

Originally Processed With FOIA(s):
2009-0166-S

FOIA Number:
2009-0166-S

FOIA MARKER

**This is not a textual record. This is used as an
administrative marker by the George Bush Presidential
Library Staff.**

Record Group/Collection: George H.W. Bush Presidential Records
Collection/Office of Origin: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:

OA/ID Number: 90513
Folder ID Number: 90513-008

Folder Title:
Tuesday, June 13, 1989

Stack:	Row:	Section:	Shelf:	Position:
V	12	11	2	7

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Doc. No. / Type	Subject/Title	Date	Restriction	Classification
01. Log	White House Telephone Log [E.D.T.] [redaction of personal information] (1 pp.)	06/13/89	(b)(6)	
02a. Schedule	The Trip of The President to Yellowstone and Grand Teton National Parks and Lincoln, Nebraska, June 12-13, 1989: Yellowstone and Grand Teton National Parks [redaction] (11 pp.)	6/12-13/89	(b)(7)(c), (b)(7)(e), (b)(7)(f)	
02b. Schedule	The Trip of The President to Yellowstone and Grand Teton National Parks and Lincoln, Nebraska, June 12-13, 1989: Lincoln, Nebraska (5 pp.)	06/13/89	(b)(7)(c), (b)(7)(e), (b)(7)(f)	
03a. Notes	Handwritten notes of a telephone call to [Robert] Gates (1 pp.)	06/14/[89]	(b)(1)	TS
03b. Issue Paper	Matter (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S
03c. Notecard	Matter (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	
03d. Q&A	Re: Tiananmen Square [Handwritten notes by President Bush] (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Page 1 of 1

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Tuesday, June 13, 1989

Pinksheet Number: dw1355

OA/ID Number: 90513-008

Date Closed: 5/27/2009

FOIA/Sys Case #: 2009-0166-S

Re-review Case #:

P-2/P-5 Review Case #:



News Summary

OFFICE OF THE PRESS SECRETARY

TUESDAY, JUNE 13, 1989 -- 6 a.m. EDT EDITION

TODAY'S HEADLINES

TRIP NEWS

BUSH TOURS FOREST SITE AFTER UNVEILING CLEAN AIR PLAN -- After unveiling a clean air plan targeting human-made environmental ills such as smog and acid rain, President Bush toured the site of naturally sparked forest fires that charred nearly a million acres of national park land.

(Billings Gazette, Casper Star-Tribune, Omaha World Herald, Reuter)

NATIONAL NEWS

PRESIDENT'S CLEAN AIR PROGRAM IS TOUGHEST IN A DECADE -- President Bush Monday unveiled a multi-billion dollar plan to curb acid rain, summertime smog and other noxious emissions that analysts agreed is the toughest anti-pollution program to come out of the White House in a decade.

(Boston Globe, Washington Post, Reuter, Scripps Howard, Reuter)

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

SOVIET LEADER WELCOMES BUSH TROOP PLAN IN BONN -- Soviet President Gorbachev Monday welcomed "with satisfaction" President Bush's recent initiative to slash troops in Europe, and said the new Western position should make it possible to reach an East-West agreement on reducing conventional forces "much earlier than previously thought."

(Washington Post)

NETWORK NEWS (Monday evening)

CHINA -- Chinese newspapers accused dissident Fang Lizhi and his wife of inciting the Tiananmen Square violence and demanded that the U.S. stop harboring them.

CLEAN AIR/PRESIDENT -- President Bush Monday revealed an ambitious plan to clean up the nation's air.

SUPREME COURT/AFFIRMATIVE ACTION -- The U.S. Supreme Court Monday expanded the ability to challenge court-approved affirmative action plans.

TRIP NEWS.....1
NATIONAL NEWS.....3
INTERNATIONAL NEWS...7
NETWORK NEWS.....B-1

TRIP NEWS

PARK DRAWS WHITE HOUSE TOURISTS

YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK, Mont. -- President Bush said he was "impressed and encouraged" by what he saw Monday during a 30-minute tour of charred areas of Yellowstone National Park, according to the biologist who accompanied him.

Bush toured a forested area and meadow that burned last summer near Fountain Flats north of Old Faithful, talking with Park officials about how the forest is recovering after the fires.

During the tour, John Varley, Yellowstone's chief of research, explained the mechanics of fire and how long it would take the area to recover.

Bush, dressed in a light blue cotton western shirt and green pants, asked many questions, including how the area would look in the fall, how the fire would affect wildlife, and how many seedlings of lodgepole pines are found on each acre.

Varley said that Bush's questions reflected a good understanding of the ecology of forests, including an observation that farmers have been burning fields for centuries. (Robert Ekey, Billings Gazette, A1)

BUSH IN YELLOWSTONE FOR FIRE TOUR, AIR POLICY

WEST YELLOWSTONE, Mont. -- An unexpected crowd sang "Happy Birthday" to President Bush, celebrating his 65th Monday as he arrived at the West Yellowstone airport to begin his tour of the fire-scarred Yellowstone National Park and discuss his clean air proposals.

More than 2,300 passes have been issued to the public to hear Bush speak about his new clean air plan outdoors at the Teton Science School at Jackson, Wyo., White House officials organizing the visit say. The school talk is planned as a way to "continue that discussion" of clean air issues Bush began with his policy announcement in Washington Monday, White House staff people said.

The President said he was going to Yellowstone because "there are areas in this country with good quality air that you want to make sure stay good quality." (AP, Casper Star-Tribune, B1)

BUSH TOURS FOREST SITE AFTER UNVEILING CLEAN AIR PLAN

YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK -- After unveiling a clean air plan targeting human-made environmental ills such as smog and acid rain, President Bush toured the site of naturally sparked forest fires that charred nearly a million acres of national park land....

Arriving in Wyoming in mid-afternoon, Bush took a 20-minute helicopter ride over some of the area scarred by forest fires in Yellowstone Park last summer....

On the ground, the President toured the Fountain Flats burn area and inspected charred tree trunks and tiny green pine sprouts growing in the rubble. With his grandson, George P. Bush, in tow, the President knelt down to see the new growth....

Asked about the possibility of recovery from the fires, Bush told reporters, "We've got a very, very impressive group of men and women working on it.... They've given a very optimistic assessment."

(Deborah Zabarenko, Reuter)

BANNERS BRIGHT, SECURITY TIGHT FOR PRESIDENT'S VISIT TO LINCOLN

LINCOLN -- The University of Nebraska-Lincoln was getting decked out and checked out in preparation for Tuesday's visit by President Bush.

University employees and White House advance officials hung red, white and blue banners and set up an armored-plated podium in the Bob Devaney Sports Center, and Secret Service agents and other security officials took other steps to make sure Bush's two-hour stay Tuesday afternoon would be safe.

Up to 13,000 people are expected to be on hand when the President delivers an environmental policy speech beginning at about 3:15 p.m. He is expected to promote the use of ethanol, methanol and natural gas in automobiles as a way to help clean air in urban areas.

(John Share & Henry Cordes, Omaha World Herald, A1)

NATIONAL NEWS

BUSH SETS CLEAN AIR STRATEGY

Goal Is To Eliminate Or Greatly Reduce Pollution By 2010

President Bush unveiled a plan Monday that he said will clear cities of smog, protect lakes and forests from acid rain and control cancer-causing emissions from industry within 20 years.

While his proposals to revise the Clean Air Act did not meet all the objectives of environmentalists and their allies in Congress, they went much farther than anything proposed by his predecessors over the past decade and constituted an ambitious attempt to fulfill his campaign promise to be "the environmental president," as well as to seize the initiative on the issue.

"We've seen enough of this stalemate," Bush said....

Promising that "every American in every city in America will breathe clean air" by early in the next century, Bush said, "Ours is a rare opportunity to reverse the errors of this generation in the service of the next. It's time to clear the air."

(Michael Weisskopf & Ann Devroy, Washington Post, A1)

President's Clean Air Program Is Toughest In A Decade

President Bush Monday unveiled a multi-billion dollar plan to curb acid rain, summertime smog and other noxious emissions that analysts agreed is the toughest anti-pollution program to come out of the White House in a decade.

Vowing that it's "time to clear the air," the President proposed cutting sulfur dioxide...by 40 percent by the turn of the century. That is a dramatic reversal from President Reagan....

Bush also promised to cut in half the dangerous ozone emissions that blanket Los Angeles and other cities.... And he vowed that his revisions to the Clean Air Act will eliminate three-quarters of the toxic chemicals belched by factories and cars and blamed for up to 3,000 cancer deaths a year.

"The environmental community did not believe the President would come out with a program this strong," said Fred Krupp, director of the Environmental Defense Fund.... "This is another step toward fulfilling his dream of being the 'environment president,'" Krupp said.

(Larry Tye, Boston Globe)

HOW BUSH PROPOSES TO CLEAN UP AMERICA'S AIR

President Bush's clean air proposal targets the nation's worst sources of air pollution and seeks to replace the heavy hand of regulation with the "invisible hand" of market forces.

The plan, if passed by Congress and effectively enforced, would attack acid rain by reducing emissions of sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxides from 107 coal-fired electricity-generating plants in 18 states.

Utility managers could choose how to achieve the emission goals, and governors could arrange for emission-reduction "swaps" within the state....

The White House said the requirement will add 2 percent to the electric bill for consumers.

EPA officials declined to release a list of the 107 plants, saying it was not yet final.

(Robert Engelman, Scripps Howard)

CLEAN-AIR PLAN PANNED

President Bush impressed farmers with his clean-air proposals but major industry groups expressed disappointment and environmentalists gave him a mediocre grade.

The Big Three automakers expressed cautious support Monday for the Bush plan, which calls for a crash program to develop vehicles that burn "clean fuels" like ethanol, which is made from corn.

"Naturally, we think it's fine," said Bill Eckmann, a spokesman for the American Farm Bureau in Park Ridge, Ill....

But Earl Ross, a spokesman for the American Petroleum Institute in Washington, said the petroleum industry is "disappointed by the administration's apparent preference for mandating alternate fuel vehicles, an extremely costly and inflexible step that would provide highly uncertain environmental benefits and presumably require price and allocation controls or higher prices for all fuels." ...

The coal industry also expressed concern....

Ruth Caplan, executive director of Environmental Action, a Washington lobbying group, said..."The President gets a C-minus."

"Unlike his predecessor, Bush gets an A for effort and a B for acid rain," said Caplan. "But his two Ds for smog and air toxics are very disappointing. We urge the President to improve his bad grades." (UPI)

Bush Pushes Clean Air Proposal

JACKSON HOLE, Wyo. -- Now that President Bush has finally presented his sweeping plan to clean America's dirty air, he is trying to get big business to go along with it, environmentalists to push it, the people to support it and Congress to enact it by this fall.

According to early indications, Bush seemed to be off to a fairly good start in some quarters, such as with farmers, but he still has to win over industry groups, who expressed disappointment.

Environmentalists gave Bush's plan a mediocre score, saying it is good on acid rain but needs to do more for smog and air toxins.

(Thomas Ferraro, UPI)

Bush's Clean-Air Proposals Only Half A Loaf, Analysts Say

From the day President Bush announced his two key environmental appointments -- William Reilly for the EPA and Manuel Lujan for secretary of the Interior -- his initiatives have been marked by what one environmentalist described as "schizophrenia."

This inconsistent, half-a-loaf approach was evident again in the administration's clean-air package unveiled Monday with great fanfare at the White House. The administration's strong proposal on the high-profile issue of acid rain was coupled with surprisingly weak proposals on ozone smog and toxic air pollution -- even greater threats to human health.

What do the administration's initiatives add up to? That depends on what one measures them against. If they are measured against the eight years of inaction by the administration of President Reagan, they seem a bold departure indeed....

But as Richard Ayres, the chairman of the National Clean Air Coalition, noted Monday, "The question is not whether this is better than Ronald Reagan," but rather "does this deliver on the environment and public health goals?"

(Dianne Dumanoski, Boston Globe)

Bush Gives Big Boost To Clean Air Laws

President Bush has outlined a sweeping program to improve the quality of the air Americans breathe, a move that drew qualified praise from legislators and environmentalists but sharp criticism from the oil and coal industries....

Key lawmakers said Bush's proposal...sharply boosted chances that Congress would enact a new Clean Air Act this year....

Sen. Wirth and Rep. Waxman...welcomed Bush's advocacy....

The U.S. National Coal Association president Richard Lawson promptly branded the plan as "unduly harsh and economically onerous." ...

Sen. Byrd...vowed to fight the Bush plan on behalf of his coal-mining constituents. (Robert Kearns, Reuter)

CANADA LAUDS BUSH ACID RAIN INITIATIVE

OTTAWA -- Canada praised Monday proposed changes in the U.S. federal clean-air laws that would result in a 50-percent cut in acid rain emissions and tighter automobile exhaust restrictions.

Prime Minister Mulroney said the proposals were "most welcome news" and a "sign of real commitment" by Bush [to the issue]....

"This represents the most positive step by a U.S. administration in more than a decade," Mulroney said in a prepared statement....

In Parliament, politicians of every political stripe applauded the U.S. measures. (Laurie Watson, UPI)

POLLSTER SAYS HEALTH INSURANCE REMAINS MAJOR ISSUE

SEATTLE -- Pollster Lou Harris said Monday a shift in U.S. attitudes favoring national health insurance is exerting mounting pressure on the Bush administration to take care of this piece of "unfinished business."

"The issue is seen (by the public) as urgent -- even desperate," Harris said in a keynote speech to about 1,000 health care administrators attending the annual convention of the Catholic Health Association....

Harris based his claim on a survey his organization completed in December 1988 for the Harvard School of Public Health that showed 89 percent of Americans are dissatisfied with the nation's health care system and believes it needs to be changed.

"I think the Bush administration feels under mounting pressure in the health area," Harris said. (Stephanie Nichols, UPI)

BIAS SUITS BY WHITES BOLSTERED

A sharply divided Supreme Court, acting in a Birmingham case, Monday gave white men increased authority to challenge court-approved affirmative action plans for minorities, a decision that legal experts said opens similar programs in nearly every major city to reverse discrimination lawsuits.

The court ruled 5 to 4 that whites in the Birmingham fire department who were not involved in litigation leading to the development of such hiring and promotion plans could sue to challenge the validity of the plan.

...Civil rights groups said the ruling was the third this year -- and the second in the last eight days -- to undermine affirmative action programs and the scope of Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964....

