NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

REGISTRATION FORM

This form is for use in nominating or request individual properties or districts. See inst National Register Forms (National Register Bo	ructions in <u>Guidelines for Completing</u> AL
"x" in the appropriate box or by entering the	e requested information. If an item does not
apply to the property being documented, enter	
styles, materials, and areas of significance,	
subcategories listed in the instructions. For	r additional space use continuation sheets.
Type all entries.	
1. Name of Property	
historic name Giuseppe Verdi Mo	onument
other names/site number	
2. Iocation	
street & number Verdi Square Park	not for publication
city, town New York	vicinity
state New York code NY county New York	
3. Classification	Number of resources within property
Ownership of property Category []private []building(s)	Contributing Noncontributing
[X]public-local []district	buildings
[]public-State []site []public-Federal []structure	sites
[]public-Federal []structure	structures
[X]object	objects
Name of related multiple property	Total Number of contributing resources previously
listings:	listed in the National Register 0
iistiigs	risted in the National Register
4. State/Federal Agency Certification	
As the designated authority under the Nationa	al Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as
amended, I hereby certify that this [X] nomin	
eligibility meets the documentation standards	s for registering properties in the National
Register of Historic Places and meets the pro	ocedural and professional requirements set
forth in 36 CFR Part 60. In my opinion, this	property [X] meets [] does not meet the
National Register Pritoria. [] See continua	ation sheet.
July D. Stohm	X/20/9 x
Signature of certifying official	Date
Deputy Commissioner for Historic Preservation	n
State or Federal agency and bureau	
V	
In my opinion, the property [] meets [] do	es not meet the National Register criteria.
[] See continuation sheet.	
Signature of commenting or other official	Date
signature of commencing of other official	lace
State or federal agency and bureau	
E National Paul Couries Contification	
5. National Park Service Certification I hereby, certify that this property is:	intoro In the
[X] entered in the National Register.	National Register
See continuation sheet.	Meloustres (d/4/91)
	10/1/10
[] determined eligible for the National	
Register.[] see continuation sheet	
[] determined not eligible for the	
National Register.	
[] removed from the National Designation	
[] removed from the National Register	
[] other, (explain:)	
7	Signature of keeper Date of Action

6. Function or Use	
Historic Function (enter categories from instructions) Work of Art: Sculpture	Current Functions (enter categories from instructions) Work of Art: Sculpture
7. Description	
Architectural Classification enter categories from instructions)	Materials(enter categories from instructions)
	foundation
Late 19th and 20th century revivals	walls
	roof
	other Stone: granite and marble

Describe present and historic physical appearance.

The Giuseppe Verdi Monument is located in Verdi Square Park on Manhattan's upper west side. This park is actually a small triangular slice of open land formed by the intersection of Broadway (a diagonal) with Amsterdam Avenue (a vertical). Verdi Square is one of several triangular sites in Manhattan formed by Broadway as it angles across the rectangular city grid pattern. Verdi Square has traditionally served as a small neighborhood park and it constitutes the historic setting for the Verdi Monument, installed there in 1906. The nomination boundary includes the entire Verdi Square Park, in that it is the original and intact site of the monument. The park is characterized by a series of relatively young ginkgo, plain and locust trees, shrubs and foot paths. Although undistinguished as landscape design, these features are similar to those that formed the original setting of the monument. The 1906 monument is the only contributing feature included in the nomination.

The Verdi statue is located at the southern, wider, end of the triangle and it dominates the small urban park space. The nominated object is a monumental Neoclassical sculpture more than 25 1/2 feet tall. It consists of a complex stepped granite base surmounted by a cylinder. At the base of the monument, four white Carrara marble statues are distributed evenly around the cylinder. These figures represent four of Verdi's most popular operatic characters: Aida, Otello, Falstaff and Leonora. These figures are separated by large marble lyre, one of which has been removed. The focal point of the monument is the heroic sized statue of Verdi atop the cylinder, also exercised in white Carrara. The name of Pasquale Civiletti, the monument's sculptor, appears in block letters at the west side of the base.

The monument and its setting are substantially intact to the period of significance.

