United States Department of the Interior Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

For HCRS use only received JUN 1 8 1982 date entered

See instructions in How to Complete National Register Forms

	-complete applicable se	otiono		
1. Nam	e			
historic New Yo	ork Public Library:	Yorkville Branch		
and/or common				
2. Loca	ation			
street & number	222 East 79th Str	eet		not for publication
city, town Nev				18
		vicinity of	congressional district	
state New You	Code	036 county	New York	code 061
3. Clas	sification			The Promise age
Category districtx building(s) structure site object	Ownership x public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered	X occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation x other: library
4. Own	er of Proper	ty		
name See	continuation sheet			
city, town		vicinity of	state	
5. Loca	ation of Lega	l Descripti	on	
courthouse, regi	stry of deeds, etc. New Y	ork County Registe	er's Office Surrog	gate's Court Buildin
	31 Chambers Street			,
street & number	of chambers offeet			
city, town	New York		state	New York 10007
	resentation i	n Existing	Surveys	
6. Rep		ission		
Landmar	ks Preservation Comm		operty been determined ele	egible? yes X no
Landmar title LP-0425	ks Preservation Comm 24, 1967		the state of the same of the same of	egible? <u>yes X</u> no
Landmarititle LP-0425	24, 1967	has this pro	federal stat	

7. Description

Condition excellent _X good	deteriorated	Check one unaltered altered	Check one X original sit	te date	NA	
fair	unexposed					

Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance

MILL FORG

Situated on the south side of East 79th Street in Manhattan, this three-story Italian Renaissance structure was designed by architect James Brown Lord in 1902. Its limestone facade displays the symmetrical ordering of its members and the restrained ornament which characterize the Italian Renaissance style.

The architect has divided the facade into three bays, announced at first floor level by three round—arched openings set in the rusticated stonework. Lion—heads, a popular motif at the turn of the century, emphasize the keystones of the arches. A belt course, incised with a Greek fret motif, marks the transition to the upper floors. Here Ionic columns separate the three windows. Each window has a triangular pediment above which is a small oblong window framed with swags. At this level, pilasters define the outer ends of the building. Finally, a strong entablature capped with a low balustrade crowns the facade. Balusters interspersed with solid parapet blocks, aligned with the pilasters, lend a sense of rhythm, while balusters with small central solid blocks in front of the second story windows restate the rhythmic theme of the library's design. All of the ornamental members of the facade are Palladian motifs.

While the exterior of the library remains intact, the interior shows some modernization. Both the first and second floors have new fluorescent lights and acoustical tile ceilings. New check-out desks and partitions have also been added. A row of original Tuscan columns supports the ceiling on both floors. The most striking interior feature is the three-story staircase on the right side of the building which still retains its decorative iron railing and wooden banisters. A final pleasing touch is provided by small plates attached to each bookcase. They are topped by an anthemion leaf and other detailing and give the catalogue numbers for each section.

SE GEORGE DINNEY

1. The text of this report was taken almost in its entirety from the New York City Landmarks Preservation Commission Designation Report, The Yorkville Branch of the New York Public Library (LP-0425), January 24, 1967.

NPS Form 10-900-a (7-81)

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Inventory—Nomination Form

New York Public Library: Yorkville Branch Continuation sheet New York County, NY

Item number

4

OMB NO. 1024-0018 EXP. 12/31/84

For NPS use only received date entered

Page 2

Robert M. Litke, Commissioner Department of General Services 1800 Municipal Building New York, NY

Gerald Gold Business Manager New York Public Library Fifth Avenue at 42nd Street New York, NY 10018

8. Significance

Period prehistoric 1400–1499 1500–1599 1600–1699 1700–1799 1800–1899X 1900–	Areas of Significance—C archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture architecture art commerce communications	community plannin conservation economics x education engineering exploration/settlem industry	g landscape architecture law literature military music	religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific dates	1902	Builder/Architect J	ames Brown Lord	

Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)

The Yorkville Branch of the New York Public Library is one of New York's most elegant adaptations of the Palladian style to a modern public building and is one of the few examples of this phase of Italian Renaissance architecture in New York. It was designed in 1902 by architect James Brown Lord (1859-1902), who, a few years earlier, designed the Appellate Division of the New York State Supreme Court, a richly ornamented marble palace in the English Palladian tradition. The library was one of Lord's last works as he died in 1902.