Last week and this week the newest Justice, Anthony Kennedy, cast the decisive vote in 5 to 4 rulings. (Al Kamen, Washington Post, Al)

AS HOUSE VOTE NEARS, GRAY COOPERATES IN INQUIRY
Justice Department Says Congressman,
A Top Candidate For Majority Whip, Is Not FBI's Target

On the eve of the House Democratic Caucus's vote on new leaders, the Justice Department said Monday night that Rep. Gray, a leading candidate for majority whip, is cooperating with an FBI investigation into his office's personnel practices. According to Robert Ross, an aide to Attorney General Thornburgh, Gray is "not a target of the investigation."

..."The congressman has been helping us," Ross said. "The relationship is one of cooperation."

(Ruth Marcus & Jim McGee, Washington Post, A5)

EDITOR'S NOTES: "HUD Widens Search For Missing Money To 53 Offices," by Chris Spolar, appears in The Washington Post, page B1.

"Bush Aides' S&L Offer is Rebuked; House Republicans Reject Compromise," by Kathleen Day, appears in The Washington Post, page D1.

INTERNATIONAL NEWS

SOVIET LEADER WELCOMES BUSH TROOP PLAN IN BONN

BONN -- Soviet President Gorbachev Monday welcomed "with satisfaction" President Bush's recent initiative to slash troops in Europe, and said the new Western position should make it possible to reach an East-West agreement on reducing conventional forces "much earlier than previously thought."

In his first response to the U.S. proposals...Gorbachev said during an official visit to West Germany...that Bush's initiative was "a serious and specific response" to Warsaw Pact positions....

Gorbachev did not say whether the Soviet Union would be willing to reduce its troops stationed outside its territory in Eastern Europe by as much or as quickly as Bush proposed.

Gorbachev said NATO's position "clearly leaves open some questions, which call for clarification." (Robert McCartney, Washington Post, A1)

U.S. SHIFT ON ARMS IS UNLIKELY

The Bush administration is unlikely to propose new initiatives that could produce an early accord with the Soviet Union on reductions in strategic nuclear arms, according to informed U.S. officials.

The officials said, however, that none of the changes under consideration would help bridge the principal gaps left between the two sides.... The changes instead are being crafted to provide what officials call a "Bush stamp" to the talks....

"We'll have a 'status quo-plus' approach to the established issues," said one official. (R. Jeffrey Smith, Washington Post, A22)

NEW PACT ADDRESSES ACCIDENTAL CONFLICTS

MOSCOW -- The top career military officers of the U.S. and the Soviet Union Monday signed an unprecedented agreement designed to prevent accidental armed conflicts between the two superpowers.

Adm. Crowe, chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, signed the agreement on behalf of the U.S. at the start of an 11-day visit to restricted Soviet military facilities. He described the high-level contacts between Soviet and American officers as "unthinkable only a few years ago."

Soviet armed forces chief of staff Gen. Mikhail Moiseyev said the pact...was "a momentous occasion in the history of our relationship."

(Michael Dobbs, Washington Post, A22)

QUAYLE, TOURING CENTRAL AMERICA, SAYS REGION WANTS NORIEGA OUT

GUATEMALA CITY -- Vice President Quayle, touring Central America, renewed the U.S. offensive against Panamanian strongman Gen. Noriega on Monday, saying Latin American nations had no time for those who governed against their people.

"Noriega must leave the country. Time is running out and the countries of the Americas are unanimous that he should go. It is not possible for him to continue," Quayle told a news conference here.

"Noriega must understand that this is not a matter between the United States and Panama, but of all the Latin American community, so that democracy and peace can advance in the region," he added. (Reuter)

Quayle Begins Latin America Tour

TEGUCIGALPA -- Vice President Quayle began a four-nation tour of Central America Monday with strong criticism of Nicaragua's Sandinista government and Panamanian strongman Gen. Noriega.

"Central America deserves something better than an Ortega and a Noriega," Quayle said before leaving Guatemala...for Honduras....

"My mission is aimed at underlining the importance of democracy," Quayle said. "If we are truly interested in liberty, we need democracy."

(Vilma Rosales, UPI)

CONTRA LEADER'S RETURN GETS HOSTILE PRESS COVERAGE

MANAGUA -- Contra rebel leader Alfredo Cesar's return to Nicaragua after seven years in exile received prominent but hostile coverage in the pro-government press Monday.

"Cesar acknowledges total failure of the mercenaries," the official Sandinista daily Barricada said in a front-page article....

The story appeared next to an article saying the contras had killed eight civilians and wounded a child in the past week.

"This shows that the spilling of blood continues to be an instrument for the Bush administration to destabilize the revolution and to make the opposition parties feel they have backing," Barricada said. (Reuter)

ALFONSIN TO STEP DOWN FROM ARGENTINE PRESIDENCY

BUENOS AIRES -- President Raul Alfonsin, whose party was beaten in national elections last month, said Monday night he will resign on June 30, nearly six months before his term officially ends.

He will hand over power to president-elect Carlos Menem of the Peronist Party. But members of Alfonsin's centrist Radical Civic Union bloc will continue to control Congress until Dec. 10....

"I have decided to resign effective June 30, 1989, the post of president of Argentina," Alfonsin said in a 15-minute broadcast to the nation. (AP)

U.S. CRITICIZES DENG BUT SEEKS TO AVOID SHOWDOWN ON DISSIDENT

The Bush administration escalated its dispute with China Monday, publicly criticizing senior leader Deng Xiaoping for the first time and drawing up options for new U.S. sanctions that could be imposed against the Beijing regime if the situation becomes even more serious.

At the same time, it was disclosed that Secretary Baker opened talks last Saturday with Chinese Ambassador Han Xu in an effort to avert a damaging showdown over the presence of dissident scientist Fang Lizhi and his family in the U.S. Embassy in Beijing. So far, the talks have met with no success, official sources said....

Officials said the administration wishes to resolve the dispute over Fang but will not back away from the long-standing U.S. policy of protecting dissidents who have taken refuge in U.S. embassies.

(Don Oberdorfer, Washington Post, A20)

U.S. WEIGHS OPTIONS AS CHINESE LINE HARDENS

The State Department has prepared for Secretary Baker a list of options the administration can pursue in response to the onslaught of hard-line statements from China, U.S. officials said.

Administration officials described the options as "a laundry list from A to Z" of possibilities, but not recommendations....

As of Tuesday morning, officials were not disclosing many details of the options. (Jim Anderson, UPI)

CHINA STEPS UP CRITICISM OF UNITED STATES

BEIJING -- The government intensified its crackdown on political opponents around the nation Monday and stepped up criticism of the U.S. for harboring China's top dissident and his wife in what threatens to become a major diplomatic confrontation....

The government also formally banned those student and worker groups that led the mass prodemocracy demonstrations....

Official Chinese media kept up strong attacks on the U.S. for sheltering...Fang Lizhi and Li Shuxian in its embassy here. On Monday, the government issued arrest warrants for the two, calling them "counterrevolutionaries," a charge tantamount to treason.

"Don't let these people flee," an announcer said on national television. (John Burgess, Washington Post, A1)

EDITOR'S NOTES: "Clampdown On Coverage Seen In China," by Eleanor Randolph, appears in The Washington Post, page A20.

"Covert Military Aid For Cambodia Is Debated," by David Ottaway, appears in The Washington Post, page A23.

White House News Summary -- Tuesday, June 13, 1989 -- B-section
Montana Edition

(Network News for Monday Evening, June 12)

ABC'S PETER JENNINGS: We begin tonight with the latest victim of repression in China. It is the truth. The Chinese government is now in the midst of a massive campaign to alter the reality of what happened in Tiananmen Square nine days ago to totally cripple the already wounded democracy movement and to blame the United States for giving protection to the man the Communist Party has decided can be conveniently blamed for inspiring the whole thing.

ABC'S KEN KASHIWAHARA reports that China used its government-controlled media today to continue attacking the United States for giving refuge to leading dissidents Fang Lizhi and his wife. Newspapers accused Fang and his wife of inciting the Tiananmen Square violence and demanded that the U.S. stop harboring them in the American Embassy. China also continues to attack VOA broadcasts, accusing the U.S. government's shortwave radio network of spreading lies about the military attack on students in Beijing. While children were shown singing praises for the army, the government attempted to portray a country getting back to normal.

JENNINGS says that by demanding the arrest of Fang, the Chinese government has increased the tension between the United States and China.

ABC'S JOHN MCWETHY reports that the case of dissident Fang is now at the top of a growing list of irritants between China and the U.S.

(STATE DEPARTMENT SPOKESWOMAN TUTWILER: "This is a subject which is too sensitive for me to discuss.")

In fact, the Chinese ambassador to Washington, Han Xu, met with Secretary Baker again today, the third State Department meeting in as many days. Officials say the case of Fang dominated the talks. U.S. officials are saying privately that Fang will never be turned over even if it means allowing him to live in the U.S. Embassy for years. Another point of conflict is the heavy jamming of VOA radio broadcasts into the Beijing area -- broadcasts which dispute China's version of what has happened in Beijing.

(TUTWILER: "The whole world has seen what happened in Tiananmen Square: Large numbers of peaceful demonstrators were killed by army units. Labeling such people counterrevolutionaries and hooligans will do nothing to alter the reality of what happened in Tiananmen Square on June 3.") Spokesperson Tutwiler also mildly criticized President Bush's old friend Deng Xiaoping, saying, "If the Chairman is responsible then he has acted to undercut the very reforms that he sought to foster." Though the U.S. has now slightly toughened its rhetoric, American officials say no additional steps to penalize China are likely anytime soon. (ABC-Lead)

NBC'S TOM BROKAW: Good evening from Beijing, a city ruled by a few old men, hundreds of thousands of troops, and fear. The Chinese leadership is expanding its campaign of vengeance and repression, and now it is directly challenging the United States' decision to offer sanctuary to China's best-known dissident at the American Embassy here.

White House News Summary -- Network News -- Tuesday, June 13, 1989 -- B-2
Montana Edition

BROKAW continues: Tonight, state television broadcast pictures of physicist Fang and his wife, asking Chinese residents to be on the lookout at airports and train stations. They've been charged with instigating counterrevolutionary crimes. Fang and his wife are believed to remain at the U.S. Embassy where they have been given protective asylum....

NBC'S GEORGE LEWIS reports that newscasters have said little about the students killed in the square. Instead the crowds were described as hooligans and scoundrels. The soldiers are portrayed as victims. Pictures of injured troops have run dozens of times. Also frequently rerun is a gruesome sequence showing the burned bodies of other soldiers. On one occasion Chinese television cut from the burned bodies to a children's show.

NBC'S GARRICK UTLEY reports that Canada today took some symbolic action against China. It recalled its ambassador for consultations -- significant because Canada was one of the first Western nations to establish diplomatic relations with Beijing. (NBC-Lead)

CBS'S JOHN SHEAHAN reports that diplomats fear that orchestrated protests outside the Beijing Embassy are a distinct possibility. Diplomats also worry that soldiers might seal off the embassy the way London police held the Libyan mission under siege in 1984 demanding the surrender of an embassy employee. In the growing war of nerves, U.S. Embassy personnel in Beijing have been subjected to abuse on the telephone allegedly from outraged Chinese citizens demanding the surrender of Fang.

RATHER discusses the U.S. reaction with CBS'S BILL PLANTE:

RATHER: The Chinese are holding many of the high cards in this. What position does that leave the United States in?

PLANTE: The United States' reaction has been extremely muted since President Bush's news conference last Thursday night, and today for the first time the U.S. government spoke out a little bit. It challenged China's big lie technique. State Department Spokesperson Tutwiler said that the whole world saw what happened, saw that students died and that live ammunition was used; and also for the first time criticized, just a little bit, Deng Xiaoping, saying that if he was behind the brutal attack then he had undercut the very reform process that he had hoped to foster. But there is one subject that is not being discussed here, and that is the subject of dissident Fang, who has taken refuge in the embassy. It's called too sensitive to discuss because U.S. diplomats from the Secretary of State right on down are trying to defuse it. They fear that it could be a major situation, a dead end roadblock in U.S.-Chinese relations. It's very frightening, particularly to anyone who remembers what happened at the U.S. Embassy in Tehran.

RATHER: Is there any chance that the United States and President Bush will ask Fang to leave the U.S. Embassy in Beijing?

PLANTE: I don't think so. The U.S. has virtually no choice but to stand by Fang. That was even guaranteed, as it were, by President Bush the other night.

-more-

White House News Summary -- Network News -- Tuesday, June 13, 1989 -- B-3
Montana Edition

PLANTE continues: But it is believed by some other diplomats of other nations that the U.S. is quietly trying to arrange some sort of safe passage for Fang out of China under the auspices of a third party. Whether or not that will work we really can't tell, because the Chinese have made it very plain that they are dead serious about this as a major serious roadblock to relations. So the Secretary of State got some other options today, but don't look for new sanctions either, because the official U.S. line is still that it wants to do nothing that would hurt the Chinese people. (CBS-2)

CLEAN AIR

JENNINGS: President Bush today revealed an ambitious plan to clean up the nation's air. The head of the EPA said it will neither be free nor easy. By the year 2000 it could be costing \$14 to \$19 billion a year to keep it clean.

ABC'S BRIT HUME: The President outlined the plan which aides called ambitious and expensive to an applauding audience of politicians and business leaders at the White House.

(PRESIDENT BUSH: "If Congress will act on the clean air reforms that I'm offering today, 20 years from now every American in every city in America will breathe clean air.")

The program would attack urban smog largely by requiring auto makers to produce cars that burn clean fuel. Car makers would have to produce 1/2 million cars that run on methanol a year by 1995 and a million such cars annually two years later. The President said this would clear the air in all but three of the most polluted cities by the turn of the century, with Los Angeles, Houston and New York given until the year 2010. The plan would attack acid rain by mandating a cut of half -- roughly 10 million tons a year -- in sulfur dioxide emissions by the turn of the century. This would be done largely by a switch to low sulfur fuel in industrial plants that now burn high sulfur coal. Finally, the legislation would require industries to use what the plan calls the best technology available to reduce by more than 3/4 the emission of about 280 separate toxic chemicals that have been identified as cancer-causing. Aides said the bill would eliminate 75% of the annual cancer deaths from toxic emissions. Immediate reaction to the plan was mostly favorable.

(SEN. MITCHELL: "The President deserves great credit, and I extend it to him, for making this first step.")

Still, the bill will undoubtedly face opposition from groups adversely affected. Listen, for example, to the senior senator from a major coal state.

(SEN. BYRD: "This is the kind of program that will put the energy and the environment on a collision course, and it may strangle the clean coal technology in its crib.")

