

Originally Processed With FOIA(s):
2005-0336-F

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Record Group/Collection: George H.W. Bush Presidential Records
Collection/Office of Origin: Science and Technology Policy, Office of (OSTP)
Series: Bromley, D. Allan, Files
Subseries: Presidential Priorities Files

OA/ID Number: 62089
Folder ID Number: 62089-002

Folder Title:
Executive Office of the President: Presidential Priorities (3) [2 of 5] [1992]

Stack:

Row:

Section:

Shelf:

Position:

0

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"Document Control"

TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY DOCUMENT NUMBER: 9201592
ORIGINATOR: 02 STATUS I DIRECTORATE STATUS C

FROM: JONES, David

TO: PRESIDENT BUSH

DATE OF
CORRESPONDENCE: 04/11/92

SUBJECT: HE IS WRITING TO EXPRESS HIS VIEWS ON THE
ADMINISTRATIONS POSITION ON THE UNCED EARTH SUMMIT.

DIRECTORATE STAFF
ASSIGNED: ENVIRONMENT ASSIGNED: Nancy Maynard

ACTION STAFF
REQUIRED: FOR DAB'S SIGNATURE ACTION: Draft for DAB's Signature

SENDER'S DUE DATE:
OSTP DUE DATE: 05/14/92 STAFF DUE DATE
DATE COMPLETED: DATE COMPLETED/DEPT: 05/11/92

COPIES TO: D. Allan Bromley

WHITE HOUSE TRACKING #: CONTACT PERSON:
PHONE: EXT:
REMARKS: THIS WAS FORWARDED BY PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE AS BATCH MAIL.
--- DAB Correspondence on File

OSTP RECEIVED: 05/05/92 DEPT RECEIVED: 05/05/92
FILE: P-EOP-PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY

CENTRAL FILES:



"Document Control"

TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY DOCUMENT NUMBER: 9201592
ORIGINATOR: 02 STATUS I DIRECTORATE STATUS

FROM: JONES, David

TO: PRESIDENT BUSH

DATE OF
CORRESPONDENCE: 04/11/92

SUBJECT: HE IS WRITING TO EXPRESS HIS VIEWS ON THE
ADMINISTRATIONS POSITION ON THE UNCED EARTH SUMMIT.

DIRECTORATE STAFF
ASSIGNED: ENVIRONMENT ASSIGNED:

ACTION STAFF
REQUIRED: FOR DAB'S SIGNATURE ACTION:

SENDER'S DUE DATE:
OSTP DUE DATE: 05/14/92 STAFF DUE DATE
DATE COMPLETED: DATE COMPLETED/DEPT:

COPIES TO: D. Allan Bromley

WHITE HOUSE TRACKING #: CONTACT PERSON:
PHONE: EXT:
REMARKS: THIS WAS FORWARDED BY PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE AS BATCH MAIL.

OSTP RECEIVED: 05/05/92 DEPT RECEIVED:
FILE: P-EOP-PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY

CENTRAL FILES:

1592



David R. Jones

Writer — 308 - 30 E. 15th Ave. Vancouver, B.C. Canada V5T 2P4 • (604) 873-2106

RECEIVED

92 MAY 5 A10:45

April 11, 1992

OSTP

OSTP
MAIL ROOM

The President of the United States
The White House
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. President:

I am writing in regard to the upcoming United Nations Conference on Environment and Development scheduled to take place in Rio de Janeiro this June.

It is my wish--and I believe the wish of most Americans--that the United States cease obstructing the setting of specific timetables for the reduction of environmental destruction. If we are to avert a global catastrophe, we must begin immediately to reduce CO₂ and ozone-destroying emissions, and the discharge of toxic chemicals into our air and water.

I believe that stewardship of the environment is your single most important duty as a world leader. While I live in Canada, I retain my American citizenship. Whom I vote for in the next U.S. presidential election will depend largely upon your efforts to make the conference in Rio succeed.

Perhaps you believe that setting and adhering to emissions targets will be too costly for American industry. It will, of course, be very costly. But refusing to set tough reduced emissions targets will be far more costly. Start making this conference work, Mr. President.

in deepest earnest,

David Jones

David Jones

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

May 11, 1992

Dear Mr. Jones:

On behalf of President Bush, thank you for your comments and suggestions about global environmental issues and the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED). The President appreciates your concerns and has asked that I respond to your letter of April 11, 1992 regarding these issues.

The United States, under President Bush's leadership, is aggressively pursuing international efforts to address problems related to climate change, ozone depletion, forests, oceans, biological diversity, and technology cooperation with developing countries. The Administration has put forward specific proposals in various international fora to address each of these questions. More important, the United States is already taking specific steps here at home, through both legislation and administrative action, to begin tackling these problems.

Specifically regarding climate change, you may be pleased to know that the United States has already begun taking actions that will have the effect of reducing net emissions of greenhouse gases. These include:

- * President Bush proposed and signed into law the 1990 Clean Air Act, which will reduce greenhouse gas emissions from the utility sector through restrictions on utility air pollutants;
- * The Bush Administration has proposed, both through the National Energy Strategy and through various regulatory measures, to improve energy efficiency in power generation and transmission, buildings, appliances, lighting, and transportation, which will restrain related carbon dioxide emissions;
- * The President has proposed, through his tree planting initiatives, to increase the acreage and to improve the management of forests, which act as greenhouse gas "sinks";
- * The President has proposed to expand the use of renewable and low-emission fuel sources;

- * Since President Bush took office, he has doubled funding for conservation research and development (R&D) and increased funding for renewable R&D by 69 percent; and
- * The Administration has not only proposed, but the President has signed into law, the phaseout of ozone-depleting compounds that are also greenhouse gases.

Additionally, in February 1992, in response to new scientific evidence, President Bush was the first head of state to commit his country unilaterally to accelerating the date for the complete phaseout of the production of chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs). The President's action moves up the phaseout date of CFCs, which deplete the Earth's ozone layer, to December 31, 1995. Due to a number of previous Administration actions, U.S. production of ozone-depleting substances is already more than 40 percent below levels allowed by the internationally agreed Montreal Protocol. Under the new schedule, the U.S. will eliminate production four years ahead of the current international deadline, thus continuing the record of U.S. leadership in this area extending back to the mid-1970s.

The United States supports a comprehensive approach, addressing all greenhouse gases, not just carbon dioxide, and "sinks," such as forests. Focusing exclusively on carbon dioxide emissions, as some have proposed, is an inadequate response.

The United States has committed \$25 million to assist developing countries in planning to mitigate and/or adapt to climate change. The U.S. has stepped up its own climate action plan, first outlined in February 1991, including actions in such areas as energy efficiency, transportation, reduced emission supply technologies, agriculture, natural resources, and technology R&D. The United States has also committed \$50 million to the core fund of the Global Environment Facility (GEF) and \$150 million in parallel financing through the U.S. Agency for International Development. In addition to addressing global climate change, the GEF also funds projects concerning biodiversity, international waters, and ozone.

The U.S. Global Change Research Program is the world's largest such program and thus provides much of the scientific foundation for international agreements on climate change and ozone depletion. The Bush Administration has invested \$2.6 billion in global change research, far more than any other country, with an additional \$1.3 billion proposed for year 1993 -- over six times the fiscal 1989 level. Research on the scientific and economic aspects

Page 3 - Mr. Jones

of global climate change will enable policy makers to make better judgments about potential impacts and policy actions.

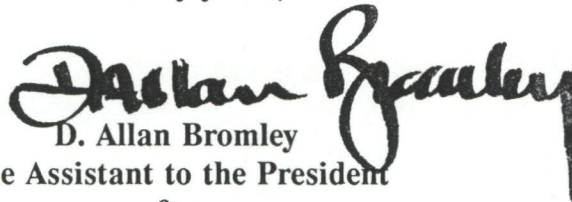
Regarding the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED), scheduled this June in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, President Bush is committed to achieving international agreement on a framework convention on climate change. In addition to a global agreement on climate change, the Bush Administration also hopes UNCED will produce strategies and specific initiatives to improve conservation of forests, oceans, and biological diversity, and to increase technology cooperation with developing countries. You can be sure that the United States will be well represented at the conference.

As we move forward into the 1990s, the United States will continue to address global environmental challenges within a context of expanding economic opportunities for all the world's people. The United States wants concrete, practical results from UNCED -- results that will guide future action on the full range of environmental and developmental issues.

Thank you for taking the time to express your interest on these environmental issues with President Bush. You can be sure that the President will continue working with other nations to obtain global solutions to these challenging issues.

With the President's best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "D. Allan Bromley". The signature is stylized with a large, sweeping "D" and a long, vertical stroke at the end.

D. Allan Bromley
The Assistant to the President
for
Science and Technology

Mr David Jones
308 - 30 East 15th. Avenue
Vancouver, B.C. Canada V5T 2P4

"Document Control"

TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY DOCUMENT NUMBER: 9201231
ORIGINATOR: 02 STATUS I DIRECTORATE STATUS

FROM: EPSTEIN, Sarah G.

TO: PRESIDENT BUSH

DATE OF
CORRESPONDENCE: 04/10/92

SUBJECT: SHE URGES THE PRESIDENT TO ATTEND THE U.N.
CONFERENCE ON THE ENVIRONMENT IN RIO DE JANERIO,
BRAZIL, IN JUNE 1992.

DIRECTORATE STAFF
ASSIGNED: ENVIRONMENT ASSIGNED:

ACTION STAFF
REQUIRED: FOR DAB'S SIGNATURE ACTION:

SENDER'S DUE DATE:
OSTP DUE DATE: 04/15/92 STAFF DUE DATE
DATE COMPLETED: 4/13/92 DATE COMPLETED/DEPT:

COPIES TO: D. Allan Bromley
INTERNATIONAL/POLICY

WHITE HOUSE TRACKING #: CONTACT PERSON:
REMARKS: PHONE: EXT:

OSTP RECEIVED: 04/10/92 DEPT RECEIVED:
FILE: P-EOP-PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY

CENTRAL FILES:



THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE
REFERRAL

RECEIVED
APRIL 10, 1992

TO: OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY

MAIL ROOM

ACTION REQUESTED:

DESCRIPTION OF INCOMING:

ID: 320705

MEDIA: LETTER, DATED APRIL 2, 1992

TO: PRESIDENT BUSH

FROM: MS. SARAH G. EPSTEIN
5620 OREGON AVENUE, N.W.
WASHINGTON DC 20015

SUBJECT: URGES THE PRESIDENT TO ATTEND THE UNITED
NATIONAL CONFERENCE ON THE ENVIROMENT IN
RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL, JUN 92

PROMPT ACTION IS ESSENTIAL -- IF REQUIRED ACTION HAS NOT BEEN
TAKEN WITHIN 9 WORKING DAYS OF RECEIPT, PLEASE TELEPHONE THE
UNDERSIGNED AT 456-7486.

RETURN CORRESPONDENCE, WORKSHEET AND COPY OF RESPONSE
(OR DRAFT) TO:
AGENCY LIAISON, ROOM 91, THE WHITE HOUSE, 20500

SALLY KELLEY
DIRECTOR OF AGENCY LIAISON
PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE

ID# 320705

THE WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

INCOMING

DATE RECEIVED: APRIL 08, 1992

NAME OF CORRESPONDENT: MS. SARAH G. EPSTEIN

SUBJECT: URGES THE PRESIDENT TO ATTEND THE UNITED
NATIONAL CONFERENCE ON THE ENVIROMENT IN
RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL, JUN 92

		ACTION		DISPOSITION	
ROUTE TO: OFFICE/AGENCY	(STAFF NAME)	ACT CODE	DATE YY/MM/DD	TYPE RESP	C COMPLETED D YY/MM/DD
OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY	RL	2-11 ORG	92/04/08	10	92/04/13
REFERRAL NOTE:					
REFERRAL NOTE:					
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REFERRAL NOTE:					

COMMENTS: SEE ID 283030

ADDITIONAL CORRESPONDENTS: MEDIA:L INDIVIDUAL CODES: 2701 4690

MI MAIL USER CODES: (A) (B) (C)

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*ACTION CODES:          *DISPOSITION          *OUTGOING          *
*                      *                      *CORRESPONDENCE:  *
*A-APPROPRIATE ACTION  *A-ANSWERED          *TYPE RESP=INITIALS *
*C-COMMENT/RECOM       *B-NON-SPEC-REFERRAL  *                OF SIGNER *
*D-DRAFT RESPONSE      *C-COMPLETED          *                CODE = A    *
*F-FURNISH FACT SHEET  *S-SUSPENDED          *COMPLETED = DATE OF    *
*I-INFO COPY/NO ACT NEC*                      *                OUTGOING  *
*R-DIRECT REPLY W/COPY *                      *                      *
*S-FOR-SIGNATURE       *                      *                      *
*X-INTERIM REPLY       *                      *                      *
*****

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REFER QUESTIONS AND ROUTING UPDATES TO CENTRAL REFERENCE
(ROOM 75, OEOB) EXT-2590
KEEP THIS WORKSHEET ATTACHED TO THE ORIGINAL INCOMING
LETTER AT ALL TIMES AND SEND COMPLETED RECORD TO RECORDS
MANAGEMENT.

300-100

Sarah G. Epstein
5620 Oregon Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20015

057P

2 April 1992

President George Bush
The White House
Washington, DC 20500

Dear President Bush:

I cannot understand why you are not supporting and planning to attend the United Nations Conference on the Environment in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, this June. Americans consume so much of the world's resources and contribute so much to atmospheric pollution that the United States should show concern for the future and for the health of everyone's children and grandchildren. You could attend the conference and offer true leadership rather than yield to the pressure of short term and short-sighted United States business concerns. The United States should be first in urging and supporting development of solar, water and wind power for long term economic benefit and for better health. The United States should aggressively reduce all kinds of pollution rather than allow any further delay and join European leaders who have already endorsed stricter standards on carbon dioxide emissions. Recycling would alleviate dependence on foreign wood products and oil. The automobile industry should research alternative sources of energy for cars and buses and continue to improve engine design to exceed current mileage. Most Americans would agree with me and support work in this direction.

I am planning to attend the U.N. Conference in Rio as a non-government official at my own expense. I will be saddened and indeed outraged if my country's President is not among the supporting official delegates. Please show the leadership you promised as an "environmental and education president"! Please act now to make the world a more habitable place for the generations to come.

Sincerely,

Sarah G. Epstein

Sarah G. Epstein

SGE:vcs

cc: Mrs. Barbara Bush

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 13, 1992

Dear Ms. Epstein:

On behalf of President Bush, thank you for your comments and suggestions about global environmental issues and the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED). The President appreciates your concerns and has asked that I respond to your letter of April 2, 1992 regarding these issues.

The United States, under President Bush's leadership, is aggressively pursuing international efforts to address problems related to climate change, ozone depletion, forests, oceans, biological diversity, and technology cooperation with developing countries. The Administration has put forward specific proposals in various international fora to address each of these questions. More important, the United States is already taking specific steps here at home, through both legislation and administrative action, to begin tackling these problems.

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- * The Administration has not only proposed, but the President has signed into law, the phaseout of ozone-depleting compounds that are also greenhouse gases.

Additionally, in February 1992, in response to new scientific evidence, President Bush was the first head of state to commit his country unilaterally to accelerating the date for the complete phaseout of the production of chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs). The President's action moves up the phaseout date of CFCs, which deplete the Earth's ozone layer, to December 31, 1995. Due to a number of previous Administration actions, U.S. production of ozone-depleting substances is already more than 40 percent below levels allowed by the internationally agreed Montreal Protocol. Under the new schedule, the U.S. will eliminate production four years ahead of the current international deadline, thus continuing the record of U.S. leadership in this area extending back to the mid-1970s.

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Page 3 - Ms. Epstein

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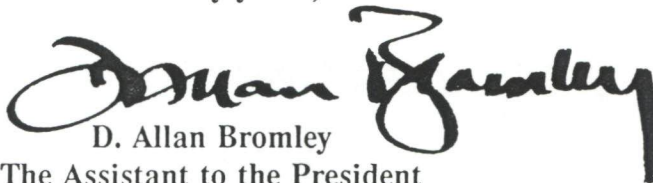
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As we move forward into the 1990s, the United States will continue to address global environmental challenges within a context of expanding economic opportunities for all the world's people. The United States wants concrete, practical results from UNCED -- results that will guide future action on the full range of environmental and developmental issues.