8. Statement of Significance	SA LOC		y Mad				3 // 1			Take.								
Certifying official has considered the other properties: [] nation	e sig ally	nif [ica]	anc	e d	of t	this de	s p	orc [X]	per 1	cty	ir 115	n r	rela	atio	n t	0	
Applicable National Register Criteria	[X]	A	[]	В	[X]	c	١	[]	D								
Criteria Considerations	[]	A	[]	В	[]) C	1	[]	D	[]	E	[] F	[] G	
Areas of significance Ethnic heritage Art	Peri 1906		of	Si	gn.	ific	cano	ce 				Sic 190		fic	ant	Da	tes	
	Cult						ion											
Significant Person NA	Arch Pasq						<u> </u>											
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State significance of property, and justify criteria, criteria considerations, and areas and periods of significance noted above.

The Giuseppe Verdi Monument is significant in art as a representative example of early-twentieth century public sculpture in New York City. Dominating a small, triangular public park between Broadway and Amsterdam Avenue on the upper west side, the monument serves as the focal point of this busy intersection. The work was designed and executed in 1906 by Sicilian sculptor Pasquale Civiletti. Civiletti's design incorporates figurative and classical motifs in a monumental Neoclassical composition of high quality materials (granite and marble). The form and content of this work, which celebrates Italian nationalism, embody a number of ideas about civic pride, patriotism, nationalism and ethnic identity that informed American culture in this period, as well as the conflicting loyalties of America's large immigrant populations in the early twentieth century. In this regard, the monument is also significant in ethnic history as a tangible manifestation of the presence of a large Italian-American community in New York City and of the dynamics of assimilation and ethnicity that characterized these new citizens' lives.

Italians were numerous among the waves of southern European immigrants who arrived in the United States around the turn of the twentieth century. Among the ways that these newly arrived immigrants took an active part in American culture, while still retaining ties to their homeland, was participation in religious, social, artistic and/or literary endeavors. For Italians, in particular, the thematic content of these media was often related to the "Risorgimento," the movement for a free and united Italy that dominated Italian political and cultural activity during the nineteenth century. Thus in 1889, when the Sons of Italy in America inherited the small Staten Island residence in which Giuseppe Garibaldi, the revered Italian liberator, had sought refuge between 1850-1851, the group began to transform the small cottage to serve as a symbol of Italian culture in America. By 1907, the centennial of Garibaldi's birth, the once picturesque house had been engulfed by four massive classical pediments, one on each elevation, and was rededicated as a tangible expression of Italian patriotism and Italian-American pride (Garibaldi Memorial, NR 4/17/80).

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET GIUESEPPE VERDI MONUMENT VERDI SQUARE PARK NEW YORK, NEW YORK COUNTY

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Carlo Barsotti's drive to finance a series of public sculptures in New York City memorializing Italian cultural and political heroes can be seen in the same context. Barsotti was an Italian immigrant himself, who was born near Pisa in 1850. Editor of the Italian language newspaper Il Progresso Italo Americano, Barsotti used his newspaper to conduct fundraising campaigns among New York's Italian community for five monuments, ll of which were financed largely through public donations. In addition to the Verdi Monument, Barsotti also commissioned commemorative monuments honoring Garibaldi (c1888) for Washington Square, Columbus (1892) for Columbus Circle, Verrazano (1909) for Battery Park and Dante (1912-21) for Dante Square, a small public park at Broadway and West 65th Street much like Verdi Square.

The impetus for the Verdi Monument was the death of the famous composer in 1901. Giuseppi Verdi (1813-1901) was one of Italy's most popular composers of the nineteenth century. His work dominated Italian opera after 1850 and he is regarded today as influential in introducing romantic melodies and themes into the operatic canon. Verdi was also an ardent patriot and a supporter of the Risorgimento. Verdi's operas proved a perfect medium for his libertarian sentiments, which he wove skillfully into symbolic musical dramas. The plot of Nabucco (1842), for example, Verdi's first success, employed a distant historical event relating to the oppression of the Jews in biblical times; yet, the empathy of the audience with its themes reinvested the opera with contemporary relevance and symbolic meaning. Verdi followed Nabucco with a series of operas that relied on similar heroic themes and served to energize Italian citizens in the cause of independence.

Barsotti began to solicit donations for a Verdi memorial in 1901. By 1906, sufficient funds had been raised and the monument commissioned; the cornerstone was laid on September 20, 1906. Barsotti chose Pasquale Civiletti, a Sicilian sculptor, to design the monument. Civiletti was a Neoclassicist and this example, his only work in New York, is well within the Classical Revival tradition that dominated public art in America in the period. For the Verdi Monument, Civiletti combined generalized classical forms and motifs with heroic themes, figures from some of Verdi's best-loved operas (Aida, Falstaff, Otello and LaForza del Destina), and a life-sized statue of the composer himself in a substantial piece that commands its small urban site.