The President, who turned 65 today, left the White House this afternoon to the birthday greetings of his staff.

(TV COVERAGE: The President walks with Gen. Scowcroft and Gov. Sununu and is greeted by a gorilla.)

If he had a wish it would probably be to get this legislation through Congress in something like its present form. (ABC-2)

UTLEY: Clean air -- everyone wants it, not enough Americans can breathe it, and today President Bush proposed to do something about it. He presented his plan to clean up the air. The main goals are to fight urban smog and to fight acid rain, and it will not be cheap.

NBC'S ROBERT HAGER: What the President is calling for would be the first improvement of the clean air law in 12 years.

(PRESIDENT BUSH: "We've seen enough of this stalemate. It's time to clear the air.")

The proposal got generally favorable reviews. It would cut emissions of sulfur dioxide particles by Midwestern electric plants some 10 million tons by the year 2000; to clean up rainfall that kills lakes and forests.

(PRESIDENT BUSH: "Acid rain must be stopped, and that's what we all care about.")

To reduce smog in areas of the nation where it still reaches unhealthy levels, Bush proposed a modest improvement of pollution controls for tailpipes of new vans and cars. But he relied heavily on a future requirement for auto makers to turn out by 1997 one million alternative fuel vehicles that run on cleaner methanol or compressed natural gas. Auto makers doubted that the industry could meet that goal. A key environmentalist, Richard Ayers (phonetic) added this:

(AYERS: "But at this point the alternative fuels idea is basically an infant technology. There are virtually no alternative fueled cars around.")

The other issue that drew the most early comment was coal. Since the proposals make it attractive for electric companies to switch to cleaner low-sulfur coal from western states, lawmakers from eastern states are concerned about jobs in the high-sulfur mines of eastern mountains. Sen. Mitchell said the proposal --

(SEN. MITCHELL: "-- will cost between 20,000 and 50,000 coal mining jobs in the high-sulfur coal industry.")

And apart from jobs, the cost to industry of the clean-up proposed today could reach \$9 or \$10 billion a year shortly. In turn, that would mean more expensive electricity in the Midwest and elsewhere more expensive cars or fuels. In spite of the problems, many feel some bill will pass Congress by summer of next year, and that the quality of the air we breathe will be the better for it.

UTLEY: Tonight President Bush will have plenty of clean air to breathe. He's in Yellowstone National Park near Old Faithful inspecting the park's recovery from last summer's devastating fires, that is one stop on the western trip, and he is celebrating his birthday there. He is 65 today.

(NBC-3)

CBS'S DAN RATHER: President Bush today talked up his long-promised proposals for cleaning the air and getting acid out of the rain.

CBS'S WYATT ANDREWS: President Bush proposed a sweeping and expensive new clean air act that the White House said could cost up to \$19 billion to implement. It's the long-awaited answer to his promise to be the environmental president.

(PRESIDENT BUSH: "Every American expects and deserves to breathe clean air, and as President it is my mission to guarantee it.")

The President's toughest proposal would cut acid rain pollution in half, a costly decision that could raise electric bills nationwide 2% a year.

White House News Summary -- Network News -- Tuesday, June 13, 1989 -- B-5
Montana Edition

ANDREWS continues: Electric companies that burn coal will have to cut 10 million tons of sulfur dioxide from their emissions by the year 2000. But the utilities will be allowed to trade or sell their allotments of pollution as long as overall targets are met.

(PRESIDENT BUSH: "We're allowing utilities to trade credits among themselves for reductions they make to let them decide how to bring aggregate emissions down as cost effectively as possible.")

Despite suspicions about selling pollution credits, the overall acid rain program won praise from environmentalists.

(FRED KRUPP, Environmental Defense Fund: "He's broken the log jam on acid rain, and that's very, very good news.")

The reviews were not as good on the President's plan to reduce smog. Mr. Bush picked the nation's nine worst smog areas and called on U.S. auto makers to sell a million cars capable of burning alternate fuels like ethanol by the year 1997. He also wants Detroit to reduce tailpipe emissions by 40%, a demand some say is not enough. The new plan to reduce cancer-causing gases environmentalists called the weakest part of all. Despite a demand that industry should use the best technology available to cut toxic fumes, it's left to the EPA to write the rules on what that means.

(SEN. MITCHELL: "The history of the Clean Air Act demonstrates clearly that merely setting forth goals is not sufficient to achieve them.")

The President did get credit today for breaking with the policies of Ronald Reagan. Even those critical of today's details said they're delighted to have the President's ear at all. (CBS-5)

SUPREME COURT/AFFIRMATIVE ACTION

RATHER: A new setback today for affirmative action programs aimed at overcoming discrimination against women and minorities in the workplace. The U.S. Supreme Court today expanded the ability to challenge court-approved affirmative action plans already in place. The Supreme Court itself split sharply 5 to 4.

CBS'S RITA BRAVER reports that the court gave white firefighters in Birmingham, Alabama, the right to challenge legal agreements -- consent decrees -- the city made to overcome years of discrimination by giving hiring and promotion preference to minorities. The justices said that even though the whites were not involved in the original case they could sue on grounds of reverse discrimination. Chief Justice Rehnquist led the court's conservative majority. In a dissent by Justice Stevens, the court's liberals predicted that the decision will subject employers who seek to remedy past discrimination to a never-ending stream of lawsuits. Civil rights groups say they'll now try to get Congress to pass new laws to override this recent series of decisions. (CBS-Lead, ABC-3, NBC-2)

GORBACHEV/WEST GERMANY

ABC'S RICK INDERFURTH reports that at a state dinner tonight, both Gorbachev and Chancellor Kohl toasted what they called a new chapter in West German-Soviet relations.

(KOHL: "Good relations with your country are of a pivotal importance --")

INDERFURTH continues: President Gorbachev responded in kind, and he welcomed President Bush's proposals for cutting conventional forces in Europe. But he also called for the elimination of short-range nuclear weapons, even though West Germany and the rest of NATO recently agreed that some should remain.

(GORBACHEV: "The question of a complete elimination of nuclear weapons cannot be removed from the agenda.")

One recent poll found that 90% of West Germans say they trust Gorbachev. President Bush received a 58% rating; Chancellor Kohl only 50%. The Soviets seem to be going out of their way here to break down longstanding animosities and stereotypes. Here was foreign ministry spokesman Gennadi Gerasimov appearing on a popular West German game show. And after this evening's dinner, guess who was back out pressing the flesh and winning friends? (Gorbachev). With enthusiasm for Mikhail Gorbachev at an all-time high, officials here are at pains to point out to nervous allies that West Germany's ties to the NATO alliance are as firm as ever and will stay that way. (ABC-8)

UTLEY reports that today Gorbachev welcomed President Bush's recent proposal for cutting American and Soviet troops and weapons in Europe. He said it could accelerate an agreement on reducing conventional forces there.

NBC'S BOB ABERNETHY reports that tonight in their banquet speeches, Kohl asked Gorbachev directly for unilateral cuts in the Soviet Union's short-range nuclear forces in Europe. But Gorbachev sidestepped. He said what worries the East bloc most of all is NATO's insistence on keeping nuclear weapons.

(GORBACHEV: "To keep the peace in Europe we need nuclear arms control rather than nuclear deterrence. Best of all would be the abolition of nuclear weapons.")

Gorbachev called for immediate negotiations on reducing short-range nuclear arms. Tomorrow Gorbachev and the West Germans sign a document their spokesmen call historic -- a view of Europe in the years ahead that could replace the confrontations of the Cold War with cooperation between countries regardless of their ideologies. (NBC-4)

CBS'S BARRY PETERSON reports that Gorbachev made it clear he very much likes the troop and weapons cuts proposed by President Bush and NATO.

(GORBACHEV: "There's a greater reason to do it now that agreement in Vienna can be reached much sooner than had been expected before.")

But Gorbachev flatly rejected the American compromise offer on short-range nuclear missiles. Chancellor Kohl is making it clear at every turn that his government backs the NATO plan, but the question is, who do the German people back? The Soviets are betting that Gorbachev's diplomacy is working -- that he is convincing Germany its interests may lie closer to its new friends in Moscow than its old ally in Washington. (CBS-3)

MOSCOW-U.S. AGREEMENT

JENNINGS reports that the U.S. and Soviet Union signed an agreement in Moscow today designed to stop minor military incidents from getting out of hand, such as one country's soldier simply straying into the other's territory. (ABC-9, CBS-4)

UZBEKISTAN

JENNINGS reports that the Soviet Prime Minister flew to the republic of Uzbekistan today for a closer look at the continuing ethnic violence there. Thousands of people from the Turkish minority have been evacuated to refugee camps. Soviet troops were flown in to break up an attack by Uzbeks yesterday on a camp set up in the neighboring republic of Tadzhikskaya. The troops fired first into the air and then into the crowd in order to stop the attack. At least two of the attackers were killed. (ABC-10, NBC-5)

WINTER WHEAT

JENNINGS reports that the Agriculture Department says the nation's winter wheat crop will be 10% below last year's. That will put it at the lowest level in 11 years. (ABC-4, CBS-8)

COCAINE

UTLEY reports that a new government report now says that the price of the drug is at the lowest level ever and the number of Americans treated in hospital emergency rooms for cocaine is the highest ever. What to do? NBC's Lisa Myers has learned that Customs Commissioner VonRaab is seeking approval for rewards of up to \$5 million for information leading to the arrest of drug lords. (NBC-6)

BIRTHDAY

RATHER: Instead of the usual Hail to the Chief, it was Happy Birthday to the Chief, as President Bush left the White House today to head out West. To help Mr. Bush celebrate his 65th birthday, some gorilla theater. (TV COVERAGE: A gorilla chases the President with balloons.) A White House report that it was Budget Director Darman inside the gorilla suit could not be immediately confirmed. (CBS-6)

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
01. Log	White House Telephone Log [E.D.T.] [redaction of personal information] (1 pp.)	06/13/89	(b)(6)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, June 13, 1989

Date Closed: 5/27/2009	OA/ID Number: 90513-008
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

JUNE 13

, 19⁸⁹

E.D. T. PRESIDENT BUSH

	TIME		DISC	NAME	ACTION
	PLACED				
OUT		AM		VIDEO SERVICES OFC. WASHINGTON, D.C. 395-4125	SPOKE TO JACOBS TLKD-OK
~~INC~~	8:48	PM	8:49		
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		AM		LAURIE FIRESTONE (b)(6)	TLKD-OK
~~INC~~	9:29	PM	9:32		
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			
OUT		AM			
INC		PM			

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

TELEPHONE MEMORANDUM

SIGNAL SWITCHBOARD

June 13, 1989

	TIME		NAME	ACTION
	PLACED	DISC		
OUT	5:38 AM	6:31	Mrs. Barbara Bush Residence, Washington, D.C. White House Admin x542	WCB 5:40 AM Tlkd-ok 6:22 AM
INC	PM			
OUT	5:42 AM	6:06	Ms. Patty Presock Office, Washington, D.C. 395-5605	Tlkd-ok 5:44 AM
INC	PM			
OUT	6:44 AM	6:50	Ms. Patty Presock Office, Washington, D.C. White House Admin x620	Tlkd-ok 6:45 AM
INC	PM			
OUT	AM		Mr. James Allen Office, Washington, D.C. Secure Voice x2650	Tlkd-ok 6:37 PM
INC	6:36 PM	6:38		
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			
OUT	AM			
INC	PM			

PRESIDENTIAL MOVEMENTS

Grand Teton National Park, Wyoming
West Yellowstone, Montana
Lincoln, Nebraska

LOCATION Washington, D.C.

DATE 13 June 1989

TIME

MOVEMENTS

0819	Depart Brinkerhoff Guest House via Motorcade
0859	Arrive Teton Science School
0938	Depart Teton Science School via Motorcade
1017	Arrive Brinkerhoff Guest House
1020	Depart Brinkerhoff Guest House via Motorcade
1022	Arrive Brinkerhoff Landing Zone
1024	Depart Brinkerhoff Landing Zone via Marine One
1055	Arrive West Yellowstone Airport, West Yellowstone, Montana
1108	Depart West Yellowstone Airport via Air Force One
1356	Arrive Lincoln Municipal Airport, Lincoln, Nebraska
1406	Depart Lincoln Municipal Airport via Motorcade
1421	Arrive Agriculture and Engineering Laboratory,
	University of Nebraska
1500	Depart Agriculture and Engineering Laboratory,
	University of Nebraska via Motorcade
1507	Arrive Bob Devaney Sports Center
1551	Depart Bob Devaney Sports Center via Motorcade
1605	Arrive Lincoln Municipal Airport
1617	Depart Lincoln Municipal Airport via Air Force One
1922	Arrive Andrews Air Force Base, Maryland
1931	Depart Andrews Air Force Base via Marine One
1940	Arrive Pentagon Helipad
1942	Depart Pentagon Helipad via Motorcade
1947	Arrive South Grounds

MDT

CDT

EDT

PRESIDENTIAL MOVEMENTS

Grand Teton National Park, Wyoming

West Yellowstone, Montana

Lincoln, Nebraska

LOCATION Washington, D.C.

DATE 13 June 1989

TIME

MOVEMENTS

[illegible]

89-6-12

COPY
from ORM

Dear Mr. President:

It was a pleasure to see you again during my visit to Brussels. I especially appreciated the opportunity to exchange views with you on the full range of United States - European Community relations.

The United States supports European integration and applauds the Community's 1992 objective of removing internal barriers to achieve a truly single market open to the world. I am confident that under your leadership the Community will achieve its objective, and in doing so will further our common goal of liberalizing and strengthening the world trade system.

I look forward to continuing our dialogue when you visit Washington in June.

With warm regards,

Sincerely,

GEORGE BUSH

Mr. Jacques Delors
President of the Commission
of the European Communities
Rue de la Loi 200
1040 Brussels
BELGIUM

890613

GB/TMcB/DC/lynn (PC-6PRESA)

DISPATCH VIA DEPARTMENT OF STATE

POTUS TO SEE AND SIGN

cc: P. Hayslrigg, D. Clancy

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

DATE: 6/13/89

TO: THE PRESIDENT

On June 12, the Comments Office phones
received 138 calls wishing you a very
Happy Birthday.

So do I!