Thank you for taking the time to express your interest on these environmental issues with President Bush. You can be sure that the President will continue working with other nations to obtain global solutions to these challenging issues.

With the President's best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "D. Allan Bromley". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "D." being small and the last name "Bromley" being larger and more prominent.

D. Allan Bromley
The Assistant to the President
for
Science and Technology

Ms. Sarah G. Epstein
5620 Oregon Avenue, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20015

"Document Control"

TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY DOCUMENT NUMBER: 9201228
ORIGINATOR: 02 STATUS I DIRECTORATE STATUS

FROM: LAY, Kenneth L.: ENRON CORPORATION

TO: PRESIDENT BUSH

DATE OF
CORRESPONDENCE: 04/10/92

SUBJECT: HE URGES THE PRESIDENT TO ATTEND THE UPCOMING U.N.
CONFERENCE ON ENVIRONMENT AND DEVELOPMENT IN BRAZIL.

DIRECTORATE STAFF
ASSIGNED: ENVIRONMENT ASSIGNED:

ACTION STAFF
REQUIRED: FOR DAB'S SIGNATURE ACTION:

SENDER'S DUE DATE:
OSTP DUE DATE: 04/15/92 STAFF DUE DATE
DATE COMPLETED: 4/13/92 DATE COMPLETED/DEPT:

COPIES TO: D. Allan Bromley
INTERNATIONAL/POLICY

WHITE HOUSE TRACKING #: CONTACT PERSON:
PHONE: EXT:
REMARKS:

OSTP RECEIVED: 04/10/92 DEPT RECEIVED:
FILE: P-EOP-PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY
CENTRAL FILES:



1228

T H E W H I T E H O U S E O F F I C E
R E F E R R A L

APR 10 1992

TO: OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY

ACTION REQUESTED:

DIRECT REPLY, FURNISH INFO COPY

DESCRIPTION OF INCOMING:

ID: 320455

MEDIA: LETTER, DATED APRIL 3, 1992

TO: PRESIDENT BUSH

FROM: MR. KENNETH L. LAY
CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE
OFFICER
ENRON CORP
POST OFFICE BOX 1188
HOUSTON TX 77251

SUBJECT: URGES THE PRESIDENT TO ATTEND THE UPCOMING
UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE ON ENVIRONMENT AND
DEVELOPMENT, JUN 92, IN BRAZIL

PROMPT ACTION IS ESSENTIAL -- IF REQUIRED ACTION HAS NOT BEEN
TAKEN WITHIN 9 WORKING DAYS OF RECEIPT, PLEASE TELEPHONE THE
UNDERSIGNED AT 456-7486.

RETURN CORRESPONDENCE, WORKSHEET AND COPY OF RESPONSE
(OR DRAFT) TO:
AGENCY LIAISON, ROOM 91, THE WHITE HOUSE, 20500

SALLY KELLEY
DIRECTOR OF AGENCY LIAISON
PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE

THE WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

INCOMING

DATE RECEIVED: APRIL 07, 1992

NAME OF CORRESPONDENT: MR. KENNETH L. LAY

SUBJECT: URGES THE PRESIDENT TO ATTEND THE UPCOMING
UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE ON ENVIRONMENT AND
DEVELOPMENT, JUN 92, IN BRAZIL

ROUTE TO: OFFICE/AGENCY (STAFF NAME)		ACTION ACT CODE	DATE YY/MM/DD	TYPE RESP	C D	COMPLETED YY/MM/DD
OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY	RL	ORG	92/04/07	10		92/04/13
C. BOYDEN GRAY		RSI	92/04/07		C	92/04/07
REFERRAL NOTE:						
REFERRAL NOTE:						
REFERRAL NOTE:						
REFERRAL NOTE:						
REFERRAL NOTE:						

COMMENTS: SEE ID 320118
CC5, "KEN"

ADDITIONAL CORRESPONDENTS: MEDIA:L INDIVIDUAL CODES: 4690 _____
MI MAIL USER CODES: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

*ACTION CODES: *DISPOSITION *OUTGOING *
* * * * *
*A-APPROPRIATE ACTION *A-ANSWERED *TYPE RESP=INITIALS *
*C-COMMENT/RECOM *B-NON-SPEC-REFERRAL * OF SIGNER *
*D-DRAFT RESPONSE *C-COMPLETED * CODE = A *
*F-FURNISH FACT SHEET *S-SUSPENDED *COMPLETED = DATE OF *
I-INFO COPY/NO ACT NEC * OUTGOING *
*R-DIRECT REPLY W/COPY * * *
*S-FOR-SIGNATURE * * *
*X-INTERIM REPLY * * *

REFER QUESTIONS AND ROUTING UPDATES TO CENTRAL REFERENCE
(ROOM 75, OEOP) EXT-2590
KEEP THIS WORKSHEET ATTACHED TO THE ORIGINAL INCOMING
LETTER AT ALL TIMES AND SEND COMPLETED RECORD TO RECORDS
MANAGEMENT.

see JD 320116

320455

1/2 TFB
07 CB
cc

ENRON CORP

Kenneth L. Lay
Chairman and
Chief Executive Officer

P. O. Box 1188
Houston, Texas 77251-1188
(713) 853-6773

April 3, 1992

The Honorable George W. Bush
The President
The White House
17th & Pennsylvania Ave., NW
Washington, DC 20501

Dear Mr. President:

I apologize for writing you so often. But there is another issue currently pending before you about which I feel strongly.

I am writing to urge you to attend the upcoming United Nations Conference on Environment and Development scheduled for early June in Brazil and to support the concept of establishing a reasonable, non-binding, stabilization level of carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gas emissions.

This stabilization level should serve as a useful public policy guide, not a policy mandate. Moreover, I believe a market-based policy approach is the most cost effective and environmentally beneficial method to achieve greenhouse gas stabilization.

The demagoguery on both sides of this issue has been extraordinarily fierce. Frankly, I do not believe the oceans will boil in a few years if we don't address greenhouse gas emissions, but I also do not believe the U.S. will suffer from economic ruin if prudent steps are taken to reduce CO₂ emissions in order to protect the global environment. In fact, if pursued through market-based policies, a reduction in greenhouse gases should result in a cleaner environment, cheaper electricity and more American jobs.

Among other industries, I am convinced that America's hard-pressed domestic natural gas industry would benefit substantially from a market-based approach to reducing CO₂ emissions. Natural gas is our cleanest fossil fuel and through its increased use in electric power generation could play a major role in reducing CO₂ emissions and delivering lower electricity prices to consumers.

The Honorable George W. Bush
April 3, 1992
Page Two

For example, as compared to a new coal-fired power plant, a natural gas-fired power plant reduces carbon dioxide emissions by 58 percent (the principal greenhouse gas), produces virtually zero sulfur dioxide emissions (the main cause of acid rain), and cuts nitrogen oxides by 80 percent (one of the main contributors to smog). Of course, a gas-fired plant does not produce any solid waste -- ash or sludge.

Natural gas electric power generation is not only cleaner, it is cheaper -- at least 30 percent less costly than coal-fired electricity generation over the life of the plant using long-term natural gas prices currently offered by Enron and others. Natural gas power plants have also prove to be significantly more reliable than coal or nuclear plants.

In addition to the opportunities for CO₂ reductions in the electric power industry, encouraging greater reliance on natural gas in homes, industry and vehicles and thus displacing foreign oil can reduce CO₂ emissions by 30 percent in each substitution and create American jobs. Displacing just 100,000 barrels of oil per day with domestic natural gas would create approximately 16,000 new American jobs, stimulate \$400 million of new investment in our economy and reduce our trade deficit by \$750 million. I personally believe natural gas could displace several hundred thousand barrels per day of oil over the next few years, and perhaps much more.

Finally, in connection with complying with the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, some states are imposing mandates and providing tax incentives to preserve coal's dominance, regardless of cost, as an electricity generating fuel. Even though gas-fired or gas co-fired generation is the lower cost and cleaner option in many cases, some are practicing an "Illinois First" or "Ohio First" policy by protecting an increasingly less favorable power generation technology. This is troubling because the victims of this protectionism, as always, are the consumers. The increased costs to consumers will continue to mount as electric utilities are induced to increase their investment in high carbon emitting equipment. Some limits on CO₂ emissions would require these states to carefully review these unsound and costly policies and, hopefully, result in more efficient solutions for our economy.

In summary, I urge you to provide leadership on this important global environmental issue. Not only will many U. S. industries benefit from measures to reduce greenhouse gas emissions, including the natural gas industry, but with the appropriate market-based

The Honorable George W. Bush
April 3, 1992
Page Three

policies, these measures will result in a cleaner environment,
cheaper electricity, more American jobs and a reduced trade deficit.

Sincerely,

KW

rtf455

cc: Mr. Clayton Yeutter
Mr. C. Boyden Gray

SEARCH - QUERY
00003 KENNETH WITH LAY

320118 DOCUMENT= 1 OF 51

OPID TR
DOCDATE 920330
RECTYP IBA
MEDIA L
STAFF PRESIDENT BUSH
 PRBUSH
NAME MR. KENNETH L. LAY
TITLE CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE
 OFFICER
ORG ENRON CORPORATION
STREET POST OFFICE BOX 1188
ADDR HOUSTON TX 77251
SUBJECT FORWARDS A COPY OF A WHITE PAPER ENTITLED,
 "LEBAL BASIS FOR EMISSION TRADING BETWEEN
 STATIONARY AND MOBILE SOURCES"

INDCODE 4900
RPTCODE MI
ACTION CUGRAY ORG 920406
COMMENTS ENCLOSURES
I0607 * End of document.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 13, 1992

Dear Mr. Lay:

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Specifically regarding climate change, you may be pleased to know that the United States has already begun taking actions that will have the effect of reducing net emissions of greenhouse gases. These include:

- * President Bush proposed and signed into law the 1990 Clean Air Act, which will reduce greenhouse gas emissions from the utility sector through restrictions on utility air pollutants;
- * The Bush Administration has proposed, both through the National Energy Strategy and through various regulatory measures, to improve energy efficiency in power generation and transmission, buildings, appliances, lighting, and transportation, which will restrain related carbon dioxide emissions;
- * The President has proposed, through his tree planting initiatives, to increase the acreage and to improve the management of forests, which act as greenhouse gas "sinks";
- * The President has proposed to expand the use of renewable and low-emission fuel sources;

- * Since President Bush took office, he has doubled funding for conservation research and development (R&D) and increased funding for renewable R&D by 69 percent; and
- * The Administration has not only proposed, but the President has signed into law, the phaseout of ozone-depleting compounds that are also greenhouse gases.

Additionally, in February 1992, in response to new scientific evidence, President Bush was the first head of state to commit his country unilaterally to accelerating the date for the complete phaseout of the production of chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs). The President's action moves up the phaseout date of CFCs, which deplete the Earth's ozone layer, to December 31, 1995. Due to a number of previous Administration actions, U.S. production of ozone-depleting substances is already more than 40 percent below levels allowed by the internationally agreed Montreal Protocol. Under the new schedule, the U.S. will eliminate production four years ahead of the current international deadline, thus continuing the record of U.S. leadership in this area extending back to the mid-1970s.

The United States supports a comprehensive approach, addressing all greenhouse gases, not just carbon dioxide, and "sinks," such as forests. Focusing exclusively on carbon dioxide emissions, as some have proposed, is an inadequate response.

The United States has committed \$25 million to assist developing countries in planning to mitigate and/or adapt to climate change. The U.S. has stepped up its own climate action plan, first outlined in February 1991, including actions in such areas as energy efficiency, transportation, reduced emission supply technologies, agriculture, natural resources, and technology R&D. The United States has also committed \$50 million to the core fund of the Global Environment Facility (GEF) and \$150 million in parallel financing through the U.S. Agency for International Development. In addition to addressing global climate change, the GEF also funds projects concerning biodiversity, international waters, and ozone.

The U.S. Global Change Research Program is the world's largest such program and thus provides much of the scientific foundation for international agreements on climate change and ozone depletion. The Bush Administration has invested \$2.6 billion in global change research, far more than any other country, with an additional \$1.3 billion proposed for fiscal 1993 -- over six times the fiscal 1989 level. Research on the scientific and economic aspects

Page 3 - Mr. Lay

of global climate change will enable policy makers to make better judgments about potential impacts and policy actions.

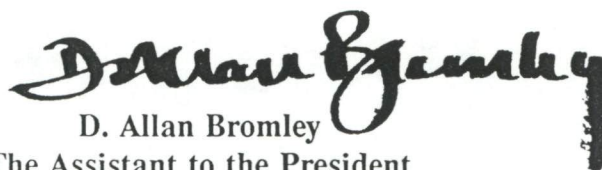
Regarding the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED), scheduled this June in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, President Bush is committed to achieving international agreement on a framework convention on climate change. In addition to a global agreement on climate change, the Bush Administration also hopes UNCED will produce strategies and specific initiatives to improve conservation of forests, oceans, and biological diversity, and to increase technology cooperation with developing countries. You can be sure that the United States will be well represented at the conference.

As we move forward into the 1990s, the United States will continue to address global environmental challenges within a context of expanding economic opportunities for all the world's people. The United States wants concrete, practical results from UNCED -- results that will guide future action on the full range of environmental and developmental issues.

Thank you for taking the time to express your interest on these environmental issues with President Bush. You can be sure that the President will continue working with other nations to obtain global solutions to these challenging issues.

With the President's best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "D. Allan Bromley", written in a cursive style.

D. Allan Bromley
The Assistant to the President
for
Science and Technology

Mr. Kenneth L. Lay
Chairman, Enron Corporation
P.O. Box 1188
Houston, Texas 77251-1188

"Document Control"

TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY DOCUMENT NUMBER: 9201233
ORIGINATOR: 02 STATUS I DIRECTORATE STATUS C

FROM: McKELLAR, Robert H.: OREGON FOREST PRODUCTS

TO: PRESIDENT BUSH

DATE OF
CORRESPONDENCE: 04/10/92

SUBJECT: HE URGES THE PRESIDENT NOT TO ATTEND THE EARTH
SUMMIT IN RIO DE JANEIRO IN JUNE 1992, IN ORDER TO
TAKE CARE OF DOMESTIC PROBLEMS AT HOME.

DIRECTORATE STAFF
ASSIGNED: ENVIRONMENT ASSIGNED: Nancy Maynard

ACTION STAFF
REQUIRED: FOR DAB'S SIGNATURE ACTION: Draft for DAB's signature

SENDER'S DUE DATE:
OSTP DUE DATE: 04/15/92 STAFF DUE DATE
DATE COMPLETED: DATE COMPLETED/DEPT:

COPIES TO: D. Allan Bromley
INTERNATIONAL/POLICY

WHITE HOUSE TRACKING #: CONTACT PERSON:
PHONE: EXT:
REMARKS:

OSTP RECEIVED: 04/10/92 DEPT RECEIVED:
FILE: P-EOP-PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY

CENTRAL FILES:



1233

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

REFERRAL

RECEIVED

APRIL 10, 1992 9:42
92 APR 10

TO: OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY

OSTP
MAIL ROOM

ACTION REQUESTED:

DIRECT REPLY, FURNISH INFO COPY

DESCRIPTION OF INCOMING:

ID: 320736

MEDIA: LETTER, DATED APRIL 1, 1992

TO: PRESIDENT BUSH

FROM: MR. ROBERT H. MCKELLAR
PRESIDENT
OREGON FOREST PRODUCTS
TRANSPORTATION ASSOCIATION
POST OFFICE BOX 2167
SALEM OR 97308

SUBJECT: URGES THE PRESIDENT NOT TO ATTEND THE EARTH
SUMMIT IN RIO DE JANEIRO, JUN 92, IN ORDER
TO TAKE CARE OF DOMESTIC PROBLEMS AT HOME

PROMPT ACTION IS ESSENTIAL -- IF REQUIRED ACTION HAS NOT BEEN
TAKEN WITHIN 9 WORKING DAYS OF RECEIPT, PLEASE TELEPHONE THE
UNDERSIGNED AT 456-7486.

