from this ruling, it is from the strength of the ideal of freedom of expression, and the knowledge that the Gregory L. Johnsons are doomed to perpetual irrelevance."

(Detroit News, 6/23)



In honor of
THE HONORABLE
R.J.L. HAWKE, A.C., M.P.
PRIME MINISTER OF AUSTRALIA
AND MRS. HAWKE

THE WHITE HOUSE
Tuesday, June 27, 1989



LEONTYNE PRICE

A graduate of the Juilliard School of Music, Leontyne Price made her Metropolitan Opera debut in 1961 as Leonora in "Il Trovatore." Described as the "Stradivarius of singers," Miss Price has performed with symphonies and orchestras throughout the United States, and continues to appear internationally in recitals and concerts abroad. Her legendary repertoire always includes songs by American composers and spirituals. A recipient of Emmy and Grammy awards, Miss Price was the first opera singer to receive the Presidential Medal of Freedom. Several of her notable performances include the Egyptian-Israeli Peace Treaty signing ceremonies and the welcoming ceremony for Pope John Paul II. Leontyne Price's extraordinary talent has earned her universal recognition as one of the greatest artists of our time.

LEONTYNE PRICE

Soprano

DAVID GARVEY

Piano

PROGRAM

America The Beautiful	Katharine Lee Bates and Samuel A. Ward
Selige Nacht	Joseph Marx
Hymne Au Soleil	Georges Hue
Vissi D'Arte from Tosca	Giacomo Puccini
Summertime from Porgy and Bess	George Gershwin
Ride On King Jesus Spiritual	Arranged by Hall Johnson



DINNER

*Honoring The Honorable
The Prime Minister of Australia
and Mrs. Hawke*

*Alaska Salmon in Champagne Jelly
Sauce Verte.
Cheese Bow Ties*

*Roasted Saddle of Veal Périgourdine
Summer Garden Vegetables
Rosette Potatoes*

*Nasturtium and Green Salad
Thyme Vinaigrette
Native Chevre Cheese*

*Summer Bombe with Fresh Cherries
Petits Fours*

KALIN Chardonnay 1987

INGLENOK Merlot Reserve 1985

IRON HORSE Brut Rose 1985

THE WHITE HOUSE

Tuesday, June 27, 1989

4/27/89

TALKING POINTS ON SUPREME COURT CIVIL RIGHTS

- I AM STRONGLY COMMITTED TO EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR ALL AMERICANS. NOTHING IN THESE DECISIONS JEOPARDIZES THAT PRINCIPLE, OR CALLS INTO QUESTION AFFIRMATIVE ACTION AND MINORITY OUTREACH EFFORTS.
- THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT ADVISES THAT THESE DECISIONS REFLECT INTERPRETATIONS OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS LAWS BY THE SUPREME COURT ON FAIRLY TECHNICAL SUBJECTS, SUCH AS BURDENS OF PROOF AND STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS.
- SHOULD THESE DECISIONS ACTUALLY TURN OUT TO HAMPER CIVIL RIGHTS ENFORCEMENT OVER THE COURSE OF THE NEXT FEW YEARS, WE WILL TAKE STEPS TO REMEDY THE SITUATION.
- I JUST WANT TO MAKE ONE OVERRIDING POINT: THE MARCH FOR RACIAL EQUALITY AND JUSTICE IN THIS COUNTRY WILL NOT BE STOPPED. WHETHER IT'S EMPLOYMENT, HOUSING OR ANY OTHER ASPECT OF THE CIVIL RIGHTS ISSUE, WE WILL AGGRESSIVELY ENFORCE THE LAWS. OUR NATION MUST ALWAYS STAND FOR RACIAL JUSTICE AND EQUALITY.

#

4/27/89
PRESIDENT'S OPENING STATEMENT RE: FLAG BURNING

ON WEDNESDAY MORNING, THE SUPREME COURT ISSUED A DECISION WHICH HELD THAT A PERSON COULD NOT BE CONVICTED FOR DESECRATION OF THE ^{American} ~~UNITED~~ STATES FLAG BECAUSE TO DO SO WOULD INFRINGE UPON THE RIGHT TO POLITICAL PROTEST. WE MUST BE VERY CAREFUL IN OUR SOCIETY TO PRESERVE THE RIGHT TO PROTEST GOVERNMENT ACTION.

- 2 -

HOWEVER, I BELIEVE THAT THE FLAG OF THE UNITED STATES SHOULD NEVER BE THE OBJECT OF DESECRATION. FLAG BURNING IS SIMPLY WRONG. PROTECTION OF THE FLAG, A UNIQUE NATIONAL SYMBOL, WILL IN NO WAY LIMIT THE OPPORTUNITY NOR THE BREADTH OF PROTEST AVAILABLE IN THE EXERCISE OF FREE SPEECH RIGHTS.

I HAVE THE GREATEST RESPECT FOR THE SUPREME COURT, AND
INDEED FOR THE JUSTICES WHO INTERPRETED THE
CONSTITUTION AS THEY SAW FIT; BUT I BELIEVE THE
IMPORTANCE OF THIS ISSUE COMPELS ME TO CALL FOR A
CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT. SUPPORT FOR THE FIRST
AMENDMENT NEED NOT EXTEND TO DESECRATION OF THE FLAG.

WE ARE REVIEWING PROPOSED LANGUAGE FOR A CONSTITUTIONAL
AMENDMENT AND ARE CONSULTING WITH MEMBERS OF CONGRESS
WHO HOLD SIMILAR VIEWS. AS PRESIDENT, I WILL UPHOLD
OUR PRECIOUS RIGHT TO DISSENT, BUT BURNING THE AMERICAN
FLAG GOES TOO FAR.

- 1) Abortion
- 2) Bal Budget
- 3) Live itew jets

COPY
from ORM
068109
PL

TALKING POINTS

Meeting with Campaign Finance Reform Group
June 27, 1989 3:45 p.m.

THE PRESIDENT HAS SEEN

-- Thank you for coming.

6/27/89

-- As you know, the White House will soon be unveiling a major campaign finance reform proposal.

-- Our objectives are to reduce the influence of special economic interests, while enhancing the role of the parties and individuals, and reducing the advantages of incumbency.

-- I believe we can accomplish our goals without resorting to public financing or overall spending limits (a cap on campaign spending).

-- I urge you to support us in this major reform initiative, and I urge you to work with Congress to enact both ethics and campaign finance legislation.

-- I look forward to hearing your views on all these issues, including:

- PACs
- Independent Expenditures
- Soft money
- Incumbency/Competitive Elections

-- While I have been reviewing these campaign finance issues over the past several weeks, I remain genuinely interested in hearing your views.

POTUS

FRED WERTHEIMER
(COMMON CAUSE)

JOHN DOUGLAS
(ABA)

CRAIG BAAB
(ABA)

ANN MCBRIDE
(COMMON CAUSE)

ROB PORTMAN

DAVID CARNEY

BOYDEN GRAY

DAVID DEMAREST

BILL BAER
(LOBBYIS AND LAWYERS)

LLOYD MEEDS
(LOBBYISTS AND LAWYERS)

LLOYD LEONARD (LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS)

JIM WRAY

NANCY NEUMAN
(LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS)
JIM PINKERTON

ELLEN MILLER
(CENTER FOR RESPONSIVE POLITICS)

HERB SCHULTZ
(CENT. FOR RESP. POL.)

ms.
claybrook
(public citizen)

X 2510

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

056580
ND007

General Al Gray
Commandant USMC
Headquarters USMC
Washington, D.C. 20380-9000

C O P Y
from ORM



THE PRESIDENT

June 27, 1989

Dear Al -

It's the next day now
and all of the Bush family
is still aglow from last night's
moving performance. Thanks

bcc: Tim McBride

890627

house.
Please thank the
Mormons. I was very
proud to be there. Love
sincerely, Aug 13th

for your own special
brand of hospitality
we loved seeing you

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

055121
ND 007

C O P Y
from ORM

CPL Cullen Plousha
Company A
Marine Barricks
8th and I Streets, SE
Washington, D.C. 20390-5000



THE PRESIDENT

6-27-89

Personal

Dear Cpl. Plousha,

Last night's drill
was very special. I want
to thank you and the
others in the platoon for

RETURNED TO
BRIDGET MONTAGNE
FOR HAND DELIVERY

890627

a super performance.