SHIRLEY M. GREEN
Special Assistant to the President
for Presidential Messages
and Correspondence
Room 94-OEOB, 456-7610

04

C O P

6/13/89

046611

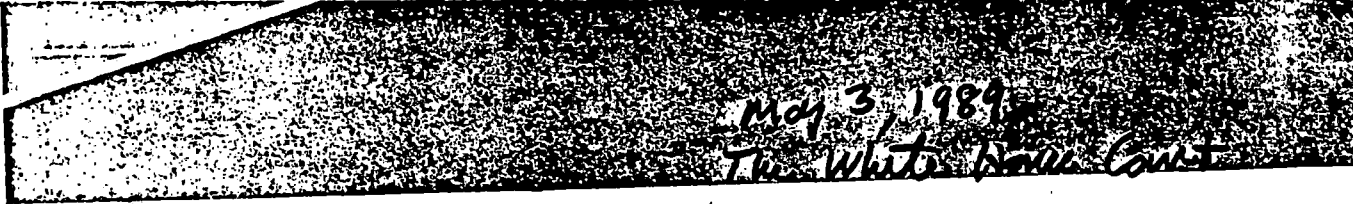
PR005



FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mr. Bjorn Borg
Fagernäsv 7
S-13200 Saltsjö-Boo
Sweden.

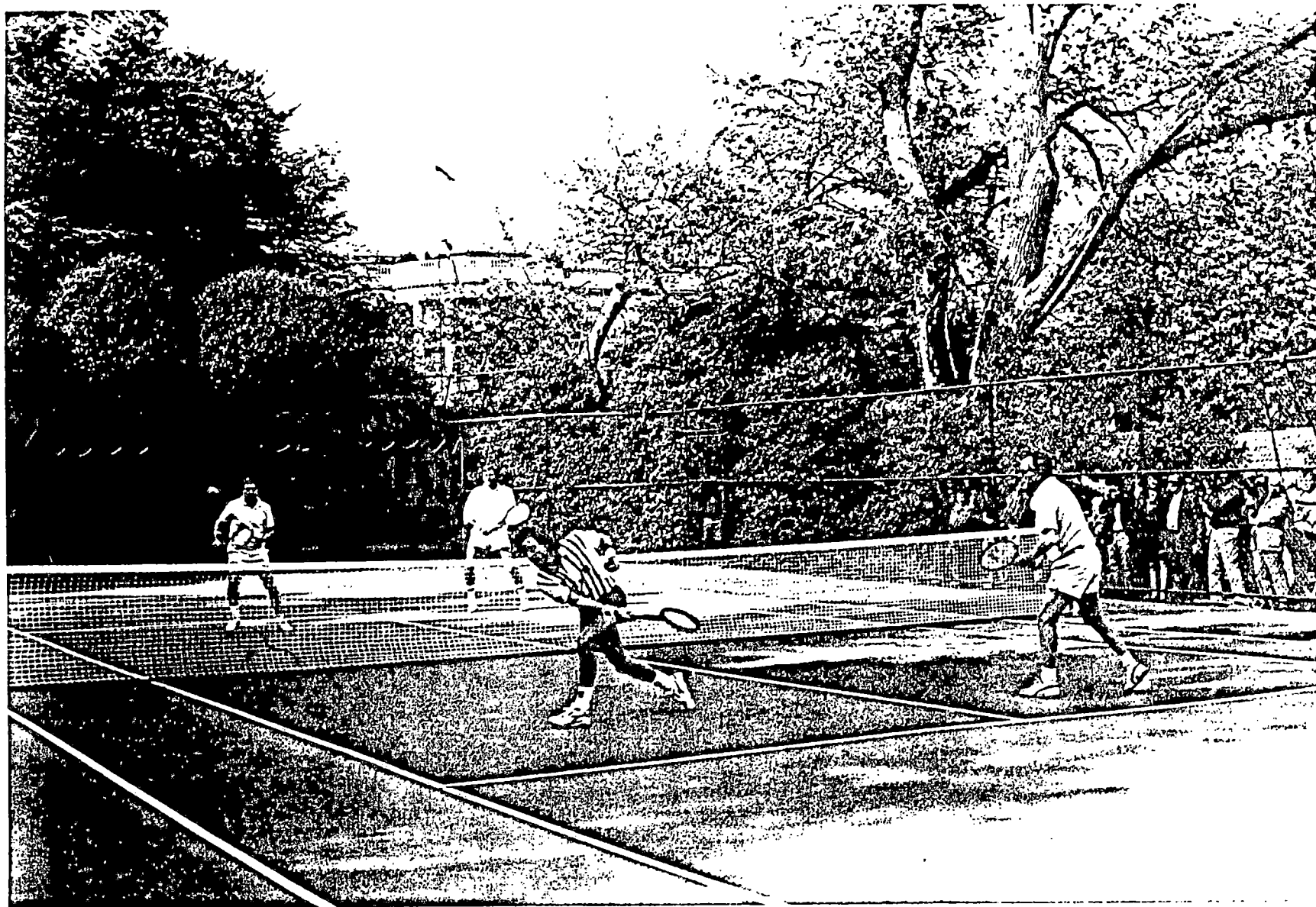
Air Mail



May 3, 1989
The White House Court

To Bjorn -
Own Winning Streak is
intact. Great Having You Here -
Ar Bundy

890613



Bjorn -

Victory

Ag Buhl



ABOARD AIR FORCE ONE

Dear Bob,

Many thanks
for that information
you keep up
the good work -

Sincerely,

Cy Bush

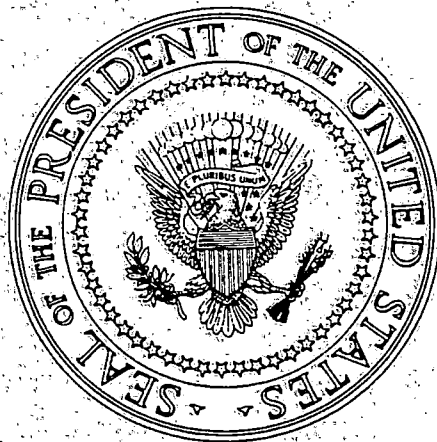
6-13-89

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mr. Bob Barbee
Superintendent
Yellowstone National Park
Yellowstone, Wyoming 82109

bcc: Tim McBride
Jan Burmeister

McBride



**THE TRIP OF
THE PRESIDENT
TO
YELLOWSTONE AND
GRAND TETON
NATIONAL PARKS
AND
LINCOLN, NEBRASKA**

June 12-13, 1989

SCHEDULE

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
02a. Schedule	The Trip of The President to Yellowstone and Grand Teton National Parks and Lincoln, Nebraska, June 12-13, 1989: Yellowstone and Grand Teton National Parks [redaction] (11 pp.)	6/12-13/89	(b)(7)(c), (b)(7)(e), (b)(7)(f)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records
Office: Office of the President
Series: Daily Files
Subseries:
WHORM Cat.:
File Location: Tuesday, June 13, 1989

Date Closed: 5/27/2009	OA/ID Number: 90513-008
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
 P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
 P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
 P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
 P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
 P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
 (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
 (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
 (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
 (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
 (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
 (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
 (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
YELLOWSTONE AND GRAND TETON NATIONAL PARKS
JUNE 12 - 13, 1989

EVENT:

Tour of Yellowstone North Fork Fire Damage Site
Environmental Address

DRESS:

Men - Business Suit
Women - Day Dress

CONTACT:

Office of Presidential Advance
John G. Keller, Jr. - 202/456-7565

Trip Coordinator
Barbara Jobe - 202/456-7565

Jackson, Wyoming Signal - 202/395-5554

ADVANCE:

Gordon James - LEAD
John Herrick - PRESS (Jackson)
John Hutchison - PRESS (Yellowstone)
(b)(7)(c), (b)(7)(d), (b)(7)(f) [REDACTED]
Sean Byrne - ALL. AIDE
Bob Young - WHCA
Rex Jordan - AFI
Al Neff - HMX

WEATHER:

Partly Cloudy/Mid 60's

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT
FOR
YELLOWSTONE AND GRAND TETON NATIONAL PARKS
JUNE 12 - 13, 1989

GUEST AND STAFF INSTRUCTIONS:

11:00 am Baggage Call. Please place
all unlocked baggage in West
Basement.

1:30 pm For those not manifested on
Marine One, Vans depart West
Basement en route Andrews Air
Force Base.

2:10 pm Those with own transportation
should arrive Andrews Air
Force Base for Baggage
Check-in.

2:25 pm

THE PRESIDENT boards Marine One and departs White
House en route Andrews Air Force Base.

MARINE ONE MANIFEST:

THE PRESIDENT
G.P. Bush
Gov. Sununu
Gen. Scowcroft
M. Fitzwater
T. McBride.
Doctor
Mil. Aide
(b)(7)(e)

(Flying Time: 10 Minutes)

2:35 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Andrews Air Force Base and proceeds to board Air Force One.

2:47

2:40 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Andrews Air Force Base en route West Yellowstone, Montana.

(Flying Time: 4 Hours)
(Interchange: No)
(Time Change: Back 2 Hours)
(Food Service: Snacks)

OK

4:40 pm
(M.D.T.)

THE PRESIDENT arrives West Yellowstone Airport and proceeds to board Marine One.

Met By:

The Honorable Stan Stephens
Governor of Montana

The Honorable Mike Sullivan
Governor of Wyoming

The Honorable Alan Simpson
United States Senator (R-WY)

The Honorable Craig Thomas
United State House of Representatives

The Honorable Ken Davis
Mayor of West Yellowstone

The Honorable Jack Galt
Montana State Senator

The Honorable John Vincent
Montana State Representative

Mr. Bob Barbee
Superintendent, Yellowstone National Park

4:51

4:50 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs West Yellowstone Airport en route Fire Damage Site.

Page Two

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

HELICOPTER ASSIGNMENTS:

MARINE ONE

THE PRESIDENT
G. P. Bush
Gov. Sumnu
Sec. Lujan
B. Barbee
T. McBride
Doctor
Mil. Aide

(b)(7)(e)

NIGHTHAWK II

WHO Director
WHCA T.O.
MSGT Anderson

(b)(7)(e)

NIGHTHAWK III

Sen. Wallop
Sen. Simpson
Gov. Stephens
Gov. Sullivan
Rep. Thomas
Gen. Scowcroft
M. Fitzwater
D. Demarest
R. Porter
J. Cicconi
B. Hollingsworth

NIGHTHAWK IV

S. Studdert
B. Newman
E. Rogers
J. Swift
G. James
D. Valdez
L. Casey
F. Gantt
S. Rodemeyer
Col. Nickel

P. Trivette
S. Goldstein
2 WFTV
Official Photographer
1 WECA AV
(b)(7)(e)

NIGHTHAWK V

16 Press
2 Press Office Staff
(b)(7)(e)

(Flying Time: 20 Minutes)

EVENT: TOUR OF YELLOWSTONE NORTH FORK FIRE DAMAGE SITE

EXPANDED PRESS POOL.

TOUR

OK
5:10 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Fire Damage Site and begins participation in Tour.

Met By:

Mr. Ben Clarey
Assistant Superintendent
Yellowstone National Park

Mr. John Varley
Chief of Research
National Park Service

Mr. Joe Evans
District Ranger
National Park Service

Mr. Walt Grows
Island Park Ranger District
Targhee National Forest

Mr. Scott Izzo
Student Conservation Aide

Page Four

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

5:37

5:30 pm

THE PRESIDENT concludes participation in Tour and proceeds to board Marine One.

5:35 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Fire Damage Site en route Brinkerhoff Landing Zone.

5:40

HELICOPTER ASSIGNMENTS:

MARINE ONE

THE PRESIDENT
G.P. Bush
Gov. Sununu
Sec. Lujan
B. Barbee
T. McBride
Doctor
Mil. Aide

(b)(7)(e)

NIGHTHAWK II

WMO Director
WHCA T.O.
MSGT Anderson

(b)(7)(e)

NIGHTHAWK III

Sen. Wallop
Sen. Simpson
Gov. Sullivan
Rep. Thomas
Gen. Scowcroft
M. Fitzwater
R. Porter
D. Demarest.
B. Newman
J. Cicconi
B. Hollingsworth

NIGHTHAWK IV

S. Studdert
E. Rogers
J. Swift
G. James
D. Valdez
L. Casey
F. Gantt
S. Rodemeyer
Col. Nickel
P. Trivette
S. Goldstein
2 WHTV
1 Official Photographer
1 WHCA AV
(b)(7)(e)

NIGHTHAWK V

16 Press
2 Press Office Staff
(b)(7)(e)

(Flying Time: 50 Minutes)

6:25 pm THE PRESIDENT arrives Brinkerhoff Landing Zone and proceeds to Motorcade.

6:30 pm THE PRESIDENT boards Motorcade and departs Landing Zone en route Brinkerhoff Guest House.

GUEST AND STAFF INSTRUCTIONS:

All Guests and Staff should board Motorcade for transportation to Jackson Lake Lodge.

Upon arrival at Jackson Lake Lodge, Guests and Staff should proceed to Staff Office, Room 400, for Room Assignments.

MOTORCADE ASSIGNMENTS:

(b)(7)(c), (b)(7)(e), (b)(7)(f)

(Drive Time: 5 Minutes)

Page Seven

6:12

OTR - Fishing
w/ George P. Cheek
logs for times

5:35 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Brinkerhoff Guest House for RON.

Met By:

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Sanders (Helen)
Caretakers of Brinkerhoff Guest House

Dinner w/ Sen. Simpson, Dr. Lee D. Sant, & Lloyd P
Tuesday, June 13, 1989

GUEST AND STAFF INSTRUCTIONS:

Baggage Call will be at 5:00 am.
Please place all unlocked baggage
outside your door at this time.

Please board Motorcade no later than
7:50 am for transport to Teton Science
School Meadows. Motorcade will join
Secure Package en route.

8:20

8:40 am

THE PRESIDENT, accompanied by Secretary Lujan,
boards Motorcade and departs Brinkerhoff Guest
House en route Teton Science School Meadows.

MOTORCADE ASSIGNMENTS:

(b)(7)(c), (b)(7)(e), (b)(7)(f)

Page Eight

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

(b)(7)(e)

(Drive Time: 35 Minutes)

9:01

9:45 am

THE PRESIDENT, accompanied by Secretary Lujan, arrives Teton Science School Meadows and proceeds on Stage.

Met By:

The Honorable Mike Sullivan
Governor of Wyoming

Mr. Jack Stark
Superintendent, Grand Teton National Park
National Park Service

Mrs. Lorraine Mintzmyer
Regional Director, Rocky Mountain Region
National Park Service

Page Nine

The Honorable John Turner
Wyoming State Senator

EVENT: ENVIRONMENTAL ADDRESS

OPEN PRESS

REMARKS

GIFT PRESENTATION

9:04
8:50 am

THE PRESIDENT is introduced for Remarks by
Secretary Manuel Lujan.