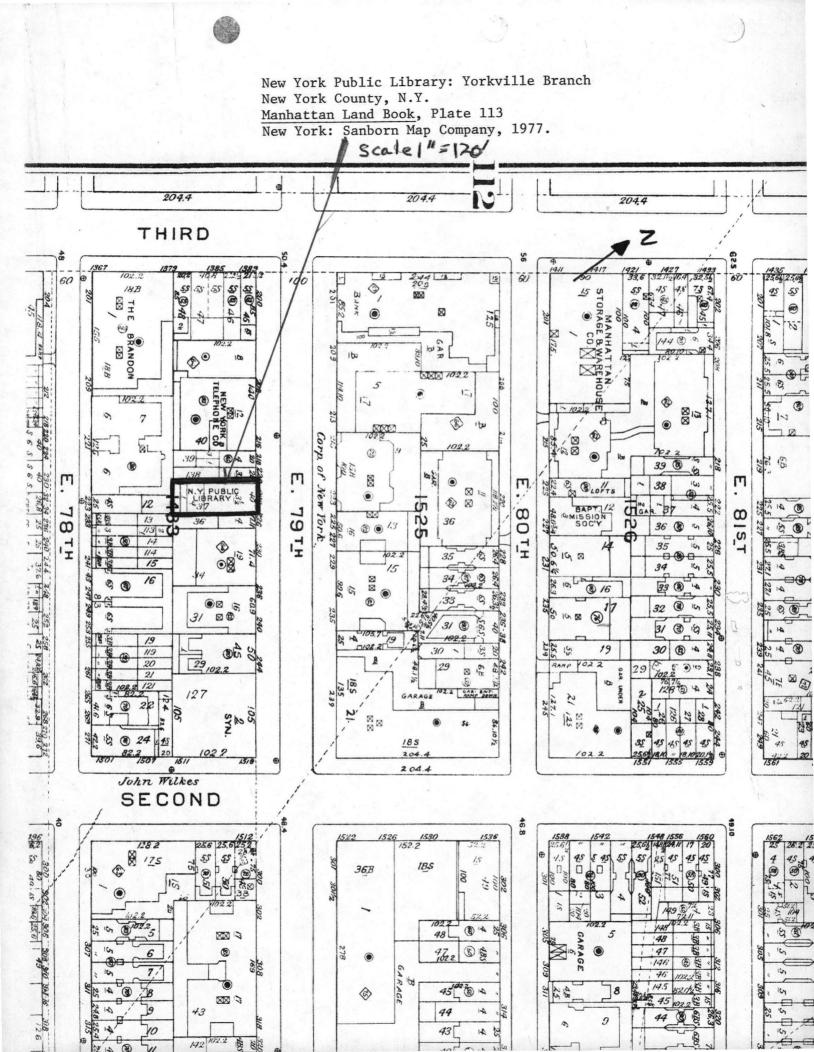
The Yorkville branch is also significant because this branch was the first library to be built as a result of Andrew Carnegie's gift to the city of \$5,200,000 to construct sixty-five branch libraries. The educational possibilities of the free public library appealed greatly to steel baron Carnegie. While he felt great wealth should be distributed for the public good, he had no desire to keep the poor dependent by giving them charity. Instead, he favored projects which provided opportunities for self-improvement. In this way he believed that those who were ambitious would rise through their own efforts.

A second tenet of Carnegie's philanthropy was never to fund any project completely. When he offered money to construct branch libraries, he made it clear that the city must provide sites and maintain the completed buildings. It was also the city's responsibility to fund the original stock of books for each branch.

When the Yorkville Branch opened on December 13, 1902, the event was marked by appropriate ceremonies, including a speech by Carnegie. An interesting historical sidelight — it was here that Thomas Masaryk did the research which led to the founding of the Czechoslovak Republic after World War I.

9. Major Bibliographica	I References
A more complete bibliography may be for Commission research file: New York Pu	ound in the New York City Landmarks Preservation ublic Library: Yorkville Branch
Dain, Phyllis. <u>The New York Public Li</u> New York: New York Public Library, 19	ibrary - A History of its Founding and Early Years. 972.
10. Geographical Data	Europetados Tr. Mariaminas Tr. (6/41-409)
Acreage of nominated property <u>less than 1 acreage of nominated property</u> <u>less than 1 acreaged</u> N.Y. N.J. Deferences	Quadrangle scale 1:24000
Zone Easting Northing 1 8 5 8 8 0 3 0 4 5 1 3 9 5 0	Zone Easting Northing D
Verbal boundary description and justification	T de l'art and tal confer a Tifren betremente vidett
Property occupies Manhattan Tax Map Battached map. The building fills most	lock 1433, Lot 37, as outlined in black on the t of the lot.
11. Form Prepared By Luella A. Adams, Landmarks P	State Div. of Historic Pre
New York City Landmarks Pre Commission	date February 1982
treet & number 20 Vesey Street	telephone 212/566-7577
ity or town New York	state New York 10007
12. State Historic Pres	ervation Officer Certification
The evaluated significance of this property within the	state is: _Xlocal
As the designated State Historic Preservation Officer (65), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in according to the criteria and procedures set forth by	for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89– the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated the Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service.
State Historic Preservation Officer signature	un kelina,
itle Commissioner	date 4/16/82
For HCRS use only I hereby certify that this property is included in	Enteral to m
Keeper of the National Register	National Register
Attest:	date