Col. Pace told me
that you were the
guy selected by his peers
for that key inspection role -
quite an honor, well deserved.

Please thank all involved
in the drill - Sincere, C. Bush
N.S. Don't worry about anything - you did A-O.K.

UNITED NATIONS REPORT: HUMAN RIGHTS SITUATION IMPROVES MARKEDLY IN ZAIRE

C O P Y
from ORM

107742

PU

5288

To

NSC

GB/

6/27/87

The Embassy of the Republic of Zaire in Washington, D.C. is pleased to bring to your attention the conclusions of the United Nations Commission on Human Rights, based on our country's accomplishments in promoting and protecting human rights.

Zaire, true to President Mobutu's guidelines and goals, continues to demonstrate the commitment of its government to the principles of Human Rights and Democracy.

We would like to take this opportunity to salute the cordial and long standing relations between the United States of America and the Republic of Zaire.

H.E. Mushobekwa Kalimba wa Katana
Ambassador E. and P.

OFFICE DES NATIONS UNIES A GENEVE



UNITED NATIONS OFFICE AT GENEVA

DECISION CONCERNING ZAIRE ADOPTED WITHOUT A VOTE
AT THE 38TH MEETING (CLOSED) OF THE COMMISSION
HELD ON 24 FEBRUARY 1989

The Commission on Human Rights,

Having examined the material concerning the human rights situation in Zaire brought before it under Economic and Social Council resolution 1503 (XLVIII), including the report of the Secretary-General on his direct contacts with the government of Zaire (E/CN.4/1989/R.4),

Noting with appreciation the willingness of the Government of Zaire, with the active participation of Maître Nimy Mayidika Ngimbi, Commissaire d'Etat aux droits et libertés du citoyen, to co-operate with the Commission by furnishing replies and observations relating to the material which the Commission has before it,

1. Decides to discontinue consideration of the matter;
2. Encourages the Government of Zaire in its efforts to promote and protect human rights;
3. Requests the Government of Zaire to inform the Commission at its forty-sixth session, of the results of the action already taken to this and at a special closed meeting;
4. Requests the Secretary-General to provide Zaire with all the assistance it desires under the advisory services program in order to help that country in its efforts to strengthen the machinery established for the purpose of protecting and promoting human rights;
5. Requests the Secretary-General to communicate this decision to the Government of Zaire.

UNCLASSIFIED
NSC/S PROFILE

RECORD ID: 8905288
RECEIVED: 05 JUL 89 14

TO: PRESIDENT

FROM: KATANA, MUSHOBKWA K

DOC DATE: 27 JUN 89
SOURCE REF:

KEYWORDS: ZAIRE

UN

PERSONS:

SUBJECT: ADVERTISEMENT RE UN RPT / HUMAN RIGHTS SITUATION IMPROVES MARKEDLY
IN ZAIRE

ACTION: NOTED BY PRES DUE DATE: 08 JUL 89 STATUS: C

STAFF OFFICER: NONE LOGREF:

FILES: WH NSCIF: CODES:

D O C U M E N T D I S T R I B U T I O N

FOR ACTION

FOR CONCURRENCE

FOR INFO
PASSAGE
SCOWCROFT

COMMENTS: _____

DISPATCHED BY _____ DATE _____ BY HAND W/ATTCH

OPENED BY: NSGAD CLOSED BY: NSGAD DOC 1 OF 1

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED
ACTION DATA SUMMARY REPORT

RECORD ID: 8905288

DOC ACTION OFFICER

CAO ASSIGNED ACTION REQUIRED

001

X 89070514 NOTED BY PRES

UNCLASSIFIED

Written to a Marine
who made two errors
and dropped his gun
twice during the
Sunset Parade for
the President.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

CPL Cullen Plousha
Company A
Marine Barricks
8th and I Streets, SE
Washington, D.C. 20390-5000



THE PRESIDENT

6-27-84

Personal

Dear Cpl. Plousha,

Last night's drill
was very special. I want
to thank you and the
others in the platoon for
a super performance.

Col. Pace told me
that you were the
guy selected by his peers
for that key inspection role -
quite an honor, well deserved.

Please thank all involved
in the drill - Sincere, Cpl. Bush
P.S. Don't worry about anything - you did A-O.K.



The President
of the United States of America

Dear Lou -

I love my sweater. I am
going to keep on trying, because
we want you & Betty to

come to a White House
evening -

Hope your trip
went well.

Sincerely,

6-27-89

Mr. Lou Holtz
University of Notre Dame
Notre Dame, Indiana 46556

Gift sent

bec: Jan B



THE PRESIDENT

6-27-89
5 PM

Dear Sig,

I had a nice chat
just now with PTA's
Ann Lynch - offered to
help, very high on you!
All Best my friend

ay

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mr. Sig Rogich
President
R & R Advertising
Post Office Box 19719
Las Vegas, Nevada 89132-0719

bcc: Governor Sununu
David Bates

(Phone Log File) - done

STATE DINNER (AUSTRALIA) TUESDAY, JUNE 27, 1989 - 7:30 PM
EAST ENTRANCE - (VALET PARKING) - (bt) - SDR - (125)

THE PRESIDENT & MRS. BUSH

THE HONORABLE R.J.L. HAWKE, A.C., M.P., PRIME MINISTER OF AUSTRALIA
& MRS. HAWKE

HE The Ambassador of Australia & Mrs. Cook
Mr. Michael Codd

Secretary, Department of the Prime Minister & Cabinet

Mr. Richard Woolcott, A.O.

Secretary, Department of Foreign Affairs & Trade

Mr. David A. Hollway

Principal Private Secretary

Mr. Geoff Walsh

Senior Advisor

Mr. John Bowan

Senior Advisor (International Relations)

Mr. Rod Sims

Senior Advisor (Economic)

Mr. Dennis Richardson

First Assistant Secretary, International Division, Department
of the Prime Minister & Cabinet

Mr. Barrie Cassidy

Press Secretary to the Prime Minister

Dr. Craig Emerson

Advisor (Economic)

Mr. Graham Freudenberg

Consultant

Hon. (Rep.) & Mrs. Bill Archer (Sharon)
R/Texas

Mr. Roone Arledge & Hon. (Ms.) Joanna Bistany
President, ABC News

Mr. & Mrs. Francis J. ("Reds") Bagnell (JoAnne)
Philadelphia

The Secretary of State & Mrs. Baker (Susan)

Mr. & Mrs. John P. Birkelund (Constance - "Connie")
Chairman, Dillon, Read & Co., Inc.

The Secretary of the Treasury & Mrs. Brady (Katherine)

Bishop & Mrs. Edmund Browning (Patricia)

Presiding Bishop of the Episcopal Church of North & South America

Hon. & Mrs. Dean Burch (Patricia)
Maryland

Mr. & Mrs. Jonathan Bush (Josephine - "Jody")
New York

Mr. & Mrs. John Butler (Penny)
Houston

Mr. & Mrs. Raymond Chambers (Patricia)
Chairman, Wesray Capital Corporation

Mr. & Mrs. William Clark, Jr. (Judith)

Acting Assistant Secretary of State for Near East & Asian Affairs

Mr. John Cochran & Ms. Barbara Cohen

White House Correspondent, NBC News/CBS Bureau Chief

Mr. & Mrs. Stephen Dart (Iris)
California

The Governor of Rhode Island & Mrs. DiPrete (Patricia)

Hon. & Mrs. William H. Draper III (Phyllis)

Administrator, United Nations Development Program

Mr. & Mrs. W. S. ("Will") Farish (Sarah)
Kentucky

Mr. & Mrs. William H. G. Fitzgerald (Annelise)
Washington, DC

Mr. & Mrs. Richard Freeland (Deanna)
Indiana

Mr. David Garvey
Pianist

Mr. & Mrs. Robert Georgine (Rita)