9:09
8:55 am

THE PRESIDENT Remarks.

9:28
9:15 am

THE PRESIDENT concludes Remarks, departs Stage
and proceeds to Motorcade.

9:38
9:20 am

THE PRESIDENT boards Motorcade and departs Teton
Science School en route Brinkerhoff Landing Zone.

1-6055

MOTORCADE ASSIGNMENTS:

Same as on Arrival.

(Drive Time: 35 Minutes)

10:18
9:55 am

THE PRESIDENT arrives Brinkerhoff Landing Zone
and proceeds to board Marine One.

10:26
10:00 am

THE PRESIDENT departs Brinkerhoff Landing Zone en
route West Yellowstone Airport.

Page Ten

Dep Brinkerhoff House 10:21
arr Brinkerhoff LZ 10:23

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

HELICOPTER ASSIGNMENTS:

MARINE ONE

THE PRESIDENT
G.P. Bush
Sec. Lujan
Gov. Sununu
Gen. Scowcroft
T. McBride
Doctor
Mil. Aide

(b)(7)(e)

NIGHTHAWK II

WHMO Director
WHCA T.O.
MSGT Anderson

(b)(7)(e)

NIGHTHAWK III

Sen. Wallop
Sen. Simpson
Gov. Sullivan
Rep. Thomas
M. Fitzwater
R. Porter
B. Newman
J. Cicconi
B. Hollingsworth
S. Studdert

NIGHTHAWK IV

E. Rogers
J. Swift
G. James
D. Valdez
L. Casey

F. Gantt
S. Rodemeyer
Col. Nickel
P. Trivette
S. Goldstein
2 WHTV
1 Official Photographer
1 WECA AV
(b)(7)(e)

NIGHTHAWK V

11 Press
2 Press Office Staff
(b)(7)(e)

(Flying Time: 55 Minutes)

10:57

10:55 am

THE PRESIDENT arrives West Yellowstone Airport and proceeds to board Air Force One.

11:00 am
(M.D.T.)

THE PRESIDENT departs West Yellowstone, Montana en route Lincoln, Nebraska.

(Flying Time: 2 Hours)
(Interchange: Yes)
(Time Change: Ahead 1 Hour)
(Food Service: Lunch)

SCENARIOS

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

VISIT OF THE PRESIDENT
TO
YELLOWSTONE AND GRAND TETON NATIONAL PARKS
JUNE 12 - 13, 1989

EVENT: Tour of Yellowstone North Fork Fire Damage Site
TIME: 5:10 pm - 5:35 pm
DATE: Monday, June 12, 1989
LOCATION: Fountain Flats
Yellowstone National Park
ATTENDEES: None
PRESS: Expanded Press Pool
SCENARIO: Upon arrival at Fountain Flats, THE PRESIDENT, accompanied by Mr. Bob Barbee, Superintendent, National Park Service, will be met by: Mr. Ben Clarey, Assistant Superintendent, Yellowstone National Park; Mr. John Varley, Chief of Research; Mr. Joe Evans, District Ranger; Mr. Walt Grows, Island Park Ranger District; and Mr. Scott Izzo, President, Student Conservation Association. After the greeting, THE PRESIDENT will proceed on the Tour. At the conclusion of the Tour, Mr. Izzo will give a briefing on the Student Conservation Association.

The site is in the Old Faithful area and was heavily damaged during the fire, but shows many signs of recovery. The entire tour is within a short walk of Marine One.

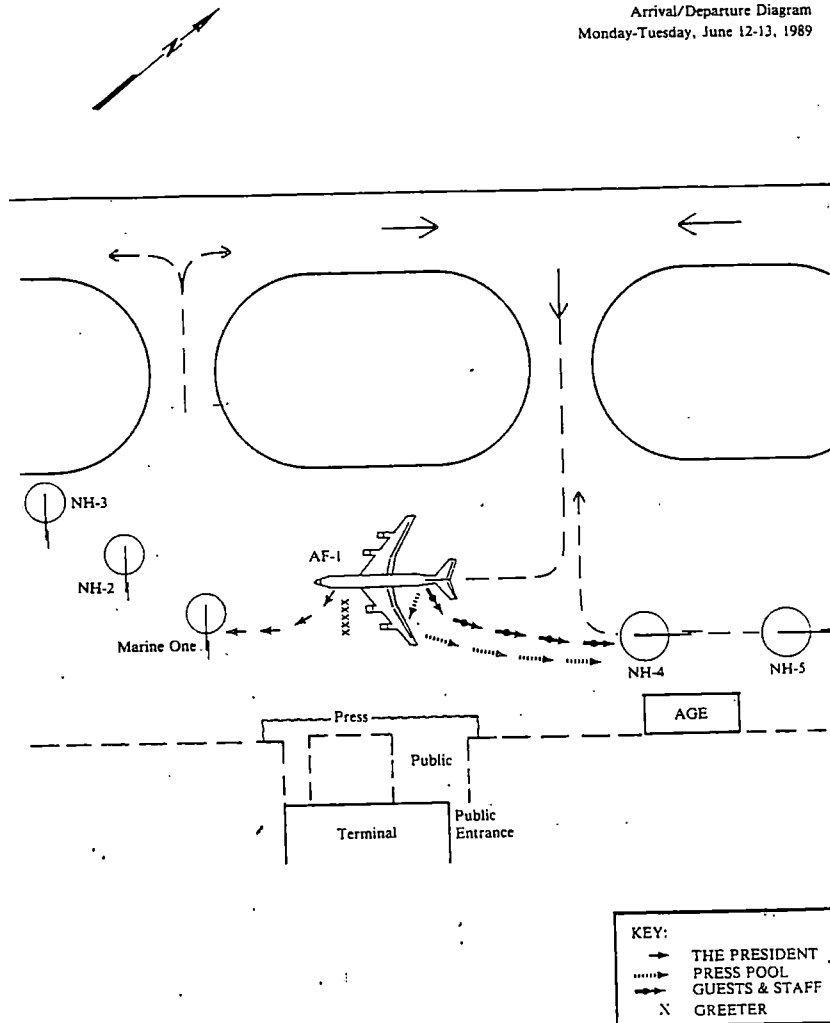
VISIT OF THE PRESIDENT
TO
YELLOWSTONE AND GRAND TETON NATIONAL PARKS
JUNE 12 - 13, 1989

EVENT: Environmental Address
TIME: 8:45 am - 9:20 am
DATE: Tuesday, June 13, 1989
LOCATION: Teton Science School Meadows
ATTENDEES: 4,000 Local and Regional Community Members
PRESS: Open
SCENARIO: THE PRESIDENT, accompanied by Secretary Manuel Lujan, arrives Teton Science School Meadows and is announced out of the car from off-stage and proceeds to Dais. THE PRESIDENT will be met by The Honorable Tom Clark, Mayor of Jackson, and Ms. Jackie Montgomery, Jackson G.O.P. Chairman.
The dais participants will be seated on stage. The attendees will be standing. The backdrop for the speech is the Grand Teton mountains. A National Parks Service sign will be located dais level stage left.

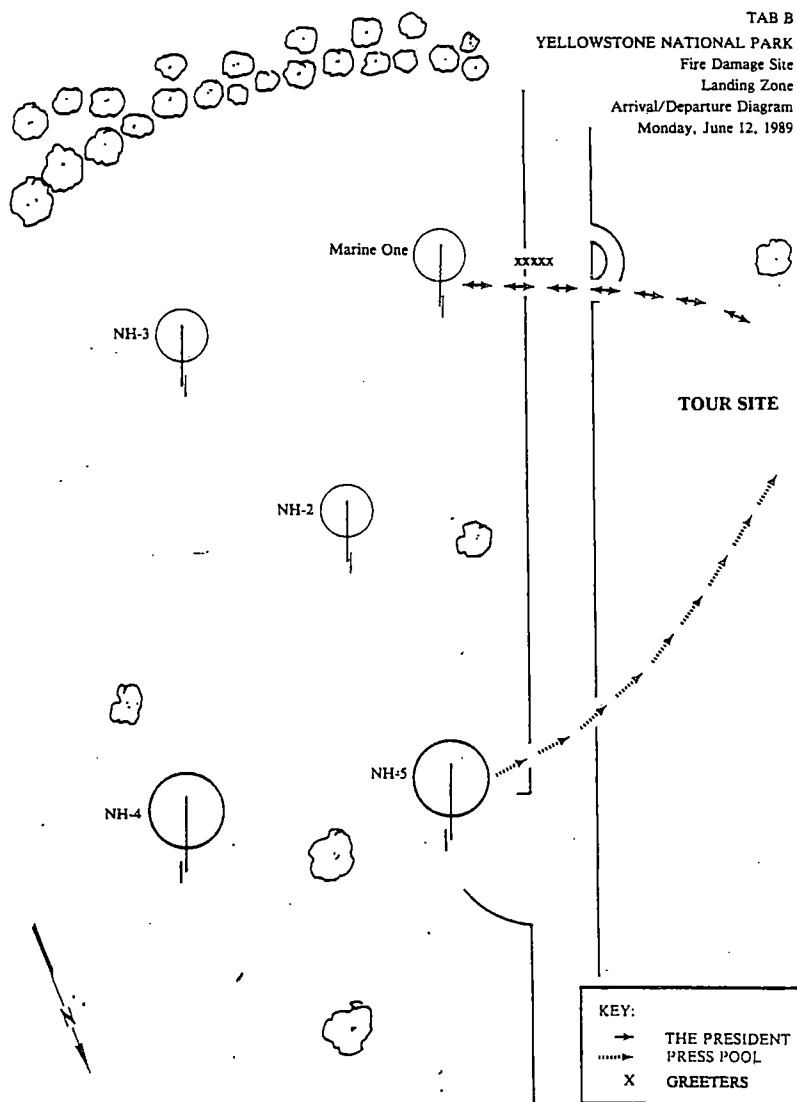
THE PRESIDENT arrives dais stage right and proceeds to seat stage right. Mr. Jack Stark, Superintendent, Grand Teton National Park, gives Brief Remarks and introduces Secretary Lujan. Secretary Lujan gives Brief Remarks and introduces THE PRESIDENT. THE PRESIDENT Remarks. THE PRESIDENT concludes Remarks and remains Standing. Mr. Jack Stark will then present THE PRESIDENT with a gift. At the conclusion of the gift presentation, THE PRESIDENT, accompanied by Secretary Lujan, departs stage right to Motorcade for departure.

DIAGRAMS

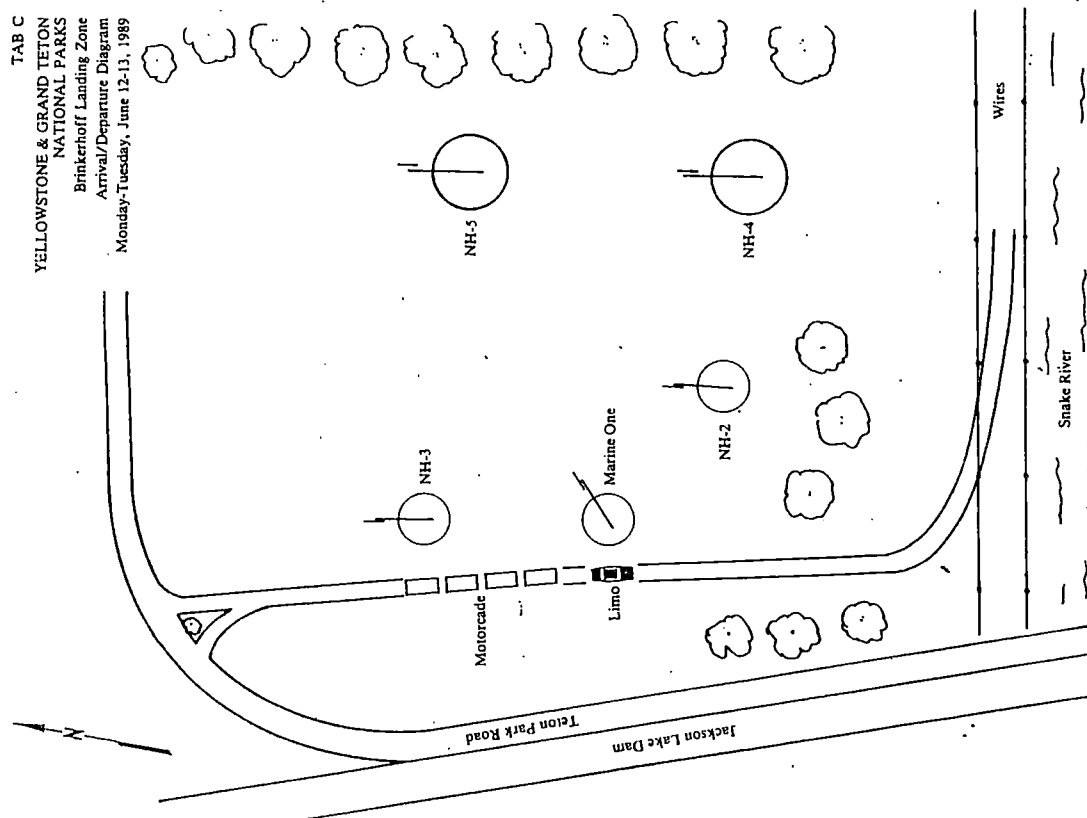
TAB A
 WEST YELLOWSTONE, MONTANA
 Airport Diagram
 Arrival/Departure Diagram
 Monday-Tuesday, June 12-13, 1989