RETURN CORRESPONDENCE, WORKSHEET AND COPY OF RESPONSE
(OR DRAFT) TO:
AGENCY LIAISON, ROOM 91, THE WHITE HOUSE, 20500

SALLY KELLEY
DIRECTOR OF AGENCY LIAISON
PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE

THE WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

INCOMING

DATE RECEIVED: APRIL 08, 1992

NAME OF CORRESPONDENT: MR. ROBERT H. MCKELLAR

SUBJECT: URGES THE PRESIDENT NOT TO ATTEND THE EARTH
SUMMIT IN RIO DE JANEIRO, JUN 92, IN ORDER
TO TAKE CARE OF DOMESTIC PROBLEMS AT HOME

ROUTE TO: OFFICE/AGENCY		(STAFF NAME)	ACTION ACT CODE	DATE YY/MM/DD	TYPE RESP	C D	COMPLETED YY/MM/DD
✓	OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY		RL	92/04/08	10		
REFERRAL NOTE:							
REFERRAL NOTE:							
REFERRAL NOTE:							
REFERRAL NOTE:							
REFERRAL NOTE:							

COMMENTS:

ADDITIONAL CORRESPONDENTS: MEDIA:L INDIVIDUAL CODES: 4900 4200 _____

MI MAIL USER CODES: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

*ACTION CODES:	*DISPOSITION	*OUTGOING	*
*	*	*CORRESPONDENCE:	*
*A-APPROPRIATE ACTION	*A-ANSWERED	*TYPE RESP=INITIALS	*
*C-COMMENT/RECOM	*B-NON-SPEC-REFERRAL	*OF SIGNER	*
*D-DRAFT RESPONSE	*C-COMPLETED	*CODE = A	*
*F-FURNISH FACT SHEET	*S-SUSPENDED	*COMPLETED = DATE OF	*
I-INFO COPY/NO ACT NEC		*OUTGOING	*
*R-DIRECT REPLY W/COPY *			*
*S-FOR-SIGNATURE			*
*X-INTERIM REPLY			*

REFER QUESTIONS AND ROUTING UPDATES TO CENTRAL REFERENCE
(ROOM 75, OEOb) EXT-2590
KEEP THIS WORKSHEET ATTACHED TO THE ORIGINAL INCOMING
LETTER AT ALL TIMES AND SEND COMPLETED RECORD TO RECORDS
MANAGEMENT.



OSTP

320736

Oregon Forest Products Transportation Association

2985 River Road South • P.O. Box 2167 • Salem, Oregon 97308 • (503) 364-5168

April 1, 1992

President George Bush
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Good Morning!

Mr. President: We want you to stay home and take care of our problems rather than go to Rio de Janeiro for the so-call Earth Summit in June.

By staying home you will accomplish two things:

1. You'll send a message that you are tough-minded and will deal fairly with domestic environmental issues.
2. You will not add fuel to the growing chorus of people who say you are only interested in foreign problems not our problems, including loss of jobs here at home.

This Association represents the folks who haul forest products in Oregon - there are 6,700 forest products trucking firms here.

Cordially,

OREGON FOREST PRODUCTS TRANSPORTATION ASSOCIATION

Robert H. McKellar
President

RHM/lmm

cc: Chairman of the Board
File 10-4
MI

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 21, 1992

Dear Mr. McKellar:

On behalf of President Bush, thank you for your suggestion regarding his attendance at the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED) in Rio de Janeiro. The President appreciates your concerns and has asked that I respond to your letter of April 1, 1992 regarding these issues.

Since you have been kind enough to take the time to express your interest on UNCED, I would like to provide you with a summary of the President's overall approach to global environmental issues for your reference.

The United States, under President Bush's leadership, is aggressively pursuing international efforts to address problems related to climate change, ozone depletion, forests, oceans, biological diversity, and technology cooperation with developing countries. The Administration has put forward specific proposals in various international fora to address each of these questions. More important, the United States is already taking specific steps here at home, through both legislation and administrative action, to begin tackling these problems.

Specifically regarding climate change, you may be pleased to know that the United States has already begun taking actions that will have the effect of reducing net emissions of greenhouse gases. These include:

- * President Bush proposed and signed into law the 1990 Clean Air Act, which will reduce greenhouse gas emissions from the utility sector through restrictions on utility air pollutants;
- * The Bush Administration has proposed, both through the National Energy Strategy and through various regulatory measures, to improve energy efficiency in power generation and transmission, buildings, appliances, lighting, and transportation, which will restrain related carbon dioxide emissions;
- * The President has proposed, through his tree planting initiatives, to increase the acreage and to improve the management of forests, which act as greenhouse gas "sinks";

- * The President has proposed to expand the use of renewable and low-emission fuel sources;
- * Since President Bush took office, he has doubled funding for conservation research and development (R&D) and increased funding for renewable R&D by 69 percent; and
- * The Administration has not only proposed, but the President has signed into law, the phaseout of ozone-depleting compounds that are also greenhouse gases.

Additionally, in February 1992, in response to new scientific evidence, President Bush was the first head of state to commit his country unilaterally to accelerating the date for the complete phaseout of the production of chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs). The President's action moves up the phaseout date of CFCs, which deplete the Earth's ozone layer, to December 31, 1995. Due to a number of previous Administration actions, U.S. production of ozone-depleting substances is already more than 40 percent below levels allowed by the internationally agreed Montreal Protocol. Under the new schedule, the U.S. will eliminate production four years ahead of the current international deadline, thus continuing the record of U.S. leadership in this area extending back to the mid-1970s.

The United States supports a comprehensive approach, addressing all greenhouse gases, not just carbon dioxide, and "sinks," such as forests. Focusing exclusively on carbon dioxide emissions, as some have proposed, is an inadequate response.

The United States has committed \$25 million to assist developing countries in planning to mitigate and/or adapt to climate change. The U.S. has stepped up its own climate action plan, first outlined in February 1991, including actions in such areas as energy efficiency, transportation, reduced emission supply technologies, agriculture, natural resources, and technology R&D. The United States has also committed \$50 million to the core fund of the Global Environment Facility (GEF) and \$150 million in parallel financing through the U.S. Agency for International Development. In addition to addressing global climate change, the GEF also funds projects concerning biodiversity, international waters, and ozone.

The U.S. Global Change Research Program is the world's largest such program and thus provides much of the scientific foundation for international agreements on climate change and ozone depletion. The Bush Administration has invested \$2.6 billion in global change research, far more than any other

Page 3 - Mr. McKellar

country, with an additional \$1.3 billion proposed for fiscal 1993 -- over six times the fiscal 1989 level. Research on the scientific and economic aspects of global climate change will enable policy makers to make better judgments about potential impacts and policy actions.

Regarding the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED), scheduled this June in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, President Bush is committed to achieving international agreement on a framework convention on climate change. In addition to a global agreement on climate change, the Bush Administration also hopes UNCED will produce strategies and specific initiatives to improve conservation of forests, oceans, and biological diversity, and to increase technology cooperation with developing countries. You can be sure that the United States will be well represented at the conference.

As we move forward into the 1990s, the United States will continue to address global environmental challenges within a context of expanding economic opportunities for all the world's people. The United States wants concrete, practical results from UNCED -- results that will guide future action on the full range of environmental and developmental issues.

Thank you for taking the time to express your interest on these environmental issues with President Bush. You can be sure that the President will continue working with other nations to obtain global solutions to these challenging issues.

With the President's best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "D. Allan Bromley". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "D. Allan" and last name "Bromley" clearly distinguishable.

D. Allan Bromley
The Assistant to the President
for
Science and Technology

Mr. Robert H. McKellar
President
Oregon Forest Products Transportation Association
2985 River Road South P.O. Box 2167
Salem, Oregon 97308

"Document Control"

TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY DOCUMENT NUMBER: 9201230
ORIGINATOR: 02 STATUS I DIRECTORATE STATUS

FROM: SWING, William E.: BISHOP, EPISCOPAL DIOCESE OF CALIFORNIA

TO: PRESIDENT BUSH

DATE OF
CORRESPONDENCE: 04/10/92

SUBJECT: HE URGES THE PRESIDENT TO ATTEND THE INTERNATIONAL
ENVIRONMENT MEETING TO BE HELD IN RIO DE JANEIRO,
BRAZIL, JUNE 1992.

DIRECTORATE STAFF
ASSIGNED: ENVIRONMENT ASSIGNED:

ACTION STAFF
REQUIRED: FOR DAB'S SIGNATURE ACTION:

SENDER'S DUE DATE:
OSTP DUE DATE: 04/15/92 STAFF DUE DATE
DATE COMPLETED: DATE COMPLETED/DEPT:

COPIES TO: D. Allan Bromley
INTERNATIONAL/POLICY

WHITE HOUSE TRACKING #: CONTACT PERSON:
REMARKS: PHONE: EXT:

OSTP RECEIVED: 04/10/92 DEPT RECEIVED:
FILE: P-EOP-PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY

CENTRAL FILES:



THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

REFERRAL

RECEIVED

APRIL 10, 1992 9:42

TO: OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY

MAIL ROOM

ACTION REQUESTED:

DIRECT REPLY, FURNISH INFO COPY

DESCRIPTION OF INCOMING:

ID: 320719

MEDIA: LETTER, DATED MARCH 31, 1992

TO: PRESIDENT BUSH

FROM: RIGHT REVEREND WILLIAM E. SWING
BISHOP OF CALIFORNIA
THE EPISCOPAL DIOCESE OF CALIFORNIA
1055 TAYLOR STREET
SAN FRANCISCO CA 94108

SUBJECT: URGES THE PRESIDENT TO ATTEND THE
INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENT MEETING TO BE
HELD IN RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL, JUN 92

PROMPT ACTION IS ESSENTIAL -- IF REQUIRED ACTION HAS NOT BEEN
TAKEN WITHIN 9 WORKING DAYS OF RECEIPT, PLEASE TELEPHONE THE
UNDERSIGNED AT 456-7486.

RETURN CORRESPONDENCE, WORKSHEET AND COPY OF RESPONSE
(OR DRAFT) TO:
AGENCY LIAISON, ROOM 91, THE WHITE HOUSE, 20500

SALLY KELLEY
DIRECTOR OF AGENCY LIAISON
PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE

THE WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

INCOMING

DATE RECEIVED: APRIL 08, 1992

NAME OF CORRESPONDENT: RIGHT REVEREND WILLIAM E. SWING

SUBJECT: URGES THE PRESIDENT TO ATTEND THE
INTERNATIONAL ENVIRONMENT MEETING TO BE
HELD IN RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL, JUN 92

ROUTE TO: OFFICE/AGENCY	(STAFF NAME)	ACTION ACT CODE	DATE YY/MM/DD	TYPE RESP	DISPOSITION C COMPLETED D YY/MM/DD
✓ OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	RL	PAC ORG	92/04/08	10	92/04/13
REFERRAL NOTE:					
REFERRAL NOTE:					
REFERRAL NOTE:					
REFERRAL NOTE:					
REFERRAL NOTE:					

COMMENTS:

ADDITIONAL CORRESPONDENTS: MEDIA:L INDIVIDUAL CODES: 4500 _____

MI MAIL USER CODES: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

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*ACTION CODES:          *DISPOSITION          *OUTGOING          *
*                      *                      *CORRESPONDENCE:   *
*A-APPROPRIATE ACTION  *A-ANSWERED          *TYPE RESP=INITIALS *
*C-COMMENT/RECOM       *B-NON-SPEC-REFERRAL *                OF SIGNER *
*D-DRAFT RESPONSE      *C-COMPLETED        *                CODE = A   *
*F-FURNISH FACT SHEET  *S-SUSPENDED        *COMPLETED = DATE OF    *
*I-INFO COPY/NO ACT NEC*                      *                OUTGOING  *
*R-DIRECT REPLY W/COPY *                      *                      *
*S-FOR-SIGNATURE       *                      *                      *
*X-INTERIM REPLY       *                      *                      *
*****

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REFER QUESTIONS AND ROUTING UPDATES TO CENTRAL REFERENCE
(ROOM 75, OEOb) EXT-2590
KEEP THIS WORKSHEET ATTACHED TO THE ORIGINAL INCOMING
LETTER AT ALL TIMES AND SEND COMPLETED RECORD TO RECORDS
MANAGEMENT.

520719

The Episcopal Diocese of California

1055 Taylor St.
San Francisco, CA 94108
tel. (415) 673-3362

OSTP

the Rt. Rev. William E. Swing
Bishop of California
tel. (415) 673-0606

March 31, 1992

The Hon. George Bush
The President of the United States
The White House
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. President,

I am writing to urge you to join with the other major leaders of the world in the International Environmental meeting planned for Rio de Janeiro in June. There is so much at stake in terms of our stewardship of God's earth in this meeting, and as a churchman and a worshipper of God I hope that your faith and your sense of service to God's people, which I know you have, might be put to the good purposes of global environmental concerns.

Wishing you well in your personal life and in your ultimate service to the ultimate purposes of God in this world.

Faithfully in Christ,

+ William E. Swing

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 13, 1992

Dear Right Reverend Swing:

On behalf of President Bush, thank you for your comments and suggestions about global environmental issues and the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED). The President appreciates your concerns and has asked that I respond to your letter of March 31, 1992 regarding these issues.

The United States, under President Bush's leadership, is aggressively pursuing international efforts to address problems related to climate change, ozone depletion, forests, oceans, biological diversity, and technology cooperation with developing countries. The Administration has put forward specific proposals in various international fora to address each of these questions. More important, the United States is already taking specific steps here at home, through both legislation and administrative action, to begin tackling these problems.

Specifically regarding climate change, you may be pleased to know that the United States has already begun taking actions that will have the effect of reducing net emissions of greenhouse gases. These include:

- * President Bush proposed and signed into law the 1990 Clean Air Act, which will reduce greenhouse gas emissions from the utility sector through restrictions on utility air pollutants;
- * The Bush Administration has proposed, both through the National Energy Strategy and through various regulatory measures, to improve energy efficiency in power generation and transmission, buildings, appliances, lighting, and transportation, which will restrain related carbon dioxide emissions;
- * The President has proposed, through his tree planting initiatives, to increase the acreage and to improve the management of forests, which act as greenhouse gas "sinks";
- * The President has proposed to expand the use of renewable and low-emission fuel sources;

- * Since President Bush took office, he has doubled funding for conservation research and development (R&D) and increased funding for renewable R&D by 69 percent; and
- * The Administration has not only proposed, but the President has signed into law, the phaseout of ozone-depleting compounds that are also greenhouse gases.

Additionally, in February 1992, in response to new scientific evidence, President Bush was the first head of state to commit his country unilaterally to accelerating the date for the complete phaseout of the production of chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs). The President's action moves up the phaseout date of CFCs, which deplete the Earth's ozone layer, to December 31, 1995. Due to a number of previous Administration actions, U.S. production of ozone-depleting substances is already more than 40 percent below levels allowed by the internationally agreed Montreal Protocol. Under the new schedule, the U.S. will eliminate production four years ahead of the current international deadline, thus continuing the record of U.S. leadership in this area extending back to the mid-1970s.

The United States supports a comprehensive approach, addressing all greenhouse gases, not just carbon dioxide, and "sinks," such as forests. Focusing exclusively on carbon dioxide emissions, as some have proposed, is an inadequate response.

The United States has committed \$25 million to assist developing countries in planning to mitigate and/or adapt to climate change. The U.S. has stepped up its own climate action plan, first outlined in February 1991, including actions in such areas as energy efficiency, transportation, reduced emission supply technologies, agriculture, natural resources, and technology R&D. The United States has also committed \$50 million to the core fund of the Global Environment Facility (GEF) and \$150 million in parallel financing through the U.S. Agency for International Development. In addition to addressing global climate change, the GEF also funds projects concerning biodiversity, international waters, and ozone.

The U.S. Global Change Research Program is the world's largest such program and thus provides much of the scientific foundation for international agreements on climate change and ozone depletion. The Bush Administration has invested \$2.6 billion in global change research, far more than any other country, with an additional \$1.3 billion proposed for fiscal 1993 -- over six times the fiscal 1989 level. Research on the scientific and economic aspects

Page 3 - Right Reverend Swing

of global climate change will enable policy makers to make better judgments about potential impacts and policy actions.

Regarding the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED), scheduled this June in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, President Bush is committed to achieving international agreement on a framework convention on climate change. In addition to a global agreement on climate change, the Bush Administration also hopes UNCED will produce strategies and specific initiatives to improve conservation of forests, oceans, and biological diversity, and to increase technology cooperation with developing countries. You can be sure that the United States will be well represented at the conference.