President, Building & Construction Trades, AFL-CIO

Mr. & Mrs. William T. Graham (Kent)
Commissioner of Banks, North Carolina Department of Commerce

Mr. Joel Grey
Actor

General & Mrs. Robert T. Herres (Shirley)
Vice Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff

Professor & Mrs. Samuel Hynes (Elizabeth)
Woodrow Wilson Professor of Literature, Princeton University
Author, Flights of Passage

Hon. Kay C. James & Mrs. Charles James
Assistant Secretary of Health & Human Services

Hon. (Rep.) Norman F. Lent & Ms. Barbara Morris-Lent
R/New York

Mr. Carl H. Lindner & son, Mr. Carl Lindner III
Chairman of the Board & CEO, American Financial Corporation

Mr. & Mrs. Greg Norman (Laura)
Golfer

Mr. Chuck Norris & guest, Mr. Myron Emery
Actor

Mr. & Mrs. Paul O'Neill (Nancy)
Chairman, Aluminum Company of America

Hon. (Mayor) Donna Owens & Dr. Ronald Shapiro

Hon. Katherine D. Ortega & Mr. Lloyd Derrickson
Treasurer of the United States

Mr. Douglas H. Paal & Ms. Betsy Fitzgerald
Director of Asian Affairs, NSC

Mr. & Mrs. Heinz C. Prechter (Waltraud - "Wally")
Detroit

Miss Leontyne Price & brother, General George B. Price
Performing

The Vice President & Mrs. Quayle (Marilyn)

Mr. & Mrs. William Ray (Helen)
Brown Brothers Harriman, New York

The Chief of Protocol & Mrs. Joseph V. Reed, Jr. (Marie)

Hon. (Sen.) William V. Roth, Jr. & Judge Jane Roth
R/Delaware

Justice & Mrs. Scalia (Maureen)
The Supreme Court of the United States

Mr. & Mrs. Benno C. Schmidt, Sr. (Nancy)
New York

Hon. (General) Brent Scowcroft
Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs

Mr. & Mrs. Melvin F. Sembler (Betty)
U.S. Ambassador-designate to Australia

Mr. Garry Shandling & Miss Linda Doucett
Comedian

Hon. (Sen.) & Mrs. Ted Stevens (Catherine)
R/Alaska

Mrs. Potter Stewart (Mary Ann - "Andy")

Mr. & Mrs. Dewey Stokes (Florence)
National President, Grand Lodge, Fraternal Order of Police

Hon. John H. Sununu
Chief of Staff to the President

Mr. & Mrs. W. R. Timken, Jr. (Suzanne)
Chairman of the Board of Directors, The Timken Company

Dr. John Tsu & Dr. Susan Tsu
Professor of Asian Pacific Studies, John F. Kennedy University

Mr. R. E. "Ted" Turner & Ms. J.J. Ebaugh
Chairman of the Board, Turner Broadcasting System, Inc.

Mr. & Mrs. David Weaver (Dorothy)
InterCap Investments Inc.

Mr. & Mrs. Jerome Weintraub (Jane)
Producer

Mr. & Mrs. Eugene Williams (Evelyn - "Evie")
St. Louis

Ms. Oprah Winfrey & Mr. Stedman Graham
Television Show Hostess

The Secretary of Agriculture & Mrs. Yeutter (Jeanne)

THE WHITE HOUSE

Office of the Press Secretary

For Immediate Release

June 27, 1989

PRESS CONFERENCE
BY THE PRESIDENT

The Briefing Room

9:04 A.M. EDT

THE PRESIDENT: I have a brief opening statement, and then I'd be glad to take questions.

On Wednesday morning the Supreme Court issued a decision which held that a person could not be convicted for desecration of our flag -- the American flag -- because to do so would infringe upon the right to political protest. Now, we've got to be very careful in our society to preserve the right to protest government action. However, I believe that the flag of the United States should never be the object of desecration. Flag-burning is wrong. Protection of the flag -- a unique national symbol -- will in no way limit the opportunity nor the breadth of protest available in the exercise of free speech rights.

And I have the greatest respect for the Supreme Court, and indeed, for the Justices who interpreted the Constitution as they saw fit. But I believe the importance of this issue compels me to call for a constitutional amendment. Support for the First Amendment need not extend to desecration of the American flag.

And we are reviewing proposed language for a constitutional amendment. We are beginning consultation with members of the United States Congress who hold similar views, and as President, I will uphold our precious right to dissent; but burning the flag goes too far, and I want to see that matter remedied.

Q Mr. President, when you were last with us, you said that you had tried to contact the leaders of China and the line was busy -- you were unable to get through. In light of the fact that there is now a new party secretary, have you renewed that try, and also, in light of what you just said, do you plan to ask Prime Minister Li Peng to return the Texas cowboy boots with the American flag on them that you gave him in China?

THE PRESIDENT: I have no such plans, but -- and I hope he doesn't ask for his bicycles back, either. But in terms of contacts, we are trying, through our embassy, to have contacts. We have contact -- their ambassador has access to, and contact with, our officials here, and so there has been some exchange of views. But I have not, you know, renewed a phone call request, if that was your question.

Q As a follow-up, Mr. President, do you intend to go ahead and send a Peace Corps team to China in the fall to teach English, or will you go along with the Chinese request that that be delayed?

THE PRESIDENT: Well, you have no choice, Tom. If the Chinese say they're not welcome, they can't come in, and it's too bad, because one of the things that moved forward the reforms was contact with Americans, and I don't want to see those contacts cut off, and I'm sorry that the Chinese have made that decision.

MORE

I would like to have seen those young volunteers go to China and help teach English to the Chinese, and I like these student exchanges, and I don't want to hurt the Chinese people. Now, I have expressed my concern about what went on in China. I reiterate my concern here today, but I reiterate also my desire not to do damage to the people themselves, because I believe that it was contact with the United States and others in the West that have moved the process of economic reform forward, and hopefully someday will move the process of political reform forward.

Q Mr. President, while you were Vice President, millions were siphoned off from HUD through self-confessed influence-peddlers, many of who were your friends. The homeless grew by the thousands. I have not heard one word of outrage about this from you. You seem to absolve Pierce, who sat on this gold mine, permitted this kind of abuse for so many years, and -- not absolved him, but you don't criticize him at all. Who was to blame? Where did the buck stop?

THE PRESIDENT: That matter is being looked into by our very able, dedicated Secretary of HUD. And we are going to do everything we can to clean up any cronyism or see that matters of that nature not recur. But you're always looking for winners and losers, and I am not about to prejudge the Secretary himself. I assume that he would accept responsibility for what happened -- past tense -- in his department, just as I would have to assume responsibility for something that goes on in my administration, whether I know about it or not.

But let's not be trying to find winners and losers. Let's guarantee the American people that we are not going to have cronyism and special favors and giving contracts because of who you know, but keep it on the merits.

Q But the people were the losers in this.

THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

Q And the Republican leaders, apparently, their influence-peddlers and so forth, were the winners. Where were you in eight years?

THE PRESIDENT: I wasn't handling HUD, Helen, in eight years, and --

Q I know you weren't handling HUD, but --

THE PRESIDENT: -- but if you want to assign -- look, if this will give you a little relief, if you want to assign blame to the Vice President for what happened over the past eight years, okay, that's fine. I accept it. But what I want to do as President is see that we don't have any recurrence. And I have total confidence that Jack Kemp is working to see that this not happen again, and I hope that the message has gone out loud and clear to every Cabinet officer that we want the highest possible ethical standards.

Q Well, were you aware of any atmosphere? That's all I'm asking.

THE PRESIDENT: No.

Q Mr. President, in light of your renewed concern about the display of proper reverence for the flag, I wonder if you think it helps the situation, sir, for you and other political figures of both parties to make the flag the kind of instrument of partisan politics that it was in your campaign last fall with a visit to Flag City and the tour of flag factories and flags at all the conventions and so on?