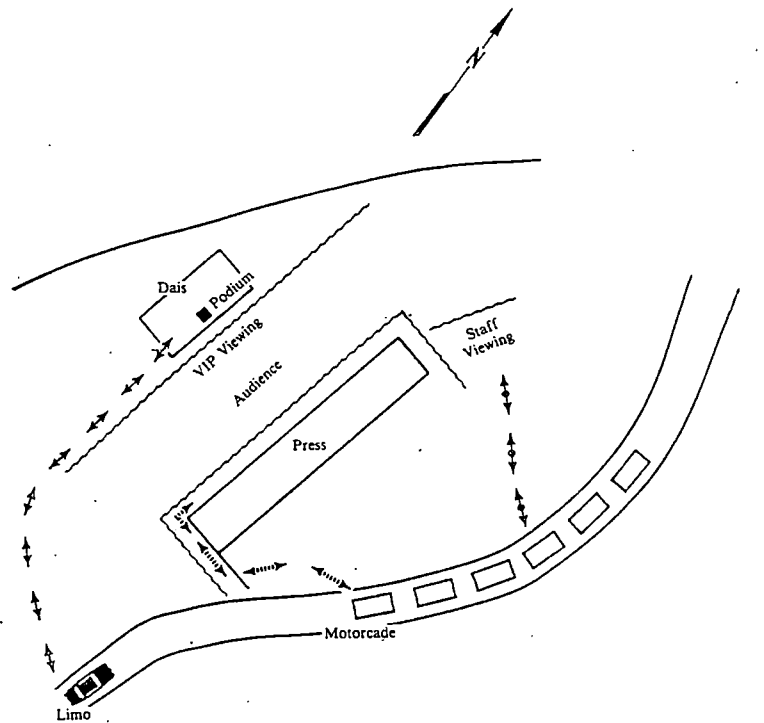
TAB B
YELLOWSTONE NATIONAL PARK
Fire Damage Site
Landing Zone
Arrival/Departure Diagram
Monday, June 12, 1989



TAB C
YELLOWSTONE & GRAND TETON
NATIONAL PARKS
Brinkerhoff Landing Zone
Arrival/Departure Diagram
Monday-Tuesday, June 12-13, 1989

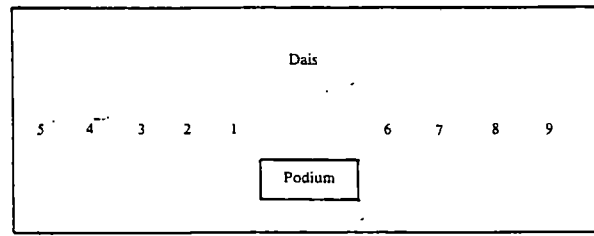


TAB D
 YELLOWSTONE & GRAND TETON
 NATIONAL PARKS
 Teton Science School Meadows Diagram
 Tuesday, June 13, 1989



KEY:
 — THE PRESIDENT
 - - - PRESS POOL
 . . . GUESTS & STAFF

TAB E
 YELLOWSTONE & GRAND TETON
 NATIONAL PARKS
 Teton Science School Meadows
 Dais Diagram
 Tuesday, June 13, 1989



- | | |
|------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Sec. Lujan | 6. Sup. Stark |
| 2. THE PRESIDENT | 7. Mrs. Lorraine Mintzmyer |
| 3. Cong. Thomas | 8. Gov. Sullivan |
| 4. Sen. Wallop | 9. State Sen. Turner |
| 5. Sen. Simpson | |

Audience

ROOM LIST

WHITE HOUSE ROOM LIST
FOR
YELLOWSTONE AND GRAND TETON NATIONAL PARKS

JUNE 12 - 13, 1989

OFFICE	HOTEL	ROOM	DROP
Chief of Staff Office	Jackson Lake	404	285
USSS CP	Jackson Lake	418	238
Military Office	Jackson Lake	408	388
NSC Director Office	Jackson Lake	601	289
NSC Office	Jackson Lake	603	286
Press Advance Office	Jackson Lake	402	224
Senior Staff Office	Jackson Lake	406	281
Staff Advance Office	Jackson Lake	400	220
WHCA Office	Jackson Lake	613	240
Press Office	Snow King	Timberline Rm	
Filing Center	Snow King	Grand Teton Rm	

LAST NAME	FIRST	HOTEL	ROOM	DROP
ALLISON	Jay	Snow King	453	733-8654
ANDERSON	Rick	Jackson Lake	363	
BELL	Roxanne	Jackson Lake	224	214
BUSH	George P.	Brinkerhoff		
BYRNE	Sean	Brinkerhoff		325
CASEY	Linda	Jackson Lake	811	310
CICCONI	James	Jackson Lake	817	314
COMPTON	Missy	Snow King		
COOPER	B.J.	Snow King	459	733-8656
DALE	Billy	Snow King	457	733-1619
DEMAREST	David	Jackson Lake	612	323
DREYLINGER	John	Snow King	656	733-8653
FITZWATER	Marlin	Jackson Lake	805	332
FORSGEN	Vance	Jackson Lake	627	
FRILLES	Orlando	Jackson Lake	403	
GANTT	Florence	Jackson Lake	604	317
HART	Steve	Snow King	454	733-8655
HERRICK	John	Jackson Lake	626	213
HOLLINGSWORTH	Boyd	Jackson Lake	216	342
JAMES	Gordon	Jackson Lake	622	210
KENDRICK	Diana	Jackson Lake	618	212
LEE	Burton	Brinkerhoff		384
LUJAN	Manuel	Signal Mtn.	200	
LUNT	John	Brinkerhoff		

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

LAST NAME	FIRST	HOTEL	ROOM	DROP
MCBRIDE	Tim	Brinkerhoff		325
MCCARTHY	Tim	Signal Mtn.		
MCKENZIE	Lynn	Snow King		
MAES	Glen	Jackson Lake	218	387
MELILLO	Laura	Snow King		
MICHAEL	Hilario	Jackson Lake	218	
MURPHY	Dan	Snow King	460	733-0119
NEWMAN	Bonnie	Jackson Lake	807	343
NICKEL	Ken	Jackson Lake	410	299
PORTER	Roger	Jackson Lake	614	341
RODEMEYER	Stephanie	Jackson Lake	362	
ROGERS	Ed	Jackson Lake	220	311
SARGENT	Michael	Snow King	458	733-1638
SCOWCROFT	Brent	Jackson Lake	602	316
SHADDICK	Ray	Signal Mtn.		
SIMONSON	Tim	Jackson Lake	424	211
SIMPSON	Alan	Jackson Lake	34	
STUDDERT	Steve	Jackson Lake	803	320
SUNUNU	John	Jackson Lake	801	312
SWIFT	Judd	Jackson Lake	226	322
TAYLOR	James	Jackson Lake	222	
THOMAS	Craig	Jackson Lake	578	
TRIVETTE	Paula	Jackson Lake	401	385
VALDEZ	David	Jackson Lake	624	337
VERGA	Pete	Jackson Lake	819	378
WALLOP	Malcolm	Jackson Lake	576	
YOUNG	Phil	Jackson Lake	222	383

Jackson Lake Lodge	307/543-2811
Snow King Resort	307/543-5200

SCHEDULE

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
02b. Schedule	The Trip of The President to Yellowstone and Grand Teton National Parks and Lincoln, Nebraska, June 12-13, 1989: Lincoln, Nebraska (5 pp.)	06/13/89	(b)(7)(c), (b)(7)(e), (b)(7)(f)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Tuesday, June 13, 1989

Date Closed: 5/27/2009	OA/ID Number: 90513-008
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- (b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

FOR

LINCOLN, NEBRASKA

JUNE 13, 1989

EVENTS:

Briefing on Ethyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (ETBE)
Viewing of Static Display of Vehicles' Engines
Driving of Near Ethanol Car
Clean Air Speech

DRESS:

Men - Business Suit
Women - Day Dress

CONTACT:

Office of Presidential Advance
John G. Keller, Jr. - 202/456-7565
Trip Coordinator
Kristin Goodwin - 202/456-7565
Lincoln Signal - 202/395-5535

ADVANCE:

Leo Tomeu - LEAD
Chris Molineaux - PRESS
(b)(7)(c) (b)(7)(e) (b)(7)(f)
Bruce Caughman - MIL. AIDE
Ken Campbell - WHCA
Maj. Bob Ginn - AFI

WEATHER:

Partly Cloudy/Mid 80's

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

SCHEDULE OF THE PRESIDENT

FOR

LINCOLN, NEBRASKA

JUNE 13, 1989

copy
2:00 pm
(C.D.T.)

THE PRESIDENT arrives Lincoln Municipal Airport,
Lincoln, Nebraska and proceeds to Motorcade.

Met By:

Governor Kay Orr
State of Nebraska

Mr. Bill Orr

The Honorable Clayton Yeutter
Secretary of Agriculture

The Honorable James Watkins
Secretary of Energy

The Honorable Charles Thone
Former B/Q Chairman
State of Nebraska

The Honorable Doug Bereuter
U.S. Representative
First District of Nebraska

Mr. Norman Riffel
Chairman
Nebraska State Republican Party

The Honorable Bill Harris
Mayor of Lincoln, Nebraska

Mr. Duane Acklie
GOP National Committee Member

Miss Sally Folsom
GOP National Committee Member

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

OK
2:05 pm

THE PRESIDENT boards Motorcade and departs
Lincoln Municipal Airport en route University
of Nebraska - Lincoln, Agriculture Engineering
Lab.

MOTORCADE ASSIGNMENTS:

(b)(7)(c), (b)(7)(e), (b)(7)(f)

Page Two

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

(b)(7)(e)

(Drive Time: 10 Minutes)

2:20
2:15 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives University of Nebraska - Lincoln, Agriculture Engineering Lab and proceeds to Holding Room.

Met By:

Dr. Ron Roskens
President
University of Nebraska

Mr. Martin Massengale
Chancellor, University of Nebraska - Lincoln

Dr. Peter Jenkins
Director, Center for Engine Technology
University of Nebraska - Lincoln

Dr. Tom Krepel
Assistant to the Chancellor
University of Nebraska - Lincoln

Dr. Irvin Omtvedt
Vice Chancellor
University of Nebraska - Lincoln

Dr. John Goebel
Vice Chancellor
University of Nebraska - Lincoln

2:22

2:18 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Holding Room.

2:27

2:27 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Holding Room and proceeds to Engine Testing Lab.

Page Three

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

EVENT: BRIEFING ON ETHYL TERTIARY BUTYL ETHER (ETBE)
EXPANDED POOL

2:27
2:25 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Engine Testing Lab and begins participation in Briefing on Ethyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (ETBE) and other alternative fuels.

2:45
2:45 pm

THE PRESIDENT concludes Briefing, departs Engine Testing Lab and proceeds to Holding Room.

2:46
2:47 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Holding Room.

2:47
2:52 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Holding Room and proceeds to Vehicular Testing Lab.

EVENT: VIEWING OF STATIC DISPLAY OF VEHICLES' ENGINES
EXPANDED POOL

2:47
2:55 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Vehicular Testing Lab and begins participation in Viewing of Static Display of Vehicles' Engines.

2:50
3:00 pm

THE PRESIDENT concludes participation in Viewing of Static Display of Vehicles' Engines, departs Vehicular Testing Lab and proceeds to Holding Room.

2:51
3:02 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Holding Room.

2:52

3:04 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Holding Room and proceeds to Vehicular Testing Track.

EVENT: DRIVING OF NEAT ETHANOL CAR

EXPANDED POOL

2:52

~~3:05~~ pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Vehicular Testing Track and begins participation in Driving of Neat Ethanol Car.

Met By:

Mr. Don Hutchens
Executive Director
Nebraska Corn Development, Utilization,
and Marketing Board

2:56

~~3:10~~ pm

THE PRESIDENT concludes participation in Driving of Neat Ethanol Car and proceeds to Motorcade.

2:59

~~3:15~~ pm

THE PRESIDENT boards Motorcade and departs University of Nebraska - Lincoln, Agriculture Engineering Lab en route Bob Devaney Sports Center.

MOTORCADE ASSIGNMENTS:

Same as on Arrival.

(Drive Time: 5 Minutes)

3:05

~~3:20~~ pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Bob Devaney Sports Center and proceeds to Holding Room.

Met By:

The Honorable Carl Curtis
Former U.S. Senator
State of Nebraska

The Honorable Roman Hruska
Former U.S. Senator
State of Nebraska

Ms. Anne Batchelder
B/Q Finance Chairman
State of Nebraska

Ms. Lorraine Langford
Nebraska State Senator

Mr. William E. Barrett
Speaker, Unicameral Legislature
State of Nebraska

3:08
~~3:22~~ pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Holding Room.

3:24 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Holding Room and proceeds to
Off-Stage Announcement Area.

3:15
~~3:25~~ pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Off-Stage Announcement Area
and holds briefly.

EVENT: CLEAN AIR SPEECH

OPEN PRESS

RUFFLES AND FLOURISHES

OFF-STAGE ANNOUNCEMENT

HAIL TO THE CHIEF

REMARKS

Page Six

Photocopy from George Bush Presidential Library

3:15
~~3:26~~ pm

THE PRESIDENT is announced onto Stage and is seated.

3:16

~~3:27~~ pm President Roskens remarks

3:20

~~3:29~~ pm Governor Orr remarks

3:24 ~~3:29~~ pm

THE PRESIDENT is introduced for Remarks by Governor Orr.

3:24 ~~3:34~~ pm

THE PRESIDENT Remarks.

3:42 ~~3:59~~ pm

THE PRESIDENT concludes Remarks, departs Stage and proceeds to Motorcade.

3:49
~~3:55~~ pm

THE PRESIDENT boards Motorcade and departs the University of Nebraska - Lincoln en route Lincoln Municipal Airport.

MOTORCADE ASSIGNMENTS:

Same as on Arrival.

(Drive Time: 10 Minutes)

4: ~~4:09~~ pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Lincoln Municipal Airport and proceeds to board Air Force One.

4:15
~~4:10~~ pm
(C.D.T.)

THE PRESIDENT departs Lincoln, Nebraska en route Andrews Air Force Base.

(Flying Time: 2 Hours 15 Minutes)
(Time Change: Ahead 1 Hour)
(Interchange: No)
(Food Service: Dinner)

Page Seven

7:25 pm
(E.D.T.)

THE PRESIDENT arrives Andrews Air Force Base and proceeds to board Marine I.

7:30 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Andrews Air Force Base en route Pentagon.

HELICOPTER ASSIGNMENTS:

Marine One.

THE PRESIDENT
G.P. Bush
Gen. Scowcroft
Gov. Sununu
M. Fitzwater
Doctor Lee
T. McBride
Mil. Aide

(b)(7)(e)

(Flying Time: 10 Minutes)

7:40 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives Pentagon and proceeds to board Motorcade.

7:45 pm

THE PRESIDENT departs Pentagon en route White House.

MOTORCADE ASSIGNMENTS:

(b)(7)(e)

Page Eight

(b)(7)(e)

(Drive Time: 15 Minutes)

8:00 pm

THE PRESIDENT arrives White House.