As we move forward into the 1990s, the United States will continue to address global environmental challenges within a context of expanding economic opportunities for all the world's people. The United States wants concrete, practical results from UNCED -- results that will guide future action on the full range of environmental and developmental issues.

Thank you for taking the time to express your interest on these environmental issues with President Bush. You can be sure that the President will continue working with other nations to obtain global solutions to these challenging issues.

With the President's best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "D. Allan Bromley". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style with a large, prominent "D" and "B".

D. Allan Bromley
The Assistant to the President
for
Science and Technology

Right Reverend William E. Swing
Bishop of California
The Episcopal Diocese of California
1055 Taylor Street
San Francisco, California 94108

"Document Control"

TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY DOCUMENT NUMBER: 9201846
ORIGINATOR: 05 STATUS DIRECTORATE STATUS C

FROM: Wiege, Emil: West Plains Electric Cooperative, Inc.

TO: President Bush

DATE OF
CORRESPONDENCE: 04/10/92

SUBJECT: Writing in Support of President Bush's "No Regrets
Policy"

DIRECTORATE STAFF
ASSIGNED: ASSIGNED: Nancy Maynard

ACTION STAFF
REQUIRED: ACTION: Draft for DAB's Signature

SENDER'S DUE DATE: 04/24/92
OSTP DUE DATE: STAFF DUE DATE
DATE COMPLETED: DATE COMPLETED/DEPT: 04/23/92 *mailed*

COPIES TO:

WHITE HOUSE TRACKING #: CONTACT PERSON:
REMARKS: DAB Correspondence on File PHONE: EXT:

OSTP RECEIVED: DEPT RECEIVED: 04/15/92
FILE: P-EOP-PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY
CENTRAL FILES:



9201846

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 23, 1992

Dear Mr. Wiege:

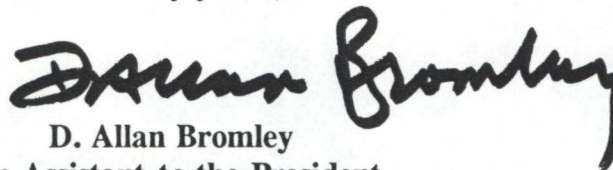
On behalf of President Bush, thank you for your very kind comments on US activities related to the Intergovernmental Negotiating Committee (INC) on a framework convention on climate change. The President appreciates your support and has asked that I respond to your letter of April 10, 1992 regarding this issue.

The President strongly believes that US policies in this area must be based on the most solid scientific and economic information base available. The US Global Change Research Program is the world's largest such program and thus provides much of the scientific foundation for international agreements on climate change and ozone depletion. In fact, the Bush Administration has invested \$2.6 billion in global change research to date, with an additional \$1.3 billion proposed for fiscal 1993. Research on the scientific and economic aspects of global climate change will enable policy makers to make better judgements about potential impacts and policy actions.

Thank you for taking the time to express your interest on this issue and we appreciate your support.

With the President's best wishes,

Sincerely yours,



D. Allan Bromley
The Assistant to the President
for
Science and Technology

Mr. Emil Wiege
General Manager
West Plains Electric Cooperative, Inc.
P.O. Box 1038
Dickinson, North Dakota 58602-1038

11
West Plains Electric Cooperative Incorporated

P.O. BOX 1038

PHONE 701-225-5111

DICKINSON, NORTH DAKOTA 58602-1038

OSTP/Nancy
Maynard

April 10, 1992

The President
The White House
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. President:

As a Rural Electric Cooperative serving nearly 5,600 consumers in western North Dakota, the Board of Directors passed the enclosed resolution in support of the "No Regrets Policy".

We extend to you and the US delegation success in these very important issues.

Sincerely yours,

Emil Wiege
Emil Wiege
General Manager

EW/jk

Enclosure

*Obtained from
OSTP/Nancy Maynard
4/10/92*

Upon motion by Ervin Binstock, seconded by Robert Schmalenberger, and unanimously carried, it was:

RESOLVED, that West Plains Electric Cooperative, Inc. hereby supports President Bush's "no regrets" policy on the issue of global warming; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the management of the Cooperative is authorized to convey the position of the Cooperative on global warming to appropriate officials in government and individuals in industry.

"Document Control"

TYPE: Presidential priority DOCUMENT NUMBER: 9201461
ORIGINATOR: 05 STATUS DIRECTORATE STATUS C

FROM: The Honorable Richard L. Leshner

TO: President Bush

DATE OF
CORRESPONDENCE: 04/09/92

SUBJECT: Urges the President not to attend the UNCED
conference

DIRECTORATE STAFF
ASSIGNED: ASSIGNED: Nancy Maynard

ACTION STAFF
REQUIRED: ACTION: Draft for DAB's signature

SENDER'S DUE DATE:
OSTP DUE DATE: STAFF DUE DATE
DATE COMPLETED: DATE COMPLETED/DEPT: 04/20/92

COPIES TO:

WHITE HOUSE TRACKING #: CONTACT PERSON:
PHONE: EXT:
REMARKS:

OSTP RECEIVED: DEPT RECEIVED:
FILE: P-EOP-PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY
CENTRAL FILES:



THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

REFERRAL

APRIL 14, 1992

TO: OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY

ACTION REQUESTED:

DIRECT REPLY, FURNISH INFO COPY

DESCRIPTION OF INCOMING:

ID: 321236

MEDIA: LETTER, DATED APRIL 9, 1992

TO: PRESIDENT BUSH

FROM: THE HONORABLE RICHARD L. LESHER
PRESIDENT
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OF THE UNITED
STATES OF AMERICA
1615 H STREET, NW.
WASHINGTON DC 20062

SUBJECT: URGES THE PRESIDENT NOT TO ATTEND THE UNITED
NATIONS CONFERENCE ON ENVIRONMENT AND
DEVELOPMENT IN RIO DE JANEIRO, JUN 92

PROMPT ACTION IS ESSENTIAL -- IF REQUIRED ACTION HAS NOT BEEN
TAKEN WITHIN 9 WORKING DAYS OF RECEIPT, PLEASE TELEPHONE THE
UNDERSIGNED AT 456-7486.

RETURN CORRESPONDENCE, WORKSHEET AND COPY OF RESPONSE
(OR DRAFT) TO:
AGENCY LIAISON, ROOM 91, THE WHITE HOUSE, 20500

SALLY KELLEY
DIRECTOR OF AGENCY LIAISON
PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE

THE WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

INCOMING

DATE RECEIVED: APRIL 10, 1992

NAME OF CORRESPONDENT: THE HONORABLE RICHARD L. LESHER

SUBJECT: URGES THE PRESIDENT NOT TO ATTEND THE UNITED
NATIONS CONFERENCE ON ENVIRONMENT AND
DEVELOPMENT IN RIO DE JANEIRO, JUN 92

ROUTE TO: OFFICE/AGENCY (STAFF NAME)		ACTION		DISPOSITION	
		ACT CODE	DATE YY/MM/DD	TYPE RESP	C COMPLETED D YY/MM/DD
✓ OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	RL	ORG	92/04/10	14	___/___/___
REFERRAL NOTE: _____		___	___/___/___	___	___/___/___
REFERRAL NOTE: _____		___	___/___/___	___	___/___/___
REFERRAL NOTE: _____		___	___/___/___	___	___/___/___
REFERRAL NOTE: _____		___	___/___/___	___	___/___/___
REFERRAL NOTE: _____		___	___/___/___	___	___/___/___

COMMENTS: _____

ADDITIONAL CORRESPONDENTS: MEDIA:L INDIVIDUAL CODES: 4900 4200 _____

MI MAIL USER CODES: (A) _____ (B) _____ (C) _____

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*ACTION CODES:          *DISPOSITION          *OUTGOING          *
*                      *                      *CORRESPONDENCE:   *
*A-APPROPRIATE ACTION  *A-ANSWERED          *TYPE RESP=INITIALS *
*C-COMMENT/RECOM       *B-NON-SPEC-REFERRAL  *          OF SIGNER *
*D-DRAFT RESPONSE      *C-COMPLETED          *          CODE = A   *
*F-FURNISH FACT SHEET  *S-SUSPENDED          *COMPLETED = DATE OF *
*I-INFO COPY/NO ACT NEC*                      *          OUTGOING  *
*R-DIRECT REPLY W/COPY *                      *                      *
*S-FOR-SIGNATURE        *                      *                      *
*X-INTERIM REPLY        *                      *                      *
*****

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REFER QUESTIONS AND ROUTING UPDATES TO CENTRAL REFERENCE
(ROOM 75, OEOB) EXT-2590
KEEP THIS WORKSHEET ATTACHED TO THE ORIGINAL INCOMING
LETTER AT ALL TIMES AND SEND COMPLETED RECORD TO RECORDS
MANAGEMENT.

321236

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

65TR
RICHARD L. LESHER
PRESIDENT

April 9, 1992

1615 H STREET, N. W.
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20062
202/463-5300

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

We wish to express our appreciation for your leadership and accomplishments in the environmental field. At the same time, we wish to encourage you not to attend the upcoming United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED) and to publicly reject the radical portions of that meeting's agenda. Our concern is not just limited to one or two issues.

The UNCED agenda is much broader than global warming. It encompasses an array of social and economic goals that seem designed to transfer wealth among nations without real, tangible benefits to the environment. Pronouncements from UNCED are likely to carry great weight in the United States, and could disproportionately distort our environmental and economic policies. We should reserve the ability to cautiously consider the results of so broad a meeting after its conclusion.

Your continued leadership in the global climate change debates, and opposition to arbitrary emission reductions and timetables in this context, are essential for our economy. We hope your statements on this subject, accompanying the annual report of the Council on Environmental Quality, will be duly noted during forthcoming international negotiations.

Many countries have expressed their contribution to climate change issues in the form of "commitments" to reduce carbon dioxide emissions. Very few of these commitments have been supported by policies that can reasonably be expected to achieve them, or even by binding obligations. Our country must not fall victim to others' pandering.

The U.S. *National Report* for the UNCED meeting displays the great progress this country has made in the environmental field over the past twenty or so years. These facts, rather than your presence, can well represent the United States' leadership at the UNCED meeting. We fear that if you attend, your presence will give the meeting, and its reports, more credibility than they are likely to be worth. Again, we urge that you not attend.

Sincerely,

Richard L. Lesh

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 21, 1992

Dear Mr. Leshner:

On behalf of President Bush, thank you for your suggestion regarding his attendance at the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED) in Rio de Janeiro. The President appreciates your concerns and has asked that I respond to your letter of April 9, 1992 regarding these issues.

Since you have been kind enough to take the time to express your interest on UNCED, I would like to provide you with a summary of the President's overall approach to global environmental issues for your reference.

The United States, under President Bush's leadership, is aggressively pursuing international efforts to address problems related to climate change, ozone depletion, forests, oceans, biological diversity, and technology cooperation with developing countries. The Administration has put forward specific proposals in various international fora to address each of these questions. More important, the United States is already taking specific steps here at home, through both legislation and administrative action, to begin tackling these problems.

Specifically regarding climate change, you may be pleased to know that the United States has already begun taking actions that will have the effect of reducing net emissions of greenhouse gases. These include:

- * President Bush proposed and signed into law the 1990 Clean Air Act, which will reduce greenhouse gas emissions from the utility sector through restrictions on utility air pollutants;
- * The Bush Administration has proposed, both through the National Energy Strategy and through various regulatory measures, to improve energy efficiency in power generation and transmission, buildings, appliances, lighting, and transportation, which will restrain related carbon dioxide emissions;
- * The President has proposed, through his tree planting initiatives, to increase the acreage and to improve the management of forests, which act as greenhouse gas "sinks";

- * The President has proposed to expand the use of renewable and low-emission fuel sources;
- * Since President Bush took office, he has doubled funding for conservation research and development (R&D) and increased funding for renewable R&D by 69 percent; and
- * The Administration has not only proposed, but the President has signed into law, the phaseout of ozone-depleting compounds that are also greenhouse gases.

Additionally, in February 1992, in response to new scientific evidence, President Bush was the first head of state to commit his country unilaterally to accelerating the date for the complete phaseout of the production of chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs). The President's action moves up the phaseout date of CFCs, which deplete the Earth's ozone layer, to December 31, 1995. Due to a number of previous Administration actions, U.S. production of ozone-depleting substances is already more than 40 percent below levels allowed by the internationally agreed Montreal Protocol. Under the new schedule, the U.S. will eliminate production four years ahead of the current international deadline, thus continuing the record of U.S. leadership in this area extending back to the mid-1970s.

The United States supports a comprehensive approach, addressing all greenhouse gases, not just carbon dioxide, and "sinks," such as forests. Focusing exclusively on carbon dioxide emissions, as some have proposed, is an inadequate response.

The United States has committed \$25 million to assist developing countries in planning to mitigate and/or adapt to climate change. The U.S. has stepped up its own climate action plan, first outlined in February 1991, including actions in such areas as energy efficiency, transportation, reduced emission supply technologies, agriculture, natural resources, and technology R&D. The United States has also committed \$50 million to the core fund of the Global Environment Facility (GEF) and \$150 million in parallel financing through the U.S. Agency for International Development. In addition to addressing global climate change, the GEF also funds projects concerning biodiversity, international waters, and ozone.

The U.S. Global Change Research Program is the world's largest such program and thus provides much of the scientific foundation for international agreements on climate change and ozone depletion. The Bush Administration has invested \$2.6 billion in global change research, far more than any other

country, with an additional \$1.3 billion proposed for fiscal 1993 -- over six times the fiscal 1989 level. Research on the scientific and economic aspects of global climate change will enable policy makers to make better judgments about potential impacts and policy actions.

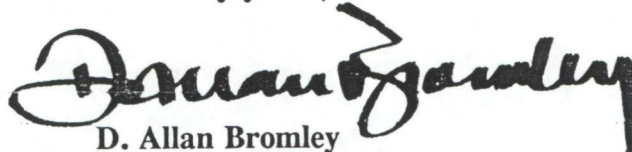
Regarding the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED), scheduled this June in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, President Bush is committed to achieving international agreement on a framework convention on climate change. In addition to a global agreement on climate change, the Bush Administration also hopes UNCED will produce strategies and specific initiatives to improve conservation of forests, oceans, and biological diversity, and to increase technology cooperation with developing countries. You can be sure that the United States will be well represented at the conference.

As we move forward into the 1990s, the United States will continue to address global environmental challenges within a context of expanding economic opportunities for all the world's people. The United States wants concrete, practical results from UNCED -- results that will guide future action on the full range of environmental and developmental issues.

Thank you for taking the time to express your interest on these environmental issues with President Bush. You can be sure that the President will continue working with other nations to obtain global solutions to these challenging issues.

With the President's best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "D. Allan Bromley". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "D." being small and the last name "Bromley" being larger and more prominent.

D. Allan Bromley
The Assistant to the President
for
Science and Technology

The Honorable Richard L. Lesher
President
Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America
1615 H Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20062

"Document Control"

TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY DOCUMENT NUMBER: 9201187
ORIGINATOR: 02 STATUS C DIRECTORATE STATUS

FROM: KELLEY, SALLY: DIRECTOR OF AGENCY LIAISON

TO: DR. D.A. BROMLEY

DATE OF
CORRESPONDENCE: 04/08/92

SUBJECT: ENDORSES INVITATION FROM THE AMERICAN NUCLEAR
SOCIETY FOR THE PRESIDENT TO ADDRESS THEIR ANNUAL
CONFERENCE, JUN 8 92, BOSTON MASSACHUSETTS.