THE PRESIDENT: I don't view that as partisanship. I think respect for the flag transcends political party and I think what I've said here is American -- it isn't Republican or Democrat,

it isn't liberal or conservative. And I just feel very, very strongly about it, and perhaps I haven't been quite as emotional as I feel about it. But I want to take this opportunity to say protest should not extend to desecration of the unique symbol of America, and that is our flag.

A follow-up?

Q You wouldn't dispute, would you, sir, that your visit to Flag City, USA, and your visit to the flag factory last year were for the purpose of advancing your political campaign?

THE PRESIDENT: Everything I did last year was the purpose of advancing my -- everything I did politically -- advancing my election. And of course I'm not going to say that. But I'm not -- I didn't put it on the basis that Republicans are for the flag and Democrats are not.

Q Mr. President, leaving aside the winners and losers question in the HUD scandal, isn't it fair criticism, nevertheless, that the laissez-faire sort of management exhibited by Sam Pierce was, as a matter of fact, encouraged by the President himself, and that they really didn't pay attention to what was going on over there?

THE PRESIDENT: John, something might be happening in some department today that I know nothing about. We've got an enormous bureaucracy. We've got a tremendous bureaucracy that extends all around the world. And there might well be some corruption out there that's going on that I would be responsible for, but that I don't know about. But I am not going to try to assign blame; I want to look to the future. And that's the way I'm going to handle that one.

Q Mr. President, you've spoken out emotionally, obviously, about the Supreme Court's decision on the flag. I wonder if you'd like to take this chance to speak out emotionally on their affirmative action decisions which make it harder for women and minorities to sue for discrimination.

THE PRESIDENT: I'm not sure that I agree with your -- with the hypothesis of your question. As I said at a last press conference -- formal press conference -- I was going to ask our Attorney General and our General Counsel to look into this matter. And I am strongly committed to equal opportunity for all Americans, and I am advised that nothing in these decisions jeopardizes that principle or calls into question affirmative action or minority outreach efforts. This is the opinion of the Attorney General who I understand will be speaking on this at 12:00 noon today.

The Justice Department has told me that the decision reflects interpretation of the civil rights laws by the Court on technical subjects, and we're talking about burdens of proof and statutes of limitations. But that is the advice I am getting, and I will certainly support the Attorney General.

Q All right. Constitutional scholars say, for instance, that if a minority student faces racial harassment at school -- a private school -- they are no longer covered. There are some situations where people cannot sue for racial harassment, for instance, and there are other sort of niggling things. But it's really the question of your emotional response, because you jump out of the box on the flag.

THE PRESIDENT: I've just given it to you. Affirmative action, I've -- you know my position on that. Commitment to equal opportunity -- I hope people know my commitment on that. But we're getting into a technicality that neither you or I are competent to discuss, and I am going -- you're going on the advice of who you call legal scholars, and I'm going on the advice of the Attorney General and a very fine General Counsel. So I think we have a difference on the interpretation of what this means, and I've seen that some of the

civil rights leaders disagree. But I am committed. And if the decisions actually turn out to hamper civil rights enforcement along the lines you're talking about, obviously I would want to take steps to remedy the situation.

Q But are you saying you won't support legislation --

THE PRESIDENT: This is your third question. Come on, Leslye.

Q I'm sorry.

THE PRESIDENT: Go ahead.

Q Are you saying you won't support legislation that --

THE PRESIDENT: I'm saying that my advice from the Attorney General is that legislation isn't necessary.

Q Mr. President, you've expressed your strong feelings again on the Supreme Court decision on the flag-burning. But the Supreme Court is expected to make a decision this week on the abortion issue, which is among the most emotional in the country. And I wonder, going into that decision, if you view your role as a healer after this decision, as simply to enforce the law. What is your view, going into that decision as the President, and this very important emotional issue?

THE PRESIDENT: It is an emotional issue, and I am firmly positioned in favor of overturn of Roe v. Wade. And that's my position, and I'm not going to change that position. But I don't want to see the divisiveness that that whole issue causes split this country. And yet, the decision is going to be -- I don't know what they're going to decide. But my position on it is very clear.

Q During the campaign, you came out many times for a constitutional amendment to balance the budget; yet, I'm curious why now you've moved so quickly to call for a constitutional amendment concerning flag-burning, which is solely a symbolic issue, and yet you haven't moved at all on balancing the budget in terms of a constitutional amendment which is substantive and which a lot of people in this country think would accomplish a lot more for the economy. Can you explain that?

THE PRESIDENT: Yes -- oh, easily. Let me take this opportunity to make a clarion call for a balanced budget amendment. (Laughter.) Absolutely. It has to be phased in, but I'd like to see it.

Q Well, why do you have to be prompted to do that? Why do you give such a high priority --

THE PRESIDENT: Because my position is so well known on it, Owen.

Q Why do you give such a high priority to the issue of flag-burning and you haven't said anything until now about a balanced budget amendment?

THE PRESIDENT: I've said a lot about it all last year. I thought you got tired of hearing it. (Laughter.) But I will repeat it. But if you want to know -- I've got to confess, I do feel viscerally about burning the American flag. And I don't -- and therefore, I express it. And I feel viscerally about fiscal sanity, also. But this decision just came down, and it is one that causes, I think, the American people, and certainly this President, great concern. And I think it can be remedied without doing violence to a person's right to protest.

Q Mr. President, you're going to Poland in a few weeks, and I wonder -- a lot's happened since your Hamtramck speech. We've had the free elections -- solidarity now may have a much bigger

role in what happens in Poland. When you go, are you interested in bringing some expanded debt relief, financial aid? Walesa has been saying to the world that he really needs help now. Do you think you are in a position to bring it?

THE PRESIDENT: Yes, I'm in a position to discuss it, inasmuch as some of what I want to do will require legislation. That will not have been completed. But I called Lloyd Bentsen, the Chairman of the Finance Committee, to thank him over the weekend for his stance in the Finance Committee in terms of support for Poland, and so we will have a package that I'm not prepared to discuss now in detail that I hope will help.

I know this will be a subject of great concern after the visit to Poland in our economic summit meeting. But the problem is, we would like very much to help Poland. I am very encouraged with what's happened in Poland. But I want to be sure that when we do offer the specifics and the specific plan to help Poland, that Poland itself will have taken the steps necessary to have the money well-spent. I don't want to just push money down the drain. So I think along with what we can offer will have to come from their side some reforms. And that, I want to talk to General Jarulzelski about, and obviously Lech Walesa, and we'll see where we go.

Q Let me follow on the Poland question. Both there and in Hungary, you're entering countries that are in a transition and in a very delicate situation politically, and vis-a-vis their own allies. What cautions do you take and do you exercise going in there so as not to be a negative catalyst?

THE PRESIDENT: I think being there is the significant thing. It is important that the United States show its interest in these countries that are undergoing change. You don't want to overexhort, you don't want to overpromise. You don't want to rally people to levels of political activity that might cause repression. And so what I want to do is make clear where the United States stands in terms of our respect for freedom, encourage reform as much as possible, and then, back to David's question, offer some specifics where we can help on the economy.

My views on differentiation have not changed over the last few years. We will differentiate. We will support those that move towards us -- economically, politically, and in terms of human rights. And it's more on those general themes that I will be talking to the Hungarian leaders and the Polish leaders.

Q If I could follow, do you send any signal at the same time to the Soviet Union, or have you had any communication to them about the purposes of your visit?

THE PRESIDENT: No, but I would not expect them to be uptight about it. Mr. Gorbachev goes to Western Europe and is well-received; and I will go to Eastern Europe and I will be well-received. And I think it was a good thing, his trip to Germany. I've talked to Chancellor Kohl about it personally, and I don't get all -- into some state of competition when I see Mr. Gorbachev get a good, warm response in Germany.

The NATO Alliance is together. One of the things that came out of the Brussels-NATO summit meeting was the fact that there is strong unity there. And so it's a good thing for him to go to Western Europe, and it's a good thing for the President of the United States to go to Eastern Europe. And I want to see us move beyond containment. I want to see a much more open Europe. And I think -- so that the importance of the visit is along that line, and it's not going to be we're going to solve the problem of the Hungarian economy or the Polish economy.