Page Nine

SCENARIOS

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

VISIT OF THE PRESIDENT

TO

LINCOLN, NEBRASKA

TUESDAY, JUNE 13, 1989

EVENT: Briefing on Ethyl Tertiary Butyl Ether (ETBE)

TIME: 2:15 pm - 2:52 pm

DATE: Tuesday, June 13, 1989

LOCATION: Agriculture Engineering Lab/Engine Testing Lab
University of Nebraska - Lincoln

ATTENDEES: 14

PRESS: Expanded Pool

SCENARIO: THE PRESIDENT arrives the Agriculture Engineering Lab, University of Nebraska - Lincoln, and is greeted by: Dr. Ron Roskens, President, University of Nebraska; Mr. Martin Massengale, Chancellor, University of Nebraska - Lincoln; Dr. Peter Jenkins, Director of Engine Center, University of Nebraska; Dr. John Goebel, Vice Chancellor, University of Nebraska - Lincoln; Dr. Tom Krepel, Assistant to the Chancellor, University of Nebraska - Lincoln; and Dr. Irvin Omtvedt, Vice Chancellor, University of Nebraska - Lincoln. Following the Greetings, THE PRESIDENT proceeds to Holding Room. THE PRESIDENT then departs Holding Room and proceeds to Engine Testing Lab. THE PRESIDENT arrives Engine Testing Lab, is seated at center of a Horseshoe-shaped table and begins participation in Briefing. (A microphone will be placed in front of THE PRESIDENT during the Briefing, even though he is not expected to ask any questions unless he feels it necessary.) THE PRESIDENT concludes participation in Briefing, departs Engine Testing Lab, and proceeds to Holding Room.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

VISIT OF THE PRESIDENT
TO
LINCOLN, NEBRASKA
TUESDAY, JUNE 13, 1989

EVENT: Viewing of Static Display of Vehicles' Engines

TIME: 2:55 pm - 3:00 pm

DATE: Tuesday, June 13, 1989

LOCATION: Agriculture Engineering Lab/Vehicular Testing Lab
University of Nebraska - Lincoln

ATTENDEES: 6

PRESS: Expanded Pool

SCENARIO: THE PRESIDENT arrives Vehicular Testing Lab, proceeds to ETBE Demonstration Area and begins participation in Viewing of Static Display. THE PRESIDENT will observe the only existing ETBE-producing machine (the ETBE Pilot Plant) and will be shown how ethanol and isobutylene are combined to form ETBE. THE PRESIDENT then proceeds to Fuel Demonstration Area and is shown a demonstration of ethanol blend fuel in automobiles. Here THE PRESIDENT will see a comparison of two engines, one running on gasoline, the other on an ethanol blend. THE PRESIDENT then concludes participation in Viewing of Static Display of Vehicles' Engines, departs Vehicular Testing Lab and proceeds to Holding Room.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

VISIT OF THE PRESIDENT
TO
LINCOLN, NEBRASKA
TUESDAY, JUNE 13, 1989

EVENT: Driving of Neat Ethanol Car

TIME: 3:05 pm - 3:10 pm

DATE: Tuesday, June 13, 1989

LOCATION: Vehicular Testing Track
University of Nebraska - Lincoln

ATTENDEES: 2

PRESS: Expanded Pool

SCENARIO: THE PRESIDENT departs Holding Room and proceeds to Neat Ethanol Car. THE PRESIDENT arrives Neat Ethanol Car and is greeted by: Mr. Don Hutchens, Executive Director, Nebraska Corn Development, Utilization, and Marketing Board. THE PRESIDENT enters car and drives onto the Vehicular Testing Track where he will complete one lap. THE PRESIDENT departs Vehicular Testing Track and proceeds to Vehicular Testing Lab. THE PRESIDENT departs Neat Ethanol Car and proceeds to Motorcade. THE PRESIDENT departs Agriculture Engineering Lab en route Bob Devaney Sports Center.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

VISIT OF THE PRESIDENT

TO

LINCOLN, NEBRASKA

TUESDAY, JUNE 13, 1989

EVENT: Clean Air Speech

TIME: 3:20 pm - 3:50 pm

DATE: Tuesday, June 13, 1989

LOCATION: Bob Devaney Sports Center
University of Nebraska - Lincoln

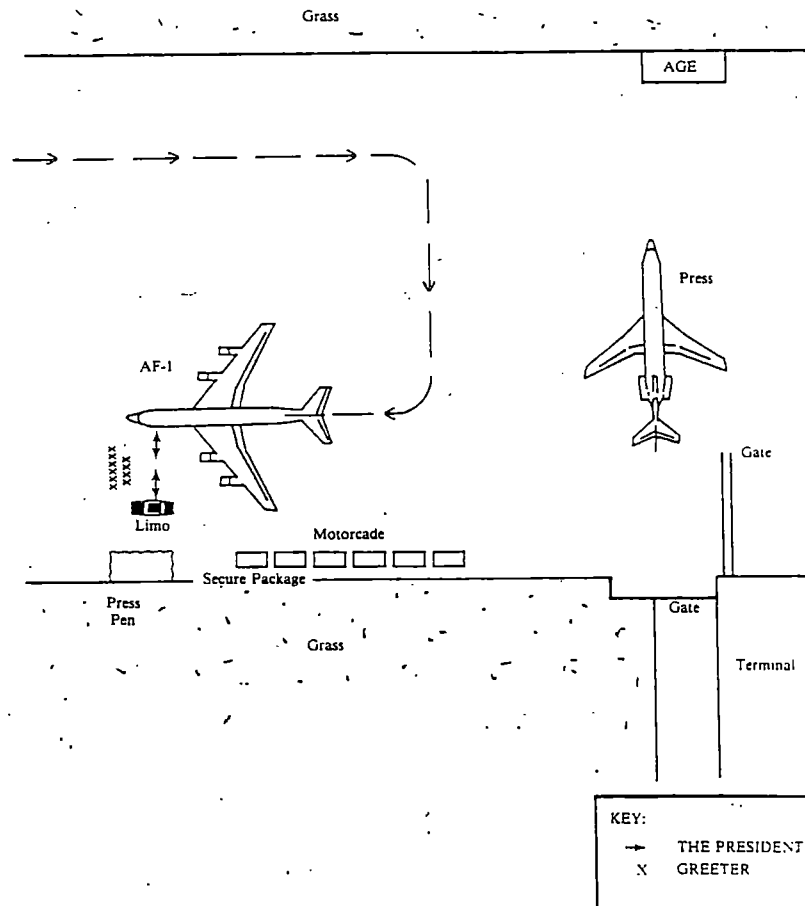
ATTENDEES: 8,000

PRESS: Open

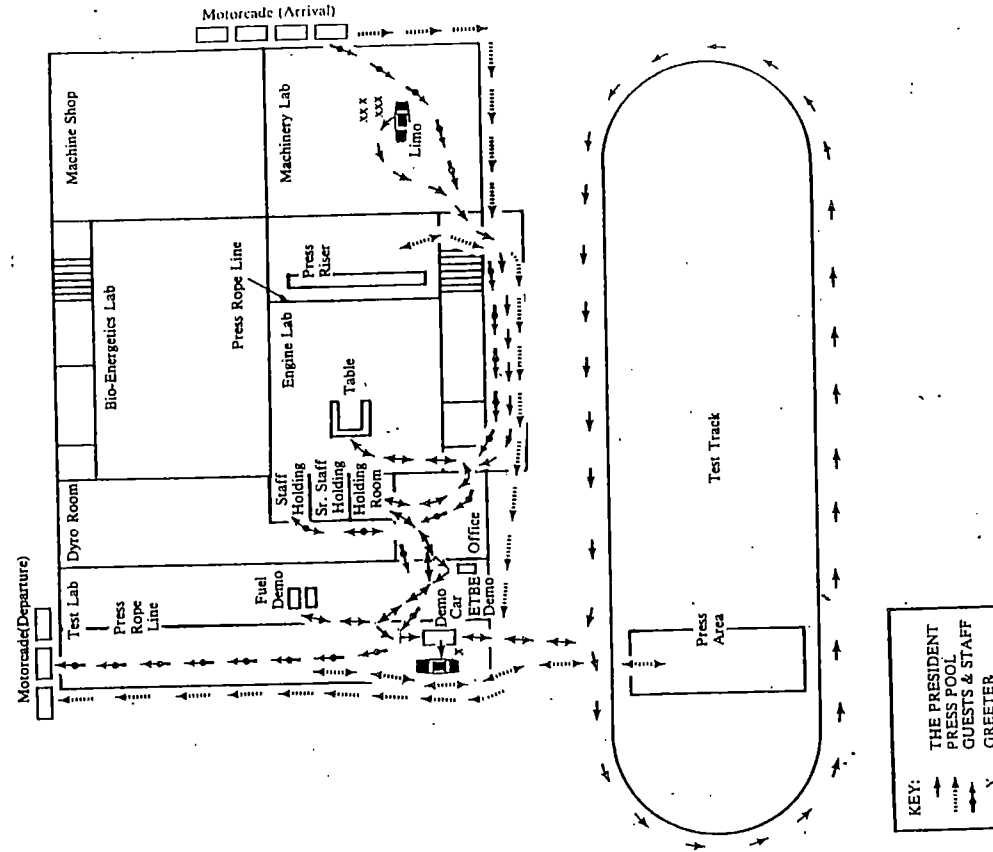
SCENARIO: THE PRESIDENT arrives Bob Devaney Sports Center, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, and is greeted by: The Honorable Carl Curtis, former U.S. Senator, State of Nebraska; The Honorable Roman Hruska, former U.S. Senator, State of Nebraska; The Honorable William E. Barrett, Speaker, Unicameral Legislature, State of Nebraska; Ms. Anne Batchelder, B/Q Finance Chairman, State of Nebraska; and Ms. Lorraine Langford, Nebraska State Senator. Following the Greetings, THE PRESIDENT proceeds to Holding Room. THE PRESIDENT departs Holding Room, proceeds to Off-Stage Announcement Area, and holds briefly. THE PRESIDENT is announced onto Stage and and proceeds to Seat on Dais. Dr. Ron Roskens, President, University of Nebraska, makes brief remarks followed by brief remarks by Governor Kay Orr. THE PRESIDENT is introduced for Remarks by Governor Orr. THE PRESIDENT Remarks. Upon conclusion of Remarks, THE PRESIDENT departs Dais and proceeds to Holding Room. THE PRESIDENT departs Holding Room and proceeds to Motorcade. THE PRESIDENT boards Motorcade and departs the University of Nebraska - Lincoln en route Lincoln Municipal Airport.

DIAGRAMS

TAB A
LINCOLN, NEBRASKA
Arrival/Departure Diagram
Tuesday, June 13, 1989

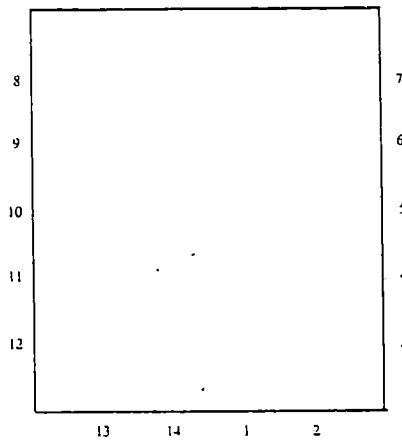


TAB B
LINCOLN, NEBRASKA
University of Nebraska
Agriculture Engineering Lab
Tuesday, May 13, 1989



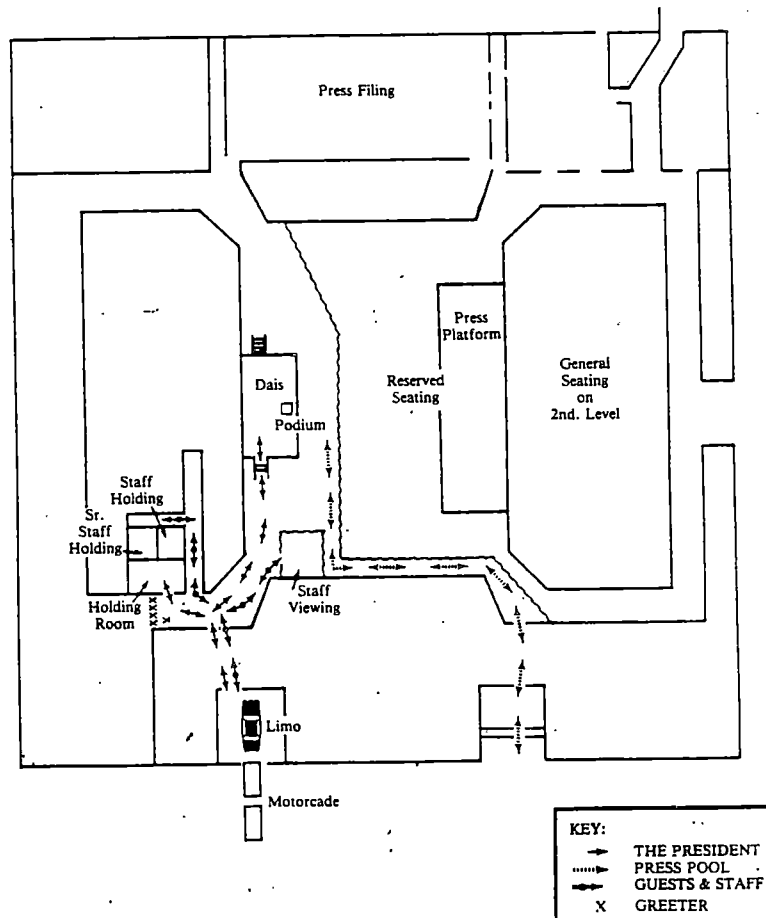
LAB C
LINCOLN, NEBRASKA
Engine Testing Lab
Tuesday, June 13, 1989

Briefing on ETBE



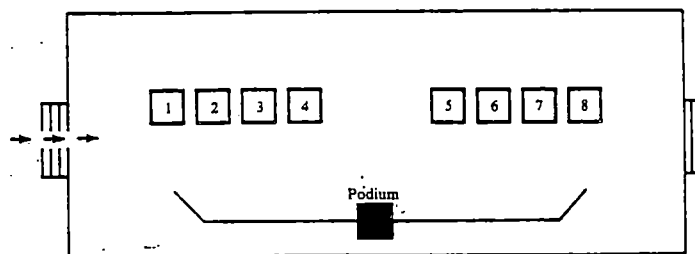
1. THE PRESIDENT
2. Governor Orr
3. Mr. Martin Massengale - Chancellor, University of Nebraska-Lincoln
4. The Honorable Manuel Lujan - Secretary of Interior
5. Mr. Larry Sitzman - Chairman of Nebraska Corn Board
6. Dr. Roy Frederick - Director, Nebraska Dept. of Agriculture
7. Nebraska State Senator Loren Schmit
8. Dr. Bill Wells - President of American Eagle Fuels
9. Mr. Allen Kreuscher - Chairman of Nebraska Gasohol Committee
10. The Honorable James Watkins Secretary of Energy
11. Mr. Todd Snellor - Director of Alcohol Fuels Programs
12. Dr. Peter Jenkins - Director for Center of Engine Tech.
University of Nebraska - Lincoln
13. The Honorable Clayton Yeutter Secretary of Agriculture
14. Dr. Ron Roskens - President, University of Nebraska