DIRECTORATE STAFF
ASSIGNED: ASSIGNED:

ACTION STAFF
REQUIRED: ACTION:

SENDER'S DUE DATE:
OSTP DUE DATE: STAFF DUE DATE
DATE COMPLETED: DATE COMPLETED/DEPT:

COPIES TO: D. Allan Bromley

WHITE HOUSE TRACKING #: CONTACT PERSON:
REMARKS: PHONE: EXT:

OSTP RECEIVED: 04/08/92 DEPT RECEIVED:
FILE: EOP-PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY
CENTRAL FILES:

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

REFERRAL

1187 I
RECEIVED

APRIL 7, 1992

92 APR 8 AM: 18

TO: OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY

OSTP
MAIL ROOM

ACTION REQUESTED:

INFORMATION COPY - NO ACTION NECESSARY

DESCRIPTION OF INCOMING:

ID: 318407

MEDIA: LETTER, DATED MARCH 25, 1992

TO: PRESIDENT BUSH

FROM: THE HONORABLE BOB SMITH
UNITED STATES SENATE

WASHINGTON DC 20510

SUBJECT: ENDORSES INVITATION FROM THE AMERICAN NUCLEAR
SOCIETY FOR THE PRESIDENT TO ADDRESS THEIR
ANNUAL CONFERENCE, JUN 8 92, BOSTON,
MASSACHUSETTS

PROMPT ACTION IS ESSENTIAL -- IF REQUIRED ACTION HAS NOT BEEN
TAKEN WITHIN 9 WORKING DAYS OF RECEIPT, PLEASE TELEPHONE THE
UNDERSIGNED AT 456-7486.

RETURN CORRESPONDENCE, WORKSHEET AND COPY OF RESPONSE
(OR DRAFT) TO:

AGENCY LIAISON, ROOM 91, THE WHITE HOUSE, 20500

SALLY KELLEY
DIRECTOR OF AGENCY LIAISON
PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE

ID# 318407

THE WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

INCOMING

IV 092

DATE RECEIVED: MARCH 30, 1992

NAME OF CORRESPONDENT: THE HONORABLE BOB SMITH

SUBJECT: ENDORSES INVITATION FROM THE AMERICAN NUCLEAR
SOCIETY FOR THE PRESIDENT TO ADDRESS THEIR
ANNUAL CONFERENCE, JUN 8 92, BOSTON,
MASSACHUSETTS

ROUTE TO: OFFICE/AGENCY	(STAFF NAME)	ACTION		DISPOSITION	
		ACT CODE	DATE YY/MM/DD	TYPE RESP	C COMPLETED D YY/MM/DD
NICK CALIO		ORG	92/03/30	NC	A 92/03/31
SCSUPE	REFERRAL NOTE: RL	R	92/04/06		/ /
990STP	REFERRAL NOTE: RL	I	92/04/07	C	/ /
	REFERRAL NOTE:		/ /		/ /
	REFERRAL NOTE:		/ /		/ /
	REFERRAL NOTE:		/ /		/ /

COMMENTS: IV 920608 920608 MA BOSTON

ADDITIONAL CORRESPONDENTS: MEDIA:L INDIVIDUAL CODES: 1220
MAIL USER CODES: (A) (B) (C)

 *ACTION CODES: *DISPOSITION *OUTGOING *
 * * *CORRESPONDENCE: *
 *A-APPROPRIATE ACTION *A-ANSWERED *TYPE RESP=INITIALS *
 *C-COMMENT/RECOM *B-NON-SPEC-REFERRAL * OF SIGNER *
 *D-DRAFT RESPONSE *C-COMPLETED * CODE = A *
 *F-FURNISH FACT SHEET *S-SUSPENDED *COMPLETED = DATE OF *
 I-INFO COPY/NO ACT NEC * OUTGOING *
 *R-DIRECT REPLY W/COPY * *
 *S-FOR-SIGNATURE * *
 *X-INTERIM REPLY * *

REFER QUESTIONS AND ROUTING UPDATES TO CENTRAL REFERENCE
(ROOM 75, OEOB) EXT-2590
KEEP THIS WORKSHEET ATTACHED TO THE ORIGINAL INCOMING
LETTER AT ALL TIMES AND SEND COMPLETED RECORD TO RECORDS
MANAGEMENT.

March 31, 1992

Dear Bob:

Thank you for your recent letter regarding the invitation for the President to serve as plenary speaker at the American Nuclear Society's annual conference to be held in Boston, Massachusetts on June 8, 1992.

We appreciate receiving your endorsement of this thoughtful invitation and have shared it with the President's Scheduling Office for their careful consideration. You will be hearing further from that office as soon as a determination is made.

Thank you again for your interest in writing.

With best regards,

Sincerely,

Nicholas E. Calio
Assistant to the President
for Legislative Affairs

The Honorable Robert Smith
United States Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

NEC:JHH:

bcc: w/ copy of inc to Scheduling Office - for direct response
bcc: w/ copy of inc to OSTP - FYI

BOB SMITH
NEW HAMPSHIRE

IN NEW HAMPSHIRE
1-800-922-2230

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, DC 20510-2903

March 25, 1992

318407
COMMITTEES:
ARMED SERVICES
ENVIRONMENT AND
PUBLIC WORKS
JOINT ECONOMIC
COMMITTEE

President George Bush
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

I am writing to urge you to accept the invitation of the American Nuclear Society to be the plenary speaker at their annual conference in Boston on June 8, 1992.

The theme of the conference is "The Atom and Human Values". It is an appropriate theme because the standard of living has risen substantially from the medical, energy and food processing technologies that the atom has made possible. The objective of this conference is to stimulate the prominent scientists, engineers and medical technologists in attendance to focus on further ways that the atom can serve human needs.

The 1990's are likely to be a defining decade for America's leadership in the technologies involving the peaceful use of the atom. Your presence at this conference would continue the Presidential leadership in this area established three decades ago by President Eisenhower.

Again, I appreciate your consideration of this invitation. I think you will find this conference to be a very worthwhile endeavor.

With warm regards,

Bob Smith
Bob Smith, USS

DIRKSEN BUILDING
SUITE 332
WASHINGTON, DC 20510-2903
(202) 224-2841

THE GATEWAY BUILDING
50 PHILLIPPE COTE ST.
MANCHESTER, NH 03101
(603) 634-5000

46 S. MAIN STREET
CONCORD, NH 03301
(603) 228-0453

ONE HARBOUR PLACE
SUITE 435
PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801
(603) 433-1667

136 PLEASANT STREET
BERLIN, NH 03570
(603) 752-2600

"Document Control"

TYPE: Presidential Priority DOCUMENT NUMBER: 9201383
ORIGINATOR: 05 STATUS DIRECTORATE STATUS C

FROM: Mr. Emilio Castro

TO: President Bush

DATE OF
CORRESPONDENCE: 04/06/92

SUBJECT: He is writing to urge the president to attend the
Earth Summit in Rio de Janeiro.

DIRECTORATE STAFF
ASSIGNED: ASSIGNED: Nancy Maynard

ACTION STAFF
REQUIRED: ACTION: Draft for DAB's signature

SENDER'S DUE DATE:
OSTP DUE DATE: STAFF DUE DATE
DATE COMPLETED: DATE COMPLETED/DEPT: 04/17/92

COPIES TO:

WHITE HOUSE TRACKING #: CONTACT PERSON:
REMARKS: PHONE: EXT:

OSTP RECEIVED: DEPT RECEIVED: 04/15/92
FILE: P-EOP-PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY
CENTRAL FILES:



9201383

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE
REFERRAL

APRIL 15, 1992

TO: OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY

ACTION REQUESTED:
DIRECT REPLY, FURNISH INFO COPY

DESCRIPTION OF INCOMING:

ID: 321620

MEDIA: FAX DATED APRIL 6, 1992

TO: PRESIDENT BUSH

FROM: MR. EMILIO CASTRO
GENERAL SECRETARY
WORLD COUNCIL OF CHURCHES
POT OFFICE BOX NO. 56
1211 GENEVA 10 SWITZERLAND

SUBJECT: URGES THE PRESIDENT TO ATTEND THE EARTH
SUMMIT IN RIO DE JANEIRO, JUN 92

PROMPT ACTION IS ESSENTIAL -- IF REQUIRED ACTION HAS NOT BEEN
TAKEN WITHIN 9 WORKING DAYS OF RECEIPT, PLEASE TELEPHONE THE
UNDERSIGNED AT 456-7486.

RETURN CORRESPONDENCE, WORKSHEET AND COPY OF RESPONSE
(OR DRAFT) TO:
AGENCY LIAISON, ROOM 91, THE WHITE HOUSE, 20500

SALLY KELLEY
DIRECTOR OF AGENCY LIAISON
PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE

ID# 321620

THE WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

INCOMING

DATE RECEIVED: APRIL 13, 1992

NAME OF CORRESPONDENT: MR. EMILIO CASTRO

SUBJECT: URGES THE PRESIDENT TO ATTEND THE EARTH
SUMMIT IN RIO DE JANEIRO, JUN 92

ROUTE TO: OFFICE/AGENCY	(STAFF NAME)	ACTION		DISPOSITION	
		ACT CODE	DATE YY/MM/DD	TYPE RESP	C COMPLETED D YY/MM/DD
OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	RL	ORG	92/04/15		
REFERRAL NOTE:					
REFERRAL NOTE:					
REFERRAL NOTE:					
REFERRAL NOTE:					
REFERRAL NOTE:					

COMMENTS: INCOMING REC'D OVER POTUS' PERSONAL FAX PER
ATTACHED MEMO; FORWARDED TO CORRESP. ANALYSIS
FROM PHIL BRADY THROUGH SHIRLEY GREEN

ADDITIONAL CORRESPONDENTS: MEDIA:F INDIVIDUAL CODES: 3500 4800
MI MAIL USER CODES: (A) (B) (C)

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*ACTION CODES:      *DISPOSITION      *OUTGOING      *
*                  *                  *CORRESPONDENCE: *
*A-APPROPRIATE ACTION *A-ANSWERED      *TYPE RESP=INITIALS *
*C-COMMENT/RECOM      *B-NON-SPEC-REFERRAL *      OF SIGNER      *
*D-DRAFT RESPONSE      *C-COMPLETED      *      CODE = A      *
*F-FURNISH FACT SHEET *S-SUSPENDED      *COMPLETED = DATE OF *
*I-INFO COPY/NO ACT NEC*                  *      OUTGOING      *
*R-DIRECT REPLY W/COPY *                  *                  *
*S-FOR-SIGNATURE      *                  *                  *
*X-INTERIM REPLY      *                  *                  *
*****

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REFER QUESTIONS AND ROUTING UPDATES TO CENTRAL REFERENCE
(ROOM 75, OEOB) EXT-2590
KEEP THIS WORKSHEET ATTACHED TO THE ORIGINAL INCOMING
LETTER AT ALL TIMES AND SEND COMPLETED RECORD TO RECORDS
MANAGEMENT.

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

Lullie

April 9, 1992

FOR: Shirley Green

FROM: PHILLIP BRADY
Assistant to the President
and Staff Secretary

- ☐ Information
- ☒ Action
- ☐ Let's Discuss

Thank you.

*Shirley G. prepare
answer using standard
text for P. sig.*

Phil

This just in over the
President's personal
fax. Don't know if an
original will follow. ✓

Please take for appropriate
handling.

Rose



150, ROUTE DE FERNEY, P.O. BOX No. 66
1211 GENEVA 20, SWITZERLAND
TELEX: 23423 OIK CH
CABLE: OIKOUMENE GENEVA
TEL: (022) 91 81 11
TELEFAX: (41 22) 91 03 61

GENERAL SECRETARIAT

WORLD COUNCIL OF CHURCHES
6 April 1992

The President
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

I understand that you are considering your participation in the "Earth Summit" in Rio de Janeiro this coming June.

On behalf of the World Council of Churches, may I urge you, respectfully, to attend.

The World Council of Churches has been working for the past two years with its member churches throughout the world to bring its contributions for UNCED to respective governments. World opinion and hopes, from Christians around the world, as well as from non-governmental groups and governments, are directed toward the "Earth Summit" as perhaps the last opportunity in this decade to make global commitments for the sake of the earth's preservation and humanity's common future. The potential approval of an Earth Charter and the other decisions before this summit will be of the most far-reaching significance for the world's future.

I am sure that you share the churches' commitment to preserving the integrity of God's gift of creation, and to working for global justice for all people. On many occasions, you have demonstrated as President a commitment to strengthen international solutions to global challenges.

Therefore, with all respect, allow me to urge you to attend the Earth Summit and demonstrate the commitment of the United States to working cooperatively with the nations of the world at this critical moment for the sake of our common destiny.

Since I am presently in the United States, I am aware of the many challenges your nation faces and of the many demands imposed on you by the duties of your office. We pray for you and your nation. Let me assure you that millions of Christians throughout the world are praying for decisions that will demonstrate God's love for the world, and for all people.

Sincerely,

Emilio Castro
General Secretary

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 16, 1992

Dear Mr. Castro:

On behalf of President Bush, thank you for your comments and suggestions about global environmental issues and the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED). The President appreciates your concerns and has asked that I respond to your message of April 6, 1992 regarding these issues.

The United States, under President Bush's leadership, is aggressively pursuing international efforts to address problems related to climate change, ozone depletion, forests, oceans, biological diversity, and technology cooperation with developing countries. The Administration has put forward specific proposals in various international fora to address each of these questions. More important, the United States is already taking specific steps here at home, through both legislation and administrative action, to begin tackling these problems.

Specifically regarding climate change, you may be pleased to know that the United States has already begun taking actions that will have the effect of reducing net emissions of greenhouse gases. These include:

- * President Bush proposed and signed into law the 1990 Clean Air Act, which will reduce greenhouse gas emissions from the utility sector through restrictions on utility air pollutants;
- * The Bush Administration has proposed, both through the National Energy Strategy and through various regulatory measures, to improve energy efficiency in power generation and transmission, buildings, appliances, lighting, and transportation, which will restrain related carbon dioxide emissions;
- * The President has proposed, through his tree planting initiatives, to increase the acreage and to improve the management of forests, which act as greenhouse gas "sinks";
- * The President has proposed to expand the use of renewable and low-emission fuel sources;

- * Since President Bush took office, he has doubled funding for conservation research and development (R&D) and increased funding for renewable R&D by 69 percent; and
- * The Administration has not only proposed, but the President has signed into law, the phaseout of ozone-depleting compounds that are also greenhouse gases.

Additionally, in February 1992, in response to new scientific evidence, President Bush was the first head of state to commit his country unilaterally to accelerating the date for the complete phaseout of the production of chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs). The President's action moves up the phaseout date of CFCs, which deplete the Earth's ozone layer, to December 31, 1995. Due to a number of previous Administration actions, U.S. production of ozone-depleting substances is already more than 40 percent below levels allowed by the internationally agreed Montreal Protocol. Under the new schedule, the U.S. will eliminate production four years ahead of the current international deadline, thus continuing the record of U.S. leadership in this area extending back to the mid-1970s.

The United States supports a comprehensive approach, addressing all greenhouse gases, not just carbon dioxide, and "sinks," such as forests. Focusing exclusively on carbon dioxide emissions, as some have proposed, is an inadequate response.

The United States has committed \$25 million to assist developing countries in planning to mitigate and/or adapt to climate change. The U.S. has stepped up its own climate action plan, first outlined in February 1991, including actions in such areas as energy efficiency, transportation, reduced emission supply technologies, agriculture, natural resources, and technology R&D. The United States has also committed \$50 million to the core fund of the Global Environment Facility (GEF) and \$150 million in parallel financing through the U.S. Agency for International Development. In addition to addressing global climate change, the GEF also funds projects concerning biodiversity, international waters, and ozone.

The U.S. Global Change Research Program is the world's largest such program and thus provides much of the scientific foundation for international agreements on climate change and ozone depletion. The Bush Administration has invested \$2.6 billion in global change research, far more than any other country, with an additional \$1.3 billion proposed for fiscal 1993 -- over six times the fiscal 1989 level. Research on the scientific and economic aspects

Page 3 - Mr. Castro

of global climate change will enable policy makers to make better judgments about potential impacts and policy actions.

Regarding the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED), scheduled this June in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, President Bush is committed to achieving international agreement on a framework convention on climate change. In addition to a global agreement on climate change, the Bush Administration also hopes UNCED will produce strategies and specific initiatives to improve conservation of forests, oceans, and biological diversity, and to increase technology cooperation with developing countries. You can be sure that the United States will be well represented at the conference.

As we move forward into the 1990s, the United States will continue to address global environmental challenges within a context of expanding economic opportunities for all the world's people. The United States wants concrete, practical results from UNCED -- results that will guide future action on the full range of environmental and developmental issues.

Thank you for taking the time to express your interest on these environmental issues with President Bush. You can be sure that the President will continue working with other nations to obtain global solutions to these challenging issues.

With the President's best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "D. Allan Bromley". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, sweeping initial "D".