Q Let me ask another question about abortion and Roe v. Wade. We may get that decision this week. As I understand your position, you're for a constitutional amendment regardless of which way the Supreme Court rules. Is that right?

THE PRESIDENT: Yes, of course.

Q Is that right? Now, if the Supreme Court strikes down Roe v. Wade and sends this back to the states, would it not be less divisive to let the states decide this rather than go through the whole long, tortuous process of constitutional amendment?

THE PRESIDENT: John, I'd hate to not respond to your question. But the court is probably going to make a decision very soon, and I would prefer to address myself to the question after the court has decided.

Q It is still your position, though, sir, that you favor a constitutional amendment regardless?

THE PRESIDENT: My position on that abortion question has not finished.

Q Mr. President, you will soon be proposing some campaign finance reforms. What is it about the current system of campaign financing that makes you think some kind of broad reform is required? And if broad reform is important, why not go ahead and go all the way to public financing of campaigns or some kind of a limit on overall spending on congressional campaigns.

THE PRESIDENT: I oppose public financing of these campaigns. I think people should be able to attract private support, and I think participation by individuals in the political process through financially support is very, very important. I don't want to see the eroding out of participation by Americans in the political process. So I'm opposing -- I will oppose and have opposed -- the public financing of all these campaigns. Now, there are proposals that I am not prepared to discuss in detail, though I see others have already started discussing what I might do on Thursday.

I will have specific proposals, but -- and I think they'll be fairly far-reaching because I want to see reform -- real reform -- and they'll be good proposals. But I'm not prepared to go into what I am going to do now except to say I will not support kicking the citizen out of the political process by saying that citizen cannot financially support the candidate of his or her choice.

Q Well, if I could follow up, if the broad outlines of what you are going to do as reported are correct, there are going to be some accusations that they help Republicans more than Democrats. How are you going to respond?

THE PRESIDENT: Why would anyone make a charge like that against me when I'm looking at it as objectively as I can? Let's wait until you see what it -- what the proposals are. I mean, I would be outraged by a suggestion of that nature.

Q You and Mr. Gorbachev are touring each other's backyards in Europe. Now that you've finished your foreign policy reviews with regard to the Soviet Union, have you moved any closer to perhaps meeting with the General Secretary?

THE PRESIDENT: That -- I wouldn't say closer. That matter will be discussed again -- its having been discussed once by the Secretary and Foreign Minister Shevardnadze. But I -- so I guess I'd leave it right there. There will obviously at some point be a meeting, but I would -- I still feel I'd like the meeting to be seen as productive rather than just the meeting itself.

But let me say this -- I feel comfortable about the wavelength we're on with the Soviet Union now, and I think they feel comfortable in the sense that I think they know we want to move forward with START. They know that we're prepared to move swiftly forward with the conventional force -- rectifying the conventional force imbalance. And, indeed, I got the feeling from talking to

Chancellor Kohl that Mr. Gorbachev was not hung up on the timetable that we set.

So we're coming closer on some of these broad-scale objectives. And then there are some very nice, smaller things -- their help -- that Soviet ship helping with the cleanup, and our kids from Brooke going over to help with the burn -- our specialized burn unit -- really qualified people, the best in helping with burns going to the Soviet Union. And then the outreach at the town of Yerevan.

So there are some atmospherics that I think are very, very important and harmonious that will help when we sit down to hammer out the details on the strategic arms talks or on these other matters.

Q Could I ask you -- to follow up -- to perhaps define a little bit more what useful or progress would be in terms of a meeting? Are you setting a precondition, as President Reagan did, that you need something to sign, or is there --

THE PRESIDENT: No, I don't think it should be something to sign, but I would like to think that the criterion -- the governing criterion -- would be so that the world would see the meeting as having been successful -- something good happening out of it. And it doesn't have to be signing, necessarily, although I've been around this track long enough to know that you can always whip out something to sign -- a fishing agreement or something of this nature. (Laughter.)

But -- so we could have that, but I'm not saying that we -- that it should be hung up on a major treaty of some sort before I would sit down with Mr. Gorbachev. Maybe we'll do it like this -- say hey, let's get together. And I'm interested in what he thinks about it. And we've had some communication back and forth, but all I want to say is, I think the relationship is going in the right general direction, albeit we have tremendous differences with the Soviet Union, still. And I still have -- guided by a certain sense of caution.

Q Mr. President, you made much during the campaign and after your election of your relationship with China's leaders, and yet, for the past several weeks you've been unable to contact them. And China appears to have ignored our calls for clemency and for dialogue. Sir, do you not think the relationship was oversold?

THE PRESIDENT: No, I don't think it was oversold.

Q Then tell us what benefit we've gained from it.

THE PRESIDENT: What we've gained is, China has a much more open economic system than when the Shanghai communique was signed quite a few years ago. What we've gained is 30,000 students right this minute, I think the figure is, studying in the United States -- Chinese kids that are going back there with a sense of what freedom and democracy is all about. What we have gained is, helping China move out of a period of cultural revolution isolation. And this relationship is important, and I can continue to express my outrage about what happened in Tiananmen Square, and I will. But I am determined to do my level best to keep from injuring the very people that we're trying to help. And I'm talking about the Chinese people generally.

So we've gained a lot from this relationship, and so have they, and I still think that it is in the strategic interests of the United States -- I'm not talking about the old adage of playing the China card or something of that nature -- playing the Soviet card. But if you look at the world and you understand the dynamics of the Pacific area, good relationships with China are in the national interest of the United States. Now it's hard to have them. It's impossible at this moment to have what I would say "normalized relations" for very obvious reasons. But I am going to do my level best to find a way to see improvement there that will help the

Chinese people.

Q If I could follow, sir, it's the personal relationship with China's leaders that I'm speaking of. I'm looking for the benefit when you cannot even complete a phone call to Deng Xiaoping. I'm wondering if the personal --

THE PRESIDENT: The benefit is, I understand the situation. That's the benefit. And leaders are changing all the time over there. So -- I mean, recently. So we've got to deal with who is there. We don't dictate to China about their leaders. We express our concerns as other leaders have.

But let me be very clear: In my view, the United States has been out front. We've been out front on the steps we've taken, and I am very pleased that there has been broad support for the position I've taken.

And I heard it just today from the Prime Minister of Australia, one of the most knowledgeable men about China. The Australians, you see, have always had a -- they've been a little out-front. They've had relations before we did, and they have a rather -- almost a unique standing in China. They've done a lot of business with China. They've worked -- they've had a lot of exchanges with China. Bob Hawke feels that he knows most of the Chinese leaders -- the ones that we had been dealing with. And to hear him say -- be as supportive as he was today was very reassuring to me.

Q Mr. President, how concerned are you that the retreat -- the political retreat that we've seen in China in recent weeks could be duplicated in the Soviet Union?

THE PRESIDENT: Well, I did not predict what would happen in Tiananmen Square, and I don't know of any China expert -- scholar or otherwise -- who predicted that. And I guess the lesson is, go forward as best you can, keep your eyes open, hold high the banner of values that we believe in -- the United States. We have a special responsibility around the world in terms of human rights and democracy, freedom. But keep your eyes open. That's what I've learned from this.

Q Have you had any communications with Secretary Gorbachev on the situation in China?

THE PRESIDENT: Not on China. Maybe others in the administration -- not Gorbachev personally, but I followed carefully the statements out of there, and obviously the Soviet Union has tried to, with Gorbachev's visit to China, tried to improve relations. But I think that's on a little bit of a hold, although maybe they're more accommodating than we are right now.

Q Mr. President, women's groups have been very pleasantly surprised and saluting you for your statements yesterday about violent crimes against women and spousal abuse. And a couple have asked the question whether you will be willing to take that message to men's groups -- ones that -- those macho groups, such as the NRA, the American Legion, the Police Chiefs of America, and ask them to get the word out to stop beating their wives and stop beating -- the generic "they," not specific.

THE PRESIDENT: Hey, listen, I'm a member of the NRA. You're hurting my feelings, as they say in China.