TAB D
 LINCOLN, NEBRASKA
 University of Nebraska
 Bob Devaney Sports Center
 Tuesday, June 13, 1989



TAB E
LINCOLN, NEBRASKA
Dais Seating Diagram
Tuesday, June 13, 1989

Bob Devaney Sports Center



1. The Honorable Clayton Yeutter - Secretary of Agriculture
2. Dr. Ron Roskens - President, University of Nebraska
3. THE PRESIDENT
4. Governor Kay A. Orr - State of Nebraska
5. Mr. Martin Massengale - Chancellor, University of Nebraska-Lincoln
6. Mrs. Nancy Hoch - Chairperson of Board of Regents
7. The Honorable Manuel Lujan - Secretary of Interior
8. The Honorable James Watkins - Secretary of Energy

KEY:
→ THE PRESIDENT

- Adm Murphy
Clear air message

- Wm Reilly - Reaction along very +
Good on networks

Jack Steinhilber -

Scott Ligon -

Larry Finkley Guide

Bob Barden -

Bush Library Photocopy
George Bush Handwriting

George Bush Presidential Library Transfer Sheet

COLLECTION:

Bush Presidential Records
Office of the President

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1993.0001

FOIA/SYSTEMATIC
PROCESSING CASE
NUMBER (if app.):

☐ Transferred During Accessioning

☒ Transferred During Processing

2009-0166-S

The following material was transferred to:

☒ **Audiovisual Collection**

☐ **Book Collection**

☐ **Museum Collection**

☐ **Other**

Other (Specify):

DESCRIPTION:

White House Photographs: P04009-27 [K.I.D.S., UN, NY w/Sharon]; P03994-07 [University Nebraska
Agricultural Engineering Lab w/Orr]; Environmental Speech, Grand Tetons National Park]

When transferring
material to the
museum
collection,
complete the
following.

Donor:

Donor Org.:

Address:

Telephone:

Book Location:

Row:

Section:

Shelf:

Position:

Map Case Location:**Series:**

Daily Files

Box Number:

14

Folder Title:

Tuesday, June 13, 1989

OA/ID Number:

90513-008

Transferred by:

Deborah Wheeler

Date of Transfer:

5/27/2009

Received by:

Mary Finch

Date Received:

5/27/2009

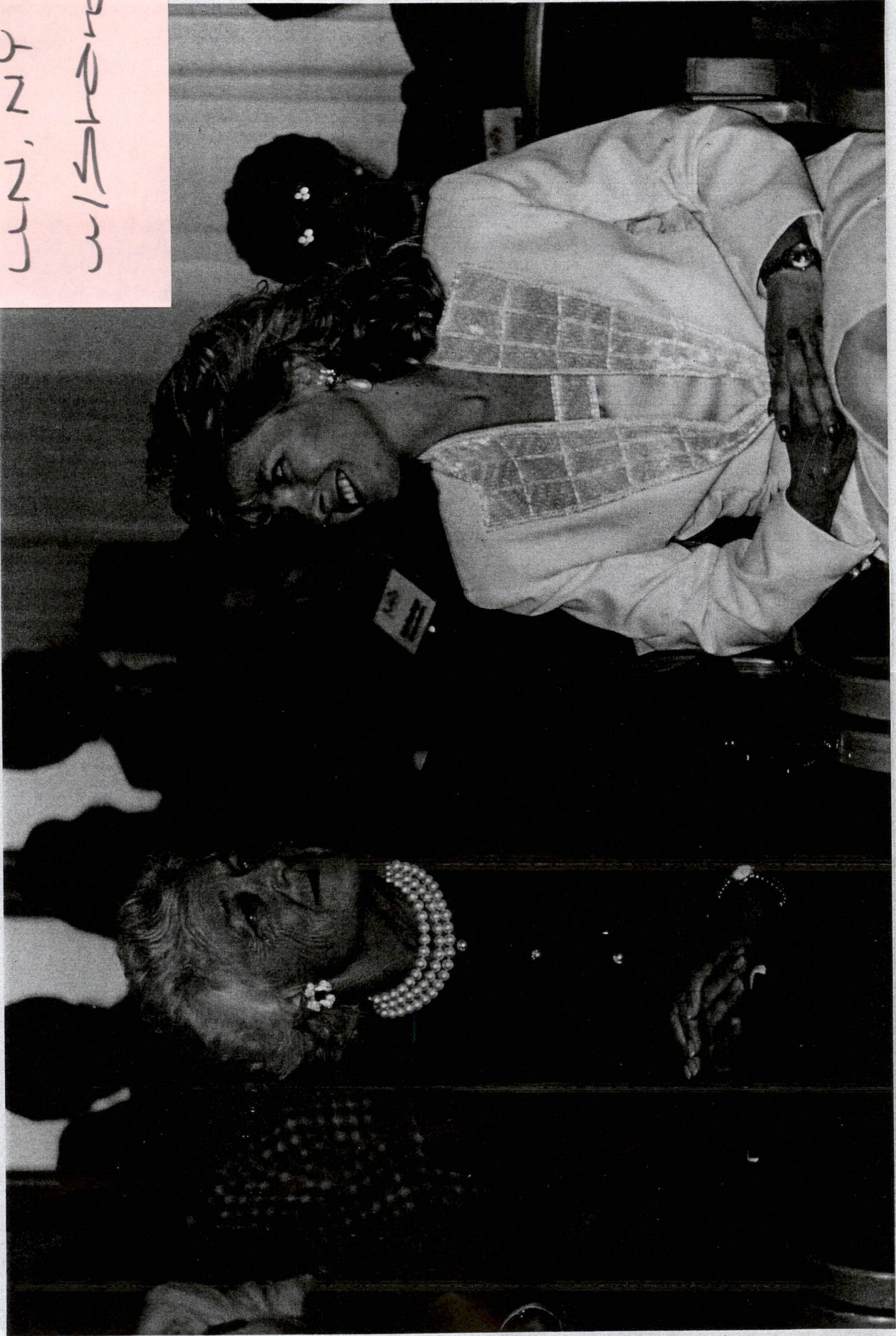
Go to Database
Navigator

Go to Accession
Register

Go to Withdrawal Sheet

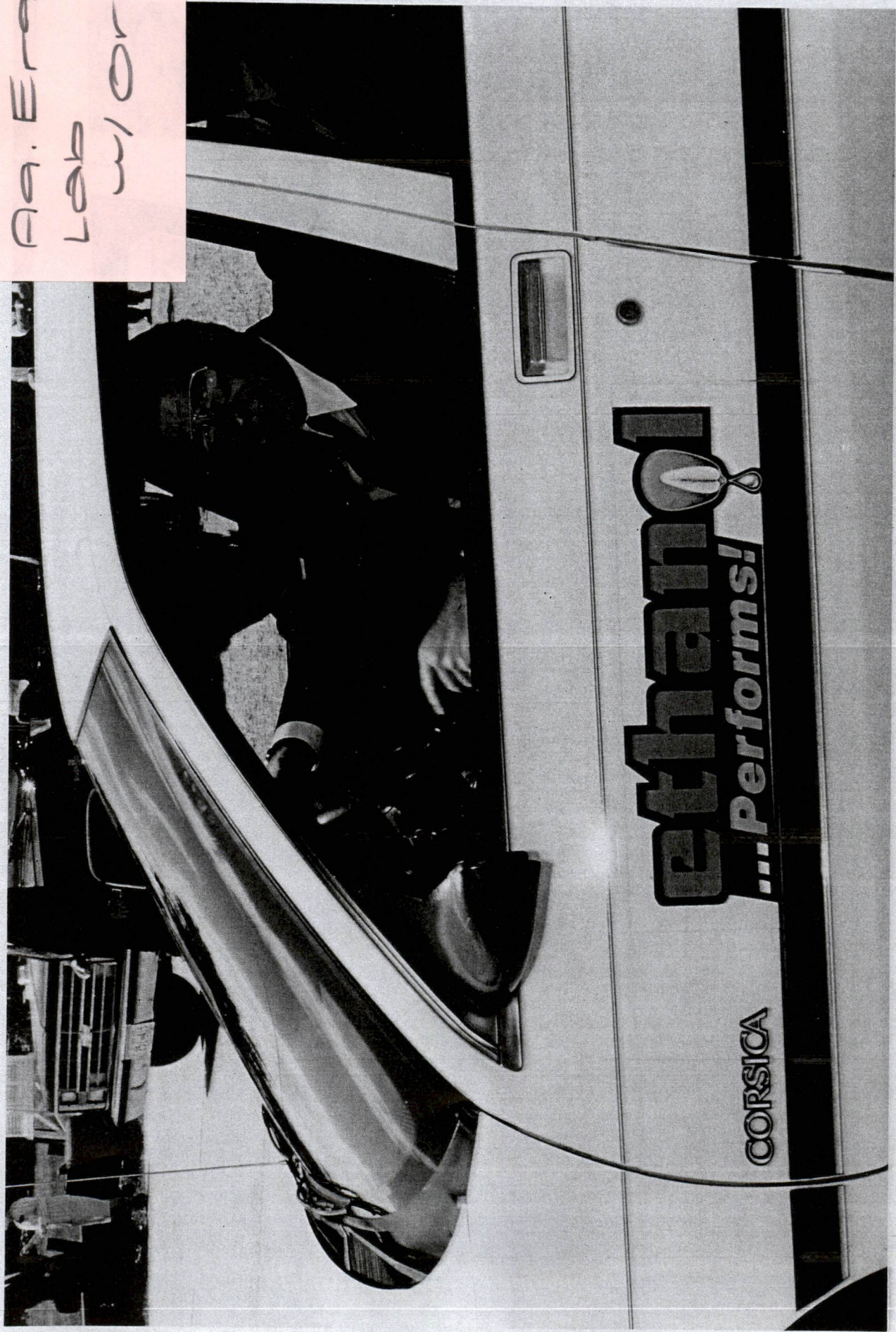
Print Record

K.I.D.
N.Z.
N.Z.
N.Z.



OFFICIAL WHITE HOUSE PHOTOGRAPH 13 JUN 89 P04009-27 CP

Univ. Neb:
Ag. Eng.
Lab
W/Orr



OFFICIAL WHITE HOUSE PHOTOGRAPH 13 JUN 89 P03994-07 DV

Erwin.
Speech,
Grand
Taverns
Note. Book



OFFICIAL WHITE HOUSE PHOTOGRAPH 13 JUN 89 P3980-27 MS



ABOARD AIR FORCE ONE

6-13-89

Dear Jack -

That was
a great event
today. Many
thanks to you
and all your
co-workers for
an unforgettable
visit - I
loved every
minute of it -
Ag Bur

FROM
THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mr. Jack Stark
Superintendent
Grand Teton National Park
Moose, Wyoming 83012

bcc: Tim McBride
Jan Burmeister

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
03a. Notes	Handwritten notes of a telephone call to [Robert] Gates (1 pp.)	06/14/[89]	(b)(1)	TS

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Tuesday, June 13, 1989

Date Closed: 5/27/2009	OA/ID Number: 90513-008
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
03b. Issue Paper	Matter (2 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	S

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Tuesday, June 13, 1989

Date Closed: 5/27/2009	OA/ID Number: 90513-008
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- (b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
03c. Notecard	Matter (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Tuesday, June 13, 1989

Date Closed:	5/27/2009	OA/ID Number:	90513-008
FOIA/SYS Case #:	2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:	
Re-review Case #:		Appeal Disposition:	
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:		Disposition Date:	
AR Case #:		MR Case #:	
AR Disposition:		MR Disposition:	
AR Disposition Date:		MR Disposition Date:	

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

- P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
- P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
- P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
- P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
- P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
- P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

- (b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
- (b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
- (b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
- (b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
- (b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
- (b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
- (b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
- (b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information

Withdrawal/Redaction Sheet

(George Bush Library)

Document No. and Type	Subject/Title of Document	Date	Restriction	Class.
03d. Q&A	Re: Tiananmen Square [Handwritten notes by President Bush] (1 pp.)	n.d.	(b)(1)	

Collection:

Record Group: Bush Presidential Records

Office: Office of the President

Series: Daily Files

Subseries:

WHORM Cat.:

File Location: Tuesday, June 13, 1989

Date Closed: 5/27/2009	OA/ID Number: 90513-008
FOIA/SYS Case #: 2009-0166-S	Appeal Case #:
Re-review Case #:	Appeal Disposition:
P-2/P-5 Review Case #:	Disposition Date:
AR Case #:	MR Case #:
AR Disposition:	MR Disposition:
AR Disposition Date:	MR Disposition Date:

RESTRICTION CODES

Presidential Records Act - [44 U.S.C. 2204(a)]

P-1 National Security Classified Information [(a)(1) of the PRA]
P-2 Relating to the appointment to Federal office [(a)(2) of the PRA]
P-3 Release would violate a Federal statute [(a)(3) of the PRA]
P-4 Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential commercial or financial information [(a)(4) of the PRA]
P-5 Release would disclose confidential advice between the President and his advisors, or between such advisors [(a)(5) of the PRA]
P-6 Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(a)(6) of the PRA]

C. Closed in accordance with restrictions contained in donor's deed of gift.

PRM. Removed as a personal record misfile.

Freedom of Information Act - [5 U.S.C. 552(b)]

(b)(1) National security classified information [(b)(1) of the FOIA]
(b)(2) Release would disclose internal personnel rules and practices of an agency [(b)(2) of the FOIA]
(b)(3) Release would violate a Federal statute [(b)(3) of the FOIA]
(b)(4) Release would disclose trade secrets or confidential or financial information [(b)(4) of the FOIA]
(b)(6) Release would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy [(b)(6) of the FOIA]
(b)(7) Release would disclose information compiled for law enforcement purposes [(b)(7) of the FOIA]
(b)(8) Release would disclose information concerning the regulation of financial institutions [(b)(8) of the FOIA]
(b)(9) Release would disclose geological or geophysical information