D. Allan Bromley
The Assistant to the President
for
Science and Technology

Mr. Emilio Castro
General Secretary
150, Route De Ferney, P.O. Box No. 66
1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland

"Document Control"

TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY DOCUMENT NUMBER: 9201335
ORIGINATOR: 02 STATUS I DIRECTORATE STATUS

FROM: BURTON, Allen J.: DURBS ASSOCIATES INC.

TO: PRESIDENT BUSH

APR 15 1992

DATE OF
CORRESPONDENCE: 04/03/92

SUBJECT: HE IS WRITING REGARDING A NEW FUEL SOURCE.

DIRECTORATE STAFF
ASSIGNED: PHYSICAL SCIENCES ASSIGNED:

ACTION
REQUIRED: FOR DAB'S SIGNATURE STAFF
ACTION:

SENDER'S DUE DATE:
OSTP DUE DATE: 04/21/92 STAFF DUE DATE
DATE COMPLETED: DATE COMPLETED/DEPT: 4/20/92

COPIES TO: D. Allan Bromley

WHITE HOUSE TRACKING #: CONTACT PERSON:
PHONE: EXT:
REMARKS: NOTE: THIS CAME IN AS BATCH MAIL FROM PRESIDENTIAL
CORRESPONDENCE.

KSB drafted ltr.

OSTP RECEIVED: 04/14/92 DEPT RECEIVED:
FILE: P-EOP-PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY

CENTRAL FILES:



THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

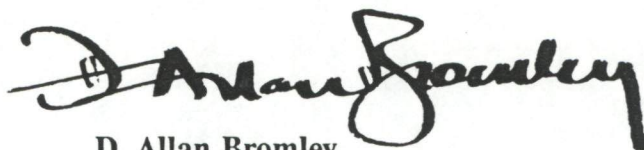
April 20, 1992

Dear Mr. Burton:

Thank you for your suggestion, contained in your letter to President Bush, concerning the June UNCED meeting on the environment to be held in Rio de Janeiro.

While I consider it unlikely that the President will propose specific technologies at that summit, I wish you success as you explore the possibility of marketing your client's product here and abroad.

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "D. Allan Bromley". The signature is stylized with a large, looped "D" and a long, sweeping underline.

D. Allan Bromley
The Assistant to the President
for
Science and Technology

Mr. Allen J. Burton
Durbs Associates Inc.
2133 Indian Springs Lane
Newport Beach, CA 92660

1335

check

RECEIVED

16
OSTP

DURBS ASSOCIATES INC

2133 Indian Springs Ln.
Newport Beach, CA 92660
Tel. (714) 646-2268 Fax (714) 646-2918
MAIL ROOM

APRIL 3rd, 1992

PRESIDENT GEORGE BUSH
THE WHITE HOUSE
FAX: (202) 456-2461

Dear Mr Bush,

I have just finished reading an article in today's Los Angeles Times (section A25) concerning the June summit on the environment, to be held in Rio de Janeiro.

The article seems to suggest your reluctance to attend, the last sentence however was what caught my attention, " If he (BUSH) goes, and he is likely to go, we need something in hand that will represent a respectable contribution."

Well I think I may have just what you need, "HYDROFUEL" is a synthetic chemical compound fuel additive which, when blended and briefly agitated together with fuel oil (75%) and WATER (25%), instantly results in a homogeneous fuel mixture.

I realize that this claim is revolutionary and immediate comment from the scientific community will be, impossible, oil and water don't mix, snake oil etc, both the inventors and myself (their agent) have experienced this kind of response on a regular basis, until recently, when tests carried out in Florida proved our claim, a brief rundown on the tests are as follows:

	<u>Internal Combustion</u>	<u>Open Flame Burners</u>
OXYGEN	INCREASED	INCREASED (APPROX + 25%)
CARBON DIOXIDE	REDUCED APPROX 33%	15% REDUCTION
CARBON MONOXIDE		5% to 10% REDUCTION
COMBUSTIBLE GASES	GREATLY REDUCED	REDUCED OVER 40%
SULPHUR DIOXIDE		REDUCED BY 20%
NITROUS OXIDE (NOX)		REDUCED BY 20%

I was present at these tests and can supply you with a full report including tests run at CITY UNIVERSITY in London England, December 1990, if you would like a copy of this report and or send a representative to see tests for themselves please have someone contact me to make the arrangements with the inventors.

(2)

This product opens up a pandora's box of possibilities, 25% reduction in the imports of oil, the creation of 1000's of jobs to manufacture and distribute the product, a cleaner environment, it can also be used on oil spills and to reclaim contaminated oil, etc.

I enclose some of the test results for your inspection, and again offer to send the full report should you so desire.

I thank you in anticipation of an early response and look forward to talking to someone from your office soon.

Yours sincerely,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to be 'AJB', with a horizontal line drawn underneath it.

ALLEN J BURTON.

COMBUSTION TEST**HYDROFUEL****Reading = 3 Smoke**

SERIAL # 11002357
 ENERAC MODEL 2000
 COMBUSTION TEST RECORD

FOR: J.E.SIPPEL INC.

TIME: 10:48:51
 DATE: 03/18/92

FUEL #4 OIL: 18800 BTU/LB

COMBUSTION EFFICIENCY:	53.8	%
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE:	87	°F
STACK TEMPERATURE:	675	°F
OXYGEN:	09.5	%
CARBON MONOXIDE:	25	PPM
CARBON DIOXIDE:	09.1	%
COMBUSTIBLE GASES:	0.63	%
STACK DRAFT (INCHES H2O):	+ 00.0	
EXCESS AIR:	80	%
CARBON MONOXIDE ALARM:	50	PPM

MODE:PPM OXY_REF-TRUE%

#5 DIESEL**Reading = 7 Smoke**

SERIAL # 11002357
 ENERAC MODEL 2000
 COMBUSTION TEST RECORD

FOR: J.E.SIPPEL INC.

TIME: 19:10:52
 DATE: 03/18/92

FUEL #4 OIL: 18800 BTU/LB

COMBUSTION EFFICIENCY:	60.1	%
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE:	89	°F
STACK TEMPERATURE:	796	°F
OXYGEN:	07.5	%
CARBON MONOXIDE:	27	PPM
CARBON DIOXIDE:	10.8	%
COMBUSTIBLE GASES:	1.17	%
STACK DRAFT (INCHES H2O):	+ 00.0	
EXCESS AIR:	52	%
CARBON MONOXIDE ALARM:	50	PPM

MODE:PPM OXY_REF-TRUE%

SMOKE TEST**#2 DIESEL****versus****HYDROFUEL (H/F)****NOTE:**Hydrofuel registers "0%"
in BOTH tests

... MOTORBRANCH ...
 SMOKE METER MOD. 590
 OMOLOGATION:
 3631/4103/82
 920/4103/8-L

1) 84 % *
 2) 85 % *
 3) 84 % *
 4) 80 % *
 5) 79 % *

OPAC. MED.**84 %**

CAR: DIESEL
 DATE: 30.05.91
 DIESEL BURNER.
 GARAGE

... MOTORBRANCH ...
 SMOKE METER MOD. 590
 OMOLOGATION:
 3631/4103/82
 920/4103/8-L

1) 8 %
 2) 97 %
 3) 96 % *
 4) 96 % *
 5) 94 % *

OPAC. MED.**95 %**

CAR: DIESEL
 DATE: 30.05.91
 DIESEL BURNER.
 GARAGE

... MOTORBRANCH ...
 SMOKE METER MOD. 590
 OMOLOGATION:
 3631/4103/82
 920/4103/8-L

1) 0 %
 2) 0 %
 3) 0 % *
 4) 0 % *
 5) 0 % *

OPAC. MED.**0 %**

CAR: H/F
 DATE: 30.05.91
 DIESEL BURNER.
 GARAGE

... MOTORBRANCH ...
 SMOKE METER MOD. 590
 OMOLOGATION:
 3631/4103/82
 920/4103/8-L

1) 3 %
 2) 0 %
 3) 0 % *
 4) 0 % *
 5) 0 % *

OPAC. MED.**0 %**

CAR: H/F
 DATE: 30.05.91
 DIESEL BURNER
 GARAGE

The purpose of this test was to establish any differences in SOX (SULPHUR DIOXIDE) between #5 Diesel Oil and the HYDROFUEL mixture, which consisted of 15 gallons of the same #5 Diesel Oil, 5 gallons of TAP WATER 1350 millilitres of HYDROFUEL ADDITIVE.

HYDROFUEL

SOX TEST = 708 PPM

* **NOTE:** Deleted figures are not relevant when doing SOX tests as certain elements of the test are exaggerated or eliminated.

SERIAL # 11002357 *HYDROFUEL*
ENERAC MODEL 2000
COMBUSTION TEST RECORD

FOR: J.E.SIPPEL INC.

TIME: 12:36:14
DATE: 01/06/92

FUEL ~~#5 DIESEL OIL~~ 18800 BTU/LB

COMBUSTION EFFICIENCY:	52.1 %
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE:	54 °F
STACK TEMPERATURE:	54 °F
OXYGEN:	20.2 %
CARBON MONOXIDE:	27 PPM
CARBON DIOXIDE:	89.9 %
COMBUSTIBLE GASES:	OVER %
STACK DRAFT (INCHES H2O):	+ 00.0
EXCESS AIR:	61 %
OXIDES of NITROGEN:	102 PPM
SULFUR DIOXIDE:	708 PPM
CARBON MONOXIDE ALARM:	100 PPM

MODE:PPM OXY_REF-TRUE%

#5 DIESEL OIL

SOX TEST = 880 PPM

* **NOTE:** Deleted figures are not relevant when doing SOX tests as certain elements of the test are exaggerated or eliminated.

SERIAL # 11002357 *#5*
ENERAC MODEL 2000
COMBUSTION TEST RECORD

FOR: J.E.SIPPEL INC.

TIME: 12:21:27
DATE: 01/06/92

FUEL ~~#5 OIL~~ 18800 BTU/LB

COMBUSTION EFFICIENCY:	55.9 %
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE:	52 °F
STACK TEMPERATURE:	498 °F
OXYGEN:	20.1 %
CARBON MONOXIDE:	70 PPM
CARBON DIOXIDE:	11.5 %
COMBUSTIBLE GASES:	OVER %
STACK DRAFT (INCHES H2O):	+ 00.0
EXCESS AIR:	60 %
OXIDES of NITROGEN:	198 PPM
SULFUR DIOXIDE:	880 PPM
CARBON MONOXIDE ALARM:	100 PPM

MODE:PPM OXY_REF-TRUE%

* The Enerac 2000 is not capable of measuring Sulphur Dioxide at the same time as other gases, therefore when SOX is measured, all other readings are incorrect, and must be ignored.

The purpose of this test was to establish any differences in NOX (OXIDES of NITROGEN) between #5 Diesel Oil and the HYDROFUEL mixture, which consisted of 15 gallons of the same #5 Diesel Oil, 5 gallons of TAP WATER 1350 millilitres of HYDROFUEL ADDITIVE.

#460F052

HYDROFUEL

NOX TEST = 95 PPM

* **NOTE:** Deleted figures are not relevant when doing NOX tests as certain elements of the test are exaggerated or eliminated.

SERIAL # 11002357
ENERAC MODEL 2000
COMBUSTION TEST RECORD

FOR: J.E.SIPPEL INC.

TIME: 13:57:40
DATE: 01/06/92

FUEL #4 OIL: 18800 BTU/LB

COMBUSTION EFFICIENCY: 74.5 %
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE: 98 °F
STACK TEMPERATURE: 501 °F
OXYGEN: 89.3 %
CARBON MONOXIDE: 16 PPM
CARBON DIOXIDE: 89.0 %
COMBUSTIBLE GASES: 0.02 %
STACK DRAFT (INCHES H2O): + 00.0
EXCESS AIR: 76 %
OXIDES of NITROGEN: 95 PPM
SULFUR DIOXIDE: 98 PPM

CARBON MONOXIDE ALARM: 100 PPM

MODE:PPM OXY_REF=TRUEX

SERIAL # 11002357
ENERAC MODEL 2200

SERIAL # 11002357
ENERAC MODEL 2200
COMBUSTION TEST RECORD

FOR: J.E.SIPPEL INC.

TIME: 13:20:07
DATE: 01/06/92

FUEL #4 OIL: 18800 BTU/LB

COMBUSTION EFFICIENCY: 63.5 %
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE: 64 °F
STACK TEMPERATURE: 452 °F
OXYGEN: 65.7 %
CARBON MONOXIDE: 77 PPM
CARBON DIOXIDE: 12.2 %
COMBUSTIBLE GASES: 0.10 %
STACK DRAFT (INCHES H2O): + 00.0
EXCESS AIR: 54 %

OXIDES of NITROGEN: 120 PPM
SULFUR DIOXIDE: 8 PPM
CARBON MONOXIDE ALARM: 50 PPM

#5 DIESEL OIL

NOX TEST = 120 PPM

* **NOTE:** Deleted figures are not relevant when doing NOX tests as certain elements of the test are exaggerated or eliminated.

* The Enerac 2000 is not capable of measuring OXIDES of NITROGEN at the same time as other gases, therefore when NOX is measured, all other readings are incorrect, and must be ignored.

DURBS ASSOCIATES INC

2133 Indian Springs Ln.
Newport Beach, CA 92660
Tel. (714) 646-2268 Fax (714) 646-2918

DATE: April 3 / 92 RE: _____

COVER MEMO

TO FAX NUMBER: 202-456-2461

THE FOLLOWING IS TO THE ATTENTION OF:

President George Bush.

COMPANY: _____

DEPARTMENT: _____

LOCATION: _____

TOTAL NUMBER OF PAGES: 7 (INCLUDING COVER PAGE)

FROM: _____

IF YOU DO NOT RECEIVE ALL OF THE PAGES, PLEASE CALL AT ONCE.

FAX: (714) 646-2918

COMMENTS: _____

Registered Head Office 2775 N. Carson Street, Suite 436 Carson City, NV 89706 Tel. (702) 885-9616

"Document Control"

TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY DOCUMENT NUMBER: 9201847
ORIGINATOR: 05 STATUS DIRECTORATE STATUS C

FROM: Sims, John L.: Mor-Gran-Sou Electric Cooperative, Inc.

TO: President Bush

DATE OF
CORRESPONDENCE: 04/09/92

SUBJECT: Writing in Support of President Bush's "No Regrets
Policy"

DIRECTORATE STAFF
ASSIGNED: ASSIGNED: Nancy Maynard

ACTION STAFF
REQUIRED: ACTION: Draft for DAB's Signature

SENDER'S DUE DATE: 04/24/92

OSTP DUE DATE: STAFF DUE DATE
DATE COMPLETED: DATE COMPLETED/DEPT: 04/23/92 *mailed*

COPIES TO:

WHITE HOUSE TRACKING #: CONTACT PERSON:
PHONE: EXT:
REMARKS: DAB Correspondence on File

OSTP RECEIVED: DEPT RECEIVED: 04/15/92
FILE: P-EOP-PRESIDENTIAL ~~CORRESPONDENCE~~
CENTRAL FILES: PRIORITY



9201847

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 23, 1992

Dear Mr. Sims:

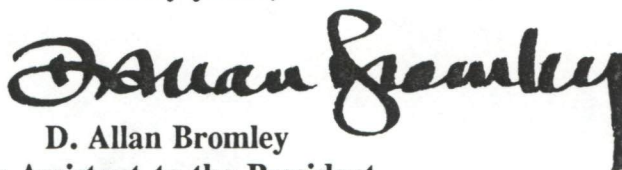
On behalf of President Bush, thank you for your very kind comments on US activities related to the Intergovernmental Negotiating Committee (INC) on a framework convention on climate change. The President appreciates your support and has asked that I respond to your letter of April 9, 1992 regarding this issue.

The President strongly believes that US policies in this area must be based on the most solid scientific and economic information base available. The US Global Change Research Program is the world's largest such program and thus provides much of the scientific foundation for international agreements on climate change and ozone depletion. In fact, the Bush Administration has invested \$2.6 billion in global change research to date, with an additional \$1.3 billion proposed for fiscal 1993. Research on the scientific and economic aspects of global climate change will enable policy makers to make better judgements about potential impacts and policy actions.

Thank you for taking the time to express your interest on this issue and we appreciate your support.

With the President's best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "D. Allan Bromley". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "D. Allan" and last name "Bromley" clearly distinguishable.