Q And the question is whether you will take the message to men's groups instead of to the American Association of University Women.

THE PRESIDENT: Jessica, I hope that the message that -- because of the line of work you all are engaged in, I hope that message got to every group. But I don't want to single out or acquiesce in the hypothesis here and say that NRA is against women or

-- or, who were the other groups you singled out? Come on, Jessie.

Q No, no, no, but you spoke --

THE PRESIDENT: Come on, Jessie.

Q But you talked about it to women who are very well aware of the problem. Your staffers here say they move their cars closer to the White House after dark and have someone walk out with them. So women know about the problem. My question is whether you will go and take the message to the men's group and ask their help in eradicating the problem.

THE PRESIDENT: I'm trying to take the message to the whole country. That's what our whole crime package is about -- absolutely -- anybody that wants to listen.

Q Now, you said also that you wanted --

THE PRESIDENT: This is the follow-up. Yes.

Q Please -- that you want to be sure that your seven granddaughters have the same opportunities that your pride and joy George P. has. George P. is the one whom you take on fishing trips, and to the back rooms with the boys, and to the research camps at the University of Nebraska and things like that. I wonder if you're planning to take some of the granddaughters on some of these kinds of excursions where you're doing the business of the nation to prepare them to be president.

THE PRESIDENT: Yes. When they get older than about three -- (laughter) -- I will do that. Because, now -- I know, now, don't you say it, I'll say it. Jenna and Barbara are about seven, but that's a little young to go fishing at Jackson Hole with their grandfather and put up with Marlin Fitzwater and all these people. (Laughter.) I mean, I want them prepared for the real world. I'm serious -- I want them prepared, and I look forward to the day that those -- they're the -- Noelle, who is just a couple years behind George P., she came up here. We had her with us and she brought her cousin and we had a wonderful time, and I want her to come back; indeed, they'll be with us this summer.

So -- but, no, you raise a good point. And it isn't -- my affection for our oldest grandson is just that he's there and he's ready and he plays ball and he does stuff and we're going to the Orioles game tomorrow, I think it is. (Laughter.) And so -- but it is not discriminatory. It is not discriminatory.

Q The secret's out.

Q Yes.

Q Mr. President, if I could ask one last question.

THE PRESIDENT: Oh, wasn't I not supposed to say that? (Laughter.) What, about the ballgame? (Laughter.) Come on.

Q If I could ask one last question on the HUD scandal.

THE PRESIDENT: Yes.

Q I think that many people would think it's unfair to hold you responsible when you were Vice President for the things that were going on at HUD. But some of the people who have been implicated in this scandal are very close to you. I'm thinking of Frederick Bush, who was your chief fundraiser in the campaign and Paul Manafort, who was an adviser to your campaign and a partner of Lee Atwater, your campaign manager. Have you made any effort to find out exactly what these people who are close to you were doing with HUD, or to express your views of it to them? Have you made any efforts in those regards?

THE PRESIDENT: I'm not singling out any -- you know, going -- say, look for people that I know that may have done business with HUD in the past. What I'm trying to do is, do it generically. Say, to the degree there was any breaking of the law, obviously the people should pay whatever the price is. To the degree, we can guard against any abuse for the future, I want to go the extra mile to do that.

And one of the first things I did as President -- unnoted though it was -- was to meet with the Inspectors General in here and encourage them towards independence and thorough investigation. And so that's the way I'm trying to handle that matter.

Q And to follow up, does this affect your relationship with these people -- to know that they were involved, apparently, in influenced-peddling?

THE PRESIDENT: Well, it doesn't improve things. But on the other hand, I want to be fair. I want to be sure that I don't jump at conclusions as to what guilt is and what it isn't -- whether the law is broken or were people just out there doing what was permitted. I want to have the standard higher, though. Even if it's permitted, I want to have the highest possible standard. But I haven't put it on that kind of a personal basis yet.

Q Mr. President, the Senate has just passed a child care bill that would spend almost \$9 billion in federal funds for child care.

THE PRESIDENT: I know it.

Q Your spokesman says that bill is a candidate for a veto. Do you intend to veto that bill, and what are your objections?

THE PRESIDENT: I want to see what comes down here. But if there was one thing that was clear -- you've got to be careful of these gestures, the way these -- Rich Little and these guys -- (laughter.) But if there was one thing that was clear, it was my position on child care -- maximum choice through credits. And the ABC bill does not fit what I think is the proper description for child care. And to then -- for me to take the back seat and say I'm less concerned about child care because I'm unenthusiastic about the ABC bill, I don't accept that at all.

So I remain convinced that what I have proposed is the right way to go about it. I would like to see what comes down here before I make further statements about what action I will take or won't take. I want to know the final piece of legislation that hits this desk.

Q But you would veto the bill as it stands now.

THE PRESIDENT: I've made my position clear on the ABC bill.

Q You say you don't want to prejudge Secretary Pierce, but doesn't the evidence of mismanagement and influence-peddling make it evident to you that there were major problems there at the very top?

THE PRESIDENT: Yes, yes.

Q And what can be done about that?

THE PRESIDENT: Well, that's what the process that -- what the Secretary is trying to do right now -- is to make guarantees and put out regulations to see that these kinds of abuses -- a woman sitting in Maryland ripping off \$5 million from the American taxpayers, that's wrong. And I expect that's in the courts, I don't know. That's where it should be, in my view.

Yes, Frank. Then I've got to go. We've got Bob Hawke

appearing, about whom I spoke highly because of his support for our policies.

Q On the rescinding of the pay raise, you said that action was necessary for judges and top federal officials. It's been some time now. I'd like to ask what you're doing about that and when you plan to propose some action? People are still quitting.

THE PRESIDENT: Well, I know it, and I want to see that remedied. I still would like to see the separation of consideration for judges and other key Executive Branch posts -- I'm thinking of some of the researchers in the NIH and people of this nature. And I want to see it separated out so it doesn't get caught on the question of congressional pay.

Now, whether the Congress is willing to do what I've suggested, I don't know. But I will have suggestions when we make our announcements, I think, Thursday -- further announcements along this line -- as to what I think needs to be done. And I am not trying to dictate to the Legislative Branch, but I am going to have to make some recommendations -- and maybe I can do that as a former Member of Congress who is concerned -- about what the Legislative Branch ought to do. This is a matter of considerable concern.

This is the last, and then one behind you. And then I've got to go, because Bob Hawke is appearing.

Q Mr. President, are you --

THE PRESIDENT: Next time, Sarah. I'm sorry. I've got half -- I've got two-thirds back there. Yes?

Q Your suggestions will be specific pay -- proposals, and will they take the form of a proposed legislative bill?

THE PRESIDENT: Excuse me?

Q Will your suggestions, when you mentioned them on Thursday, be specific as to salary increases, and will they take the form of a bill?

THE PRESIDENT: Yes, I think we will have specifics on the -- I haven't gone over this with the final recommendations internally, although I'm reading now what I've decided. (Laughter.) And -- very clear. But there will be some specific recommendations with amounts.

Q Mr. President, a lot of Americans this summer are talking about Pete Rose. And I wondered, without prejudging his case, what you think about betting on baseball and whether you think that that should be reviewed by the courts or the commissioner of baseball?

THE PRESIDENT: I am not going to get into how that matter should be resolved. Baseball -- a national pastime -- has sound rules regarding betting on baseball games, and I simply am going to -- I'm not going to get into that one.

Q Mr. President, are you concerned that a deterioration in the U.S. relations with China would disrupt the strategic balance between the U.S. and the Soviet Union? And is that of overriding importance in your reaction to events there?

THE PRESIDENT: It is a matter that, as you look at the whole Pacific area, you have to consider that. I have never been one who thinks that the relationship with China ought to be based on playing the Soviet card, or, "playing the China card." But -- and it is not -- I will not overlook fundamental abuse of the human rights because of a strategic concern. But of course when you look at all your relationships, a President must be concerned about the strategic importance of the relationships. And not only is our relationship with China of strategic importance, it has this whole cultural and

educational and art, and hopefully someday human rights side of it.