The completed monument was unveiled in October 1906 at a grandiose public ceremony that attracted 10,000 people. Today the Verdi Monument survives with a high degree of integrity as a tangible symbol of its times.

9. Major Bibliographical References	
New York Landmarks Preservation Commiss Verdi Square Designation Report, 1	#####################################
Saltus, J. Sanford and Tisne, Walter E. Statues of New York. Putnam, 1923	
Southwell-Sander, Peter. <u>Verdi: His I</u> Kent [Great Britian]: Midas, 1978	
Previous documentation on file (NPS): [] preliminary determination of individual listing (36 CFR 67) has been requested [] previously listed in the National Register [] previously determined eligible by the National Register [] designated a National Historic Landmark [] recorded by Historic American Buildings Survey # [] recorded by Historic American Engineering Record #	[] See continuation sheet Primary location of additional data: [X] State historic preservation office [] Other State agency [] Federal agency [] Local government [] University [] Other Specify repository:
10. Geographical Data	
Acreage of property 2 acres	
UTM References A 1 8 5 8 5 9 1 0 4 5 1 4 5 2 0 Zone Easting Northing C	B
	[] See continuation sheet
Verbal Boundary Description	
The boundary is indicated by a heavy li	ne on the enclosed map.
	[] See continuation sheet
Boundary Justification	
The boundary was drawn to include the e original site of the Giuseppe Verdi Mon small public park at a busy urban inter	
	[] See continuation sheet
	so continuation sheet
name/title <u>Kathleen LaFrank, Progr</u> organization <u>Off. Parks, Rec., & Hist.</u>	
street & number Agency Bldg. 1 Emp. Sta	te Plz.telephone (518) 474-0479
city or town Albany	state NY zip code 12238

OMB No. 1024-0018, NPS Form

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

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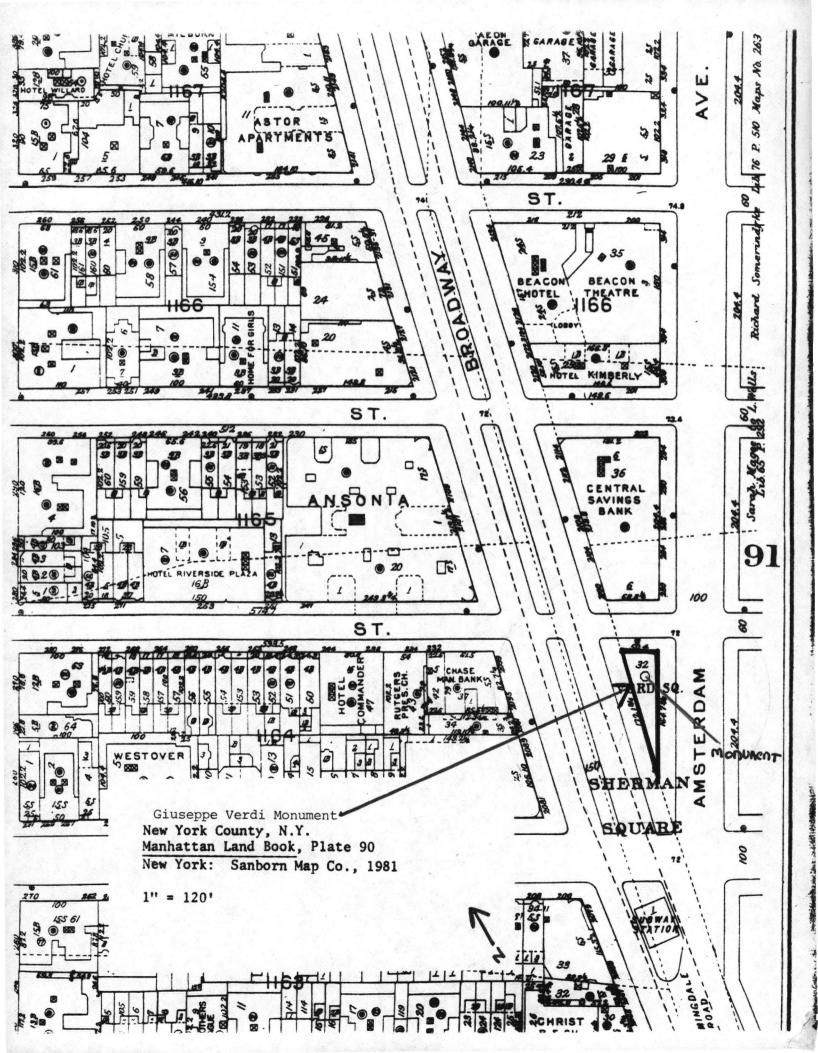
GIUESEPPE VERDI MONUMENT VERDI SQUARE PARK NEW YORK, NEW YORK COUNTY