D. Allan Bromley
The Assistant to the President
for
Science and Technology

Mr. John L. Sims
General Manager
MOR-GRAN-SOU Electric Cooperative, Inc.
202 6th Avenue West, P.O. Box 297
Flasher, North Dakota 58535



MOR-GRAN-SOU ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.

202 6th Avenue West • P.O. Box 297

Flasher, North Dakota 58535 • Phone (701) 597-3301 • FAX (701) 597-3915

John L. Sims, General Manager

April 9, 1992

DIRECTORS

Dale Heinle
President

Bill Koch
Vice President

David Schmidt
Secretary-Treasurer

Wendal Dawson

Robert Gipp

William Geiger

Eugene Volk

Delores Olsen

Vernard Frederick

Gary Jochim

ATTORNEY

Rebecca S. Thiem

11
OSTP/N. Maynard

President George Bush
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President,

Mor-Gran-Sou Electric Cooperative is an electric utility operating in southwestern North Dakota and as such, is vitally concerned about national and international events that could severely impact our industry. The utility has followed your "no regrets policy" and strongly supports the concept.

At the March 25, 1992 meeting of the Board of Directors, the Board unanimously agreed to show support for your policy by adopting the enclosed resolution. It makes good business sense to take such a stand and we are fully supportive of you.

Thank you for the leadership.

Sincerely,

John L. Sims
General Manager

cgt/L491

Enc:



MOR-GRAN-SOU

MOR-GRAN-SOU ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.

202 6th Avenue West • P.O. Box 297

Flasher, North Dakota 58535 • Phone (701) 597-3301 • FAX (701) 597-3915

John L. Sims, General Manager

DIRECTORS

Dale Heinle
President

Bill Koch
Vice President

David Schmidt
Secretary-Treasurer

Wendal Dawson

Robert Gipp

William Geiger

Eugene Volk

Delores Olsen

Vernard Frederick

Gary Jochim

ATTORNEY
Rebecca S. Thiem

I, David Schmidt, Secretary-Treasurer of the Board of Directors of Mor-Gran-Sou Electric Cooperative, Inc., do hereby certify that; the following resolution was duly approved and adopted at a regular meeting of the Board of Directors legally and duly called for March 25, 1992 and that said meeting was held pursuant thereto at Flasher, North Dakota.

Further, that the following resolution is a true and correct copy as approved and adopted and that it is a copy of a part of the original minutes entered in the minute book of the Board of Directors at its regular meeting on March 25, 1992.

RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, theories of catastrophic global warming are not substantiated by scientific evidence and there is considerable scientific debate as to whether or not any global warming is occurring; and

WHEREAS, there is considerable political pressure for the United States to sign a world treaty at the United Nations Council for Environment and Development meeting in June which would limit carbon dioxide production through emission caps; and

WHEREAS, several proposals have been made in Congress to impose taxes on carbon dioxide emissions as a means of limiting such emissions; and

WHEREAS, such CO₂ caps and taxes would substantially increase the cost of electricity produced by Basin Electric Power Cooperative and other electric utilities relying on fossil fuels for their power supply, resulting in severe cost impacts on electric consumers and ultimately damaging the economy of the United States; and

WHEREAS, the use of domestic coal for the production of electricity is a benefit to the economic security of the nation in that it replaces the use of imported oil in meeting the nation's energy needs; and

WHEREAS, President Bush, in the face of mounting unjustified pressure, has consistently held firm to a position that is known as the "no regrets" policy; and

WHEREAS, Bob Bergland, Executive Vice President of the National Rural Electric Cooperative Association (NRECA), recently conveyed to President George Bush, NRECA's strong support of the "no regrets" policy position and urged continued resistance to the imposition of a tax on fossil-fuel-produced energy, and arbitrary CO₂ emissions limits;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, That the Board of Directors of Mor-Gran-Sou Electric Cooperative, Inc. which is a member of Basin Electric Power Cooperative who represents the interests of 440,000 urban and rural homes, farms, ranches, irrigation installations, and businesses covering 1.2 million people, served by the Basin Electric Power Cooperative associated systems:

1. Strongly commends President Bush for adhering to the "no regrets" policy position as the most sensible approach to global climate issues when the science is yet uncertain; and
2. Urges the formal addition of a "no-tax, no-cap" position on CO₂ to the "no regrets" policy.

DAVID SCHMIDT, SECRETARY-TREASURER

"Document Control"

TYPE: PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY DOCUMENT NUMBER: 9201187
ORIGINATOR: 02 STATUS C DIRECTORATE STATUS

FROM: KELLEY, SALLY: DIRECTOR OF AGENCY LIAISON

TO: DR. D.A. BROMLEY

DATE OF
CORRESPONDENCE: 04/08/92

SUBJECT: ENDORSES INVITATION FROM THE AMERICAN NUCLEAR
SOCIETY FOR THE PRESIDENT TO ADDRESS THEIR ANNUAL
CONFERENCE, JUN 8 92, BOSTON MASSACHUSETTS.

DIRECTORATE STAFF
ASSIGNED: ASSIGNED:

ACTION STAFF
REQUIRED: ACTION:

SENDER'S DUE DATE:
OSTP DUE DATE: STAFF DUE DATE
DATE COMPLETED: DATE COMPLETED/DEPT:

COPIES TO: D. Allan Bromley

WHITE HOUSE TRACKING #: CONTACT PERSON:
REMARKS: PHONE: EXT:

OSTP RECEIVED: 04/08/92 DEPT RECEIVED:
FILE # EOP-PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY
CENTRAL FILES:



1187 I

THE WHITE HOUSE OFFICE

REFERRAL

RECEIVED

APRIL 7, 1992
92 APR 8 AM 11:18

TO: OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY

OSTP
MAIL ROOM

ACTION REQUESTED:

INFORMATION COPY - NO ACTION NECESSARY

DESCRIPTION OF INCOMING:

ID: 318407

MEDIA: LETTER, DATED MARCH 25, 1992

TO: PRESIDENT BUSH

FROM: THE HONORABLE BOB SMITH
UNITED STATES SENATE

WASHINGTON DC 20510

SUBJECT: ENDORSES INVITATION FROM THE AMERICAN NUCLEAR
SOCIETY FOR THE PRESIDENT TO ADDRESS THEIR
ANNUAL CONFERENCE, JUN 8 92, BOSTON,
MASSACHUSETTS

PROMPT ACTION IS ESSENTIAL -- IF REQUIRED ACTION HAS NOT BEEN
TAKEN WITHIN 9 WORKING DAYS OF RECEIPT, PLEASE TELEPHONE THE
UNDERSIGNED AT 456-7486.

RETURN CORRESPONDENCE, WORKSHEET AND COPY OF RESPONSE
(OR DRAFT) TO:
AGENCY LIAISON, ROOM 91, THE WHITE HOUSE, 20500

SALLY KELLEY
DIRECTOR OF AGENCY LIAISON
PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE

ID# 318407

THE WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

INCOMING

IV 092

DATE RECEIVED: MARCH 30, 1992

NAME OF CORRESPONDENT: THE HONORABLE BOB SMITH

SUBJECT: ENDORSES INVITATION FROM THE AMERICAN NUCLEAR
SOCIETY FOR THE PRESIDENT TO ADDRESS THEIR
ANNUAL CONFERENCE, JUN 8 92, BOSTON,
MASSACHUSETTS

ROUTE TO: OFFICE/AGENCY	(STAFF NAME)	ACTION		DISPOSITION	
		ACT CODE	DATE YY/MM/DD	TYPE RESP	C COMPLETED D YY/MM/DD
NICK CALIO		ORG	92/03/30	NC	A 92/03/31
SCSUPE	REFERRAL NOTE: RL	R	92/04/06		I I
990STP	REFERRAL NOTE: RL	I	92/04/07	E	I I
	REFERRAL NOTE:		I I		I I
	REFERRAL NOTE:		I I		I I

COMMENTS: IV 920608 920608 MA BOSTON

ADDITIONAL CORRESPONDENTS: MEDIA:L INDIVIDUAL CODES: 1220
MAIL USER CODES: (A) (B) (C)

*ACTION CODES:	*DISPOSITION	*OUTGOING	*
*A-APPROPRIATE ACTION	*A-ANSWERED	*CORRESPONDENCE:	*
*C-COMMENT/RECOM	*B-NON-SPEC-REFERRAL	*TYPE RESP=INITIALS	*
*D-DRAFT RESPONSE	*C-COMPLETED	*OF SIGNER	*
*F-FURNISH FACT SHEET	*S-SUSPENDED	*CODE = A	*
I-INFO COPY/NO ACT NEC		*COMPLETED = DATE OF	*
*R-DIRECT REPLY W/COPY *		*OUTGOING	*
*S-FOR-SIGNATURE *			*
*X-INTERIM REPLY *			*

REFER QUESTIONS AND ROUTING UPDATES TO CENTRAL REFERENCE
(ROOM 75, OEOB) EXT-2590
KEEP THIS WORKSHEET ATTACHED TO THE ORIGINAL INCOMING
LETTER AT ALL TIMES AND SEND COMPLETED RECORD TO RECORDS
MANAGEMENT.

March 31, 1992

Dear Bob:

Thank you for your recent letter regarding the invitation for the President to serve as plenary speaker at the American Nuclear Society's annual conference to be held in Boston, Massachusetts on June 8, 1992.

We appreciate receiving your endorsement of this thoughtful invitation and have shared it with the President's Scheduling Office for their careful consideration. You will be hearing further from that office as soon as a determination is made.

Thank you again for your interest in writing.

With best regards,

Sincerely,

Nicholas E. Calio
Assistant to the President
for Legislative Affairs

The Honorable Robert Smith
United States Senate
Washington, D.C. 20510

NEC:JHH:

bcc: w/ copy of inc to Scheduling Office - for direct response
bcc: w/ copy of inc to OSTP - FYI

BOB SMITH
NEW HAMPSHIRE

IN NEW HAMPSHIRE
1-800-922-2230

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, DC 20510-2903

March 25, 1992

210401
COMMITTEES:
ARMED SERVICES
ENVIRONMENT AND
PUBLIC WORKS
JOINT ECONOMIC
COMMITTEE

Placed

President George Bush
The White House
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

I am writing to urge you to accept the invitation of the American Nuclear Society to be the plenary speaker at their annual conference in Boston on June 8, 1992.

The theme of the conference is "The Atom and Human Values". It is an appropriate theme because the standard of living has risen substantially from the medical, energy and food processing technologies that the atom has made possible. The objective of this conference is to stimulate the prominent scientists, engineers and medical technologists in attendance to focus on further ways that the atom can serve human needs.

The 1990's are likely to be a defining decade for America's leadership in the technologies involving the peaceful use of the atom. Your presence at this conference would continue the Presidential leadership in this area established three decades ago by President Eisenhower.

Again, I appreciate your consideration of this invitation. I think you will find this conference to be a very worthwhile endeavor.

With warm regards,

Bob Smith
Bob Smith, USS

DIRKSEN BUILDING
SUITE 332
WASHINGTON, DC 20510-2903
(202) 224-2841

THE GATEWAY BUILDING
50 PHILLIPPE COTE ST.
MANCHESTER, NH 03101
(603) 634-5000

46 S. MAIN STREET
CONCORD, NH 03301
(603) 228-0453

ONE HARBOUR PLACE
SUITE 435
PORTSMOUTH, NH 03801
(603) 433-1667

136 PLEASANT STREET
BERLIN, NH 03570
(603) 752-2600

CB

into system; send
original to Sally Kelley

D
4/29

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 9, 1992

MEMORANDUM TO SALLY KELLEY

FROM: D. ALLAN BROMLEY *Allan*

SUBJECT: AMERICAN NUCLEAR SOCIETY

The annual meeting of this society would provide an excellent opportunity for the President to speak on America's nuclear energy future-- but given the obvious sensitivity on this issue as demonstrated in the Democratic candidate debates I would suggest that the President not accept this invitation this year. I would hope, however, that in his second term he might decide to speak to the group on what is a very important issue.

Presidential
Priority

"Document Control"

TYPE: ~~ACTION~~ DOCUMENT NUMBER: 9201333
ORIGINATOR: 02 STATUS I DIRECTORATE STATUS C

FROM: CRANDALL, Candice C.: SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY PROJECT

TO: DR. D.A. BROMLEY

DATE OF
CORRESPONDENCE: 04/07/92

SUBJECT: SHE IS WRITING TO URGE DR. BROMLEY TO ADVISE THE
PRESIDENT NOT TO ATTEND THE UNCED "EARTH SUMMIT".

DIRECTORATE STAFF
ASSIGNED: ENVIRONMENT ASSIGNED: Nancy Maynard

ACTION STAFF
REQUIRED: FOR DAB'S SIGNATURE ACTION: Draft for DAB's signature

SENDER'S DUE DATE:
OSTP DUE DATE: 04/29/92 STAFF DUE DATE
DATE COMPLETED: DATE COMPLETED/DEPT: 04/22/92

COPIES TO: D. Allan Bromley
INTERNATIONAL/POLICY

WHITE HOUSE TRACKING #: CONTACT PERSON:
PHONE: EXT:
REMARKS:

OSTP RECEIVED: 04/10/92 DEPT RECEIVED:
FILE: P-EOP-PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY

CENTRAL FILES:



"Document Control"

TYPE: ACTION

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 9201333

ORIGINATOR: 02

STATUS I

DIRECTORATE STATUS

FROM: CRANDALL, Candice C.: SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY PROJECT

TO: DR. D.A. BROMLEY

DATE OF
CORRESPONDENCE: 04/07/92

SUBJECT: SHE IS WRITING TO URGE DR. BROMLEY TO ADVISE THE
PRESIDENT NOT TO ATTEND THE UNCED "EARTH SUMMIT".

DIRECTORATE

STAFF

ASSIGNED: ENVIRONMENT

ASSIGNED:

ACTION
REQUIRED: FOR DAB'S SIGNATURE

STAFF
ACTION:

SENDER'S DUE DATE:

OSTP DUE DATE: 04/29/92

STAFF DUE DATE

DATE COMPLETED:

DATE COMPLETED/DEPT:

COPIES TO: D. Allan Bromley
INTERNATIONAL/POLICY

WHITE HOUSE TRACKING #:

CONTACT PERSON:

PHONE:

EXT:

REMARKS:

OSTP RECEIVED: 04/10/92
FILE: P-ENVIRONMENT

DEPT RECEIVED:

CENTRAL FILES:



SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY PROJECT

Candace C. Crandall, Editorial Director

92 APR 10 A10:08

DOTP
MAIL ROOM

April 7, 1992

Dr. D. Allan Bromley
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Dr. Bromley:

I hope you will join us in urging President Bush *not* to attend the UN Conference on the Environment and Development, the so-called "Earth Summit." Going to Rio would put the prestige of the United States behind the rush to impose global controls on energy that will have a calamitous impact on jobs, technological progress, and standards of living worldwide.

Consider these unfounded "claims" trotted out by environmental activists to support a climate treaty:

"Scientific consensus" on catastrophic global warming: untrue. The Science & Environmental Policy Project has demonstrated in two surveys of atmospheric scientists that if there is any "consensus," it is that current catastrophic global warming predictions are *unsupported* by the scientific evidence. An overwhelming majority of the scientists responding agreed that the predictions are based on theoretical climate models that cannot be relied upon and are not validated by the climate record.

More recently, a Gallup poll, commissioned by The Center for Science, Technology & Media, showed that among scientists actively involved in global warming research, 53 percent do not believe human-induced global warming has occurred and 30 percent don't know. Only 17 percent think human-induced global warming has occurred.

For the survival of the planet, governments must take action now: untrue. Even Greenpeace couldn't nail this one down. Only 15 percent of the atmospheric scientists surveyed by Greenpeace in Jan/Feb 1992 felt that there was a probable point-of-no-return, *at some [unspecified] time in the future*, at which continued business-as-usual policies risked a runaway global warming. According to prominent climate modeler Michael Schlesinger of the University of Illinois, who conducted research on this particular question, a 10-year delay in controlling greenhouse gas emissions would have negligible consequences on climate developments of the next century.

Environmental pressure groups have strong public support and can influence votes: highly debatable. Membership in these organizations is down; grassroots financial support is way down.

More important, we have only to look at the results of the 1990 state ballot initiatives to see where public sentiment really lies. In that election, more than 200 environmental initiatives went down to defeat, including California's "Big Green," which the Bush Administration opposed, and which lost by a margin of more than 2 to 1.