So you look at it in what is right between China and the United States, but of course, I'm concerned about the strategic implications. And it's not just the strategic implications vis-a-vis the Soviet Union. Take a look at what Deng Xiaoping used to call encirclement, and look at what he means. Just take a look at China on the map and you'll understand why the Chinese leaders still, as recently as three months ago, talked about encirclement. And that gets you into the questions of the ASEAN countries, it gets you into the question of what's happening in Cambodia today. It gets you into the question, of obviously, then, Vietnam, the Korean peninsula. And there's a lot of strategic interests involved here.

Q Sir -- why don't you do something about it? Why don't you let me have a question, then? (Laughter.)

THE PRESIDENT: A real short one, and I'll go.

Q All right. When you went out to see Claude Pepper and he was dying, he rose up and said, Mr. President, when are we going to get home health care? And you looked at him and you wanted to cooperate with him, and I'm sure you are anxious to do something about that. Will you tell us if you're going to do something about it?

THE PRESIDENT: Regrettably, we can't go the route that the late Claude Pepper wanted, but I hope we can have more emphasis on care at home, and I think that would be a very good way to approach the health care needs of this country.

Q Thank you, sir.

THE PRESIDENT: But we can't go totally with what Claude was suggesting.

Q You didn't explain why you went the constitutional route instead of legislative on flag-burning.

THE PRESIDENT: Because I am told that legislation cannot correct the, in my view, egregious offense -- burning the American flag.

Q How about the death penalty for teenagers and the retarded?

THE PRESIDENT: I really do have to go.

THE PRESS: Thank you.

END

9:45 A.M. EDT

11:30 A.M. NEWS UPDATE

PRESIDENT'S NEWS CONFERENCE (Thomas Ferraro, UPI) -- President Bush said he will seek a constitutional amendment to counter a Supreme Court decision allowing burning of the American flag in political protest. "As president I will uphold our precious right to protest, but burning the flag goes too far," Bush said in a statement opening a hastily called news conference at the White House. "Flag burning is wrong. Protection of the flag, a unique national symbol, will in no way limit the opportunity nor the breadth of protest available in the exercise of free speech rights," he asserted. "I believe that the flag of the United States should never be the object of desecration."

...At his news conference, Bush took a far less alarmist view of recent Supreme Court decisions viewed by civil rights leaders as setbacks for affirmative action and other programs, characterizing the issues addressed by those rulings as technical.... The president sidestepped questions about a pivotal Supreme Court decision on abortion expected Thursday, reiterating his opposition to abortion but withholding further comment.

(Tom Raum, AP) -- President Bush, reacting to a Supreme Court decision that protects the right of protesters to burn the American flag, called for a constitutional amendment that would prohibit desecration of the flag. "Support of the First Amendment need not extend" to such desecration, the president said in a statement in the White House briefing room that turned into a lengthy and free-wheeling news conference. Bush also said he will carry a package of economic aid when he travels to Poland next month, but wants to first make sure that the Communist government there will follow through on economic and political reform.... Bush said it was important to protect the free-speech guarantees of protest, but he didn't want to extend that to the flag, which he referred to as "the unique symbol of America."

...Bush also said he does not want to see contacts with the Chinese government cut off, despite a continuing crackdown in Beijing against leaders of a pro-democracy movement. "I'm going to do my level best to find a way to see improvement there that will help the Chinese people," he said. "I believe that it was contact with the United States and others in the west that moved the process of economic reforms forward and hopefully someday will move the process of political reform forward...."

He also vowed his administration would get to the bottom of scandals at HUD. "We are going to do everything we can to clean up any cronyism and see that matters of that nature do not recur," he said.

PRESIDENT'S NEWS CONFERENCE/CHINA (Barry Schweid, AP) -- President Bush said he would keep trying to get in touch with the leaders of China but acknowledged he had not been able to make contact in the last few weeks. Bush, at a White House news conference, said he had still not received a telephone call from Beijing despite his efforts to discuss the recent turmoil in the world's most populous nation. But Bush said there have been "some exchange of views" at a lower level. And he stressed that the Chinese ambassador here, Han Xu, has had easy access to senior U.S. officials.... Bush again avoided any heavy denunciation of the arrests and executions in China. "I reiterate my desire not to do damage to the people themselves."

11:30 A.M. NEWS UPDATE (Continued)

CHINA (Beijing/AP) -- China has asked the U.S. to delay the start of the Peace Corps program that was to begin sending American volunteers to China this fall to teach English, a U.S. official said. Authorities also ordered two Americans -- a teacher and a student -- to leave the country, apparently for participating in the student-led pro-democracy movement, the U.S. Embassy said.... The Chinese gave no reason for their request last week for the Peace Corps postponement, the U.S. official said, saying they just wanted to put the program off "until a more appropriate time."... But "we're not reading anything retaliatory into" the Peace Corps postponement, the official said. "It's not by any means canceled."

(Beijing/UPI) -- China announced at least 15 new arrests in the nationwide crackdown on democracy movement activists, and police in Shanghai said they were investigating whether an explosion aboard a train that killed 20 people was an act of sabotage.... Western diplomats, meanwhile, said 30 to 100 leading intellectuals associated with the democracy movement or ousted Communist Party chief Zhao Ziyang were being sought for arrest, but at least five of them had escaped from China. "These are key people. Of course, the lists go beyond these," said one diplomat.

CHEMICAL WEAPONS (Geneva/UPI) -- The U.S. called for the same trial inspections during negotiation of a ban on chemical weapons as it proposed to Moscow at separate talks on reducing strategic nuclear arms. Ambassador Friedersdorf said he "wanted to stress the personal commitment" of President Bush to chemical arms control. But detailed and effective verification is critical and "the building of confidence must begin well before an agreement enters into forces," Friedersdorf told the conference.

EC/CURRENCY (Madrid/AP) -- EC leaders agreed to gradually unite their economies, but the timetable was left vague because of British fears that the plan goes too far in blurring the boundaries between nations. Britain, which had blocked French and West German moves to adopt a broader economic agreement during the two-day EC summit, said the compromise plan that was adopted was a victory. "The French were seen off (defeated)," said a British official on condition of anonymity.

EC/CHINA (Madrid/Reuter) -- EC leaders appealed to China to stop executing pro-democracy demonstrators and imposed a ban on arms sales to Beijing. In a statement issued at the end of a two-day summit, the 12 heads of government strongly condemned the "brutal repression" in China that started when the army crushed protests for greater democracy early this month. "(The summit) solemnly requests the Chinese authorities to stop the executions and to put an end to the repressive actions against those who legitimately claim their democratic rights," the leaders said.

OIL SPILLS CLEANUP (UPI) -- With cleanup progressing in three separate oil spills in the nation's waterways, angry elected officials on both coasts pledged their efforts to better protect the environment from similar disasters in the future. In the worst of the 4 spills, a work crew of 300 Delaware National Guardsmen and 255 civilians in 22 workboats continued to gather blobs of oil that range in size from golf balls to trash cans, the U.S. Coast Guard said.

-end-

Pool report of the president's meeting with Prime Minister Hawke in the Oval Office on June 27.

Only the president and the prime minister were in the Oval Office when the media came in. They were sitting in their usual seats.

The president invited the press to ask a question of the prime minister. He was asked whether the western world should take stronger action against China.

Hawke said:

The president and I have had the opportunity to have a lengthy discussion on this issue, and I think it's fair to say that our views are identical. While we completely, unequivocally abhor and condemn the barbarism, the murder, the executions, the suppression of legitimate human aspirations, we also agree for the very same ~~xxx~~ reason that we want to ensure that those interests in China have the opportunity ~~xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx~~ of being advanced ; that it would be counterproductive to end economic relationships. We have that difficult fine line to walk of condemnation, but at the same time ~~xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx~~ ensuring that we assist the forces of economic reform because it is only in that context ~~that the political~~ that the legitimate political aspirations for a freer society have any chance of flourishing.

Gil Klein

Media General News Service
with many thanks to ABC Radio



THE PRESIDENT

6-27-89

Dear Mark,

I received your recent cable regarding your hospitality to Digger Phelps and his wife. I expect you gave them the thrill of their lives!