This nomination was prepared by Kathleen LaFrank, Program Analyst, New York State Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation, and represents a synthesis and expansion of a variety of research and documentation undertaken by:

Marjorie Pearson/Fred Wasserman Landmarks Preservation Commission 225 Broadway New York, New York 10007

Andrew Dolkart, Consultant Hudson View Gardens 116 Pinehurst Avenue New York, New York 10033

Anthony Ardito, Consultant New York State Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation Empire State Plaza Building #1 Albany, New York 12238



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES EVALUATION/RETURN SHEET

REQUESTED ACTION: NOMINATION
PROPERTY Verdi, Giuseppe, Monument NAME:
MULTIPLE NAME:
STATE & COUNTY: NEW YORK, New York
DATE RECEIVED: 9/06/90 DATE OF PENDING LIST: 9/18/90 DATE OF 16TH DAY: 10/04/90 DATE OF 45TH DAY: 10/21/90 DATE OF WEEKLY LIST:
REFERENCE NUMBER: 90001528
NOMINATOR: STATE REASONS FOR REVIEW:
APPEAL: N DATA PROBLEM: N LANDSCAPE: N LESS THAN 50 YEARS: N OTHER: N PDIL: N PERIOD: N PROGRAM UNAPPROVED: N REQUEST: N SAMPLE: N SLR DRAFT: N NATIONAL: N
COMMENT WATTED. N
ACCEPTRETURNREJECTIO/4/9U DATE intered in the National Register
ABSTRACT/SUMMARY COMMENTS:
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RECOM./CRITERIA REVIEWER DISCIPLINE

DOCUMENTATION see attached comments Y/N see attached SLR Y/N

DATE_

countresource type STATE/FEDERAL AGENCY CERTIFICATION FUNCTION	
FUNCTION	
historiccurrent	
DESCRIPTION	
architectural classification	
materialsdescriptive text	
SIGNIFICANCE	
Period Areas of SignificanceCheck and justify below	
Specific dates Builder/Architect Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)	
summary paragraphcompletenessclarityapplicable criteriajustification of areas checkedrelating significance to the resource context	
relationship of integrity to significance justification of exception other	
BIBLIOGRAPHY	
GEOGRAPHICAL DATA	
acreageverbal boundary descriptionUTMsboundary justification	
ACCOMPANYING DOCUMENTATION/PRESENTATION	
sketch mapsUSGS mapsphotographspresentation	ı
OTHER COMMENTS	
Questions concerning this nomination may be directed to	
Phone	
Signed Date	



gruseppe Verdi Monument Verdi 3 quare Park New York County Photo: A. Ardito, 1989 Megs: M.y. S. O. P. R. H.P.

#1 Monument from southwest showing Vendi, Falstaff +



giuseppe Verdi Monument Verdi Bquare Park Mew York, Mew York Country Photo: A. Ardito, 1989 Megs: M.Y. S. O. P. R. H. P.

#2 Monument from northeast showing Verdi, Otello +



giuseppe Verdi Monument. Verdi Square Park New York, New York Country Photo: A. Andito, 1989 Megs: M.y. S. O. P. R. H. P.

#3 Monument From northwest showing Verdi, Falstaff +

(6)



Verdi Square Parle Country New York Maw York Country Photo: A. And. to, 1989 Megs: M.y.S.O.P. R.H.P.

Verdi Square Park Irom south. Note monument in near center of park,

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ginseppe Verdi Monument Verdi Square Park Mew york, Mew York County Photo: A. Ard: to, 1989 Megs: M.g. S. O. P. R. H.P.

#5 Verdi Square Park from northwesty Verdi Monument in center

Red tint indicates areas in which only landmark buildings are shown