Chief of Registration



NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

New York Public Library New York County, NEW YORK,

	Working No. 4/18/82-179 90
	0 1 03
	Fed. Reg. Date: 2/185 Date Due: 7/15/82 - 8/2/82
	ACCION ACCEPT_
resubmission	Entered in the RETURN
nomination by person or local government	National Register REJECT
owner objection	Federal Agency:
appeal	
Substantive Review: sample request	appeal NR decision
Reviewer's comments:	
	Recom. / Criteria
	Reviewer
	Discipline
	Date
	see continuation sheet
1. Name 2. Location 3. Classification Category Ownership Status Present Use Public Acquisition Accessible 4. Owner of Property	11. Form Prepared By 12. State Mistoric Preservation Offi
5. Location of Legal Description	
6. Representation in Existing Surveys	
has this property been determined eligible?	yes no
7. Description	Photographs
Condition Check one Check one excellent deteriorated unaltered original site	
good ruins altered moved date	
fair unexposed Describe the present and original (if known) physical appearance	
vescribe the present and original (in known) physical appearance	
summary paragraph	
completeness	
clarity	
alterations/integrity	
dates boundary selection	
Doulidary Selection	

8. Significance	
Period Areas of Significance—Check and justify below	
Specific dates Builder/Architect	For Post inter Charges Man Vork County, Milly
Statement of Significance (in one paragraph)	
summary paragraph	
completeness	
clarity applicable criteria	
justification of areas	
relating significance to the resource	
context	
relationship of integrity to significance	
justification of exception	
other	
The state of the s	
9. Major Bibliographical References	
Verbal boundary description and justification	
11. Form Prepared By	
12. State Historic Preservation Office	cer Certification
The evaluated significance of this property within the state is:	
national state local	
State Historic Preservation Officer signature	
title date	
13. Other	
Maps	
Photographs	
Other	
Questions concerning this nomination	may be directed to
Cinned	D-1- 000 070 070
Signed	Date Phone: 202 272 - 3504



1. New York Public Library: Yorkville Branch

222 E. 79th Street

New York, N.Y. County

Photo by: Stephen L. Senigo, 1980.

Neg. at: New York City Landmarks

Preservation Commission

Facade

View from the northeast



2. New York Public Library: Yorkville

222 E. 79th Street

New York, N.Y. County

Photo by: Stephen L. Senigo, 1980. Neg. at: New York City Landmarks

Preservation Commission.