My sincere thanks and best wishes. I am looking forward to my visit to Paris.

Sincerely,

Cap Burch

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

The Honorable Mark C. Lissfelt
Charge D'Affaires A.I.
American Embassy
Paris

VIA DIPLOMATIC POUCH



THE PRESIDENT

6-27-89

Dear Mr. Pearson,

Gary Walters gave
me your wonderful letter
of May 12th telling me of
that present you sent
to the White House.

I'm sorry for the
delay in sending you this
letter of heartfelt thanks.

Barbara & I
will sip and enjoy for
a long time. So many thanks
Ag Bush

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

bcc: Rose Zamaria
Gary Walters

Gift Unit

Mr. Laurence R. Pearson
Pearson & Hawkins, Ltd.
1485 East Valley Road
Studio 6
Post Office Box 50547
Santa Barbara, CA 93150-0547

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

CPL Cullen Plousha
Company A
Marine Barricks
8th and I Streets, SE
Washington, D.C. 20390-5000



THE PRESIDENT

6-27-89

Personal

Dear Cpl. Plousha,

Last night's drill
was very special. I want
to thank you and the
others in the platoon for
a super performance.

Col. Pace told me
that you were the
guy selected by his peers
for that key inspection role -
quite an honor, well deserved.

Please thank all involved
in the drill - Sincerely, *Ge Bush*
P.S. Don't worry about anything - you did A-OK.



THE PRESIDENT

June 27, 1989



Dear Amy,

"Artist of the Year" ---
may congratulations on this
well deserved honor. I'm
told it's number 3 for you.
Congratulations

By Bush

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mrs. Gary Chapman
c/o Chas. Corzine
Blanton Harrell
2910 Poston Avenue
Nashville, Tennessee 37203

bcc: Jan Burmeister

George Bush Presidential Library Transfer Sheet

COLLECTION:

Bush Presidential Records
Office of the President

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993.0001

FOIA/SYSTEMATIC
PROCESSING CASE
NUMBER (if app.):

☐ Transferred During Accessioning

☒ Transferred During Processing

2009-0166-S

The following material was transferred to:

☒ **Audiovisual Collection**

☐ **Book Collection**

☐ **Museum Collection**

☐ **Other**

Other (Specify):

DESCRIPTION:

White House Photographs: P04397-24 [Hawke of Australia]; P04388-15 [Press Conference] P04469-17A [Orioles Game]; P04428-14 [horseshoes]; P04426-09 [President Bush in Oval Office w/children]; P04433-04, P04431-05, P04431[Dinner for Hawke]

When transferring
material to the
museum
collection,
complete the
following.

Donor:

Donor Org.:

Address:

Telephone:

Book Location:

Row:

Section:

Shelf:

Position:

Map Case Location:**Series:**

Daily Files

Box Number:

16

Folder Title:

Tuesday, June 27, 1989

OA/ID Number:

90515-001

Transferred by:

Deborah Wheeler

Date of Transfer:

6/10/2009

Received by:

Mary Finch

Date Received:

6/10/2009

Go to Database
Navigator

Go to Accession
Register

Go to Withdrawal Sheet

Print Record

Hockey
of
Austrovi



OFFICIAL WHITE HOUSE PHOTOGRAPH 27 JUN 89 P04397-24 SB

Press
Conference



OFFICIAL WHITE HOUSE PHOTOGRAPH 27 JUN 89 P04388-15 DV

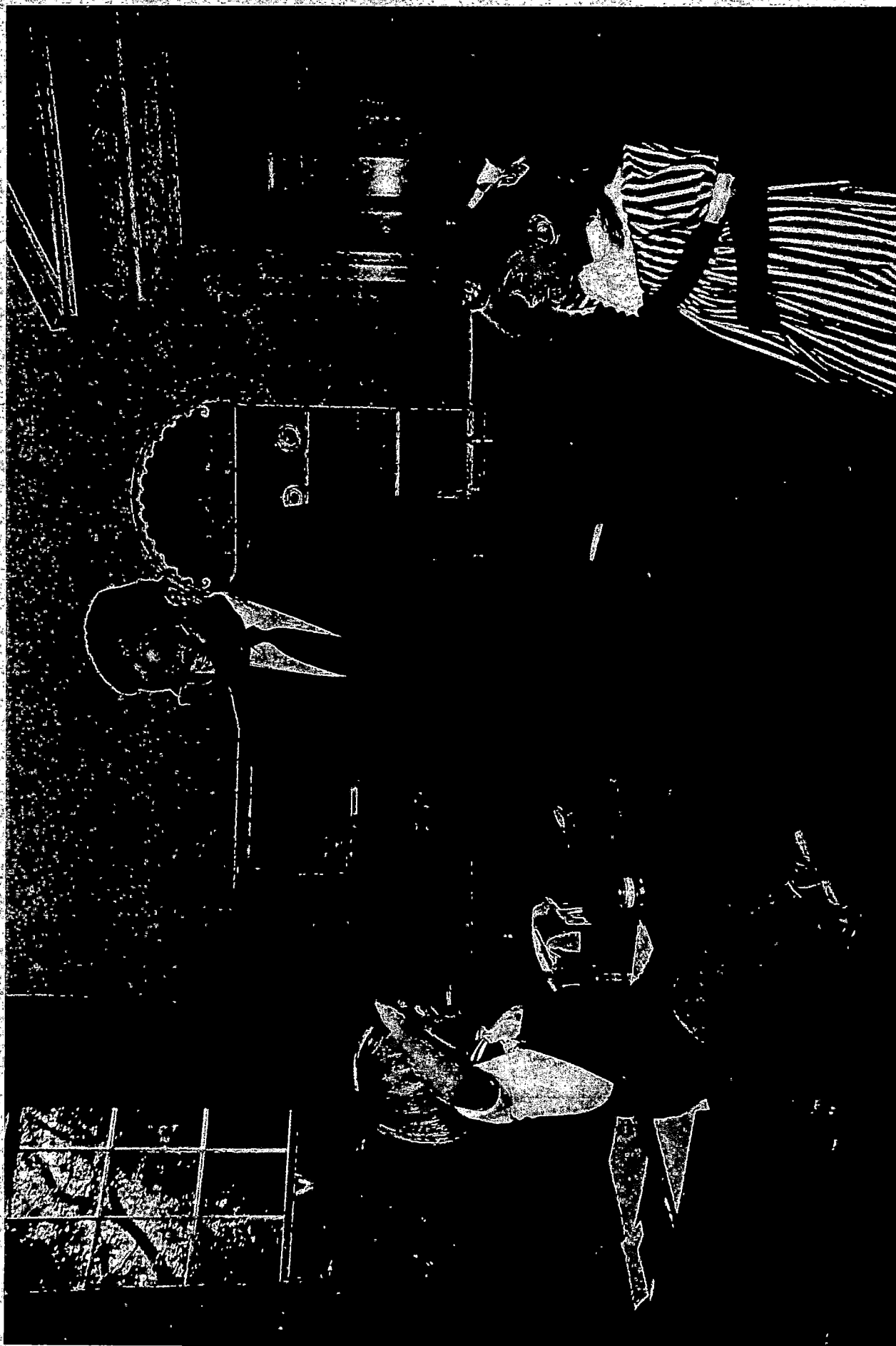
Orioles
Game



OFFICIAL WHITE HOUSE PHOTOGRAPH 28 JUN 89 P04469-17A DV



OFFICIAL WHITE HOUSE PHOTOGRAPH 27 JUN 89 P04428-14 DV



OFFICIAL WHITE HOUSE PHOTOGRAPH 27 JUN 89 P4426-09 DV



OFFICIAL WHITE HOUSE PHOTOGRAPH 27 JUN 89 P04433-04 CP



OFFICIAL WHITE HOUSE PHOTOGRAPH 27 JUN 89 P04431-05 CP



OFFICIAL WHITE HOUSE PHOTOGRAPH 27 JUN 89 P04431-08 CP