The fact is that if you ask Americans a general question about supporting a clean environment, they nod "yes." But show them a 39-page, single-spaced, regulation horror like Big Green, and they vote "No."

Environmental pressure groups put forth a massive effort to get those 1990 environmental initiatives passed. After the election--distrustful of democracy, confused about the role of science, and willing to substitute rhetoric for progress--these groups gave up on the voters and turned all of their attention on Washington. That strategy has proven extremely effective.

Now environmental activists see an even greater opportunity in the proposals put forth for the UNCED. They see a chance to put America's energy policy--and economic future--in the hands of UN functionaries, not elected by and not accountable to the American people.

Dr. Bromley, Americans won't get a chance to see this regulation horror until it shows up at the gas pump, in their electric bill, or on a pink slip. Please urge President Bush *not* to attend this conference. There is nothing to be gained by caving in to extremists whose predictable response will be to demand more, more, more.

Yours sincerely,



Candace C. Crandall
Editorial Director

T H E W H I T E H O U S E O F F I C E

REFERRAL

APRIL 14, 1992

TO: OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY POLICY

ACTION REQUESTED:

DIRECT REPLY, FURNISH INFO COPY

DESCRIPTION OF INCOMING:

ID: 321091

MEDIA: LETTER, DATED APRIL 5, 1992

TO: PRESIDENT BUSH

FROM: MS. CANDACE C. CRANDALL
EDITORIAL DIRECTOR
SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL
POLICY PROJECT
1015 18TH STREET, N.W.
SUITE 300
WASHINGTON DC 20036

SUBJECT: URGES THE PRESIDENT NOT TO ATTEND THE UN
CONFERENCE ON THE ENVIRONMENT AND DEVELOPMENT
IN RIO DE JANEIRO, JUN 92

PROMPT ACTION IS ESSENTIAL -- IF REQUIRED ACTION HAS NOT BEEN
TAKEN WITHIN 9 WORKING DAYS OF RECEIPT, PLEASE TELEPHONE THE
UNDERSIGNED AT 456-7486.

RETURN CORRESPONDENCE, WORKSHEET AND COPY OF RESPONSE
(OR DRAFT) TO:
AGENCY LIAISON, ROOM 91, THE WHITE HOUSE, 20500

SALLY KELLEY
DIRECTOR OF AGENCY LIAISON
PRESIDENTIAL CORRESPONDENCE

THE WHITE HOUSE
CORRESPONDENCE TRACKING WORKSHEET

INCOMING

FO 006

DATE RECEIVED: APRIL 09, 1992

NAME OF CORRESPONDENT: MS. CANDACE C. CRANDALL

SUBJECT: URGES THE PRESIDENT NOT TO ATTEND THE UN
CONFERENCE ON THE ENVIRONMENT AND DEVELOPMENT
IN RIO DE JANEIRO, JUN 92

ROUTE TO: OFFICE/AGENCY		(STAFF NAME)	ACTION ACT CODE	DATE YY/MM/DD	TYPE RESP	C D	COMPLETED YY/MM/DD
✓ OFFICE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY	RL	TRAC	ORG	92/04/09	14	-	-
REFERRAL NOTE:							
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REFERRAL NOTE:							

COMMENTS:

ADDITIONAL CORRESPONDENTS: MEDIA:L INDIVIDUAL CODES: 4670

MI MAIL USER CODES: (A) (B) (C)

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*ACTION CODES:      *DISPOSITION      *OUTGOING      *
*                  *                  *CORRESPONDENCE: *
*A-APPROPRIATE ACTION *A-ANSWERED      *TYPE RESP=INITIALS *
*C-COMMENT/RECOM      *B-NON-SPEC-REFERRAL *OF SIGNER      *
*D-DRAFT RESPONSE      *C-COMPLETED      *CODE = A      *
*F-FURNISH FACT SHEET *S-SUSPENDED      *COMPLETED = DATE OF *
*I-INFO COPY/NO ACT NEC*                  *OUTGOING      *
*R-DIRECT REPLY W/COPY *                  *                  *
*S-FOR-SIGNATURE      *                  *                  *
*X-INTERIM REPLY      *                  *                  *
*****

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REFER QUESTIONS AND ROUTING UPDATES TO CENTRAL REFERENCE
(ROOM 75, OEOB) EXT-2590
KEEP THIS WORKSHEET ATTACHED TO THE ORIGINAL INCOMING
LETTER AT ALL TIMES AND SEND COMPLETED RECORD TO RECORDS
MANAGEMENT.

SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY PROJECT

OSTP

S. Fred Singer, Ph.D., Director

April 5, 1992

President George Bush
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Washington, D.C. 20500

Dear Mr. President:

I would like to add my own voice to those urging you *not* to attend the UN Conference on the Environment and Development, the so-called "Earth Summit." Going to Rio would put your personal prestige and the prestige of the United States behind the rush to impose global controls on energy that will have a calamitous impact on jobs, technological progress, and standards of living worldwide.

Consider these unfounded "claims" trotted out by environmental activists to support a climate treaty:

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Mr. President, Americans won't get a chance to see this regulation horror until it shows up at the gas pump, in their electric bill, or on a pink slip. I strongly urge you not to attend this conference. There is nothing to be gained by caving in to extremists whose predictable response will be to demand more, more, more.

Yours sincerely,



Candace C. Crandall
Editorial Director

THE WHITE HOUSE
WASHINGTON

April 21, 1992

Dear Ms. Crandall:

On behalf of President Bush, thank you for your suggestion regarding his attendance at the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED) in Rio de Janeiro. The President and I both appreciate your letters of concern and, since you have been kind enough to take the time to express your interest on the UNCED issue, I would like to provide you with a summary of the President's overall approach to global environmental issues for your reference.

The United States, under President Bush's leadership, is aggressively pursuing international efforts to address problems related to climate change, ozone depletion, forests, oceans, biological diversity, and technology cooperation with developing countries. The Administration has put forward specific proposals in various international fora to address each of these questions. More important, the United States is already taking specific steps here at home, through both legislation and administrative action, to begin tackling these problems.

Specifically regarding climate change, you may be pleased to know that the United States has already begun taking actions that will have the effect of reducing net emissions of greenhouse gases. These include:

- * President Bush proposed and signed into law the 1990 Clean Air Act, which will reduce greenhouse gas emissions from the utility sector through restrictions on utility air pollutants;
- * The Bush Administration has proposed, both through the National Energy Strategy and through various regulatory measures, to improve energy efficiency in power generation and transmission, buildings, appliances, lighting, and transportation, which will restrain related carbon dioxide emissions;
- * The President has proposed, through his tree planting initiatives, to increase the acreage and to improve the management of forests, which act as greenhouse gas "sinks";

- * The President has proposed to expand the use of renewable and low-emission fuel sources;
- * Since President Bush took office, he has doubled funding for conservation research and development (R&D) and increased funding for renewable R&D by 69 percent; and
- * The Administration has not only proposed, but the President has signed into law, the phaseout of ozone-depleting compounds that are also greenhouse gases.

Additionally, in February 1992, in response to new scientific evidence, President Bush was the first head of state to commit his country unilaterally to accelerating the date for the complete phaseout of the production of chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs). The President's action moves up the phaseout date of CFCs, which deplete the Earth's ozone layer, to December 31, 1995. Due to a number of previous Administration actions, U.S. production of ozone-depleting substances is already more than 40 percent below levels allowed by the internationally agreed Montreal Protocol. Under the new schedule, the U.S. will eliminate production four years ahead of the current international deadline, thus continuing the record of U.S. leadership in this area extending back to the mid-1970s.

The United States supports a comprehensive approach, addressing all greenhouse gases, not just carbon dioxide, and "sinks," such as forests. Focusing exclusively on carbon dioxide emissions, as some have proposed, is an inadequate response.

The United States has committed \$25 million to assist developing countries in planning to mitigate and/or adapt to climate change. The U.S. has stepped up its own climate action plan, first outlined in February 1991, including actions in such areas as energy efficiency, transportation, reduced emission supply technologies, agriculture, natural resources, and technology R&D. The United States has also committed \$50 million to the core fund of the Global Environment Facility (GEF) and \$150 million in parallel financing through the U.S. Agency for International Development. In addition to addressing global climate change, the GEF also funds projects concerning biodiversity, international waters, and ozone.

The U.S. Global Change Research Program is the world's largest such program and thus provides much of the scientific foundation for international agreements on climate change and ozone depletion. The Bush Administration has invested \$2.6 billion in global change research, far more than any other

Page 3 - Ms. Crandall

country, with an additional \$1.3 billion proposed for fiscal 1993 -- over six times the fiscal 1989 level. Research on the scientific and economic aspects of global climate change will enable policy makers to make better judgments about potential impacts and policy actions.

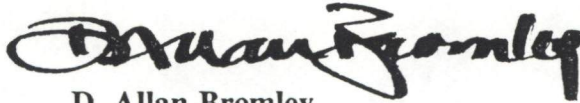
Regarding the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development (UNCED), scheduled this June in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, President Bush is committed to achieving international agreement on a framework convention on climate change. In addition to a global agreement on climate change, the Bush Administration also hopes UNCED will produce strategies and specific initiatives to improve conservation of forests, oceans, and biological diversity, and to increase technology cooperation with developing countries. You can be sure that the United States will be well represented at the conference.

As we move forward into the 1990s, the United States will continue to address global environmental challenges within a context of expanding economic opportunities for all the world's people. The United States wants concrete, practical results from UNCED -- results that will guide future action on the full range of environmental and developmental issues.

Thank you for taking the time to express your interest on these environmental issues with President Bush. You can be sure that the President will continue working with other nations to obtain global solutions to these challenging issues.

With the President's best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "D. Allan Bromley". The signature is stylized with a large, sweeping initial "D" and a long, horizontal stroke extending to the right.

D. Allan Bromley
The Assistant to the President
for
Science and Technology

Ms. Candace C. Crandall
Editorial Director
Science and Environmental Policy Project
1015 18th Street N.W., Suite 300
Washington, D.C. 20036

Candace C. Crandall
Editorial Director
Science & Environmental Policy Project
1015 18th Street, NW, Suite 300
Washington, D.C. 20036-5203

President George Bush
The White House
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW
Washington, D.C. 20500



"Document Control"

TYPE: Presidential Priority DOCUMENT NUMBER: 9201413
ORIGINATOR: 05 STATUS DIRECTORATE STATUS C

FROM: Steven J. Haaven

TO: President Bush

DATE OF
CORRESPONDENCE: 04/07/92

SUBJECT: He is writing to convey his support for President
Bush's "No Regrets Policy"

DIRECTORATE STAFF
ASSIGNED: ASSIGNED: Nancy Maynard

ACTION STAFF
REQUIRED: ACTION: Draft for DAB's signature

SENDER'S DUE DATE:
OSTP DUE DATE: STAFF DUE DATE
DATE COMPLETED: DATE COMPLETED/DEPT: 04/14/92

COPIES TO:

WHITE HOUSE TRACKING #: CONTACT PERSON:
REMARKS: PHONE: EXT:

OSTP RECEIVED: DEPT RECEIVED: 04/10/92
FILE: P-EOP-PRESIDENTIAL PRIORITY
CENTRAL FILES:



51

OSTP/Dr. Maynard



WILD RICE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.

"Building Cooperation -
A Power in the Land"

"Equal Opportunity Employer"

502 North Main, P.O. Box 438
Mahnomon, Minnesota 56557
Telephone: 218-935-2517

9201413

April 7, 1992

The Honorable George Bush
President of the United States
The White House
Washington, DC 20500

Dear Mr. President:

Wild Rice Electric Cooperative, Inc., a rural electric distribution cooperative representing 10,700 rural consumers in Northwestern Minnesota, supports the Administration's "no regrets" response regarding global climate change.

We oppose any proposal, either political or environmental, which would raise rates to our members until conclusive scientific evidence can prove, or disprove, effects of global warming, if any, and the proposals to either tax or cap CO₂ emissions.

Our consumers are dependent upon coal-fired generation. Over 75% of their electrical needs are met by plants located in the center of North Dakota that are some of the cleanest in the world.

Studies by the National Oceanic Atmospheric Administration and many other scientists cannot scientifically conclude or demonstrate the value, or harm, of CO₂. Too often politics has preceded scientific fact. I refer to the \$150 billion spent by schools to rid themselves of asbestos of which I understand 95% is not a problem. Another example is the \$500 million study on acid rain completed by NAPAP (National Acid Precipitation Assessment Program) which determined acid rain isn't the problem perceived to be. Legislation was placed into being that will cost somewhere between \$50-\$100 billion per year. And now, global warming? This is not the time for policy decisions to be based upon any thing other than fact. We can't afford that.

Enclosed is a resolution adopted by the Wild Rice Electric Cooperative, Inc. expressing support for the Administration's position of "no regrets".

Sincerely,


Steven J. Haaven
General Manager

SJH:jb

Enclosure



"Building Cooperation -
A Power in the Land"

WILD RICE ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.

"Equal Opportunity Employer"

502 North Main, P.O. Box 438
Mahnomon, Minnesota 56557
Telephone: 218-935-2517

RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, theories of catastrophic global warming are not substantiated by scientific evidence and there is considerable scientific debate as to whether or not any global warming is occurring; and

WHEREAS, there is considerable political pressure for the United States to sign a world treaty at the United Nations Council for Environment and Development meeting in June which would limit carbon dioxide production through emission caps; and

WHEREAS, several proposals have been made in Congress to impose taxes on carbon dioxide emissions as a means of limiting such emissions; and

WHEREAS, such CO₂ caps and taxes would substantially increase the cost of electricity produced by Minnkota Power Cooperative, the supplier of wholesale electricity to Wild Rice Electric Cooperative, Inc., and other electric utilities relying on fossil fuels for their power supply, resulting in severe cost impacts on electric consumers and ultimately damaging the economy of the United States; and

WHEREAS, the use of domestic coal for the production of electricity is a benefit to the economic security of the nation in that it replaces the use of imported oil in meeting the nation's energy needs; and

WHEREAS, President Bush, in the face of mounting unjustified pressure, has consistently held firm to a position that is known as the "no regrets" policy; and

WHEREAS, Bob Bergland, Executive Vice President of the National Rural Electric Cooperative Association (NRECA), recently conveyed to President George Bush NRECA's strong support of the "no regrets" policy position and urged continued resistance to the imposition of a tax on fossil-fuel-produced energy, and arbitrary CO₂ emissions limits;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the Board of Directors of Wild Rice Electric Cooperative, Inc. representing the interests of electric consumers:

1. Strongly commends President Bush for adhering to the "no regrets" policy position as the most sensible approach to global climate issues when the science is yet uncertain, and
2. Urges the formal addition of a "no-tax, no-cap" position on CO₂ to the "no regrets" policy.

THE WHITE HOUSE

WASHINGTON

April 20, 1992

Dear Mr. Haaven:

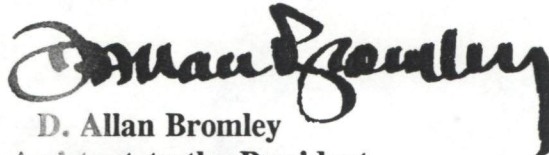
On behalf of President Bush, thank you for your very kind comments on US activities related to the Intergovernmental Negotiating Committee (INC) on a framework convention on climate change. The President appreciates your support and has asked that I respond to your letter of April 7, 1992 regarding this issue.

The President strongly believes that US policies in this area must be based on the most solid scientific and economic information base available. The US Global Change Research Program is the world's largest such program and thus provides much of the scientific foundation for international agreements on climate change and ozone depletion. In fact, the Bush Administration has invested \$2.6 billion in global change research to date, with an additional \$1.3 billion proposed for fiscal 1993. Research on the scientific and economic aspects of global climate change will enable policy makers to make better judgements about potential impacts and policy actions.

Thank you for taking the time to express your interest on this issue and we appreciate your support.

With the President's best wishes,

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in dark ink, appearing to read "D. Allan Bromley", written in a cursive style.

D. Allan Bromley
The Assistant to the President
for
Science and Technology

Mr. Steven J. Haaven
General Manager
Wild Rice Electric Cooperative, Inc.
502 North Main, P.O. Box 438
Mahnomen, Minnesota 56557