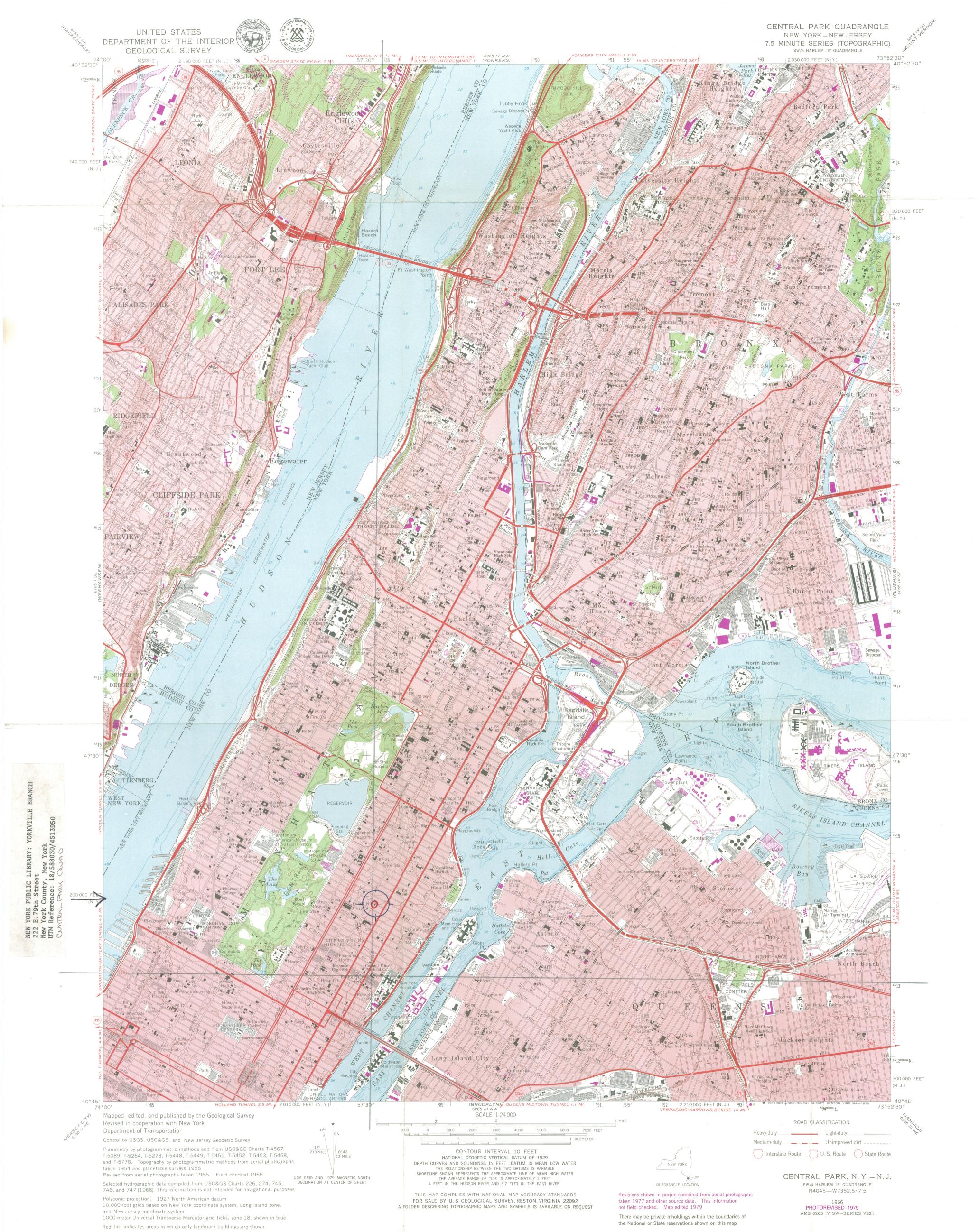
Main floor reading room.



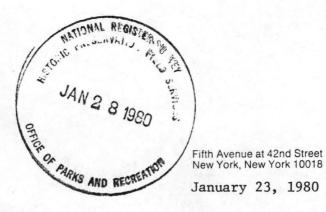
3. New York Public Library: Yorkville Branch
222 E. 79th Street
New York, N.Y.

Photo by: Stephen L. Senigo, 1980.
Neg. at: New York City Landmarks
Preservation Commission.

Top floor.



The New York Public Library ASTOR, LENOX AND TILDEN FOUNDATIONS



Ms. Elizabeth Spencer-Ralph
Program Assistant
Historic Preservation Field Services
New York State Parks & Recreation
Agency Building 1
Empire State Plaza
Albany, New York 12238

Dear Ms. Spencer-Ralph:

Mr. Edwin Holmgren has referred your letter of December 28, 1979 to me for reply. Your letter indicates that "New York Public Library, New York County" has been recommended to the State Historic Preservation Officer for listing in the National Register of Historic Places. Since the Library has over thirty buildings located in Manhattan, four of which are presently listed in the National Register, it is not clear what specific building or buildings your letter refers to. At present we have listed the Central Research Libraries Building at 42nd Street and Fifth Avenue, the Schomburg Center for Research in Black Culture at 103 West 135th Street, the Jefferson Market Regional Branch Library at 425 Avenue of the Americas, and the Ottendorfer Branch Library at 135 Second Avenue. In addition, I understand that the 115th Street Branch Library at 203 West 115th Street and the Yorkville Branch Library at 222 East 79th Street have been submitted for listing in the National Register.

As I informed you by telephone last month, The New York Public Library would support the listing of both the 115th Street Branch Library and the Yorkville Branch Library buildings. At the moment, as far as I know, there are no other pending listings nor are there any others we plan at this time to submit for listing. If any others have been submitted, please let me know.

Mr. Holmgren has asked that my name be substituted for his for any future notifications or submissions from your office regarding listings of New York Public Library buildings in the National Register of Historic Places.

Ms. Elizabeth Spencer-Ralph

January 23, 1980

If there are any other questions at this time, please let me know. I can be reached at (212) 790-6211.

Sincerely,

Gerald Gold Business Manager

GG/gp

cc: D. Bauer

R. Couper

E. Holmgren

W. Roziewski

D. Stam